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Resolution on the Report on the Police Administration of the Bengal Presidency for the year 1932.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Police Department.

CALCUTTA, THE 17TH OCTOBER 1933.

RESOLUTION—No. 5535Pl.

Read—

The Report on the Police Administration of the Bengal Presidency for the year 1932.

Mr. T. J. A. Craig, C.I.E., held the office of Inspector-General of Police during the year and Mr. J. C. Farmer officiated for him when he was on leave from the 23rd April to 13th November.

2. **Eastern Frontier Rifles.**—In spite of the continuous strain to which all ranks were subjected, the battalion maintained its past efficiency and discipline under the leadership of Commandant Lieutenant-Colonel E. D. Dallas-Smith and Assistant Commandant Captain J. K. Jones, who acted as Commandant for the greater part of the year. It is hoped that the annual training of batches of men of the battalion at the Army Schools, which has been arranged, will still further enhance the value of the battalion as a semi-military force.

3. **Recruitment and health of the Force.**—The number of constables recruited was 1,880 against 2,159 in 1931, while the number of vacancies at the end of the year was 72 against 56, 146 and 206 in the three previous years.

Additional police under section 15 of Act V of 1861 had to be posted during the year in the jurisdictions of Keshpur, Sutahata and Nandigram police stations in the district of Midnapore as well as in Midnapore town. A similar force was also employed within the limits of Sonamukhi Municipality in the Bankura district. These forces, with the exception of those posted to Midnapore town and Keshpur police station, were withdrawn during the year, and also the force posted to certain localities in the Chittagong district in the previous year.

The temporary force (Range reserve) of armed police consisting of 945 constables, with the necessary complement of officers, was retained throughout the year to meet the heavy continuous calls on the armed police.

It is regrettable that the experiment of enrolling *Namasudras* in the armed branch has not proved a success. In future suitable men of this community will be employed in the unarmed branch only.

Casualties showed a decrease under all heads except "retirement" and "dismissal" and the percentage fell from 5·7 in 1931 to 5·3 in the year under review. It is gratifying that there was again a marked drop in the number of resignations.

Admission into hospitals increased from 14,390 in 1931 to 16,071 in the present year. As pointed out last year, this was due to continuous extra work and to unsatisfactory housing conditions. While appreciating the need for extended and improved hospital accommodation, His Excellency in Council, regrets to have again to say that financial conditions rendered it impossible to make any noticeable progress in this direction.

4. **Discipline.**—His Excellency in Council notes with satisfaction that discipline continued to be maintained at a high standard. Although there was a slight increase in the number of punishments imposed departmentally, there was a considerable decrease in the number of punishments imposed judicially. The number of complaints instituted against police by private individuals fell from 253 in the previous year to 221. Out of the 221 cases instituted, 118 ended in dismissal, 52 in acquittal or discharge and only 17 in conviction.

5. **Crime Statistics.**—Though the number of cases of murder and burglary showed a slight increase, there was a decrease in the total number of cognisable cases. The number of rioting cases fell from 1,212 in 1931 to 911 in the year under review.

Theft of arms showed a slight increase—121 cases against 116 in 1931. The largest number of cases of theft of arms were reported from the districts of Mymensingh, Dacca, Chittagong, Khulna and Rangpur.

Registered No. C207 *No. 44 of 1933*



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1933.

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PART I

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

Orders by the Government of Bengal.

No. 10760A.

Appointments and Transfers.

GENERAL.

Pabna-Bogra-Khulna. — No. 1397A.D.—21st October 1933.—Mr. Kamal Chunder Chunder, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, Pabna and Bogra, is appointed to be District and Sessions Judge, Khulna.

Dacca Divn.—No. 10543A.—24th October 1933.—Maulvi Nur Muhammad Chaudhuri, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Dacca Division.

Bakarganj.—No. 10603A.—25th October 1933.—Babu Jatindra Mohan Chatarji (No. II), Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bakarganj, is transferred to the Pirojpur subdivision of that district.

Presidency Divn.— No. 10643A.— 26th October 1933.—Maulvi Khalil Ahmad, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Presidency Division.

Murshidabad.—No. 10647A.—26th October 1933.—Maulvi Aminullah, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Murshidabad, was in charge of the Sadar subdivision of that district from the 5th October to the 16th October 1933, inclusive.

POLICE.

Calcutta. — No. 10538A. — 24th October 1933.—Mr. C. A. Shillong, an Inspector of the Calcutta Police, is appointed to act as an Assistant Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Nepal Lal Mallik, or until further orders.

Rajshahi — No. 10585A. — 24th October 1933.—Rai Sahib Pramode Nath Mukharji, Deputy Superintendent of Police, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Rajshahi district.

24-Parganas-Burdwan.—No. 10662A.—26th October 1933.—Rai Satish Chandra Mazumdar Bahadur, Deputy Superintendent of Police, is posted to the headquarters station of the 24-Parganas district, on being relieved of his officiating appointment as Superintendent of Police, Burdwan.

Calcutta.—No. 10666A.—27th October 1933.—Mr. F. D. Bartley, Superintendent of Police, on leave, is appointed to be Deputy Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

Bankura.—No. 10669A.—27th October 1933.—Mr. A. E. F. Wood, Superintendent of Police, on leave, is appointed to be Superintendent of Police, Bankura.

Bankura-Dinajpur.— No. 10671A.— 27th October 1933.—Mr. Surendra Nath Chatarji, officiating Superintendent of Police, Bankura, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Superintendent of Police, Dinajpur.

Calcutta.—No. 10673A. —27th October 1933.—Mr. E. H. Le Brocq, Assistant Superintendent of Police, on leave, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Deputy Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

Midnapore-Burdwan Range-Jessore. — No. 10676A. —27th October 1933.—Mr. H. C. Hunt is appointed to be Superintendent of Police, Midnapore, on being relieved of his appointment as officiating Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Burdwan Range.

The orders of the 19th September 1933 posting him to Jessore are cancelled.

Midnapore.—No. 10678A.—27th October 1933.—Mr. G. E. T. H. Evans, Superintendent of Police, Midnapore, is appointed to be Additional Superintendent of Police of that district.

Midnapore-24-Parganas.— No. 10680A. — 27th October 1933.—Mr. H. B. Miller, Additional Superintendent of Police, Midnapore, is appointed to be Additional Superintendent of Police, 24-Parganas.

24-Parganas-Rangpur.—No. 10682A.—27th October 1933.—Mr. P. N. Jones, Additional Superintendent of Police. 24-Parganas, is appointed to be Superintendent of Police, Eastern-Bengal and Assam-Bengal Railways, Saidpur, Rangpur.

Mymensingh.—No. 10684A. -27th October 1933.—Mr. D. A. Brayden, Superintendent of Police, on leave, is appointed to be Additional Superintendent of Police, Mymensingh.

Mymensingh-Dacca.—No. 10686A.— 27th October 1933.—Mr. Muhammad Abdul Khaliq, Additional Superintendent of Police, Mymensingh, is appointed to be Additional Superintendent of Police, Dacca.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Calcutta.—No. 10632A.— 25th October 1933.—The Reverend D. T. H. McLellan, a Junior Chaplain on the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, is promoted to be a Senior Chaplain, with effect from the 30th September 1933.

Leave.

GENERAL.

Midnapore.—No. 10466A.—20th October 1933.—Babu Narayan Chandra Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Contai, Midnapore, is allowed leave on average pay for two months and eighteen days, under rule 81(*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th October 1933.

No. 10469A.—20th October 1933.—Maulvi Sirajul Huq, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay up to the 22nd December 1933, under rule 81(*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 3rd August 1933.

Murshidabad.—No. 10482A.—20th October 1933.—The orders of the 18th September 1933, granting leave to Maulvi Aminullah, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Murshidabad, are cancelled.

No. 10502A.—21st October 1933.—Mr. Shaibal Kumar Gupta, I.C.S., is allowed leave on average pay up to the 12th November 1933, under rule 81(*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 15th September 1933.

Malda.—No. 10508A.—23rd October 1933.—Babu Gokul Chandra Majumdar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Malda, is allowed leave on average pay for fourteen days, under the proviso to rule 81(*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th October 1933.

Khulna.—No. 10518A.—23rd October 1933.—The orders of the 29th August 1933, granting leave to Babu Satya Prasanna Banarji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Khulna, are cancelled.

Dacca.—No. 10525A.—23rd October 1933.—Babu Jogendra Chandra Banarji, Sub-Deputy Collector, Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for three months and twenty-one days, under rule 81(*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd September 1933.

No. 10531A.—23rd October 1933.—Maulvi Muhammad Abdul Khaliq, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, under the proviso to rule 81(*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 28th August 1933.

Khulna.—No. 10534A.—23rd October 1933.—Babu Prabhas Chandra Pathak, Sub-Deputy Collector, Khulna, is allowed leave on average pay, under rule 81(*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, from the 5th October to the 22nd December 1933 inclusive.

Jessore.—No. 10608A.—25th October 1933.—Babu Brinchi Lal Ray, Sub-Deputy Collector, Bongaon, Jessore, is allowed leave on average pay for four months under rule 81(*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 3rd November 1933, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 10704A.—30th October 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that the second half-yearly departmental examination in 1933 of Assistant Magistrates, Deputy and Sub-Deputy Collectors in the regulation and non-regulation districts, of Cantonment Magistrates and of officers of the Police, Medical, Forest, Commerce, Public Works, Irrigation, Excise, Education, Imperial Customs, Agriculture, Industries and Civil Veterinary Departments, will be held on Monday, the 27th November 1933, and the three following days, viz., 28th, 29th and 30th November 1933.

No. 10705A.—30th October 1933.—In continuation of notification No. 10704A., dated the 30th October 1933, the following programme of the second half-yearly departmental examination for Civil, Police, Public Works, Irrigation, Excise, Forest, Commerce, Military, Medical, Education, Imperial Customs, Agriculture, Industries and Veterinary officers is published for their information.

The examination will be held at the Town Hall (first floor), Calcutta.

The time fixed for the *viva voce* examinations will be communicated to the candidates individually:—

Programme of Examination.

Monday, the 27th November 1933—

Viva voce (Bengali and Hindustani), 10-15 a.m. to 1-15 p.m. and 2-15 p.m. to 5 p.m.

Lower Standard—Bengali and Hindustani.

Translation from English (two hours), 10-15 a.m. to 12-15 p.m.

Dictation (half an hour), 12-15 p.m. to 12-45 p.m.

Translation from vernacular (two hours), 2-15 p.m. to 4-15 p.m.

Tuesday, the 28th November 1933—

Viva voce (Bengali and Hindustani), 10-15 a.m. to 1-15 p.m. and 2-15 p.m. to 5 p.m.

Higher Standard—Bengali and Hindustani.

Translation from English (two hours), 10-15 a.m. to 12-15 p.m.

Dictation (half an hour), 12-15 p.m. to 12-45 p.m.

Translation from vernacular (two hours), 2-15 p.m. to 4-15 p.m.

Wednesday, the 29th November 1933—

10-15 a.m.—

Law, Part I (Criminal Law and Law of Evidence), without books (three hours).

Criminal Law for police officers, without books (three hours).

Law for excise officers without books (three hours).

Forest Law, without books (three hours).

Canal Law, Part A, without books (three hours).

Law paper for the qualifying test of military officers for Cantonment Magistracy, without books (three hours).

2-15 p.m.—

Law, Part II (Revenue Law), without books (three hours).

Criminal Law for police officers, with books (three hours).

Law for excise officers, with books (three hours).

Canal Law, Part B, without books (three hours).

Land Revenue Systems, without books (three hours).

Accounts for agricultural and veterinary officers, with books (three hours).

Thursday, the 30th November 1933—

10-15 a.m.—

Law, Part III (General Law), with books (three hours).

Procedure and Accounts for forest officers, with books (three hours).

Higher Standard Law for Cantonment Magistrates, with books (three hours).

Canal officer's examination in cases (time to be determined by the Examination Committee).

Departmental Rules and Orders for agricultural officers (without books).

Accounts for police officers, with books (three hours).

2-15 p.m.—

Accounts for civil officers (including excise), with and without books (three hours).

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Political.

CALCUTTA, THE 26th OCTOBER 1933.

RESOLUTION—No. 11298P.

The Governor in Council is pleased to extend the term of the Committee constituted under Resolution No. 18051P., dated the 10th September 1932, till the 31st December 1933 or such time as a Port Haj Committee is not constituted under the Port Haj Committees Act, 1932 (Act XX of 1932).

By order of the Governor in Council,

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Jails.

NOTIFICATION.

Midnapore.—No. 3793P.J.—25th October 1933.—Lieutenant-Colonel M. Das, M.C., I.M.S., is appointed to act as Superintendent of the Midnapore Central Jail, with effect from the 16th October 1933.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Bengal Board of Censors.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 6-C.B.—24th October 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Bengal Board of Censors have refused to certify the synchronised version of the film "Terror Aboard," produced by Paramount, length 6,299 feet, as suitable for public exhibition on the ground that it depicts scenes of horror and cruelty and consists entirely of a series of cold-blooded murders of the most revolting type.

R. HIGGINS,

Secy., Bengal Board of Censors.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 10761A.

Powers.

Faridpur. — No. 10498A. — 21st October 1933. Babu Atindra Nath Mukherji, Sub-

(b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Bansbaria bench in the said district, and

(c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

He is also vested with the power to take cognizance under section 190(1) (a) and (b) of the Criminal Procedure Code of offences under section 34 of Act V of 1861, occurring within the limits of the Bansbaria Municipality in the said district.

Hooghly.—No. 10664A.—27th October 1933.—Babu Karuna Nidhan Ghosh, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Hooghly, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Appointments and Transfers.

Dinajpur-Jalpaiguri. — No. 7337J. — 21st October 1933.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Subordinate Judge of Dinajpur and *ex-officio* Subordinate Judge of Jalpaiguri to be the Subordinate Judge of Dinajpur and Jalpaiguri.

This cancels the notification No. 1919A., dated Shillong, the 22nd May 1908, by the Chief Secretary to the late Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam, Appointment Department.

Bogra.—No. 7391J.—24th October 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon Maulvi Muhammad Ali the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Bogra, for a period of three years from the date of this notification,

(b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Sadar bench in the said district, and

(c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

Hooghly.—No. 7393J.—24th October—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon Kshitindra Deb Ray Mahasay the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Hooghly, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district,

Burdwan.—No. 7400J.—24th October 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon Babu Sudha Krishna Nayak the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Burdwan, for a period of three years from the date of this notification,

(b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Asansol bench in the said district, and

(c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

Burdwan.—No. 7402J.—24th October 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon Babu Kishori Mohan Sadhu the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Burdwan, for a period of three years from the 15th November 1933, and

(b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Asansol bench in the said district.

Faridpur.—No. 7465J.—25th October 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon Babu Indu Bhusan Sarkar the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Faridpur for a period of three years from the 18th November 1933, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district,

(b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Sadar bench in the said district, and

(c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

Faridpur.—No. 7467J.—25th October 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon Maulvi Chaudhuri Yusuf Ali the powers of a Magistrate of the third

class, in the district of Faridpur, for a period of three years from the 18th November 1933,

(b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Sadar bench in the said district, and

(c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

Noakhali.—No. 7469J.—25th October 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon Maulvi Saifuddin Ahmad Chaudhuri the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Noakhali, for a period of three years from the date of this notification,

(b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Feni bench in the said district, and

(c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

Tippera.—No. 7473J.—26th October 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon Babu Chandra Kumar Datta the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Tippera, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Brahmanbaria subdivision of the said district,

(b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Brahmanbaria bench in the said district, and

(c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

Tippera.—No. 7475J.—26th October 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon each of the gentlemen named below the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Tippera, for a period of three years from the date of this notification,

(b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Brahmanbaria bench in the said district, and

(c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language:—

Babu Nabadwip Chandra Banik.
Maulvi Saiyid Mesbahuddin Ahmed.

Powers.

Hooghly.—No. 7317J.—21st October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct each of the Honorary Magistrates named below, in the district of Hooghly, to take down evidence in the English language with effect from the date of their appointment:—

Babu Bibhuti Bhusan Chatarji, Champdany bench.

Babu Amar Nath Mukharji, Serampore bench.

Babu Girija Bhusan Mukharji, Uttarpara bench.

Babu Panna Lal Mukharji, Serampore bench.

Mr. John White, Champdany bench.

Babu Jatindra Nath Banarji, Bhadreswar bench.

Mr. Robert Llewellyn Manners, Rishra-Konnagar Municipality.

Mr. Thomas George Morrow, Champdany bench.

Faridpur.—No. 7471J.—25th October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Babu Chandra Bilash Mukharji, an Honorary Magistrate of the Gopalganj bench, the powers of a Magistrate of the first class in the district of Faridpur, for the period during which he has been directed to sit as a member of the said bench—

(a) in respect to cases brought before the said bench, within the limits of the jurisdiction of the said bench, and

(b) in respect to such cases as may be made over to him when sitting singly, within the limits of the Gopalganj subdivision of the said district.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Dacca.—No. 7388J.—24th October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Ganesh Chandra Das, a member of the Dhipur union board within the Tangibari police-station in the Munshiganj subdivision of the Dacca district, to be, during his term of office, as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Rai Mohan Mitra, deceased.

Dacca.—No. 7389J.—24th October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Ganesh Chandra Das, a member of the Dhipur union board within the Tangibari police-station in the Munshiganj subdivision of the Dacca district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Rai Mohan Mitra, deceased.

Faridpur.—No. 7448J.—25th October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Abani Kanto Gangali, a member of the Kunia union board within the Madaripur police-station in the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Hemanta Kumar Gangali, deceased.

Faridpur. No. 7449J.—25th October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Abani Kanto Gangali, a member of the Kunia union board within the Madaripur police-station in the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Hemanta Kumar Gangali, deceased.

No. 7451J.—25th October 1933.—The orders contained in the Judicial Department notification No. 4352J., dated the 6th June 1933, published at pages 857 and 858 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, are hereby cancelled.

N. G. A. EDGLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

Mymensingh.—No. 5782M.—23rd October 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft rule will be taken into consideration on the 15th November 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:-

Draft rule.

In the Tangail Municipality, in the district of Mymensingh, out of twelve seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), five seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Bakarganj. — No. 5784M.—23rd October 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft rule will be taken into consideration on the 15th November 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Jhalakati Municipality, in the district of Bakarganj, out of twelve seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), four seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Rangpur.—No. 5786M.—23rd October 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft rule will be taken into consideration on the 15th November 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Rangpur Municipality, in the district of Rangpur, out of fourteen seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), four seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

No. 464T.L.S.-G.—24th October 1933.—The following draft of a notification, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to issue under the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st December 1933, and any objection or suggestion which may be received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft notification.

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (*1*) of section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of

Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following amendments in the rules published with notification No. 3334 L.S.-G., dated the 20th December 1901, at pages 293-305 of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 25th idem, as subsequently amended, namely:—

Amendments.

1. In the last sentence of rule 24 *after* the words "district funds" *remove* the full stop and *insert* the words "other than those which the District Board is competent to sanction under rule 57."

2. *For* clause (*a*) of rule 37 *substitute* the following:—

"On the completion of any work the original records and account books relating to the same shall be submitted by the District Engineer to the Chairman who on being satisfied that the work has actually been completed shall initial the records:

Provided that if the expenditure exceeds the estimate by more than 10 per cent a completion report shall be submitted to the Chairman through the office of the Inspector of Local Works in the Form A, B or C, as the case may be."

3. In line 3 of rule 39 *after* the word "meeting" *insert* the words "in which important matters affecting roads and other public works are considered."

Rajshahi.—No. 5802M.—25th October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*2*) of section 58 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the Civil Surgeon, Rajshahi, *ex-officio*, to be a Commissioner of the Rajshahi Municipality in the vacancy caused by the failure of Dr. K. P. Elloy to make the oath of allegiance laid down in sub-section (*3*) of section 57 of the said Act.

Mymensingh. — No. 5816L.S.-G. — 26th October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of section 31 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871 (Act I of 1871), and in modification of the orders contained in clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of the notification No. 317½T.M., dated the 16th August 1913, and in clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of notification No. 1428L.S.-G., dated the 18th May 1914, of the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to:—

(*i*) transfer to the union board, in the Mymensingh district, named below, all the functions of the Magistrate of that district under Chapters II and III of the said Act I of 1871, in respect of all pounds within the local area of the said union board; and

(*ii*) direct that the whole of the surplus accruing under section 18 of the said Act I of 1871, in the area under the jurisdiction of the union board in the district of Mymensingh, named below, shall be placed to the credit of the union fund constituted for the said union board:—

District Mymensingh, Sadar South subdivision.
Police-station Bhaluka.
Birunia union board.

Mymensingh. — No. 5818L.S.-G. — 26th October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of section 31 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871 (Act I of 1871), and in modification of the orders contained in clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of the notification No. 317½T.M., dated the 16th August 1913, and in clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of notification No. 1428L.S.-G., dated the 18th May 1914, of the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to:—

(*i*) transfer to the union board, in the Mymensingh district, named below, all the functions of the Magistrate of that district under Chapters II and III of the said Act I of 1871, in respect of all pounds within the local area of the said union board; and

(*ii*) direct that the whole of the surplus accruing under section 18 of the said Act I of 1871, in the area under the jurisdiction of the union board in the district of Mymensingh, named below, shall be placed to the credit of the union fund constituted for the said union board:—

District Mymensingh, Sadar South subdivision.
Police-station Trisal.
Dhanikhola union board.

Dinajpur. — No. 5836M. — 30th October 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 15th November 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Dinajpur Municipality in the district of Dinajpur, out of 16 seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), five seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Bakarganj.—No. 5838M.—30th October 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is

published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 15th November 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Bhola Municipality in the district of Bakarganj, out of nine seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), two seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Jalpaiguri.—No. 5840M.—30th October 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 15th November 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Jalpaiguri municipality in the district of Jalpaiguri, out of 14 seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), four seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

No. 5842M.—30th October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*2*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), and in modification of the orders published under notification No. 5717M., dated the 1st December 1932, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to issue the following order:—

Order.

The first general elections under the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932) in all municipalities (except Darjeeling & Kurseong), wherein such elections have yet been held shall be governed by the rule issued as draft rules under notification No. 5265M., dated the 21st September 1933, subject to the following modifications:—

In form "B" prescribed under rule 16 of those rules—

(*i*) *add* the words "and his serial number in the Final Electoral Roll (Form A)" to each of the columns 6 and 7;

(*ii*) *delete* column 8; and

(*iii*) *renumber* column 9 as column 8.

Dacca.—No. 5855M.—31st October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 16, read with section 18 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), and section 22 of the General Clauses Act, 1899, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to cancel so much of the notification No. 432T.M., dated the 12th October 1933, as relates to the appointment of Mr. J. E. Ordish as a Commissioner of the Narayanganj Municipality in the district of Dacca and to appoint Mr. G. Allan in the vacancy.

CORRIGENDUM.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

No. 5791L.S.-G.—24th October 1933.—In the table appended to notification No. 3078-L.S.-G., dated the 15th November 1929, published at pages 2056-68 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 28th November 1929, make the following corrections:

Page 2061, column 2 of the table showing the mauzas constituting the Raygaon union, *delete* Kashibari—256.

Page 2062, column 2 of the table showing the mauzas constituting the Chiragpur union, *add* Kashibari—256.

Medical

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

Calcutta. — No. 2622Medl.—23rd October 1933.—Dr. Krishnadhan Sinha, 2nd Assistant Chemical Examiner to the Government of Bengal, has been granted leave on average pay for three months and eighteen days, under Fundamental Rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*), with effect from the 5th June 1933.

Calcutta. — No. 2623Medl.—23rd October 1933.—Dr. Jitendra Kumar Banerjee, did the duties of the 2nd Assistant Chemical Examiner from the 5th to the 21st June 1933, *vice* Dr. Krishnadhan Sinha.

Calcutta. — No. 2624Medl.—23rd October 1933.—Dr. Beni Madhab Chakravarty, Chemical Examiner to Government, has taken over charge of the duties of the 2nd Assistant Chemical Examiner, in addition to his own, with effect from the 22nd June 1933.

Calcutta.—No. 2625 Medl. — 23rd October 1933.—Dr. Sachi Kumar Chatterjee, 4th Assistant Chemical Examiner to the Government of Bengal, performed the duties of the 3rd Assistant Chemical Examiner from the 5th to the 28th June in addition to his own. He is appointed, until further orders, to perform the duties of the 3rd Assistant Chemical Examiner, with effect from the 29th June 1933.

Calcutta.—No. 2626Medl. — 23rd October 1933.—Dr. Pramada Sankar Bhattacharjee is appointed to officiate as the 4th Assistant Chemical Examiner to the Government of Bengal, with effect from the 29th June 1933.

Calcutta. — No. 2629Medl.—23rd October 1933.—Babu Prokash Chandra Bose, B.Sc., is appointed temporarily as an Assistant Chemical Examiner to Government, with effect from the 22nd June 1933.

H. P. V. TOWNEND,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Health, Bengal.

No. 12511A.—25th October 1933.—Babu Tarak Nath Sen Gupta, Assistant Analyst, Bengal Public Health Laboratory, Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay for a period of two months and nine days, with effect from the 14th October to the 22nd December 1933, under article 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

R. B. KHAMBATA,

Director of Public Health, Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Mr. K. Nazim-ud-Din, C.I.E.

Howrah. — No. 1426T.Edn.—21st October 1933.—Mr. Digindra Nath Dutt is appointed temporarily to act, until further orders, as Assistant Professor of Civil Engineering, Bengal Engineering College, with effect from the 6th November 1933, or any subsequent date on which he joins the appointment.

Calcutta. — No. 1430T.Edn.—21st October 1933.—Mr. Prafulla Kumar Sarkar, Assistant Head Master, Calcutta Training School, is appointed to act, until further orders, in the Bengal Educational Service, as Head Master of the school, with effect from the date on which he assumes the duties of the post, *vice* Babu Prasanna Kumar Deb, deceased.

Registration.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Mr. K. Nazim-ud-Din, C.I.E.

Murshidabad. — No. 1423T.Regn. — 21st October 1933.—Babu Ramesh Chandra Ray, officiating District Sub-Registrar of Murshidabad, is allowed leave on average pay for ten days, with effect from the 5th October 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

Midnapore.—No. 709Regn.—25th October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act 1 of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Saiyid Shah Abdul Wahebul Quadiri, Muhammadan Registrar and Kazi of Midnapore Sadar, temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-stations of Kharagpur and Kharagpur Town, in the district of Midnapore, in addition to his own duties, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Muhammad Bazlur Rahim, or until further orders.

Midnapore.—No. 710Regn.—25th October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazi's Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Saiyid Shah Abdul Wahebul Quadiri, Muhammadan Registrar and Kazi of Midnapore Sadar, temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-stations of Kharagpur and Kharagpur Town, in the district of Midnapore, in addition to his own duties, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Muhammad Bazlur Rahim, or until further orders.

Khulna.—No. 716Regn. — 30th October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Kazi Muhammad Shafiulla Khan temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-station of Tala, in the district of Khulna, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Khondkar Siddique Ahmed, or until further orders.

Khulna.—No. 717Regn.—30th October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Kazi Muhammad Shafiulla Khan temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-station of Tala, in the district of Khulna, during the absence, on of Maulvi Khondkar Siddique Ahmed, ntil further orders.

Bakarganj. — No. 722Regn.—30th October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Abdur Rashid to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the chaukidari unions Nos. I to XII of police-station Amtoli, in the district of Bakarganj.

Bakarganj.—No. 723Regn.—30th October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Abdur Rashid temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the chaukidari unions Nos. 1 to XII of police-station Amtoli in the district of Bakarganj.

Bakarganj.—No. 726Regn.—30th October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Khondkar Afsaruddin Ahmed to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the chaukidari unions Nos. XIII to XXI of police-station Amtoli, in the district of Bakarganj.

Bakarganj.—No. 727Regn.—30th October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Khondkar Afsaruddin Ahmed to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the chaukidari unions Nos. XIII to XXI of police-station Amtoli, in the district of Bakarganj.

H. R. WILKINSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

Rajshahi.—No. 491.—23rd October 1933.—Maulvi Md. Afzal, Sub-Registrar of Naogaon in the district of Rajshahi, is allowed leave on average pay for three days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th October 1933.

Bankura.—No. 492.—23rd October 1933.—Babu Rama Prosad Mukharji, Sub-Registrar attached to Bankura, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Indas in the same district, with effect from the 9th October 1933, during the absence, on leave, of the permanent incumbent, or until further orders.

Faridpur.—No. 493.—23rd October 1933.—Babu Kshitish Chandra Das, Sub-Registrar of Baliakandi in the district of Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under rule 81(*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, effect from the 13th September 1933.

24-Parganas-Faridpur.— No. 494.— 23rd October 1933.—Babu Rathindra Nath Biswas, Sub-Registrar attached to Alipore, 24-Parganas, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Baliakandi in the district of Faridpur, with effect from the 18th September 1933, during the absence, on leave, of the permanent incumbent, or until further orders.

Dacca.—No. 495.—24th October 1933.—Maulvi Naziruddin Muhammad, No. II, Joint Sub-Registrar of Sabhar at Kaliakair in the district of Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-five days, under rule 81(*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 30th October 1933.

Dacca.—No. 496.— 24th October 1933.—Maulvi Chaudhuri Wahiduddin Ahmed Siddique, Sub-Registrar attached to Dacca, is appointed to act as Joint Sub-Registrar of Sabhar at Kaliakair in the same district, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Naziruddin Muhammad, No. II, Sub-Registrar, on leave, or until further orders.

Tippera-Bakarganj-Khulna.—No. 497.—25th October 1933.—Babu Manindra Kishore Talapatra, Sub-Registrar attached to Comilla, Tippera, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Kathalia in the district of Bakarganj, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Md. Azheruddin, Sub-Registrar, on leave, or until further orders. This cancels this department notification No. 466, dated the 18th September 1933, appointing Maulvi Md. Abdul Gaffar, Sub-Registrar attached to Khulna, to act as Sub-Registrar of Kathalia in the district of Bakarganj.

Tippera.—No. 498.—25th October 1933.—Maulvi Makbul Ahmad, Sub-Registrar of Chaudagram in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under rule 81(*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 339, dated the 4th August 1933.

S. AHMED,
Inspr.-Genl. of Registration, Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 9.-C.I.E.—23rd October 1933.—In supersession of this office notification No. 8-C.I.E., dated the 13th September 1933, Babu Khirode Chandra Das, Assistant Engineer, is granted, under rule 81(*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay from the 23rd September 1933 to the 26th October 1933, inclusive, in extension of the leave already granted to him.

T. A. CURRY, *Chief Engineer (offg.).*

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

Industries.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Nawab K. G. M. Faroqui, Khan Bahadur.

Hooghly. — No. 5478Ind.—30th October 1933.—Mr. T. G. Morrow, Manager of the Angus Jute Works, Bhadreswar, is appointed to be a member of the Committee of Management of the Government Weaving Institute, Serampore, reconstituted under this department notification No. 10061nd., dated 24th February 1932, *vice* Mr. D. Mitchell, resigned.

L. R. FAWCUS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 63-L.—24th October 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Chinpai Samabaya Samity (registered No. 167 of 1922), in the subdivision Sadar in the district of Birbhum, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Departmental Officer at Suri in charge of Dubrajpur Circle to be liquidator of the said society.

Erratum.—No. 10804.—23rd October 1933.—In this office notification No. 28-L., dated the 8th September 1933, published in page 1303 of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 14th September 1933, please *read* "Bank" *for* "Samity."

A. M. ARSHADALI,
Regr. of Co-operative Societies, Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

No. 99Exc. — 23rd October 1933.—Babu Manilal Chatterji, probationary Inspector of Excise and Salt, is transferred from Calcutta to Burdwan and placed in charge of the Katwa Range in the public interest.

S. K. HALDAR,
Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Land Revenue.

APPORTIONMENT ORDER.

Rangpur. — No. 818T.R.—25th October 1933.—Under section 114 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council has determined that in police-stations Hatibandha, Kaliganj, Lalmonirhat, Fulbari, Bhurangamari and parts of Kurigram, Nageswari and Ulipur of Rangpur, where the preparation of a record-of-rights has been undertaken under notification No. 9474L.R., dated the 1st August 1931, the landlords and tenants' share of cost for the survey and preparation of record-of-rights, including the estimated cost of maintenance of boundary marks for a period of fifteen years, shall be apportioned and recovered as specified below:—

(*1*) The rate of Rs. 1-8 shall be levied per acre of which the raiyats including persons holding non-agricultural tenancies shall pay 10 annas per acre and their landlords of all grades together 14 annas per acre.

Common lands, such as rivers, roads, khals, burning ghats, etc., shall be excluded from assessment, but not tanks even if used for irrigation.

(*2*) Landlords shall pay the raiyats' share for lands in their khas possession and raiyats shall pay the full raiyati rate for lands covered by their holdings.

(*3*) Rent-free holders, whether of the degree of raiyats or tenure-holders, shall pay the whole of the landlords' share for their lands.

(*4*) As between the different grades of landlords, the landlords' share shall be apportioned thus—

(*a*) Permanent tenure-holders, whose rent is fixed in perpetuity, shall pay their own share of the cost and that of the landlords superior to them.

(*b*) Other permanent tenure-holders and temporary tenure-holders, whose lease has over fifteen years to run, shall pay 3/4ths of the landlords' share and their landlords shall pay the remaining 1/4th.

(*c*) Temporary tenure-holders, whose lease has fifteen years to run, shall pay 15/16ths of the share they would pay in accordance with (*b*) above if they were permanent tenure-holders and so on proportionately according to the number of years of the lease to run.

(*d*) Temporary tenure-holders, who do not hold on a lease or for a fixed term, shall pay half of the landlords' share.

Explanation.—The calculation shall be made from the lowest grade of landlords immediately above the raiyats, the period for which the lease of the tenure-holder or under-tenure is to run is to be reckoned in each case from the close of the agricultural year in which the record is finally published.

(*5*) (*a*) Under-raiyats having a right of occupancy or protected by section 48 C (*e*) (*1*) and (*2*) shall pay at the rate of 4 annas for a tenancy or part of a tenancy recorded in one village; (*b*) other under-raiyats shall be exempted from assessment.

(*6*) The calculation shall be made—(*a*) to the nearest anna; (*b*) areas less than one acre shall be charged for as one acre; (*c*) for broken areas over one acre, there shall be no charge for the broken portion if less than half an acre; but if the broken portion be half an acre or upwards, it shall be taken as full acre; and (*d*) the minimum charge for any tenancy or part of a tenancy recorded in one village shall be 4 annas only.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Darjeeling. — No. 763T.R. — 20th October 1933.—The following proposed plan for lighting a portion of the Darjeeling Municipality in the district of Darjeeling, which together with a map showing the lighting area, has been submitted by the Commissioners of that Municipality to the Government of Bengal for sanction under section 308, read with section 319 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), in supersession of the plan sanctioned in Government notification No. 5866 M., dated the 31st December 1897, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The map may be inspected at the office of the Municipal Commissioners.

2. The proposed plan will be taken into consideration on the 15th December 1933 and any objection or suggestion which may be received by the undersigned through the Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling before that date will be duly considered.

Plan.

Light will be supplied from one thousand and six electric lamps as shown in the accompanying statement. Current will be provided from the municipal power station at Sidrapong as heretofore. The lighting rate will be levied at 3 per cent. on the annual value of holdings as at present—

(1) Statement showing the number of lights in each road and lane to be lighted within the Darjeeling Municipality.

Name of roads.	No. of lamps. Watts.		
	60	75	200
Bryngwyn Road	6	..	1
Mackenzie Road	..	..	9
Waddell Road	..	..	5
Banstead Road	7	..	..
Salt Hill Road	7	..	..
Harmon Road	5	..	..
Theatre Road	2	..	..
Tonga Road	9	..	..
Mahatab Chand Road	5	..	..
Mackintosh Road	22	..	..
Elysee Road	5	..	..
Prestage Road	10	..	..
Kutchery Road	6	..	..
Jail Road	23	..	1
Dharamsala Road	3	..	..
Chowk Bazar	11	..	..
Jhaman Busti	3	..	..
Daroga Bazar Road	4	..	..
Old Kutchery Lane	2	..	..
Dispensary Road	3	..	..
Ballen Ville Road	3	..	..
Mount Pleasant Road	8	..	..
Lloyd Road	3	..	..
Musjid Road	2	..	..
Convent Road	15	..	..
Hooker Road	9	..	..
Rivers Hill Road	3		..
Snowy View Road	2	..	..
Rungeet Road (partly)	35	..	..
Apple Tree Road	13	..	..
Chebu Lama Road	4	..	..
Bhutia Busti Lane	4	..	..
Commercial Row	..	..	13
Robertson Road	..	..	12
Meadow Bank	..	5	..
Mohanlal Busti	3	..	..
Singtom Cemetery Road	2	..	..
Sintom Road (partly)	6	..	..
Tukvar Road (partly)	13	..	..
Morgan Road	7	..	..
Goode Road	8	..	..
Ferndale Road	26	..	..
Conservancy Road	32	..	..
Forrest Road	23	..	..
Senchal Road up to Keventer's Dairy Farm	..	5	..
Rajhatta Ghoom	..	2	..
Bhanjan Road up to Kharga Villa	..	26	..
Dharamsala Road	..	2	..
Auckland Road up to the gate of Retreat	67	..	7
Auckland Road from Pines Hotel to Ghoom Post Office	..	8	..
Jalapahar Road up to the gate of Mount Vernon Villa	97	..	4
West Birch Hill Road up to St. Joseph College	43	..	..
East Birch Hill Road up to Holmden	14	..	..
Cart Road from the gate of St. Joseph's College to the gate of Jalpaiguri house	111	..	17
Cart Road from Ghoom Post Office to Veterinary Hospital	..	23	..
Victoria Fall Road from the junction of the Ferndale Road to the junction of Marion Road	8	..	..
Victoria Road from Tonglu View to Bertram Villa	10	..	..
East Mall Road	22	..	..
West Mall Road	2	..	7
Auckland Zig Zag Road	6	..	..
Ashley Road	3	..	..
Babuganj Road	8	..	..
Chowrasta pavilion*	1	..	..
Eden Falls Road	6	..	..
Hermitage Road	8	..	..
Holmden Road	7	..	..
Karma Road	3	..	..
Marion Road	10	..	..
Pound Road	2	..	..
West Point	8	..	..
Toongsoong Busti	11	..	..
Toongsoong Zig Zag Road	6	..	..
Sudhir Kumari Road	9	..	..
Fish and Vegetable Market	15	..	..
Meat Market	9	..	..
West Lebong Road	17	..	..
Burdwan Road	1	..	..
Grand Total	858	71	76

1,005+1*=1,006

* One 500 Watt lamp.

(2) Statement showing the number of lights proposed in the Public latrines within the Darjeeling Municipality.

No. of latrine.	No. of lights Watts. 60	75
B1 Near "Glen" ..	1	..
B2 Near "Altamont Villa II" ..	1	..
B4 Near Railway Station ..	2	..
B5 In Butcher Busti ..	1	..
B6 On Rockville Road ..	2	..
B7 On Lloyd Road	2	..
B8 Between "H" and "K" Buildings	3	..
B9 Near "H" Buildings ..	4	..
B10 Near Rope Way ..	1	..
B11 Near Jiten Jhora ..	1	..
B12 On Forest Road ..	1	..
B13 On Mount Pleasant Road near Thorn Cottage ..	2	..
B15 Commercial Row ..	1	..
B16 Mount Pleasant Road ..	1	..
B17 Near "C" Building ..	3	..
B18 Near Old Municipal Office	1	..
B19 Pound Road ..	2	..
B20 Jail Road	1	..
B21 Beechwood Road ..	1	..
B22 Prestage Road ..	1	..
K1 Below St. Paul School ..	1	..
K2 Collinton Road ..	1	..
K3 Werneckie Road ..	1	..
K4 Marion Road ..	1	..
K5 Tonga Road	1	..
K6 Kagjhora (North) ..	1	..
K7 Mackintosh Road ..	1	..
N1 Karma Road ..	1	..
N2 Rungeet Road ..	1	..
N3 Chebu Lama Road ..	1	..
S1 Rungeet Road near slaughter house	1	..
S2 Rungeet Road near school	1	..
S3 Rungeet Road near septic tank ..	1	..
W1 Near Gymkhana Club ..	2	..
W2 Near Carmline Villa ..	2	..
W3 Kutchery Road ..	2	..
W4 Convent Road ..	1	..
W5 Hooker Road ..	1	..
W6 Kutchery compound ..	3	..
W7 Near Happy Valley Transformer House ..	2	..
W8 Near Meat Market ..	3	..
Chowrasta Urinal	3	..
Singamari near St. Joseph's College	1	..
Singamari near Municipal Transformer house ..	1	..
Jorebungalow near Jangbir Sardar's house ..	..	1
Jorebungalow near Messrs. Siridharilall Badri Narayan's shop	..	2
Jorebungalow near Veterinary Hospital	...	1
Singtom Road latrine ..	1	..
Grand Total	67	4
	=71	

Rajshahi.—No. 11858L.R.—30th October 1933.—Under the provisions of section 3 (*14*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Krishna Kamal Dutta, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi, is authorised to discharge, in the district of Rajshahi, the functions of a Revenue Officer under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights.

He is also vested with the powers of an Assistant Settlement Officer, under Chapter VII, Part I, of the rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act, in respect of the aforesaid area.

Rajshahi. — No. 11859L.R.—30th October 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1825 (IX of 1825), read with section 20 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822 (VII of 1822), the Governor in Council is pleased to vest Babu Krishna Kamal Dutta, Sub-Deputy Collector and Assistant Settlement Officer, Rajshahi, who has, by notification No. 11132C.P., dated the 7th September 1933, been vested by the Board of Revenue with the powers of a Collector in the estate of Raja Bhupendra Narayan Singha Bahadur of Nashipur in the district of Rajshahi for the purpose of the work of maintenance of the record-of-rights of that estate, with powers under section 19 of the said Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822, within the local limits of that estate, to require and compel persons mentioned in the section to attend and produce accounts and other papers and to examine such persons under that section for the purpose of the said work of the maintenance of the record-of-rights.

Rajshahi. — No. 11862L.R.—30th October 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1825 (IX of 1825), read with section 20 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822 (VII of 1822), the Governor in Council is pleased to vest Babu Krishna Kamal Dutta, Sub-Deputy Collector and Assistant Settlement Officer, Rajshahi, who has, by notification No. 12387C.P., dated the 12th October 1933, been vested by the Board of Revenue with the powers of a Collector in the estate of Baishazari Wakf Estate in the district of Rajshahi for the purpose of the work of maintenance of the record-of-rights of that estate, with powers under section 19 of the said Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822, within the local limits of that estate, to require and compel persons mentioned in the section to attend and produce accounts and other papers and to examine such persons under that section for the purpose of the said work of the maintenance of the record-of-rights.

Land Acquisition.

NOTIFICATIONS.

24-Parganas-Hooghly-Howrah.—No. 11714-L.A.—25th October 1933.—The orders contained in notification No. 10078L.A., dated the 4th September 1933, granting leave to Rai

Jamini Mohan Ghosh Bahadur, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, employed as Special Land Acquisition Officer, 24-Parganas, Hooghly and Howrah, at Alipore, are cancelled.

Howrah.—No. 11723L.A. — 25th October 1933.—The Governor in Council is pleased to cancel the notification No. 6529L.A., dated the 2nd June 1933, under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, published at page 846, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th idem, in respect of the proposed acquisition of 0·00625 of an acre of land required by the Banharishpur union board for the construction of a bridge at Samanti, across the Kana Damodar, in the village of Samanti, pargana Balia, district Howrah.

Burdwan.—No. 11770L.A.—26th October 1933.—The Governor in Council is pleased to cancel so much of the notification No. 7599-L.A., dated the 29th June 1933, under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, published at pages 977-78, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 6th July 1933, as relates to a piece of land, comprising cadastral plot No. 1977 and measuring, more or less, 0·07 of an acre, in the village of Chalbalpur, pargana Shergarh, district Burdwan, out of the total area of 3·76 acres, which was notified for acquisition and required by the East India Railway for the reconstruction of Bridge No. 542D between miles 138 and 139 of the railway between Sitarampur and Salanpur stations.

Burdwan. — No. 11854L.A.—30th October 1933.—The Governor in Council is pleased to cancel so much of the notification No. 5434-L.A., dated the 4th May 1933, under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, published at page 702, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 11th idem, as relates to a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0·011 of an acre in the village of Mahabatpur or Memari, pargana Nalhi, and bounded as detailed below, out of the total area of 0·362 of an acre notified for acquisition for the improvement of the sanitary condition of the excise quarters at Memari in the village of Mahabatpur or Memari, pargana Nalhi, district Burdwan—

North—By the lands of Priyagopal Bishayee and others and Kalidas Mandal.

East—By the lands of Kalidas Mandal and the kutcha pathway owned by the Excise Department.

South—By the Grand Trunk roadside lands.

West—By the Grand Trunk roadside lands and the lands of Priyagopal Bishayee, others and Kalidas Mandal.

DECLARATIONS.

Dacca.—No. 11720L.A. — 25th October 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality, for a public purpose, viz., for the drainage of the pumping station at Dhopakhola in the town of Dacca, mahalla Narindia, pargana Jahangirnagar, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0·0364 of an acre and comprising parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 2 and 6 is required within the aforesaid mahalla of Narindia.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Dacca.

Burdwan.—No. 11764L.A.—26th October 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing the portion from chainage 45,424 feet to chainage 59,670 feet of Distributary No. 6 of the Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Kaligram, Palashi, Purba-Malkita and Debagram, jurisdiction list Nos. 103, 105, 134 and 132, respectively, in thana Burdwan, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose six pieces of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 2208 to 2216, 2248, 2249, 2251 to 2253, 2260, 3826 to 3830, 3832 to 3836, 3838, 3855, 3895, 3902 to 3907, 3909 to 3911, 3913 to 3915, 3927 to 3930, 3949 and 3952 to 3954 in mauza Kaligram, cadastral plot Nos. 1543, 1857 and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1506, 1514, 1515, 1518 to 1521, 1541, 1542, 1548, 1551, 1552, 1557 to 1559, 1561, 1564, 1566 to 1568, 1616, 1619, 1620, 1626 to 1629, 1632 to 1634, 1637, 1638, 1650 to 1653, 1655 to 1657, 1834 to 1836, 1840 to 1842, 1846, 1848, 1850 to 1852, 1854 to 1856 1858 to 1860, 3222, 3226 to 3228, 3230 to 3233, 3236, 3237, 3259 to 3261, 3411 to 3413, 3415, 3416, 3418, 3437, 3443, 3444, 3447, 3450, 3451, 3453 to 3457, 3476 to 3480, 3482, 3485 to 3487, 3492, 3493, 3495, 3497, 3503 and 3504 in mauza Palashi, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1,2 and 5 in mauza Purba-Malkita and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 96 to 100, 115 to 119, 121, 122, 144 and 145 in mauza Debagram, and altogether measuring, more or less, 25·85 acres are required within the aforesaid villages of Kaligram, Palashi, Purba-Malkita and Debagram.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

24-Parganas.—No. 11767L.A.—26th October 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Budge Budge Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for construction of a lower primary school and excavation of a drinking water tank, in the village of Banjanharia, jurisdiction list No. 21 of thana Budge Budge, pargana Balia, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1·1633 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the lands of Dasurathi Mukerji, Shaik Gabarali, Suddhi Sahi and Nabi Sardar and by Bachilor Road and Musjid land,

East—By the lands of Mati Molla, Shaik Gabarali, Dasurathi Mukerji, Dukhi Sardar, Sakru Kasai and Serajuddin Kasai and by the Trunk Road,

South—By the lands of Zafar Shaik, Nabi Sardar, Serajuddin Kasai, Sakru Kasai, Khalil Shaik and Dukhi Sardar and by public drain,

West—By the lands of Suddhi Sahi, Nabi Sardar, Taffer Shaik, Khalil Shaik and Dukhi Sardar and by public drain,

is required within the aforesaid village of Banjanharia.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Chairman of the Budge Budge Municipality.

Tippera. — No. 11850L.A.—30th October 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Tippera district board for a public purpose, viz., for the diversion of the Kalirbazar Road, in the village of Lalmai-Pahar, jurisdiction list No. 110, pargana Meharkul, zilla Tippera, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 3·34 acres, comprising parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 3104, 3583, 3584 (X-Y), 3584 (A-C), 3585 and 3103, is required within the aforesaid village of Lalmai-Pahar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Sadar (South), Comilla.

Burdwan. — No. 11855L.A.—30th October 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the improvement of the sanitary condition of the excise quarters at Memari in the village of Mahabatpur or Memari, jurisdiction list No. 220, thana Memari, pargana Nalhi, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0·351 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the lands of Priyagopal Bishayee and others,

East—By the kutcha pathway owned by the Excise Department and the lands of Kalidas Mandal,

South—By the lands of Kalidas Mandal,

West—By the lands of Kalidas Mandal and Priyagopal Bishayee and others,

is required within the aforesaid village of Mahabatpur or Memari.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Excise Superintendent, Burdwan.

H. C. V. PHILPOT,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Forests.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 784-T.R.—25th October 1933.—The following notification issued by the Government of India, is republished for general information.

H. C. V. PHILPOT,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. F2-1/33-F., dated Simla, the 21st September 1933.

Notification by—The Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Education, Health and Lands.

Mr. E. A. C. Modder, I.F.S., officiating Conservator of Forests, Bengal, reverted to his substantive post of Deputy Conservator of Forests, with effect from the forenoon of the 1st September 1933.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Establishment.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 47.—26th October 1933.—In modification of this department notification No. 43, dated the 5th October 1933, Mr. J. Mackie, Assistant Executive Engineer, is, on return from leave, posted to the Nadia Rivers Division.

H. C. V. PHILPOT,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

Dacca-Mymensingh.—No. 5466For.—26th October 1933.—This department notification No. 5006For., dated the 15th September 1933, is cancelled.

E. O. SHEBBEARE,
Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

TREASURY NOTICE.

Orders by the Deputy Accountant-General, Bengal.

The Treasury, the 23rd October 1933.

It is notified that the refund order book No. 100 containing 50 orders No. 1 to 50 (both inclusive) of pink colour is in use in the Income-tax Office, Railway and Miscellaneous Salaries Circle, Calcutta, with effect from the 10th October 1933.

A. R. REBELLO,
Dy. Accountant-General, Bengal.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE.

The 14th September 1933.

Notice is hereby given that the Fifth Criminal Sessions of the year 1933 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the town of Calcutta and factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto will be held at the Court House, in the town of Calcutta, on Monday, the 27th day of November 1933, at 11 o'clock in the afternoon, and thenceforward from day to day until the said sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who are to prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said sessions be present then and there to prosecute.

BADRIDAS GOENKA, *Sheriff*

সরিফ আফিস, সন ১৯৩৩ সালের ১৪ই সেপ্টেম্বর।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে, সুবে বাঙ্গালার ফোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন সহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তি জন্য আগামী সন ১৯৩৩ সালের ২৭সে নভেম্বর, সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্য্যন্ত সেসিয়ানের কার্য্য সমাধা না হয়, প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাইকোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৯৩৩ সালের পঞ্চম ক্রিমিন্যাল সেসিয়ান বসিবেক, এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যেসকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে কোন ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক, তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে। ইতি।

বদ্রিদাস গোয়েনকা,
সরিফ।

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Civil.

The 24th October 1933.

No. 25311A.—The officers named in the following schedule are vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value and within the local limits mentioned against each:—

Schedule.

1. Babu Kumud Bandhu Sen, munsif, Barisal (Bakarganj)—Rs. 250—Barisal munsifi.
2. Babu Jogesh Chandra Chatarji, munsif, Kurigaon (Rangpur)—Rs. 250—Kurigaon munsifi.
3. Babu Ashutosh Das Gupta, munsif, Diamond Harbour (24-Parganas)—Rs. 100—Diamond Harbour munsifi.
4. Babu Kiran Kumar Bhattacharji, munsif, Tangail (Mymensingh)—Rs. 50—Tangail munsifi.
5. Babu Jitendra Nath Maitra, munsif, Munshiganj (Dacca)—Rs. 50—Munshiganj munsifi.
6. Babu Rabindra Kumar Basu, munsif, Alipore (24-Parganas)—Rs. 250—That portion of the Alipore and Sealdah munsifis which lies outside the jurisdiction of the Small Cause Court proper at Sealdah.
7. Babu Shailesh Chandra Banarji, munsif, Rampur-Boalia (Rajshahi-Malda)—Rs. 250—Rampur-Boalia munsifi.
8. Babu Ram Lal Banarji, munsif, Hooghly (Sadar)—Rs. 250—Sadar munsifi of Hooghly.

No. 25320A.—Babu Ram Lal Banarji, munsif of Hooghly (Sadar), is vested under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try, under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs. 2,000 arising within the local limits of the executive district of Hooghly.

The 25th October 1933.

No. 25345A.—Babu Rabindra Kumar Basu, munsif of Alipore, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is vested under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try, under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs. 2,000 arising within the local limits of the Alipore munsifi.

No. 25348A. — Babu Shailesh Chandra Banarji, munsif of Rampur Boalia, in the district of Rajshahi and Malda, is vested under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try, under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs. 2,000 arising within the local limits of the executive district of Rajshahi.

No. 25351A.—In exercise of the powers delegated to the High Court by the notification of the Government of Bengal, No. 64J.D., dated the 30th April 1915, Babu Ram Lal Banarji, munsif of Hooghly (Sadar), is vested under Article 8 of the Second Schedule of the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887 (IX of 1887), with powers to try, under the Small Cause Court procedure, suits up to the value of Rs. 250 for the recovery of rents of homestead lands arising within the municipal area within his jurisdiction.

No. 25354A.—In exercise of the powers delegated to the High Court by the notification of the Government of Bengal, No. 64J.D., dated the 30th April 1915, Babu Shailesh Chandra Banarji, munsif of Rampur Boalia,

in the district of Rajshahi and Malda, is vested under Article 8 of the Second Schedule of the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887 (IX of 1887), with powers to try, under the Small Cause Court procedure, suits up to the value of Rs. 250 for the recovery of rents of homestead lands arising within the municipal area within his jurisdiction.

By order of the High Court,

N. L. HINDLEY, *Registrar.*

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

Burdwan Division—Chinsura.

No. 2401L.S.-G.—25th October 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that the election, by the members of the Vishnupur local board in the district of Bankura, of Babu Bhupati Nath Sarkar to be their Chairman is approved under section 25 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885.

No. 3714J.G.—25th October 1933.—Babu Kshirode Behari Mullick, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Sadar, Burdwan, is granted, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for forty days, with effect from the 13th November 1933.

No. 3731J.G.—25th October 1933.—Babu Kalipado Das Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector. Burdwan, Sadar, is appointed Circle Officer, Sadar, in that district.

No. 3741J.G. — 26th October 1933.—Maulvi Abdur Rakib, Sub-Deputy Collector, Birbhum, is appointed temporarily to act as Circle Officer of Bolpur in that district. The transfer is made in the public interest.

L. B. BURROWS, *Commissioner (offg.).*

Chinsura, the 24th October 1933.

No. 7909J.G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Profulla Kumar Banerjee has been duly elected to be a member for Ward No. II of the Gourhati union board in police-station Arambagh in the Arambagh subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Jogendra Nath Mondal, removed.

No. 7914J.G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Ram Chandra Mukerjee has been duly elected to be a member for Ward No. III of the Raghubati union board in police-station Goghat in the Arambagh subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Indra Narayain Kundoo, removed.

No. 7917J.G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Brohmo Mohan Roy has been duly elected to be a member for Ward No. II of the Atghora union board in police-station Khanakul in the Arambagh subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Sroshi Mohan Roy, resigned.

D. MACPHERSON, *District Magistrate.*

Dacca Division—Dacca.

No. 5008J. — 23rd October 1933.—Babu Sushil Kumar Saha, Sub-Deputy Collector, Madaripur, in the district of Faridpur, is appointed to be Circle Officer of Shibchar Circle in that district.

No. 5040J.—25th October 1933.—Babu Upendra Chandra Sinha, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, North Circle, Perojpur, in the district of Bakarganj, was allowed leave for one day on the 5th October 1933, under rule 81(*b*)(*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

H. GRAHAM, *Commissioner (offg.).*

Mymensingh, the 21st October 1933.

No. 938C.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Tarini Kanta Deb has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Mymensingh to be a member of the Jhawail union board in Gopalpur police-station in the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district, *vice* Babu Pyari Mohan Dhar, deceased.

No. 939C.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Munshi Taser Uddin Beg has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Mymensingh to be a member of the Mirzapur union board in Gopalpur police-station in the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Ibrahim Hussain, resigned.

Mymensingh, the 26th October 1933.

No. 963C.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Munshi Abdul Hakim Khan has been duly elected to be a member of Niguari union board No. X in Gafargaon police-station in the Sadar South subdivision of the Mymensingh district, *vice* Munshi Md. Gholam Moula, resigned.

No. 964C.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Munshi Md. Entaj Ali Mir has been duly elected to be a member of Shakhua union board in police-station Trisal in the Sadar South subdivision of the Mymensingh district, *vice* Munshi Md. Syed Ali Mir, dead.

E. B. H. BAKER, *District Magistrate.*

Barisal, the 24th October 1933.

No. 6913J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Muradia union board in police-station Patuakhali in the Patuakhali subdivision of the Bakarganj district:—

Hazi Arman Ali Khan.
Babu Shashadhar Majumdar.
Babu Jamini Kanta Somaddar.
Munshi Abdul Jabbar.
Munshi Syed Raton Ali.
Babu Anath Bandhu Mualia.

(*b*) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Bakarganj to be members of the said union board:—

Munshi Syed Alauddin.
Munshi Golab Khan.
Munshi Mohabbat Ali Muktear.

K. A. L. HILL, *District Magistrate*

Dacca, the 24th October 1933.

No. 9287M.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Babu Ganesh Chandra Das has been appointed to be a member of the Dhipur union board in Tangibari police-station, in Munshiganj subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Babu Rai Mohan Mitra, deceased.

A. HUGHES, *District Magistrate.*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Dacca Range.

Dacca.—No. 3641.—26th October 1933.—Babu Pramod Bihari Sen, Inspector, Tippera, is granted 2 months' leave on average pay, on medical certificate, in extension of the leave already granted to him.

Sub-Inspector Abdul Hamid, of Tippera, will continue to act as Inspector in the vacancy.

R. M. WRIGHT,
Deputy Inspector-General of Police.

Presidency Division—Calcutta.

No. 2156R.G.—20th October 1933.—Babu Harendra Kumar Ghose, Sub-Deputy Collector and Maintenance Officer, Kandi, Murshidabad, is granted thirteen days' leave, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th October 1933.

No. 624J.G.—23rd October 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in exercise of the powers conferred on me by rule 63(2) of the Bengal Jail Code, 1919, Volume I, as revised, I appoint Rai Nagendra Nath Mukherji Bahadur to be a non-official visitor of the Krishnagar Jail in the district of Nadia for a period of two years, with effect from the date of expiry of his present term of office.

No. 2256L.S.-G.—23rd October 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20(*b*) of the dispensary rules, the following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the managing committee of the municipal charitable dispensary at Krishnagar in the district of Nadia:—

The District Magistrate, Nadia, *ex-officio.*
The Subdivisional Officer, Sadar, *ex-officio.*
The Civil Surgeon, Nadia, *ex-officio.*
The District Engineer, Nadia, *ex-officio.*
The Chairman, Krishnagar Municipality, *ex-officio.*
The Vice-Chairman, Krishnagar Municipality, *ex-officio.*
Babu Hem Chandra Dutta Gupta.
Maulvi S. M. Zahuruddin.
Babu Jnanendra Nath Mukherjee.
Babu Amio Nath Ganguly.
Rai Sahib Sudhendu Mohon Banerjee.
Babu Jagindra Nath Sarkar.

H. J. TWYNAM, *Commissioner* (*offg.*).

Alipore, the 23rd October 1933.

No. 24/33-25-V. S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Tarak Chandra Ghosh of Deara has been appointed by me to be a member in the Chandigore Rohonda union board, police-station Barasat, in the vacancy caused by the death of Babu Thakur Das Ghosal in Barasat subdivision in the district of 24-Parganas.

J. D. V. HODGE, *District Magistrate.*

Berhampore, the 24th October 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., of union boards under the said Act, Munshi Janmohammad Shaikh has been duly appointed to be a member of the Bhagowangola union board, police-station Bhagowangola in Lalbagh subdivision of the Murshidabad district, *vice* Babu Manindra Nath Saha, resigned.

O. M. REES, *District Magistrate.*

Khulna, the 25th October 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 10 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of the union boards in the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919, Babu Harashit Deb has been elected as a member of the Barakpur union board in the Daulatpur police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the Khulna district in place of Babu Krishna Gopal Das, resigned.

L. C. GUHA, *District Magistrate.*

Rajshahi Division—Jalpaiguri.

No. 3782J.—21st October 1933.—Babu Rakhohari Chatarji, Sub-Deputy Collector, Pabna, is transferred temporarily to the Gaibandha subdivision of the Rangpur district for loan recovery work. The transfer is made in the public interest.

The orders contained in this office notification No. 3698J., dated the 13th October 1933, transferring Babu Ramendu Sen, Sub-Deputy Collector, Bogra, to the Gaibandha subdivision of the Rangpur district for loan recovery work are cancelled.

No. 3788J.—21st October 1933.—Babu Kshetra Mohan Mandal, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi, is transferred temporarily to the Naogaon subdivision of that district to work in the general line.

The transfer is made in the public interest.

No. 3798J.—23rd October 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20(*b*) of the manual of rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at English Bazar in the district of Malda:—

The District Magistrate, Malda, *ex-officio.*

The Civil Surgeon, Malda, *ex-officio.*

The Sadar Subdivisional Officer, Malda, *ex-officio.*

The Chairman, District Board, Malda, *ex-officio.*

The Vice-Chairman, English Bazar Municipality, Malda, *ex-officio.*

Maulvi Reazuddin Ahmed.

Maulvi Raisuddin Ahmed.

Dr. Pramatha Nath De.

Dr. Jamini Kanta De.

Dr. Dwijendra Nath Chakravartty.

Babu Brajesh Chandra Banerjee.

Babu Asutosh Chaudhury.

No. 3801J.—23rd October 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20(*b*) of the manual of rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the Siliguri dispensary in the district of Darjeeling:—

The Subdivisional Officer, Siliguri, *ex-officio.*

The Assistant Surgeon, Siliguri, *ex-officio.*

The President, Union Board, Siliguri, *ex-officio.*

The Manager, Terai Khas Mahal, Siliguri, *ex-officio.*

The Inspector of Police, Siliguri, *ex-officio.*

Maulvi Syed Mahammad.

Babu Surendra Nath Bhattacharjee.

Babu Digendra Nath Roy Sarker.

Babu Kebal Chandra Agarwalla.

Babu Prodyot Kumar Bose.

Babu Jhabar Mull Agarwalla.

Mr. George Mahbert.

No. 3842J.—24th October 1933.—Babu Lalit Kumar Dutt, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to Parbatipur, in the district of Dinajpur, to work as Circle Officer.

The posting is made in the public interest.

The orders contained in this office notification No. 3440J., dated the 11th September 1933, transferring him to Rajshahi Sadar to work in the general line, are cancelled.

No. 3847J.—24th October 1933.—The orders contained in this office notification No. 3704J., dated the 13th October 1933, transferring Babu Sambhu Chand Roy, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Jaipurhat, in the district of Bogra, to Parbatipur, in the district of Dinajpur, to work as Circle Officer, are cancelled.

No. 3852J.—24th October 1933.—The orders contained in this office notification No. 3713J., dated the 13th October 1933, posting Babu Sasanka Sekhar Chakravartti, Sub-Deputy Collector, Bogra, to Jaipurhat of that district to work as Circle Officer, are cancelled.

No. 3436M.—26th October 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that the office notification No. 2761M., dated the 24th August 1933, fixing 8th November 1933 as the date for holding the next general election of Commissioners of the Kurseong Municipality in the district of Darjeeling, is hereby cancelled.

No. 3440M.—26th October 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by section 19(2) of the Local Self-Government Act (Bengal Act III of 1885), as amended by

Act V (B. C.) of 1908, and acting under the orders of the local Government given in the exercise of the administrative control vested in them by section 29B of the same Act, I appoint Mr. F. J. Durnford to be a member of the Sadar Kurseong local board in the district of Darjeeling, *vice* Mr. B. N. Crees, resigned.

No. 3882J.—26th October 1933.—Maulvi Momtazuddin, Sub-Deputy Collector, Jalpaiguri, is allowed leave on average pay for thirteen days, with effect from the 5th October 1933, under rule 81(*b*)(*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 3488J.—26th October 1933.—Babu Jagadish Chandra Bardhan, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Ullapara, in the district of Pabna, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under rule 81(*b*)(*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 8th October 1933, or any subsequent date.

No. 3492J.—26th October 1933.—Babu Ramani Ranjan Datta, Sub-Deputy Collector, Pabna, is allowed leave on average pay for thirteen days, under rule 81(*b*)(*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th October 1933.

F. W. ROBERTSON, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

Dinajpur, the 23rd October 1933.

No. 6663J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, Babu Gopal Chandra Sarkar of Sitalpur has duly been elected to be a member of the Bistupur union board in the police-station Hemtabad in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Dinajpur, *vice* Babu Kali Charan Das, deceased.

No. 6664J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, Munshi Tan Muhammad Pradhan of Paigaon has duly been appointed to be a member of Anantapur union board in the police-station Kaliaganj in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Dinajpur, *vice* Bhuban Mohon Sarkar, deceased.

No. 6665J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, Babu Narendra Nath Roy of Chaksibananda has duly been appointed to be a member of Dhankole union board in the police-station of Kaliaganj in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Dinajpur, *vice* Babu Kailash Chandra Saha, resigned.

No. 6666J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, Babu Patananda Sarkar of Avinagar has duly been appointed to be a member of the Sarul union board in the police-station Itahar in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Dinajpur, *vice* Babu Rajkishore Sarkar, deceased.

No. 6667J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, Babu Mogol Chandra Pradhan of Nowadanga has duly been appointed to be a member of Dhankole union board in the police-station Kaliaganj in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Dinajpur, *vice* Babu Manindra Mohon Bhowmik, resigned.

S. C. SINHA, *District Magistrate.*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Rajshahi Range.

Jalpaiguri.—No. 7520.—26th October 1933.—Rai Sahib Jogindra Nath Bhattacharji, Inspector, Police Training College, Sardah, is granted 2 months' privilege leave, under Article 260, Civil Service Regulations (New Leave Rules), with effect from the forenoon of the 24th October 1933.

He is also permitted to affix to his leave the Xmas and the New Year's Day holidays from the 24th December 1933 to the 1st January 1934, both days inclusive.

Sub-Inspector Muhammad Ismail, of the Police Training College, Sardah, is appointed to act as Inspector in the vacancy.

F. P. WALKER,

Deputy Inspector-General of Police.



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THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1933.

PART IB

Educational Notices.

Bengal Engineering College.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st August 1933.

Under the authority of the Government of Bengal, an examination called the "Bengal Local Bodies" Accountants' Examination will be held at the Bengal Engineering College, Botanic Garden post office, Howrah, on Monday, the 8th January 1934, and the following two days, concurrently with the Divisional Accountants' Examination.

No candidate will be admitted to the Bengal Local Bodies' Accountants' Examination unless he is over 24 years of age and thus ineligible to appear at the Divisional Accountants' Examination.

For the prospectus, application should be made to the Principal, Bengal Engineering College, post office Botanic Garden, Howrah.

A. MACDONALD, *Principal.*

NOTIFICATION.

Dacca, the 17th October 1933.

1. The Trust Fund scholarship of Rs. 10 per month of the Perozpur Government High School, district Bakarganj, is awarded to Hirendra Nath Sen Gupta, who stood first among the successful candidates of the school at the last Matriculation Examination.

The scholarship is tenable at the Bangabashi College, Calcutta, for two years, with effect from 1st June 1933.

2. The Trust Fund scholarship of Rs. 6 per month of the Perozpur Government High School, district Bakarganj, is awarded to Amulya Kumar Biswas, who stood second in order of merit among the successful candidates of the school at the last Matriculation Examination.

The scholarship is tenable for two years, with effect from 1st June 1933, at the Scottish Church College, Calcutta.

ABUL HASHEM KHAN CHAUDHURI,

Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division.

Education Department, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 24th October 1933.

Subject to the usual conditions of good conduct and satisfactory progress, the three special Law scholarships of Rs. 10 each a month provided for Muhammadans and members of the backward classes in Eastern Bengal, are awarded to the following students for two years, with effect from the 1st July 1933:—

1st Year Law Class.

1. Mirza Serajul Haque.
2. Muhammad Aftabuddin.
3. Muhammad Nurazzaman Khan.

The scholarships are tenable at the University of Dacca.

J. M. BOTTOMLEY,

Director of Public Instrn., Bengal (offg.).

Education Department, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 26th October 1933.

Subject to the usual conditions of good conduct and satisfactory progress the Raj Chandra Golokmani Scholarship of Rs. 8 only per month is awarded to Babu Khitish Ranjan Chakravarty, son of Babu Kali Charan Chakravarty of Bhola, police-station Bhola, who passed the Matriculation Examination held in the year 1933 from Bhola Town H. E. School for two years, with effect from the 1st June 1933.

The scholarship is tenable at the Braja Mohan College, Barisal.

J. M. BOTTOMLEY,
Director of Public Instrn., Bengal (offg.).

Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca.

Ramna, the 16th October 1933.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 5647.—In partial modification of this office notification No. 3190, dated the 26th June 1933, as published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 13th July 1933, so far as it relates to the award of a special stipend of Rs. 8 a month to Qazi Abdul Bari of the Chittagong Islamic Intermediate College, the stipend is hereby withdrawn and re-awarded to Abdul Latif of the Dacca Islamic Intermediate College on the results of the High Madrasa Examination of the Board held in 1933. The stipend takes effect from the 1st June 1933 and is tenable for two years at the Dacca Islamic Intermediate College.

A. KHALIQ, *Secretary.*

Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca.

Ramna, the 13th October 1933.

ERRATUM.

In the list of successful candidates at the examinations of the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca, held in March 1933, published in the *Calcutta Gazette,* dated the 25th May 1933—

High Madrasa Examination.

First Division.

For

15	Qazi Abdul Bari (M)	15-7	Chittagong Islamic Intermediate College,

please read

15	Qazi Abdul Bari (M)	19-10	Chittagong Islamic Intermediate College.

A. KHALIQ, *Secretary.*

NOTIFICATION.

Annual Examination of Pleaders in Surveying, 1934.

Calcutta, the 15th October 1933.

(*See* Government notification. No. 3157J., dated the 25th November 1909, modified in Government notification No. 320J.D., dated the 16th July 1914.)

1. The next examination will be held in February 1934 and will be conducted at the following centres (provided that not less than five names be registered at each centre):—

B. E. College and Dacca in Bengal, and Patna in Bihar and Orissa.

2. Each examination is complete in itself. A candidate will be required to pass by every test and will not be exempted from any test on the ground that he has previously satisfied the examiner in it.

3. Candidates practising in the Courts of the Presidency, Rajshahi and Burdwan Divisions will be required to present themselves at the B. E. College; those practising in Patna, Tirhoot, Bhagalpur, Orissa and Chota Nagpur Divisions, at Patna; and those in Dacca and Chittagong Divisions and in Assam, at Dacca.

4. In the event of more than 20 or less than 5 names being registered for examination at any one centre, the Secretary may direct the candidates to present themselves at any other centre.

5. No candidate will be admitted to the examination unless he has been enrolled as a pleader and—

(*i*) has obtained credit for attendance at the special course of instruction at the B. E. College, Patna or Dacca, in 1930, 1931, 1932 or 1933, and has not previously appeared at the examination more than twice, or

(*ii*) has been registered for admission to the Intermediate Engineering Examination of the Calcutta University, or

(*iii*) has passed the Sub-Overseer examination, or

(*iv*) has obtained the Surveyor's certificate of one of the Government Survey Schools, or

(*v*) has been specially exempted from the operation of this rule by the Board controlling the examination.

6. Candidates wishing to appear at the examination will apply upon the prescribed registration form, obtain the necessary counter-signature of the District Judge in whose Court he is enrolled, and forward the same so as to reach the office of the Principal, Bengal Engineering College, in the case of candidates practising in the law courts of Bengal and Assam, and to the office of the Principal, Bihar College of Engineering, in the case of candidates of Bihar and Orissa, not later than the 6th January 1934. The form may be had from the Principal, Bengal Engineering College, or from the Principal, Bihar College of Engineering.

7. Each application must be accompanied by a receipt from the local treasury certify-

ing to the receipt of the Examination fee of Rs. 50, which fee will in no case be returned.

8. The exact date of the examination and the proposed programme will be communicated to candidates by the officer who has registered their names.

Pleaders' Survey Training Classes, 1934.

Botanic Garden P. O., the 15th October 1933.

1. Classes for the training of pleaders in surveying will be opened in January 1934, in connection with the Bengal Engineering College, the Bihar College of Engineering, Patna, the Ashanulla School of Engineering, Dacca, provided sufficient candidates register their names at each centre.

2. The course will last for six weeks and will consist of practical work combined with class instruction. The routine and hours of attendance will be settled by the heads of the institutions, who will also decide the exact locality in which the classes will be held and date of the opening.

3. Pleaders must make their own arrangements for attending this course. No tents or other residential accommodation will be provided.

4. Credit for attendance at these classes will not be given unless the pleader has been present for 80 per cent. of the working days and for the full working hour for each day. The attendance must be distributed over the course so that no subject is neglected.

5. Candidates who desire to undergo the course of training must apply to the Principal, Bengal Engineering College, in the case of candidates practising in the law courts of Bengal and Assam, and to the Principal, Bihar College of Engineering, in the case of candidates of Bihar and Orissa, for registering their names not later than the 30th November 1933. The application of a candidate must be endorsed by the District Judge. It should state the centre which the candidate wishes to join, *i.e.*, Bengal Engineering College, Patna or Dacca, and should be accompanied by a remittance receipt from the local treasury certifying that the fee of Rs. 100 has been paid into the treasury to the credit of the Secretary, Pleaders' Survey Examination Board.

6. The registering officer will allot candidates to the centre, consulting their wishes as far as possible, giving not more than 24 and not less than 8 to a centre. He will then inform the candidates as to the locality and the date of opening of the class.

7. The following is the syllabus of instruction:—

No definite text-books are prescribed—

(*a*) Practical work—

Chain surveying, prismatic compass surveying, plane tabling and levelling.

(*b*) Class work—

Use of mathematical instruments, construction of scales, mensuration of area, plotting, variation of compass, preparation of field-books from maps, elementary principle of levelling and plotting of level section.

Candidates who obtain the required percentage of attendance at this course are qualified to appear at the Pleaders' Survey Examinations to be held in 1935, 1936, 1937 and 1938.

A. MACDONALD,

Secy., Pleaders' Survey Examn. Board.

University of Dacca.

Ramna, Dacca, the 27th October 1933.

NOTIFICATION—No. 3464/Ex.

The next B.A., B.Sc. (Pass, Honours and Subsidiary) and B.Com. Examinations of this University will be held in the months of February and March, 1934, on the dates already notified in the Time-table.

2. Applications for admission to the examinations must be made on the printed entry forms, which will be obtainable at the office of the Provost of the hall to which the students belong. The entry form, after it has been duly filled in, and signed by the candidate and duly certified by the Provost and the heads of the department concerned, as the case may be, must be presented by the candidate to the Provost not later than Saturday, the 2nd December 1933.

Irregular students must submit to the Provost of the hall two copies of the entry form, one being marked "Duplicate".

Candidates should state in the entry forms the year in which they completed their course of study.

3. Candidates for B.A., B.Sc. and B.Com. Examinations must submit their Intermediate Certificates to the Provosts for verification of the correctness of their names in the entry forms. Candidates must take back their Intermediate Certificates attached to their examination entry forms from the Provost of the hall within a fortnight after the examination is over, failing which the Provost will not be responsible for their safe keeping.

4. The entry forms will be checked by the Provosts in respect of all the entries made by the candidates in the entry forms. In the case of candidates, who have been granted special permission to appear at the examination, the authority granting them such special permission must be quoted in the entry forms of the candidates and duly attested by the Provost. Entry form which is not complete in respect of all entries made therein, will not be accepted by the Provost. The checking of the entry forms by the Provost will be regarded as final.

5. The candidates (other than candidates for the examinations in subsidiary subjects of honours schools) must deposit their proper examination fees and all other outstanding dues up to the end of the session 1934, to the Accounts Office of the University on the dates, noted in paragraph 9 of this notification for certification that all dues including the seat-rent, tuition fee, etc., have been paid in full.

6. Candidates, who are required to pay half the usual examination fees, must state in the entry form that they paid their fees for

appearing at the examination held in 1933, but did not appear at that examination.

7. Candidates for subsidiary examinations will be required to pay their tuition fees, etc., up to fifth instalments (*i.e.*, up to January instalment) and arrear dues, if any, and examination fee only.

8. The scale of examination fees is noted below (*vide* section 32 of Chapter XXIII of the Ordinances and Regulations):—

(*i*) B.A. Ordinary Degree—Rs. 35.
(*ii*) B.A. Honours including Subsidiary subjects—Rs. 55.
(*iii*) B.A. Honours papers only—Rs. 35.
(*iv*) B.Sc. Ordinary Degree—Rs. 45.
(*v*) B.Sc. Honours including Subsidiary subjects—Rs. 65.
(*vi*) B.Sc. Honours papers only—Rs. 45.
(*vii*) Examinations of the Combined Course in the Honours School of Mathematics & Physics:—

(*i*) Part I—Rs. 25.
(*ii*) Part II—Rs. 40.
(*iii*) As a whole—Rs. 65.

(*viii*) The fee for examination or re-examination in each Subsidiary subject forming part of Honours course for B.A. or B.Sc. degree—Rs. 10.
(*ix*) B.Com.—Rs. 35.
(*x*) Half the ordinary examination fee is to be paid by candidates, who present themselves in one subject only at the Final B.A. or B.Sc. or B.Com. Examination in order to obtain the relevant Degree.
(*xi*) A fee of Rupees twenty is to be paid by graduates in Commerce who are candidates for the M.A. Degree in Economics and who are to take two subjects at the Ordinary B.A. Examination in accordance with the Ordinances and Regulations.

9. The following are the dates for payment of examination fees and University dues:—

10. Examination fees and other dues must be paid on the due dates and *no extension of time will be allowed under any circumstances whatsoever.* Candidates are required to pay the examination fees and other dues into the Accounts Office of the University. If the fees are sent by postal or telegraphic money order, full details of the candidates must be given and the correct amount due must be sent; otherwise, the money order will be refused. Fees sent in any other way, *e.g.*, by registered or insured post will not be accepted.

11. Entry forms, after they have been checked by the Provost, will be forwarded by him to the Registrar not later than the 7th January 1934.

The following procedure is to be followed in forwarding examination entry forms by the Provosts to the Registrar and for collecting fees in the University Office:—

(*i*) In forwarding applications for admission to the examinations, the Provosts will send, in the prescribed printed form, a typed list of candidates in duplicate, not later than the 7th January 1934. One copy of the list will be sent to the Accounts Section and one copy with the applications to the Examination Section.

(*ii*) In the case of irregular students, the Provosts will send duplicate application forms, the original applications will be sent to the Examination Section and those marked "Duplicate" to the Accounts Section.

(*iii*) The Accounts Section will collect fees on the basis of the list and then certify the receipt of fees on the applications not later than the 26th January 1934.

The Accounts Section will make entries daily in the lists of candidates which, as noted above, will be sent by the Provosts to the Examination Section, regarding the amount of examination fee actually realised from the candidates.

N. AHMAD, *Registrar.*

Time 11-30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

Dacca Hall, Jagannath Hall and Salimullah Muslim Hall.

B.A. (Pass, Honours and Subsidiary).	Attached ..	(1) Other than Scholarship and Stipend holders.	13th and 15th January 1934.
	Resident ..	(2) Ditto	15th and 16th January 1934.
	Attached ..	(3) Scholarship and Stipend holders ..	16th and 17th January 1934.
	Resident ..	(4) Ditto	17th and 22nd January 1934.
B.Sc. (Pass, Honours, Subsidiary) and B. Com.	Attached and Resident.	(5) Scholarship and Stipend holders..	22nd and 23rd January 1934.
	Attached ..	(6) Other than Scholarship and Stipend holders.	23rd and 24th January 1934.
	Resident ..	(7) Ditto	24th and 25th January 1934.

State Medical Faculty of Bengal.

Grosvenor House, Calcutta, the 24th October 1933.

NOTICE.

No. 2662F.—The written part of the ensuing Preliminary, Intermediate and Final Membership Examinations of the Faculty under the old regulations will be held in the Examination Hall of the Calcutta Medical College on the following days and in the following order:—

Date.	From 10-30 a.m. to 1-30 p.m.	From 2-30 p.m. to 5-30 p.m.
Intermediate Membership.		
Monday, 4th December 1933	Anatomy.	..
Final Membership.		
	Medicine.	Hygiene.
Preliminary Scientific Membership.		
Tuesday, 5th December 1933	..	Inorganic Chemistry.
Intermediate Membership.		
	Physiology.	..
Final Membership.		
	Surgery.	Pathology.
Preliminary Scientific Membership.		
Friday, 8th December 1933	..	Physics.
Intermediate Membership.		
	Materia Medica.	..
Final Membership.		
	Midwifery.	Medical Jurisprudence.
Preliminary Scientific Membership.		
Saturday, 9th December 1933	Biology.	..
Intermediate Membership.		
	Organic Chemistry.	..

Applications and fees for admission to the above examinations will be received in this office up to 11th November 1933.

The time and place for holding the oral and practical examinations in each subject will be announced later.

R. M. DAS, *Secretary*.

State Medical Faculty of Bengal.

Grosvenor House, Calcutta, the 24th October 1933.

NOTICE.

No. 2663F.—The written part of the ensuing Preliminary, First, Second, Third and Final Membership Examinations of the Faculty under the new regulations will be held in the Examination Hall of the Calcutta Medical College on the following days and in the following order:—

Date.	From 10-30 a.m. to 1-30 p.m.	From 2-30 p.m. to 5-30 p.m.
First Examination.		
Monday, 4th December 1933	Anatomy.	..
Final Examination.		
	Medicine.	..
Preliminary Scientific Examination.		
	..	Botany.
Third Examination.		
	..	Hygiene.
First Examination.		
Tuesday, 5th December 1933	Physiology.	..
Final Examination.		
	Surgery.	..
Preliminary Scientific Examination.		
	..	Inorganic Chemistry.
Second Examination.		
	..	Pathology.
Second Examination.		
Friday, 8th December 1933	Materia Medica.	..
Final Examination.		
	Midwifery.	..
Third Examination.		
	..	Medical Jurisprudence.
Preliminary Scientific Examination.		
	..	Physics.
Saturday, 9th December 1933	Organic Chemistry.	Zoology.

Applications and fees for admission to the above examinations will be received in this office up to 11th November 1933.

The time and place for holding the oral and practical examinations in each subject will be announced later.

R. M. DAS, *Secretary*.

Survey Education Advisory Board.

Calcutta, the 30th October 1933.

The undermentioned students of the Bengal Survey School, Mainamati, have passed the Second Year Survey Final Examination held in September 1933:—

(Arranged in order of merit.)

Roll No.	Name.
3.	Gopal Krishna Majumder.
15.	Nagendra Chandra Paul.
19.	Suresh Chandra Sarkar.
17.	Mati Lal Bagmar.
5.	Ganesh Chandra Roy.
14.	Susil Kumar Basu.
20.	Md. Amanat Ullah.
7.	Bankim Chandra Bhowmik.
25.	Surendra Chandra Das.
11.	Amulya Chandra Bhattacharyya.
26.	Ramesh Chandra Bandopadhyay.
27.	Abdul Quddus.
2.	Pratul Chandra Ghose.
1.	{ Adhir Chandra Choudhury.
21.	{ Profulla Kumar Banerjee.
12.	Usha Ranjan Choudhury.
8.	Sarat Chandra Paul.
6.	Jagadish Chandra Pal.
18.	Bimalendu Maitra.
4.	Hemendra Chandra Bandopadhyay.
13.	Nuruddin Ahamed.
22.	Dhirendra Lal Das.
16.	Md. Abdul Gaffor.

A. N. SEN, *Secretary,*
Survey Education Advisory Board.



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PART IV

Bills introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council, Reports of Select Committees presented or to be presented to that Council, and Bills published before introduction in that Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Legislative Department.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 134T.L.—19th October, 1933.—His Excellency the Governor having been pleased to order, under rule 18 of the Bengal Legislative Council Rules, 1920, the publication of the following Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons which accompanies it, in the *Calcutta Gazette*, the Bill with the Statement of Objects and Reasons is accordingly hereby published for general information.

THE BENGAL NON-AGRICULTURAL LANDS RENT SETTLEMENT BILL, 1933.

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THE BENGAL NON-AGRICULTURAL LANDS RENT SETTLEMENT BILL, 1933.

A

BILL

to provide for the settlement of rents of certain non-agricultural lands in Bengal.

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the assessment and settlement of rents of all non-agricultural lands in all estates, tenancies or local areas of which a settlement of land revenue is being or is about to be made except lands the rent or revenue of which has been settled in perpetuity:

AND WHEREAS the previous sanction of the Governor General has been obtained under sub-section (3) of section 80A of the Government of India Act to the passing of this Act;

5 & 6 Geo. V, c. 61; 6 & 7 Geo. V, c. 37; 9 & 10 Geo. V, c. 101.

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

PRELIMINARY.

Short title, commencement and extent.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Bengal Non-agricultural Lands Rent Settlement Act, 1933.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the local Government may, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, appoint.

(3) It extends to the whole of Bengal outside the limits of the Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction of the High Court and to the following areas within the said limits:—

(i) the area on the left or Alipore side of Tolly's Nala, and

(ii) the area within the boundaries given in the schedule.

(4) Nothing contained in the Calcutta Land Revenue Act, 1850, shall prevent the operation of the provisions of this Act in the areas specified in clauses (i) and (ii) of sub-section (3).

XXIII of 1850.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

Definitions.

(1) "Collector" means the Collector of a district or any other officer appointed by the Local Government to discharge any of the functions of a Collector under this Act; [Cf. Act VIII of 1885, s. 3(2).]

(2) "estate" means land included under one entry in any of the general registers of revenue-paying lands and revenue-free lands, prepared and maintained under the law for the time being in force by the Collector, and includes Government *Khas mahals* and revenue-free lands not entered in any register; [Cf. Act VIII of 1885, s. 3(4).]

(3) "landlord" means a person immediately under whom a tenant holds, and includes the Government; [Cf. Act VIII of 1885, s. 3(6).]

(4) "non-agricultural lands" means lands which are not used for purposes connected with agriculture but do not include a homestead to which the provisions of section 182 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, apply; VIII of 1885.

The Bengal Non-agricultural Lands Rent Settlement Bill, 1933.

(*Clauses 3—5.*)

(*5*) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made by the Local Government under this Act; [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 3(*10*).]

(*6*) "proprietor" means a person owning, whether in trust or for his own benefit, an estate or part of an estate; [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 3(*11*).]

(*7*) "rent" means whatever is lawfully payable or deliverable in money or kind by a tenant to his landlord on account of the use or occupation of the land held by the tenant and includes also money recoverable under any enactment for the time being in force as if it was rent; [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 3(*13*).]

(*8*) "Revenue-officer" in any provision of this Act includes any officer whom the Local Government may appoint by name or by virtue of office, to discharge any of the functions of a Revenue-officer under that provision; [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 3(*14*).]

(*9*) "tenant" means a person who holds land under another person and is, or but for a special contract would be, liable to pay rent for that land to that person; [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 3(*17*).]

(*10*) "tenancy" includes the interest of a tenant in an undivided share in any parcel or parcels of land, when such interest forms the subject of a separate tenancy and the interest of a person who has a right to hold land for the purpose of collecting rents; [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, ss. 3(*18*) and 5(*1*).]

(*11*) "tenant of the highest degree" means a tenant who holds land directly under Government, or a tenant other than Government, who holds land directly under the proprietor of an estate

RECORD-OF-RIGHTS.

Power of Local Government to order survey and preparation of record-of-rights.

3. The Local Government may, in any case if it thinks fit, make an order directing that a survey be made and a record-of-rights be prepared by a Revenue-officer in accordance with rules to be made by the Local Government in this behalf in respect of all non-agricultural lands in any estate, tenancy or local area of which a settlement of land-revenue is being or is about to be made including all non-agricultural lands which form an accretion to any estate or tenancy whether permanently settled or not. [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 101 (*1*)(*4*).]

Meaning of the term "settlement of land-revenue."

4. The term "settlement of land-revenue" as used in section 3 includes a settlement of rent in an estate, tenancy or local area which belongs to Government. [New.]

Explanation.—The term "an estate, tenancy or local area which belongs to Government" comprises—

(*a*) all lands in which Government have proprietory rights;

(*b*) all lands permanently leased to Government;

(*c*) all lands leased to Government for not less than thirty years with a right of renewal of the lease.

Particulars to be recorded.

5. Where an order is made under section 3, the particulars to be recorded shall be specified in the order, and may include, either without or in addition to other particulars, some or all of the following, namely:— [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 102.]

(*a*) the name of each tenant or occupant;

(*b*) the terms and conditions under which each tenant or occupant holds;

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(*Clauses 6—9.*)

(*c*) the situation and quantity and one or more of the boundaries of the land held by each tenant or occupant;

(*d*) the name of each tenant's landlord;

(*e*) the name of each proprietor in the estate, tenure, tenancy or local area;

(*f*) the revenue, rent or fee payable at the time of the preparation of the record-of-rights;

(*g*) the mode in which the rent has been fixed—whether by contract, by order of a Court or otherwise;

(*h*) if the rent is a gradually increasing rent, the time at which, and the steps by which, it increases;

(*i*) the special conditions and incidents, if any, of the estate or tenancy;

(*j*) any right of way or other easement attaching to the land for which a record-of-rights is being prepared;

(*k*) if the land is claimed to be held rent-free—whether or not rent is actually paid, and, if not paid, whether or not the occupant is entitled to hold the land without payment of rent, and if so entitled, under what authority.

Preliminary publication, amendment and final publication of record-of-rights.

6. (*1*) When a draft record-of-rights has been prepared, the Revenue-officer shall publish the draft in the prescribed manner and for the prescribed period, and shall receive and consider any objections which may be made to any entry therein, or to any omission therefrom, during the period of publication. [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 103A.]

(*2*) When such objections have been considered and disposed of according to such rules as the Local Government may make, and the Settlement Rent-roll has been incorporated under sub-section (*3*) of section 18, the Revenue-officer shall finally frame the record, and shall cause it to be finally published in the prescribed manner.

(*3*) Separate draft of final records may be published under sub-section (*1*) or sub-section (*2*) for different estates, tenancies, local areas or parts thereof.

Certificates of final publication of record-of-rights.

7. When a record-of-rights has been finally published under sub-section (*2*) of section 6, the Revenue-officer, shall, within such times as the Board of Revenue may, by general or special order require, make a certificate stating the fact of such publication and the date thereof, and shall date and subscribe the same with his name and official title. [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 103B.]

Corrections by Revenue-officer of mistakes in record-of-rights.

8. Any Revenue-officer specially empowered by the Local Government in this behalf may, on application or of his own motion within two years from the date of the certificate of final publication of the record-of-rights under section 6, correct any entry in such record-of-rights which he is satisfied has been made owing to a *bonâ fide* mistake: [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 115B.]

Provided that no such correction shall be made until reasonable notice has been given to the parties concerned to appear and be heard in the matter.

Revision of record-of-rights on the direction of the Board of Revenue.

9. The Board of Revenue may, in any case under this Act, on application or of its own motion, at any time within two years from the date of the certificate of final publication, direct the revision of any record-of-rights, but not so as to affect any order passed by a Civil Court under section 27: [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 104G(2).]

Provided that no such direction shall be made until reasonable notice has been given to the parties concerned to appear and be heard in the matter.

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(Clauses 10—12.)

SETTLEMENT OF RENTS, PREPARATION OF SETTLEMENT RENT-ROLL, AND DISPOSAL OF OBJECTIONS.

Settlement of rents and preparation of Settlement rent-roll by Revenue-officer.

10. When a draft record-of-rights has been published under sub-section (*1*) of section 6, the Revenue-officer shall— [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 104.]

(*a*) settle a fair and equitable rent for any land in respect of which he has recorded in pursuance of clause (*k*) of section 5 that the occupant is not entitled to hold it without payment of rent;

(*b*) settle fair and equitable rents for tenants or occupants other than licensees of all non-agricultural lands whether such lands form part of tenancies under the provisions of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, or form separate tenancies not under the provisions of the said Act; VIII of 1885.

(*c*) prepare a Settlement Rent-roll.

Procedure for settlement of rents of non-agricultural lands.

11. For the purposes of settling rents and preparing a Settlement Rent-roll under this Act of any non-agricultural lands the Revenue-officer may proceed in any one or more of the following ways or partly in one of those ways and partly in another, that is to say— [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 104A.]

(*a*) if in any case the landlord and tenant agree between themselves as to the amount of rent fairly and equitably payable, the Revenue-officer shall satisfy himself that the rent so agreed upon is fair and equitable, and if he is so satisfied, but not otherwise, it may be settled and recorded as the fair and equitable rent;

(*b*) the Revenue-officer may himself propose what he deems to be fair and equitable rent, and if the amount so proposed is accepted, either orally or in writing, by the tenant, and if the landlord, after notice to attend, raises no objection, the rent so proposed may be settled and recorded as the fair and equitable rent;

(*c*) the Revenue-officer may settle all or any of the rents by maintaining the existing rents recorded in the record-of-rights as published under sub-section (*1*) of section 6 or by enhancing or reducing such rents, but no rent shall be reduced which has been fixed by contract or which has been paid without objection for a continuous period of three years immediately preceding the year in which the order under section 3 was issued.

Fixing of fair and equitable rent.

12. (*1*) In fixing a fair and equitable rent the Revenue-officer shall consider— [New.]

(*a*) the existing rent and the period it has remained without enhancement;

(*b*) the rent paid to Government or to any landlord for lands with similar advantages in the vicinity;

(*c*) the market value of the land; and

(*d*) the rent payable if the rate of rent were fixed at between three and seven *per cent.* of the market value of the land.

(*2*) In fixing a fair and equitable rent of land held by a tenant or occupant immediately under Government or a proprietor of a temporarily settled estate the Revenue-officer shall, where there is more than one grade of tenant, so fix the rent as to leave a margin of profit to each grade of superior landlord;

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(*Clauses 13—16.*)

Provided that the rent fixed for the tenant or occupant who holds the land immediately under Government or a proprietor of a temporarily settled estate shall be based upon the considerations specified in sub-section (*1*) and no reduction of the rent payable by him shall be made on the ground that the land or any part of it has been sub-let to a tenant.

(*3*) In fixing a fair and equitable rent the Revenue-officer may, in any case where a substantial sum has been paid at the time of settlement by a tenant to his landlord as a *salami* take into account one-twentieth of this sum as annual rent paid for ever in advance:

Provided that the payment of a *salami* by a tenant to his landlord other than Government shall not operate to reduce the amount of rent payable to Government or to a proprietor of a temporarily settled estate, or to any superior landlord other than the landlord to whom such payment was made.

Procedure for settlement of rents of non-agricultural lands included in a tenancy which comprises other lands.

13. For the purposes of settling rents and preparing a Settlement Rent-roll under this Act of any non-agricultural lands which form part of a tenancy in which there are parcels of agricultural lands or of other lands the rents of which are not to be settled, the Revenue-officer shall ascertain the total rent of the tenancy payable at the time of the preparation of the record-of-rights and determine how much of the said rent is payable on account of the said other parcels of lands and the tenant shall continue liable to pay in addition to the rent settled for the non-agricultural lands under this Act, the rent so ascertained as payable for the said other parcels of lands subject to any subsequent enhancement, reduction or alteration under the provisions of any law applicable to such other lands. [New.]

In the absence of satisfactory proof of the amount of rent payable in respect of the various parcels of lands included in the tenancy, the Revenue-officer may divide the rent in proportion to the areas of the various parcels of land or in such other manner as he considers fair and equitable.

Instalments of rent.

14. (*1*) The Revenue-officer may fix the instalments of rent payable for any land and the dates by which each such instalment shall be paid. [New.]

(*2*) If the instalments of rent or the dates of payment are not fixed under sub-section (*1*) the rent payable by a tenant shall be paid in advance in four equal instalments falling due on the first day of each quarter of the financial year. [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 53.]

Rents not to be settled in certain cases.

15. Settlement of rent under this Act shall not be made in the case of— [New.]

(*a*) any class of tenants in an estate, tenancy or local area which the Local Government considers it expedient to exclude; or

(*b*) any land which is occupied by a person as licensee on permission obtained from the landlord; or

(*c*) any land which is held by a person between whom and Government or other superior landlord the relationship of landlord and tenant does not exist.

Contents of Settlement Rent-roll.

16. The Settlement Rent-roll shall be prepared by the Revenue-officer showing the name of each landlord and of each tenant whose rent has been settled, and the amount of each such tenant's rent payable for the area of land shown against his name. [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 104(*A*) (*2*).]

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(*Clauses 17—21.*)

Preliminary publication and amendment of Settlement Rent-roll.

17. (*1*) When a Settlement Rent-roll for an estate, tenancy or local area or part thereof has been prepared the Revenue-officer shall cause a draft of it to be published in the prescribed manner and for the prescribed period, and shall receive and consider any objections made to any entry therein, or omission therefrom, during the period of publication and shall dispose of such objections, according to such rules as the Local Government may make. [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 104E.]

(*2*) The Revenue-officer may, of his own motion or on the application of any party aggrieved, at any time before a Settlement Rent-roll is submitted to the confirming authority under sub-section (*1*) of section 18, revise any rent entered therein :

Provided that no such entry shall be revised until reasonable notice has been given to the parties concerned to appear and be heard in the matter.

Final revision of Settlement Rent-roll, and incorporation of the same in the record-of-rights.

18. (*1*) When all objections have been disposed of under sub-section (*1*) of section 17, the Revenue-officer shall revise the Settlement Rent-roll, if necessary, and thereafter submit the same to the confirming authority with a full statement of the grounds of his proposals and a summary of the objections (if any) which he has received. [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 104F.]

(*2*) The confirming authority may sanction the Settlement Rent-roll, with or without amendment, or may return it for revision :

Provided that no entry shall be amended, or omission supplied, until reasonable notice has been given to the parties concerned to appear and be heard in the matter.

(*3*) After sanction by the confirming authority, the Revenue-officer shall finally frame the Settlement Rent-roll and shall incorporate it with the record-of-rights published in draft under sub-section (*1*) of section 6

Appeal to superior Revenue authorities.

19. An appeal, if presented within two months from the date of the order appealed against, shall lie to the prescribed superior Revenue authority from every order passed by a Revenue-officer prior to the final publication of the record-of-rights on any objection made under section 17. [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 104G(*1*).]

Period for which settled rents are to remain unaltered.

20. Except as otherwise provided in this Act all rents settled under this Act shall be deemed to have been correctly settled and to be fair and equitable rents within the meaning of this Act and shall not be liable to enhancement during such period as may be fixed by the authority empowered to confirm the Settlement Rent-roll under section 18. [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 104J.]

Alteration of settled rent in certain cases.

21. A Revenue-officer specially empowered by the Local Government in this behalf may, at any time during the period referred to in sectio[illegible]0 cancel, alter or settle the rent of any tenant and the [illegible]nts of any grade of landlord or under-tenant of such ten[illegible]t for any of the following reasons, namely :— [New.

(*a*) alteration in the area of the land of a tenancy due to alluvion or diluvion ; or

(*b*) acquisition of any new right by Government or by a landlord or tenant subsequent to the final publication of the record-of-rights ; or

(*c*) decision by a Civil Court of a matter in dispute between the tenant and Government :

Provided that in case (*c*) the rent shall not be cancelled, altered, or settled so as to affect the rent payable to or by a person who was not a party to such decision.

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(Clauses 22—27.)

Revision and confirmation by superior Revenue authorities.

22. An order of a Revenue-officer under section 21 shall be subject to revision or confirmation by the prescribed superior Revenue authorities in accordance with such rules as the Local Government may make. [New.]

CIVIL SUITS.

Jurisdiction of Civil Courts in matters relating to rent.

23. Any person aggrieved by an entry of rent settled under this Act and incorporated in a record-of-rights finally published under sub-section (*2*) of section 6 or by an omission to settle rent under this Act and to incorporate the same in the said record-of-rights may institute a suit in a Civil Court which would have jurisdiction to entertain a suit for the possession of the land to which the entry relates. [*Cf.* Ben. Act VIII of 1885, s. 104H(*1*).]

Secretary of State for India not to be made a party ordinarily.

24. The Secretary of State for India in Council shall not be made a defendant in a suit instituted under section 23 unless the Government is interested as landlord or tenant in the dispute relating to the entry in the record-of-rights. [*Cf.* Ben. Act III of 1885, s. 104H (*3*).]

Time-limit for institution of suits.

25. No suit under section 23 shall be instituted after six months from the date of the certificate of final publication of the record-of-rights or, if an appeal has been presented under section 19, after six months from the date of disposal of such appeal. [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 104H(*2*).]

Grounds for institution of suits.

26. A suit under section 23 may be instituted on any of the following grounds, and on no others, namely :— [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 104H(*3*).]

(*a*) that the land is not liable to the payment of rent ;

(*b*) that the relation of landlord and tenant does not exist ;

(*c*) that the land has been wrongly recorded as par of a particular estate or tenancy or wrongl omitted from the lands of an estate or tenancy ;

(*d*) that there has been any omission of an under tenant or that such under-tenant has bee wrongly recorded as holding the land rent-free ;

(*e*) that there has been an omission to settle the rent of any land under this Act.

Effect of Civil Court's decision.

27. (*1*) In the case of a suit instituted on ground (*a*) or ground (*b*) referred to in section 26 if the Civil Court finds that no rent is payable it shall make a declaration to this effect and thereupon the entry to the contrary effect in the record-of-rights shall be deemed to be cancelled. [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 104H(*4*), (*7*) and (*9*).]

(*2*) In the case of a suit instituted on ground (*c*) or ground (*d*) or ground referred to in section 26 the Civil Court shall not alter the rent payable by the tenant of the highest degree, and if the Civil Court finds it necessary to make an adjustment of rent or to settle a fair and equitable rent as between a person interested, other than the tenant of the highest degree, and Government or his landlord it shall do so in accordance with the principles laid down in section 13.

(*3*) Any rent settled by the Court under sub-section (*2*) shall be deemed to have been duly settled in place of the rent entered in the Settlement Rent-roll.

(*4*) When a Civil Court has passed final orders or a decree under this section, it shall notify the same to the Collector.

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(Clauses 28—34.)

Bar to suits in respect of rents settled by the Revenue-officer.

28. Save as provided in section 23 no suit shall be brought in any Civil Court— [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 104H (8).]

(*a*) in respect of any order of a Revenue-officer settling under this Act the rent payable, or

(*b*) calling in question the correctness of the estimated market value on the basis of which such rent has been settled.

PROCEDURE FOR RECOVERY OF RENTS.

Recovery of rent as a public demand.

29. Any arrear of rent settled under this Act which is due to Government together with interest on such arrear at the rate of twelve and a half *per cent. per annum* from the date when the rent becomes due shall be recoverable as a public demand under the Bengal Public Demands Recovery Act, 1913. [New.] Ben. Act III of 1913.

Passing of right, title and interest of tenant in sale under the Bengal Public Demands Recovery Act, 1913.

30. When a tenancy is sold in execution of a certificate under the Bengal Public Demands Recovery Act, 1913, for arrears of rent due in respect thereof, the purchaser shall take the right, title and interest of the tenant in the tenancy free from any incumbrance created after the final publication of the record-of-rights under sub-section (*2*) of section 6. [New.]

Application to set aside sale.

31. Any sub-tenant or any person having an incumbrance on the tenancy whose interests are affected by the sale referred to in section 30 may apply to the Collector to set aside the sale on his depositing within thirty days from the date of sale— [New.]

(*a*) for payment to the landlord the amount recoverable under the certificate, with costs; and

(*b*) for payment to the purchaser as compensation, a sum equal to five *per cent.* of the purchase money;

and if the deposit is duly made within the said period the Collector shall thereupon make an order setting aside the sale.

Meaning of "incumbrance" in sections 30 and 31.

32. In sections 30 and 31 the term "incumbrance" used with reference to a tenancy means any lien, sub-tenancy or other right or interest created by the tenant on his tenancy or in limitation of his own interest therein. [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 161(*a*).]

SUPPLEMENTAL PROVISIONS.

Tenant to execute lease.

33. When rent has been settled by a Revenue-officer under section 18 the Collector may call upon the tenant of the highest degree to execute a lease in accordance with such rules as the Local Government may make in this behalf. [New.]

Ejectment of tenant.

34. (*1*) Whether a tenant executes a new lease under section 33 or not, he shall be liable to ejectment on any ground on which a tenant with or without a lease is liable to be ejected under the provisions of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882. IV of 1882.

(*2*) If a tenant fails to execute a new lease under section 33, he shall also be liable to ejectment if he has broken a condition of his old lease on the breach of which he is liable to be ejected under the terms of that lease.

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(Clauses 35—37.)

Notification under section 3 to be conclusive evidence.

35. A notification in the *Calcutta Gazette* of an order under section 3 shall be conclusive evidence that the order has been duly made under this Act. [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, s. 101(*3*).]

Presumption as to final publication and correctness of record-of-rights.

36. (*1*) The publication of a record-of-rights under sub-section (*2*) of section 6 shall be conclusive evidence that the record-of-rights has been duly made under this Act. [*Cf.* Act VIII of 1885, ss. 103A(*2*) and 103B.]

(*2*) The certificate of final publication under sub-section (*1*) of section 7 or in the absence of such certificate, a certificate signed by the Collector under sub-section (*2*) of that section shall be conclusive proof of such publication and of the date thereof.

(*3*) In any suit or other proceeding in which a record-of-rights prepared and published under this Act, or a duly certified copy thereof or extract therefrom, is produced, such record-of-rights shall be presumed to have been finally published, unless such publication is expressly denied.

(*4*) Every entry in a record-of-rights finally published, including any addition or modification made under this Act, shall be evidence of the matter referred to in such entry, and shall be presumed to be correct until it is proved by evidence to be incorrect.

Power of Local Government to make rules.

37. (*1*) The Local Government may, after previous publication, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act. [New.]

(*2*) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely—

(*a*) the procedure to be followed by Revenue-officers in the discharge of any duty imposed upon them by or under this Act, and the exercise by any such officer of—

(*i*) any power exercised by a Civil Court in the trial of suits;

(*ii*) power to enter upon any land and to survey, demarcate and make a map of the same, and any power exercisable by any officer under the Bengal Survey Act, 1875; Ben. Act V of 1875.

(*b*) the forms to be used, and the mode of service of notices issued under this Act;

(*c*) the manner of making a survey and preparing a record-of-rights under section 3;

(*d*) the manner and period of publication of the draft record-of-rights under sub-section (*1*) of section 6 and of the draft Settlement Rent-roll under sub-section (*1*) of section 17;

(*e*) the manner in which objections shall be considered and disposed of under sub-section (*2*) of section 6 and under sub-section (*1*) of section 17;

(*f*) the manner of publication of the record-of-rights under sub-section (*2*) of section 6;

(*g*) prescribing the superior Revenue authorities referred to in sections 19 and 22;

(*h*) the revision and confirmation of an order referred to in section 22; and

(*i*) the execution of a lease referred to in section 33.

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THE SCHEDULE.

Boundaries of the area referred to in clause (ii) of sub-section (3) of section 1.

From a point situated on the " water-line " of the left or Alipore side of Tolly's Nala at the west side of Kidderpore Bridge, thence crossing the Nala along the west side of Kidderpore Bridge to the north bank of Tolly's Nala and then along the west side of Kidderpore Road to a point 330 feet from Kidderpore Bridge, then along the west side of St. George's Gate Road to its junction with Clyde Row, thence along the south side of Clyde Row to a point situated on the west side of Napier Road 124 feet from the south-east corner of the compound of Marine House, thence along the eastern wall of the compound of Marine House to the north-east corner of the compound of Marine House, then along the northern wall of the compound of Marine House to the water-line of the river Hooghly on the south side of Takta Ghat, then along the water-line of the river Hooghly to its junction with Tolly's Nala, then crossing Tolly's Nala in a direct line to the Alipore side of Tolly's Nala and thence along the water-line of the Alipore side of Tolly's Nala to the starting point at the west side of Kidderpore Bridge.

Explanation.—The expression " water-line " means the moving edge of the water wherever it may be at any time.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

Part II of Chapter X of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, contains statutory provisions for settlement of rents, preparation of Settlement Rent-roll and disposal of objections in cases where settlement of land revenue is being or is about to be made. The term " settlement of land revenue " by the meaning given to it in clause 4 includes settlement of rent in an estate which belongs to Government. Barring certain provisions in the Regulations we have no other statutory provision similar to that in part II of Chapter X of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, which applies to the assessment of non-agricultural lands. The absence of statutory provision similar to that in Chapter X has from time to time caused difficulties not only to the assessing authority and Government, but also to tenants. There have also been cases where on account of the failure of the tenant to agree to the terms offered by the Collector as the assessing authority expensive litigation ensued and in a number of cases Government had to eject the tenant which is a harsh measure. It is, therefore, intended to provide more definite provisions for assessment of rent of non-agricultural lands in areas, estates, or tenancies the land revenue of which is being or is about to be settled.

P. C. MITTER,
Member-in-charge.

The 24th June, 1933.

G. G. HOOPER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Registered No. C207 *No. 44 of 1933*



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1933

CONTENTS.

SUPPLEMENT.

Official Papers.

FORM C—BENGAL.

STATEMENT OF COTTON PRESSED IN THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY FOR THE WEEK ENDING THE 20th OCTOBER 1933.

[Section 5 (2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

Name of Division or block.	Number of bales pressed				District included in the block.
	During the week.	During the corresponding week last year.	Since 1st September 1933 (the date prescribed by the Local Government as the commencement of the season).	During the corresponding period last year.	
The Bengal Presidency	183 bales of 400 lbs each	147	1,399	1,336	All districts in the Presidency.

C. S. STEEL,
Chief Inspector of Factories, Bengal (offg.).

CALCUTTA IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

NOTICE.

Calcutta, the 6th October 1933.

The Accounts of the Calcutta Improvement Trust for the year 1931-32 having been audited by an Auditor appointed by Government, the following Abstract of Accounts is published in accordance with the provisions of section 136 of the Bengal Act V of 1911.

C. W. GURNER,

Chairman, Calcutta Improvement Trust.

CHAIRMAN,

Annual Accounts for the year ended 31st March 1932.

I beg to submit the accounts for the year ended 31st March 1932.

CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.—The total receipts for the year ended 31st March 1932, amounted to Rs. 28·94 lakhs, being Rs. 3·72 lakhs short of the Budget Estimate excluding Rs. 25 lakhs Loan not raised during the year. The actuals and the estimates of the different sources of receipt compare as follows :—

	Budget.	Actuals.	Difference.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Fees under section 78	3	1·04	−1·96
Sale of land ..	25	24·71	− ·29
Sale of buildings ..	·75	1·89	+1·14
Sale of old materials, etc. ..	·06	·08	+ ·02
Contribution for bridges ..	3·85	1·22	−2·63
Total (in lakhs) ..	32·66	28·94	−3·72

EXPENDITURE.—The total expenditure for the year was Rs. 78·56 lakhs against a budget provision of Rs. 77·54 lakhs, but, as previously reported, the Land Acquisition Collector issued cheques for Rs. 11¼ lakhs in the last few days of March 1931, which were not presented for encashment and appear as expenditure in this year's account. If this sum of Rs. 11¼ lakhs is excluded, the expenditure will be reduced from Rs. 78·56 lakhs to Rs. 67·31 lakhs : the shortage in expenditure of Rs. 10·23 lakhs under the estimate is accounted as follows :—

	Budget.	Actuals.	Difference.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cost of land ..	60	55·04	−4·96
Engineering works (including stores) ..	15·50	10·09	−5·41
Other charges ..	2·04	2·18	+ ·14
Total (in lakhs) ..	77·54	67·31	−10·23

BRIDGE ACCOUNTS.—The contributions received from the Government and the Calcutta Corporation towards the construction of the several bridges have been shown as Capital Receipts and the gross expenditure on the bridges has been shown on the expenditure side of the accounts.

ASSETS OF THE TRUST.—No value is included in the asset side of the Balance Sheet, in respect of the surplus land in possession of the Trust nor in respect of mortgages and rent charges executed by the purchasers. These, at 31st March 1932, were estimated as follows :—

	Rs. (in lakhs).
Surplus lands available for sale ..	158
Re-housing schemes	39
Excavation area	13
Store yard	1
Mortgages, rent charges, etc. ..	90
Total ..	301

CONTINGENT LIABILITY.—No liability is shown in the Balance Sheet for the Trust Contribution to Provident Fund which may be deemed to equal the Provident Fund Depositors' Accounts standing at Rs. 5·62 lakhs. This, with gratuity money payable to the staff under the required conditions, is the only contingent liability of the Trust.

DEBENTURE LOAN.—No loan was raised during the year although provision was made in the budget for Rs. 25 lakhs.

CAPITAL DEFICIT.—The closing deficit on Capital Account, which it was estimated would amount to Rs. 4,04·77 lakhs, stood at Rs. 4,17·80 lakhs, arrived at as follows :—

	Estimated.	Actuals.
	Rs.	Rs.
Opening deficit at 31st March 1931 ..	3,84·89	3,68·18
Receipts during the year ..	*57·66	28·94
	3,27·23	3,39·24
Expenditure during the year ..	77·54	78·56
Total (in lakhs) ..	4,04·77	4,17·80

*Including Rs. 25 lakhs (Proposed Debenture Loan).

REVENUE ACCOUNT.

Receipts.—The total receipts for the year are Rs. 46·82 lakhs against a budget estimate of Rs. 45·07 lakhs or an increase of Rs. 1·75 lakhs.

Expenditure.—The expenditure for the year was Rs. 28·62 lakhs against a budget provision of Rs. 32·33 lakhs. The difference of Rs. 3·71 lakhs between the estimates and actuals was accounted for by the following savings :—

	Rs. (in lakhs).
New loan of Rs. 25 lakhs not raised ..	2·05
Gain in exchange on interest on Sterling Loans	0·74
Establishment, stamp duty, rates and taxes, etc.	1·71
Total ..	4·5
Deduct—	
Depreciation on investments ..	·79
Nett ..	3·71

Closing Balance.—The closing balance credit of Revenue Account is Rs. 4,49·4 lakhs which a sum of Rs. 4,17·8 lakhs has been advance to Capital Account to meet payments in excess Capital Receipts. The nett balance of Rs. 31 lakhs was held as follows :—

		Rs. (in lakhs
G. P. Notes and other securities ..		30·6
Fixed deposits		1
Floating deposits		1·2
Cash in hand		·1
Current account with Imperial Bank ..		2·1
Total ..		35·1
Deduct—	Rs. (in lakhs).	
Monies held by the Trust ..	6·93	
Less—		
Advances made by the Trust ..	3·38	
		3·5
Nett ..		31·6

A. J. Smail,
Chief Accountant.

Calcutta, 21st July 1932.

Balance sheet as at 31st March 1932.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Deposits of contractors						
On contract ..	16,913	4	0			
On tender .	1,340	0	0			
Retention money ..	60,313	15	6			
				78,567	3	6
Sundry creditors				52,648	7	1
Provident Fund depositors' account ..	5,52,238	10	2			
Provident Fund depositors' account (Tribunal) ..	9,823	2	5			
				5,62,061	12	7
Surplus on revenue account				4,49,40,082	7	7
Total ..				4,56,33,359	14	9
6 per cent. Debenture Loan of £350,000 of 1922-23 ..				52,50,000	0	0
5½ per cent. Debenture Loan of £700,000 of 1923-24 ..				1,05,00,000	0	0
6 per cent. Debenture Loan of Rs. 16 lakhs of 1924-25 ..				16,00,000	0	0
6 per cent. Debenture Loan of Rs. 50 lakhs of 1925-26 ..				50,00,000	0	0
5½ per cent. Debenture Loan of Rs. 25 lakhs of 1929-30 ..				25,00,000	0	0
Total ..				2,48,50,000	0	0
Grand Total ..				7,04,83,359	14	9

ASSETS.

	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Securities—						
3½ per cent. Government Promissory Notes ..	29,69,800	0	0	18,22,714	12	0
4 per cent. Calcutta Port Trust Debentures ..	4,27,200	0	0	3,47,671	12	0
4 per cent. Calcutta Municipal Debentures ..	8,52,500	0	0	7,36,598	0	0
5½ per cent. Calcutta Municipal Debentures ..	3,100	0	0	2,914	0	0
5 per cent. War Loan ..	1,36,000	0	0	1,22,400	0	0
5 per cent Loan of 1939-44	18,700	0	0	16,830	0	0
4½ per cent. Loan of 1955-60	25,700	0	0	20,046	0	0
	44,33,000	0	0	30,69,174	8	0
Floating deposits				1,20,151	0	0
Fixed deposits and at call				1,00,000	0	0
Sundry advances				3,37,537	14	4
Cash in hand ..	12,416	13	6			
Cash in transit ..	1,207	0	0			
On current account with Imperial Bank of India ..	2,12,430	14	3			
				2,26,054	11	9
Advance from revenue for capital expenditure ..				4,17,80,441	12	8
Total ..				4,56,33,359	14	9
[Pr]oportion of total loans expended on capital [w]orks to 31st March 1932 ..				2,48,50,000	0	0
				2,48,50,000	0	0
Grand Total ..				7,04,83,359	14	9

A. J. SMAIL,
Chief Accountant.

M. R. ATKINS,
Chairman (offg.).

ACCOUNTS, 1931-32.

Capital Account—Statement of Income and Expenditure, 1931-32.

Income.

Receipts.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.			Actuals to 31st March 1931.			Actuals to 31st March 1932.		
	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Under section 122 (a)—										
Receipts under section 78.										
Scheme No.—										
I (Surtibagan)	..	..			68,318	13	9	68,318	13	9
I Alt. (Surtibagan)	..	..			24,100	0	0	24,100	0	0
IA Alt. (Surtibagan)	.	..			1,15,500	0	0	1,15,500	0	0
IB (Surtibagan)	.	..			13,747	0	0	13,747	0	0
IC (Ismail Madan Lane)	.	..			1,26,999	13	2	1,26,999	13	2
II (Shambazar Bridge Road) ..		..			32,129	0	0	32,129	0	0
IIA (Cornwallis Street)	..	..			580	0	0	580	0	0
III (Wards Institution Lane) ..	..	..			29,087	0	0	29,087	0	0
IV (Russa Road Widening) ..	.	..			59,936	0	0	59,936	0	0
IVA (Russa Road Extension) ..	..	..			2,93,228	12	0	2,93,228	12	0
V Bhowanipore	.	1,200	0	0	3,26,647	0	6	3,27,847	0	6
VII (Chittaranjan Avenue—Machuabazar Street to Beadon Street) ..	..	.			7,00,128	6	8	7,00,128	6	8
VIIA (Chittaranjan Avenue—Halliday Street Widening)	..	..			2,49,760	0	0	2,49,760	0	0
VIIB (Chittaranjan Avenue—Colootola Street to Bowbazar Street) ..	3,00,000	..			1,53,184	0	0	1,53,184	0	0
VIIC (Maniktala Spur)	..	16,425	0	0	4,03,216	15	8	4,19,641	15	8
VIID (Chittaranjan Avenue—Bowbazar Street to Prinsep Street) ..	..	..			42,935	0	0	42,935	0	0
VIIE (Chittaranjan Avenue Prinsep Street to Chowringhee) ..	..	..			88,670	0	0	88,670	0	0
VII (Chitpore Spur)	..	..			2,09,346	14	0	2,09,346	14	0
VIIF (Chittaranjan Avenue to Upper Chitpore Road)	..	10	0	0	44,260	0	0	44,270	0	0
VIIG (Jagannath Ghat Road—from Chitpore to Strand Road) ..	..	50	0	0	4,56,813	13	4	4,56,863	13	4
VIIH (Chittaranjan Avenue—Beadon Street to Grey Street) ..	..	26,295	0	0	.			26,295	0	0
VIII (Park Street Extension) ..	.	1,000	0	0	1,43,854	2	0	1,44,854	2	0
VIIIA (Outer Park Street) ..	.	1,000	0	0	1,43,164	0	8	1,44,164	0	8
VIIIC (New Park Street to Ballygunge Main Road)	..	20	0	0	17,149	15	0	17,169	15	0
XI (St. James' Square)	..	..			38,850	0	0	38,850	0	0
XII (Park Street Widening) ..	.	..			2,12,415	9	4	2,12,415	9	4
XIIA (Park Street Widening—from Wood Street to London Street) ..	..	8,000	0	0	1,02,875	1	1	1,10,875	1	1
XIII (Marcus Square Extension) ..	..	..			39,091	10	8	39,091	10	8
XVA (Main Sewer Road)	.	615	0	0	8,155	0	0	8,770	0	0
XVB (Main Sewer Road)	..	820	0	0	25,908	5	4	26,728	5	4
XVC (Main Sewer Road)	..	..			39,335	0	0	39,335	0	0
XVD (Lansdowne Road Extension) ..	..	2,710	0	0	..			2,710	0	0
XVI (Diamond Harbour Road) ..	.	..			38,856	0	0	38,856	0	0
XVIA (Diamond Harbour Road Widening)	..	10	0	0	10	0	0	20	0	0
XVII (Chatawalla Gullee) ..	..	..			40	0	0	40	0	0
XIX (Gariahat Road Diversion) ..	..	..			48,400	0	0	48,400	0	0
XX (Dharamtala Street to Corporation Street)	..	..			40	0	0	40	0	0
XXII (Sashi Bhusan De Street Widening)	..	20	0	0	1,03,635	0	0	1,03,655	0	0
XXV (Kapalitola Lane Widening) ..	..	..			20	0	0	20	0	0
XXVI (Darpanarayan Tagore Street to Pathuriaghata Street) ..	..	8,100	0	0	49,910	0	0	58,010	0	0
XXVII (Burrabazar Maidapatty Area) ..	..	10	0	0	8,600	0	0	8,610	0	0
XXIX (Cossipore-Chitpore Open Space Road Approach)	..	..			520	0	0	520	0	0
XXXI (Chowringhee Place—Mati Sil Street Widening and Extension) ..	..	..			48,425	0	0	48,425	0	0
XXXII (Banstala Street Widening) ..	..	..			17,500	0	0	17,500	0	0
XXXIV (Mission Row Widening) ..	..	32,910	0	0	..			32,910	0	0
Re-housing Scheme No. I	..	..			500	0	0	500	0	0
Maniktala Scheme No. 1 (Upper Circular Road to Baldeopara Road and Maniktala Bridge Approach)	..	5,110	0	0	21,370	0	0	26,480	0	0
	3,00,000	1,04,305	0	0	45,47,213	5	2	46,51,518	5	2
Carried over ..	3,00,000	1,04,305	0	0	45,47,213	5	2	46,51,518	5	2

Capital Account—(Income)—*continued.*

Receipts.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.			Actuals to 31st March 1931.			Actuals to 31st March 1932.		
	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brought forward ..	3,00,000	1,04,305	0	0	45,47,213	5	2	46,51,518	5	2
B. Under section 122 (c) -										
Sale of land.										
chemo No.—										
I (Surtibagan)	..	4,083	15	6	42,67,156	3	7	42,71,240	3	1
I Alt. (Surtibagan)	..	..			4,74,545	0	0	4,74,545	0	0
IA (Surtibagan)	..	..			1,20,360	0	0	1,20,360	0	0
IB (Surtibagan)	..	..			3,53,948	8	7	3,53,948	8	7
IC (Ismail Madan Lane)	..	23,000	0	0	5,41,745	15	6	5,64,745	15	6
II (Shambazar Bridge Road) ..	..	..			19,82,552	11	6	19,82,552	11	6
IIA (Cornwallis Street)	..	..			1,13,581	14	10	1,13,581	14	10
III (Wards Institution Lane) ..	..	..			2,04,466	13	5	2,04,466	13	5
IV (Russa Road Widening) ..	..	*Dr.* 456	0	0	21,90,804	5	11	21,90,348	5	11
IVA (Russa Road Extension) ..	50,000	1,72,654	10	6	36,59,615	8	10	38,32,270	3	4
V (Bhowanipore)	..	13,303	1	5	30,60,470	1	7	30,73,773	3	0
VII (Chitpore Spur)	.	63,342	8	0	14,75,620	12	9	15,38,963	4	9
VII (Chittaranjan Avenue—Machuabazar Street to Beadon Street) ..	.	2,000	0	0	32,61,170	1	0	32,63,170	1	0
VIIA (Chittaranjan Avenue—Halliday Street Widening) .. .	..	..			17,15,245	0	9	17,15,245	0	9
VIIB (Chittaranjan Avenue—Colootola to Bowbazar Street)	..	64	0	0	21,48,028	4	2	21,48,092	4	2
VIIC (Maniktala Spur) .	1,00,000	86,974	8	0	21,27,958	15	5	22,14,933	7	5
VIID (Chittaranjan Avenue Bowbazar to Prinsep Street) ..	1,00,000	10,100	5	9	15,90,925	0	0	16,01,025	5	9
VIIE (Chittaranjan Avenue- Prinsep Street to Chowringhee).. .	5,00,000	2,05,022	3	3	49,20,723	2	0	51,25,745	5	3
VIIF (Chittaranjan Avenue to Upper Chitpore Road)	3,00,000	1,29,747	8	0	3,88,131	6	0	5,17,878	14	0
VIIG (Jagannath Ghat Road from Chitpore to Strand Road) ..	1,50,000	1,57,717	0	8	9,39,787	11	10	13,97,504	12	6
VIIH (Chittaranjan Avenue Beadon Street to Grey Street) ..	..	1,08,455	0	0	.			1,08,455	0	0
VIII (Park Street Extension) ..	1,00,000	34,249	8	0	17,19,899	15	6	17,54,149	7	6
VIIIA (Outer Park Street) ..	.	34,422	5	6	10,24,652	12	3	10,59,075	1	9
VIIIC (New Park Street to Ballygunge Main Road)	2,00,000	2,51,192	0	0	4,84,636	0	0	7,35,828	0	0
IX (Old Post Office Street Widening) . ..	..	..			2,53,093	0	0	2,53,093	0	0
XI (St. James' Square) . .	..	32,921	8	0	2,55,210	8	0	2,88,132	0	0
XII (Park Street Widening) ..	..	..			1,21,121	0	0	1,21,121	0	0
XIII (Marcus Square Extension) ..	..	.			18,051	7	2	18,051	7	2
XVA (Main Sewer Road) . ..	50,000	33,566	12	6	2,16,528	7	11	2,50,095	4	5
XVB (Main Sewer Road) ..	2,00,000	3,14,356	14	2	29,53,313	12	10	32,67,670	11	0
XVC (Main Sewer Road)	50,000	55,745	0	0	4,26,112	0	0	4,81,857	0	0
XVD (Lansdowne Road Extension) ..	.	7,425	0	0	. .			7,425	0	0
XVI Diamond Harbour Road Widening)	50,000	49,746	10	8	6,99,669	11	7	7,49,416	6	3
XVIA (Diamond Harbour Road Widening)	1,50,000	16,510	0	0	15,585	0	0	32,095	0	0
XVII (Chatawalla Gullee) .	..	..			2,89,557	0	0	2,89,557	0	0
XX (Dharamtala Street to Corporation Street)	50,000	59,087	4	3	1,09,375	0	0	1,68,462	4	3
XXII (Sashi Bhusan De Street Widening) ..	50,000	84,873	12	9	31,137	3	3	1,16,011	0	0
XXV (Kapalitola Lane Widening) ..	..	..			21,700	0	0	21,700	0	0
XXVI (Darpanarayan Tagore Street to Pathuriaghata Street) .	..	18,078	11	1	15,800	0	0	33,878	11	1
XXVII (Burrabazar Maidapatty Area)	3,00,000	1,26,057	3	11	1,99,599	8	0	3,25,656	11	11
XXIX (Cossipore-Chitpore Open Space Road Approach) . ..	50,000	..			1,01,749	0	0	1,01,749	0	0
XXXI (Chowringhee Place- Mati Sil Lane Widening)	50,000	38,800	0	0	1,23,430	0	0	1,62,230	0	0
Cossipore-Chitpore Open Space ..	..	..			1,78,608	0	0	1,78,608	0	0
Re-housing at Bow Street . ..	..	..			17,250	0	0	17,250	0	0
Re-housing at Maniktala Bustee Site No. I .. .	..	.			550	0	0	550	0	0
Re-housing at Kerbala Tank Lane ..	..	16,984	0	0	3,50,125	0	0	3,67,109	0	0
Paikpara Re-housing . ..	..	1,831	8	0	1,00,946	7	2	1,02,777	15	2
Maniktala Scheme No. I	..	17,861	0	0	32,080	0	0	49,941	0	0
Alignment Scheme No. X	..	..			90,000	0	0	90,000	0	0
Maniktala Scheme No. II	..	1,340	0	0	..			1,340	0	0
	25,00,000	24,71,057	15	11	4,53,86,618	7	4	4,78,57,676	7	3
Carried over ..	28,00,000	25,75,362	15	11	4,99,33,831	12	6	5,25,09,194	12	5

Capital Account—(Income)—*continued.*

Receipts.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.			Actuals to 31st March 1931.			Actuals to 31st March 1932.		
	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brought forward ..	28,00,000	25,75,362	15	11	4,99,33,831	12	6	5,25,09,194	12	5
B. Under section 122 (c)—contd.										
Sale proceeds of buildings.										
Maniktala Scheme No. I		..			21,350	0	0	21,350	0	0
Scheme No.—										
I (Surtibagan)		..			1,96,930	2	0	1,96,930	2	0
I Alt. (Surtibagan)		..			32,120	0	0	32,120	0	0
IA (Surtibagan)		..			1,450	0	0	1,450	0	0
IA Alt. (Surtibagan)		..			13,250	0	0	13,250	0	0
IB (Surtibagan)		..			26,035	0	0	26,035	0	0
IC (Ismail Madan Lane)		..			56,347	0	0	56,347	0	0
II (Shambazar Bridge Road) ..		..			62 662	0	0	62,662	0	0
IIA (Cornwallis Street)		..			2,997	0	0	2,997	0	0
III (Wards Institution Lane) ..		..			3,516	0	0	3,516	0	0
IV (Russa Road Widening) ..		..			1,07,500	0	0	1,07,500	0	0
IVA (Russa Road Extension) ..		2,770	0	0	1,37,180	1	0	1,39,950	1	0
V (Bhowanipore)		..			1,72,779	2	8	1,72,779	2	8
V Alt. (Bhowanipore)		..			50	0	0	50	0	0
VII (Chittaranjan Avenue Machua bazar to Beadon Street) ..		..			4,32,608	6	0	4,32,608	6	0
VIIA (Chittaranjan Avenue - Halliday Street Widening)	5,000	..			79,314	0	0	79,314	0	0
VIIB (Chittaranjan Avenue— Colootola to Bowbazar Street) ..		..			1,69,998	6	0	1,69,998	6	0
VIIC (Maniktala Spur) ..		..			2,98,886	0	0	2,98,886	0	0
VIID (Chittaranjan Avenue—Bowbazar to Prinsep Street) ..		..			1,76,050	0	0	1,76,050	0	0
VIIE (Chittaranjan Avenue —Prinsep Street to Chowringhee) ..		*Dr.* 150	0	0	4,86,049	2	0	4,85,899	2	0
VIIF (Chittaranjan Avenue to Upper Chitpore Road)		268	12	9	98,650	0	0	98,918	12	9
VIIG (Jagannath Ghat Road from Chitpore to Strand Road) ..		7,675	0	0	1,55,720	0	0	1,63,395	0	0
VIIH (Chittaranjan Avenue—Beadon Street to Grey Street) ..		90,953	0	0	24,315	0	0	1,15,268	0	0
VII (Chitpore Spur)		..			77,373	9	9	77,373	9	9
VIIJ Chittaranjan Avenue - from Grey Street to Shambazar Street ..	..	39,428	0	0	..			39,428	0	0
VIII (Park Street Extension) ..	..	..			1,52,940	11	6	1,52,940	11	6
VIIIA (Outer Park Street) ..	..	..			1,00,851	8	0	1,00,851	8	0
VIIIC (New Park Street to Ballygunge Main Road)	..	..			77,045	0	0	77,045	0	0
IX (Old Post Office Street Widening) ..	..	..			16,000	0	0	16,000	0	0
X (Ripon Street Widening) ..	..	..			2,250	0	0	2,250	0	0
XI (St. James' Square)	..	..			17,170	0	0	17,170	0	0
XII (Park Street Widening) ..	..	..			845	0	0	845	0	0
XIIA (Park Street Widening from Wood Street to Loudon Street) ..	..	..			2,715	0	0	2,715	0	0
XIII (Marcus Square Extension) ..	..	..			17,810	0	0	17,810	0	0
XIV (Shambazar Park)	..	..			46,085	0	0	46,085	0	0
XVA (Main Sewer Road—Chetla to Ballygunge)	..	..			18,385	0	0	18,385	0	0
XVB (Main Sewer Road)	..	800	0	0	30,084	0	0	30,884	0	0
XVC (Main Sewer Road)	..	..			22,369	8	0	22,369	8	0
XVD (Lansdowne Road Extension) ..	..	7,275	0	0	30	0	0	7,305	0	0
XVI (Diamond Harbour Road) ..	..	..			55,899	8	6	55,899	8	6
XVIA (Diamond Harbour Road Widening)	..	..			12,000	0	0	12,000	0	0
XVII (Chatawalla Gullee) ..	..	..			1,565	0	0	1,565	0	0
XX (Dharamtala Street to Corporation Street)	..	..			22,327	0	0	22,327	0	0
XXI (Dalhousie Square) ..	..	..			110	0	0	110	0	0
XXII (Sashi Bhusan De Street Widening)	..	1,450	0	0	12,075	0	0	13,525	0	0
XXV (Kapalitola Lane Widening)	..	..			2,095	0	0	2,095	0	0
XXVI (Darpanarayan Tagore Street to Pathuriaghata Street) ..	..	3,317	0	0	34,541	0	0	37,858	0	0
XXVIIIA (Strand Road Widening from Raja Woodmunt Street to Howrah Bridge)	..	..			12,755	0	0	12,755	0	0
XXVII (Burrabazar Maidapatty Area)	..	10,300	0	0	40,763	0	0	51,063	0	0
Carried over ..	75,000	1,64,086	12	9	35,31,842	1	5	36,95,928	14	2
Carried over ..	28,00,000	25,75,362	15	11	4,99,33,831	12	6	5,25,09,194	12	5

Capital Account—(Income)—*continued.*

Receipts.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.	Actuals to 31st March 1931.	Actuals to 31st March 1932.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ..	28,00,000	25,75,362 15 11	4,99,33,831 12 6	5,25,09,194 12 5
B. Under section 122 (c)—concld.				
Sale proceeds of buildings—*concld.*				
Brought forward ..	75,000	1,64,086 12 9	35,31,842 1 5	36,95,928 14 2
Scheme No.—				
XXXI (Chowringhee Place Mati Sil Street Widening) ..	..	..	15,850 0 0	15,850 0 0
XXXIV (Mission Row Widening) ..	..	..	70 0 0	70 0 0
XXIX (Connecting Road Cossipore Chitpore Open Space) ..	..	750 0 0	4,415 0 0	5,165 0 0
Re-housing at—				
Kerbala Tank Lane	..	..	9,625 0 0	9,625 0 0
Bow Street	..	..	38,124 2 8	38,124 2 8
Maniktala Bustee Site No. I ..	..	..	1,600 0 0	1,600 0 0
Paikpara	..	..	4,056 0 0	4,056 0 0
Excavation area	..	..	11,347 0 0	11,347 0 0
Open Space at Ratan Sircar Garden Street	..	..	4,208 0 0	4,208 0 0
Storeyard	..	..	415 0 0	415 0 0
Cossipore-Chitpore Open Space ..	..	..	58,470 0 0	58,470 0 0
Street Alignment No.				
XLV	..	..	1,850 0 0	1,850 0 0
I	..	..	275 0 0	275 0 0
II	..	420 0 0	1,750 0 0	2,170 0 0
V	..	..	160 0 0	160 0 0
VI	..	13 0 0	1,090 0 0	1,103 0 0
VIII	..	500 0 0	..	500 0 0
IX	..	..	1,418 0 0	1,418 0 0
X	..	2,700 0 0	..	2,700 0 0
XII	..	..	450 0 0	450 0 0
XIII	..	..	525 0 0	525 0 0
XVI	..	..	6,290 0 0	6,290 0 0
XX	..	..	186 0 0	186 0 0
XXXIV	..	..	27 0 0	27 0 0
Bridges, Dum-Dum	..	..	500 0 0	500 0 0
Maniktala Scheme No.				
I	..	9,470 0 0	..	9,470 0 0
II	..	11,015 0 0	.	11,015 0 0
III	..	200 0 0	..	200 0 0
	75,000	1,89,154 12 9	36,94,543 4 1	38,83,698 0 10
C. Premia on leases—				
Scheme No.—				
I (Surtibagan)	..	..	1,10,895 1 1	1,10,895 1 1
II (Shambazar Bridge Road) ..	..	..	79,760 2 7	79,760 2 7
III (Wards Institution Lane) ..	..	..	834 0 0	834 0 0
V (Bhowanipore)	..	..	4,735 1 9	4,735 1 9
IVA (Russa Road Extension) ..	..	..	3,160 0 0	3,160 0 0
	..	..	1,99,384 5 5	1,99,384 5 5
Under section 122 (g)—				
Fees for Footings.				
Scheme No.—				
I (Surtibagan)	..	..	4,179 6 0	4,179 6 0
I Alt. (Surtibagan) ..	..	..	1,800 0 0	1,800 0 0
IA (Surtibagan)	..	..	*Dr.* 1,800 0 0	*Dr.* 1,800 0 0
IB (Surtibagan)	..	..	41 10 9	41 10 9
IC (Ismail Madan Lane) ..	..	..	310 2 0	310 2 0
IV (Russa Road Widening) ..	..	..	212 8 0	212 8 0
IVA (Russa Road Extension) ..	..	..	*Dr.* 268 1 0	*Dr.* 268 1 0
V (Bhowanipore)	..	..	858 12 0	858 12 0
VII (Chittaranjan Avenue—Machuabazar to Beadon Street) ..	..	.	1,406 6 10	1,406 6 10
VIIC (Maniktala Spur) ..	..	..	3,253 1 0	3,253 1 0
Carried over ..	..	..	9,993 13 7	9,993 13 7
Carried over ..	28,75,000	27,64,517 12 8	5,38,27,759 6 0	5,65,92,277 2 8

Capital Account—(Income)—concluded.

Receipts.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.			Actuals to 31st March 1931.			Actuals to 31st March 1932.		
	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brought forward ..	28,75,000	27,64,517	12	8	5,38,27,759	6	0	5,65,92,277	2	8
Under section 122 (g)—concld.										
Fees for Footings—*concld.*										
Brought forward ..	..	..			9,993	13	7	9,993	13	7
Scheme No.—										
VII (Chitpore Spur)	..	..			*Dr.* 2,657	8	0	*Dr.* 2,657	8	0
VIID (Chittaranjan Avenue—Bowbazar to Prinsep Street) ..	..	..			420	4	0	420	4	0
VIIF (Chittaranjan Avenue to Upper Chitpore Road) ..	..	..			*Dr.* 170	0	0	*Dr.* 170	0	0
VIII (Park Street Extension) ..	..	..			427	8	0	427	8	0
VIIIA (Outer Park Street) ..	..	..			114	5	6	114	5	6
XI (St. James' Square)	..	..			351	4	0	351	4	0
XII (Park Street Widening) ..	..	..			625	0	0	625	0	0
XVB (Main Sewer Road) ..	..	..			94	8	0	94	8	0
Bow Street Re-housing	..	..			39	1	0	39	1	0
	..	..			9,238	4	1	9,238	4	1
D. *Under section 122 (a)*—										
Sale of moveable property	..	..			540	0	0	540	0	0
Sale of old materials	1,000	1,820	15	0	26,528	0	7	28,348	15	7
Sale of earth	..	..			..			..		
Excavation area—	5,000	6,275	4	0	40,867	3	0	47,142	7	0
Cossipore-Chitpore Open Space ..	..	..			116	4	9	116	4	9
	6,000	8,096	3	0	68,051	8	4	76,147	11	4
E. *Under section 122 (f)*—										
Government grant	..	..			50,00,000	0	0	50,00,000	0	0
	..	..			50,00,000	0	0	50,00,000	0	0
Bridges—										
Contribution by Government—										
Dum-Dum	..	..			4,55,221	1	7	4,55,221	1	7
Maniktala	5,000	3,985	0	0	2,91,522	10	2	2,95,507	10	2
Baliaghata	10,000	3,127	8	0	2,57,445	11	6	2,60,573	3	6
Narkeldanga	1,00,000	59,445	13	9	1,89,883	12	3	2,49,329	10	0
Alipore	1,00,000	47,159	6	7	18,483	10	2	65,643	0	9
Chitpore	50,000	8,215	0	6	1,743	6	5	9,958	6	11
Tollygunge	10,000	..			..			..		
	2,75,000	1,21,932	12	10	12,14,300	4	1	13,36,233	0	11
Contribution by Corporation—										
Dum-Dum	..	..			1,18,700	0	0	1,18,700	0	0
Maniktala	2,000	..			54,552	0	0	54,552	0	0
Baliaghata	4,000	..			50,000	0	0	50,000	0	0
Narkeldanga	40,000	..			..			..		
Alipore	40,000	..			..			..		
Chitpore	20,000	..			..			..		
Tollygunge	4,000	..			..			..		
	1,10,000	..			2,23,252	0	0	2,23,252	0	0
Total Receipts ..	32,66,000	28,94,546	12	6	6,03,42,601	6	6	6,32,37,148	3	0
F. *Under section 125 (a)*—										
6 per cent. Sterling Debenture Loan of 1922-23 for £350,000	..	..			52,50,000	0	0	52,50,000	0	0
5½ per cent. Sterling Debenture Loan of 1923-24 for £700,000	..	..			1,05,00,000	0	0	1,05,00,000	0	0
6 per cent. Debenture Loan of 1924-25 ..	..	..			16,00,000	0	0	16,00,000	0	0
6 per cent Debenture Loan of 1925-26 ..	..	..			50,00,000	0	0	50,00,000	0	0
5½ per cent. Debenture Loan of 1929-30	..	..			25,00,000	0	0	25,00,000	0	0
Debenture Loan at its face value ..	25,00,000	..			..			..		
	25,00,000	..			2,48,50,000	0	0	2,48,50,000	0	0
Total ..	57,66,000	28,94,546	12	6	8,51,92,601	6	6	8,80,87,148	3	0
Transferred from Revenue Account ..	..	49,61,844	7	8	3,68,18,597	5	0	4,17,80,441	12	8
Grand Total ..	..	78,56,391	4	2¼	12,20,11,198	11	6	12,98,67,589	15	8

Capital Account—Statement of Income and Expenditure, 1931-32.

Expenditure.

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.			Actuals to 31st March 1931.			Actuals to 31st March 1932.		
	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Under section 123 (a)—										
Scheme No. I—(Surtibagan)—										
Advertisement, etc.	..	..			2,300	8	10	2,300	8	10
Auctioneer's fees	..	..			27,824	11	0	27,824	11	0
Street lighting	..	..			4,889	0	11	4,889	0	11
Street watering	..	..			1,246	10	5	1,246	10	5
Conservancy	..	..			5,010	11	4	5,010	11	4
Cost of survey	..	..			419	15	5	419	15	5
Telephone	..	..			275	0	0	275	0	0
Stamp duty	..	..			1,080	0	0	1,080	0	0
Cost of acquiring land	..	24	0	0	30,14,968	12	0	30,14,992	12	0
Engineering works—										
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..			1,41,510	0	0	1,41,510	0	0
Waterworks	..	..			41,441	11	2	41,441	11	2
Lighting—Gas and electric	..	..			16,496	10	8	16,496	10	8
Tree planting	..	..			144	0	0	144	0	0
Removal of surplus earth	..	79	4	3	4,033	7	3	4,112	11	6
Shifting overhead tramway poles	..	..			703	14	4	703	14	4
Tank-filling and land raising	..	..			49	0	6	49	0	6
Contingencies	..	..			3,758	8	10	3,758	8	10
	..	103	4	3	32,66,152	10	8	32,66,255	14	11
Scheme No. I—(Alteration)—										
Advertisement, etc.	..	..			687	10	9	687	10	9
Auctioneer's fees	..	..			3,196	6	9	3,196	6	9
Cost of acquiring land	..	36	0	0	5,06,813	7	9	5,06,849	7	9
Cost of survey	..	..			12	14	9	12	14	9
	..	36	0	0	5,10,710	8	0	5,10,746	8	0
Scheme No. IA—(Surtibagan)—										
Advertisement, etc.	..	..			196	8	9	196	8	9
Auctioneer's fees	..	..			72	8	0	72	8	0
Maintenance	..	..			263	3	0	263	3	0
Conservancy	..	..			1,607	2	1	1,607	2	1
Street lighting	..	..			224	6	10	224	6	10
Street watering	..	..			895	15	6	895	15	6
Cost of survey	..	..			47	11	5	47	11	5
Cost of acquiring land	..	..			8,710	2	7	8,710	2	7
Engineering works—										
Earth excavation	..	..			222	15	0	222	15	0
Road construction, etc.	..	..			30,231	11	10	30,231	11	10
Contingencies	..	..			41	1	0	41	1	0
Lighting—Gas and electric	..	..			184	0	0	184	0	0
Water-supply	..	..			646	15	4	646	15	4
	..	..			43,344	5	4	43,344	5	4
Scheme No. IA—(Alteration)—										
Advertisement, etc.	..	..			294	5	4	294	5	4
Auctioneer's fees	..	..			902	0	6	902	0	6
Street lighting	..	..			12	0	0	12	0	0
Cost of acquiring land	..	100	0	0	2,31,024	7	8	2,31,124	7	8
	..	100	0	0	2,32,232	13	6	2,32,332	13	6
Scheme No. IB—(Surtibagan)—										
Advertisement, etc.	..	..			415	7	5	415	7	5
Auctioneer's fees	..	..			1,887	1	0	1,887	1	0
Street lighting	..	..			49	11	8	49	11	8
Maintenance	..	..			13	9	3	13	9	3
Cost of survey	..	..			13	11	2	13	11	2
Cost of acquiring land	..	10	0	0	3,16,824	1	1	3,16,834	1	1
Engineering works—										
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..			10,244	13	4	10,244	13	4
Water-supply	..	..			1,825	5	0	1,825	5	0
Lighting—Gas and electric	..	..			342	12	0	342	12	0
Removal of surplus earth	..	..			956	2	6	956	2	6
Contingencies	..	..			114	5	9	114	5	9
	..	10	0	0	3,32,687	0	2	3,32,697	0	2
Carried over ..	..	249	4	3	43,85,127	5	8	43,85,376	9	11

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued.*

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.	Actuals to 31st March 1931.	Actuals to 31st March 1932.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ..	..	249 4 3	43,85,127 5 8	43,85,376 9 11
Scheme No. IC—(Ismail Madan Lane)—				
Advertisement, etc.	..	..	767 2 6	767 2 6
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	3,230 11 9	3,230 11 9
Street lighting	..	..	813 14 1	813 14 1
Street watering	..	..	26 9 6	26 9 6
Conservancy	..	..	61 15 4	61 15 4
Cost of survey	..	..	33 2 8	33 2 8
Telephone	..	..	25 0 0	25 0 0
Cost of acquiring land	..	34 0 0	7,51,982 6 5	7,52,016 6 5
Engineering works—				
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..	39,485 14 5	39,485 14 5
Water-supply	..	..	11,051 15 1	11,051 15 1
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	1,877 12 0	1,877 12 0
Contingencies	..	..	2 6 0	2 6 0
Shifting electric supply cables ..	..	..	4,692 4 4	4,692 4 4
	..	34 0 0	8,14,051 2 1	8,14,085 2 1
Scheme No. II—(Shambazar Bridge Road)—				
Advertisement, etc.	..	..	1,964 15 9	1,964 15 9
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	10,762 4 3	10,762 4 3
Street lighting	..	..	2,301 14 3	2,301 14 3
Maintenance	..	..	167 7 6	167 7 6
Cost of survey	..	..	1,296 2 3	1,296 2 3
Telephone	..	..	200 0 0	200 0 0
Cost of acquiring land	..	46 0 0	11,96,245 7 4	11,96,291 7 4
Engineering works—				
Earth-filling	..	..	47,053 5 9	47,053 5 9
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..	1,34,536 14 4	1,34,536 14 4
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	14,190 14 6	14,190 14 6
Water-supply	..	..	48,911 13 3	48,911 13 3
Tree planting	..	..	368 0 0	368 0 0
Alteration to electric supply cables	..	..	2,480 10 7	2,480 10 7
Contingencies	..	..	1,578 9 6	1,578 9 6
Tramway	..	..	27,094 1 1	27,094 1 1
	..	46 0 0	14,89,152 8 4	14,89,198 8 4
Scheme No. IIA—(Cornwallis Street)—				
Advertisement, etc.	..	..	295 8 8	295 8 8
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	153 15 4	153 15 4
Street lighting	..	..	288 12 0	288 12 0
Cost of survey	..	..	14 0 0	14 0 0
Cost of acquiring land	..	..	1,09,378 6 6	1,09,378 6 6
Adjustment of advances to Corporation	34	..	..	..
Engineering works—				
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..	13,548 13 10	13,548 13 10
Water-supply	..	..	1,402 11 10	1,402 11 10
Tree planting	..	..	88 0 0	88 0 0
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	269 6 11	269 6 11
Shifting electric posts	..	..	764 4 0	764 4 0
Shifting telegraph posts ..	..	..	399 7 0	399 7 0
Contingencies	..	..	495 12 10	495 12 10
	34	..	1,27,099 2 11	1,27,099 2 11
Scheme No. III—(Wards Institution Lane)—				
Advertisement, etc.	..	..	319 14 9	319 14 9
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	695 15 9	695 15 9
Street lighting	..	..	907 11 9	907 11 9
Cost of survey	..	..	14 14 6	14 14 6
Conservancy	..	..	58 10 8	58 10 8
Maintenance	..	..	91 14 6	91 14 6
Cost of acquiring land	..	6 0 0	1,33,605 13 1	1,33,611 13 1
Engineering works—				
Water-supply	..	..	13,369 9 5	13,369 9 5
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..	39,102 10 5	39,102 10 5
Earth-filling	..	..	3,631 10 3	3,631 10 3
Tree planting	..	..	72 0 0	72 0 0
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	2,980 7 10	2,980 7 10
Contingencies	..	..	169 15 7	169 15 7
	..	6 0 0	1,95,021 4 6	1,95,027 4 6
Carried over ..	34	335 4 3	70,10,451 7 6	70,10,786 11 9

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued.*

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.	Actuals to 31st March 1931.	Actuals to 31st March 1932.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward . . .	34	335 4 3	70,10,451 7 6	70,10,786 11 9
Scheme No. IV—(Russa Road Widening)—				
Advertisement, etc.	. .	. .	3,531 8 2	3,531 8 2
Auctioneer's fees	. .	. .	11,764 15 7	11,764 15 7
Street lighting	. .	. .	10,691 3 3	10,691 3 3
Street watering	. .	. .	5,041 2 6	5,041 2 6
Conservancy	. .	. .	12,609 3 10	12,609 3 10
Maintenance	. .	. .	545 15 10	545 15 10
Cost of acquiring land	. .	73 0 0	17,53,656 4 10	17,53,729 4 10
Cost of survey	. .	. .	592 2 5	592 2 5
Telephone	. .	. .	746 9 3	746 9 3
Engineering works—				
Hazra Square	. .	. .	10,422 5 3	10,422 5 3
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	. .	. .	3,36,827 11 5	3,36,827 11 5
Tank-filling	. .	. .	1,21,413 11 0	1,21,413 11 0
Water-supply	. .	. .	1,24,165 12 9	1,24,165 12 9
Lighting—Gas and electric . .	. .	. .	22,410 0 3	22,410 0 3
Tramways	. .	. .	85,970 2 2	85,970 2 2
Tree planting	. .	. .	1,501 15 3	1,501 15 3
Taking up and relaying electric supply cables, etc.	. .	. .	37,264 0 8	37,264 0 8
Construction of malis' house and urinal at Hazra Square .	. .	. .	18,276 1 9	18,276 1 9
D. N. Mitter's Square	. .	. .	12,858 1 6	12,858 1 6
Construction of park	. .	. .	10,492 8 6	10,492 8 6
Maintenance	. .	. .	699 4 9	699 4 9
	. .	73 0 0	25,81,480 12 11	25,81,553 12 11
Scheme No. IVA—(Russa Road Extension)—				
Advertisement, etc.	200	Cr. 205 15 0	7,157 9 0	6,951 10 0
Auctioneer's fees	250	321 9 2	13,557 13 11	13,879 7 1
Street lighting	. .	.	1,09,580 12 4	1,09,580 12 4
Street watering	. .	. .	8,859 8 5	8,859 8 5
Maintenance	.	. .	1,464 15 9	1,464 15 9
Conservancy	. .	100 0 0	34,960 15 10	35,060 15 10
Cost of survey	. .	62 12 7	3,901 12 4	3,964 8 11
Telephone	. .	. .	950 0 0	950 0 0
Adjustment of advances to Corporation	43,030	.	. .	. .
Cost of acquiring land	. .	172 0 0	30,37,108 8 1	30,37,280 8 1
Stores	10,000	. .	. .	. .
Engineering works	10,000	. .	. .	. .
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	.	14,889 14 6	13,18,195 15 4	13,33,085 13 10
Lighting—Gas and electric . .	. .	28,593 12 9	50,273 12 9	78,867 9 6
Tree planting	. .	. .	1,798 4 9	1,798 4 9
Water-supply	. .	664 9 2	5,60,591 9 1	5,61,256 2 3
Cost of urinal	. .	. .	600 0 0	600 0 0
Tank-filling	. .	. .	5,87,937 4 6	5,87,937 4 6
Taking up and relaying electric cables	. .	. .	7,561 3 10	7,561 3 10
Laying out of park, etc.	. .	. .	10,947 10 5	10,947 10 5
Excavating and carting away earth, etc.	. .	223 15 0	7,364 1 6	7,588 0 6
Taking up and relaying telephone poles	. .	. .	315 6 5	315 6 5
Contingencies	. .	. .	52,860 8 4	52,860 8 4
Tramways	. .	. .	88,761 5 8	88,761 5 8
Public convenience	. .	. .	3,554 4 3	3,554 4 3
Miscellaneous	. .	93 7 11	1,181 2 11	1,274 10 10
	63,480	44,916 2 1	59,09,484 9 5	59,54,400 11 6
Scheme No. V—(Bhowanipore)—				
Advertisement, etc.	. .	. .	6,254 7 11	6,254 7 11
Auctioneer's fees	. .	. .	9,023 7 11	9,023 7 11
Street lighting	. .	. .	26,202 8 0	26,202 8 0
Street watering	. .	. .	5,933 3 1	5,933 3 1
Conservancy	. .	. .	24,497 6 4	24,497 6 4
Maintenance	. .	. .	2,629 2 9	2,629 2 9
Cost of survey	. .	. .	4,781 4 6	4,781 4 6
Maps	. .	. .	750 0 0	750 0 0
Telephone	. .	. .	1,120 4 0	1,120 4 0
Carried over . .	. .	. .	81,191 12 6	81,191 12 6
Carried over . .	63,514	45,324 6 4	1,55,01,416 13 10	1,55,46,741 4 2

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued*.

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.	Actuals to 31st March 1931.	Actuals to 31st March 1932.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ..	63,514	45,324 6 4	1,55,01,416 13 10	1,55,46,741 4 2
Scheme No. V—(Bhowanipore)—*concld.*—				
Brought forward ..	..	..	81,191 12 6	81,191 12 6
Cost of acquiring land	..	143 0 0	28,38,479 5 3	28,38,622 5 3
Adjustment of advances to Corporation	1,589	..	..	..
Engineering works—				
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..	11,09,853 5 4	11,09,853 5 4
Water-supply	..	..	3,37,583 12 7	3,37,583 12 7
Tank-filling	..	..	3,88,041 10 0	3,88,041 10 0
Tree planting	..	..	3,231 0 10	3,231 0 10
Shifting electric cables and poles ..	..	..	1,290 1 3	1,290 1 3
Earth removal	..	..	3,317 0 11	3,317 0 11
Park construction	..	..	35,522 11 6	35,522 11 6
Taking up and relaying telephone poles	..	..	3,195 1 2	3,195 1 2
Construction of malis' house ..	..	..	5,835 8 0	5,835 8 0
Contingencies	..	..	37,807 15 1	37,807 15 1
Cost of urinals	..	..	326 3 0	326 3 0
Public convenience	..	..	1,513 0 0	1,513 0 0
Construction of shelter	..	..	1,275 7 9	1,275 7 9
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	81,503 4 0	81,503 4 0
	1,589	143 0 0	49,29,967 3 2	49,30,110 3 2
Scheme No. V—(Alteration)—				
Advertisement, etc.	..	..	78 0 0	78 0 0
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	2 0 0	2 0 0
Cost of acquiring land	..	..	19,374 7 6	19,374 7 6
	..	..	19,454 7 6	19,454 7 6
Scheme No. VI—(Chinabazar)—				
Advertisement, etc.	..	..	1,798 12 6	1,798 12 6
Scheme No. VII—(Chitpore Spur)—				
Advertisement, etc.	..	..	409 3 1	409 3 1
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	6,136 10 1	6,136 10 1
Street lighting	..	48 0 0	14,171 11 8	14,219 11 8
Street watering	..	..	1,577 4 0	1,577 4 0
Conservancy	..	..	4,535 12 9	4,535 12 9
Cost of survey	..	..	222 12 2	222 12 2
Maintenance	..	..	362 2 6	362 2 6
Cost of acquiring land	..	154 0 0	21,64,115 2 11	21,64,269 2 11
Engineering works—				
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..	2,12,840 15 10	2,12,840 15 10
Tank-filling	..	..	5,156 11 6	5,156 11 6
Tree planting	..	..	7 2 3	7 2 3
Waterworks	..	..	26,666 15 3	26,666 15 3
Earth removal	..	..	39,328 6 9	39,328 6 9
Electric cables	..	..	1,012 5 5	1,012 5 5
Shifting telegraph poles ..	..	..	483 13 0	483 13 0
Contingencies	..	..	4,866 15 0	4,866 15 0
Public convenience	..	..	6,126 7 0	6,126 7 0
Park construction	..	..	7 4 9	7 4 9
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	16,784 8 5	16,784 8 5
	..	202 0 0	25,04,812 4 4	25,05,014 4 4
Scheme No. VII—(Chittaranjan Avenue—Machuabazar Street to Beadon Street)—				
Advertisement, etc.	..	..	4,480 12 9	4,480 12 9
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	24,093 6 0	24,093 6 0
Street lighting	..	..	64,079 7 11	64,079 7 11
Conservancy	..	..	14,696 7 0	14,696 7 0
Street watering	..	..	2,738 2 4	2,738 2 4
Cost of survey	..	..	1,224 13 1	1,224 13 1
Telephone	..	..	545 0 0	545 0 0
Maintenance	..	..	5,812 13 6	5,812 13 6
Cost of acquiring land	..	220 0 0	41,88,875 0 7	41,89,095 0 7
Engineering works ..	60,000	..	..	..
Carried over ..	60,000	220 0 0	43,06,545 15 2	43,06,765 15 2
Carried over ..	65,103	45,669 6 4	2,29,57,449 9 4	2,30,03,118 15 8

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued.*

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.			Actuals to 31st March 1931.			Actuals to 31st March 1932.		
	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brought forward ..	65,103	45,669	6	4	2,29,57,449	9	4	2,30,03,118	15	8
Scheme No. VII—(Chittaranjan Avenue—Machuabazar Street to Beadon Street)—*concld.*										
Brought forward ..	60,000	220	0	0	43,06,545	15	2	43,06,765	15	2
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	22,296	8	3	7,33,427	2	6	7,55,723	10	9
Water-supply	..	..			3,90,820	4	2	3,90,820	4	2
Earth removal	..	..			8,387	11	0	8,387	11	0
Shifting electric cables, etc. ..	..	..			4,862	9	6	4,862	9	6
Sanitary conveniences	..	..			11,775	11	6	11,775	11	6
Contingencies	..	..			11,938	1	3	11,938	1	3
Tree planting	..	..			712	0	0	712	0	0
Park construction	..	..			2,550	14	0	2,550	14	0
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..			43,587	0	5	43,587	0	5
Miscellaneous	..	..			131	8	0	131	8	0
	60,000	22,516	8	3	55,14,744	13	6	55,37,261	5	9
Scheme No. VIIA—(Chittaranjan Avenue—Halliday Street Widening)—										
Advertisement, etc.	..	..			1,059	15	6	1,059	15	6
Auctioneer's fees	..	..			7,386	12	0	7,386	12	0
Street lighting	..	..			4,389	1	0	4,389	1	0
Street watering	..	..			1,454	2	2	1,454	2	2
Conservancy	..	..			3,474	10	7	3,474	10	7
Maintenance	..	..			6	1	6	6	1	6
Cost of survey	..	..			81	9	6	81	9	6
Telephone	..	..			225	0	0	225	0	0
Cost of acquiring land	..	32	0	0	16,98,508	15	11	16,98,540	15	11
Engineering works	..	..			..			..		
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..			1,16,623	10	7	1,16,623	10	7
Water-supply	..	..			53,123	1	8	53,123	1	8
Tree planting	..	..			206	4	0	206	4	0
Taking up and relaying existing electric supply cables	..	..			1,691	10	7	1,691	10	7
Alteration to reservoir (Halliday Street)	..	..			3,709	15	9	3,709	15	9
Taking up and removing sewered ditches	..	..			335	13	9	335	13	9
Contingencies	..	..			2,871	11	2	2,871	11	2
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..			14,660	12	6	14,660	12	6
	..	32	0	0	19,09,809	4	2	19,09,841	4	2
Scheme No. VIIB (Chittaranjan Avenue—Colootola to Bowbazar Street)—										
Advertisement, etc.	..	..			1,545	10	1	1,545	10	1
Auctioneer's fees	..	..			12,368	9	7	12,368	9	7
Street lighting	..	39	3	2	5,056	9	2	5,095	12	4
Street watering	..	..			1,430	9	2	1,430	9	2
Conservancy	..	..			3,917	3	5	3,917	3	5
Cost of survey	..	..			266	6	2	266	6	2
Telephone	..	..			239	12	0	239	12	0
Maintenance	..	..			40	5	6	40	5	6
Cost of acquiring land	..	150	4	0	22,34,578	2	6	22,34,728	6	6
Engineering works	..	..			..			..		
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..			1,48,577	9	0	1,48,577	9	0
Water-supply	..	..			43,806	9	7	43,806	9	7
Tree planting	..	..			320	0	0	320	0	0
Removal of surplus earth ..	..	..			4,632	14	3	4,632	14	3
Relaying electric cables ..	..	..			2,394	6	3	2,394	6	3
Contingencies	..	..			3,288	4	11	3,288	4	11
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	114	0	6	20,277	5	11	20,391	6	5
Miscellaneous	..	..			1	11	1	1	11	1
	..	303	7	8	24,82,742	0	7	24,83,045	8	3
Scheme No. VIIC—(Chittaranjan Avenue—Maniktala Spur)—										
Advertisement, etc.	200	105	4	5	3,013	4	9	3,118	9	2
Auctioneer's fees	500	321	1	10	11,503	11	9	11,824	13	7
Conservancy	..	...			25,609	14	5	25,609	14	5
Carried over ..	700	426	6	3	40,126	14	11	40,553	5	2
Carried over ..	1,25,103	68,521	6	3	3,28,64,745	11	7	3,29,33,267	1	10

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued.*

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.			Actuals to 31st March 1931.			Actuals to 31st March 1932.		
	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brought forward ..	1,25,103	68,521	6	3	3,28,64,745	11	7	3,29,33,267	1	10
Scheme No. VIIC—(Chittaranjan Avenue—Maniktala Spur)—*concld.*										
Brought forward ..	700	426	6	3	40,126	14	11	40,553	5	2
Maintenance	..	..			748	2	6	748	2	6
Street lighting	..	5,829	5	6	30,491	0	9	36,320	6	3
Street watering	..	..			2,121	13	0	2,121	13	0
Cost of survey	..	12	0	0	910	13	2	922	13	2
Cost of acquiring land	..	437	10	0	50,56,887	10	10	50,57,325	4	10
Telephone	..	..			632	8	8	632	8	8
Engineering works	20,000	..			..			..		
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	8,281	15	9	4,41,034	2	3	4,49,316	2	0
Water-supply	.	5	4	3	74,726	4	0	71,731	8	3
Contingencies	..	..			24,292	1	3	24,202	1	3
Taking up and relaying electric cables	..	..			2,289	14	6	2,289	14	6
Miscellaneous	..	448	4	2	2,078	7	7	2,526	11	9
Earth removal	..	..			14,969	7	6	14,969	7	6
Public convenience	..	..			18,431	0	0	18,431	9	0
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..			25,144	4	0	25,144	4	0
Park construction	..	..			8,103	12	6	8,103	12	6
Tank-filling and land raising ..	..	..			291	0	0	291	0	0
Telephone cables	..	..			549	0	0	549	0	0
Tree planting	..	..			98	10	2	98	10	2
	20,700	15,440	13	11	57,43,927	8	7	57,59,368	6	6
Scheme No. VIID—(Chittaranjan Avenue—Bowbazar Street to Prinsep Street)—										
Advertisement, etc.	200	99	3	8	2,690	15	7	2,790	3	3
Auctioneer's fees	500	63	11	2	9,415	6	7	9,479	1	9
Conservancy	..	..			7,784	13	9	7,784	13	9
Street lighting	..	2,090	3	7	25,559	2	7	27,649	6	2
Street watering	..	..			3,377	1	5	3,377	1	5
Telephone	..	..			1,718	11	2	1,718	11	2
Cost of survey	..	36	8	9	934	5	7	970	14	4
Cost of acquiring land	..	168	0	0	35,24,804	7	6	35,24,972	7	6
Engineering works	5,000	..			..			..		
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	217	2	0	3,60,391	10	8	3,60,608	12	8
Earth removal	..	..			28,070	12	3	28,070	12	3
Contingencies	..	4	5	3	10,032	12	0	10,037	1	3
Taking up and relaying electric cables	..	.			7,317	3	3	7,317	3	3
Water-supply	..	101	3	11	57,443	12	5	57,545	0	4
Miscellaneous	..	..			1,122	3	10	1,122	3	10
Tree planting	..	89	3	0	58	14	4	148	1	4
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	244	5	3	14,900	0	0	15,144	5	3
Laying out of open space	..	..			2,128	4	3	2,128	4	3
Tank-filling	..	..			243	6	0	243	6	0
	5,700	3,113	14	7	40,57,993	15	2	40,61,107	13	9
Scheme No. VIIE—(Chittaranjan Avenue—Prinsep Street to Chowringhee)—										
Street lighting	..	2,556	5	1	30,715	13	10	33,272	2	11
Street watering	..	..			5,212	15	0	5,212	15	0
Advertisement, etc.	200	93	11	7	3,228	2	6	3,321	14	1
Maintenance	...	..			143	7	0	143	7	0
Conservancy	..	56	4	0	12,580	13	11	12,637	1	11
Cost of survey	..	94	14	0	1,240	10	3	1,335	8	3
Auctioneer's fees .. .	2,500	174	14	9	32,446	0	1	32,620	14	10
Cost of acquiring land	..	514	2	9	1,55,66,827	13	6	1,55,67,341	15	9
Telephone	..	176	0	4	320	14	2	496	14	6
Engineering works	10,00[illegible]	..			..			..		
Miscellaneous	..	14	14	10	914	5	9	929	4	7
Earth removal	..	..			50,768	13	0	50,768	13	0
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	721	4	8	3,95,386	1	3	3,96,107	5	11
Water-supply	..	0	13	0	81,188	3	1	81,189	0	1
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	178	13	1	13,608	10	2	13,787	7	3
Taking up and relaying telephone lines	..	..			4,639	7	5	4,639	7	5
Taking up and relaying electric cables	..	..			4,436	12	9	4,436	12	9
Contingencies	..	..			19,824	0	3	19,824	9	3
Carried over ..	12,700	4,582	2	1	1,62,23,483	8	5	1,62,28,065	10	6
Carried over ..	1,51,503	87,076	2	9	4,26,66,667	3	4	4,27,53,743	6	1

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued.*

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.			Actuals to 31st March 1931.			Actuals to 31st March 1932.		
	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brought forward ..	1,51,503	87,076	2	9	4,26,66,667	3	4	4,27,53,743	6	1
Scheme No. VIIE—(Chittaranjan Avenue—Prinsep Street to Chowringhee)—*concld.*										
Brought forward ..	12,700	4,582	2	1	1,62,23,483	8	5	1,62,28,065	10	6
Tramway	..	..			49,140	5	8	49,140	5	8
Tree planting	..	98	10	9	59	0	4	157	11	1
Park construction	..	..			7,441	1	6	7,441	1	6
Petty work, etc.	..	..			82	3	2	82	3	2
Tank filling, etc.	..	40	0	0	717	4	0	757	4	0
	12,700	4,720	12	10	1,62,80,923	7	1	1,62,85,644	3	11
Scheme No. VIIF—(Chittaranjan Avenue to Upper Chitpore Road)—										
Street lighting	..	3,815	8	2	2,367	0	10	6,182	9	0
Preliminary expenses	500	93	11	7	3,123	15	6	3,217	11	1
Cost of survey	..	34	12	0	524	8	7	559	4	7
Cost of acquiring land	..	188	6	3	25,61,283	3	0	25,61,471	9	3
Telephone	..	..			348	12	5	348	12	5
Conservancy	..	3,194	1	0	4,893	7	0	8,087	8	0
Auctioneer's fees	1,800	110	5	8	2,292	14	9	2,403	4	5
Engineering works	15,000	..			..			..		
Road construction, etc.	..	4,109	0	4	1,85,126	0	9	1,89,235	1	1
Waterworks	..	408	14	4	23,684	15	9	24,093	14	1
Taking up and relaying electric supply cables	..	..			328	0	6	328	0	6
Taking up and relaying telephone lines	..	..			813	1	9	813	1	9
Contingencies	..	..			7,050	15	8	7,050	15	8
Earth removal	..	1,047	9	3	35,958	3	10	37,005	13	1
Miscellaneous	..	372	1	2	1,283	10	2	1,655	11	4
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	5,809	8	3	1,597	5	2	7,406	13	5
Park construction	..	..			305	7	9	305	7	9
Tramway	..	..			409	4	4	409	4	4
	17,300	19,183	14	0	28,31,390	15	9	28,50,574	13	9
Scheme No. VIIG—(Jagannath Ghat Road from Chitpore to Strand Road)—										
Maintenance	..	14	4	0	..			14	4	0
Street lighting	..	2,784	4	9	721	1	4	3,505	6	1
Conservancy	..	2,911	4	0	2,561	8	0	5,472	12	0
Telephone	..	289	8	4	274	14	5	564	6	9
Preliminary expenses	300	39	8	2	1,154	8	0	1,194	0	2
Cost of survey	..	104	11	0	864	5	4	969	0	4
Cost of acquiring land	75,000	11,780	8	11	46,22,625	9	7	46,34,406	2	6
Auctioneer's fees	1,000	1,520	6	11	6,663	15	0	8,184	6	8
Stores	12,000	..			..			..		
Engineering works	1,38,000	..			..			..		
Road construction, etc.	..	90,306	4	5	1,38,152	9	2	2,28,458	13	7
Earth removal	..	2,226	14	9	1,956	6	8	4,183	5	5
Contingencies	..	..			4,655	15	7	4,655	15	7
Waterworks	..	9,820	1	7	18,350	0	7	28,170	2	2
Electric cables	..	1,471	11	4	1,036	9	10	2,508	5	2
Miscellaneous	..	1,660	6	9	315	10	8	1,976	1	5
Lighting Gas and electric ..	..	5,682	12	1	592	10	9	6,275	6	10
Sewer construction	..	28,614	5	0	*Cr.* 18,815	6	9	9,798	14	3
Petty works, etc.	..	20	0	0	31	14	4	52	6	4
Tree planting	..	20	8	0	..			20	8	0
Taking up and relaying telephone cables	..	991	10	8	..			991	10	8
	2,26,300	1,60,259	2	8	47,81,142	5	3	49,41,401	7	11
Scheme No. VIIH—(Chittaranjan Avenue—Grey Street to Shambazar Street.)—										
Advertisement, etc.	100	..			689	11	6	689	11	6
Auctioneer's fees	500	3,301	5	3	972	9	6	4,273	14	9
Cost of survey	..	11	4	0	..			11	4	0
Telephone	..	47	0	0	..			47	0	0
Cost of acquiring land	16,00,000	27,43,323	14	10	14,04,234	15	7	41,47,558	14	5
Stores	2,000	..			..			..		
Engineering works ..	73,000	..			..			..		
Road construction, etc.	..	4,686	9	0	..			4,686	9	0
Water-supply	..	3,286	12	0	..			3,286	12	0
Miscellaneous	..	1	12	9	..			1	12	9
Earth removal	..	395	6	0	..			395	6	0
	16,75,600	27,55,053	15	10	14,05,897	4	7	41,60,951	4	5
Carried over	20,83,403	30,26,294	0	1	6,79,66,021	4	0	7,09,92,315	4	1

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued.*

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.			Actuals to 31st March 1931.			Actuals to 31st March 1932.		
	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brought forward ..	20,83,403	30,26,294	0	1	6,79,66,021	4	0	7,09,92,315	4	1
Scheme No. VIIJ—(Chittaranjan Avenue—Beadon Street to Grey Street)—										
Advertisement, etc.	100	..			517	15	4	517	15	4
Auctioneer's fees	500	1,209	1	9	..			1,209	1	9
Conservancy	..	290	0	0	..			290	0	0
Cost of acquiring land	25,00,000	20,58,750	7	5	..			20,58,750	7	5
Engineering works	5,000	..			..			..		
	25,05,600	20,60,249	9	2	517	15	4	20,60,767	8	6
Scheme No. VIII—(Park Street Extension)—										
Advertisement, etc.	100	93	11	7	4,384	10	8	4,478	6	3
Auctioneer's fees	250	..			13,036	13	6	13,036	13	6
Conservancy	..	..			16,381	7	5	16,381	7	5
Street watering	..	..			4,048	5	7	4,048	5	7
Street lighting	..	533	0	3	30,609	2	2	31,142	2	5
Telephone	..	..			1,091	7	3	1,091	7	3
Cost of survey	..	40	0	0	2,115	1	9	2,155	1	9
Cost of acquiring land	..	31,776	5	6	27,89,857	3	3	28,21,633	8	9
Maintenance	..	1,181	2	0	6,975	1	6	8,156	3	6
Stores	3,000	..			..			..		
Engineering works	17,000	..			..			..		
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	29,073	8	7	8,77,132	2	7	9,06,205	11	2
Lighting Gas and electric ..	..	72	6	1	26,025	15	1	26,098	5	2
Conservancy	..	..			0	8	0	0	8	0
Waterworks	..	577	3	11	2,83,491	14	8	2,84,069	2	7
Taking up and relaying electric cables	..	..			3,613	9	2	3,613	9	2
Tank-filling	..	..			1,98,305	15	10	1,98,305	15	10
Miscellaneous	..	424	6	9	2,111	8	10	2,535	15	7
Shifting telegraph poles	..	..			89	4	9	89	4	9
Carriage of materials	..	..			2	0	0	2	0	0
Contingencies	..	243	8	0	54,264	5	6	54,507	13	6
Tree planting	..	315	13	10	830	3	8	1,146	1	6
Public convenience	..	..			4,312	6	0	4,312	6	0
Laying out of park	..	15,706	13	6	75,470	0	3	91,176	13	9
Earth removal	..	310	1	0	284	10	0	594	11	0
	20,350	80,348	1	0	43,94,433	13	5	44,74,781	14	5
Scheme No. VIIIA—(Outer Park Street)—										
Advertisement, etc.	100	93	11	7	3,596	11	1	3,690	6	8
Auctioneer's fees	250	146	7	1	5,117	10	6	4,264	1	7
Street lighting	..	502	5	3	23,543	9	10	24,045	15	1
Street watering	..	..			122	12	8	122	12	8
Cost of survey	..	*Cr.* 25	0	0	1,260	12	6	1,235	12	6
Maintenance	..	..			504	0	6	504	0	6
Conservancy	..	..			8,690	12	4	8,690	12	4
Telephone	..	..			916	8	9	916	8	9
Cost of acquiring land	..	280	8	0	16,96,232	14	7	16,96,513	6	7
Engineering works	5,000	..			..			..		
Tank-filling	..	36	8	0	29,773	13	9	29,810	5	9
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	5,783	7	0	4,75,977	7	2	4,81,760	14	2
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..			19,605	7	9	19,605	7	9
Taking up and relaying electric cables	..	..			4,252	4	1	4,252	4	1
Public convenience	..	..			1,891	8	0	1,891	8	0
Contingencies	..	..			10,328	1	0	10,328	1	0
Water-supply	..	..			34,299	5	8	34,299	5	8
Tree planting	..	..			128	8	3	128	8	3
Miscellaneous	..	..			677	12	5	677	12	5
Park construction	..	389	5	9	..			389	5	9
Asphalt paving	..	2,046	0	0	..			2,046	0	0
	5,350	9,253	4	8	23,16,920	0	10	23,26,173	5	6
Scheme No. VIIIB—(Gorachand Area)—										
Preliminary expenses	..	..			380	14	0	380	14	0
Cost of survey	..	..			4	3	11	4	3	11
	..	..			385	1	11	385	1	11
Carried over ..	46,14,703	51,76,144	14	11	7,46,78,278	3	6	7,98,54,423	2	5

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued.*

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.	Actuals to 31st March 1931.	Actuals to 31st March 1932.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ..	46,14,703	51,76,144 14 11	7,46,78,278 3 6	7,98,54,423 2 5
Scheme No. VIIIC—(New Park Street to Ballygunge Main Road)—				
Cost of survey	..	247 4 8	1,471 8 1	1,718 12 9
Preliminary expenses	100	93 11 7	752 14 10	846 10 5
Auctioneer's fees	1,000	815 10 5	2,684 3 6	3,499 13 11
Cost of acquiring land	..	79 0 0	23,98,486 10 7	23,98,565 10 7
Street lighting	..	5,876 9 4	4,450 12 7	10,327 5 11
Telephone	..	197 2 11	519 2 8	716 5 7
Street watering	..	150 5 0	1,957 4 8	2,107 9 8
Conservancy	..	3,478 0 0	7,074 10 10	10,552 10 10
Maintenance	..	3,104 13 0	1,888 2 0	4,992 15 0
Engineering works	25,000	...	..	..
Road construction, etc.	..	11,096 1 7	3,11,475 12 7	3,22,571 14 2
Water-supply	..	1,075 1 7	56,834 1 1	57,909 2 8
Tank-filling and land raising ..	..	..	74,192 7 0	74,192 7 0
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	10,709 11 3	3,588 5 1	14,298 0 4
Miscellaneous	..	268 12 3	1,794 11 2	2,063 7 5
Contingencies	..	26 0 0	13,915 9 11	13,941 9 11
Taking up and relaying telegraph poles	..	..	14 0 0	14 0 0
Taking up and relaying electric poles	..	..	3,259 13 7	3,259 13 7
Tree planting	..	884 1 8	1,081 1 3	1,965 2 11
Miscellaneous and petty items ..	..	..	557 11 7	557 11 7
Earth removal	..	1,444 1 6	633 8 9	2,077 10 3
	26,100	39,546 6 9	28,86,632 7 9	29,26,178 14 6
Scheme No. IX—(Old Post Office Street Widening)—				
Advertisement, etc.	..	..	183 12 0	183 12 0
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	2,065 7 3	2,065 7 3
Street lighting	..	..	32 0 2	32 0 2
Cost of survey	..	..	3 13 8	3 13 8
Cost of acquiring land	..	*Cr.* 9 8 0	2,60,649 3 1	2,60,639 11 1
Engineering works—				
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..	2,570 15 1	2,570 15 1
Contingencies	..	..	4 7 8	4 7 8
	..	*Cr.* 9 8 0	2,65,509 10 11	2,65,500 2 11
Scheme No. X—(Ripon Street Triangle)—				
Advertisement, etc.	..	..	186 4 6	186 4 6
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	36 0 0	36 0 0
Street lighting	..	..	204 13 4	204 13 4
Cost of survey	..	..	4 7 6	4 7 6
Cost of acquiring land	..	30 0 0	47,229 5 6	47,259 5 6
Engineering works—				
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..	11,016 14 7	11,016 14 7
Waterworks	..	..	2,386 9 10	2,386 9 10
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	121 3 6	121 3 6
Tramway	..	..	73 9 6	73 9 6
Contingencies	..	..	1 3 0	1 3 0
Tree planting	..	..	24 0 0	24 0 0
	..	30 0 0	61,284 7 3	61,314 7 3
Scheme No. XI—(St. James' Square)—				
Advertisement, etc.	..	90 0 11	1,235 0 8	1,325 1 7
Cost of survey	..	3 10 8	*Cr.* 3 10 8	..
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	1,554 8 6	1,554 8 6
Conservancy	..	..	3,016 3 4	3,016 3 4
Street watering	..	..	54 4 11	54 4 11
Street lighting	..	..	2,599 3 8	2,599 3 8
Cost of acquiring land	..	32 0 0	5,77,201 14 7	5,77,233 14 7
Maintenance	..	..	103 14 0	103 14 0
Adjustment of advances to Corporation	79	..	..	..
Carried over ..	79	125 11 7	5,85,761 7 0	5,85,887 2 7
Carried over ..	46,40,803	52,15,711 13 8	7,78,91,704 13 5	8,31,07,416 11 1

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued.*

Expenditure	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.	Actuals to 31st March 1931.	Actuals to 31st March 1932.
	Rs	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ..	46,40,803	52,15,711 13 8	7,78,91,704 13 5	8,31,07,416 11 1
Scheme No. XI—(St. James' Square)—*concld.*				
Brought forward ..	79	125 11 7	5,85,761 7 0	5,85,887 2 7
Engineering works—				
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..	67,395 8 4	67,395 8 4
Miscellaneous	..	..	2,193 5 1	2,193 5 1
Contingencies	..	..	5,044 5 0	5,044 5 0
Waterworks	..	..	7,717 13 6	7,717 13 6
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	2,009 8 9	2,009 8 9
Tree planting	..	..	124 0 0	124 0 0
Tank-filling	..	..	48 0 0	48 0 0
Park construction	..	..	1,970 12 0	1,970 12 0
Public convenience	..	..	477 11 9	477 11 9
Earth removal	..	162 12 0	..	162 12 0
	79	288 7 7	6,72,742 7 5	6,73,030 15 0
Scheme No. XII—(Park Street Widening)—				
Advertisement, etc.	..	..	430 8 5	430 8 5
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	33 12 10	33 12 10
Street lighting	..	..	6,665 11 10	6,665 11 10
Street watering	..	..	2,943 12 0	2,943 12 0
Conservancy	..	..	7,185 8 3	7,185 8 3
Cost of survey	..	..	146 11 5	146 11 5
Cost of acquiring land	..	..	4,28,585 5 6	4,28,585 5 6
Engineering works	..	..	..	..
Asphaltum	..	..	6 3 6	6 3 6
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..	1,73,329 5 9	1,73,329 5 9
Waterworks	..	..	31,034 5 1	31,034 5 1
Tree planting	..	..	14 0 0	14 0 0
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	17,359 15 8	17,359 15 8
Shifting and relaying electric cables and shifting electric poles ..	..	..	3,316 3 3	3,316 3 3
Contingencies	..	..	2,197 11 11	2,197 11 11
Taking up and relaying telephone poles	..	..	515 0 0	515 0 0
Miscellaneous	..	..	6 6 0	6 6 0
	..	..	6,73,770 9 5	6,73,770 9 5
Scheme No. XIIA—(Park Street Widening—from Wood Street to Loudon Street)—				
Cost of survey	..	..	116 12 0	116 12 0
Street lighting	..	363 11 8	2,070 13 10	2,434 9 6
Conservancy	..	..	1,513 2 0	1,513 2 0
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	108 9 6	108 9 6
Preliminary expenses	..	..	292 11 3	292 11 3
Cost of acquiring land	..	7,998 3 0	2,24,820 4 7	2,32,818 7 7
Street watering	..	..	416 8 0	416 8 0
Engineering works	7,500	..	..	..
Road construction	..	..	44,072 9 7	44,072 9 7
Waterworks	..	..	11,815 13 10	11,815 13 10
Lighting	..	..	2,948 1 0	2,948 1 0
Miscellaneous	..	..	386 4 3	386 4 3
Contingencies	..	..	1,254 13 3	1,254 13 3
Removing telephone cables ..	..	..	3,098 12 8	3,098 12 8
Shifting electric cables ..	..	..	304 1 0	304 1 0
Tree planting	..	..	110 8 6	110 8 6
	7,500	8,361 14 8	2,93,329 13 3	3,01,691 11 11
Scheme No. XIII—(Marcus Square Extension)—				
Advertisement, etc.	..	..	259 7 1	259 7 1
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	634 6 5	634 6 5
Street lighting	..	..	2,418 10 9	2,418 10 9
Cost of survey	..	..	21 5 4	21 5 4
Cost of acquiring land	..	..	4,38,807 12 9	4,38,807 12 9
Conservancy	..	..	13 2 0	13 2 0
Carried over ..			4,42,154 12 4	4,42,154 12 4
Carried over ..	46,48,382	52,24,362 3 11	7,95,31,547 11 6	8,47,55,909 15 5

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued*

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.	Actuals to 31st March 1931.	Actuals to 31st March 1932.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ..	46,48,382	52,24,362 3 11	7,95,31,547 11 6	8,47,55,909 15 5
Scheme No. XIII—(Marcus Square Extension)—*concld.*				
Brought forward ..	..	..	4,42,154 12 4	4,42,154 12 4
Engineering works	..	..	..	..
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..	61,037 0 10	61,037 0 10
Waterworks	..	..	9,279 11 11	9,279 11 11
Lighting	..	..	1,845 9 10	1,845 9 10
Contingencies	..	..	1,297 2 1	1,297 2 1
Layout of park	..	..	5,888 3 6	5,888 3 6
Tree planting	..	..	8 0 3	8 0 3
	..	..	5,21,510 8 9	5,21,510 8 9
Scheme No. XIV—(Shambazar Park)—				
Advertisement, etc.	..	..	193 10 0	193 10 0
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	1,672 12 11	1,672 12 11
Conservancy	..	..	4,719 2 9	4,719 2 9
Street lighting	..	..	2,970 12 11	2,970 12 11
Cost of survey	..	..	153 15 1	153 15 1
Cost of acquiring land	..	..	10,70,793 3 3	10,70,793 3 3
Maintenance	..	..	610 8 9	610 8 9
Engineering works	..	..	..	..
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..	72,595 11 4	72,595 11 4
Waterworks	..	..	13,894 15 0	13,894 15 0
Tree planting	..	..	1,404 9 8	1,404 9 8
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	8,879 6 2	8,879 6 2
Earth removal	..	..	429 9 3	429 9 3
Park construction	..	..	46,482 1 8	46,482 1 8
Tank-filling	..	..	31,691 3 0	31,691 3 0
Contingencies	..	..	11,027 6 1	11,027 6 1
Miscellaneous	..	..	17,157 6 0	17,157 6 0
Malis' shed	..	..	39 3 0	39 3 0
	..	..	12,84,715 8 10	12,84,715 8 10
Scheme No. XIVA—				
Preliminary expenses ..	..	..	259 14 0	259 14 0
Scheme No. XVA—(Tolly's Nullah to Russa Road)—				
Maintenance	..	..	15 7 9	15 7 9
Preliminary expenses ..	100	93 11 7	1,243 1 2	1,336 12 9
Auctioneer's fees	250	192 10 2	1,223 6 10	1,416 1 0
Street lighting	..	3,292 6 1	2,933 0 6	6,225 6 7
Street watering	..	..	621 12 0	621 12 0
Conservancy	..	..	5,373 7 0	5,373 7 0
Adjustment of advances to Corporation	21,352	..	..	..
Cost of survey	..	15 15 3	1,030 4 1	1,046 3 4
Cost of acquiring land	..	20 0 0	7,34,682 2 4	7,34,702 2 4
Engineering works	2,000	..	..	..
Miscellaneous	..	8 3 0	925 7 10	933 10 10
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	1,176 7 9	2,59,269 14 2	2,60,446 5 11
Park construction	..	..	15,077 12 9	15,077 12 9
Tank-filling and land raising ..	..	..	21,925 14 9	21,925 14 9
Contingencies	..	6 0 0	8,015 1 9	8,021 1 9
Water-supply	..	805 0 0	33,138 2 8	33,943 2 8
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	5,743 9 8	2,591 4 11	8,334 14 7
Tree planting	..	..	26 9 6	26 9 6
Earth removal	..	..	18 11 3	18 11 3
	23,702	11,353 15 6	10,88,111 9 3	10,99,465 8 9
Scheme No. XVB—(Rashbehari Avenue)—				
Street watering	..	1,251 14 0	8,730 8 0	9,982 6 0
Advertisement, etc.	200	93 11 7	2,285 5 7	2,379 1 2
Auctioneer's fees	1,000	503 11 3	14,195 6 10	14,699 2 1
Cost of survey	..	103 9 9	4,847 3 7	4,950 13 4
Carried over ..	1,200	1,952 14 7	30,058 8 0	32,011 6 7
Carried over ..	46,72,084	52,35,716 3 5	8,24,26,145 4 4	8,76,61,861 7 9

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued*.

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.	Actuals to 31st March 1931.	Actuals to 31st March 1932.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ..	46,72,084	52,35,716 3 5	8,24,26,145 4 4	8,76,61,861 7 9
Scheme No, XVB—(Rashbehari Avenue)—*concld.*				
Brought forward ..	1,200	1,952 14 7	30,058 8 0	32,011 6 7
Cost of acquiring land	..	10,570 15 3	42,43,313 11 10	42,53,884 11 1
Street lighting	..	22,981 5 4	18,234 10 1	41,215 15 5
Maintenance	..	1,667 6 9	3,279 13 0	4,947 3 9
Conservancy	..	1,680 12 0	18,869 9 0	20,550 5 0
Telephone	..	210 10 10	1,401 4 8	1,611 15 6
Adjustment of advances to Corporation	23,678	..	..	..
Engineering works	15,000	..	..	..
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	12,444 10 9	11,68,358 12 9	11,80,803 7 6
Earth removal	..	767 4 9	1,503 9 6	2,270 14 3
Contingencies	..	60 0 0	28,518 12 8	28,578 12 8
Water-supply	..	1,897 2 11	3,46,635 0 8	3,48,532 3 7
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	55,456 13 2	5,898 2 11	61,355 0 1
Tank-filling and land raising ..	..	134 3 3	3,81,164 8 9	3,81,298 12 0
Miscellaneous	..	354 9 0	8,094 11 0	8,449 4 0
Park construction	..	480 11 6	60,920 15 9	61,401 11 3
Shifting electric poles	..	..	94 9 3	94 9 3
Tree planting	..	2,390 6 5	1,961 15 6	4,352 5 11
	39,878	1,13,049 14 6	63,18,308 11 4	64,31,358 9 10
Scheme No. XVC—(Gariahat Road to Ballygunge Station)—				
Preliminary expenses	100	39 8 2	529 12 8	569 4 10
Auctioneer's fees	250	74 2 10	2,205 15 9	2,280 2 7
Street lighting	..	..	7,818 15 8	7,818 15 8
Cost of survey	..	1 2 8	1,179 10 5	1,180 13 1
Telephone	..	..	35 0 0	35 0 0
Cost of acquiring land	..	6,089 8 0	11,39,619 11 2	11,45,709 3 2
Street watering	..	..	450 6 0	450 6 0
Conservancy	..	..	4,552 14 3	4,552 14 3
Maintenance	..	1,452 0 0	1,493 6 3	2,945 6 3
Adjustment of advances to Corporation	21,436	..	..	..
Engineering works	500	..	..	..
Contingencies	..	24 0 0	9,191 3 6	9,215 3 6
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	218 9 6	3,97,002 5 4	3,97,220 14 10
Water supply	..	..	18,001 1 8	18,001 1 8
Tank-filling and land raising ..	..	..	91,916 2 3	91,916 2 3
Shifting electric cables ..	..	..	1,614 11 4	1,614 11 4
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	6,386 9 2	3,771 15 9	10,158 8 11
Tramway	..	..	305 13 9	305 13 9
Miscellaneous	..	..	494 5 3	494 5 3
Tree planting	..	..	4 0 0	4 0 0
	22,286	14,285 8 4	16,80,187 7 0	16,94,472 15 4
Scheme No. XVD—(Lansdowne Road Extension)—				
Street lighting	..	8 5 8	..	8 5 8
Cost of survey	..	235 15 3	3 11 6	239 10 9
Conservancy	..	63 12 0	..	63 12 0
Auctioneer's fees	..	290 15 9	..	290 15 9
Advertisement	100	..	475 0 5	475 0 5
Cost of acquiring land	3,00,000	3,88,677 3 3	2,68,945 5 10	6,57,622 9 1
Engineering works	45,000	..	..	..
Tank-filling	..	4,780 0 9	2,890 7 0	7,670 7 9
Road construction, etc. ..	..	14,953 15 4	116 4 0	15,070 3 4
Earth removal	..	2,278 2 0	1,561 11 9	3,839 13 9
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	426 2 0	..	426 2 0
Store	5,000	..	..	..
Water-supply	..	5,230 1 0	..	5,230 1 0
Miscellaneous	..	36 3 7	..	36 3 7
	3,50,100	4,16,980 12 7	2,73,992 8 6	6,90,973 5 1
Scheme No. XVI—(Diamond Harbour Road Widening)—				
Preliminary expenses	200	89 15 7	2,340 14 10	2,430 14 5
Auctioneer's fees	250	53 0 3	3,805 9 9	3,858 10 0
Street lighting	..	2,058 14 7	14,545 13 4	16,604 11 11
Cost of survey	..	84 4 3	1,826 1 3	1,910 5 6
Street watering	..	32 8 0	4,311 15 3	4,344 7 3
Carried over ..	450	2,318 10 8	26,839 6 5	29,158 1 1
Carried over ..	50,84,348	57,80,032 6 10	9,06,98,633 15 2	9,64,78,666 6 0

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued.*

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.	Actuals to 31st March 1931.	Actuals to 31st March 1932.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ..	50,84,348	57,80,032 6 10	9,06,98,633 15 2	9,64,78,666 6 0
Scheme No. XVI—(Diamond Harbour Road Widening)—*concld.*				
Brought forward ..	450	2,318 10 8	26 839 6 5	29,158 1 1
Cost of acquiring land	..	89 0 0	17,95,811 1 2	17,95,900 1 2
Maintenance	..	..	72 5 3	72 5 3
Conservancy	..	62 4 0	13,927 2 6	13,989 6 6
Engineering works	5,000	..	..	..
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	231 0 10	3,35,173 8 10	3,35,404 9 8
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	20,169 9 8	20,169 9 8
Shifting tramway lines ..	..	..	78,351 9 6	78,351 9 6
Contingencies	..	140 0 0	28,643 8 4	28,783 8 4
Miscellaneous	..	4 12 3	2,122 11 11	2,127 8 2
Waterworks	..	*Cr.* 55 9 9	61,751 2 4	61,695 8 7
Taking up and relaying electric cables	..	..	5,705 4 9	5,705 4 9
Public convenience	..	..	1,781 15 6	1,781 15 6
Tank-filling	..	..	818 15 6	818 15 6
Taking up and relaying telephone poles	..	..	2,655 13 9	2,655 13 9
Carriage of material	..	..	34 0 0	34 0 0
Tree planting	..	..	9 9 3	9 9 3
Park construction	..	..	2,758 3 9	2,758 3 9
Earth removal	..	..	298 11 0	298 11 0
	5,450	2,790 2 0	23,76,924 11 5	23,79,714 13 5
Scheme No. XVIA—(Diamond Harbour Road Widening)—				
Maintenance	..	686 4 0	240 0 0	926 4 0
Street lighting	..	3,663 9 11	6,867 2 9	10,530 12 8
Street watering	..	457 8 0	1,341 14 0	1,799 6 0
Auctioneer's fees	800	200 12 10	480 0 0	680 12 10
Conservancy	..	912 8 0	2,945 0 0	3,857 8 0
Advertisement, etc.	50	86 2 0	692 12 9	778 14 9
Cost of acquiring land	25,000	37,359 7 0	5,04,441 0 1	5,41,800 7 1
Cost of survey	..	85 10 2	448 11 0	534 5 2
Engineering works	15,000	..	..	..
Tank-filling and land raising ..	..	..	6,042 14 9	6,042 14 9
Road construction, etc.	..	1,534 14 0	80,357 12 9	81,892 10 9
Removal of tram track ..	..	..	19,809 10 3	19,809 10 3
Contingencies	..	102 0 0	3,339 0 0	3,441 0 0
Miscellaneous	..	15 6 9	4,102 6 1	4,117 12 10
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	436 11 10	436 11 10
Waterworks	..	92 9 3	10,005 1 7	10,097 10 10
Taking up and relaying electric cables	..	..	3,133 0 2	3,133 0 2
Fencing	..	..	1,040 1 6	1,040 1 6
Petty works	..	..	170 12 6	170 12 6
Shifting telephone lines ..	..	..	2,579 3 0	2,579 3 0
	40,850	45,196 11 11	6,48,473 3 0	6,93,669 14 11
Scheme No. XVII—(Chatawalla Gullee)—				
Conservancy	..	..	700 0 3	700 0 3
Cost of survey	..	28 10 0	49 0 0	77 10 0
Preliminary expenses ..	50	91 10 3	1,535 5 3	1,626 15 6
Street lighting	..	..	255 7 4	255 7 4
Cost of acquiring land	..	..	5,26,872 12 1	5,26,872 12 1
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	530 3 5	530 3 5
Adjustment of advances to Corporation	3,329	..	..	..
Engineering works	..	..	..	..
Road construction, drainage, etc. ..	..	1,492 13 9	14,413 11 6	15,906 9 3
Waterworks	..	..	3,024 11 8	3,024 11 8
Restoring tram track	..	..	35 6 3	35 6 3
Contingencies	..	..	779 1 9	779 1 9
Lighting	..	..	418 8 10	418 8 10
Miscellaneous	..	2 4 0	47 5 2	49 9 2
	3,379	1,615 6 0	5,48,661 9 6	5,50,276 15 6
Scheme No. XVIIA—(Eden Hospital Road)—				
Preliminary expenses	..	..	505 10 0	505 10 0
Cost of survey	..	..	20 0 0	20 0 0
	..	..	525 10 0	525 10 0
Carried over ..	51,34,027	58,29,684 10 9	9,42,73,219 1 1	10,01,02,853 11 10

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued.*

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.	Actuals to 31st March 1931.	Actuals to 31st March 1932.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ..	51,34,027	58,29,634 10 9	9,42,73,219 1 1	10,01,02,853 11 10
Scheme No. XVIII—				
Preliminary expenses	..	..	257 15 6	257 15 6
Scheme No. XVIIIA—				
Preliminary expenses	..	..	7 0 0	7 0 0
Scheme No. XIX—(Gariahat Road Diversion)—				
Preliminary expenses	..	..	328 8 0	328 8 0
Street lighting	..	..	860 13 7	860 13 7
Cost of acquiring land	..	..	92,327 0 0	92,327 0 0
Conservancy	..	..	265 10 0	265 10 0
Cost of survey	..	..	8 0 0	8 0 0
Maintenance	..	..	204 8 0	204 8 0
Engineering works ..	..	..	..	..
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..	12,592 14 10	12,592 14 10
Waterworks	..	..	2,305 1 3	2,305 1 3
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	74 15 0	74 15 0
Contingencies	..	..	412 9 7	412 9 7
Removal of cables	..	..	499 12 10	499 12 10
Tree planting	..	..	32 0 0	32 0 0
	..	..	1,09,911 13 1	1,09,911 13 1
Scheme No. XX—(Dharamtala Street to Corporation Street)—				
Street lighting	..	292 10 3	694 10 6	987 4 9
Street watering	..	9 11 0	347 14 8	357 9 8
Preliminary expenses	50	93 11 5	774 3 9	867 15 2
Conservancy	..	61 5 4	1,797 7 8	1,858 13 0
Auctioneer's fees	250	..	1,140 4 1	1,140 4 1
Cost of acquiring land	..	124 3 6	5,18,187 4 6	5,18,311 8 0
Cost of survey	..	..	184 6 8	184 6 8
Maintenance	..	11 10 0	62 5 6	73 15 6
Engineering works	5,000	..	..	..
Waterworks	..	91 3 7	7,838 10 2	7,929 13 9
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	813 12 6	813 12 6
Taking up and relaying telephone lines	..	..	1,107 5 6	1,107 5 6
Road construction, etc. ..	..	369 6 0	34,079 4 8	34,448 10 8
Public convenience	..	..	343 5 0	343 5 0
Contingencies	..	..	2,905 10 10	2,905 10 10
Laying tram track	..	..	503 9 11	503 9 11
Taking up and relaying electric cables	..	..	653 15 4	653 15 4
Miscellaneous	..	52 7 1	120 12 0	173 3 1
Land raising, etc.	..	..	222 2 9	222 2 9
Tree planting	..	6 0 0	94 2 1	100 2 1
Earth removal	..	..	74 3 3	74 3 3
	5,300	1,112 4 2	5,71,945 7 4	5,73,057 11 6
Scheme No. XXI—(Dalhousie Square)—				
Preliminary expenses	..	..	121 7 0	121 7 0
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	4 6 6	4 6 6
Street lighting	..	..	1,404 5 2	1,404 5 2
Conservancy	..	..	580 9 7	580 9 7
Street watering	..	..	297 7 7	297 7 7
Engineering works	..	..	..	..
Contingencies	..	..	1,180 14 0	1,180 14 0
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..	36,011 13 3	36,011 13 3
Water-supply	..	..	6,385 12 4	6,385 12 4
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	776 5 2	776 5 2
Alteration to existing tram track ..	..	..	9,720 6 1	9,720 6 1
	..	..	56,483 6 8	56,483 6 8
Carried over ..	51,39,327	58,30,746 14 11	9,50,11,824 11 8	10,08,42,571 10 7

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued.*

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.	Actuals to 31st March 1931.	Actuals to 31st March 1932.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ..	51,39,327	58,30,746 14 11	9,50,11,824 11 8	10,08,42,571 10 7
Scheme No. XXII—(Nebutala Lane Widening)—				
Maintenance	..	168 10 6	62 5 6	231 0 0
Street watering	..	145 13 4	43 13 8	189 11 0
Conservancy	..	912 13 8	623 3 8	1,536 1 4
Preliminary expenses	100	..	750 10 0	750 10 0
Auctioneer's fees	250	58 0 0	455 2 0	513 2 0
Cost of survey	..	104 0 0	79 4 0	183 4 0
Cost of acquiring land	..	444 6 7	4,83,576 15 11	4,84,021 6 6
Street lighting	..	391 10 0	67 1 6	458 11 6
Stores	2,700	..	..	..
Engineering works	17,300	..	..	..
Contingencies	..	..	717 8 6	717 8 6
Road construction, etc. ..	..	16,210 4 1	36,349 15 10	52,560 3 11
Water-supply	..	2,608 3 8	6,214 11 8	8,822 15 4
Miscellaneous	..	..	13 4 11	13 4 11
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	1,183 6 11	167 0 0	1,350 6 11
Shifting electric cables ..	..	..	811 14 2	811 14 2
Shifting telephone lines ..	..	..	793 11 11	793 11 11
Petty works, etc.	..	171 0 0	61 13 11	232 13 11
Tree planting	..	..	11 7 0	11 7 0
Earth removal	..	534 14 0	242 12 6	777 10 6
	20,350	22,933 2 9	5,31,042 12 8	5,53,975 15 5
Scheme No. XXIII—(20 feet Road from Kerbala Tank Lane Re-housing Scheme to Upper Circular Road)—				
Preliminary expenses	..	..	282 1 0	282 1 0
Scheme No. XXIV—(Lindsay Street Extension)—				
Preliminary expenses	..	..	412 12 0	412 12 0
Scheme No. XXV—(Kapalitola Lane Widening)—				
Conservancy	..	..	17 8 0	17 8 0
Street lighting	..	..	172 14 5	172 14 5
Preliminary expenses	..	..	427 4 0	427 4 0
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	83 12 9	83 12 9
Cost of acquiring land	..	..	33,152 0 0	33,152 0 0
Cost of survey	..	..	10 0 0	10 0 0
Engineering works	..	..	..	..
Contingencies	..	..	184 12 6	184 12 6
Shifting electric poles, etc ..	..	..	65 3 8	65 3 8
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	271 9 10	271 9 10
Waterworks	..	..	244 5 8	244 5 8
Road construction	..	..	2,180 3 6	2,180 3 6
Miscellaneous	..	..	24 12 11	24 12 11
	..	..	36,834 7 3	36,834 7 3
Scheme No. XXVI—(Darmahata Street to Pathuriaghata Street)—				
Street lighting	..	26 13 5	..	26 13 5
Conservancy	..	597 8 0	17 8 0	615 0 0
Auctioneer's fees	100	132 11 0	1,247 10 6	1,380 5 6
Preliminary expenses	100	..	747 2 0	747 2 0
Cost of survey	..	155 12 0	76 7 1	232 3 1
Cost of acquiring land	2,00,000	2,48,887 8 5	9,63,714 9 2	12,12,602 1 7
Stores	6,000	..	..	..
Engineering works	44,000	..	..	..
Road construction	..	44,687 6 0	1 10 0	44,689 0 0
Water supply	..	6,340 6 8	..	6,340 6 8
Lighting	..	46 2 0	..	46 2 0
Petty works establishment ..	..	180 0 0	..	180 0 0
Miscellaneous, petty items ..	..	579 14 11	..	579 14 11
Contingencies	..	20 0 0	..	20 0 0
Earth removal	..	1,257 0 9	..	1,257 0 9
	2,50,200	3,02,911 3 2	9,65,804 14 9	12,68,716 1 11
Carried over ..	54,09,877	61,56,591 4 10	9,65,46,201 11 4	10,27,02,793 0 2

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—continued.

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.	Actuals to 31st March 1931.	Actuals to 31st March 1932.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ..	54,09,877	61,56,591 4 10	9,65,46,201 11 4	10,27,02,793 0 2
Scheme No. XXVII—(Burrabazar Maidapati Area)—				
Street lighting	..	671 5 8	55 11 9	727 1 5
Auctioneer's fees	1,500	1,049 15 9	1,917 6 10	2,967 6 7
Preliminary expenses	100	39 8 0	289 0 11	328 8 11
Cost of acquiring land	..	15,144 12 3	32,65,471 1 8	32,80,615 13 11
Conservancy	..	1,710 13 0	747 0 0	2,457 13 0
Cost of survey	..	171 14 0	87 12 10	259 10 10
Stores	5,000	..	..	..
Engineering works	55,000	..	..	..
Road construction, etc. ..	..	42,059 14 0	15,303 10 8	57,363 8 8
Contingencies	..	220 0 0	636 9 6	856 9 6
Water-supply	..	6,306 8 3	1,880 1 4	8,186 9 7
Miscellaneous	..	238 3 5	40 12 10	279 0 3
Lighting	..	1,941 14 0	356 13 9	2,298 11 9
Earth removal	..	3,759 15 9	2,442 4 0	6,202 3 9
Alteration in telephone lines and poles	..	126 4 4	..	126 4 4
Alteration in electric cables and poles	..	3,096 4 6	..	3,096 4 6
	61,600	76,537 4 11	32,89,228 6 1	33,65,765 11 0
Scheme No. XXVIIIA—(Strand Road Widening from Raja Woodmunt Street to Howrah Bridge Approach)—				
Street watering	..	9 11 0	..	9 11 0
Cost of survey	..	..	57 0 0	57 0 0
Maintenance	..	168 10 6	280 2 6	448 13 0
Street lighting	..	643 9 9	1,217 9 9	1,861 3 6
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	500 0 0	500 0 0
Conservancy	..	803 15 4	927 10 6	1,731 9 10
Preliminary expenses	..	..	283 12 0	283 12 0
Cost of acquiring land	..	..	5,79,638 0 0	5,79,638 0 0
Engineering works	36,000	..	..	..
Road construction, etc. ..	..	14,572 5 11	16,202 15 5	30,775 5 4
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	379 6 0	645 12 4	1,025 2 4
Alteration of electric supply cables ..	..	533 5 3	57 1 0	590 6 3
Contingencies	..	242 6 2	565 13 0	808 3 2
Petty works	..	16 15 0	1 4 0	18 3 0
Stores	4,000	..	..	..
Waterworks	..	1,797 10 11	1 1 3	1,798 12 2
Alteration to tramway	..	75 0 0	..	75 0 0
Earth removal	..	1,012 6 6	..	1,012 6 6
	40,000	20,255 6 4	6,00,378 1 9	6,20,633 8 1
Scheme No. XXIX—(Connecting Road C. C. O. S.)—				
Street watering	..	56 15 6	..	56 15 6
Street lighting	..	48 0 0	52 0 0	100 0 0
Cost of survey	..	79 2 1	528 6 2	607 8 3
Auctioneer's fees	200	184 5 10	188 4 6	372 10 4
Advertisement, etc.	100	144 5 5	407 5 9	551 11 2
Cost of land	..	71 0 0	1,71,810 13 8	1,71,881 13 8
Stores	700	..	..	..
Engineering works	14,300	..	..	..
Road construction, etc. ..	..	7,257 0 8	8,816 1 6	16,073 2 2
Tank-filling	..	..	18,311 4 5	18,311 4 5
Miscellaneous	..	16 13 6	112 3 3	129 0 9
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	286 7 0	286 7 0
Electric supply	..	..	94 13 2	94 13 2
Waterworks	..	1,514 1 4	510 14 7	2,024 15 11
Surface drain	..	876 12 3	7,882 12 0	8,759 8 3
Earth removal	..	..	311 3 0	311 3 0
	15,300	10,248 8 7	2,09,312 9 0	2,19,561 1 7
Scheme No. XXX—				
Street lighting	..	..	228 6 2	228 6 2
Street watering	..	..	24 1 5	24 1 5
	..	..	252 7 7	252 7 7
Scheme No. XXXA—				
Preliminary expenses	..	..	44 0 0	44 0 0
Carried over ..	55,26,777	62,63,632 8 8	10,06,45,417 3 9	10,69,09,049 12 5

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued.*

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.			Actuals to 31st March 1931.			Actuals to 31st March 1932.		
	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brought forward ..	55,26,777	62,63,632	8	8	10,06,45,417	3	9	10,69,09,049	12	5
Scheme No. XXXI—(Chowringhee Place—Mati Seal Street Widening)—										
Auctioneer's fees	250	..			628	0	0	628	0	0
Preliminary expenses	100	39	8	0	553	6	0	592	14	0
Cost of acquiring land	..	32	0	0	6,84,068	3	4	6,84,100	3	4
Conservancy	..	895	0	8	539	15	2	1,434	15	10
Cost of survey	..	28	7	11	61	4	0	89	11	11
Street lighting	..	360	14	11	125	7	11	486	6	10
Street watering	..	145	13	4	43	13	8	189	11	0
Maintenance	..	168	10	6	62	5	6	231	0	0
Engineering works	12,500	..			..			..		
Stores	2,500	..			..			..		
Road construction, etc. ..	..	8,213	10	10	15,482	4	5	23,695	15	3
Water-supply	..	76	9	4	3,039	9	3	3,116	2	7
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..			225	4	0	225	4	0
Shifting electric cables ..	..	..			874	14	7	874	14	7
Shifting telephone lines ..	..	..			525	2	0	525	2	0
Miscellaneous	..	132	9	7	73	7	0	206	0	7
Contingencies	..	20	0	0	589	6	3	609	6	3
Earth removal	..	228	11	3	300	15	0	529	10	3
Tank-filling, etc.	..	..			70	0	0	70	0	0
	15,350	10,342	0	4	7,07,263	6	1	7,17,605	6	5
Scheme No. XXXII—(Banstola Street Widening)—										
Preliminary expenses	..	..			262	14	0	262	14	0
Cost of acquiring land	..	52	0	0	39,210	12	0	39,262	12	0
Engineering works	5,000	..			..			..		
	5,000	52	0	0	39,473	10	0	39,525	10	0
Scheme No. XXXIII (Southern Avenue—1st Sec.)—										
Advertisement, etc.	100	..			667	8	6	667	8	6
Cost of acquiring land	5,00,000	..			..			..		
Cost of survey	..	11	6	0	..			11	6	0
	5,00,100	11	6	0	667	8	6	678	14	6
Scheme No. XXXIV (Mission Row)—										
Street lighting	..	281	5	3	..			281	5	3
Advertisement, etc.	..	..			366	12	0	366	12	0
Cost of survey	..	24	10	0	32	0	0	56	10	0
Conservancy	..	791	5	0	119	8	0	910	13	0
Street watering	..	145	13	4	18	7	0	164	4	4
Cost of land	..	34,485	0	3	..			34,485	0	3
Maintenance	..	168	10	6	33	12	0	202	6	6
Stores	4,000	..			..			..		
Engineering works	11,000	..			..			..		
Road construction, etc. ..	..	10,820	15	1	5,325	15	1	16,146	14	2
Waterworks	..	159	13	3	1,963	11	0	2,123	8	3
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	18	14	6	639	13	0	658	11	6
Miscellaneous	..	44	8	2	28	2	1	72	10	3
Shifting telephone lines, etc. ..	..	156	11	9	857	5	5	1,014	0	5
Earth removal	..	406	14	0	297	11	0	704	9	0
	15,000	47,504	8	4	9,683	0	7	57,187	8	11
Scheme No. XXXV—										
Preliminary expenses	..	386	13	5	..			386	13	5
Scheme No. XXXVII—										
Preliminary expenses	..	794	11	6	..			794	11	6
Scheme No. XXXVIII—										
Preliminary expenses	..	463	3	0	...			463	3	0
Scheme No. XXXIX—										
Preliminary expenses	..	171	4	0	...			171	4	0
Re-housing Scheme No. I—										
Maintenance	..	231	12	9	537	8	3	769	5	0
Improvement	..	..			8,705	2	6	8,705	2	6
Preliminary expenses	..	..			263	9	0	263	9	0
Conservancy	..	..			5	12	0	5	12	0
Telephone	..	..			220	0	0	220	0	0
Miscellaneous	..	..			4	0	0	4	0	0
Cost of acquiring land	..	..			72,371	4	3	72,371	4	3
Engineering works	..	..			..			..		
Waterworks	..	..			75	3	9	75	3	9
Cost of constructing buildings ..	..	..			1,71,996	14	1	1,71,996	14	1
	..	231	12	9	2,54,179	5	10	2,54,411	2	7
Carried over ..	60,62,227	63,23,590	4	0	10,16,56,684	2	9	10,79,80,274	6	9

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued.*

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.	Actuals to 31st March 1931.	Actuals to 31st March 1932.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ..	60,62,227	63,23,590 4 0	10,16,56,684 2 9	10,79,80,274 6 9
Excavation area—				
Street lighting	..	616 8 4	1,497 5 3	2,113 13 7
Maintenance	..	2,207 9 9	4,954 9 9	7,162 3 6
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	337 15 2	337 15 2
Street watering	..	95 7 0	2,057 7 0	2,152 14 0
Cost of survey	..	91 14 0	1,057 5 10	1,149 3 10
Cost of acquiring land	..	..	5,82,627 1 9	5,82,627 1 9
Conservancy	..	857 3 0	3,648 0 6	4,505 3 6
Engineering works	20,000	..	..	..
Tank-filling and land raising ..	..	17 11 9	1,24,070 11 9	1,24,088 7 6
Earth removal, etc.	..	13,153 15 6	3,53,879 12 9	3,67,033 12 3
Waterworks	..	167 10 11	7,015 4 11	7,182 15 10
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	600 12 1	92,591 12 11	93,192 9 0
Contingencies	..	199 11 6	59,805 12 5	60,005 7 11
Electric fittings	..	..	7 8 0	7 8 0
Layout of the park	..	51 11 0	13,020 11 3	13,072 6 3
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	14,562 0 9	476 5 6	15,038 6 3
Miscellaneous	..	769 6 6	9,862 14 7	10,632 5 1
Foot bridge	..	..	11,220 3 6	11,220 3 6
Tree planting	..	660 11 0	962 14 0	1,623 9 0
Temporary establishment ..	..	5,236 14 3	..	5,236 14 3
	20,000	39,289 3 4	12,69,093 12 10	13,08,383 0 2
Bow Street Re-housing—				
Maintenance	..	1,417 13 3	2,846 14 0	4,264 11 3
Advertisement, etc.	..	..	48 14 0	48 14 0
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	1,495 0 0	1,495 0 0
Street lighting	..	..	3,355 10 6	3,355 10 6
Street watering	..	..	184 2 1	184 2 1
Conservancy	..	..	5,613 15 10	5,613 15 10
Cost of survey	..	..	179 4 5	179 4 5
Cost of acquiring land	..	69 0 0	7,66,791 8 9	7,66,860 8 9
Engineering works	..	..	..	..
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	1,715 6 10	1,715 6 10
Waterworks	..	70 15 7	14,400 13 8	14,471 13 3
Earth removal	..	..	3,954 14 9	3,954 14 9
Construction of dwellings ..	..	..	5,40,215 2 3	5,40,215 2 3
Contingencies	..	..	6,109 11 11	6,109 11 11
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..	43,795 13 2	43,795 13 2
Shifting telegraph wires, etc. ..	..	..	75 0 0	75 0 0
Park construction	..	..	5,986 1 3	5,986 1 3
Electric supply	..	..	17,286 10 0	17,286 10 0
Arboriculture	..	..	112 8 0	112 8 0
Miscellaneous	..	19 10 4	310 1 6	329 11 10
	..	1,577 7 2	14,14,477 8 11	14,16,055 0 1
Re-housing at Paikpara—				
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	110 0 9	110 0 9
Advertisement, etc.	..	..	84 8 6	84 8 6
Conservancy	..	..	2,151 11 0	2,151 11 0
Maintenance	..	..	1,047 10 3	1,047 10 3
Street watering	..	..	30 7 0	30 7 0
Cost of survey	..	..	560 12 9	560 12 9
Cost of acquiring land	..	120 0 0	7,24,906 8 10	7,25,026 8 10
Engineering works	..	..	..	..
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..	68,684 8 5	68,684 8 5
Water-supply	..	..	8,895 15 4	8,895 15 4
Tank-filling	..	..	28,742 10 0	28,742 10 0
Contingencies	..	..	3,699 0 2	3,699 0 2
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	2,912 12 6	2,912 12 6
Miscellaneous	..	..	26 8 4	26 8 4
	..	120 0 0	8,41,853 1 10	8,41,973 1 10
Extension, Paikpara Re-housing—				
Compensation	..	..	301 1 0	301 1 0
Cost of land	..	..	6,804 14 6	6,804 14 6
	..	..	7,105 15 6	7,105 15 6
Carried over ..	60,82,227	63,64,576 14 6	10,51,89,214 9 10	11,15,53,791 8 4

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued.*

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.	Actuals to 31st March 1931.	Actuals to 31st March 1932.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ..	60,82,227	63,64,576 14 6	10,51,88,214 9 10	11,15,53,791 8 4
Re-housing Kerbala Tank Lane—				
Advertisement, etc.	..	..	35 3 0	35 3 0
Conservancy	..	..	1,807 11 9	1,807 11 9
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	305 4 9	305 4 9
Street lighting	..	142 5 10	1,201 7 4	1,343 13 2
Cost of acquiring land	..	..	2,47,233 3 4	2,47,233 3 4
Maintenance	..	..	285 12 0	285 12 0
Street watering	..	..	10 0 0	10 0 0
Engineering works	..	..	..	..
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..	21,216 14 11	21,216 14 11
Waterworks	..	..	7,619 2 5	7,619 2 5
Building construction	..	..	5,47,259 10 6	5,47,259 10 6
Contingencies	..	..	972 4 0	972 4 0
Lighting, Gas and electric ..	..	..	1,602 9 3	1,602 9 3
Miscellaneous	..	..	6 4 0	6 4 0
	..	142 5 10	8,29,555 7 3	8,29,697 13 1
Re-housing at Maniktala Bustee, Site No. I—				
Maintenance	..	120 0 0	..	120 0 0
Street watering	..	..	4 6 0	4 6 0
Telephone	..	13 6 8	..	13 6 8
Conservancy	..	145 0 0	2,837 8 0	2,982 8 0
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	39 3 2	39 3 2
Cost of survey	..	74 10 0	87 12 0	162 6 0
Cost of acquiring land	..	..	2,46,459 15 6	2,46,459 15 6
Engineering works	..	..	..	..
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	1 11 8	18,538 11 1	18,540 6 9
Contingencies	..	70 0 0	123 3 3	193 3 3
Tank-filling	..	..	1,100 0 0	1,100 0 0
Land raising	..	..	550 0 0	550 0 0
Park construction	..	219 12 9	4,781 8 9	5,001 5 6
Durwan's lodge	..	..	700 5 6	700 5 6
Drainage	..	..	1,139 1 6	1,139 1 6
Earth removal	..	281 9 0	288 8 6	570 1 6
Passage	..	..	189 0 0	189 0 0
Miscellaneous	..	72 12 7	29 12 0	102 8 7
	..	998 14 8	2,76,868 15 3	2,77,867 13 11
Re-housing at Maniktala Bustee, Site No. II—				
Conservancy	..	..	14 0 0	14 0 0
Cost of survey	..	..	93 0 0	93 0 0
Cost of acquiring land	..	..	2,82,273 4 5	2,82,273 4 5
Compensation	..	..	561 9 9	561 9 9
Engineering works	..	..	..	..
Contingencies	..	..	40 0 0	40 0 0
	..	..	2,82,981 14 2	2,82,981 14 2
Bridges—Hastings—				
Engineering works	..	165 8 0	..	165 8 0
Bridges—Dum-Dum—				
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	20 0 0	20 0 0
Street lighting	..	..	588 12 1	588 12 1
Conservancy	..	..	764 11 0	764 11 0
Engineering works	..	..	6,56,182 3 10	6,56,182 3 10
Cost of survey	..	..	0 8 0	0 8 0
Cost of land	..	..	13,390 7 4	13,390 7 4
	..	..	6,70,946 10 3	6,70,946 10 3
Bridges—Kidderpore—				
Engineering works	..	..	*2,36,200 0 0	*2,36,200 0 0
Bridges—Chitpore—				
Cost of survey	..	..	20 1 1	20 1 1
Engineering works	90,000	13,889 3 9	6,282 3 6	20,171 7 3
Stores	10,000	..	..	..
	1,00,000	13,889 3 9	6,302 4 7	20,191 8 4
Bridges—Maniktala—				
Preliminary expenses	..	..	0 8 0	0 8 0
Engineering works	10,000	7,679 3 7	5,77,008 8 5	5,84,687 12 0
	10,000	7,679 3 7	5,77,009 0 5	5,84,688 4 0
Carried over ..	61,92,227	63,87,462 2 4	10,80,69,078 13 9	11,44,56,531 0 1

* Trust's contribution to Government.

Capital Account—(Expenditure

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.	Actuals to 31st March 1931.	Actuals to 31st March 1932.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ..	61,92,227	63,87,452 2 4	10,80,69,078 13 9	11,44,56,531 0 1
Bridges—Alipore—				
Stores	10,000	..	..	..
Engineering works	1,90,000	1,69,503 9 11	45,909 14 5	2,15,413 8 4
Cost of survey	..	..	27 13 1	27 13 1
	2,00,000	1,69,503 9 11	45,937 11 6	2,15,441 5 5
Bridges—Beliaghata—				
Cost of survey	..	..	16 4 0	16 4 0
Engineering works	20,000	4,030 7 0	5,07,560 15 3	5,11,591 6 3
Cost of land	..	..	218 12 0	218 12 0
	20,000	4,030 7 0	5,07,795 15 3	5,11,826 6 3
Bridges—Narkeldanga—				
Cost of survey	..	..	10 14 0	10 14 0
Cost of land	..	..	1,685 0 0	1,685 0 0
Engineering works	1,90,000	89,137 14 1	4,15,365 13 10	5,04,503 11 11
Stores	10,000	..	..	..
	2,00,000	89,137 14 1	4,17,061 11 10	5,06,199 9 11
Bridges—Tollygunge—				
Engineering works	20,000	..	..	..
Widening Chowringhee Road between Elgin Road and Circular Road—				
Street lighting	..	..	445 14 10	445 14 10
Engineering works	..	..	..	..
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..	25,939 14 7	25,939 14 7
Gas lighting	..	..	2,556 4 3	2,556 4 3
Tree planting	..	..	1,492 7 2	1,492 7 2
Tramway	..	..	11,979 0 2	11,979 0 2
Contingencies	..	..	291 9 3	291 9 3
	..	..	42,705 2 3	42,705 2 3
Burrabazar Improvement Scheme No. I—(S.-W. Section)—				
Preliminary expenses	..	..	812 12 0	812 12 0
Maniktala Improvement Scheme No. I—				
Street watering	..	330 15 0	..	330 15 0
Conservancy	..	1,115 10 0	..	1,115 10 0
Street lighting	..	358 10 3	6 0 0	364 10 3
Auctioneer's fees	..	343 12 9	550 0 2	899 12 11
Telephone	..	108 0 10	..	108 0 10
Preliminary expenses	200	..	745 0 11	745 0 11
Cost of survey	..	382 13 10	43 10 4	426 8 2
Cost of acquiring land	2,00,000	1,14,919 13 8	6,49,876 10 7	7,64,796 8 3
Engineering works	88,000	..	..	..
Stores	12,000	..	..	..
Road construction, etc. ..	..	44,739 15 1	2,059 3 11	46,799 3 0
Waterworks	..	12,198 5 9	384 7 0	12,582 12 9
Miscellaneous	..	1,858 0 8	5 3 8	1,863 4 4
Contingencies	..	92 0 0	30 12 4	122 12 4
Lighting	..	2,486 11 6	..	2,486 11 6
	3,00,200	1,78,934 13 4	6,53,707 0 11	8,32,641 14 3
Maniktala Improvement Scheme No. II—				
Auctioneer's fees	..	247 0 0	..	247 0 0
Cost of survey	..	9 4 6	3 0 0	12 4 6
Preliminary expenses	300	..	516 4 0	516 4 0
Cost of acquiring land	3,00,000	6,19,482 5 10	1,610 0 0	6,21,092 5 10
Stores	..	..	..	..
Engineering works	..	..	..	..
	3,00,300	6,19,738 10 4	2,129 4 0	6,21,867 14 4
Maniktala Improvement Scheme No. III—				
Preliminary expenses	..	59 8 0	417 9 0	477 1 0
Auctioneer's fees	..	8 0 0	..	8 0 0
Cost of acquiring land	..	1,907 12 0	271 13 0	2,179 9 0
Engineering works	..	..	..	..
Shifting fire alarm	..	..	125 0 6	125 0 6
	..	1,975 4 0	814 6 6	2,789 10 6
Carried over ..	72,32,727	74,50,772 13 0	10,97,40,042 14 0	11,71,90,815 11 0

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued.*

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.	Actuals to 31st March 1931.	Actuals to 31st March 1932.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ..	72,32,727	74,50,772 13 0	10,97,40,042 14 0	11,71,90,815 11 0
Store-yard, Entally—				
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	3 4 0	3 4 0
Cost of acquiring land	..	..	81,246 15 4	81,246 15 4
Engineering works	5,000	..	..	..
Cost of erection and extension ..	..	235 0 11	23,606 5 3	23,844 6 2
	5,000	235 0 11	1,04,859 8 7	1,05,094 9 6
Store-yard in South Calcutta—				
Engineering works	..	..	5,977 1 4	5,977 1 4
Extension, Cossipore-Chitpore Open Space—				
Cost of land	..	..	11,737 14 5	11,737 14 5
Cossipore-Chitpore Open Space—				
Street watering	..	244 13 8	..	244 13 8
Street lighting	..	1,284 0 0	2,247 11 9	3,531 11 9
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	1,589 1 6	1,589 1 6
Advertisement, etc.	..	..	573 0 11	573 0 11
Cost of survey	..	22 8 4	1,103 13 7	1,126 5 11
Conservancy	..	4,078 11 0	13,083 11 0	17,162 6 0
Cost of acquiring land	..	235 14 0	49,41,508 1 2	49,41,743 15 2
Maintenance	..	64 14 3	559 9 6	624 7 9
Engineering works	30,000	..	..	..
Tank-filling	..	*Cr.* 196 10 0	3,53,812 14 11	3,53,616 4 11
Contingencies	..	484 12 9	20,226 4 5	20,711 1 2
Arboriculture	..	1,027 9 9	3,497 7 3	4,525 1 0
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	2,636 10 4	1,28,470 4 0	1,31,106 14 4
Fencing gates	..	..	30,866 1 3	30,866 1 3
Public convenience	..	..	4,567 0 3	4,567 0 3
Lighting – Gas and electric ..	..	..	923 6 6	923 6 6
Earth removal	..	1,360 11 6	959 0 3	2,319 11 9
Park construction	..	159 14 3	56,005 3 3	56,165 1 6
Miscellaneous	..	550 8 4	2,821 0 5	3,371 8 9
Waterworks	..	1,159 5 10	393 14 7	1,553 4 5
Shelter	..	..	3,235 10 6	3,235 10 6
Electric main	..	..	606 3 3	696 3 3
	30,000	13,113 12 0	55,67,139 8 3	55,80,253 4 3
Ram Kissen Das Square—				
Street lighting	..	..	325 1 9	325 1 9
Conservancy	..	..	386 0 0	386 0 0
Cost of acquiring land ..	..	..	1,30,006 6 6	1,30,006 6 6
Engineering works	..	..	..	..
Road construction, drainage and sewerage.	..	..	7,309 4 2	7,309 4 2
Waterworks	..	..	3,667 13 2	3,667 13 2
Contingencies	..	..	7 9 4	7 9 4
Park construction	..	..	14,186 0 3	14,186 0 3
Lighting Gas and electric ..	..	..	841 7 6	841 7 6
Tree planting	..	..	48 0 0	48 0 0
	..	..	1,56,777 10 8	1,56,777 10 8
Open Space—Amherst Street—				
Street lighting	..	..	44 2 0	44 2 0
Conservancy	..	..	11 4 0	11 4 0
Acquisition of alms house ..	..	..	2,88 800 0 0	2,88,800 0 0
Maintenance	..	..	439 1 0	439 1 0
Engineering works	..	..	..	..
Road construction	..	..	12,774 13 6	12,774 13 6
Miscellaneous	..	..	168 8 3	168 8 3
Park construction	..	..	13,780 10 9	13,780 10 9
Contingencies	..	..	684 8 6	684 8 6
Waterworks	..	..	947 5 0	947 5 0
Public convenience	..	..	959 12 0	959 12 0
	..	..	3,18,610 1 0	3,18,610 1 0
Carried over ..	72,67,727	74,64,121 9 11	11,59,05,144 10 3	12,33,69,266 4 2

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued.*

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.	Actuals to 31st March 1931.	Actuals to 31st March 1932.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ..	72,67,727	74,64,121 9 11	11,59,05,144 10 3	12,33,69,266 4 2
Open Space at Ratan Sarkar Garden Street—				
Conservancy	..	..	1,053 2 0	1,053 2 0
Street lighting	..	..	542 12 5	542 12 5
Cost of acquiring land	..	..	3,23,778 9 8	3,23,778 9 8
Maintenance	..	..	105 9 0	105 9 0
Engineering works	..	..	..	..
Road construction, drainage and sewerage	..	..	26,963 7 10	26,963 7 10
Lighting—Gas and electric ..	..	..	773 14 5	773 14 5
Contingencies	..	..	2,687 8 5	2,687 8 5
Waterworks	..	..	127 0 3	127 0 3
Tree planting	..	..	59 7 9	59 7 9
	..	..	3,56,091 7 9	3,56,091 7 9
Gariahat Road Sewer—				
Engineering works	..	..	..	..
Road construction drainage and sewerage	..	..	7,241 2 11	7,241 2 11
Waterworks	..	..	1,882 14 7	1,882 14 7
Contingencies	..	..	0 7 9	0 7 9
	..	..	9,124 9 3	9,124 9 3
Bhowanipore Storm Water Relief Sewer—				
Engineering works	..	..	1,41,811 9 5	1,41,811 9 5
Cost of Land Acquisition Office ..	1,01,500	1,00,093 8 1	14,80,574 11 11	15,80,668 4 0
Tools and plant	10,000	1,443 2 9	3,79,256 6 2	3,80,699 8 11
Government surveys	..	..	3,35,771 2 0	3,35,771 2 0
Cost of land from Government—Relaying tram track ..	..	..	92,000 0 0	92,000 0 0
Stores appropriated for workshop ..	100	Cr. 2,862 8 8	23,323 14 9	20,461 6 1
Tree planting	..	..	237 5 0	237 5 0
Nursery for plant	100	19 14 6	3,717 1 10	3,737 0 4
	10,200	Cr. 1,399 7 5	8,34,305 13 9	8,32,906 6 4
Set Backs in Published Alignments ..	2,50,000	..	..	..
Street Alignment No. I—				
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	11 0 0	11 0 0
Cost of land	..	..	67,984 11 4	67,984 11 4
	..	..	67,995 11 4	67,995 11 4
Street Alignment No. II—				
Improvement of land	..	..	2,600 0 0	2,600 0 0
Cost of land	..	81,552 8 9	2,63,051 11 0	3,44,604 3 9
Auctioneer's fees	..	16 12 9	70 0 0	86 12 9
Engineering works	..	..	..	..
Contingencies	..	..	26 10 0	26 10 0
	..	81,569 5 6	2,65,748 5 0	3,47,317 10 6
Street Alignment No. III—				
Kamardanga bridge	..	..	33,399 0 0	33,399 0 0
Cost of land	..	..	3,795 8 10	3,795 8 10
	..	..	37,194 8 10	37,194 8 10
Street Alignment No. V—				
Cost of land	..	48 4 11	1,10,103 11 6	1,10,152 0 5
Street Alignment No. VI—				
Cost of acquiring land	..	50,193 2 1	3,14,604 5 6	3,64,797 7 7
Auctioneer's fees	..	0 8 3	0 9 8	1 1 11
	..	50,193 10 4	3,14,604 15 2	3,64,798 9 6
Carried over ..	76,29,427	76,94,626 15 4	11,95,22,700 2 2	12,72,17,327 1 6

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*continued.*

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.	Actuals to 31st March 1931.	Actuals to 31st March 1932.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ..	76,29,427	76,94,626 15 4	11,95,22,700 2 2	12,72,17,327 1 6
Street Alignment No. VII—				
Cost of land	..	..	6,379 6 1	6,379 6 1
Street Alignment No. VIII—				
Cost of acquiring land	..	9,602 14 3	..	9,602 14 3
Auctioneer's fees	..	20 0 0	..	20 0 0
	..	9,622 14 3	..	9,622 14 3
Street Alignment No. IX—				
Cost of land	..	57,766 1 7	1,79,806 10 10	2,37,572 12 5
Street Alignment No. X—				
Cost of land	..	..	1,54,929 8 0	1,54,929 8 0
Auctioneer's Fees	..	108 0 0	..	108 0 0
	..	108 0 0	1,54,929 8 0	1,55,037 8 0
Street Alignment No. XI—				
Cost of land	..	40 0 0	1,57,287 14 7	1,57,327 14 7
Street Alignment No. XII—				
Cost of land	..	..	1,59,927 12 11	1,59,927 12 11
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	18 0 0	18 0 0
	..	..	1,59,945 12 11	1,59,945 12 11
Street Alignment No. XIII—				
Cost of land	..	1,046 0 0	1,75,968 10 10	1,77,014 10 10
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	21 0 0	21 0 0
	..	1,046 0 0	1,75,989 10 10	1,77,035 10 10
Street Alignment No. XIV—				
Cost of acquiring land	..	..	34,607 5 10	34,607 5 10
Street Alignment No. XVI—				
Cost of land	..	..	5,90,826 14 4	5,90,826 14 4
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	39 9 6	39 9 6
	..	..	5,90,866 7 10	5,90,866 7 10
Street Alignment No. XVIII—				
Cost of land	..	..	13,000 0 0	13,000 0 0
Street Alignment No. XIX				
Engineering works	..	..	369 11 6	369 11 6
Cost of acquiring land	..	25 0 0	2,800 0 0	2,825 0 0
	..	25 0 0	3,169 11 6	3,194 11 6
Street Alignment No. XX—				
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	7 0 9	7 0 9
Cost of land	..	27,689 10 10	2,12,649 8 7	2,40,339 3 5
	..	27,689 10 10	2,12,656 9 4	2,40,346 4 2
Street Alignment No. XXI—				
Cost of land	..	..	12,231 7 2	12,231 7 2
Street Alignment No. XXIII—				
Cost of land	..	..	5,000 0 0	5,000 0 0
Carried over ..	76,29,427	77,90,924 10 0	12,12,28,570 11 1	12,90,19,495 5 1

Capital Account—(Expenditure)—*concluded*.

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.	Actuals to 31st March 1931.	Actuals to 31st March 1932.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ..	76,29,427	77,90,924 10 0	12,12,28,570 11 1	12,90,19,495 5 1
Street Alignment No. XXVI—				
Cost of land	..	10,795 8 0	19,494 9 0	30,290 1 0
Street Alignment No. VII—				
Cost of acquiring land	..	31,071 12 0	16,017 5 6	47,089 1 6
Street Alignment No. XXVII—				
Cost of acquiring land	..	..	1,628 7 0	1,628 7 0
Street Alignment No. XXVIII—				
Cost of acquiring land	..	17,617 11 2	2,51,910 15 0	2,69,528 10 2
Street Alignment No. XXXIV—				
Cost of acquiring land	..	..	1,278 8 0	1,278 8 0
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	1 1 3	1 1 3
	..	..	1,279 9 3	1,279 9 3
Street Alignment No. XL—				
Cost of land	..	64 0 0	2,59,694 12 4	2,59,758 12 4
Street Alignment No. XLI—				
Cost of land	..	5,917 11 0	1,08,986 10 4	1,14,904 5 4
Street Alignment No. XLV—				
Cost of acquiring land	..	..	20,548 0 0	20,548 0 0
Auctioneer's fees	..	..	74 0 0	74 0 0
	..	..	20,622 0 0	20,622 0 0
Barrabazar Alignment No. I—				
Cost of land	..	..	29,250 0 0	29,250 0 0
Barrabazar Alignment No. II—				
Cost of land	..	..	73,743 12 0	73,743 12 0
Tribunal awards on older schemes ..	50,000	..	..	..
New schemes for sanction during the year—				
Preliminary expenses	2,000	..	..	..
For all schemes—				
Street lighting	30,000	..	..	..
Street watering	5,000	..	..	..
Conservancy	25,000	..	..	..
Maintenance	8,000	..	..	..
Telephone	1,500	..	..	..
Survey	2,500	..	..	..
	72,000	..	..	..
Works in completed schemes and alignments.	1,000	..	..	..
Grand Total ..	77,54,427	78,56,391 4 2	12,20,11,198 11 6	12,98,67,589 15 8

Revenue Account—Statement of Income and Expenditure, 1931-32.

Income.

Receipts.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.		
	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.
Opening Balance	....	4,31,19,931	10	1
A. Under section 124(*a*)—				
Interest under section 78.				
Interest on Exemption Fees.				
Scheme No. —				
I	90,000	1,176	0	0
IC		5,176	0	0
II		102	0	0
IIA		820	0	0
III		94	6	6
IV		4,952	14	0
IVA		1,691	15	0
V		11,034	8	1
VII		11,495	0	0
VIIA		3,239	8	0
VIIB		1,283	0	0
VIIC		3,148	6	0
VIIF		144	0	0
VIIG		198	0	0
VIICS		10,037	5	0
VIII		7,688	7	1
VIIIA		10,506	2	9
VIIIC		21	5	6
XI		1,660	0	0
XVA		171	9	5
XVB		196	2	4
XVC		461	12	9
	90,000	75,298	6	5
B. Under section 124(*b*)—				
(*a*) Duty on transfer of property	5,00,000	4,33,461	4	0
(*b*) Terminal tax	2,00,000	2,30,707	6	3
(*c*) Duty on jute	8,00,000	9,92,925	14	0
	15,00,000	16,57,094	8	3
C. Under section 124(*c*)				
Municipal contribution	19,72,000	19,73,734	0	10
D. Under section 124(*e*)				
Government grant	1,50,000	1,50,000	0	0
Carried over	....	38,56,126	15	6

Revenue Account—(Income)—*continued.*

Receipts.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.		
	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brought forward ..	....	38,56,126	15	6
E. Under section 124(*g*)—				
Rent Scheme No. —				
IVA	1,25,000	24	12	0
VIIC		1,624	2	0
VIID		216	3	3
VIIE		26,253	10	0
VIIF		660	11	0
VIIG		3,227	2	0
VIIH		6,197	4	3
VIIJ		150	0	0
VIII		1,430	10	0
VIIIC		1,115	1	0
XII		2	8	0
XVA		1,080	0	0
XVB		950	7	0
XVD		767	1	6
XVI		6,335	4	5
XVIA		169	0	0
XX		36	0	0
XXII		1,282	6	0
XXVI		3,067	14	0
XXVII		16,184	11	6
XXVIIIA		517	14	0
XXIX		84	6	0
XXXI		322	0	0
XXXVII		54	0	0
Rent Street Alignment No.—				
IBB		1,280	0	0
II		1,600	0	0
V		3,245	0	0
VI		3,796	0	0
IX		2,533	8	6
XI		6,122	0	0
XVI		1,608	0	0
XX		3,556	2	3
XXVIII		7,992	6	9
Rent Excavation area	..	96	0	0
Rent Bow Street Re-housing	35,000	28,692	7	6
Rent Re-housing Scheme No. I	15,000	14,670	0	0
Rent Cossipore-Chitpore Open Space	..	3,250	0	0
Rent Maniktala Scheme No. I	..	839	8	3
Rent Maniktala Busti Site No. I	..	120	0	0
	1,75,000	1,51,154	1	2
Rent on Leasehold—				
Scheme No.—				
I		1,315	0	0
II		2,574	0	0
V		260	6	0
VIID		4,250	4	0
Carried over ..	....	8,399	10	0
Carried over ..	....	40,07,281	0	8

Revenue Account—(Income)—*continued.*

Receipts.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.		
	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brought forward ..		40,07,281	0	8
Rent on Leasehold—*concld.*				
Brought forward ..		8,399	10	0
Scheme No. —				
VIICS	22,000	12	0	0
VIII		8,109	0	0
VIIIC		6,450	0	0
XVB		1,750	0	0
XVI		382	13	9
Excavation area		60	0	0
Maniktala Busti Site No. I		150	0	0
	22,000	25,313	7	9
Rent Charges—				
Scheme No.—				
I	3,75,000	10,209	15	3
IAlt.		8,290	13	0
IC		4,603	1	6
II		42	8	0
IIA		188	0	0
III		153	12	0
IV		1,866	1	0
IVA		36,584	14	6
V		17,537	1	4
VII		14,149	4	6
VIIA		740	0	0
VIIB		3,608	12	0
VIIC		28,294	14	0
VIID		12,030	7	3
VIIE		40,543	2	0
VIIF		2,917	11	0
VIIG		3,850	0	0
VIICS		19,080	12	4
VIII		31,654	10	7
VIIIA		21,302	11	0
VIIIC		1,699	7	6
XI		1,278	4	0
XVA		8,463	13	3
XVB		85,838	14	4
XVC		13,167	5	1
XVI		15,221	3	7
XVIA		134	14	0
XVII		1,646	6	6
XX		282	4	6
XXIX		936	1	1
XXXI		4,350	11	6
K. T. R.		5,299	6	9
P. R. S.		2,334	4	6
	3,75,000	3,98,301	7	10
Carried over	....	44,30,896	0	3

Revenue Account—(Income)—*concluded.*

Receipts.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.		
	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brought forward	....	44,30,896	0	3
Interest on Sale of Land—				
Scheme No.—				
I	15,000	8	11	0
IVA		603	1	9
VIIC		1,035	3	3
VIID		105	4	3
VIIE		4,655	0	0
VIIF		1,075	2	3
VIIG		4,418	0	3
VIII		2,388	2	3
VIIIA		440	0	0
VIIIC		542	5	3
XVA		26	10	6
XVB		1,464	11	9
XVC		355	11	8
XVI		2,354	9	3
XXII		3	4	10
XXVI		80	15	0
XXVII		472	14	3
Kerbala Tank Lane Re-housing		1	12	9
	15,000	20,031	8	3
F. Under section 124(*h*)—				
Interest	2,00,000	2,21,283	13	9
Fees under section 43(*3*)	500	553	6	0
Fees under section 63(*4*)	100	50	8	0
Sale of tender forms	1,000	940	0	0
Miscellaneous	1,000	5,160	3	0
Recovery of law cost—				
(*a*) Land acquisition	1,000	48	0	0
(*b*) Civil suits	5,000	3,315	8	9
	2,08,600	2,31,351	7	6
Total Receipts	45,07,600	46,82,279	0	0
Grand Total	....	4,78,02,210	10	1

Revenue Account—Statement of Income and Expenditure, 1931-32.

Expenditure.

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32,		
	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.
A. Under section 125(a)—				
6 per cent. Sterling Debenture Loan of 1922-23 for £ 350,000—				
Interest	3,15,000	2,81,231	0	9
Cost of management	800	738	1	3
Sinking fund	92,000	92,000	0	0
	4,07,800	3,73,969	2	0
5½ per cent. Sterling Debenture Loan of 1923-24 for £ 700,000—				
Interest	5,57,500	5,16,929	6	4
Cost of management	1,333	1,327	5	1
Sinking fund	1,84,000	1,84,000	0	0
	7,42,833	7,02,256	11	5
6 per cent. Debenture Loan of 1924-25 for Rs. 16 lakhs—				
Interest	96,000	96,000	0	0
Cost of management	600	576	0	0
	96,600	96,576	0	0
6 per cent. Debenture Loan of 1925-26 for Rs. 50 lakhs—				
Interest	3,00,000	3,00,000	0	0
Cost of management	2,000	1,800	0	0
Sinking fund	87,680	87,680	0	0
	3,89,680	3,89,480	0	0
5½ per cent. Debenture Loan of 1929-30 for Rs. 25 lakhs—				
Interest	1,37,500	1,37,500	0	0
Cost of management	900	900	0	0
Sinking fund	43,840	43,840	0	0
	1,82,240	1,82,240	0	0
6 per cent. Debenture Loan of 1931-32 for Rs. 25 lakhs—				
Interest	75,000	..		
Cost of management	500	..		
Sinking fund	21,920	..		
	97,420	..		
Floating charges on Rs. 25 lakhs Debenture Loan of 1931-32—				
Preliminary expenses	6,830	....		
Brokerage	6,250	....		
Stamp duty	25,000	....		
Discount	70,000	....		
	1,08,080	....		
Carried over	20,24,653	17,44,521	13	5

Revenue Account—(Expenditure)—*continued.*

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward	20,24,653	17,44,521 13 5
B. Under section 125(*b*)—		
Rates and taxes	70,000	53,413 4 3
C. Under section 125(*c*)—		
Salary and allowances of Estates Manager	15,766	15,740 8 0
Clerical establishment of Estates Manager	14,838	13,381 10 11
Collection establishment of Estates Manager	5,145	3,822 14 7
Menial establishment of Estates Manager	1,241	1,173 4 0
	36,990	34,118 5 6
D. Under section 125(*f*)—		
Under section 120(*1*)(*a*)—		
Salary and allowance of the Chairman	48,000	48,000 0 0
Under section 120(*1*)(*b*)—		
Fees for attendance at meetings	12,000	9,260 0 0
Under section 120(*1*)(*d*)—		
Clerical establishment of the Chairman	15,160	11,585 6 2
Menial establishment of the Chairman	3,167	3,093 5 4
Salary and allowance of the Secretary and Chief Accountant ..	14,400	14,400 0 0
Clerical establishment of Secretary	11,630	11,280 13 0
Menial establishment of Secretary	1,458	1,425 10 0
Clerical establishment of Accounts Department	23,881	20,555 12 7
Menial establishment of Accounts Department	815	813 9 3
Salary and allowance of Chief Valuer	28,200	27,636 7 0
Salary and allowance of Deputy Valuer	14,400	14,274 10 9
Valuation establishment of Chief Valuer	65,100	56,959 10 0
Clerical establishment of Chief Valuer	14,854	13,220 10 5
Government Pleader's establishment	4,687	4,340 5 0
Menial establishment of Chief Valuer	5,684	5,739 10 3
Salary and allowance of Chief Engineer	31,800	29,335 7 3
Salary and allowance of Deputy Engineer	21,600	18,101 4 4
Salary and allowance of Assistant Engineers	30,900	22,843 10 3
Clerical establishment of Chief Engineer	29,298	26,225 0 6
Drawing establishment of Chief Engineer	42,510	49,625 7 10
Workshop and stores establishment of Chief Engineer ..	53,520	47,701 4 0
Outdoor establishment of Chief Engineer	65,237	59,025 13 7
Temporary establishment of Chief Engineer	2,500	2,895 6 6
Menial establishment of Chief Engineer	19,238	18,548 15 0
Pipe laying establishment of Chief Engineer	19,297	19,202 10 3
Leave allowances	60,000	44,557 4 5
Trust's contribution to Provident Fund	20,000	10,209 5 0
Gratuity	6,000	4,620 0 0
Passage concession	..	1,640 0 0
	6,05,336	5,39,857 6 8
Carried over	27,96,979	24,29,170 13 10

Revenue Account—(Expenditure)—*continued*.

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.		
	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brought forward	27,96,979	24,29,170	13	10
G. Under section 120(*d*)—				
Salary to Corporation Engineer ..	16,000	15,097	10	0
F. Under section 120(*1*)(*e*)—				
Cost of Tribunal ..	1,02,625	91,797	4	4
E. Under section 120(*1*)(*f*)—				
Rent of offices ..	39,000	38,759	4	0
Office fixtures ..	1,500	1,106	6	0
Office furniture ..	2,000	939	6	3
Electric fittings ..	2,500	1,682	8	3
Electric current ..	4,500	2,253	6	0
Telephone ..	4,000	4,150	0	6
Printing ..	12,000	7,959	13	8
Photography ..	1,000	628	8	0
Magazines and newspapers ..	300	208	7	0
Books .	300	135	1	0
Bookbinding ..	300	98	14	0
Stationery ..	12,000	5,206	7	3
Office contingencies ..	3,000	3,247	1	11
Postage and telegrams ..	700	396	4	6
Peon's badges and uniforms ..	5,000	4,569	7	0
Receipt stamps ..	500	252	11	0
Drawing requisites ..	3,000	2,387	6	0
	91,600	73,981	0	4
H. Under section 125(*1*)(*e*)-				
Tramway subsidy	5,000			
H. Under section 125 (*1*) (*g*)—				
Mathematical and other Instruments ..	2,000	537	15	0
Advertisements ..	4,000	3,606	2	0
Travelling allowances outside Calcutta ..	1,500	122	12	0
Travelling allowances in Calcutta	2,000	668	4	3
Maps	3,000	1,180	10	0
Expenses in connection with the selection of officers	1,000	....		
Fire Insurance	4,000	2,471	13	0
Stamp duty	50,000	14,849	10	0
Interest to Provident Fund	35,000	28,663	10	8
Lawyer's Fees—				
(*a*) Legal advice	1,000	68	0	0
(*b*) Litigation	30,000	48,148	15	4
(*c*) Land acquisition	20,000	13,809	10	0
(*d*) Legal expenses of the Tribunal	1,000	802	4	3
Fees to experts	1,000	450	0	0
Royal exchange membership	200	180	0	0
Stores for motor lorries and road rollers ..	25,000	14,449	12	2
Bank commission	500	468	6	9
Repairs to office buildings	300	4,511	13	3
Repairs to tools and plant	5,000	12,406	12	0
Damage done to stores	1,000	1,100	4	3
Miscellaneous expenditure		1,146	0	0
	1,87,500	1,49,642	10	11
Carried over	31,99,704	27,59,689	7	5

Revenue Account—(Expenditure)—*concluded.*

Expenditure.	Budget for 1931-32.	Actuals for 1931-32.		
	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brought forward	31,99,704	27,59,689	9	5
I. Expenses of Management of Property—				
Minor repairs ..	2,500	1,412	14	9
Repairs to model dwellings ..	20,000	14,893	15	0
Temporary durwans on schemes ..	1,657	1,184	4	10
Menial staff of model dwellings ..	2,887	2,766	6	11
Contingencies, model dwellings ..	400	229	11	0
Fencing for open spaces ..	2,000	1,819	2	8
Compensation for damages ..	1,000	27	8	4
Conservancy for building plots ..	1,000	56	14	0
	31,444	22,390	13	6
Health Exhibition		120	1	3
I. Under section 125 (*1*) (*g*)—				
Proposed Public Street	2,000			
Preliminary expenses—				
Street Alignment No. —				
II		78	9	2
V		75	3	8
VI		59	13	4
VII		28	0	0
IX		49	10	6
XI		4	0	0
XIX		10	0	0
XX		42	9	0
XXI		22	5	4
XXVI		5	0	0
XXVIII		49	6	0
XXXIV		27	6	0
XLI		85	0	0
XLII		37	8	0
XLIV		37	8	0
XLVI		44	1	4
IIM		16	0	0
VM		28	0	0
	2,000	700	0	4
Depreciation on securities		79,227	12	0
Total	32,33,148	28,62,128	2	6
Surplus on Revenue Account		4,49,40,082	7	7
Grand Total		4,78,02,210	10	1

Miscellaneous and Suspense Items on 31st March 1932.

Sundry debtors.	Balance on 31st March 1931.		During the year 1931-32.		Total to 31st March 1932.		Balance on 31st March 1932.	
	Credits.	Debits.	Credits.	Debits.	Credits.	Debits.	Credits.	debits.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.
Advance to Land Acquisition Collector	..	11,91,300 5 1	69,66,517 10 10	59,62,621 12 4	69,66,517 10 10	70,08,922 1 5	..	97,404 6 7
Advance to Corporation	..	1,16,867 11 5	97,711 8 5	1,400 0 0	97,711 8 5	1,18,267 11 5	..	20,556 3 0
Advance for Counsel fees, etc. ..	..	17,366 13 9	27,248 11 9	17,027 12 0	27,248 11 9	34,394 9 9	..	7,145 14 0
Advance for purchase of motor cars ..	..	2,168 5 4	2,360 0 0	2,200 0 0	2,360 0 0	4,368 5 4	..	2,008 5 4
Advance to contractors	..	22,357 1 10	61,346 4 6	51,521 5 3	61,346 4 6	73,878 7 1	..	12,532 2 7
Advance to employees for house building	..	5,080 15 0	1,895 0 0	2,400 0 0	1,895 0 0	7,480 15 0	..	5,585 15 0
Advance to Divisional Engineer, Telegraphs	..	721 8 0	..	..	..	721 8 0	..	721 8 0
Advance to Agricultural and Horticultural Society ..	..	261 14 3	..	4 8 0	..	266 6 3	..	266 6 3
Advance for Postal Insurance Premium ..	..	3 4 8	..	..	..	3 4 8	..	3 4 8
Advance to Executive Engineer, P. W. D., 1st Calcutta Division ..	..	37 8 0	..	..	..	37 8 0	..	37 8 0
Advance to Craig Adams & Co., Ltd.	..	7,852 8 0	7,852 8 0	..	7,852 8 0	7,852 8 0	..	..
Advance to President Tribunal	..	..	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	..	..
Advertisement Recoverable account ..	..	..	290 10 9	290 10 9	290 10 9	290 10 9	..	..
Contractors' stamp suspense ..	..	30 0 0	27 12 0	31 8 0	27 12 0	61 8 0	..	33 12 0
Misappropriation of Trust Funds ..	..	25,222 11 6	126 9 2	..	126 9 2	25,222 11 6	..	25,096 2 4
Bank commission suspense ..	..	287 2 9	346 0 9	58 14 0	346 0 9	346 0 9	..	..
Petty cash imprests ..	..	600 0 0	..	..	..	600 0 0	..	600 0 0
Outstanding dues ..	..	9,750 11 0	10,516 3 3	23,688 5 0	10,516 3 3	33,439 0 0	..	22,922 12 9
Supply of stores ..	..	1,73,689 1 6	2,02,088 5 5	1,71,015 3 0	2,02,088 5 5	3,44,704 4 6	..	1,42,615 15 1
Advance to A. P. Chatterjee ..	..	..	..	7 10 9	..	7 10 9	..	7 10 9
Total ..	..	14,83,597 10 1	73,78,333 4 10	62,32,273 9 1	73,78,333 4 10	77,15,871 3 2	..	3,37,537 14 4

Miscellaneous and Suspense Items on 31st March 1932.

Sundry creditors.	Balance on 31st March 1931.		During the year 1931-32.		Total to 31st March 1932.		Balance on 31st March 1932.	
	Debits.	Credits.	Debits.	Credits.	Debits.	Credits.	Debits.	Credits.
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.
I. Deposit of contractors—								
(a) On contracts	..	22,141 4 0	22,030 4 0	16,802 4 0	22,030 4 0	38,943 8 0	..	16,913 4 0
(b) On tenders ..	..	1,418 0 0	56,109 4 0	56,031 4 0	56,109 4 0	57,449 4 0	..	1,340 0 0
(c) Retention money ..	..	61,655 6 6	56,210 6 6	54,868 15 6	56,210 6 6	1,16,524 6 0	..	60,313 15 6
Total ..	..	85,214 10 6	1,34,340 14 6	1,27,702 7 6	1,34,349 14 6	2,12,017 2 0	..	78,567 3 6
II. Provident fund depositors' account	..	4,87,256 4 7	14,622 1 5	79,604 7 0	14,622 1 5	5,66,860 11 7	..	5,52,238 10 2
III. Tribunal provident fund ..	..	8,449 3 6	..	1.373 14 11	..	9,823 2 5	..	9,823 2 5
IV. Income-tax ..	..	1,623 2 2	34,276 13 2	32,897 15 9	34,276 13 2	34,521 1 11	..	244 4 9
V. (a) Interest on employees' securities ..	..	126 9 2	1,313 4 2	1,186 11 0	1,313 4 2	1,313 4 2	..	..
(b) Deposit for Calcutta Corporation ..	..	3,077 2 10	1.296 8 6	758 5 6	1,296 8 6	3,835 8 4	..	2,538 15 10
(c) Miscellaneous depositors' account ..	..	869 3 10	2,640 14 3	15,790 3 5	2,640 14 3	16,659 7 3	..	14,018 9 0
(d) Postal Insurance premium	..	0 11 0	878 3 11	878 9 8	878 3 11	879 4 8	..	1 0 9
(e) Deposit against court attachment ..	..	691 6 6	916 4 9	252 14 3	916 4 9	944 4 9	..	28 0 0
Interest on deposit for exemption fees	..	359 1 0	359 1 0	..	359 1 0	359 1 0	..	..
Unpaid bills ..	..	216 12 9	9,610 1 0	14,749 13 9	9,610 1 0	14,966 10 6	..	5,356 9 6
Undisbursed salaries ..	..	373 4 6	865 0 7	1,102 8 4	865 0 7	1,475 12 10	..	610 12 3
Works suspense ..	..	412 14 6	1,722 7 7	2,520 1 1	1,722 7 7	2,932 15 7	..	1,210 8 0
Fees for footing—suspense ..	..	18,298 10 9	1,851 1 0	3,815 13 3	1,851 1 0	22,114 8 0	..	20,263 7 0
C. I. T. Co-operative Credit Society ..	..	..	29,070 4 9	29,070 4 9	29,070 4 9	29,070 4 9	..	..
Hire of road roller ..	..	..	7,609 12 0	7,609 12 0	7,609 12 0	7,609 12 0	..	..
Hire of motor lorry ..	..	..	65 0 0	65 0 0	65 0 0	65 0 0	..	..
Rent charge—suspense	..	2,300 0 0	2,512 8 6	4,262 8 6	2,512 8 6	6,562 8 6	..	4,050 0 0
Deposit for stamp duty	..	53 8 0	..	..	..	53 8 0	..	53 8 0
Sale of land—suspense	..	1,345 0 0	7,500 0 0	7,500 0 0	7,500 0 0	8,845 0 0	..	1,345 0 0
Miscellaneous—suspense	..	4,144 0 0	3,366 4 0	..	3,366 4 0	4,144 0 0	..	777 12 9
Income-tax—suspense	..	..	718 0 3	718 0 3	718 0 3	718 0 3	..	..
Chairman's salary deduction ..	..	..	..	1,050 0 0	..	1,050 0 0	..	1,050 0 0
Employees' securities	..	500 0 0	..	600 0 0	..	1,100 0 0	..	1,100 0 0
Rent collection—suspense ..	..	..	300 0 0	300 0 0	300 0 0	300 0 0	..	..
Total ..	..	34,391 7 0	1,06,871 9 5	1,25,128 9 6	1,06,871 9 5	1,59,520 0 6	..	52,648 7 1
Grand Total ..	..	6,15,311 9 7	2,55,843 9 4	3,33,809 6 11	2,55,843 9 4	9,49,121 0 6	..	6,93,277 7 2

Resolution on the Eighth Quinquennial Review on the Progress of Education in Bengal for the years 1927-28 to 1931-32.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Education Department.

DARJEELING, THE 6TH OCTOBER 1933.

RESOLUTION—No. 1259T.Edn.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Mr. K. Nazim-ud-Din, C.I.E.

Read—

The Eighth Quinquennial Review on the Progress of Education in Bengal for the years 1927-28 to 1931-32.

General Remarks.—Unfavourable conditions, political and financial, have again checked the progress and expansion of educational activities. Communal dissension, political agitation and economic depression have all had most unfortunate effects on the development of educational policy. The Civil Disobedience Movement and the terrorist campaign did much to undermine discipline and unsettle the youths of the province during the latter part of the period under review, and these troubles were intensified by the acute financial and economic depression, which prevented the realisation of the many long-needed reforms and culminated in the appointment of another Retrenchment Committee at the end of the quinquennium. In spite of these handicaps some progress was made and the position consolidated for a further advance as soon as financial conditions improve. The outstanding feature of the period was the enactment in 1930 of the Bengal (Rural) Primary Education Act, which provides for the establishment of District School Boards as the central authority for primary education in each district, and affords the machinery for the eventual development of free and compulsory primary education throughout the province. For its financing the scheme depends in the main upon the imposition of a primary education cess, and it is a matter of regret that owing to the prevailing depression it has not been found possible to impose additional taxation on the rural population.

Another sign of the times was the amendment of the Primary Education Act of 1919, empowering Government to authorise municipalities to enforce the compulsory attendance of girls on the same conditions as boys.

The only other educational legislation was the Dacca University Amendment Act, 1928, one provision of which gave the Executive Council final and definite authority on matters affecting the emoluments of teachers.

While the Rural Primary Education Act has been placed on the Statute Book, no further progress has been made with the proposed Bills for the reorganisation of the Calcutta University and the establishment of a Board to control secondary education. The time has come when the whole future educational policy should be carefully reviewed and the different grades of education—primary, secondary, vocational and University—co-ordinated into a single comprehensive system, so that the various educational agencies can apply their energies in the most economical and effective directions and that duplication and waste of effort may be reduced to a minimum.

In all directions and particularly in the sphere of primary education, unmistakable evidence is forthcoming that the quality of the work done and the results achieved do not repay the expenditure of money and effort. Better trained and better paid teachers are essential. The insistence by the University on provident fund provision in high schools is a step in the right direction, but until the finances of the schools improve, it must in many cases be of doubtful advantage, as it is to be feared that there are too many schools which can institute such a fund only at the expense of the teachers' salaries.

The period under review is notable for the far greater insistence laid on the health and physical welfare of students and a Physical Director was appointed during the period to work out schemes of physical training and organise the activities of the schools throughout the province. The scheme involves the establishment of a physical training centre for the instruction of teachers, and it is hoped that the gradual replacement, at which the scheme aims, of the old type of drill and drawing master by graduate physical instructors will help to infuse new vigour into this important part of school life.

There has been a most notable advance during the quinquennium in the number of members of the backward classes and Muhammadans receiving education.

The increase of female scholars during the last five years has been 31·6 per cent. against 16 per cent. of boys, while the proportion of expenditure on female education to the total expenditure on education has increased by ·9 per cent. only.

The educational expenditure showed an increase of 25 lakhs only, or 6·3 per cent. during the five years, and indeed in 1931-32 it was 21 lakhs less than in 1929-30.

2. **University education.**—No further progress was made during the quinquennium in the reconstruction of the Calcutta University on the lines laid down by the Sadler Commission or in the development of the Secondary Education Board. The outstanding feature of the period, so far as Calcutta was concerned, was the appointment of the University Organisation Committee. Their report formed the basis of the financial settlement, which was eventually reached between Government and the University and which, on certain conditions, assured the University of an annual recurring grant of Rs. 3,60,000. This has enabled the University to balance its budget and to make its plans for the future with some degree of stability.

At Dacca the most important event was the completion of the Salimullah Muslim Hall, which was constructed at the cost of Government and which provides a residence for Moslem students. Reference has already been made to the Dacca University Amendment Act of 1928.

The resolution issued in 1928 commented upon the marked fall in the number of students in the post-graduate classes of the Calcutta University. The number increased from 989 in 1926-27 to 1,483 in 1929-30, but fell again to 1,144 in 1931-32, the decrease corresponding to the period of economic and political troubles.

There was a gratifying increase in the number of women students in the post-graduate classes.

Another satisfactory feature has been the growing realisation of the importance of the extra-academic activities which University life offers; greater attention is now paid to the physical welfare and medical examination of the students, and the various athletic activities of the University have been co-ordinated under the auspices of the Calcutta University Athletic Club.

3. **Collegiate education.**—No new college was opened during the period, but 4 Anglo-Indian schools adopted the University course, and there are now 33 first-grade and 16 second-grade or Intermediate Arts Colleges, of which 4 are for women. Of these 12 are managed by Government, 21 are aided and 16 unaided. The total number of students decreased from 22,420 to 19,744. Nearly all the colleges shared in this decrease; but the Calcutta colleges naturally suffered less than those in the mufassal, which were more immediately affected by the depreciation in agricultural prices.

The decrease in the number of students living in hostels from 5,807 to 3,780 and the fall in the number of Moslem students from 3,131 to 2,565 may be attributed to the same causes: the decrease in the number of hostel boarders is a development requiring careful attention, as it means that more students are living in conditions which render effective control difficult.

The difficulties of the college authorities were increased, when Government found itself compelled to suspend the Imperial grant of Rs. 1,29,000 on which private colleges had become accustomed to depend for the purchase and renewal of laboratory and library equipment.

Increased rates of fees in all colleges appear to provide the only means of effecting a general improvement in college finances and in normal times would be completely justifiable, but whether at the present time such increase would impose undue hardships and result in decreased roll strength, thus defeating the object in view, is a matter that requires consideration.

The percentage of passes in the Intermediate and Degree Examinations has again increased.

There has been a more general recognition of the value of games and physical exercise, and it is gratifying to learn that more intensive tutorial work is being done in some of the colleges.

4. **Secondary education for Indian boys.**—The number of high schools increased from 985 in 1926-27 to 1,076 in 1931-32 and that of middle English schools from 1,616 to 1,845, while the number of middle vernacular schools fell from 74 to 54. The number of pupils increased from 233,343 to 256,524 in high schools and from 142,684 to 177,102 in middle English schools, and it decreased from 4,802 to 3,986 in middle vernacular schools. The waning popularity of the middle vernacular schools has not been so marked as in the preceding quinquennium; the average roll strength and consequently the fee income of those schools, which still survive, have increased and this, coupled with the greater importance now attached to the vernacular, may well continue to keep them alive. The increase in the number of the middle English schools is notable; the middle English school is generally cheaper and more accessible than the high school and, as boys who read beyond the primary stage generally desire to continue to the high stage, the middle English school is the natural channel through which they pass. The average strength of a high school remained almost exactly the same as at the end of the preceding quinquennium, namely, about 238; if this were the minimum instead of the average, the economic position of the schools would be reasonably satisfactory, but unfortunately there are schools with an enrolment of less than half this number and many with a roll strength which renders financial stability impossible without considerable assistance from external sources: this assistance is often not forthcoming.

Most boys who pass through the high school are aiming at the University; but only 41 per cent. of those in the highest class succeeded in passing the Matriculation during 1931-32, while 63 per cent. of those who passed that examination joined arts colleges. The other function of the high school, to provide a sound all-round training complete in itself as the requisite preparation for life, tends to be overshadowed by the obsession that Matriculation is the only goal.

The establishment of a Board to control secondary education has been delayed for various reasons, financial as well as other, and the control, except in the Dacca University area, is still shared between Government and the University of Calcutta.

In Bengal, unlike other provinces, the very large majority of schools are private schools, and of these private schools about half receive no grant from public funds; during the quinquennium under review more than fifty new unaided schools came into being. The existence of so many schools, over which little effective control can be exercised, must be regarded as one of the factors responsible for the low standard of secondary education in the province. Another contributing cause is the small proportion of trained teachers; only 19 per cent. of the teachers in secondary schools were trained, and, in spite of a considerable increase during the quinquennium, there is, on the average, not even one trained graduate teacher per school. The pay of the teachers in private schools is insufficient to attract the best type of men, and it is not strange that the teaching should lack vigour and inspiration. Higher fees would go far to remedy this and would lessen the necessity for private tuition.

Since 1930 the vernacular has been used as the medium of instruction and examination in all classes below class VII. The University has now decided definitely in favour of its use as the medium of examination for the Matriculation, and the regulations giving effect to this are now under the consideration of Government. The regulations also provide for the introduction of vocational subjects as compulsory: one problem will be the co-ordination and reconciliation of vocational and general education. The introduction of elementary science as a compulsory subject for the Matriculation is another important departure provided in the regulations.

The total expenditure on secondary education, which amounted to Rs. 1,07,37,075 in 1926-27, rose in 1931-32 to Rs. 1,22,01,808 of which about 18 per cent. came from public sources, 67 per cent. from fees and 15 per cent. from other sources.

5. **Primary education for Indian boys.**—The outstanding feature of the period was the enactment of the Rural Primary Education Act of 1930, and it is a matter of great regret that the serious economic depression and the financial stringency, which have prevailed, have prevented it from being brought into force.

The number of boys' primary schools increased from 38,187 to 43,718, the rates of increase being twice as rapid as in the previous quinquennium. The total number of pupils rose from 1,398,942 to 1,682,275. The number of Moslems in the primary stage increased by 20·4 per cent. in this period.

The spread of primary education, however, is not as satisfactory as the figures would imply: the wastage was very great and the number of those who read up to class IV was comparatively small: in fact according to the census figures of 1921 and 1931 the percentage of literacy actually fell during that period. When, however, the conditions under which such education is carried on are realised, it is hardly surprising that so little real advance has been made. The village environment and public opinion generally are not such as to encourage education and there is no immediate inducement to the attainment of literacy. On an average there is 1·5 teacher to each primary school, so that any individual attention is impossible even if the teachers are willing to give it. Most of the teachers are ill paid and untrained and there are no counterbalancing amenities to attract them.

It is indeed time that a systematic effort was made to remove the prevailing illiteracy, and it is hoped that it will be possible before long to use the machinery provided by the Primary Education Act for this purpose.

There has been a remarkable expansion of primary education in Calcutta where the Corporation has extended its scheme of free primary education and now has 146 boys' schools with 17,415 pupils. The total number of primary schools was 229 with 30,064 pupils. The expenditure rose from Rs. 3,17,262 to Rs. 11,44,075, and the Corporation has now received sanction to introduce a system of compulsory education in one ward.

6. **Education of Indian girls and women.**—The number of girls' schools increased by 19 per cent. and their enrolment by 28 per cent. during the quinquennium. There were 770 girls in colleges in 1931-32 against 364 in 1926-27, 10,655 in high schools against 4,801, 9,506 in middle schools against 8,269 and 518,544 against 396,056 in primary schools. The increase was again most pronounced in the college and high school stages. The progress still appears to be slow in comparison with that of boys and the wastage even greater. In the primary stage there are 3 girls to 10 boys, but the proportion falls to 1 to 24 in the middle stage and 1 to 30 in the high stage. The number of women in arts colleges in 1931-32 was 712 against 20,912 men; only 41 women were in medical schools and colleges and no more than 277 were undergoing training in normal schools or training colleges.

In spite of these figures, however, there are indications of a growing interest in the spread of women's education and of general appreciation of its importance. Apart from its direct effect upon education, the passing of the Sarda Act may be regarded as symptomatic of the new attitude towards female education, and a very great increase in the demand for facilities may be anticipated: the problem henceforth will be not so much to create the demand as to satisfy it.

There are four colleges for women and in addition several men's colleges have classes for women students. The number of women candidates, who passed University examinations, doubled itself at every stage. Eighty-eight secured the B.A. and 10 the M.A. degree.

The syllabus in girls' schools has been revised to include such subjects as music and domestic science, and games and drill have become popular features of the curriculum.

In 1931-32 there were 303,830 Moslem girls in public institutions, forming 56 per cent. of the whole as against 54 per cent. five years previously. The progress that has been made has been mainly in the lowest stages and only one in a hundred acquires literacy. There were 8 girls in colleges, 92 in the high stage and 225 in the middle stage. The Sakhawat Memorial Girls' School was raised to the status of a high school.

The establishment of more Government girls' schools and of a women's training college, to which reference is made elsewhere, has been held up by want of funds, but the demand for such facilities will compel an early solution of these problems, and it is still not too late to organise the whole scheme of women's education on a systematic and comprehensive basis.

The total expenditure on girls' institutions rose from Rs. 22,07,483 in 1926-27 to Rs. 29,39,000 in 1931-32; 57 per cent. of this came from public funds.

7. **Muhammadan education.**—The number of Muhammadan pupils rose from 1,139,949 to 1,437,655, *i.e.*, by 26 per cent. They now provide 51·6 per cent. of the total number of pupils. Although the wastage is much greater among Muhammadan pupils, the perceptible increase in their proportions in the high and middle stages indicates that the community is realising the value of higher education and it is perhaps significant that 1,455 Muhammadan (or 12·8 per cent. of the total number of successful candidates) passed the Matriculation Examination in 1931 as against 817 (or 10·5 per cent.) in 1927.

The number of *maktabs* increased by 5,108 and their roll strength by 231,087 during the quinquennium. The numbers attending high and junior madrasahs were 5,004 and 51,852 in 1931-32 against 4,204 and 44,475 in 1926-27.

The most noteworthy events during the period were the completion of the Muslim Hall in the Dacca University in 1931, the raising of the Sakhawat Memorial School to the status of a high school and the appointment in 1931 of the Moslem Education Advisory Committee. The Muslim Hall was constructed at the cost of Government to provide a residential hall for Moslem students; the Sakhawat Memorial Girls' School, Calcutta, is the first and only Muslim Girls' High School in the province: the Moslem Education Advisory Committee was appointed to advise on the right lines of development for Muhammadan education and much benefit is expected to result from its recommendations.

8. **European and Anglo-Indian education.**—The number of institutions increased from 62 to 69 and the number of puplis from 10,821 to 11,586. The number of Indians in these schools has been steadily growing and in four schools the percentage of non-European pupils admissible has been raised from 15 to 25 per cent.

A new code of regulations was framed during the quinquennium: it provides for the classification of schools as primary, higher grade and secondary and alters the system of grants, which now include maintenance grants (based on attendance), teaching staff grants (to assist in the maintenance of an efficient and adequate staff), and fixed grants (for the education of orphans and other unprovided children), but owing to the want of money it has not yet been found possible to provide the sum necessary for the award of the maintenance grants. The new code also lays great stress on various forms of practical training in the higher grade schools.

The community suffered severely from the depression, and it was apprehended that many parents would be compelled to remove their children from school owing to their inability to pay the fees. The Calcutta Schools Emergency Fund, which was inaugurated by His Excellency the Governor and is maintained by private subscriptions, has done something to ease the situation by providing for the payment of the school fees in cases where this was absolutely necessary.

The tendency, noticed in the last resolution, among European and Anglo-Indian students to take advantage of University education has developed during the quinquennium. The recognition subject to certain conditions by the Calcutta University of the Cambridge Examinations as equivalent to the University Matriculation and Intermediate Examinations has encouraged this tendency, and there is every indication that University qualifications will be more largely sought after than in the past.

Four institutions in Calcutta and one in Darjeeling now have college classes affiliated to Calcutta University.

The total expenditure in 1931-32 was Rs. 36,73,251 as against Rs. 38,94,104 in 1926-27, a decrease of over two lakhs.

9. **Education of special classes.**—The number of pupils of the educationally backward classes attending schools and colleges rose by 27·8 per cent from 344,179 in 1926-27 to 440,054 in 1931-32. Rs. 1,27,000 was contributed from provincial revenues in 1931-32 to various societies and boards for the advancement of education among the backward classes. The number of Santhal pupils increased from 9,527 to 12,477.

The administrative control of the Reformatory and Industrial Schools, Alipore, was transferred to the Education Department in 1928; in addition to the general education which they receive at the schools, the boys are taught tailoring, carpentry and similar subjects. Special attention is given to moral instruction and to games and drill.

10. **Professional and Technical education.**—In the two training colleges for men there were 144 students in 1931-32 against 136 in 1926-27. While it is recognised that both of these colleges are doing excellent work the contribution which they are able to make to the replacement of untrained by trained teachers must necessarily be very gradual.

The Guru and Moallim-training schools produce about 1,500 trained teachers each year: and here again the facilities are inadequate to meet the demand. If the greatest possible benefit is to be derived from the Rural Primary Education Act it is essential that there should be an ample supply of trained teachers. The provision of additional facilities for training teachers in all grades of schools is therefore one of the most pressing problems. There are only five normal schools in the province, but the proposal that high school subjects should be taught through the medium of the vernacular suggests that such schools may be called upon to play a more important part in training teachers in future.

A scheme has been prepared for the establishment of a Women's Training College in Calcutta at a capital cost of Rs. 7½ lakhs and recurring cost of Rs. 81,000 a year, but financial conditions have prevented any further progress being made with it. As the Diocesan College propose to close their training class very shortly and the demand for trained teachers naturally increases, the problem will have to be faced. Twelve students passed the B.T. from the Diocesan and 8 from the Loreto training classes in 1931-32, and 7 students passed the L.T. from the latter.

The number of Law Colleges remains at 3, but their roll strength fell from 3,638 to 2,527.

Two medical schools were added during the period under review to the seven already in existence, viz., the Jackson Medical School at Jalpaiguri and the Chittagong Medical School. The number of students at the medical colleges and schools decreased from 3,898 to 3,736.

The number in the Bengal Veterinary College, Belgachia, rose from 125 to 169.

The Bengal Engineering College had an enrolment of 307 students (170 in the Civil Engineering, 73 in the Mechanical and Electrical Engineering and 64 in the Industrial or Artisan classes) in 1932 against 265 in 1927. The total expenditure on the college in 1931-32 was Rs. 3,98,599 of which Rs. 3,39,310 came from provincial revenues. Thirty-two students passed the B. E. in Civil Engineering and 45 the I. E. in 1932: the college now prepares students for the B.E. in Mechanical Engineering also.

The enrolment of the Ahsanullah School of Engineering increased from 440 in 1927 to 493 in 1932. The cost to Government on account of the school was Rs. 1,25,376 of which Rs. 87,354 was met by provincial revenues.

The Commercial Art Section of the Government School of Art continues to attract students. A school magazine, containing reproductions of work done by the staff and the students, is a useful and interesting innovation. The roll strength of the school fell from 335 in 1926-27 to 237 in 1931-32.

The recognition of the Final Commercial Course Examination at the Government Commercial Institute as equivalent to the I.A. Examination for admission to B.A. and B.Com. classes has had a noticeable effect on the numbers attending the Institute's day classes. The Institute had 365 students on its rolls in 1932 against 225 in 1927.

11. **Physical and Moral Training.**—A definite advance was made in the organisation of physical training, when in 1923 physical exercise was made compulsory in all grades of schools and a Physical Director was appointed to organise a scheme of physical training for schools in the province. His recommendations included the establishment of a physical training centre, which was not opened, however, until after the end of the period under review. Graduates with a diploma in physical education are being appointed, as funds permit, as physical instructors in place of the old type of drill and drawing master. The quinquennium has seen a very great impetus given to the organisation of games and physical exercise competitions. Government also gave grants to secondary schools and madrasahs for apparatus, medical inspection and the organisation of games, but one condition with which some of the schools found it difficult to comply was that they should themselves contribute at least double the amount of the grant. One great obstacle to the introduction of compulsory exercise or games is the absence of any provision for a midday meal, without which boys cannot be expected to enter wholeheartedly into such recreation at the end of the day.

It is to be regretted that there has been no marked improvement in the general health of students in college.

The Boy Scout movement, to which Mr. N. N. Bhose, the Provincial Organising Secretary, still continues to devote his time and energy,

has maintained its steady progress and its strength increased from 6,293 to 7,730.

The Physical Directress to the Young Women's Christian Association, which receives a grant from Government for this purpose, also did valuable work in girls' schools both in Calcutta and in the mufassal. Girl guides are now found in many of the girls' schools in Calcutta and the movement is spreading to the mufassal. The Boy Scout and Girl Guide movements exercise a healthy moral influence, but otherwise the conditions under which most schools are carried on are not calculated to produce an atmosphere favourable to the development of the requisite character and initiative.

12. **Conclusion.**—The thanks of Government are due to the various officers who administered the Education Department during the quinquennium and to Rai Sahib Monoranjan Mitra and Mr. K. Zachariah for a very interesting report.

ORDER—ORDERED that copies of the resolution be forwarded to the Government of India, Department of Education, Health and Lands, to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, to all Commissioners of Divisions and to the Local Self-Government Department of this Government for information.

ORDERED also that the resolution, together with the report, be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

By order of the Govt. of Bengal
(Ministry of Education),

H. R. WILKINSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Eighth Quinquennial Review

on the

Progress of Education in Bengal

for the years 1927-28 to 1931-32.

CHAPTER I.

Introductory.

General statistics.—The Presidency of Bengal, excluding the Native States, has an area of 77,521 square miles and by the census of 1931 a population of 50,114,002; 26,041,698 males and 24,072,304 females.

I.—Population by religion and sex.

Hindus—		
Male	11,299,914	
Female	10,270,493	
		21,570,407 (43·04 per cent.)
Muhammadans—		
Male ..	14,200,142	
Female ..	13,297,482	
		27,497,624 (54·8 per cent.)
Christians—		
Male	95,849	
Female	84,450	
		180,299
Others		865,672
Total		50,114,002

The Presidency contains 138 towns with a population of 3,684,330 and 86,618 villages with a population of 46,429,672. Calcutta contains nearly a third of the town-dwellers and there are only 37 other towns with a population of more than 20,000 each. The population is thus mainly rural, the ratio of rural to urban population being 12·6:1. There are 5 administrative divisions, 26 district boards and 118 municipalities.

II.—Percentage of males and females under instruction to total population.

	Men and boys under instruction to total male population.	Women and girls under instruction to total female population.	Both sexes under instruction to total population.	Total number including adults under instruction.	Approximate number of children of school-going age.
1921-22	6·38	[illegible]·54	4·05	1,892,141	..
1926-27	7·94	1·88	5·02	2,343,380	..
1931-32	8·53	[illegible]·32	5·55	2,783,225	7,517,100

From the table it will be seen that the percentage of scholars (including adults) of both sexes to total population has risen from 4·05 in 1921-22 to 5 55 in 1931-32 The percentage of 1926-27 is not accurate as it was calculated on the census of 1921. It is clear that about half the boys, and five out of six of the girls, of school-going age have not yet been drawn into schools

III.—Classes of institutions and their pupils

	Institutions			Pupils			
	1927	1932	Increase or decrease	1927	1932	Increase or decrease	Percentage of increase or decrease
Universities	2	2		1 714	1 880	+166	+9 6
Arts colleges	45	49	+4	22 420	19 744	−2 676	11 9
Professional colleges	17	17		6 322	5 208	1,114	−17 6
Secondary schools							
High schools / Middle schools	2 805	3 126	+321	403 440	451 672	+48 232	+11 9
Primary schools	52 809	61 162	+8 353	1 741 504	2 116 278	+374 774	+21 5
(a) Special schools	3 165	3 1?0 0	10	114 476	125 279	+10,803	+9 4
(b) Unrecognised schools	1 610	1 630	+20	53 504	63,164	+9 660	+18 05
Total	60,443	69 036	+8 593	2 343,380	2 783,225	+439,845	+18 8

IV.—Number of scholars year by year

Year	Number of scholars under instruction from year to year	Increase.
1926 27	2 343,380	
1927 28	2,501,712	158,332
1928 29	2,625,222	123,510
1929 30	2 687,836	62,614
1930 31	2,712,553	24,717
1931 32	2,783,225	70,672

V.—Pupils in different stages of instruction

	1927	1932	Increase or decrease
College stage	30,456	26,832	3,624
High stage	104,633	128,323	+23,690
Middle stage	97,569	123,467	+25,898
Primary stage	1,942,742	2,316,160	+373,418
Special schools	114,476	125,279	+10,803
Unrecognised institutions	53,504	63,164	+9,660
Total	2,343,380	2,783,225	+439,845

General forces affecting education.—The period under review was disturbed by communal dissensions, political agitation and economic depression, which had their repercussions on education. The communal troubles produced a feeling of insecurity and caused a temporary drop in the enrolment in certain areas. Political disturbances have undermined discipline in many institutions as well as affected the numerical strength. But, perhaps, the most potent influence was that of the acute economic distress, which has been chiefly responsible for the drop in the rate of increase. Towards the end of the period, the spectre of retrenchment appeared again; educational expenditure had to be seriously curtailed and many projects which had received administrative sanction had to be postponed.

On the other hand, the forces of conservatism are gradually weakening; and changes in the social outlook of the people, such as found expression in the Sarda Act, have done much to encourage the diffusion of education, specially among girls.

Progress of the quinquennium.—(*1*) *General.*—In spite of difficulties and hindrances considerable progress was made in several directions. The most important advance was in the sphere of primary education. The Despatch of 1854 laid great stress upon primary education and in the next thirty years some attention was bestowed on it. In 1885 the responsibility for primary education was thrown on the local bodies, but the results were not very satisfactory It remained for the period under review to see legislation enacted on primary education affecting the rural population of the country.

The amendment of the Act of 1919 empowering Government to authorise municipalities in specific cases to enforce compulsory attendance of girls is also an important measure. Both of these laws are fraught with immense possibilities for the future progress of education.

It is true that funds have not been available for putting the Primary Education Act into operation; but, even if funds had been forthcoming, the machinery of direction at headquarters would have taken some time to create. Some essential preliminary work has, however, been done. Accurate surveys of population density, suitable sites for schools in certain districts, and estimates of the cost of bringing the Act into operation, wholly or partly, have been worked out. To mention smaller matters, the public primary final examination at the end of class IV has been revived. Funds have also been provided for the increase of the pay of untrained teachers by Rs. 2 each.

The Education Despatch of 1854 urged that practical agriculture should be taught in schools; and, in the period under review, about eighty years after, a definite scheme of agricultural education in secondary schools was launched, with the triple object of giving a more practical turn to a system hitherto purely literary, of emphasising the dignity of manual labour and of providing a stimulus to agriculture for a population mainly agricultural.

Important measures have also been adopted which affect secondary education. The syllabuses of the two parts of Bengal have been unified and the new syllabus has been well received. A provident fund scheme for teachers of schools in non-pensionable service has been created and necessary funds provided.

The University School Code has been revised and brought more into line with the Government grant-in-aid rules. An Arbitration Board has been established to which teachers of secondary schools may appeal against the decisions of managing committees.

Macaulay's famous Minute of 1835 which led to the introduction of the English medium of instruction and examination looked forward to the time when the vernacular would be used for the diffusion of western learning. After about a century, the province has now declared unmistakably in favour of the vernacular medium in schools.

As regards religious education, the principle of absolute neutrality laid down in the Minute of 1835 led to a complete secularisation of education. The new Primary Education Act provides for compulsory religious education in primary schools.

Girls' education has witnessed striking developments in the quinquennium, its rate of progress having, at some points, outstripped that of boys' education.

All classes in the country are showing a remarkable desire for education. The Muhammadan community sends a larger proportion of its boys to school than ever before. The backward classes and even the aborigines are rapidly making up for lost time.

The physical training of the youth of Bengal has been placed on a sounder basis. Medical examination showed that only a small proportion of Bengali boys enjoyed normal health, but the physical training that has been hitherto given in schools was not based on any well thought out scheme It was confined for the most part to dull drill and a few games in which only a small number of boys took part. But in this quinquennium a comprehensive scheme of physical training has been worked out and put into operation. It provides also for a centre for training a class of efficient physical instructors.

Of several measures which have been taken to improve the internal working of the administrative machinery of the department, mention may be made of the revision and publication of the Bengal Education Code and the institution of the Examination in Accounts Rules and Practice for departmental officers. As to future progress, much depends on the improvement of the material condition of the country, the provision of adequate funds, and the restoration of a calmer atmosphere in which alone useful work can be done in educational institutions.

A short statistical analysis of the different branches of education is now given

(2) *Primary education* -The number of primary schools increased during the quinquennium by 15·8 per cent , which is greater than the increase recorded in the preceding period, 10·5 per cent. The total enrolment in the primary schools in 1931-32 shows an increase of 21·5 per cent. as against an increase of 21·2 per cent. in 1926-27. The average enrolment per school is, however, only 34·6.

The fluctuation in the enrolment of primary schools during the last seven years seems to vary more or less directly with the amount of grants made available in each year for primary education. For instance, in the preceding quinquennium, the rate of increase in the number of boys enrolled in primary schools was only 1·7 per cent. in 1925-26 before additional grants were sanctioned to supplement the pay of teachers in aided primary schools and maktabs for boys. An additional grant in 1926-27 resulted in an increase of 5 per cent. in the rate of

enrolment in that year. In the period under review a similar grant was available only in the year 1927-28, and the percentages of increase of primary scholars were 7·6, 4·2, 1·9, 2·6 and 1·03, respectively, for the five successive years. Similarly, the rate of increase in the number of primary schools dropped from 5·3 per cent. in 1927-28 to 2·3 per cent. in 1931-32. The rate of increase in the enrolment was highest in the year 1927-28 when an increased aid was given; since then it has steadily declined. This decline had been anticipated. It was apprehended in the annual report for 1928-29 that unless additional grants were made the rate of increase would fall.

The problem of the general spread of literacy may perhaps be solved within a reasonable time by a wise policy and by a judicious combination of increased expenditure and propaganda in the towns and villages of Bengal.

(3) *Secondary education*.—Bengal has the largest secondary system in India. It has 3,126 secondary schools, whereas the number of English secondary schools in the rest of British India was less than 4,000, according to the report of the Hartog Committee, in 1926-27.

The total number of secondary schools and their enrolment shows an increase, but the middle vernacular schools have not increased, for a purely vernacular education is not popular.

The increase in the number of high schools was due to the opening of new schools under private management and the raising of middle schools to high school status. There are now 1,076 high schools.

The average number of candidates from a high school for the Matriculation Examination of 1932 was only 15·5 and that of the successful candidates only 10·0. It seems probable that a smaller number of schools with a better distribution over the province would achieve the same results.

The problem of the control of secondary education still remains unsolved, but a draft Bill for a Secondary Board of Education has been prepared. The proposal of the Calcutta University to adopt the vernacular as the medium of examination for the Matriculation with effect from 1937 is now before Government.

(4) *Collegiate education*.—The Universities of Calcutta and Dacca continued to work during the period under review, each on its own characteristic lines. No decision has yet been arrived at with regard to the question of the reconstruction of the Calcutta University in accordance with the recommendations of the Sadler Commission. The report of the University on the draft Bill which had been prepared by the Education Department for the purpose has not yet been submitted to Government.

The growth of arts colleges seems to have been checked a little—4 new colleges only were opened in the period under review, as against 9 new colleges in the preceding quinquennium. The increase in the number of colleges has not led to an increase in the admissions, for there is a drop of 2,676 in the number of scholars. The average number of students per college fell from 498 in 1926-27 to 403 in 1931-32. This has had serious effects on the colleges which depend largely on the fee income, and, unless the situation improves, some of them may find it difficult to tide over the crisis.

(5) *Professional education*.—No noteworthy change has taken place in the sphere of professional education except that the Mechanical

Engineering side at Sibpur Engineering College has been raised to the degree status. The two Universities continued to provide higher professional instruction leading to a Bachelor's or Master's Degree in Commerce, Law, Engineering, Medicine and Teaching. A degree of M T has been instituted at Dacca and a D.Sc. degree (Public Health) in Calcutta.

VI.—Students in professional colleges.

	1926-27.	1931-32.	Increase or decrease.
In colleges for men—			
Law ..	3,638	2,527	−1,111
Medicine ..	1,616	1,318	−298
Education .	136	144	+8
Engineering .	291	307	+16
Commerce ..	475	700	+225
Veterinary	125	169	+44
Total	6,281	5,165	−1,116
In colleges for women –			
Education ..	41	43	+2
Grand Total	6,322	5,208	−1,114

VII.—Successful candidates in professional examinations.

	Total number.	B.L	M.B.	B.E.	B.T.
1926 27	1,132	786	216	21	109
1931-32	921	584	163	32	142

(6) *Industrial, agricultural and lower professional education.*—No noteworthy change has taken place in the sphere of vocational training, but the work of the preceding quinquennium has been consolidated during the period under review, specially in technical, weaving and agricultural education. New lines of advance have been chalked out, new methods of teaching have been evolved, the organisation has been changed at certain points. Agricultural education has received special attention, and a scheme for providing an agricultural training in some secondary schools has been put into operation.

VIII.—Pupils in professional and technical schools.

	1926-27.	1931-32.
Normal and training schools	2,391	2,821
Schools of art ..	567	519
Medical schools ..	2,282	2,418
Engineering schools ..	518	561
Technical and industrial schools ..	6,234	6,315
Commercial schools . ..	1,705	1,189
Agricultural schools	117	141
Total ..	13,814	13,964

Progress of different communities.—(*1*) *General.*—

IX.—All pupils according to race or creed.

	1921-22.	1926-27.	1931-32
Europeans	9,443	9,610	9,721
Indian Christians	13,517	13,588	15,934
Hindus—			
Educationally advanced	882,425	823,323	861,034
Educationally backward .. .	82,852	344,179	440,054
Muhammadans	880,675	1,140,140	1,437,978
Buddhists	9,565	10,005	13,157
Others	13,664	2,535	5,347
Total ..	1,892,141	2,343,380	2,783,225

This is a very interesting table. Certain communities have remained more or less static, while others have taken tremendous strides forward. The total number of Christians in the province is about 180,000 and the children of school-going age number a little over 25,000. We find nearly all of them actually receiving education. The same is more or less true of the "educationally advanced" Hindus. The number of their pupils has not shown much variation during the last decade. These two communities are educationally almost saturated. On the other hand, the "backward" Hindus are now fully awake to the need for education. For every one of their number at school in 1921, there are now more than 5. The advance of the Muhammadans is almost as startling; they have nearly doubled their enrolment and the percentage has risen from 3·5 in 1921-22 to 5·2 in 1931-32. It may safely be predicted that any future spread of education in Bengal will be chiefly among those two communities.

(*2*) *Muhammadans.*—The progress in the education of Muhammadans may be more accurately measured by the following figures. The proportion of Muhammadan scholars to the total number of scholars is now 51·6, which is not far from 54·8—the percentage of Muhammadans to the total population.

X.—Muhammadan pupils in different stages.

	1926-27.	1931-32.
Collegiate stage	4,305	3,559
High stage	16,058	24,152
Middle stage	18,574	30,344
Primary stage	995,030	1,258,746
In special schools (including madrassahs) ..	75,270	89,578
In unrecognised schools	30,903	31,599
Total	1,140,140	1,437,978

The increase of scholars is, however, chiefly in the primary stage and it does not, necessarily, lead to a proportionate increase in the number of literates, on account of the wastage from stage to stage.

But still it is an indication of the educational awakening of the community. A further proof of this was furnished by the cordial approval which the Bengal (Rural) Primary Education Bill met from the cultivating classes, of which the majority are Muhammadans. The drop of 746 Muhammadan pupils in colleges is more than made good by a remarkable advance in the secondary stage in which a continuous decline had been noticed in the preceding periods. A committee was appointed by Government during the year 1930-31 under the presidentship of Khan Bahadur Maulvi Muhammad Abdul Momin to suggest the right lines for the development of Moslem education in the presidency.

(3) *Backward classes.*—As we have seen, education is spreading fast amongst the backward classes. The Namasudras and Pods, especially, have taken full advantage of the facilities available and are helping themselves by founding their own schools and providing scholarships for their children. It may be noticed here that the advanced Hindus have lost ground in the primary and secondary stages, in which their enrolment was 631,531 at the end of the quinquennium as against 640,309 in 1926-27. The aboriginal races too, especially the Santals, have made much progress.

(4) *Europeans.*—The introduction of the new Code of Regulations for European schools (Bengal) has been a noteworthy event. The number of schools and boys and girls under instruction, specially of girls, has increased. More advantage is being taken of the facilities offered by the Calcutta University.

Education of women.—Considerable progress is noticeable in the education of women in all stages. There has been a large increase of girls in primary schools, relatively greater than that of boys; new girls' high schools have been started where there were none and women's sections have been opened in colleges to meet the growing demand for higher education for women.

XI.—Girls in different stages of instruction.

	1921-22	1926-27.	1931-32.
Collegiate stage	228	384	770
High stage	1,044	1,484	3,855
Middle stage	1,716	2,243	4,916
Primary stage	333,704	409,521	535,110
Total	336,692	413,632	544,651

The rate of increase of male scholars during the five years from 1921-22 to 1926-27 was greater than that of female scholars. But the position has been reversed during this quinquennium, the rate of increase of female scholars being 31·6 per cent. and that of males only 16 per cent. The increase is most striking above the primary stage. In the higher stages, there are now 7 girls where, five years ago, there were only 3. But, when we remember that the total number of boys at school is more than four times the number of girls, it is evident that women's education still lags far behind. The proportion of expenditure on female education to the total expenditure on education has only increased from 11·2 per cent. in 1926-27 to 12·1 per cent. in 1931-32.

Expenditure on education.

XII.—Expenditure according to objects.

	1926-27			1931-32		
	For males.	For females.	Total	For males	For females.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.
Art colleges	33,81,031	1,35,813	35,16,844	33,97,458	1,42,145	35,39,603
Professional colleges	22,29,771	28,981	22,58,752	19,62,138	30,902	19,93,040
Secondary schools	1,15,05,385	13,29,270	1,28,34,655	1,31,07,917	17,42,242	1,48,50,159
Primary schools	56,59,990	11,01,085	67,61,075	67,23,922	14,82,205	82,06,127
Special schools	30,21,733	2,13,536	32,35,269	38,34,713	2,56,993	40,91,706
University			30,47,697			28,55,836
Direction			2,01,437			2 04,731
Inspection	1,11,69,473		13,65,785	96,06,401		13,89,775
Buildings			30,64,589			20,57,756
Miscellaneous			34,89,965			30,98,803
Total	2,57,97,910	28,08,685	3,97,76,068	2 90,26,148	36,54,487	4,22,87,036
	2,86,06,595			3,26,80,635		

XIII.—Expenditure according to sources.

Years	Government fund	District board fund	Municipal fund	Fees.	Other sources	Total
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs.
1926-27	1,47,94,686	16,41,190	6,34,403	1,62,19,593	61,86,136	3,97,76,068
1927-28	1,49,88 087	16,20,005	8,90,210	1,70,95,255	68,79,178	4,14,72,735
1928-29	1,53,04,485	17,23,334	10,02,621	1,78,30,080	75,36,989	4,33,98,109
1929-30	1,51,89,809	17,77,842	11,72,486	1 88,06,773	71,53,023	4,43,99,993
1930-31	1,54,08,615	16,25,325	14,07,893	1,84,60,275	70,34,445	4,39,31,553
1931-32	1 44,46,851	16,48,062	15,04,943	1,80,02,579	66,84,001	4,22,87 036

XIV.—Percentage of expenditure and cost per scholar from different sources.

	Percentage of expenditure from different sources, 1931-32	Cost per scholar to different sources.
	Per cent.	Rs
Government funds	34·1	5·2
Municipal funds	3·6	1·1
District boards	3·9	
Fees	42·6	6·5
Other sources	15·8	2·4

A striking feature is the comparatively small increase in educational expenditure during the period. Between 1921-22 and 1926-27, the total expenditure increased by nearly Rs. 64 lakhs or by 19·1 per cent.; between 1926-27 and 1931-32, it increased only by about Rs. 25 lakhs or by 6·3 per cent. This was due to the financial depression, for in 1929-30, the expenditure was nearly Rs. 4,44 lakhs or about Rs. 21 lakhs more than in 1931-32. Expenditure was cut down wherever possible and the fall in enrolment diminished the fee income.

It is also worth noticing that the contribution from provincial revenues was actually less at the end of the period than at the beginning by about Rs. 3½ lakhs, although in the previous period it had increased by about Rs. 12½ lakhs. District boards spent almost the same amount in 1931-32 as in 1926-27. Municipalities, however, spent much more. Municipal expenditure on education was only Rs. 2,42,713 in 1921-22, but rose to Rs. 6,34,463 in 1926-27 and to Rs. 15,04,943 in 1931-32—a remarkable increase. This was almost wholly due to the Calcutta Corporation which spent Rs. 3,17,262 in 1926-27 and no less than Rs. 11,44,075 in 1931-32. There has been a considerable net increase in fees as well, about Rs. 18 lakhs altogether. Government expenditure has both absolutely and relatively declined. At the beginning of the period, provincial revenues met 31·47 per cent. of the expenditure on institutions for males, 46·70 per cent. on institutions for females and 37·19 of the total expenditure. In 1931-32, the percentage on institutions for males had fallen to 29·5, on institutions for females to 37·7 and on the total to 34·1. In the financial condition of the province, retrenchment was inevitable, but there is no doubt that it has arrested development.

When we compare the different fields of education, we find that the expenditure on colleges has actually decreased, but that on secondary and primary education has increased. About Rs. 20 lakhs more is now spent on secondary education and about Rs. 14½ lakhs more on primary education. In other words, the disparity between the expenditure on primary and on secondary education is becoming greater. In 1921-22 nearly Rs. 49 lakhs more was spent on secondary than on primary education; in 1926-27 about Rs. 61 lakhs more; in 1931-32 Rs. 66½ lakhs more. It was pointed out in the last report that there was a marked contrast between Bengal and the rest of India in this respect. In 1926-27, the other provinces spent Rs. 6,28 lakhs on primary education and Rs. 5,34 lakhs on secondary education, while Bengal spent Rs. 68 lakhs on primary and Rs. 1,28 lakhs on secondary education There are no signs as yet that primary education is receiving its proper measure of financial aid.

Nor should we fail to note that female education is also relatively neglected. While the expenditure on primary and secondary schools for boys has grown by Rs. 26⅝ lakhs, that on girls' schools has increased by less than Rs. 8 lakhs. Of the total expenditure, women's education receives only a ninth part. Perhaps the most important educational task in Bengal is to redress these two glaring inequalities.

CHAPTER II.

Administration and control.

The Legislative Council and its control over education.—It was the intention of the Government of India Act to transfer education generally to a Minister appointed by the Governor from amongst the elected members of the Council. But the education of Europeans is a reserved subject administered by a Member of the Executive Council. The Council gets an opportunity to criticise educational policy and administration during the annual budget discussions and, by virtue of its powers to pass, amend, or reject the budget, can shape the

educational policy of the province and control the distribution of funds placed at the disposal of the Education Department. One outstanding feature of the quinquennium was the wide range of topics covered by the questions asked in Council. The discussions showed an increasing mastery of facts regarding educational matters which augurs well for the future. The following may be mentioned as illustrative of the type of questions asked:—

The advancement of Moslem education, grants to schools for the depressed classes, the causes of the outbreak of strikes, compulsory physical training and military drill, medical inspection, provident funds for teachers in non-Government institutions, Sanskrit as an optional subject in secondary schools, the supply of literature regarding the League of Nations, agricultural training in secondary schools, the education of factory children, the establishment of girls' high schools in district headquarters, the deprovincialisation of schools, the training of teachers, public libraries, etc. These are broad questions, but there was also a tendency to ask questions on petty details of the internal administration of the department or of educational institutions.

Important motions and resolutions of the period 1927-32.—1. The Bengal (Rural) Primary Education Bill was before the Bengal Legislative Council from 1928. The greatest interest was evinced in the progress of this measure and it finally passed into law on the 26th August 1930 and subsequently received the assent of the Governor-General

2. In the winter session of 1931 a motion for an amendment of the Act of 1919 was agreed to, by virtue of which the Local Government can now authorise a particular municipality to enforce the compulsory attendance of girls, if Government are satisfied with the arrangements made by the municipality.

3. Babu Amarendranath Ghose's resolution that the Government of India should be approached to transfer the proceeds of the export duty on jute to the province of Bengal to be spent on compulsory primary education, agriculture and sanitary improvement, was accepted by the Council.

4. Babu Sarat Kumar Dutt's motion to refuse the demand of Rs 17,500 towards the salary of the Vice-Chancellor of the Calcutta University was agreed to.

5 The Dacca University Amendment Act of 1928 was passed. By this the Academic Council was made purely advisory in function and all executive powers were centred in the Executive Council of the University

6. Dr. Pramathanath Banerjee's Bill for the re-constitution of the Senate of Calcutta University on a more popular basis did not make any headway after emerging from the Select Committee, as Dr. Banerjee retired from the Council.

The period was marked by frequent changes in the personnel of the Ministry of Education—

Up to August 1927—Minister: The Hon'ble Mr. Byomkesh Chakravarty.

From August 1927 to 21st February 1929—Minister: The Hon'ble Nawab Musharruf Hosain, Khan Bahadur, who relinquished charge on a no-confidence motion passed by the Council.

From 22nd February 1929 to 18th December 1929—Educational affairs were administered by His Excellency the Governor through his Executive Council.

From 19th December 1929—Minister: The Hon'ble Mr. Khwaja Nazimuddin, C.I.E.

The department was thus administered by three Ministers and the Governor. Such frequent changes obviously make it difficult to conceive and execute any bold policy of reform. Still, the passing of the Bengal (Rural) Primary Education Act in 1930 will remain a landmark in the history of educational development in the province.

Government control over education.—Government retain wide powers of control and supervision over all aspects of education from the primary to the university stage. This control is threefold—administrative, financial and academic. The relations between Government and non-Government educational authorities are adjusted by administrative and legislative Acts by which Government transfer control and responsibility to public bodies within definite limits. The legislative Acts passed during the period have already been referred to.

Academic control is concerned with the course of studies, withdrawal and transfer of scholars, qualifications of teachers, examinations, text-books, etc. It varies in degree as one passes from the primary to the university stage. It will be found that the chief instrument of Government control is the system of monetary aid to which certain conditions are attached and this control is exercised through executive as well as through educational officers. Commissioners and District and Subdivisional Magistrates often act as presidents of the committees of management of educational institutions.

The following table shows the number of institutions of all grades according to management:—

XV.—*Institutions according to management.*

	Public management				Private management					
	Government		District boards and municipalities		Aided		Unaided		Total institutions	
	1926-27	1931-32	1926-27	1931-32	1926-27	1931-32	1926-27	1931-32	1926-27	1931-32
Universities					2	2			2	2
Arts colleges	11	12		.	21	21	13	16	45	49
Professional colleges	7	7			7	7	4	3	•17	17
Secondary schools	51	54	65	61	1,788	1,956	903	1,055	2,805	3,126
Primary schools	119	107	4,019	4,492	41,527	48,248	7,144	8,315	52,809	61,162
Training schools	93	88	..	1	13	11		1	106	101
Special schools	45	54	6	7	2,074	2,150	924	738	3,049	2,949
Total	329	322	4,090	4,561	45,427	52,395	8,987	10,128	58,833	67,406
Unrecognised schools.				.	.	..			1,610	1,630
Grand Total			.	.	..	..	..	..	60,443	69,036

During the period under review institutions under the direct control of Government decreased by 7. The board and municipal schools have increased by 471 and schools under private management by 8,109 (aided by 6,968, unaided by 1,[illegible]

Control of primary education.—(*1*) *Government.*—The actual number of primary schools managed directly by Government is very small, only about one in 570. But this is no measure of the extent of Government control over primary education. The recognition of primary schools and maktabs rests with the department, which also prescribes the syllabus and text-books, frames rules for admission, withdrawal, examination and promotion of pupils. Government have thus large powers over primary schools.

(*2*) *Local bodies*.—The district boards are largely responsible for primary education in rural areas and municipalities in urban areas. Some district boards have delegated to local boards the power to pay stipends to teachers, an arrangement which, it is reported, often causes unnecessary delay.

The powers and functions of the district boards were defined by the Local Self-Government Act of 1885 and the statutory rules framed by Government under that Act.

The control of district boards over primary schools is exercised mainly through the conditions attached to grants. Grants are given by them partly from their own funds and partly from contributions for the purpose from provincial revenues. Generally speaking, Government does not give grants direct to primary schools. The district boards are thus able to impose their own conditions and in one district all lower primary schools are allowed to have only a single teacher each. The District Inspector represents Government on the Boards' Education Committee and plays the role of educational adviser to the local bodies. But he has no control over the deliberations of the committee and his recommendations are not always acted on. The local body may, and does, give grants to schools against his advice.

The grants given from district funds to education amounted to Rs. 16,41,190 in 1926-27. In 1929-30, the total rose to Rs. 17,77,842, but fell again to Rs. 16,48,662 in 1931-32. The reduction of income from cess has been responsible either for temporary diversions of educational allotments or for cuts in the education budget of district boards. One board was found to have spent less than was required by the conditions attached to Government grants; in another case, the diversion of Government money to non-educational purposes was detected.

Local bodies are also apt to encourage quantity rather than quality. The average amount of grant is very moderate and any reduction of it affects efficiency. The number of schools is, however, increasing; and it is time to consider whether aid should not be so distributed as to secure the financial stability and efficiency of a reasonable number of schools rather than be spread thinly over a very large number.

For inspection some district boards employ inspecting pandits and maulvis working under the departmental staff. The Government sub-inspectors are, to a certain extent, responsible to the chairmen of the district boards.

Powers have been delegated to union boards where they have come into existence to start and maintain primary schools. It is yet too early to appraise their activities.

The relations between the department and the municipalities are not very clearly defined. There is no officer of the department on any municipal board, but the educational budgets of the municipalities are prepared in consultation with the District Inspector of Schools, approved

by the Inspector of Schools, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Division. A municipality which has the necessary enthusiasm and zeal in the cause of education may now seek the aid of the Primary Education Act of 1919 to enforce compulsion and levy an education cess.

In this connexion it is worth while quoting the conclusion of the Hartog Committee about the control of primary education: "We feel that for the healthy advance of primary education a change is desirable. It is obviously right that local affairs should be managed by local authorities; and it is not unreasonable that, in the early stages, mistakes should be made by inexperience. But we are of opinion that education is a national service and that the State cannot divest itself of its responsibility in the matter; and all the more is this so in a parliamentary system of government, in which the Minister has very definite responsibilities to a Legislative Council which votes the money and has a right to know how it is spent. If the goal of universal and compulsory education is to be reached, the Minister must be in a position to supervise, and to control, where necessary, the activities of local authorities."

(3) *Private enterprise.*—Special mention should be made of the various missionary bodies, Indian and non-Indian, which render valuable service to the cause of education, especially that of girls and backward communities. Christian missions certainly lead the way and amongst Indian organisations the activities of the Society for the Improvement of Backward Classes, the Nari Siksha Samity and the Saroj Nalini Memorial Association deserve mention. Railway authorities also help the cause of education by maintaining schools at important railway centres. Bodies like these generally seek aid and accept the conditions attached.

Mention may be made here of the educational activities of the Naogaon Ganja Cultivators' Co-operative Society, Ltd. The society gave aid to 50 schools (high schools 3, madrasah 1, middle English school 1 and primary schools 45) to the amount of Rs. 11,866 in 1931-32.

The following table gives statistics of the educational activities of the various missions:—

XVI.—Classes and expenditure of missionary institutions.

	Christian			Hindu	Moslem	Others	Total.
	British	Non-British	Total				
Colleges	7	4	11*	1			1
High schools	15	12	27	2			2
Middle schools	35	16	51	1			1
Primary schools	418	278	696	52	13	1	66
Training schools	8	3	11				..
Other schools	38	7	45	5	1	2	8
Total	521	320	841	61	14	3	78
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Provincial revenues	2,60,55[illegible]	1,34,870	3,95,425	2,373	118	44	2,535
Board's fund	30,873	14,258	45,131	8,581	55	184	8,770
Fees	4,13,068	2,91,118	7,04,186	1,35,745	522		1,36,267
Miscellaneous funds	4,94,054	2,12,750	7,06,804	25,280	135	120	25,535
Other funds	8,263	3,337	11,600	607	656	..	1,263
Total	12,06,813	6,56,333	18,63,146	1,72,536	1,486	348	1,74,370

*Including two [illegible] colleges.

The resources of missions and philanthropic bodies have dwindled considerably during the period, inasmuch as private charity was not forthcoming as largely as before on account of the worldwide trade depression and the fluctuations of the exchange. Unless trade revives and the economic condition improves, their activities will probably have to be curtailed.

Control of secondary education.—Control over secondary education is divided between Government acting through its executive officers and the Education Department, the University of Calcutta and the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca. A few schools are managed by district boards and municipalities.

(1) *The Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca.*—The Board was created in 1921 as a temporary measure, with a view partly to circumvent a legal difficulty that arose consequent on the removal of the Dacca University area from the control of the Calcutta University and partly to effect improvements in intermediate and secondary education in the spirit of the recommendations made by the Sadler Commission. The Board consists largely of nominees of Government. Its academic control extends over the four intermediate colleges and the 15 high schools in the Dacca University area and also over the 3 Islamic intermediate colleges and 27 high madrasahs in the province. The Government inspecting staff is responsible for inspection.

The average total cost of the Board was Rs. 54,120 a year and the average net cost to Government Rs. 25,082. It has been contended that the results achieved have not been commensurate with the expenditure involved. It is difficult to appraise its results in view of its financial handicaps and its jurisdictional disabilities. To quote from the previous review, "the Board cannot go on as it has done and the cry has been raised 'End or extend.'" The constitution of a Provincial Board of Secondary Education has been drafted. It is overdue in the true interests of secondary education. The control of high schools in Dacca will automatically pass to such a Board if a Secondary Education Bill is passed by the Council. The future control of the intermediate colleges and high madrasahs has not yet been settled.

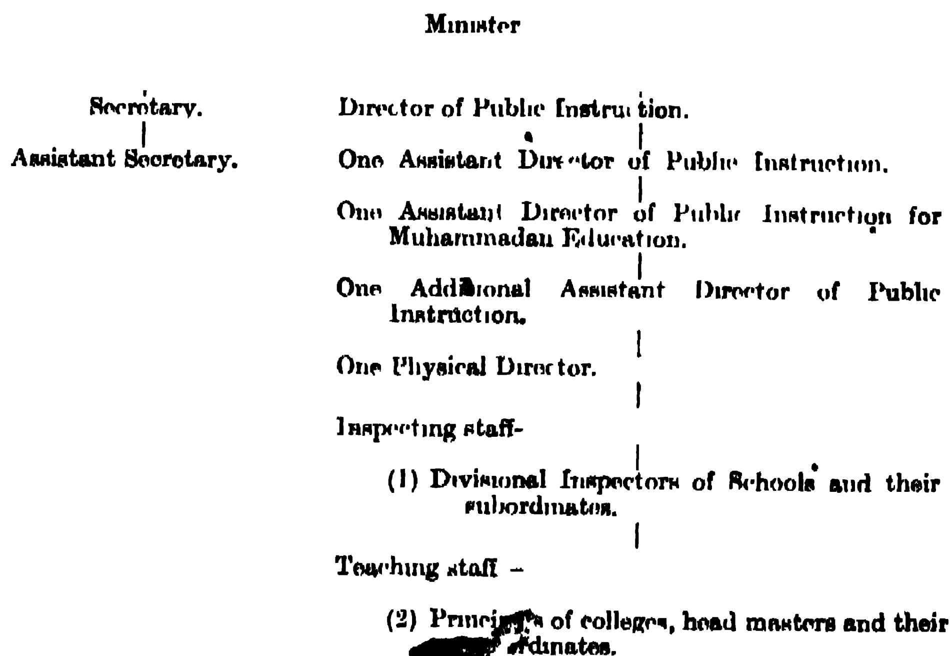
(2) *Calcutta University.*—The University exercises academic control over high school education in Bengal by its power of recognition of high schools (outside the Dacca University area) as qualified to prepare and send up candidates for the Matriculation Examination held by the University. This examination is a preliminary to the higher University examinations, success in which is the passport to Government service and other employments and has a social value much beyond its intrinsic merits. Secondary education is thus under the dual control of the Government and the University which do not always have the same standards of efficiency. The immense preponderance of privately-managed aided and unaided institutions in the province makes the situation very acute. The University has been charged with lowering the standard of examination, and granting recognition too easily in the face of the adverse reports by the Government inspecting staff. The inspectors point out that the minimum requirements for the purpose of recognition do not exist in a good many schools.

During the last five years, however, the University has attempted to effect some improvements by revising the regulations relating to the Matriculation Examination, by [illegible] a revised School Code and by

constituting an Arbitration Board to safeguard the interests of teachers. But these measures do not go far enough. Secondary education in Bengal is still unsatisfactory. Bengali boys do not get from it a sound training either in will or intellect. It is hoped the proposed Secondary Board will solve the question of control by co-ordinating the controlling agencies, the department, the University and private bodies. It is further hoped that this Board will have sufficient funds at its disposal to bestow help where help is needed. It will be possible then to insist on a higher standard, on the appointment of better qualified and better paid teachers, on a judicious system of recognition and a better distribution of schools over the province.

(3) *Government control.*—Government control over aided schools is secured by attaching certain conditions to aid in respect of the constitution of managing committees, the remuneration and appointment of teachers, the buildings, etc. The District Magistrate and Subdivisional Officers often act as presidents of managing committees of schools and their approval of the constitution of managing committees is required for the purpose of an aid. Government prescribes the syllabus and text-books for all classes except the two top classes of high schools. The University syllabus and text-books are followed in these classes. The unaided schools are expected to adopt and, in fact, do largely adopt the departmental curricula and text-books, and the rules for admission, withdrawal, promotion and examination The fear of forfeiting the scholarship and examination privileges secures compliance with the departmental rules. During the period under review warnings had to be given to some schools which indulged in undesirable extra-academic activities.

The organisation of the Education Department.—The headquarters staff was strengthened by the addition of a Physical Director for five years from the 13th November 1928 and the post of the Additional Assistant Director of Public Instruction has been renewed annually. In other respects it remained the same as in the previous quinquennium The hierarchy of the different classes of officers of the department is indicated below:—



The Secretary must, by statute, be a member of the Indian Civil Service. The Assistant Secretary is, as a rule, an officer of the Bengal Civil Service. In the last report, reference was made to the suggestion that the post of Director should be abolished and that the Secretary should act also as Director. Since then, the question has been discussed in the Hartog Committee's Report, where it is shown that the reasons which once justified the existence of the Secretary are no longer valid. The more the educational system develops, the greater is the need for expert direction and control. What is needed is not the abolition of the Directorate but its strengthening. "We are of opinion," said the Hartog Committee, "that the headquarters staffs are lamentably inadequate, and that the preparation of schemes of policy for consideration by the Minister has been seriously hampered by this inadequacy. Neglect to provide a proper staff leads not to economy, but to extravagance."

The educational services.—The officers of the Education Department are divided into different services.

(*1*) *Indian Educational Service.*—The Director of Public Instruction and the Assistant Director of Public Instruction belong to the Indian Educational Service. Recruitment to the Indian Educational Service has for some years been stopped by orders of the Secretary of State. It has been proposed to replace it by a Provincial Educational Service of superior grade, and the delay in the formation of the new service has caused considerable disappointment. Vacancies in the Indian Educational Service are now either kept in abeyance or filled on a contract system on a special rate of pay or filled by the officers of the Bengal Educational Service on their own pay. The number of posts in the men's branch remains the same, namely, 67 (excluding the post of the Director) on paper. But the actual number is steadily dropping; only 22 posts out of 67 are now held by permanent members of the service and 3 on an officiating basis. Three posts are in abeyance, 10 posts are lying vacant and 29 have been filled on the Bengal Educational Service basis on a special rate of pay. Of the 25 posts, 11 are held by Europeans and 14 by Indians.

Women's branch.—The cadre of the women's branch of the Indian Educational Service consists of four appointments of which three are in the ordinary grade and one in the selection grade. Those in the ordinary grade are filled, one by an Indian officiating in the Indian Educational Service, one by an officer on a special rate of pay and one by a European on special contract. The pay of the service is Rs. 400—25—800 and that of the selection grade Rs. 900—25—950—50—1,050.

(*2*) *Bengal Educational Service.*—One Bengal Educational Service post was created for the Superintendentship of the Rajshahi Madrasah. Three Bengal Educational Service posts, belonging to the Sanskrit College, the Krishnagar College and the Rajshahi College, respectively, were reduced to the Subordinate Educational Service grade. Three posts of the defunct Dacca College were removed from the list. Thus the permanent strength of the cadre on 31st March 1932 was 211 against 216 on 31st March 1927, and the temporary Bengal Educational Service posts on the same date were 16 as compared with 1 on 31st March 1927. Eleven posts had to be created to provide for the appointment of officers against vacancies in the Indian Educational Service.

In the women's branch, there was no change. There were 20 posts on 31st March 1932.

The number of special posts on 31st March 1932 was 42 against 41 on 31st March 1927. Two posts were added, by the appointment of the Physical Director from 13th November 1928 and by the transfer of the post of the Superintendent, Reformatory and Industrial School, Alipore, to the Education Department, while one temporary post was abolished on the expiry of the term of the appointment.

The number of posts outside the classified list on 31st March 1932 was 19 as against 11 on 31st March 1927.

(3) *Subordinate Educational Service.*—The table below shows the strength of the Subordinate Educational Service posts, teaching, inspecting, ministerial and miscellaneous:—

XVII.—Posts in the Subordinate Educational Service.

		31st March 1927	31st March 1932.
Teaching	..	1,359	1,344 (including 87 posts held in abeyance).
Inspecting	..	327	316
Ministerial	..	403	420
Miscellaneous	..	80	97 (including 10 posts held in abeyance)

Inspecting agency.—*Strength and duties.*—An Inspector of Schools is attached to each administrative division of the presidency. He is responsible for all educational matters within his division except colleges, some madrasahs and European schools, which are under the control of the Principals, the Dacca Board of Secondary Education, and Inspector of European Schools. The Divisional Inspectors were granted during the quinquennium a special pay of Rs. 150 per mensem each. The Inspector is assisted by one or two Second Inspectors and one Assistant Inspector of Schools for Muhammadans. The District Inspector is in general charge of educational administration in the district. He controls all institutions except high schools and senior madrasahs, and supervises the work of Subdivisional Inspectors under him. He has long ceased to be an *ex-officio* member of the district board, but he is still a member of the board's Education Committee. His position, as has already been shown, is rather anomalous. The Subdivisional Inspectors inspect middle English schools, junior madrasahs and guru-training schools; and supervise sub-inspectors under them. They form a useful link between the District Inspector and the sub-inspector, whose chief business is to inspect primary schools and maktabs. There are besides, in certain districts, assistant sub-inspectors and inspecting maulvis for primary education. These posts are to be abolished gradually as vacancies occur, in pursuance of the recommendations of the Bengal Retrenchment Committee; 15 out of 27 such posts have already been abolished. The Inspector's jurisdiction is divided into circles comprising one or more districts. Each circle is placed under a second Inspector of Schools and the Inspector may delegate, with the permission of the Director of Public Instruction, powers other than those relating [illegible]pointment, and finance to a

Second Inspector. The Assistant Inspector for Muhammadan Education submits his reports, in the first instance, to the Second Inspector whose circle contains the schools reported on and the Second Inspector transmits the report to the Inspector for consideration. The following table shows the strength of the inspectorate in the different divisions:—

XVIII.—Classes of inspecting officers and expenditure on inspection.

	1926 27	1931 32.
Inspector and Second Inspector	14	13
Assistant Inspectors for Muhammadan Education	5	5
District Inspectors	28	28
Subdivisional Inspectors	61	61
Sub-Inspectors	243	243
Assistant sub-inspectors and inspecting maulvis	19	13
Assistant inspectresses	12	12
Inspectresses	2	2
Inspector of European Schools	1	1

	Provincial revenues.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.
The total cost of inspection		
1926 27	12,85,736	13,65,785
1931 32	12,88,521	13,89,775

Efficiency of inspection.—The strength of the subordinate staff has decreased, but the number of schools to be inspected by the staff has increased. In consequence, the number of schools which a sub-inspector of schools is expected to visit during the course of the year has increased considerably, especially in East Bengal. The conference of Directors at Allahabad some years ago laid down 100 schools as a reasonable number for a sub-inspector, but in Chittagong district a sub-inspector is responsible for 380 schools and in Rajshahi Division for 323 schools It is physically impossible for one man to inspect so many schools properly in one year. Besides inspection, the sub-inspector of schools has many other duties. The Hartog Committee's remarks in this connection are worth pondering—"The inspecting staff should be both strong in quality and quantity if improvement is to be secured and wastage reduced."

It is worthwhile to mention that the inspectorate during the period took an active interest in teaching. Khan Bahadur Moula Baksh carried out certain experiments to obtain standard tests and Rai Bahadur K. C. Roy initiated a system of intensive inspection and active participation in teaching work in a few selected schools which has resulted in increased efficiency. It may be noted that in some divisions as many as four Inspectors were in charge during the last five years. Frequent transfers are prejudicial to the interests of the division and allow no opportunity to the In[illegible] to carry out reforms.

CHAPTER III.

Primary education—Indian boys.

I.—The provision for primary education.—(*a*) *The number of schools.*—The number of boys' primary schools increased during the period from 38,187 to 43,718, an increase of 5,531 schools or 14·4 per cent. In the previous quinquennium, the increase was only 2,572 schools or 7·2 per cent. The rate of increase was, therefore, twice as rapid as before; and it would have been even greater but for the economic difficulties and the reduction of educational expenditure. In 1927-28, the increase was 5·3 per cent., and in the following years 3·1, 2·7, ·8 and 2·3 per cent., respectively. The growth from period to period is in more than arithmetical progression, the speed is accelerating, and this is, so far, satisfactory. The expansion was not, however, equal in all parts of the province, as the following table will show:—

XIX.—Number of boys' primary schools in each division.

	1926-27.	1931-32.	Increase.
Presidency	6,437	7,696	1,259
Calcutta	415	477	62
Burdwan	8,693	9,321	628
Dacca	9,762	11,810	2,048
Rajshahi	6,814	7,782	968
Chittagong	6,066	6,632	566

The following table shows the distribution of schools according to management:—

XX.—Boys' primary schools according to management.

	1926-27.	1931-32
Government	97	83
Local bodies	3,783	4,211
Aided	29,984	31,719
Unaided	4,323	4,705
Total ..	38,187	43,718

A few tea estate schools in Jalpaiguri district which were shown as managed by Government in 1926-27 are now returned as "aided"; hence the decrease under that head.

(*b*) *The number of pupils.*—The total number of pupils in primary schools for Indian boys rose from 1,398,942 in 1926-27 to 1,682,275 in 1931-32. Here, again, the rate of progress was arrested in the last years. In 1927-28, the increase was 7·6 per cent. and in 1931-32 only 2·8 per cent. A few of the pupils were girls; the number of boys in primary schools was 1,596,866. Including the lower classes of secondary schools, the total number of all boys in the primary stage was 1,781,050 at the end of the period.

When we compare the different communities, we find that the Muhammadans have made the greatest relative progress. The number of Moslems in the primary stage rose from 793,653 in 1926-27 to 955, 938 in 1931-32 or by 20·4 per cent., while the number of Hindu pupils increased only by 3·5 per cent., from 776,772 to 804,062. Even this increase is to the credit of the backward rather than of the advanced Hindus; the latter have lost more than a quarter of a lakh of boys in the primary stage during the period.

The fact is, as already suggested, that the men of the bhadralok classes are nearly all literate and their numbers under education are not likely to increase at a higher ratio than the population. According to the census of 1921 (all the figures for 1931 are not yet available), the total male literacy in the province was 15·9 per cent. and the literacy in English under 3 per cent. But the corresponding figures for the chief bhadralok classes were as follows:—

XXI.—Literacy in bhadralok castes.

Caste.	Percentage of literacy.	Percentage of literacy in English.
Baidya	82·2	51·3
Brahmin	72·9	27·9
Kayastha	62·6	25·6

To put it in another way, among males, nearly a quarter of all literates and nearly half of all literates in English belonged to these classes, although they formed only an eighteenth part of the whole population.

(*c*) *The adequacy of the provision.*—We proceed now to examine whether the existing provision of schools is adequate to the needs of the province. The last census reports nearly 87,000 villages and towns in the province, but it should be remembered that more than half of these are small hamlets and that three-fourths of the population live in villages with more than 500 inhabitants each. Nor should it be forgotten that there is, on the average, more than one village to one square mile and that, except in the districts of Chittagong, the Chittagong Hill Tracts, Jalpaiguri, Darjeeling, Khulna and the 24-Parganas, the villages are very near each other. In other words, if there were schools in every large village and town, probably five-sixths of the population would have the means of education within easy reach. It may be said with confidence that there are in Bengal at present nearly as many school-units for boys as are needed. The table below shows that, with the exception of Rajshahi, every other division is well supplied with schools:—

XXII.—Proportion of boys' primary schools to area and number of villages.

Division.	Area in square miles served by one school.		Number of towns and villages served by one school.	
	1926-27.	1931-32.	1926-27.	1931-32.
Presidency	2·7	2·2	2·1	1·6
Dacca	1·5	1·25	1·8	1·7
Rajshahi	2·7	2·4	3·4	3·03
Chittagong	1·9	1·8	1·1	1·1
Burdwan ..	[illegible]	1·5	2·5	2·4

Let us put the argument in another way. By the last census, the total number of males of school-going age was 3,906,254 and the number of boys in primary schools was 1,596,866 in 1931-32. That is, 40·8 per cent. of those who should be at school were actually there. If we take all the boys in the primary stage, the percentage is as high as 45·6. Now the average strength of a primary school was 38·4 in 1931-32 (as against 36·6 in 1926-27). There is no reason, however, why a school should not have 70 or 80 pupils, if there is sufficient accommodation and the necessary teachers. If each school could double its numbers, we should have practically universal education for boys.

Or, we can approach the question from yet another angle. In 1931-32, there were 957,406 boys in class I. Now, the normal proportion of decrease from class to class may be reckoned at a sixth, which would include the incidence of mortality as well as the losses resulting from other causes. On this basis, taking 100 as the strength of the first class, there should be 359 in the first five classes, provided there is no abnormal wastage and stagnation. Thus, if the boys who join the infant class remain at school for five years, there would be no fewer than 3,437,000 in primary classes, that is, 88 per cent. of the male school-going population.

From this enquiry it would appear that the problem is not so much how to provide more school-units or to draw children to school, but how to retain them till they are literate and how to give them efficient instruction. It is a problem of quality, not of quantity.

II.—The quality of primary school teaching.—(*a*) *Tests of efficiency.*—We have, then, to ask whether the instruction now given is really efficient. Certain tests may be applied to judge its efficiency. First, there is the test of literacy. The least that a school can do is to make its pupils literate; if it does not do that, it has no justification. But, in Bengal, literacy instead of spreading is, in fact, dwindling. In 1921, the percentage of literate males was 15·9; in 1931, it was only 15·75. Whatever allowances we make for variations in the census standard of literacy, this decrease is extremely disquieting. But careful observers had already discerned the tendency. A child can scarcely become permanently literate unless he is in the fourth primary class at least. But the number of pupils in class IV in 1931 was only 118,771 and this included those in secondary schools as well as those in primary schools. This number is barely sufficient to make up for the losses caused by death each year among the literate population; and it is obvious that the number of literates cannot grow in these circumstances. Roughly speaking, one may say that the primary schools do not produce literacy. Many of them are only lower primary schools, with only three classes, and their contribution is negligible. The fact is that most of the bhadralok classes attend secondary schools from the beginning and become literate; the backward classes and Moslems constitute the bulk of the pupils of primary schools and they do not become literate. In class I, there are three Moslem boys to each boy from the advanced Hindu castes, but in class IV the latter are more numerous.

Nor do these schools do much to prepare children for their avocations. The great majority of the people are and must remain agriculturists, and primary education does not help them, to any appreciable extent, to become better agriculturists. On the contrary, it often gives them a distaste for work on the land and lures them to the towns and to other occupations. The small number [illegible] made literate are thus tempted

away from the countryside. The rural districts are drained of their most intelligent or enterprising inhabitants and the level of culture, work and living in the villages remains unchanged.

It follows that the education given neither equips the rural child for his traditional pursuits nor raises the general level of community life. At present, the village is generally no place for the educated person nor does he make any attempt to stay there. The system has not succeeded, with exceptions which are rare and local, in making the school the general centre of the life of the village and a means of social and political education.

(b) *Conditions of efficiency.—(1) Environment and public opinion.*—The home environment, at any rate in villages, is generally not such as to encourage education. The parents are, as a rule, themselves uneducated; there are no books and no real atmosphere of culture in the home. Nor is the general village environment any more helpful. The proportion of literates in the village is not large enough to make education seem a necessity to the average villager. There is not much community work that requires literacy for its transaction. The whole plane of village life is on the level of traditional occupations and inherited instincts, which do not presuppose education of the available kind.

On the other hand, there has been in recent years a very considerable awakening to the need for education among classes hitherto backward. What had been the monopoly of the higher Hindu castes is now craved by the lower castes and by Moslems. But they do not always know exactly what they want, and, asking for bread, generally get a stone.

(2) *The duration of school life.*—The full primary course in Bengal is for five years. But, as has been shown, a very large number of the schools are lower primary schools which have only three classes. The old public examination at the end of the primary course has been revived and was first held in November 1927. In 1931, 13,956 candidates appeared for this primary (maktab) Final Examination and 8,884 were successful. The examination is gradually growing in popularity and may arouse a healthy rivalry between schools and help to arrest wastage.

Although the full course lasts five years, the great majority of children begin and end with the first class; they are withdrawn before they proceed any further. Most parents regard the school as a convenient creche and teachers are glad to make up anyhow the requisite number of pupils for earning a grant. There is one beneficial result—for the practice, as the Inspector of Schools, Burdwan, says, "brings the children from home to an environment where at least the first elements of communal living and the first principles of manners" are learnt.

But no one can regard with equanimity the enormous amount of wastage. The following table shows that out of every 100 boys who entered class I in 1928 only 10·6 reached class V in 1932—the rest had stumbled or fallen by the way:—

XXIII.—Pupils in primary classes in successive years.

Year.	Class.	Number of pupils.
1928	I	885,432
1929	II	341,350
1930	III	246,421
1931	IV	112,789
1932	V	94,030

On behalf of the Hartog Committee, a careful study was made of the amount of wastage and stagnation in a considerable number of schools of different types in Bengal. It is interesting to compare the urban secondary schools and the rural primary schools in these respects. Taking the four lowest classes, in the former only 4·2 per cent. of the children remained in a class for more than a year, in the latter 20·1. The proportion of children in classes II—IV to those in class I was 836 : 100 in the town secondary school and only 81 in the rural primary school. In the former 58 per cent. of the pupils were promoted from class I to class II, in the latter only 16·9 per cent. The primary schools in town and country and the rural secondary schools are most wasteful. Only about one child in ten in them goes through the primary stage without wasting at least a year, whereas in urban secondary schools two children in three accomplish this feat.

There has been, however, some little improvement, as is shown by the following table:—

XXIV.—Number and percentage of boys in primary classes by religion.

	Total number of boys in the primary stage.	Lower primary stage.		Upper primary stage.	
		Infant, I and II.		III and IV.	
1926-27.		Pupils.	Per cent.	Pupils.	Per cent.
Hindus	776,772	671,897	86·5	104,875	13·5
Muslims	793,653	752,356	94·8	41,297	5·2
1931-32.					
Hindus	803,821	673,017	83·8	130,804	16·2
Muslims	955,757	876,817	91·8	78,940	8·2

The number in the infant class has actually diminished by about 22,000. It will be noticed that the wastage is greater among Moslems than among Hindus. The Inspector of Schools for Burdwan Division is of the opinion that about two-fifths of the children in the infant class are not ready for school at all—they are at school merely to be out of the way at home. He considers also that the upper primary schools have greater retaining power than the lower primary schools. This is inherently probable and is undoubtedly the fact. In spreading literacy, the lower primary schools are almost wholly useless.

Figures are, unfortunately, not available to show the numbers of upper and lower primary schools in the province. In one division, it was found that 85 per cent. of the schools were lower primary; and the proportion is probably much the same for other divisions. The preponderance of such schools accounts in part—but only in part—for the extraordinary decrease in numbers between the third and fourth school

years; many children, when they finish the lower primary course, have no higher school in the vicinity to attend. But three years of schooling are insufficient to impart permanent literacy, secure from any danger of relapse. This fact does not appear to have been recognised and even the panchayati union schools are all only of the lower primary standard. Any scheme for reconstruction should aim first at the substitution of upper primary for lower primary schools, by improvement or amalgamation.

(3) *The teaching.*—One of the conditions of good teaching is that each class should receive sufficient attention from the teacher. And what makes the lower primary schools even more futile is the fact that nearly all of them have only a single teacher. In fact, one district board has refused to allow more than one teacher each in lower primary schools. Educationally, such a policy is most mischievous, for the ordinary teacher, untrained in the methods of "plural teaching," neglects the infant class, where, in fact, the best teaching is necessary and where it would be most fruitful. The proportion of single-teacher schools is higher in Bengal than in any other province. In 1926-27, no fewer than 76 per cent. of the schools in Bengal had only one teacher each and the average number of teachers per school was 1·24 to 2·59 in Bombay and 1·87 in Madras. There has been a little improvement. The number of teachers in boys' primary schools has risen from 52,822 in 1926-27 to 65,435 in 1931-32, which now gives an average of 1·5. But in one division 80 per cent. of the schools are still single-teacher schools, and in nearly every lower primary school the teacher has to teach three classes simultaneously. Thus, first, we have schools which are not likely to make pupils literate; and, secondly, we destroy whatever chance of literacy there may be by a system of teaching that is equivalent to a system of neglect. The lower primary schools in Bengal remind one of the old nursery rhyme of the old woman who lived in a shoe; the last line supplies an alternative not much worse than the present method!

Most of the teachers remain untrained. In 1926-27, Bengal, in this respect, also, was at the bottom of the list of provinces. The trained teachers have increased from 14,261 to 19,379 during the period, but the rate of increase is still slow. Of the untrained teachers there are, it is reported, many who cannot even read correctly or with ease and it is idle to expect them to teach their pupils efficiently.

The fact is that the conditions of service of the primary school teacher are such that the profession can scarcely attract any but those who are driven into it in despair as the last refuge of the unemployed. This is particularly true of the rural districts. Life in the village is not congenial to an educated man; there are scarcely any prospects, no intellectual stimulus, no cultured society. The pay is not enough to live on in any comfort. The average pay in a school under public management rose from Rs. 11-8 in 1926-27 to Rs. 15-2 in 1931-32, but in private schools it fell from Rs. 8-2 to Rs. 6-4. The panchayati union teacher receives only Rs. 10. The average salary in Bengal is the lowest in all India. The teacher is compelled to find other sources of income to supplement his pittance and 269 of them acted as school postmasters, receiving an additional remuneration of Rs. 6 to Rs. 15 per month. Often, the teacher is a stranger with no attachments to the village. His status is lower than that of any substantial farmer. Government provided additional grants to the amount of Rs. 5,51,000 for paying Rs. 6 to a trained

teacher and Rs. 2 to an untrained teacher in addition to their income from local funds, but this sum is wholly inadequate. Here, as elsewhere, cheap labour is ineffective labour.

(4) *Inspection.*—However well qualified or trained the teacher may be, he would need to be encouraged and stimulated from time to time by expert and sympathetic supervision. But we find, in fact, that inspection is becoming perhaps rather less, than more, effective. In 1927, the sub-inspector in Bengal had more schools on the average to inspect than his colleague in any other province. The number of schools has increased, but the number of inspectors has decreased a little. There are now 256 sub-inspectors and sub-assistant inspectors (as against 262 in 1926-27). In Chittagong district a sub-inspector is responsible for 380 schools and in Rajshahi Division for 323 schools. No man can do so much conscientiously or usefully. But, besides inspection, he has to attend to other duties; he is the pivot of the whole system. He is also the Cinderella of the department. He has no office, not even a peon. The substitution of daily allowance for mileage has brought him no relief, for the daily allowance of Rs. 2 barely covers the cost of conveyance. In some cases, the boat and travelling allowances were cut down. The axe of retrenchment always falls first on the inspectorate. The reason is perhaps that the visit of the inspector is regarded as of little use, as a visitation rather than as helpful supervision. The inspector is regarded by the teacher as an enemy come to spy out the land, to criticise, not as a friend to appreciate and encourage. This is the result, partly of the hurried nature of the inspection, partly of a bad tradition, partly of the lack of a proper understanding of their functions by the inspectors themselves. They are often unsuited to the work, graduates who have undergone secondary training but have little conception of the problems of primary education, men of the town with no idea of the needs of a rural school, men bound by the routine of official procedure and the letter of education codes, without much imagination or freshness of mind. It is surprising that under such conditions so much work is loyally and often competently done. The problem of inspection can be solved not by cutting down the number of inspectors, but probably by recruiting and training in large numbers men of a different and perhaps less expensive type.

(5) *The curriculum.*—The new curriculum extending over five years has been in operation since 1923. It is an improvement on the old one, but there are too many compulsory subjects to be tackled by a single teacher. The gradation of classes corresponds to that of secondary schools, which is probably responsible for the fact that the course is beyond the capacity of the average teacher. Some subjects are thus neglected. Nature study and observation lessons have often little connexion with either observation or nature; hygiene is learnt by rote in unhygienic surroundings without any reference to its practical application. There is an obvious need for simplification.

The Inspector of Schools, Chittagong, considers Urdu undesirable for maktabs. "There are few teachers who can do justice to it......... As it is a foreign tongue to most Bengali boys, it hampers their progress in the general subjects of the curriculum."

English is an optional subject in the upper primary classes. One inspector says it is growing in popularity, but there are not enough qualified teachers. But the num[illegible] matriculates on the staff of the

primary schools is increasing. In the Rajshahi Division, there are 277 matriculate teachers and English is taught in 725 schools. The Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi, suggests that "the granting of certificates of competency to teach English should be insisted upon by the district inspecting staff".

It may be pointed out, on the other hand, that the general teaching of English in primary schools will tend to approximate rural schools even more to urban schools and strenghthen the drift to the towns. Only a small proportion of children can continue their studies beyond the primary stage; and, if the primary curriculum is designed to lead to higher courses of study, the interests of the many will be sacrificed to the interests of the few.

(6) *Accommodation and equipment.*—Primary schools under public management are generally well housed. The total cost, including equipment, of the board school is about Rs. 1,000, which is met from provincial revenues. The cost of repairs is borne, two parts by Government and one part by the district board. In certain districts the Government contribution did not come up to the quota and the boards could not find money for repairs when repairs were needed. Some school houses are thus fast becoming dilapidated. The majority of private schools have no habitation worth the name. Even in towns many schools have no buildings of their own The equipment is generally of the rudest and simplest, where it exists at all.

(7) *The training of body and character.*—Little or no positive attention is paid to the physical development of the child, at the age when care is most necessary and valuable. Some attempts are being made in a few areas to introduce the wolf cub organisation and cub games, but they are yet very isolated and irregular. The conditions of study are often actually detrimental. The lack of light and ventilation, the absence of insistence on personal cleanliness and care, the stooping posture, the long hours of dull work—all these tend to stunt the body and develop deformities and diseases.

Nor is much done, except in the denominational schools, to instil into the young mind, the lessons of religion and morality. Education is nearly always secular and the moral text-book, where it is taught, is wellnigh useless.

(8) *After-care.*—To check the relapse into illiteracy and to develop the right environment in the home and the village, much might be done by continuation schools, night schools, adult schools, zenana instruction, lantern lectures, village libraries and co-operative work A little is attempted along some of these lines The adult schools fell in number during the period from 1,515 to 1,089 and the pupils from 31,000 to 26,804. This was partly due to the fact that some night schools in which children predominated were returned as primary schools. The cost of maintenance decreased disproportionately from Rs. 1,26,489 in 1926-27 to Rs. 52,526 in 1931-32. The attempt to spread literacy among adults has, on the whole, failed.

In the Presidency Division and in Calcutta, there are also continuation schools intended for those who have already acquired the rudiments of literacy. The Group I schools are for boys below 15 and the Group II schools for adults. But, as a matter of fact, both types of schools are often attended by those who have never been to school before and do

not care to undergo the full primary training. The second class provides instruction also in technical subjects, like carpentry, tailoring and hat-making, but there are not many of them. The following table shows the number of institutions and pupils:—

XXV.—Continuation schools and pupils.

	Schools.		Pupils.	
	1926-27.	1931-32.	1926-27.	1931-32.
Group I schools ..	125	162	3,434	4,374
Group II schools ..	44	52	1,058	1,462

It is evident that there is scarcely any organised attempt to provide adequate "after-care" on a large scale. Once the child leaves school, there is little opportunity or encouragement for it to continue or even keep up its education. The illiterate society all round drags it down and few counter-acting influences exist. The school fights a forlorn battle, with antiquated weapons, against an enveloping host of enemies; and this can scarcely be but a losing battle. The fact that the school subjects and methods of teaching are not related to the actual environment makes it hard to sustain any interest in them afterwards. Once the books are laid aside, education is also laid aside and gradually forgotten. Some scheme of village vernacular libraries, such as that of the Punjab, might be helpful.

III.—The financial aspects.—The expenditure on primary education has grown from Rs. 55,90,162 in 1926-27 to Rs. 66,95,818 in 1931-32. The highest figure for the period was Rs. 68,95,245 in 1929-30. In the last period, there was an increase of about a fourth, in this of about a fifth. The pace has slackened a little.

The following table shows the contribution from different sources to the total expenditure:—

XXVI.—Expenditure on boys' primary schools according to source.

	1926-27.	1931-32.
	Rs.	Rs.
Provincial revenue	17,74,820	22,03,933
District funds	7,27,857	7,22,935
Municipal funds	2,57,046	6,88,680
Fees	22,64,433	24,17,305
Other sources	5,66,006	6,02,965
Total	55,90,162	66,95,818

It will be noticed that the district boards have reduced their expenditure on education a little. In Rajshahi, the reduction was very considerable. The Calcutta Corporation is chiefly responsible for the increase of municipal expenditure. Government now spend about Rs. 4½ lakhs more than at the end of the last period. The income from fees rose to over Rs. 27 lakhs in 1929-30, but fell again owing to the general economic distress.



There are some interesting features in these figures. In the first place, Bengal is one of the very few provinces where fees form a considerable part of the cost of primary education. In most provinces, primary education is free, but here the average fee is about Re. 1-8 per head per year; and Government actually contribute less than the parents do. Secondly, the average annual expense per scholar is just under Rs. 4. The average expense per school is Rs. 153, or a little over Rs. 12 per month. A Government school cost Rs. 97-9 a month, a local body school Rs. 35-9, a private school very much less. When we compare Bengal with the other provinces (excluding Burma) on the figures for 1926-27—and there is no reason to think that the relative position has altered since—we find that Bengal spends the smallest percentage on primary education, that the contribution by public bodies to the total primary expenditure is lowest in this province that the expenditure per head of the population is lowest, the expenditure per school is the smallest, the expenditure per scholar is the least, the average fee the highest. It is difficult to extract much cause for complacency from these facts.

The scholarship system remained the same as during the last period. There were 270 final scholarships of the value of Rs 3 each, of which 177 were open to competition They are awarded by the Inspector of Schools. The preliminary scholarships, of the value of Rs 2 each, are awarded by the local bodies on the results of an examination held at the end of class II. The total number of scholarships fell from 1,376 to 1,089, but the total expenditure rose from Rs. 41,854 to Rs. 53,949.

IV.—Schemes for primary education, old and new.—The old schemes, the panchayati union scheme, and the Biss Scheme, were in operation during the period The number of panchayati union schools was 3,816 in 1931-32 against 3,584 in 1926-27. The scheme did not make much progress. The schools are not generally located in populous areas and do not get much support from the local people who have little control over their management. A scheme to raise the pay of the board school teachers received administrative sanction in 1927, but could not be carried into effect owing to the lack of funds.

The department exercises control over schools managed by local bodies in many ways. They are inspected by departmental officers They are required to follow the rules governing the admission and withdrawal of pupils, to adopt the departmental curricula and to choose text-books from the approved lists. Their establishment bills are passed by departmental officers. Generally, they have to accept the conditions attached to Government grants.

The extension of the Biss Scheme has been suspended in view of the Primary Education Act of 1930 Few municipalities showed any enthusiasm to bear their share of the cost of starting and maintaining schools. Notable exceptions are Chittagong, Berhampore, Burdwan, Howrah, Rangpur, Dacca and Asansol. The number of the Biss type of schools was 252 in 1931-32. In a few of them in Bogra district, the double shift system is being tried.

A third scheme may be called the Griffith scheme. This aimed at the establishment of one well-equipped upper primary school with a staff of four qualified teachers in each union. These were to serve as model institutions and have the option to levy fees. There were seven such schools in 1931-32, all in the district of Howrah.

The Calcutta Corporation has extended its scheme of free primary education. At the end of the period, there were 229 Corporation schools for boys and girls, as against 139 in 1927. Three of them were morning schools, 3 night schools and the rest ordinary day schools. Of the day schools, 142 were of the bustee type, 74 of the class I type and 7 were model schools. One hundred and forty-six were boys' schools (95 for Hindus and 51 for Muhammadans) and 83 were girls' schools (62 for Hindus and 21 for Muhammadans). The number of pupils increased from 16,649 to 30,064, including 17,415 boys and 12,649 girls. The expenditure rose from Rs. 3,17,262 to Rs. 11,44,075. The supervising staff consisted of the Corporation Education Officer, five inspectors and one inspectress. These schools have quickly won a large measure of popularity because they charge no fees and employ well-paid teachers.

The Primary Education Act.—The reason why the different schemes for the expansion of primary education were not pushed forward more rapidly was the passing of the Bengal (Rural) Primary Education Act of 1930—the most outstanding achievement of the period. The Bill was prepared during 1925-26 and in September 1926 Government issued a resolution for the information and criticism of the public, endorsing the principles of the Bill and sketching the outlines of the proposed legislation on primary education. The chief objects of the Bill, which was published during 1927-28, in brief, are—

(1) to provide a central authority for each district, called the District School Board, to control primary education;

(2) to raise funds for universal primary education by imposition of a cess;

(3) to provide for compulsory attendance in schools, and

(4) to abolish the system of realisation of fees in the primary schools of any area where primary education has been declared compulsory.

During the rainy season of 1928 much propaganda work was done in rural areas in connection with the Bill by the sub-inspectors who explained its provisions to the villagers and distributed circulars and leaflets issued by the department. The Bill met with cordial approval from the cultivating class and primary school teachers. But the motion brought forward in August 1928 by the Hon'ble Minister for Education that the Bengal (Rural) Primary Education Bill, 1928, be referred to a Select Committee evoked some amount of criticism as to the scope of the Bill, the constitution of the proposed School Boards and the principle of taxation proposed. Ultimately, however, the motion was agreed to, and the report of the Select Committee was presented to the Council just before the close of the spring session of 1929. The Bill, as it emerged from the first Select Committee, was introduced in the Council in August 1929 and aroused some opposition. Ultimately, however, the motion of Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar that the Bill be referred to a Select Committee with instruction to submit their report in time for presentation in the November session of the Council was carried. In November, however, there was no sitting of the Council. The Bengal Primary Education Bill, 1929, as reported on by the second Select Committee, was subsequently withdrawn by Government after considerable discussion in the Council by a motion of the Hon'ble Minister in March 1930, as the second Select Committee to which it

was referred made radical changes that Government was unable to accept. A promise was, however, made that it should be brought up again in a modified form in the following summer session.

In compliance with that undertaking the Hon'ble Minister introduced it in August 1930 in nearly the form in which it emerged from the first Select Committee and moved that the Bill be taken into consideration. The greatest interest was evinced in the progress of this measure and it finally passed into Act on the 25th August 1930. The assent of the Governor-General was received on the 10th January 1931.

The total cost of putting the Act into full operation has been calculated at Rs. 3,76,65,000. Against this sum the estimated income from cess, taxation, and Government allotment is about Rs. 1,32,50,000 per year.

The full functioning of the Act, however, will have to be held back until the financial position improves. Pending the introduction of the full scheme, Government have under consideration an optional scheme for such district boards as will agree to place at the disposal of the District School Boards their existing allotment for primary education. Some district boards have already signified their desire to participate in this scheme.

V.—General remarks.—From this survey, it is probably clear that an improvement in quality rather than in quantity is the first requisite of an effective system of primary education in Bengal. Nothing is more melancholy than the amount of time and money wasted in the past on schemes and efforts that have not appreciably increased literacy and have proved largely infructuous. The one real achievement has been the general recognition of the need for and the possibility of compulsory education and the translation of this recognition into law. But it should be remembered that the mere expenditure of money cannot solve the fundamental problems of primary education unless it is spent according to some well-considered scheme based on faith and courage as well as on the experience and experiments of the past.

When one considers the history of primary education in Bengal, it is difficult to decide whether hope or depression is the stronger emotion. The losses seem almost to balance the gains after the exertions and plans of many years. The number of schools has increased, largely as a result of individual initiative, but there has been no effective control over them by local authorities and there are about twice the number of primary schools as are actually necessary. What are regarded as faults and weaknesses elsewhere have become the characteristic features of primary education in Bengal. Schools of a very low grade, schools with one teacher, teachers without a living wage, teachers without proper training, schools under no adequate control, schools with no effective inspection—these are the problems we have to face. The sad thing is that many of these problems are old and many of the solutions offered to-day were offered generations ago. The branch and central school system was foreshadowed by the "school circles" of the C. M. S. in 1822: The germ of the Parents' Association and the conception of the school as the centre of the village community may be found in Adam's Report, in which he advocates village school associations. "Such associations, originally formed for school purposes and effectually contributing to their accomplishment, would gradually and almost necessarily grow into nuclei of public spirit and organs for its expression in various ways and for various purposes"

A local cess for education was levied with success seventy years ago. Sixty years ago, the Rev. J. Long noted that "the existing system does not tap the masses............it exhibits but a slow tendency to work downwards and expand itself towards the millions; it embraces but a fraction of the population, leaving the agricultural and working classes in the main as ignorant as ever". Sixty years ago, the Governor-General in Council felt "that it would not be right to evade any longer the responsibility which properly falls upon the Government of providing that the means of obtaining at least an elementary education should be made accessible to the people of Bengal." And we are now little further forward. In 1859 it was urged that arrangements should be made for instructing the pupils of village schools in practical agriculture and horticulture, which would "not only conduce to the improvement of the material condition of the people, but serve substantially the cause of popular education". "Nothing", said another observer at the time, "should be guarded against more carefully than the insensible introduction of a system whereby. ...... youths are weaned from the plough, the axe and the loom, to render them ambitious only for a clerkship". The things they feared have come to pass, their hopes and plans are still hopes and plans alone. To-day we stand on the threshold of a new era; it may be said without contradiction that the introduction of autonomy will alone be justified and made successful if the general spread of the elements of a sound and practical education among the masses of the province is insisted on as the first work of the new régime.

CHAPTER IV.

Secondary education—Indian boys.

Types of secondary schools.—In Bengal, as elsewhere there are three types of secondary schools—the middle vernacular, the middle English and the high school. All of them have generally primary classes as well as secondary classes. The middle stage consists of two classes only and the high stage of four. Bengal, Bihar and Assam—three provinces that have similar educational systems—are alone in having a high stage that is longer than the middle.

XXVII.—Boys' secondary schools and pupils.

	Number of schools			Total	Number of scholars			Total.
	High	Middle English	Middle vernacular		High	Middle English	Middle vernacular	
1916-17	698	1,602	349	2,649	218,070	160,359	21,253	399,682
1921-22	878	1 468	217	2,563	190 630	108,582	10,632	309,844
1926 27 ..	985	1,616	74	2,675	233,343	142,684	4,802	380,829
1929-30 ..	1,046	1,792	55	2,893	265,765	171,119	4,055	440,939
1930-31 .	1 055	1 815	54	2,924	251,015	160,496	3,810	416,221
1931-32 .	1,076	1,845	54	2,975	256,524	177,102	3,986	437,612

(1) *Middle vernacular schools.*—There were 349 middle vernacular schools in 1916-17, but only 54 survived in 1931-32. During the last three years of the period, however, the number remained more or less constant. The average roll strength has actually increased; it was 49 in 1921-22, 65 in 1926-27 and 74 in 1931-32. The average fee income has consequently increased. This coupled with the greater importance now laid on the vernacular, may help the existing schools to maintain themselves. It is also possible that the economic depression may have indirectly helped these institutions by inducing the poorer parents to choose the less expensive schools.

Some of the middle vernacular schools introduced English as an optional subject and were ultimately converted into middle English schools.

(2) *Middle English schools.*—The middle English schools have progressed in every direction. An Inspector says, "the function of middle English schools is to provide a more efficient form of instruction and to extend the school life of a scholar beyond the elementary stage. This they do on cheaper lines and nearer the boys' homes (than the high schools), and hence they are useful and popular". Their number increased by 229, from 1,616 in 1926-27 to 1,845 in 1931-32, that is by 14·1 per cent. The enrolment rose from 142,684 to 177,102. There was a setback in 1930-31, which was more than made up the next year. The average roll strength was 96.

(3) *High schools.*—Many middle English schools were converted into high schools, which have increased in number from 985 in 1926-27 to 1,076 in 1931-32. The pupils numbered 256,524 (as compared with 233,343 in 1926-27) The average roll strength remained almost exactly the same, about 238. It is worth while remembering that in 1916-17, the average enrolment was as high as 312. The high schools vary greatly in size. For example, in Burdwan Division, the largest schools had over 1,100 pupils and the smallest under 100. The number of small schools is on the increase. Out of 227 high schools in that division, no fewer than 138 had less than 200 pupils each, as against 98 such schools in the previous period.

The place of secondary schools in the educational system.—(1) *The middle vernacular as completing the primary.*—The object of the middle vernacular school is or should be, to supplement the primary, to serve those pupils who desire the elements of a liberal education, but who do not care or are not able to go on to English schools. In certain provinces, like Madras and Bombay, the middle vernacular stage is actually merged in the primary. In Bengal, on the other hand, not only are most of the primary schools lower primary institutions, but the middle vernacular schools are disappearing. The inference is that for the ordinary country boy a sound vernacular education is neither desired nor accessible. This is in striking contrast to a province like the Punjab, where the number of middle vernacular schools jumped from 151 in 1916-17 to 2,114 in 1926-27 and the number of pupils in the middle vernacular stage was more than 100,000. In Bengal, it is probably not a 1,000. The result of the weakness of the middle vernacular stage is that the literacy of pupils who stop at the close of the primary stage is precarious. But the reason is that boys prefer to go on to middle English school. Two out of the three of all boys who reach class IV go on to the middle school classes, nearly all of them to the middle English school.

(2) *The middle English as leading up to the high stage.*—The middle English stage is not intended to be complete in itself, but is a preparation for the high stage. Pupils who join a middle English school intend in most cases to go on to the high school. From this it follows that if the majority of pupils in the last primary class go on to the middle English stage, they are not likely to return to the countryside and the literacy of the rural districts remains unchanged. Nearly three out of four of the boys in the highest middle class continue their studies in the high school.

(3) *The high stage as offering a complete general education.*—The high stage of secondary education has two functions in a well-constituted system. First, it should prepare those pupils who wish for and are capable of further education for the University. But, secondly, for the large number who can and will go no further it should provide a sound all-round training, complete in itself, which, while perhaps not preparing directly for a technical career, yet provides the requisite grounding in general knowledge and training of the mind and character. But this second object has been almost completely lost sight of in Bengal and the attempts which have been made from time to time have, as we shall see, not yet achieved any large measure of success.

(4) *The high stage as preparatory to the University.*—The reason is that most boys wish to pass through the high school in order to proceed to the University. Of those who passed the Matriculation in 1930-31, no fewer than 62 per cent. joined arts colleges. The University entrance examination has long dominated the entire secondary school teaching. Unfortunately, it cannot be said that the Matriculation is a satisfactory examination with a sufficiently wide scope, providing an adequate test of fitness to profit by a college course. The results of the final school examinations are given below:—

XXVIII.—Results of final school examinations.

Matriculation Examination.				High School Examination Dacca Board.			
Year.	Candidates appeared	Candidates passed	Percentage	Year	Candidates appeared	Candidates passed	Percentage.
1926-27	14 001	7,328	52 3	1926-27	289	209	72·3
1927-28	13,978	9,218	65 9	1927-28	320	236	73 7
1928-29	14 033	9,279	66 1	1928-29	301	206	68 4
1929-30	14,833	9,158	61 7	1929-30	322	257	79 8
1930-31	16,101	10,871	67 5	1930-31	345	220	63 7
1931-32	16 714	10,776	64 5	1931-32	340	234	68 8

It is interesting to note that the actual stopping places in the educational ladder in Bengal are not where one would reasonably expect them to be— not at the natural stages of a well-devised system. but at the examinations, lax enough as they are. The following table is sufficient proof of this statement. All figures are for 1931-32, so that the percentages are not exact:—

XXIX.—Wastage in different stages.

	Percentage.
Boys in first middle class to those in last primary class .	67
Boys in first high class to those in last middle class .	72
Boys passing the Matriculation to those in last high class .	41
Boys in first college class to those pa[illegible]Matriculation .	63

From the upper primary classes to the middle classes and from those to the high school classes there is fairly steady flow with few diverting channels or backwaters. But only about two in five of the boys in the Matriculation class actually pass the Matriculation. There is an enormous wastage at this point, just as there is wastage in the lowest primary classes. It is all the more regrettable that high schools are so wholly concerned with the narrow goal of the Matriculation.

Management and control of the secondary schools.—There are three different types of management—Government, local bodies and private bodies. Of the schools under private management, some are aided from public funds and some are not. The following table gives the necessary figures:—

XXX.—Percentage of Government aided and unaided high schools to total number of high schools.

	Government and local bodies.	Aided.	Unaided.
1921-22	4·5	38·6	56·9
1926-27	4·1	48·4	47·5
1931-32	3·8	47·5	48·7

Those who are acquainted with the educational system of Bengal alone are apt to miss the significance of some of these figures. In 1926-27—and the position is much the same now—the seven other provinces of India, excluding Burma, had 4,590 secondary schools under public and 2,439 under private management. In Bengal the corresponding figures were 119 and 2,686. In other words, while elsewhere public secondary schools are the rule, in Bengal the overwhelming majority are private schools. This is a peculiarity of the Bengal system, not only in secondary, but in primary and collegiate education as well—a peculiarity that has had an interesting history as well as far-reaching consequences. Secondly, in the other provinces the aided schools outnumbered the unaided schools in the proportion of more than ten to one. In Bengal the unaided schools were more than half as numerous as the aided. Out of 1,268 unaided secondary schools in the whole country, no fewer than 903 were in this province. If we took high schools alone, the contrast would be even more remarkable. About half of all the high schools in Bengal receive no grant from public funds. During the last quinquennium more than fifty new unaided schools sprang into existence. While a few of the aided schools are excellent institutions, the existence of larger numbers of private and especially unaided schools over which little effective control is in fact exercised is undoubtedly one of the main reasons for the low standard of the quality of secondary education in the province.

The agencies of control have already been described in Chapter II. But one or two points may be elaborated. Proprietary schools are not "recognised", so none are supposed to exist. All high schools are now obliged to have a managing committee constituted in accordance with the "School Code" of the University issued in 1930; and aided and Government high schools have to follow the departmental rules also. The "School Code" lays down rules for the management of non-Government high schools and affords a common basis for the department and the University to act jointly in the control of high schools. A new rule,

rule 12 of the new grant-in-aid rules, has been inserted under section III to bring the Government rules into line with the University code. The new departmental rules came into force from January 1931. The District Magistrate now exercises some control over the grant of aid to high schools; but middle schools are aided entirely by the departmental officers.

The University has also created an Arbitration Board to which teachers may appeal against the decisions of managing committees. Aided schools have been given the option to come under its jurisdiction. The School Code and the Arbitration Board have increased the work of the Inspectors, for the elections of committees often rival a political election in heat and dust; the defeated party sometimes asks the Inspector for arbitration and occasionally appeals to the courts. Some of the committees, however, have shown a genuine and commendable zeal for the efficiency of their schools.

The quality of the teaching.—The quality of the teaching obviously depends largely on the equipment and training of the teacher. The belief that is too widely prevalent that teaching is an unskilled profession demanding no special apprenticeship or training is one that the best educational opinion has long discarded. But, in Bengal, except in the Government schools, a trained teacher in a high school is still a rare phenomenon. The progress that has been made is almost imperceptible, as the following table will show:—

XXXI.—Trained teachers in boys' high schools according to management.

Management.	Trained teachers.		Percentage of trained to all teachers.	
	1926-27.	1931-32.	1926-27.	1931-32.
Government	277	342	12·4	51·6
Board	10	18	10·4	23·4
Aided	732	903	12·2	13·4
Unaided	437	553	7·5	8·5

The total number of trained graduate teachers has risen from 389 to 744, but there is even now not even one, on the average, per school. The number of trained teachers in all secondary schools was 4,771 as against 20,069 untrained or 19 per cent.

The number of trained teachers is thus very small; but the average number of all teachers in a high school is also too small, nor has it increased.

XXXII.—Average number of teachers in boys' high schools according to management.

	1926-27.	1931-32.
Government	16	16·1
Board ..	20	19·2
Aided .	12·7	13·2
Unaided ..	12·5	12·4

For all high schools, the average is under 13. When we remember that a high school has 11 classes, it is clear that the number of teachers

engaged is usually the barest minimum. A comparison with Madras, a province with about the same population, will emphasise the meaning of the figures:—

XXXIII.—Teachers in all high schools in Bengal and Madras.

	1926-27.	
	Bengal.	Madras.
Average number of teachers per school	12·8	20·1
Average number of trained teachers	1·8	15·6
Percentage of trained teachers to total	14·2	77·8

It is not surprising that in Bengal the immense majority of schools have been content to stand in the old ways, to teach the old subjects in the traditional manner, to be satisfied with success in the examination test. Little effort is made to arouse the dawning intelligence, to develop the innate spirit of questioning and curiosity, to teach through the medium of all the faculties instead of merely one. A few schools have experimented with the Dalton plan, not always with happy results. The successful issue of such experiments depends on a favourable atmosphere and on keen and well-trained teachers. Both these conditions are generally conspicuous by their absence.

Another reason for the inefficient quality of the teaching is that the profession does not attract the best type of men. The low salaries that are paid make this inevitable. The average salary of a high school teacher has increased only from Rs. 55·4 in 1926-27 to Rs. 55·8 in 1931-32, of a middle English School teacher from Rs. 21-5 to Rs. 22-6. The average in aided and especially in unaided schools is very much lower. In these schools, teachers are often subjected to forced subscriptions, "Benevolences" one might call them, using an ironic term from English history. The pay is insufficient either to draw good men or to put them above the constant anxiety of want. The prospects, again, are slight and remote. Government service provides a few highly paid posts, but they are usually not open to teachers in private schools. There is no career in teaching open to talents. Nothing could be imagined more damping to youthful ardour; only the slow progress of years brings any amelioration to the lot of the teacher; and, at 50, when his enthusiasm has long since evaporated and his keenness been blunted, he may find himself in the proud position of a headmaster with a salary of Rs. 100 or 150.

The practice of private tuition is a necessary concomitant of such conditions and it is almost universal. Managers shut their eyes to it as they cannot pay proper salaries. In one unaided school in Calcutta, it was found that no fewer than three out of four boys had private tutors —and this is probably not exceptionally high, at any rate for urban schools. But when the suggestion was made that fees should be raised, there was a general outcry. Higher fees would enable schools to employ more teachers and pay them better and remove the necessity for private tuition both for the teacher and for the pupil. But it is a curious fact that parents in Bengal would rather pay Rs. 10 to a private tutor than Re. 1 more to the school. Private tuition, however, is no remedy, it is rather a symptom, an arc of the vicious circle. It helps to keep fees and salaries low and teaching [illegible]ent.

The Education Department has now laid down definite principles to regulate private tuition by its own officers. Not more than four teachers of any school are to engage in tuition at one time. The work should be done outside school hours and not more than an hour per day should be devoted to it. Headmasters are not allowed in any circumstances, to undertake private tuition. Tuition of pupils of Government institutions should be discouraged as much as possible. Where tutor and people belong to the same school, the tuition should not be given in a subject in which the tutor may examine the pupil.

The inadequate salaries are responsible also for the comparatively small number of graduate teachers in schools, although economic pressure is forcing more and more graduates into the profession.

XXVII.—Graduate teachers in boys' high schools.

	1926-27	1931-32
Graduate teachers	4,315	5,327
Trained graduates	389	744
Average number of graduates per school	4·4	5

The total number of secondary school teachers has increased during the period from 21,873 to 24,840.

A real improvement that has been achieved in the prospects of the teacher is the insistence by the University on the creation of provident funds as a condition of recognition. The last report referred to the Government scheme, which was introduced with effect from 1st January 1928. Teachers are to contribute one anna in the rupee, the school management half an anna and Government half an anna. Middle English as well as high schools can participate in this scheme. The rules are, briefly, as follows. The controlling authorities are the Divisional Inspectors or Circle Inspectresses or the Inspector of European Schools or the Chairman of the Dacca Board, for the schools under their charge. The contributions are to be deposited in the post office savings bank. The managers are to keep the registers and the total sum at the credit of a subscriber is to be paid to him when he leaves the institution or to his nominee if he dies in service. Loans may be given in necessary cases on condition of repayment.

A large number of schools had their own provident funds, which were deposited in local banks at high rates of interest, but they were occasionally used for emergencies. Schools which can contribute an anna per rupee of salary without Government aid and can satisfy the University regulation are not very eager to join in the departmental scheme with its condition that all the money should be in post office savings banks and should not be used for unauthorised expenditure. But the teachers are generally anxious to participate in the Government scheme and many high and middle schools have come in. It has been reported, however, that contributions by school managers are not always regular and that there is a danger of insecure investment where no post office exists in the vicinity. These are, however, details for which remedies can be devised without much difficulty.

Curriculum and medium of instruction.—A revised curriculum, unifying the syllabuses for all classes from III to VIII of secondary schools in the two parts of Bengal [illegible] introduced from January 1931

Nature study and science, music, the history of England, civics, cooking, hygiene, agriculture and manual work find a prominent place in the new syllabus. The Matriculation syllabus of the Calcutta University is followed in the two top classes.

(1) *The use of the vernacular.*—The most noteworthy reform has been the use of the vernacular since 1930 as the medium of instruction and examination in all classes below VII. In the top classes it is at present optional, but as the University has decided definitely in favour of the vernacular medium of instruction and examination, it is expected that it will be adopted in the top classes also in the near future. In some quarters a fear exists that the standard of English, which is already low, will fall lower still. The medium of instruction is now generally bilingual, which is inevitable in a period of transition and on account of the paucity of good books in the vernacular, especially in scientific subjects. The time that is allotted to English proper in the school time-table is ample to cultivate in the boys correct habits of speech and writing and to develop an ability to read simple books with comprehension, provided good books and proper methods are used. Again, a good grounding in the vernacular will have a transfer value in the learning of the foreign language as well.

(2) *Vocational subjects—Manual work.*—The curriculum reflects popular demands which are often uncritical and swing from extreme utilitarianism to idealism. A wise policy cannot yield to the mere persistency of demands which often defeat their own purpose by overlooking the needs of the child, his aptitude and capacity, and the feasible and useful lines of educational advance. The cry for the introduction of spinning and weaving as "the nucleus of national culture" and for other vocational subjects, a cry which gained impetus from the failure of educated young men to earn a living has been largely responsible for the invasion of secondary schools by so-called vocational subjects. In the absence of a tradition of technical education and clearly envisaged or well-defined aims and standards, numerous subjects have been tried at random in the secondary schools, like spinning, weaving, carpentry, tailoring, soap-making, metal work, basket-making, dyeing, music, agriculture, typewriting. Several of them are classed under "manual instruction" and may, if properly handled, add variety and interest to school life by relieving the monotony and humdrum routine of the ordinary course. But they do not, in fact cannot, except in rare cases, produce vocational training in the strict sense of the term in the ordinary school. The demand for vocational education is real, but the danger is that the secondary schools may be pushed out of their proper lines of work. The problem for the next few years will be the co-ordination of vocational and general education. It is high time to decide how far the secondary curriculum should make room for technical subjects. The country has to evolve a system of technical education to be given in technical schools to such children as cannot continue their general studies. Boys in the high stage need "educational handwork", which may include amongst others several of the subjects that now come under manual work and provide the necessary hand and eye training.

(3) *Science.*—Nature study and science have been prescribed for classes IV to VIII, but the necessary equipment could not be provided for want of money; some non-Government schools, however, are reported to have purchased apparatus from their surplus funds and started science teaching.

The School Final classes (science side) do not attract the best boys. The syllabus is considered stiffer than the Matriculation syllabus and is generally shunned.

The Darjeeling High School final classes seem to have achieved appreciable success and the period of the experiment has been extended for another five years with effect from 1932.

The growth of science teaching is shown below:—

XXXV.—Schools teaching the science course and pupils.

	Number of schools teaching School Final science course	Number of students in both years of the School Final.	Number appeared in the School Final.	Number passed.
1926-27		90	27	19
1931-32		73	45	20

It may be noted that competent science teachers are difficult to obtain and an endeavour is being made to train science graduates.

(4) *Music.*—The question of the teaching of music in secondary schools, and of the establishment of training centres for teachers of music was discussed by a representative conference held on 14th and 15th September 1928 under the presidency of the Director. The conference appointed a committee of musical experts to go into the matter and to draw up courses of studies. The committee met twice with the Rev. H. A. Popley, as Chairman, and ultimately appointed a sub-committee to give a final shape to its recommendations. Their proposals were finally endorsed at another meeting of the conference. The recommendations of the committee, which will be discussed in detail in the appropriate chapter, were submitted to Government in April 1930, but the consideration of the proposals has been held in abeyance on account of financial stringency.

(5) *Agricultural education.*—A scheme of agricultural education on the lines adopted in the Punjab was sanctioned in 1927. The scheme provided for the training of 60 teachers in the first instance recruited from both high and middle schools, in groups of 15 each year from 1928, at a special class opened for the purpose at the Dacca Agricultural Farm.

The first batch of 15 teachers completed their training in 1930 and commenced work in their schools. Since then two more batches have been trained. The last batch of 14 teachers will complete their training in January 1933.

Five schools failed to fulfil the conditions; so the scheme was in actual operation in 40 (20 high and 20 middle schools) instead of 45 schools. The further extension of the scheme will depend on the progress of the experiment and the provision of funds in 1934.

An equipment grant of Rs. 550 is given to a school for a garden measuring half an acre, and Rs. 2,000 for a farm measuring 5 acres. Small grants are also given to recoup the loss in working the scheme during the first five years. The advice of the Agricultural Department is obtained.

Agriculture is taught for four years in classes V to VIII of high schools and in middle schools in classes V and VI with a two years' extension course. The full high [illegible] curriculum will be taught in

these extension classes along with agricultural training. For the present, only 16 middle English schools will be financially helped to develop into a special type of agricultural education schools, on condition that they will not be converted into high schools. The teaching will be based on the text book used in the Punjab, with the necessary adaptations to suit conditions in Bengal.

The scheme is estimated to cost Rs 27,040 recurring and Rs 19,650 non-recurring.

Financial aspects.—The following tables supply the main figures:—

XXXVI.—Total expenditure on boys' secondary schools according to sources.

	1926-27.	Proportion to total	1931-32	Proportion to total
	Rs.		Rs	
Provincial revenues	15,80,308	17·9 (Provincial revenues, Municipal funds and District funds together)	17,94,440	17·8 (Provincial revenues, Municipal funds and District funds together)
Municipal funds	27,791		42,929	
District funds	3,22,238		3,34,786	
Fees	70,72,943	65·9	82,21,730	67·4
Other sources	17,33,795	16·2	18,07,923	14·8
Total	1,07,37,075		1,22,01,808	

XXXVII.—Total expenditure on boys' secondary schools according to types of schools.

	1926-27	1931 32	Increase or decrease
	Rs	Rs	Rs
High schools	83,35,947	92,77,423	+9,41,476
Middle English schools	23,35,361	28,68,776	+5,33,415
Middle vernacular schools	65,767	55,609	−10,158

XXXVIII.—Expenditure in boys' high schools according to management

Management	Total cost per year	Income from fees	Income from other sources	Net cost to Government	Cost per head 1926 27	Cost per head 1931 32	Cost per head to Government 1926 27	Cost per head to Government 1931 32
	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
Government	10,96,094	4,07,151	5,036	6,83,007	76·06	80·05	46·8	50·3
District board and municipality	66,481	18,060	6,828	11,593	35·8	37·5	6·6	6·5
Aided	48,38,191	32,88,629	6,70,359	8,78,703	36·2	40·08	6·8	7·1
Unaided	32,76,657	27,24,344	5,52,819		30·2	27·2		

The total expenditure on secondary schools has increased by nearly Rs. 14 2/3 lakhs or 13·7 per cent; in the previous period it increased by 26 per cent. The chief source of additional income has been fees, a natural result of the growth in the number of pupils. The average fee per pupil is practically the same, Rs. 18-8 in 1931-32 and Rs. 18-6 in 1926-27.

The financial position of the ordinary school has not, therefore, improved during the period. Let us consider high schools in detail. The average expenditure per high school in 1931-32 was Rs. 718 per month, Rs 13 more than in 1926-27. The average cost of an aided school was Rs. 795 and of an unaided school Rs. 521. When we remember that nearly half the high schools in Bengal are unaided, these figures are eloquent of the general condition of high school education.

A school depends chiefly on fees and grants The fee income has not increased as the average enrolment per school remains the same, nor is it likely to increase as long as new schools arise in large numbers. If there are a great many schools to be aided, the average Government grant also will correspondingly decrease The real problem here, again, is a problem of numbers The more schools there are, the smaller the fee income and the smaller the grant. No school can be efficiently run on an expenditure of Rs 521 a month and hundreds of unaided schools are able to exist only because they have little or no equipment, employ the minimum staff and pay them a mere pittance. These schools unfortunately tend to drag the others down to their level

XXXIX.—Average costs in different types of boys' secondary schools.

	Cost per month per school		Cost per year per boy	
	1926 27	1931 32	1926 27	1931 32.
	Rs	Rs	Rs.	Rs
High schools	705	718	35 7	36 2
Middle English schools	120	130	16 3	16·2
Middle vernacular schools	74	86	13 6	13·9

In 1926-27, the average expenditure on a boys' high school in Madras per month was Rs. 1,587, in Bombay Rs. 2,208 and in Bengal Rs. 705. The average aid per school from Government and local funds was Rs. 4,066 in Madras, Rs 7,415 in Bombay and Rs 1,997 in Bengal.

Government grants go mainly to high schools and occasionally to middle English schools The Inspectors of Schools have considerable discretion in granting aid. The factors usually considered are the geographical position of the school, its size and the backwardness of the locality. Emphasis is laid on the principle that the entire cost should be covered by fees and grant The present distribution of grants has grown up in a rather haphazard manner. A conference of the Director of Public Instruction, the Inspectors and the Principals of training colleges was held in 1929, but their recommendations are still under consideration. All aided schools were, however, given a warning that the grant might be reduced or withdrawn if the percentage of passes fell below a certain standard. In certain districts, the rigid application of the existing rules has led to the concentration of aid in populous areas with large schools, to the injury of backward localities. A periodical revision of grants-in-aid seems necessary.

General remarks.—Most of the comments that were made in the last report still remain true. But it is worth while to call special attention to two or three features of the secondary system in Bengal.

In the first place, it has already been pointed out that it is impossible for all the high schools in Bengal to achieve financial stability, so that some reduction of their number seems to be necessary in the interests of quality. But the problem may be approached in another way. On a comparison with other provinces, there seems to be no doubt that there is an unnecessarily large number of high schools in Bengal.

XL.—Boys' high schools in Madras, Bombay and Bengal.

	Boys' high schools, 1926-27.		
	Madras.	Bombay	Bengal.
Average area per high school (square miles) ..	416	662	77
Average number of high schools per district ..	12·7	6·4	35·8
Average male population per high school (thousands).	61	54	24

The contrast in middle schools is even more striking.

XLI.—Boys' middle schools in Madras, Bombay and Bengal.

	Middle schools, 1926-27.		
	Madras	Bombay.	Bengal.
Average area per middle school (square miles) ..	671	485	46
Average number of schools per district ..	8	9	60
Average male population per school (thousands)	99	40	14

In Bengal, the secondary schools are very numerous and close to each other. Even the high schools are not all in large centres of population; no fewer than 775 of them are in rural areas.

Reports are unanimous that schools in the same neighbourhood often compete with each other. The result is that neither can attract the economic minimum of pupils. The average number of pupils per high school in 1926-27 was only 238 in Bengal, while it was 408 in Madras; and in the three upper classes, Bengal had 71 boys per school and Madras 138. The average number of pupils who pass the Matriculation from a high school is only 10. "Undoubtedly, there is a superfluity of schools—and this superfluity is one of the radical vices of the whole system.

Some of the schools are very small indeed. In one division alone, there were half a dozen high schools with less than 100 pupils each, one with only 75. The University standard for recognition is a monthly expenditure of Rs. 375. It is difficult to see how anything approaching efficiency can be maintained on this expenditure but even that is not always insisted on. There are schools with an income of less than Rs. 300 a month. Neither their numerical strength nor their location nor the quality of their general work nor even their results in the Matriculation Examination justify the existence of a considerable number of the existing high schools. And we should remember that every year more schools are springing up in response to no demand except a mistaken sense of personal or local prestige.

Without any reduction of numbers, two ways have been suggested in which the schools might be improved. In the first place, larger Government grants might be given to high schools. But Government already

contribute to secondary education almost as much as they contribute to primary education and it is not likely that more funds can be diverted to the former. The alternative proposal is that the Government schools should be deprovincialised and the savings allotted to private institutions. On a comparatively small number of institutions, Government spent in 1931-32 about Rs. 6 1/3 lakhs. The average expenditure on a Government school was Rs. 2,228 per month.

On the other hand, it should be noted that this is no more than the general average for all schools in Bombay. Even a deprovincialised school should be efficient and if the average cost of these schools were reduced to the average amount spent on a school (not a Government school) in Madras, the total ultimate saving would be only about Rs. 3,17,000, sufficient to give each of the private schools about Rs. 25 a month, a sum inadequate for any useful purpose. To make all the schools financially stable, a sum of about Rs. 40 lakhs is necessary. From this point of view, the problem is insoluble. Even with the deprovincialisation of all Government schools, Government will not be able now or in the future to provide for all high schools in Bengal the financial basis for an efficient education.

Another way in which some improvement has been attempted is by enlarging the scope and character of the Matriculation Examination. Everything depends at present on the Matriculation, for it covers the whole mental horizon of school and pupil. The University has been making efforts to widen the range of subjects, but it is impossible, to teach science, for instance, without apparatus, which costs money; it is impossible to improve teaching without getting better teachers and paying them more. Besides, the University can properly regard the Matriculation only as an entrance examination, whereas for schools it is a final examination. The University is concerned with the question whether candidates who seek admission to colleges are capable of profiting by higher education; it does not ask whether they have had the training which a rounded secondary education should seek to give. To reconcile these two points of view is a difficult task. The harm done is great—the interests of the many who should be and are content with a secondary education are overlooked in the interests of those who enter colleges.

It is not strange that the schools have all tended to conform to a single uniform type. They have one narrow aim; they are controlled by authorities which lay down rigid rules, and look with no friendly eye on experiments; they depend for income on the fees of pupils who wish for no training except what will enable them to pass an examination. Every school under the pressure of the same forces takes the same impress; they are all cast in a single mould. But the population for which they cater is not homogeneous—it includes many social strata, many communities, groups with different traditions and outlook, children with different aptitudes. For all, there is the same scanty, innutritious fare. Schools are too often merely coaching establishments and neither seek nor achieve any training of the mind in discipline, leadership and corporate action or any proper training of the body. Surely the time has come to consider whether far more harm than good is not being done by the expansion of secondary education along the present lines and whether quality rather than quantity should not be the first principle of any fruitful reconstruction.

CHAPTER V.

University and college education.

Calcutta University and Post-graduate work.—The Calcutta University, on the whole, maintains the same position and retains the same powers as in the last period. Its bulk has become so heavy and unwieldy that no ordinary force can shake its pyramidal immobility. A special officer, appointed by the department, Dr. W. A. Jenkins, prepared a draft Bill to reconstitute the University; but the report of the Senate Committee on it has not yet appeared. Dr. P. N. Banerjee's Bill was, as we have seen, withdrawn. Dr. Jenkins prepared also a draft Bill for the establishment of a Secondary Board of Education. This was examined by a special University Committee, whose report, together with the minutes of the Senate meeting in which it was discussed, have been forwarded to Government.

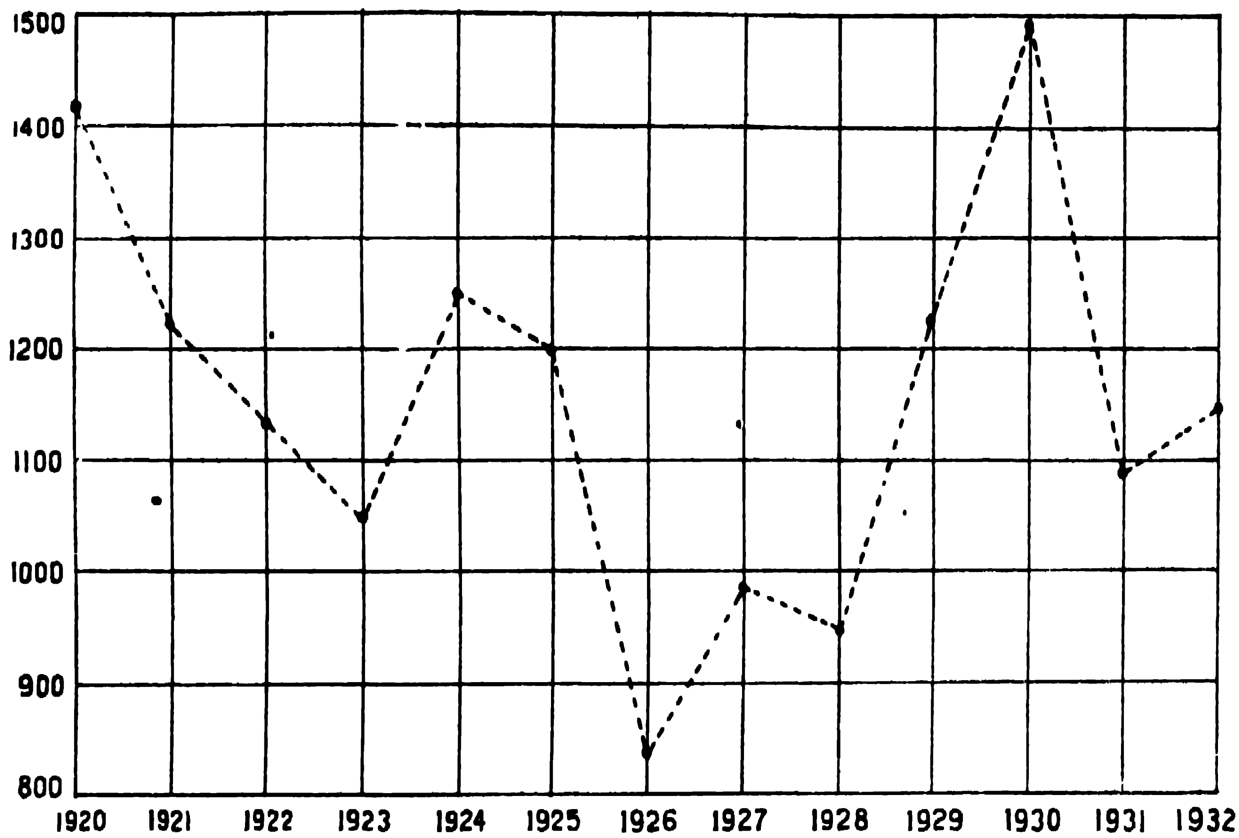
The financial embarrassments of the University led, however, to the appointment by the Senate in December 1928 of a University Organisation Committee. It estimated the strength of the staff necessary for each post-graduate department and urged that teachers should be appointed on a permanent basis. The Senate in April 1930 accepted generally the recommendations of the committee, which were then submitted to Government. After a conference, Government agreed to give the University an annual recurring grant of Rs. 3,60,000. The University has thus been enabled to balance its budget and give effect to some of the recommendations of the committee. Post-graduate teachers have been made permanent. The post of an audit officer was created in 1927 to ensure a better checking of University accounts.

The number of post-graduate students varied greatly, much as in the last period. There was a rapid increase, no less than 56 per cent., from 1927 to 1929, followed by an equally sudden decline and a very partial recovery. Economic and political reasons were largely responsible for the fall. The accompanying graph, which resembles the temperature chart of a malaria patient, indicates the strength of the forces that have convulsed higher education in Bengal during the last decade. In six years the number of post-graduate students decreased by nearly 600; in four years it rose by about 650. These violent fluctuations suggest that the enrolment is not based on an altogether real demand. Many students come to the post-graduate classes because they have nothing better to do.

The following table shows the number of post-graduate students of the University year by year:—

XLII.—Number of Post-graduate students in Calcutta University year by year.

Year.	M.A. classes.	M.Sc. classes.	Total.
1926-27	696	293	989
1927-28	640	310	950
1928-29	953	274	1,227
1929-30	1,177	306	1,483
1930-31	820	267	1,087
1931-32	888	256	1,144


1500
1400
1300
1200
1100
1000
900
800
1920
1921
1922
1923
1924
1925
1926
1927
1928
1929
1930
1931
1932

Some of the post-graduate students were attached, for tutorial and residential purposes, to a few of the larger colleges. In 1931-32, Presidency College had 124 such students, the Scottish Church College 136 and Vidyasagar College 14. The number of Moslem students was 82 and of women 26. It is gratifying that women students are coming to the post-graduate classes in increasing numbers. In addition to the post-graduate students, there were 89 undergraduate students in the commerce classes of the University.

The table below shows the results of the higher examinations:—

XLIII.—Successful candidates in M. A. and M. Sc.

	M.A.		M.Sc.	
	1926-27.	1931-32	1926-27.	1931-32.
Candidates	424	448	151	201
Passes	265	296	72	117
Percentage of passes	62·5	66·07	47·6	57·3

The different athletic activities of the University have been co-ordinated and placed under the central organisation of the Calcutta University Athletic Club. Its expenses are met by contributions from the University and from the affiliated colleges.

A committee was appointed by the Senate to consider the future development of the Students' Welfare Committee. It recommended that in every year at least two high schools should also be examined, so as to find out at what stage physical defects generally begin to assert themselves and that the medical inspection of colleges should be limited to first year students. It urged that greater attention should be given to aftercare work and that there should be intensive propaganda to improve the diet of Bengali students. It proposed finally that the University should appoint a Director of Physical Education and erect a gymnasium in the college area.

During the period, the syllabuses of some of the examinations were revised. Lectures in the vernacular up to the B. A. standard are now compulsory in all affiliated colleges. A new degree, the degree of Doctor of Science in Public Health, has been instituted. A College Code, similar to the School Code, is in process of preparation, in consultation with the authorities of private colleges.

Arts colleges and undergraduate work.—(*1*) *Numbers.*—No college was founded during the period, but four Anglo-Indian schools, La Martinière, Calcutta, St. Joseph's, Calcutta, St. Joseph's, Darjeeling, and St. James', Calcutta, adopted the University intermediate course, so that the total number of arts colleges has risen from 45 to 49, including four for women. Of these, 16 were second grade or intermediate colleges, including those under the Dacca Board, 12 were managed by Government, 21 were aided and 16 unaided.

The total number of students decreased from 22,420 in 1926-27 to 19,741 in 1931-32, or by 11·9 per cent. In Government colleges, the decrease was 4·9 per cent., in aided colleges 11·1 per cent. and in unaided colleges 15·8 per cent. The number of Moslem students fell from 3,131 to 2,565. The maximum enrolment during the period was 20,871 in 1929-30 and the minim[illegible] the next year.

The arts colleges have, therefore, suffered a net diminution greater than that of the post-graduate classes. The decline in 1921-22 was owing mainly to political reasons. But in this period, though political unrest in general and the civil disobedience movement in particular interfered with the smooth working of colleges for a time, there was not much talk of the futility of education. It is chiefly the depreciation in agricultural prices in a province whose prosperity is almost wholly dependent on agricultural products that was in the main responsible for the decrease in numbers. This also explains the large reduction of Moslem students who come from a class chiefly agricultural. Nearly all colleges were affected, especially those in the mufassal, some severely. At Daulatpur, the numbers fell by 40 per cent. between 1926 and 1931, at Comilla by nearly 35 per cent. The City College in Calcutta lost altogether about 500 students during the period. On the other hand, a few of the Calcutta colleges, like the Vidyasagar and the Scottish Church have actually increased their enrolment.

The colleges vary greatly in size. The largest are in Calcutta: the Vidyasagar had 2,455 students in 1932 and the Scottish Church the City, the Bangabasi and the Ripon Colleges have generally well over a thousand each. This is partly the reason why several of these colleges are unaided—they have a considerable income from fees and are, as a rule, independent. The only small degree college in Calcutta is St. Paul's, with about 350 students. In the mufassal, the largest college is the Braja Mohan at Barisal with more than a thousand pupils. In 1927 Comilla had 993, but only 650 in 1932. The other large mufassal colleges are the Hindu Academy at Daulatpur (754 in 1926, 520 in 1932), the Krishnath College, Berhampur (510 in 1932), the Carmichael College, Rangpur (550 in 1932), the Ananda Mohan College, Mymensingh (713 in 1932). But the majority are comparatively small and at the other extreme are colleges like Uttarpara (53 students), Victoria College, Narail (103 students), Hetampur (105) and Contai (46). Such institutions cannot be managed efficiently or economically and are constantly in financial difficulties.

The preponderance of the Calcutta colleges, especially of the large ones, in the educational system of Bengal is not always sufficiently understood. Of the candidates (excluding non-collegiates) who appeared for the I.A. and I.Sc., B.A. and B.Sc. Examinations in 1931, no fewer than 58 per cent. belonged to Calcutta colleges and over 52 per cent. came from the eight large colleges in the city. Of all the I.A. candidates, about one in six came from a single Calcutta college, of the I.Sc. candidates about one in four from another. Of the B.A. candidates, two colleges supplied a fourth part. The tendency for students to flock to the city and in particular to a few large institutions is probably gathering strength. Their attractive power is not always due to their superior efficiency, for the percentage of success in some of the largest is well below the average for the University. And, when we remember how difficult it is in large colleges to create a spirit of solidarity, to establish individual contacts, to develop extra-academic activities, the tendency will not appear a healthy one.

(2) *General work.*—The ordinary teaching work has continued on the old lines. Attempts have been made in some of the smaller colleges to do more intensive tutorial work and a few colleges, like the Wesleyan College, Bankura, and St. Paul's College, have periodical "reviews." The value of games and physical exercise is more generally recognised. St. Xavier's College has distinguished itself in athletics and obtained

no fewer than 9 out of the 28 "blues" awarded by the University for the first time. The City, Vidyasagar and Scottish Church Colleges also have a creditable record in games. Rowing is a new form of sport that has been taken up by some colleges. There are platoons of the University Training Corps in many Calcutta colleges and also at Hooghly.

The economic distress was responsible for a very large decrease in the number of students living in hostels. In 1926-27 no fewer than 5,807 university and college students were living in approved hostels, but in 1931-32 only 3,780. For some years, at any rate, there will be little need to increase hostel accommodation.

The following table shows that the percentage of passes in the University examinations has generally risen:—

XLIV.—Percentage of passes in Intermediate and Degree examinations.

	I.A.		I.Sc.		B.A.		B.Sc.	
	1926-27.	1931-32.	1926-27.	1931-32.	1926-27.	1931-32.	1926-27	1931-32.
Candidates	3,930	3,214	4,332	3,077	2,903	2,601	1,194	683
Passes	1,838	1,633	1,995	1,367	1,083	1,490	568	411
Percentage	46·7	50·8	46·05	44·4	37·3	57·2	47·5	60·1

(3) *Financial condition.*—The following tables illustrate the general ancial position of the colleges:—

XLV.—Expenditure on arts colleges according to sources.

	Provincial revenues.	Proportion to total.	Fees.	Proportion to total.	Other sources	Proportion to total	Total.
	Rs.		Rs		Rs		Rs.
1926-27	12,52,277	35·6	19,61,228	55·8	3,00,339	8·5	35,16,844
1931-32	14,00,733	39·5	18,06,877	51·04	3,31,903	9·3	35,39,603
Increase or decrease ..	+1,48,456	..	-1,57,351	..	+31,654	..	+22,759
Percentage of increase or decrease.	+11·8	..	-8·01	..	+10·5	..	+0·64

XLVI.—Expenditure on Government arts colleges.

	Provincial revenues.	Fees.	Other sources.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1926-27 ..	9,66,757	4,73,631	21,062	14,61,450
1931-32 ..	11,35,634	3,83,443	33,112	15,52,189
Increase or decrease ..	+1,68,877	-90,188	+12,050	+90,739
Percentage ..	+17·4	-19·04	+57·2	+6·2

XLVII.—Expenditure on aided arts colleges.

	Provincial revenues.	Fees.	Other sources.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1926-27 ..	2,62,373	7,86,334	1,68,596	12,17,303
1931-32 ..	2,56,867	7,70,087	2,21,076	12,48,030
Increase or decrease	−5,506	−16,247	+52,480	+30,727
Percentage	−2·09	−2·06	+31·1	+2·5

XLVIII.—Expenditure on unaided arts colleges.

	Provincial revenues.	Fees.	Other sources.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1926-27 ..	23,147	7,04,263	1,10,681	8,38,091
1931-32 ..	8,232	6,53,347	77,805	7,39,384
Increase or decrease	−14,915	−50,916	32,876	98,707
Percentage	−64·4	7·2	−29·7	11·7

The annual average cost per student in different types of institutions is as follows:—

XLIX.—Average cost per student in different types of colleges.

Years	Government colleges.		Aided colleges.		Unaided colleges.	
	Public funds.	Total	Public funds.	Total.	Public funds.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1926-27	250	379	26	117		101
1931-32	345	471	29	136		92

In the missionary and other colleges which pay moderately good salaries and keep up a fairly high standard of efficiency, the average cost per pupil is usually between Rs. 200 and Rs. 250.

The fall in numbers has affected many, especially the smaller colleges. Their financial position, never very stable, became extremely precarious. Accordingly, in most institutions all improvements had to be indefinitely postponed and salaries had to be reduced; in a few, even the provident fund contributions were kept in abeyance. The income from fees fell altogether by a twelfth. The Imperial grant of Rs. 1,29,000 which was distributed through the University among private colleges was suspended as a measure of economy, but the suspension has caused very considerable hardship.

Some improvement may probably be effected by raising the rate of fees in mufassal colleges. The fees in Calcutta are generally higher, but in the mufassal, the fees in the I.A. vary from Rs. 4 to Rs. 6 and in the I.Sc. from Rs. 4 to Rs. 7. A uniform rate of Rs. 6 for the I.A., Rs. 7 for the I.Sc. and B.A. and Rs. 8 for the B.Sc. would add appreciably to the income of all private colleges in the mufassal.

The University has, of late, been urging the creation of provident funds in all private affiliated colleges. Many colleges have a provident fund scheme and a few have pension schemes. For example, in the Vidyasagar College there is a pension fund, although the amount is small, and teachers who retire after 15 years' service get one-third pension and those who have worked for 25 years get half pension, if the funds allow it. At present, three former teachers get pensions. There is a similar scheme in the Burdwan Raj College

Dacca University.—The University of Dacca was founded in July 1921. The chief executive authority is vested in an Executive Council consisting of 19 members. Under the provisions of the Dacca University Amendment Act of 1925 the University receives annually a recurring grant of Rs. 5½ lakhs from the Government. One important piece of legislation was enacted during the period The Dacca University Amendment Act of 1928 has made the Academic Council purely advisory.

The educational control exercised by the University is restricted to a small area of 5 miles' radius in the city of Dacca. The University has three faculties, arts, science, and law, teaching and commerce being included within the arts faculty. The number of students in the arts and science classes was 710 in 1926-27 and 719 (including 16 women students) in 1931-32 In addition there were 237 law students, 24 students in commerce classes, 83 students in the department of education (reading in the Teachers' Training College which is a Government institution), 150 students of the Medical School, who take their science courses in the University, and 24 research students against 442, 39, 79, 130 and 15, respectively, at the end of the last quinquennium. The total number receiving instruction thus decreased from 1,415 to 1,237 during the period under review; the decrease was almost wholly in the law classes.

The growing popularity of research work may be gauged by the increase of research students from 15 to 24. The number of Moslem and women students in the general department have also increased, the former from 225 to 235 and the latter from 4 to 16. Several women students achieved notable distinction in the examinations.

The Dacca University is intended to be mainly residential. Residential quarters are provided for the senior members of the teaching staff and a few others. Students are housed in comfortable hostels—Halls of Residence—of which there are three, in addition to a Women's Residence—each under a provost assisted by the house tutors. It is a matter of regret that in spite of the amenities, both residential and financial, afforded by the halls, the number of resident students decreased considerably during the period.

L.—Students in residence in Dacca University Halls.

Students in residence.		26-27.	1931-32.
Dacca Hall	..	150	92
Jagannath Hall	..	211	115
Muslim Hall	..	208	178

The Muslim Hall was completed during the quinquennium and opened by His Excellency the Governor of Bengal.

LI.—Examination results of Dacca University.

1931.	Candidates.	Passed.	Percentage of success.
M.A. Final ..	69	50	72·4
M.Sc. Final ..	30	26	86·6
B.A. Honours Final	75	42	56·0
B.A. Pass Final	167	84	50·3
B.Sc. Honours Final	26	17	65·4
B.Sc. Pass Final	75	25	33 3

The University has altered the character of its test in English composition and seminar classes have been opened in many departments to make senior students more proficient in writing and speaking English. The first and second year pass classes of the Islamic side have been abolished, as there was no demand for pass instruction in this branch. In the department of philosophy a practical examination in psychology has been instituted for honours students. Commerce has been included as a pass subject. The Bengali course has been made less Sanskritic. The course in Politics has been enlarged. The department of history has arranged for regular instruction in current historical problems. A double honours course in physics and mathematics was started from the session 1931.

For systematic research in agricultural chemistry the University sanctioned the appointment of a Research Fellow from June 1930. It received a grant of Rs. 11,618 (including a capital grant of Rs. 5,000) in 1930-31 and Rs. 6,500 in 1931-32, from the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research for this purpose.

A beginning has been made in the teaching of German and French through the generous help of Frau Fück, the wife of the Professor of Arabic, and Dr. Md. Shahidullah of the Department of Sanskrit and Bengali.

Several changes were made in the regulations for the conduct of examinations, notably a bifurcation of the M A. course for generalised and special study with effect from 1935. This modification involves the abolition of the preliminary M.A. Examination after 1933. In accordance with a change in the ordinances, a pass degree can now be taken within six years of admission instead of five as before.

A considerable number of teachers of the University went abroad for further training or for visits. Many original papers have been published by members of the University staff or by research students. Extension lectures have become a regular feature of University activities and bring it into closer contact with the people.

The 12th (Dacca) Company University Training Corps was formed in June 1928. The number of recruits and their keenness have justified the formation of the unit.

As compared with the previous quinquennium, the growth of the University Library was slow. No capital grant could be provided. The library has, however, been much more extensively used by the students during this period. It included 61,917 printed volumes and

more than 17,000 manuscripts. A generous gift was received from Khan Bahadur Kazimuddin Siddiqui who gave no fewer than 738 printed volumes and 52 manuscripts of considerable value.

The extra-academic activities of the three halls cover a wide range athletics, social service, humanitarian and philanthropic work, labour banks, literary and dramatic societies. Old boys' gatherings are extremely popular annual fixtures and form a close bond between the University and its alumni. All these activities centre round the Hall unions, between which a healthy rivalry is growing. Besides, there is a University Students' Union to bring the students of the different halls together.

Government colleges.—

LII.—Number of students and expenditure on Government men's arts colleges.

Serial No.	Name of college.	Number of students.	Total expenditure.	Provincial sources	Cost per pupil	Cost to public funds.
			Rs	Rs	Rs.	Rs.
1	Presidency ..	906	5,19,878	3,44,017	574	379
2	Hooghly ..	277	1,35,686	1,10,357	490	398
3	Krishnagar ..	228	1,01,589	78,691	441	380
4	Sanskrit ..	101	56,817	52,257	631	580
5	Chittagong ..	443	1,32,329	93,844	311	220
6	Rajshahi ..	617	1,82,111	1,09,660	307	184
7	Islamia ..	336	1,24,724	94,104	366	276
8	Dacca Intermediate	321	1,49,802	1,21,718	484	393

A comparison of this table with the corresponding one in the last report will show that the three large colleges suffered a considerable diminution in numbers, but the smaller colleges maintained their strength. As a result, the average cost per pupil and the cost to public funds have increased in the Presidency, Rajshahi and Chittagong Colleges, but have decreased in the Hooghly and Krishnagar Colleges. They have risen in the Islamia College also; but this college had only intermediate classes in 1926-27 and the institution of B.A. classes has involved a considerable additional expenditure. The total increase in the contribution from provincial revenues of about Rs. 1¾ lakhs is almost entirely to be accounted for by the Presidency and Islamia Colleges. In the Krishnagar College, it fell by nearly half a lakh. In the Hooghly College, it fell by about Rs. 17,000 between 1927 and 1930, but has since increased owing to the transfer to the college of senior officers, although it is still smaller than in 1927. It should also be noted that the cut in salaries came into force only towards the end of the last year of the period and its full effect is not apparent from these figures.

Presidency College.—On the 31st March 1932, the Presidency College had on its rolls 906 students, as compared with 1,044 in 1927. The enrolment during the period showed a tendency to decline, partly,

no doubt, owing to the enhancement of the fee rates which are now about double those obtaining in most other colleges in Calcutta. In 1925-26, before the introduction of the new fee rates, there were 2/4 post-graduate students attached to the college, but there were only 124 in 1931-32. The number of applications for admission into the I.A. and I.Sc. classes were so few that the admission rules of the college had to be relaxed to admit even third division students and students from other colleges who had failed in order to maintain the average strength of classes. The admission of students of inferior calibre has reacted on the results of the college.

As many as six Principals, permanent and officiating, held charge of the college during the period. Several important changes occurred in the teaching staff as well. Six professors of the college were transferred, several being appointed Principals of other Government colleges. Sir Jehangir Coyajee, the head of the department of economics and officiating Principal, and Rai S. P. Das Bahadur, Professor of Mathematics, retired. All these important posts were in the Indian Educational Service, but, with two exceptions in the deparments of mathematics and chemistry, respectively, they were temporarily filled by Bengal Educational Service officers acting on their own pay. Sanction was obtained for additional staff in the departments of economics, history, English and physiology, but no appointments were actually made during the period.

The college obtained affiliation in geography at the intermediate stage and applied for affiliation in civics to the intermediate standard.

Tutorial work continued to be done on the old lines. A test examination was introduced for the first time for the students of the second and 4th year classes. The results of the examination and the records of tutorial work were taken into consideration before students were sent up for the University examinations.

From the point of view of discipline, the period under review was a very trying one. Occasional attempts were made by outside agencies to interfere with the normal working of the college. In 1928-29 the governing body took disciplinary action against the student secretary of the College Union, which created a temporary disturbance. Soon after, on the arrival of the Simon Commission in India, a general strike was attempted. This compelled the closing of the college and the Eden Hindu Hostel for about a month, and a number of students were required to leave the hostel. The All-Bengal Students' Association took up the matter and endeavoured to organise another strike. The attempt collapsed and a further batch of the students who had taken part in picketing were required to leave. In July 1930, after the arrest of the Nehrus, an effort was made to stop all educational work in the city, but the college continued to work guarded by police. The situation was handled with great tact and firmness by the then Principal, Mr. J. R. Barrow. Hence the revival of the civil disobedience movement in January 1932 brought no trouble, though the tense political situation was a source of constant anxiety. The enthusiastic celebration of the Founders' Day after the disturbances was an unmistakable evidence of the revival of loyalty to the college.

In the last Quinquennial Report reference was made to the reorganisation of the College Union in 1925-26. Unfortunately, after a year's work the union fell a prey to party strife and, after the regrettable incident of February 19[illegible] ending in the expulsion of the

secretary, the union constitution was suspended under orders of the governing body. The normal activities of the union, however, continued to be carried on through *ad hoc* committees and the spirit of comradeship and social service soon reappeared. But it has not yet been considered advisable to revive the union constitution. The Autumn Social and Founder's Day were celebrated every year in an appropriate manner. Throughout the period the college magazine maintained its high level of excellence. Two new literary societies were established, the Rabindra Parishad and the Bankim Sarat Samiti, and periodical meetings and literary discussions were held under their auspices. The Rabindra Parishad published a volume of appreciations of the poet, entitled Kabi-Parichiti. The period also saw the inauguration of the Presidency College Science Association. Thus, on the academic as well as on the social side, in spite of disturbances, a good deal of constructive work has been done.

A medical examination of all the first year students of the college was made at the beginning of every session and careful records were kept of the results of these examinations. Those found suffering from specific ailments were asked to seek medical advice, while special exercises were prescribed for those suffering from malnutrition. This system was very much appreciated and some improvement in the health of the students was noticeable during this period.

The record of the college athletic club was fairly satisfactory. A revision of the constitution of the athletic club is under contemplation in order to secure greater co-operation from the bulk of the students. Games continued to be compulsory for all first year students and optional for others. The college gymnasium was utilised by about 100 students daily on the average. The appointment of a trained and well-qualified physical instructor at the beginning of the period supplied a long-felt need. The Calcutta University Training Corps continued to be popular with the students who supplied two efficient platoons. Arrangements were made to supply refreshments to students in the college premises through a local restaurant.

The Muhammadan students of the college continued to live in the Taylor Hostel and in the hostels attached to the Islamia College. The number of Hindu boarders in the Eden Hindu Hostel and in the Post-graduate Mess fell considerably during this period and a proposal for the amalgamation of the mess and the hostel is under consideration. In spite of the fall in the number of boarders, it was considered desirable for disciplinary purposes to strengthen the hostel staff by an additional assistant superintendent. The hostel is, thus, in charge of a Bengal Educational Service member of the staff on an allowance of Rs. 125 with free family quarters assisted by two Subordinate Educational Service members, each on an allowance of Rs. 50 per month with free bachelor quarters. There is also a part-time medical officer.

During the period a new astronomical observatory building was constructed. The college compound was walled up on the north and western sides, the lavatory block removed to the north-west of the main building, and the arts library provided with steel racks and a gallery; the floor space set free by the provision of steel racks has been divided into 8 cubicles [illegible]d as tutorial rooms.

LIII.—Examination results of the Presidency College, 1932.

Examinations.	Number appeared.	Number passed.	Per-centage.
I.A.	48	35	72·9
I.Sc.	95	78	82·1
B A.	114	94	82·5
B.Sc.	79	52	65·8

Hooghly College.—This is a small college and its numbers are what the Calcutta University Commission regarded as ideal, 200 to 300. Its situation is ideal, by the banks of the river, in a country town, away from the unhealthy physical conditions and moral excitements of a large city and yet near enough to share in the intellectual activity of the metropolis. It is a symbol of communal unity, for though the greater number of the students are Hindus, the college is indissolubly connected with the name of Haji Mahomed Mohsin. It is, in a peculiar degree, a local college with a remarkably small number of students from other districts. The Principal observes that the college is indispensable for the district. The numerical strength of the Hooghly College has been steadily, it slowly, increasing. In 1917, there were only 230 pupils, but during the last period the enrolment was generally between 290 and 300.

There were frequent and numerous changes of staff during the period. In all 22 teachers left the college either for good or for a time and 28 new teachers came temporarily or permanently. It is evident that changes on such a scale must affect the efficiency of teaching.

During the period, however, some additions were made to the staff. Administrative sanction was given to a post of lecturer in Arabic. A second demonstrator in physics was appointed when affiliation was obtained in B.Sc. Honours in that subject. A fourth teacher of English was appointed temporarily. Some further strengthening of the staff is desirable; except in the small honours classes there were not enough teachers to do the right kind of tutorial work.

The library possesses a considerable number of books, over 15,000. But in nearly every other respect it was unsatisfactory. The shelf-space was limited; the rooms are dark and airless, and what was worst of all, the reading space was measured by a single desk and two benches. Some improvements were, however, made. A considerable number of interesting early editions were discovered and withdrawn from circulation. With the permission of Government some hundreds of legal works, useless to the college, were transferred to the University Law College Library. During the period two considerable bequests of books were received from Messrs. Mallik of Hooghly and the late Colonel D. Bose. The recataloguing of books on a more scientific plan has begun. And, after the end of the period, thanks to a grant, steel shelves have replaced the wood almirahs and a whole room has been set apart for reading.

In science also there has been some development. In 1927-28 affiliation was obtained in B.Sc. Physics Honours and a second lecturer was appointed. Electric lights and fans and plug points were

put into the Physics Laboratory and a verandah was added on the west side. Some structural changes provided a small honours practical room and workshop. But both are far too small and more room is badly required. There is yet no electric installation in the Chemical Laboratory.

The results in the University examinations have, on the whole, been satisfactory. That they are not better is due mainly to three reasons; first, to the fact that the students who come to this college, being drawn from the neighbourhood, are generally of only average capacity and are weak specially in English; secondly, to the inadequacy of the staff which has made proper tutorial work and individual attention almost impossible; and thirdly, to the proximity of Calcutta which tempts away many of the best students of the college in the B.A. and B.Sc. stages. Thirty-eight candidates obtained honours in different subjects during the years 1927-1932

The athletic club arranges for three kinds of games, football, cricket and hockey. One handicap is that the college does not possess the exclusive use of a playground. Plans have been made to open a tennis court in the college compound. The gymnasium was fairly well attended, but its usefulness has been hampered by the fact that much of the apparatus is old and in urgent need of repair.

The platoon has been doing good work under difficulties. The members have attended parades regularly and upheld the credit of the college in the annual camps. But during the last two or three years there has been great delay in approving the applications of recruits.

The college was opened on 1st August 1836 and is, therefore, one of the oldest in Bengal. On 1st August 1931 Founder's Day was celebrated for the first time under the presidency of the Hon'ble Minister for Education. A register of old students with an account of the history of the college is under preparation.

The Hindu Hostel attached to the college has accommodation for 40 boarders and the Muhammadan Hostel for 16. During the period neither has been full. The college suffered little from political disturbances and the general atmosphere was quiet. It is true on a few occasions, in sympathy with hartals, some of the students stayed away from their classes, but there was no serious commotion within the college premises. Only on one occasion was it necessary to send away any students and even then only four had to leave.

LIV.—Examination results of the Hooghly College, 1932.

Examinations.	Number appeared.	Number passed.	Percentage
I.A.	27	15	55·5
I.Sc.	46	30	65·2
B.A.	40	27	67·5
B.Sc.	14	12	86·6

Krishnagar College.—The strength of the college varied between about 140 and 250 during the period. The highest in the I.A. class was 87, in the I.Sc. 98, in the B.A. 60 and in the B.Sc. 26. Probably more students could be attracted if there were more accommodation in the laboratories and if there were affiliation in civics in the I.A.

and in more honours subjects at the degree stage. Some improvements were made. The Chemical Laboratory is now better lighted and ventilated. The workshop attached to the Physical Laboratory, however, needs improvement. By a readjustment of rooms it has been possible to provide ample accommodation for a large reading room which has removed the congestion noticed in the last review. A capital grant of Rs. 5,000 has been requisitioned to make the library up to date. A wireless receiving set was bought and is proving of considerable interest to students and staff.

The hostel provides room for 66 students in all, but the maximum number of boarders during the session 1931-32 was only 52. There has been no assistant superintendent for the last two years. The direct connection with the municipal water-main has improved the water-supply to a certain extent. The Muhammadan Hostel was located as before in a rented house about a mile away from the college. It had only 6 boarders in 1931-32. The number of Muhammadan students in the college declined, which is all the more regrettable in view of the fact that Muslims form by far the greater bulk of the population of the district. The construction of a Moslem hostel within the college grounds, when built, may attract more Muhammadan students. Steps have been taken for periodically ascertaining and recording the weights of individual students.

In February 1930, there was a strike in the Hindu Hostel in connection with the hoisting of the national flag on the hostel building and subsequently there was a sympathetic strike in the college also. After the strike had gone on for over a fortnight, Government closed the college down indefinitely. Representations were subsequently made to Government by guardians and when the assurance asked for had been given Government permitted the reopening of the college in April 1930, after it had been closed for over a month. Disciplinary action was taken against some of the students for their complicity in the disturbance.

During the quinquennium the College Union was revived through the efforts of Mr. A. K. Chanda, when he was in charge of the college. An essay competition was organised in January last under the auspices of the College Union and four silver medals were awarded out of the common room funds. The college magazine was published twice a year, the expenses being met from the students' subscriptions and the common room fund. The old stables have been equipped as a gymnasium.

The results on the whole have been fairly satisfactory and the percentage of passes has always been above the University average. Arrangements are generally made for giving one hour's tutorial work every week in each class and in each subject. The progress of the students is tested by periodical examinations.

LV.—Examination results of the Krishnagar College, 1932.

Examinations.	Number appeared.	Number passed.	Percentage.
I.A.	25	18	72
I Sc.	31	17	54·8
B.A.	24	18	75
B.Sc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	88·8

Sanskrit College.—The Sanskrit College has entered on the one hundred and eighth year of its existence. It was founded in 1824 by Lord Amherst for the "promotion and cultivation of the literature, the religion and the law of Hindus" and a scheme of western studies through the medium of English was engrafted on it in 1844 It is open only to Hindu students.

The college has three departments—(1) the English or college department, (2) the oriental or tol department, and (3) the Anglo-Sanskrit School The common feature which characterises these three departments is the unified pursuit of Sanskrit studies from the lowest to the highest grades

The college is affiliated up to the B.A standard of the Calcutta University in English (pass), Sanskrit (pass and honours), history (pass), and philosophy (pass) Affiliation in civics was obtained during the period Students taking up honours in philosophy and history were allowed to attend lectures in these subjects in the Presidency College without any extra charge The rate of tuition fee in the college department is Rs 6 a month, but there is provision for the admission of 60 students at the concession rate of Rs 2 a month, if they are the sons of *bona fide* pandits

The maximum number of students was recorded in 1928-29, but since then there has been a fall

The college hostel was abolished in 1921. All the students reside with their parents and guardians, but there has been of late a demand for hostel accommodation The Principal suggests that until Government can provide a hostel, accommodation may be found for the students in other Government college hostels which are not full

Tutorial work in the form of class exercises was done in English, philosophy and history and monthly examinations in all subjects were held The marks secured by students in tutorials and monthly examinations were taken into consideration at the time of promotion and selection

The common room subscribed to the usual periodicals and managed a library of its own The record of work done by the College Union during the period under review is creditable The debating club met regularly and held debates on a variety of subjects Under the auspices of the union, the anniversary in 1931 was celebrated with great enthusiasm A large number of old students of the college including many prominent citizens met together in the college hall and a Sanskrit drama was staged with great success A professor of the college is writing a history of the college and, under the guidance of the Principal, he has been collecting materials from the Secretariat records To commemorate the name of the first Indian Principal of the Sanskrit College, a Vidyasagar poor fund has been started for helping poor students with money and books

Political disturbances did not affect the affairs of the college in any material way during the period under review

The athletic club won the All-Bengal Championship for Basket Ball and annexed the Grey Challenge Shield in two successive years The gymnasium was well attended and the contest at the annual sports was keen The football section was revived in 1931 The crying need of the club is a play-ground The students of the college were medically examined on two occasions during the last five years Compulsory drill has been introduced in the first year class.

During the period, about 2,000 volumes were added to the library. Government have accorded administrative approval to the quinquennial grant of Rs. 5,000 for the purchase and preservation of manuscripts. A research department has been opened in which pandits and outsiders (research students and advanced scholars) who pay a monthly fee of Rs. 5 can carry on research work under the direction of the Principal and the professors of the oriental department. Several professors of local colleges have joined as advanced scholars and scholars from Indian and foreign universities have been attached as research scholars Research work bids fair to become a very important part of the college activities. The association of pandits and professors called the Sanskrit College Vidya Parishad has been started It arranges for extra-mural lectures on philosophic, religious and other general subjects in order to foster intellectual interest and cultural sympathies in the students. A new philosophy and Sanskrit seminar has also been opened in the college department.

Two college Councils have been organised, one for the English department and one for the oriental department.

The Principal reports that one of the chief difficulties is the want of proper accommodation. As a temporary makeshift, three rooms of the menials' quarters have been repaired and made fit for use as class rooms. Government have under consideration a scheme involving an expenditure of Rs 46,000 for the expansion of the college. The congestion in the library has been relieved by the removal of a number of almirahs into the class rooms. Some of the recommendations of the Calcutta University Commission and the Sanskrit College Committee have been accepted, but they are as far off realisation as ever.

Twenty-two trust funds continued to be administered by the Principal of the Sanskrit College.

LVI.—Examination results of the Sanskrit College, 1932.

Examinations	Number of candidates	Number passed.	Percentage of success
I. A. ..	18	12	66·6
B. A. . ..	16	10	62·5

Chittagong College.—Towards the end of the preceding period the enrolment exceeded 600—a number too large for the existing accommodation and equipment of the college. No money, however, was available for the construction of the three-storied building of which a scheme is before Government It was a wise step, therefore, to fix the maximum for the various classes at the beginning of the period under review. But the fact that the number of students has not decreased is good reason for an extension of the accommodation.

The college obtained affiliation in Urdu as a vernacular during the period A part-time lecturer in Urdu was appointed and also a lecturer in Bengali in the Subordinate Educational Service. A Bengal Educational Service post in chemistry was reduced to a Subordinate Educational Service one.

The college is not affiliated up to the honours standard in any science subject other than mathematics, or i[illegible]onomics, philosophy or Sanskrit,

and there is no provision for the teaching of civics (a most popular subject for the I.A.) or for Bengali language and literature in the college nor for the study of science subjects like geology or botany.

There are not enough class rooms, but provision for a common room and small reading rooms will be made in the building formerly occupied by the Hindu Hostel which has been closed down.

The New Muhammadan Hostel with accommodation for 60 boarders has been occupied and placed in charge of a Bengal Educational Service officer. A scheme for a Buddhist hostel is before the Director of Public Instruction. It is essential that properly constructed hostels for Hindu and Buddhist students should be provided, as many students live under conditions which cannot be considered satisfactory. The existing Buddhist Hostel is housed in two small and dingy houses, rented for the purpose, and provides accommodation for 25 boarders. It is under the supervision of a Subordinate Educational Service officer.

During the quinquennium, Chittagong was in a state of great disturbance. The armoury raid and the terrorist activities which culminated in the murder of Khan Bahadur Ahsanullah, Inspector of Police, greatly disturbed the town and naturally the repercussions of it were felt in the college. But the college students as a body behaved very well and during the riots which followed the murder of Khan Bahadur Ahsanullah, the Moslem students acted splendidly in trying to restore calm and large numbers of Moslem students voluntarily and spontaneously guarded the houses of the teachers of the college. Some students and some ex-students of the college were involved in the armoury raid case and a few students of the college have been interned under the ordinances. During the picketing in 1930 in connection with the civil disobedience movement, the majority of the college students behaved well and there was no appreciable fall in the number on the rolls. During the period under review one student of the third year B.A. class was rusticated and one student of the fourth year B.A. class was expelled. The Principal reports that from the last session of the quinquennium a determined attempt has been made to get into closer personal touch with the students and each student of the college has been attached to some member of the staff whose duty it is to interest himself in the general welfare of the student. Attempts have also been made to encourage the growth of a corporate life in the college.

The College Union used to be controlled by a senior professor of the college assisted by students. In 1931 the union was made a fully elected body with the Principal of the college as the *ex-officio* president and had the following branches: study circle, dramatic club, publications, social service, athletic club, junior common room. Debates were held in which both students and members of the teaching staff took part. From 1930, autumn socials were regularly held before the Puja vacation.

The College Co-operative Society was in a moribund condition and the Benevolent Fund has also been hit hard by the financial distress.

The college magazine, which is a bi-lingual journal, was published throughout the period under review.

The athletic club organised games and athletic sports, but the college has no playing fields of its own. Comparatively few organised games were played on account of the disturbed conditions in the town.

The total number of books in the library was 11,775 on 31st March 1932 as compared with 10,264 volumes on 31st March 1927.

The Principal observes that "the cost of educating a scholar at the Chittagong College is lower than that at other Government colleges in the province and this fact strengthens the demand of the college for a larger share of public funds for the most essential improvements which will make the college a real educational centre for the eastern districts of the province."

LVII.—Examination results of the Chittagong College, 1932.

Examinations.	Number appeared.	Number passed.	Percentage.
I. A. ..	73	41	56·1
I. Sc	31	30	96 7
B A . .	50	40	80
B Sc.	13	13	100

Rajshahi College.—Four Principals, permanent and temporary, successively held charge of the college during the period There were a few changes in the staff as well. The posts of demonstrator in physics and chemistry in the Bengal Educational Service were replaced by posts in the Subordinate Educational Service. The following additional staff among others was sanctioned during the quinquennium: a lecturer each in botany, Bengali and mathematics and a whole-time medical officer.

The college has received affiliation in botany up to the intermediate standard with effect from the session 1930-31 and a room has been fitted as a botanical laboratory at a cost of Rs. 7,336. With the opening of the botany classes the fee rates of the science students have been enhanced from Rs. 6 to Rs. 7 for the I.Sc. and Rs. 8 for B.Sc. students.

Considerable additions have been made to the laboratories, particularly the Chemical Laboratory at a total cost of approximately Rs. 34,100. A tube-well also has been sunk for the supply of water to the laboratories. The construction of this well has also removed the long-felt want of a supply of good drinking water A house was built in the college compound for the Principal at a cost of Rs. 42,210.

Each class is divided into groups of 15 to 20 students and each group of students received tutorial help once a week. There are also four seminars in history, philosophy, Sanskrit and mathematics, where students work under the supervision of the professors concerned.

To provide better accommodation for resident Moslem students in the college the New Muhammadan Hostel accommodating 50 boarders was made over in 1928 to the authorities of the Collegiate School and Rajshahi Senior Madrasah in exchange for the Fuller Moslem Hostel accommodating 75 students. This is a temporary measure pending the construction of a separate hostel for the Moslem students of these institutions. There is another hostel for the accommodation of 294 Hindu students and one for 75 Muhammadan students. In addition, there is also accommodation for about 50 students in the Westminster Hostel and for about 12 in the Students' Home. Out of 617 students of the college, only 142 students were in residence in attached and private hostels.

An Assistant Surgeon was appointed in July 1928. He inspects the hostels and also conducts a medical examination of all the college students twice a year and delivers lectures on hygiene to the students of the first year class once a week. There is a dispensary attached to the college which is kept open day and night.

A Geeta class was opened during the session 1931-32 to impart religious and moral instruction to Hindu students. This class meets every Friday during the Jumma recess. Attendance is optional.

No serious breach of discipline occurred in the college except once in July 1930 when the college was picketed by outsiders who for political reason wished to see it closed. The Police had to be called in and a number of arrests were effected. The college remained open and classes were carried on with a diminished attendance. Guardians were requested to warn their wards not to join in any political movements Only five students of the college were found assisting the picketers and were compelled to leave with transfer certificates.

A trained drill and gymnastic master is in charge of the gymnasium, which was well attended. In addition, there are different sections of the athletic club, for football, cricket, hockey, tennis and badminton, rowing, country games and water polo each under a member of the teaching staff.

His Excellency the Governor of Bengal was pleased to visit the college and hostel on the 7th August 1927 and also to unveil the portrait of the late Principal, Rai Kumudinee Kanta Banerji Bahadur.

The library is now more conveniently housed in a part of the main college building A reading room has also been at length provided, which can seat 50 students at a time. The library contained 17,927 volumes on 31st March 1932. There is a valuable collection of both Sanskrit and Bengali manuscripts known as the Kumudini Kanta Collection.

LVIII —Examination results of the Rajshahi College, 1932.

Examinations	Number appeared	Number passed.	Percentage
I. A	82	38	46 3
I Sc	98	38	38 7
B A	83	42	50 6
B Sc	37	27	73 0

Islamia College.—The college completed its sixth year in 1932 and thus may be said to have stepped out of the period of infancy. The numbers on the roll were 336 in 1931-32, 281 on the arts side, and 55 on the science side which is affiliated only up to the I.Sc. standard. The science course is, apparently, not yet popular with Moslem students.

The results were satisfactory—the percentage of passes in the B.A Examination exceeded the University average.

The annual grants under certain heads, including library and apparatus, have had to be reduced. This is particularly unfortunate for a young institution as it arrests the natural growth

The College Union successfully organised debates on Saturdays in which several prominent outsiders were kind enough to take part. Evening lantern lectures were also arranged A register of old students has been opened with the object of keeping them in touch with the college. A Duty Fund has been started to give pecuniary help to deserving students.

A physical instructor was appointed in 1929; since then regular physical exercise classes have been held. Attendance at these classes is compulsory for the first year students. Land has been acquired at a cost of Rs. 2,04,700 for a playground which is to be shared by the Islamia College and the Calcutta Madrasah. Dr. H. Rahim kindly conducted an Ambulance class without remuneration; several students obtained the certificates of the St. John's Ambulance Association. The general health of the students was good. The medical examination of the students revealed no alarming physical defects.

The library has 6,025 volumes and was well used by the students.

The Baker Hostel which has accommodation for 196 students was transferred from the Calcutta Madrasah to the Islamia College, 50 seats being reserved for the Moslem students of the Presidency College. In the session 1931-32 as many as 30 seats were unoccupied.

LIX.—Examination results of the Islamia College, 1932.

Examinations	Number appeared	Number passed.	Percent.
I. A.	70	49	70
I. Sc.	21	9	42·8
B. A.	60	42	70

Undergraduate work of the Dacca Board.—There were four intermediate colleges under the Board, three for men and one for women. The number of Islamic intermediate colleges rose from 2 to 3. Two intermediate colleges—the Dacca Intermediate College and the Eden Intermediate College for Girls—are managed by Government. The Jagannath Intermediate College and the Salimullah Intermediate College are aided. The Dacca Islamic Intermediate College and the Chittagong Islamic Intermediate College are managed by Government and the Sirajganj Islamic Intermediate College is aided.

The number of pupils in all intermediate classes was much the same, 994 (including 211 Muhammadans) in 1926-27 and 989 in 1932. Six hundred and thirty-eight of them were Hindus (579 boys and 59 girls), and 349 were Muhammadans. The Moslem scholars have increased by 138, while Hindu scholars have decreased by 145, the highest enrolment was recorded in 1928.

The future of the Imperial Salimullah College is yet uncertain. Some capital grant was paid to the college besides the usual monthly grant-in-aid, but its financial position continues to be unsatisfactory.

Some retrenchments were effected in the Jagannath Intermediate College on the recommendations of a committee appointed by Government; but it has not yet attained financial stability. This institution received a grant of Rs. 42,072 in 1931-32 against Rs. 48,072 in 1926-27. The enrolment was 376 in 1931-32 against 617 in 1926-27. The two vocational courses in the college—dyeing and commerce—have been kept up; the dyeing course has been a great success.

At the Intermediate Examination of the Board in 1932, 505 candidates appeared, of whom 283 passed; the corresponding figures for 1926-27 were 546 and 230, respectively.

Dacca Intermediate College.—The Dacca Intermediate College is under the direct control of Government.

In spite of the acute financial difficulties, money was found to effect some improvements. The Botanical Laboratory was extended and the Assembly Hall was furnished at a cost of Rs. 1,920. Considerable additions were made to the laboratories, library and physical exercise apparatus.

Serious breaches of the discipline occurred during the closing years of the quinquennium. The college gates were picketed by Congress volunteers throughout the last week of July 1930. There were three strikes. The general body of students, however, particularly the Muhammadan section, was unmoved. On the evening of 14th November 1930, some persons, presumbly students, broke into the Principal's office and carried off a number of college registers. A daring robbery in broad day-light was perpetrated within the college compound on the 8th December 1930, when a college bearer, carrying a large sum of money to the treasury, was suddenly attacked by some young men and a haversack containing Rs. 2,060 was snatched away. The loss had to be written off. Between November 1930 and March 1932, as many as four cases of theft of electric fans and bulbs occurred, necessitating the appointment of a Gurkha to guard the premises at night.

There are two hostels attached to the college, one for Hindus and the other for Muhammadans. Each hostel is in the charge of a superintendent and an assistant superintendent, the latter being appointed, when the number of boarders is 50 or more. Students are also permitted to live in a licensed mess for Moslem students and in the Baptist Mission Hostel. Under a Government order which came into force in June 1930, boarders are now required to pay seat-rent at a uniform rate of Rs. 1-14 per month, while they are charged separately for electricity, medicine, etc. There was no serious breach of discipline in the hostels during the quinquennium.

No direct religious instruction is imparted. The Hindu boarders of the hostel have their weekly Harisabha meetings and the annual Saraswati Puja celebrations, while the Moslem boarders performed the milad ceremony every year. The Principal once convened a meeting of the local guardians of the Hindu students to secure their co-operation in maintaining discipline.

Special tutorial classes in English composition were arranged for the students of the second year class. The percentage of passes, in spite of untoward circumstances, compared favourably with that of other institutions.

The college had 321 pupils on the roll in 1931-32 as against 316 in 1926-27. The highest figure was 358 in 1928-29 and the lowest 284 in 1930-31.

The physical exercise and drill classes were held regularly by the physical instructor. The small area games, introduced in 1929, proved generally attractive. No provision could be made for manual training

In 1926-27 the library contained ',177 volumes and 1,909 volumes were added in course of the last five years.

LX.—Examination results of the Dacca Intermediate College, 1931-32

Examinations.	Number appeared.	Number passed.	Percentage.
I.A.	43	29	67·4
I Sc.	84	54	64·3

CHAPTER VI.

The education of Indian girls and women.

General statistics.—The following tables show the progress of women's education during the period, in respect of numbers:—

LXI.—Population and literacy of females.

	1921.	1931.
Female population (in thousands)	22,544	24,072
Percentage of literates ..	1·8	2·8

LXII.—Classes of institutions for girls.

	Arts and professional colleges	High schools	Middle English schools	Middle vernacular schools	Primary schools	Other institutions	Unrecognised institutions	Total
1926-27		19	48	22	14,605	48	292	15,040
1931-32		36	58	11	17,425	44	318	17,808
Increase or decrease		+17	+10	-11	+2,820	-4	+26	+2,868

LXIII.—Total number of girls in girls' and boys' schools.

	Arts and professional colleges	Secondary			Primary schools	Other institutions	Unrecognised institutions	Total
		High schools	Middle English schools	Middle vernacular schools.				
1926-27	364	4,801	6,233	2,036	396,056	1,990	8,737	420,217
1931-32	770	10,655	8,208	1,208	518,544	2,727	12,296	554,498
Increase or decrease	+406	+5,854	+2 005	−828	+122,488	+737	+3 559	+134,281

Indications of progress.—The rate of growth has been accelerated. In the previous period, the girls' schools increased by 17·9 per cent., and their enrolment by 9·1 per cent. In this period, the corresponding figures were 19·0 and 27 7 per cent. The total number of girls under instruction increased by 31·9 per cent., as against 22·2 per cent. The number of Hindu girls rose by nearly 26 per cent., and that of the Moslem girls by over 37 per cent. At present, the number of girls of each community at school is more or less proportional to their population.

Not only has the pace quickened. Some of the social obstacles to women's education are crumbling down. Instead of being generally hostile, men are now generally friendly to the education of their womenfolk. Purdah is slowly disappearing; the age of marriage has been raised by the Sarda Act. Women are being gradually released from

the bondage of social fetters and are coming to be recognised as partners in the home and the commonwealth. This is a movement of no small consequence, for it entails and demands the education of women as a necessary corollary. But even more significant is the interest now taken by educated women themselves in the uplifting of their sisters. The influence of the Women's Educational Conference already reaches out in different directions. On one hand, the example is contagious and in increasing numbers women will come out into public life; on the other hand, an organised movement can exert a far more powerful pressure on Government, legislative bodies and public opinion than the voices of a few enthusiasts crying in the wilderness.

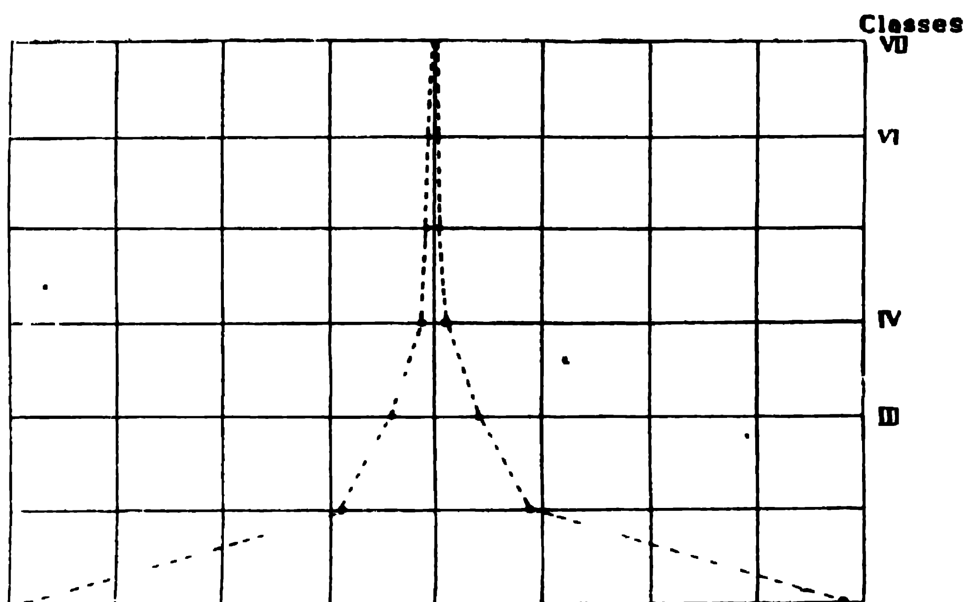
Backwardness of women's education.—The education of women is by far the most important need in India to-day. If it is neglected, the cultural disparity between the sexes will produce social and spiritual discord. The education of women is the surest means of achieving permanent national literacy; it is the only hope of the satisfactory re-ordering of the whole social economy. In the present condition of the country, the education of women connotes something more than the mere personal acquisition of literacy. For an educated mother is the best guarantee of the education of her children, and women will be able to come out of seclusion and make their contribution to the culture and development of the country. "We are definitely of opinion," wrote the Hartog Committee, "that, in the interest of the advance of Indian education as a whole, priority should now be given to the claims of girls' education in every scheme of expansion."

In spite of this, the actual progress is lamentably slow. During the period, boys' secondary schools increased by 302, those of girls only by 19. There were nearly twice as many new primary schools for boys as for girls. For every two more girls who came to school, about five more boys came. The total expenditure on men's education increased by Rs. 18½ lakhs, while women's education had to be content with Rs. 6½ lakhs.

The differences become more marked the higher we go up the educational ladder. In the lowest class, there are two girls to five boys, but in class III only one to 12 and in class IV only one to 16. This means that proportionately fewer girls are being made literate. In the primary stage as a whole, there are 3 girls to 10 boys, but in the middle stage only one girl to 24 boys and in the high stage only one to 30. The number of women in arts colleges was only 712 in 1931-32, while the number of men was 20,912.

Girls' education, then, resembles a pyramid with extremely concave sides. The waste in this field is peculiarly disastrous. It means not only that a great part of the money spent and the effort put forth is infructuous, but it means also that the leaders and teachers who should march in the van of women's education are not being produced. The progress of female education depends on an adequate supply of women teachers and advisers. Highly educated women are needed as teachers and inspectresses; they are needed to lay down the principles of women's education; they are needed for propaganda. But even in 1931-32, only 98 women took an arts degree.

It is not surprising that the number in professional colleges is smaller still. And yet women are sorely needed in at least two professions, medicine and teaching. In each of these, an almost boundless sphere of useful activity lies in front of trained women. The existence


Classes
VII
VI
IV
III

of zenanas and social conservatism make medical aid for women by women a primary necessity, but the total number of women in medical schools and colleges was only 41 at the end of the period. Similarly, there is scarcely any limit to the number of women who might be employed as teachers, but there were no more than 277 undergoing training in normal schools or training colleges.

The lack of women teachers is a matter for special regret. Women are, by general consent, the best teachers for the lower classes of all primary schools; but for girls' schools they are indispensable. They know their sex best; they can be comrades as well as teachers; they will arouse more confidence in the parents as well as in the pupils. But in fact, the number of women teachers increases very slowly. In 1926-27 there were 5,263 in the province, of whom 1,019 were trained; in 1931-32 there were still only 6,469, including 1,269 trained teachers. (These figures include the teachers in European schools.) Only about one in four of even the girls' primary schools has a woman teacher.

Collegiate education.—In 1931-32 there were, as previously, 4 arts colleges for women in the Presidency, including the Intermediate Department of the Eden High School for Girls, Dacca. These colleges had altogether 366 students on the rolls on 31st March 1932 as compared with 289 on the corresponding date of the previous quinquennium. Two of them, the Bethune College, Calcutta, and the Eden Intermediate College, Dacca, are directly managed by Government, while the Diocesan College and the Loreto House, Calcutta, are under private management, the former being aided. There were also 236 girls reading in arts colleges for men and in the University classes. A women's section was opened in the Vidyasagar College which had 110 students on its rolls on the 31st March 1932; and several other men's colleges also have made special arrangements to attract and help women students. Thus the higher education of women is steadily, if slowly, extending. It is gratifying also to note that 10 women passed the M.A. Examination of the University, during this, as against 4 in the previous, period. Several women candidates secured high distinctions.

The following table shows the number of women students who passed University examinations during the quinquennium. At every examination the number of successful women students has doubled itself in five years.

LXIV.—Successful women candidates in examinations.

	Matriculation.	Intermediate.	Bachelor's degree.	Master's degree.
1926-27	157	89	44	4
1931-32	394	183	88	10

(*1*) *Bethune College.*—The Bethune College had 149 students on its rolls on 31st March 1932 as compared with 135 five years before. The upkeep of the college cost Rs. 79,397 of which Rs. 69,018 were met from provincial revenues. The corresponding figures in 1926-27 were Rs. 84,369 and Rs. 74,118, respectively. The average cost of educating a student amounted to Rs. 543. The college presented 20 students at the last B.A. Examination, of whom 17 were successful. In the Intermediate Examinations 23 out of 24 girls passed in arts, and 5 out of 5 girls passed in science. The Christ Church School premises, adjacent to the Bethune College grounds, have been acquired at a cost of

Rs. 3,55,000 to provide additional hostel accommodation for the Bethune College. During the quinquennium the Bethune College secured affiliation in physics up to the Intermediate standard. The Principal is of opinion that, in arts, affiliation should be secured in Bengali up to B.A. Honours standard and that civics, which is a very popular subject, should be added to the curriculum. She also asks for an additional lecturer in English. A scheme of library supervision by members of the staff has been introduced.

The Old Girls' Guild, the college magazine, and the debating society have continued to flourish, and one of the hostels has embarked on a course in folk dancing. Miss Webber, who has resigned her appointment as Physical Instructress, did excellent work in organising physical training both in the college and in the attached school.

Classes in music, both vocal and instrumental, were held regularly under the auspices of the Sangit Sangha. The college suffered a great loss from the departure of the Principal, Miss G. M. Wright, and by the retirement of Mr. Narendranath Chakravarti, M.A., Senior Professor of English, who had served for 26 years in the department.

It should be noted with regret that a wave of unrest spread amongst a section of the students of the Bethune College during the civil disobedience movement which rendered disciplinary measures necessary. A few students were compelled to leave the college and others that remained had to give an undertaking for their future good conduct.

(2) *Eden Girls' Intermediate College, Dacca.*—On the 31st March 1932 the Eden Girls' Intermediate College, Dacca, had 61 students as compared with 31 in 1926-27. The total cost of maintaining the college department amounted in the year under review to Rs. 26,206 of which Rs. 23,222 was met from provincial revenues; and the cost per pupil was Rs. 429 of which Rs. 380 was borne by Government. The corresponding figures during the previous quinquennium were Rs. 17,421, Rs. 16,122, Rs. 566 and Rs. 527, respectively. Out of 26 students who sat for the last I.A. Examination, 22 were successful. The scheme for opening science classes in physics, chemistry and botany has not yet materialised, though it has secured administrative approval. The courses of lectures on home-nursing, hygiene and the League of Nations were continued as usual; lantern lectures on village sanitation, tuberculosis, child-welfare, school hygiene, food values and economic problems were organised by members of the Social Service League. The college continues to occupy rented premises, but the proposal to remove the college and the attached high school to the University area at Ramna, Dacca, has not yet been abandoned.

(3) *Diocesan College.*—The Diocesan College had 94 students as compared with 76 in 1926-27. The college cost Rs. 18,652, the average cost per pupil being Rs. 205. The corresponding figures in 1926-27 were Rs. 21,663 and Rs. 268, respectively. The financial position of the college is, by no means, secure, in spite of the low cost of maintenance possible for a missionary institution. The results in University examinations were excellent. The lack of sufficient hostel accommodation presents a serious problem. There are only 30 seats in the college hostel and 15 in the attached U. M. S. Hostel.

Lectures were delivered, as before, on subjects such as nursing, the prevention of tuberculosis, the Simon Report and English literature. There are a historical society, a debating society, a games club and a magazine club, as well as an Old Girls' Guild. A committee has

recently been at work to investigate the possibilities of the establishment of a united women's Christian college in South Calcutta. This is all the more important in view of the fact that the authorities propose to close the Diocesan College with effect from May 1935.

(4) *Loreto House*.—There were 62 students on the rolls as against 47 in the previous quinquennium. The expenditure during 1931-32 was Rs. 16,990, as against Rs. 12,360 in 1926-27. Twenty-three students were sent up for the last Intermediate Examination and 11 for the B. A. Examination, of whom 21 and 9, respectively, were successful.

Secondary education.—(1) *High schools*.—The number of girls' high schools has almost doubled itself during the period, from 19 to 36. They are also a little better distributed, instead of being concentrated in Calcutta and a few centres in East Bengal. Burdwan Division, which had no high schools for girls till 1927, has now three, two of them managed by missions. Many of these new schools have, however, not yet been recognised by the University; outside Calcutta, there was only one recognised high school in all West Bengal. Of the 36 schools, 5 were managed by Government, 29 were aided and only 2 were unaided. The number of Indian girls in all high schools increased from 4,789 to 10,389, but the number in the high stage was still only 3,260. In 1932, 601 girls appeared for the Matriculation and 394 passed.

Although the progress made was considerable, it should be noted that it was trifling compared to the progress of boys. Ninety-one new high schools were started for boys in the period, but only 17 for girls. Of the pupils in a high school for boys nearly half are in the high stage, but in a high school for girls only three in ten.

On the whole, however, largely because nearly all of them are aided and many are managed by missions, the girls' high schools are more or less efficient. The syllabus was revised to include suitable subjects like domestic science, drawing and painting, music and dancing. There are Girl Guide companies in all the Calcutta and some of the mufassal schools. Owing to the keenness of the teachers trained by the Physical Directress of the Y. W. C. A., games and drill have become remarkably popular and many schools take part in the annual inter-drill competition. The handwork, especially in some of the mission schools, is of excellent quality and often original in design. It is to be hoped that a larger number of well-conducted schools, with proper class room and playing accommodation and adequate financial support, will spring up in the mufassal.

(2) *Middle schools*.—"Middle schools", writes an Inspectress, "still occupy the most prominent place in girls' education, as the majority of girls do not go beyond this stage". At the end of the period, there were 58 middle English schools for girls with 7,008 pupils, as compared to 48 schools and 5,856 girls at the beginning. The number of middle vernacular schools decreased by 11. There was an increase of 6,871 or 64·5 per cent. in the total number of girls reading in all secondary schools. As far as funds permit, the policy is being followed of establishing middle English schools in district and subdivisional headquarters where there are none at present. Two of the schools are under municipal management.

New subjects have been introduced into the secondary syllabus, such as music, cookery and first aid. As usual, the mission schools are the

best. The Duff School in Calcutta has a class for married girls and, apart from the ordinary subjects, gives special attention to practical subjects like first aid, hygiene, advanced needlework and sick-nursing. Another interesting institution is the American Baptist Mission School at Ushagram. Mud houses have been built and each house has accommodation for eight girls and one teacher, who live like a family. The girls do the cleaning, washing and cooking themselves, under the guidance of a head girl who keeps the accounts and submits them once a week to the teacher. The teacher does not interfere unless invited by the girls. There are six cottages for the girls and others for the principal and other teachers and for guests. The school has its own shops, post office, church and play-ground. There is a nursery for babies and a large weaving class. It is a very successful experiment on practical lines.

Primary education.—

LXV.—Primary schools for girls and girls in primary stage.

	1926-27.	1931-32.
Primary schools for Indian girls	14,605	17,125
Girls in girls' primary schools ..	347,270	426,259
Girls in primary stage in all schools	406,137	531,511

Although there has been an increase in the total enrolment of nearly a third, it should be noticed that the girls in the two last years of the primary stage numbered only 14,658 as against 212,156 boys.

The fact is that the girls' primary schools in Bengal are even more inefficient, incredible as it may seem, than the boys' schools. Their number is certainly large, larger than in all the other provinces put together. Out of the 26,682 girls' primary schools in British India in 1926-27, no fewer than 14,612 were in Bengal. But their number is no indication of their usefulness and by every test of efficiency they fail miserably. If we regard class III as the standard of literacy, it takes two schools to make one girl literate in the year, largely because most of them are lower primary schools. No figures are available to show the number of upper primary schools, but in 1922 only one in 62 of the girls' primary schools was of the upper primary stage. There are only 5,183 primary women teachers, less than one for three schools. Nearly all the schools are single-teacher schools; the great majority of them have men teachers. The average enrolment was only 24·5, whereas in boys' schools it was 38·4. The average annual cost of a school was Rs. 82, less than Rs. 7 a month; the annual cost of an unaided school was only Rs. 19! Although in 1931-32 there were 1,990 more aided schools, yet the total Government expenditure increased by only Rs. 6,533, so that the average grant decreased from about Rs. 38 to about Rs. 33 per annum.

These are amazing figures and the only consolation is that, since practically all the expenditure was wasted, more money was not spent. The whole system of girls' primary schools in the province, with a few exception, is practically useless.

The truth is that, to an even greater extent than the boys' schools, the girls' schools are under private management. Only 305 of over 17,000 schools were managed by public bodies, less than one in 57. The private schools are, for the most part, not schools, but haphazard collections of children brought together for the purpose of securing

an income or an addition to the income of the teacher. In other words, the school often exists for the benefit of the teacher, not for the benefit of the pupils.

Let us consider the problem from a more constructive standpoint. Suppose instead of spreading aid over 13,500 schools, it were concentrated on 500 selected schools. The money now spent from public funds on aided institutions would be sufficient to provide for each of these a grant of Rs. 100 per mensem, a sum ample for a staff of four trained teachers and the necessary equipment. Each of these well-staffed upper primary schools could easily attain and manage an enrolment of 100 pupils, about 20 in each class. There would then be about 20,000 girls in the two top classes; and the contribution of these schools to literacy would be at least 50 per cent. greater than of all the aided schools at present, and their ultimate influence on the progress of women's education would be far more profound. With the same money, far better results can be achieved by a wise policy of concentration and efficiency.

The Inspectresses are unanimous that the best of the private schools of all grades are the mission schools. They have, for the most part, an adequate, trained, keen staff; they aim at something more than mere success in examinations and attempt to give a sound all-round training on modern lines. But the missions have been hit hard by the exchange and the economic depression in the home countries and no fewer than 16 mission schools in West Bengal alone had to be closed during the period owing to the lack of money. It is thus some of the best schools which are disappearing and as an Inspectress remarks, "it is a pity that some of these schools could not be kept alive by departmental grants" during this crisis.

The different types of schools mentioned in the last report still exist. There were 191 board and panchayati union schools, 22 peasant girls' schools, all in the Presidency Division, 4 home girls' schools in East Bengal, a considerable number of schools for the benefit of the backward classes managed by missions, by the Nari Siksha Samiti and by the Society for the Improvement of the Backward Classes and so forth. The last society had 113 schools with 3,488 pupils and is doing good work.

The curriculum is much the same as in boys' schools, with the addition of a few subjects like needlework and domestic economy. These subjects, however, cannot be taught in many rural schools which have no women teachers. The curriculum is probably too literary for the majority of girls who do not proceed to higher studies.

The Inspectresses award a certain number of scholarships to girls. In 1932, they were as follows:—

LXVI.—Scholarships for girls.

Middle English ..	18
Middle Vernacular .	21
Primary Final ..	70
Primary Preliminary	136

There are not enough scholarships and sometimes scholars have to give up their stipends because they have no schools to go to.

The Uttarpara Hitakari Sava awarded 28 scholarships to girls of middle and primary schools in the Hooghly and Howrah districts in 1931-32.

The public examination at the end of class IV is not held for girls' schools, but their pupils can compete for the special girls' scholarship examination. Girls in boys' schools may sit for the Primary Final Examination and three girls secured general scholarships in competition with boys in 1931-32.

Special subjects.—(1) *Needlework.*—There has been a marked improvement of late in the quality of the needlework done in girls' schools, except in the villages where "it is left entirely to pandits". The improvement was due partly to the guidance of the peripatetic needlework teachers, who get a salary of Rs. 30 and an allowance of Rs. 16 per month, and partly to the institution of the Lady Carmichael Diploma which "has in the past five years improved the needlework out of all recognition". Even some of the European schools are eager to compete for the diploma. A sewing grant of a rupee a month is given to some schools, but the amount is inadequate.

(2) *Music and fine arts.*—These are optional subjects, but are gradually becoming more popular. The chief difficulty is the lack of trained teachers. In music, the Sangit Sammilani and the Sangit Sangha are doing very useful work. A tendency to revive Indian designs is noticeable in handwork, especially the alpona design. The price of paints is an obstacle to the teaching of brush-work in primary schools. Mission schools are specially successful in cultivating handwork.

(3) *Hygiene, cookery, etc.*—There is a Lady Carmichael diploma for hygiene, as well as for arts and crafts and needlework. The hygiene diploma includes first aid, nursing and child welfare, but there is as yet no practical examination. For the three cookery diplomas, however, a practical examination is held. The maktab girls do not yet compete for these diplomas. In many schools, "girls love their cooking classes and look forward to them".

Special schools.—(1) *Zenana schools.*—At the end of the period, there were 26 zenana governesses who taught 756 pupils. As in previous years, two schemes were in operation for imparting instruction to zenana women who cannot attend the public girls' schools, house to house visits and central classes for purdah women. Both have been condemned by the Inspectresses. The whole system is now an anachronism, for the social barriers that confined women to zenanas are fast falling and many girls now attend school even after marriage. The zenana classes have already been abolished in West Bengal and are in process of abolition in East Bengal. With the closing of the zenana classes, a definite chapter in the history of women's education in Bengal will come to an end.

Some years ago it was thought that the present system of zenana education might be replaced by a scheme based on the Parents' National Union Scheme of Education, which has achieved conspicuous success in England. With this end in view an experimental centre was conducted at Dacca by Dr. West, Principal, Teachers' Training College. The chief features of the scheme have been described fully in previous reports. The net result of the experiment has been the preparation of a few sets of very useful assignments in the 3 R's and in hygiene which should prove helpful to primary school teachers.

(2) *Industrial schools.*—In the year under report there were 44 technical, industrial and other special schools for Indian girls with 1,879 girls reading in them; the corresponding figures for the previous period being 48 and 1,613, respectively. Most of the technical schools are under Mission management; they usually teach needle-work of various kinds, lace-making and embroidery, besides giving some general education with the object of helping Indian girls to earn their livelihood. The industrial school at Kalimpong is known practically all over the world. It has seven feeder schools.

(3) *Unrecognised schools.*—There were 12,296 girls in private or unrecognised institutions against 8,737 girls in 1926-27. In the Burdwan Division, the Bhadrakali Ram Krishna Brahmacharyasram deserves special mention; it combined general and vocational education with the performance of religious rites and domestic work. With it two others, known as Mahakali Pathsalas—one at Mymensingh and the other at Faridpur—may be mentioned.

Co-education.—There is an increasing readiness on the part of girls to attend boys' schools. Some men's colleges, as we have seen, now attract women students in considerable numbers and in the primary stage scarcely any serious objection is raised to the education of little boys and girls together. Girls' schools admit small boys and small girls freely go to boys' schools. The absence of separate schools in many places is also creating a drift of girls to boys' high and middle schools. If this practice becomes common, as it is in provinces like Madras and Bombay, the duplication of schools can be avoided and a considerable saving effected. Out of a total of 554,498 girls under instruction, no fewer than 94,683 were in boys' schools. The figures are given below:—

LXVII.—Girls in boys' schools and boys in girls' schools.

	1926-27.	1931-32.
Girls in boys' secondary schools .	478	1,524
Boys in girls' secondary schools .	365	543
Girls in boys' primary schools . ..	58,443	92,285
Boys in girls' primary schools	3,940	6,876
Girls in boys' special schools	377	874
Boys in girls' special schools	23	12

Education of Muhammadan girls.—

LXVIII.—Number and percentage of Muhammadan girls in different stages of education.

	Female pupils	Primary stage. Infant stage	Primary stage. Classes I and II.	Primary stage. Classes III and IV.	Middle stage.	High stage.
Number of Muhammadan girls.	303,063	236,993	63,159	2,594	225	92
Percentage of total ..	..	78·2	20·9	·8	·07	·03
Corresponding percentage of Hindu girls.	.	63 5	28·8	5·0	1·5	1 2

At the close of the period, there were 303,830 Moslem girls in public institutions, 56·2 per cent. of the whole. Five years before there were only 221,206 or 53·8 per cent. Considerable progress has apparently been made, but it is almost entirely in the lowest stages. There were 283,513 Moslem girls in the two lowest classes, but only 2,607 in classes III and IV. That is, only one in a hundred acquires literacy. But very slowly Moslem girls are coming into the higher stages also. There were 8 in colleges, 92 in the high stage and 225 in the middle stage, which is reason for hope. The raising of the Sakhawat Memorial Girls' School to the status of a high school is an important event, for it is the first Muslim girls' high school in the province. It has not yet been recognised by the University, but presents its pupils as private candidates and two out of three passed in 1931. It receives a grant of Rs. 750 a month from Government and Rs. 225 from the Calcutta Corporation. The Suhrawardy Begum School teaches up to the middle English standard and 12 of its girls won scholarships in the last period. It was the first, and so far the only, Muhammadan girls' school which joined the inter-school drill competition.

It will be some time yet before the social customs of the community allow any considerable number of its women to secure higher education. One of the chief difficulties is the lack of qualified women teachers and there are minor obstacles such as the absence of separate hostel accommodation in high schools and the lack of provision for the teaching of Arabic and Persian. On the other hand, in the primary schools at any rate, the complaint has been made that the ordinary school subjects are neglected in favour of the Koran, Ritual and Dinayat. Above all, what is needed is that more Moslem women should receive higher education and become teachers and exemplars for their sisters.

Financial aspects.—The following tables give the necessary figures:—

LXIX.—Total expenditure on girls' institutions.

	1921-22.	1926-27.	1931-32.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total expenditure on all girls' institutions ..	17,11,666	22,07,483	29,39,300
Expenditure from public funds	10,59,680	12,97,200	16,78,147
Percentage of public expenditure .	61 9	58 7	57 09

It is to be noted that the percentage of public expenditure is steadily falling.

LXX.—Expenditure on girls' primary schools.

	1921-22.	1926-27.	1931-32
	Rs.	Rs	Rs.
Total expenditure	8,45,232	10,76,463	14,27,000
Expenditure from public funds	6,01,638	7,19,008	9,65,428

LXXI.—Expenditure on girls' secondary schools.

	1926-27.	1931-32.
	Rs.	Rs.
Expenditure on high schools	4,31,095	7,73,611
Total expenditure .	7,82,284	11,11,926
Contribution from public funds	3,72,831	4,64,500

LXXII.—Average costs per pupil and school in boys' and girls' institutions, 1931-32.

	Cost per pupil.		Cost per school.	
	Girls	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.
Primary	3·3	4	81·9	153·1
Middle	40·1	17·7	4,903	1,540
High	72·4	36·6	21,489	8,715

There is one striking feature in these figures. In most provinces, girls' schools are uniformly more expensive than boys' schools—and this for three reasons. In the first place, women teachers are often paid at a higher rate than men teachers of the same grade; their supply is more limited and they can command higher salaries; and it is right that capable women should be attracted to the profession by a scale of pay which gives them freedom from anxiety and some measure of comfort. In the second place, girls' schools have generally a smaller number of pupils than boys' schools and cannot, therefore, be so economically maintained. In the third place, lower fees or no fees at all are charged for girls in order to attract them to school; and this special treatment will be necessary till parents become as anxious for the education of their daughters as of their sons and are prepared to make the same financial sacrifice for both. In Bengal, girls' middle and high schools are, indeed, much more expensive than boys' schools and are, undoubtedly, far more efficient. But, on the other hand, girls' primary schools are much cheaper, partly for the reason that many of them are conducted by the teachers of boys' schools who receive a small remuneration for the additional work. At any rate, this test confirms what we have already seen reason to believe, that the girls' primary schools are generally hopelessly unsatisfactory.

The future.—When we consider the recent history of women's education, there is reason to be disquieted at the haphazard manner in which it is developing The history of men's education should have been fruitful of warnings at least, but those warnings have been unheeded: and women's education is following the same ill-advised, disordered path. The truth is that it has not yet perhaps received sufficient attention; it has been regarded as of secondary importance, incidental, not vital. In the province which had the largest female population and the largest number of women's institutions, there is no woman as yet on the headquarters staff to plan and control. The women's inspecting agency in Bengal is absurdly small—there are no more than two inspectresses and twelve assistant inspectresses for over 17,000 girls' schools. They could inspect only about 1,000 schools in the year and the rest were either left unsupervised or visited by the already over-burdened sub-inspectors. It is true that Government have given administrative sanction to the appointment of an Assistant Directress. It is true that one of the inspectresses has, at the request of the department, drawn up a scheme for the development of women's education. It is true that in 1928-29 Government gave their general approval to the policy of the establishment of an aided girls' high school in each district headquarters when there should be demand for it. But all these plans have been held up by the lack of money. The number of Government institutions for girls has scarcely increased at all during the period. The new

schools that have arisen are the result of private interest and enterprise. The establishment of such schools is a hopeful sign of the times, but unless some large constructive scheme is devised and put into operation, girls' schools may gradually become as inefficient, as narrow in their aim, as ill-adapted to their purpose as boys' schools. At present, if women's education is expanding, it is expanding as the result of impulses from below, not from above. The income from fees in all women's institutions together has risen from Rs. 11½ lakhs to Rs 14¾ lakhs, but the contribution from provincial revenues to this most important and potentially fruitful of all creative public duties has actually decreased a little. It is to be hoped that this apathy and lack of policy will soon be replaced by some wise, well-planned, comprehensive scheme, buttressed by adequate financial support.

CHAPTER VII.

The education of Muhammadans.

The general position.—

LXXIII.—Total number of Muhammadan pupils, boys and girls.

Years.	Boys.	Girls	Total.	Percentage of increase.
1926-27	913,918	226,031	1,139,949	29·4
1931-32	1,127,709	309,946	1,437,655	26·1

LXXIV.—The percentage of Moslem boys in the different classes of schools.

Years	Class I	Class II	Class III	Class IV	Class V	Class VI	Class VII	Class VIII	Class IX	Class X	Class XI
1926-27	57·3	44·6	37·2	1·5	22·1	20·7	17·7	15·8	11·3	15·7	16·8
1931-32	60·15	50·7	47·8	40·05	33·0	26·4	21·6	21·5	10·8	18·3	16·9

LXXV.—Number and percentage of Moslem males in different stages.

Years	University and arts colleges	Percentage.	Professional colleges.	Percentage	High stage.	Percentage.
1921-22	2,175	12·8	440	9·4	15,715	17·1
1926-27	3,419	14·2	886	14·06	16,049	15·5
1931-32	2,883	13·3	676	12·9	24,118	18·7

Years.	Middle stage.	Percentage	Primary stage.	Percentage.	Total.	Percentage.
1921-22	16,047	20·9	784,874	49·5	819,251	46·1
1926-27	18,567	19·3	994,855	51·4	1,033,776	47·7
1931-32	30,299	24·7	1,258,503	54·5	1,316,479	50·8

The total number of Moslem pupils in all institutions for Indians rose by nearly 3 lakhs or 26·1 per cent. The proportion of Muhammadan pupils to others is now 51·6 per cent., instead of 48·6 per cent. in 1926-27. Muhammadans form 54·8 per cent. of the population of the province, so that their numbers at school are proportionately almost the same as their total numbers.

But it should be noted that the wastage is much greater among Muhammadan pupils. In the infant class, three children out of five are Moslems, but in class IV only two out of five, in class VII only one in four, in class XI only one in six. Of the Moslem boys in the primary stage, only one in twelve is in the upper primary class, that is, is likely to become permanently literate; of the girls, only one in 120. Literacy is spreading very slowly in the community. By the census of 1921, 9·5 per cent. of Moslem men in the province were literate; by the census of 1931, the percentage is still only 9·8. Among Moslem women, however, the increase has been much more rapid, from ·5 per cent. to 1·5 per cent. Far the greater number of Muhammadan pupils never get beyond the lowest classes.

On the other hand, in certain directions there was definite progress. It was pointed out in the last report that from 1916-17 to 1926-27 the number of Muhammadan pupils in the high and middle stages was relatively declining. This movement has been arrested. During the last period, the pupils in the high stage increased by nearly 50 per cent. and those in the middle stage by over 63 per cent. The percentage of Moslems to all pupils in the high stage has risen from 15·5 to 18·7 and in the middle stage from 19·3 to 24·7. The number in the upper primary classes has nearly doubled. This is gratifying, for it shows that the community is realising the value of higher education and is no longer content to let all its children stagnate in the lowest classes. The number of students in arts and professional colleges has fallen, it is true, but this was true of all communities and was no doubt the result of the economic depression. The following table shows that some hundreds more are now passing the Matriculation Examination:—

LXXVI.—Successful Moslem candidates in Matriculation.

Years.	Number of successful Muhammadans.	Percentage to total number of successful candidates.
1927	817	10·5
1931	1,455	12·8

Causes retarding progress.—The forces that retard the progress of education of the Muhammadans still remain the same. They are the general apathy—not antipathy of the Muhammadans—to that culture which a liberal education, such as is imparted in ordinary schools, gives; the scarcity of Muslim-managed high schools; the inadequate facilities for higher education near the centres of Moslem population; the poverty of the mass of Muhammadans who are, for the most part, farmers and agriculturists of small income and have suffered heavily by the agricultural depression; and, lastly, the preference shown by Moslem guardians for special institutions like maktabs and madrasahs, which combine secular education with the teaching of Islamic ritual and religion.

Special facilities.—Government attempts to encourage Moslem education by special scholarships for Muhammadans, special grants for denominational schools, e.g., higher grants for maktabs, the reservation of seats in different kinds of ordinary schools, free studentships to the extent of 15 per cent. of their own enrolment, and in other ways.

Special institutions for Muhammadans.—Moslem children can enter the ordinary schools. But many of them prefer to join the special schools, which are of different grades and offer a continuous course of instruction up to the undergraduate stage.

(*a*) *Primary stage.*—(*1*) *Maktabs.*—Maktabs are primary schools on an Islamic basis intended for Moslem scholars. These schools are also open to other boys. The ordinary primary syllabus is followed and text-books by Muhammadan authors are generally used. In addition, the reading of the holy Quran, Islamic ritual and Urdu are additional compulsory subjects, alternative to drill. The growth of these maktabs is a proof of their popularity and they may, if properly organised, play an important part when the Bengal (Rural) Primary Education Act is enforced. They should be brought more into line with the ordinary primary schools, with due provision for religious instruction.

LXXVII.—Number of maktabs and pupils.

	Maktabs.		Pupils.	
	Number of maktabs for boys.	Number of maktabs for girls.	Number of boys	Number girls
1926-27	13,085	7,638	448,968	179,478
1931-32	16,359	9,472	614,717	244,816
Increase	3,274	1,834	165,749	65,338
Percentage	25	24	36 9	36

The total cost of maktabs during the year 1931-32 amounted to Rs. 22,17,408 of which Rs. 11,07,578 came from public funds. The corresponding figures for 1926-27 were Rs. 17,71,586 and Rs. 8,36,630, respectively.

(*2*) *Quran schools.*—These schools are a survival of an indigenous system of education. They teach the recitation of the Quran and the rituals of Islam and Urdu, along with the 3 R's. They are practically primary schools not fully developed.

(*3*) *Muallim-training schools.*—The muallim-training schools are of two types, the old and the improved, and are intended to train teachers for maktabs. There are 3 old type schools, and 3 new type schools in the province. The teachers under training get a stipend of Rs. 10 a month each. There is no muallim-training school in Dacca Division, and it has been proposed to convert a guru-training school in Raipura in that division into a muallim-training school. In comparison with the very large number of maktabs the number of muallim-training schools is very inadequate.

(*b*) *Middle stage.*—(*4*) *Madrasahs.*—There are two types of madrasahs, the old and the new. They are of two grades—junior and senior (high). The old type follows the orthodox madrasah course, which is either the Calcutta Madrasah course, or some other unrecognised course.

The reformed type of madrasah combines the elements of secular education with religious education. The total cost of maintaining the madrasahs amounted in the year 1931-32 to Rs. 14,49,486 towards which public funds contributed Rs. 5,30,053. The corresponding figures for 1926-27 were Rs. 10,41,064 and Rs. 4,13,514, respectively. The maintenance charges of madrasahs have increased considerably during the last five years; unfortunately the contribution from public funds has not risen in the same proportion.

LXXVIII.—Number of madrasahs and pupils.

Year.	High madrasahs.	Pupils in high madrasahs.	Other madrasahs.	Pupils in other madrasahs.	Total of madrasahs.	Total pupils.
1926-27	17	4,204	521	46,795	538	50,999
1931-32.	27	5,004	716	62,860	743	67,864

(5) *Junior madrasahs.*—The number of such madrasahs and their enrolment both rose during the period under review; the number was 601 in 1931-32 against 511 in 1926-27; and the scholars 51,852 in 1931-32 against 44,475 in 1926-27. These junior madrasahs are practically middle schools on an Islamic basis.

The course of studies in the junior madrasahs is heavier than that of the corresponding types of ordinary institutions. The middle English curriculum is followed except in drawing and science, but Moslem boys have to learn four languages, English, Bengali, Arabic and Urdu, which is a large order. The course need simplification. The Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division, thinks that compulsory Urdu should be eliminated altogether, that the medium should be the vernacular of the pupils and that Arabic should not be commenced earlier than in class IV. It should be mentioned that, in order to facilitate the migration of madrasah pupils into high schools, a recent circular of the department has raised the standard of secular instruction of class VI of a madrasah to that of class VI of a high English school. Liberal grants contributed to a rapid rise of the reformed madrasahs, but the inadequacy of maintenance grants in recent years and the change of public opinion in favour of secularisation have not only slackened the rate of the increase, but have actually contributed to a decline since 1930.

The number of girls in junior madrasahs is increasing. There is one junior madrasah at Sutiakathi with 50 girls on its rolls. Ten out of 11 girls passed the last Junior Madrasah Examination and 4 got scholarships. A junior madrasah for girls was started at Rajshahi in 1931; it had 121 pupils on its rolls on the 31st of March 1932.

What used to be known as middle madrasahs are now known as Moslem middle English schools; they have provision for teaching Urdu and Arabic.

(c) *High stage.*—(6) *Senior madrasahs* (*old type*).—The Calcutta Madrasah is the most important of this type. These madrasahs follow an orthodox curriculum, but a revised syllabus was introduced in 1928 and the period of study has been reduced from 14 years to 12 years. A governing body for the Calcutta Madrasah was constituted, with the Assistant Director of Public Instruction for Muhammadan Education as President. The introduction of the revised course of studies necessitated the appointment of six additional teachers and the creation of

32 scholarships. A Board was constituted in 1928-29 for conducting the Central Madrasah Examinations of the Calcutta Madrasah and the dozen or more other madrasahs in the province affiliated to it. The Muslim institute attached to the Calcutta Madrasah and the Islamia College continued to promote the physical and moral welfare of younger members of the community. A new building has been provided for the institute at a cost of Rs. 1,50,000. In the Central Madrasah Examination, the Calcutta Madrasah presented 270 students in the year 1931-32, of whom 188 passed.

There were 34 senior madrasahs of the old type with 4,807 scholars in 1931-32. One was managed by Government, 21 were aided and 12 unaided with 498, 2,717 and 1,592 scholars, respectively.

(7) *High madrasahs (reformed).*—These are practically high schools on an Islamic basis. Their recognition rests with the Board of Intermediate Education at Dacca. The curriculum has been revised from time to time, but it still needs further modification. English, vernacular, mathematics and Arabic should be brought to the same level as in high schools and there should be at least one additional subject. The results of the high madrasahs have not been very satisfactory. A conference was convened by the Board of Intermediate Education in September 1928 to readjust the madrasah course. The Board has set itself to bring the madrasahs within the general educational pale by devising courses which should combine some general training with special Islamic subjects. During the period the Rajshahi Madrasah was raised to the high madrasah status, a step justified by the remarkable increase of pupils from 92 in 1926-27 to 275 in 1931-32. A building with six rooms was erected in 1930-31, but the accommodation is still inadequate, both in the madrasah and in the attached hostel. Lower fees are charged in this Government madrasah than in other madrasahs in the division.

There were 17 high madrasahs of the reformed type in 1926-27 and 27 in 1931-32, of which 4 were managed by Government and the rest were under private management. The enrolment was 4,204 in 1926-27 and 5,004 in 1931-32.

Out of 421 candidates who appeared in the Islamic Matriculation Examination in 1931-32, 159 were successful; the corresponding figures in 1926-27 were 218 and 115, respectively.

(d) *Collegiate stage.*—(8) *Islamic Intermediate colleges.*—These are really the Intermediate classes of the reformed madrasah system and directly lead to the course of Islamic studies in the Dacca University. The curriculum includes English and vernacular as in Intermediate colleges and Islamic studies. Additional secular subjects have been introduced during the period under review so as to make it possible for students to take up the general courses of studies in the University. During the period Intermediate classes were opened in the Chittagong High Madrasah and this has removed a long-felt need. There are two Islamic colleges in the province managed by Government. The Islamic Intermediate College at Sirajganj is an aided institution.

Altogether 89 students appeared in the Islamic Intermediate Examination in 1931-32 of whom 62 passed.

Hostel accommodation.—Hostels for Muhammadans are attached to practically all Government and some aided and other high schools.

There are, besides, special hostels for Muhammadans. There is no hostel exclusively reserved for Muhammadan girls, except in connection with the Sakhawat Memorial Girls' School.

A considerable proportion of the accommodation provided in the Moslem hostels, with the solitary exception of the Rajshahi Madrasah, remained unoccupied during the period and a few hostels were also closed owing to the lack of boarders.

In the Dacca University, the Muslim Hall was completed in the year 1931. It had 178 boarders in 1931-32 against 208 in 1926-27. In Calcutta, the Elliot Hostel has accommodation for 134 boarders and is intended chiefly for madrasah pupils. There were 127 boarders in 1931-32. The Baker Hostel has 200 places for Muhammadan students of the Calcutta colleges. It was transferred from the madrasah to the Islamia College during the period. The Taylor Hostel and the Carmichael Hostel are non-collegiate hostels, one under the control of Government and the other under the University.

Muhammadans in the Education Department and the teaching profession.—The following table gives figures showing the proportion of Moslems in all grades of schools for general education:—

LXXIX.—Number and percentage of Moslem teachers and Inspectors by divisions.

Division	Muhammadan teachers	of total number.	Muhammadan inspecting officers	Percentage
Presidency (including Calcutta).	6,868	32 6	43	63·2
Burdwan ..	2,367	12 2	22	26 2
Dacca .	18,489	58 6	62	63 2
Chittagong .	11,954	66 6	36	66·6
Rajshahi	10,368	61 1	40	57 1
Total	50,046	46 8	203	54·2

It appears that the Moslems are well represented on the inspecting branch, but the number of teachers in secondary schools and specially in high schools is inadequate. No direct appointment to the general posts of Subdivisional Inspectors, sub-inspectors, assistant head masters of Government schools and normal schools, and English and vernacular teachers, in any division, is ordinarily sanctioned if the strength of the Muhammadan educational officers in the division is below 45 per cent. of the total.

General remarks.—The old type madrasahs are rapidly declining, and there is a corresponding increase in the new reformed madrasahs. This indicates that the Moslem community is beginning to realise the value of secular education. But the old type of madrasahs is still popular with a section of the Moslem public; their extinction is not desirable, but their number must be rigidly limited. A Muhammadan Inspector of Schools thinks that it is better to control and improve them rather than let them continue in their present unsatisfactory condition. One well-conducted madrasah of the old type in each division will probably meet the requirements of the community. Junior and high madrasahs

(new type) appear to have been very useful in spreading education amongst Moslems. But the teaching should be improved and the curriculum simplified.

"Muhammadan boys", says an Inspector of Schools, "resort to the madrasahs, because they are very cheap and more easy-going than ordinary middle English and high English schools". The more liberal section of the community send boys to ordinary high schools and provide religious instruction at home.

It has been pointed out that the absence of an Islamic Intermediate college in West Bengal causes much inconvenience, for successful high madrasah students from West Bengal have to go to Dacca, Serajganj, or Chittagong, to join an Islamic Intermediate college.

Advisory committee.—In 1931 Government appointed a committee under the presidency of Khan Bahadur Md. Abdul Momin to give advice about the right policy for advancing Moslem education in Bengal. The committee have elicited much information, by answers to their questionnaire, by visits to different educational centres and by the examination of witnesses. The evidence has been printed and circulated to the members; but the recommendations have not yet been published.

CHAPTER VIII.

Education of Europeans and Anglo-Indians.

Institutions and pupils.—The total number of institutions for the education of Europeans and Anglo-Indians on the 31st March 1932 was 69, as compared with 62 in 1927. Three new girls' secondary schools and 7 girls' primary schools have been opened, whereas 3 boys' primary schools have ceased to exist during the period. There are 4 schools for special instruction and 65 for general education.

The institutions for special instruction are—

(1) the commercial and technical classes attached to the Young Women's Christian Association, Calcutta;

(2) Dow Hill Training College, Kurseong;

(3) the Children's House, Kurseong, and

(4) the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Apprentices' Night School, Kharagpur.

The classification of the 65 institutions for general education according to the New Code is as follows:—

LXXX.—Number and classification of European schools.

	Boys.	Girls.	Mixed.	Total.
(1) Secondary	8	15	1	24
(2) Higher grade	6	6	7	19
(3) Primary	2	1	18	21
(4) Ungraded	1	..	..	1
Total	17	22	26	65

The mixed schools are shown in the tables as boys' or girls' schools according to the sex of the majority of the pupils.

LXXXI.—Table showing pupils in different types of institutions.

1926-27.

	Number of institutions.	Number of boys.	Number of girls.	Total.	Total.
Higher secondary—					
Boys	6	2,208	.	2,208	3,979
Girls	8	257	1,514	1,771	
Secondary					
Boys .. .	3	578	12	590	1,236
Girls	4	108	538	646	
Higher grade					
Boys	8	1,635	528	2,163	4,252
Girls	11	248	1,841	2,089	
Primary-					
Boys	10	496	97	593	1,003
Girls .. .	7	153	257	410	
Ungraded—Boys ..	1	157	Nil	157	157
Total of general schools ..	58	5,840	4,787	10,627	10,627
Technical Boys ..	1	38	Nil	38	38
Commercial Girls ..	1	Nil	120	120	120
Dow Hill Training College for Girls.	1	Nil	20	20	20
School for defective children	1	8	8	16	16
Total for special schools ..	4	46	148	194	194
Grand Total ..	62	5,886	4,935	10,821	10,821

1931-32.

	Number of institutions.	Number of boys.	Number of girls.	Total.	Total.
Higher secondary–					
Boys	..	..	..	..	
Girls ..	..	..	..	..	
Secondary-					
Boys . ..	9	2,579	101	2,680	5,682
Girls	15	440	2,562	3,002	
Higher grade-					
Boys	9	2,122	367	2,489	4,440
Girls	10	330	1,621	1,951	
Primary—					
Boys	7	386	44	430	1,229
Girls	14	273	526	799	
Ungraded – Boys ..	1	130	Nil	130	130
Total of general schools ..	65	6,260	5,221	11,481	11,481
Technical Boys ..	1	54	Nil	54	54
Commercial- Girls ..	1	Nil	15	15	15
Dow Hill Training College for Girls.	1	Nil	14	14	14
School for defective children.	1	13	9	22	22
Total for special schools ..	4	67	38	105	105
Grand Total ..	69	6,327	5,259	11,586	11,586

The total enrolment has increased by 765 pupils. The largest number of Europeans was 9,308 in 1928-29; since then there has been a decline, whereas the non-European scholars show a steady increase, their number being 2,423 in 1931-32 against 1,685 in 1926-27, an increase of 43·8 per cent. This is due to the fact that special permission has been given to some schools to admit an increased percentage of non-Europeans.

The proportion of European and non-European scholars in schools for Europeans was 5·4 : 1 in 1926-27; it is now 3·7 : 1.

LXXXII.—European and non-European pupils in European schools.

Year.	European.	Non-European.	Total.
1926-27	9,136	1,685	10,821
1927-28	9,160	1,927	11,087
1928-29	9,308	1,944	11,252
1929-30	9,274	2,173	11,447
1930-31	9,253	2,370	11,623
1931-32	9,163	2,423	11,586

More than two-fifths of the non-European pupils were Jews and Armenians and a considerable number were Parsis. The number of Indians has, however, been rapidly growing.

LXXXIII.—Location of European schools.

	Number of schools.			
	Boys.	Girls.	Mixed.	Total.
Calcutta and Howrah	10	12	15	37
Darjeeling, Kurseong and Kalimpong ..	4	7	2	13
Asansol	2	1	1	4
Chittagong	1	1	..	2
Dacca	..	1	..	1
East Indian Railway system	..	1	5	6
Bengal-Nagpur Railway system ..	1	..	1	2
Eastern Bengal Railway system ..	..	..	4	4
Total ..	18	23	28	69

The Anglo-Indians are mainly a non-agricultural people depending mostly on service in industrial concerns and railways. Naturally enough the schools which cater for their educational needs are concentrated in industrial centres like Calcutta and Howrah, in big railway stations like Asansol and Kharagpur and in hill stations with a temperate climate.

Management and the group-unit system.—The following table shows the distribution of the 69 institutions with their pupils under the various agencies:—

LXXXIV.—European schools and pupils according to management.

	Number of schools.	Number of pupils.	Number of schools.	Number of pupils.	Per-centage.
Government	3	351	3	376	3·25
Church of England ..	9	1,704	9	1,875	16·18
Church of Rome ..	28	6,155	30	6,535	56·41
Non-Conformist ..	4	748	5	810	6·99
Undenominational .	16	1,515	18	1,497	12·92
Jewish	1	191	3	363	3·13
Armenian	1	157	1	130	1·12
Total .	62	10,821	69	11,586	100·00

Government directly controlled 3 institutions, viz., Victoria Boys' School and Dow Hill Girls' School, Kurseong, for general education, and Dow Hill Training College for the training of school mistresses. The remaining schools are managed by railway authorities and the various religious denominations.

The Church of Rome is responsible for the largest number of schools, 30, containing 56·4 per cent. of the total number of pupils.

The group-unit system which led to consolidation of schools under the same management has been found to be working satisfactorily, as the schools have developed according to definite plan. It has led to the conservation of educational effort and the co-ordination of educational policy. Questions relative to the welfare of any particular institution within a group have been considered in relation to the realisation of the general policy of that group and not as an isolated case.

Secondary schools and collegiate education.—An increasing tendency is evident among European and Anglo-Indian students to take advantage of University education through the facilities which the Intermediate classes attached to the European schools offer.

"This movement in favour of University education," says the Inspector of European Schools, "is undoubtedly due to the extended recognition granted by the Calcutta University to the Cambridge Certificate Examination; and it has been further stimulated by the demand for a University degree from those who propose entering the Civil Services. There is every indication that a new direction has been given to the higher studies of Anglo-Indians, and that University qualifications will be more largely sought after than was the case in the past. This forward movement deserves every encouragement and the opportunity afforded by college classes to bring about a better understanding between Indians and Anglo-Indians should be assisted in every possible way." There has been a good deal of discussion about the value of the Cambridge Examinations. On this point, the opinion of the officiating Inspector of Schools may be quoted: "Working to the syllabus of an outside examination necessarily limits the scope and limits the style of teaching in a school, but this is true of all such examinations. The Cambridge Junior Examination is, however, of

such a low standard that there is a danger in it being regarded by many students as a school-leaving certificate. This danger is so real that the majority of head teachers consider it very desirable that this examination should be abandoned. On the other hand, some head teachers value the examination as a useful guide in working up to senior examinations and also as a definite goal and a stimulus to both staff and pupils."

"There is one outstanding advantage to European pupils taking the Cambridge Examinations in India and that is, they provide a uniform system of education all over the country, so that a pupil does not lose ground when his or her parents are transferred from one province to another. This is of great advantage to the servants of railways and other services which operate over two or three provinces."

It has been noticed that a boy applying for a post in a European business firm will have a better chance if he holds a Cambridge Senior Certificate than if he possesses the local B.A. degree. This is due to the fact that the heads of such firms have confidence in the Cambridge Examinations and possibly have passed the same test themselves.

The advantages of the Cambridge Examinations are—

(*a*) The work is continuous—there are no capricious changes of system

(*b*) The controllers of the examinations are experts.

(*c*) There is uniformity of standard from year to year.

(*d*) There is an army of expert examiners.

(*e*) The development of educational practice in England is continually affecting the curricula of the examinations. There is, therefore, every incentive to progress on up-to-date lines apart from the fact that the Cambridge Syndicate's list of examiners is composed of men and women who are generally admitted to be in the van of educational thought and development

(*f*) For students desirous of proceeding to England for further education, the Cambridge Examinations are particularly valuable.

(*g*) The Cambridge Examinations are typical of an English school education and are held all over the Empire. This imperial aspect undoubtedly has weight—and rightly so—with the domiciled community.

(*h*) The revised Cambridge system of examinations has been approved by the English Board of Education.

The following institutions have college classes affiliated to Calcutta University:—

(1) La Martiniere, Calcutta—Intermediate Arts and Science classes.

(2) St. James' School, Calcutta—Intermediate Science class.

(3) St. Joseph's College, Calcutta—Intermediate Arts and Science classes.

(4) Loreto House, Calcutta—I.A., B.A., L.T. and B.T. classes

(5) St. Joseph's College, Darjeeling.

The Cambridge Senior Local Examination has been accepted by the Calcutta University as equivalent to the Matriculation Examination, and the Cambridge Higher Certificate Examination as equivalent to the Intermediate Examination, subject to certain conditions.

The number of secondary schools has increased by 3—all girls' schools. In the secondary stage girls' enrolment increased by 599, boys' dropped by 132.

Higher grade schools.—It is a source of great satisfaction that under the new Code great stress has been laid on various forms of practical training in the higher grade schools.

The value of manual work classes for the training of hand and eye, the co-ordination of mind and muscle and for providing an outlet for the creative interest cannot be over-estimated. These classes are called vocational when they are held in higher grade schools, but they are useful for their educational rather than their vocational value.

A question which will shortly arise is that of expense. The Inspector is of opinion that the course prescribed for a higher grade school is more costly than that for a secondary school It will be almost impossible for each higher grade school to have a manual or technical class or to keep a manual instructor fully occupied. These difficulties may probably be best solved by two schools sharing a workshop or shed and the expense of an instructor or by having peripatetic instructors. Added to all these difficulties, there is the scarcity of properly qualified instructors. The commercial classes at Victoria School, Kurseong, and at Dow Hill School, Kurseong, and the telegraph classes at the St. Andrew's Colonial Homes, Kalimpong, have been closed down simply because a single school cannot feed a vocational class year after year, as there is not a sufficient number of pupils wishing to take up the course. In these days it is imperative that funds and efforts should not be frittered away on schemes which in many cases are doomed to failure.

Examinations.—The following table shows the results of the various examinations for which pupils entered in 1926-27 and in 1931-32:—

LXXXV.—Results of European school examinations.

	1926-27				1931-32			
	Number sent up		Number passed		Number sent up		Number passed	
	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls
Higher grade schools								
Higher grade schools' scholarship examinations *	20	12	13	10	8	16	4	12
Higher grade schools' final examination	42	21	17	18	40	35	29	27
Secondary schools—								
Cambridge Junior Local	84	68	67	45	78	79	63	58
Cambridge School Certificate	83	66	54	44	104	43	74	35
Cambridge Higher School Certificate.	6	2		1	3		1	
Matriculation					78	9	53	7
I A examination					2	18	2	17
I Sc examination ..					21		17	
Dow Hill Training College Final examination		11		11		6		6

*This examination is a competitive test. Only the names of those candidates who are awarded scholarships are published.

The number of candidates bears far too small a proportion to the number of European children at school. Greater efforts should be made by the school authorities to retain the older children at school longer so as to increase the number reading in standards VIII and IX.

It is also interesting to note that the percentage of successful girls in most of the examinations is higher than that of the boys, although some of the examinations are of greater immediate utility to boys than to girls.

The table below gives the number of candidates that appeared and passed at the Apprenticeship Admission Examination conducted by the Board of Control for Apprenticeship Training:—

LXXXVI.—Results of Apprenticeship Admission Examination.

	1926-27.	1930-31.
Number appeared	62	187
Number passed	51	57

The majority of candidates are Europeans and Anglo-Indians.

Primary schools.—Unless the economic situation rapidly improves, the question of making provision for free and compulsory education will need serious consideration. This should be possible as many of the primary schools are already free schools. It would also relieve the superior grades of schools from a charge on their resources which in these days they can ill-afford, as many of them feel obliged at present to maintain a primary school section.

Teachers.—There were 793 teachers employed in European schools during the year ending 31st March 1932 as compared with 691 during the year ending 31st March 1927. Of the 793 teachers, 134 were graduates and 485 (including 90 graduates) were trained. About 39 per cent. of the teachers are untrained.

Training of men teachers.—There is no separate college in Bengal for the training of European men teachers. The Government of Bengal assist men who wish to proceed to the Chelmsford Training College at Ghora Gali (Punjab) for training as elementary teachers Six teachers were deputed for such training during the period

Training of women—There is only one special institution, the Dow Hill Training College, Kurseong. The number of students in 1932 was 14 as compared with 20 in 1927

During the past five years 41 women teachers have successfully passed out of the Dow Hill Training College.

The Inspector of European Schools, Bengal, reports that a satisfactory type of pupil teacher is admitted yearly to the Dow Hill Training College. To raise the standard of their general education it is proposed in future to allow the pupil teachers to study for the Cambridge Higher School Certificate during their course of training.. To find extended opportunities for the students of the Dow Hill Training College as teachers, Bengali or Urdu has been added to the list of compulsory subjects for the Final Examination.

Government European schools at Kurseong.—The number of Government institutions remained three; they are—

(1) the Dow Hill Girls' School,

(2) the Victoria Boys' School, and

(3) the Dow Hill Training College.

Three scales of fees have now been drawn up for the children reading in the Victoria and Dow Hill Schools. There is a scale for the children of Bengal Government servants, a scale for the children of members of the staff of the schools (which are treated as different institutions in this respect) and a scale for the children of Government servants other than those under the Government of Bengal. Non-Government servants pay fees for their children at certain fixed rates, while special cases are treated according to rules laid down in the prospectus. The admission and other forms of both the schools have been so revised as to ensure the prompt realisation of fees as much as possible. The amalgamation of the governing bodies of the schools has been approved by Government, while the standing committee is still maintained to advise upon current business and to handle matters of detail. The Head Master of the Victoria School intends to improve the standard of the school so that pupils may take the Senior Cambridge Examination one or two years earlier than usual and the introduction of a test examination for admission to the school has been suggested. The central hospital attached to both the schools is being managed efficiently. An expenditure of not more than Rs. 150 a month is permitted, from the ordinary grant of Rs. 3,582, for provision of equipment for the hospital.

The reorganisation of the Dow Hill Training College is being considered and the University has been addressed about the practicability of students being sent up for L.T. and B.T. examinations and of such students being permitted to do the practical portion of the examination sometime in November. Students on admission to the Training College are now required to deposit Rs. 100 as caution money to guard against premature withdrawal. A scheme for compulsory physical education in the college is being held in abeyance pending the decision of the general question of reorganisation.

The expenditure and receipts were as follows:—

LXXXVII.—Expenditure on Government European schools.

	1926-27.		1931-32.	
	Expenditure.	Receipts.	Expenditure.	Receipts.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Training College	30,165	..	24,451	..
Dow Hill Girls' School ..	1,50,253	40,719	87,659	36,634
Victoria School	1,44,349	45,719	91,129	31,372

The average cost of training a mistress was Rs. 1,747 in 1931-32.

Scholarships.—The total sum expended upon scholarships during the year 1931-32 was Rs. 27,824 as compared with Rs. 31,512 during

the year 1926-27. These sums represent the amounts actually drawn by the pupils and exclude the amount of the scholarships which were awarded in other provinces but were paid in Bengal in accordance with the revised method of paying scholarships that are transferred from one province to another.

The following scholarships were awarded during 1931-32:—

LXXXVIII.—Scholarships for European scholars

	Number awarded	Value.	
		Rs	
Professional colleges –			
Special scholarships ..			
Arts colleges –			
University study .	10	.	
Senior secondary scholarships .	6	20	per month.
Junior secondary scholarships .	4	12	,, ,,
Higher grade scholarships	2	24	,, ,,
Higher grade scholarships .	4	12	,, ,,
Scholarships from other provinces –			
Assam . . .	1	.	
United Provinces	3	.	
Special scholarships in special schools	9	..	
Scholarships under Article 2 of the Code	103	..	
Scholarships under Article 5 of the Code	7	.	
Exhibitions	2	150	per year.
	2	100	,, ,,
Doveton Trust Fund Scholarship	30	Varying from Rs. 10 to Rs. 40 per month.	

The Inspector of European Schools, Bengal, in his annual report for 1927-28 emphasized the urgent need for the provision of a larger number of collegiate scholarships and stipends, now that more of Anglo-Indian students are seeking University education.

In May 1927 the administrative approval of Government was accorded to the creation of two scholarships of £300 a year each, tenable for three years in the United Kingdom with war bonus at the rate of 15 per cent., one to be awarded triennially to a male student and the other to be awarded triennially to a female student of the domiciled community. In the absence of budget provision no scholarship has yet been awarded.

Expenditure.—The total expenditure upon the education of European and Anglo-Indian children during the year 1931-32 amounted to Rs. 36,73,251 (including boarding charges of Rs. 11,51,154) as

compared with Rs. 38,94,104 in 1926-27 (including boarding charges of Rs. 13,14,262). The amount was derived from the following sources.

LXXXIX.—Expenditure on European education according to source.

	1926 27.	1931-32.
	Rs.	Rs.
1. Provincial revenue	10,63,381	9,06,275
2. Municipal grants ..	32,443	32,793
3. Fees	15,96,792	17,34,631
4. Subscription, endowment, etc.	12,01,488	9,99,552
Total	38,94,104	36,73,251

The average cost of educating a pupil was—

XC.—Average cost of a pupil in European schools.

	1926-27.	1931-32.
	Rs.	Rs.
In a secondary school	137	145
In a primary school .	95	95

The net income during the period was thus less than that of the previous quinquennium by Rs. 2,20,853.

The financial position.—During the quinquennium schools and pupils have been most adversely affected by the general economic depression. Practically every school has had its income reduced by a quarter or more. The income of one school alone was Rs. 20,000 less than in previous years.

The parents of the pupils have suffered cuts in salary and many have been axed. Some parents are paying as much as 50 per cent. of their income for the education of their children and others out of employment are paying fees out of savings or capital. To alleviate the hardship a fund was inaugurated by His Excellency the Governor called the Calcutta Schools' Emergency Fund. The members of the various clubs in Calcutta permit their club secretaries to make a monthly levy which is collected in their bills. In this way a sum of Rs. 25,000 has been distributed to pay for school fees in cases where it was absolutely necessary. A sum of nearly Rs 40,000 would have been required to meet the situation fully.

The schools have made every effort to accommodate parents by reducing boarding fees, tuition fees, and increasing the number of free scholars on their rolls, but, in spite of this, in practically every school arrears of fees are amounting up to alarming figures. Tribute must be paid to the faith and fortitude with which the school authorities and the parents generally are facing the situation.

Buildings.—During the period a new wing was constructed for the Loreto House, Asansol, at an estimated cost of Rs. 1,04,661 towards which Government paid Rs. 41,767. In the year 1928-29 a Kindergarten Department was built for the St. Thomas Girls' School, Kidderpore, at a cost of Rs. 96,303, of which Rs. 45,900 was provided from provincial

revenues. The Jewish Girls' School, Calcutta, which was under construction in the previous quinquennium, was completed in the year 1930, but Government could not, owing to financial stringency, contribute anything towards the sum of Rs. 1,00,000 promised for the project.

The new Code of Regulations.—Under the new Code schools have been classified as—

(1) primary,
(2) higher grade, and
(3) secondary.

The old "higher secondary" and "secondary" have been merged under the term "secondary schools".

All the rules of the new Code have been given effect to, with the exception of those relating to the award of maintenance grants to schools. In accordance with the revised Code an additional sum of about Rs. 37,000 per annum is required for maintenance grants, but in the present state of provincial finances it has not been possible to find the money.

The term "salary grant" has been replaced by the term "teaching staff grant", and the term "free boarding grant" has been replaced by the term "fixed grant" and power has been delegated to the Director of Public Instruction to sanction "teaching staff grants" for three years from 1930-31 on certain conditions.

Rules for the award of "fixed grants" have been sanctioned by Government, and power has been delegated to the Director of Public Instruction to sanction "fixed grants" subject to a limit of Rs. 3,000 per month for any particular school.

In accordance with the Code the number of non-Europeans in a European school should not exceed 15 per cent. of the total number of pupils in the school, but Government have the right to relax the rules. The percentage has been raised to 25 in the case of four schools, St. Paul's School, Darjeeling, St. James' School, Calcutta, Pratt Memorial School, Calcutta, and Loreto House, Calcutta.

Vocational training.—Courses for domestic science, manual training, science, etc., which were described as "special subjects" and taught in special classes under the old Code of Regulations for European Schools are regarded under the new Code as an intrinsic part of the school curriculum. Nine secondary schools for boys include science in their ordinary curriculum and three include manual training (woodwork). Eight secondary schools for girls include courses in domestic science, two schools in addition prepare their pupils for the commercial course, while one gives training in industrial subjects. There are still a number of secondary schools which have no practical work in their curricula.

Eighteen higher grade schools take up the courses laid down in Appendix IV of the new Code. Seven higher grade schools train their pupils in the industrial course, five prepare girls in the commercial course, and eleven schools include domestic science in the curriculum of particular classes.

Loreto House, St. Helen's Convent, Dow Hill School and Queen's Hill School, in addition to the ordinary domestic science classes, have a special technical department where selected pupils are trained in specific branches of domestic science. Domestic science subjects were examined as before by the City and Guilds Examination Committee, London.

The St. Thomas' School for Girls arranges annually for needle-work and dress-making to be examined by the City and Guilds Institute, London, and other schools in Calcutta are adopting the same examination. The entries and results of the examinations held in 1931 were as follows:—

XCI.—Results of needle-work examination.

	Entries.	Passes.
Plain needle-work	16	11
Dress-making .. .	2	2

Special arrangements are made for the training of girl probationers in sick-nursing in the school hospital at Loreto Convent, Entally, and St. Andrew's Colonial Homes, Kalimpong. At the latter school selected girls also receive training as children's nurses. Government have authorised the opening of evening continuation classes in connection with the Salesmanship Course for Girls at the Young Women's Christian Association, Calcutta, at a cost of Rs. 450 on an experimental basis. The proposed class could not be held in Calcutta owing to the dearth of candidates.

Education of sub-normal children.—The Children's Home at Kurseong which trains mentally and physically defective European children by special methods had 23 pupils on the rolls on the 31st March 1932 as against 16 on the corresponding date of 1927.

The authorities of the institution used to get a grant of Rs. 150 a month from the department, but have lately decided not to apply for a grant.

Sussex Trust.—The income derived from the Sussex Trust Fund during the year 1931-32 was Rs. 28,720. It was expended on the subjects noted below:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
1. Scholarships paid to 6 overseas scholars (2 girls and 4 boys)	11,070	3	6
2. Scholarships to local scholars	1,495	0	0
3. Establishment charges paid to 3 Sussex Trust schools ..	2,184	15	9
4. Contingent charges in connection with the Trust ..	900	0	0

Altogether 21 European and Anglo-Indian scholars were awarded scholarships in the year 1931-32. There are two Sussex Trust schools for boys at Digha and Tararat and a girls' school at Dhaniram Chawk.

The Bruce Institution.—The control of the institution is vested in a Board of Governors of whom 7 are appointed by Government and 5 are *ex officio*. The Director of Public Instruction acts as the honorary secretary. The Administrator was authorised during the period to invest a sum not exceeding Rs. 5,000 in Government securities so that more scholarships may be awarded. The total receipts during the year 1931 including the closing balance of the previous year was Rs. 53,110 and the total amount of expenditure was Rs. 34,645. At the close of the year 1931 there were 93 wards on the rolls as against 104 in 1926-27.

Doveton Trust Fund.—The total amount of receipts during the year 1931-32, inclusive of the total balance on the 31st March 1931 and also the interest accruing on the amount of securities up to the half year ending on the 31st October 1931, was Rs. 12,361-10. The total expenditure during the year was Rs. 7,356-7, leaving a closing balance of Rs. 5,005-3.

Eighteen scholarships at rates varying from Rs. 10 to Rs. 40 a month were renewed and twelve scholarships at rates varying from Rs. 10 to Rs. 40 were awarded. In all thirty scholarships were paid during the year 1931-32.

The Inspector of European Schools, Bengal, acted as the administrator of the Doveton Trust Fund.

Improvement Association.—The association which has been formed in London with the object of promoting the education in British India of children of European or Anglo-Indian descent voted in 1927 a sum of Rs. 40,396 in favour of five European schools in Bengal for purposes of capital expenditure.

CHAPTER IX.

Education of special classes.

Chiefs and nobles.—There is no institution in Bengal for the education of the sons and wards of chiefs and nobles. But there is a hostel attached to the Nawab Bahadur's Institution in Murshidabad reserved for boys of the Nizamat family, under the supervision of the Head Master, assisted by an Ataliq. The number of Nizamat boys under instruction in 1931-32 was 24 against 26 in 1926-27. The upkeep of the hostel cost Government Rs. 5,274 in 1931-32 against Rs. 6,195 in 1926-27.

Backward classes.—Schools for the backward classes are maintained for the most part by missionary societies or philanthropic bodies like the Society for the Improvement of the Backward Classes, the Bengal Social Service League and the Hindu Relief Society. Government gives aid to these institutions and accords special privileges to the pupils. They are often exempted from the payment of fees and a number of scholarships are reserved for them. Hostels are maintained for students of these classes in Calcutta, Dacca and elsewhere, either by Government or with aid from Government.

In 1931-32, 375,554 boys and 64,500 girls of the educationally backward communities were under instruction. The total enrolment shows an increase of 27·8 per cent. over the figures for 1926-27.

XCII.—Number of pupils of backward communities in different stages.

	1926-27			1931-32		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
Arts and professional colleges including University students	1,595	3	1,598	1,709		1,709
High stage	5,991	5	5,996	7,769	52	7,821
Middle stage	8,738	49	8,787	12,548	107	12,655
Primary stage	274,554	35,844	310,398	336,733	62,892	399,625
Special and indigenous institutions	16,906	494	17,400	16,795	1,449	18,244
Total	307,784	36,395	344,179	375,554	64,500	440,054

Very considerable progress has thus been made, although it is not so startlingly rapid as in the previous period. The growth in the number of girls is particularly satisfactory. Education is spreading faster amongst the backward classes than among other classes. That they will in the near future emerge from their present position and take their legitimate and rightful place in the social and political life of the country alongside the other communities may be confidently anticipated. Amongst the backward classes, the Namasudras, Mahisyas and Pods and the Santals amongst the aboriginal tribes deserve special mention for their eagerness for education and for their spirit of self-help.

The Society for the Improvement of Backward Classes maintained 113 schools in the province and received a grant of Rs. 9,250 in 1931-32. The total amount available for assisting the various societies and boards in advancing education amongst the backward classes was Rs. 1,27,000 in 1931-32.

Namasudras and others.—The total number of Namasudra pupils on the 31st March 1932 was 108,737 against 81,448 in 1926-27, that is, an increase of 33·5 per cent. The percentage of literacy amongst Namasudras is 8·2 by the last census and the percentage of literacy in the province is 11. If this rate of progress is maintained—and there is no reason why it should be otherwise—the Namasudras will soon come up with the advanced Hindus. In the district of Bakarganj, where the Namasudras form a large percentage of the total population, there are high and primary schools under their direct management. Several schools, again, have special hostels for Namasudra children.

The Mahisyas of Midnapore outnumber most communities in the Burdwan Division. They have almost passed out of the class of educationally backward communities and, in fact, no longer desire to be included in that category.

The Pods are found chiefly in the Presidency Division. The number of Pod pupils reading in various grades of schools in the division on 31st March 1932, was reported to be 28,981 (26,099 boys and 2,882 girls).

The Mugs of the Chittagong Division are treated as backward people. There were five departmental primary schools solely intended for them in 1931-32. These schools returned 280 pupils in 1931-32 against 197 in 1926-27. Their total cost was Rs. 3,465 in 1931-32 against Rs. 2,700 in 1926-27; the whole amount was met from provincial revenues. There were also one aided middle English school at Ramu, one aided primary school for boys and two for girls within the Cox's Bazar Municipality chiefly for the benefit of the Mug children.

Jains.—The total number of Jain students receiving instruction in 1931 was 270 against 347 in 1927, viz., 16 in colleges, 188 in secondary schools, and 66 in primary schools. The Jain school at Jamalpur had 28 pupils and received aid from public funds.

Aboriginal tribes.—Of the aboriginal tribes the Santals seem to be the most enterprising and educable. They are found chiefly in Burdwan and Rajshahi Divisions; their numbers are being steadily augmented by immigration or importation as coolies. Special Boards of Santal Education have been formed in the districts of Midnapore, Birbhum, Bankura, Dinajpur, Rangpur and Malda. These Boards are required to advise

the departmental inspectorate on the general policy of Santal education, to submit annual reports, to prepare schemes and estimates and to administer all funds available for the education of the Santals.

The number of Santal scholars in the province was 12,477 in 1931-32 against 9,527 in 1926-27. The increase is largely confined to the lowest stage. The chief agencies responsible for educational work amongst the Santals are the American Baptist Mission of Midnapore and the Wesleyan Mission of Bankura. In 1931-32 there were altogether 334 schools exclusively intended for the education of Santals. Of these one was high, two were middle, 327 primary, one guru-training and three industrial schools.

A training school for teachers under one of the missions was closed during the period, as it was no longer considered necessary.

In Rajshahi Division, the number of Santal pupils under instruction showed a drop from 2,911 to 2,811. This drop is more apparent than real as some of the Santals were included among the educationally backward Hindus during the period under review. Absorption into the pale of Hindu society is considered a privilege by many non-Aryan tribes. The total expenditure on Santal education in Burdwan was Rs. 36,336 of which Rs. 29,375 came from provincial revenues in 1931-32 against Rs. 43,170 and Rs. 26,842, respectively, in 1926-27.

The post of the Assistant Sub-Inspector of Schools for Santal Education in Birbhum was abolished, while a Santal Bachelor of Teaching has been posted to Bankura as a sub-inspector of schools and entrusted specially with the duty of promoting Santal education.

Schools exist also for the education of other aboriginal children and hill tribes. In the Chittagong Division the Chittagong Hill Tracts constitute a backward area inhabited by several distinct tribes numbering in all 11,759 according to the census of 1931, of whom 3,250 were under instruction, that is, 27·6 per cent. of the total population.

There were 158 recognised schools in the area for the children of the hill tribes, including the Government High School at Rangamati, four aided middle schools and 153 primary schools, against one high, two middle and 151 primary schools in the previous quinquennium.

Education of factory and colliery children.—The children of mill and factory operatives in the district of 24-Parganas receive instruction in the primary schools and maktabs of the mill areas and the children of miners in the colliery schools of the Burdwan Division. There were 6 primary schools exclusively intended for mill-hands and factory children in 1931-32 against 3 schools in 1926-27. There were 9 colliery schools with 256 scholars in 1931-32, against 10 schools with 230 scholars in 1926-27.

The total cost of maintenance of all these colliery and factory schools was Rs. 5,279 in 1931-32; the Government contribution was Rs. 4,236. Two of these schools were managed by the authorities of the Rifle and Metal and Steel Factories at Ichapur and one by the mill authorities at Titagarh for the education of their mill-hands.

Tea garden schools.—In the Darjeeling and Jalpaiguri districts there were 171 tea garden schools in 1931-[illegible], against 140 schools in 1926-27.

The enrolment was 3,496 in 1931-32 against 2,909 in 1926-27. A drop in enrolment was noticed in 1927-28; and special visits were thereupon made by the sub-inspectors. As a result the number of schools in the Jalpaiguri district increased from 86 to 99 in one year. This shows how intensive work in a small area arrests retrogression and helps progress; but, as a rule, the inspecting staff is too weak to undertake it. The total cost of these schools was Rs. 24,259, towards which public funds contributed Rs. 10,490. The corresponding figures in the previous quinquennium were Rs. 18,141 and Rs. 9,300, respectively. The day schools were mainly attended by the children of tea garden coolies and the night schools by adults working in the tea garden during the day time.

In the Darjeeling district the schools are for the most part managed and maintained on a grant-in-aid basis by mission authorities, and this is alleged as one of the reasons why the planters of the district take no interest in the education of garden labourers. It has been suggested that the education of tea garden labourers should be the concern of the planters themselves.

Cantonment schools.—The Cantonment area of Barrackpore had 9 schools with 875 scholars in 1931-32, as against 8 schools with 493 pupils in 1926-27. There were 1 high school for boys, 1 middle school for girls, 3 primary schools for boys and 4 primary schools for girls. The total cost was Rs. 29,294 of which Rs. 5,898 came from provincial revenues against Rs. 24,437 and Rs. 6,247 of the previous quinquennium.

There is a lower primary school in the Lebong Cantonment near Darjeeling. The school had 51 pupils on its rolls, and the cost of maintaining it amounted to Rs. 912 the major portion of which was borne by Cantonment funds. The Jalapahar Cantonment Primary School also is an efficient institution.

Education of defectives.—The Calcutta Deaf and Dumb School and the Blind School at Behala in the 24-Parganas are the more important of the schools for defective children. The district boards and a few of the municipalities award scholarships and stipends to deaf, mute and blind children reading in these institutions, and Government have advised municipalities that they will consider favourably applications for grants to the Blind School on condition that it educates blind persons resident in the municipalities concerned. Dacca, Chittagong, Faridpur and Mymensingh have one school each for the deaf and dumb.

The Calcutta Deaf and Dumb School had 199 pupils in 1931-32 against 109 in 1926-27. The pupils in the other schools numbered 69 in 1931-32. The Calcutta School has a Teachers' Training Department which has supplied teachers to deaf and dumb schools in various parts of the country.

The expenditure incurred for the deaf and dumb schools in Bengal was Rs. 46,566 in 1931-32 against Rs. 36,168 in 1926-27. Government contributed Rs. 13,302 in 1931-32 against Rs. 13,836 in 1926-27 The balance was met by a grant from the Calcutta Corporation, donations, fees and sale-proceeds of articles made in the schools. District boards gave Rs. 810 as stipends in 1931-32 tenable at the schools against Rs. 300 in 1926-27.

The Blind School at Behala in the 24-Parganas had 64 boys and 14 girls in 1931-32 against 42 boys and 15 girls in 1926-27. The number of deaf mutes between the ages of 5 and 15 years in Bengal is 11,075 and that of the blind children is 3,527. The existing facilities for the education of such unfortunate children offer relief only to a small percentage. Blind boys trained at the Blind School are now serving as lecturers, running businesses and following other useful occupations.

The Children's Home at Kurseong offers special facilities for the education of defective Anglo-Indian children. It had on its roll 22 children in 1931-32 against 16 children in 1926-27. The total expenditure for the upkeep of the institution was Rs. 5,329.

Education of criminal tribes.—Owing to their nomadic and unsettled mode of life these tribes are not easily susceptible to the influence of education, but some of them are eligible for the scholarships reserved for the backward classes. An industrial settlement for one of these tribes, called the Karwal Nats, exists near Saidpur in the district of Rangpur. The management of this settlement has been placed in the hands of the Salvation Army. Various industries, such as weaving and carpet-making, are taught. It was attended by 69 persons in 1931-32 as against 59 in 1926-27.

Scholarships.—The following scholarships are available for the students of the backward classes:—

(1) One graduate scholarship of Rs. 30 per month, tenable for 2 years at the University of Calcutta, and another of the same value tenable for one year at the University of Dacca. Besides this, 2 graduate scholarships of Rs. 30 a month each, tenable for 1 year, are awarded to students of backward classes and Moslem students.

(2) Six senior scholarships of the value of Rs. 15 a month each, tenable for 2 years, are awarded to the students of backward classes by the University of Calcutta and by the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca.

(3) Six junior scholarships of Rs. 10 a month each, tenable for 2 years, are awarded by the Universities of Calcutta and Dacca, and by the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca.

(4) Forty middle scholarships of Rs. 4 a month each, tenable for 4 years.

(5) Sixty-six primary final scholarships of Rs. 3 a month each, tenable for 2 years.

(6) Thirty-six primary preliminary scholarships of Rs. 2 a month each, tenable for 2 years.

(7) Six scholarships of Rs. 10 a month for Moslem students and the children of backward classes are also tenable for 2 years at the Ahsanullah School of Engineering, Dacca.

The scholarships mentioned above are reserved exclusively for the children of backward communities, but they are also eligible for general scholarships which are open to students of all classes.

Reformatory and Industrial Schools, Alipore.—The Reformatory and Industrial Schools, Alipore, have been transferred to the administrative control of the Education Department with effect from 1st April 1928. The immediate control of the institutions is vested in the Superintendent and the committee for management and control. The Director of Public Instruction has been appointed Chief Inspector of Reformatory and Industrial Schools, Bengal.

Special curricula of studies for the primary and post-primary classes have been sanctioned. Rules prescribing the powers and duties of the managers of the schools and rules of discipline have been sanctioned.

The staff consists of a Superintendent, a head master, 3 assistant masters, 1 drill master and 5 workshop instructors. A medical officer is also attached to the schools.

The education is conducted in Bengali, Urdu or Hindi up to the standard of primary and post-primary classes. The boys are divided into sets and each set receives theoretical instruction and vocational training each day in the workshop; tailoring, carpentry, blacksmithy, tinsmithy and weaving are taught.

Regular moral instruction is given to the boys every Saturday and the Calcutta Temperance Federation gives lantern lectures.

The boys play football, hockey, basket-ball, volley-ball, badminton and tennis. Gymnastics and drill form a part of the daily routine. The Scout troop of this institution won the Birla Cup in competition with other Calcutta troops.

The school had 215 inmates on the 31st March 1932, as against 51 on the same date of 1926-27. The total number of pupils released was 76 in 1931-32 against 2 in 1926-27. The Bengal After-care Association takes charge of the boys on their release and attempts to find work for them. On holidays selected boys are allowed to go home unattended and see their guardians.

On the 28th May 1931 there was a serious breach of discipline and strong disciplinary measures had to be taken.

The school cost Government Rs. 46,167 in 1931-32.

The Borstal School, Bankura.—This institution had 277 inmates on 31st March 1932, divided into 4 houses, each under a House Master, assisted by student prefects. The boys attended the school in three batches, each getting two hours of schooling daily. They are taught reading, writing in the vernacular and simple arithmetic. English is also taught to the best boys.

The teaching staff of three teachers is regarded by the Inspector-General of Prisons as inadequate. To make the boys self-supporting after release they are taught some industries, such as tailoring, weaving, carpentry, book-binding, smithy, cookery, laundering, compounding, dairy work and care of stock. Due attention was paid to games and physical culture. The Bengal After-care Association continued to do good work. Fifty boys were released on licence in 1931 and transferred to the association for employment. Most of the inmates licensed out have been reclaimed and are reported to be leading sober lives.

A night school for the education of the prisoners of the Jalpaiguri Jail was started during the period under review. It is an unrecognised institution and had 10 pupils on its rolls on the 31st March 1932.

CHAPTER X.

Professional education.

Training of teachers.—A. Men.—There are three different grades of training institutions in Bengal. There are the guru and muallim training schools which train teachers of primary schools and maktabs; there are the normal or vernacular training schools which prepare vernacular teachers for secondary schools; and there are the training colleges leading up to the Degree of Bachelor of Teaching or the Diploma of Licentiate. The department also holds examinations for teachers and inspectors who cannot join a training class.

The departmental examinations are:—

(*a*) The Oral Examination in English. Teachers of English in secondary schools who have passed at least the Entrance or Matriculation Examination are eligible to appear at this examination, of which the purpose is to test their knowledge of English idiom and pronunciation.

(*b*) The Examination in the Art and Practice of Teaching. This examination, for which both English and Vernacular teachers are eligible, is held by the Inspectors of Schools who grant certificates to those who satisfy the tests prescribed.

(*c*) The Urdu Diploma Examination. This is a departmental examination for testing the efficiency in Urdu of maulvis employed in schools and madrasahs.

(*1*) *Guru and muallim-training schools.*—These fall into two types. The old type schools are generally being abandoned and partly replaced by schools of the new improved type. The total number of institutions is, therefore, diminishing. There were 102 in 1922, 90 in 1927 and only 86 in 1932; but the new type schools have increased from 28 to 31. The number of pupils, having fallen from 2,047 to 1,749, has again risen, in 1932, to 2,153. Eighty-one of these schools are managed by Government, one by a municipality and four are aided.

The minimum qualification for admission is a pass in the middle vernacular or middle English examination; but an increasing number of candidates come with higher qualifications. This is perhaps due to the hope that the enforcement of the Rural Primary Education Act will open up a better career for the village school-master. One thousand five hundred and thirty-eight gurus passed the training examination in 1932. In Burdwan Division, the successful candidates were placed in two grades; this may improve the quality of the work in the training schools and provide a selection basis for appointments. There has been no change in the curriculum, but agriculture has been introduced as an optional subject in Rajshahi Division.

The total expenditure in 1931-32 was Rs. 3,43,103, as compared with Rs. 2,73,343 in 1926-27. The Government contribution was Rs. 3,24,279. The average cost of a school was Rs. 3,964 and the average cost of a pupil was Rs. 158.

The problem of primary school training is a double problem. In the first place, a sufficient number of men have to be trained, and trained adequately, to provide teachers for all the primary schools in the province. But, in the second place, the conditions of service in the primary schools have to be improved so as to provide trained teachers with a living and a career. Neither problem is at all near a solution. The number of trained teachers in primary schools rose during the period from 15,671 to 21,332, or by 5,661; but the number of untrained teachers increased by 9,157. In other words, out of every three new teachers appointed only one was trained. The schools produce each year about 1,500 teachers and at this rate it will be many decades before all or even a majority of the primary school teachers are trained. Nor do even all those who are trained go into the profession; many of them are attracted by more lucrative—perhaps we should say, less poverty-stricken—employments elsewhere.

The question of providing increased facilities for the training of teachers for primary and secondary schools was carefully examined by a small conference which met in July 1928 at the office of the Director of Public Institution, Bengal. The recommendations made by the conference formed the basis of the proposals for speeding up the training of primary school teachers that were subsequently embodied in the note submitted to the Legislative Council in connection with the Primary Bill; other important proposals put forward at the conference, such as for increasing the number of trained teachers in secondary schools by means of short courses, are under consideration by the department or awaiting the provision of funds by Government.

(2) *Normal schools.*—There were 5 normal and first grade training schools in 1932, one in each division. The aided Church Missionary Society's school at Krishnagar was abolished. The total strength was 428 and 138 candidates were successful in 1932.

The total expenditure rose from Rs 70,970 to Rs. 1,22,651 in 1931-32, almost wholly from provincial revenues. The average cost of a pupil was Rs. 292

The schools in the two parts of the province work under different rules and have different curricula. A scheme for a unified system is under consideration

The future of these schools is still uncertain. There are those who say that they have had their day and are no longer necessary High schools prefer to employ graduates. All inspecting officers regard their reorganisation as an urgent necessity. There was a time when they did very valuable work; their standard was so high and their utility so great that the Education Commission of 1882 rated the Normal Schools Examination with the University First Arts Examination and regarded them as so many vernacular colleges. They can perhaps be raised again to this status and become vernacular training colleges, supplying vernacular trained teachers for schools of all grades, even high schools. The need for such vernacular teachers will increase in view of the stress that is being rightly laid on the teaching of the vernacular and the teaching of high school subjects through the medium of the vernacular.

The main business of the guru-training school is to train teachers for primary schools; the main business of the training college is to train graduates for the higher posts in secondary schools. But a very

large number of teachers remain outside these two categories. Out of 25,157 men teachers in secondary schools, no fewer than 19,472 had no degree. It will be evidently impossible to raise the quality of teaching in secondary schools if no provision exists for training four out of five of the teachers. Normal schools in some form seem to be indispensable.

(3) *Training colleges.*—The two training colleges at Calcutta and Dacca continued to train secondary school teachers. The number of students has increased, especially in the B.T. classes.

XCIII.—Students in training colleges.

Year.	Dacca Training College.		David Hare Training College.		Total.	
	B.T.	L.T.	B.T.	L.T.	B.T.	L.T.
1926-27	72	7	39	18	111	25
1931-32	81		61		142	

The L.T. class in the David Hare Training College has been abolished and there are very few L.T. students at Dacca. Each year five or six Government officers were deputed to each college for training, but this has been suspended since 1932. Moslem students are taken to the number of a third of the total.

In 1926-27, 94 students passed the B.T. Examination and 22 passed the L.T. Examination. In 1931-32, 120 were successful in the B.T. and 4 in the L.T.

When we consider how many schools there are in Bengal and how few trained teachers, the output of the training colleges seems a mere drop in the bucket; 78 per cent. of the high school teachers in Madras are trained, and 81 per cent. of the middle school teachers. In Bengal there are only 13 per cent. trained teachers in high schools and only 27 per cent. in middle schools. At present, there are only about two trained graduates to three high schools, so that the training colleges have not merely to replace the normal wastage of trained teachers, but have gradually to replace the mass of untrained teachers. At the present rate of progress, it will be ten years before each high school can be supplied with one other B.T. and forty years before half the graduates in schools can be trained. There are nearly 5,000 untrained men graduates in secondary schools and less than 800 trained.

And yet proposals are made from time to time that one or both the training colleges should be abolished. Retrenchment Committees, in particular, appear to find these an irresistible target. It cannot be that they regard the trained teachers as no better than the untrained—against the experience of all civilised countries and the conviction of all educational experts. The explanation lies perhaps in two feelings: first, the feeling that any kind of school is good enough for Bengal and that the attempt to improve the quality is a needless waste of time and money; and, secondly, the feeling that in the actual conditions of the province the trained teacher has not proved himself much more useful than the untrained. The first opinion we have already had occasion to combat; that way lies disaster. There is some truth in the second, but it is easy to forget that the trained teacher is at present not doing all one might expect simply because he is isolated—he fights a forlorn battle; he moves in an atmosphere of passive indifference if not of

opposition; he has to teach under conditions adverse to good teaching. The remedy is not to train no teachers, but to train them all; the influence will then be cumulative A single trained teacher in a school may be able to do nothing; but ten of them could do everything. Signs are not wanting that teachers are themselves realising the need of training, partly to become familiar with modern methods of teaching and partly with the object of creating a profession of *bona fide* teachers.

The David Hare Training College.—The David Hare Training College completed the 24th year of its existence in 1932. During the period under review it trained 264 graduates, of whom 188 were Hindus, 69 Muhammadans and 7 Christians.

The demand for admission showed a steady increase Both teachers and school authorities realise the value of training and a B.T. degree has been made an indispensable qualification for Government appointments. The college could admit only a fraction of the large number of applicants. The quality of recruits was much higher than before. Accommodation has now been provided for 80 students by a rearrangement of rooms, whereas the previous maximum was 61.

The building scheme has not yet been completed. It is proposed to build residential quarters for the Principal of the college and for the Head Master of the demonstration school on sites which have already been acquired. Schemes for a gymnasium, a science laboratory and a manual work room are awaiting completion.

Mr. Griffith who was the Principal of the college for many years retired in 1930 after a very useful career.

The total direct expenditure on the college in 1931-32 was Rs. 57,459 against Rs. 62,477 in 1926-27.

The results both of the college and of the demonstration school, were good. Ample provision is made for tutorial work, essay-writing and supervised study Class lectures were supplemented by organised excursions, visits to educational institutions, popular lectures in the college and demonstrations arranged in the natural history and archæological sections of the Calcutta Museum and the history section of the Victoria Memorial Hall and in the Alipore Meteorological Observatory

A room has been set free for indoor games and another small room for reading. This contains the periodicals and also an open shelf of books under the charge of a student who acts as the secretary.

Drill was compulsory, and games, though not made compulsory, were well attended. Football and cricket were played as usual. Hockey and several small area games have been introduced

The college was largely instrumental in the revision of the old B.T. and L.T. syllabuses of the Calcutta University The new syllabus prescribes six theoretical papers instead of four under the old syllabus The college also did some experimental work in developing the implication of the new secondary school syllabus which it had helped to frame. Simple, inexpensive pieces of apparatus for teaching science, nature study, history and geography have been devised. Experiments on the adoption of the Otis Group Tests for Intelligence to Bengal students were continued and it is hoped that in the near future some standard intelligence tests for Bengal will be prepared. Papers have been contributed by members of the staff to the psychological section of the Indian Science Congress.

The college was entirely residential. Hindus, Muhammadans and Christians lived together under the same roof, enjoying the advantages of a healthy corporate life, a feature which is rare in the colleges of Bengal.

The Dacca Teachers' Training College.—The college had 83 students in 1931-32 against 79 students in 1926-27. The demand for admission every year was great and numerous candidates had to be refused admission owing to the want of accommodation.

This college trains students for the province of Assam also and occasionally admits students from other parts of India. No students from Hyderabad have come since 1929-30 as provision has been made for training in the Osmania University. An admission test has been introduced to select the most suitable candidates.

The college prepares students for the B.T. and L.T. Examinations. A scheme for a short course of training with special reference to spoken and idiomatic English has received administrative sanction. The Dacca University held a vacation course for teachers in 1929-30; 16 out of 19 candidates completed the course successfully and were awarded certificates of proficiency in teaching English. The course of studies was revised to suit the present requirements of schools. Elementary phonetics was introduced as well as biology and hygiene. Biology has since been dropped to make room for fuller instruction in hygiene, since hygiene has been made compulsory in high schools. The number of teaching subjects has been reduced from three to two. It was found that very few teachers can teach three subjects efficiently.

Research work in educational methods continued to be done and papers were contributed to the Indian Science Congress. Experiments were made by the Principal on the teaching of English, speech and writing, Sanskrit and arithmetic. The experiment on the lines of the P. N. E. U. system was completed and the results were published in small pamphlets. Mr P Deb Choudry completed his thesis on the subject of "Word Frequency in Bengali" for the M.T. Degree of the Dacca University.

In 1931-32 the college presented 84 candidates for the B.T. Degree and 3 candidates for the Licentiate in Teaching, of whom 73 and 3, respectively, were successful. Sixty out of 72 candidates passed the B.T. in 1926-27 and 4 out of 7 passed the L T

The average cost of training a student in 1931-32 was Rs. 933 per year. The total expenditure on the college was in 1931-32 Rs. 77,509, as against Rs 93,465 in 1926-27

B. Women.—(1) Training schools.- The system of training women teachers for primary schools has been thoroughly reorganised during the period In 1929 a Training Board was established with the Inspectress of West Bengal as Secretary to deal with the whole problem of vernacular training for women teachers in the province. The rules and syllabus were revised. The standard of admission was raised, the Matriculation becoming the qualification for the senior class and class VI (middle vernacular or middle English) for the junior class. The course was extended to two years for junior students and three years for Moslem and backward Hindu students.

Of the 10 schools, 3 were managed by Government, and the others by Christian or Brahmo missions, but aided by Government. Of the Government schools, one was at Dacca and two, the Hindu Female

Training School and the Moslem Female Training Institution, in Calcutta. These were housed in not very suitable rented buildings. Perhaps the best of the aided schools is the United Missionary Training Class which has maintained its reputation as a very efficient school and produces a superior type of teachers. The Kalimpong class trains hill girls.

The department awards 89 stipends—48 of the value of Rs. 10 each, tenable in the Government school at Dacca, and 41 of Rs. 15 each, tenable in the institutions in Calcutta There is now a larger demand for admission, but it is difficult to obtain Moslem students with adequate initial qualifications. There were only 9 Moslem candidates in 1932 although there was room for 15

XCIV.—Number of pupils in women's training schools

Years	Government institutions: Hindu female training school	Moslem female training school	Dacca Training School.	Kalimpong	Privately managed institutions	Total
1926 27	16	11	51	10	113	201
1931 32	25	11	38	10	150	234

XCV.—Examination results of women's training schools

Years	Number appeared: Junior	Senior.	Total	Number successful: Junior	Senior	Total
1926 27						
1931-32	76	43	119	26	24	50

It will be noticed that the percentage of passes was very small and of the successful candidates in 1931-32, only 8 were from the Hindu Female Training School, 3 from the Moslem Training Institution and 3 from the Vernacular Training School, Dacca. The average cost of training a woman teacher in these three schools was Rs 467, Rs 784 and Rs. 531, respectively It is doubtful whether the cost per head is commensurate with the results obtained At this rate of expenditure, it will be difficult to train an adequate number of teachers It should, however, be remembered that the year 1931-32 was a transitional year in the training system. As the new syllabus had just come into operation, the course was stiffer and the results less satisfactory than usual

The total number of pupils in 1931-32 was 234 against 201 in 1926-27. The total cost of Rs 84,052 compared with Rs. 70,907 in the last period Of this amount, Rs 65,417 came from provincial revenues.

The following table shows that while there is a considerable proportion of trained women teachers in secondary schools, the proportion is not increasing at all. And, in primary schools, there are very few trained women teachers indeed. The Inspectress of Schools, Dacca, considers that the present curriculum is too advanced for the ordinary

village girl and suggests that rural training classes should be attached to middle schools with a simple, practical syllabus. The suggestion is worth considering, as the present system is obviously inadequate to the needs of the province.

XCVI.—Proportion of trained teachers, men and women, to total number of teachers.

	Men.		Women.	
	1926-27.	1931-32.	1926-27.	1931-32.
Primary	26·6	28 1	11·1	11·5
Middle	27 2	27·1	59 0	55 5
High	11 6	13 02	41 3	38 1

(2) *Training colleges.*—The scheme for the erection of a Women's Training College in Calcutta, to which reference was made in the last report, has received administrative approval. The capital expenditure is estimated at nearly Rs. 7½ lakhs and the recurring cost at about Rs. 81,000 per annum. Meanwhile, the Diocesan College Training Department continues to train girls for the B.T., but the authorities of the college have informed the department that they have decided to close the training class in May 1934. The establishment of the proposed training college can, therefore, no longer be postponed. It is true that the Loreto Training Department has added a B.T. section to the old L T. section, but it can take only a few students.

Twelve students passed the B.T. from the Diocesan and 8 from the Loreto Training classes in 1931-32 and 7 candidates passed the L.T. from the latter.

The total cost of the Diocesan Training Department was Rs. 6,451 in 1931-32, of which Rs. 5,526 was borne by the department. The average cost of training a teacher was Rs. 460.

Law colleges and classes.—As in previous years, provision for the teaching of law was made by the University Law College, Calcutta, and the Law Departments of the Ripon College and the University of Dacca. The three institutions had altogether 2,527 students on their rolls in 1931-32 as compared with 3,638 in 1926-27. Of these students, 2,061 were Hindus, 444 Muhammadans and the rest belonged to other communities The upkeep of the Law Departments of the Calcutta University and the Ripon College in 1931-32 cost Rs. 2,72,060 against Rs. 3,03,846 in 1926-27. The cost of maintaining the Law classes attached to Dacca University has been included in the general University returns. Out of 1,368 candidates, 584 passed the final B.L. Examination in 1931-32; the corresponding figures in 1926-27 were 1,732 and 786. The B.L. degree alone does not now entitle its holder to practise in the courts. In 1928 the High Court of Calcutta made certain rules relating to the training of legal practitioners, the most important of which enforces one year's probation work with a practising lawyer as a part of a student's course of law studies. These rules came into force on the 1st of January 1930.

Medical colleges and schools.—Three institutions in Bengal give advanced medical education, viz., the Calcutta Medical College, the Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia, and the School of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene. These institutions had 1,318 students (including 15 women) on the rolls on the 31st March 1932 as against 1,616 students (with 22 women) in 1927. Of the students 1,153 were Hindus, 104 Muhammadans, 56 Christians and 5 belonged to other creeds. The total cost of maintaining the three institutions amounted during the year under report to Rs. 9,48,723 against Rs. 9,23,337 in the previous quinquennium. Out of 527 candidates who appeared in the final examination, 236 were declared to have passed, as compared with 597 and 263, respectively, in 1926-27.

In 1932 there were 9 medical schools in Bengal with 2,418 pupils (including 26 women) on their rolls Of the 9 schools, two, the Jackson Medical School at Jalpaiguri and the Chittagong Medical School, were started during the period under review. The scheme for starting a medical school at Chinsura has been dropped for the present, owing to financial stringency. The cost of these medical schools was Rs. 4,91,355 of which Rs. 1,77,390 came from provincial revenues. The medical schools presented 819 candidates at the final examination and of these 399 were successful. The corresponding figures during the previous quinquennium being 470 and 256, respectively.

Veterinary College, Belgachia.—On 31st March 1932 the Veterinary College, Belgachia, had an enrolment of 169 pupils, against 125 in 1927. Of these students, 120 were Hindus, 28 Muhammadans and 21 from other communities. The cost of maintaining the college amounted in the year 1931-32 to Rs. 1,88,394, which was met entirely from the provincial revenues. Of the 168 students who sat for the annual examination in 1931-32, 124 were successful. The course extends over three years

Bengal Engineering College.—Higher training in Engineering is imparted in the Bengal Engineering College, Sibpur. It is divided into two sections, (1) the Engineering Department, containing the Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering classes, and (2) the Industrial or Artisan Department. In Civil Engineering the four-year degree course is followed by a year of practical training; in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering the full college course covers at present about six years (four at the college followed by two of practical training, for the Associateship; or three years at the college and three years of practical training, for the Diploma). In July 1930 administrative approval was accorded by Government to the proposal for the presentation of students of the Bengal Engineering College for the B E Degree in Mechanical Engineering of the Calcutta University. Owing to financial stringency the degree course in Electrical Engineering has not up to the present matured. The Industrial Department is intended for training boys (preferably the sons of workmen) in any of the following trades: carpentry, fitting, pattern-making, blacksmithy, turning and foundry (brass and iron).

An engineering college cannot maintain fully-equipped workshops nor would training under such conditions be nearly as useful as training in an actual engineering business. Co-operation between educational and workshop authorities is, therefore, necessary. Many private workshops have expressed their willingness to take the successful candidates of the Mechanical Engineering Department for practical training. It

is, however, practically impossible nowadays for the students of the college to get training in the great railway workshops at Kanchrapara, Lillooah, Jamalpur and Kharagpur In 1931 Government directed that student engineers under practical training should undergo practical training for one full year under the Chief Engineer, Public Health Department, instead of four months' training under the Calcutta Corporation and eight months under the Chief Engineer, Public Health Department, in terms of the orders issued in 1901

The revision of the B E mathematics syllabus has become necessary in order to bring it into line with the syllabus of the all-India examination for the recruitment of engineers Arrangements are also being made whereby the study of physics and chemistry may be completed by Civil Engineering students before they begin their third year course Expert engineers and specialists acted as visiting lecturers on subjects such as water-works drainage, and sewage disposal, structural engineering, railway engineering, irrigation and accounting The opening of the Indian School of Mines at Dhanbad led to the closing of the mining classes at the college, no fresh admissions have been made since 1927 Owing to the abolition of these classes a readjustment of scholarships was made in 1928

No appointments are at present guaranteed to students of this college The old arrangement whereby one post in the senior branches of the Engineering Service (Railways and Public Works Department) was guaranteed in alternate years to a student of this college has been replaced by a system of competitive examinations From 1928 all such appointments made in India have been filled by a competitive examination The renewal of the award of University Sibley Scholarships of Rs 80 a month each, tenable for one year, which had been held in abeyance for a long time, was largely due to the initiative taken by the Director of Public Instruction In pursuance of the orders of Government the fee rates of the students reading for the Degree course in Mechanical Engineering at the Bengal Engineering College have been fixed with effect from November 1930 at the same scale as those for Civil Engineering students The fees for those students who take the Diploma and Associateship courses remained unchanged Many changes were made during the quinquennium in the senior staff of the college, which naturally had a rather disturbing effect on the continuity of the work It is hoped that in the next few years there will be better opportunities for more co-ordinated service in the technical departments of the college The appointment of a games master has been administratively approved by Government

On the 31st March 1932 the college had an enrolment of 307 pupils (170 in the Civil Engineering classes 73 in the Mechanical and Electrical Engineering classes and 64 in the Industrial classes), against 265 pupils (excluding 26 pupils for the Mining classes no longer in existence) on the corresponding date of 1927 Of the 307 pupils, 259 were Hindus, 12 Europeans and Anglo-Indians, 1 Indian Christian, 1 Sikh and 34 Muhammadans The number of Muhammadan students has increased from 29 to 34 during the quinquennium

The cost of maintaining the college during 1931-32 amounted to Rs 3,98,599, of which Rs 3,39,310 came from provincial revenues, Rs 51,631 from fees and Rs 7,658 from other sources The total cost in 1926-27 was Rs 3,38,692 The annual cost per pupil worked out at Rs. 1,647, of which Rs 1,402 was borne by Government.

The results of the college in the various examinations held in 1932 were as follows:—

XCVII.—Results of Bengal Engineering College in engineering examinations.

Examinations.	Candidates	Passes
B. E	42	32
I. E	66	45
Associateship in Mechanical Engineering	7	7
Diploma in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering	20	11

The college detachment of the 1st Battalion, E. I R. Regiment, A.F.I., was disbanded in 1930, as the authorities found it more and more difficult to send an instructor and equipment. The college platoons of the University Training Corps have, on the whole, been efficient.

The Secretaryship of the Board of Control for Apprenticeship Training was transferred from the Principal, Bengal Engineering College, to the Principal, Calcutta Technical School, in 1930.

Ahsanullah School of Engineering.—On 31st March 1932, the Ahsanullah School of Engineering, Dacca, had a total enrolment of 493 pupils against 440 in 1927; 419 of these were Hindus and 69 Muhammadans Besides this number, 62 passed students were receiving practical training under the Public Works and Public Health Departments, railway authorities, local bodies and engineering firms The first practical examination of passed Overseer students, in accordance with the scheme sanctioned by the Public Works Department in 1921, was held at Dacca in December 1930 and 11 students appeared; it is gratifying to note that 6 of these students have been appointed to the Subordinate Engineering Service of Bengal The artisan students received, as usual, the benefit of half the amount representing the cost of their labour The four-year Overseer course, which had been replaced in 1922 by a three-year course, was reintroduced in 1926.

The cost of maintaining the school amounted in 1931-32 to Rs. 1,25,376, of which Rs. 87,354 was met by provincial revenues, as against Rs. 1,19,868 and Rs 91,821, respectively, in 1926-27. The Survey Training Class for pleaders was again held for six weeks under canvas at Gandaria. The school passed 97 out of 112 students in the Overseer Examination held during the year 1931-32. The Nawab of Dacca has generously offered to pay a sum of Rs. 300 annually for three years from 1928-29 to the student standing first in the Overseer Examination. The new hostel for 204 students was occupied from July 1930, and two bungalows with suitable additions and alterations have been converted into subsidiary hostels for the school. Some tents and survey instruments were purchased during the period.

Bengal Survey School.—This is a small institution at Mainamati in quiet and beautiful surroundings It has been doing a very useful work in a practical way since its foundation. During the period under review, 237 candidates were admitted to the first year class, all of whom except 36 were either Matriculates or had received higher education From the year 1928 the admission to the second year class was restricted to those of the passed amins who had at least passed the Matriculation

Examination also. Two hundred and ten candidates passed the amin course during the period, of whom 50 left the school with the amin certificates and 160 joined the second year course; of the latter 127 passed. Owing to general trade depression there was a perceptible fall in the demand for surveyors during the closing years of the period. From 1928 the second year students have carried out actual demarcation of boundaries in reformed areas entrusted to the school by the Collectors of different districts. The school had 68 pupils on 31st March 1932 against 78 in 1927. Forty-three out of 47 students passed the Survey Final Examination and 16 out of 26 the Amin Examination in 1931-32.

To improve the standard of draftsmanship more time was allotted to drawing during the first year course. During the last five years, 3 special students and 9 candidates for appointment as district kanungos were trained in surveying at the school. The upkeep of this institution cost Rs 19,766 towards which Government contributed Rs. 15,620 as compared with Rs. 15,850 and Rs. 11,790, respectively, in 1926-27

It has been noticed that during the two years' stay at Mainamati the students invariably improve in physique. The medical supervision of the students rests with a resident assistant surgeon The school encourages a variety of outdoor games.

The students are all resident in the hostels, of which there are two, one for Hindus and one for Moslems.

During the quinquennium permanent buildings were constructed for the dispensary and the residential quarters of the staff and the Principal; but the hostels are still housed in kutcha buildings.

CHAPTER XI.

Industrial and commercial education.

Higher technical training and scholarships.—No new schemes of technical training have been developed during the last five years in the Universities.

As before two State Technical Scholarships, usually tenable for two years, were awarded from time to time to Bengal students who went abroad for higher technological study; but they have not been awarded since 1931-32 as a measure of economy. For higher technical courses not available in Bengal other scholarships of the value of Rs. 40 and Rs. 60 a month, tenable usually for three years, were occasionally awarded to Bengal students pursuing their studies at the Government Technological Institute, Cawnpore, and the Indian School of Mines and Geology, Dhanbad. Scholarships of smaller values, tenable for one year, were also awarded to the best apprentices at the Evening Technical School, Jamshedpur, who were either natives of or domiciled in Bengal.

Technical education in general schools.—Many secondary and primary schools provided technical instruction of an elementary kind in various crafts. The teaching of such subjects in general schools should, however, be seen in its proper perspective. It cannot perhaps

be called vocational. Its chief utility in a general school lies in breaking down the prejudice against manual labour, in developing hobbies for school boys, in relieving the monotony of ordinary routine work and discovering the special aptitudes of boys. Effective vocational training can be given in special industrial and technical schools alone.

Amongst schools which have combined, with some degree of success, general education with technical training, special mention may be made of the following:—

The Maharaja Cossimbazar Polytechnic Institute.—This school has a separate technical branch for the vocational education of pupils in basket-making, carpentry, smithy, clay-modelling and rudimentary electrical knowledge. This department gets a monthly grant of Rs. 100 from the Director of Industries.

Sriram High English School, Sultanpur, Birbhum district.—This school provides cultural and physical education combined with technical training of a practical character in weaving, including dyeing and block-printing, carpentry, smithy, umbrella-making, washing, soap-making, manufacture of bellmetal articles on a small scale and agriculture. Agriculture and one technical subject are compulsory for all students. The school owes its success to the able guidance and inspiration of its founder Rai A. C. Banerji Bahadur, M.A. The school has two hostels, one for Hindus containing 96 seats, and another for Muhammadans containing 36 seats. Quarters for the Head Master and a few other teachers are provided. The school is mainly residential and fulfils the conditions of a truly residential school in the quiet country-side. The hostels were practically full in 1931-32. The cost to a student approximates Rs. 10 monthly, including all charges for tuition, board and lodging. Some students succeed in earning something even while they are at school. Matriculates also are admitted to the technical branch. The school receives a grant of Rs. 100 per month for the technical side from the Industries Department.

The St. Paul's High English School in Calcutta continued to receive a special grant of Rs. 50 per mensem for teaching carpentry.

The Saroj Nalini Industrial School for Women.—The school was founded in December 1925 by the Saroj Nalini Dutt Memorial Association. About eight hundred women underwent training in this institution during the last seven years. The number of pupils on the rolls in 1932 was 150, of whom nearly half were widows and married women. There is a hostel attached to the school.

The following subjects are taught along with general education in English and Bengali up to the middle English standard: sewing, and cutting out, embroidery, drawing, dyeing, knitting by machine, Jaipur ornamental brass work, toy-making, wood-cut, leather-embossing, cane work, music (vocal and instrumental) and nursing.

The school received a grant of Rs. 650 from the Government through the Department of Industries.

The association has also started about 400 mahila - samities in different parts of Bengal for the general and vocational training of adult women. For these mufassal branches a sum of Rs. 450 per month is received from Governi

Special industrial and technical schools.—Government has continued to develop this class of institutions. They are gradually growing in popularity and may in time contribute to the solution of the problem of middle class unemployment.

These schools are so graded as to allow a boy to take to some form of technical training at intermediate stages of the cultural scheme. They are roughly classified as:—

(1) Artisan classes for the illiterate or primary school boy.

(2) Special junior technical schools for boys who have passed the middle stage.

(3) Senior technical schools for matriculates and graduates.

The artisan classes teach boys particular trades or crafts under conditions superior to those of the boy who learns his trade from the ordinary village or town mistry The following crafts amongst others are taught: carpentry, weaving, embroidery, lace-making, carpet-making, soap-making, tailoring, chutney-making and umbrella-making There are some schools which prepare apprentices for railway workshops, and others which train telegraph signallers, sub-overseers and amins.

The number of technical schools, including weaving schools, was 144 in 1931-32, with 6,315 pupils, as against 153 schools with 6,234 pupils in 1926-27. The Inspector of Schools, Burdwan Division, reports that in place of many weak and inefficient schools that have been closed some new schools have been started with an ambitious and expensive programme.

Junior technical schools.—A brief account is given of the more important junior technical schools

(1) *The Burdwan Technical School.*—This is managed by the district board. It has four departments—the sub-overseer class, the amin class, the junior technical classes and the improved artisan class. Practical training is combined with instruction in English, vernacular, mathematics, elementary drawing and surveying. The school had 99 pupils in 1931-32 against 48 in 1926-27. The cost to Government was Rs. 3,952 in 1931-32 against Rs. 2,618 in 1926-27.

(2) *Sriniketan Sikhasatra, Surul,* with 29 pupils cost Rs. 2,932.

(3) *The Kalimpong schools,* under the Kalimpong Industries Mission Association, are well-known. There were 13 schools in 1931-32 in Kalimpong and the surrounding district as against 16 in 1926-27. These schools teach with success various crafts like weaving, carpentry, lace-making and gardening. The enrolment was 415 in 1931-32 against 517 in 1926-27. The total cost was Rs. 27,409 in 1931-32 as against Rs. 37,498 in 1926-27. The Government grant was Rs. 6,000.

(4) *The Piasbari Sericultural School* in Rajshahi had 11 pupils against the same number in 1926-27. The cost to Government was Rs. 2,683 in 1931-32 against Rs. 5,204 in 1926-27.

(5) *The Khulna Coronation School,* under the district board, spent Rs. 5,022 in 1931-32 against Rs. 8,817 in 1926-27, and provides free instruction extending over three years in blacksmithy, tinsmithy and brass-moulding.

(6) *The Rangpur Technical School* is managed by Government. It had 55 pupils in 1931-32 in its artisan classes against 73 pupils in 1926-27. Twenty-five pupils passed the different examinations. The total cost in 1931-32 was Rs. 14,346 (Government Rs. 11,387 and fees and other sources Rs. 2,959). The corresponding figures for 1926-27 were Rs. 14,699, Rs. 11,324 and Rs. 3,375, respectively.

(7) *The Pabna Elliot Banamali Technical Institute*, which is a Government school, has sub-overseer, survey, amin and button-making classes. It had 77 pupils, of whom 35 lived in the attached hostels. The total cost was Rs. 18,043 (Rs. 11,402 from provincial revenues) against Rs. 18,218 (Rs. 12,101 from provincial revenues) in 1926-27.

(8) *The Rajshahi Jubilee Technical School* had sub-overseer and amin classes and also provision for cane-work, smithy, weaving and carpentry. The enrolment was 101 in 1931-32 as against 103 in 1926-27. The total expenditure was Rs. 13,327 including Rs. 1,200 from Government in 1931-32 against Rs. 15,479 including Rs. 1,200 from Government in 1926-27.

(9) *The Barisal Technical School* was managed by Government. It had 49 pupils in its artisan classes against 32 of 1926-27. The total cost was Rs. 11,089, of which Rs. 10,198 came from Government funds.

(10) *The Elliot Technical School, Comilla*, had 129 pupils in 1931-32 against 62 of 1926-27. The expenditure in 1931-32 was Rs. 20,413 against Rs. 16,969 of 1926-27. The Government contribution to the school is Rs. 3,500. The district board's contribution was Rs. 11,401 and the sale of manufactured articles fetched Rs. 5,512. Instruction is provided in brass-moulding, smithy, carpentry, weaving and elementary mechanical engineering.

(11) *The Kashi Kishore Technical School, Mymensingh*, managed by the district board, trains artisans on a three years' course. No fee is charged and Rs. 2,495 was spent on scholarships against Rs. 2,000 in 1926-27. The total cost was Rs. 18,934 against Rs. 19,328 of 1926-27. The pupils numbered 86 in 1931-32 against 103 in 1926-27.

(12) *The Edward Industrial School, Bogra*, is a Government institution providing practical instruction in smithy and carpentry and theoretical instruction in elementary mathematics, estimating and drawing. Twenty-five Government and ten district board stipends are available in this institution.

(13) *Pahartali Vernacular Industrial School* under the Loco-Superintendent, Assam-Bengal Railway.

(14) *Asansol Technical School.*—With the active co-operation of the Indian Iron and Steel Works, a technical school has been started at Asansol to which apprentices from the various engineering concerns in the neighbourhood will be admitted.

(15) *The Bengal Tanning Institute* maintained the high tradition of its research educational and propaganda work. Many students of the institute have started small tanneries and have achieved success. Demonstration parties were sent round the province and rendered useful service. Instruction in boot and shoe-making has been added.

Senior technical schools.—There were three senior technical schools against the same number in 1926-27. The schools are affiliated to the Board of Control for Apprenticeship Training.

(1) *Calcutta Technical School.*—This school has considerably extended its courses of instruction. To the mechanical and electrical engineering course extending over five years, with which the school was started in 1926, have been added a special electrical wiremen's course for one year and a plumbing and sanitary fitting course. Other schemes—for printing and electric arc welding classes—have been prepared, but cannot be put into operation for lack of funds.

It is noteworthy that the Calcutta Technical School has, within a short period, been successful in inspiring such confidence among employing firms that some of them are now insisting on candidates for apprenticeship passing the Entrance Examination of the school.

The school had 183 students on its rolls in 1931-32; 59 students appeared at the Board of Control's Technical School Annual Examination and 44 passed in 1931-32.

All the students are workshop apprentices, except a few who are admitted on the condition that they will get themselves apprenticed to a firm within the first year of their admission. The tuition fees are generally paid by the workshop authorities on whose recommendations the apprentices are admitted.

The teachers do not belong to any Educational services. Owing to financial reasons, two lecturers were discharged in the year 1930-31 and their places filled by others on a lower salary. Besides the regular staff, there are part-time lecturers who are responsible officers of local firms, many of whom hold degrees or equivalent qualifications.

The Secretaryship of the Board of Control for Apprenticeship Training was transferred from the Principal, Bengal Engineering College, to the Principal, Technical School, in 1930-31.

A Government grant of Rs. 70,489 was given to the institute in 1931-32 as against Rs. 47,500 in 1926-27. The fee income of the institute decreased from nearly Rs. 20,000 in 1926-27 to Rs. 14,368 in 1931-32.

(2) *Kanchrapara Technical School.*—This was the outcome of the recommendations of the Mukherji Committee appointed by the Government of Bengal in 1919 to formulate a scheme of training which should co-ordinate the work of the Bengal Engineering College with the system of apprenticeship that obtained in railways and manufacturing firms in and around Calcutta. The object is to train the majority of apprentices to qualify for positions of intermediate responsibility in workshops and at the same time to provide facilities for selected apprentices to take advantage of the higher courses in mechanical and electrical engineering at the Bengal Engineering College and qualify for positions for which a higher scientific training is necessary.

The Bengal Government's share of the expenditure is limited to the provision and maintenance of the Technical School and the provision of new hostels, while the railway is responsible for the pay of the apprentices, the hostel establishment charges and the capital cost of the quarters of the school staff.

The Board of Apprenticeship Training is vested with the general control of the technical education of the apprentices.

The passing of the Board's Admission Examination is compulsory for all candidates seeking admission to the workshops and the school at Kanchrapara.

The Technical School building provided by the Bengal Government was completed in 1927 and was formally opened by His Excellency Sir Stanley Jackson, the Governor of Bengal.

The Anglo-Indian hostel which had accommodation for only 19 apprentices was extended in 1927-28 to provide accommodation for 8 more youths, the Government of Bengal meeting the cost of the extension according to the agreed allocation of expenditure.

During the five years from April 1927 to March 1932, 76 apprentices were admitted to the workshops and the school; 12 proceeded to the Bengal Engineering College and 38 completed their apprenticeship at Kanchrapara.

The average annual expenditure during the last five years amounted approximately to Rs. 36,000 to the share of the Government of Bengal and Rs. 45,000 to the share of Eastern Bengal Railway.

(3) *The Bengal-Nagpur Railway Technical School, Kharagpur.*—In this school the course of technical instruction prescribed by the Board of Apprenticeship Training has hitherto been only partially followed. Until 1931 only about 35 Anglo-Indian apprentices used to be trained, but it has been now agreed that the number of apprentices under training should be raised to 70 (35 Anglo-Indians and 35 Indians) in the near future. The question of providing a permanent building for the Kharagpur School is being held in abeyance.

Commercial education.—*In universities.*—The Universities can point to no new development in commercial education. The Dacca University reports that the demand for the pass commerce course has not been very marked.

Classes in shorthand, typewriting and book-keeping have been opened since 1928-29 at the Narasingha Dutt College, Howrah, which the students are allowed to join free of payment. On the other hand, the commerce department attached to the Krishnath College, Berhampore, was abolished in 1929-30 owing to the lack of pupils. Students reading the I.A. course at the Jagannath Intermediate College may take up, as before, commerce as a special subject.

A proposal is now under consideration which involves a general delegation of control over commercial education in the province from Government to the governing body of the Commercial Institute in Calcutta.

The institute already exercises some control over the commerical schools affiliated to it; but effective control is possible only by regular periodical inspection for which more funds are required than are now available.

Commercial schools.—The Government Commercial Institute is the chief among the 24 commercial schools, which now exist in Bengal; of these 12 with 957 pupils are in Calcutta and the rest (12 with 217 pupils) are outside Calcutta; most of them are affiliated to the Commercial Institute. There were 26 schools in 1926-27, but two of the mufassal schools have ceased to exist. The total number of pupils has fallen from 1,585 to 1,174; the trade depression is probably responsible for the drop. The scheme for the reorganisation of the Government Commercial Institute—the outcome of the labours of the Commercial Education Committee of 1925-27—received administrative sanction in 1929.

The need for more accommodation has been partly solved by removing the institute to new premises in Hastings Street. As before, the evening classes attracted a larger number of students than the day classes.

During the period, the institute gained considerably in status by the recognition of its Final Commercial Course Examination as equivalent to the I.A. Examination, for the purposes of the admission of students to the B.A. and B.Com. classes. The step has had a marked effect on the admissions to the day classes. Many more candidates sought admission than there was room for. The Calcutta University has declared that it would be prepared to give up direct B.Com. teaching if adequate arrangements could be made in the institute to impart commercial education up to the degree standard. The Commercial Institute Board has, accordingly, recommended the establishment of degree classes in the institute. If the recommendation is accepted by Government, Bengal will have in the near future a full first grade commercial college. It is hoped that the practical character of the teaching now imparted at the institute will not be impaired in the process of raising it to the degree standard.

The complete course at present extends over two years at the end of which students are allowed to sit for examinations conducted by the Government Commercial Institute Board. A diploma, signed by the Principal and countersigned by the Secretary, Bengal Chamber of Commerce, and the Director is granted to each student who passes these examinations.

The institute had 365 students on the rolls on the 31st March 1932 against 225 in 1927. The institute presented 51 students at the final examination, of whom 34 passed, and 77 students at special examinations, of whom 51 passed. The affiliated institutions presented 146 students, of whom 73 passed. Out of 26 private candidates 14 passed. Altogether 172 candidates passed commercial examinations in various subjects in 1931-32 against 137 in 1926-27. The expenditure in 1931-32 was Rs. 71,690, of which Rs. 46,824 came from provincial revenue and the balance of Rs. 24,866 from fees; the corresponding figures for the year 1926-27 were Rs. 61,523, Rs. 48,141 and Rs. 13,382, respectively. The cost per pupil thus fell from Rs. 273 to Rs. 196, of which Rs. 128 was borne by Government.

Rai Sahib G. K. Sen, who had ably managed the institution for about 18 years, retired from service and Mr. M. K. Ghosh, M.A., B.COM. (Lond.), was appointed as Principal.

Schools of art.—In 1931-32 the province had five art schools as against six schools in 1926-27. One (the Government School of Art) is managed by Government, three others are aided and one received no aid. The number of students had increased from 424 in 1922 to 567 in 1927 but fell to 519 in 1932. There was a decrease in the total expenditure also from Rs. 1,01,936 to Rs. 81,976. In 1927 Government contributed Rs. 71,149, but only Rs. 48,520 in 1932.

The Government School of Art.—The Government School of Art is the most important of the art schools. The institution has had interesting developments in the last five years.

The students are now admitted after a preliminary test, which was instituted three years ago The course extends from five to six years

and is divided into an elementary and an advanced section. There are eight departments: Indian painting, fine art (art taught on European models), commercial art, wood engraving, lithography, draftsmanship, clay-modelling and teachership.

Each department has an elementary and an advanced section, but different departments sometimes have their elementary sessions in common.

The school curriculum has been reorganised during the period under review. The commercial art section, which has not yet been made permanent, continued to attract students, and probably has a future

The teaching in the lithography department has been made practical, each student being required to print his own work.

A school magazine has been started which contains reproductions of work done by the staff and the students.

Eleven exhibitions of the drawings and paintings of the staff and students of the school and also of well-known artists and of old Indian designs, engravings, etc, were held during the period. These exhibitions attracted a large number of visitors and served as an inspiration to the students. Several lantern lectures were also organised. Members of the staff did some original work. A collection of wood-cuts by Mr. Chakravarty, the head assistant teacher, has been highly praised in artistic circles.

The Principal complains that he is obliged to devote to administrative work a considerable part of his time which could be better employed in artistic work and teaching A Registrar or Bursar, to look after the administrative side and relieve the Principal of some of his routine duties of clerk and record-keeper, would be a useful addition. The crafts department might be strengthened, as there are indications that artistic crafts are slowly passing from the hands of traditional artisans to those of trained artists.

The Principal suggests that the value of the diploma would be enhanced if the holders were allowed to use the title of A.G.S A (Associate of the Government School of Art) after their names

The enrolment in the school in 1931-32 was 237 (Hindus 225, Muhammadans 9 and others 3) against 335 in 1926-27. The maximum number of students for the school has been limited to 300 In 1931-32, 27 candidates appeared and 14 qualified for a certificate The Principal reports that the demand among girls for art education is growing, but there is no institution for them in the province. The University of Calcutta have proposed drawing, painting and other fine arts as optional subjects for girls and it will be necessary to train teachers for these subjects. He suggests that provision should be made for girls in the School of Art

The total expenditure on the school was Rs. 44,880, of which Rs. 11,480 came from fees.

Weaving schools.—Weaving is taught in a few general secondary schools, but for the most part in special weaving schools, some of which are peripatetic, and through demonstration parties It was observed in the last Review that there was reason to doubt if the weaving schools had not multiplied beyond the needs of the moment. The drop in the

number of schools and their enrolment during the last five years shows the truth of the remark. Chittagong was particularly mentioned as having had 27 schools (4 old and 23 new) in the previous quinquennium. The number of schools in the division has now fallen to 14. The Burdwan Division had 32 schools in 1926-27, of which only 20 were found to exist in 1931-32. The Inspector of Schools, Burdwan, reports that many weak weaving schools lost public sympathy and support and naturally disappeared. The number of schools and pupils have, however, increased in the Rajshahi Division.

The Government Weaving Institute, Serampore.—The institute has kept up its record of good work and provides the following courses of instruction: (1) a three-year course for young men to qualify themselves for responsible positions in handloom factories. The Matriculation is the minimum qualification for admission to the class; (2) a two-year course for artisans—this is meant for handloom weavers by caste or profession; (3) a two-year female training industrial class for teaching women plain and fancy needle-work, spinning and weaving, carpet-making, dyeing and calico-printing.

The female training class had originally a higher section corresponding to the men's three years' course. It had to be abolished, because there was no demand.

The institute reported 138 pupils (including 26 women) in the year 1931-32 against 75 pupils (including 6 women) in 1926-27. Of these students, 105 were Hindus, 22 Muhammadans and 11 Indian Christians. The upkeep of the school cost Rs. 41,033 during the year under report, of which Rs. 39,867 came from provincial revenues. The institute had cost Rs. 72,540 in 1926-27. The cost per pupil was Rs. 297, of which Rs. 288 was borne by Government. The permanent school building has been occupied since July 1930 and a new workshop has been completed. The administration (with staff) of the outlying weaving schools and demonstration parties was transferred from the control of the Principal to that of the Director of Industries with effect from 1st April 1928 and at the same time the Assistant Principal of the institute was transferred to the Directorate as Assistant Inspector of Weaving Schools. The Principal of the Weaving Institute, being relieved from outside duties, can now pay undivided attention to the institute itself. The constitution of a managing committee of 14 members with the District Magistrate as President was sanctioned towards the close of the session 1928-29. Mr. Hoogewerf who was the Principal of the institute since 1909 has retired.

During the five years from 1927 to 1932, 34 students passed the Final Diploma Examination of the institute and 76 students passed the City and Guilds Examination of the London Institute. Thirty-four women completed their training in the female industrial classes, and 114 men in the artisan class.

The Silk Weaving and Dyeing Institute at Berhampore started its first session with about 60 students in 1927-28.

Besides the Berhampore Government Institute, there are 9 district weaving schools and 25 peripatetic weaving centres. There are also five demonstration parties (against three of the previous quinquennium) which visit mufassal centres to demonstrate modern methods and appliances. As a consequence home industries in jute, waste silk and coir, spinning and weaving have received an impetus. A large number

of persons of the aboriginal tribes in Bankura district are maintaining their families by the weaving which they learnt at the Weaving Institute or from the demonstration parties.

Music schools.—The number of music schools in 1931-32 was 8 with 300 pupils as against 8 with 168 pupils in 1926-27; 4 are aided. The cost to provincial revenues was Rs. 5,160. It is reported that 4 ex-students of the Bankura and 15 of the Vishnupur music schools have taken to teaching music as a profession and that the demand for music teachers is on the increase. As reported elsewhere, a representative conference was held under the presidency of the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, in 1928 to discuss the question of the introduction of music in secondary schools.

The Sangit Sammilani and the Sangit Sangha of Calcutta are two well-known institutions for teaching vocal and instrumental music. They have maintained their tradition as efficient centres of instruction in music for girls. Both received aid from Government.

Agricultural education.—The Royal Commission on Agriculture have recommended a scheme for an agricultural institute at Dacca—which is still far from full realisation, owing to the want of funds. A proof of the desire for agricultural education is furnished by the generosity of Babu Jogendra Narayan Saha Roy of Lalgarh in Midnapore, who gave an endowment of Rs. 30,000 towards the introduction of agricultural teaching in the local middle English school. A grant from the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research has enabled the Dacca University to found an Agricultural Research Fellowship. Grants have also been sanctioned by the Imperial Council to the University of Calcutta towards schemes of agricultural research.

It is hoped that the closer association of the two Universities in the work of agricultural research will have valuable results. Both of them are strongly represented on the Provincial Agricultural Research Committee which has been constituted in accordance with the recommendations of the Royal Commission. The scheme for an agricultural department at Rajshahi College, in accordance with the wishes of the late Kumar Basanta Kumar Roy Raj Dighapatia, has not yet materialised; but intermediate classes in botany were opened in the Rajshahi College in 1930-31.

Of agricultural education in secondary schools some account has already been given in Chapter IV. The agricultural classes attached to Amarpur Bimala High School and Bara Bainan Middle English School in the district of Burdwan, and Durgapur High School, Chittagong, continued to work well.

The Agricultural School at Manipur, Dacca, which is a Government school, had 38 pupils on 31st March 1932. The upkeep of the school cost Rs. 25,286, the whole of which was borne by Government. The school provides a two-year practical course, comprising the elements of physics, chemistry, agriculture, botany and allied subjects. There is hostel accommodation for both Hindu and Muhammadan students.

The Agricultural Department of King Edward Middle English School, Hatchapra, reported 57 pupils on 31st March 1932. The total maintenance charges amounted to Rs. 7,200, of which Rs. 1,200 was met from provincial revenues and Rs. 264 from district board funds.

CHAPTER XII.

Physical and moral training.

The new scheme of physical training.—Definite advance was made during the period in the organisation and development of physical education. The reports of the Students' Welfare Committee since 1920 had made clear the wide prevalence of physical defects and diseases among students. By 1926 public opinion was ready for the resolution of the Bengal Legislative Council that physical education should be compulsory for all students between 12 and 18 years of age. But ways and means were lacking. There was no definite scheme, expert advice was not available, money was scarce.

The resolution, however, led to the preparation of a comprehensive plan by the department, which was submitted to Government in August 1926. This was followed by detailed proposals in 1927 about the measures necessary for the gradual introduction of physical education in schools and its financial implications. Among the suggestions were the appointment of a Physical Director and Assistant Physical Director, the appointment of qualified physical instructors in Government institutions, the deputation of teachers for physical training and the grant of money to schools.

In 1928 physical exercise was made compulsory in all grades of schools. In November of the same year, the new Physical Director joined his post. After spending some months in a survey of the situation, he presented a report in May 1929 reviewing the whole field and making specific recommendations. In particular he urged the establishment of a nine months' course to train qualified physical instructors and the preparation of careful syllabuses of physical education containing definite programmes of work for the guidance of instructors. These proposals, with the suggestions of the Director of Public Instruction already accepted by Government, completed the scheme for the extension of physical culture in schools and colleges.

Physical instructors.—The success of any large scheme of this nature must obviously depend partly on the headquarters staff which has to make the general plans and watch the progress from time to time and partly on the men in the institutions who have to carry out the plans. During the period, there was a Physical Director and an Assistant Director at headquarters, but the latter held only a temporary post, renewed for a few months at a time, and the post of the former was created for five years in the first instance. Equally necessary for the proper execution of the scheme are capable instructors. This was recognised in 1927 when it was decided to appoint graduates with a diploma in physical education as physical instructors on the scale of Rs. 75—200. The old type of drill and drawing master was practically useless—indeed it is difficult to understand why drill and drawing were entrusted to the same person unless it was that each was a part-time job. The association of art and muscle is, to say the least, unusual. The new physical instructors are quite a different type. But only 7 of them were appointed to Government institutions during the period. To raise the general standard, however, short physical training courses

were started in 1927; and altogether 200 teachers of middle English schools and junior madrasahs, 107 guru-training school teachers and 57 sub-inspectors attended them and obtained certificates.

These courses were, of course, only a temporary expedient and a scheme, costing Rs. 15,000, was prepared for a proper training centre in Calcutta. It was opened after the quinquennium with 16 students; and Bengal may now be able to train its own physical instructors.

Physical culture in schools.—*Boys' schools.*—Schools needed both guidance and money to arrange for compulsory exercise. The syllabuses prepared by the Physical Director for secondary schools were published before the end of the period and those for primary schools were ready for publication. Government also provided a considerable sum of money for grants to secondary schools and madrasahs for apparatus, medical inspection and the organisation of games. The condition was that each school should contribute from games fees and other sources at least double the amount of the grant. Many schools were unable to satisfy this condition and of the Rs. 80,500 available between 1929 and 1932 only Rs. 48,712 was actually distributed.

Physical exercise competitions were organised, especially in Calcutta between high schools. In February 1932, no fewer than 22 schools took part, each sending a team of 32 boys. The competition was followed by an impressive demonstration of mass exercises, of small area games and gymnastics. A high level was reached in these performances and the competitions have aroused a keen spirit of emulation.

One of the chief obstacles to compulsory exercise or games is the problem of food. Many boys spend the whole school day from 10 to 4 or so without a meal; and they are naturally reluctant to stay on after school hours to play games—food then seems more desirable than even play. Few schools have, however, yet made satisfactory arrangements for a mid-day or afternoon tiffin. That it can be done is shown by the Keshab Academy, Calcutta, which provides tiffin at the cost of a pice a day per boy. The Rampurhat Union School gives a free tiffin to its pupils. But these are exceptions rather than the rule. And, generally, it is only institutions which are largely or wholly residential that are able to insist on compulsory physical exercise.

Part of the difficulty is the compulsion itself. Drill is compulsory in all primary and secondary schools and, by a strange perversity of human nature, what is compulsory becomes distasteful. Besides, there is little in drill itself that is attractive to the driller—its spirit is the spirit of combination and discipline rather than the spirit of self-expression. And finally, many of the drill masters are men whose lack of imagination and initiative would make even exciting things dull and make dull things intolerable. It is not surprising that boys turn with relief to games. Cricket, hockey, tennis and football are becoming increasingly popular—especially football, which may almost be called the national game of Bengal. It is comparatively inexpensive in equipment, but it is expensive in space. And the space is often very limited, most of all in Calcutta and the larger towns. Hence, attention is being more and more directed to small-space games like basket-ball, volley-ball and badminton, which are within the spatial and financial resources of almost all institutions. They encourage the team spirit almost as

much as the larger games and possess great advantages in cheapness and ease of organisation. The general diffusion of these games is helping to solve the problems of physical exercise for the masses of schoolboys

A great impetus has been given to hockey by the visit of the victorious All-India Hockey Team to Calcutta and to tennis by the visits of the French, Japanese and, later, Italian teams. There are other forms of exercise which are also becoming more popular. Swimming and rowing are favourite games of sport in the riverain districts of East Bengal, but they need to be better organised to yield the maximum results. Many swimming clubs exist in Calcutta and educational institutions may be more closely linked with them. The variety of games and sports and the enthusiasm with which they are pursued afford proof of the growing consciousness that physical fitness is the first principle in a sound educational system

But all this is only a beginning A great number of boys still go through school wan and unplayful. Too many parents still regard games as a temptation and a snare. But we may feel that the foundations have been laid and proper plans sketched out for the superstructure

An attempt has also been made to create a central sports organisation for Indian schools, especially those in or near Calcutta. The Indian Schools' Sports Association have, for many years, organised an annual meeting; and steps have been taken to make it representative of all schools so that it might become a central controlling authority and to extend the range of its activities to games as well as to athletics

Mention should also be made of the private gymnastic clubs, akhras, which are recruited largely from schools and colleges. They were a private and spontaneous growth, but they spread quickly and have now about 10,000 members As the clubs suffered from lack of direction and of knowledge of the best methods, an attempt has been made to get up a co-ordinating central organisation Another interesting form of exercise is dancing. The credit for the revival of the ancient village dances of Bengal belongs entirely to Mr G. S. Dutt, I.C.S., whose efforts have met with a great measure of success, especially in Birbhum Mr. Dutt, in co-operation with the Physical Director, organised in February 1932 a three weeks' training course for school teachers at Suri. Forty-six teachers attended

Girls' schools.—The regulations, circulars and schemes drawn up for the development of physical education applied to girls' and boys' schools equally

Throughout the period, work in girls' schools was carried on by the Physical Directress to the Young Women's Christian Association, in Calcutta, which received a Government grant of Rs. 275 per mensem on condition that a Physical Directress was maintained for the purpose.

Training classes for women teachers from both Indian and European schools were organised each cold weather, tours were undertaken to mufassal schools for inspection and demonstration of methods, and annual demonstrations of work by about four to five hundred girls from Calcutta schools were organised. The demonstrations in particular were noteworthy as an evidence not only of the excellence of the work of girls and teachers, but also of the rapidity with which prejudice against organised physical activities for girls is being overcome.

Scouting and guiding.—The period began with a total number of 6,293 scouts and closed with 7,730 scouts in the province. There was a rapid growth in numbers during the first three years and in 1930 there were 8,338 scouts. Since then, the expansion of the movement has been affected by the active propaganda carried on against it by the Congress. Definite and systematic attempts were made to wean boys from it by the misrepresentation that it was run by Government for its own benefit. Nevertheless, the steady growth of the movement has been well maintained and some solid work has been done. There have been very few cases of any breach of discipline by scouts.

Scouting made considerable progress amongst the poor and afflicted boys. Troops or packs were started at the Borstal School, Bankura, the Raniganj Leper Home, the Blind School, Behala, the Deaf and Dumb School, Mymensingh, and the Reformatory and Industrial Schools, Alipore. The Club section has shown remarkable growth and has spread amongst primary schools. The Rover section is also growing. Four hundred and thirty-nine scout masters gave voluntary short lessons in scouting outside school hours.

An All-Bengal Jamboree was held from the 30th December 1928 to 2nd January 1929 in Calcutta, attended by more than 1,400 scouts from all the districts of Bengal. There were displays of scouting activities and exhibitions of handicrafts. The Jamboree was attended both by His Excellency the Viceroy, Chief Scout for India, and by His Excellency the Governor, Chief Scout for Bengal.

The Provincial Association has now arranged an annual All-Bengal Competition. The first of these competitions was held in February 1932, was attended by 1,200 scouts and was presided over by His Excellency the Governor. Great credit is due to Mr. N. N. Bhose, the Provincial Organising Secretary, to whose tact, energy, enthusiasm and faith in the face of difficulties scouting in Bengal owes so much.

Girl guides are now found in almost all the girls' high schools and some of the middle schools in Calcutta. The movement is spreading to the mufassal.

The following grants were given during the period for the development of scouting:—

	Rs.
Boy Scout headquarters	30,000
Scout troops in Indian schools	19,750
Scout troops in European schools	10,262
Guide companies in European schools	2,884
Total	62,896

In 1931-32 it was found necessary, because of financial stringency, to stop the grants to scout troops and guide companies in European schools, but it speaks much for the firm grip of the movement on its members that this made no appreciable difference to the efficiency of the troops.

Physical training in colleges.—If the progress of physical training in schools was of a very definite nature, we cannot say as much of colleges. In schools it is a comparatively easy matter to introduce physical exercise; in colleges it is more difficult.

The University authorities decided that it was not desirable to make physical education compulsory in colleges. But in some colleges it has been made compulsory for first year students.

Some financial assistance was given to colleges until 1930, when the grants were suspended. Between 1927 and 1930 part of the Imperial grant was earmarked each year for distribution to non-Government colleges for games and gymnastics; and during this time, Rs. 68,400 was distributed for the purpose. As a result, many of the colleges had facilities for the organisation of physical activities. But, unfortunately, the importance of qualified specialists in physical education was not sufficiently realised and full advantage was not taken of the facilities provided. Only two non-Government colleges appointed trained physical instructors, most of the others being content to carry on with untrained drill masters. Some had no instructors at all, but depended entirely on the willingness of members of the staff and of students in organising games and sports.

There were, however, indications that the urgency of schemes for improving the physique of students was being generally recognised and that the Calcutta University, faced with the findings of the Students' Welfare Committee, contemplate definite action in the near future. The University of Dacca has made physical exercise and games compulsory for all its students and has made adequate arrangements for supervision.

University Training Corps.—The Calcutta University Training Corps carried on its work and the 12th Company Dacca University Training Corps was started in 1928. The strength of the Calcutta University Corps was 389 in 1931-32 as against 597 in 1927-28. In March 1931 Lt.-Col. Sir Hasan Suhrawardy was appointed to command the unit.

There are 3 senior grade officers and 9 junior officers in the battalion. Platoons are organised by colleges. Training is continuous except during the long vacation and part of the Puja holidays. The delay in approving the applications of recruits has, unfortunately, reduced the strength of the platoons; and work has been hampered by the delay in issuing kits and by the absence of d.p. rifles. The Principal of the Bengal Engineering College suggests that, as all the members from the college are engineering students, an Engineering or Sapper platoon would be popular. The annual camp is held for 15 days during the cold weather. The attendance at the camp has not been very satisfactory owing to sickness and the proximity of the University examinations.

Personal health and medical care.—School children were medically examined in various places, at Asansol, in Dacca, particularly within the jurisdiction of Narayanganj Municipality, and in Calcutta, on the initiative of the Public Health Department. Altogether 16,700 boys and 524 girls were medically inspected. Excluding girls, the result of the inspection was as follows: 23 per cent. were well nourished, 53 per cent. fairly nourished and 21 per cent. ill-nourished. While the average height at different ages compared favourably with the anthropometric standard, the average weight was comparatively far less favourable. Of the total number of students examined 67 per cent. were found to be suffering from bodily defects, and 14·7 per cent. were found to have eye troubles, chiefly defective vision. These figures are for boys in secondary schools, but the latest report on the health of

boys of primary schools is no more satisfactory. The inspection in primary schools within the newly started rural health circles was done by competent medical officers under the supervision of the District Health Officers. They visited about 1,439 schools and examined 26,292 pupils, of whom 59 per cent. were found defective. The majority of them had enlarged spleen and others were suffering from malnutrition and vermin infection.

The latest available report of the Students' Welfare Committee of the Calcutta University discloses the same alarming facts and records no marked improvement in the general health of students in colleges. The system of sending reports to individual colleges on the health examination of their students was continued. Special arrangements were made to follow up students suffering from defects; 762 defect cards were issued and 176 students were kept under special observation in 1931.

The committee examined 2,171 students, of whom 729 belonged to schools. A chart has been made of the various defects. The Senate has granted permission to the school authorities to levy a fee not exceeding annas eight per head per annum for annual medical inspection.

It may be mentioned here that the Senate appointed a committee to consider the future policy and scheme of work of the Students' Welfare Committee. Its recommendations will be found in Chapter V.

Hygiene.—Hygiene is a compulsory subject in the primary school curriculum and also in the secondary curriculum except for the two top classes. It is, however, only an optional subject for the Matriculation Examination.

Schools generally have conformed to the regulations with regard to the teaching of hygiene, and many of them have been provided with diagrams and charts suitable to the subject. An elementary knowledge of the laws of hygiene, the causes of preventible diseases, preventive measures and sanitation is imparted to the boys. But hygiene lessons are often given in surroundings in which all laws of hygiene are violated. It is no wonder, then, that they have not much practical effect. It is most desirable that teachers should take every opportunity of correcting boys who show a tendency to habits detrimental to their own health or to that of others

The greatest impediment to the successful teaching of hygiene in schools lies in the dearth of properly qualified teachers of hygiene, which may be removed by making better provision for the teaching of the subject in training colleges and schools. A course of instruction in hygiene, first aid and home nursing is given to women students under training, who have to pass this course before they can secure a certificate of training. A few girls' schools which had a hygiene teacher were given a special grant of Rs. 15 a month each. The Scottish Church College has started a nursing class for its women students, and first aid classes were conducted in the Bankura and Ripon Colleges.

Popular lectures on hygiene and sanitation illustrated by lantern slides were delivered at the more important centres by the health officers of local bodies and the Bengal Social Service League. All this is probably having some effect.

Moral and religious education.—Religious instruction of an orthodox character is imparted in tols, maktabs, madrasahs and mission schools,

and also in a few colleges. The Saraswati Puja is generally celebrated in Hindu hostels, and Milad Sharif in Muhammadan hostels. Muhammadan students are also expected to join in the Jumma prayers on Fridays. In some schools the day's work begins with a silent prayer. But by far the larger number of high schools and colleges offer no religious instruction. The new Primary Education Act provides, subject to certain conditions, for religious instruction during school hours at least once a week of every child according to the religion of its guardian. The Director of Public Instruction invited opinions on the subject of religious instruction in primary schools and remarked that "the aim should be to inculcate implicit faith in the wise providence of God as well as service to one's fellow-beings. Though the actual performance of religious ceremonies is not at all desirable in a school composed of boys professing different religions, it seems quite probable that some sort of a common introductory prayer or suitable hymns could be used in which every pupil should join " "A Book of Stories" for religious instruction has also been proposed. The divergence of opinion on the subject of a common form of religious instruction is considerable, but some common formula can probably be found. Whatever instruction is given should be at once simple and practical and a great deal must evidently depend on the sincerity and personality of the teacher.

Hostels.—(*1*) *For college students.*—The total number of hostels attached to arts colleges was 112 with 3,959 inmates in 1931-32 as against 104 with 5,267 boarders in 1926-27. The number of boarders declined by 1,308 or 24·7 per cent. This fall was mainly due to economic depression. The authorities of colleges are now keenly alive to the necessity of providing hostels for the proper development of corporate life and most colleges have now well-equipped hostels. In Government colleges, during the period, fresh accommodation was provided at Krishnagar for 65 students and at Chittagong for students of the college section of the Chittagong Madrasah. The Ahsanullah School of Engineering replaced its rented buildings by a commodious hostel which cost Rs. 3,60,000 and has accommodation for 200 students. The Hindu hostel attached to the Jalpaiguri Zilla School has been completed. The administrative approval of the Government was also accorded to a hostel for the students of the Sanskrit College, to the construction of quarters for the superintendent of the Hemanta Kumari Hostel attached to the Rajshahi College, and to a new hostel for the accommodation of 30 students of the Anglo-Persian department of Calcutta Madrasah. In 1929-30, the construction of quarters for three superintendents of hostels attached to the Rangamati High English School was also administratively approved. Some non-Government colleges also provided additional hostel accommodation for students. The authorities of the Wesleyan College, Bankura, added a new block to their Ronaldshay Hostel which has accommodation for more than 60 boarders. Rooms for accommodating 30 additional boarders have also been added to the hostel attached to Nara Sinha Dutt College, Howrah. Every hostel or mess must be under the immediate control of a superintendent. The general duty of the superintendent is to act as guardian of the boys entrusted to his care, to live with and control them, to supervise the boarding arrangements. In hostels attached to Government colleges the selection of superintendents is generally made with care, but it is not always possible to select a senior member of the staff on account of the lack of family quarters. The superintendence

of hostels attached to mission institutions is generally satisfactory; in several non-Government colleges there is much room for improvement.

The messes under the control of the University of Calcutta continued to be administered by the Students' Residence Committee through the Inspector of Messes. There were altogether 24 messes recognised by the University (excluding collegiate and 27 non-collegiate hostels). Of these messes, 23 were attached and 1 unattached, with a total number of 1,305 inmates in 1926-27. The increase both in the number of messes and of boarders indicates their popularity. The majority of students prefer messes to hostels on account of their cheapness and the absence of strict supervision. The total expenditure on these messes was Rs. 25,561, which was partly met by the seat-rent realised from students and from the Government grant of Rs. 13,128. Besides this, there are several non-collegiate hostels both for men and women under the management of the Students' Residence Committee.

During the quinquennium orders were issued by Government, enhancing the rates of seat-rent in hostels attached to Government institutions in order to make them more self-supporting. It must be said that some of the rules seem to have discouraged rather than attracted boarders. It is much more important to draw students to hostels than to make them self-supporting; and a revision of the rules seems desirable.

(2) *For schools.*—The total number of hostels for schools of all kinds was 735 with 19,215 inmates. Of these 69 were for women, with accommodation for 3,074 boarders.

The supervision of hostels is generally entrusted to the members of the teaching staff. In hostels attached to Government schools superintendents get the benefit of the hostel allowance, the scale of which has now been reduced as a measure of retrenchment. In hostels of aided schools the cost of superintendence is shared between Government and the school committees; superintendents receive a small allowance. In hostels attached to unaided schools teachers on the staff generally render gratuitous service, though in some cases they get either free board or lodging. The result is that the system of superintendence has not improved much during the quinquennium. The remuneration is not sufficient to attract the better type of teacher and disciplinary rules are not strictly enforced for fear of scaring away the inmates.

A scheme for the medical examination and supervision of pupils in Government high schools and high madrasahs outside Calcutta, and in hostels attached to them, was administratively approved by Government; but the scheme had to be postponed on account of financial stringency. The old arrangement for the medical supervision of the hostels attached to the Government high schools and the normal schools continued. The medical officer in charge of hostels received consolidated or capitation allowances or sometimes both. The boarders of hostels of guru-training schools in the Dacca Division were given the privilege of medical attendance.

During the year 1928-29 Government considered the question of grants to aided hostels for secondary and special schools. They decided that, while the principle of making hostels ultimately self-supporting should be adhered to, for the present no alteration in grants or fees should be insisted on in respect of school hostels. With the general fall

in the cost of living the hostels proved much less expensive during the period under review. The monthly cost for a boarder in the Burdwan Division ranged from Rs. 4 to Rs. 6 in a mufassal hostel and from Rs. 9 to Rs. 12 in a town hostel. The total expenditure on school hostels was Rs. 1,49,196, of which Rs. 97,913 came from provincial revenues.

The students' messes in the town of Dacca were under the control of the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca, and were managed through the Assistant Inspector of Students' Residence. There were 12 messes for Hindu students, of which 4 are for the depressed classes and 1 for girls; and there were 10 messes for Muhammadan students. Owing to economic distress the number of messes fell during the period from 25 to 22, though the monthly cost of living fell approximately from Rs 14-8 to Rs 12 in the case of Hindus and from Rs. 11 to Rs. 8 in the case of Muhammadans. Forty per cent. of the house-rent and 50 per cent. of the superintendent's allowance are paid by Government, except in the case of some depressed class messes for which Government bears the whole cost. Five officers were in medical charge of the messes. The average annual cost to Government was Rs. 15,878.

Discipline.—The period under review was a very difficult one for educational authorities. The schools and colleges had not fully recovered from the effects of the non-co-operation movement, when they were again disturbed by a series of hartals since 1928 and a violent and aggressive form of "civil disobedience" since 1930. Picketing and hartals became common, the attendance in classes fell, work was dislocated. Several colleges had to suspend classes: but the University decided against a general suspension and ordered that classes should remain open and the rolls called even if no students attended. Although towards the closing years of the quinquennium things appeared to have improved a little and students returned to their normal work, their pre-occupation with politics remained an outstanding factor. An atmosphere of unrest, sullenness and suspicion often prevails. The situation requires very careful handling, and the greatest tact, sympathy and firmness will be required to win over the student population to the side of law and order.

In 1927-28, no serious breach of discipline was noticed except in the City College over the Saraswati Puja. In 1928-29 the only disturbance was in the Calcutta Madrasah, where there was considerable friction between the students of the Anglo-Persian and the Arabic Departments. The situation was, however, soon brought under control. In 1929-30 the civil disobedience movement was launched. The resultant strikes and hartals made it very difficult for school and college authorities to control their students. With the civil disobedience movement may be connected the Youth movement which was not definitely political in its earlier stages, but the political leaders utilised it to further their own objects. A large number of students' associations were formed, which supplied volunteers for the civil disobedience movement. As a result of the activities of these organisations several colleges had closed for some time during the working months of the year. The year 1930-31, specially the beginning of it, was remarkable for unrest among students; picketing, persuasion and agitation were employed to induce or compel students to absent themselves from their classes. But no Government school or college and very few aided institutions had to be closed in consequence of the agitation. It is

estimated that about 460 students of Government colleges and 1,900 students of aided colleges absented themselves for about a month. About 900 boys in Government and 9,800 boys in aided high schools also temporarily struck work, and about 650 girls. Towards the end of the year, however, attendance became normal, but the roll strength was definitely lower than that of the preceding year. The respect for authority and the cheerful spirit of obedience which characterised students in bygone days gave way to impatience of discipline and disregard of academic authority. Some of the youth organisations soon degenerated into revolutionary societies, of which certain members, including even girls, were responsible for terrible political crimes. The measures taken by Government have restored quiet, at any rate outwardly; but it will be some time before that spirit of quiet, co-operation and discipline is restored without which educational work can never be efficiently done.

CHAPTER XIII.

Miscellaneous.

(1) **Unrecognised schools.**—The name "unrecognised schools" includes different types of educational institutions which do not follow the courses prescribed by the University or the department. Most of them are small indigenous schools, tols, or Koran schools, or Kyangs or Buddhist monastic schools, or newly started primary schools. A few, however, aim higher and provide advanced courses of instruction. The condition of most of the unrecognised schools is reported to be unsatisfactory. They are inferior to recognised schools in buildings, staff, equipment, discipline, finance and organisation. There were 1,630 unrecognised schools attended by 63,164 pupils in Bengal in 1931-32, as compared with 1,610 schools with 53,504 pupils in 1926-27. The number varies considerably from year to year. Many of them obtain recognition on reaching a certain standard; on the other hand, primary schools which fail to satisfy certain conditions may revert to the type of unrecognised schools.

A few of them, however, stand in a class apart. They are (1) the group of schools founded by Dr. Rabindra Nath Tagore at Bolpur and Surul, district Birbhum; (2) the Kabindra College, Gayla, district Bakarganj, and (3) the Mahakali Pathsala at Mymensingh. In the first group an attempt is being made to combine the oldest Indian traditions with the best features of modern education. Especially noteworthy is their artistic side and the practical work done in village reconstruction. Pupils of Santiniketan may, if they so desire, appear at the examinations conducted by the Calcutta University. The Kabindra College, Gayla, continues to be a seat of higher Sanskrit culture. The Mahakali Pathsala for Girls at Mymensingh gives religious instruction, besides teaching the ordinary curriculum. The school receives aid from the local municipality.

Sanskrit tols of the old type, which are not under the control of the Calcutta Sanskrit Association, are included among unrecognised schools. In these tols the "adhyapaka" (teacher) himself holds examinations and confers titles.

(2) **National schools.**—The national schools are disappearing gradually. There were altogether 19 national schools with 1,647 pupils in 1931 against 45 with 3,208 pupils in 1927. Thus, the number both of national schools and their pupils is steadily declining. The lack of organisation, the absence of clearly defined aims and courses of instruction, the failure to enforce discipline amongst the students who in some cases took the law into their own hands, and dissensions amongst the organisers are amongst the chief causes of the collapse of the majority of the national schools. The most important national school in the presidency is the Bengal Technical Institute at Jadavpur (24-Parganas). It will probably survive, because it offers useful courses of instruction in different branches of engineering and in surveying. Most of the national schools impart general education combined with a certain amount of vocational training, such as spinning, weaving, carpentry and tailoring.

(3) **Text-book Committee.**—During the first two years of the quinquennium under report, the two Text-book Committees—one at Calcutta and the other at Dacca—did not function, because the secondary school syllabuses were being revised and the committees themselves in process of reorganisation. No books were, therefore, accepted for examination by the committee. A sub-committee of the Calcutta Text-book Committee met, however, once a year to judge essays for the Braja Mohan Dutta Prize for Indian women.

The revised syllabuses of studies for secondary schools came into operation from 1st January 1931. To select suitable text-books, the formation of a Provincial Text-book Committee was sanctioned with effect from the 1st September 1929, with the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, as *ex-officio President*.

The rules for the committee provided for the appointment of a whole-time Reader and Secretary and for remuneration to ordinary and co-opted members for reviewing books. Owing to the lack of funds these recommendations could not be carried out immediately and the Assistant Director of Public Instruction for Muhammadan Education, Bengal, acted as the Secretary. Under the new rules, only a certain number of books are allowed to be on the list in each subject; and any book approved for use in schools normally remains on the list for three years.

The new Text-book Committee first took up the revision of the lists of text-books for primary schools and maktabs. No attempt was made here to introduce new or better books; the committee's aim was merely to prune the long lists of approved books by retaining only the best. Accordingly, text-books in those subjects in which the limit prescribed in the new rules had been exceeded were called for re-examination.

Then, the committee was engaged in considering text-books written in accordance with the revised syllabuses for secondary schools. Those which were obviously unsuitable were summarily rejected and the rest were carefully examined, each by a group of three members. A list of library and prize books was also prepared and published.

During the period, out of a total of 5,692 books received by the Provincial Text-book Committee, 3,608 were considered and 1,176 approved.

(4) **Oriental education.**—Both the Universities provide instruction and facilities for research in higher Islamic and Sanskrit studies. The

Calçutta University has chairs for Arabic, Sanskrit and Bengali and the Dacca University has departments of Arabic and Islamic studies, of Persian and Urdu, and of Sanskrit.

Apart from the Universities, oriental studies are pursued in the tols and madrasahs.

Sanskrit studies.—Sanskrit studies continued to be managed by the Executive Council of the Calcutta Sanskrit Association, consisting of 20 members. There is a larger body of 500, the Convocation, but it seldom meets. The Principal of the Sanskrit College acts as *ex-officio* Secretary.

The Council discharged its responsibilities as before in connexion with the Sanskrit examinations, the granting of titles and certificates, the distribution of stipends and rewards and grant-in-aid to tols and similar matters.

There are two kinds of recognised Sanskrit institutions:—

(1) The tols which prepare candidates for the first, second and degree (Title) examinations.

(2) Sanskrit pathsalas which teach Sanskrit in addition to the departmental vernacular curriculum in reading writing and arithmetic.

The more important tols affiliated to the Calcutta Association or the Saraswat Samaj, Dacca, are either aided or maintained by Government. Tols all over India are affiliated to the Calcutta Sanskrit Association. The most important is the Oriental Department of the Sanskrit College, Calcutta. This teaches the following branches of Sanskrit learning; the Vedas, Vedanta, Smriti and Vyakaran; it is looked upon as a model tol. The students in the Tol Department pay no tuition fees and appear at the Title examinations of the Sanskrit Association. The enrolment has increased greatly, from 45 pupils in 1921-22 to 83 in 1926-27 and 105 in 1931-32.

The following table shows the number of candidates who passed the several Sanskrit examinations from the Sanskrit College:—

XCVIII.—Results of Sanskrit examinations.

Years	Sanskrit Title Examination.		Second Examination		First Examination	
	Appeared.	Passed.	Appeared.	Passed.	Appeared.	Passed
1926-27	21	11	10	6	15	9
1931-32	12	12	4	3	15	13

The number of affiliated tols in 1931-32 was 761 with 11,728 pupils, as against 750 with 10,395 pupils in 1926-27. Each of those tols is under an adhyapak who gives instruction in one or two branches of studies and presents candidates for the examinations of the Sanskrit Association.

There are other local associations of Sanskrit studies independent of the Calcutta Association. The Dacca Swaraswat Samaj—established

in 1878—is the most important of them. It conducts its own examinations. The annual convocation of the Samaj, at which titles, certificates and rewards are awarded is generally presided over by His Excellency the Governor and is a very interesting event in Dacca. The Samaj has been responsible for keeping alive and extending the scope of Sanskrit studies in Eastern Bengal.

A large number of stipends is awarded to pupils and teachers in tols. They are tenable from 1st September and are as follows:—

(1) On the results of the first examination—

Fifty-seven stipends of Rs. 2 a month, tenable for two years, are awarded to 57 pupils.

Forty-five stipends (21 of Rs. 6 a month and 24 of Rs. 8 a month), tenable for one year, are awarded to the teachers of successful pupils.

(2) On the results of the second examination—

Thirty-six stipends (17 of Rs. 3 a month, 15 of Rs. 4 a month and 4 of Rs. 3 a month for Nyaya pupils) are awarded to pupils. The stipends for Nyaya pupils are tenable for 3 years, and in the others for two years.

Twenty-nine stipends (14 of Rs. 10 a month and 15 of Rs. 12 a month), tenable for one year, are awarded to the teachers of successful pupils.

On the results of the Sanskrit Title Examination, fifteen Government prizes—two of Rs. 100, two of Rs. 50, six of Rs. 25, and five of Rs. 20 each—are awarded to pupils in order of merit. Pupils are also eligible for 25 private rewards. Ten Government prizes—two of Rs. 200, two of Rs. 100, and six of Rs. 50 each—are awarded to the teachers of pupils successful in the Sanskrit Title Examination. Teachers are also eligible for 6 primary rewards.

Islamic studies.—Facilities for advanced studies in Islamic culture are afforded in the madrasahs—especially in the Calcutta Madrasah which is the most important of the old type of madrasahs. It was the first educational institution established in India by the British Government and was founded in 1781, at the request of several Muhammadans, by Warren Hastings.

Reference has already been made to the Board that has been constituted for conducting the Central Madrasah Examinations. In the Central Madrasah Examination of 1931-32, 632 students passed out of 1,013 candidates. Of these 397 passed the Alim Examination, 211 the Fazil Examination and 24 the Title Examination.

(5) **Public libraries and societies.**—The number of literary societies in Bengal in the year 1931-32 was 203. They generally possess public libraries intended for the development of culture and literature.

In the Presidency Division, there are 77 such societies, of which 23 belong to Calcutta. The most prominent and influential is the Asiatic Society of Bengal founded in 1784 by Sir William Jones. The society is well known in scientific circles throughout Asia and Europe and has done most important work. Its objects are best described in the words of the founder: "The bounds of its investigations will be the geographical limits of Asia and within these limits its enquiries will be

extended to whatever is performed by man or produced by nature. It will flourish if naturalists, chemists, antiquarians, philologists and men of science in different parts of Asia will commit their observations to writing and send them to the Asiatic Society at Calcutta. It will languish if such communications shall be long intermitted; and it will die away if they shall entirely cease." Other societies worthy of mention are—

(1) The Bangiya Sahitya Parishad, founded in 1894 for the promotion of literary, scientific and educational work. Government subscribe a large amount annually for the periodicals issued by the society.

(2) The Indian Association for the Cultivation of Science, founded in 1876 by Dr. Sarkar for the advancement of original scientific research.

(3) The Calcutta University Institute, founded in 1891 for the moral, mental and physical improvement of young men in Bengal and specially college students. The institute is now housed in a splendid building in College Square, constructed in 1915-16 at a cost of Rs. 3,50,000. The Maharajadhiraja of Burdwan and others have generously contributed to the furniture fund. It offers prizes for recitation, essay-writing, etc.

(4) The Association for the Advancement of Scientific and Industrial Education of Indians, established in 1904, which provides scholarships for young men desirous of acquiring technical education abroad, particularly in Japan and America.

(5) The Young Men's Christian Association, founded in 1903 with the object of supplementing the work of schools, and of realising among students the ideal of *mens sana in corpore sano*.

(6) The Ram Mohan Library and Free Reading Room, founded in 1905 for the promotion of intellectual and moral culture.

The following are the most important libraries and literary societies in the Burdwan Division:—

(1) The Hitakari Sabha at Uttarpara, founded for the furtherance of female education by the award of scholarships to successful girls on the results of the examination held under its auspices.

(2) The Bolepur Santiniketan Brahmacharja Asram Library, founded by Dr. Rabindranath Tagore for the advancement of learning and the extension of knowledge.

(3) The Uttarpara Public Library, founded in 1859 by Babu Joy Kissen Mukherjee with the object of disseminating the benefits of western and eastern culture among all sections of the community. The institution is free, maintained from the income of an endowment made by the founder, and is managed by a body of curators.

The following public libraries also deserve mention—the Burdwan Raj Public Library, the Midnapore Public Library, the Duke Library, Howrah, and the East Indian Railway Institute at Asansol.

Fifty-four societies are reported to exist in the Dacca Division. The East Bengal Saraswat Samaj promotes Sanskrit learning in this and other divisions. His Excellency the Governor of Bengal was pleased to make a donation of Rs. 750 last year to this society. The Sahitya Parishads at Dacca and Faridpur aim at the development of literary culture. The Anjuman Hemaitul Islam, Barisal, and the Faridpur Anjuman Islam are concerned chiefly with the interests, political, educational and religious, of the Muhammadan community, but they also assist deserving Muhammadan students to meet the expenses of their education. The Northbrook Hall Library at Dacca and the Madaripur Public Library are well-equipped and popular institutions; as is also the Dacca Museum.

There are 28 in the Rajshahi Division, the most important being the Varendra Research Society, Rajshahi, and the Sahitya Parishad, Rangpur. The former aims at the collection of ancient relics including old manuscripts and the publication of work relating thereto, while the latter undertakes archaeological and literary research in North Bengal.

There are only six public libraries of any importance in the Chittagong Division, of which the Buckland Ghat Public Library and the Reading Room started at Chittagong in 1904, the Cox's Bazar Public Library established in 1906, the Victoria Islam Library, Chittagong, and the Birchandra Public Library founded in Comilla in 1885 deserve mention. The Cox's Bazar Islamic Association was started in 1923 with a view to safeguard the general interests of the Muhammadan community.

(6) **Conferences and meetings.**—The year 1927 was conspicuous for the meeting of the third Imperial Conference, which was formally opened at Whitehall in London by His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales on 21st June. Delegates from the Governments of 45 countries within the Empire attended the conference, in addition to representatives of the departments of the Home Government. Bengal was represented at the conference by Mr. H. E. Stapleton, M.A., then Principal, Presidency College, Calcutta, now Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, and Dr. M. P. West, Principal, Teachers' Training College, Dacca. The conference, which lasted until 8th July, discussed, among other things, problems specially affecting tropical countries.

In July 1928 a conference of higher educational officers was held at the office of the Director of Public Instruction to consider the provision of greater facilities for the training of teachers of primary and secondary schools, particularly in connexion with the requirements of the primary Bill. Another conference met in February 1929 to discuss the question of a revised scheme for grant-in-aid to high schools in Bengal so as to secure the financial stability of schools for which there is a proved necessity. In October 1929 a conference was held in connection with the question of the teaching of music in secondary schools and of the establishment of training centres for teachers in music.

The conference made the following recommendations:—

(1) that there should be a musical Advisory Board to advise the Director of Public Instruction in regard to the teaching of Indian music in secondary schools and to take steps for the encouragement and improvement of musical education in Bengal;

(2) that the course of study for Indian music should be according to the syllabus recommended by the sub-committee, which should include both Bengali and Hindusthani songs;

(3) that a series of books should be prepared containing *swara* exercises;

(4) that, in order to train teachers, the two chief institutions in Calcutta, the Sangeeta Sangha and the Sangeeta Sammilani, should be utilised; and

(5) that provision should be made for the teaching of instrumental music.

The recommendations made by the conference were submitted to Government in due course, but have been held in abeyance on account of the financial condition of the country.

During the year 1930-31 the Government of Bengal appointed a committee to advise Government as to the policy which should be pursued to advance Moslem education in Bengal. Reference has been made to the work of the committee in the Chapter on Muhammadan Education

Conferences of superior inspecting officers were also held at headquarters in which matters regarding the curriculum of primary schools, the inspection of guru-training schools, the restoration of the public examination at the end of standard VI, the shortening of school hours and the utility of the double-shift system in primary schools, etc., were discussed. The district inspecting staff met at some centres and discussed questions of local interest.

During the period under review the All-Bengal Non-Government School Teachers' Association held several sessions at different centres. In these meetings resolutions were passed about secondary education and dealing specially with the improvement of the status of teachers, the condition of secondary education in the presidency and the provisions of the School Code.

Conferences of Government school teachers also met and discussed the question of the deprovincialisation of Government schools.

The Bengal Women's Education League held several sessions. The resolutions passed at the conference emphasise the importance of girls' education to the country and urge that the danger of its becoming stereotyped and unrelated to present-day conditions should be avoided. Experiment, the liberty to adventure on broad lines, creative activity, these are to be welcomed rather than the attempt to fit all schools into the same mould.

An educational exhibition was held at Midnapore in 1931-32, and a stall was reserved for educational exhibits every year in the Suri Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition.

(7) **Experiments in education.**—Interest in modern methods of teaching and psychological tests bearing on educational problems may be traced to the activities of the David Hare Training College established in Calcutta in 1908 and the Teachers' Training College established two years later in Dacca. Experiments have been conducted at the two training colleges on individual and group tests of intelligence and the adaptation of various western tests to local conditions in the province. It was also realised that the immediate need was to acquaint teachers

with the most elementary principles of child psychology and the up-to-date western methods of teaching the common subjects of the curriculum. So, while the theoretical portion of the work required under the University regulations was not neglected, attention was focussed more and more on the practical side which consisted mainly in the adaptation of western methods to the usual school room conditions of the country.

A brief survey of the experiments conducted at the David Hare Training College is given below: —

(1) *Otis Group Intelligence Tests.*—These were adapted to conditions in Bengal and the modified tests along with a manual for their use in schools was published by the college. A brochure entitled "Manasviter Map" (measurement for intelligence) was also published for use by teachers.

(2) *Medium of instruction.*—Classes were taught in history in 1928 in the vernacular; there was a higher percentage of passes in the First Terminal than in the second when a foreign medium of instruction was used.

(3) *Geography.*—Models, charts and climatic graphs have been prepared by students-in-training.

(4) *History.*—Models, lines of times, and maps especially designed for class use have been made by students-in-training as a result of group activity. A Sketching Club has been started under the history section and pictures on Indian History (especially designed for use in the class room) are drawn by artists among students-in-training with a view to historical accuracy as regards appearance, costumes, ornament, setting, etc. Experiments in the source method of teaching history conducted at the Training College and the Ballygunge Government High School yielded very satisfactory results and the students-in-training compile their own source book of Indian History. The work is entirely of a novel character and has proved very stimulating. The results of these and other experiments have been published in two articles in Macnee's Instruction in Indian Secondary Schools published by the Oxford University Press.

(5) *The use of Linguaphone for teaching English pronunciation* has yielded satisfactory results.

(6) *Science.*—Inexpensive apparatus have been devised to illustrate such topics as heat, electricity and magnetism.

A brief account is given of tests conducted at the Dacca Teachers' Training College.

(1) *The Standford Binet Simon Scale* was adapted to Bengalis. It was published by the Oxford University Press as a bulletin of Dacca University.

(2) *Columbia College Entrance Test* was adapted to Bengalis. This test was applied to students of the Teachers' College. The correlation coefficients with the University results ranged from ·50 to ·72 in various years.

(3) *Bengali Group Test.*—This test is a vernacular test on the lines of the College Entrance Test.

(4) *Northumberland Test.*—This test was adapted for English-speaking children living in India.

(5) *Absurdity Test.*—This was adapted from Ballard's Test.

(6) *The Non-Language Test.*—This test was devised in response to a desire expressed by the Forest Department, Kurseong. The test was used for selecting candidates for admission to the Forest Rangers Training School.

(7) *The experiment on the P.N.E.U. system of teaching* already referred to led to the preparation of useful assignments in the 3R's and hygiene.

(8) *A handwriting scale* has been prepared.

(9) *A system of elementary phonetics for teaching English pronunciation* has been devised.

(10) *Determinants of success in the Teachers' College.*—Attempts were made to determine what factors tend to contribute to success in the Teachers' College course.

The following correlations were obtained:

Factor.		Correlations wi college succes
1. General intelligence	..	·7
2. Studiousness ..	..	·6
3. Teaching experience	..	·1
4. Academic career (po	..	·6
5. General activity	..	·4
6 Sporting habits . ..	..	·1

(11) *Dr. West's researches in modern language teaching follow by the construction of a series of books on definite principles of starti with known words and introducing new words regularly at a defini rate of increase.*—His theory on the relative importance of reading a speaking has attracted considerable attention.

Educational measurement is included in the course of studies pursu by the Teachers' Training College at Dacca, and to enable studen in-training to realise that this is a preliminary basis for research wo they are required to submit a small "research" of an objective or sem objective character. These investigations are to be regarded more suggestive essays than solid contributions to real research.

A brief summary is given of the tests carried out by the studen under training at the Dacca Training College.

Selection of stories.—Eight stories from the best story-writers we compiled into a booklet and a large number of boys of the high schoo of the city of Dacca were tested. They were asked to read the stori carefully and grade them according to their liking and arrange the in order of preference.

Results obtained.—Ages 7-10—Preference for fairy tale. Ag 11-14—Preference for tale of heroism Ages 15-16—Preference fo biography.

The vocabulary of non-English-knowing Bengali boys.—The ai of this investigation was to find the number of English words that a known to Bengali children (ages 6-10) who had not yet begun to stud English at all.

The English vocabulary of non-English-knowing Bengali adults.- The aim of this investigation was to find the number of English wor that are known to non-English-knowing Bengali adults free from tow

The experiments conducted by Khan Bahadur Moula Bux, Inspector of Schools, deserve mention. He has examined several thousand boys with the help of teachers to discover norms of attainments of boys of different classes in different subjects. The results will soon be published and might encourage others in conducting similar experiments. The norms may be used in appraising the progress of a class in a subject and also in selecting boys for admission. The general conclusions arrived at as a result of the above experiments are the following:—

All English and American tests require a good deal of adaptation for use in India, so much so that in most cases the results of the tests applied to Indian children would not be comparable with English or American results. Intelligence tests for children are not much needed in India, and are very difficult to use owing to the difficulty of discovering the true age of children in schools. Adult tests are likely to be useful as a means of selecting candidates for admission to technical or professional colleges. Such tests will naturally tend to be of a partially vocational character. Since 1928 the admissions into the Dacca Training College have been largely regulated by an admission test of this type held every year.

But in spite of all the attempts made by the training colleges and the inspecting staff, it was difficult to dislodge the old methods of teaching in schools which had their roots in mere memory work and purely literary forms of training. Indigenous systems of education had determined the character of western education in India. It was evident that it would be a long time before the new ideas inculcated at the Training College could spread to the several thousand schools through the few teachers who had an opportunity of undergoing training.

So, in accordance with a suggestion of Lord Lytton in 1925—the then Governor of Bengal, it was proposed to hold an annual conference of teachers and inspecting officers and others engaged in educational work. The objects of the conference were to encourage teachers to depart from the ordinary rut, to break away from the grooves in which they are apt to move and to improve their teaching by learning of the successful experiments in the new methods. There was unanimity in welcoming the proposal but with that a general vagueness as to what can be done in the way of improving methods of teaching. However, teachers in certain schools started experiments on the Dalton plan, supervised study, Project Method and Silent Reading.

It was subsequently found that without definite guidance for conducting experiments sufficient reliable materials would not be available which would furnish data for drawing conclusions therefrom. The results of investigations into educational methods were embodied under the guidance of Dr. West in a pamphlet on experiments in education and it was circulated through the Director of Public Instruction to schools in Bengal. The following topics were suggested as fit subjects for experiments and the method of experimentation was shortly described in the pamphlet:—

(*a*) The Dalton Plan.

(*b*) The new method of teaching English as devised by Dr. West, Principal, Dacca Training College.

(*c*) The teaching of English pronunciation.

(*d*) The short daily practice (in handwriting and arithmetic).

(*e*) Oral retranslation for teaching English idiom in upper classes.

(*f*) The encouragement of reading.

(*g*) Composition as self-expression (in vernacular or English).

(*h*) Monthly orders.

(*i*) Organised outdoor occupation.

(*j*) Free manual work for lower classes

(*k*) "Clubs" as factor in education.

The publication of this pamphlet furnished an impetus to the experiments that had been started and new lines of work were also attempted. But it must be confessed that the number of workers has not been very large nor the results obtained very encouraging. But the general level of teaching has improved, especially in the schools which contain trained teachers on their staff. But unfortunately the percentage of trained teachers, as has been already marked, is too insignificant to effect a radical change within a short compass of time.

We want more trained teachers and more facilities for the trained teacher for applying his knowledge. Many a trained teacher finds himself in an atmosphere of indifference if not hostility.

We also want a small experimental school in charge of an alert open-minded person who should be given a free hand. Mistakes may be made, but it is necessary, in all new adventures, to stand by without issuing warnings and reprimands. "It may be said," to quote Mr. Barrow, "that this function of experimental schools is already fulfilled by the practising schools attached to training colleges, but the presence of the teachers under training, who have to be constantly looked after, to undergo a definite course, and to sit for an examination, must make it difficult for the staff to enjoy much real freedom of method."

The conference referred to before did not materialise in the quinquennium, but sufficient data may be gathered and a conference of selected people only who have performed some experiments may be held in the near future.

Statement of weekly gauge readings on the river Ganges at Rampur Boalia for the week ending the 21st October 1933.

Date.	Hour	Height of surface above P.W.D. datum.	Height of surface above P. W D datum on the same date last year.	Remarks.
1933				
15th October	7 a.m.	48·20	47·80	Value of 0=0·00 P. W. D.
16th „	7 „	47·80	47·20	Zero of gauge referred to B. M. on Rajshahi College step; value 64·73.
17th „	7 „	47·35	46·75	
18th „	7 „	47·15	46·20	
19th „	7 „	46·65	45·75	
20th „	7 „	46·50	45·35	
21st „	7 „	46·20	45·02	

Highest recorded level on 26-8-1879=64·24
Lowest recorded level on 24-4-1931=32·05.

H. W. IRWIN, *Subdivisional Officer,*
Irrigation Department, Rajshahi.

Rampur Boalia, the 23rd October 1933.

Statement showing the gauge readings at Dacca Waterworks on the river Buriganga for the week ending 7th October 1933.

Date.	At highest water.		At lowest water.		Commencement of—		Remarks.	
	Time	Reading.	Time.	Reading.	Ebb tide	Flow tide.	At 7 a.m.	At 5 p.m.
1933.								
1st October	Tide is not perceptible.						14·1	14·1
2nd „							14·15	14·2
3rd „							14 25	14·25
4th „							14·25	14·3
5th „							14·3	14·3
6th „							14·25	14·2
7th „							14·1	14·1

B. M. on settling tank 39·49 O. M. S. L. Zero is at O. M. S. L.

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

		Taken at high tide.			Taken at low tide.
27th August	1906	70·5	23rd February	1907	51·06
5th September	1909	66·86	13th „	1908	51·06
10th August	1910	69·86	12th March	1912	51·06
1st „	1911	68·46	6th „	1914	50·60
13th „	1912	67·16	22nd February	1915	50·30
31st „	1915	69·7	15th „	1916	50·60
8th „	1916	68·1	3rd March	1917	51·0
12th „	1917	67·1	21st February	1918	51·40
13th „	1918	69·12	26th „	1919	50·4
2nd „	1919	66·8	18th „	1920	50·9
8th September	1920	66·9	19th „	1921	50·9
28th July	1921	68·4	8th March	1922	51·05
10th August	1922	68·90	14th „	1923	50·8
31st July	1923	66·15	16th February	1924	50·50
29th August	1924	68·82	5th March	1925	50·9
8th September	1925	68·52	9th February	1926	2·2
15th August	1926	19·6	27th „	1927	2·10
17th September	1927	18·70	16th „	1928	2·2
22nd August	1928	20·0	21st „	1929	2·0
13th July	1929	17·8	24th „	1930	2·3
12th September	1930	18·65	28th „	1931	2·2
16th August	1931	21·7	18th „	1932	1·8
6th September	1932	18·5			

N.B.—Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks prior to 11 a.m. on the 8th January 1926= —48·51 with reference to P. W. D. datum.

Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks since 11 a.m. of the 8th January 1926=0·00 with reference to P. W. D. datum.

[ILLEGIBLE], for *Executive Engineer,*
Khulna Division.

Khulna, the 21st October 1933.

Statement showing the gauge readings at Dacca Waterworks on the river Buriganga for the week ending 14th October 1933.

Date.	At highest water.		At lowest water		Commencement of—		Remarks.	
	Time.	Reading.	Time.	Reading.	Ebb tide.	Flow tide.	At 7 a.m.	At 5 p.m.
1933.								
8th October ..	Tide is not perceptible.						14·0	13·95
9th ,, ..							13·75	13·6
10th ,, ..							13·4	13·3
11th ,, ..							13·1	13·0
12th ,, ..							12·8	12·6
13th ,, ..							12·3	12·15
14th ,, ..							11·95	11·8

B. M. on settling tank 39·49 O. M. S. L. Zero is at O. M. S. L.

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

			Taken at high tide.				Taken at low tide.
27th August	1906	.	70·5	23rd February	1907	..	51·06
5th September	1909	..	66·86	13th ,,	1908	..	51·06
10th August	1910	..	69·86	12th March	1912	..	51·06
1st ,,	1911	..	68·46	6th ,,	1914	..	50·60
13th ,,	1912	..	67·16	22nd February	1915	..	50·30
31st ,,	1915	..	69·7	15th ,,	1916	..	50·60
8th ,,	1916	..	68·1	3rd March	1917	..	51·0
12th ,,	1917	..	67·1	21st February	1918	..	51·40
13th ,,	1918	..	69·12	26th ,,	1919	..	50·4
2nd ,,	1919	..	66·8	18th ,,	1920	..	50·9
8th September	1920	..	66·9	19th ,,	1921	..	50·9
28th July	1921	..	68·4	8th March	1922	..	51·05
10th August	1922	..	68·00	14th ,,	1923	..	50·8
31st July	1923	..	66·15	16th February	1924	..	50·50
29th August	1924	..	68·82	5th March	1925	..	50·9
8th September	1925	..	68·52	9th February	1926	..	2·2
15th August	1926	..	19·6	27th ,,	1927	..	2·10
17th September	1927	..	18·70	16th ,,	1928	..	2·2
22nd August	1928	..	20·0	21st ,,	1929	..	2·0
13th July	1929	..	17·8	24th ,,	1930	..	2·3
12th September	1930	..	18·65	28th ,,	1931	..	2·2
16th August	1931	..	21·7	18th ,,	1932	..	1·8
6th September	1932	..	18·5				

N. B.—Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks prior to 11 a.m. on the 8th January 1926 = −48·51 with reference to P. W. D. datum.
Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks since 11 a.m. of the 8th January 1926 = 0·00 with reference to P. W. D. datum.

Khulna, the 21st October 1933.

[ILLEGIBLE], for *Executive Engineer,*
Khulna Division.

Vital statistics of towns with a population of 50,000 and over of the Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 14th October 1933.

Districts.	Nos.	Towns.	Population under registration according to Census of 1931.			Births registered		Deaths registered.																							
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still-births).	Still-births registered.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Cerebrospinal meningitis.	Malaria.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Kala-azar.	Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Influenza.	Pneumonia.	Phthisis.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries including suicide.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes. Male.	Total of all causes. Female.	Total of all causes. Total.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Male.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Female.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Total.
Calcutta ..	1	Calcutta ..	814,948	381,786	1,196,734	724	58	6	1	..	8	18	25	1	.	2	26	27	4	7	68	48	43	14	1	275	296	278	574	342	255	597
Burdwan ..	2	Asansol Mining Settlement.	209,544	173,136	382,680	299	6	..	..	..	..	4	2	..	..	..	68	4	..	..	11	1	7	5	3	57	92	70	162	60	38	98
Howrah ..	3	Howrah ..	145,120	79,753	224,873	191	13	1	..	..	..	5	5	..	..	1	8	6	9	..	13	6	11	2	..	38	60	45	105	58	53	111
Dacca ..	4	Dacca ..	79,365	59,153	138,518	143	4	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	6	2	..	8	3	7	1	2	32	34	32	66	20	27	47
24-Parganas ..	5	Bhatpara ..	60,134	24,841	84,975	39	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	14	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	4	13	8	21	15	12	27
Chittagong ..	6	Chittagong ..	35,049	18,107	53,156	38	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	4	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	5	7	7	14	8	5	13

Calcutta, the 25th October 1933.

R. B. KHAMBATA, M.R.C.S. (ENG.), L.R.C.P. (LOND.), D.P.H. (CAMB.), *Director of Public Health, Bengal.*

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract statement showing the approximate volume of traffic and the tollage on canals in Bengal classed as Major Works and Minor Works and Navigation for the month of July 1933 as compared with the corresponding month of the previous year.

Canals	1933-34					
	Weight of cargo		Rafts		Tollage	
	During the month	To end of the month	During the month	To end of the month	During the month	To end of the month
	Tons	Tons	No	No	Rs	Rs
Major Works.						
Midnapore Canal	1,049	4,621	3,400	8,175	1,205	5,388
Hijili Tidal Canal	4,140	12,233	100	600	6,717	20,828
Total ..	5,189	16,854	3,500	8,775	7,922	26,216
Minor Works and Navigation						
Calcutta and Eastern Canals ..	18,410	91,720	5,117	12,602	14,232	64,472
Tolly's Nala	19,200	81,153	34,376	151,642	6,430	24,892
Madaripur Bil Route	85,685	157,231		4,630	24,232	50,743
Total	123,295	330,104	39,493	168,874	44,894	1,40,107
Magrahat Channels	2,541	9,066	448	4,748	2,195	6,414
Orissa Coast Canal . ..	2,780	9,937		5,450	2,502	9,324
GRAND TOTAL ..	128,619	349,107	39,941	179,072	49,591	1,55,845

Canals	1932-33					
	Weight of cargo		Rafts		Tollage	
	During the month	To end of the month	During the month	To end of the month	During the month	To end of the month
	Tons	Tons	No	No	Rs	Rs
Major Works						
Midnapore Canal	1,319	7,361	4,700	7,000	1,539	6,644
Hijili Tidal Canal . .	5,378	21,977	100	1,075	7,135	30,180
Total ..	6,697	29,338	4,800	8,075	8,674	36,824
Minor Works and Navigation						
Calcutta and Eastern Canals ..	20,515	105,767	9,140	20,288	14,837	72,829
Tolly's Nala .. .	20,602	76,093	20,508	107,649	6,547	24,543
Madaripur Bil Route	100,760	197,264		3,562	26,350	58,930
Total ..	141,877	379,124	29,648	131,499	47,734	1,56,302
Magrahat Channels	3,195	7,859		2,660	1,770	7,109
Orissa Coast Canal	2,584	9,618	.	2,250	2,159	8,372
GRAND TOTAL ..	147,656	396,601	29,648	136,409	51,663	1,71,783

July 1933

Canal	Tollage, 1933-34		Tollage, 1932-33	
	During the month	To end of the month	During the month	To end of the month
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs
Sundarbans Steamer Route	4,876	17,020	3,914	15,018

B. L. SUBARWAL,

Personal Assistant to the Chief Engineer to the Government of Bengal.

Calcutta, the 23rd October 1933.

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS.

For the week ending on the 25th October 1933.

Summary.—Excepting heavy showers in places the rainfall was generally light to moderate. It has improved the prospects of standing crops. Preparation of lands for and sowings of spring crops are proceeding. At the Nabagram and Sagardighi centres of the distressed area of Murshidabad, the number of persons receiving gratuitous relief was 28 and 67, respectively, on Saturday, the 21st October 1933. The average price of common rice for the province has risen by about 0·52 per cent. as compared with that of the previous week.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
1	24-Parganas ..	0·93	11 5/16	11 5/16	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Export and import are normal. No damage to crops.
	Diamond Harbour.	2·83	10	10	
	Barrackpore ..	2·17	10½	10½	
	Barasat ..	4·40	10	10½	
	Basirhat ..	2·98	10½	10½	
2	Nadia ..	0·90	11½	11½	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Kushtia ..	2·43	13½	(n)	
	Meherpur ..	2·37	13½	(n)	
	Chuadanga ..	1·08	12½	(n)	
	Ranaghat ..	2·20	11	11	
3	Murshidabad ..	2·64	12½	12½	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are favourable. Stock of rice is sufficient. No large import or export. Fodder and water are sufficient in all subdivisions except in certain areas of thana Nabagram where fodder is insufficient. Number of persons receiving gratuitous relief at Nabagram and Sagardighi centres was 28 and 67, respectively, on Saturday, the 21st October 1933. Cattle-disease is reported from Kandi subdivision.
	Lalbagh ..	2·48	13	13	
	Jangipur ..	3·89	13½	13½	
	Kandi ..	4·69	15	15	
4	Jessore ..	0·20	12	13	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. No large export or import. Water is sufficient but fodder is rather scarce in places. Cattle-disease is reported from Raghunathpur in Kaliganj police-station and Sindrani union board in Bongaon subdivision.
	Jhenidah ..	0·42	11	11	
	Magura ..	0·50	11	[illegible]	
	Narail ..	(n)	11	11	
	Bongaon ..	1·90	11	11	
5	Khulna ..	0·58	12	(n)	Weather seasonable and its effects on crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Satkhira ..	0·09	10½	10½	
	Bagerhat ..	0·41	10	11	

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. This week.	Previous week.	Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
6	Burdwan ..	1·37	13½	13½	Weather seasonable Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Asansol ..	0·65	11	11	
	Katwa ..	4·27	12½	(n)	
	Kalna ..	2·05	11	11	
7	Birbhum ..	1·09	13	13	Weather seasonable Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Rampurhat ..	0·83	14½	14½	
8	Bankura ..	1·02	13¾	13½	Weather seasonable Ploughing of lands for *rabi* crops continues Prospects of standing crops are good Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Patrasair and Taldangra thanas.
	Vishnupur ..	4·36	13	13½	
9	Midnapore ..	2·50	14⅝	15	Weather seasonable Autumn rice is being harvested Outturn is fair Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient except in the affected parts of Contai Cattle-disease is reported from Khargram police-station
	Contai ..	14·96	10	13	
	Tamluk ..	3·04	10	10	
	Ghatal ..	2·33	14½	13½	
	Jhargram ..	2·29	13½	13½	
10	Hooghly ..	1·85	11	11½	Weather seasonable. Condition of standing crops is on the whole fair. No large export or import Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Serampore ..	4·78	12	11½	
	Arambagh ..	3·18	13	13	
11	Howrah ..	0·80	10½	10½	Whether seasonable Its effects are favourable to standing crops. Harvesting of jute still continues No large export or import. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Uluberia ..	0·82	11½	11½	
12	Rajshahi (Rampur-Boalia).	(n)	(n)	12⅜	Reports not received
	Naogaon ..	(n)	(n)	13	
	Nator ..	(n)	(n)	11½	
13	Dinajpur ..	1·63	12	12	Weather seasonable Its effects on agricultural operations are favourable Fodder and water are sufficient Cattle-disease is reported from Balurghat police-station
	Thakurgaon ..	1·01	10	10	
	Balurghat ..	2·18	13	13	
14	Jalpaiguri ..	3·35	10	11	Weather seasonable The recent rainfall has done good to the standing winter paddy though its prospects are not very hopeful. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Alipur ..	1·90	10	10	

(n) Not reported

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. This week.	Previous week.	Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
15	Darjeeling ..	6·69	9	9	Weather condition favourable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease exists at Jinglam in the Sadar subdivision
	Kurseong ..	3·26	11	12	
	Siliguri ..	5·28	10½	10	
	Kalimpong ..	1·69	7	7	
16	Rangpur ..	2·66	10	10	Weather seasonable Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Madankhali union board in Pirganj thana
	Nilphamari ..	4·26	10½	10½	
	Kurigram ..	(*n*)	(*n*)	10½	
	Gaibandha ..	3·91	10½	10½	
17	Bogra ..	0·77	12	13	Agricultural operations have not been affected by weather condition Prospects of standing crops are fair Recent rainfall has done good to the standing crops Sowing of *rabi* crops continues Fodder and water are sufficient
18	Pabna ..	1·06	12⅜	12⅜	Weather seasonable Condition of standing crop is good Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Serajganj ..	0·91	11½	11½	
19	Malda ..	1·74	14	14	Weather seasonable. Recent rain has done much good to winter rice and other standing crops. Fodder and water are available.
20	Cooch-Behar ..	2·32	12⅝	12⅞	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair Steeping and washing of jute continue Preparation of lands for tobacco and other *rabi* crops and rearing of tobacco seedlings continue. Cattle-disease is reported from Sitalkuchi police-station
21	Dacca ..	1·16	12	12	Weather seasonable and its effects on the agricultural operations are good Rainfall at North Sadar (Kapasia) 1·67 inches Condition of standing crop is good Harvesting of *aman* paddy is going on Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Manikganj ..	2·43	12	11½	
	Narayanganj	2·14	10	10½	
	Munshiganj ..	1·78	12	12	
22	Mymensingh ..	1·30	10	10¼	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Sowing of *rabi* crops has commenced in places Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Jamalpur ..	1·07	10½	10½	
	Tangail ..	0·67	11½	11½	
	Netrakona ..	0·63	12½	12½	
	Kishorganj ..	1·53	12½	12½	

(*n*) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches			
23	Faridpur ..	0·91	11⅛	11⅛	Weather seasonable. Condition of standing crops is fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Goalundo (Rajbari).	0·85	11	11	
	Madaripur .	1·83	11¼	12	
	Gopalganj (*a*) .	1·00	12	12	
24	Bakarganj (Barisal).	0·53	9½	10	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Pirojpur ..	3·46	11	12	
	Patuakhali ..	0·56	10	12½	
	Dakshin Shabazpur (Bhola)	Nil	9⅞	10	
25	Chittagong ..	2·90	11 12*	11 12*	Weather seasonable Prospects of standing *aman* crop are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient Panga salt sells at 13 seers per rupee at Sadar.
	Cox's Bazar ..	(*n*)	(*n*)	11	
26	Tippera (Comilla).	1·17	10	10	Weather and condition of crops are fair.
	Brahmanbaria	4·20	12	12	
	Chandpur ..	0·83	11¼	11¼	
27	Noakhali ..	0·76	12	12	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Feni ..	0·57	13	13	
28	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	0·26	18	13	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease still prevails.
29	Tripura State	0·48	14¼	14½	Weather seasonable. Fodder sufficient. Harvesting of cotton commenced. Cotton sells at Rs. 10 to Rs. 15-8 and jute at Re. 1-8 to Rs 5 per maund.

*Burma rice. (*n*) Not reported.

(*a*) The rainfall at Haridaspur, which is very near to Gopalganj, is shown here.

Dacca, the 30th October 1933.

S. ABDULLAH, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

Wholesale prices-current of food grains, gur, etc., in the undermentioned marts of Bengal for the first half of October 1933.

Marts.	Paddy local (best quality).			Paddy local (common quality).			Rice local (best quality).		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Calcutta	2 4 0	2 4 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 12 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 0 0
Burdwan	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 15 0	1 13 0	1 13 0	1 10 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 2 0
Midnapore	1 12 0	1 10 0	1 5 0	1 8 0	1 7 0	1 4 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0
Chittagong	1 8 0	1 8 0	1 9 0	1 4 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	5 0 0
Dacca	1 14 6	2 4 0	2 3 0	1 10 0	1 11 0	1 13 0	3 1[illegible] 0	4 0 0	3 8 0
Pabna	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 8 0	1 8 0	1 8 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
Rangpur	2 1 0	2 4 0	1 10 0	1 11 0	1 14 0	1 4 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	3 12 0
Serajganj (Pabna)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sarisabari (Mymensingh) ..	..	..	.	..	..	..	..	..	..
Narayanganj (Dacca)	.	..	..	..	..	.	..	..	..

Marts.	Rice local (common quality).			Wheat.			Raw cotton.		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Calcutta	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 2 0	(n)	(n)	15 8 0	(n)	(a)
Burdwan	3 4 0	3 4 0	3 5 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
Midnapore	2 12 0	2 14 0	2 10 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chittagong	3 8 0	3 8 0	4 8 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacca	3 2 0	3 2 0	3 4 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pabna	3 2 0	3 4 0	3 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rangpur	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 4 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
Serajganj (Pabna)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sarisabari (Mymensingh) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Narayanganj (Dacca)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Marts.	Coal.			Raw Jute (weighted average).			*Gur* (sugarcane).		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Calcutta	0 6 6	0 6 6	0 6 0	4 2 0	4 3 3	5 3 6	5 8 0	5 8 0	(n)
Burdwan							5 8 0	5 8 0	5 6 0
Midnapore							4 0 0	4 8 0	5 12 0
Chittagong			..				5 0 0	5 0 0	6 0 0
Dacca			..				6 0 0	6 8 0	[illegible] 0 0
Pabna			..				5 8 0	3 8 0	5 0 0
Rangpur							4 0 0 to 4 8 0	4 0 0 to 4 8 0	4 8 0
Serajganj (Pabna) ..				3 2 0	3 2 0	4 6 0			
Sarisabari (Mymensingh)				4 2 0 to 2 14 0	4 2 0 to 3 0 0	4 0 0 to 5 8 0			
Narayanganj (Dacca) ..				3 10 0 to 2 14 0	3 12 0 to 3 0 0	3 12 0 to 5 6 0			

(a) Not available. (n) Not reported.

Dacca, the 25th October 1933.

S. ABDULLAH, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

Prices-current (retail) of common rice and salt in the districts of Bengal for the first half of October 1933.

Districts and Marts.	Quantity per rupee in seers of eighty tolas.								
	Common rice.						Salt.		
	Average.			Cheapest.					
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	S. Ch	S Ch.	S. Ch.	S Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.									
24-Parganas—									
1 Chetla Hat ..	11 5	11 11	11 7	13 4	13 4	13 4	17 12	17 12	14 8
2 Mogra Hat ..	11 13	11 0	13 14	13 5	12 5	15 4	16 4	16 4	13 5
3 Calcutta-Beliaghata	9 10	9 10	10 10	11 7	11 9	12 5	13 0	13 0	13 0
Nadia—									
4 Goari	11 8	11 8	12 8	(n)	(n)	12 8	13 0†	13 0†	13 0
5 Ranaghat ..	11 0	11 0	12 5	(n)	(n)	12 5	13 0†	13 0†	13 0†
Murshidabad—									
6 Berhampore ..	12 8	12 0	14 0	13 4	13 0	14 8	14 0*	14 0*	14 0*
7 Kandi	16 0	16 0	16 0	16 8	16 8	16 12	15 4†	15 4†	13 8
8 Jangipur ..	13 0	12 8	14 0	14 8	13 0	14 8	15 0†	15 0†	15 0
Jessore—									
9 Sadar. ..	13 0	12 0	12 0	14 0	14 0	14 0	14 0* 15 0	14 0* 15 0	13 0
10 Bongaon ..	14 0	10 8	13 0	13 0	12 8	18 0	13 8 11 8*	13 8 11 8*	13 0 11 0*
Khulna—									
11 Sadar	10 4	10 0	12 0	12 0	11 0	14 8	13 0†	13 0†	13 8
12 Bagerhat ..	11 0	11 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	15 0	13 8	13 8	13 8
BURDWAN DIVISION.									
Burdwan—									
13 Sadar	12 0	12 0	9 12	11 0	11 0	12 0	13 8 16 0*	13 8 16 0*	16 0* 13 0
14 Kalna	10 8	10 10	11 4	12 2	12 2	12 4	16 0†	16 0†	16 0*
Birbhum—									
15 Suri	13 0	12 0	14 0	13 8	13 0	15 0	14 0	14 0	14 0
16 Rampurhat ..	15 0	14 0	14 8	16 0	15 0	15 8	16 0	16 0	16 0
Bankura—									
17 Sadar	14 0	13 0	13 0	14 8	13 8	14 0	14 0†	14 0†	14 0*
18 Vishnupur ..	13 0	12 0	13 0	15 0	14 0	15 0	14 0	13 0	13 4

* Karkach. (n) Not reported.

N.B.—The prices of Karkach and Liverpool salt tally with each other in marts marked †

Prices-current (retail) of common rice and salt in the districts of Bengal for the first half of October 1933.

Districts and Marts.	Quantity per rupee in seers of eighty tolas.								
	Common rice.						Salt.		
	Average.			Cheapest.					
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
Burdwan Division—*concld.*									
Midnapore—									
19 Sadar	15 0	15 0	15 12	16 0	16 0	16 8	15 0*	14 8*	16 0*
20 Contai	13 0	11 0	16 0	14 0	13 0	18 0	21 0	16 0	16 0
Hooghly—									
21 Sadar	11 8	11 8	12 0	13 4	13 5	13 12	15 8	15 8	13 8
22 Arambagh ..	13 0	13 0	14 0	14 0	14 0	14 10	13 8 13 4*	13 8 13 4*	13 0* 13 11
Howrah—									
23 Sadar	11 0	11 0	8 0	13 0	13 4	12 0	16 0	16 0	12 0
24 Uluberia ..	11 8	10 12	12 0	13 0	13 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	15 8
Rajshahi Division.									
Rajshahi—									
25 Rampur-Boalia ..	12 0	12 6	13 0	16 0	16 0	15 0	13 8 13 0*	13 0 13 0*	12 0
26 Nator	(n)	(n)	15 0	12 12	12 0	15 0	12 0†	12 0†	12 0†
27 Dinajpur—Railbazar Hat.	12 8	13 4	13 8	14 8	14 8	14 8	14 8 14 0*	14 0†	11 6
28 Jalpaiguri—Sadar ..	10 0	9 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	12 0	13 0	13 0	10 8
Darjeeling—									
29 Sadar	9 0	10 0	9 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0 8 0*	8 8 7 0*	9 8* 9 8
30 Siliguri ..	10 0	10 0	10 0	11 0	11 0	12 0	11 0†	11 0†	11 0* 11 0
Rangpur—									
31 Sadar .. .	10 2	10 2	12 8	13 13	13 13	14 10	12 8	12 8	11 4
32 Nilphamari ..			10 10	11 0	11 0	10 10	12 8*	12 8*	11 11
33 Bogra—Sadar ..	(n)	(n)	13 8	12 0	12 0	15 0	12 0	12 0	12 0
Pabna—									
34 Sadar	11 6	11 6	13 0	12 6	12 6	14 0	13 4†	13 4†	13 0
35 Serajganj ..	11 8	11 8	13 0	12 8	12 8	15 4	16 0 15 0*	15 0 14 0*	13 0 11 8*
Malda—									
36 Sadar	14 0	14 0	15 0	15 0	14 8	15 8	14 0†	14 0†	13 0
37 Balia—Nawabganj	15 8	14 0	14 8	16 8	16 0	15 0	15 0 14 0*	15 0 14 0*	14 0* 13 12

*Karkach. (n) Not reported.

N. B.—The prices of Karkach and Liverpool salt tally with each other in marts marked †.

Prices-current (retail) of common rice and salt in the districts of Bengal for the first half of October 1933.

Districts and Marts.	Quantity per rupee in seers of eighty tolas.								
	Common rice.						Salt.		
	Average.			Cheapest.					
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
DACCA DIVISION.									
Dacca—									
38 Sadar	13 0	12 0	12 5	14 8	16 0	13 14	{ 13 5 13 5*	14 0 13 0*	} 12 0
39 Mirkadim ..	12 0	11 0	13 0	13 0	12 8	14 8	{ 14 0 13 8*	} 13 8*	{ 14 8* 13 8
Mymensingh—									
40 Nasirabad ..	10 0	10 0	10 10	11 0	11 0	11 14	12 0*	12 0*	12 5*
41 Netrakona ..	(n)	(n)	11 4	12 8	12 8	11 4	{ 15 0 12 8*	14 8 13 8*	} 11 4*
Faridpur—									
42 Sadar ..	11 2	11 2	11 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	12 8†	12 8†	11 0*
43 Rajbari .	11 0	11 0	10 8	13 0	13 0	13 8	12 0†	12 0†	12 0*
Bakarganj—									
44 Barisal ..	10 0	11 0	12 4	11 8	13 0	13 4	{ 17 0 17 0*	17 0 16 0*	11 8 13 0*
45 Pirojpur ..	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 4	12 4	12 4	11 0†	11 0†	11 0†
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.									
Tippera—									
46 Comilla ..	9 7	9 7	10 11	13 5	13 5	12 5	{ 12 13 10 10*	12 13 10 10*	12 13 10 10*
47 Chandpur ..	12 5	10 10	11 6	13 5	13 5	14 8	{ 13 5 12 5*	13 5 12 2*	} 14 0
Noakhali—									
48 Kalitara Hat ..	9 8	10 0	10 0	11 8	11 8	10 8	{ 16 0 13 4*	13 8 10 12*	11 4 10 0*
49 Feni Hat ..	12 0	12 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	{ 14 0 10 0*	14 0 10 0*	11 4* 13 0
Chittagong—									
50 Sadar . ..	10 0	10 0	10 8	13 [illegible]	13 8	12 0	16 0	16 0	14 8
51 Cox's Bazar ..	10 0	10 0	9 0	11 0	11 0	9 12	13 0	13 0	13 0
52 Chittagong Hill Tracts —Rangamati ..	10 0	10 0	10 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	{ 5 0* 12 0	5 0* 12 0	5 0* 12 0

* Karkach. (n) Not reported.

N. B.—The prices of Karkach and Liverpool salt tally with each other in marts marked †.

Dacca, the 25th October 1933. S. ABDULLAH, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

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CONTENTS:

PART I

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

Orders by the Government of Bengal.

No. 11036A.

Appointments and Transfers.

GENERAL.

Hooghly-Howrah.—No. 1409A.D. — 30th October 1933.—Babu Subodh Kumar Bhattacharji, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, is appointed temporarily to act as an Additional District and Sessions Judge, Hooghly, at Howrah.

Mymensingh.—No. 1413A.D.—30th October 1933.—Babu Nagendra Kumar Basu, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, is appointed temporarily to act as an Additional District and Sessions Judge, Mymensingh.

24-Parganas.—No. 10699A.—30th October 1933.—The services of Mr. C. Bartley, I.C.S., Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

Jessore-Noakhali. — No 10753A. — 30th October 1933.—Maulvi Mahmud Ahmad, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, is appointed to have charge of the Feni subdivision of the Noakhali district

Jessore. — No 10756A - 30th October 1933—Babu Anil Chandra Basu, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Jessore district

24-Parganas.—No 10762A —30th October 1933.—Mr Shaibal Kumar Gupta, I C S, on leave, is appointed to act, until further orders, as an Additional District and Sessions Judge 24-Parganas

Chittagong.—No 10783A – 1st November 1933—Maulvi Kalimuddin Ahmad, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Chittagong district

Birbhum.—No 10786A — 1st November 1933.—Babu Hemendra Nath Nandi, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Birbhum district

Calcutta. — No 10898A — 3rd November 1933—Mr H Tufnell-Barrett, I C S, on leave, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Deputy Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Political Department

Rangpur.—No 10940A — 3rd November 1933—Khan Bahadur Abu Ali Muhammad Chaudhuri, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed to have charge of the Gaibandha subdivision of the Rangpur district

Chittagong-Chittagong Divn. — No 10964-A —4th November 1933.—Mr H. S E. Stevens, I C S Magistrate and Collector, Chittagong, is appointed temporarily to act, in addition to his duties, as Commissioner of the Chittagong Division

Rajshahi-Calcutta.—No 10954A —4th November 1933—Mr O M Martin, I C S, Magistrate and Collector, Rajshahi, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Revenue and Irrigation Departments

Rajshahi.—No. 10960A.—4th November 1933.—Mr. A. S. Larkin, I.C.S., on leave, is appointed to be Magistrate and Collector, Rajshahi.

POLICE.

Calcutta-Midnapore. — No 10972A. — 4th November 1933—Mr. E T. Feely, officiating Deputy Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, is appointed temporarily to act as Additional Superintendent of Police, Midnapore.

ECCLESIASTICAL

Calcutta.—No. 10970A – 4th November 1933—The Reverend T H Croxall, a Chaplain of the Additional Clergy Society, is appointed to be Chaplain of the Presidency General Hospital, with effect from the 26th October 1933, or any subsequent date on which he may take over charge of his duties.

Leave.

GENERAL

Tippera.—No 10805A — 2nd November 1933—Babu Suresh Chandra Guha Thakurta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tippera, was allowed leave on average pay for one week, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th October 1933

No 10891A.—2nd November 1933—Babu Hemendra Nath Nandi, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for six weeks, under the proviso to rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 30th June 1933

Bogra.—No. 10927A.—3rd November 1933—Babu Chandra Kumar Sen Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector, Bogra, is allowed leave on average pay for four months under the proviso to rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 23rd October 1933

Calcutta. — No. 10949A. — 4th November 1933—Mr H. C. V. Philpot, I C.S., Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Revenue and Irrigation Departments, is allowed leave for one year, viz., leave on average pay for eight months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*i*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 26th November 1933, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period, under rule 81(*d*) of those Rules.

Dacca. — No. 10975A. — 4th November 1933.—Mr. Amarendra Nath Sen, District and Sessions Judge, Dacca, was on leave on average pay, under rule 81(b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, from the 23rd October to the 30th October 1933, inclusive.

Bakarganj.—No. 10978A. — 4th November 1933.—Mr. Basanta Bihari Sarkar, I.C.S., Additional District Magistrate, Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for four months, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 10th November 1933, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

No. 10980A.—4th November 1933.—Babu Jatindra Mohan Chatarji (No I), Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, from the 25th September 1933 to the 7th November 1933, inclusive

POLICE

No. 10694A — 28th October 1933. — Rai Sahib Pramode Nath Mukharji, Deputy Superintendent of Police, is allowed leave for three months, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 20th June 1933, viz., leave on half average pay for twenty-eight days, under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, and extraordinary leave for the remaining period under rule 85 of those Rules.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.)

No. 22126Pub. — 1st November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 19 of the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act, 1931 (XXIII of 1931), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare all copies, wherever found, of a booklet in Hindi entitled "Jago Bharatbasi," compiled and published by Upendra Jha and printed at the Keshri Press, 2/3, Chittaranjan Avenue, Calcutta, to be forfeited to His Majesty on the ground that it appears to the Governor in Council that the said booklet contains words of the nature described in clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the said Act

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Police, Bengal.

Calcutta.—No. 9869A.—31st October 1933 —**Bakarganj-Rajshahi.**—Babu Srish Chandra Chaudhuri, Inspector, Bakarganj, is transferred to Rajshahi in exchange with Khan Sahib Altafuddin Khan, Inspector, Rajshahi, officiating as Deputy Superintendent of Police, Bakarganj

No. 9878A.—1st November 1933.— **Murshidabad-Calcutta-Pabna.**—Babu Girija Kanta Chakrabatti, Inspector, Murshidabad, is transferred to the C I D in exchange with Babu Surendra Nath Lahiri, Inspector of that department, officiating as Deputy Superintendent of Police, Sirajganj, Pabna

T. J A CRAIG,

Inspector-General of Police, Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Political.

NOTIFICATIONS

No. 11475P.—31st October 1933—In exercise of the power conferred by section 24 of the Bengal Suppression of Terrorist Outrages Act, 1932 (Ben. Act XII of 1932), the Governor in Council is pleased to invest Babu Jiban Chandra Chatarji, Deputy Magistrate, Midnapore, with the powers of a Special Magistrate under the said Act.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No 11037A

Powers.

Rangpur.—No 10793A. — 1st November 1933.—Babu Kumud Bihari Mallik, Deputy Magistrate, Rangpur, is vested, under section 407 (2) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, with power to hear appeals from the decisions of Magistrates of the second and third classes.

G. P HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Appointments and Transfers.

24-Parganas.—No. 7523J. — 31st October 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased -

(*a*) to confer upon Babu Jogendra Nath Biswas the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification,

(*b*) to direct him to sit as a member of the Khardah bench in the said district, and

(*c*) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

Nadia.—No. 7520J.—8th October 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased -

(*a*) to confer upon Babu Hem Chandra Mitra the powers of a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of Nadia, for a period of three years from the 12th October 1933, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district,

(*b*) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Krishnagar bench in the said district, and

(*c*) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

He is also vested with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Birbhum-Khulna.—No. 7714J.—2nd November 1933.—Babu Palas Chandra Pal, who last acted as a munsif of Bolpur in the district of Birbhum, is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Khulna, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Omer Mallik, or until further orders.

24-Parganas.—No. 7717J. -2nd November 1933.--Babu Durga Prasanna Pal, officiating Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, on leave, is appointed temporarily to act, as First Additional Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of the 24-Parganas, *vice* Babu Bhujagendra Mustafi, on leave.

Leave.

24-Parganas.—No. 7531J. — 31st October 1933.—Babu Bhujagendra Mustafi, First Additional Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas, is allowed leave on average pay up to the 10th December 1933, under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave already granted to him.

Mymensingh.—No. 7514J.—18th September 1933.—Maulvi Shaharuddin Ahmed, munsif of Bajitpur, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and three days, under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 20th November 1933.

Jessore. — No. 7515J. — 25th September 1933.—Babu Manmatha Kumar Ray, munsif of Magura, in the district of Jessore, is allowed leave on average pay for ten days, under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 9th September 1933, and is permitted to affix thereto the civil court vacation of 1933 under rule 82 (*d*) of those Rules.

Chittagong. - No. 7516J. — 6th October 1933.- Babu Shib Chandra Datta, munsif of Patiya, in the district of Chittagong, is allowed leave on average pay for eight days, under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 11th September 1933, and is permitted to affix thereto the civil court vacation of 1933 under rule 82 (*d*) of those Rules.

Mymensingh.—No. 7517J. — 6th October 1933.—Babu Phanindra Kumar Singh, munsif of Mymensingh (Sadar), is allowed privilege leave on full pay on account of urgent necessity for the period from the 23rd August to the 18th September 1933, under the amendment to article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, and is permitted to affix the civil court vacation of 1933, under article 278 of those Regulations.

Chittagong. -No. 7518J.—6th October 1933. --Maulvi Md. Akkas Ali Khan, munsif of Fatikchari, in the district of Chittagong, is allowed leave on average pay for the 18th September 1933, under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules, and is permitted to affix thereto the civil court vacation of 1933, under rule 82 (*d*) of those Rules.

Calcutta.—No. 7705J.—2nd November 1933.—Mr. Nagendra Nath Gupta, Bar-at-Law, Municipal Magistrate, Calcutta, is allowed leave on half average pay up to the 26th October 1933, under rule 81 (*d*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave already granted to him.

Murshidabad.—No. 7734J.—3rd November 1933.—Babu Tribhubaneswar Ray, officiating Subordinate Judge, Murshidabad, is allowed leave for one month and twenty-two days, from the 1st November 1933, *viz.*, leave on average pay for twenty-five days, under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules and leave on half average pay for the remaining period, under rule 81 (*d*) of those Rules.

Dacca.—No. 7710J.—3rd November 1933.—Maulvi Muhammad Ibrahim Hussain, officiating Subordinate Judge, Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for thirty days, from the 1st November 1933, under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Nadia.—No. 7535J.—31st October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the union boards mentioned below, to be, during their term of office as such members, union benches within the jurisdiction of the union boards of which they are, respectively, members, for the purposes of that section:—

Chuadanga subdivision, Nadia district.

Police-station Damurhuda.

Ramnagar union board.

Babu Jasoda Prosad Biswas.

Maulvi Abdur Rahman Biswas.

Babu Sasthi Charan Biswas.

Police-station Krishnaganj.

Banpur-Matiari union board.

Babu Mohendra Nath Basu.

Maulvi Kazi Raihanuddin Ahamed.

Babu Nritya Gopal Ray.

(2) This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union boards at which a quorum is present.

Nadia.—No. 7536J. 31st October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the union boards mentioned below, to be, during their term of office as such members, union courts within the jurisdiction of the union boards of which they are, respectively, members, for the purposes of that section:—

Chuadanga subdivision, Nadia district.

Police-station Damurhuda.

Ramnagar union board.

Babu Jasoda Prosad Biswas.

Maulvi Abdur Rahman Biswas.

Babu Sasthi Charan Biswas.

Police-station Krishnaganj.

Banpur-Matiari union board.

Babu Mohendra Nath Basu.

Maulvi Kazi Raihanuddin Ahamed.

Babu Nritya Gopal Ray.

(2) This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union boards at which a quorum is present.

Jessore.—No 7545J —31st October 1933 — In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the union boards mentioned below, to be, during their term of office as such members, union benches within the jurisdiction of the union boards of which they are, respectively members, for the purposes of that section —

Narail subdivision, district Jessore

Lohagara union board

Babu Mati Lal Sarkar

Babu Birendra Nath Sarkar

Munshi Mokramali Fakir

Munshi Abdus Samad

Naldi union board

Babu Nirmal Chandra Ghosh

Babu Mahadeb Pal

Munshi Kasem Molla

Munshi Mahomed Biswas

Mymensingh.—No 7548J 31st October 1933 —In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the union boards mentioned below, to be, during their term of office as such members, union benches within the jurisdiction of the union boards of which they are respectively members, for the purposes of that section —

Sadar South subdivision district Mymensingh

Police-station Gafargaon

Nigua union board

Maulvi Abdul Hakim Khan

Babu Nagendra Chandra Ray

Munshi Abdul Gafur Khan

Maulvi Hafiz Fazlur Rahman

Babu Ram Bhandhu Singh

Rawna union board

Maulvi Abdul Majid

Maulvi Muzafar Ali Sarkar

Maulvi Taleb Ali Sarkar

Babu Aswini Kumar Nag

Police-station Trisal

Bailor union board.

Maulvi Md Hussainullah Sarkar

Maulvi Md Artan Ali Sarkar

Maulvi Md Shirajuddin Sarkar

Babu Sashi Charan Sarkar

Mymensingh.—No 7549J — 31st October 1933 — In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the union boards mentioned below to be during their term of office as such members, union courts within the jurisdiction of the union boards of which they are respectively members for the purposes of that section

Sadar South subdivision district Mymensingh

Police-station Gafargaon

Niguan union board

Maulvi Abdul Hakim Khan

Babu Nagendra Chandra Ray

Munshi Abdul Gafur Khan

Maulvi Hafiz Fazlur Rahman

Babu Ram Bhandhu Singh

Rawna union board

Maulvi Abdul Majid

Maulvi Muzafar Ali Sarkar

Maulvi Taleb Ali Sarkar

Babu Aswini Kumar Nag.

Police-station Trisal.

Bailor union board.

Maulvi Md. Hussainullah Sarkar.

Maulvi Md. Arfan Ali Sarkar.

Maulvi Md. Shirajuddin Sarkar.

Babu Sashi Charan Sarkar.

Murshidabad.—No. 7552J. — 31st October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Chaudhuri Muhammad Abul Faiz, a member of the Salar union board within the Bharatpur police-station in the Kandi subdivision of the Murshidabad district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Dwijapada Sarkar, resigned.

Murshidabad.—No. 7553J. — 31st October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Chaudhuri Muhammad Abul Faiz, a member of the Salar union board within the Bharatpur police-station in the Kandi subdivision of the Murshidabad district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Dwijapada Sarkar, resigned.

Bogra.—No. 7555J.—31st October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Munshi Syebuddin Sardar, a member of the Rukindipur union board within the Adamdighi police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the Bogra district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Dil Sukuri Agarwala, resigned.

Bogra.—No. 7556J.—31st October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Munshi Syebuddin Sardar, a member of the Rukindipur union board within the Adamdighi police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the Bogra district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Dil Sukuri Agarwala, resigned.

Bogra.—No. 7557J.—31st October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Gopal Das Chaudhuri and Maulvi Ghugurali Sardar, members of the Chhatingram union board within the Adamdighi police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the Bogra district, to be, during their term of office as such members, members of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section.

Bogra.—No. 7558J.—31st October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Gopal Das Chaudhuri and Maulvi Ghugurali Sardar, members of the Chhatingram union board within the Adamdighi police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the Bogra district, to be, during their term of office as such members, members of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section.

Bogra.—No. 7559J.—31st October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Kalimuddin, Sarkar, a member of the Balighata union board within the Panchbibi police-station in the sadar subdivision of the Bogra district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section.

Bogra.—No 7560J.—31st October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Kalimuddin Sarkar, a member of the Balighata union board within the Panchbibi police-station in the sadar subdivision of the Bogra district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union board at which a quorum is present.

N. G. A. EDGLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Mymensingh.—No. 7730J.—3rd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Bhairab union board within the Bhairab police station in the Kishoreganj subdivision of the Mymensingh district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:

Babu Romesh Chandra Deb

Munshi Abdul Bari Mia.

Babu Birendra Chandra Dhar.

Munshi Joinal Abedin Mia.

2 This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union board at which a quorum is present

Mymensingh.—No 7731J —3rd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Bhairab union board within the Bhairab police-station in the Kishoreganj subdivision of the Mymensingh district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Babu Romesh Chandra Deb.

Munshi Abdul Bari Mia.

Babu Birendra Chandra Dhar.

Munshi Joinal Abedin Mia.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

No. 5934M. — 2nd November 1933.—The following draft of rules, which, in exercise of the power conferred by clause (*a*) of section 76 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 1st December 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned, through the District Magistrates, before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft Rules regarding qualifications of Superintendents of Water Works.

Preliminary.

1. For the purposes of these rules "water works" are divided into three classes in accordance with their approximate pumping capacity, viz:—

(*a*) First class—50,000 gallons or over per hour.

(*b*) Second class—More than 5,000 but less than 50,000 gallons per hour.

(*c*) Third class—5,000 gallons and less per hour.

2. The actual classification of particular water works shall be decided by the local Government.

3. For a municipality in which there are more than one water works under a Superintendent the combined pumping capacity of all the works shall be taken into account for the purposes of these rules.

Qualification of Superintendents.

4. A candidate for the post of Superintendent of a first or second class water works must have—

(*a*) passed the I.A. or I.Sc. examination of the Calcutta University;

(*b*) served a five years' indentured apprenticeship in a workshop of the standing recognised by the Board of Control for technical education (Department of Industries); and

(*c*) obtained the final pass certificate from the technical school run in conjunction with the workshop where the apprenticeship was served.

5. Preference shall be given to a candidate with experience of the type of prime-mover, *i.e.*, steam engines, oil engines or electrical plant and of the type of filter (*i.e.*, slow sand or mechanical) at the water works.

6. A candidate for a first class water works must, in addition to the qualifications mentioned in rule 4, have been employed for at least four years as a Superintendent of a second class water works or as an Assistant Superintendent of a first class water works.

7. A candidate for the post of Superintendent of a third class water works must be an experienced fitter–

(*a*) able to read and write English, and

(*b*) must have been in charge for at least two years, of a prime-mover of at least 10 H. P.

Preference shall be given to a candidate with experience of the type of prime-mover installed at the water works where the vacancy occurs.

8. No candidate who does not possess all the qualifications referred to in the previous rules or any similar or higher qualifications shall be appointed as a Superintendent of any water works except with the special sanction of the local Government.

No. 5941M.—2nd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (*b*) of section 65 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rules:—

Rules regarding the travelling allowance of Chairmen, Vice-Chairmen and Commissioners of Municipalities.

1. Chairmen, Vice-Chairmen and Commissioners of Municipalities are entitled to charge travelling allowance under these rules for journeys (other than journeys to attend a meeting at the municipal office) performed outside the municipality for carrying out the purposes of the Bengal Municipal Act, provided such journeys are undertaken in pursuance of a resolution passed by the Commissioners at a meeting.

2. Commissioners who are not Government servants or who being Government servants are elected Commissioners, and who do not hold the post of Chairman or Vice-Chairman, shall be entitled to draw from the municipal fund travelling allowance at the same rates as are admissible to Government servants of the second class. They are entitled to mileage for journey by road or boat although the distance travelled does not exceed 20 miles, but are not entitled to any allowance for journeys to places with a radius of 5 miles from the municipal office.

3. Chairmen and Vice-Chairmen, who are not Government servants, shall be entitled to draw from the municipal fund travelling allowance at the same rates as are admissible to Government servants of the first class. They are entitled to mileage for journey by road or boat although the distance travelled does not exceed 20 miles, but are not entitled under these rules to any allowance for journeys to places within a radius of 5 miles from the municipal office:

Provided that the Commissioners at a meeting may substitute for the rates herein mentioned the rates admissible under rule 2.

4. Commissioners who being Government servants are either Commissioners by appointment or hold the post of Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall be entitled to draw from provincial revenues the travelling allowance admissible to them as Government servants.

5. No Chairman, Vice-Chairman or Commissioner, other than a Government servant who is a Commissioner by appointment, shall be entitled to any allowance for halting for a period exceeding two days.

6. Chairmen shall be controlling officers for the purpose of passing bills for travelling allowance drawn by Vice-Chairmen or Commissioners, and Commissioners of Divisions shall be controlling officers for the purpose of passing bills for travelling allowance drawn by Chairmen.

NOTE.—The term "Government servants" in these rules includes managers of estates under the Court of Wards who are appointed by Government but paid from the estates and whose service counts for pension under the rules of the Civil Service Regulations.

Burdwan.—No. 5981M.—3rd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Dainhat Municipality in the district of Burdwan, out of nine seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), one seat shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Burdwan.—No. 5982M. — 3rd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to determine, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Dainhat Municipality at a meeting, that the number of Commissioners to be elected from each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown below against each such ward: -

Number of ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected.	Number of seats, included in column 2 reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3
I	2	..
II	3	1
III	2	..
IV	2	..

Birbhum.—No. 5984M.—3rd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Suri Municipality in the district of Birbhum, out of twelve seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), three seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Birbhum.—No. 5985M. — 3rd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to determine, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Suri Municipality at a meeting, that the number of Commissioners to be elected from each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown below against each such ward:—

Name of wards.	Number of Commissioners to be elected.	Number of seats, included in column 2, reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3
West Kholtabazar	3	
East Kholtabazar	2	
Himatganj	1	
Sahara	2	
Chandney	2	
Baruipara	1	
Anandapur	1	

Faridpur.—No. 5987M.—3rd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Commissioners of the Rajbari Municipality in the district of Faridpur:—

Babu Dhirendra Mohan Mazumdar, Sub-Engineer, Eastern Bengal Railway, Rajbari.

Maulvi Yousuff Hussain Chaudhury.

Babu Jatindra Krishna Ghosh, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Rajbari.

Murshidabad.—No. 5989M.—3rd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Kandi Municipality in the district of Murshidabad, out of eight seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), one seat shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Murshidabad.—No. 5990M.—3rd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Kandi Municipality at a meeting, that the five existing wards of the Kandi Municipality in Murshidabad district shall be grouped into one special ward for the purpose of election to the seat reserved for the minority community in this municipality, and that the number of Commissioners to be elected from the special ward and each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown in columns 2 and 3 of the table below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of seats, other than reserved seats shown in column 3, to which Commissioners are to be elected.	Number of seat reserved for the minority community.
II		
III		} 1
IV		
V		

Jessore.—No. 5992M.—3rd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Maheshpur Municipality in the district of Jessore, out of seven seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), three seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Jessore.—No. 5993M.—3rd November 1933—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to determine, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Maheshpur Municipality at a meeting, that the number of Commissioners to be elected from each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected.	Number of seats, included in column 2, reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3
I	2	..
II	1	..
III	1	..
IV	3	3

No. 5995M.—4th November 1933.—The following amendment made by the Corporation of Calcutta in the by-laws framed by them under clause (*50*) of section 178 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923 (Bengal Act III of 1923), and published under notification No. 3150M., dated the 30th September, 1929, at pages 1862-1863 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th October 1929, has been confirmed by the Corporation and sanctioned by the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (*1*) of section 482 of that Act. The said amendment is hereby published for general information in accordance with section 486 of the said Act.

Amendment.

For by-law 3 of the said by-laws *substitute* the following:—

3. The Chief Executive Officer shall require the Superintendents of the municipal markets and any other officer duly authorised by him in that behalf, and may require *the owners, managers, or other persons in charge of private markets* to keep in their custody standards of weights, instruments for weighing, scales and measures conforming with the standard prescribed by the Government for the purpose of verifying the weights, instruments for weighing, scales and measures used in the markets and other similar places. There shall also be kept in the same custody a die for the purpose of stamping weights, instruments for weighing, scales and measures which have been duly verified as hereinafter provided. Any weight, scale or measure not conforming to the standards hereinbefore provided shall be deemed to be false and incorrect for the purpose of these by-laws.

Khulna.—No. 5997M.—4th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Commissioners of the Khulna Municipality:—

The Joint Agent, India General Navigation and River Steam Navigation, Company, Khulna.
Babu Suresh Chandra Adhikari.
Babu Mohendra Nath Das.
The Civil Surgeon, Khulna.

... as such by the Commis-
...use of a motor vehicle under

...ed chamber containing air at
...eeding atmospheric pressure
...on in which it is normally used
load;

...e driver of the vehicle without
...ehicle; and

...re is deflated and subjected to a

...sed by the Taxing Officer under
...on 4 of the Act;

...r the provisions of section 4 or

...r Vehicles Tax Act, 1932;

...tion 9 of the Act and described
of which all entries have been
prescribed under rule 10.

...nted under the Calcutta and
...ll be deemed to be a token under

24-Parganas.—No 6032M.—6th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Kanchrapara Municipality at a meeting, that the two existing wards III and IV of the Kanchrapara Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas shall be grouped into one special ward for the purpose of election to the seat reserved for the minority community in this municipality, and that the number of Commissioners to be elected from the special ward and each existing ward of this municipality shall be as shown in columns 2 and 3 of the table below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of seats other than reserved seats shown in column 3 to which Commissioners are to be elected.	Number of seats reserved for the minority community.
1		3
I		
II		
III	2	

following rule:-

Rule.

In the Suri Municipality in the district of Birbhum, out of twelve seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), three seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Birbhum.—No. 5985M. — 3rd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to determine, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Suri Municipality at a meeting, that the number of Commissioners to be elected from each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown below against each such ward:—

Name of wards.	Number of Commissioners to be elected.	Number of seats, included in column 2, reserved for the minority community.
		3
West Kholtabazar	3	
East Kholtabazar	2	
Himatganj	1	
Sahara	2	
Chandnev	2	
Baruipara	1	
Anandapur	1	

Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct, after consideration of the views of the Bansberia Municipality at a meeting, that the existing two wards I and II, and the two wards III and IV of the Bansberia Municipality in the district of Hooghly shall be grouped, respectively, into two special wards A and B for the purpose of election to the two seats reserved for the minority community in this municipality, and that the number of Commissioners to be elected from the special wards and each existing ward of this municipality shall be as shown in columns 2 and 4 of the table below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of seats other than the reserved seat shown in column 3 to which Commissioners are to be elected.	Special ward.	Number of seats reserved for the minority community.
1	2		4
I	2		
II	1		
III	1	B	
IV	2		

Burdwan.—No. 6038M.—6th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Raniganj Municipality in the district of Burdwan, out of eight seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), one seat shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Burdwan. — No. 6039M. — 6th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to determine, after consideration of views of the Commissioners of the Raniganj Municipality at a meeting; that the number of Commissioners to be elected from each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected.	Number of seats, included in column 2, reserved for the minority community.
1		
I		
II		
III		

No. 5859L.S.-G.—31st October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 12 of the Bengal Motor Vehicles Tax Act, 1932 (Bengal Act I of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rules in supersession of the Bengal Motor Vehicles Tax Rules, 1932, published with Government notification No. 1662L.S.-G., dated the 6th April 1932:—

THE BENGAL MOTOR VEHICLES TAX RULES, 1933.

1. **Title.**—These rules may be called the Bengal Motor Vehicles Tax Rules, 1933.

2. **Definitions.**—In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(*a*) "area" means an area specified by the Local Government under section 3 of the Act;

(*b*) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta;

(*c*) "Form" means a form appended to these rules;

(*d*) "general number" means a number issued under the provisions of sub-rule 6 of rule 4 of the Calcutta and Howrah Motor Vehicles Rules, 1930;

(*e*) "owner" means the person registered as such by the Commissioner and includes a person having the use of a motor vehicle under hiring or hire-purchase agreement;

(*f*) "pneumatic tyre" means a tyre—

(*i*) provided with a continuous closed chamber containing air at a pressure substantially exceeding atmospheric pressure when the tyre is in the condition in which it is normally used but is not subjected to any load;

(*ii*) capable of being inflated by the driver of the vehicle without removal from the wheel or vehicle; and

(*iii*) the sides of which, when the tyre is deflated and subjected to a normal load, collapse;

(*g*) "penalty" means a penalty imposed by the Taxing Officer under the provisions of sub-section (*4*) of section 4 of the Act;

(*h*) "refund" means a refund under the provisions of section 4 or section 5 of the Act;

(*i*) "the Act" means the Bengal Motor Vehicles Tax Act, 1932;

(*j*) "token" means a token under section 9 of the Act and described in Form D (Bengal Form No. 330E), of which all entries have been filled in by the Taxing Officer save as prescribed under rule 10.

A public service vehicle licence granted under the Calcutta and Howrah Motor Vehicles Rules, 1930, shall be deemed to be a token under the Act and these rules.

3. **Method of paying tax.**—The tax shall be paid to the Taxing Officer of the area in which the vehicle is kept—

(*a*) in Calcutta at his office, in cash or by cheque on a Calcutta clearing bank; and

(*b*) Outside Calcutta through the treasury or in such other manner as the Taxing Officer may allow. If payment is made through a treasury or a branch of the Imperial Bank of India, challans should be made out in triplicate and the triplicate copy should be forwarded to the Taxing Officer as proof of payment.

4. **Declarations.**—The declaration referred to in sub-section (*1*) of section 6 of the Act shall be in Form A (Bengal Form No. 330C) and shall be delivered to the Taxing Officer by the person making the payment.

5. The additional declaration referred to in sub-section (*2*) of section 6 of the Act shall be in Form B (Bengal Form No. 330D) and shall be delivered to the Taxing Officer by the person making the payment of the additional tax.

6. A separate declaration or additional declaration shall be presented to the Taxing Officer in respect of each vehicle.

7. Every declaration and additional declaration shall be filed in the office of the Taxing Officer.

8. **Checking of declaration.**—The Taxing Officer shall satisfy himself that every declaration or additional declaration delivered to him is complete in every respect and that the amount already paid or now tendered to him in payment of the tax is the amount due on the vehicle.

9. **Grant of receipt.**—(*1*) When satisfied that the amount tendered is correct, the Taxing Officer shall accept payment of the tax and grant a receipt in Form C (Bengal Form No. 39) or retain as a voucher one copy of the treasury challan as the case may be.

(*2*) If payment has already been made—

(*a*) through a treasury or a branch of the Imperial Bank of India, the duplicate chalan will serve as a receipt and the triplicate shall be retained by the Taxing Officer as a voucher;

(*b*) in a Magistrate's court or after issue of a distress warrant, a peremptory cash receipt shall be given in the following form and the Magistrate's receipt given under rule 23 shall be retained by the Taxing Officer as a voucher:—

Bengal Form No. 3581.

High Court Civil Miscellaneous Form No. (M.) 128.

High Court Criminal Miscellaneous Form No. (M.) 21.

10. **Grant of token.**—When the Taxing Officer is satisfied that the tax has been paid for a period not yet expired and that the registration of a motor vehicle for which it is paid is valid, he shall deliver to the person who has paid the tax a token in Form D (Bengal Form 330E).

11. When a token is issued for a vehicle of which the registration is still pending with the Commissioner, the Taxing Officer shall leave the item relating to the registered number blank. On receipt of the certificate of registration, the owner of the vehicle shall produce the token together with the certificate of registration before the Taxing Officer who shall thereupon enter the registered number of the vehicle on the token and in his registers.

12. **Token to be exhibited.**—The token shall be attached to and carried on the vehicle or trailer in the manner provided in rule 13 at all times when the vehicle or trailer is in use.

13. **Manner of exhibiting token.**—The token shall be carried in a holder made of metal and of weather-proof construction. The holder shall be circular and conform to the following specifications:—

Token tray.—The token tray shall be of sheet metal of a size to fit the token neatly and of a suitable thickness. It shall have a turned up edge of sufficient depth to hold the token and shall be provided with a stout cover of transparent white glass, or shall be so designed as to fit against the wind-screen, which must then be of transparent white glass, in such a manner that the glass of the screen serves as a cover.

Ring cover.—Unless the token tray fits against the wind-screen glass in the above manner, there shall be a circular ring of sheet metal shaped to fit down closely on the tray and adapted for fixing by screws, bolts or otherwise to the vehicle in the prescribed position. A rubber packing ring shall be arranged to fit between the ring cover and cover glass and tray, or between the glass of the wind-screen and the tray, so as to render the whole carrier weather-proof.

Dimensions.—The aperture within the ring cover shall clearly exhibit the whole of the token and shall have a diameter of approximately 2⅝ths inches.

The token shall be fitted on the vehicle in such a position that it shall be clearly visible in daylight to a person standing beside the vehicle in front of, or level with, the driver's seat.

Note.—As it has been found that tokens often fade and become illegible if regularly exposed to direct sunlight, owners are recommended to have them fitted inside the vehicle on the instrument board. Their particular attention is called to the provisions of rule 15 which make it illegal to use an illegible token.

14. **Defacing token.**—No person shall alter, deface, mutilate or add anything to the token or exhibit a token on a vehicle other than the vehicle mentioned in the token.

15. **Use of imitation and illegible tokens forbidden.**—No person shall exhibit in the manner provided in rule 13 any imitation of a token or use on a vehicle any token which has become illegible.

16. **Responsibility of owner for token.**—If the token is lost, destroyed, defaced or altered or has become illegible, the owner shall immediately report the facts to the Taxing Officer who issued the token.

17. **Duplicate token.**—If the Taxing Officer is satisfied that the original token issued by him has been lost, destroyed, defaced or altered or has become illegible, he shall on payment by the owner of a fee of Rs. 5 issue a duplicate token and shall grant a receipt in Form C (Bengal Form No. 39) unless payment has been made as provided in clause (*a*) of sub-rule (*2*) of rule 9.

18. If an original token that has been reported lost is found after the duplicate has been issued, the owner of the vehicle shall take all reasonable steps to regain the original and surrender it to the Taxing Officer. No refund shall be made of the fee paid under rule 17.

19. Every token shall be returned to the Taxing Officer either on its expiry or at the time of payment of the tax for the subsequent year or quarter, when it shall be attached to the declaration in Form A (Bengal Form No. 330C) relating thereto. It shall be defaced by him and filed in his office with the declaration, if any.

20. **Tokens for vehicles exempt from tax.**—Owners or officers in charge of motor vehicles who claim exemption from tax under the provisions of rule 30 shall fill in a declaration form in Form A (Bengal Form No. 330C) and forward it to the Taxing Officer together with satisfactory proof that they are entitled to exemption.

On receipt of such proof the Taxing Officer shall issue, for not more than a year, a tax-free token on which shall be entered under the heading "class" the word "free."

20A. **Token books.**—(*1*) On receipt of books of tokens from the Jail Department the Taxing Officer himself or a gazetted officer under his orders will count the tokens contained in each book and will give a certificate on the cover of the book as to the number of tokens found to be contained in it.

(*2*) The books of tokens shall be kept under lock and key, and no more be issued than are actually required for immediate use.

21. **Quarterly periods.**—The quarterly periods referred to in section 4 of the Act shall be the four periods beginning on the—

first day of April,
first day of July,
first day of October, and
first day of January,

and ending on the—

last day of June,
last day of September,
last day of December, and
last day of March, respectively.

22. **Year.**—A year shall consist of any four consecutive quarters.

23. **Mode of recovery of arrear tax by the court.**—(*1*) In prosecuting any person under the provisions of section 13 or section 14 of the Act, the Taxing Officer shall forward with his report to the Magistrate a statement in Form 1 (Bengal Form No. 3301).

(2) If the trying Magistrate convicts the accused he shall, at the time of passing orders, assess the tax due, direct the payment of it by the accused, and enter the amount in Form I (Bengal Form No. 3301) under the heading "order of the trying Magistrate."

(3) If the tax so assessed is paid in court the trying Magistrate shall issue a separate receipt for it in the following form, note the payment in Form I under the appropriate heading, attesting it by his seal, and make the form over to the accused with instructions to present it to the Taxing Officer. The Taxing Officer shall then issue a token if the payment covers a period that has not yet expired.

Bengal Form No. 3581.

High Court Civil Miscellaneous Form No. (M.) 128.

High Court Criminal Miscellaneous Form No. (M.) 21.

(4) If the tax is not paid in court, the Magistrate shall take all possible steps to realise it. When it is realised he shall proceed as directed in sub-rule (3).

(5) The tax realised shall be credited to "XXVI—Miscellaneous Departments."

24. **Suspension of registration.**—If a Taxing Officer declares the certificate of registration of a motor vehicle to be suspended under the provisions of section 13A of the Act, he shall inform the owner that the registration of his motor vehicle has been suspended and that the use of the vehicle is prohibited until the suspension is removed.

On receipt of the tax and any penalty due, the Taxing Officer shall declare that the suspension of registration is removed.

A copy of all orders regarding such suspension of registration and release from suspension shall be forwarded by the Taxing Officer to the Commissioner and District Magistrate concerned for entry in the registration register.

25. **Method of calculating tax on bicycles, trucks and vehicles for transport of goods.**—For the purpose of calculating the tax payable on bicycles and vehicles for the transport of goods, the weight of the vehicle unladen, including all parts, equipments stores, fuel, water and accumulators, which are necessary for or ordinarily used with the vehicle or trailer when working, shall be taken into account, provided that where alternative parts or bodies are used the heaviest shall be taken for the purpose of calculating the weight.

26. Such unladen weight shall be determined in such manner as the Local Government may direct.

27. Whenever an owner pays a tax in respect of a trailer under clause (*h*) of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Act, the Taxing Officer shall issue a token on which under the heading "vehicle" the word "trailer" shall be entered. Such token shall be exhibited on the trailer when it is in use.

28. **Method of calculating tax on vehicles for private use.**—For the purpose of calculating the amount of tax payable on vehicles for carrying passengers not plying for hire, the wheel track, *i.e.*, the distance between back wheels from the centre of each tyre shall be multiplied by the wheel base, *i.e.*, the distance from the central point of the front axle to the centre point of the back axle.

29. **Method of calculating tax on vehicles for carrying passengers plying for hire.**—For the purpose of calculating the amount of tax payable in respect of vehicles for carrying passengers plying for hire, the seating capacity shall be determined as follows:—

(*a*) where separate seats are provided for each passenger, one person shall be counted for each separate seat excluding the driver's seat;

(*b*) where the vehicle is fitted with continuous seats one person shall be counted for each complete length of 15 inches in a straight line along the length of the front of each seat, excluding the driver's seat.

30. The following motor vehicles are exempt from the payment of the tax:—

(*a*) unregistered motor vehicles kept for sale by bona fide dealers in such vehicles even when used on the public road under such dealers' general number;

(*b*) motor vehicles belonging to the Government and maintained for the use of the Governor of Bengal or his staff or household;

(*c*) motor vehicles which are the property of the Government of Bengal and which are certified by the head of the department concerned to be used ordinarily for Government purposes;

(*d*) motor vehicles which are the property of the Government and maintained for military purposes;

(*e*) motor vehicles certified by Officers Commanding Auxiliary Force Units to be maintained by enrolled persons in their capacity as members of such units under a general or special order by a competent authority.

(*f*) motor vehicles certified by Officers Commanding Territorial Force Units to be maintained by persons in their capacity as members of the Indian Territorial Force as authorised by regulations made under section 14 of the Indian Territorial Force Act, 1920 (XLVIII of 1920).

(*g*) motor cars belonging to the General Officer Commanding, the Presidency and Assam District, and to the following officers on his staff:—

(*i*) General Staff Officer, second grade;

(*ii*) Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General;

(*iii*) Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General;

(*iv*) Staff Captain, Presidency and Assam District, Calcutta;

(*v*) Embarkation Commandant, Calcutta;

when certified by the General Officer Commanding to be used ordinarily for the efficient performance of their military duties;

(*h*) motor vehicles certified by the Inspector-General of Police, Bengal, or the Commissioner to be ordinarily used for police purposes;

(*i*) motor vehicles maintained by any authority for the purpose of a fire brigade;

(j) motor ambulance cars and travelling dispensaries;

(k) motor conservancy cars and watering carts maintained by a local authority or maintained under contract for a local authority and exclusively used for conservancy or watering purposes;

(l) motor lorries, tractors and trailers which belong to the Calcutta Improvement Trust and are used exclusively for their work;

(m) motor vehicles which are certified by the Chief Executive Officer to be the property of the Calcutta Corporation and to be used exclusively for Corporation work;

(n) motor lorries of the Kharagpur Station Committee used for conservancy and fire extinguishing purposes;

(o) motor cars belonging to the Consular Officers de Carrière of countries which grant reciprocity in such matters;

(p) motor cars and lorries which belong to the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta and are used exclusively for their work;

(q) the motor vehicle of the Jewish Burial Board.

(r) motor lorry belonging to the Chairman, Assam Bengal, Railway Station Committee, Pahartali, Chittagong, and solely used for sanitation purposes.

31. **Vehicles coming into Bengal.**—(1) A person bringing a motor vehicle into Bengal and keeping it therein for use shall, within one week of its arrival, if he has not paid the tax due thereon in Bengal, report to the Taxing Officer of the area within which the vehicle is kept the date on which such motor vehicle has been brought into the province and unless exempted under rule 32 pay to him any tax due thereon.

(2) Any person who keeps a motor vehicle outside Bengal for use within Bengal shall pay the tax due thereon to the nearest Taxing Officer in Bengal unless such Taxing Officer is satisfied that the car is not used habitually in Bengal.

(*Note.*—A person who keeps a motor vehicle outside Bengal for use inside Bengal is liable for payment of tax under the Act.)

32. **Vehicles coming temporarily into Bengal.**—(1) If a person, making a temporary stay in Bengal who brings a motor vehicle with him into the province and keeps it for his personal use therein for a continuous period not exceeding thirty days, delivers to a Taxing Officer within one week of his arrival in the province a written notice of the date of his arrival with a description of such vehicle, the Taxing Officer shall, if satisfied that such notice and description are correct and that the vehicle is not habitually used in Bengal and that it is not to be let for hire in Bengal, declare such person to be exempt from liability to pay the tax:

Provided that if such person keeps the vehicle in Bengal for any period longer than thirty days he shall be subject to the ordinary rules and shall be liable for the payment of the tax due in Bengal.

(2) After declaring such person to be exempt from liability to pay tax, the Taxing Officer shall grant to him a token valid for thirty days from the date of the arrival of the motor vehicle. Such token shall be clearly marked "temporary" under the heading class.

33 **Fractions of an anna to be neglected.**—For the purpose of calculating the amount of tax payable on a vehicle or any refund due to the owner of a vehicle fractions of an anna shall be counted as an anna in favour of the Taxing Officer

34 An owner who wishes to obtain suspension of registration for a period during which his motor vehicle is to be out of use, shall submit an application in writing through the Taxing Officer to the Commissioner giving all details as to the period and the reason for which the vehicle will not be used and the Commissioner, if satisfied, shall issue a suspension notice for such period as he thinks fit and may order the surrender of the registration certificate

35 **Refunds.**—A person claiming a refund of tax under section 4 or section 5 of the Act, shall present to the Taxing Officer who issued the token on receipt of such tax a declaration in Form E (Bengal Form No 330F) together with satisfactory proof of the admissibility of the refund

36 In the case of a refund claimed under section 5 of the Act a certificate from the registering authority stating that the registration certificate has been surrendered or that the renewal of the registration of the vehicle has been refused shall be deemed to be satisfactory proof

37 No refund of tax shall be made unless the token in respect of which the claim is made has been surrendered to the Taxing Officer to whom the claim for a refund is made

38 When a refund has been made under the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 4 of the Act a fresh token shall be issued for any unexpired period for which tax has been paid and for which tax has not been refunded or remitted

39 On receipt of satisfactory proof that the refund is admissible, the Taxing Officer shall calculate the amount of refund due and make over to the owner a certificate in form F (Bengal Form No 3558)

40 The person to whom a certificate in Form F (Bengal Form No 3558) has been granted shall on presentation of such certificate at the nearest treasury within ten days from the date of issue, be entitled to a refund of the sum mentioned therein

41 **Register of receipts of motor tax.**—The Taxing Officer shall maintain a register of receipts of motor vehicles tax in Form G (Bengal Form No 330G) Every amount for which a receipt under rule 9 has been granted shall be entered in this register under the appropriate head

42 **Refund register.**—The Taxing Officer shall maintain a register of refunds under the Act in Form H (Bengal Form No 330H) Every amount for which a certificate in Form F (Bengal Form No 3558) has been granted shall be entered in this register under the appropriate head

43 **Verification of accounts.**—The register of motor tax and register of refunds shall be closed at the end of each quarterly period and a statement showing the excess of receipts over refunds shall be prepared in duplicate Two copies of this quarterly statement of

receipts and refunds shall be forwarded to the Treasury Officer for verification and check, and one of these shall be returned by him to the Taxing Officer who shall file it in his office.

44. **Quarterly returns.**—A copy of the quarterly statement shall be forwarded to the Taxing Officer, Calcutta Area, each quarter.

The Taxing Officer, Calcutta Area, shall consolidate the quarterly returns and submit to the Local Government such statements as may from time to time be required by the Local Government.

45. **Records.**—The register of tax (Form G) (Bengal Form No. 330G) and refund register (Form H) (Bengal Form No. 330H) shall be kept for five years.

Duplicates of cash receipts (Form C) (Bengal Form No. 39), treasury chalans, counterfoils of tokens (Form D) (Bengal Form No. 330E), declarations (Forms A and B) (Bengal Forms Nos. 330C and 330D) statements in Form I (Bengal Form No 330I), quarterly returns and claims for refunds (Form E) (Bengal Form No. 330F) shall be destroyed annually after audit.

46. All communications by post to the Taxing Officer shall be addressed to the officer appointed as such under section 3 by his ordinary official designation with the addition of the words "Motor Vehicles Tax Department."

47. A Taxing Officer may for the purpose of expediting the performance of his duties under the Act give notice of a particular office or a particular day, or hour or particular hours for the payment of the tax and for the hearing of applications made under the Act.

48. **Appeal against the decision of a Taxing Officer.**—An appeal shall lie against the orders of a Taxing Officer on points regarding which his orders are not final under the Act and to the officer immediately superior to such Taxing Officer.

FORM A (Bengal Form No. 330C).

(*See* rule 4)

Declaration under section 6 (1) of the Bengal Motor Vehicles Tax Act, 1932.

I, ..., residing at......................, hereby declare that I keep for use a motor vehicle of the following description within the......................area :—

(1) Registered number...................

(2) Type of vehicle.....................

(3) Whether vehicle has pneumatic tyres ..

(4) Purpose for which used...............

(5) Number of seats (including dicky seat).

(6) Unladen weight.......................

(7) Wheelbase ft inches × track ft. inches sq. feet

I hereby declare that the above particulars are true and *that the vehicle is not and shall not be used to draw a trailer or side car/that the vehicle is not and shall not be let for carrying passengers for hire or reward. Rs.................................being tax due on the vehicle for the period........................ ......to................ is tendered herewith.

Declarant.

Dated......................193

Order of Taxing Officer.

Certified that the rate of tax payable for the year on the above motor vehicles is Rs ....and that Rs .... is due for the period.....................to.........................

Taxing Officer.

Dated................. ..193 .

The tax Rs ....mentioned above has been duly credited, vide receipt No....................., dated the....................193

Cashier.

Dated......................193 .

Token No........................ to expire on .... has been issued to-day.

Taxing Officer.

Dated..........................193 .

*Note Strike out any item which is not applicable.

FORM B (Bengal Form No. 330D).

(*See* rule 5.)

Additional declaration under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Motor Vehicles Tax Act, 1932.

I, ..., residing at........................., hereby declare that I have made on (date) .... the following alterations in my motor vehicle registered No................ thereby making it liable to a higher rate of tax under the Motor Vehicles Taxation Bill, 1932. The token granted in respect of vehicle No............ is hereby surrendered and I tender Rs....................in payment of the additional tax due up to.......................

Description of alterations.

Declarant.

Dated.....................*193* .

Order of Taxing Officer.

Certified that Rs ....for the period. to...................is due.

Taxing Officer.

Dated.....................*193* .

The tax Rs.....................mentioned above has been duly credited, vide receipt No................, dated the...............193 .

Cashier.

Dated.....................*193* .

Token No....................to expire on. has been issued to-day.

Taxing Officer.

Dated.. ....*193* .

FORM C (Bengal Form No. 39).

(*See* rule 9.)

Government of Bengal.

.............**Department.**

No.

Dated the................*19* .

Received from...
the sum of Rs...
....
on account of..
credited to...
Rs..
....

Signature......................

Designation....................

Cashier....................

FORM C (DUPLICATE).

Government of Bengal.

................**Department.**

No.

Dated the................*19* .

Received from...
the sum of Rs...
....
on account of..
credited to...
Rs..
....

Signature......................

Designation....................

Cashier................ ...

FORM D (Bengal Form No. 330E).

(*See* rule 10.)

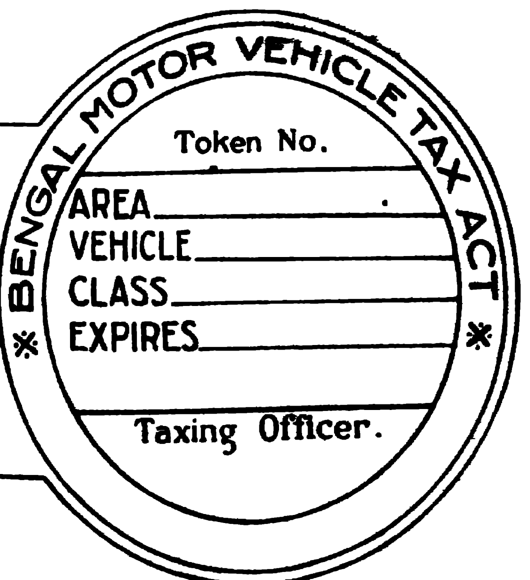
Counterfoil Token.

BENGAL MOTOR VEHICLES TAX ACT, 1932.

................Area.

Token No................granted to...................in respect of vehicle No............on which tax has been paid under sub-part.......... of part..........of Schedule I for the period............to............, vide receipt/chalan No...... dated....................

....	....
Clerk.	*Taxing Officer.*



Description.

The token shall consist of a circular piece of cardboard or stout paper with a diameter of 2 11/16ths inches on which shall be entered :—

(1) the number of the token,

(2) the area within which the token has been granted,

(3) the registered number of the vehicle in respect of which the token has been granted,

(4) the sub-part and part of the first schedule under which the tax has been paid, e.g., a private car measuring 48 square feet will have " II (b)" entered under the heading " Class,"

(5) the date on which the tax expires, and

(6) the signature of the Taxing Officer or some other officer duly authorised to sign for the Taxing Officer.

FORM E (Bengal Form No. 330F).

(*See* rule 35.)

Application for a refund under the Bengal Motor Vehicles Tax Act, 1932.

I, ..., residing at.........................., owner of motor vehicle registered No..................., having paid the tax on the motor vehicle register No....................for the period ....to....................hereby claim a refund of the tax on the following grounds :—

*(*a*) That my vehicle registered No...................was not used from.......................to.......................

(*b*) That the registration of my vehicle No.......................was refused on.......................

(*c*) That the registration certificate in respect of vehicle registered No................was surrendered on..................

Satisfactory proof of my claim is attached herewith.

....

Applicant.

Dated......................*193* .

Order of Taxing Officer.

Taxing Officer.

Dated......................*193* .

Refund form No................., dated........................., payable for Rs ....made over to claimant.

....

Signature of claimant.

Cashier.

Dated......................*193* .

Dated..........................*193* .

*Note.—Strike out any clause which is not applicable.

FORM F (Bengal Form No. 3558).

(*See* rule 32.)

Form of order for refunds of revenue.

District of			Refunds of revenue.						Voucher No of List of payment for 193 .
Head of service chargeable.			I Refunds and drawbacks.						
In whose name credited.	On what account received.	Amount realised	Date of payment into treasury	Amount in which included and head to which credited	Treasury Officer's signature in token of verification of treasury credit	Name of payee	Amount to be refunded	Reasons and authority for refund	Certificate of departmental note of refund
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs a. p		Rs a p			Rs a. p	* Reasons	This order of refund has been registered and noted against the original receipt entry in the departmental account under my initials, and previous order for refund of the same sum has not been issued. Signature .... Designation .... Date ....

												Authority. Sanctioned Controlling officer or ....'s No dated .

Received payment.

Claimant's signature

The................193 .

Stamp, if required.

Examined.

Passed for payment

Magistrate or other Officer.

Pay Rupees...... ...(   ) only.

Accountant

Officer in charge of Treasury

Note 1.—This order is not payable more than ten days after date without a renewal entacement by the court and it absolutely lapses and ceases to have effect on the 31st March next.

Note 2.—No useful check can be exercised over refunds of revenue in the account office except in cases where full details of the collections of such revenue are received in that office either in the treasury accounts or other documents, e.g., fine statements. It is, therefore, essential that every refund should be noted against the original credit in the departmental accounts where all sums are entered in detail. This voucher for refunds provides for a certificate of such note having been made. The officer who received the amount should fill in columns 1 to 5 of the form and sign the certificate in column 10 while the Treasury Officer or the Sub-Treasury Officer should verify the credit by means of the particulars on columns 4 and 5 and affix his signature in column 6 in token of his having done so. The sanction for the refund may either be given on the voucher itself or quoted in it, a certified copy being attached when such orders are not separately communicated to the audit office.

FORM G (Bengal Form No. 330G).

(*See* rule 42)

Register of receipts under the Motor Vehicles Tax Act, 1932.

....Area

Yearly serial number.	Chalan number	Received from—	Register No and description of vehicle	Period for which tax is paid		Amount	Remarks
				From—	To—		
						Rs a p	

FORM H (Bengal Form No. 330H).

(*See* rule 43)

Register of refunds under the Motor Vehicles Tax Act.

..................Area

Yearly serial number.	Number of refund voucher	Payable to—	Cause of refund.	Amount	Remarks.
				Rs a p	

FORM I (Bengal Form No. 3301).

(*See* rule 23.)

Form of Statement to Magistrate under sections 13 and 14 of Bengal Act I of 1932.

I......................... ....., Taxing Officer,.... .... Area, hereby report that to the best of my knowledge . . .. . residing at........ . . . ..keeps for use the undermentioned motor vehicle on which the Tax/Additional Tax due for the period from . ... .to . . ..has not been paid:—

(1) Registered No .. ..

(2) Type of vehicle . . . .. .

(3) Whether vehicle has pneumatic tyres . . . . .

(4) Purpose for which used... . ...

(5) Number of seats (including dicky seat). .. ..

(6) Unladen weight .. ..

(7) Wheel base .. .. .. ft . . ..inches × track . . . . . ft .... .inches .. . ...sq. ft.

In my opinion Rs. .. . . (in words).......... ... . is the rate of tax payable for the year on the above vehicle and that Rs .. . . (in words).... . .. . .is due for the period.

Taxing Officer.

Dated.... ....*193*

Order of the Trying Magistrate.

Certified that Rs..... . .. .. as tax is due on the abovementioned vehicle.............. ....

Magistrate.

Dated...... . ...*193* .

The tax Rs..... .... (in words) ... .mentioned above has been duly credited, vide receipt No . . .. .., dated... ....

Countersigned



Seal of Court.

Cashier.

Magistrate.

Dated....... . ...*193* .

Token No .to expire on......... ....has been issued to-day.

Taxing Officer.

Dated ....*193* .

Burdwan.—No. 6040M.—6th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 18 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that in the municipality of Raniganj, in the district of Burdwan, the number of appointed Commissioners shall be increased to four in order to secure the proper representation of the industries connected with collieries, railway and pottery works, and of labour employed therein, within the limits of the municipality, the development of which is due to an appreciable extent to and dependent on such industries.

Burdwan - Birbhum - Bankura - Midnapore-Hooghly-Howrah.—No. 6047M.—6th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Saturday, the 10th March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the following municipalities, in the district noted above each, namely :—

District of Burdwan.

Raniganj.

Katwa.

Kalna.

Dainhat.

District of Birbhum.

Suri.

District of Bankura.

Bankura.

District of Midnapore.

Midnapore.

Ghatal.

Kharar.

Chandrakona.

District of Hooghly.

Hooghly-Chinsurah.

Rishra-Konnagore.

Baidyabati.

Kotrung.

Serampore.

Bansberia.

District of Howrah.

Bally.

Dinajpur.—No. 6049M. — 6th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Wednesday, the 28th March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the Dinajpur Municipality.

Jalpaiguri.—No. 6051M. — 6th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Thursday, the 8th March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the Jalpaiguri Municipality.

Rangpur.—No. 6052M. — 6th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Monday, the 19th March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the Rangpur Municipality.

Medical

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

Calcutta.—No. 2647Medl. — 26th October 1933.—Dr. Bipin Bihari Basak, Demonstrator of Anatomy, Medical College, Calcutta, was allowed leave on average pay (entirely on account of privilege leave), under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, for the period from the 17th August to the 28th September 1933.

This cancels notification No. 530 T.Medl., dated the 20th September 1933.

ERRATUM.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

No. 2644Medl.—26th October 1933.—In the last line of notification No. 561 T.Medl., dated the 23rd September 1933, *for* the words "1390 Medl., dated the 11th April 1932" *read* "2676 Medl., dated the 9th September 1932."

Public Health.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

No. 1718P.H.—2nd November 1933.—The following draft of amendments, which in exercise of the powers conferred by section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) intend to make in the rules published with notification No. 2158-L.S.-G., dated the 5th September 1918, as subsequently amended, is published for the information of persons affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 15th December 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendments.

(*1*) From the minor head "Miscellaneous" under the major head "XX—Medical" in District Board Form No 1 (Budget estimate of probable receipts) *delete* the detailed head "Sanitary fees and fines."

(*2*) After the major head "XX—Medical" in the said form *insert* the following major head with the minor and detailed heads thereunder—

XXA—Public Health—

(*a*) Contributions—

From Government for—

(*i*) Rural public health organisation.
(*ii*) Health Officer and Sanitary Inspector.
(*iii*) Vaccination inspecting staff
(*iv*) rural water supply.
(*v*) Vaccination.
(*vi*) Kala-azar work
(*vii*) Quinine
(*viii*) Anti-malarial works
(*ix*) Dai training.

From other local funds.
From other sources.

(*b*) Receipts under the Food Adulteration Act.
(*c*) Other receipts.

(*3*) After the minor head "Epidemic charges" under the major head "24A—Public Health" on the expenditure side of the same form *insert* the following minor head with the detailed heads thereunder—

Water-supply—

(1) Grants to local boards, union boards and municipalities.
(2) Loans to union boards and local boards.
(3) Excavation of tanks and sinking of tube-wells.

(*4*) From the major head "45—Civil Works—Public Works" in the said form *delete* the sub-head "Water supply and water works."

H. P. V. TOWNEND,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Darjeeling.—No. 3007Edn.—4th November 1933.—Miss Florence G. Smith, Games Mistress, Dow Hill Girls' School, Kurseong, is allowed leave on half average pay, under rule 81(*d*) of the Fundamental Rules, for the period intervening between the winter vacations of the school for 1933-34 and 1934-35 in combination with the said vacations, under rule 82(*d*) of those Rules.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Mr. K. Nazim-ud-Din, C.I.E.

Calcutta.—No. 2968Edn. — 1st November 1933.—Mr. Upendra Nath Ghosal is appointed temporarily to act in the Bengal Educational Service as Professor of Economics, Presidency College, Calcutta, with effect from the 31st October 1933, or any subsequent date on which he joins the appointment, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Akshay Kumar Sarkar, or until further orders.

Calcutta.—No 2997Edn —3rd November 1933.—Dr. W. A. Jenkins, Principal, Rajshahi College, now Special Officer for Primary Education, Bengal, was on leave on average pay for three days from the 5th October 1933, under Fundamental Rule 81 (*b*) (*i*).

Dinajpur.—No. 3012Edn.—4th November 1933.—Maulvi Belaluddin Ahmed, officiating Assistant Head Master, Dinajpur Zilla School, is appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service as Head Master of the school, with effect from the 25th June 1933, the date on which he took over charge, pending the arrival of Babu Srimanta Sarkar, or until further orders.

No. 3015Edn —4th November 1933.—The following draft of a notification, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) propose to issue in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*i*) of sub-section (*2*) of section 66 of the Bengal (Rural) Primary Education Act, 1930 (Bengal Act VII of 1930), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2 The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 30th November 1933, and any objection or suggestion with respect thereto, which may be received by the undersigned before that date, will be duly considered.

Draft notification.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*i*) of sub-section (*2*) of section 66 of the Bengal (Rural) Primary Education Act, 1930 (Bengal Act VII of 1930), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are

pleased to make the following rules, regarding the manner of election of members of the Board under clause (f) of section 6 of the said Act:—

Rules under section 66(2) (i) of the Bengal (Rural) Primary Education Act, 1930, regarding the manner of election of members of the Board under clause (f) of section 6 of the said Act.

1. Notice of the proposal to elect members to the Board and the date of the meeting at which such members are to be elected shall be sent by the Chairman to each member of the district board at least ten days previous to such date.

2. The names of the candidates shall be duly proposed and seconded actually in the meeting.

3. If the number of names proposed and seconded is not greater than the number of members to be elected, the Chairman shall declare the candidates proposed as elected.

4. If the number of names proposed and seconded is greater than the number of members to be elected, voting shall take place by ballot. On the result of the ballot, the Chairman shall declare the candidate or candidates having the largest number of votes to be elected. In the event of a tie or ties the Chairman shall exercise his casting vote. In the event of any dispute the matter shall be referred to the District Magistrate whose decision shall be final.

Registration.

NOTIFICATIONS

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Mr. K. Nazim-ud-Din, C.I.E.

Bakarganj.—No. 733Regn — 31st October 1933.—It is notified for general information that the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to sanction the retention, for a further period of one year, with effect from the 17th November 1933, of the office of the Joint Sub-Registrar of Amtoli at Khepupara, in the district of Bakarganj.

Bankura.—No. 736Regn. — 31st October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Syed Abdul Gani temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-stations of Indas, Sonamukhi and Patrasair, in the district of Bankura, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Md. Serajul Haque, or until further orders.

Bankura.—No. 737Regn. — 31st October 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Syed Abdul Gani temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-stations of Indas, Sonamukhi and Patrasair, in the district of Bankura, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Md. Serajul Haque, or until further orders.

H. R. WILKINSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

Chittagong.—No. 499 —30th October 1933.—Maulvi A. F. M Fazlul Karim, Sub-Registrar of Padua in the district of Chittagong, is allowed leave on average pay for one month under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th October 1933.

Chittagong. No 500 30th October 1933. Maulvi Md. Bakhtyar, Sub-Registrar attached to Chittagong, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Padua in the same district, with effect from the 5th October 1933, during the absence, on leave, of the permanent incumbent, or until further orders.

Dacca.—No. 501. — 30th October 1933.—Babu Sukhamay Ray, Sub-Registrar attached to Dacca, acted as Sub-Registrar of Narayanganj, in the same district, for the period from the 5th October 1933 to the 9th October 1933 (both days inclusive), during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Saiyid A. S. M. Taifoor, the permanent incumbent.

Bakarganj-Faridpur. — No. 502. — 30th October 1933.- Babu Kiran Chandra Maulik, Sub-Registrar attached to Faridpur, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Nazirpur in the district of Bakarganj, with effect from the 5th October 1933.

Mymensingh. — No. 503. — 30th October 1933.—This department notification No. 420, dated the 12th September 1933, granting leave on average pay for one month, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, to Babu Suresh Chandra Patranavis, Sub-Registrar of Netrokona in the district of Mymensingh, with effect from the 5th October 1933, is cancelled.

Noakhali.—No. 504.—30th October 1933.—Maulvi Ali Ahmed, 2nd Joint Sub-Registrar of Feni at Dagunbhuiyan in the district of Noakhali, is allowed leave on average pay for seven days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 20th October 1933.

Mymensingh.—No. 505.—30th October 1933.—Babu Abala Kanta Bhaduri, Sub-Registrar attached to Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th October 1933.

Faridpur-Jessore.—No. 506.—30th October 1933.—Babu Bidhu Bhusan Chatterjee, Sub-Registrar, under orders of transfer to Muhammudpur in the district of Jessore, is allowed leave on half average pay for two months, under rule 81 (*d*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 289, dated the 30th June 1933.

Midnapore.—No. 507.—30th October 1933.—Maulvi Abul Mohsin Syed Ali Azam, Sub-Registrar attached to Midnapore, officiating at Chandrakona in the same district, is allowed leave on average pay for five days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 18th September 1933.

Midnapore-Jessore.—No. 508.—30th October 1933.—Babu Sudhir Chandra Mitra, Sub-Registrar of Debra in the district of Midnapore, under orders of transfer to Manirampur in the district of Jessore, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 343, dated the 7th August 1933.

Mymensingh.—No. 509.—1st November 1933.—Maulvi Faizuddin Ahmad, No. II, Sub-Registrar, on leave, is appointed to be Joint Sub-Registrar of Kendua at Madan, in the district of Mymensingh.

Mymensingh.—No. 510.—1st November 1933.—Babu Gopendra Nath Ray, Sub-Registrar of Iswarganj, in the district of Mymensingh, under orders of transfer to Durgapur, in the same district, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th October 1933.

Pabna-Mymensingh.—No. 511.—1st November 1933.—Babu Dwijadas Maitra, Sub-Registrar attached to Pabna, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Durgapur, in the district of Mymensingh, with effect from the 17th October 1933, till relieved by Babu Gopendra Nath Ray, Sub-Registrar, on leave, or until further orders.

Mymensingh.—No. 512.—4th November 1933.—Maulvi Saiyid Sharfuddin Hussain, First Joint Sub-Registrar of Kishoreganj at Karimganj in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for three months, under rule 81(*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 450, dated the 15th September 1933.

Khulna.—No. 513.—4th November 1933.—Babu Bhupendra Nath Gupta, Sub-Registrar of Kaliganj in the district of Khulna, is allowed leave on average pay for three days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th October 1933.

Tippera.—No. 514.—4th November 1933.—Maulvi Wajihuddin Ahmed, Sub-Registrar of Muradnagar in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and nine days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 452, dated the 15th September 1933.

S. AHMED,

Inspr.-Genl. of Registration, Bengal.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Finance.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 5693F.—4th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rules 41, 42 and 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Governor in Council and acting with his Ministers, is pleased to make the following amendments in the Bengal Services (Compulsory Retirement)

Rules, 1933, published with Finance Department notification No. 2135F., dated the 28th April 1933, namely:—

In rule 10 of the said rules—

(*1*) In sub-rule (*1*), *for* the words "if his record of service is satisfactory", the words "if his record of service is declared to be satisfactory either with or without qualification" shall be *substituted*.

(*2*) To sub-rule (*2*), the following proviso shall be *added*, namely:—

"Provided that if his service is declared to be satisfactory with qualification, the gratuity calculated in accordance with the foregoing scale may be reduced to such amount as is deemed by Government to be equitable."

And the said rule shall have effect and shall be deemed always to have had effect as if it had been made as so amended.

Audit.

ADDENDA AND CORRIGENDA

No. 5692F.—4th November 1933.—The following corrections which have been authorised, are published for general information:—

Fundamental and Subsidiary Rules, 1st Edition (Reprint), 1929.

Page 366—Appendix No. 23.—*Add* the following as a Note under rule 10:—

"*Note.*—Temporary cooly-women employed in the Bengal Secretariat, Bengal Legislative Council Department, and in the offices of the heads of departments at Darjeeling, while it is the headquarters of Government, may be provided with an umbrella each annually at the rate fixed by Government. Umbrellas supplied to these coolies should be taken back from them at the end of the first trip and given over to them again when they rejoin office during the second trip. During the intervening period these umbrellas should be kept in the custody of the departments or offices concerned."

Page 17—Fundamental Rule 17.—*Add* the following at the end of Secretary of State's Ruling (3) under Fundamental Rule 17 inserted by correction slip No. 293:—

"One day may however be added for preparation at the port of disembarkation."

Bengal Financial Rules, 1st Edition (Reprint), 1930.

Page 137—S. R. 52 under T. O. 16.—*For* the words "for continuous service... .... without allowance" in lines 2-4 of the second sub-paragraph of this rule, *substitute* the following:—

"to a Government servant for having been the incumbent of the post specified for the prescribed term from the date of last increment or of appointment to the post, excluding periods of suspension for misconduct and absence on extraordinary leave and, if he has held the post in an officiating capacity, all other kinds of leave."

Pages 131-132—S. R. 35, clause (b) as substituted by correction slip No. 65, dated the 2nd September 1929.—*Insert* the following as a Note under clause (*1*):—

Note.—Each individual item in a pay and allowance, pension or travelling allowance bill will be taken to the nearest anna.

Separate Revenue.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1001S.R.—2nd November 1933.—Babu Hirendra Chandra Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed to be Probate Deputy Collector, Calcutta Collectorate, *vice* Babu Upendra Nath Ghosh.

Miscellaneous.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 8879Misc.—2nd November 1933.—Mr. F. E. Holland, Manager, Darjeeling Branch Press, is granted leave for 28 months, with effect from the 1st November 1933, viz., leave on average pay for four months and leave on half average pay for the remaining period, under Fundamental Rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 81 (*d*).

D. GLADDING,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 5507Com. — 2nd November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Indian Electricity Act, 1910 (IX of 1910), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon the Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Limited, the licensees of the Calcutta Electric License, 1907, for the purpose of erecting an overhead main on the private common passage leading to the premises of Messrs. K. P. Chakravarty, C. C. Biswas, U. N. Bhattacharjee and R. L. Seal, off Sarat Ghose Garden Road, Dhakuria, situated within their area of supply, and for repairing the same whenever necessity arises, the powers which the telegraph authority possesses under sections 10 to 19 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), with respect to the placing of telegraph lines and posts for the purposes of a telegraph established or maintained by Government or to be so established or maintained The exercise of the powers hereby conferred is subject to the provisions of the said Indian Telegraph Act, 1885.

R. N. GILCHRIST.

Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Establishment.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Nawab K. G. M. Faroqui, Khan Bahadur.

No. 55.—26th October 1933.—Maulvi Abdul Majid (No. II), Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector and officiating Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department, is confirmed in the post of Assistant Secretary, Public Works Department, with effect from the 5th October 1933, *vice* Rai Bipin Bihari Ray Bahadur, retired

No. 56.—31st October 1933.—Babu Bhupati Banerjee, Assistant Engineer, Rajshahi Division, is allowed, under rule 81 (*d*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on half average pay for three months, in extension of the leave already granted to him.

L. R FAWCUS.

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 57.—6th November 1933.—Maulvi Shafiquer Rahman, Assistant Engineer, on probation, attached to the Suburban Division, was granted, under Subsidiary Rule 275(*a*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on full pay for fifteen days, from the 17th to the 31st August 1933, both days inclusive.

W. J KERR, *Chief Engineer.*

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 10C.I.E. — 30th October 1933.—Babu Khirode Chandra Das, Assistant Engineer, is, on return from leave, posted to the Cossye Division.

T. A. CURRY, *Chief Engineer (offg.).*

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

Orders by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 64-L.—2nd November 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Ikargara Co-operative Bank (registered No. 31 of 1924), in the subdivision Sadar in the district of Bogra, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Bogra (A Circle), to be liquidator of the said society.

A. M. ARSHADALI,

Regr., Co-operative Societies Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

No. 100Exc —31st October 1933. — Babu Dinesh Chandra Sen Gupta, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Calcutta, was allowed an extension of leave for one month and seven days on average pay under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 101Exc.—31st October 1933.—Maulvi Muhammad Fazlur Rahman, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Calcutta, was allowed leave on average pay for fourteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental with effect from 5th October 1933.

No. 102Exc.—31st October 1933.—Maulvi Muhammad Fazlur Rahman, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Calcutta, is transferred to Naogaon in the district of Rajshahi temporarily for five months, for supervision of the work of cultivation and manufacture of ganja in the interest of public service.

No. 103Exc. — 1st November 1933.—Mr. Godfrey Jnanendra Nath Adhikary, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Bankura, was allowed leave on average pay for two days, with effect from 5th October 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 104Exc. — 4th November 1933.—The orders transferring Babu Dinesh Chandra Sen Gupta, Inspector of Excise and Salt, from Calcutta to the Raniganj Range in the district of Burdwan in this office notification No. 95Exc., dated 13th September 1933, are cancelled.

No. 105Exc.—4th November 1933.—Babu Dwijendra Nath Chatterji (No. II), Inspector of Excise and Salt, Calcutta, is transferred to Naogaon in the district of Rajshahi temporarily for five months for supervision of the work of cultivation and manufacture of ganja in the public interest.

This office notification No. 102 Exc., dated 31st October 1933, is cancelled.

S. K. HALDAR,

Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Land Revenue.

APPORTIONMENT ORDERS.

Hooghly.—No. 12176L.R.—3rd November 1933.—Under section 114 of the Bengal Tenancy Act (Act VIII of 1885) the Governor in Council has determined that in police-stations Singur, Tarakeswar, Dhaniakhali, Balagarh, Pandua, Polba, Haripal, Magra and Chinsura in the district of Hooghly where the preparation of record-of-rights has been undertaken under notification No. 791 L.R., dated the 19th June 1930, the landlords' and tenants' share of the cost of the survey and the preparation of record-of-rights including the estimated cost of maintenance of boundary marks for a period of fifteen years shall be apportioned and recovered as specified below:—

(*1*) The rate of Re. 1-14 shall be levied per acre of which the raiyats including persons holding non-agricultural tenancies, shall pay 12 annas per acre and their landlords of all grades together Re. 1-2 per acre. Common lands such as rivers, roads, khals, burning ghats, etc., shall be excluded from assessment, but not tanks even if used for irrigation.

(*2*) Landlords shall pay the raiyats' share of lands in their khas possession and raiyats shall pay the full raiyati rate for lands covered by their holding.

(*3*) Rent-free holders whether of the grade of raiyats or landlords shall pay the whole of the landlord's share for their lands.

(*4*) As between the different grades of landlords the landlord's share shall be apportioned thus:—

(*a*) Permanent tenure-holders whose rent or rate of rent is fixed in perpetuity shall pay their own share of the cost and that of the landlords superior to them.

(*b*) Other permanent tenure-holders and temporary tenure-holders whose lease has over fifteen years to run shall pay 3/4ths of the landlords' share and their landlords shall pay the remaining ¼th.

(*c*) Temporary tenure-holders whose lease has fifteen years to run shall pay 15/16ths of the share they would pay accordance with (*b*) above if they were permanent tenure-holders and if less than fifteen years proportionately according to the number of years of the lease to run.

(*d*) Temporary tenure-holders who do not hold on a lease or for a fixed term shall pay half of the landlords' share.

Explanation.—The calculation shall be made from the lowest grade of the landlords immediately above the raiyats. The period for which the lease of the tenure or under-tenure is to run is to be reckoned in each case from the close of the agricultural year in which the record is finally published.

(*5*) (*a*) Under-raiyats having a right of occupancy or protected by section 48 (*c*) (*i*) (*1*) or (*2*) shall pay at the rate of 4 annas for a tenancy or part of a tenancy recorded in one village.

(*b*) Other under-raiyats shall be exempted from assessment.

(*6*) (*I*) The calculation shall be made:—

(*a*) To the nearest anna;

(*b*) area less than one acre shall be charged for as one acre;

(*c*) and for the broken areas over one acre there shall be no charge for less than half an acre but if the broken portion be half acre or upwards it shall be taken as a full acre; and

(*II*) the minimum charge for any tenancy or part of tenancy recorded in one village shall be 4 annas only.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Darjeeling. — No. 763T.R. — 20th October 1933.—The following proposed plan for lighting a portion of the Darjeeling Municipality in the district of Darjeeling, which together with a map showing the lighting area, has been submitted by the Commissioners of that Municipality to the Government of Bengal for sanction under section 308, read with section 319 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), in supersession of the plan sanctioned in Government notification No. 5866 M., dated the 31st December 1897, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The map may be inspected at the office of the Municipal Commissioners.

2. The proposed plan will be taken into consideration on the 15th December 1933 and any objection or suggestion which may be received by the undersigned through the Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling before that date will be duly considered

Plan.

Light will be supplied from one thousand and six electric lamps as shown in the accompanying statement. Current will be provided from the municipal power station at Sidrapong as heretofore. The lighting rate will be levied at 3 per cent. on the annual value of holdings as at present—

(1) Statement showing the number of lights in each road and lane to be lighted within the Darjeeling Municipality.

Name of roads.	No. of lamps. Watts.		
	60	75	200
Bryngwyn Road			1
Mackenzie Road			9
Waddell Road ..			5
Banstead Road ..	7		
Salt Hill Road ..	7		
Hermon Road ..	5		
Theatre Road ..	2		
Tonga Road ..	9		
Mahatab Chand Road	5		
Mackintosh Road	22		
Elysee Road ..	5		
Prestage Road ..	10		
Kutchery Road .	6		
Jail Road ..	23		
Dharamsala Road	3		
Chowk Bazar ..	11		
Jhaman Busti ..	3		
Daroga Bazar Road	4		
Old Kutchery Lane	2		
Dispensary Road	3		
Ballen Ville Road	3		
Mount Pleasant Road	8		
Lloyd Road ..	3		
Musjid Road ..	2		
Convent Road ..	15		
Hooker Road ..	9		
Rivers Hill Road	3		
Snowy View Road	2		
Rungeet Road (partly)	35		
Apple Tree Road	13		
Chebu Lama Road	4		
Bhutia Busti Lane	4		
Commercial Row ..	..	..	13
Robertson Road.. ..	..	..	12
Meadow Bank	..	5	..
Mohanlal Busti	3	..	..
Singtom Cemetery Road ..	2	..	..
Sintom Road (partly) ..	6	..	..
Tukvar Road (partly) ..	13	..	..
Morgan Road	7	..	..
Goode Road	8	..	..
Ferndale Road	26	..	..
Conservancy Road ..	32	..	..
Forrest Road	23	..	..
Senchal Road up to Keventer's Dairy Farm .	..	5	..
Rajhatta Ghoom ..	..	2	..
Bhanjan Road up to Kharga Villa	..	26	..
Dharamsala Road ..	..	2	..
Auckland Road up to the gate of Retreat	67		
Auckland Road from Pines Hotel to Ghoom Post Office	..	8	
Jalapahar Road up to the gate of Mount Vernon Villa ..	97	..	
West Birch Hill Road up to St Joseph College ..	43	..	
East Birch Hill Road up to Holmden . .	14	..	
Cart Road from the gate of St Joseph's College to the gate of Jalpaiguri house ..	111	..	17
Cart Road from Ghoom Post Office to Veterinary Hospital	..	23	
Victoria Fall Road from the junction of the Ferndale Road to the junction of Marion Road	8	..	
Victoria Road from Tonglu View to Bertram Villa ..	10	..	
East Mall Road .. .	22	..	
West Mall Road .	2	..	
Auckland Zig Zag Road ..	6	..	
Ashley Road	3	..	
Babuganj Road	8	..	
Chowrasta pavilion* ..	1	..	
Eden Falls Road ..	6	..	
Hermitage Road ..	8	..	
Holmden Road	7	..	
Karmia Road	3	..	
Marion Road	10	..	
Pound Road	2	..	
West Point	8	..	
Toongsoong Busti .	11	..	
Toongsoong Zig Zag Road ..	6	..	
Sudhir Kumari Road ..	9	..	
Fish and Vegetable Market ..	15	..	
Meat Market	9	..	
West Lebong Road ..	17	..	
Burdwan Road	1	..	
Grand Total ..	858	71	76

1,005+1*=1,006

* One 500 Watt lamp.

(2) Statement showing the number of lights proposed in the Public latrines within the Darjeeling Municipality.

No. of latrine.	No. of lights. Watts. 60	75
B1 Near "Glen" ..	1	..
B2 Near "Altamont Villa II"	1	..
B4 Near Railway Station ..	2	..
B5 In Butcher Busti ..	1	..
B6 On Rockville Road ..	2	..
B7 On Lloyd Road	2	..
B8 Between "H" and "K" Buildings	3	..
B9 Near "H" Buildings ..	4	..
B10 Near Rope Way ..	1	..
B11 Near Jiten Jhora ..	1	..
B12 On Forest Road ..	1	..
B13 On Mount Pleasant Road near Thorn Cottage ..	2	..
B15 Commercial Row ..	1	..
B16 Mount Pleasant Road ..	1	..
B17 Near "C" Building ..	3	..
B18 Near Old Municipal Office	1	..
B19 Pound Road ..	2	..
B20 Jail Road	1	..
B21 Beechwood Road ..	1	..
B22 Prestage Road ..	1	..
K1 Below St. Paul School ..	1	..
K2 Collinton Road ..	1	..
K3 Worneckie Road ..	1	..
K4 Marion Road ..	1	..
K5 Tonga Road	1	..
K6 Kagjhora (North) ..	1	..
K7 Mackintosh Road ..	1	..
N1 Karma Road ..	1	..
N2 Rungeet Road ..	1	..
N3 Chebu Lama Road ..	1	..
S1 Rungeet Road near slaughter house	1	..
S2 Rungeet Road near school	1	..
S3 Rungeet Road near septic tank	1	..
W1 Near Gymkhana Club ..	2	..
W2 Near Caroline Villa ..	2	..
W3 Kutchery Road ..	2	..
W4 Convent Road ..	1	..
W5 Hooker Road ..	1	..
W6 Kutchery compound ..	3	..
W7 Near Happy Valley Transformer House ..	2	..
W8 Near Meat Market ..	3	..
Chowrasta Urinal	3	..
Singamari near St. Joseph's College	1	..
Singamari near Municipal Transformer house ..	1	..
Jorebungalow near Jangbir Sardar's house ..	..	1
Jorebungalow near Messrs. Siridharilall Badri Narayan's shop	..	2
Jorebungalow near Veterinary Hospital	..	1
Singtom Road latrine ..	1	..
Grand Total	67	4
	=71	

Nadia.—No. 11937L.R.—31st October 1933.—Under the provisions of sections 3 (*14*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Nripendra Nath Mukharji, Settlement Kanungo, is authorised to discharge, in the district of Nadia, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights.

Nadia.—No. 11938L.R.—31st October 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1825 (IX of 1825), read with section 20 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822 (VII of 1822), the Governor in Council is pleased to vest Babu Nripendra Nath Mukherji, Kanungo, who has by notification No. 12049 C. P., dated the 7th October 1933, been vested by the Board of Revenue with the powers of a Collector in the estate of Babu Manindra Mohan Acharya, in the district of Nadia, for the purpose of the work of maintenance of the record-of-rights of that estate with powers under section 19 of the said Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822, within the local limits of that estate to require and compel persons mentioned in the section to attend and produce accounts and other papers and to examine such persons under that section for the purpose of the said work of the maintenance of the record-of-rights.

Nadia.—No. 11940L.R.—31st October 1933.—Under the provisions of section 3 (*14*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Prafulla Chandra Maulik, Settlement Kanungo, is authorised to discharge, in the district of Nadia, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights.

Nadia.—No. 11941L.R.—31st October 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1825 (IX of 1825), read with section 20 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822 (VII of 1822), the Governor in Council is pleased to vest Babu Prafulla Chandra Maulik, Kanungo, who has by notification No. 12050 C.P. dated the 7th October 1933, been vested by the Board of Revenue with the powers of a Collector in the estate of Bibhuti Bhusan Pal Choudhuri, in the district of Nadia, for the purpose of the work of maintenance of the record-of-rights of that estate with powers under section 19 of the said Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1882 within the local limits of that estate to require and compel persons mentioned in the section to attend and produce accounts and other papers and to examine such persons under that section for the purpose of the said work of the maintenance of the record-of-rights.

Faridpur.—No. 11942L.R. — 31st October 1933.—Under the provisions of section 3 (*14*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Maulvi Matiar Rahaman Khan, Settlement Kanungo, is authorised to discharge, in

the district of Faridpur, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights.

Faridpur.—No. 11943L.R — 31st October 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1825 (IX of 1825), read with section 20 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822 (VII of 1822), the Governor in Council is pleased to vest Maulvi Matiar Rahaman Khan, Kanungo, who has by notification No. 12051 C.P., dated the 7th October 1933, been vested by the Board of Revenue with the powers of a Collector in the estate of Maharaja Sir Prodyot Kumar Tagore Bahadur, Kt., in the district of Faridpur, for the purpose of the work of maintenance of the record-of-rights of that estate with powers under section 19 of the said Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822, within the local limits of that estate to require and compel persons mentioned in the section to attend and produce accounts and other papers and to examine such persons under that section for the purpose of the said work of the maintenance of the record-of-rights.

Birbhum.—No. 11944L.R. — 31st October 1933.—Under the provisions of section 3 (*14*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Haridas Mazumdar, Settlement Kanungo, is authorised to discharge, in the district of Birbhum, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights.

Birbhum.—No. 11945L.R. — 31st October 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1825 (IX of 1825), read with section 20 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822 (VII of 1822), the Governor in Council is pleased to vest Babu Haridas Mazumdar, Kanungo, who has by notification No. 12052 C.P., dated the 7th October 1933, been vested by the Board of Revenue with the powers of a Collector in the estate of His Highness the Nawab of Rampur, in the district of Birbhum, for the purpose of the work of maintenance of the record-of-rights of that estate with powers under section 19 of the said Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822, within the local limits of that estate to require and compel persons mentioned in the section to attend and produce accounts and other papers and to examine such persons under that section for the purpose of the said work of the maintenance of the record-of-rights.

24-Parganas.—No. 11947L.R.—31st October 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (*3*) of section 158A of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Certificate Officer, Alipore, Sadar, to perform the functions of a Certificate Officer under the Bengal Public Demands Recovery Act, 1913, for the purposes of the said section, and in respect of any arrears of rent (including cesses) due to the estate of Babu Dharani Mohan Roy of 85, Amherst Street, Calcutta, owned by himself in Diamond Harbour, Baraset and Sadar subdivisions in the district of 24-Parganas.

24-Parganas.—No. 11950L.R.—31st October 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (*3*) of section 158A of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Certificate Officer, Alipore, Sadar, to perform the functions of a Certificate Officer under the Bengal Public Demands Recovery Act, 1913, for the purposes of the said section, and in respect of any arrears of rent (including cesses) due to the estate of the Bhowanipore Zamindary Company, Limited, in Diamond Harbour, Baraset, Basirhat and Sadar subdivisions in the district of 24-Parganas.

Birbhum.—No. 12036L.R.—1st November 1933.—The leave granted to Babu Gadadhar Singh Roy, Sub-Deputy Collector and Cess Revaluation Officer, Birbhum, and published in this department notification No. 10125 L.R., dated the 4th September 1933, is cancelled.

Hooghly.—No. 12191L.R. — 3rd November 1933.—It is hereby notified that the survey carried out under the orders of Government under section 3 of the Bengal Survey Act, 1875 (Bengal Act V of 1875), and sub-section (*1*) of section 101 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), and particulars whereof have been embodied in the undermentioned notifications, is adopted as defining villages for the purpose of clause 19 (*b*) of section 3 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), in the police-stations of Dhaniakhali, Haripal, Singur, Tarakeswar, Polba, Balagarh, Magra, Pandua and Chinsura in the district of Hooghly:—

Notification No. 9499L.R., dated the 2nd September 1926.

Notification No. 791 T.R., dated the 19th June 1930.

Hooghly.—No. 12192L.R.—3rd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-clause (*b*) of clause (*7*) of section 3 of the Land Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act VII of 1876), the Governor in Council is pleased to adopt the villages lying in the police-stations of Dhaniakhali, Haripal, Singur, Tarakeswar, Polba, Balagarh, Magra, Pandua and Chinsura within the administrative units of the district of Hooghly as surveyed and recorded under the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), and the Bengal Survey Act (Bengal Act V of 1875), in accordance with the notifications Nos. 9499 L.R., dated the 2nd September 1926, and 791 T.R., dated the 19th June 1930, as defining mauzas for the purpose of that clause in the said police-stations in that district.

Land Acquisition.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Dacca. — No. 12047L.A. — 1st November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality, for a public purpose, viz., for opening an outlet of Shajanpur Slaughter House at Rajarbag, in the city of Dacca, in the village of Rajarbag, known as Shajanpur, pargana Sahauzial, tappa Ichhapura, zilla Dacca, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring more or less, 0 94 of an acre and comprising parts of cadastral survey plots Nos. 35, 40, 41, and 178, are likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Rajarbag, known as Shajanpur.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Dacca

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Dacca.

Dacca. — No 12050L A — 1st November 1933 --Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Chandanbari union board, for a public purpose, viz , for excavation of a khal to drain off the water of a beel named "Joaria Khugatia," running from east to west through mauza Gazaria, pargana Baradakhat, tappa Panchbhag, zilla Dacca, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less 0 733 of an acre, comprising parts of cadastral survey plot Nos 259, 238, 240, 239, 236, 233, 234, 222, 221, 217, 218, 219, 200, 201 and 196, is likely to be required within the aforesaid mauza Gazaria

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Narayanganj

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Dacca.

Rangpur.—No. 12056L.A. — 1st November 1933.—Babu Akshay Kumar Bose, Subdivisional Officer, Kurigram, in the district of Rangpur, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that subdivision.

Darjeeling.—No. 12058L A —1st November 1933.--Mr. M. H. M. Farrokh, Subdivisional Officer, Siliguri, in the district of Darjeeling, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that subdivision.

Howrah.—No. 12100 L.A —2nd November 1933 — Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the district board of Howrah, for a public purpose, viz , for diversion of the Mithakundu khal at Barkoley, in the village of Barkoley, jurisdiction list No. 150, thana Shyampur, pargana Mandalghat, district Howrah, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0 625 of an acre, bounded on the—

North and South—By land of Rahamat Molla, land of Akhoy Kumar Manji and char land belonging to Ashutosh Manna and others,

East - By river Hooghly,

West - By Mitakundu Khal,

is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Barkoley.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Collector of Ulubaria

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Howrah.

Burdwan.—No. 12195L.A.—3rd November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th miles of distributary No. 6/B, Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Basatpur, Kusha, Sukur, Korarchak and Hatgobindapur, jurisdiction list Nos. 96, 97, 135, 189 and 136, respectively, thana Burdwan, and in the villages of Hairagram and Ousha, jurisdiction list Nos. 26 and 28, respectively, thana Memari, pargana Sahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1043, 1045 to 1049, 1054 to 1057 and 1078 to 1080 in mauza Basatpur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 533, 540 to 542, 570, 572 to 575, 577, 581, 583 to 585, 591 to 593, 618 to 620, 625, 628 to 631, 634, 657, 658 and 660 in mauza Kusha, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1599, 1609 and 2182 to 2184 in mauza Sukur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 7 to 9, 89 to 91, 93, 94, 100 to 104, 127, 130 to 132 and 177 in mauza Korarchak, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 547, 607, 609 to 613, 615, 616, 625, 626, 629 to 633, 647 to 649, 654 to 656, 692 to 694, 976, 985 to 987, 996 to 998, 1006, 1011, 1012, 1017, 1019, 1020, 1135, 1144, 1174, 1178 to 1182, 1187 to 1196, 1202 to 1204, 1212, 1213, 1219, 1226, 1338, 2248, 2256 to 2260, 2262 to 2264, 2299, 2303, 2306 to 2309, 2311, 2338, 2346 to 2348, 2350 to 2355, 4056, 4057, 4059, 4062 to 4066, 4068 to 4070, 4072, 4113, 4117, 4118, 4126 to 4128, and 4130 to 4132 in mauza Hatgobindapur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 353, 354, 364, 366 to 369, 388, 393 to 395, 403 to 405, 412, 413, 437 to 439, 449 to 452, 462, 464, 471 to 473, 478, 481, 619 and 620 in mauza Hairagram and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 449, 452 to 456, 480 to 484, 490, 491, 496, 497, 499, 500, 501, 517 to 521, 525 to 527 and 530 in mauza Ousha, and measuring, more or less, 29·90 acres, is likely to be required within the aforesaid villages of Basatpur, Kusha, Sukur, Korarchak, Hatgovindapur, Hairagram and Ousha.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in so much of the above land as are not waste or arable, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 (4) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of section 5A of the Act shall not apply to the waste or arable portions of the land in this case.

Burdwan.—No. 12198L.A.—3rd November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing the portion from chainage 59,670 feet to 70,159 feet of Distributary No. 6 of the Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Debagram, Kurman and Ramchandrapur, jurisdiction list Nos. 132, 106 and 109, respectively, thana Burdwan, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising cadastral plot Nos. 35, 59, 127 and 1288 and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 33, 34, 36 to 39, 41 to 44, 54, 57, 58, 60 to 65, 112 to 115, 122, 128, 129, 319 to 322, 324, 325, 327 to 330, 344 to 352, 354, 398, 404 to 409, 414 to 416, 422, 477, 1291, 1406, 1413, 1422, 1423, 1425 to 1428, 1434, 1435, 1445 to 1447, 1449 to 1451, 1460, 1467, 1470, 1471, 1476 to 1478 and 1848 in mauza Debagram, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1335, 1906 to 1908, 7193 to 7200, 7202 to 7204, 7249 to 7252, 7258, 7259, 7261, 7262, 7270 to 7272 and 7274 in mauza Kurman and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 2449, 2452, 2457, 2460 to 2463, 2487 to 2489, 2491 to 2494, 2497 to 2504, 2512 and 2514 in mauza Ramchandrapur, and measuring, more or less, 21·96 acres, is likely to be required within the aforesaid villages of Debagram, Kurman and Ramchandrapur.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in so much of the above land as are not waste or arable, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 (4) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of section 5A of the Act shall not apply to the waste or arable portions of the land in this case.

24-Parganas.—No. 12233L.A.—6th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48(*1*) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of 3·3719 acres of land notified for acquisition under declaration No. 10941L.A., dated the 31st August 1931, published at page 1066, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 3rd September 1931, and required by the district board of the 24-Parganas for the improvement of the Gobra road 1st and 2nd miles, in the villages of Sangrampur (J. L. No. 104), Par-Naihati (J. L. No. 105), Birannagar (J. L. No. 108), Chak-Kamardanga (J. L. No. 109), and Chaura (J. L. No. 107), thana Basirhat and in the village of Gandarbapur (J. L. No. 93), thana Baduria, parganas Balia, Buran and Hilki, district 24-Parganas.

Howrah.—No. 12242L.A.—6th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Howrah Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for easing out the corner at the junction of the T. R. Belilious Lane and Fakirdas Mondal Lane, in the village of Bantra Dakshin, jurisdiction list No. 3, thana Bantra, pargana Boro, district Howrah, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0·004 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By Fakirdas Mondal Lane,

South—By lands of Gour Chandra Munshi and others,

East—By T. R. Belilious Lane,

West—By lands of Gour Chandra Munshi and others,

is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Bantra Dakshin.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Howrah.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Howrah.

Calcutta.—No. 12245L.A.—6th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Improvement Trust for a public purpose, viz., for alignment No. IX (Central Avenue—Shambazar Street to Galiff Street) in ward No. 1 of the Calcutta Municipality in the city of Calcutta, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising premises No. 55/3, Raja Raj Ballav Street, and measuring, more or less, 0·0495 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By premises No. 55/2A, Raja Raj Ballav Street,

East—By Rajapara Lane,

South—By premises No. 55/4, Raja Raj Ballav Street already acquired for the Calcutta Improvement Trust,

West—By premises No. 56/1, Raja Raj Ballav Street,

is likely to be required within the aforesaid ward No. 1 of the Calcutta Municipality in the city of Calcutta.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Second Land Acquisition Collector at No. 5, Bankshall Street, Calcutta.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Second Land Acquisition Collector at No. 5, Bankshall Street, Calcutta.

Mymensingh. — No. 12248L.A. — 6th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Jamalpur Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for the improvement of the burning ghat at Jamalpur, in the village of Satpakia, pargana Pakuria, district Mymensingh, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0·16 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the District Settlement plot No. 240 of mouza Satpakia,

East—By the portion of District Settlement plot No. 241 of mouza Satpakia,

South—By the portion of District Settlement plot No. 241 of mouza Satpakia,

West—By the District Settlement plot No. 239 of mouza Satpakia,

is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Satpakia.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Mymensingh.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Mymensingh.

Tippera.—No. 12251L.A.—6th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Chandpur Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for constructing a public latrine at Nutan Bazar of the Chandpur Municipality in the village of Bishnudi in Chandpur Municipality, jurisdiction list No. 91, thana Chandpur, pargana Purchandi, district Tippera, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising cadastral plot Nos. 3207 and 3208 and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 2668, 2669 and 2646 and measuring, more or less, 0·123 of an acre, is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Bishnudi in Chandpur Municipality

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Chandpur.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Tippera.

Burdwan.—No. 12254L.A.—6th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing the portion from chainage 70,159 feet to 84,422 feet of Distributary No. 6 of the Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Ramchandrapur, Sirajpur, Bakalsa and Faridpur, jurisdiction list Nos. 109, 110, 128 and 127, respectively, thana Burdwan, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 2429, 2435 to 2438, 2441, 2442, 2449, 2629, 2630 and 2848 in mauza Ramchandrapur, cadastral plot Nos. 1400, 2355 and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1314 to 1316, 1329 to 1333, 1335, 1350, 1351, 1373, to 1376, 1379, 1380, 1396 to 1399, 1401 to 1405, 1418, 1421 to 1423, 1433, 1434, 1445 to 1447, 1450, 1451, 1465 to 1471, 1474, 1475, 2326 to 2328, 2345, 2346, 2349, 2350 and 2353 in mauza Sirajpur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 111 to 113, 122 to 124, 132 to 134, 151, 154 to 156, 159, 160, 319, 1533, 1534, 1540, 1541, 1543, 1668 to 1673, 1677 to 1680, 1698 and 1710 to 1714 in mauza Bakalsa and parts of cadastral plot Nos 1322, 1338, 1362, 1368, 1371, 1372, 1379 to 1395, 1401 to 1407, 2504, 2505, 2507 to 2509, 2511, 2512, 2516, 2518, 2521 to 2523, 2525, 2526, 2586, 2590 to 2592, 2597, 2599 to 2604, 2612 to 2615, 2633 and 2634 in mauza Faridpur, and altogether measuring, more or less, 23·15 acres, are likely to be required within the aforesaid villages of Ramchandrapur, Sirajpur, Bakalsa and Faridpur.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in such of the above lands, as are not waste or arable who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17(*4*) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of section 5A of the Act shall not apply to the waste or arable portions of the land in this case.

24-Parganas.—No. 12257L.A.—6th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the South Suburban Municipality, for a public purpose, viz., for improving Abhay Vidyalankar Road in the village of Behala, jurisdiction list No. 2, thana Behala, pargana Balia, district 24-Parganas, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising portions of cadastral plots Nos. 4107, 4312 and 4313 and measuring, more or less, 0·0125 of an acre, is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Behala.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Commissioners of the South Suburban Municipality.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of 24-Parganas.

DECLARATIONS.

Calcutta.—No. 12060L.A. — 1st November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Improvement Trust for a public purpose, viz., for alignment No. 11 (Tangra Main Road) of the Calcutta Improvement Trust, in ward No. 19 of the Calcutta Municipality, in the city of Calcutta, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, comprising premises No. 48/4, Tangra Road, and measuring, more or less, 0·0785 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By premises No. 48/5, Tangra Road,

East—By Tangra Road,

South—By a common passage,

West—By premises No. 48/3, Tangra Road,

is required within the aforesaid ward No. 19 of the Calcutta Municipality, in the city of Calcutta.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Second Land Acquisition Collector, at No. 5, Bankshall Street, Calcutta.

Burdwan.—No. 12236L.A.—6th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor-in-Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of diversion of district board road in the 3rd mile of the Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the village of Fatehpur, jurisdiction list No. 14, thana Galsi, pargana Champanagari, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0 33 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the lands of Mohitya Bala Debya, Amulya Bagdi, Chandra Sekhar Singh and Indumati Debi,

East—By the land of the Irrigation Department,

South—By the lands of Natabar Bagdi and Gadadhar Singh and others,

West—By the lands of Natabar Bagdi, Gadadhar Singh and others, Mohitya Bala Debya, Amulya Bagdi, Chandra Sekhar Singh and Indumati Debi,

is required within the aforesaid village of Fatehpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

Burdwan.—No. 12239L.A.—6th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor-in-Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing an inlet at chainage 700 feet of Distributary No. 1 of the Branch Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the village of Bansujapur, jurisdiction list No. 90, thana Galsi, pargana Burdwan, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 951 and 955 and measuring, more or less, 0·006 of an acre, is required within the aforesaid village of Bansujapur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

Forests.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Chittagong.—No. 12027For.—1st November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Indian Forest Act, 1927 (Act XVI of 1927), the Governor in Council declares that the area comprised in the revisional survey plots specified in the schedule below is reserved forest with effect from the 2nd January 1934. The total area is 1,514·44 acres:—

Schedule.

District Chittagong, thana Fatikchari.

Mauza with Jurisdiction List No.	Revisional survey plots.	Area in acres.
Jungle Khayapukia, Jurisdiction List No. 14.	19, 19/30, 19/31, 19/32, 19/33, 19/34, 60, 61, 62, 67, 68, 69, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 203, 203/216, 311, 312, 64/323, 111/324, 108/325, 170/326, 199/327, 198/328, 209/331, 266/332, 274/333 and 275/334.	1,514·44

Chittagong-Chittagong Hill Tracts.—No. 12022 For.—1st November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 41, 42 and 76 of the Indian Forest Act, 1927 (XVI of 1927), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules to regulate the transit by land or water of all timber and other forest-produce within or from the districts of Chittagong and Chittagong Hill Tracts.

Notification No. 14225For., dated the 12th September 1927, as subsequently amended, and the rules framed thereunder regulating the transit of forest-produce in the districts of Chittagong and Chittagong Hill Tracts are hereby cancelled.

1. (*1*) **Short title and local extent.**--These rules may be called the Chittagong and Chittagong Hill Tracts Forest Transit Rules, 1932.

(*2*) **Routes, section 41(a).** -They shall apply (in the districts of Chittagong and Chittagong Hill Tracts) in respect of all forest-produce from—

A. Reserved and protected forests,

B Forests not in class A which are the property of Government,

C. Private forests,

which is exported or imported or moved from, into or within the above districts by any route.

2. (*1*) **Passes and fees, section 41(b)(c).** -*Removal of forest-produce from Reserved or Protected Forests.*—No forest-produce may be removed except under cover of a Forest Department permit and subject to the conditions and rates laid down therein

The holder of such permit shall be entitled on the production thereof to take the forest-produce past any Revenue Check Station specified in rule 4 without further payment.

Exception Permits issued by the Khas Mahal Officers as laid down in the schedule of rates shall be deemed to be Forest Department permits for the purpose of this rule.

(*2*) *Removal of forest-produce from other Government forests and lands which are not Reserved or Protected Forests* -Passes shall be obtained from the Forest Officers, or other officers authorised to issue them by the Collector or Deputy Commissioner, as the case may be, and shall be subject to the conditions and rates laid down in the schedule of rates in force at the time. Such passes shall be valid only for the period mentioned therein.

Exception —Residents of the Chittagong Hill Tracts are allowed royalty-free produce for use within the districts only, with the exception of such items as may be declared as prohibited

(*3*) *Forest-produce of private forests and lands, the owners or occupiers of which have the right to remove the same without payment of royalty* —Passes shall be obtained from the Collector or the Deputy Commissioner, free of any charge, but subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) Applications shall be made to the Collector or the Deputy Commissioner in Form A given in the appendix to these rules, and the pass shall be in Form B of the same appendix

(*b*) There shall be only one application in any one financial year and one pass for each area, *i.e.*, estate or lot which is free from the liability or royalty.

(*c*) Every pass shall show and will cover the maximum amount of each kind of produce which is expected to be exported and which the Collector or Deputy Commissioner considers may be exported from the area during the financial year.

(*d*) Each despatch of produce shall be covered and accompanied by a serially numbered pass issued by the owner or occupier of the forest or land and stating the amount and the number and date of the free pass issued by the Collector or Deputy Commissioner and the quantity already removed out of the total grant. The amount of each such despatch shall also be entered at the time on the back of the free pass.

Exception —In the case of produce from areas adjoining Reserve Forests and Protected Forests such passes shall be countersigned by a Forest Officer not below the rank of a Forester

Note.—Timber and dugouts from such adjoining areas must be inspected at site by a Forest Officer not below the rank of a Deputy Ranger and their volume entered by him on the back of the free pass.

(*e*) Before granting a pass under sub-rule (3) the Collector or Deputy Commissioner shall make such enquiries as may be necessary through a Forest Officer for the purpose of ascertaining whether the quantities applied for are reasonable and within the capacity of the area to supply.

(4) Any person bringing into or exporting from or moving into or from or within, or who has brought into or exported from or moved into or from or within, the district of Chittagong or the district of Chittagong Hill Tracts any forest produce shall present it to the Forest Officer in charge of the place of origin or entry, or of the area nearest to the place of origin or entry through which it is transported, for examination and check, and shall pay the amount, if any, due thereon and obtain a transit pass in Bengal Form No. 1674 given in appendix to these rules, for which no extra fee shall be charged, which pass shall not be valid beyond the district for which it is granted. If the produce is covered by a pass from another district it shall be surrendered to the officer and a fresh one obtained from him.

3. **Production of passes, section 41(c).** Any person importing, exporting or moving timber or other forest produce into from or within the districts of Chittagong and Chittagong Hill Tracts shall, when required to do so, produce his pass to a Revenue, Forest or Police Officer.

4. **Stoppage of timber or forest produce, section 41(d).**—All timber or other forest-produce to which these rules apply or any craft suspected to contain such produce shall be liable to stoppage by any Forest Officer on any route or at any Forest office in order that it may be produced, examined or checked and that if any amounts are found due and payable on such produce, such amounts may be realised at the following Revenue Check Stations:—

No	Station	Situation	River, khal or stream
1.	Fenny	Amlighat	Fenny.
2	Halda	Jujhkhola	Halda.
3	Daloo khil	Daloo khil in mauza Daloo about ½ mile below the border of Chittagong Hill Tracts	Daloo stream
4	Kalapania	Kalapania in mauza Uttar Kanchannagar near junction of Kumari and Kalapania stream	Kalapania
5	Dhroong	Kanchanpur	Dhroong
6	Lelang	Near junction of Burra and Chota Lelang streams	Lelang
7	Fenoa	Fenoa	Kutabchera
8	Sarta	Khiram	Sarta
9	Dabua	Gossainhat	Dabua
10	Ishamati	Ranirhat	Ishamati
11	Cheringa	Cheringa	Karnafuli
12	Khurusia	Khurusia	Syllock
13	Sungoo	Dobacheri	Sungoo
14	Lamdha	Barduara	Aluang, Subalong and
15	Hunger	Andharmanik	Hunger.
16	Tankawati	Rajghata	Tankawati or tank.
17	Doloo	Naricha	Doloo.
18	Harbhang	Harbhang	Harbhang.
19	Sonaicheri	Baraiteli	Sonaicheri
20	Chittagong	Chittagong	Karnafuli.
21	Barkal	Barkal	Ditto.
22	Mainimukh	Junction of Maini and Kasalong rivers.	Kasalong.

No.	Station.	Situation.	River, khal or stream.
23	Fringkhyong	Near Chitmaram village ..	Karnafuli.
24	Karnafuli ..	Chandraghona	Ditto
25	Alikadam ..	Alikadam	Matamori
26	Matamori ..	Surajpur	Ditto
27	Palakata ..	Palakata	Ditto
28	Darbeshkata ..	Dabdabikhal	Dabdabi
29	Jaliakarmarghat	Jaliakarmarghat . ..	Moiskhal
30	Fashiakhali ..	Fashiakhali	Fashiakhali
31	Dulahazara ..	Dulahazara	Dulahazara
32	Paglichera ..	Paglichera . ..	Paglichera
33	Kuntakhali ..	Kuntakhali ..	Kuntakhali
34	Eadgong .	Romariaghona ..	Eadgong
35	Bagkhali	Ramu	Bagkhali
36.	Rezu	Rumkha .	Rezu
37	Tambru .	Tambru Bazar .	Naaf
38	Nilla .	Nilla . ..	Ditto
39	Teknaf	Teknaf .. .	Ditto
40	Cox's Bazar	Cox's Bazar . .	Bagkhali
41	Chongarphari	Koralkhali .	Pora Matamori and Bura Matamori

Produce not covered by a pass shall be liable to detention for inquiry

5 (*1*) **Prevention and removal of obstructions in rivers, section 41(g).**—The closing up or obstructing of any river, stream or channel or the bank of any river, stream or channel used or likely to be used for the transit of timber or other forest produce or the stoppage of navigation on the same is prohibited

(*2*) The Collector or Deputy Commissioner may order any person who, by his act or negligence, has caused such closure, obstruction or stoppage, to remove the same within a time specified, or may cause such obstruction to be cleared and recover the cost of such clearance from the person by whose act or negligence it was caused

6 (*1*) **Registration or property marks, section 41(i).**—All traders dealing in timber or dugouts shall mark such produce with a property-mark which shall be registered with the Divisional Forest Officer and the registration renewed in April each year Each such mark shall consist of a device to be approved by the Divisional Forest Officer and the fee for registration thereof shall be one rupee for the first registration, and four annas for each subsequent renewal thereof

(*2*) A certificate of registration showing the device registered shall be given to each person registering his mark, and a copy of the certificate shall be forwarded to the Collector or the Deputy Commissioner concerned.

(*3*) Any timber not removed from the land for which a free pass is issued need not be so marked provided the exception in rule 2(*3*)(*d*) is observed

7. **Penalties, section 42.**—Any person infringing any provision of the foregoing rules shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500, or with both.

APPENDIX.

Form A.

No. of 19

From

Babu— -, son of- -of
village- —police-station-
owner/lessee -of lot No.- —in mauza—
police-station- -, district-

Dated the 19 .

To

The Collector of Chittagong
The Deputy Commissioner of Chittagong Hill Tracts.

Sir,

I have the honour to request that you will be so good as to furnish me with a free pass for the export of forest-produce as per schedule attached from lot No.————, the area of which is about———— acres, and the boundaries of which are as follows :—

North—
East—
South—
West—

The timber or produce will be exported by the- ————————route, past the Revenue Check Station at———————— -. The free pass allowed last year is attached herewith for reference.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Schedule of Forest-produce to be exported.

From lot No. During the year 19

Serial No.	Kind of produce.	Quantity allowed in previous pass.	Quantity exported under last pass.	Quantity to be exported now.	Remarks.

Form B.

(Obverse.)

Free Pass No. for 19

To

Babu- -, son of-

of village- -, police-station-

This pass permits you to remove the following forest-produce from lot No.——, mauza————, police-station— ————————by the- ——————————route. The pass is current for the year only and is subject to the rules for the control of forest-produce in transit within or from the districts of Chittagong and Chittagong Hill Tracts, framed by the Governor in Council, under sections 41, 42 and 76 of the Indian Forest Act of 1927 (XVI of 1927). The conditions under which this pass is issued are stated below :—

Serial No.	Kind of forest-produce.	Number or quantity to be exported.	Reamrks.

Conditions.

1. No forest-produce different in kind from, or exceeding in amount, than that allowed in this pass shall be exported.

2. All exports from the lot shall be accompanied by this pass or by a pass issued by the holder of this pass showing that the forest-produce has been cut from lot No. .

3. The amount of each despatch of produce shall be entered at the time on the back of this pass.

4. This pass is liable to be cancelled for a breach of these conditions or of any rule in force for the control of forest-produce in transit. The holder will also be liable to any further punishment prescribed under rule 6 of the Transit Rules.

Collector of Chittagong.
Deputy Commissioner of Chittagong Hill Tracts.

(Reverse).

List of forest-produce exported from lot No.

Date.	Name of purchaser.	Kind of produce.	Quantity.	Signature.

(Gratis).

Bengal Form No 1674

QUADRUPLICATE.

Forest Department, Bengal.

Chittagong Division.

Pass No. **Book No.**

PASS FOR REMOVAL OF FOREST PRODUCE

1. Name and residence of owner
2. Destination and route
3. Kind of produce
4. Hammer or other mark

(a)

5. Whence derived
6. Number of pieces or packages
7. Cubic contents or weight
8. Number and date of permit or certificate on which pass is granted
9. Date of expiry of pass

(a) Under this head it should be entered whether the produce is from reserved or unclassed forest, from private land or from a foreign state

Amount paid for this pass

This pass must be returned to within days.

এই পাস দিনের মধ্যে কে ফেরত দিতে হইবে।

TRIPLICATE.

Forest Department, Bengal.

Chittagong Division.

চট্টগ্রাম ডিভিসন।

Pass No. **Book No.**

পাস নং বহি নং

PASS FOR REMOVAL OF FOREST PRODUCE.

বনোৎপন্ন দ্রব্য স্থানান্তরিত করিবার পাস।

Name and residence of owner

অধিকারীর নাম ও বাসস্থান

Destination and route

কোন্ স্থানে ও কোন পথে যাইবে

Kind of produce

কি প্রকারের দ্রব্য

Hammer or other marks

মাকা দিবার জন্য ব্যবহৃত বা অন্য কোন প্রকারের চিহ্ন

Whence derived

কোথা হইতে স গৃহীত হইয়াছে

Number of pieces or packages

বনোৎপন্ন দ্রব্যের অথবা তাহার বাণ্ডীলের সংখ্যা।

Cubic contents or weight

ঘন পরিমাণ অথবা ওজন

Number and date of permit or certificate on which pass is granted

যে পারমিট কিম্বা সার্টিফিকেটের বলে পাস দেওয়া হইয়াছে তাহার নম্বর ও তারিখ

9 Date of expiry of pass

পাসের মিয়াদ উত্তীর্ণ হইবার তারিখ

(a) Under this head it should be entered whether the produce is from reserved or unclassed forest, from private land or from a foreign state

(ক) রক্ষিত কিম্বা শ্রেণীভুক্ত করা হয় নাই এমন সরকারী বন, বেসরকারী জমি অথবা অন্য রাজ্যভুক্ত স্থান হইতে এই বনোৎপন্ন দ্রব্য সংগৃহিত কি না এতদ্বিষয়ে এখানে লিখিতে হইবে।

Amount paid for this pass.

এই পাসের জন্য যে টাকা দেওয়া হইবে।

For station masters or shipping agents only.

DUPLICATE.

Forest Department, Bengal.

Chittagong Division.

ss No. **Book No.**

PASS FOR REMOVAL OF FOREST PRODUCE.

Name and residence of owner ______________

Destination and route______________

Kind of produce______________

Hammer or other marks__________ __________

Whence derived______________

Number of pieces or packages______________

Cubic contents or weight______________

Number and date of permit or certificate on which pass is granted } ______________

Date of expiry of pass ______ ______

(a) Under this head it should be entered whether the produce is from reserved or unclassed forest, from private land or from a foreign state

Amount paid for this pass.

Date______________

Bengal Form No. 1674.

This pass must be returned to within days.

এই পাস দিনের মধ্যে কে ফেরত দিতে হইবে।

ORIGINAL.

Forest Department, Bengal.

Chittagong Division.

চট্টগ্রাম ডিভিসন।

Pass No. **Book No.**

পাস নং বহি নং

PASS FOR REMOVAL OF FOREST PRODUCE.

বনোৎপন্ন দ্রব্য স্থানান্তরিত করিবার পাস।

Permission is hereby granted to of to remove the following produce from

এতদ্দ্বারা নিবাসী কে হইতে নিম্নলিখিত বনোৎপন্ন দ্রব্য স্থানান্তরিত করিবার অনুমতি দেওয়া হইল

1 Name and residence of owner / অধিকারীর নাম ও বাসস্থান } ______________

2 Destination and route / কোন্ স্থানে ও কোন পথে যাইবে } ______________

3 Kind of produce / কি প্রকারের দ্রব্য } ______________

4 Hammer or other marks / মার্কা দিবার জন্য ব্যবহৃত যন্ত্রের অথবা অন্য কোন প্রকারের চিহ্ন } ______________

(a)

5 Whence derived / কোথা হইতে সংগৃহিত হইয়াছে } ______________

6 Number of pieces or packages / বনোৎপন্ন দ্রব্যের অথবা তাহার বান্ডিলের সংখ্যা } ______________

7 Cubic contents or weight / ঘন পরিমাণ অথবা ওজন } ______________

8 Number and date of permit or certificate on which pass is granted / যে পারমিট কিম্বা সার্টিফিকেটের বলে পাস দেওয়া হইয়াছে তাহার নম্বর ও তারিখ } ______________

9 Date of expiry of pass / পাসের মিয়াদ উত্তীর্ণ হইবার তারিখ } ______________

(a) Under this head it should be entered whether the produce is from reserved or unclassed forest, from private land or from a foreign state

(ক) রক্ষিত কিম্বা শ্রেণীভুক্ত করা হয় নাই এমন সরকারী বন, বেসরকারী জমি অথবা অন্য রাজ্যভুক্ত স্থান হইতে এই বনোৎপন্ন দ্রব্য সংগৃহিত কি না এতদ্বিষয় এখানে লিখিতে হইবে।

This pass shall be kept by the person in charge of the produce in transit

এই পাস চালানি বনোৎপন্ন দ্রব্যের ভারপ্রাপ্ত ব্যক্তির নিকট রাখিতে হইবে।

Any person removing timber or the forest produce without a pass in this form in contravention of any rules made under section 41 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878, is liable to a fine of Rs 500 or imprisonment for 6 months or with both

কাঠ কিম্বা অন্য কোন প্রকারের বনোৎপন্ন দ্রব্য ভারতবর্ষীয় বন সম্বন্ধীয় ১৮৭৮ সালের ৪১ ধারার বিধানগুলি লঙ্ঘন করিয়া যদি কেহ এই প্রকারের পাস বিনা স্থানান্তরিত করে তবে তাহার ৫০০৲ টাকা অর্থদণ্ড অথবা ৬ মাস কারাদণ্ড অথবা উভয় প্রকারের দণ্ড হইবে।

Amount paid for this pass.

এই পাসের জন্য যে টাকা দেওয়া হইয়াছে।

Date______________ *Signature of Issuing Officer.*

তারিখ______________ পাস প্রদানকারী কর্মচারীর সহি।

H. C. V. PHILPOT,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Establishment.

NOTIFICATION

No 48 —2nd November 1933 — Mr S K Guha, Executive Engineer, is granted, under rule 81 (*b*) (*i*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for fourteen days, with effect from 22nd October 1933, in extension of the leave already granted

H C V PHILPOT,
Secy to the Govt of Bengal

TREASURY NOTICES.

Pabna, the 31st October 1933

Uncovenanted Deputy Collector Maulvi Atikar Rahman Mahmud has been placed in charge of the Pabna Treasury from the afternoon of the 31st October 1933 and is authorised to draw bills on other Treasuries

S C BASU, *Collector*

Bankura, the 31st October 1933

Babu Sachindra Nath Chatterjee, Deputy Collector has been placed in charge of the Bankura Treasury from the forenoon of 30th October 1933, and is authorised to draw bills on other Treasuries

E W HOLLAND, *Collector.*

Malda, the 3rd November 1933

Maulvi Saiyid Abul Fazl Muhammad Abdus Sobhan, Deputy Collector of Malda, has been placed in executive charge of the Malda Treasury, with effect from the 1st November 1933 He has been authorised to draw bills on other treasuries

J N TALUKDAR, *Collector*

Orders by the Deputy Accountant-General, Bengal.

The Treasury the 25th October 1933

It is notified that the refund order book No 2500 of blue colour containing 50 orders is in use in the Income-tax Office, Military Circle, Meerut, with effect from the 23rd September 1933

It is notified that the refund order book No 1328 containing 50 orders is in use in the Income-tax Office, Central Salaries Circle, with effect from the 20th October 1933

The Treasury, the 1st November 1933

It is notified that the refund order book No. 3853 (white) containing 50 orders is in use in the Income-tax Office, Military Circle, Meerut, with effect from the 26th October 1933.

A R REBELLO,
Deputy Accountant-General, Bengal

SHERIFF'S OFFICE.

The 14th September 1933

Notice is hereby given that the Fifth Criminal Sessions of the year 1933 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the town of Calcutta and factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto will be held at the Court House, in the town of Calcutta, on Monday, the 27th day of November 1933, at 11 o'clock in the afternoon, and thenceforward from day to day until the said sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who are to prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said sessions be present then and there to prosecute

BADRIDAS GOENKA, *Sheriff*

সরিফ আফিস, সন ১৯৩৩ সালের ১৪ই সেপ্টেম্বর।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে, সুবে বাঙ্গালার ফোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন সহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তি জন্য আগামী সন ১৯৩৩ সালের ২৭সে নভেম্বর, সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্য্যন্ত সেসিয়ানের কার্য্য সমাধা না হয়, প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাইকোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৯৩৩ সালের পঞ্চম ক্রিমিন্যাল সেসিয়ান বসিবেক, এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যেসকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে কোন ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক, তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে। ইতি।

বদ্রিদাস গোয়েনকা,
সরিফ।

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Civil.

The 1st November, 1933.

No. 25527A —Babu Prabodh Chandra De, munsif of Jamalpur, in the district of Mymensingh, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs 250 within the local limits of the Jamalpur munsifi

No 25530A —Babu Srish Chandra De, munsif of Chittagong (Sadar), is vested under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try, under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs 2,000 arising within the local limits of the original jurisdiction of the District Judge, Chittagong.

No 25533A —Babu Prabodh Chandra De, munsif of Jamalpur, in the district of Mymensingh, is vested under section 19 sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try, under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs 2,000 arising within the local limits of the Jamalpur and Sherpur munsifis.

English Department.

The 3rd November 1933.

No. 25585-G.—The following rules framed by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in the exercise of the powers vested in it by section 122 of the Code of Civil Procedure with the sanction of the Governor General in Council under section 126 of the Code are published for general information.

The rules will come into force from the 1st January 1934:—

Rules.

I. Order 21, Rule 43, shall read as follows:—

Where the property to be attached is moveable property, other than agricultural produce, in the possession of the judgment-debtor, the attachment shall be made by actual seizure, and, save as otherwise prescribed, the attaching officer shall keep the property in his own custody or in the custody of one of his subordinates, and shall be responsible for the due custody thereof:

Provided that when the property seized does not, in the opinion of the attaching officer, exceed twenty rupees in value or is subject to speedy and natural decay, or when the expense of keeping it in custody is likely to exceed its value, the attaching officer may sell it at once.

II. *Add* the following as Rule 63A, Order 21:—

When an attachment of moveable property ceases the Court may order the restoration of the attached property to the person in whose possession it was before the attachment.

III. *Insert* the following as Order XXIA:—

1. Every person applying to a Civil Court to attach moveable property shall, in addition to the process-fee, deposit such reasonable sum as the Court may direct, if it think necessary, for the cost of its removal to the court-house, for its custody, and, if such property is livestock, for its maintenance according to the rates prescribed in Rule 2 of this Order. If the deposit, when ordered, be not made, the attachment shall not issue. The Court may, from time to time, order the deposit of such further fees as may be necessary. In default of due payment the property shall be released from attachment.

2. The following daily rates shall be chargeable for the custody and maintenance of livestock under attachment:—

Goat and pig—Annas 2 to annas 4.
Sheep—Annas 2 to annas 3.
Cow and bullock—Annas 6 to annas 10.
Calf—Annas 3 to annas 6.
Buffalo—Annas 8 to annas 12.
Horse—Annas 8 to annas 12.
Ass—Annas 3 to annas 5.
Poultry—Annas 2 to annas 3 pies 6.

Explanation.—Although the rates indicated above are regarded as reasonable, the Courts should consider individual circumstances and the local conditions and permit deposit at reduced rates where the actual expenses are likely to fall short of the minima or maxima. If any specimen of special value in any of the above classes is seized a special rate may be fixed by the Court. If any animal not specified is attached, the Court may fix the cost as a special case.

3. When the property attached consists of agricultural implements or other articles which cannot conveniently be removed and the attaching officer does not act under the proviso to Rule 43, Order 21, he may, unless the Court has otherwise directed, leave it in the village or place where it has been attached—

(*a*) in the charge of the judgment-debtor or decree-holder or of some other person, provided that the judgment-debtor, decree-holder or other person enters into a bond in Form No. 15A of Appendix E to this schedule with one or more sureties for the production of the property when called for, or,

(*b*) in the charge of an officer of the Court, if a suitable place for its safe custody be provided and the remuneration of the officer for a period of fifteen days paid in advance.

4. If attached property (other than livestock) is not sold under the proviso to Rule 43, Order 21, or retained in the village or place where it is attached, it shall be brought to the court-house at the decree-holder's expense and delivered to the proper officer of the Court. In the event of the decree-holder failing to make his own arrangement for the removal of the property with safety, or paying the cost thereof in advance to the attaching officer, then, unless such payment has previously been made into Court, the attachment shall at once be deemed to be withdrawn and the property shall be made over to the person in whose possession it was before attachment.

5. When livestock is attached it shall not, without the special order of the Court, be brought to the Court or its compound or vicinity, but shall be left at the village or place where it was attached in the manner and on the conditions set forth in Rule 3 of this Order:

Provided that livestock shall not be left in the charge of any person under clause (*a*) of the said rule unless he enters into a bond for the proper care and maintenance thereof as well as for its production when called for, and that it shall not be left in charge of an officer of the Court under clause (*b*) of the said rule unless in addition to the requirements of the said clause provision be made for its care and maintenance.

6. When for any reason the attaching officer shall find it impossible to obtain compliance with the requirements of the preceding rule so as to entitle him to leave the attached livestock in the village or place where it was attached and no order has been made by the Court for its removal to the Court, the attaching officer shall not proceed with the attachment and no attachment shall be deemed to have been effected.

7. Whenever it shall appear to the Court that livestock under attachment are not being properly tended or maintained, the Court shall make such orders as are necessary for their care and maintenance and may if necessary direct the attachment to cease and the livestock to be returned to the person in whose possession they were when attached. The Court may order the decree-holder to pay any expenses so incurred in providing for the care and maintenance of the livestock, and may direct that any sum so paid shall be refunded to the decree-holder by any other party to the proceedings.

8. If under a special order of the Court livestock is to be conveyed to the Court, the decree-holder shall make his own arrangement for such removal, and if he fails to do so the attachment shall be withdrawn and the property made over to the person in whose possession it was before attachment.

9. Nothing in these rules shall prevent the judgment-debtor or any person claiming to be interested in attached livestock from making such arrangements for feeding, watering and tending the same as may not be inconsistent with its safe custody, or contrary to any order of the Court.

10. The Court may direct that any sums which have been legitimately expended by the attaching officer or are payable to him, if not duly deposited or paid, be recovered from the sale-proceeds of the attached property, if sold, or be paid by the person declared entitled to delivery before he receives the same. The Court may also order that any sums deposited or paid under these rules be recovered as costs of the attachment from any party to the proceedings.

11. In the event of the custodian of attached property failing, after due notice, to produce such property at the place named to the officer deputed for the purpose, or to restore it to its owner if so ordered or failing in the case of livestock to maintain and take proper care thereof, he shall be liable to be proceeded against for the enforcement of his bond in the execution proceedings.

12. When property other than livestock is brought to the Court, it shall immediately be made over to the Nazir, who shall keep it on his sole responsibility in such place as may be approved by the Court. If the property cannot from its nature or bulk be conveniently stored, or kept on the Court premises or in the personal custody of the Nazir, he may, subject to the approval of the Court, make such arrangements for its safe custody under his own supervision as may be most convenient and economical. If any premises are to be hired and persons are to be engaged for watching the property the Court shall fix the charges for the premises and the remuneration to be allowed to the persons (not being officers of the Court) in whose custody the property is kept. All such costs shall be paid into Court by the decree-holder in advance for such period as the Court may from time to time direct.

13. When attached livestock is brought to Court under special order as aforesaid it shall be immediately made over to the Nazir, who shall be responsible for its due preservation and safe custody until he delivers it up under the orders of the Court.

14. If there be a pound maintained by Government or local authority in or near the place where the Court is held, the Nazir shall, subject to the approval of the Court, be at liberty to place in it such livestock as can be properly kept there, in which case the pound keeper will be responsible for the property to the Nazir and shall receive from the Nazir the same rates for accommodation and maintenance thereof as are paid in respect of impounded cattle of the same description.

15. If there be no pound available, or, if in the opinion of the Court, it be inconvenient to lodge the attached livestock in the pound, the Nazir may keep them in his own premises, or he may entrust them to any person selected by himself and approved by the Court.

16. All costs for the keeping and maintenance of the livestock shall be paid into Court by the decree-holder in advance for not less than fifteen days at a time as often as the Court may from time to time direct. In the event of failure to pay the costs within the time fixed by the Court, the attachment shall be withdrawn and the livestock shall be at the disposal of the person in whose possession it was at the time of attachment.

17. So much of any sum deposited or paid into Court under these rules as may not be expended shall be refunded to the depositor.

IV. *Insert* the following after Form No. 15, Appendix E:—

Form No. 15A.

Bond for safe custody of moveable property attached and left in charge of any person and sureties.

[ORDER XXIA, RULES 3 (*a*) AND 5.]

In the Court of at

Civil Suit No of

A. B. of

against

C D of

Know all men by these presents that we, I.J. of , etc., and K.L. of , etc., and M.N. of etc., are jointly and severally bound to the Judge of the Court of in Rupees to be paid to the said Judge, for which payment to be made we bind ourselves, and each of us, in the whole, our and each of our heirs, executors and administrators, jointly and severally, by these presents

Dated this day of 19

And whereas the moveable property/livestock specified in the schedule hereunto annexed has been attached under a warrant from the said Court, dated the day of 19 , in execution of a decree in favour of in suit No. of 19 , on the file of , and the said property has been left in the charge of the said I.J.

Now the condition of this obligation is that, if the above bounden I.J. shall duly account for and produce when required before the said Court all and every the property/livestock aforesaid [and shall properly maintain and take due care of the livestock aforesaid] and shall obey any further order of the Court in respect thereof, then this obligation shall be void: otherwise it shall remain in full force and be enforcible against the above bounden I.J. in the execution proceedings.

I.J.

K.L.

M.N.

Signed and delivered by the above bounden in the presence of

By order of the High Court,

N. L. HINDLEY, *Registrar.*

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

Burdwan Division—Chinsura.

No. 3827J.G. 2nd November 1933.—Mr. Susil Kumar Mitter, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, Midnapore, is appointed Circle Officer, Pingla, in that district. The transfer is made in the public interest.

No. 1815M.—3rd November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*) of the rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, the following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the managing committee of the Raniganj Charitable Dispensary in the district of Burdwan, constituted by this office notification No. 880M., dated the 14th July 1932:—

(1) Mr. J. S. H. Shattock, I.C.S., Chairman of the Asansol local board, *vice* Babu Haripada Nandy, resigned.

(2) Circle Officer, Raniganj, *vice* Babu Banwarilal Bhalotia, resigned.

(3) Mr. P. S. Keelan, C.I.F., *vice* Babu Jagabandhu Mukherjee, resigned.

(4) Babu Abala Kanta Sarkar, *vice* Babu Ramnibash Marwary, deceased.

L. B. BURROWS, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

Chinsura, the 13th October 1933.

No. 7930J.G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Maulvi Muhammed Isa, Babu Bankim Chandra Kundo and Ram Nath Palui have been duly elected to be members for Ward Nos. 1, 2 and 5 of the Mandaran union board in police-station Goghat in the Arambagh subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Maulvi Fazley Raabay removed, Babu Dibaker Chakravertty removed and Babu Baburam Laha resigned, respectively.

Chinsura, the 1st November 1933.

No. 8035J.G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Bibhuti Bhusan Bhattacharyya has been appointed by the undersigned to be a member of the Bhangamora union board in police-station Pursurah in the Arambagh subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Atul Krishna Ghosh, removed.

D. MACPHERSON, *District Magistrate*.

Burdwan, the 31st October 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Munshi Abdul Rub has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Burdwan to be a member of Jhilu union board in police-station Mongalkote in the Katwa subdivision of Burdwan, *vice* Munshi Syed Muhammad Hossain, deceased.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Jnanendra Nath Roy has been duly elected to be a member of Ward No. II of the Barabelun union board in police-station Bhatar in the Sadar subdivision of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Jatindra Kumar Roy, deceased.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Satya Prosad Banerji has been duly elected to be a member of Ward No. I of the Ausgram union board in police-station Ausgram in the Sadar subdivision of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Bamacharan Goswami, deceased.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Kunda Lal Bhakat has been duly elected to be a member of Ward No. I of the Guskara union board in police-station Ausgram in the Sadar subdivision of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Garibeswar Chongdar, deceased.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Sasadhar Dutta has been duly elected to be a member of Ward No. II of the Ausgram union board in police-station Ausgram in the Sadar subdivision of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Banwari Lal Bar, deceased.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Abinash Chandra Bari has been duly elected to be a member of Ward No. II of the Ausgram union board in police-station Ausgram in the Sadar subdivision of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Ambujakshya Mukherji, deceased.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Gopeswar Kundu has been duly elected to be a member of Ward No. II of the Nota union board in police-station Bhatar in the Sadar subdivision of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Shibdas Mondal, deceased.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Munshi Johad Molla has been duly elected to be a member of Ward No. III of the Paraj union board in police-station Galsi in the Sadar subdivision of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Sarat Chandra Kower, deceased.

M. M. STUART, *District Magistrate*

Suri, the 1st November 1933

No. 28L S.-G. — It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of the union boards, etc., Babu Ponchanon Chattopadhya has been duly elected to be a member for Ward No. I of the Panchra union board in Khoyrasole police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Birbhum, *vice* Babu Gour Chandra Bannerji, deceased.

S. M. BHAUMIK, for *District Magistrate*.

Chittagong Division—Chittagong.

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Bakarganj Range.

Barisal.—No. 5501.—27th October 1933.—Khan Sahib Bazlur Rahman, Inspector, River Police, is granted 3 months and 26 days' leave on average pay, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from 28-8-1933.

He is permitted to prefix Sunday, the 27th August, and to affix the Xmas and the New Year's Day holidays to his leave

With the approval of the Inspector-General, Sub-Inspector Ishaqur Rahman, of the River Police, is appointed, as a special case, to act as Inspector in the vacancy.

Babu Prakash Chandra Basu, Inspector, Faridpur, was allowed 5 days' privilege leave from 5-10-1933, a.m., with permission to prefix to it the Durga Puja holidays.

No. 5601.—2nd November 1933.—Sub-Inspector Manindra Lal Das Gupta, of Chittagong, is appointed to act as Inspector in the Chittagong District Intelligence Branch to fill a temporary appointment sanctioned in Government Order No. 1730 Pl., dated 3-4-1933.

A. D. GORDON,
Deputy Inspector-General of Police.

Dacca Division—Dacca.

No. 5101J.—3rd November 1933.—Maulvi Nur Muhammad Chaudhuri, Sub-Deputy Collector, who has been posted to the Dacca Division in Government notification No. 10543A., dated the 24th October 1933, is appointed to be Circle Officer of Orakandi Circle in Gopalganj subdivision of the district of Faridpur.

No. 5107J.—3rd November 1933.—Maulvi Anwaruddin Ahmad, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Orakandi Circle, in the district of Faridpur, is transferred to the headquarters station of the district of Dacca on general duty.

H. GRAHAM, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

Mymensingh, the 30th October 1933.

No 973C It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (*2*) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the undermentioned union boards in police-station Haluaghat in the Sadar (North) subdivision of the Mymensingh district:—

Haluaghat union board No. IV.

Rev. Father A. Panja.
Iswar Chandra Shaha.
Md Ekin Ali Sarkar
Mohammad Ali Sheik.
Ananda Mohan Marak
Joykishore Pal.

Narail union board No. VIII.

Mohammed Nur Hussain Sarker.
Sadarajjaman Khan
Eakub Ali Shaha Fakir.
Md Nabi Hossain Khan.
Mir Abdur Rashid.
Dinanath Talukdar.

Amtail union board No. XI.

Kripasundar Shaha Roy.
Mafizuddin Khan.
Taleb Ali Sarker.
Israil Khan.
Jabar Ali Sarker.
Nur Mohammed Mandal.

Swadeshi union board No. XII.

Abdul Hossein Siddiki.
Mathuranath Sarker.
Amiruddin Sarker.
Saberuddin Khan.
Ibrahim Sarker.
Maminuddin Talukdar.

Sakhui union board No. XIII.

Surjya Kumar Bhattacherjee.
Abinash Ch. Bhattacherjee.
Birendra Ch. Bhattacherjee.
Dwijendra Kishore Bhattacherjee.
Upendra Ch. Bhattacherjee
Samiruddin Khan.

Bildora union board No. XIV.

Girish Chandra Talukdar.
Debendra Lal Sarker.
Ali Hossein Khan.
Abdul Mazid.
Ahammed Ali Fakir.
Basharat Khan.

(*b*) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Mymensingh to be members of the undermentioned union boards in police-station Haluaghat in the Sadar (North) subdivision of the Mymensingh district:—

Haluaghat union board No. IV.

Dr. Shashi Shekhar Das.
Dinesh Chandra Acharya.
Rama Sangma.

Narail union board No. VIII.

Nurul Huda.
Narendra Kishore Sircar.
Ajang Sangma.

Amtail union board No. XI.

Harendra Chandra Majumdar.
Kamini Kumar Sil.
Amiruddin Sarker.

Sakhui union board No. XIII.

Ram Chandra Chakraborty.
Dr. Nibaran Chandra Sarker.
Sadhu Munshi.

Swadeshi union board No. XII.

Jatindra Kumar Sarker.
Azizaman Khan.
Masum Ali Sarker.

Bildora union board No. XIV.

Purna Chandra Sen.
Md. Ibrahim Talukdar.
Aptabuddin Ahmed

E. B. H. BAKER, *District Magistrate.*

Dacca, the 31st October 1933.

No. 9709-11M.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Babu Jagadindra Narayan Banerjee-Choudhuri has been appointed to be a member of the Medinimandal union board in Lohajung police-station in Munshiganj subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Babu Shyama Prasanna Basu, resigned.

No. 9713-15M. — It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, V of 1919, Munshi Mahamad Alep Khan has been elected to be a member of the Medinimandal union board in Lohajung police-station in Munshiganj subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Babu Manindra Nath Bannerjee, deceased.

B. C. PRANCE, *District Magistrate.*

Faridpur, the 1st November 1933.

No. 7111J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Char Daulatkhan union board in police-station Kalkini of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Babu Ram Mohan Mandal.
Babu Rajendra Nath Sarkar.
Babu Mohendra Nath Mandal.
Babu Gadadhar Sikari.
Maulvi Alimuddin Ahmed.
Maulvi Erfanuddin Sardar.

(*b*) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Munshi Rupai Sardar.
Munshi Kasiruddin Ahmed.
Munshi Abdul Halim.

No. 7112J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Badarpasha union board in police-station Rajoir of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Munshi Ahmed Sepahi.
Munshi Korman Akon.
Munshi Adeluddi Molla.
Babu Kshetra Mohan Sikdar.
Munshi Derajuddin Khalashi.
Babu Jogendra Kumar Singha.

(b) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Babu Dwarika Nath Mandal.
Babu Gopal Chandra Biswas.
Hazi Erfanuddin Bayati.

A. E. PORTER, *District Magistrate.*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Dacca Range.

Dacca.—No. 3699 —2nd November 1933.—Babu Jatindra Nath Bhattacharji, Inspector, Tippera, is granted 3 months and 26 days' leave on average pay with effect from 2-1-1934. He is permitted to prefix to leave the Xmas and the New Year's Day holidays.

Sub-Inspector Ananta Kumar Das Gupta, of Dacca, is appointed to act as Inspector in the vacancy.

R. M. WRIGHT,
Deputy Inspector-General of Police

Presidency Division—Calcutta.

No. 2223R.G —30th October 1933.—Babu Satyajiban Ghosh, Circle Officer, Kushtia, Nadia, is transferred to the headquarters station of the district of the 24-Parganas.

No. 2318L.S.-G.- 31st October 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (b) of the dispensary rules, the following gentlemen have been appointed as members of the managing committees of the charitable dispensaries at Amtala and Daulatabad in the district of Murshidabad:—

Amtala Dispensary.

The Subdivisional Officer, Sadar, *ex-officio.*
The Civil Surgeon, Murshidabad, *ex-officio.*
Babu Bholanath Banerjee.
Babu Monoj Kumar Mukherjee.
Muhammed Khosbar Hossain Biswas.
Babu Rakhal Das Bhattacherjee.
Kazi Fakir Miah.
Babu Dwijendra Nath Biswas.
Babu Lalit Mohan Biswas.
Munshi Seharali Biswas.
Babu Nitya Gopal Rudra, M.A.
Mr. E. J. Calvert.

Daulatabad Dispensary.

The Subdivisional Officer, Sadar, *ex-officio.*
The Civil Surgeon, Murshidabad, *ex-officio.*
Munshi Nakibuddin Mondal.
Munshi Chandra Mondal.
Babu Hemendra Narayan Banerjee.
Babu Birendra Nath Chakravorty, B.A.
Babu Jagabandhu Roy.
Babu Raj Krishna Pal.
Babu Basanta Kumar Singh.
Muhammed Sarafatullah Sarkar.

No. 2229R.G.—1st November 1933.—Babu Baneswar Patra, Sub-Deputy Collector, Sadar, Murshidabad, is transferred to the Kushtia Circle of the Nadia district as Circle Officer.

No. 2236R.G. - 1st November 1933.—Babu Pyari Mohan Mukherji, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Bagerhat, Khulna, is granted leave for four days on average pay, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 23rd October 1933.

No 2242R.G.—2nd November 1933.—Maulvi Khalil Ahmad, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the 24-Parganas district

No. 2255R.G.—3rd November 1933.—Babu Sisir Kumar Har, Sub-Deputy Collector, Sadar, Murshidabad, is transferred to the Lalbagh subdivision for employment on relief work in Nabagram police-station in that subdivision.

No. 2260R.G. — 3rd November 1933.—Maulvi Syed Ittehad Ali, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Kushtia, Nadia, is granted leave for four weeks on average pay, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 10th October 1933.

H. J. TWYNAM, *Commissioner (offg.).*

Berhampore, the 28th October 1933.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Shaikh Abdur Rezzak, a member of the Beldanga union board within the Beldanga police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the Murshidabad district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Maulvi Haji Md Ayub, deceased.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Shaikh Abdur Rezzak, a member of the Beldanga union board within the Beldanga police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the Murshidabad district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Maulvi Haji Md Ayub, deceased.

O. M. REES, *District Magistrate.*

Krishnagar, the 31st October 1933.

No. 3759L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the gentlemen as per List "A" below have been duly elected to be members of the undermentioned union boards in the police-stations Damurhuda and Krishnaganj in Chuadanga subdivision of the Nadia district.

(*b*) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen as per List "B" below have been duly appointed by me to be members of the undermentioned union boards:—

List A.

Police-station Damurhuda

Ramnagar union board.

Munshi Banshi Biswas
Munshi Abdur Rahman Biswas.
Munshi Akkelali Mandal.
Munshi Entajuddin Ahmed
Babu Prafulla Kumar Roy.
Babu Sasthi Charan Biswas

Police-station Krishnaganj.

Banpur-Matiari union board.

Ward No. I.

Babu Nitya Gopal Roy
Babu Gayaram Biswas.
Babu Bisweswar Bakshi

Ward No II.

Kazi Monsur Ahmed.
Kazi Raihanuddin Ahmed.
Babu Mohendra Nath Basu.

List B.

Police-station Damurhuda.

Ramnagar union board.

Babu Jasoda Prosad Biswas.
Babu Mahtudin Jhunjhunwala
Babu Jitendra Nath Biswas.

Police-station Krishnaganj.

Banpur-Matiari union board.

Ward No. I.

Maulvi Hazari Mandal.

Ward No. II.

Babu Harihar Biswas.
Babu Rasik Lal Muhuri.

H. C. BOSE, *District Magistrate (of*

Jessore, the 1st November 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, Md Sakhawat Ali has been declared to be duly appointed as a member of the Nawapara union board in the Kotwali police-station of the district of Jessore, *vice* Munshi Md. Uzir Ali, deceased.

ILLEGIBLE, for *District Magistrate.*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, C. I. D.

Calcutta.—No. 10342R.—30th October 1933. —Babu Prandharan Ghosh, Inspector, is granted 1 month's leave on average pay, on medical certificate, in extension of the leave already granted to him.

C. E. S. FAIRWEATHER,

Deputy Inspector-General of Police (offg.).

Rajshahi Division—Jalpaiguri.

No. 3934J.—30th October 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*) of the manual of rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed as members of the committee for the management of the Victoria Charitable Dispensary at Darjeeling:—

The Chairman, Darjeeling Municipality, *ex-officio.*

The Vice-Chairman, Darjeeling Municipality, *ex-officio.*

Mr. S. K. Dutt.

Mr. D. E. Avari.

Dr. A. C. Guha.

Mr. H. Hingun.

Mr. J. N. Mitra.

Rev. K. S. Peters.

Mr. P. P. Prodhan.

Mr. H. D. Roy.

Mr. S. Sanyal.

Mr. R. Sen.

Dr. M. Thapa.

Rev. Fr. E. Van Tichelen.

Mr. F. J. Durnford.

No. 3994J. — 1st November 1933.—Babu Phanindra Mohan Dutta, Sub-Deputy Collector, Naogaon, Rajshahi, is allowed leave on average pay from the 18th September up to the 26th October 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 4014J.—2nd November 1933.—Under the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Mrs. Subhasini Bose to be a non-official lady visitor of the Balurghat sub-jail in the district of Dinajpur for a period of two years.

F. W. ROBERTSON, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

Rajshahi, the 26th October 1933.

No. 8330J.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Act V of 1919), Babu Sreeram Chandra Datta has been elected to be a member of the Singra union board in police-station Singra, in the Nator subdivision of the Rajshahi district, *vice* Babu Nagendra Nath Bagchi, removed.

No. 8331J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Village Self-Government Act (Act V of 1919), Babu Bhabani Kanta Chaki has been elected to be a member of the Biaghat union board in police-station Gurudaspur, in the Nator subdivision of the Rajshahi district, *vice* Maulvi Jan Muhammad Sarkar, deceased.

O. M. MARTIN, *District Magistrate*.

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Rajshahi Range.

Jalpaiguri.—No. 7669.—3rd November 1933.—Babu Mahim Chandra Sarkar, Inspector, Pabna, is granted 2 days' privilege leave, under article 260, Civil Service Regulations (New Leave Rules), in extension of the leave already granted to him.

Babu Bahadur Singh, Inspector, Jalpaiguri, is granted 2 months' leave on half average pay, on medical certificate, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave already granted to him.

Sub-Inspector Hem Baran Das Bakshi, of Rajshahi, will continue to act as Inspector in the vacancy.

Babu Surendra Nath Ray, Inspector, Malda, is granted 3 months' leave on average pay, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

Sub-Inspector Ashratullah Dewan, of Malda, is appointed to act as Inspector in the vacancy.

F. P. WALKER,
Deputy Inspector-General of Police.



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THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1933.

PART IB

Educational Notices.

NOTIFICATION.

Annual Examination of Pleaders in Surveying, 1934.

Calcutta, the 15th October 1933.

(*See* Government notification No. 3157J., dated the 25th November 1909, modified in Government notification No. 320J.D., dated the 16th July 1914.)

1. The next examination will be held in February 1934 and will be conducted at the following centres (provided that not less than five names be registered at each centre).—

B. E. College and Dacca in Bengal, and Patna in Bihar and Orissa.

2. Each examination is complete in itself. A candidate will be required to pass by every test and will not be exempted from any test on the ground that he has previously satisfied the examiner in it.

3. Candidates practising in the Courts of the Presidency, Rajshahi and Burdwan Divisions will be required to present themselves at the B. E. College; those practising in Patna, Tirhoot, Bhagalpur, Orissa and Chota Nagpur Divisions, at Patna; and those in Dacca and Chittagong Divisions and in Assam, at Dacca.

4. In the event of more than 20 or less than 5 names being registered for examination at any one centre, the Secretary may direct the candidates to present themselves at any other centre.

5. No candidate will be admitted to the examination unless he has been enrolled as a pleader and—

(i) has obtained credit for attendance at the special course of instruction at the B. E. College, Patna or Dacca, in 1930, 1931, 1932 or 1933, and has not previously appeared at the examination more than twice, or

(ii) has been registered for admission to the Intermediate Engineering Examination of the Calcutta University, or

(iii) has passed the Sub-Overseer examination, or

(iv) has obtained the Surveyor's certificate of one of the Government Survey Schools, or

(v) has been specially exempted from the operation of this rule by the Board controlling the examination.

6. Candidates wishing to appear at the examination will apply upon the prescribed registration form, obtain the necessary counter-signature of the District Judge in whose Court he is enrolled, and forward the same so as to reach the office of the Principal, Bengal Engineering College, in the case of candidates practising in the law courts of Bengal and Assam, and to the office of the Principal, Bihar College of Engineering, in the case of candidates of Bihar and Orissa, not later than the 6th January 1934. The form may be had from the Principal, Bengal Engineering College, or from the Principal, Bihar College of Engineering.

7. Each application must be accompanied by a receipt from the local treasury certifying to the receipt of the Examination fee of Rs. 50, which fee will in no case be returned.

8. The exact date of the examination and the proposed programme will be communicated to candidates by the officer who has registered their names.

Pleaders' Survey Training Classes, 1934.

Botanic Garden P. O., the 15th October 1933.

1. Classes for the training of pleaders in surveying will be opened in January 1934, in connection with the Bengal Engineering College, the Bihar College of Engineering, Patna, the Ashanulla School of Engineering, Dacca, provided sufficient candidates register their names at each centre.

2. The course will last for six weeks and will consist of practical work combined with class instruction. The routine and hours of attendance will be settled by the heads of the institutions, who will also decide the exact locality in which the classes will be held and date of the opening.

3. Pleaders must make their own arrangements for attending this course. No tents or other residential accommodation will be provided.

4. Credit for attendance at these classes will not be given unless the pleader has been present for 80 per cent. of the working days and for the full working hour for each day. The attendance must be distributed over the course so that no subject is neglected.

5. Candidates who desire to undergo the course of training must apply to the Principal, Bengal Engineering College, in the case of candidates practising in the law courts of Bengal and Assam, and to the Principal, Bihar College of Engineering, in the case of candidates of Bihar and Orissa, for registering their names not later than the 30th November 1933. The application of a candidate must be endorsed by the District Judge. It should state the centre which the candidate wishes to join, *i.e.*, Bengal Engineering College, Patna or Dacca, and should be accompanied by a remittance receipt from the local treasury certifying that the fee of Rs. 100 has been paid into the treasury to the credit of the Secretary, Pleaders' Survey Examination Board.

6. The registering officer will allot candidates to the centre, consulting their wishes as far as possible, giving not more than 24 and not less than 8 to a centre. He will then inform the candidates as to the locality and the date of opening of the class.

7. The following is the syllabus of instruction :—

No definite text-books are prescribed—

(*a*) Practical work—

Chain surveying, prismatic compass surveying, plane tabling and levelling.

(*b*) Class work—

Use of mathematical instruments, construction of scales, mensuration of area, plotting, variation of compass, preparation of field-books from maps, elementary principle of levelling and plotting of level section.

Candidates who obtain the required percentage of attendance at this course are qualified to appear at the Pleaders' Survey Examinations to be held in 1935, 1936, 1937 and 1938.

A. MACDONALD,

Secy., Pleaders' Survey Examn. Board.

Education Department, Bengal.

Calcutta, the 3rd November 1933.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 6 T.B.—It is notified for general information that the book entitled "Saral Bangla Vyakaran, Part II," written by Sudhir Kumar Das Gupta and Sasadhar Vidyabhusan and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository, Calcutta, which was approved by this department for use as a text-book in classes V and VI of Government and Government-aided secondary schools in this Presidency, and announced in its notification No. 5 T.B., dated the 20th October 1932, in Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 17th November 1932, is hereby cancelled.

J. M. BOTTOMLEY,

Director of Public Instrn., Bengal (offg.).

Education Department, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 5 T.B.—21st October 1933.—In accordance with the Government (Education Department) notification No. 3059 Edn., dated the 13th November 1928, the following list of text-books approved by this department for use in all Government and Government-aided secondary schools in this Presidency is published for general information.

Unless it is otherwise stated in the list, books are approved for a period of four years from January 1934.

Text-books on other subjects not included in this list, should be selected from the lists of text-books approved in this office notifications Nos. 4T.B., dated the 23rd October 1930, 4T.B., dated the 13th November 1931, and 5T.B., dated 20th October 1932.

In classes VII—X, the instruction and examination in all subjects other than English shall be conducted either in English or in the vernacular. In classes below class VII, the instruction and examination in all subjects shall be conducted in the vernacular only.

The syllabuses for classes I—III in the revised curriculum for primary schools (and maktabs), now in force in both parts of this Presidency, shall be adopted, respectively, in the infant class, class I and class II of middle schools and the corresponding classes of high schools for both boys and girls. Classes I—III of primary schools including maktabs shall henceforth be called the infant class, class I and class II, respectively. Text-books approved by this department for infant class, class I and class II of primary schools (and maktabs) will be applicable to the corresponding classes of secondary schools.

N. B.—(*i*) Prior to the publication of a new edition, all additions, alterations or omissions in the text of a sanctioned book must receive the sanction of the Committee. Any deviation from these instructions will render a book liable to immediate removal from the approved list of text-books.

(*ii*) No name except that of the author and publisher should be allowed on cover or title page (*i.e.*, no name of editor, reviser, or writer of foreword or preface should be allowed).

(*iii*) Mat (*i.e.*, dull) and not shining paper should be used.

(*iv*) Misleading statements on the cover or title page should be avoided. It should be clearly mentioned whether the book is approved as a text-book, a supplementary reader or a prize and library book.

(*v*) Any deterioration in paper, printing, binding or illustrations of an approved book will render it liable to immediate withdrawal from the list.

(*vi*) Price—

(*a*) One anna and six pies for each thirty-two pages of printed matter *plus* a concession of 40 per cent —

This rate will be applicable to Bengali Readers, Bengali Grammar, Bengali Composition, History (in Bengali), Science (in Bengali), Hygiene (in Bengali), Mathematical text-books (in Bengali) and also text-books on Sanskrit Grammar and Composition.

(*b*) Two annas for each thirty-two pages of printed matter *plus* a concession of 40 per cent.—

This rate will be applicable to text-books on English literature, Geography (in English and Bengali), History (in English), Science (in English), Mathematics (in English), Hygiene (in English) and also text-books written in Sanskrit, Arabic, Persian and Urdu.

(*c*) One anna and six pies for a Bengali Copy-book.

(*d*) Two annas and three pies for an English Copy-book.

(*e*) Six annas for a Drawing book.

J. M. BOTTOMLEY,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal (offg.).

Mathematics.

Arithmetic.

Classes III and IV.

1. Ganit Prabesh. Dr. Surendra Mohan Gangopadhyaya. (Chakrabarty, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. Nutan Saral Patiganit, Part I. Jadab Chandra Chakrabarty and Bipin Behari Chatterjee. (B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.)
3. Ganit Sopan. Sahayaram Bhattacharyya. (The Indian Book Company, Calcutta.)
4. Ganit Prabesh. Nagendra Nath Mazumdar. (U. Roy & Sons, Calcutta.)
5. Sishushiksha Patiganit, Parts I and II. Gangadas Mookherjee. (Modern Book Agency, Calcutta.)
6. Patiganit, Part I Abani Bhusan Chatterjee. (Dinataran Mookherjee, Calcutta.)
7. Ganit Sopan. Siddheswar Mukherjee. (A. R. Banerjee, Calcutta.)
8. Adarsha Ganit, Part I Ahammadullah. (Empire Library, Dacca.)
9. Nutan Patiganit. Sudhir Kumar Banerjee. (Sarada Library, Midnapur.)
10. Saral Patiganit Siksha. Monoranjan Datta. (Hara Nath Ghosh & Sons, Dacca.)
11. Chhotader Anka Shiksha, Part I. A. Samad. (India Library, Dacca.)
12. Sahaj Patiganit, Part I. Madhusudan Sarkar. (D. N. Mitra at G. E. L. I., Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
13. Sahaj Ganit, Parts I and II. Joynab Rahim. (The Great Eastern Library, Calcutta.)
14. Sahaj Ganit. Dr. Benode Behari Datta and Ananta Mohan Sen. (Bani Niketan, Calcutta.)
15. Ganit Mukul. Amritalal Ghosh. (Kamala Book Depôt, Ltd., Calcutta.)
16. Nutan Pranalir Patiganit, Part I. Suniti Kumar Pal. (Mukhdumi Library, Calcutta.)
17. Ganit Bikash. Chintaharan Roy. (Students' Emporium, Barisal.)
18. Sishutosh Patiganit, Parts III and IV. Mohini Mohan Roy. (Akhil Ch. Chakrabarty, Calcutta.)
19. Adhunik Patiganit, Parts III and IV. Saradakanta Ganguli. (Students' Library, Calcutta.)
20. Adarsha Ganit Sopan, Part I. Kunja Behari Har. (Minerva Library, Dacca.
21. Saral Patiganit, Part I. Kedar Nath Datta. (P. Ghosh, Calcutta.)
22. Prathamik Ganit Siksha, Part I. Fazilatun Nessa. (Empire Book House, Calcutta.)
23. *Saral Sishu Siksha Patiganit, Parts III and IV. Narayandas Banerjee and Dhirendra Nath Banerjee. (Narayan Library, Calcutta.)
24. Sishuranjan Patiganit. Tara Kumar Sen Gupta. (Santi Library, Dacca.)
25. Adarsha Patiganit Sar, Part I. Abdul Wadud. (Tajmahal Library, Dacca.)
26. Sahaj Ganit, Part I. Deba Prasad Ghosh. (Banimandir, Calcutta.)
27. Nutan Pranalir Patiganit, Part I. Upendra Kumar Naha. (Author, Dattapara, Noakhali.)
28. Naba Ganit Bikash. Prabhas Chandra Maity. (Ghosh & Co., Calcutta.)
29. Ganit Mukul. Anil Chandra Roy and Nepal Ch. Choudhury. (Pran Kumar Das Gupta, Dacca.)
30. Adarsha Ganit, Part I. Monomohan Ray Choudhury. (The Central Book Agency, Calcutta.)
31. Prathamic Patiganit. Bibhubala Bakshi. (H. Bakshi, Calcutta.)
32. Prathamic Patiganit, Part I. Adinath Sen. (S. Sen, Ballyganj, Calcutta.)
33. Adarsha Patiganit, Part I. Abani Kishore Datta Roy. (Tarani Kishore Datta Roy, Calcutta.)
34. Adarsha Ganit, Part I. Mahendra Kumar Das. (Harendra Kumar Das, Dacca.)

35. Nutan Patiganit. S. M. Dewan. (N. A. Khanim, Nagris Niketan, Dacca.)
36. Shishubodh Patiganit, Part I. Kishori Mohan Bandyopadhyaya and Bhabatosh Sen. (Ripon Library, Dacca.)
37. Saral Patiganit. Charu Chandra Chakravorti. (H. Chatterjee & Co., Calcutta.)
38. Saral Ganit, Part I. Nagendralal Choudhury. (L. Choudhury, Dacca.)
39. Ganit Bikash, Part I Aswini Kumar Datta and Anukul Chandra Bhattacharyya. (Santosh Library, Dacca.)
40. Charu Patiganit, Parts I and II. Birendra Nath Roy and Charu Chandra Roy. (Sachindranath Roy Choudhury, Howrah.)
41. Nutan Ganit. Bholanath Saha. (Brindaban Dhar and Sons., Ltd., Calcutta.)
42. Ganit Shiksha, Part II. Ali Akbar Khan (Bharati Library, Dacca.)
43. Nimna Ganit, Part I Khan Bahadur Abdur Rahman Khan. (Provincial Library, Dacca.)
44. Naba Shishuganit. Nripendra Narayan Das Gupta. (Bengal Library, Dacca.)
45. Nabya Patiganit. Rai Bahadur Sarada Prasanna Das. (The author, Calcutta.)
46 Ganit Mukul. Prafulla Kumar Bhattacharyya. (Bengal Book Depôt, Dacca.)

Nepali.

Classes III and IV.

Ankaganit. S. C. Basu. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)

Arithmetic

Classes V and VI.

1 Adhunik Patiganit, Parts V and VI. Sarada Kanta Ganguli. (Students' Library, Calcutta.)
2. Sahaj Patiganit, Part II. Madhusudan Sarkar. (Bani Niketan, Calcutta)
3. Patiganit, Part II. Abani Bhusan Chatterjee. (Dinataran Mukherjee, Calcutta.)
4. Nutan Patiganit. Chintaharan Roy. (Chuckervertty, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
5. Nutan Saral Patiganit, Part II. Jadab Chandra Chakrabarty and Bipin Behari Chatterjee. (B Banerjee & Co , Calcutta.)
6. Saral Patiganit, Part II. Jadab Chandra Chakrabarty, revised by Prafulla Ch. Chakrabarty. (Sanyal & Co , Calcutta.)
7. Ganit. Pramatha Nath Lai. (Kamala Book Depôt, Ltd., Calcutta.)
8. Saral Patiganit, Part II. Kedar Nath Datta. (P. Ghosh, Calcutta.)
9. Patiganit. Charu Chandra Chakrabarty and Manada Charan Gupta (Bengal Book Agency, Calcutta.)
10. Ganit Bikash. Nagendra Nath Majumdar. (Students' Library, Calcutta.)
11. Madhya Ganit. Rash Behari Bose. (Jadab Lal Dutta, Dacca.)
12. Ganit Bikash, Part II. Aswini Kumar Datta and Anukul Chandra Bhattacharyya. (Santosh Library, Dacca.)
13. Sahaj Ganit, Part II. D[illegible]a Prasad Ghosh. (Banimandir, Calcutta.)
14. Naba Ganit. Radha Gobinda Nath Bidyabachaspati. (Ripon Library, Dacca.)
15. Nutan Pranalir Patiganit, Part II. Suniti Kumar Pal. (Mukhdumi Library, Calcutta.)
16. Nabya Patiganit. Sarada Prasanna Das. (Author, Calcutta.)
17. Nimna Ganit, Part II. Khan Bahadur Abdur Rahman Khan. (Provincial Library, Dacca.)
18. Naba Sishu Siksha Patiganit, Parts III and IV. Kalidas Banerjee. (Author, Calcutta.)
19. Nabya Ganit, Part II. Anil Kumar Das and Sunil Kumar Das (Sunil Kumar Das, Dacca.)
20. Sahaj Patiganit, Part II. Kazi Motahar Hossain. (Albert Library, Dacca.)

21. Nimna Ganitsar, Part II. Abul Hosain. (Modern Library, Dacca.)
22. Sishu Siksha Patiganit, Parts III and IV. Gangadas Mookherjee. (Modern Book Agency, Calcutta.)
23. Saral Patiganit. Abdus Samad. (Indu Bhusan Datta, Dacca.)
24. Adarsha Patiganit. Dr. Benode Behari Datta and Ananta Mohan Sen. (Victoria Book Depôt, Calcutta.)
25. Saral Ganit. Manindra Mohan Basu. (Minerva Publishing House, Calcutta.)
26. Patiganit Siksha. Manoranjan Datta. (Victoria Book Depôt, Calcutta.)
27. Nutan Patiganit, Part II. Khan Bahadur Kazi Imdadul Huq. (Students' Library, Dacca.)
28. Ganitankur, Part II. Prasanna Kumar Sen. (Trailokya Chandra Sur, Dacca.)
29. Saral Ganit Siksha, Part II. Anil Chandra Gupta. (Abinash Gupta & Sons, Dacca.)
30. Adarsha Ganit, Part II Mono Mohan Roy Choudhury. (The Central Book Agency, Calcutta.)
31. Adarsha Patiganit. Part II. Abani Kishore Datta Roy. (Tarani Kishore Datta Roy, Calcutta.)
32. Adarsha Ganit Sopan, Part II. Kunja Behari Har. (Minerva Library, Dacca.)
33. Saral Patiganit, Part II. Taranath De. (Sen Brothers & Co., Calcutta.)
34. Sahaj Shiksha Patiganit, Part II Dr. Anukul Chandra Sarkar (Presidency Library, Dacca.)
35. Nutan Patiganit, Parts III and IV. Bhabani Prasad Chakravarti. (N. M. Roy Choudhury & Co., Calcutta.)
36. Byabaharik Patiganit, Part II. Tafazzal Husain. (Kohinoor Library, Dacca.)
37. Ganit Bikash, Parts III and IV. Rai Sahib Devendra Kumar Roy. (Prafulla Kumud Library, Dacca.)

Urdu.

Classes V and VI.

1. Hisab Ki Panchwin Kitab. Khawaja Dilhudd. (Anjuman Himayat-i-Islam, Lahore.)
2. Hisab Ki Chhatte Kitab. Khawaja Dilhudd. (Anjuman Himayat-i-Islam, Lahore.)

Arithmetic.

Classes VII to X.

1. Modern Arithmetic. Rai S. P. Das Bahadur. (Chuckervertty, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. Arithmetic (in English) or Patiganit (in Bengali). Jadab Chandra Chakravarti. (Sanyal & Co., Calcutta.)
3. Matriculation Arithmetic S. N. Sen. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)
4. Matriculation Arithmetic. G. S. Dey. (S. C. Auddy & Co., Calcutta.)
5. Nabin Patiganit, Part IV. Ganga Charan Das Gupta. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
6. The Students' Matriculation Arithmetic Sarada Kanta Ganguli and Sreekanta Ganguli. (Students' Library, Calcutta.)
7. Arithmetic for Schools. Sir Ashutosh Mukhopadhyaya and S. C. Basu. (S. C. Auddy & Co., Calcutta.)
8. The Elements of Arithmetic. Rai Bepin Vihari Gupta Bahadur. (Ghosh & Co., Calcutta.)

Urdu.

Classes VII and VIII.

1. Hisab Ki Satwin Kitab. Khawaja Dilhudd. (Anjuman Himayat-i-Islam, Lahore.)
2. Hisab Ki Athwin Kitab. Khawaja Dilhudd. (Anjuman Himayat-i-Islam, Lahore.)

Recommended for libraries and for teachers.

1. A School Arithmetic for Indian Schools. Hall, Stevens and Sims. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. Junior Arithmetic. R. H. Chope. (University Tutorial Press, Ltd., Calcutta.)
3. Arithmetic for Indian Schools. Lock and Lewis (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
4. Modern High School Arithmetic for Indian Schools, Part I. K. C. Bhattacharyya. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)

Mensuration and Surveying.

Classes VIII-X.

1. Elementary Mensuration and Surveying A N Sen. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta)
2. Matriculation Mensuration. Girijabhusan Mitra. (Mitra & Sons, Calcutta.)
3. Mensuration and Elementary Surveying. R. L. Banerjee. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)

Geometry.

Class VI.

1 Jyamiti Prabesh. Dr. Surendra Mohan Ganguli. (The Book Company, Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. Nabin Jyamiti. H. S. Hall and F H. Stevens. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
3. Shishu Jyamiti. Birendra Nath Roy. (Author, Howrah.)
4. Nutan Pranalir Jyamiti. Suniti Kumar Pal. (Mukhdumi Library, Calcutta.)
5. Prathamic Jyamiti. Chintaharan Roy. (Chuckervertty, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
6. School Jyamiti. Md. Abdul Hai. (Islamia Library, Dacca)
7. Saral Jyamiti, Part 1. Sarada Kanta Ganguli. (Students' Library, Calcutta.)
8. Saral Jyamiti. Abani Bhusan Chatterjee. (Dinataran Mukherjee, Calcutta.)
9. Sahaj Jyamiti. Nagendra Nath Majumdar. (U. Roy & Sons, Calcutta.)
10. Jyamiti Parichaya. Khagendra Nath Chakravarti (B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.)
11. Jyamiti Prakash. Sudhansu Mohan Mitra. (Indu Bhusan Datta, Dacca.)
12. Adarsha Jyamiti Shiksha Jasimuddin Ahmed (Provincial Library, Dacca.)
13. Prathamic Jyamiti. Bholanath Mukherjee (Dwijendranath Dhar, Calcutta.)
14. Prathamic Jyamiti. Gangadas Mukherjee (Modern Book Agency, Calcutta.)
15. Jyamiti Prabesh. Khan Bahadur Abdur Rahman Khan. (Students' Library, Dacca.)
16. Jyamiti Bikash. Aswini Kumar Datta and Anukul Chandra Bhattacharyya. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd , Calcutta)
17. Saral Jyamiti. Charu Chandra Chakravarti and Manada Charan Gupta. (Bani Mandir, Calcutta.)
18. Sahaj Jyamiti. Upendranath Gupta and Manoranjan Das Gupta. (S. C. Auddy & Co., Calcutta.)
19. Jyamiti Sopan. Dr. Meghnad Saha (Bhim Chandra Datta, Dacca.)
20. Saral Jyamiti Shiksha. Asoke Kumar Pal (Gurupada Mitra & Brothers, Calcutta.)

Geometry.

Classes VII-X (English).

1. Middle and High School Geometry. F. W. Westaway. (Blackie & Son, Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. Elements of Geometry, Parts I-VI. Barnard and Child. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
3. A School Geometry, Parts I-V. H. S. Hall and F. H. Stevens. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)

4. A Shorter School Geometry. H. S. Hall and F. H. Stevens. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
5. A Primer of Geometry. W. Parkinson and A. J. Pressland. (Oxford University Press, Calcutta.)
6. Modern Geometry (Matriculation Geometry), Books I-IV. K. P. Basu. (K. P. Basu Library, Calcutta.)
7. The Students' Matriculation Geometry, Books I-IV., S. K. Gangopadhyaya. (Students' Library, Calcutta.)
8. The Students' Matriculation Geometry, Books V and VI. S. K. Gangopadhyaya. (Students' Library, Calcutta.)
9. Elements of Geometry, Parts I-III. Nares Chandra Ghosh. (Author, Calcutta.)
10. Elements of Geometry, Part IV. Nares Chandra Ghosh. (Author, Calcutta.)
11. School Geometry. A. N. Sen. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)

Geometry.

Classes VII-X (Bengali).

1. Nutan Jyamiti. Chintaharan Roy. (Chuckervertty, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. Prabeshika Jyamiti, Parts I-IV. Jadab Chandra Chakravarti. (Atul Chandra Chakravarty, Serajganj.)
3. Jyamiti, Part I. A. N. Sen. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)
4. Jyamiti, Parts II-IV. A. N Sen. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)
5. School Jyamiti, Part I. H. S. Hall and F. H. Stevens. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)

Algebra.

Classes VII-X.

1. Matriculation Algebra. J. Ghosh. (Author, Calcutta.)
2. An Elementary Matriculation Algebra. Devaprasad Ghosh and Gangadas Mukhopadhyaya. (Modern Book Agency, Calcutta.)
3. Matriculation Algebra (Algebra Made Easy). K. P. Basu. Revised by Dr. Nripendra Nath Sen. (The K. P. Basu Library, Calcutta.)
4. Matriculation Algebra. Dr. Surendra Mohan Ganguli. (The Book Company, Ltd., Calcutta.)
5. Junior Algebra. A. G. Cracknell and A. Barraclough. (University Tutorial Press, Calcutta.)
6. Matriculation Algebra. Jadab Chandra Chakravarti. (Sanyal & Co., Calcutta.)
7. Prabeshika Bijganit, Part I. Jadab Chandra Chakravarti. (Atul Chandra Chakravarti, Serajganj.) For Classes VII and VIII only.
8. Modern Algebra. Khan Bahadur Abdur Rahman Khan. (The Provincial Library, Dacca.)
9. A New Algebra. Dr. S. C. Dhar and Jogesh Chandra Sen. (Anukul Chandra Dhar, Calcutta.)
10. Modern Algebra. Professor M. Roy. (The Indian Publishing House, Calcutta.)

Recommended as prize and library books.

1. A School Algebra. H. S. Hall. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. Elementary Algebra. C. Godfrey and A. W. Siddons. (University Press, Cambridge.)
3. Algebra for Beginners. H. S. Hall and S. R. Knight. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
4. Algebra complete with Answers. E. H. Chapman. (Blackie & Son, Ltd., Calcutta.)

History.

Class III (for two years only).

1. Sekaler Kahini. Dr. Surendra Nath Sen. (Banimandir, Calcutta.)
2. Pouranik Katha. Bankim Chandra Datta. (Victoria Library, Dacca.)

3. Saral Aitihasik Galpa. Abdul Mannan. (Islamia Library, Dacca.)
4. Puratan Kahini. Fakirdas Banerjee and Satish Chandra Mookherjee. (Modern Book Agency, Calcutta.)
5. Chhotader Itihas. Bela Devi. (D. N. Mitra, Calcutta.)
6. Itihaser Katha. Kshetrapal Das Ghosh. (Chuckervertti, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
7. Desh Bedesher Katha. Dr. Kali Das Nag. (Bengal Library, Dacca.)
8. Puratan Kahini. Mozammel Huq. (Moslem Publishing House, Calcutta.)
9. Atiter Katha, Part I. Nagendralal Choudhury. (Hindustan Library, Dacca.)
10. Sekaler Katha. Dr. Muhammad Shahidullah. (Provincial Library, Dacca.)
11. Puran Kahini. Nikhil Nath Roy and Tridib Nath Roy. (Saroj Majumdar, Calcutta.)
12. Itihaser Galpa. Mohini Kanta Gupta. (Rajani Sahitya Mandir, Calcutta.)
13. Itihaser Galpa, Part I. Jogendra Nath Gupta. (Author, Calcutta.)
14. Jug-Juganter Kahini Dr. Panchanan Mitra and Prabodh Chandra De. (Kumud Library, Calcutta.)
15. Itikahini, Part I. Hasmat Ali Choudhury. (Dacca Library, Dacca.)
16. Prachin Prasanga. Akshay Kumar Roy. (Students' Library, Dacca.)
17. Itihaser Galpa. Purnima Basak. (Bankim Ch. Pal, Calcutta.)
18. Rupa Rekha. Gurubandhu Bhattacharyya. (Ripon Library, Dacca.)
19. Nabin Itihas, Part I. Rai Jaladhar Sen Bahadur and Hemendra Nath Ghosh (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
20. Saral Purakatha. Kazi Akram Hossain and Abul Hashem. (Itikatha Book Depôt, Calcutta.)
21. Sekaler Katha. Sachindraranjan Das and Mahendranath Gupta. (Dipti Publishing House, Calcutta.)
22. Itihaser Galpa. Dr. Hara Prasad Sastri and Benoytosh Bhattacharyya. (Kamala Book Depôt, Ltd., Calcutta.)
23. Shishudiger Purabritta. Khan Bahadur Daliluddin Ahmad. (Hem Chandra Sarkar, Dacca.)
24. Itihaser Galpa. Bibhubala Bakshi. (H. Bakshi, Calcutta.)
25. Puratani. Jyotirmaya Ghosh. (Bharat Book Agency, Calcutta.)
26. Prachin Kahini. Bholanath Sen (Sen Brothers & Co., Calcutta.)

Charit Katha. Jatindra Mohan Bagchi. (Co-operative Book Depot, Calcutta.) Recommended as an extra reading book for pupils. (Also as a prize and library book.)

History.

Class IV (for two years only subject to revision.)

1. Aitihasi. Biswapati Choudhury and Krishnadayal Basu. (Jatindra Nath De, Calcutta.)
2. Itihaser Galpa. Khagendra Nath Mitra and Anilendra Nath Mitra. (Chuckervertty, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
3. Chhotader Itihas. Jiauddin Ahmed. (Tajmahal Library, Dacca.)
4. Bharat Itihaser Galpa. Tara Kumar Sen Gupta. (Nirmal Chandra Datta, Calcutta.)
5. Aitihasik Kahini. Fakirdas Banerjee and Satish Chandra Mukherjee. (Modern Book Agency, Calcutta.)
6. Itikahini, Part II. Hasmat Ali Choudhury. (Dacca Library, Dacca.)
7. Itihaser Katha. Subimal Chandra Datta. (Popular Agency, Calcutta.)
8. Pura Kahini, Part II. Ishan Chandra Ghosh (B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.)
9. Itihaser Katha O Kahini. Gurubandhu Bhattacharyya. (Students' Library, Dacca.)
10. Nabin Itihas, Part II. Rai Jaladhar Sen Bahadur and Hemendra Nath Ghosh. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
11. Aitihasik Galpa. Dr. Ramesh Chandra Majumdar. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)

12. Galpe Itihas. Matiar Rahman Khan. (The Great Eastern Library, Calcutta.)
13. Saral Itihas Sachhidananda Bhattacharyya. (H. Chatterjee & Co., Calcutta.)
14. Chhotader Itihas. Jaynab Rahim. (Empire Book House, Calcutta.)
15. Itihaser Galpa. Haripada Sen Gupta. (Bina Library, Calcutta.)
16. Saral Itikatha. Kazi Akram Hosain and Abul Hashem. (Itikatha Book Depôt, Calcutta.)
17. Itihaser Katha Rajani Kanta Gupta. (Rajani Sahitya Mandir, Calcutta.)
18. Itihas Manjari Jyotirmaya Ghosh. (Bharat Book Agency, Calcutta.)
19. Galpe Itihas Makhanlal Bandyopadhyaya. (Syamapada Mitra, Calcutta.)
20. Saral Itihas, Part II Ramnath Sen. (Sailesh Chandra Sen, Calcutta.)
21. Itihaser Sahaj Galpa Abdus Samad (India Library, Dacca.)
22. Itihaser Galpa. Jogendranath Gupta. (Author, Calcutta.)
23. Bharat Katha Nepal Chandra Roy (Indian Education Society, Calcutta.)
24. Prathamik Itihas Abdul Hakim (Albert Library, Dacca.)
25. Desher Katha Dr Surendranath Sen (Bani Mandir, Calcutta.)
26. Naba Itihas Manjari Dr Md Shahidullah (Provincial Library, Dacca.)
27. Aitihasik Prasanga. Monoje Mohan Mukherjee (Students' Library, Calcutta.)
28. Chheleder Itihas Govinda Chandra Deb and Nilambu Chandra Mitra. (Hrishikesh Banerjee, Calcutta.)
29. Aitihasik Path, Part II Satis Chandra Mitra and Sukumar Bhattacharyya (Students' Library, Calcutta.)

History.

Classes V and VI (subject to revision).

1. Sishuranjan Bharat Katha Nepal Chandra Roy (Indian Education Society, Calcutta.)
2. Saral Itihas, Part I. Kazi Akram Hossain and Abul Hashem (Itikatha Book Depôt, Calcutta.)
3. Aitihasik Katha. Dr. Surendra Nath Sen. (The Book Company, Ltd., Calcutta.)
4. Bharatbarsher Itihas O Englander Kahini. Satish Ch. Mukherjee. (Modern Book Agency, Calcutta.)
5. Bharater Sankshipta Itihas, Part I. Dr. Upendra Nath Ghosal. (Upendra Nath Dhar, Calcutta.)
6. Sahaj Itihas. Basanta Kumar Bhattacharyya. (Bakergunje District Teachers' Union, Barisal.)
7. Bharatbarsher O Englander Saral Itihas, Part I. Manmatha Mohan Basu. (B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.)
8. Itibrittika Krishnabehari Gupta and Kalidas Roy, Kabishekhar (Bengal Book Agency, Dacca.)
9. Prathamik Itihas. Asoke Chandra Sen. (Ripon Library, Dacca.)
10. Bharater Itihas. Khan Bahadur Ahsanullah. (Empire Book House, Calcutta.)
11. Aitihasik Katha. Tara Kumar Sen Gupta. (Santosh Library, Dacca.)
12. Saral Aitihasik Path, Part II. Khan Bahadur Kazi Imdadul Huq. (Students' Library, Dacca.)
13. Aitihasik Sandarva. Khan Bahadur Daliluddin Ahmed. (Bhupendra Nath Ghosh, Dacca.)
14. Itihas Manjari. Dr. Md. Shahidullah. (Provincial Library, Dacca.)
15. Itihaser Pratham Katha. Gurubandhu Bhattacharyya. (Students' Library, Dacca.)
16. Saral Aitihasik Path. Parimal Sen Guptá. (Prafulla Kumud Library, Dacca.)
17. Sukhapathya Bharatbarsher Itihas. Rajani Kanta Gupta. (Rajani Sahitya Mandir, Calcutta.)
18. Saral Itihas. Rai Bahadur Khagendra Nath Mitra. (The Indian Publishing House, Calcutta.)

19. Aitihasik Pathmala; Part I. Isan Chandra Ghosh and Birendranath Chakravarti. (N. Pal, Calcutta.)
20. Madhya Shiksha Itihas, Part I. Amulyaratan Gupta and Bankim Chandra Datta. (Pramatha Nath Ghosh, Patuatuly, Dacca.)
21. Shishupathya Itihas, Parts I and II. Prafulla Kumar Guha. (Subhas Libarary, Calcutta.)
22. Aitihasik Katha, Part II. Abdur Razzak. (Kohinoor Library, Dacca)
23. Bharater Itihas. Dr. Ramesh Chandra Majumdar. (Brindaban Dhar and Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)
24. Bharat O Englander Itihas. Kshetrapal Das Ghosh (Chuckervertty, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)

History.

Classes VII and VIII (subject to revision).

1. Aitihasik Pathamala, Part II. Ishan Chandra Ghosh and Birendra Nath Chakrabarty. (N. Pal, Calcutta.)
2. Swadesh O Samrayya Dr. Surendra Nath Sen. (Banimandir, Calcutta.)
3. Saral Itihas. Narayan Chandra Bandhyopadhyaya. (Chuckervertty, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
4. Bharatbarsher Itihas. Dr. Ramesh Chandra Majumdar. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)
5. Prathamik Itihas. Tripurari Chakrabarty & Hem Chandra Roy. (The Book Company Ltd., Calcutta.)
6. An Easy History of India and England. Kailash Chandra Manna & S. N. Modak. (Kamala Book Depôt, Ltd., Calcutta.)
7. Bharatbarsher O Englander Saral Itihas, Part II. Manmatha Mohan Basu. (B. Banerjee, & Co., Calcutta.)
8. Englanda O Bharatbarsher Itihas. Dr. Hara Prasad Sastri and Binoytosh Bhattacharyya. (Charu Chandra Mitra, Calcutta.)
9. Saral Itihas, Part II. Kazi Akram Hossain and Abul Hashem. (Itikatha Book Depôt, Calcutta)
10. Aitihasik Path. Tara Kumar Sen Gupta. (Santosh Library, Dacca.)
11. Saral Itihas. Khagendra Nath Mitra, Rai Bahadur (Chuckervertty, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta)
12. A Short History of India and England. Dr. Surendra Nath Sen. (The Book Company Ltd., Calcutta.)
13. Bharater Sankshipta Itihas, Part II. Dr. Upendra Nath Ghosal. (Upendranath Dhar, Calcutta.)
14. Aitihasik Path O Samajtantra. Nalini Kanta Bhattashali. (Pares Chandra Datta, Dacca.)

Recommended as prize and library books.

1. The Story of England. Lilias Milroy. (Blackie & Son, Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. Nelson's School History of Great Britain and Ireland G. W. Prothero. (T. Nelson & Sons, Ltd., London.)
3. Foundations of History—Book C. Phyllis Wragge (T. Nelson & Sons, Ltd., London.)
4. Foundations of History—Book D. Phyllis Wragge. (T. Nelson & Sons, Ltd., London.)
5. The House of History—The First Storey. Elizabeth Isaacson. (T. Nelson & Sons, Ltd., London.)
6. The House of History--The Second Storey. Muriel Masefield (T. Nelson & Sons, Ltd., London.)
7. The House of History—The Third Storey Muriel Masefield. (T. Nelson & Sons, Ltd., London.)
8. A Course of Indian Civics. Gulshan Rai Bhatnagar. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)

Urdu.

Classes VII and VIII.

Recommended as prize and library books.

1. A History of India. Ghulam Husain. (Anjuman-i-Himayat-i-Islam, Lahore.)
2. A History of England. Ghulam Husain. (Anjuman-i-Himayat-i-Islam, Lahore.)

Geography.

Classes III and IV.

1. Bhugole Parichaya, Part I. Haridas Mukherjee. (Sadhana Library, Calcutta.)
2. Bhugole Bejoy, Part I. Bejoy Sankar Sen Gupta. (Albert Library, Dacca.)
3. Chheleder Bhugole, Part I. Kumud Chandra Rai Chowdhury. (Kamala Book Depôt Ltd., Calcutta.)
4. Bhugole Katha, Parts I and II. Ganga Charan Das Gupta. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)
5. Chhotader Bhu-Parichaya. Satyajiban Pal. (Sarajubala Roy, Dacca.)
6. Saral Bhugole, Part I Saroje Kumar Sen Gupta. (Minerva Library, Dacca.)
7. Naba Bhuparichaya, Part I Beharilal Chatterjee. (Subhas Library, Calcutta.)
8. Bhugole Bithika. Pitambar Nath. (Sunil Kumar Basu, Dacca.)
9. Sishu Bhugole. Panchkari Sarkar. (K. D. Auddy, Calcutta.)
10. Sishuranjan Bhugole Path. Abdur Rashid. (Kohinoor Library, Dacca.)
11. Bhugole Satadal. Muhammad Abdur Rashid. (The Great Eastern Library, Calcutta.)
12. Prathamic Naba Bhuparichaya. Rebatiraman De. (Bengal Book Depôt, Dacca.)
13. Bhougalic Path, Part I Abul Hosain (Modern Library, Dacca.)
14. Chheleder Bhugole. Abdus Samad. (Dacca Library, Dacca.)
15. Bhugole Manjari, Part I. Sukharanjan Basu. (Nikhileswar Datta, Calcutta.)
16. Naba Bhugole Path. M. Wahidoon Nabi. (Mukhdumi Library, Calcutta.)
17. Adhunik Bhuparichaya, Part I Birendra Nath Basu Roy. (Victoria Publishing House, Calcutta.)
18. Adarsha Bhuparichaya, Part I. Tarapada Sanyal. (P. C. Majumdar & Brothers, Calcutta.)
19. Sahaj Bhugole. Aswini Kumar Sen and Prabodh Chandra Sen (S. K. Mitra & Brothers. Calcutta.)
20. Saral Bhu-bibaran, Part I. Sukumar Das Gupta. (Hindustan Library, Dacca.)
21. Chhotader Bhugole. Jagadish Chandra Ghosh. Presidency Library, Dacca.)

Urdu.

Classes III and IV

1. Jugrafia-i-Saghir, Part I. Mohammad Asghar Ali. (Abbas Ali Khan Bekhud, Calcutta.)

Geography.

Classes V and VI.

1. Naba Bhugole Parichaya. Ganga Charan Das Gupta. Chuckervertti, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.) Paper to be improved.
2. Bhugole Prabesika. Nanigopal Choudhury. (Victoria Book Depôt, Calcutta.)
3. Bhugole Brittanta. Khan Bahadur Daliluddin Ahmed. (Victoria Library, Dacca.)
4. Madhya Siksha Bhu-parichaya, Part I. Nepal Chandra Roy. (K. P. Roy, Calcutta.)
5. Bhugole Path, Part II. Abdur Rashid. (Kohinoor Library, Dacca.)
6. Chheleder Bhugole, Part II. Kumud Chandra Rai Choudhury. (Kamala Book Depôt, Ltd., Calcutta.)
7. Bhugole Prakash. Ganesh Ch. Ghosh and Sudhanshu Mohan Chanda. (College Book Store, Calcutta.)
8. Saral Bhugole Tattwa. Bhupati Nath Palit. (The Great Eastern Library, Calcutta.)
9. Saral Bhugole, Part II. Saroje Kumar Sen Gupta. (Minerva Library, Dacca.)

10. Adhunik Bhu-bidya. Makhanlal Ganguli. (Islamia Library, Dacca.)
11. Bhugole Parichaya, Part I. Bidhubhusan Das Gupta. (Bengal Library, Dacca.)
12. Bhugole Prabesh. Dwijendra Chandra Das and Anil Chandra Roy. (Bengal Book Depôt, Calcutta.)
13. Bhugole Path, Part II. Gurubandhu Bhattacharyya. (Popular Library, Dacca.)
14. Naba Bhuparichaya, Part II. Beharilal Chatterjee. (Subhas Library, Calcutta.)
15. Adarsha Bhubidya, Part II. Nagendralal Choudhury. (Anukul Chandra Dhar, Calcutta.)
16. Bhugole Prakash. Basanta Kumar Das. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)
17. Bhougolic Path, Part II. Abul Husain (Modern Library, Dacca.)
18. Bhu-bijnan. Prabodh Chandra Gangopadhyaya (Kanailal Pal, Calcutta.)
19. Nutan Bhugole Path, Part II. Chandra Kumar Ghosh and Pitambar Nath. (Ripon Library, Dacca.)
20. Bhugole Shiksha, Part II Baidyanath Chatterjee. (S. B. Chatterjee & Sons, Calcutta.)

Urdu.

Classes V and VI.

1 Ansani Jugrafia, Part I Abdul Hakim (Anjuman-i-Himayat-i-Islam, Lahore.)
2. Ansani Jugrafia, Part II. Abdul Hakim. (Anjuman-i-Himayat-i-Islam, Lahore.)

Geography.

Classes VII and VIII.

1. Bhugole Sathi. Fakirdas Banerjee. (Santosh Library, Dacca.)
2. Saral Bhugole. Ganga Charan Das Gupta. (Chuckerverttty, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta)
3. Chheleder Bhugole, Part III. Kumud Chandra Rai Choudhury. (Kamala Book Depôt, Ltd., Calcutta.)
4. New Geography. G. Das Gupta. (Chuckervertty, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
5. Bhugole Prabesh. Rai Sahib Haridas Goswami. (The Book Company, Ltd., Calcutta.)
6. Bhugole Bikash, Part III. Aswini Kumar Datta. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)
7. Bhugole Shiksha, Part III. Baidyanath Chatterjee. (S. B. Chatterjee & Sons, Calcutta.)
8. Bhu-Parichaya, Part III. Kumud Bandhu Sen Gupta. (A Choudhury, Dacca.)
9. Bhugole Shiksha. Upendra Chandra Guha. (Students' Library, Calcutta.)
10. Saral Bhugole Path, Part III. Charu Chandra Bhattacharyya. (B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.)
11. Nabin Bhugole, Part III. Rai Bahadur Aghorenath Adhikary and Rajendra Nath Ghosh. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
12. Madhya Shiksha Bhuparichaya, Part II. Nepal Chandra Roy and Ajit Kumar Chakravarti. (Sanskrit Press Depository, Calcutta.)
13. Outlines of Geography. A. Bose. (The Book Company, Ltd., Calcutta.)

Urdu.

Classes VII and VIII.

1. Ansani Jugrafia, Part III. Abdul Hakim. (Anjuman-i-Himayat-i-Islam, Lahore.)
2. Ansani Jugrafia, Part IV. Abdul Hakim. (Anjuman-i-Himayat-i-Islam, Lahore.)

Recommended as Teachers' books.

1. Bhugole Prabeshika. Gurubandhu Bhattacharyya. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. India, World and Empire. Herbert Pickles. (Oxford University Press, Calcutta.)
3. An Introduction to Practical Geography. A. T. Simmons and H. Richardson. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)

Recommended as prize and library books.

Kingsway Geography Readers for Juniors—Travellers' Tales. Ernest Young. (Evans Brothers, Ltd., London.)
2. Kingsway Geography Readers for Juniors—At work in many lands. Ernest Young. (Evans Brothers, Ltd., London.)
3. Kingsway Geography Readers for Juniors.—At Work in Britain. Ernest Young. (Evans Brothers, Ltd., London.)
4. Kingsway Geography Readers for Juniors.—At Home in distant lands. Ernest Young. (Evans Brothers, Ltd., London.)
5. Geography for Senior Classes. E. Marsden. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)

Atlases recommended for use in Secondary Schools.

1. Bacon's All Essentials School Atlas. (G. W. Bacon & Co., Ltd., London.)
2. Bacon's Large Print Atlas of the World. (G. W. Bacon & Co., Ltd., London.)
3. Bacon's Physical Atlas—The Map and its Story. (G. W. Bacon & Co., Ltd., London.)
4. Enlarged Atlas for Indian Schools with Index. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
5. Bhuchitrabali. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
6. Adhunik Bhuchitrabali. Jatindra Nath Basu. (Basu & Sons, Calcutta.)
7. Modern Atlas for Indian Students. J. N. Basu. (Basu & Sons, Calcutta.)
8. Indian Schools Improved Atlas. (The Calcutta Printing Company, Ltd.)
9. The Indian School Atlas. John Bartholomew. (Oxford University Press, Calcutta.)
10. Bhuchitrabali. S. B. Chatterjee. (New School Book Press, Calcutta.)

Recommended for Teachers in Secondary Schools.

1. Manchitra Ankan Shiksha. Aswini Kumar Datta. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. Map Drawing Shiksha. Priyanath Das. (Popular Agency, Calcutta.)
3. Saral Manchitrankan Shiksha, Part I. A. K. Das Gupta. (Das Gupta & Sons, Calcutta.)
4. Saral Manchitrankan Shiksha, Part II. A. K. Das Gupta. (Das Gupta & Sons, Calcutta.)

Scie

Class IV.

1. Saral Prakriti Path. Ganga Charan Das Gupta. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. Prakriti Parichaya, Part I. Girija Prasanna Majumdar and Himadri Kumar Mukherjee. (Shib Nath Banerjee, Calcutta.)
3. Saral Bijnan Path, Part I. Kazi Motahar Hossain. (Modern Library, Dacca.)
4. Prakritir Khela. Manoj Mohan Mookherjee. (U. Roy & Sons, Calcutta.)
5. Sachitra Bijnan Path, Part I. Surendra Nath Banerjee. (Soor & Co., Calcutta.)

6. Sachitra Baijnanic Path, Part I. Khalilur Rahman. (Maktab Madrassa Book Publishing House, Calcutta.)
7. Bijnan Alochana. Girish Chandra Basu. (Ghosh & Co., Calcutta.)
8. Bijnan Mukulika. Jagat Mohan Sen. (Bengal Book Agency, Dacca.)
9. Prakriti Path, Part I. Charu Chandra Bhattacharyya. (B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.)
10. Prakriti Parichaya, Part I. Haridas Mookherjee. (Sadhana Library, Calcutta.)
11. Saral Prakriti Parichaya, Part I. Dakshinaranjan Banerjee and Rohini Kumar Majumdar. (R. Pal., Calcutta.)
12. Bijnan Parichaya, Part I. Rohini Kumar Majumdar. (The Central Book Agency, Calcutta.)
13. Pratham Siksha Prakriti Path. Debabrata Mookherjee. (The Great Eastern Library, Calcutta.)
14. Prakriti Path, Part I. Abdur Rashid. (Kohinoor Library, Dacca.)
15. Prakriti Bishayak Path, Part I. Manoranjan Datta. (Victoria Book Depôt, Calcutta.)
16. Bijnaner Katha, Part I. Hemendra Kishore Datta. (Bina Library, Calcutta.)
17. Prakriti Parichaya. Hem Chandra Datta. (Indian Publishing House, Calcutta.)
18. Prathamic Bijnan Path. Nripendra Nath Sinha. (School Library, Calcutta.)
19. Prakritir Katha, Part I. Hemendra Kumar Bhattacharyya. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)

Science.

Classes V and VI.

1. Prakriti Parichaya, Part II. Haridas Mookherjee. (Sadhana Library, Calcutta.)
2. Byabaharic Prakriti Path. Ganga Charan Das Gupta. (Chuckervertti, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
3. Bijnanika, Part I. Jagat Mohan Sen. (Bengal Book Agency, Dacca.)
4. Byabaharic Prakriti Parichaya. Dhirendra Nath Chakrabarty. (Sarbamangala Library, Calcutta.)
5. Bijnan Alochana. Girish Chandra Basu. (Ghosh & Co., Calcutta.)
6. Sajib Prakriti, Part II. Anutosh Das Gupta. (Minerva Publishing House, Calcutta.)
7. Prakritir Katha, Part II. Hemendra Kumar Bhattacharyya. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)
8. Prakriti Parichaya, Part II. Girija Prasanna Majumdar and Himadri Kumar Mookherjee. (Shib Nath Banerjee, Calcutta.)
9. Paryyabekshan Siksha, Part II. Rai Sahib Jagadananda Roy. (The Book Company, Ltd., Calcutta.)
10. Prakriti Bishayak Path, Part II. Monoranjan Datta. (Victoria Book Depôt, Calcutta.)
11. Prakritir Katha. J. Pal. (Presidency Library, Dacca.)
12. Prakriti Path, Part II. Charu Chandra Bhattacharyya. (B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.)
13. Bijnan Parichaya, Part II. Rohini Kumar Majumdar. (The Central Book Agency, Calcutta.)
14. Prakritir Khela, Part II. Manoj Mohan Mookherjee. (Students' Library, Calcutta.)
15. Sahaj Prakriti Parichaya. Sailendra Prasad Nag. (U. Roy & Sons, Calcutta.)
16. Paryyabekshan-Sahaya. Rai Sahib Devendra Nath Mitra. (Indian Publishing House, Calcutta.)
17. Bijnan Path. Umapati Bajpeyi. (Mukhdumi Library, Calcutta.)
18. Prakriti Path. Bidhu Bhusan Das Gupta and Sarada Prasanna Sen. (Bengal Book Depôt, Calcutta.)

Urdu.

Classes IV, V and VI.

1. Urdu Science Reader. Md. Mustafa Khan. (Mrs. Md. Mustafa Khan, Garden Reach, Calcutta.)

Recommended as a prize and library book.

Prathamic Bijnan Path. H. Armitstead and S. C. Mahalanabis. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)

Science.

Classes VII and VIII.

1. Saral Bijnan. Dr. Snehamay Datta. (Banimandir, Calcutta.)
2. Sahaj Bijnan. Priyada Ranjan Roy and Nirojenath Das Gupta. (Chuckervertty, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
3. Bijnan Prabeshika. Monoranjan Datta. (Victoria Book Depôt, Calcutta.)
4. Bijnan Parichaya. Dr. Satyaranjan Das Gupta and Narayan Das Basu. (The Bengal Book Agency, Calcutta.)
5. Bijnan Alochana. Rajendra Nath Das Gupta. (Ghosh & Co., Calcutta.)
6. Bijnan Katha. Tribhanga Murari Mandal. (Sen Brothers & Co., Calcutta.)
7. Bijnan Prabesh. Panchu Gopal Das. (Ripon Library, Dacca.)
8. Bijnan Sopan Rajani Kanta De and Bejoy Krishna Pal. (The Book Company, Ltd , Calcutta.)
9. Bijnan Mukul. Kailash Ch. Chakrabarty. (Shib Nath Banerjee, Calcutta.)
10. Bijnan Path Haridas Mookherjee. (Sadhana Library, Calcutta.)
11. Bijnan Katha. Pratul Chandra Sen. (Dinesh Chandra Datta, Dacca.)
12. Prathamik Bijnan. Ras Behari Basu. (Cotton Library, Dacca.)
13. Saral Bijnan Path. Rajendra Nath Sen and N. N. Sinha. (School Library, Calcutta.)
14. Bijnan Prabeshika. Sudhabindu Biswas and Santosh Kumar Banerjee. (U. Roy & Sons, Calcutta.)
15. Saral Bijnan Path Charu Chandra Bhattacharyya. (B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.)
16. Bijnan Parichaya Susil Chandra Nag. (Presidency Library, Dacca.)
17. Bijnan Sopan. Dr. Nirmal Kumar Sen. (Bengal Book Depôt, Calcutta.)
18. Sahaj Bijnan. Dinabandhu Chattopadhaya. (S. C. Auddy & Co., Calcutta.)
19. Bijnan Prakash. Rai Sahib Jagadananda Roy. (The Book Company, Ltd., Calcutta.)

The following books are recommended for reference by teachers:—

1. A Hand-book of Nature Study. E. Thompstone. (Longmans, Green & Co., Calcutta.)
2. A Nature Study Guide W. S. Furneaux. (Longmans, Green & Co., Calcutta.)
3. The Out-door World. W. Furneaux. (Longmans, Green & Co., Calcutta.)
4. Botanical Experiments for Schools. Ida H. Jackson. (Blackie & Son, Ltd., Calcutta.)

List of apparatus recommended for use in connection with the teaching of Science in High Schools (Provisional).

1	Students' microscope		1
2	Magnifier, striped pattern		1
3	Bell jar, open, height 9", diameter 5"		1
4	Ordinary balance ..	..	1
5	Scalpels dissecting ..	..	1
6	Dissecting needles, plain	..	4
7	Forceps, fine point, straight	..	1
8	Forceps, fine point, bent	..	1
9	Test tubes with rim, 6" × ½"	..	1 doz.
10	Beakers with spout, six, 100 to 600 cc.		1 set.
11	Thistle funnel, plain, 30 cm.		2
12	Glass graduated cylinder, 100 ml.		1

13	Glass, pneumatic trough, 24×12 cm. ..	1
14	Petri dishes, 8 cm. sets	6
15	Spirit lamp, brass, round wick and extinguisher	1
16	Basins, evaporating, 100 cc.	1
17	Tongs with bow	1
18	Retort stand light, three iron rings (diameter 6 cm)	1
19	Clamp with boss head to fit retort stand ..	1
20	Test tube stand, teak, for 12 tubes ..	1
21	Thermometer to 210° C	1
22	Funnels, plain, 7 cm	4
23	Glass tubing soft soda ..	½ lb.
24	Wire gauze, 6″×6″ .	4
25	Spatula, vulcanite, 18 cm . ..	1
26	Glass rods, soft soda	½ lb
27	Specimen tubes, corked, 3″×½″ . .	1 doz
28	Litmus paper, Red books	½ doz.
29	Litmus paper, Blue books .	½ ,,
30	Filter paper, students' quality, 9 cm .	1,000
31	Boiling tubes, Pyrex, with rim, 4″×½″	3
32	Tripod stand, 8″×5″ . .	1
33	Flasks, flat bottom set 50 cc, 100 cc, 250 cc, 500 cc set	1
34	Woulf's bottle .. .	1
35	Gas jar with ground glass cover, 15×5 cm	3
36	Deflagrating spoon .	1
37	Distilling flask, 250 cc .	1
38	Liebig's condenser, 40 cm . ..	1
39	I R tube . ..	6 ft.
40	Velvet corks, assorted, to fit the flasks and condensers	3 doz.
41	Cork-borer	Set of three.
42	Simple cells	2
43	Insulated copper wire	6 ft.
44	Electro magnet (small)	1
45	Magnet	1
46	Compass (needle)	1
47	Electric bell	1
48	Prism	1
49	Measuring scales, cm and inches ..	1
50	Barometer	1

Sanskrit Readers.

Class VII.

1 Riju Bodham. (A Sanskrit Primer.) Rasamay Bhattacharyya and Annada Charan Kavyatirtha. (M. C. Chakravartty, Calcutta.)

2. Amar Bharati, Part I. Ashokenath Bhattacharya Shastri, Vedantatirtha. (Modern Book Agency, Calcutta.)

3. Saral Sanskrita Patha, Part I. Harihar Shastri Bidyabhusan. (B. Banerjee & Co, Calcutta)

4. Sanskrita Mukulam, Part I. Jogendra Nath Tarkatirtha. (The Author, Calcutta.)

5. Pathamanjari, Part I. Banamali Vedantatirtha and Chandra Kanta Bidyaratna. (Chuckervertty, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)

6. Shiksha Manjari, Part I Sadananda Bhaduri and Nityadhan Bhattacharyya (The Book Company, Ltd., Calcutta.)

7. Debabhasha, Part I. Rai Sahib Akshay Kumar Datta Gupta. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)

8. Sanskrita Sopanam, Part I. Sreepati Vidyabhusan. (The Author, Calcutta.)

9. Deba Bharati, Part I. **Kamdeb Kabyatirtha. (Kamala Book** Depôt, Ltd., Calcutta.)
10. Sanskrita Sarani, Part I. **Dinesh Chandra Bhattacharyya.** (Victoria Book Depôt, Calcutta.)
11. Sanskrita Kusumanjali, Part I. **Dwarkanath Bhattacharyya,** Kabyatirtha. (H. Bakshi, Calcutta.)
12. Sanskrita Bodha, Part I. Ram Chandra Shastri. (Tara Library, Calcutta.)
13. Saral Sanskrita Prabeshika, Part I. Kali Charan Shastri. (Aridha Chandra Ghosh, Calcutta.)
14. Shiksha, Part I. Tara Kumar Kaviratna. (Author, Calcutta.)
15. Saral Sanskrita Siksha. Pandit Ramrup Vidyabagish and Haripada Bharati. (Bhattacharjee Bros., Calcutta.)
16. The New Method Sanskrit Reader, Part I. Hem Chandra Banerjee. (The Students' Library, Dacca.)
17. Abhinaba Prabeshika. Dr. Susil Kumar De and Gurubandhu Bhattacharyya. (Ripon Library, Dacca.)
18. Sanskrita Pathamanjari, Part I. Dwijendra Nath Halder. (Bandhab Library, Calcutta.)
19. Sanskrita Prabesha, Part I. Muralidhar Banerjee and Kshitish Chandra Chatterjee. (Sen, Roy & Co., Calcutta.)
20. Sanskrita Shiksha, Part I. Sibaprasad Bhattacharyya. (Kali Krishna Publishing House, Chinsurah.)
21. Sanskrita Sahitya Manjari. Ashutosh Bhattacharyya. (The Central Book Agency, Calcutta.)
22. Shiksha Mukulam. Bamandas Kabyatirtha. (Tarapada Mitra, Calcutta.)
23. Sanskrit Primer. Haralal Bandyopadhyaya. (Students' Library, Calcutta.)
24. Suniti Sopanam. Barada Kanta Vidyabhusan. (Author, Calcutta.)

Sanskrita Readers.

Class VIII.

1. Prabeshika Sopanam. Ramrup Vidyabagis and Haripada Bharati. (Bhattacharjee Bros., Calcutta.)
2. Sanskrita Mukulam, Part II. Jogendranath Tarkatirtha. (The Author, Calcutta.)
3. Saral Sanskrita Patha, Part II. Harihar Vidyabhusan. (B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.)
4. Saral Sanskrita Prabeshika, Part II. Kali Charan Shastri. (Aridha Chandra Ghosh, Calcutta.)
5. Manju Patham Rasamaya Bhattacharyya and Annada Charan Kavyatirtha. (G. C. Chakravarti, Calcutta.)
6. Deba-Bani, Part II. Narendra Chandra Vedantatirtha. (School Library, Calcutta.)
7. Amar Bharati, Part II. Asokenath Bhattacharyya, Shastri. (Modern Book Agency, Calcutta.)
8. Sanskrita Patha Manjari, Part II. Dwijendranath Smritikavya-Vyakarana Tirtha. (The Central Book Agency, Calcutta.)
9. Sanskrita Manjari, Part II. Sivaprasad Bhattacharyya and Prakash Chandra Kabyatirtha. (Rajendra Nath Dhar, Calcutta.)
10. Sanskrita Sarani, Part II. Dinesh Chandra Bhattacharyya. (Victoria Book Depôt, Calcutta.)
11. Sanskrita Siksha, Part II. Sivaprasad Bhattacharyya. (Ghosh & Co., Calcutta.)
12. Hitopadesha Sara Barada Kumar Kabyatirtha. (S. K. Bhattacharyya, Calcutta.)
13. Deba Bhasha, Part II. Rai Sahib Akshaya Kumar Datta Gupta Kaviratna. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)
14. Siksha, Part II. Tara Kumar Kaviratna. (T. K. Kaviratna, Calcutta.)
15. Kumar Patham. Prasanna Kumar Kabyatirtha. (Author, Barisa H. E. School, 24-Parganas.)
16. Sanskrita Prabesha, Part II. Muralidhar Bandopadhyaya and Kshitish Chandra Chattopadhyaya. (Sen, Ray & Co., Calcutta.)
17. Deva-Bharati, Part II. Pandit Kamdeb Kabyatirtha. (Kamala Book Depot, Ltd., Calcutta.)
18. Sanskrita Sopanam, Part II. Sreepati Vidyabhusan. (Author, Chetla, Calcutta.)
19. Nitisara. Naba Chandra Nyayaratna. (Minerva Publishing House, Calcutta.)
20. **Shiksha-Manjari. Part II. Sadananda Bhaduri and Nitya-dhan Bhattacharyya. (The Book Company, Ltd., Calcutta.)**

Arabic Readers.

Class VII.

1. Bakurat-ul-Adab. Shams-ul-Ulama Abu Nasr Waheed. (Provincial Library, Dacca.)
2. Arabic First Reader. A. B. Md. Osman Ghani. (Provincial Library, Dacca.)
3. A systematic Arabic Primer. A. T. Md. Obaidullah. (Islamia Library, Dacca.)
4. Mabda-ul-Adab. Md. Muslim. (Universal Press, Dacca.)
5. Beginners' Arabic Primer, Mawlana Md. Abdus Subhan. (A. K. Md. Hosain, Dacca.)
6. Subhat-ul-Adab, Book I. Muhammad Musa. (Maulvi Md. Amir Husain, Dacca.)
7. Maktab Reader I. Mufti Md. Ubaid (Macmillon & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)

Recommended as prize and library books.

1. Durusul Adab, Part I. Syed Muzaffaruddin Nadvi. (The Great Eastern Library, Calcutta.)
2. Arabic Primer. Shamsuddin Ahmed. (Bharati Library, Dacca.)

Arabic Readers.

Class VIII.

1. Arabic Reader, I. Abdul Fattah Sabri Bek and Ali Umar Bek. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. Maktab Reader II. Mufti Mohd. Ubaid. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
3. Subhat-ul-Adab, Book II. Khan Bahadur Muhammad Musa. (Md Amir Husain, Dacca.)
4. Durus-ul-Adab, Part II. Syed Muzaffaruddin Nadvi. (The Great Eastern Library, Calcutta.)
5. Beginners' Arabic Reader. Md. Abdus Subhan. (A. K. Md. Hosain, Dacca.)
6. The Modern Arabic Reader. A. T. Md. Obaidullah. (Islamia Libarary, Dacca.)
7. Arabic Second Reader. A. B. Md. Osman Ghani. (The Provincial Library, Dacca.)
8. Mirkat-ul-Adab (Arabic Reader) No. I. Shams-ul-Ulama Abu Nasr Waheed. (The Provincial Library, Dacca.)
9. Raihanat-ul-Adab. Khan Bahadur Md. Musa and Md. Velayet Hosain. (The Provincial Library, Dacca.)
10. Maidatul Adab, Part II. Shams-ul-Ulama Velait Hossain and Nazir Uddin. (The Provincial Library, Dacca.)

Recommended for prize and library.

Arabic Reader No. 2. Abdul Fattah Sabri Bek and Ali Umar Bek. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)

Arabic Grammar and Composition.

Class VII.

1. Bengali Arabic Grammar. A. F. M. Abdul Hakim. (A. M. Sharfuddin Ahmad, Dacca.)
2. A Simple Grammar in Arabic, Book I. Abul Khair Md. Gholam Kibria. (Author, Oari, Burdwan.)
3. Pratham Siksha Arbi Grammar and Composition. A. B. Md. Osman Ghani. (Abdur Rahman, Rokanpur, Dacca.)
4. Saral Arbi Byakaran, Part I. A. T. Md. Obaidullah. (Islamia Library, Dacca.)
5. Adarsha Arbi Anubad Siksha, Part I. A. T. Md. Obaidullah. (Islamia Library, Dacca.)
6. Anglo Arabic Translation, Retranslation and Composition. Md. Abdul Awwal and A. K. Md. Hosain. (Tajmahal Library, Dacca.)
7. Arabic Grammar and Composition. Azhar Ali Khan. (Mukhdumi Library, Calcutta.)
8. Prathamic Arbi Byakaran O Rachana. Muhammad Musa. (Author, Dacca.)

9. High School Prathamic Arbi Grammar. A. B. Md. Osman Ghani. (Dacca Library, Dacca.)
10. Beginners' Anglo Arabic Grammar. A. B. Md. Osman Ghani. (Dacca Library, Dacca.)
11. An Elementary Anglo Arabic Grammar. A. T. Md. Obaidullah. (Islamia Library, Dacca.)

Recommended as library books.

1. Adarsha Arbi Word book and Tarjama Siksha. Md. Obaidullah. (Islamia Library, Dacca.)
2. Primary Arabic Grammar, Part I. Ali Aljarim and Mustafa Amin. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)

Arabic Copy Books.

Class VII.

1. Obaidi Arabic Copy Book, No. I. A. T. Md. Obaidullah. (Islamia Library, Dacca.)
2. Obaidi Arabic Copy Book, No. 2. A. T. Md. Obaidullah. (Islamia Library, Dacca.)
3. Amniah Arabic Copy Book, Part I. Amanatullah. (Aswini Kumar Mittra, Ripon Street, Calcutta.)
4. Arabic Copy Book, Part II. A. B. Md. Osman Ghani. (Abdur Rahman, Rokanpur, Dacca.)
5. The New Arabic Copy Book, Part I. A. T. Md. Obaidullah. (The Islamia Library, Dacca.)

Arabic Copy Books.

Class VIII.

1. Arabic Copy Book, Parts I and II. A. M. Anisur Rahman. (Mukhdumi Library, Calcutta.)
2. Obaidi Arabic Copy Book, No. 3. A. T. Md. Obaidullah. (Islamia Library, Dacca.)
3. Arabic Copy Book, Part III. A. B. Md. Osman Ghani. (Provincial Library, Dacca.)
4. The New Arabic Copy Book, Part II. A. T. Md. Obaidullah. (The Islamia Library, Dacca.)

Persian Readers.

Class VII.

1. Persian Primer. K. Faizuddin Ahmad. (The Great Eastern Library, Calcutta.)
2. Gauhar-i-Danish, Part I. Jasimuddin Ahmed. (The Empire Book House, Calcutta.)
3. Simple Persian Primer. Abdus Samad. (Tajmahal Library, Dacca.)
4. Farsi-ki-Pahli Ketab. Md. Abdus Subhan. (Islamia Library, Dacca.)
5. Persian Primer. Efazuddin Ahmmed. (Munshi Ahmmed Ali, Jagatpur, Tippera.)

Recommended as a prize and library book.

New Persian Reader, No. 1. Syed Husain Ali. (Moslem Order Supply Agency, Kidderpore, Calcutta.)

Persian Grammar and Composition.

Classes VII and VIII (for three years only).

1. Anglo Persian Grammar. Abul Hashem. (Islamabad Library, Chittagong.)
2. A Grammar of Modern Persian. Shams-ul-Ulama M. Hidayat Hosain. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
3. An Easy Persian Grammar on a New Method. Jasimuddin Ahmed. (The Provincial Library, Dacca.)

Urdu Grammar and Composition.

Classes VII and VIII (for three years only).

1. Urdu Composition. S. A. Halim. (S. Mohamad Ahmed, Puri.)
2. Ganjina-i-Qawaid, Part I. Md. Shafique Athar (Fazil). (Ashrafali, Calcutta.)
3. Ganjina-i-Qawaid, Part II. Md. Shafique Athar (Fazil). (Ashrafali, Calcutta.)

Hygiene.

Classes III and IV (for boys).

1. Swasthya-Bidhi. Jogendra Nath Maitra. (A. K. Mitra, Calcutta.)
2. Swasthyer Aw, Ah. Nirmal Chandra Basu. (Kamala Book Depôt, Ltd., Calcutta.)
3. Saral Swasthya Niti, Part I. Dr. Amal Chandra Ganguli. (The Great Eastern Library, Calcutta.)
4. Saral Swasthya Siksha, Part I. Niranjan Chakravarty. (Bharati Library, Dacca.)
5. Saral Swasthya-Bidhi, Part I. Anukul Chandra Shastri. (Gupta & Sons, Dacca.)
6. Saral Swasthyakatha. Dakshaja Prasad Pal. (Nrityalal Sil's Library, Calcutta.)
7. Sarir Palan. Dr. Rajani Kanta Chatterjee. (A. Chakrabarty, Calcutta.)
8. Saral Swasthya Katha, Part I. Surendra Chandra Chakrabarty. (Chuckerverttv, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
9. Swasthya-Path, Part I. Dr. Kamakhya Charan Banerjee. (Haripada Banerjee, Calcutta.)
10. Swasthya-Sakha, Part I. Dr. Md. Faim Uddin. (Provincial Library, Dacca.)
11. Swasthya Raksha. Dr. Birendra Mohan Guha. (Narendra Nath Bhadra, Naya Bazar Road, Dacca.)
12. Saral Swasthya Path, Part I. Dr. Nripendra Kumar Basu and Asutosh Dhar. (Brindaban Dhar and Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)
13. Swasthya Path, Part I. Dr. Bidhubusan Pal. (Santosh Library, Dacca.
14. Swasthya Niti, Part I. Dr. Nishithanath Das Gupta. (R. C. Dey, Dacca.)
15. Swasthya-Sopan. Capt. Haripada Chattopadhyaya. (Shirshendu Kumar Chattopadhyaya, Calcutta.)
16. Swasthyer Katha. Sukhalata Rao. (Karunabindu Biswas, U. Roy & Sons, Calcutta.)
17. Abhinaba Swasthya Samachar, Part I. Dr. Nagendra Nath Das. (Kanailal Pal, Calcutta.)
18. Swasthya Sakha. Dr. Monomohan Chattopadhyaya. (A. C. Banerjee, Calcutta.)
19. Swasthya Parichaya. Girish Chandra Basu and Capt. Sudhir Kumar Basu. (Ghosh & Co., Calcutta.)

Nepali.

Swasthya Shiksha O Garhastyabidhi. Dr. Charles Banks and Dr. Madan Thapa. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)

(For Girls.)

1. Balika Swasthya Katha, Part I. Dr. Hari Prasad Choudhury. (Victoria Book Depôt, Calcutta.)
2. Balikader Swasthya Niti, Part I. Dr. Rama Ranjan Ghosh and Pran Ballav Basak. (Albert Library, Dacca.)
3. Meyeder Swasthya Raksha. Anukul Chandra Shastri and Dr. Naresh Chandra Das Gupta. (Gupta & Sons, Dacca.)
4. Swasthyanubikshan, Part I. Rai Harinath Ghosh Bahadur. (Author, Calcutta.)

Hygiene.

Classes V and VI.

(For Boys.)

1. Sharir Palan, Part II. Dr. Tarapada Basu and Panchanan Gangopadhyay. (Students' Library, Dacca.)
2. Saral Swasthya Katha, Part II. Surendra Chandra Chakrabarty. (Chuckervertty, Chatterjee & Co. Ltd., Calcutta.)
3. Svasthya Katha. Kaviraj Navadwip Chandra Mallik and Dr. Jogendra Nath Maitra. (Barendra Library, Calcutta.)
4. Swasthya Mukul, Part II. Nihar Kanta Nag. (Mukundalal Chakrabarty, Calcutta.) Price to be reduced to As. 8.
5. Abhinaba Swasthya Samachar, Part II. Dr. Nagendra Nath Das. (Kanailal Pal, Calcutta.)
6. Swasthya Niti. Jayanta Kumar Bhattacharyya. (Baidyanath Banerjee, Calcutta.)
7. Swasthya Path, Part II. Rai Bahadur Dr. Haridhan Datta. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
8. Swasthya Parichaya. Girish Chandra Basu and Captain S. K. Basu. (Ghosh & Co., Calcutta.)
9. Saral Swasthya Path, Part II. Dr. L. M. Biswas. (Bengal Library, Dacca.)
10. Sharir O Swasthya, Part II. Dr. Hari Prasad Choudhury. (Victoria Book Depôt, Calcutta.)
11. Swasthya Palan, Part II. Dr. Moslehuddin Ahmed and Abdul Hakim. (Islamia Library, Dacca.)
12. Sharir Palan, Part II. Dr. Biseswar Chattopadhyaya. (Nanigopal Chatterjee & Co., Calcutta.)
13. Swasthya Siksha, Part II. Dr. Amarendra Nath Basu and Punyendra Nath Majumdar. (Albert Library, Dacca.)
14. Swasthya Suhrid, Part II. Dr. Bazlur Rahman. (Modern Library, Dacca.)
15. Adhunik Swasthya Bijnan, Part II. Dr. R. Ghosh and Nripendra Kumar Basu. (Sisir Publishing House, Calcutta.)
16. Swasthyabidhan. Dr. Tinkari Acharyya. (S. Roy, Patuatuli, Dacca.)
17. Swasthya Katha, Part II. Dr. Bijay Chandra Mukhopadhyaya. (The Book Company, Ltd., Calcutta.)
18. Swasthyer Katha. Dr. Nirmal Chandra Basu. (Kamala Book Depôt, Ltd., Calcutta.)
19. Swasthya Sahachar. Dr. Satis Chandra De. (B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.)
20. Swasthyanubikshan, Part II. Rai Harinath Ghosh Bahadur. (Author, Calcutta.)

(For Girls.)

1. Swasthya Siksha, Part II. Dr. Satish Chandra De. (B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.)
2. Balikader Swathya Niti, Part II. Dr. Ramaranjan Ghosh and Pranballav Basak. (Albert Library, Dacca.)

Recommended as a prize and library book.

1. Sukher Akar. Dr. Satish Chandra Bhowmic. (The Author, Calcutta.)

Hygiene.

Classes VII and VIII.

(For Boys.)

1. Sharir Palan, Part III. Dr. Bisweswar Chattopadhyaya. (Nanigopal Chatterjee & Co., Calcutta.)
2. Sharir O Swasthya, Part III. Dr. Hari Prasad Choudhury. (Victoria Book Depôt, Calcutta.)
3. Saral Swasthya Katha, Part III. Surendra Chandra Chakraverty. (Chuckervertty, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
4. Manual of Hygiene and Domestic Economy. Charles Banks. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
5. A Text book of Hygiene. C. Ramamurti. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
6. Saral Swasthya Patha, Part III. Dr. L. M. Biswas. (Bengal Library, Dacca.)
7. Swasthya Niti. Ambica Charan Datta and Kshitinath Ghosh. (Kamala Book Depôt, Ltd., Calcutta.)

8. Swasthya Siksha. Nalini Chandra Banerjee and Gopal Chandra Sen. (Ripon Library, Dacca.)
9. Swasthya-Bidhan, Part III. Dr. Benoy Kumar Roy. (A. Choudhury, Dacca.)
10. Swasthya Seba. Jyotirmay Das Gupta. (Bharat Book Agency, Calcutta.)
11. Swasthya Sopan, Part III. Dr. Abhoy Kumar Sarkar. (Presidency Library, Dacca.)
12. Saral Swasthya Bijnan, Part III. Dr. Jamminath Ghosh. (Santosh Library, Dacca.)
13. Swasthya Path, Part III. Dr. Bidhubhusan Pal. (Santosh Library, Dacca.)
14. A Short Reader on Hygiene. C. K. Ghosh and Dr. N. Bhattacharyya. (S. C. Auddy & Co., Calcutta.)

(For Girls.)

1. Sishupalan O Dehabijnan. Surendu Kumar Chakravertty and Basanta Kumar Chattarjee. (Modern Book Agency, Calcutta.)
2. Swasthya-Tattwa. Ramesh Chandra Roy. (R. Ray, Hare Pharmacy, Calcutta.)

Drawing.

Classes III and IV.

1. Rekha Chitra, Part I. Pratul Bandopadhyaya. (Jogendra Nath Banerjee, Calcutta.)
2. Rupa Rekha, Part I. Purna Chandra Chakrabarty. (Presidency Library, Dacca.)
3. Saral Chitra Shiksha, Part I. Gourdas Pal. (A. C. Banerjee, Calcutta.)
4. Chitrakala, Part I. Amarendra Nath Das. (A. K. Mitra, Calcutta.)
5 Adarsha Chitra Pustak, Part I. Phanibhusan Gupta. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)
6 Chitra Rekha, Part I. S. C. Chatterjee. (Popular Library, Dacca)
7. Chitra Manjari, Part I. Jasimuddin Ahmed. (Abdur Rahman, Dacca)
8. Chitrá, Parts I and II. Nanigopal Das Gupta. (Devenham & Co., Calcutta.) To be combined in one volume.
9. Ankan Siksha, Part I. Kumud Bandhu Chakrabarty. (Minerva Library, Dacca.)
10. Rekhankan, Part I. P Ghosh. (The Book Company, Ltd, Calcutta.)
11. Sahaj Drawing Shiksha. Nagendra Nath Majumdar. (Students' Library, Calcutta.)
12. Students' Drawing Book, Part I. Jamini Ranjan Roy. (The Edward Library, Calcutta)
13. Acheryya Chitramala, Part I. Pranabesh Acheryya. (Model Library, Dacca.)
14. Chitra Shiksha, Part I. M. N. Chakrabarty. (Sishutosh Dhar, Dacca.)
15. Adarsha Chitra Kala, Part I. Pitambar Nath. (Provincial Library, Dacca.)
16. Saral Chitra Shiksha, Part . A. K. Das Gupta. (Das Gupta & Sons, Calcutta.)
17. Oriental Drawing Book, Part I. Ranada Ukil. (Chuckervertty, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
18. Oriental Drawing Books, Part I. Md. S. Hauque. (Maktab-Madrassa Book Publishing House, Calcutta.)
19. Chitra Lekha, Part I. Priyambada Nag. (Anil Chandra Dhar, Dacca.)

Drawing.

Classes V and VI.

1. Rekha Chitra, Part II. Pratul Bandopadhyaya. (Jogendra Nath Banerjee, Calcutta.)
2. Rupa Rekha, Part II. Purna Chandra Chakrabarty. (Presidency Library, Dacca.)
3. Chitrakala, Part II. Amarendra Nath Das. (A. K. Mitra, Calcutta.)
4. Saral Chitra Shiksha, Part II. Gourdas Pal. (A. C. Banerjee, Calcutta.)
5. Acheryya Chitramala, Part II. Pranabesh Acheryya. (Model Library, Dacca.)

6. Adarsha Chitra Pustak, Part II. Phanibhusan Gupta. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)
7. Adarsha Chitrankan Pustak, No. 2. Rasaraj Sarkar. (Madhusudan Sarkar, Calcutta.)
8. Chitramanjari, Part II. Jasimuddin Ahmmad. (Abdur Rahman, Dacca.)
9. Bengal School Drawing Books, No. II. Rai Sahib K. D. Chander. (Soor & Co., Calcutta.)
10. Rekhankan, Part II. P. Ghosh. (The Book Company, Ltd., Calcutta.)
11. Ankan Siksha, Part II. Kumud Bandhu Chakrabarty. (Minerva Library, Dacca.)
12. Adarsha Chitrabidya, Part II. Nagendralal Choudhury. (Anukul Chandra Dhar, Calcutta.)
13. Adarsha Chitrakala, Part II. Pitambar Nath. (Provincial Library, Dacca.)
14. Nutan Chitra Pustak, No. 2. Syam Chandra Datta. (Santosh Library, Dacca.)
15. Oriental Drawing Book, Part II. Ranada Ukil. (Chuckervertty, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
16. Oriental Drawing Books, Part II. Md. S. Hauque. (Maktab Madrassa Book Publishing House, Calcutta.)
17. Adarsha Chitra-bidya, Part II. Muhammad Abdul Kader. (Islamia Library, Dacca.)
18. Chitra Lekha, Part II. Priyambada Nag. (Anil Chandra Dhar, Dacca.)
19. Chitra Rekha, Part II. S. C. Chatterjee. (Popular Library, Dacca.)
20. Students' Drawing Book, Part II. Jamini Ranjan Roy. (The Edward Library, Calcutta.)

A note on the Pupil's materials in the Drawing Class.

It appears (though it is not very clearly put in the syllabus) that work in classes 3 and 4 is in pencil and pastel. In class 4 water colour is introduced.

Pencil work requiries a drawing book containing white drawing paper, a decent pencil, a piece of good India rubber, and two or three sharp knives in the class At present a great deal of the drawing is done in ordinary khatas, with cheap pencils having blunt points, and a wet finger is used as a substitute for India rubber.

Pastel work requires a book of coloured paper, one box of about 10 colours for each child, and a stock of the deeper colours in *dur* or *demidur* crayons for general use. These deeper colours are rather more expensive than the usual, costing from 1d. to 6d. a stick; they are unobtainable in India; they have to be obtained from London or direct from Le Franc in Paris. Without these colours it is impossible to give a correct representation of many objects, e.g., the shadows on a leaf or fruit require a deep blue-green which is not contained in the standard boxes of the pupils.

To get good work in water colour it is absolutely necessary that the pupils should use good colours—and the right colours. It is usually considered best for the teacher to have the colours in tubes and to press out small dabs of the colours needed on to the pupil's palette. The ordinary paint boxes sold in stationery shops contain more colours than the child should use, and those of a very bad quality.

In short the pencils, pastels and colours must be supplied by the school; not by the individual. This is not only cheaper for the parent, but is also an essential condition of good work.

Physical Exercise.

For teachers.

1. Physical Training Programmes. J. Buchanan. (Longmans, Green & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. Byayam-Shiksha, Parts I and II. Subodh Chandra Sen and Banagopal Mitra. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)

For supplementary use by teachers.

1. Chheleder Khela. Nripendra Nath Bose.
2. Athletics—How to succeed. (Evans Brothers, Ltd.)
3. Swimming—How to succeed. (Evans Brothers, Ltd.)
4. Foot-Ball—How to succeed. (Evans Brothers, Ltd.)

N.B.—Dr. Gray's Drill Book issued by this department is hereby cancelled.

Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca.

Ramna, Dacca, the 24th October 1933.

Detailed courses of studies and text-books for classes VII and VIII of High Madrasas in Bengal under the Reformed Scheme.

(This will remain in force for the academic session 1934 only.)

I—Subjects.

Class VII.

1. A Vernacular (Bengali or Urdu).
2. English.
3. Mathematics.
4. Arabic.
5. Fiqh and Aqaid—Selections from Traditions.
6. *One* of the following subjects:—
   (a) History (Indian and Islamic).
   (b) Geography.
   (c) Additional Mathematics.

Class VIII.

1. A Vernacular (Bengali or Urdu).
2. English.
3. Mathematics.
4. Arabic.
5. Quran and Fiqh.
6. *One* of the following subjects:-
   (a) History (Indian and Islamic).
   (b) Geography.
   (c) Additional Mathematics.

II—Text-Books.

1—Vernacular.

(a) BENGALI.

Any book from the following list:—

(i) BENGALI READERS.

Class VII.

1. Sahitya Sankalan, Part III. Basantakumar Chatterjee. (S. K. Nath and G. C. Nath, Calcutta.)
2. Saral Sahitya Sangraha. Pramatha Nath Sen. (Sen Bros. & Co., Calcutta.)
3. Chayan, Part I. Charu Chandra Banerjee. (Presidency Library, Dacca.)
4. Sahitya Sangraha. Muhammad Mobarak Ali. (Mukhdumi Library, Calcutta.)
5. Adarsha Sahitya Chayan. Nirad Chandra Sen. (Provincial Library, Dacca.)
6. Naba Sahitya Sudha. Khan Bahadur Abdur Rahman Khan and Akshaya Kumar Roy. (Ripon Library, Dacca.)
7. Nidarshani. Kalidas Roy, Kubishekhar and Sukriti Devi. (Kamala Book Depot, Ltd., Calcutta.)
8. Chhatra Siksha. Late Rampran Gupta. (Ghosh & Co., Dacca.)
9. Sahitya Parichaya. Suniti Kumar Chatterjee and Priyaranjan Sen. (Sen, Roy & Co., Calcutta.)
10. Siksha Sanchaya. Jogindra Nath Sarkar. (City Book Society, Calcutta.)
11. Sahitya Chayan, Part I. Monoranjan Sen Gupta. (All-Bengal Teachers' Association, Calcutta.)

12. Bibidha Prabandha. Late Rajani Kanta Gupta. (Mohini Kanta Gupta, Rajani Sahitya Mandir, Calcutta.)
13. Saral Bangla Sahitya. Rajendra Nath Dhar. (U. N. Dhar & Co., Calcutta.)
14. Sushiksha Chayan. Surendra Nath Banerjee. (S. M. Anisur Rahman, Calcutta.)
15. Adarsha Sahitya, Part I. Priya Nath Ghoshal. (S. C. Auddy & Co., Calcutta.)
16. Sahitya Prabesh. Abdur Rub Choudhury. (Islamia Library, Dacca.)
17. Path Prachaya, Part III. Rabindra Nath Tagore. (Biswa-Bharati Granthalaya, Calcutta.)
18. Sahitya Ratna, Part V. Jagattaran Das. (Balai Sen, Calcutta.)
19. Sahitya Sourav, Part V. Rai Sahib Jagadananda Roy. (Ashutosh Library, Calcutta.)
20. Sahitya Prabesh, Part I. Muralidhar Banerjee. (The Book Company, Ltd., Calcutta.)
21. Sahitya Pustak, Part II. Mahamahopadhyay Prasanna Chandra Bidyaratna. (Saraswat Mandir, Dacca.); and

Supplementary Reader.

Char Yar. Khan Bahadur Abdur Rahman Khan. (Dacca Library.)

Class VIII.

1. Sahitya Prabesh, Part II. Muralidhar Banerjee. (The Book Company, Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. Path Prachaya, Part IV. Rabindra Nath Tagore. (Biswa-Bharati Granthalaya, Calcutta.)
3. Sanchayan. Rai Sahib Jagadananda Roy and Anath Nath Basu. (Ashutosh Library, Calcutta.)
4. Bangla Sahitya. Kumudranjan Mallik and Rajendra Nath Dhar. (U. N. Dhar & Co., Calcutta.)
5. Sahitya Sankalan, Part IV. Basanta Kumar Chatterjee. (S. K. Nath and G. C. Nath, Calcutta.)
6. Sahitya Prabeshika. Jnanendra Mohan Das. (Indian Publishing House, Calcutta.)
7. Sahitya Shiksha. Suniti Kumar Chatterjee and Priyaranjan Sen. (Sen, Roy & Co., Calcutta.)
8. Bangla Sahityer Adarsha. Priya Nath Bidyabhusan. (Saraswat Agency, Dacca.)
9. Manimalya. Kalidas Roy, Kabishekhar. (Kamala Book Depot, Ltd., Calcutta.)
10. Sahitya Prabandha. Abdur Rub Choudhury. (Islamia Library, Dacca.)
11. Sahitya Surabhi, Part II. Prafulla Coomar Banerjee. (Amulyaratan Banerjee, Calcutta.)
12. Sahitya Parichaya. Bijay Chandra Majumdar. (Satyendra Nath Sarkar, Calcutta.)
13. Sahitya Chayan, Part II. Monoranjan Sen Gupta. (All-Bengal Teachers' Association, Calcutta.)
14. Bharati. Anil Kumar Sen. (Popular Agency, Calcutta.)
15. Prabandha Manjari. Dr. Muhammad Shahidullah. (Provincial Library, Dacca.)
16. Bichitra Prasanga. Rai Sahib Akshaya Kumar Datta Gupta, Kaviratna. (Ashutosh Library, Calcutta.)
17. Adarsha Sahitya Sangraha. Pramathanath Sen. (Sen Bros. & Co., Calcutta.)
18. Dipika. Gurubandhu Bhattacharyya. (Ripon Library, Dacca.)
19. Sahitya Sanchaya. Jogindranath Sarkar. (City Book Society, Calcutta.)
20. Sahitya Koumudi. Sarat Kumar Roy. (Chakrabarty Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
21. Charitragathan. Ishan Chandra Ghosh. (N. Pal, Calcutta.); and

Supplementary Reader.

Char Yar. Khan Bahadur Abdur Rahman Khan. (Dacca Library.)

(*ii*) BENGALI GRAMMAR.

Classes VII and VIII.

1. Byakaran Parichaya, Part III. Satya Kinkar Biswas. (The Teachers' Library, Calcutta.)
2. Saral Byakaran. Kalikrishna Goswami and Binoy Bhushan Ganguli. (Ashutosh Library, Calcutta.)
3. Bhashabodh Byakaran. Shashadhar Bidyabhushan. (The Book Company, Ltd., Calcutta.)
4. Byakaran Sopan. Bhairab Nath Kabyatirtha. (Kamala Book Depot, Ltd., Calcutta.)
5. Bangla Bhashar Byakaran. Haralal Banerjee. (Students' Library, Calcutta.)
6. Bhashaprabesh Byakaran. Haranath Ghosh (Victoria Libarary, Dacca.)
7. Byakaran Sopan, Parts V and VI. Sudhir Kumar Das. (Bina Library, Calcutta.)
8. Brihat Sahitya-Prabesh. Mahamahopadhyaya Prasanna Chandra Bidyaratna. (Saraswat Mandir, Dacca.)

(*iii*) BENGALI COMPOSITION.

Classes VII and VIII.

1. Rachana Sar. Khan Bahadur Abdur Rahman Khan and Akshoy Kumar Roy. (Dacca Library.)
2. Bangla Rachana O Anubad. Kalidas Roy, Kabishekhar. (Kamala Book Depot, Ltd., Calcutta.)
3. Adarsha Rachana O Anubad. Dakshina Charan Bhattacharyya. (Ashutosh Library, Calcutta.)
4. Bengali Composition with Essays and Unseens. Jitendra Lal Banerjee. (The Teachers' Library, Calcutta.)
5. Rachana Siksha. Ramdayal Chatterjee. (Kumud Library, Calcutta.)
6. The First Book of Bengali Composition. Priyanath Ghosal. (S. C. Auddy & Co., Calcutta.)
7. Saral Rachana Sopan, Part II. Basanta Kumar Chatterjee & Satis Chandra Bidyabhushan. (B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.)
8. Saral Bangla Rachana. Upendra Chandra Sarkar. (Ripon Library, Dacca.)
9. Rachana Prabeshika. Rai Bahadur Dr. Dinesh Chandra Sen and Syama Prasad Mookerjee. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
10. Rachana Prabeshika. Gurubandhu Bhattacharyya. (Popular Library, Dacca.)
11. Rachana Parichaya. Sudhendu Kumar Das Bidyaratna. (Victoria Book Depot, Calcutta.)
12. Rachana Parichaya. Sudhir Kumar Dass. (Bina Library, Calcutta.)
13. Bangla Rachana O Anubad Shiksha. Jnanada Prasad Bandopadhyaya. (Bankim Ch. Pal, Calcutta.)
14. Bengali Composition on a New Method. Pramatha Nath Sen and Pandit Jagattaran Das. (Sen Brothers & Co., Calcutta.)
15. Middle Class Book of Bengali Composition. Padaratna Ghoshal and Satya Kinkar Biswas. (Chakravertti, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)

(*b*) URDU.

Any book from the following list:—

(*i*) URDU READERS.

Class VII.

1. Gulbun-i-Adab, Part I. (Pages 1-109.) Published by Anwarul Matabay (Lucknow.)
2. Nisab-i-Urdu. (Jafri Bros., Allahabad.) (Pages 1 to 81 and 146 to 157.)

Class VIII.

1. Gulbun-i-Adab, Part I. (Pages 110-224.) Published by Anwar-ul Matabay (Lucknow.)
2. Nisab-i-Urdu. (Jafri Bros., Allahabad.) (Pages 81 to 145 and 158 to 196.)

(*ii*) URDU GRAMMAR.

Class VII.

Qawaid-i-Urdu. Fateh Muhammad Khan.

2—English.

Any book from the following list:—

(*i*) ENGLISH READERS.

Class VII.

1. The All-India Readers, Reader V. Rai Lalit Mohan Chatterjee Bahadur. (Hariram Dhar, Dacca.)
2. The Star of India Readers, Book V. (Blackie & Son, Ltd., Calcutta.)
3. New Indian Empire Readers, Fourth Reader. (Blackie & Son, Ltd., Calcutta.)
4. Reading Books for Indian Schools, Book IV. Egerton Smith. (Longmans, Green & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
5. Macmillan's New English Readers, Reader IV. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
6. Simple Readers, Book IV. P. K. Guha. (Ashutosh Library, Calcutta.)
7. New English Course for Indian Schools, Fourth Reader. (Longmans, Green & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
8. The New Times Reader, Book IV. J. Chatterjee. (Author, Calcutta.)
9. Easy English Selections. Mohini Mohan Mukherjee. (S. K. Lahiri & Co., Calcutta.)
10. The Golden Book of Prose and Poetry, Part III. P. C. Banerjee. (S. C. Majumdar, Calcutta.)
11. Sixth Standard English Reader. L. Tipping. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
12. Modern English Reader, Book IV. Egerton Smith. (The Book Company, Ltd., Calcutta.)
13. The Beena Readers, Book IV. D. L. Sircar and A. Mowat. (Bina Library, Calcutta.)
14. Constructive English, Book III. Edited by H. A. Treble. (Oxford University Press.)
15. Nelson's Indian Readers, Book 4. (T. Nelson & Sons, Ltd.)

Class VIII.

1. The All-India Readers, Reader VI. Rai Bahadur Lalit Mohan Chatterjee. (Hariram Dhar, Dacca.)
2. Nelson's Indian Readers, Book 5. (T. Nelson & Sons, Ltd.)
3. New English Course for Indian Schools, Fifth Reader. (Longmans, Green & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
4. New Indian Empire Readers, Fifth Reader. (Blackie & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.)
5. The Revised Modern India Readers, Book V. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
6. Constructive English, Book IV. Edited by H. A. Treble. (Oxford University Press.)
7. Macmillan's New English Readers, Reader V. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
8. The Victor English Readers, Book V. G. V. Dalby. (Mrs. Lena Dalby, Bell Lodge, Kalimpong.)
9. The New Times Reader, Book V. J. Chatterjee. (Author, Calcutta.)
10. Middle Class Reader. Late Brindaban Dhar. Revised by P. K. Guha. (Bisweswar Dhar, Dacca.)
11. The Golden Book of Prose and Poetry, Part IV. P. C. Banerjee. (S. C. Majumdar, Calcutta.)
12. Golden Readers, Book IV. Srikumar Banerjee. (S. K. Nath & G. C. Nath, Calcutta.)
13. Modern English Reader, Book V. Egerton Smith. (The Book Company, Calcutta.)
14. Modern Selections from English Literature, Monoranjan Roy. (Hridai Ranjan Roy, Dacca.)
15. Indian Reader. T. J. Collins. (Ashutosh Library, Calcutta.)
16. Macmillan's New English High School Readers, Reader II. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)

(ii) ENGLISH GRAMMAR.

Classes VII and VIII.

1. A Higher English Grammar. L. Tipping. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. Modern High School Grammar. Rai Sahib Adya Nath Roy. (Students' Library, Calcutta.)
3. Simple English Grammar. P. K. Guha. (Ashutosh Library, Calcutta.)
4. A Survey of English Grammar. S. E. Winbolt. (Blackie & Son, Ltd., Glasgow.)
5. Oxford Grammar for Junior Classes, Book III. (Oxford University Press, Calcutta.)
6. Modern English Grammar. Egerton Smith. (The Book Company, Ltd., Calcutta.)
7. English Grammar Series, Book III—Idiom and Grammar. J. C. Nesfield. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
8. An Elementary English Grammar. F. J. Rowe and W. T. Webb. (S. K. Lahiri & Co., Calcutta.)
9. English Grammar for Indian Schools. Satish Chandra Sen. (Sen Brothers & Co., Calcutta.)
10. Matriculation English Grammar—Idiom—Composition. Egerton Smith. (The Book Company, Ltd., Calcutta.)

(iii) ENGLISH TRANSLATION.

Classes VII and VIII.

1. A Systematic Translation. A. C. De. (The Book Company, Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. Junior High School Translation. Rai Sahib Adya Nath Roy. (B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.)
3. A Junior Course of Translation. T. J. Collins and Taranath De. (Trailokya Chandra Sur, Dacca.)
4. A Manual of Translation from Bengali into English. Benimadhab Ganguli & Bisvesvar Chakrabarty. (S. C. Auddy & Co., Calcutta.)
5. A Junior Class Book of Translation. I. C. Chakraverti. (B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.)
6. Modern English Translation. Rasamay Mitra. (R. Sinha, Calcuta.)
7. A Junior Course of Translation (Bengali into English). B. C. Chatterjee. (The Indian Publishing House, Calcutta.)
8. A Second Book of Translation. K. D. Ghose. (Mahendra Nath Datta, Bani Mandir, Calcutta.)
9. Simple Translation, Part II. P. K. Guha. (Ashutosh Library, Calcutta.)
10. A New Model Translation. A. Das Gupta and N. Gupta. (Bani Niketan, Barisal.)
11. Junior English Translation. J. L. Banerjee. (Dey & Co., Calcutta.)
12. Simple English Translation, Book II. Abul Hussain. (Islamia Library, Dacca.)
13. Young Translator. Sailendra Nath Banerjee. (College Book Store, Calcutta.)
14. Middle Class Translation. Makhan Lal Chakraverti. (Bengal Library, Dacca.)
15. Standard English Translation, Book I. Abdur Rub Choudhuri. (The Provincial Library, Dacca.

(iv) ENGLISH COMPOSITION.

Classes VII and VIII.

1. Oral Exercises in English Composition, J. C. Nesfield. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. English Composition for High Schools by the Direct Method—Oral and Written. L. Tipping. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
3. Elementary Lessons in Engilsh Composition—Oral and Written, Book III. J. C. Nesfield. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
4. A Junior Course of English Composition on a New Method. J. L. Banerjee. (Sen Brothers & Co., Calcutta.)
5. A Middle School Composition by the Direct Method—Oral and Written. L. Tipping. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
6. English Composition for Beginners. L. Tipping. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
7. English Composition for Indian High Schools. H. Banbury. (Oxford University Press, Calcutta.)

3—Mathematics (Compulsory).

No text-book is prescribed. The subject is to be studied in accordance with the syllabus. Any book from the following list may be used:—

(a) ARITHMETIC.

Classes VII and VIII.

1. Arithmetic. Jadab Chandra Chakrabarty, revised by Prafulla Chandra Chakrabarty. (Sanyal & Co., Calcutta.)
2. Modern Arithmetic. Sarada Prasanna Das. (Author, Calcutta.)
3. Text-book of Matriculation Arithmetic. Surendra Nath Sen. (Asutosh Library, Calcutta.)
4. The Elements of Arithmetic. Rai Bipinvihari Gupta Bahadur. (Ghosh & Co., Calcutta.)
5. Arithmetic. Prasanna Narayan Kali. (Nagendra Narayan Kali, Dacca.)
6. Nabin Patiganit, Part IV. Ganga Charan Das Gupta. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
7. Matriculation Arithmetic. Gauri Shankar De. (S. C. Auddy & Co., Calcutta.)
8. Arithmetic for schools. Sir Ashutosh Mukherjee and S. C. Bose (S. C. Auddy & Co., Calcutta.)

(b) GEOMETRY.

Classes VII and VIII.

1. A School Geometry, Parts I to V. H. S. Hall and F. H. Stevens. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. A Shorter School Geometry. H. S. Hall and F. H. Stevens. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
3. School Jyamiti, Parts I—V. H. S. Hall and F. H. Stevens. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
4. Middle and High School Geometry. F. W. Westaway. (Blackie & Son, Ltd., Calcutta.)
5. Nutan Jyamiti. Chintaharan Roy. (Chakravarti, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
6. The Students' Matriculation Geometry, Books I—IV. S. K. Gangopadhyaya. (The Students' Library, Calcutta.)
7. Elements of Geometry, Part I. Nares Chandra Ghosh. (Author, Calcutta.)
8. School Geometry. A N. Sen (Ashutosh Library, Calcutta.)
9. Elements of Geometry, Parts II and III. Nares Chandra Ghosh. (Author, Calcutta.)

4—Arabic.

(a) ARABIC LITERATURE.

Any book from the following list:—

Class VII.

1. Subhatul-Adab, Part III. Muhammad Musa.
2. Nukhab-ul-Ulum, Part I. A. N. Waheed. (Provincial Library, Dacca.) (Prose, pages 1-23, Poetry, 15 pages.)

Class VIII.

1. Subhatul-Adab, Part IV. Muhammad Musa.
2. Nukhab-ul-Ulum, Part I. A. N. Waheed. (Provincial Library, Dacca). (Prose, pages 24-53, Poetry, 20 pages.)

(b) GRAMMAR, COMPOSITION AND TRANSLATION.

No text-book is prescribed. The subject is to be studied in accordance with the syllabus. Any book from the following list may be used:—

(i) GRAMMAR.

Classes VII and VIII.

1. Al-Quaidul Jaliah. Rev. Father Gabrael.
2. Anglo-Arabic Grammar. A. T. Obaidulla.
3. Anglo-Arabic Grammar. Osman Ghani.
4. Sahaj Arabic Grammar. Osman Ghani.
5. Marahul Arwah. Ahmad Bin-Ali.
6. Al Qawaidul Arabiah. Wazaratul-Maraf.
7. Anglo-Arabic Grammar and Composition. Muhammad Musa.
8. Prathamik Arbi Byakaran O Rachana. Muhammad Musa.

(ii) COMPOSITION.

Classes VII and VIII.

Kitabul Insha, Part II. Muhammad Musa.

(iii) TRANSLATION.

Classes VII and VIII.

1. Anglo-Arabic Translation and Retranslation. Muhammad Abdul Awwal and A. K. Muhammad Hossain. (Tajmahal Library, Dacca.)
2. Anglo-Arabic Translation and Retranslation. Osman Ghani. (Provincial Library, Dacca.)
3. Bengali-Arabic Translation. Osman Ghani. (Dacca Library.)
4. A New Anglo-Arabic Translation. Md. Abdul Basir. (R. M. Nath, Bama Library, Dacca.)

5—Fiqh and Aqaid—Selections from Traditions.

No text-book is prescribed. The subject is to be studied in accordance with the syllabus. The following book may be used:—

Class VII.

Al-Nurul-Lame'. Muhammad Ishaq. (Dacca Library, Dacca.)

6—Quran and Fiqh.

Class VIII.

QURAN.

Al-Quran-ul-Karim. Ampara—from the beginning up to and including سورة الضحى and also including سورة العلقه *

FIQH.

No text-book is prescribed. The subject is to be studied in accordance with the syllabus. Any book from the following list may be used:—

1. Bughyatul Musalli. Munawwar-ul Ali. (Dacca Library, Dacca.)
2. Al-Mujtana Minal Mujtaba, Part I. Muhammad Musa.

7—History (Indian and Islamic).

No text-book is prescribed either for Indian or Islamic History. The subject is to be studied in accordance with the syllabus. Any book from the following list may be used:—

(a) INDIAN HISTORY.

Classes VII and VIII.

1. Bharatbarsher Itihas. Dr. Ramesh Chandra Majumdar. (Ashutosh Library, Calcutta.)
2. Bharatbarsher O Englander Saral Itihas, Part II. Manmatha Mohon Basu. (B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.)
3. Aitihasik Pathmala, Part II. Isan Chandra Ghosh and Birendra Nath Chakrabarty. (N. Pal, Calcutta.)
4. Aitihasik Path. Tara Kumar Sen Gupta. (Santosh Library, Dacca.)
5. History of India for Higher Classes. Abdul Karim.

(b) ISLAMIC HISTORY.

Classes VII and VIII.

1. Hazrat Muhammader Jibani. Osman Ghani, M.A. (Revised Edition.)
2. Hazrater Jibani. Sheikh Abdur Rahim.

8—Geography.

No text-book is prescribed. The subject is to be studied in accordance with the syllabus. Any book from the following list may be used:—

Classes VII and VIII.

1. Bhugol Bikash, Part III. Aswini Kumar Datta. (Ashutosh Library, Calcutta.)
2. India, World and Empire. Herbert Pickles. (Oxford University Press, Calcutta.)
3. New Geography. G. Das Gupta. (Chakravarti, Chatterjee & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
4. Adhunik Bhu-bijnan, Part III. A. H. Mackenzie and E. Tideman. (Indian Publishing House, Calcutta.)
5. Adarsha Bhu-bidya, Part III. Nagendra Lal Choudhury. (Anukul Chandra Dhar, Calcutta.)
6. Nabin Bhugal, Part III. Rai Bahadur Aghorenath Adhikary and Rajendranath Ghosh. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)

9—Additional Mathematics.

(a) ARITHMETIC.

Classes VII and VIII.

Same as in Compulsory Mathematics.

(b) GEOMETRY.

Classes VII and VIII.

Same as in Compulsory Mathematics.

(c) ALGEBRA.

No text-book is prescribed. The subject is to be studied in accordance with the syllabus. Any book from the following list may be used:—

Classes VII and VIII.

1. A Modern Algebra. Khan Bahadur Abdur Rahman Khan. (The Provincial Library, Dacca.)
2. Algebra for Beginners. H. S. Hall and S. R. Knight. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
3. Elementary Algebra. C. Godfrey and A. W. Siddons. (University Press, Cambridge.)
4. A School Algebra. H. S. Hall. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
5. Matriculation Graphs. C. H. French and G. Osborn. (University Tutorial Press, Ltd., London.)
6. Matriculation Algebra. J. Ghosh. (Ashutosh Library, Calcutta.)
7. Algebra to the Quadratic. R. W. M. Gibbs. (Oxford University Press, Calcutta.)
8. Matriculation Algebra. Surendra Mohan Ganguli. (The Book Company, Ltd., Calcutta.)
9. Algebra made Easy—Matriculation Algebra. K. P. Basu. Revised by Dr. Nripendra Nath Sen. (The K. P. Basu Library, Calcutta.)

III.—Syllabuses.

1—Mathematics (Compulsory).

(*a*) ARITHMETIC.

Class VII.

Practice, reduction and simple problem.

Class VIII.

Decimals and unitary method.

(*b*) GEOMETRY.

Class VII.

Definition and Theorems on lines, angles and triangles.

Class VIII.

Theorems on parallels, on equality or inequality of triangles and on parallelograms.

2—Arabic Grammar.

Class VII.

الاسم و الفعل و الحرف - اقسام الفعل من الماضی و المضارع و الامر و النهی - الفعل المعروف و المجهول و المثبت و المنفی - اوزان الافعال من الماضی و المضارع و الامر و النهی - و اوزان المشتقات - اوزان ابواب الثلاثی المجرد *

مائة عامل - جملة اسمية و فعلية و ظرفية و شرطية *

Class VIII.

اوزان ثلاثی مزید - رباعی مجرد و رباعی مزید فیه خاصیة ابواب ثلاثی المزید فیه - تخفیف الهمزة - تعلیل و ادغام المرفوعات و المنصوبات و المجرورات و التوابع *

3—Selections from Hadith on Fiqh and Aqaid.

Class VII.

الایمان المفصل - التجنب عن الکبائر - الاعتصام بالکتب و السنة و فضلهما - الوضوء و فضائل الوضوء - فضیلة السواک - سنن الوضوء - التیمم - فضائل الصلوة - مواقیت الصلوة - الشروط و ارکان الصلوة - المساجد و مواضع الصلوة - ما یباح فی الصلوة و ما یکره - فضائل الجماعة - الزکوة و فضلها - من لا تحل له الصدقة - من لا تحل له المسئلة - فضل الصدقة - الصوم و فضله - تنزیه الصوم عن اللغو - الحج - فضل الحج المبرور *

4—Fiqh.

Class VIII.

الوضوء - الغسل - الماء - التیمم - الانجاس - مواقیت الصلوة - الاذان - شروط الصلوة - صفة الصلوة - الجماعة - الحدث فی الصلوة - مفسدات الصلوة و غیرها عم پارة الی و الضحی *

5—History.

(a) INDIAN HISTORY.

Class VII.

1. Trade routes to India; old routes, the Cape of Good Hope route and modern routes.

2. Trade between Europe and India, and its importance; the English, the French and the Dutch merchant companies and their early settlements; the first charter of the East India Company.

3. The French in India; Dupleix. The English in India; Clive. Wars and territorial acquisitions in Madras, Bengal and Bombay. Early History of Calcutta.

4. The Career of Warren Hastings, the first Governor-General; his administrative reforms.

5. Pitt's India Act; Lord Cornwallis and administrative reforms; the Permanent Settlement.

6. Sir John Shore; his non-intervention policy.

7. Lord Wellesley · his system of subsidiary treaties.

8. Lord Hastings; establishment of British Supremacy in India.

9. Lord Amherst.

10. Lord William Bentinck; his social and administrative reforms; renewal of the Company's charter.

11. Lord Dalhousie; the doctrine of lapse and the annexation policy; material progress of the country.

12. Lord Canning; the Indian Mutiny; the assumption of direct government by the Crown; the Queen's Proclamation.

13. The common life of the people in the middle of the nineteenth century.

Class VIII.

1. The Mahrattas and their rise; Shivaji and his successors; Mahratta systems of war, administration and revenue; rise of the Peshwas; Baji Rao and his successors; origin of the chief existing Mahratta states.

2. Mysore, Hyder Ali; his wars with the Mahrattas, the Nizam, and the English. Tipu Sultan. Restoration of the Hindu dynasty.

3. The Sikhs; their origin and religion. Guru Govinda; struggle with Ahmed Saha Abdali. Ranjit Singh and his conquests. The Khalsa. Ranjit Singh's successors.

4. Extension of the relation of the British-Indian Government with foreign powers outside India. Afghan wars. The Burmese wars. Delimitation of frontier boundaries.

5. The King-Emperor's Visit and the Imperial Durbar; decisions about Delhi and Bengal.

6. India in the Great War.

7. The Reform Act of 1919. A broad survey of the development of the Indian constitution.

8. Outlines of material progress of India under British rules.

(b) ISLAMIC HISTORY.

Class VII.

Life of the Prophet up to Hijrat.

Class VIII.

Life of the Prophet from Hijrat till his death.

6—Geography.

Class VII.

1. Broad regional survey of Africa and Australia. Comparison with North and South America as regards climate and belts of vegetation.
2. Latitude and longitude. Finding the latitude and longitude of a place. Longitude and time.
3. Some well-known constellations. The sun's position at sunrise and at sunset at different times of the year.
4. Map reading and map drawing.
5. The daily reading of the thermometer and the raingauge.

Class VIII.

1. Broad regional survey of Europe and the Americas. Contrasts with the other continents.
2. Study of the British Isles in broad outline.
3. Winds and their causes; land and sea breezes; monsoon winds.
4. Map reading and map drawing.
5. Study of the daily weather chart and the barometer.

7—Mathematics (Additional).

(*a*) ARITHMETIC.

Class VII.

1. More difficult examples with decimal fractions (excluding recurring decimals).
2. Metric measures of length, weight and capacity, simple calculations.
3. More difficult decimalisation of money.
4. More difficult practice.
5. Simple cases of square and cubic measure. Bighakali and Kathakali.
6. Unitary method including simple problems relating to time and work.
7. Examples of simple proportion worked out by "multiplying ratios."
8. Problems (mental and written).

Class VIII.

1. Thorough revision of essential rules.
2. Square root.
3. Easy cases of simple interest.
4. More difficult cases of square measure.
5. Percentages.
6. Problems relating to time and work.
7. Simple proportion. Rule of three.
8. Problems (oral or written) including some on Shubhankari's Rules.

(*b*) GEOMETRY.

Class VII.

Problems.

Bisection of angles, and straight lines.
Construction of perpendiculars to straight lines.
Construction of an angle equal to a given angle.
Construction of parallels to a given straight line.

Theorems.

If two sides of a triangle are unequal the greater side has the greater angle opposite to it; and the converse.
Any two sides of a triangle are together greater than the third.
Of all straight lines that can be drawn to a given straight line from a given point outside it, the perpendicular is the shortest.

When a straight line cuts two other straight lines, if—

(1) a pair of alternate angles are equal, or
(2) a pair of corresponding angles are equal, or
(3) a pair of interior angles on the same side of the cutting line are together equal to two right angles,

then the straight lines are parallel; and the converse.

Straight lines which are parallel to the same straight line are parallel to one another.

Class VIII.

Problems.

Division of straight lines into any number of equal parts.
Construction of triangles and quadrilaterals with sufficient data.
Construction of a triangle equal in area to a given quadrilateral.

Theorems.

The sum of the angles of a triangle is equal to two right angles; and the two corollaries thereto.

If two triangles have two angles of the one equal to two angles of the other, each to each, and also one side of the one equal to the corresponding side of the other, the triangles are congruent.

If two right-angled triangles have their hypotenuses equal and one other side of the one equal to one other side of the other, the triangles are congruent.

The opposite sides and angles of a parallelogram are equal, each diagonal bisects the parallelogram; and the diagonals bisect one another.

If there are three or more parallel straight lines and the intercepts made by them on any straight line that cuts them are equal, then the corresponding intercepts on any other straight line that cuts them are also equal.

Parallelograms on the same or equal bases and of the same altitude are equal in area.

Triangles on the same or equal bases and of the same altitude are equal in area.

Equal triangles on the same or equal bases are of the same altitude.

(c) ALGEBRA.

Class VII.

1. The use of letters as symbols; positive and negative signs; simple substitution.
2. Positive and negative quantities; graphical illustrations.
3. The four simple rules.
4. The use of brackets.
5. The use of the following:—

$$(a+b)^2;\ (a-b)^2;\ (a+b)\ (a-b),\ (a+b)^3;\ (a-b)^3;\ (a+b)\ (a^2-ab+b^2);$$
$$(a-b)\ (a^2+ab+b^2).$$

6. Easy simple equations.
7. Problems leading to simple equations.
8. Plotting of points.

Class VIII.

1. Revision of former work.
2. More difficult multiplication and division.
3. Simple equations.
4. Important formulæ and their graphical representation. Graphs of simple equations.
5. Simple factors.
6. H. C. F. and L. C. M. of simple expressions by factorisation.
7. Easy quadratic equations.
8. Easy Identities.
9. Easy fractions.
10. Simple problems involving the above.

A. KHALIQ, *Secretary*.

Accountancy Diploma Board, Bombay.

Bombay, the 31st October 1933.

It is hereby notified that the Government of Bombay have, on the recommendation of the Accountancy Diploma Board, Bombay, awarded the Government Diploma in Accountancy to the undermentioned 29 candidates, who have passed the prescribed professional examination and received an adequate practical training in accounts. These candidates will henceforward be styled "Government Diplomates in Accountancy" and authorised to affix the letters "G. D. A." to their names:—

(396) Mr. Kaikhushroo Sorabji, Engineer, B.com., of Bombay.
(397) Mr. Ambalal Bhailal Shah, of Bombay.
(398) Miss Shirin Shiavux Daver, B.com., of Bombay.
(399) Mr. Narayan Dinkar Lovalekar, of Bombay.
(400) Mr. Dhundiraj Dattaram Bramhandker, of Bombay.
(401) Mr. Bomanshaw Muncherishaw Pithawalla, of Bombay.
(402) Mr. Shankar Padmakar Patwardhan, B.Sc., of Bombay.
(403) Mr. Shavak Framroz Vajifdar, B.A., of Bombay.
(404) Mr. Dhanjishaw Jamshedji Baria, of Bombay.
(405) Mr. V. S. Krishnamachari, B.A., of Bombay.
(406) Mr. G. S. Ramachandra Iyer, of Palghat.
(407) Mr. Vaidyanatha Mahalingam, of Madras.
(408) Mr. Ramesh Chandra Majumder, of Calcutta.
(409) Mr. Shermadevi Yegnaswami Ramaswami, of Delhi.
(410) Mr Ajit Kumar Bhattacharyya, B.A., of Calcutta.
(411) Mr. Shyama Charan Chatterjee, B.com., of Calcutta.
(412) Mr. Prafulla Kumar Mukherji, of Calcutta.
(413) Mr. Amulya Chandra Basu, of Calcutta.
(414) Mr Kaliprasanna Bandyopadhyay, of Calcutta.
(415) Mr. Saral Kumar Chatterjee, B.com. of Calcutta.
(416) Mr. Kumud Bandhu Chattopadhyay, B.Sc., of Calcutta.
(417) Mr. R. Mani, of Madras.
(418) Mr. V. Ramaratnam, of Madras.
(419) Mr. A. K. Sambasiva Ayyar, of Madras.
(420) Mr. T. S. Narayan Aiyar, of Madras.
(421) Mr. Rakkanath Achutha Panikkar, of Tattaamangalam.
(422) Mr. Krishnaswamy Jayabalu Subramanian Aiyer, of Erode.
(423) Mr. Shiv Lal Taknait, of Lahore.
(424) Mr. Therizhandur Vaidyanatha Guruswami, B.com., of Madras.

M. J. ANTIA,

Secretary, Accountancy Diploma Board

Overseer Examination Board, Bengal.

Calcutta, the 1st November 1933.

By order of the Overseer Examination Board, it is announced that the examinations under the control of the Board for students in the affiliated major and minor institutions will be held in March 1934 at the Ahsanullah School of Engineering, Dacca.

The names of qualified candidates should be sent by the heads of the institutions in the prescribed registration form so as to reach the office of the Secretary of the Board at 40/1A, Free School Street, Calcutta, on or before the 5th February 1934.

Each form should be accompanied by an examination fee of Rs. 40 for each Overseer candidate and Rs. 20 for each Sub-Overseer candidate.

An outline time-table is given below The detailed time-table will be issued to the institutions concerned—

Overseer Workshop 12th and 13th March.
Overseer Theory—16th to 21st March.
Sub-Overseer Workshop 12th to 15th March.
Sub-Overseer Theory—19th to 22nd March.
Third year Overseer Workshop test in Pattern-making and Moulding will be held on the 5th to 8th March 1934.

ADI NATH SEN, *Secretary,*

Overseer Examination Board, Bengal.

The Managing Committee of the Sanskrit Collegiate School has been constituted as follows for three years with effect from 1st July 1933:—

The Principal, Sanskrit College—President.
The Head Master Vice-President and Secretary.
Mahamahopadhyaya Pandit Gananath Sen, Saraswati, Vidyasagar, M.A., L.M.S.—Representative of the Guardians.
Mr. Kshitindra Nath Tagore, B.A.—Representative of the Guardians.
Pandit Vanamali Vedantatirtha, M.A. Nominated by the Governing Body of the Arts Department, Sanskrit College.
Mr. Shyamaprosad Mukherjee, M.A., B.L., Bar.-at-Law—Nominated by the Governing Body of the Arts Department, Sanskrit College.
Babu Akshay Kumar Sarkar, M.A.—Nominated by the Governing Body of the Arts Department, Sanskrit College.
Pandit Bimalananda Tarkatirtha—Nominated by the Governing Body of the Arts Department, Sanskrit College.
Mr. A. C. Bose, M.A., B.A. (Oxon.)—Nominated by the Governing Body of the Arts Department, Sanskrit College.
Babu Panchu Gopal Ghoshal—Elected representative of the Teaching staff.

S. N. DAS GUPTA,

Principal, Sanskrit College.

NOTIFICATION

Calcutta, the 31st October 1933.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the next 'Alim', 'Fazil' and 'Title" Examinations conducted by the Board of the Central Madrasah Examinations, Bengal will be held on the following dates, and the examination fees Rs 5 for the Alim, Rs 7 for the Fazil, and Rs 20 for the Title Examinations will be received by the Principal Calcutta Madrasah (as Registrar of the Board) up to the 21st February 1934 The head of a Madrasah may deposit the fees into the nearest local Government Treasury under the head 21 Education I General Miscellaneous Fees for the Central Madrasah Examinations, Bengal, and forward receipted copy of the chalan to the office of the Registrar, Board of Central Madrasah Examinations, Bengal, and Principal, Calcutta Madrasah

Fazil (Higher Standard) and Alim (Lower Standard) Examinations, 1934.

Forenoon 10 a.m to 1 p m

Afternoon 2 p m to 5 p m

April 1934

Tuesday 3rd	Hadis (forenoon) Tafsir (afternoon)
Wednesday, 4th	Arabic Poetry (forenoon) Arabic Prose (afternoon)
Thursday, 5th	Rhetoric (forenoon) Arabic Composition (afternoon)
Saturday, 7th	Muhammadan Law (forenoon) Principles of Muhammadan Law (afternoon)
Monday, 9th	Logic (forenoon) Philosophy (afternoon)
Tuesday, 10th	History of Islam (forenoon) Theology (Aqayid) for Fazil only (afternoon)
Wednesday, 11th	Urdu Text (forenoon). Urdu Composition (afternoon)
Thursday, 12th	Persian Text (forenoon) Persian Translation (afternoon)
Saturday, 14th	English Text (forenoon) English Translation (afternoon)

The Title Examinations, 1934.

Group "A"—Hadis and Tafsir

Group "B"—Fiqh and Usul

April 1934.

Tuesday, 3rd	Bukhari, Part I (forenoon) Bukhari, Part II (afternoon)
	Group "A"
Thursday, 5th	Muslim, Part I (forenoon). Muslim, Part II (afternoon)
	Group "B"
	Darul Mukhtar (forenoon) Al Ashbah Wan Nazyir (afternoon)
	Group "A"
Saturday, 7th	Tafsir, Part I (forenoon) Tafsir, Part II (afternoon).
	Group "B"
	Principles of Muhammadan Law, Part I (forenoon) Principles of Muhammadan Law, Part II (afternoon).

April 1934

	Group "A"
Monday, 9th	Nisai, Part I (forenoon). Nisai, Part II (afternoon).
	Group "B"
	Aqayid, Part I (forenoon). Aqayid, Part II (afternoon)
Wednesday, 11th ..	History of Islam, Part I (forenoon) History of Islam, Part II (afternoon)

M HIDAYET HOSAIN, *Registrar,*
Board of Central Madrasah Examinations,
Bengal, and Principal, Calcutta Madrasah.

Education Department, Bengal.

Calcutta, the 1st November 1933

NOTIFICATION.

Subject to the usual conditions of good conduct and satisfactory progress, the Durga Charan Laha Junior Scholarship of Rs 10 a month for the year 1933 is awarded to Debiprasad Chakrabarti, who passed the last Matriculation Examination from the Mymensingh Mritjunjay School

The scholarship is tenable at the City College, Calcutta, for two years, with effect from 1st June 1933

J M BOTTOMLEY,
Director of Public Instrn Bengal (offg.).

Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca.

Ramna, the 26th October 1933

NOTIFICATION.

No 5872—In modification of this office notification No 4698, dated the 18th September 1931, as published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 8th October 1931, the Additional Senior Jack Muhammadan Settlement Scholarship of Rs 90 per annum, attached to the University of Dacca and awarded to Maziruddin Ahmad Choudhury on the results of the Intermediate Examination held in 1931 for three years with effect from the 1st July 1931, is withdrawn with effect from the 1st July 1933 and re-awarded to the following student subject to the usual conditions of good conduct and satisfactory progress —

Muhiuddin Ahmad—First Year Class (B A Honours in History)

The scholarship is tenable at the University of Dacca for one year with effect from the 1st July 1933.

The scholar must reside in the Muslim Hall of the University of Dacca.

A. KHALIQ, *Secretary.*



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THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1933.

PART III

Acts of the Bengal Legislative Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Legislative Department.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1209L. — 6th November, 1933. — In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 81 of the Government of India Act, the following Act of the local legislature of Bengal, having been assented to by the Governor General on the 31st October, 1933, is hereby published for general information.

Bengal Act X of 1933.

THE BENGAL PLACES OF PUBLIC AMUSEMENT ACT, 1933.

[Published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 9th November, 1933.]

An Act to provide for the better control of certain places of public amusement.

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the better control of certain places of public amusement and for the prevention of gambling in such places;

AND WHEREAS the previous sanction of the Governor General has been obtained under sub-section (3) of section 80A of the Government of India Act to the passing of this Act; (5 & 6 Geo. V, c. 61; 6 & 7 Geo. V, c. 37, 9 & 10 Geo. V, c. 101.)

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title, local extent and commencement.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Bengal Places of Public Amusement Act, 1933.

(*2*) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

(*3*) This section, section 3 and section 12 shall come into force at once and the Local Government may, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, direct that the remaining provisions of the Act shall come into force in any area on such date as may be appointed in the notification.

Definitions.

2. In this Act unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(*1*) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, and the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908; (Ben. Act IV of 1866. Ben. Act II of 1866. XV of 1908.)

(*2*) "Commissioner of Police" means the officer vested with the administration of Police in Calcutta under the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, the Calcutta Port Act, 1890, and any Act amending any of these Acts; (Ben. Act III of 1890.)

(*3*) "place of public amusement" means any place, enclosure, building, vessel, tent, booth or other erection, whether permanent or temporary, where music, singing, dancing or any diversion or game or the means of carrying on the same is provided and to which the public are admitted either free or on payment of money or on any other consideration and includes a carnival, circus or amusement park;

(*4*) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act.

Power to declare notified places of public amusement.

3. The Local Government may, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, declare that any places, or classes of places, of public amusement, specified in the notification, shall be notified places of public amusement for the purposes of this Act.

The Bengal Places of Public Amusement Act, 1933.

(Sections 4—8.)

Prohibition to open or keep open a notified place of public amusement without a licence.

4. No person shall without, or otherwise than in conformity with the conditions of, a licence granted under this Act open or keep open any notified place of public amusement.

Licence to open and keep open a notified place of public amusement.

5. (*1*) The Commissioner of Police in Calcutta and elsewhere the District Magistrate within the limits of his jurisdiction, may, on receipt of an application in the prescribed form, containing the prescribed particulars, and on payment of the prescribed fee, grant to any person a licence to open a notified place of public amusement and to keep the same open for such period as may be specified in the licence on such conditions as may be prescribed in this behalf.

(*2*) When under any law a licence is required from any local authority for any place which is a notified place of public amusement under this Act, no licence shall be granted under this Act in respect of such place until a licence has been obtained from the local authority concerned.

(*3*) A licence may be refused in any case in which the Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, has reason to believe that the notified place of public amusement will be conducted in contravention of any of the conditions of a licence which he is empowered to grant under this Act or is likely to lead to a breach of the peace, or to cause obstruction, annoyance or injury to residents in the locality.

Power to declare certain games to be against public interest.

6. The Local Government may, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, declare that the playing in any notified place of public amusement of any game or class of games specified in the notification is, in its opinion, against the public interest.

Power to suspend the playing of certain games.

7. The Commissioner of Police in Calcutta or elsewhere the District Magistrate within the limits of his jurisdiction may, by an order in writing served in the prescribed manner, suspend the playing, pending the receipt of the opinion of the Local Government, in any notified place of public amusement, of any game or class of games which, in his opinion, is against the public interest and shall forthwith refer the matter to the Local Government for opinion :

Provided that no such order shall remain in force for more than two months after it is made.

Power to close any notified place of public amusement.

8. (*1*) If the Commissioner of Police in Calcutta or elsewhere the District Magistrate, within the limits of his jurisdiction, is satisfied that any notified place of public amusement is being kept open without, or in contravention of the conditions of, a licence granted under this Act he may by an order in writing, served in the prescribed manner, direct that such place shall be closed within such period as may be specified in the order. If the place is not closed within the period so specified any police officer authorised in writing in this behalf by the Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, may take any steps which may be necessary to close the said place.

(*2*) The owner, the lessee or the manager of such place may apply in the prescribed manner to the Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, for revision of an order passed by him under sub-section (*1*).

(*3*) Any police officer not below the rank of an Assistant Sub-Inspector may enter any notified place of public amusement if he has reason to believe that such place is being kept open in contravention of the conditions of a licence granted under this Act.

The Bengal Places of Public Amusement Act, 1933.

(Sections 9—13.)

Penalty for unlawfully keeping open a notified place of public amusement.

9. If a notified place of public amusement is opened or kept open without, or in contravention of the conditions of, a licence granted under this Act the owner, the lessee or the manager of such place shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees or with both.

Penalty for contravention of an order under section 8.

10. If a notified place of public amusement is kept open in contravention of an order served under section 8 the owner, the lessee or the manager of such place shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees for every day on which such place is kept open in contravention of the said order.

Powers of Deputy Commissioner of Police and Subdivisional Magistrate.

11. The Local Government may empower any Deputy Commissioner of Police in Calcutta or elsewhere any Subdivisional Magistrate to exercise within the limits of his jurisdiction any of the powers of the Commissioner of Police or of the District Magistrate, as the case may be, under this Act:

Provided that any order passed by a Deputy Commissioner of Police or Subdivisional Magistrate may be reversed or modified by the Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate, as the case may be.

Rules.

12. (*1*) The Local Government may, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

(*2*) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely :—

(*a*) the form of applications for the grant of licences under this Act and the particulars to be contained in such applications ;

(*b*) the form of licences to be granted under this Act and the fees to be paid for such licences ;

(*c*) the conditions of licences to be granted under this Act ;

Provision may be made by such conditions—

(*i*) for the conduct of the notified place of public amusement in a decent and orderly manner and for securing the decent and orderly behaviour of all persons visiting the same ;

(*ii*) for the prevention of gambling therein ;

(*iii*) prohibiting the playing of any game or class of games which in the opinion of the Local Government is against the public interest ; and

(*iv*) prohibiting the playing, pending the receipt of the opinion of the Local Government, of any game or class of games the playing of which is suspended under section 7 ;

(*d*) the manner in which orders made under section 7 or section 8 shall be served ;

(*e*) the manner of making applications under sub-section (*2*) of section 8 for revision of an order passed under sub-section (*1*) of that section.

Indemnity.

13. No civil or criminal proceeding shall be instituted against any person for anything in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act.

G. G. HOOPER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).



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PART IV

Bills introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council, Reports of Select Committees presented or to be presented to that Council, and Bills published before introduction in that Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Legislative Department.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1207L. — 4th November, 1933.- His Excellency the Governor having been pleased to order, under rule 18 of the Bengal Legislative Council Rules, 1920, the publication of the following Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons which accompanies it, in the *Calcutta Gazette*, the Bill and the Statement of Objects and Reasons are accordingly hereby published for general information.

THE BENGAL PUBLIC DEMANDS RECOVERY (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1933.

A

BILL

further to amend the Bengal Public Demands Recovery Act, 1913.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Bengal Public Demands Recovery Act, 1913, in the manner hereinafter appearing; Ben. Act III of 1913.

AND WHEREAS the previous sanction of the Governor General has been obtained under sub-section (3) of section 80A of the Government of India Act to the passing of this Act; 5 and 6 Geo. V, c. 61; 6 and 7 Geo. V, c. 37; 9 and 10 Geo. V, c. 101.

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Bengal Public Demands Recovery (Amendment) Act, 1933.

Amendment of section 12 of Ben. Act III of 1913.

2. In sub-section (*1*) of section 12 of the Bengal Public Demands Recovery Act, 1913, the words "in the same district or to the Collector of any other district" shall be omitted.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of the Bill is to avoid the delay and extra work involved in the execution of a certificate in a district other than that in which it is filed. In order to attain this object, it is proposed to empower Certificate Officers to transmit copies of certificates for execution direct to the Subdivisional Officers in other districts instead of to the headquarters.

P. C. MITTER,

Member-in-charge.

CALCUTTA:

The 9th August, 1933.

G. G. HOOPER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Registered No. C207 *No. 45 of 1933*



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1933.

CONTENTS:

SUPPLEMENT.

Official Papers.

Statement of weekly gauge readings on the river Ganges at Rampur Boalia for the week ending the 28th October 1933.

Date	Hour	Height of surface above P W D datum	Height of surface above P W D datum on the same date last year	Remarks.
1933.				
22nd October	..	45·95	44·72	Zero of gauge referred to B. M. on Rajshahi College step; value 64·73. Value of 0=0 00 P. W. D.
23rd "	..	46·00	44·52	
24th "	..	46·55	44·42	
25th "	..	48·00	44·67	..
26th "	..	49·60	44·57	
27th "	..	50·45	44 37	
28th "	..	50·70	44·07	

Highest recorded level on 26-8-1879=64·24.
Lowest recorded level on 24-4-1931=32·05.

H. W. Irwin, *Subdivisional Officer,*
Irrigation Department, Rajshahi.

Rampur Boalia, the 29th October 1933.

Statement showing the gauge readings at Dacca Waterworks on the river Buriganga for the week ending 21st October 1933.

Date.	At highest water.		At lowest water		Commencement of—		Remarks.	
	Time.	Reading.	Time.	Reading.	Ebb tide.	Flow tide.	At 7 a.m.	At 5 p.m.
1933.								
15th October ..	Tide is not perceptible.						11·6	11·5
16th „ ..							11·45	11·45
17th „ ..							11·4	11·4
18th „ ..							11·45	11·5
19th „							11 6	11·55
20th „ ..							11·45	11·4
21st „ .							11·3	11·25

B. M. on settling tank 39·49 O. M. S. L. Zero is at O. M. S. L.

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

		Taken at high tide.			Taken at low tide.
27th August	1906	70·5	23rd February	1907 ..	51·06
5th September	1909	66·86	13th „	1908 ..	51·06
10th August	1910	69·86	12th March	1912 ..	51·06
1st „	1911	68·46	6th „	1914 ..	50·60
13th „	1912	67·16	22nd February	1915 ..	50·30
31st „	1915	69·7	15th „	1916 ..	50·60
8th „	1916	68·1	3rd March	1917 ..	51·0
12th „	1917	67·1	21st February	1918 ..	51·40
13th „	1918	69·12	26th „	1919 ..	50·4
2nd „	1919	66·8	18th „	1920 ..	50·9
8th September	1920	66·9	19th „	1921 ..	50·9
28th July	1921	68·4	8th March	1922 ..	51·05
10th August	1922	68·00	14th „	1923 ..	50·8
31st July	1923	66·15	16th February	1924 ..	50·50
29th August	1924	68·82	5th March	1925 ..	50·9
8th September	1925	68·52	9th February	1926 ..	2·2
15th August	1926	19·6	27th „	1927 ..	2·10
17th September	1927	18·70	16th „	1928 ..	2·2
22nd August	1928	20·0	21st „	1929 ..	2·0
13th July	1929	17·8	24th „	1930 ..	2·3
12th September	1930	18·65	28th „	1931 ..	2·2
16th August	1931	21·7	18th „	1932 ..	1·8
6th September	1932	18·5			

N B.—Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks prior to 11 a.m. on the 8th January 1926 = −48·51 with reference to P. W. D. datum.

Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks since 11 a.m. of the 8th January 1926 = 0·00 with reference to P. W. D. datum.

Khulna, the 26th October 1933.

J F RUSSELL, *Executive Engineer,*
Khulna Division.

Statement shewing the gauge readings at Dacca Waterworks on the river Buriganga for the week ending 28th October 1933.

Date.	At highest water.		At lowest water.		Commencement of—		Remarks.	
	Time.	Reading.	Time.	Reading.	Ebb tide.	Flow tide.	At 7 a.m.	At 5 p.m.
1933.								
22nd October ..	Tide is not perceptible.						11·2	11·2
23rd ,, ..							11·2	11·1
24th ,, ..							10·9	10·8
25th ,, ..							10·6	10·5
26th ,, ..							10·4	10·3
27th ,, ..							10·0	9·9
28th ,, ..							9·8	9·75

B. M. on settling tank 39·49 O. M. S. L Zero is at O. M. S. L.

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

			Taken at high tide.				Taken at low tide.
27th August	1906	..	70·5	23rd February	1907	..	51·06
5th September	1909	..	66·86	13th ,,	1908	..	51·06
10th August	1910	..	69·86	12th March	1912	..	51·06
1st ,,	1911	..	68·46	6th ,,	1914	..	50·60
13th ,,	1912	..	67·16	22nd February	1915	..	50·30
31st ,,	1915	..	69·7	15th ,,	1916	..	50·60
8th ,,	1916	..	68·1	3rd March	1917	..	51·0
12th ,,	1917	..	67·1	21st February	1918	..	51·40
13th ,,	1918	..	69·12	26th ,,	1919	..	50·4
2nd ,,	1919	..	66·8	18th ,,	1920	..	50·9
8th September	1920	..	66·9	19th ,,	1921	..	50·9
28th July	1921	..	68·4	8th March	1922	..	51·05
10th August	1922	..	68·00	14th ,,	1923	..	50·8
31st July	1923	..	66·15	16th February	1924	..	50·50
29th August	1924	..	68·82	5th March	1925	..	50·9
8th September	1925	..	68·52	9th February	1926	..	2·2
15th August	1926	..	19·6	27th ,,	1927	..	2·10
17th September	1927	..	18·70	16th ,,	1928	..	2·2
22nd August	1928	..	20·0	21st ,,	1929	..	2·0
13th July	1929	..	17·8	24th ,,	1930	..	2·3
12th September	1930	..	18·65	28th ,,	1931	..	2·2
16th August	1931	..	21·7	18th ,,	1932	..	1·8
6th September	1932	..	18·5				

N.B.—Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks prior to 11 a.m. on the 8th January 1926= —48·51 with reference to P. W. D. datum.

Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks since 11 a.m. of the 8th January 1926=0·00 with reference to P. W. D. datum.

J. F. RUSSELL, *Executive Engineer,*
Khulna Division.

Khulna, the 4th November 1933.

FORM 6—BENGAL.

STATEMENT OF COTTON PRESSED IN THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY FOR THE WEEK ENDING THE 27th OCTOBER 1933.

[Section 5 (2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

Name of Division or block	Number of bales pressed.				District included in the block.
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year.	Since 1st September 1933 (the date prescribed by the Local Government as the commencement of the season).	During the corresponding period last year.	
The Bengal Presidency	350 or 349 9 bales of 400 lbs each	173	1,749	1,509	All districts in the Presidency.

C. S. STEEL,

Chief Inspector of Factories, Bengal (offg.).

CALCUTTA IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

Calcutta the 2nd November 1933

Notice under section 43 of Bengal Act V of 1911, and the Calcutta Improvement Act as amended up to 1931.

Scheme No XL (road connecting Chittaranjan Avenue with Wellington Street in continuation of Scheme No XXVIII)

The Board of Trustees for the Improvement of Calcutta hereby give notice that a Street Scheme, namely, Scheme No XL (road connecting Chittaranjan Avenue with Wellington Street) has been framed for the area bounded as follows:—

On the North—From the extreme north-west corner of plot No 52, in Scheme No. VIII of the Calcutta Improvement Trust and running straight eastwards across Seemanta Dey Lane and Malanga Lane to a point on the middle of Wellington Street about 30 feet east of the north-east corner of 32-2, Wellington Street and about 70 feet north of the north-east corner of 34, Wellington Street

On the East—From this point in a straight line running southwards along the middle of Wellington Street to a point where it meets the prolongation eastwards of the southern edge of Prinsep Street.

On the South—From this point westwards across Wellington Street and along the southern edge of Prinsep Street and in continuation of this line to a point on Chandni Chawk Street about 15 feet west of the south-east corner of the junction of Prinsep Street and Chandni Chawk Street

On the West—From this point in a straight line running northwards to the starting point

Particulars of the Scheme, map of the area comprised in the Scheme and a statement of the land which it is proposed to acquire and on which a betterment fee is proposed to be levied may be inspected at the offices of the Trust, No 5, Clive Street, on week days between the hours of 11 a m and 4 p m, and on Saturdays between 11 a m and 2 p m

Copies of above documents will be delivered to the applicants on payment of the following fees:—

	Rs.	a.
Particulars of the Scheme	0	4
Map of the area	1	0
Statement of land proposed to be acquired and also land on which betterment fee is proposed to be levied	0	4

Objections to the Scheme will be received up to 15th February 1934.

J. A. L. SWAN, *Chairman.*

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS.

For the week ending on the 1st November 1933.

Summary.—The week was practically rainless. Preparatory tillage for and sowing of spring crops are progressing under favourable conditions. Prospects of standing crops are generally satisfactory. At the Nabagram Centre of the distressed area of Murshidabad, the number of persons receiving gratuitous relief was 54 on Saturday, the 28th October 1933. The average price of common rice for the province has risen by about 0·92 per cent. as compared with that of the previous week.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
1	24-Parganas ..	Nil	11$\frac{5}{16}$	11$\frac{5}{16}$	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Export and import are normal. No damage to crops.
	Diamond Harbour.	Nil	10	10	
	Barrackpore ..	Nil	11	10$\frac{1}{2}$	
	Baraset ..	Nil	10	10	
	Basirhat ..	Nil	10$\frac{1}{2}$	10$\frac{1}{2}$	
2	Nadia ..	Nil	11$\frac{1}{2}$	11$\frac{1}{2}$	Weather seasonable. Sowing of *rabi* crops has commenced. Sugarcane crop is reported to have been somewhat damaged in Chuadanga subdivision. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Kushtia ..	Nil	13$\frac{1}{2}$	13$\frac{1}{2}$	
	Meherpur ..	Nil	13	13$\frac{1}{2}$	
	Chuadanga ..	Nil	12$\frac{1}{2}$	12$\frac{1}{2}$	
	Ranaghat ..	Nil	11	11	
3	Murshidabad ..	Nil	12$\frac{1}{2}$	12$\frac{1}{2}$	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are favourable. Stock of rice is sufficient. No large import or export. Fodder and water are sufficient in all subdivisions except in certain areas of thana Nabagram where fodder is insufficient. Number of persons receiving gratuitous relief at Nabagram centre was 54 on Saturday, the 28th October 1933. Cattle-disease is reported from Jangipur subdivision.
	Lalbagh ..	Nil	12$\frac{1}{2}$	13	
	Jangipur ..	Nil	14	13$\frac{1}{2}$	
	Kandi ..	Nil	15	15	
4	Jessore ..	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. No large export or import. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Raghunathpur in Kaliganj police-station.
	Jhenidah ..	Nil	11	11	
	Magura ..	Nil	11	11	
	Narail ..	Nil	11	11	
	Bongaon ..	Nil	11	11	
5	Khulna ..	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable and its effects on crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Satkhira ..	Nil	10$\frac{1}{2}$	10$\frac{1}{2}$	
	Bagerhat ..	(*n*)	(*n*)	10	

(*n*) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. This week	Previous week	Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
6	Burdwan ..	Nil	13½	13½	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Asansol ..	Nil	11	11	
	Katwa ..	Nil	12½	12½	
	Kalna ..	Nil	11	11	
7	Birbhum ..	Nil	13	13	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Rampurhat ..	Nil	14½	14½	
8	Bankura ..	Nil	13	13¾	Weather seasonable. Sowing of *rabi* crops continues. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Patrasair thana.
	Vishnupur ..	Nil	13	13	
9	Midnapore ..	Nil	14⅝	14⅝	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of autumn rice is almost finished. Prospects of standing crops are satisfactory. Fodder and water are sufficient except in the affected parts of Contai.
	Contai ..	Nil	10	10	
	Tamluk ..	Nil	10	10	
	Ghatal ..	Nil	13¼	14½	
	Jhargram ..	Nil	12	13½	
10	Hooghly ..	Nil	11	11	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Serampore ..	Nil	12	12	
	Arambagh ..	Nil	13	13	
11	Howrah ..	Nil	10½	10½	Weather seasonable. Its effects on standing crops are good. No large export or import. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Uluberia ..	Nil	11½	11½	
12	Rajshahi (Rampur-Boalia).	Nil	12	(*n*)	Weather seasonable and favourable to the sowing of *rabi* crops. Prospects of sugarcane and *amon* paddy are fair, Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Naogaon ..	Nil	13½	(*n*)	
	Nator ..	Nil	11¼	(*n*)	
13	Dinajpur ..	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Thakurgaon ..	Nil	10	10	
	Balurghat ..	Nil	13	13	
14	Jalpaiguri ..	Nil	10	10	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Alipur ..	Nil	9	10	

(*n*) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
15	Darjeeling ..	Nil	9	9	Weather condition fair. Standing crops are progressing well. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease exists at Jinglam in the Sadar subdivision.
	Kurseong ..	2·79	11	11	
	Siliguri ..	Nil	11	10½	
	Kalimpong ..	3·12	7	7	
16	Rangpur ..	Nil	10	10	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Nilphamari ..	Nil	10	10½	
	Kurigram ..	Nil	10½	(*n*)	
	Gaibandha ..	Nil	10½	10½	
17	Bogra ..	Nil	12	12	Weather condition is, on the whole, favourable to standing crops Prospects of *aman* paddy are good except in narrow tract along Nagar river Sowing of *rabi* crops is nearly complete. Fodder and water are sufficient.
18	Pabna ..	Nil	13	12⅜	Weather seasonable. Condition of standing crops is good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Serajganj ..	Nil	11½	11½	
19	Malda ..	Nil	14	14	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are good. Transplantation of tobacco has commenced. Fodder and water are sufficient.
20	Cooch-Behar ..	Nil	12 5/16	12¾	Weather seasonable. Sowing of mustard seeds and transplantation of tobacco seedlings have commenced in places. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Washing of jute still continues. Preparation of lands for tobacco and other *rabi* crops and rearing of tobacco seedlings continue. Cattle-disease is reported from Sitalkuchi police-station. Fodder and water are sufficient.
21	Dacca ..	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable. Rainfall at North Sadar (Kapasia) nil. Condition of standing crop is hopeful. No large export or import. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Manikganj ..	Nil	12	12	
	Narayanganj	Nil	10¼	10	
	Munshiganj ..	Nil	12½	12	
22	Mymensingh ..	Nil	10	10	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Sowing of *rabi* crops continues. Fodder and water are available.
	Jamalpur ..	Nil	11	10½	
	Tangail ..	Nil	11½	11½	
	Netrakona ..	Nil	12½	12½	
	Kishorganj ..	Nil	12½	12½	

(*n*) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches			
23	Faridpur ..	Nil	11	11⅛	Weather seasonable. Condition of standing crops is fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Goalundo (Rajbari).	Nil	11	11	
	Madaripur ..	Nil	11½	11¼	
	Gopalganj (a) ..	0·19	12	12	
24	Bakarganj (Barisal).	Nil	9¾	9½	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Pirojpur ..	Nil	11	11	
	Patuakhali ..	Nil	10	10	
	Dakshin Shabazpur (Bhola).	Nil	9⅞	9⅞	
25	Chittagong ..	Nil	11 13*	11 12*	Weather seasonable Prospects of standing *aman* crop are fair in Sadar but some damage is reported to have been caused by insect-pest in certain places of Cox's Bazar. Fodder and water are sufficient. Panga salt sells at 13 seers per rupee at Sadar and 12 seers at Cox's Bazar.
	Cox's Bazar ..	Nil	11	(n)	
26	Tippera (Comilla).	Nil	10	10	Weather and condition of crops are fair.
	Brahmanbaria	Nil	12	12	
	Chandpur ..	Nil	11½	11¼	
27	Noakhali ..	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Feni ..	Nil	13	13	
28	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Nil	12	18	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease still prevails.
29	Tripura State	Nil	13¼	14¼	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of *til* and cotton and sowing of *rabi* crops are going on. Fodder and water are sufficient. Condition of cattle is good. Cotton sells at Rs. 10 to Rs. 14 and jute at Re. 1-8 to Rs. 5 per maund.

*Burma rice. (n) Not reported.

(a) The rainfall at Haridaspur, which is very near to Gopalganj, is shown here.

Dacca, the 6th November 1933. S. ABDULLAH, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

Vital statistics of towns with a population of 50,000 and over of the Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 21st October 1933.

Districts.	Nos.	Towns.	Population under registration according to Census of 1931.			Births registered		Deaths registered.																							
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still-births).	Still-births registered.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Cerebrospinal meningitis.	Malaria.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Kala-azar.	Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Influenza.	Pneumonia.	Phthisis.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries including suicide.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes. Male.	Total of all causes. Female.	Total of all causes. Total.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Male.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Female.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Total.
Calcutta ..	1	Calcutta ..	814,948	381,786	1,196,734	688	51	4	..	..	1	14	21	1	..	9	32	24	4	15	76	46	58	21	2	241	323	245	568	355	245	600
Burdwan ..	2	Asansol Mining Settlement.	209,544	173,136	382,680	203	6	..	..	..	..	3	3	..	..	..	60	5	1	..	6	1	3	2	1	42	65	62	127	105	106	211
Howrah ..	3	Howrah ..	145,120	79,753	224,873	129	10	2	1	..	..	9	6	..	..	..	7	5	8	..	11	3	15	3	1	45	65	51	116	73	40	113
Dacca ..	4	Dacca ..	79,365	59,153	138,518	93	1	..	1	..	.	1	4	..	..	1	1	4	3	1	11	..	8	4	..	23	38	24	62	24	36	60
24-Parganas ..	5	Bhatpara ..	60,134	24,841	84,975	28	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	1	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	4	11	11	22	18	14	32
Chittagong ..	6	Chittagong ..	35,049	18,107	53,156	9	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	.	..	..	1	1	.	..	.	..	1	2	1	4	7	4	11	6	8	14

R. B. KHAMBATA, M.R.C.S. (ENG.), L.R.C.P. (LOND.), D.P.H. (CAMB.), *Director of Public Health, Bengal.*

Calcutta, the 30th October 1933.

Vital statistics of towns with a population of 50,000 and over of the Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 28th October 1933.

Districts.	Nos.	Towns.	Population under registration according to Census of 1931			Births registered.		Deaths registered.																								
			Male	Female	Total	Number registered (excluding still-births)	Still-births registered	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Cerebrospinal meningitis	Malaria	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever	Kala-azar.	Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Influenza.	Pneumonia	Phthisis.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries including suicide.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes. Male.	Total of all causes. Female	Total of all causes. Total	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Male.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Female.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Total
Calcutta	1	Calcutta	814 948	381,786	1,196,734	706	50	1	1	.	5	19	28		.	6	27	30	3	13	92	43	50	17	5	266	355	253	608	328	227	555
Burdwan ..	2	Asansol Mining Settlement.	299,544	173,136	382,680	315	2		1	.	..	1		.			101	2	1	..	9	.	4	3	6	68	108	88	196	48	46	94
Howrah ..	3	Howrah	145,120	79,753	224,873	146	7	1				9	3			1	12	6	11		11	5	9	1	1	46	67	49	116	48	41	89
Dacca ..	4	Dacca	79,365	59,153	138,518	130	7		1			2			.	..	2	1			12	4	16	1	2	25	33	34	67	43	44	87
24-Parganas ..	5	Bhatpara	60,134	24,841	84,975	37		1	.	.		1			..	2	5	.		.	2		.	.	2	5	9	9	18	11	4	15
Chittagong .	6	Chittagong	35,049	18,107	53,156	20	3			..		1	1	.		.	3			..	1			.	1	3	5	5	10	3	5	8

R. B. KHAMBATA, M.R.C.S. (ENG.), L.R.C.P. (LOND.), D.P.H. (CAMB.), *Director of Public Health, Bengal.*

Calcutta, the 2nd November 1933.

Resolution on the Report on the Police Administration in the town of Calcutta and its suburbs for the year 1932.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Police Department.

CALCUTTA, THE 3RD NOVEMBER 1933.

RESOLUTION—No. 5791 Pl.

Read—

The Report on the Police Administration in the town of Calcutta and its suburbs for the year 1932.

The office of the Commissioner of Police was held throughout the year by Mr. L. H. Colson, I.P.

2. **Strength.**—The sanctioned strength of the Calcutta Police at the end of 1932 was the same as at the end of the preceding year. The number of resignations during the year also equalled the figure in the previous year. There was a decrease of four in the number of vacancies at the end of the year while the average daily percentage of the sick showed a slight increase from 1·52 to 1·58.

It is gratifying to note that recruits with better educational qualifications now come forward for enlistment in the constabulary.

3. **Discipline.**—His Excellency in Council notes with pleasure the appreciable decrease in the number of punishments inflicted on members of the force judicially and departmentally as compared with the figures of the previous years.

4. **Crime Statistics.**—There was an increase in the total number of cognizable cases reported to the Police. It is, however, noteworthy that this increase related to offences other than offences under the Indian Penal Code, the number of cases under the Calcutta and Suburban Police Acts and those under the Motor Vehicles and Hackney-carriage Acts having risen by nearly 9,000, 4,500 and 2,900, respectively.

In spite of the fact that for the most part of the year 2 Inspectors and 3 Sub-Inspectors of the General Investigation staff had to be deputed to assist the Press and the Civil Disobedience Sections, the work of the Detective Department was satisfactory. It assisted the local Police in 92 cases against 96 in the previous year and made independent investigations in 161 cases against 142.

His Excellency in Council is pleased to note that the Special Detective staff of the Port Police continued to do valuable work and achieved good results from efforts chiefly directed against terrorists and their agents on the look out for smuggled firearms.

5. **Revolutionary crime, seditious speeches and meetings.**—The year under review saw no respite from terrorist activities. Ten cases were reported and investigated in connection with terrorist conspiracies, outrages and the seizure of explosives and firearms. These cases which represent only part of the fight against terrorism and revolutionary crime, threw upon the Calcutta Police a heavy and trying burden. The efficiency and courage with which they met this demand upon their resources and personnel deserve the highest praise. All sections of the force took part in this campaign and a higher standard of efficiency in detective and preventive work combined with the arrest of many dangerous terrorist criminals has strengthened the position of Government against this deep-rooted menace.

Of the reported cases of terrorist crime already mentioned one was an attempt by a lady graduate on the life of His Excellency Sir Stanley Jackson, late Governor of Bengal, while he was delivering an address at the annual convocation in the Senate Hall, and two were murderous attempts on the life of Sir Alfred Watson, the then Editor of the *Statesman*. It is significant that in the majority of these cases the culprits were either students or clerks of the Hindu *bhadrolog* class.

There were a number of prosecutions for seditious speeches delivered at public meetings and several publications were proscribed.

6. **Public order.**—A satisfactory feature of the year's administration was the absence of any serious communal friction. The action taken under

the Emergency Powers Ordinance to combat the Civil Disobedience Movement was effective.

7. **Traffic.**—The success with which the Bengal Motor Vehicles Tax Act was administered is worthy of special notice. Trade depression was responsible for a further decrease in the receipts under the Motor Vehicles Act in respect of both the registration of vehicles and licensing of drivers. It is satis factory that the efforts made to educate motorists in the courtesies of the road and in the observance of the laws were reflected in a decrease in the number of fatal and non-fatal accidents caused by motor vehicles The attention paid to the instruction of candidates for professional licences in approved training schools and the rigid tests to which all licensees and applicants were subjected were also important factors which contributed to the reduction in the number of accidents

8. **Commendation of officers.**—His Excellency in Council has been pleased to read the tributes paid by Mr. Colson to his Deputy Commissioners, Assistant Commissioners and other subordinate officers and desires to take this opportunity of placing on record his appreciation of the services rendered by all ranks of the force. Thanks are specially due to Mr. Colson for maintaining a high standard of discipline and efficiency.

Order.—Ordered that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, and the Commissioner of the Presidency Division for information.

Ordered also that a copy of the report be submitted to the Government of India in the Home Department

Ordered also that the resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette.*

By order of the Governor in Council,

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Printed at the Bengal Government Press, Alipore, and published by the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, on the 9th November 1933.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1933.

CONTENTS:

PART I

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

Orders by His Excellency the Governor of Bengal.

No. 11149A.—10th November 1933.—His Excellency the Governor of Bengal has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant E. W. [illegible] Worrall, the Somerset Light Infantry, an officiating Aide-de-Camp on His Excellency's personal staff, to be an Aide-de-Camp, with effect from the 1st November 1933, vice Lieutenant R. C. Maynard, Seaforth Highlanders, vacated.

No. 11262A.—14th November 1933.—Whereas a vacancy has occurred in the Calcutta South Central (Non-Muhammadan) constituency of the Bengal Legislative Council by reason of the death of Rai Gokul Chand Boral Bahadur, His Excellency the Governor is pleased, in pursuance of sub-rule (1) of rule 26 of the Bengal Electoral Rules, to call upon the said constituency to elect a person for the purpose of filling the vacancy by the [illegible]th January 1934.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Government of Bengal.

No. 11224A.

Appointments and Transfers.

GENERAL.

Mymensingh.—No. 11098A.—8th November 1933.—Mr. M. J. Carritt, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed to have charge of the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district.

24-Parganas-Calcutta.—No. 11113A. — 9th November 1933.—Mr. Khagendra Chandra Nag, M.B.E., Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas, is appointed to perform the functions of a Principal Civil Court of Original Jurisdiction under section 3, clause (*d*) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, within the limits of the districts of the 24-Parganas and Calcutta.

Rangpur.—No. 11154A. — 11th November 1933.—Mr. Ralph Agustine St. Clair Stracey, who has been appointed recently to be a member of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Rajshahi Division and is posted to the headquarters station of the Rangpur district.

Murshidabad.—No. 11157A.—11th November 1933.—Mr. Sirajuddin Mahbubmian Kadri, who has been appointed recently to be a member of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Presidency Division and is posted to the headquarters station of the Murshidabad district.

Murshidabad.—No. 11160A. -11th November 1933.—Mr. Abul Hasan Quraishi, who has been appointed recently to be a member of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Presidency Division and is posted to the headquarters station of the Murshidabad district.

Nadia. — No. 11163A. 11th November 1933.—Mr. Shailendra Nath Mitra, who has been appointed recently to be a member of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Presidency Division and is posted to the headquarters station of the Nadia district.

Rajshahi.—No. 11166A. — 11th November 1933.—Mr. Ernest George Creek, who has been appointed recently to be a member of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Rajshahi Division and is posted to the headquarters station of the Rajshahi district.

Rajshahi.—No. 11169A. — 11th November 1933.—Mr. Stephen Benedict Hatch-Barnwell, who has been appointed recently to be a member of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Rajshahi Division and is posted to the headquarters station of the Rajshahi district.

Burdwan.—No. 11172A.—11th November 1933. -Mr. Reginald James Pringle, who has been appointed recently to be a member of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Burdwan Division and is posted to the headquarters station of the Burdwan district.

Hooghly.—No. 11175A. — 11th November 1933.—Mr. Leslie Raper Chambers, who has been appointed recently to be a member of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Burdwan Division and is posted to the headquarters station of the Hooghly district.

Leave.

GENERAL.

Burdwan.—No. 11000A.—6th November 1933.—Babu Abani Kumar Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Asansol, Burdwan, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 20th November 1933.

No. 11127A.—9th November 1933.—Babu Praphulla Kumar Mukharji, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for four months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st December 1933, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved of his duties in the Settlement Department.

No. 11039A.—6th November 1933.—In supersession of the orders contained in notifications No. 2842A., dated the 25th February 1933, and No. 51A.D., dated the 21st April 1933, Mr Abul Muzaffar Ahmad, District and Sessions Judge, has been granted by the High Commissioner for India leave from the 2nd February to the 1st November 1933, inclusive, viz., leave on average pay for eight months and leave on half average pay for the remaining period.

Birbhum.—No. 11130A. — 10th November 1933.—Babu Surendra Mohan Bhaumik, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Birbhum, is allowed leave on average pay for twelve days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 11th December 1933.

Khulna.—No. 11137A. — 10th November 1933.—Babu Jyoti Baran Chakrabatti, Sub-Deputy Collector, Khulna, was allowed leave on average pay for six days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 25th May 1933.

No. 11184A.—11th November 1933.—Babu Girish Chandra Das, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay up to the 22nd December 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 8th September 1933.

Chittagong.—No. 11198A.—11th November 1933.—Mr. Nrisinha Ranjan Mukharji, Additional District Magistrate, Chittagong, is allowed leave on average pay for three months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st December 1933.

Darjeeling.—No. 11200A.—11th November 1933.—Babu Atul Chandra Bagchi, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Darjeeling, is allowed leave on average pay for two months and nineteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th October 1933.

Tippera.—No. 11203A. — 11th November 1933 —Maulvi Ali Reza, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for twelve days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 11th December 1933.

POLICE.

Rangpur.—No 10997A —6th November 1933 —Mr. W A B Price, Superintendent of Police, Eastern Bengal and Assam Bengal Railways, Saidpur, is allowed leave for eleven months, viz, leave on average pay for eight months, under rule 81(*b*) (*i*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 29th November 1933, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period, under rule 81(*d*) of those Rules

G P HOGG,

Chief Secy to the Govt of Bengal (offg)

NOTIFICATION.

No. 11264A. — 14th November 1933.—Whereas by notification No 11262A, dated the 14th November 1933, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to call upon the Calcutta South Central (Non-Muhammadan) constituency of the Bengal Legislative Council to elect a member to the said Council in place of Rai Gokul Chand Boral Bahadur, deceased:

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council is pleased, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of sub-rule (*2*) of rule 11 of the Bengal Electoral Rules, and in pursuance of sub-rule (*3*) of that rule, to prescribe the 27th November 1933 as the date for the nomination of candidates and for the delivery of nomination papers to the Returning Officer and the 28th November 1933 as the date on which the scrutiny of nominations shall be held

G P HOGG,

Chief Secy to the Govt of Bengal (offg).

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 12175P.—9th November 1933 —The following draft of a notification which it is proposed to issue under sub-section (*1*) of section 7, sections 10 and 12, sub-section (*2*) of section 14 and section 22 of the Port Haj Committees Act, 1932 (XX of 1932), is published as required by sub-section (*1*) of section 23 of the said Act for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor in Council on or after the 1st December 1933

2 Any objection or suggestion which may be sent to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal by any person with respect to the said draft on or before the date aforesaid will be considered by the Governor in Council —

Draft notification.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 7 sections 10 and 12, sub-section (*2*) of section 14 and section 22 of the Port Haj Committees Act, 1932 (XX of 1932) the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules, namely—

Rules.

1 These rules may be called the Calcutta Port Haj Committee Rules, 1933

2 In these rules unless there is anything repugnant to the subject or context—

(*i*) "The Act" means the Port Haj Committees Act, 1932

(*ii*) "Candidate" means any person who has been duly proposed and seconded for a seat on the Committee

(*iii*) "Committee" means the Port Haj Committee of Calcutta constituted under the Act.

Part I—Rules under section 7.

1 Electoral roll for the Calcutta Corporation constituency under clause (*b*) of sub-section (*i*) of section 4 of the Act shall be prepared and maintained by the Chief Executive Officer, Calcutta Corporation, who shall also act as the returning officer of this constituency

Electoral roll for the general constituency under clause (*c*) of the said sub-section of the Act shall be prepared and maintained by the Registrar, Political Department who shall also act as the returning officer of this constituency.

2. Any person may be nominated as a candidate for election subject to rules made under clause (*a*) of section 10 of the Act

3 The Local Government shall appoint for each constituency a date for the nomination of candidates and shall publish such date in the *Calcutta Gazette.*

4. On or before the date so appointed for the nomination of candidates, each candidate shall either in person or by his proposer and seconder together, between the hours of 11 o'clock in the forenoon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon deliver to the returning officer a nomination paper completed in the form annexed to these rules and subscribed by two persons as proposer and seconder whose names are registered on the electoral roll of the constituency.

5. The Local Government shall appoint a date for the scrutiny of nomination and on such date the returning officer shall give to the candidates or their representatives all reasonable facilities for examining the nomination papers of all candidates. The returning officer shall then examine the nomination papers and shall decide all objections which may be made to any nomination and prepare a list of valid nominations.

6. (*1*) If the number of duly nominated candidates is not greater than the number of vacancies, all such candidates shall be declared to be duly elected.

(*2*) If the number of duly nominated candidates is greater than the number of vacancies, a poll shall be taken and the returning officer shall, on or before the date fixed in this behalf by the Local Government, send by registered post to each elector a ballot paper, in the form annexed to these rules, together with an intimation of the date appointed by him for the counting of votes and shall enter on the counterfoil of each ballot paper the name of the elector to whom the ballot paper is sent.

7. An elector shall obtain the attestation of his signature, but not of his vote, by a Magistrate, exercising first class powers, or a Justice of the Peace or any head of a department under Government to whom he is personally known, or to whose satisfaction he has been identified. He shall then return his ballot paper to the returning offcer after recording his vote thereon in accordance with the instructions on the ballot paper. The ballot papers which are not received by the returning officer before 5 p.m. on the day preceding the day fixed for the counting of votes shall be rejected.

8. The returning officer shall appoint a date, time and place for the counting of votes and shall give notice thereof in writing to the candidates. On the day and at the time and place so appointed he shall—

(*a*) after scrutiny, separate the ballot papers which he deems valid from those which he rejects, endorsing on the latter the word "rejected" and the ground of rejection;

(*b*) count the votes given to each candidate, and declare the candidate or candidates with the largest number of valid votes to be elected.

9. Where on the counting of votes under rule 8, an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates and the addition of one vote will entitle any of the candidates to be declared elected, the determination of the person to whom such one additional vote shall be deemed to have been given shall be made by lot to be drawn in the presence of the returning officer and in such manner as he may determine.

10. Upon the completion of the counting of votes, the returning officer shall prepare and certify a return setting forth—

(*i*) the number of valid votes given for each candidate;

(*ii*) the number of votes declared invalid and rejected;

(*iii*) the names of the persons declared elected.

11. (*1*) If any person is elected by more than one constituency, he shall by notice in writing signed by him and delivered to the returning officers of both the constituencies within two days from the date of declaration of the result of such election, choose for which of these constituencies he shall serve and the choice shall be conclusive.

(*2*) When any choice for any constituency has been made, his election by the other constituency shall become void and the returning officer of this latter constituency shall then in the place of such candidate declare duly elected the candidate who has secured the largest number of valid votes among the candidates who has failed to secure the election and if there be no such candidate to be declared elected, the Local Government shall call the constituency to elect another person.

(*3*) If the candidate does not make the choice referred to in sub-rule (*1*) of this rule, the election of such person shall be void and the returning officer of each of those constituencies shall in the place of such candidate declare duly elected the candidate who has secured the largest number of valid votes among the candidates who has failed to secure the election and if there be no such candidate or candidates to be declared elected, the Local Government shall call upon the constituency or constituencies concerned to elect another person or persons.

12. The elected members shall co-opt at a meeting four members preferably from among the elected Muslim members of the district boards subject to the rules framed under clause (*d*) of section 10 of the Act.

Part II—Rules under section 10.

13. A person shall not be eligible for election, co-option or nomination as a member of the Port Haj Committee in Calcutta if such person—

(*a*) is not a British subject; or
(*b*) is a female; or
(*c*) is under 30 years of age; or
(*d*) is an undischarged insolvent; or
(*e*) has been adjudged by a competent court to be of unsound mind; or

(*f*) having been a Government servant has been dismissed or is under suspension; or

(*g*) having been a legal practitioner has been dismissed or is under suspension from practising as such by order of any competent court; or

(*h*) has undergone imprisonment for an offence which in the opinion of the Local Government involves moral turpitude.

14. If any doubt or dispute arises as to the election and co-option of members the matter shall be referred to the Local Government whose decision shall be final.

15. (*1*) A nominated member may resign by notifying in writing his intention to do so to the Local Government and on such resignation being accepted shall be deemed to have vacated his office.

(*2*) An elected or co-opted member may resign by notifying in writing his intention to do so to the Chairman who shall forthwith lay such notice before the Committee at the meeting and on such resignation being accepted by the Committee at a meeting, he shall be deemed to have vacated his office.

16. (*1*) The Local Government may remove an elected or co-opted member on the ground of misconduct in the discharge of his duties if the removal is recommended by a resolution of the Committee passed at a special meeting called for the purpose and supported by the votes of two-thirds of the whole number of members of the Committee.

(*2*) The Local Government may remove any member—

(*i*) if he refuses to act or becomes incapable of acting or is declared insolvent or if after his election as member, he is convicted of an offence which in the opinion of the Local Government involves moral turpitude; or

(*ii*) if he absents himself from three consecutive meetings of the Committee except on account of illness or any other cause approved by the Committee and the Government; or

(*iii*) if he is considered to be unsuitable in the opinion of the Local Government.

17. If any nominated, elected or co-opted member is, by reason of his death, resignation or removal, unable to complete his full term of office the vacancy so caused shall be filled by the nomination, election or co-option of another person as the case may be. The person so nominated, elected or co-opted shall fill such vacancy for the unexpired remainder of the term for which such member would otherwise have continued in office.

Part III—Rules under section 12.

18. The term of office of the Chairman shall be for a period of three years from the date of his election and such term shall be held to include any period which may elapse between the expiry of the said three years and the date of the first meeting of the newly formed Committee held under the provisions of sub-section (*1*) of section 11 of the Act.

19. The Chairman shall, for the transaction of the business connected with the Port Haj Committees Act, 1932 (XX of 1932), or for the purpose of making any order authorised thereby, exercise all the powers vested by the Act in the Committee, and where by any other law power is vested in the Committee for any purpose, the Chairman may transact any business or make any order authorised by that law in the exercise of that power, unless it is otherwise expressly provided in that law:

Provided that the Chairman shall not exercise any power which is directed to be exercised by the members at a meeting.

The Committee at a meeting may delegate to the Executive Officer all or any of the powers of the Committee and upon such delegation the Chairman shall cease to exercise the powers so delegated to the Executive Officer.

The Chairman shall have authority to make appointments to posts carrying a pay not exceeding Rs. 75 per month, subject to the approval of the Committee.

20. (1) An elected Chairman may resign by giving notice in writing of his intention to do so before the members at a meeting and on such resignation being accepted by the members at a meeting the Chairman shall be deemed to have vacated his office.

(2) An appointed Chairman may resign by notifying in writing his intention to do so to the Local Government, and on such resignation being accepted shall be deemed to have vacated his office.

21. (1) An elected Chairman or Vice-Chairman may at any time be removed from office by a resolution of the members in favour of which not less than two-thirds of the whole number of members have given their votes at a meeting specially convened for the purpose.

(2) The Local Government may at any time remove a Chairman appointed by it, or elected by the Committee.

22. If any Chairman is, by reason of his death, resignation or removal, unable to complete his full term of office, the vacancy so caused shall be filled by the election or appointment of another person as the case may be. The person so elected or appointed shall fill such vacancy for the unexpired remainder of the term for which such Chairman would otherwise have continued in office.

Part IV—Rules under sub-section (2) of section 14.

23. The Executive Officer shall be the principal Executive Officer of the Committee and shall act under the direction of the Chairman through whom he shall be responsible to the Committee.

The Executive Officer shall subject to the general control of the Committee, exercise such powers and perform such duties as the Committee may direct.

24. All other officers and servants of the Port Haj Committee shall be subordinate to the Executive Officer and to the Committee through the Executive Officer.

25. (1) The Executive Officer, other officers and servants appointed by the Committee or by Government, shall be conducted by the Civil Service Regulations, Fundamental Rules and other rules relating to Government servants in respect of leave, retirement, pension, etc.

(2) The Executive Officer, other officers and servants appointed by the Committee, shall not be suspended, discharged, or dismissed unless such suspension, discharge or dismissal is recommended by a resolution of the Committee passed at a special meeting called for the purpose and supported by the votes of two-thirds of the whole number of members of the Committee.

(3) The Executive Officer, other officers and servants of the Committee appointed by the Government, shall not be suspended, discharged or dismissed unless such suspension, discharge or dismissal is recommended by a resolution of the Committee passed at a special meeting called for the purpose and supported by the votes of two-thirds of the members of the Committee and the reason for such suspension, discharge or dismissal is considered by the Local Government to be cogent and satisfactory and the resolution approved by the Government.

26. (1) The Executive Officer shall be responsible for the proper discharge of the work of the office of the Port Haj Committee, the receipt by his staff of cash deposits, the settlement of all claims by heirs of deceased pilgrims and giving of assistance and advice to all pilgrims arriving in Calcutta, residing in the musafirkhanas and the making of suitable arrangements for pilgrims' needs at the time of their embarkation and disembarkation on return to Calcutta. He shall work under the direction of the Chairman to whom he shall refer all matters that he is not competent to decide for himself.

(2) The Executive Officer shall tour over such mufassal districts of the province from which the majority of pilgrims hail and shall organise and reorganise the mufassal Haj Committees and give them proper instructions with regard to the pilgrimage.

(3) The Executive Officer shall inspect the licences of the pilgrim brokers or muallims and shall report to the licence issuing authorities if in his opinion the holder of such a licence is found undesirable to act as a pilgrim broker or muallim.

(4) The Executive Officer shall be responsible for applying for police guards in the musafirkhanas and at the railway stations during the Haj season and on board the ships prior to the day of embarkation. The police guards will act under the directions of the Executive Officer

(5) The Executive Officer shall have authority to make appointments to posts carrying a pay not exceeding Rs. 30 per mensem, subject to the approval of the Chairman.

27. The other officers of the Port Haj Committee shall assist the Executive Officer in discharging his duties specified in these rules and shall exercise such powers as may be delegated to them by the Executive Officer.

Part V.—Rules under section 22.

28. Unless the Local Government otherwise directs, all sums received on account of the Haj funds shall be paid into any bank used as a Government treasury and shall be credited to an account to be called the account of the Port Haj Committee in Calcutta.

29. The Committee may invest any money not required for immediate use either in Government securities, or in any other form of security which may be approved of by the Local Government or in fixed deposit in the Imperial Bank of India.

30. In addition to the objects prescribed in section 18 of the Act the Committee may apply the Haj funds to—

(1) publicity and carrying on of propaganda work regarding Haj pilgrimage,

(2) any other matter which is likely to promote the cause of Haj pilgrimage.

31. (1) The Committee besides the fixed establishment charges may incur an expenditure to the limit of Rs. 250 at a time without sanction of Government and approval of the Local Government will be necessary when such expenditure exceeds this limit:

Provided that no payment shall be made by the Bank out of the Haj fund, except upon a cheque signed by the Chairman and the Executive Officer, or in the event of the illness or absence from the port of Calcutta of the Chairman or the Executive Officer by any two members duly authorised by the Committee.

(2) Payments shall ordinarily be made by cheque, but sums of less than Rs. 50 may be paid from permanent advance. Every item of expenditure shall be entered in a bill in the form prescribed. Bills and other papers presented for payment shall be examined by the Executive Officer and if the claim is admissible, the authority is proper and the signature is true and in order the Executive Officer shall make an order to pay on the bill and sign it. The Executive Officer shall be personally responsible that the bill is complete and affords sufficient information as to the nature of the payment and that the payee actually receives the sum passed and gives a legal acquittance.

32. The Committee shall, at least three months before the close of the financial year, prepare a complete account of the actual and expected receipts and expenditure for that year together with a budget estimate of the income and expenditure of the Committee for the next year.

The Committee shall then decide upon the appropriations and the ways and means contained in the budget estimate and, by resolution, sanction a budget which shall be submitted to the Local Government for their approval.

33. The Committee shall keep accounts of all receipts and expenditure in proper registers to be maintained for them The accounts of the Port Haj Committee Fund shall be audited by Government auditors each year and arrangement for the publication of the accounts together with the audit report shall be made.

34. The Committee shall submit an annual report to the Local Government reviewing the work done by the Committee during the preceding year. The Committee shall also furnish to the Local Government any returns or statements that may be called for by it.

35. The Local Government shall have control over the Port Haj Committee in respect of financial as well as other matters.

Nomination Form.

The Port Haj Committee of Calcutta.

I propose (name in full)

(Designation)

(Address)

as a candidate for election to the Port Haj Committee of Calcutta from the *

Date

Signed (name in full)

(Designation)

(Address)

I second the above proposal.

Signed (name in full)

(Designation)

(Address)

Ballot Paper.

The Port Haj Committee of Calcutta.

Counterfoil No.

Election by

Number of seats to be filled

Names of candidates	Votes to be indicated by marking a *

Signed in my presence by..............
who is personally known to me (or who has been identified to my satisfaction).

J. P.
Magistrate of the 1st class
Head of a Department of Government.

Signature of elector.

Address................................

Date..........................

Instructions.

1. Not more than one vote may be given to any candidate.

2. Votes may not be given to more candidates than there are members to be elected.

3. The date appointed for the counting of votes is and ballot papers must be sent to the returning officer so as to reach him before 5 p.m. of

Note.—The edges of the voting paper shall be gummed in order that the elector may seal it and so keep his vote secret. The attested signature shall be detached before the votes are counted.

*Here mention the electoral body.

No. 12318P.—14th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (*1*) of rule 124 of the Indian Pilgrim Ships Rules, 1933, published with the Government of India, Department of Education, Health and Lands, notification No. F.16-1/33G., dated the 17th October 1933, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint—

(*1*) the District and Subdivisional Officers in the mufassal,

(*2*) the Political Agents in Cooch Behar and Tripura States, and

(*3*) the Commissioner of Police in Calcutta,

to be the authorities from whom every pilgrim intending to proceed to the Hedjaz shall obtain the pilgrim-pass referred to in the said sub-rule.

Jails.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 3957P.J. — 9th November 1933.—Mr. A. H. W. Leonard, Superintendent, Dacca Central Jail, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-nine days, with effect from the 24th November 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 3960P.J. — 9th November 1933.—Mr. E. A. Rampezotti, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, is appointed to be Superintendent of the Dacca Central Jail, in addition to his own duties, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. A. H. W. Leonard from the 24th November 1933.

ERRATUM.

No. 3906P.J.—6th November 1933.—In notification No. 3654P.J., dated the 12th October 1933, published at page 1407 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 19th idem, *for* the words "Major M. Das, M.C., I.M.S.", *substitute* the words "Lieutenant-Colonel M. Das, M.C., I.M.S.".

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal.

No. 23227.—9th November 1933.—Dr. Monoj Nath Gupta, Assistant Surgeon, made over charge of the Howrah Jail to Lt.-Col. K. S. Thakur, I.M.S., on the forenoon of the 2nd November 1933.

R. E. FLOWERDEW, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Inspr.-Genl. of Prisons, Bengal.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 5849Pl.—8th November 1933.—The following draft of amendments to the rules regulating the possession for sale and the sale of certain poisons in the Bengal Presidency published with notification No. 5303Pl., dated the 12th December 1931, at pages 1574-1578 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 17th idem, as subsequently amended, which the Governor in Council proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 and sub-section (*1*) of section 8 of the Poisons Act, 1919 (XII of 1919), is hereby published, as required by sub-section (*2*) of section 8 of the said Act, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby.

Notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933 and that any objection or suggestion which may be received by the undersinged with respect thereto before the said date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendments.

I. After item 17 in Schedule I appended to the said rules, *add* the following item, name-

"18. Tetra ethyl lead "

II. After rule 20 of the said rules, *add* the following rule, namely—

"21. (*1*) No person shall sell any tetra ethyl lead unless the same is before the sale thereof mixed with petrol so that the amount of tetra ethyl lead in the admixture shall not exceed 1 part in 1,300 parts by volume or about 1 part in 650 parts by weight:

Provided that where tetra ethyl lead is stated by the purchaser to be required for some purpose for which such admixture would according to the representation of the purchaser render it unfit, tetra ethyl lead may be sold without such admixture with the previous permission in writing of the District Magistrate or in Calcutta, of the Commissioner of Police.

(*2*) Cans and pumps containing petrol with an admixture of tetra ethyl lead shall be labelled to indicate the presence of tetra ethyl lead in the petrol and to warn the user to avoid spillage and not to use the petrol except as a motor fuel. Such petrol shall also be dyed as an additional check against its use otherwise than as a motor fuel. The amount of tetra ethyl lead in such petrol shall not exceed 1 part in 1,300 parts by volume or about 1 part in 650 parts by weight.

(*3*) Nothing contained in rules 1 to 20 shall apply to an admixture of petrol and tetra ethyl lead in which the amount of tetra ethyl lead does not exceed 1 part in 1,300 parts by volume or about 1 part in 650 parts by weight."

No. 5911Pl. — 9th November 1933. — In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (3) of section 1 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (Bengal Act VI of 1933), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the whole of the said Act (except section 1 which already applies) shall come into force on the 1st January 1934, in Calcutta, as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, including the suburbs and the port of Calcutta, as defined in section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, and the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

No. 5916Pl. — 9th November 1933 — The following draft of a rule, which in exercise of the power conferred by clause *(a)* of sub-section (2) of section 27 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (Bengal Act VI of 1933), the Governor in Council proposes to make, is hereby published for general information.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933 and any suggestion received with regard thereto by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft Rule.

"The fee for the inspection by the public of the register of houses, rooms and places in respect of which an order has been made under section 6 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933, maintained by the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, in the Detective Department at Lal Bazar, under sub-section (7) of section 6 of the said Act shall be Rs. 5."

3. Notification No. 3681 Pl., dated the 10th October 1925, is hereby cancelled.

No. 5921Pl. 9th November 1933.—The following draft of rules, which in exercise of the power conferred by clause *(b)* of sub-section (2) of section 27 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (Bengal Act VI of 1933), the Governor in Council proposes to make for the care, treatment, instruction, maintenance and supervision of girls placed in the Girls' Refuge in Calcutta by an order of Court under sub-sections *(1)* and *(2)* of section 14 of the said Act, is hereby published for general information.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933 and any suggestion received with regard thereto by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft Rules.

1. Inmates of Girls' Refuge in Calcutta shall not be allowed to receive visitors or letters without the express permission of a Deputy Commissioner of Police. Inmates whose attendance is required before the Police or before a Court shall be permitted to leave the Refuge for this purpose only on receipt of a written requisition signed by a Deputy Commissioner of Police or of a summons issued by a Court of competent jurisdiction. Inmates shall be accompanied by the Lady Superintendent if practicable.

2. The Lady Superintendent shall take every inmate to the Lady Doctor at the Dufferin Hospital for examination as soon as possible after admission. Inmates found to be suffering from specific diseases shall be kept as far as practicable separate from the other inmates. Inmates suffering from minor ailments requiring medical attention shall be taken by the Lady Superintendent to the Dufferin Hospital (Out-patients' Department) for treatment as out-patients. In case of serious illness, inmates shall be taken to the nearest hospital for admission and immediate intimation shall be sent to a Deputy Commissioner of Police.

3. In the case of death of any inmate, the circumstances of the case shall be immediately reported to the Commissioner of Police.

4. The Lady Superintendent, assisted by the Matron, shall take every care to prevent the exercise of evil influences by inmates of bad character on the other inmates.

5. Each inmate shall have a separate bed with a floor space of not less than 8 × 5 feet per bed. They shall wear the clothing supplied by the Lady Superintendent. Every effort shall be made to instil in their minds the habits of cleanliness and tidiness.

6. Plain wholesome food shall be supplied to the inmates according to their caste scruples.

7. Suitable employment, with proper intervals for rest and recreation, shall be found for the inmates. The employment shall include house work, sewing, etc. A portion of the day shall be devoted to giving the inmates such simple education as is consistent with their age and capacity.

8. The Refuge shall be kept under the purdah system and no male visitors shall be permitted to interview any of its inmates except in the Lady Superintendent's office and in her presence.

Notification No. 1068 Pl., dated the 27th March 1925, is hereby cancelled.

No. 5926Pl. — 9th November 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which in exercise of the power conferred by clause *(d)* of sub-section (2) of section 27 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (Bengal Act VI of 1933), the Governor in Council proposes to make, is hereby published for general information.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933 and any suggestion received with regard thereto by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft Rule.

"The Girls' Refuge in Calcutta shall ordinarily be a place in which Indian girls below the age of *eighteen* years shall be detained under the provisions of sub-section *(1)* of section 17 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933, and sub-section *(2)* of section 17 of the said Act unless made over by the Juvenile Court or the Magistrate to the care of any suitable person."

3. Notification No. 1069 Pl., dated the 27th March 1925, is hereby cancelled.

No. 5931Pl.—9th November 1933.—The following draft of an amendment which, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 11 of the Indian Motor Vehicles Act, 1914 (VIII of 1914), the Governor in Council proposes to make in the rules regulating the use of motor vehicles in places in Bengal other than Calcutta (including suburbs) and the Municipality of Howrah, published under notification No. 12667P., dated the 3rd October 1917, as amended from time to time, is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned with regard thereto before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendment.

For rule 48 in Part V, section 1 of the said rules, *substitute* the following rule, namely:—

"48 (*a*) Except as provided in rules 49, 49A and 50, no motor vehicle shall be driven on any road in the district of Darjeeling.

(*b*) Except the Siliguri subdivision of the district of Darjeeling, no motor vehicle shall be driven in that district with the engine free, that is, with the gear lever in neutral, the clutch depressed or with any other device put into operation which frees the engine from the driving wheels so that the engine does not act as a brake when the motor vehicle is going downhill."

Rangpur.—No. 5955Pl. — 10th November 1933. In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1924 (Act VI of 1924), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the movements of Java Natni and her son Sita Nat shall be restricted to the area of the Bengal Presidency instead of to the area of the Karwal Nat Settlement at Saidpur in the district of Rangpur, to which their movements were restricted under notification No. 9771 P., dated the 23rd October 1914.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Inspector-General of Police, Bengal.

Calcutta.– No. 9292A.—9th October 1933—**Birbhum-Midnapore-Calcutta.**—Rai Sahib Jamini Mohan Kar, Inspector, Birbhum (Officiating Deputy Superintendent of Police, Midnapore), is posted, on paper, to the C.I.D.

No. 10036F.—4th November 1933.—**Midnapore.**—Risaldar Muhammad Khan, Armed Inspector, attached to the Range Reserve force at Midnapore, is appointed temporarily to fill the post of Inspector sanctioned in Government Order No. 5714 Pl., dated 26-10-1933 for the additional police force in Midnapore town.

No. 10163A.—7th November 1933.—**Jalpaiguri-24-Parganas.**—Mr. T. V. Decort, Armed Inspector, Jalpaiguri, is transferred to Barrackpore (24-Parganas), in exchange with Mr. C. W. Marshall, Armed Inspector, of the latter district.

The transfers are sanctioned in the interest of public service.

No. 10298A. — 9th November 1933.—(i) **Dinajpur-Calcutta.**—Babu Mohit Lal Ghosh, Inspector, Dinajpur, temporarily employed in the C.I.D. to fill an appointment sanctioned in Government Order No. 1561 Pl., dated 27-3-1933, is absorbed in a permanent vacancy in that department, *vice* Babu Gyanada Charan Basu, Inspector, C.I.D., retired.

(ii) **Faridpur-Calcutta.** – Babu Jitendra Nath Gupta, officiating Inspector, Faridpur, is transferred to the C.I.D. to fill a temporary appointment sanctioned in Government Order No. 1561 Pl., dated 27-3-1933.

The transfer is effected in the interest of public service.

T. J. A. CRAIG,

Inspector-General of Police, Bengal.

Calcutta Police Notification.

Calcutta, the 13th November 1933.

The following draft of a notification, which with the previous sanction of the Governor in Council, the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, proposes to issue under sub-section (*i*) of section 62 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866 (Bengal Act IV of 1866), is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th December 1933, and any objection or suggestion which may be received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft notification.

In exercise of the power conferred by clauses (*b*) and (*e*) of sub-section (*i*) of section 62 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866 (Bengal Act IV of 1866), the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, with the previous sanction of the Governor in Council hereby makes the following amendments in the Rules for the Regulation of Traffic, etc., in the streets and public places of Calcutta and its suburbs, published under Calcutta Police notification No. 134, dated the 6th January 1932, at pages 37-99, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 14th January 1932:—

Amendments.

1. *After* rule 78 under sub-heading (7) in Lyons Range and Royal Exchange area of heading "(B) One Way Traffic" in Part II

of the said rules *insert* the following sub-headings and rules

(8) **In Mission Row.**

78A Between the hours of 9 a m and 7 p m the vehicular traffic shall only proceed from north to south along Mission Row No vehicles shall turn in this street and as vehicles shall be driven from south to north, for any distance along this street between its junction with Lall Bazar Street and the exact entrance of the Paper Currency Office

78B (*i*) Vehicles shall park in a single line on each side of Mission Row close to and parallel to the kerb facing south

(*ii*) Vehicles shall not be driven into Lall Bazar Street directly from Mission Row

(9) **Old Court House Corner.**

78C Between the hours of 9 a m and 7 p m vehicular traffic shall be driven from south to north along that portion of the street running on this direction and from west to east along that portion running from west to east

78D No vehicles shall turn on this street and no vehicles shall enter this street from Radha Bazar Street or be driven from north to south on that part of the street running alongside the eastern limits of the compound of Scot's Kirk

78E Vehicles shall park in a single line on each side of this street parallel to and close to the kerb facing north on that part running from south to north and facing east on that part running from west to east

78F Vehicles shall not be driven into Lall Bazar directly from Old Court House Corner

II *After* item 30 (Old Court House Street) in Schedule A of the said rules *insert* the following:—

30A, Old Court House Corner

III (*1*) *For* the two existing entries relating to Mission Row in Schedule B of the said rules *substitute* the following entry —

Mission Row—In a single line on each side of the street, parallel to and close to the kerb, facing south

(*2*) *After* Old Court House Street in Schedule B of the said rules *insert* the following:—

Old Court House Corner In a single line on each side parallel to and close to the kerb facing north on the portion running from south to north and facing east on the portion running from west to east

L H COLSON,

Commissioner of Police, Calcutta

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 11225A

Powers.

Pabna.—No. 11045A. 6th November 1933—Babu Jatindra Kumar Biswas, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Pabna, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

Rangpur - Murshidabad - Nadia - Rajshahi-Burdwan-Hooghly.—No 11178A 11th November 1933 – The Assistant Magistrates named below are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class -

Mr R A S Stacey, I C S, Rangpur

Mr Sirajuddin Mahbubuian Kadri, I C S, Murshidabad

Mr Abul Hasan Quraishi, I C S, Murshidabad

Mr Shailendra Nath Mitra, I C S, Nadia

Mr L G Creek, I C S Rajshahi

Mr S B Hatch-Barnwell, I C S, Rajshahi

Mr R J Pringle, I C S, Burdwan

Mr L R Chambers, I C S, Hooghly

G P HOGG,

Chief Secy to the Govt of Bengal (offg)

Appointments and Transfers.

Calcutta.—No 7782J —4th November 1933—The services of Maulvi Syed Nasim Ali, officiating Senior Government Pleader, High Court, Calcutta, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India

Rajshahi-Malda.—No. 7807J.—7th November 1933—Babu Trailokya Nath Ray, Additional Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Rajshahi and Malda, employed at Malda, is reappointed to be Additional Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Rajshahi and Malda, to be employed at Malda

Faridpur.—No 7809J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Phanindra Nath Mitra, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, on leave, is appointed to be Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Faridpur.

Burdwan-Midnapore. — No 7811J. — 7th November 1933.—Babu Suresh Chandra Sen, No 1, Additional Subordinate Judge of Burdwan, is appointed to be Subordinate Judge of Midnapore.

Noakhali.—No 7813J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Makhan Lal Mukharji, officiating Additional Subordinate Judge of Noakhali, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Subordinate Judge of the said district.

Mymensingh.—No. 7815J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Jatindra Kumar Basu, officiating Subordinate Judge of Mymensingh, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge of the said district.

Faridpur.—No. 7817J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Jogendra Narayan Ray Chaudhuri, officiating Subordinate Judge of Faridpur, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge of the said district.

Bakarganj.—No. 7819J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Thakur Das Banarji, officiating Subordinate Judge of Bakarganj, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge of the said district.

Bankura.—No. 7821J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Satish Chandra Chakrabatti, officiating Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Bankura, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of the said district.

Dacca.—No. 7823J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Abinash Chandra Ghosh Hazra, officiating Subordinate Judge of Dacca, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge of the said district.

Hooghly.—No. 7825J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Dhirendra Kumar Mukharji, officiating Additional Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Hooghly, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of the said district, *vice* Babu Satya Charan Mukharji, transferred.

24-Parganas.—No. 7827J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Sharat Chandra De, officiating Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of the 24-Parganas, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of the said district.

Howrah-Hooghly.—No. 7829J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Rajendra Lal Chakrabatti, officiating Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Howrah, in the district of Hooghly, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Howrah in the said district.

Burdwan.—No. 7831J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Basanta Kumar Ray, officiating Additional Subordinate Judge of Asansol, in the district of Burdwan, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Subordinate Judge of Asansol in the said district.

Howrah-Hooghly.—No. 7833J.—7th November 1933.—Maulvi Pazimddin Ahmad, officiating Additional Subordinate Judge of Howrah, in the district of Hooghly, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Subordinate Judge of Howrah in the said district.

24-Parganas.—No. 7835J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Kshiradeswar Banarji, officiating Second Additional Subordinate Judge of the 24-Parganas, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Second Additional Subordinate Judge of the said district.

Birbhum.—No. 7837J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Sharat Chandra Mukharji, officiating Additional Subordinate Judge of Birbhum, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Subordinate Judge of the said district.

Hooghly-Tippera.—No. 7839J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Satya Charan Mukharji Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Hooghly, is appointed to be Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Tippera, *vice* Babu Upendra Kumar Kar, on leave, preparatory to retirement.

Mymensingh.—No. 7841J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Mayataru Haldar, munsif, is appointed to be a munsif, in the district of Mymensingh, to be ordinarily stationed at Jamalpur, *vice* Babu Bhuban Mohan Singh, on leave.

Birbhum.—No. 7844J.—7th November 1933. Babu Surendra Nath Mitra, munsif, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Birbhum, to be ordinarily stationed at Bolpur, *vice* Babu Atul Bihari Mallik, on leave.

Bakarganj.—No. 7846J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Kumud Bandhu Sen, munsif, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Bakarganj, to be ordinarily stationed at Barisal.

Rangpur.—No. 7848J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Jogesh Chandra Chatarji, munsif, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Rangpur, to be ordinarily stationed at Kurigaon.

24-Parganas.—No. 7850J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Ashutosh Das Gupta, munsif, on leave is appointed to be a munsif in the district of the 24-Parganas, to be ordinarily stationed at Diamond Harbour, *vice* Babu Dhirendra Nath Bagchi.

Mymensingh.—No. 7852J.—7th November 1933.—Mr. Kiran Kumar Bhattacharji, munsif, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Mymensingh, to be ordinarily stationed at Tangail.

Dacca.—No. 7854J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Jitendra Nath Maitra, munsif, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Dacca, to be ordinarily stationed at Munshiganj.

Chittagong-Noakhali.—No. 7856J.—7th November 1933.—Maulvi Ghulam Azam Chaudhuri, additional munsif of Satkania, in the district of Chittagong, is appointed to be additional munsif of Sandwip and Lakshmipur, in the district of Noakhali, for the present to be employed at Lakshmipur.

Chittagong.—No. 7858J.—7th November 1933.—Maulvi M. Abdul Jalil, additional munsif of Patiya, in the district of Chittagong, is reappointed to be additional munsif of Patiya in the said district.

24-Parganas.—No. 7860J.—7th November 1933.—The services of Babu Harendra Nath Banarji, munsif of Alipore, in the district of the 24-Parganas, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Assam.

Noakhali-24-Parganas.—No. 7861J. 7th November 1933.—Babu Rabindra Kumar Basu, munsif, employed at Sudharam, in the district of Noakhali, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of the 24-Parganas, to be ordinarily stationed at Alipore, *vice* Babu Harendra Nath Banarji, transferred.

Bakarganj-Rajshahi-Malda.—No. 7863J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Shailesh Chandra Banarji, munsif of Pirojpur, in the district of Bakarganj, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Rajshahi and Malda, to be ordinarily stationed at Rampur-Boalia, *vice* Babu Ram Lal Banarji, transferred.

Rajshahi-Malda-Hooghly.—No. 7865J.—7th November 1933. Babu Ram Lal Banarji, munsif of Rampur-Boalia in the district of Rajshahi and Malda, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Hooghly, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station.

Nadia.—No. 7867J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Kshitipati Nath Mitra, munsif, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Subordinate Judge of Nadia.

Chittagong.—No 7869J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Kshitish Chandra Chatarji, munsif, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Subordinate Judge of Chittagong.

Rangpur-Birbhum.—No 7871J.—7th November 1933.—Mr. Bikas Chandra Ghosh, who lately acted as a munsif of Kurigaon, in the district of Rangpur, is appointed to act as a munsif, in the district of Birbhum, to be ordinarily stationed at Dubrajpur, *vice* Babu Nages Chandra Chakrabatti, on leave, or until further orders.

Chittagong.—No. 7873J.—7th November 1933.—Maulvi Md. Taleb Ali is appointed to act, until further orders, as additional munsif of North Raojan, in the district of Chittagong.

Dacca-Chittagong.—No. 7875J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Hrishikesh Gangali, who lately acted as a munsif of Munshiganj, in the district of Dacca, is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Chittagong, to be ordinarily stationed at Patiya, *vice* Babu Suresh Chandra Ghosh, on leave, or until further orders.

Tippera-Murshidabad. — No. 7877J. — 7th November 1933.—Babu Bagala Prasanna Basu, munsif, who lately acted as Subordinate Judge of Tippera, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge of Murshidabad.

Midnapore-Mymensingh.—No. 7879J.—7th November 1933 —Babu Rama Charan Chakrabatti, munsif, who lately acted as Subordinate Judge of Midnapore, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge of Mymensingh, *vice* Babu Debendra Nath Sen Gupta, on leave, or until further orders.

Bakarganj.—No. 7881J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Amalendu Nath Lahiri, who lately acted as a munsif of Barisal, in the district of Bakarganj, is appointed to act, until further orders, as a munsif in the said district, to be ordinarily stationed at Pirojpur, *vice* Babu Shailesh Chandra Banarji.

Mymensingh-Dinajpur.—No. 7883J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Kalipada Mukharji, who lately acted as a munsif of Tangail, in the district of Mymensingh, is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Dinajpur, to be ordinarily stationed at Balurghat, *vice* Babu Tarani Kanta Nag, on leave, or until further orders.

Calcutta.—No. 7895J.—7th November 1933.—Mr. H. Carey Morgan is appointed to act as Solicitor to the Government of Bengal, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. S. S. Hodson, or until further orders.

Calcutta. — No. 8120J. — 10th November 1933.—Babu Rupendra Coomar Mitter, Advocate, High Court, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Assistant Government Pleader of that Court, *vice* Mr. Nasim Ali appointed to act as an Additional Judge of that Court, with effect from the 13th November 1933.

Leave.

Calcutta.—No. 7891J.—7th November 1933.—Mr. S. S. Hodson, Solicitor to the Government of Bengal, is allowed extraordinary leave from the 9th November 1933 to the 12th March 1934, under Fundamental Rule 85 (*a*) and Subsidiary Rule 280 (*d*) of those Rules.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Murshidabad.—No. 7751J.—4th November 1933.—Whereas by a notification, dated the 27th March 1893, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the same date, it was ordered that on and after the 1st day of April 1893, the trial of certain offences under the Indian Penal Code before any court of sessions in certain districts including the district of Murshidabad shall be by Jury:

And whereas riots and disturbances known as the Beldanga riots have recently taken place in certain parts of the district of Murshidabad and certain persons may hereafter be committed to the court of sessions at Berhampore for trial:

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 269 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, is pleased to revoke the said notification in so far as it applies to the trial of offences of the following classes when any such offence is alleged to have been committed by any person within the jurisdiction of police-station Beldanga in the Sadar subdivision in the district of Murshidabad during the period from the 3rd July 1933 to the 11th July 1933, namely:—

Offences defined in the following chapters of the Indian Penal Code, viz:—

Chapter VIII (offences against the public tranquillity);

Chapter XI (offences relating to false evidence and offences against public justice);

Chapter XVI (offences affecting the human body); and

Chapter XVII (offences against property);

and abetments of, and attempts to commit, such offences.

Mymensingh.—No. 7886J.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Munshi Rajab Ali Sarkar and Munshi Barkat Sarkar, members of the Dhopakhali union board within the Madhupur police-station in the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district, to be, during their term of office as such members, members of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section.

Mymensingh.—No. 7887J.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Munshi Rajab Ali Sarkar and Munshi Barkat Sarkar, members of the Dhopakhali union board within the Madhupur police-station in the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district, to be, during their term of office as such members, members of the union courts within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section.

Mymensingh.—No. 7888J.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Munshi Haji Gadu Sarkar, a member of the Hadira union board within the Gopalpur police-station in the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section.

Mymensingh.—No. 7889J.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Munshi Haji Gadu Sarkar, a member of the Hadira union board within the Gopalpur police-station in the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section.

Faridpur.—No. 8127J. — 13th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Khoajpur union board within the Madaripur police-station in the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Munshi Syed Ali Bepari.
Munshi Abdul Gani Khan.
Maulvi Kazi Abdul Hamid Talukdar.
Babu Naider Chand Bala.
Babu Sreenath Mandal.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union board at which a quorum is present.

Faridpur.—No. 8128J. — 13th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Khoajpur union board within the Madaripur police-station in the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Munshi Syed Ali Bepari.
Munshi Abdul Gani Khan.
Maulvi Kazi Abdul Hamid Talukdar.
Babu Naider Chand Bala.
Babu Sreenath Mandal.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union board at which a quorum is present.

Dacca.—No. 8130J 13th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the union boards mentioned below, to be, during their term of office as such members, union benches within the jurisdiction of the union boards of which they are, respectively, members for the purposes of that section:—

Narayanganj subdivision, district Dacca.

Raipura police-station.

Hairmara union board.

Babu Mati Lal Pal.

Munshi Muksud Ali Sarkar.

Maulvi Fazlul Haque.

Munshi Abdur Rashid.

Araihazar police-station.

Araihazar union board.

Babu Rai Mohan Ghosh

Babu Rajendra Narayan Ray Chaudhuri.

Munshi Basiruddin Ahmed.

Maulvi Abdul Majid Khondker.

Baidyerbazar police-station.

Baidyerbazar union board.

Babu Sukumar Gupta.

Babu Rasik Chandra Das

Munshi Syed Ali Mian.

Munshi Wahed Baksha Mian.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union boards at which a quorum is present.

Dacca.—No. 8131J.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the union boards mentioned below, to be, during their term of office as such members, union courts within the jurisdiction of the union boards of which they are, respectively, members for the purposes of that section:—

Narayanganj subdivision, district Dacca.

Raipura police-station.

Hairmara union board.

Babu Mati Lal Pal.

Munshi Muksud Ali Sarkar.

Maulvi Fazlul Haque.

Munshi Abdur Rashid.

Araihazar police-station.

Araihazar union board.

Babu Rai Mohan Ghosh.

Babu Rajendra Narayan Ray Chaudhuri.

Munshi Basiruddin Ahmed.

Maulvi Abdul Majid Khondker.

Baidyerbazar police-station.

Baidyerbazar union board.

Babu Sukumar Gupta.

Babu Rasik Chandra Das.

Munshi Syed Ali Mian.

Munshi Wahed Baksha Mian.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union boards at which a quorum is present.

Mymensingh.—No. 8133J.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Masua union board within the Katiadi police-station in the Kishoreganj subdivision of the Mymensingh district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union bench within the jurisdiction the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Munshi Asmat Ali.

Babu Adinath Ray.

Munshi Abdul Gafur Sarkar.

Babu Adhar Chandra Nath.

Munshi Kari Abdul Rahaman.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union board at which a quorum is present.

Mymensingh.—No. 8134J.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Masua union board within the Katiadi police-station in the Kishoreganj subdivision of the Mymensingh district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Munshi Asmat Ali.

Babu Adinath Ray.

Munshi Abdul Gafur Sarkar.

Babu Adhar Chandra Nath.

Munshi Kari Abdul Rahaman.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union board at which a quorum is present.

No. 8143J.—13th November 1933.—The following draft of rules, which in exercise of the power conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 27 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (Bengal Act VI of 1933), the Governor in Council proposes to make regarding the conditions under which girls may be made over to the care of a suitable person under sub-section (1) and sub-section (2) of section 14, is hereby published for general information.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933, and any suggestion received with regard thereto by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft Rules.

1. When it appears to the court that any officer of Government, a secular institution, religious society or responsible person is willing to take charge of a girl and is in its opinion, suitable and trustworthy, she may be made over to him or it, provided that he or it signs an undertaking in the form annexed to these rules:

Provided that no girl shall be compelled to live under the care and authority of a person or religious society professing a religion other than the religion of the girl against her expressed wishes or those of her guardian, if any.

2. While living under the care of a suitable person of the class mentioned above, she shall be under the supervision of a person to be named by the court. The person so nominated shall submit periodical inspection reports to the court at least every quarter.

3. A copy of the order, together with full particulars regarding the girl, shall be sent by the court, to the officer of Government, secular institution, religious society or responsible person, as the case may be, under whose care and authority the girl is to live.

4. (1) When such a person or society withdraws his or its consent to keep the girl any longer under his or its care, her case may again be considered for making over to others.

(2) If a girl removes herself from the supervision of the person, institution or society under which she was permitted to live, his or its undertaking shall be deemed to have been revoked from the date on which she has so removed herself. A report regarding the matter shall forthwith be sent to the court and the police.

5. If at any time it appears that the person, society or institution has failed to observe the conditions mentioned in the undertaking signed by him or it or if the inspection reports show that for any reason it is in the interests of the girl that she should be placed in any other suitable custody, the permission granted by the court may be withdrawn.

6. Any police officer may, without orders from Magistrate and without a warrant, arrest a girl who has removed herself from the supervision of the person, institution or society under which she was permitted to live under these rules and shall send her, if so arrested, in custody to the court.

Form of Permit.

(*Vide* rule 1.)

Whereas AB being a trustworthy person (an employee under................) (or in charge of............ society or institution) is willing to take charge of CD and has signed a suitable undertaking to keep the said CD. These presents witness that the said CD is hereby permitted to live under the charge of AB for a term of three months from this date.

Conditions.

(*i*) This permit shall remain in force for three months only but it may be renewed from time to time for a similar period at the option of the court.

(*ii*) The permit may be cancelled at the desire of the court.

(*iii*) The permit is moreover determined by—

(*a*) the death of the suitable person,

(*b*) his cessation from business,

(*c*) the expiration of the period for which the girl can be allowed to live under his care.

(*iv*) The permit may be cancelled if he has failed to observe the term of his undertaking or if the court is satisfied that it is not in the interests of the girl to be detained in the "suitable custody".

(*v*) A girl who escapes from the charge of the "suitable person," may be arrested by any police officer, without a warrant, and shall be sent to the court. Any such escape shall be reported to the court immediately.

Form of Undertaking to be signed by the "suitable person".

(*See* rule 1.)

I, AB...................... of .... do hereby declare that I am willing to take charge of CD.................. aged .... under the orders of the Court, dated the......... ....

(*i*) I have read, I understand, and I will observe the terms of the permit.

(*ii*) I will do my best for the welfare of the girl; and will make proper provision for her maintenance. I undertake to give her regular (work under supervision at.............. with not less than.......................monthly remuneration) (education) (training as ....).

(*iii*) If the girl's conduct, health or work is unsatisfactory, I will at once inform the court and I will return her to the court on my own initiation or if called upon to do so.

(*iv*) In the event of the girl's illness, she shall have proper medical attention in the nearest hospital.

(*v*) The girl should be under the supervision of a person to be nominated by the court, who shall be allowed to visit her at any reasonable time.

(*vi*) The girl shall be free to follow the observances of her own religion, and

(*vii*) I will report on her progress every month.

No. 8144J. -- 13th November 1933.—The following draft of rules which in exercise of the power conferred by clause (*g*) of subsection (2) of section 27 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (Bengal Act VI of 1933), the Governor in Council proposes to make regarding bonds, etc., to be taken by the court when making girls over to suitable custody, not being the custody of a notified institution, is hereby published for general information.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933, and any suggestion received with regard thereto by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft Rules.

1. (*1*) A bond ordered to be entered into under the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (hereinafter referred to as the Act) shall, if the court so order, contain a condition that the girl be under the supervision of such person as may be named in the order during the period specified in the order and such other conditions for securing such supervision as may be specified in the order, and an order requiring the insertion of such conditions as aforesaid in the bond is to be known as a probation order.

(*2*) A bond under the Act may contain such additional conditions as the court may, having regard to the particular circumstances of the case order to be inserted therein with respect to all or any of the following matters:—

(*a*) for prohibiting the girl from associating with undesirable persons, or from frequenting undesirable places;

(*b*) as to abstention from intoxicating liquor, drugs or smoke

(*c*) generally for securing that the girl should lead an honest and industrious life.

(*3*) The court by which a probation order is made shall furnish to the girl a notice in writing stating in simple terms the conditions she is required to observe.

2. It shall be the duty of a probation officer, subject to the directions of the court—

(*a*) to visit or receive reports from the person under supervision or her surety at such reasonable intervals as may be specified in the probation order or, subject thereto, as the probation officer may think fit;

(*b*) to see that she and her surety observe the conditions of the bond;

(*c*) to report to the court as to her behaviour;

(*d*) to advise, assist, and befriend her, and, when necessary, to endeavour to find her suitable employment.

3. The court before which any person is bound may, upon the application of the probation officer, and after notice to the girl and her sureties, vary the conditions of the bond and may, on being satisfied that the conduct of that person has been such as to make it unnecessary that she should remain longer under supervision, discharge the bond.

4. If any girl dealt with under section 14 of the Act, by a juvenile court desires to change her place of residence, both she and her surety shall apply to the court to vary the order relating to the supervision of the said girl by another suitable person whether the girl desires to live within or outside the jurisdiction of the said court, for the remaining portion of the period specified in the original order under section 14, and the court may pass such order as may be considered reasonable and necessary for the further supervision of the girl at the new place of residence, whether the same be within or outside the jurisdiction of the said court, and a fresh bond shall be executed including the altered conditions and the said fresh bond shall be binding in the same manner as the original bond, provided that the term of the fresh bond shall not be longer than the unexpired portion of the original bond.

Form of the Bond.

(*Vide* rule 1.)

I, AB of (name here the suitable custody) do hereby declare that I shall without let or hindrance place CD., aged years who has been made over to under the orders of the court, dated the under the supervision of EF named by the court during the period of and I agree to abide by the following conditions:—

I shall do my best—

(*1*) to prohibit the girl from associating with undesirable persons, or from frequenting undesirable places;

(*2*) to keep her from intoxicating liquor, drugs or smoke;

(*3*) to secure generally that the girl leads an honest and industrious life.

No. 8145J.—13th November 1933.—The following draft of rules which in exercise of the power conferred by clause (*h*) of sub-section (2) of section 27 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (Bengal Act VI of 1933), the Governor in Council proposes to make regarding the contribution by parents and other persons liable to maintain girls placed in suitable custody, is hereby published for general information.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933, and any suggestion received with regard thereto by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft Rules.

1. The bench clerk of each court by which an order under sub-section (*1*) of section 18 of the Act is passed shall prepare three copies of a contribution order in the form annexed to these rules and after such orders have been duly signed by the trying Magistrate send them to the cashier of the court.

2. The cashier on receiving them shall make over one copy to the person against whom the order is passed, and another copy to the person in whose custody the girl has been placed. He shall keep the third copy for filing in the office.

3. Maintenance money shall be deposited in advance with the cashier of the court, on the first day of each month for which such money is due.

4. Maintenance money received by the cashier under these rules shall be paid in such manner as the court may direct to the person in whose custody the girl has been placed or may be otherwise disbursed for the maintenance of the girl under the directions of the presiding officer of the court.

Form of contribution order under section 14(1) of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933.

(*See* rule 1.)

In the Court of the

Complainant.

versus

Defendant.

WHEREAS has been committed to suitable custody under section of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933, and whereas an inquiry has been duly made under sub-section (2) of section 18 of that Act into the circumstances of who is liable to maintain the said now therefore in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (*1*) of the same section, it is ordered that the said shall and do make a monthly allowance of rupees payable in advance upon the first day of each and every month for the maintenance of the said and that the said be directed to deposit the said sum with the cashier of this court, or such other officer as this court may from time to time direct, for payment to the said / on behalf of the said .

Dated this day of 193

Magistrate.

N. G. A. EDGLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

No. 5975M. – 3rd November 1933. – – In exercise of the power conferred by clause (*a*) of section 65 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rules:—

Rules for the election of Chairman and Vice-Chairman of Municipalities.

1. When a meeting is held under sub-section (*1*) of section 45, at which a quorum is present, the Commissioners, who have made the oath or affirmation of allegiance to the Crown under section 57, shall appoint one of their number, under sub-section (*2*) of section 59, to preside at the meeting. The President shall be duly proposed and seconded and must not be a candidate for the office of Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

2. If only one Commissioner is proposed and seconded as President, he shall be deemed to be duly elected as such. If more than one Commissioner is proposed and seconded, the Commissioners present shall decide the election by vote. The votes may be taken by voices or by show of hands.

If the votes for two or more Commissioners proposed as President of the meeting are equal, then the selection of one of them shall be decided by lot.

3. The election of the Chairman of the Municipality shall proceed as follows: –

(*a*) Any Commissioner present may propose a candidate by name for the office of Chairman.

(*b*) No candidature shall be taken into consideration unless it has been seconded by a Commissioner other than the proposer.

(*c*) If there is only one candidate duly proposed and seconded for election, the President shall forthwith declare such candidate to be elected.

(*d*) If there be more than one such candidate for election as Chairman, the President shall hand to each Commissioner present a voting paper in the following form in which the names of the candidates who have been duly proposed and seconded shall be entered, and shall ask each Commissioner in turn to record his vote, at a table so placed that no other person can overlook him, by placing the mark x in the place provided for the purpose in the voting paper, opposite the name of the candidate for whom the Commissioner intends to vote, and to sign his name on the back of the counterfoil of the voting paper:—

Voting Paper.

(Prescribed by rule 3 (*d*) of the rules regarding the election of Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Municipality.)

For the election of Chairman/Vice-Chairman of Municipality.

Name of candidate.	Space for placing mark X.	Counterfoil for the voter's signature on the back.

Fold here (perf...

(*e*) The voting paper shall be invalid if the mark x is placed opposite the name of more than one candidate, or if it is so placed as to render it doubtful to which candidate such mark is intended to apply.

(*f*) Each Commissioner after placing the mark x on the voting paper shall fold the counterfoil so as to conceal the votes recorded, sign his name on the back of the counterfoil and then hand the paper to the President. Without such folding of the counterfoil or signature the voting paper shall be invalid.

(*g*) The President shall have the right of participating in the election of the Chairman and shall similarly record his vote.

(*h*) As soon as all the voting papers have been delivered to the President, he shall, in the order hereinafter specified,—

(*1*) reject any voting paper which is unsigned or of which the counterfoil is not properly folded as prescribed in clause (*f*);

(*2*) tear off the counterfoils containing the signatures and place them apart from the voting papers proper;

(*3*) reject any voting paper which is irregularly marked;

(*4*) read out the names of the candidates against which the mark x has been validly made;

(*5*) count the votes; and

(*6*) declare the candidate to whom the largest number of votes has been given to be elected as Chairman of the Municipality

(*i*) In the case of an equality of votes the President shall have a casting vote.

4. The Commissioner appointed under sub-section (2) of section 59 shall preside at the meeting for the election of the Vice-Chairman as well as that of the Chairman, and the same procedure shall apply as for the election of the Chairman.

5. When a meeting is held under sub-section (2) of section 45 the procedure laid down in rule 3 shall be followed. The Vice-Chairman shall preside over such a meeting unless he is a candidate for the office of Chairman. If the Vice-Chairman is absent or is a candidate for such office, the Commissioners shall select one of their number, who is not a candidate for the office in accordance with the procedure laid down in rules 1 and 2, to preside over the election.

6. If any Vice-Chairman is unable to complete his full term of office, or is granted leave under sub-section (1) of section 55, the vacancy shall be filled by an election, to be held, within twenty-one days from the date of occurrence of the vacancy, at a meeting in which the Chairman or, in his absence, a person, who is not a candidate for the office of the Vice-Chairman and is elected by the Commissioners from among themselves in accordance with the procedure prescribed in rules 1 and 2, shall preside. The election of the Vice-Chairman shall be held in accordance with the procedure prescribed in rule 3.

24-Parganas.—No. 6066M.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (g) of section 8 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to alter the number of Commissioners of the Baranagar Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas from 13 to 16.

24-Parganas.—No. 6067M.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 18 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that in the municipality of Baranagar, in the district of the 24-Parganas, the number of appointed Commissioners shall be increased to five in order to secure the proper representation of the jute industry and of labour employed therein, within the limits of the municipality, the development of which is due to an appreciable extent to and dependent on such industry.

24-Parganas.—No. 6069M.—7th November 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (1) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft rule will be taken into consideration on the 20th November 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Baranagar Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, out of 11 seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), two seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Noakhali.—No. 6075L.S.-G.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (aa) of section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rules:—

Rules.

1. In the Sadar and Feni local boards, in the district of Noakhali, out of fourteen and eight seats, respectively, to which members are to be elected under section 9 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), three and two seats, respectively, shall be reserved for the Hindu community which is hereby declared to be a minority community for the purposes of election of members to the said local boards.

2. In the Noakhali district board, out of sixteen seats to which members are to be elected by the Sadar and Feni local boards, under section 7 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), three seats shall be reserved for the Hindu community which is hereby declared to be a minority community for the purposes of election of members to the said district board. The number of members to be elected by each local board to the seats so reserved shall be as follows:—

Sadar local board—2.

Feni local board—1.

24-Parganas.—No. 6117M.—10th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 312 (1) of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), and upon the application of the Commissioners of the Barrackpore Municipality at a meeting the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased, to declare that schedule VI of that Act shall be in force in the said municipality.

24-Parganas.—No. 6118M.—10th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 312 (2) of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932) the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to extend the provisions of sections 324, 327 and 329 of that Act to the Barrackpore Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas.

24-Parganas.—No. 6120M.—10th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Joynagar Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas, out of nine seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), one seat shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

24-Parganas.—No 6121M.—10th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Joynagar Municipality at a meeting, that the four existing wards of the Joynagar Municipality in the 24-Parganas district shall be grouped into one special ward for the purpose of election to the seat reserved for the minority community in this municipality, and that the number of Commissioners to be elected from the special ward and each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown in columns 2 and 3 of the table below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of seats, other than the reserved seat, shown in column 3, to which Commissioners are to be elected.	Number of seat reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3
I	2	1
II	2	
III	2	
IV	2	

Bakarganj. — No. 6126L.S.-G. — 10th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of section 31 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871 (Act I of 1871), and in modification of the orders contained in clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of notification No. 317½T.M., dated the 16th August 1913, and in clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of notification No. 1428L.S.-G., dated the 18th May 1914, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased—

(*a*) to transfer to the union board named below, in the district of Bakarganj, all the functions of the Magistrate of that district, under Chapters II and III of the said Act, I of 1871, in respect of all pounds within the local areas, subject to the jurisdiction of the said union board, and

(*b*) to direct that the whole of the surplus accruing under section 18 of the said Act, I of 1871, in the areas within the jurisdiction of the said union board in the district of Bakarganj, named below, shall be placed to the credit of the union funds constituted for the said union board—

Bhola subdivision.

Police-station Daulatkhan.

Joynagar union board.

No. 6137L.S.-G.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 16 of the Bengal Motor Vehicles Tax Act, 1932 (Bengal Act I of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to exempt motor vehicles and lorries garaged in French Chandernagore but plying in British India from payment of tax under the said Act subject to the provision of rule 19.

Murshidabad.—No. 6143M.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Saturday, the 24th March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the Kandi and Dhulian municipalities in the Presidency Division.

Jessore. — No. 6145M. - 11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Friday and Saturday, the 23rd and 24th March 1934, as the dates for the first general election of Commissioners of the Jessore Municipality in the Presidency Division.

24-Parganas.—No. 6147M.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Saturday, the 24th March 1934, as the date for the first gentral election of Commissioners of the Moheshpur Municipality in the Presidency Division.

Nadia.—No. 6149M.—11th November 1933. -In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Saturday, the 24th March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the Nabadwip Municipality in the Presidency Division.

24-Parganas.—No. 6151M.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Thursday, the 29th March 1934, as the date for the first general election of the Commissioners of the Tollygunj, Joynagar, Kanchrapara, North Dum Dum and Budge Budge municipalities in the Presidency Division.

No. 6131M.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clauses (c), (*d*) and (*g*) of section 215 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to prescribe the following forms:—

FORM A.

Notice to be published of the preparation of the valuation of Holdings and Assessment List.

BENGAL MUNICIPAL ACT, 1932.

(See section 147.)

Municipality of .

Whereas a valuation of holdings and assessment list has been deposited in the office of the Commissioners as required by section 147 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932, notice is hereby given that the said list is open to the inspection of all persons desiring to inspect the same at the office of the said Commissioners during office hours on any day not being a close holiday; and that the several owners of the holdings included therein are hereby required to pay the quarterly instalments set opposite to their names with regularity at the office appointed by the Commissioners for the receipt of the same, or to the tax-collector or other officer authorized to receive payment, the first payment to be made on the first day of ( ) and every subsequent payment on or before the first day of ( ), the first day of ( ) and the first day of ( ), and in default thereof any arrear that may be due will be realized by distress and sale of the movable property belonging to the defaulter, or which may be found on the holding in respect of which the valuation is made, and by such other proceedings as are allowed by law.

Dated this day of

A. B.,

Chairman of Commissioners.

FORM B.

Notice of demand.

BENGAL MUNICIPAL ACT, 1932.

[See section 155(2).]

To

Municipality of .

Take notice that the sum of Rs. , being the amount due from you as shown in the accompanying bill, is hereby demanded from you, and that if you do not within fifteen days pay the same to an officer authorized to receive payment, or into the office of the Municipal Commissioners, the amount together with costs will be levied by distress and sale of your goods and chattels, or otherwise as provided by law.

A. B.

Designation—

Date—

(The following note will be added at the foot of the above notice in those cases only in which the notice is to be addressed to a person who has not already paid one instalment of the tax at the rate at which the demand is made.)

NOTE.—If you have any objection to make against this demand, you may present a petition to the Commissioners praying for a review of the amount assessed. Such petition must be presented within one month of the service of this notice, otherwise it will not be received.

FORM C.

Distress Warrant.

BENGAL MUNICIPAL ACT, 1932.

[See section 157(1).]

To (here insert the name of the officer charged with the execution of the warrant).

Whereas of has not paid or shown sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum of rupees due for rates, taxes, fees, tolls or other charges mentioned in the margin, although the said sum has been duly demanded in writing from the said , and fifteen days have elapsed since the service of the notice of demand, this is to require you to distrain the movable property of the said wherever it may be found within the municipality, except ploughs, plough-cattle, tools or implements of trade or agriculture, or any other movable property, subject to the same exceptions which may be found within the holding specified in the margin to the amount of the said sum of and the further sum of payable as fee under section 156 of the Act (unless no sale is necessary in which case three-fourths of such fee will be remitted), and, if within ten days next after such distress the said sum of shall not be paid, to sell the said property, and having paid and deducted out of the proceeds of the sale the said sum of and the fees payable under section 156, to return the surplus (if any) on demand to the person whom you shall have found in possession of the said property, and, if no demand be made, to pay the same to the Commissioners, provided that if peons are kept in charge of property so distrained you shall deduct further from the proceeds of the sale the sum of annas three per day or part of a day for each such peon. If distress cannot be made of sufficient property of the said , you are to certify the same to us in returning this warrant

A. B.,

Chairman of Commissioners.

Date-

FORM D.

BENGAL MUNICIPAL ACT, 1932

[See section 159(3).]

Register of distraints of property and sales held on account of arrears for the month of in

1. Name of defaulter.
2. Number on register and specification of the holding on account of which the arrear is due.
3. Amount of arrear due.
4. Amount of costs and penalty.
5. Total amount to be realized
6. Inventory of property seized under distress.
7. Date of distress.
8. Date of sale.
9. Detail of articles sold.
10. Amount realized on each article.
11. Purchaser's name.
12. Total amount realized.
13. Amount paid into the Commissioners' office on account of the arrear due with date.
14. Amount paid into the Commissioners' office on account of costs and penalties.
15. Surplus proceeds of sale remaining after deducting the amount of arrears, costs, penalties, due.
16. How the surplus was disposed of, with date of such disposal.
17. Balance of arrear still remaining unrealized, if any.
18. On what date such remaining balance was realized or written off by authority.
19. Remarks (explaining why the property seized was released without sale if not eventually sold, etc., etc.).

FORM E.

BENGAL MUNICIPAL ACT, 1932.

(See section 156.)

Scale of Fees payable upon Distraints under this Act.

(*a*) Sums destrained for.

				Fees.	
				Rs.	a.
Under 1 rupee				0	4
1 and	under	5	rup	0	8
5	,,	10	,,	1	0
10	,,	15	,,	1	8
15	,,	20	,,	2	0
20	,,	25	,,	2	8
25	,,	30	,,	3	0
30	,,	35	,	3	8
35	,,	40	,,	4	0
40	,,	45	,,	4	8
45	,,	50	,,	5	0
50	,,	60	,,	6	0
60	,,	80	,,	7	8
80	,,	100	,,	9	0
Above		100	,,	10	0

(*b*) And, in addition, when peons are kept in charge of property distrained.

	Rs.	a.
For each such peon per day or part of a day	0	3

If the amount demanded be paid or the warrant discharged before the sale is held so that no sale is necessary, three-fourths of the fees specified in the above table shall be remitted.

FORM F.

Form of Inventory and Notice.

BENGAL MUNICIPAL ACT, 1932.

[See section 157(4).]

(State particulars of goods seized.)

Take notice that I have this day seized the property specified in the above inventory for the sum of due for the rates, taxes, fees, tolls or other charges mentioned in the margin, and that unless you pay to me or into the office of the Commissioners of the said sum of and the further costs of this distraint as specified below, within ten days from the day of the date of this notice, the property will be sold.

*(Signature of the officer executing the warrant of distress.)

Costs of distraint—

Date—

Signatures of witnesses—

1..................

2..................

24-Parganas.—No. 6153M.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Wednesday, the 21st March 1934, as the date for the first general election of the Commissioners of the Gobardanga and Baraset municipalities in the Presidency Division.

Rajshahi - Bogra. — No. 6155M. — 11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Wednesday, the 28th March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the following municipalities in the district noted against each, namely:—

Rajshahi—district of Rajshahi.

Bogra —district of Bogra.

Bakarganj. — No. 6157M.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Tuesday, the 20th March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the Pirojpur Municipality in the district of Bakarganj.

Tippera. — No. 6159M. — 11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Wednesday, the 21st March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the Chandpur Municipality in the district of Tippera.

Murshidabad.—No. 6161M.—13th November 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (1) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft rule will be taken into consideration on the 30th November 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Berhampore Municipality, in the district of Murshidabad, out of nineteen seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), three seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Hooghly. — No. 6164M.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Rishra-Konnagar Municipality in the district of Hooghly, out of 8 seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), two seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Hooghly. — No. 6165M.--13th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 18 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that in the municipality of Rishra-Konnagar, in the district of Hooghly, the number of appointed Commissioners shall be increased to four in order to secure the proper representation of the jute and other industries and of labour employed therein, within the limits of the municipality, the development of which is due to an appreciable extent to and dependent on such industries.

Hooghly. — No. 6166M.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Rishra-Konnagar Municiplaity at a meeting, that the existing two wards I and II and the two wards III and IV of the Rishra-Konnagar Municipality in the district of Hooghly shall be grouped respectively into two special wards for the purpose of election to the two seats reserved for the minority community in this municipality, and that the number of Commissioners to be elected from the special wards and each existing ward of this municipality shall be as shown in columns 2 and 3 of the table below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of seats other than reserved seats shown in column 3 to which Commissioners are to be elected.	Number of seats reserved for the minority community.
1		3
I	1 }	
II	2 }	
III	1 }	
IV	2 }	

Medical

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

24-Parganas.—No. 2713Medl.—9th November 1933.—Lt.-Col. A. Denham White, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, 24-Parganas, was allowed leave on average pay, out of India, for the period from the 6th October to the 31st October 1933, under Fundamental Rule 81 (*b*) (*i*).

This department notification No. 2379Medl., dated the 9th September 1933, is hereby cancelled.

Malda. — No. 2746Medl.—13th November 1933.—This department notification No. 533-T.Medl., dated the 20th September 1933, granting leave to Dr. Biseswar Chakraverty, Civil Surgeon, Malda, is hereby cancelled.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2730Medl.—11th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to *substitute* the following *for* rules 7(*2*) and 8(*2*) of the rules for the management, admission and training of students in the Government Medical Schools in Bengal, published under notification No. 1716Medl., dated the 30th June 1921, as subsequently amended, viz:—

7. (2) **Certificate of character.**—From the Principal or Head Master of the college or school in which the candidate last studied.

Note.—Where more than six weeks have elapsed between the date of leaving college or school and the date of application for admission, a second certificate of character is required covering the intervening period. This should be obtained from a gazetted officer or a gentleman of equal position such as an Honorary Magistrate, having an intimate knowledge of the applicant.

8. (*2*) **Certificate of character and residence.**—From the Principal or Head Master of the college or school in which the candidate last studied.

Note.—Where more than six weeks have elapsed between the date of leaving college or school and the date of application for admission, a second certificate of character is required covering the intervening period. This should be obtained from a gazetted officer or a gentleman of equal position such as an Honorary Magistrate, having an intimate knowledge of the applicant.

H. P. V. TOWNEND,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA, THE 11TH NOVEMBER 1933.

RESOLUTION—No. 2732Medl.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

Read—

Letter from the Government of India, Department of Education, Health and Lands, No. F. 55-5/32-H., dated the 10th April 1933, and this Government letter No. 2134 Medl., dated the 15th August 1933, *also* this Government resolution No. 272T. Medl., dated the 28th September 1923.

The Government of India have established the All-India Institute of Hygiene and Public Health in Calcutta to provide advanced up-to-date instruction in the methods of preventive medicine best suited to combat India's peculiar and varied deseases and to carry out research which will mainly take the form of investigating the best methods of applying the results of pure research to the requirements of large units of population, both rural and urban. The Institute has, amongst others, a maternal and child-welfare section and provides three courses of instruction as below:—

I. Course preparing students for the D. P. H. of the Calcutta University and the D. P. H. and Hygiene of the Faculty of Tropical Medicine, Bengal.
II. Course preparing students for the Doctorate of Science (Public Health) of the Calcutta University.
III. Special course.

2. The admission of candidates to the courses of study, their training and examinations are regulated by rules prescribed for the purpose. As an applicant who is not a medical graduate may also be admitted for training at the Institute though only under exceptional circumstances, it will not be possible for all the students trained there to qualify for the Diploma in Public Health of the Calcutta University which is open only to Bachelors of Medicine and Licentiates in Medicine and Surgery. To serve the needs of such students who are not qualified to appear in the University examination for this diploma but who have undergone a course of training at the Institute satisfactorily, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to empower "The Faculty of Tropical Medicine of Bengal" constituted under the resolution cited in the preamble and the designation of which is hereby changed to "The Faculty of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, Bengal," to grant a Diploma in Public Health and Hygiene (D. P. H. and Hy.) and also a Diploma in Maternity and Child-welfare to the students of the Institute.

2. Government also sanction the inclusion of the Director and Professors of the All-India Institute of Hygiene and Public Health, Calcutta, as *ex-officio* members of the Faculty.

3. The Assistant Director of the School of Tropical Medicine, Calcutta, will be *ex-officio* Honorary Secretary of the said Faculty.

By order of the Govt. of Bengal
(Ministry of Local Self-Govt.),
H. P. V. TOWNEND,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Health, Bengal.

No. 13098A. — 9th November 1933.—Babu Jatindra Mohan Ray, assistant analyst, Bengal Public Health Laboratory, Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay for five days, with effect from the 7th November 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

R. B. KHAMBATA, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.,

Director of Public Health, Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Darjeeling.—No. 3030Edn.--7th November 1933.—Miss D. M. Guise is appointed temporarily to act as Games Mistress, Dow Hill Girls' School, Kurseong, with effect from the 4th March 1934, or any subsequent date on which she joins the appointment, during the absence, on leave, of Miss F. G. Smith, or until further orders.

Darjeeling.—No. 3033Edn.- 7th November 1933.—Mr. T. W. Clark, English Master, Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong, is allowed leave on half average pay, under rule 81 (*d*) of the Fundamental Rules, for the period intervening between the winter vacations of the school for 1933-34 and 1934-35 in combination with the said vacations, under rule 82 (*d*) of the said Rules.

Darjeeling.—No. 3046Edn.—7th November 1933.—Mr. J. H. Haywood is appointed temporarily to act as Physical Training Instructor and Games Master, Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong, with effect from the 7th November 1933, or any subsequent date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Mr. F. Berry, on leave, or until further orders.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Mr. K. Nazim-ud-Din, C.I.E.

Jalpaiguri-Darjeeling. — No. 3041Edn.—7th November 1933. — Babu Baidya Nath Chaudhury, Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Jalpaiguri, is appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service as District Inspector of Schools, Darjeeling, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Umesh Chandra De, or until further orders.

Howrah.—No. 3051Edn. — 7th November 1933.—Mr. Monoranjan Sen Gupta is appointed temporarily to act as Professor of Electrical Engineering, Bengal Engineering College, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment.

Registration.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Mr. K. Nazim-ud-Din, C.I.E.

Faridpur.—No. 749Regn. — 7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Abdus Samad to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-stations of Bhusna and Madhukhali, in the district of Faridpur.

Faridpur.—No. 750Regn. — 7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Abdus Samad to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-stations of Bhusna and Madhukhali, in the district of Faridpur.

Faridpur.—No. 753Regn. - - 7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Abdur Rahman to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-station of Rajoir, in the district of Faridpur.

Faridpur.—No. 754Regn.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Abdur Rahman to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-station of Rajoir, in the district of Faridpur.

Faridpur.—No. 757Regn.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Abdul Latif to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-station of Muksudpur, in the district of Faridpur.

Faridpur.—No. 758Regn.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Abdul Latif to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-station of Muksudpur, in the district of Faridpur.

Pabna. — No. 800Regn.—10th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Md. Abu Yusuf temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-station of Belkuchi, in the district of Pabna, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Md. Siddique, or until further orders.

Pabna. — No. 801Regn.—10th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Md. Abu Yusuf temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-station of Belkuchi, in the district of Pabna, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Md. Siddique, or until further orders.

Hooghly.—No. 806Regn.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi H. S. Asadulla temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar of the Shia Sect within the police-stations of Chinsura, Polba, Balagarh and Mogra, in the district of Hooghly, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Saiyid Husain Shirazi, or until further orders.

Hooghly.—No. 807Regn.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi H. S. Asadulla temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies of the Shia Sect within the police-stations of Chinsura, Polba, Balagarh and Mogra, in the district of Hooghly, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Saiyid Husain Shirazi, or until further orders.

Hooghly.—No. 812Regn.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Syed Golam Nabi temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-stations of Pandua and Dhaniakhali, in the district of Hooghly, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Chaudhuri Md. Abdul Jabbar, or until further orders.

Hooghly.—No. 813Regn.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Syed Golam Nabi temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-stations of Pandua and Dhaniakhali in the district of Hooghly, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Chaudhuri Md. Abdul Jabbar or until further orders.

H. R. WILKINSON,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

BENGAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

Midnapore.—No. 49-B. — 6th November 1933.—Mr. Manmatha Nath Kar, officiating District Inspector of Schools, Midnapore, in the Bengal Educational Service, is declared, in terms of Fundamental Rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*), to have been on leave on average pay for three days, with effect from 20th September 1933.

2. He was permitted to prefix to his leave the gazetted holiday on the 19th September 1933 and to suffix to it the Puja holidays, extending from 23rd September 1933 to 4th October 1933, provided the conditions prescribed in Subsidiary Rules 206 to 208 were fulfilled.

J. M. BOTTOMLEY,

Director of Public Instrn., Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

Tippera.—No. 515.—6th November, 1933.—Maulvi Makbul Ahmed, Sub-Registrar of Chaudagram, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for fourteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 498, dated the 25th October 1933.

Faridpur. — No. 516. — 6th November 1933.—Maulvi Abdul Khuleq Khan, Joint Sub-Registrar of Muksudpur at Kasiani, in the district of Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay for ten days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th October 1933.

This cancels this department notification No. 456, dated the 15th September 1933, granting the Sub-Registrar leave on average pay for one month, from the 5th October 1933.

Mymensingh.—No. 517.—6th November 1933.—Maulvi Muzammel Haq, formerly Sub-Registrar of Nagarpur, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed extraordinary leave without allowances for six months, under rule 85(*a*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 194, dated the 2nd May 1933.

Bakarganj.—No. 518.—7th November 1933.—Maulvi Hakimuddin Ahmed, Sub-Registrar under orders of transfer to Rajapur, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 310, dated the 14th July 1933.

24-Parganas-Khulna.—No. 519.—7th November 1933.—Babu Kunja Behari Chakrabatti, formerly Sub-Registrar of Naihati, in the district of the 24-Parganas, under orders of transfer to Kalaroa, in the district of Khulna, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 455, dated the 15th September 1933.

Dacca.—No. 520.—7th November 1933.—Maulvi A. A. Md. Hamid Bakht, Second Joint Sub-Registrar of Munshiganj at Tangibari, in the district of Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for seven days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 20th October 1933.

Bakarganj.—No. 521.—8th November 1933.—Maulvi Md. Azheruddin, Sub-Registrar of Kathalia in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for 15 days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 465, dated the 18th September 1933.

S. AHMED,

Inspr.-Genl. of Registration, Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 5593Com.—7th November 1933.—The following notice published by the Barrackpore Electric Supply Co., Ltd., in the "Statesman" of the 21st, 22nd and 24th October, 1933, is republished for general information in accordance with rule 13 (*4*) of the Indian Electricity Rules, 1922, framed by the Government of India under section 37 of the Indian Electricity Act, 1910 (IX of 1910).

Any objection, suggestion or representation which may be received by the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Commerce Department, up to the 21st January 1934, from any person, company or local authority in respect of the application of the Barrackpore Electric Supply Co., Ltd., will be considered by Government.

R. N. GILCHRIST,

Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The Barrackpore Electric License, 1933.

Notice is hereby given that the Barrackpore Electric Supply Company, Limited, a company incorporated under the Indian Companies Act and having their registered office at No 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta, have applied to the Government of Bengal, for the grant to them of an amended and consolidated license under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910 (as amended), to supersede the two licenses granted to them, namely—

(*1*) The Barrackpore (Cantonment) Electric License, 1905,

(*2*) The Barrackpore Subdivision Electric License, 1907, as amended in 1931,

together with an extension of area to the east of the Eastern Bengal Railway Main Line, for the supply of electrical energy to the public within an area of supply subject to the administration partly by—

(*1*) The Barrackpore Cantonment Board,

(*2*) The North Barrackpore Municipality,

(*3*) The Barrackpore Municipality, and

(*4*) The General Officer Commanding, Presidency and Assam District,

in Bengal for the purposes and upon and subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the draft license of which the following is a copy:—

The Barrackpore Electric License, 1933.

License for the supply of electrical energy granted by the Government of Bengal under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910.

License is hereby granted to the Barrackpore Electric Supply Company, Limited, a company incorporated under the Indian Companies Act, having their registered office at No. 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta, to supply electrical energy in the area, with the powers and upon the terms and conditions specified below.

Short title.

1. This license may be cited as "The Barrackpore Electric License, 1933."

Interpretations.

2. The several words, terms and expressions to which by the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, or any statutory modifications thereof or by the rules thereunder, meanings are assigned, shall have in this license the same respective meanings, provided that in this license:—

(*a*) "The Act" shall mean the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, and any statutory modifications thereof.

(*b*) The expression "The licensees" shall mean and include the said "The Barrackpore Electric Supply Company, Limited," and their permitted assigns

(*c*) The expression "Deposited Map" shall mean the plan of the area of supply hereinafter specified which has been deposited with Government in pursuance of the rules under the Act, which plan is signed for the purpose of identification by the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Commerce Department and by Messrs Kilburn & Co, Managing Agents of the licensees.

(*d*) The term "Unit" shall mean the quantity of energy equivalent to a current of one thousand amperes flowing under an electromotive force of one volt during one hour.

(*e*) Where streets are stated as the boundary of any area in this license the premises, properties or structures abutting upon either side of such streets are deemed to be within the area referred to, where any boundary is stated to be a railway the area shall be deemed to include such part of the said railway as lies along the boundary referred to.

Security.

3. The Local Government are satisfied that the licensees are in a position fully and efficiently to discharge the duties and obligations imposed upon them by this license throughout the area of supply. The licensees shall not therefore be required to deposit any security under clause 1 (*b*) of the Schedule to the said Act.

Area of supply.

4. The area above referred to and within which the supply of energy is authorised by this license (the area of supply under the Act) is the whole of the area as mentioned below and bounded as follows:—

On the North—from a place called Karbella (on the bank of the river) and an unnamed road passing between the filter beds of the Palta Water Works; the Race Course Road, Topkhana Road, a portion of Jaffarpore Road and by a line running in parallel at a distance of 400 yards to the north of Baraset Road.

On the East—by a line running in parallel at a distance of 1,700 yards to the east of Eastern Bengal Railway Main Line.

On the South—by the river Hooghly, by the southern boundary of the Barrackpore Park, a portion of the Grand Trunk Road, Talpukur East Road up to the railway line, Eastern Bengal Railway Main Line from the level crossing gate No. 12 to No. 10, Gobinda Chatterjee Road and a straight line from the junction of Gobinda Chatterjee Road and Old Calcutta Road up to the eastern boundary of the area.

On the West—by the river Hooghly.

The boundaries whereof are more particularly delineated on the deposited map by a heavy red line.

Situation of Generating Station.

5. The licensees' existing generating station is situated within the area covered by the license and future sub-stations will also be within such area

Compulsory works.

6. The compulsory works necessary under clause IV of the Schedule to the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, in respect of this license have already been completed.

Supply of energy.

7. (*1*) The licensees shall abide by the following conditions:—

(*a*) The licensees "conditions of supply" shall be approved by the Local Government.

(*b*) The amount of all miscellaneous charges, incidental to or in connection with the supply to consumers and which the licensees propose to make against consumers or prospective consumers, shall be so approved.

(2) The licensees shall not supply energy to any consumers or undertake work incidental to any such supply for a prospective consumer until—

(a) such prospective consumer shall have tendered to the licensees a requisition duly signed in the form for the time being approved by the Local Government, and

(b) such prospective consumer and the licensees shall have executed an agreement in a form approved by the Local Government.

Accounts.

8. (a) Separate and distinct accounts shall be kept by the licensees showing in full detail, as required by the Indian Electricity Act and rules thereunder, the working of the electrical undertaking for which this license is granted.

(b) The licensees shall not, without the previous sanction of the Local Government in writing, engage in any business other than that specially authorised by this license or essentially necessary to permit the licensees to carry out the obligations imposed by this license, the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, and the Indian Electricity Rules.

Nature of supply.

9. The nature of supply shall be a medium pressure, continuous current, three-wire supply, at a pressure at consumers' terminals at 440 volts between outers and 220 volts between each outer and neutral. The pressure stated above shall be uniform, within the limits prescribed by the Indian Electricity Rules, 1922, throughout the area of supply.

Provided always that the licensees may, from time to time, with the previous consent in writing of the Government of Bengal and subject to such limitations and conditions as shall be prescribed in writing by the Government of Bengal, adopt any other system of supply for the purpose of this License.

Method of construction.

10. The feeders, distributing mains and service connections may be overhead or underground in whole or in part and shall be erected, constructed and maintained by the licensees in strict conformity with the Act, the rules thereunder and the following provisions:—

(a) The licensees shall not use overhead mains at any higher pressure than medium pressure without the sanction in writing of the Government of Bengal in each case and subject to such conditions or limitations as the Government of Bengal may impose.

(b) No conductor of an aerial line shall be at a less distance than four feet horizontally or eight feet vertically from any building or structure whether permanent or temporary.

(c) In narrow lanes where it is not possible to maintain an horizontal clearance of four feet between the aerial lines and buildings or structures, underground cables shall be used, or alternatively a special method of construction of aerial lines to be approved of in writing under section 18 (1) of the Act.

The limits of rates to be charged in respect of the supply of energy.

11. The rates to be charged by the licensees for energy supplied by them shall not exceed the following maxima:—

(a) For domestic purposes.

I. **Lighting.**—Annas eight per unit metered, subject to a minimum charge of Rupees four and annas eight per month per kilowatt of the rated wattage of lamps installed, with a minimum charge for one kilowatt.

II. **Fans.**—Annas seven per unit metered, subject to a minimum charge of Rupees three and annas eight per month per kilowatt of the rated input of the fans installed, with a minimum charge for one kilowatt.

III. **Flat rate for lights and fans combined.**—Annas seven and pies six per unit metered, subject to a minimum charge of Rupees four per month per kilowatt of the rated wattage of lamps and input of fans installed, with a minimum charge for one kilowatt.

IV. **Small motors.**—(i) For each installation having motors the aggregate power of which does not exceed one kilowatt annas seven per unit metered, subject to a minimum charge of Rupees three per month per kilowatt of all the motors installed, with a minimum charge for one kilowatt.

(ii) For each installation having motors the aggregate power of which exceeds one but does not exceed three kilowatt—annas six per unit metered, subject to a minimum charge of Rupees three per month per kilowatt of all the motors installed.

V. **For heating, cooking, refrigerating and for all domestic purposes other than those specified in sub-clause (a) I to IV.**—Annas three per unit metered, subject to a minimum charge of Rupees three per month per kilowatt of the rated capacity of the appliances installed, with a minimum charge for one kilowatt.

(b) For industrial purposes.

I. For each installation having motors the aggregate rated brake horse power of which does not exceed four—Annas four per unit metered, subject to a minimum charge of Rupees five per month per brake horse power of all the motors installed, with a minimum charge for one brake horse power.

II. For each installation having motors the aggregate rated brake horse power of which exceeds four, either:—

(i) Rupees eight per kilowatt of maximum demand during the month *plus* annas two and pies six per unit metered, subject to a minimum charge of Rupees six per month per kilowatt of the power reserved under the agreements.

(ii) Rupees five per month per rated brake horse power of all the motors installed *plus* annas two and pies six per unit metered, subpect to a minimum charge of Rupees four per month per brake horse power of the motors installed.

Note.—When the minimum charge specified in clause 11, sub-clauses (*a*) I, (*a*) II, (*a*) III, (*a*) IV (*i*), (*a*) IV (*ii*), (*a*) V, (*b*) I, (*b*) II (*i*) and (*b*) II (*ii*) above is levied then no other charge for energy consumed shall be made.

Purchase of undertaking.

12. (*a*) The option of purchase given by section 7, sub-section (*1*) of the Act, shall be first exercisable on the expiration of fifty years from the date of notification of the grant of this license and thereafter on the expiration of every subsequent period of twenty years and the term of such purchase shall be determined, in case of difference or dispute, by arbitration as provided by section 7, sub-section (*1*) of the Act. The percentage of the value to be determined in accordance with and for the purpose of section 7 (*1*) of the Act, of lands, buildings, works, materials and plants of the licensees therein mentioned to be added under the second proviso of that sub-section to such value on account of compulsory purchase, shall be twenty per cent

(*b*) In accordance with section 3, sub-section (*2*), clause (*d*) (*ii*) of the Act, it is hereby declared that the transformer stations, if any, to be used in connection with the undertaking shall form part of the undertaking for the purpose of purchase under section 5, or section 7 of the Act.

(*c*) During the period of notice prescribed in section 7 (*4*) of the Act all extensions and outlays of money debitable to the capital account of the licensees shall be subject to the previous approval of the Government.

Transfer of license.

13. Within five years from the date of grant of this license, the licensees shall not seek to transfer, assign, charge or otherwise deal with or dispose of this license with a view to obtaining monetary or any other consideration in excess of that expended by them in obtaining license together with any other preliminary expenses incurred thereby. Full particulars, setting out in detail the amounts expended and also those expected to be obtained shall be submitted to Government by the licensees when any application is made for the disposal of this license.

Variations from the Schedule to the Act.

14. In pursuance of clause (*f*) of sub-section (*2*) of section 3 of the Act it is hereby expressly declared that—

(*a*) The following sub-clause shall be substituted for clause VI, sub-clause (*5*), namely:—

"Every requisition under this clause shall be in a form approved by the Local Government and copies of the form shall be kept in the office of the licensees and supplied free of charge to any applicant."

(*b*) The following sub-clause shall be substituted for clause X, sub-clause (*2*), namely:—

"Before commencing to supply energy through any new distributing main the licensees shall give notice, by public advertisement in such manner as shall be previously approved by the Local Government of the method by which they propose to charge for energy so supplied and the rates at which such energy will be supplied, and, where the licensees have given such notice, they shall not be entitled to change the method of charging or the rates at which energy will be supplied without giving notice thereof by public advertisement in the manner aforesaid and giving not less than one month's notice in writing of such change to the Local Government, and to the local authority, if any, concerned, and to every consumer of energy who is supplied by them from such distributing main."

(*c*) The following clause shall be substituted for the first paragraph of clause XI, namely:—

"Save as provided by clause IX, sub-clause (*3*), the prices to be charged by the licensees for energy supplied shall be those approved from time to time by the Local Government.

Securing continuity of supply.

15. It shall be the duty of the licensees (which expression shall for the purpose of this clause and clause 16 immediately following be taken to mean and include the licensees, their employees, servants and agents and their permitted assignees), to give to the nearest Magistrate immediate and full information of any circumstances in which interruption of the supply may be apprehended as a result of civil commotion or disturbance of the public peace or any strike or lock-out of the nature specified in section 15 of the Trade Disputes Act, 1929.

Revocation.

16. If the licensees shall in the opinion of Government have failed to give such immediate and full information as is required in clause 15 hereof or if at any time any interruption of the supply shall occur which in the opinion of Government is attributable to any wilful or preventable default or neglect on the part of the licensees or if the licensees shall in the opinion of Government fail to comply with any of the provisions of any of the clauses of this license or if the general direction and control of the licensees shall cease to be in the hands of British subjects, the license may be revoked.

Copy of the deposited map referred to and the draft license may be inspected at the office of:—

(*1*) Messrs. Kilburn & Co., Managing Agents, The Barrackpore Electric Supply Company, Limited, 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta.

(*2*) The Barrackpore Cantonment Board, Barrackpore.

(*3*) The North Barrackpore Municipality, Barrackpore.

(*4*) The Barrackpore Municipality, Barrackpore, and

(*5*) The General Officer Commanding, Presidency and Assam District, Barrackpore

Copy of the draft license may be obtained at a cost of Re. 1 per copy from:—

Messrs. Kilburn & Co., 4, Fairlie Place Calcutta.

Every local authority, company, or person desirous of making any representation to the Government of Bengal with reference to the application for the license, may do so by letter addressed to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Commerce Department, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta, within three months of the date of the issue of the newspaper in which this advertisement is first published, namely, the 21st October 1933.

For and on behalf of The Barrackpore Electric Supply Company, Limited,
KILBURN & CO., *Managing Agents.*

No. 5610Com.—8th November 1933.—Mr. R. Grant, Chief Inspector and Secretary, Smoke Nuisances Commission, Bengal, has been granted by the High Commissioner for India, an extension of leave on half average pay for five days, with effect from the 6th December 1933.

R. N. GILCHRIST,
Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Establishment.

NOTIFICATION

No. 58.—7th November 1933.—Babu Srish Chandra Bhattacharjee, Assistant Engineer, Rajshahi Division, is granted, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for one month and six days, from the 10th October 1933 to the 15th November 1933 (both days inclusive).

W. J. KERR, *Chief Engineer.*

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

Agriculture.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Nawab K. G. M. Faroqui, Khan Bahadur.

Dacca.—No. 5665Agri.—8th November 1933.—Babu Binode Lal Mukherjee, District Agricultural Officer, is appointed to act as Head Master, Secondary Agricultural School, Dacca, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Rajnath Roy, or until further orders.

This cancels notification No. 527T.A.I., dated the 12th October 1933.

Veterinary.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Nawab K. G. M. Faroqui, Khan Bahadur.

Calcutta.—No. 5669Vety.—8th November 1933.—The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Agriculture) are pleased to make the following amendment to rule 23 of the rules for the admission of students to, and regulation of their studies in, the Bengal Veterinary College:—

For "graduate of the Bengal Veterinary College" *substitute* "graduate in Veterinary Science" in lines 1 and 2 of the rule.

CORRIGENDUM.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Nawab K. G. M. Faroqui, Khan Bahadur.

24-Parganas.—No. 5578Vety.—2nd November 1933.—In notification No. 479T.A.I., dated the 22nd September 1933, published at page 1416, Part 1 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th October 1933, *for* "Mr. K. K. Das, 10, Atapara Lane, Dum Dum" *read* "Mr. K. K. Das, B.A. (Cal.), F.R.H.S. (Lond.), Zamindar, 16, Attapara Lane, Dum Dum".

Excise.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

Dinajpur.—No. 5652Ex. — 7th November 1933.—Maulvi Wasiq Ahmad, Inspector of Excise and Salt, in charge, Dinajpur, is allowed leave on average pay from 17th October to 22nd December 1933 (both days inclusive), under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave already granted to him under orders of 21st September 1933.

Calcutta-Dinajpur. — No. 5653Ex. — 7th November 1933.—Babu Dinesh Chandra Sen Gupta, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Calcutta, is transferred to Dinajpur and placed in charge of the district during the absence, on leave of Maulvi Wasiq Ahmad, or until further orders.

L. R. FAWCUS,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

Orders by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 11283.—9th November 1933.—In modification of this office notifications No. 155-L., dated the 11th May 1932, and No. 146-L., dated the 30th April 1932, so far as they relate to the appointment of Babu Debendra Nath Chakravarty, M.A., B.L., Pleader, Balurghat, as liquidator of the Kaigram Uttarpara Co-operative Bank and Nadair Joutha Bank, respectively, in the district of Dinajpur, I appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Balurghat, as liquidator of the said societies.

No. 65-L. 9th November 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Sonatala Central Co-operative Sale and Supply Society, Limited (registered No. 306 of 1926), in the subdivision Sadar in the district of Bogra, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Bogra, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 66-L.—9th November 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Chandpur Co-operative Bank (registered No. 6/Noa. of 1930), in the subdivision Feni in the district of Noakhali, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the departmental officer in charge of Co-operative Societies, Feni Circle, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 67-L.—9th November 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Sholashahar Joutha Dugdha Sarbaraha Samity (registered No. 11/Chi. of 1931), in the subdivision Sadar in the district of Chittagong, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the departmental officer in charge of Co-operative Societies, Chittagong, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 68-L.—9th November 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Daulatpur Paschimpara Joutha Bank (registered No. 69C of 1922), in the subdivision Sadar in the district of Tippera, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the departmental officer in charge of Co-operative Societies, Comilla (North Circle), to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 11401.—13th November 1933.—It is hereby notified that the next Departmental Examination of Inspectors and Auditors of Co-operative Societies will be held in the Writers' Buildings, Calcutta, on the 18th and 19th December 1933, in the following order:—

Date	Subject	Time
1933		
18th December	Part I	10-30 a.m. to 1-30 p.m.
18th ..	Part II	2 p.m to 5 p.m.
19th ..	Part III	10 30 a.m. to 1-30 p.m.

2. There will be an additional examination on "Banking" on the 19th December 1933 between 2 p.m. and 5 p.m. for examinees other than Departmental Officers.

A. M. ARSHADALI,

Regr., Co-operative Societies, Bengal (offg.).

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Land Revenue.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Darjeeling. — No. 763T.R. — 20th October 1933.—The following proposed plan for lighting a portion of the Darjeeling Municipality in the district of Darjeeling, which together with a map showing the lighting area, has been submitted by the Commissioners of that Municipality to the Government of Bengal for sanction under section 308, read with section 319 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), in supersession of the plan sanctioned in Government notification No. 5866 M., dated the 31st December 1897, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The map may be inspected at the office of the Municipal Commissioners.

2. The proposed plan will be taken into consideration on the 15th December 1933 and any objection or suggestion which may be received by the undersigned through the Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling before that date will be duly considered

Plan.

Light will be supplied from one thousand and six electric lamps as shown in the accompanying statement. Current will be provided from the municipal power station at Sidrapong as heretofore. The lighting rate will be levied at 3 per cent. on the annual value of holdings as at present —

(1) Statement showing the number of lights in each road and lane to be lighted within the Darjeeling Municipality.

Name of roads.	No. of lamps. Watts.		
	60	75	200
Bryngwyn Road			1
Mackenzie Road			9
Waddell Road ..			5
Banstead Road ..	[illegible]		
Salt Hill Road ..	7		
Harmon Road ..	5		
Theatre Road ..	2		
Tonga Road ..	9		
Mahatab Chand Road	5		
Mackintosh Road	22		
Elysee Road ..	5		
Prestage Road ..	10		
Kutchery Road ..	6		
Jail Road ..	23		
Dharamsala Road	3		
Chowk Bazar ..	11		
Jhamah Busti ..	3		
Daroga Bazar Road	4		
Old Kutchery Lane	2		
Dispensary Road	3		
Ballen Ville Road	3		
Mount Pleasant Road	8		
Lloyd Road ..	3		
Musjid Road ..	2		
Convent Road ..	15		
Hooker Road ..	9		
Rivers Hill Road	3		
Snowy View Road	2		
Rungeet Road (partly)	35		
Apple Tree Road	13		
Chebu Lama Road ..	4		
Bhutia Busti Lane ..	4		
Commercial Row ..			13
Robertson Road.. ..			12
Meadow Bank*			
Mohanlal Busti	3		
Singtom Cemetery Road ..	2		
Sintom Road (partly) ..	6		
Tukvar Road (partly) ..	13		
Morgan Road	7		
Goode Road	8		
Ferndale Road	26		
Conservancy Road ..	32		
Forrest Road	23		
Senchal Road up to Keventer's Dairy Farm ..		5	
Rajhatta Ghoom ..		2	
Bhanjan Road up to Kharga Villa		26	
Dharamsala Road ..		[illegible]	
Auckland Road up to the gate of Retreat	67		
Auckland Road from Pines Hotel to Ghoom Post Office ..			
Jalapahar Road up to the gate of Mount Vernon Villa ..	97		
West Birch Hill Road up to St. Joseph College ..	43		
East Birch Hill Road up to Holmden	14		
Cart Road from the gate of St Joseph's College to the gate of Jalpaiguri house ..	111		
Cart Road from Ghoom Post Office to Veterinary Hospital		23	
Victoria Fall Road from the junction of the Ferndale Road to the junction of Marion Road			
Victoria Road from Tonglu View to Bertram Villa ...	10		
East Mall Road			
West Mall Road ..			
Auckland Zig Zag Road ..	6		
Ashley Road	3		
Babuganj Road	8		
Chowrasta pavilion* ..	1		
Eden Falls Road ..	6		
Hermitage Road ..	8		
Holmden Road	7		
Karma Road	3		
Marion Road	10		
Pound Road	2		
West Point	8		
Toongsoong Busti ..	11		
Toongsoong Zig Zag Road ..	6		
Sudhir Kumari Road ..	9		
Fish and Vegetable Market ..	15		
Meat Market	9		
West Lebong Road ..	17		
Burdwan Road	1		
Grand Total ..	858	71	76

1,005+1*=1,006

*** One 500 Watt lamp.**

(2) Statement showing the number of lights proposed in the Public latrines within the Darjeeling Municipality.

	No. of latrine.	No. of lights. Watts. 60	75
B1	Near "Glen" ..	1	
B2	Near "Altamont Villa II"	1	
B4	Near Railway Station ..	2	
B5	In Butcher Busti ..	1	
B6	On Rockville Road ..	2	
B7	On Lloyd Road	2	
B8	Between "H" and "K" Buildings	3	
B9	Near "H" Buildings ..	4	
B10	Near Rope Way ..	1	
B11	Near Jiten Jhora ..	1	
B12	On Forest Road ..	1	
B13	On Mount Pleasant Road near Thorn Cottage ..		
B15	Commercial Row ..		
B16	Mount Pleasant Road ..		
B17	Near "C" Building ..		
B18	Near Old Municipal Office		
B19	Pound Road ..		
B20	Jail Road ..		
B21	Beechwood Road ..		
B22	Prestage Road ..		
K1	Below St. Paul School ..		
K2	Collinton Road ..		
K3	Werneckie Road ..		
K4	Marion Road ..		
K5	Tonga Road		
K6	Kagjhora (North) ..		
K7	Mackintosh Road ..		
N1	Karma Road ..		
N2	Rungeet Road ..		
N3	Chebu Lama Road ..		
S1	Rungeet Road near slaughter house		
S2	Rungeet Road near school		
S3	Rungeet Road near septic tank	1	
W1	Near Gymkhana Club ..	2	
W2	Near Caroline Villa ..	2	
W3	Kutchery Road ..	2	
W4	Convent Road ..	1	
W5	Hooker Road ..	1	
W6	Kutchery compound ..	3	
W7	Near Happy Valley Transformer House ..		
W8	Near Meat Market ..		
	Chowrasta Urinal		
	Singamari near St. Joseph's College		
	Singamari near Municipal Transformer house ..		
	Jorebungalow near Jangbir Sardar's house ..		
	Jorebungalow near Messrs. Siridharilall Badri Narayan's shop		
	Jorebungalow near Veterinary Hospital		
	Singtom Road latrine ..	1	
	Grand Total ..	67	

24-Parganas-Khulna. — No. 12282L.R.—7th November 1933.—Under the provisions of section 3 (*14*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the undermentioned kanungos are authorised to discharge, in the districts of 24-Parganas and Khulna, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights:—

Babu Shyama Kanta Gangali.
Babu Mohini Mohan Chaudhuri.
Maulvi Syed Fazlar Rahaman.
Babu Anukul Chandra Das.

Jalpaiguri.—No. 12306L.R.—8th November 1933.—The Governor in Council is pleased to cancel so much of notification No. 7935L.R., dated the 5th September 1921, published at pages 1524-27, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 14th idem, in respect of reservation of 20 blocks of land in pargana South Mainaguri of Mainaguri tahsil in the district of Jalpaiguri, as relates to an area of 123·50 acres comprised in block No LIX in taluk Jhar Bargila.

Midnapore-Rangpur.—No. 12493L.R.—10th November 1933.—Babu Sailesh Chandra Chatarji, Sub-Deputy Collector, Midnapore, is, in the interest of public service, appointed to be an Assistant Settlement Officer in the district of Rangpur, with effect from the date on which he joins his settlement duties in that district.

Rangpur.—No. 12494L.R — 10th November 1933.—Under the provisions of section 3 (*14*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Sailesh Chandra Chatarji, Sub-Deputy Collector, is authorised to discharge, in the district of Rangpur, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights.

He is also vested with the powers of an Assistant Settlement Officer, under Chapter VII, Part I, of the rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act, in respect of the aforesaid area.

Midnapore.—No. 13023L.R.—11th November 1933.—Maulvi Abdul Karim (II), Sub-Deputy Collector and Assistant Settlement Officer, Midnapore, was allowed leave, on average pay for three weeks only, with effect from the 15th October 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

Bankura.—No. 13027L.R.—13th November 1933.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 1 of the Bengal Rent Recovery (Under tenures) Act, 1865 (Act VIII of 1865), Babu Sachindra Nath Chatarji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bankura, is authorised to exercise the full powers of a Collector under the said Act for the purpose of holding the Patni sales in that district on the 17th November 1933.

Khulna. No. 13146L.R.- 13th November 1933.- In pursuance of the provisions of section 1 of the Bengal Rent Recovery (Under-tenures) Act, 1865 (Bengal Act VIII of 1865), Babu Anadi Ranjan Bose, Deputy Collector, Khulna, is authorised to exercise the full powers of a Collector under the said Act for the purpose of holding the Patni sales in that district on the 17th November 1933.

24-Parganas. — No. 13031L.R. — 13th November 1933.—Under section 3 of the Bengal Survey Act (V of 1875), the Governor in Council is pleased to order that a survey shall be made of all lands which are comprised in the Government and temporarily-settled private estates mentioned below, of the 24-Parganas Collectorate, and that the boundaries of the estates, tenures, mauzas and fields be demarcated on the lands so to be surveyed:—

List of Government estates in the district of 24-Parganas.

Serial No.	Name of estate.	Number of estate.
1	Port Canning	2692/2834
2	Sankdah ...	1467
3	Noonpahara mauza ...	3186
4	Kamarpole	111/2835
5	Saugor Islands, 3rd portion .	2968
6	Saugor Islands, 1st and 2nd portion ...	2928
	Monsadwip, 2nd portion . .	3024
8	Lot No 163, 2nd portion	2838
9	Lot No 163, 3rd portion	2839
10	Lot No 163, 4th portion .	2840
11	Lot No. 16, 4th portion	2841
12	Lot No. 15, 1st portion ...	2842
13	Lot No. 138, East portion ...	2844
14	Lot No. 135, 3rd portion ...	2845
15	Lot No. 139, 1st portion ...	2846
16	Lot No. 16, 1st portion ..	2653
17	Sonakania ...	3076
18	Ramkerar Char, East portion ...	2931
19	Dosra Bhagwanpur	1531/2835
20	Lot No. 111, 7th portion . .	2847
21	Lot No. 111, 6th portion .	2848
22	Lot No. 111, 11th portion . .	2849
23	Lot No. 122, West Gabtola ...	2850
24	Lot No 122, East Gabtala . .	2851
25	Lot No. 111, 9th portion	2852
26	Lot No. 128, 1st portion, South portion	2853
	Lot No. 111, 10th portion	2854
28	Block D, 1st portion	2855
29	Lot No. 114, 3rd portion	2856
30	Lot No. 114, 7th portion	2857
31	Lot No. 15, 2nd portion	2858
32	Lot No. 15, 3rd portion	2859
33	Southern par of lot No. 15, 4th portion .	2860
34	Lot No 114, 1st portion ...	2861
35	Lot No. 128, 2nd portion of the reserved portion	2862
36	Lot No 114, 5th portion	2863
37	Lot No 114, 2nd portion	2864
38	Lot No 111, 8th portion	2865
39	Lot No. 111, 9th portion	2866
40	Lot No. 110, 3rd or South portion .	2867
41	Lot No. 114, 4th portion . .	2868
42	Lot No 111, 6th portion ...	2869
43	Lot D, 2nd portion ...	2870
44	North portion of Lot No. 15, 4th portion ...	3031
45	Lot No 16, 3rd portion ...	2843
46	Char Panitar	3010/3028
47	Lot No. 139, 2nd portion ..	2872
48	Lot No. 163, 5th portion ...	2871
49	Lot No. 132, "A" portion ...	2877
50	Chak Foodubi (Sagore Island) ...	2929
51	Lot No. 112, 1st portion, Block A ...	2873
52	Lot No. 113, 3rd portion ...	2874
53	Lot No. 115, 6th portion ...	2875
54	Lot No. 112, 3rd portion ..	2876
55	Lot No. 115, 3rd portion ...	2878
56	Lot No. 112, 2nd portion .	2879
57	Lot No. 112, 4th portion ...	2880
58	Plot D, 5th portion . .	2881
59	Lot No. 113, 2nd portion ...	2882
60	Lot No. 115, 4th portion ...	2883
61	Lot No. 115, 2nd portion ..	2884
62	Lot No. 113, 1st portion ..	2885
63	Lot No. 115, 5th portion ..	2886
64	Plot D, 3rd portion ..	2887
65	Plot D, 4th portion . .	2888
66	Ramkarrer Char, West portion ...	2930
67	Traver land, 2nd portion	2932
68	Lot No. 112, 1st portion, Block B ..	3033
69	Lot No 112, 1st portion, Block D .	3034
	Lot No. 112, 1st portion, Block F ..	3035
	Lot No. 112, 1st portion, Block C ..	3036
	Lot No. 112, 1st portion, Block E ...	3037
	Lot No. 112, 1st portion, Block G ..	3038
	Baranagar	1068/2834
[illegible]	Bilbulli (Kushkhali)	3140
76	Mathari Abad .	3196
77	Plot H, 1st portion	2889
78	Plot H, 3rd portion . .	2890
79	Plot E, 2nd portion ...	2891
80	Plot E, 3rd portion ...	2892
81	Plot 3rd portion ...	2894
82	Plot I, 9th portion ..	2895
83	Lot No. 111, 8th portion ...	2896
84	Plot J, 2nd portion ...	2897
85	Plot I, 1st portion ...	2898
86	Plot No. 2nd portion ..	2899
87	Plot I, 5th portion .	2900
88	Plot E, 5th portion ..	2901
89	Plot E, 7th portion .	2902
90	Plot J, 3rd portion	2903
91	Plot J, 4th portion	2904
92	Lot No. 122, 6th portion .	2905
93	Lot No. 122, 2nd portion	2906
94	Lot No. 116, 4th portion ..	2907
95	Lot F, 1st portion .	2908
96	Lot No. 116, 6th portion ...	2909
97	Lot No. 122, 5th portion ..	2910
98	Plot J, 1st portion ...	2911
99	Plot I, 4th portion .	2912
100	Plot I, 6th portion .	2913
101	Plot I, 8th portion ..	2914
102	Plot D, reserve portion, . .	2915
103	Plot H, 2nd portion ...	2916
104	Plot I, 7th portion ...	2917
105	Lot No. 122, 3rd portion ...	2918
106	Lot No. 122, 4th portion ..	2919
107	Lot No. 116, 5th portion ...	2920
108	Lot No. 116, 3rd portion ...	2921
109	Lot No. 122, 1st portion ...	2922
110	Lot No. 127 ...	2923
111	Lot No. 128, South portion ...	2924
112	Plot E, 1st portion ...	2925
113	Plot E, 4th portion ...	2926

Serial No	Name of estate.	Number of estate.
114	Plot F, 2nd portion ...	2927
115	Shikerpur, 2nd portion ..	2933
116	Plot H, 4th portion .	2938
117	Lot No. 11, reserve portion	2940
118	Lot No. 113, reserve portion .	2941
119	Shikerpur, 3rd portion .	2967
120	Plot E, Northern portion of 6th portion • .	3030

List of temporarily-settled private estates in the district of 24-Parganas.

Serial No.	Name of estate	Number of estate.
1	Lot No. 73, Abad Champur	1488
2	Iswaripur	1333
3	Lot No. 98, Abad Champur	1404
4	Lot No. 82	1825

Khulna.—No. 13032L.R.—13th November 1933.—Under section 3 of the Bengal Survey Act, 1875 (V of 1875), the Governor in Council is pleased to order that a survey shall be made of all lands which are comprised in the Government and temporarily-settled private estates mentioned below of the Khulna Collectorate and that the boundaries of the estates, tenures, mauzas and fields be demarcated on the lands so to be surveyed:—

List of Government estates in the district of Khulna.

Serial No.	Name of estate	Number of estate.
	Mahal Islam Char Kobatakshi	1061
	Sundarbans Abadkari, mahal Sutarkhali, 1st part Lot No. 224-Kailashganj	1016
3	Lot No. 225, 5th portion	1017
4	Lot No 225, 6th portion	1018
5	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Banisanta, Lot No th portion	1019
	Boyer Singha	877
	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Kalmitunia	792
8	Katamari	798
9	Fakirer Takai *alias* Baruikhali ..	873
10	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Uttar Baghairdiar	785
11	Mydia Izara Gurna chak	834
12	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Taitala Alokdia	853
13	Khas mahal Gumantali	828
14	Fulbata	874
15	Kharaikhali .	816
16	Gazalia .	824
17	Mahish Chari ..	905
18	Sutalari Chak .	936
19	Alladpur	779
20	Khanka .	232
21	Tetulia Labsa and others	391
22	Lakshminathpur and others	164
23	Ghona ..	353
24	Khetrapara .	540
25	Khas mahal Kalidaspur .	808
26	Mahal Chak Surnal ..	935
27	Sundarbans Khas Abadi, mahal Chandikhali ...	971
28	Khas mahal Mamudabad ...	984
29	Khas mahal Chakla Telekhali ...	855
30	Khas mahal Char Magura ...	835
31	Alokdia Chak ...	781
32	Alomtala ...	782
33	Kurulia ...	786
34	Orabunia ...	787
35	Kunibunia ...	809
36	Khepna ...	821
37	Guachoba ...	831
38	Gewabunia ...	832
39	Charkiberki ...	838
40	Matan ...	842
41	Chandimukhi ...	843
42	Seora Changakhali ...	844
43	Dheramari Abad ...	859
44	Chak Nayantala ...	861
45	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Parmadartala ...	969
46	Durgatala ...	857
47	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Basudebpur and others	881
48	Bajeapti, mahal Biaralakhi (Purba) ...	891
49	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Sonarpur ...	939
50	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Katalia ...	799
51	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Kaipakuria ...	811
52	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Chak Monakati ...	812
53	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Khagrabunia ..	815
54	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Gazinagar ...	825
55	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Madartala ...	847
56	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Parmagurkhali ...	870
57	Khas Mahal Dakshin Bhagherdiar ...	887
58	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Chak Magur Khali ...	907
59	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Langalmara ...	974
60	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Chak Batanga ...	784
61	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Khasimara ...	797
62	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Jabakhali ...	829
63	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Godaria ...	830
64	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Jamira ...	863
65	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Pana ...	871
66	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Patimari ...	872
67	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Biasarabad ...	884
68	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Basakkhali ...	885
69	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Bahirbunia ...	886
70	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Badiarkona ...	889
71	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Bishnupur ...	893
72	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Beparbhita ...	894
73	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Boalmari Chak ...	895

Serial No.	Name of estate	Number of estate.
74	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Bharbharia Chak ...	896
75	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Lakshikhola ...	915
76	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Laskar ...	916
77	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Samukpota ..	932
78	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Siberbati ..	933
79	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Sing Jore ..	942
80	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Kulsrikantapur .	943
81	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Haria ...	949
82	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Hetalburia .	950
83	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Helakhardanga .	951
84	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Choradanga	953
85	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Dighalia ...	956
86	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Dhuligarti	852
87	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Nagirdia Chak	865
88	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Haraganti	94[illegible]
89	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Khondokererber ...	822
90	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Sutarkhali, 1st part, Lot No. 224, Srinagar Kalinagar .	800
91	Khas mahal Lot No. 223, Purbabajua ...	888
92	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Shaheber Abad ...	931
93	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Poschim Biralakshi ..	892
94	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Gobindapore ..	954
95	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Nasimabad ...	860
96	Labsa (Chotta) ...	696
97	Sahapara ...	1224
98	Kharia Dhamsquakhali ...	813
99	Char Jamuna ...	836

List of temporarily-settled private estates in the district of Khulna.

Serial No.	Name of estate	Number of estate.
1	Surplus accretion to Mochandapur	1249
2	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Kanchiparamia ...	796
3	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Chakgodardanga Lot No. 220, Katamara ..	823
4	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Chak Munkia ..	910
5	Maliki Mahal Charpania	1027
6	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Chandipur ...	1037
7	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Islampur ...	1039
8	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Char Mamudpur ...	1040
9	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Char Chongrakhali ...	1043
10	Maliki mahal Char Sitalpur ...	1030
11	Maliki mahal Char Roypur, etc.	1036
12	Maliki mahal Katipara ...	791
13	Maliki mahal Khosemat ...	989
14	Diara mahal Tengramari ...	849
15	Maliki mahal Taltala, ...	898
16	Char Hadirabad ...	938
17	Char Haidrabad ...	975
18	Gachia Aurtala ...	778
19	Maliki mahal Sonaigharamir Char ...	1033
20	Maliki mahal, Char Majhat ...	1035
21	Maliki mahal, Char Satbari ...	1044
22	Maliki mahal, Char Chandraganti	866
23	Maliki mahal, Char Srirampur ...	900
24	Char Srirampur ...	982
25	Diara mahal, Char Hadinabad (No. II) ...	976
26	Maliki mahal, Char Bagaigram ...	1025
27	Maliki mahal, Char Hasankati ...	1032
28	Maliki mahal, Khosba Mantala ...	788
29	Maliki mahal, Char Kacharahati, etc. ...	1031
30	Maliki mahal, Char Fulbaria, etc.	1041
31	Maliki mahal, Char Bara Chingrakhali ...	1042
32	Maliki mahal, Char Uthali Gopalpur	968

24-Parganas.—No. 13033L.R.– 13th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 101 (2) (*d*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to order that a survey shall be made and a record-of-rights prepared in respect of all lands which are comprised in the following Government estates of the 24-Parganas Collectorate:

List of Government estates in the district of 24-Parganas.

Serial No.	Name of estate	Number of estate
1	Port C:	2692/2834
2	Sankdah ..	1467
3	Noonpahara mauza .	3186
	Kamarpole	111, 2835
	Saugor Islands, 3rd portion	2968
	Saugor Islands, 1st and 2nd portion	2928
	Monsadwip, 2nd portion	3024
8	Lot No. 163, 2nd portion	2838
9	Lot No. 163, 3rd portion	2839
10	Lot No. 163, 4th portion	2840
11	Lot No. 16, 4th portion	2841
12	Lot No. 15, 1st portion .	2842
13	Lot No. 138, East portion	2844
14	Lot No. 135, 3rd portion .	2845
15	Lot No. 139, 1st portion	2846
16	Lot No. 16, 1st portion .	2653

Serial No.	Name of estate.	Number of estate.
17	Sonakania ...	3076
18	Ramkerar Char, East portion ...	2931
19	Dosra Bhagwanpur	1531/2835
20	Lot No. 111, 7th portion ...	2847
21	Lot No. 111, 6th portion ...	2848
22	Lot No. 111, 11th portion ...	2849
23	Lot No. 122, West Gabtola ..	2850
24	Lot No. 122, East Gabtala .	2851
25	Lot No. 111, 9th portion ...	2852
26	Lot No. 128, 1st portion South portion ..	2853
27	Lot No. 111, 10th portion ...	2854
28	Block D, 1st portion ..	2855
29	Lot No. 114, 3rd portion .	2856
30	Lot No. 114, 7th portion .	2857
31	Lot No. 15, 2nd portion .	2858
32	Lot No. 15, 3rd portion	2859
33	Southern part of lot No. 15, 4th portion ..	2860
34	Lot No. 114, 1st portion ...	2861
35	Lot No. 128, 2nd portion of the reserved portion ...	2862
36	Lot No. 114, 5th portion ..	2863
37	Lot No. 114, 2nd portion ...	2864
38	Lot No. 114, 8th portion ..	2865
39	Lot No. 114, 9th portion .	2866
40	Lot No. 110, 3rd or South portion ...	2867
41	Lot No. 114, 4th portion .	2868
42	Lot No. 114, 6th portion ..	2869
43	Lot D, 2nd portion ..	2870
44	North portion of Lot No. 15, 4th portion ..	3031
45	Lot No. 16, 3rd portion ...	2843
46	Char Panitar	3010/3028
47	Lot No. 139, 2nd portion ...	2872
48	Lot No. 163, 5th portion ...	2871
49	Lot No. 132 "A" portion ...	2877
50	Chak Foodubi (Sagore Island) ...	2929
51	Lot No. 112, 1st portion, Block A ..	2873
52	Lot No. 113, 3rd portion ...	2874
53	Lot No. 115, 6th portion	2875
54	Lot No. 112, 3rd portion ...	2876

Serial No.	Name of estate.	Number of estate.
55	Lot No. 115, 3rd portion ...	2878
56	Lot No. 112, 2nd portion ...	2879
57	Lot No. 112, 4th portion	2880
58	Plot D, 5th portion ...	2881
59	Lot No. 113, 2nd portion	2882
60	Lot No. 115, 4th portion .	2883
61	Lot No. 115, 2nd portion .	2884
62	Lot No. 113, 1st portion	2885
63	Lot No. 115, 5th portion .	2886
64	Plot D, 3rd portion ..	2887
65	Plot D, 4th portion ...	2888
66	Ramkarrei, Char West portion ..	2930
67	Traver land, 2nd portion .	2932
68	Lot No. 112, 1st portion, Block B .	3033
69	Lot No. 112, 1st portion, Block D ..	3034
70	Lot No. 112, 1st portion, Block F ..	3035
71	Lot No. 112, 1st portion, Block C	3036
72	Lot No. 112, 1st portion, Block E ..	3037
73	Lot No. 112, 1st portion, Block G ...	3038
74	Baranagar	1068/2834
75	Bilbulli (Kushkhali) ...	3140
76	Matbari Abad ...	3196
77	Plot No. H, 1st portion ...	2889
78	Plot H, 3rd portion ...	2890
79	Plot E, 2nd portion ...	2891
80	Plot E, 3rd portion ..	2892
81	Plot I, 3rd portion ...	2894
82	Plot I, 9th portion ..	2895
83	Lot No. 111, 8th portion .	2896
84	Plot J, 2nd portion ..	2897
85	Plot I, 1st portion .	2898
86	Plot No. I, 2nd portion .	2899
87	Plot I, 5th portion ...	2900
88	Plot E, 5th portion ..	2901
89	Plot E, 7th portion	2902
90	Plot J, 3rd portion	2903
91	Plot J, 4th portion ..	2904
92	Lot No. 122, 6th portion ..	2905
93	Lot No. 122, 2nd portion ...	2906
94	Lot No. 116, 4th portion ...	2907
95	Lot F, 1st portion ..	2908
96	Lot No. 116, 6th portion ...	2909
97	Lot No. 122, 5th portion ...	2910
98	Plot J, 1st portion ...	2911
99	Plot I, 4th portion ...	2912
100	Plot I, 6th portion ...	2913
101	Plot I, 8th portion ...	2914
102	Plot D, reserve portion ...	2915

Serial No.	Name of estate	Number of estate.
103	Plot H, 2nd portion .	2916
104	Plot I, 7th portion	2917
105	Lot No. 122, 3rd portion	2918
106	Lot No. 122, 4th portion .	2919
107	Lot No. 116, 5th portion .	2920
108	Lot No 116, 3rd portion .	2921
109	Lot No. 122, 1st portion .	2922
110	Lot No. 127 .	2923
111	Lot No. 128, South portion	2924
112	Plot E, 1st portion .	2925
113	Plot E, 4th portion	2926
114	Plot F, 2nd portion .	2927
115	Shikerpur, 2nd portion	2933
116	Plot H, 4th portion	2938
117	Lot No. 11, reserve portion	2940
118	Lot No. 113, reserve portion	2941
119	Shikerpur, 3rd portion	2967
120	Plot E, Northern portion of 6th portion	3030

The particulars to be recorded in the record-of-rights shall be the following:—

(*a*) the name of each tenant or occupant;

(*b*) the class or classes to which each tenant belongs, that is to say, whether he is a tenure-holder, raiyat holding at fixed rates, settled raiyat, occupancy raiyat, non-occupancy raiyat, or under-raiyat with or without a right of occupancy and if he is a tenure-holder, whether he is a permanent tenure-holder or not, and whether his rent is liable to enhancement during the continuance of his tenure;

(*c*) the situation and quality and one or more of the boundaries of the land held by each tenant or occupier;

(*d*) the name of each tenant's landlord;

(*e*) the rent and cess lawfully payable by each tenant at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared;

(*f*) the amount payable in respect of any rights of pasturage, forest rights, rights over fisheries and the like at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared, the conditions and incidence appertaining to such rights, and if the amount is a gradually increasing amount, the time at which and increments by which it increases;

(*g*) the mode in which the rent has been fixed, whether by contract, by order of a court or otherwise;

(*h*) if the rent is a gradually increasing rent, the time at which, and the steps by which, it increases;

(*i*) the rights and obligations of each tenant and landlord in respect of—

(*i*) the use by tenants of water for agricultural purposes, whether obtained from a river, jhil, tank or well or any other source of supply, and

(*ii*) the repair and maintenance of appliances for securing a supply of water for the cultivation of the land held by each tenant, whether or not such appliances be situated within the boundaries of such land;

(*j*) the special conditions and incidence, if any, of the tenancy;

(*k*) any right-of-way or other easement attaching to the land for which a record-of-rights is being prepared;

(*l*) if the land is claimed to be held rent-free, whether or not rent is actually paid, and if not paid, whether or not the occupant is entitled to hold the land without payment of rent, and, if so entitled, under what authority;

Provided that if lands are not used for the purposes connected with agriculture or horticulture, it shall be sufficient to record that fact together with the prescribed particulars relating to the occupant, the landlord and the tenancy.

24-Parganas.—No. 13034 L.R.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 101 (*2*) (*d*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to order that a survey shall be made and a record-of-rights prepared in respect of all lands which are comprised in the following temporarily-settled private estates of the 24-Parganas Collectorate:—

List of temporarily-settled private estates in the district of 24-Parganas.

Serial No.	Name of estate.	Number of estate.
1	Lot No. 73, Abad Champur ..	1488
2	Iswaripur ..	1333
3	Lot No. 98, Abad Champur .	1404
4	Lot No. 82 ..	1825

The particulars to be recorded in the record-of-rights shall be the following:—

(*a*) the name of each tenant or occupant;

(*b*) the class or classes to which each tenant belongs, that is to say, whether he is a tenure-holder, raiyat holding at fixed rates, settled raiyat, non-occupancy raiyat, or under raiyat with or without a right of occupancy, and if he is a tenure-holder, whether he is a permanent tenure-holder or not, and whether his rent is liable to enhancement during the continuance of his tenure;

(*c*) the situation and quantity and one or more of the boundaries of the land held by each tenant or occupier;

(*d*) the name of each tenant's landlord;

(e) the name of each proprietor in the local area or estate with the character and extent of his interest, and the situation and quantity and one or more of boundaries of the lands, if any, which are his private lands as defined in Chapter XI of the Act;

(f) the rent and cess lawfully payable by each tenant at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared;

(g) the amount payable in respect of any rights of pasturage, forest rights, rights over fisheries and the like at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared, the conditions and incidence appertaining to such rights, and if the amount is a gradually increasing amount, the time at which, and increments by which, it increases;

(h) the mode in which that rent has been fixed, whether by contract, by order of a court or otherwise;

(i) if the rent is a gradually increasing rent, the time at which, and the steps by which, it increases;

(j) the rights and obligations of each tenant and landlord in respect of—

(i) the use by tenants of water for agricultural purposes, whether obtained from a river, jhil, tank or well or any other source of supply, and

(ii) the repair and maintenance for appliances for securing a supply of water for the cultivation of the land held by each tenant, whether or not such appliances be situated within the boundaries of such land;

(k) the special conditions and incidences, if any, of the tenancy;

(l) any right-of-way or other easement attaching to the land for which a record-of-rights is being prepared;

(m) if the land is claimed to be held rent free, whether or not rent is actually paid, and if not paid, whether or not the occupant is entitled to hold the land without payment of rent, and, if so entitled, under what authority.

Provided that if lands are not used for purposes connected with agriculture or horticulture, it shall be sufficient to record that fact together with the prescribed particulars relating to the occupant, the landlord and the tenancy.

Khulna.—No. 13035L.R.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 101(2) (d) of the Bengal Tenancy Act (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to order that a survey shall be made and a record-of-rights prepared in respect of all lands which are comprised in the following Government estates of the Khulna Collectorate:—

List of Government estates in the district of Khulna.

Serial No.	Name of estate.	Number of estate.
1	Mahal Island, Char Kobatakshi ...	1061
2	Sundarbans Abadkari, mahal Sutarkhali, 1st part, Lot No. 224-Kailashganj ..	1016
3	Lot No. 225, 5th portion	1017
4	Lot No. 225, 6th portion	1018
	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Banisanta, Lot No. 225, 7th portion ...	1019
6	Boyer Singha ...	877
7	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Kalmitunia ...	792
8	Katamari ...	798
9	Fakirer Takai *alias* Baruikhali ...	873
10	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Uttar Baghairdiar ..	785
11	Mydia Izara Gurna Chak	834
12	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Taitala Alokdia	853
13	Khas mahal Gomantali	828
14	Fulhata	874
15	Kharaikhali	816
16	Gazalia	824
17	Mahish Chari	905
18	Sutalari Chak	936
19	Alladpur	779
20	Khanka	232
21	Tetulia Labsa and others	391
22	Lakshminathpur and others	164
23	Ghona	353
24	Khetrapara	540
25	Khas mahal Kalidaspur	808
26	Mahal Chak Surnal	935
	Sundarbans Khas Abadi mahal Chandikhali .	971
28	Khas mahal Mamudabad ..	984
29	Khas mahal Chakla Telekhali .	855
30	Khas mahal Char Magura ..	835
31	Alokdia Chak	781
32	Alomtala .	782
33	Kurulia .	786
34	Orabunia .	787
35	Kumibunia ..	809
36	Khepna .	821
37	Guachoba ...	831
38	Gewabunia ..	832
39	Charkiberki ...	838
40	Matan ...	842
41	Chandimukhi ...	843
42	Seora Changakhali ...	844
43	Dheramari Abad ..	859
44	Chak Nayantala ...	861
45	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Parmadartala ...	969
46	Durgatala ...	857
47	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Basudebpur and others ...	881
48	Bajeapti, mahal Biaralakhi (Purba) ...	891
49	Sundarban Bajeapti mahal Sonarpur	939
50	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Katalia ...	799
51	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Kaipakuria ...	811
52	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Chak Monakati ...	812
53	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Khagrabunia ...	815
	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Gazinagar ...	825
	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Madartala ...	847
56	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Parmagurkhali ...	870
57	Khas mahal Dakshin Bagher-Diar ...	887

Serial No.	Name of estate.	Number of estate.
58	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Chak Magur Khali ...	907
59	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Langalmara ...	974
60	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Chak Betanga ...	784
61	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Khasimari ...	797
62	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Jabakhali	829
63	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Godaria ...	830
64	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Jamira	863
65	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Pana ...	871
66	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Patimari ...	872
67	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Biasarabad ...	884
68	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Basakhali ...	885
69	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Bahirbunia ...	886
70	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Badiarkona ..	889
71	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Bishnupur ..	893
72	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Beparbhita ...	894
73	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Boalmari Chak .	895
74	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Bharbharia Chak ...	896
75	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Lakshikhola ...	915
76	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Laskar ...	916
77	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Samukpota ...	932
78	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Siberbati ...	933
79	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Sing Jore ..	942
80	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Kulsrikantapur ...	943
81	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Haria ...	949
82	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Hetalburia ...	950
83	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Helakhardanga ...	951
84	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Choradanga .	953
85	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Dighalia ...	956
86	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Dhuligarti ...	852
87	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Nagirdia Chak ...	865
88	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Haraganti ...	945
89	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Khondokererber . .	822
90	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Sutarkhali, 1st part Lot No. 224, Srinagar Kalinagar ...	800
91	Khas mahal, Lot No. 223, Purbabajua ...	888
92	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Shaheber Abad ..	931
93	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Poschim Biralakshi ...	892
94	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Gobindapore ...	954
95	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Nasimabad	860
96	Labsa (Chotta)	696
97	Sahapara	1224
98	Kharia Dhamsqakhali	813
99	Char Jamuna	836

The particulars to be recorded in the record-of-rights shall be the following:—

(*a*) the name of each tenant or occupant;

(*b*) the class or classes to which each tenant belongs, that is to say, whether he is a tenure-holder, raiyat holding at fixed rates, settled raiyat, occupancy raiyat, non-occupancy raiyat, or under-raiyat with or without a right of occupancy, and if he is a tenure-holder, whether he is a permanent tenure-holder or not, and whether his rent is liable to enhancement during the continuance of his tenure;

(*c*) the situation and quantity and one or more of the boundaries of the land held by each tenant or occupier;

(*d*) the name of each tenant's landlord;

(*e*) the rent and cess lawfully payable by each tenant at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared;

(*f*) the amount payable in respect of any rights of pasturage, forest rights, rights over fisheries and the like at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared, the conditions and incidence appertaining to such rights, and if the amount is gradually increasing amount, the time at which, and increments by which, it increases;

(*g*) the mode in which the rent has been fixed, whether by contract, by order of a court or otherwise;

(*h*) if the rent is gradually increasing rent, the time at which, and the steps by which, it increases;

(*i*) the rights and obligations of each tenant and landlord in respect of—

(*i*) the use by tenants of water for agricultural purposes, whether obtained from a river, jhil, tank or well or any other source of supply, and

(*ii*) the repair and maintenance of appliances for securing a supply of water for the cultivation of the land held by each tenant, whether or not such appliances be situated within the boundaries of such land;

(*j*) the special conditions and incidence, if any, of the tenancy;

(*k*) any right-of-way or other easement attaching to the land for which a record-of-rights is being prepared;

(*l*) if the land is claimed to be held rent-free, whether or not rent is actually paid, and if not paid, whether or not the occupant is entitled to hold the land without payment of rent, and, if so entitled, under what authority;

Provided that if lands are not used for purposes connected with agriculture or horticulture, it shall be sufficient to record that fact together with the prescribed particulars relating to the occupant, the landlord and the tenancy.

Khulna.—No. 13036L.R.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 101 (2) (*d*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to order that a survey shall be made and a record-of-rights prepared in respect of all lands which are comprised in the following temporarily-settled private estates of the Khulna Collectorate:—

List of temporarily-settled private estates in the district of Khulna.

Serial No.	Name of estates	Number of estate.
	Surplus accretion to Mochandapur ...	1249
	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Kanchiparamia ...	796
	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Chakgodardanga, lot No. 220, Katamara ...	823
	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Chuk Munkia ...	910
5	Maliki mahal Charpania ..	1027
6	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Chandipur ...	1037
7	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Islampur ...	1039
8	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Char Mamudpur ...	1040
9	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Char Chongrakhali ..	1043
10	Maliki mahal, Char Sitalpur .	1030
11	Maliki mahal, Char Roypur, etc.	1036
	Maliki mahal, Katipara ..	791
13	Maliki mahal, Khosemat	989
14	Diara mahal, Tengramari ..	849
15	Maliki mahal, Taltala	898
16	Char Hadirabad .	938
17	Char Haidrabad .	975
18	Gachia Aurtala	778
19	Maliki mahal, Sonaigharamir Char ...	1033
20	Maliki mahal, Char Majhat ..	1035
21	Maliki mahal, Char Satbari ...	1044
	Maliki mahal, Char Chandraganti ...	866
23	Maliki mahal, Char Srirampur ..	900
24	Char Srirampur ..	982
	Diara mahal, Char Hadinabad (No. 11) ...	976
26	Maliki mahal, Char Bagaigram	1025
27	Maliki mahal, Char Hasankati ...	1032
28	Maliki mahal, Khosba Mantala .	788
29	Maliki mahal, Char Kacharahati, etc. ..	1031
30	Maliki mahal, Char Fulbaria, etc.	1041
31	Maliki mahal, Char Bara Chingrakhali ...	1042
32	Maliki mahal, Char Uthali Gopalpur	968

The particulars to be recorded in the record-of-rights shall be the following:—

(*a*) the name of each tenant or occupant;

(*b*) the class or classes to which each tenant belongs, that is to say, whether he is a tenure-holder, raiyat holding at fixed rates, settled raiyat, non-occupancy raiyat, or under-raiyat, with or without a right of occupancy, and if he is a tenure-holder, whether he is a permanent tenure-holder or not, and whether his rent is liable to enhancement during the continuance of his tenure;

(*c*) the situation and quantity and one or more of the boundaries of the land held by each tenant or occupier;

(*d*) the name of each tenant's landlord;

(*e*) the name of each proprietor in the local area or estate with the character and extent of his interest, and the situation and quantity and one or more of boundaries of the lands, if any, which are his private lands as defined in Chapter XI of the Act;

(*f*) the rent and cess lawfully payable by each tenant at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared;

(*g*) the amount payable in respect of any rights of pasturage, forest rights, rights over fisheries and the like at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared, the conditions and incidence appertaining to such rights, and if the amount is a gradually increasing amount, the time at which, and increments by which, it increases;

(*h*) the mode in which that rent has been fixed, whether by contract, by order of a court or otherwise;

(*i*) if the rent is a gradually increasing rent, the time at which and the steps by which, it increases;

(*j*) the rights and obligations of each tenant and landlord in respect of—

(*i*) the use by tenants of water for agricultural purposes, whether obtained from a river, jhil, tank or well or any other source of supply, and

(*ii*) the repair and maintenance for appliances for securing a supply of water for the cultivation of the land held by each tenant, whether or not such appliances be situated within the boundaries of such land;

(*k*) the special conditions and incidences, if any, of the tenancy;

(*l*) any right-of-way or other easement attaching to the land for which a record-of-rights is being prepared;

(*m*) if the land is claimed to be held rent-free, whether or not rent is actually paid, and if not paid, whether or not the occupant is entitled to hold the land without payment of rent, and, if so entitled, under what authority;

Provided that if lands are not used for purposes connected with agriculture or horticulture, it shall be sufficient to record that fact together with the prescribed particulars relating to the occupant, the landlord and the tenancy.

No. 13044 L.R.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 189 and sub-section (6) of section 190 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following rule be added to the rules published under notification No. 5462 L.R., dated the 26th March 1929, at pages 549-92 in Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 28th idem:—

After rule 29C of the said rules *insert* the following as rule 29D:—

29D. (*1*) A co-sharer landlord may, where his other co-sharer landlords do not agree to apply for opening a personal ledger, file on payment of a fee of Rs. 5 only in court-fee stamp a statement of the shares of himself and his co-sharers in any lands comprised in any estate or tenure or part thereof of which a record-of-rights has been finally published under Chapter X of the Bengal Tenancy Act, if the co-sharers are the same and their shares in all the lands are uniform, and may apply to the Collector that the same may be registered and that the landlords' transfer fees due to him and his co-sharers on account of transfers by occupancy raiyats be distributed according to the shares stated. The statement of shares shall be in Form 7A annexed to these rules and shall be verified in the same manner as a plaint under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908. The application shall be accompanied by notices (in said Form 7A) and copies of the statement shall be served on the other co-sharers.

The Collector shall verify the statement of shares as far as possible from the documents produced by the applicant and if it appears to be in order and provided that, if the landlord is a proprietor of a revenue-paying estate or revenue-free property, his name is duly recorded in the land registration registers of the collectorate, the notices with copies of the statement of shares shall be served on the remaining co-sharer landlords.

The notices with the copies of the statement of shares shall be served in the same manner and on payment of the same process fees as laid down in sub-rule (*3*) of rule 29.

(*2*) (*a*) If after the service the notices mentioned in sub-rule (*1*) it appears to the Collector that there is no dispute in respect of the share of the applicant he may order that the share shall be registered in his office.

(*b*) He may also order that the share of any other co-sharer named in the statement filed by the applicant shall also be registered if such co-sharer on payment of a court-fee stamp of Re. 1 applies for such registration in response to a notice issued under sub-rule (*1*) and if it appears to the Collector that there is no dispute in respect of the share of such co-sharer, provided that, if such co-sharer is proprietor of a revenue-paying estate or a revenue-free property, his name is duly recorded in the land registration registers of the collectorate.

(*3*) The Collector may, on application under the first proviso to sub-section (*3*) of section 26C or under the proviso to sub-section (*4*) of section 26E of the Act, by a co-sharer whose share has been registered under sub-rule (*2*) and who is named in the raiyats' notices under rule 26, make payment of his portion of the landlords' transfer fee according to his share as registered, without any further notices on the other co-sharers.

The provisions of sub-rules (*6*) and (*8*) of rule 29 shall apply to cases under this rule.

(*4*) The registered statement shall be in force for a period of two years from the date of the registration of the shares of the original applicant under clause (*a*) of sub-rule 2 unless the Collector previously orders it to be cancelled. It will however be open to any co-sharer to make an application during such period for cancellation of the statement, or for deletion or correction of any entry therein. Such application shall state the reasons therefor and shall be verified as if it were a plaint under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908. If the Collector so orders the applicant shall furnish copies of the application for service on the other co-sharers in the same manner and on payment of the same process fee as laid down in sub-rule 3 of rule 29. The Collector shall pass such orders as he thinks proper on the application.

Form 7A.

Notice of application for registration of shares.

(*See* rule 29D.)

In the Collectorate of District.

(Landlords' Fee Department.)

To

of village P.O. District

TAKE notice that has applied under rule 29D of the rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, for registration of the landlords' shares in respect of the estate, tenure or part thereof as in the annexed statement, and for division of landlords' transfer-fees on account of transfers by occupancy raiyats.

If you wish your share to be registered as shown in the annexed statement you should make application for such registration with a fee of Re. 1 in court-fee stamps on or before the same date.

If you have any objection, you should file it in writing before the undersigned on or before the 193 , failing which it will be taken that you have no objection in respect of any of the particulars mentioned in the annexed statement.

Sd.

Collector appointed under section 3(2) of the Bengal Tenancy Act.

Dated.

Seal.

Statement of Shares.

(Rule 29D of the Rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act 1885.)

Name of co-sharer landlords	Address (state the post office also).	Shares
(a) applicant		
(b) other co-sharers		

Description of area in respect of which the application is made.

Name and number of estate or tenure	Village	Thana	Jurisdiction list number	Sub-registry office	Khatian number of the estate or tenure	Khatian numbers of the raiyats direct under the applicant and his co-sharers

I, . affirm that the above statement of shares and description of area are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and information.

Dated

Applicant.

Land Acquisition.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Hooghly.—No. 12380L.A.—9th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a quarter for the Sub-Inspector of Police, Goghat, in the village of Goghat, pargana Zahanabad, zilla Hooghly, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0·14 of an acre bounded on the—

North—By land of Bibhuti Porel,

East and South—By land of Kusum Bala Bagdini, Durlav Chandra De and others,

West—By the land of local board road,

is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Goghat.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Arambagh.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector.

Mymensingh.—No. 12389L.A.—9th November 1933.—The Governor in Council is pleased to cancel the notification No. 18325-L.A., dated the 2nd November 1928, under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, published at page 2255, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th idem, in respect of the proposed acquisition of 0·25 of an acre of land required for the construction of quarters of a Forest Range Officer in the village of Baramedhar, pargana Atiah, district Mymensingh.

Chittagong.—No. 12396L.A.—9th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a sub-tahsil office in the village of Khankhanabad, police-station Banskhali, zilla Chittagong, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising the revisional survey plot Nos. 2009 and 2011 and measuring, more or less, 0·54 of an acre, is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Khankhanabad.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Chittagong.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Chittagong.

Tippera.—No. 12469L.A.—10th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Chitashi union board for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a road at Chitashi union, in the village of Chitashi, jurisdiction list No. 441, thana Hajiganj, pargana Chouddagaon, district Tippera, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land, comprising cadastral plots Nos. 318, 319, 819, 824, 826, 827 and 828, and measuring, more or less, 0·0065 of an acre, is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Chitashi.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Chandpur.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Tippera.

24-Parganas. — No. 12472L.A. — 10th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (*1*) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition, 0·2231 of an acre of land notified for acquisition under declaration No. 7353L.A., dated the 22nd June 1933, published at page 940, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 29th idem, in respect of the land required by the Naihati Municipality, for opening a new road connecting Arabinda Road and Froir Road in the village of Kantalpara, jurisdiction list No. 4, thana Naihati, pargana Habilishahar, district 24-Parganas.

Jessore.—No. 12498L.A.—11th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., as a landing ground for aeroplanes at Jessore, in the villages of Manoharpur and Bansberia, police-station Jessore, zilla Jessore, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose 80 pieces of land, comprising parts of cadastral survey

plot Nos. 3001, 3005, 3032, 3035, 3039-40, 3044-47, 3049, 3052-53, 3079, 3496 and whole of plot Nos. 3002-3004, 3009-3031, 3033-34, 3041-43, 3048, 3051, 3054-78 of mauza Manoharpur, jurisdiction list No. 19, and whole of plot No. 820, parts of plot Nos. 818-19, 821, 823, 827-29 and 859 of mauza Bansberia, jurisdiction list No. 27, thana Jessore, and altogether measuring, more or less, 32·77 acres, are likely to be required within the aforesaid villages of Manoharpur and Bansberia.

This notification is made under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected at the office of the Collector of Jessore.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 (4) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of section 5A of the Act shall not apply in this case

Burdwan.—No. 13014L.A.—11th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing the 1st to 5th miles and 18 feet of the 6th mile of Distributary No. 9, Branch Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Kashipur, Sonchalida, Bigra, Narayanpur, Ratanpur, and Khurul, jurisdiction list Nos. 31, 15, 16, 25, 26 and 46, respectively, thana Bhatar, parganas Azmatshahi and Burdwan, district Burdwan, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 2784 to 2791, 2834, 2835, 2838 to 2840, 2842, 3265 to 3267, 5167, 6069 to 6071, 6075 to 6077, 6229 to 6231, 6233, 6234, 6254 to 6256, 6343 to 6345, 6347, 6348, 6480 to 6483, 6488 to 6490, 6549 to 6553, 6560, 6579 to 6581, 6588 to 6595, 6599, 6601, 6693, 6753, 6756, 6757, 6759, 6761 to 6763, 6771 to 6774, 6782 to 6787 and 6800 to 6803 in mauza Kashipur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1223 to 1225, 1227, 1228, 1246, 1248, 1268, 1269, 1273 to 1275, 1278, 1281, 1283, 1284, 1300, 1301, 1326 to 1328, 1331, 1354 and 1388 in mauza Sonchalida, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1513 to 1515 in mauza Bigra, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 10 to 12, 15, 16, 18, 24, 26, 95 to 99, 102 to 104, 107 to 110, 113 to 115, 215, 218, 219, 221, 228, 1795 to 1797, 1801 to 1803, 1805, 1810, 1811, 1816 to 1818, 1824 to 1827, 1873 to 1877, 1879, 1881, 1917, 1923 to 1927, 1929, 1930, 1934 to 1936, 1939 to 1943, 1978 to 1980, 1982, 1983, 1989, 1991, 1994, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2010, 2089 to 2091, 2094 to 2097, 3056, 3114, 3115, 3117, 3119, 3136, 3137, 3148 to 3150, 3153, 3154, 3156 to 3163, 3235, 3239, 3240, 3242 to 3244, 3247, 3349 to 3353, 3355, 3371 to 3377, 3381, 3390, 3391, 3403 and 3404 in mauza Narayanpur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 606 and 921 in mauza Ratanpur and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 289, 290, 320 to 322, 341 to 345, 347, 355, 357, 359 to 361, 366 to 372, 407, 408, 410 to 414, 458, 459, 463, 4752, 4757, 4758, 4762 to 4765, 4767, 4896, 4900, 4903 to 4907, 4929, 4931 to 4933, 4935, 4942, 4943, 4959, 4961 to 4963 and 4965 in mauza Khurul, and measuring, more or less, 29·23 acres, is likely to be required within the aforesaid villages of Kashipur, Sonchalida, Bigra, Narayanpur, Ratanpur and Khurul.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in so much of the above land, as are not waste or arable, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 (4) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of section 5A of the Act shall not apply to the waste or arable portions of the land in this case.

Chittagong.—No. 13017L.A.—11th November 1933. Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Chittagong Port Commissioners for a public purpose, viz., for providing site of the front inner bar leading light in the village of Badalpura, police-station Anwara, zilla Chittagong, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising a part of revisional survey plot No. 165 and measuring, more or less, 0·005 of an acre, is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Badalpura.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all to whom it may concern.

A plan of land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Chittagong.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Chittagong.

24-Parganas.—No. 13041L.A. — 13th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (*1*) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of 0·0708 of an acre of land which was notified for acquisition under declaration No. 6730-L.A., dated the 8th June 1933, published at page 878, Part 1 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, and required by the Baranagar Municipality for a night-soil transfer depôt in S. P. Banerjee Street, in the village of Baranagar, pargana Calcutta, district 24-Parganas.

Burdwan.—No. 13143L.A.—13th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing distributary No. 6-B (from chainage 21,120 feet to 36,370 feet), Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Ousha, Saligram Nabastha, Chakundi, Barkona and Melna, judisdiction list Nos. 28, 23, 31, 22, 21 and 19, respectively, thana Memari, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 525, 533, 542, 543, 547, 548, 550 to 554, 643, 644, 651 to 655, 657, 956, 958, 959, 968 to 970 and 1074 in mauza Ousha, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1790, 1792, 1794, 1795, 1797 to 1799, 1804, 1868, 1870 to 1874, 2027 to 2031 and 2035 to 2039 in mauza Saligram, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 4 to 8, 233, 234, 245, 246, 249, 250 and 254 to 258 in mauza Nabastha, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1524, 1607, 1613, 1638, 1646 to 1648, 1651, 1652, 1666 to 1668, 1689 to 1694, 1714, 171 and 1757 in mauza Chakundi, cadastral plot No. 1288 and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1147, 1154 to 1156, 1222 to 1226, 1234 to 1238, 1284, 1285, 1287, 1289, 1290, 1297, 1321 to 1324, 1326 to 1330, 1340, 1341, 1488, 1489, 1505, 1506, 1509, 1510, 1538, 1928, 1953, 1954, 1956, 1957, 1964 to 1966, 1972, 1973, 1976, 1984, 1985, 1988, 1989 and 1995 to 1999 in mauza Barkona and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 141, 143 to 145, 152 to 155, 172, 173 and 551 in mauza Melna and measuring, more or less, 17·90 acres is likely to be required within the aforesaid villages of Ousha, Saligram, Nabastha, Chakundi, Barkona and Melna.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in so much of the above land, as are not waste or arable, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 (*4*) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of section 5A of the Act shall not apply to the waste or arable portions of the land in this case.

DECLARATIONS.

Burdwan.—No. 12320L.A.—8th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing the 1st mile and 2,063 feet of Distributary No. 6D-1, Main Canal of the Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Kaligram and Parui, jurisdiction list Nos. 103 and 104, respectively, thana Burdwan, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose four pieces of lands comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 159, 160, 174 to 176, 179, 180, 395, 397, 399, 796, 798, 800, 803 to 806, 983 and 2448 in mauza Kaligram, and part of cadastral plot No. 1449 in mauza Parui, altogether measuring, more or less, 3·785 acres are required within the aforesaid villages of Kaligram and Parui.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

Burdwan.—No. 12384L.A.—9th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing a portion from chainage 70,159 feet to 84,422 feet of Distributary No. 6 of the Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Ramchandrapur, Sirajpur, Bakalsa and Faridpur, jurisdiction list Nos. 109, 110, 128 and 127, respectively, thana Burwdan, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose five pieces of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 2429, 2435 to 2438, 2441, 2442, 2449, 2629, 2630 and 2848 in mauza Ramchandrapur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1314 to 1316, 1329 to 1333, 1335, 1350, 1351, 1373 to 1376, 1379, 1380, 1396 to 1398, 1401, 1404, 1405, 1418, 1421 to 1423, 1433, 1434, 1445 to 1447, 1450, 1451, 1465 to 1471, 1474, 1475, 2326 to 2328, 2345, 2346, 2349, 2350 and 2353 in mauza Sirajpur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 111 to 113, 122 to 124, 132 to 134, 151, 154 to 156, 159, 160, 1533, 1534, 1540, 1541, 1543, 1668 to 1672, 1677 to 1680 and 1710 to 1714 in mauza Bakalsa and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1322, 1338, 1362, 1368, 1371, 1372, 1379 to 1395, 1401 to 1403, 1405 to 1407, 2504, 2505, 2507 to 2509, 2511, 2512, 2516, 2518,

2521 to 2523, 2525, 2526, 2590 to 2592, 2597, 2599 to 2604, 2612 to 2615, 2633 and 2634 in mauza Faridpur, altogether measuring, more or less, 21·52 acres, are required within the aforesaid villages of Ramchandrapur, Sirajpur, Bakalsa and Faridpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act, I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

Burdwan.—No. 12475L.A.- 10th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing the portion from chainage 59,670 feet to 70,159 feet of distributary No. 6 of the Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Debagram, Kurman, and Ramchandrapur jurisdiction list Nos. 132, 106 and 109, respectively, in thana Burdwan, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose thirteen pieces of land comprising cadastral plot Nos. 35, 59 and 127 and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 33, 34, 36 to 39, 41 to 44, 57, 58, 60 to 62, 65, 112, 113, 115, 122, 128, 129, 319, 320, 322, 324, 327 to 330, 344 to 347, 350 to 352, 354, 404 to 409, 414, 416, 422, 477, 1406, 1413, 1422, 1423, 1425 to 1428, 1434, 1435, 1445 to 1447, 1449 to 1451, 1460, 1467, 1470, 1471, 1476 to 1478 and 1848 in mauza Debagram, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1335, 1906 to 1908, 7194 to 7200, 7202 to 7204, 7249 to 7252, 7258, 7261, 7262, 7270 to 7272 in mauza Kurman, and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 2449, 2452, 2457, 2460 to 2463, 2487 to 2489, 2491 to 2494, 2497 to 2499, 2502 to 2504, 2512 to 2514 in mauza Ramchandrapur, altogether measuring, more or less, 15·857 acres, are required within the aforesaid villages of Debagram, Kurman and Ramchandrapur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

Burdwan.—No. 13020L.A.--11th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th miles of distributary No. 6/B, Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Basatpur, Kusha Sukur, Korarchak and Hatgobindapur, jurisdiction list Nos. 96, 97, 135, 139 and 136, respectively, thana Burdwan, and in the villages of Hairagram and Ousha, jurisdiction list Nos. 26 and 28, respectively, thana Memari, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose six pieces of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1043, 1045 to 1049, 1054 to 1057 and 1078 to 1080 in mauza Basatpur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 533, 540 to 542, 570, 572 to 575, 577, 581, 583 to 585, 591 to 593, 619, 628 to 631, 634, 657, 658 and 660 in mauza Kusha, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1599, 1609 and 2182 to 2184 in mauza Sukur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 7 to 9, 89 to 91, 93, 94, 100 to 104, 127, 130 to 132 and 177 in mauza Korarchak, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 547, 607, 609 to 613, 615, 616, 625, 629 to 633, 647 to 649, 654 to 656, 692 to 694, 976, 996 to 998, 1006, 1011, 1012, 1017, 1019, 1020, 1135, 1144, 1174, 1181, 1182, 1187 to 1196, 1202 to 1204, 1212, 1213, 1219, 1226, 2256 to 2260, 2262 to 2264, 2299, 2303, 2306 to 2309, 2311, 2338, 2346 to 2348, 2350 to 2355, 4056, 4057, 4059, 4062 to 4066, 4068 to 4070, 4072, 4113, 4117, 4118, 4126 to 4128, 4130 to 4132 in mauza Hatgobindapur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 353, 354, 364, 366 to 369, 388, 393 to 395, 403 to 405, 412, 413, 437 to 439, 449 to 452, 462, 464, 471 to 473, 478, 481, 619 and 620 in mauza Hairagram and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 449, 452 to 456, 480 to 484, 490, 491, 496, 497, 499, 500, 501, 517 to 521, 525 to 527 and 530 in mauza Ousha, and altogether measuring, more or less, 28·92 acres are required within the aforesaid villages of Basatpur, Kusha, Sukur, Korarchak, Hatgobindapur, Hairagram and Ousha.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

ERRATUM

Tippera.—No. 12292L.A. - 8th November 1933.—In line 11 of declaration No. 6214-L.A., dated the 27th May 1933, under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, published at page 821, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st June 1933, in respect of the proposed acquisition of 0·67 of an acre of land required for the extension of the metal depot at Mainamati in the village of Lalmai Pahar, pargana Meharkul, police-station Kotwali, district Tippera, *for* plot No. "223" *read* "226."

Forests.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Dacca.—No. 12467For. — 10th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 32 and clauses (*c*) and (*d*) of section 76 of the Indian Forest Act, 1927 (XVI of 1927), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules for the Bhowal Protected Forest in the district of Dacca. This shall come into force with effect from the date of publication of this notification.

1. **Prohibition against cutting, etc., of trees, timbers and forest produce.**—Except as provided in these rules no person may cut, fell, convert, collect or remove or cause to

be cut, felled, converted, collected or removed, any trees, timber or other forest produce in or from the Bhowal Protected Forest (hereinafter referred to as "the forest").

2. **Restrictions on the use of timber.**—Any person who is resident in the vicinity of the forest may obtain trees, timber or other forest produce for his own use, subject to the following restrictions, namely:—

(a) green trees and timber of the reserved species shall not be felled, converted or removed without the written permission of the Forest-officer;

(b) if the Forest-officer is at any time of opinion that the supply of any kind of forest produce is sufficient only to meet local requirements, he shall, by an order in writing, prohibit the removal of such produce beyond the limits of any special locality, and such forest produce shall not be removed beyond such limits;

(c) all timber and other forest produce cut, felled, converted or collected under this rule shall, in the first instance, between the hours of sunrise and sunset, on the days fixed by the Forest-officer in this behalf, be conveyed to the nearest ghat authorised for this purpose, and shall be deposited in such place as shall be prescribed by the Forest-officer, and it shall not be removed from such place except with the permission of the Forest-officer and after payment to him of the royalty due thereon.

3. **Prohibition against certain other acts.**—No person shall—

(a) cut the stem of any standing tree at a height exceeding 12 inches from the ground,

(b) cut up into fuel or fencing material, or otherwise damage the value of any wood of the reserved species which could in the opinion of the Forest-officer be more profitably used,

(c) injure any tree of the reserved species, seedlings or coppice shoots,

(d) manufacture charcoal, except in localities previously approved by the Forest-officer, or

(e) hunt, shoot or fish in contravention of the rules on this subject for the time being in force in the Protected Forests in Bengal.

4. **Number and location of authorised ghats or stations.**—The number and location of the authorised ghats or stations as well as the scale of royalty which shall be levied at such ghats or stations for forest produce, shall be fixed from time to time by the Forest-officer in consultation with the District Officer and the Conservator of Forests, Bengal, under such rules as the Local Government may prescribe.

5. **Prohibition against grazing of cattle.**—Grazing of cattle shall not be permitted in the sun grass area and the area over which trees have recently been felled.

6. **Restrictions on jhuming.**—Jhuming, for the purpose of growing paddy, shall not be permitted in the forest, but if a cultivator is willing to plant up areas with seedlings of reserved trees, permission to jhum will be granted by the Forest-officer under the following conditions, namely:—

(a) every villager shall sign the prescribed form of agreement for Taungya plantations in force in the Bengal Forest Department and trees cut in area to be jhumed shall be sold by the Forest-officer;

(b) trees of the reserved species shall not be cut nor removed from the areas jhumed until they are marked by the Forest-officer.

Explanation.—The term "jhuming" as used in this rule means the system of cultivating forest land, which has been cleared, by burning the cut materials, sowing one or two crops in the ashes, and then, after harvesting, leaving the area to lie fallow for a number of years before recultivation.

7. **Prohibition against fires in the forest.**—No person shall kindle or carry fire in the forest, nor shall fire be used in the collection of forest produce or for the improvement of pasturage lands in the forest.

8. **Rules in regard to fires in the vicinity of the forest.**—Any person living in the vicinity of the forest, or occupying or using land in such vicinity and desirous of clearing by fire any standing forest or grass land near by, and in a locality from which such fire would be likely to endanger the forest, shall observe the following rules, namely,—

(1) he shall give at least one week's notice to the nearest Forest-officer, Ranger or Forester of his intention;

(2) he shall clear a belt of land at least 20 feet broad on the side of the land he proposes to burn nearest the forest;

(3) he shall choose for such burning a day or time when a high wind is not blowing;

(4) he shall light the fire in a direction contrary to that in which the wind is blowing.

9. (1) **Application necessary for felling or removing timber or other forest produce.**—Any person who wishes to fell or remove trees, timber or other forest produce from the forest for the purpose of trade shall apply in writing to the Divisional Forest Officer of the Dacca-Mymensingh Division at least six months before he intends to begin work in the forest and shall submit specifications of the quantities and the kinds of timber or other forest produce which he requires.

(2) For the purpose of such application it shall be the duty of the Divisional Forest Officer of the Dacca-Mymensing Division from time to time to cause the trees in the forest to be marked, in small lots or sections, in different localities according to the capacity of the forest, and he shall dispose of them to the best advantage either by private tender or public auction.

(3) Thatch grass, fuel and other minor forest produce shall be disposed of at rates of royalty which shall be fixed from time to time in accordance with the provisions of rule 4.

10. All forest produce removed from the forest under rule 9 shall be marked and checked with the permits, once in the forest and again at the ghats.

Dacca.—No. 12468For. — 10th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 30 of the Indian Forest Act, 1927 (XVI of 1927), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare the species of trees mentioned below to be reserved in the Bhowal Protected Forest in the district of

Dacca. This shall come into force with effect from the date of publication of this notification:—

Schedules of trees to be reserved.

Ajuli--Dillenia pentagyna.
Am—Mangifera indica.
Amli--Tamarindus indica.
Amloki—Phyllanthus emplica.
Amra -Spondias mangifera.
Aswat (Oshot)—Ficus religiosa.
Babla—Acacia arabica.
Bahera—Terminalia belerica.
Bajna--Zanthoxylum budrunga.
Bakuli—Careya arborea.
Bel -Aegle Marmelos.
Bhamos Wendlandia (tinctoria).
Bhella—Semecarpus anacardium.
Bhutum—Kydia calycina.
Boroi—Zizyphus jujuba & z. rugosa.
Bot—Ficus bengalensis.
Chaitan—Alstonia scholaris.
Chambal—Artocarpus chapalasha.
Dauwa- Artocarpus lakoocha.
Dhewa—Sterculia villosa.
Dumur—Ficus hispida.
Gandhi-Gajari - Miliusa velutina.
Gajari—Shorea robusta.
Hartaki—Terminalia chebula.
Jalpai- Elaeocarpus serratus.
Jam (kala)—Eugenia jambolana.
Jam (titi)—Eugenia operculata.
Jog-dumur—Ficus glomerata.
Jogini-Chakra—Gmelina arborea.
Joina- Schleichera triuga.
Jarul—Lagerstroemia flos-reginae
Kadam—Anthocephalus indicus (Syn. A. cadamba).
Kantakoi Bridelia retusa.
Kapas- Thespesia lampas.
Katal- Artocarpus interarifolia.
Keli Kadam Adina cordifolia.
Khaikar
Koroi- Albizzia procera.
Kutraj Holarrhena antidysenterica.
Mankata Randia dumetorum.
Nanki-janki Bauhinia malabarica.
Phuti-kadam- Stephegyne parvifolia.
Pitkila or Pitoli—Trewia nudiflora.
Piralu- Randia uliginosa.
Polashi—Butea frondosa.
Powa—Cedrela toona.
Powa—Cedrela microcarpa.
Rohina- Amoora rohituka.
Shiora--Streblus asper.
Shonalu—Cassia fistula.
Sidha——Lagerstroemia parviflora.
Simul—Bomba malabaricum.
Sinduri—Mallotus philippinensis.
Siris—Albizzia marginata.
Jungly tree - Sterculia colorata.
Jungly tree--Grewia laevigata.
Jungly tree—Grewia vestita.
Jungly tree—Avodia roxburghiana.
Jungly tree—Murraya konigii.
Jungly tree—Dalbergia sp.
Jungly tree—Tetramelos nudiflora.
Jungly tree—Hymenodictyon excelsum.
Jungly tree—Wrightia tomentosa.
Jungly tree--Orexylum indicum.
Jungly tree—Stereospermum suaveolens.
Jungly tree -Callicarpa arborea.
Jungly tree- Litsaea polyantha.
Jungly tree—Litsaea sebifera.
Jungly tree—Bridelia tomentosa.

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (c) of the said section the Governor in Council is further pleased to prohibit the following acts in the said Bhowal Protected Forest, in the district of Dacca, subject to the rules made under section 32 of the Indian Forest Act, 1927 (XVI of 1927), and issued with notification No. 12467For., dated the 10th November 1933. This shall come into force with effect from the date of publication of this notification:—

(a) the quarrying of stone;
(b) the burning of lime and charcoal;
(c) the collection or subjection to any manufacturing process, or the removal of any forest produce, and
(d) the breaking up or clearing of any land for cultivation, for building, for herding cattle or for any other purpose.

Excluded Area.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Darjeeling.—No. 12310Ex.A.—8th November 1933.—In pursuance of section 37F of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), it is hereby notified for general information that the scheme submitted by the Commissioners of the Darjeeling Municipality in the district of Darjeeling for the extension of the Darjeeling water-supply to the hill bustees beyond Lebong Cantonment within the municipal limits, has been approved by the Government of Bengal and the particulars of the said scheme are as follows:—

(a) The scheme is for supplying water to Harrison Hatta, Kazi Hatta, Ging, Phooleser-ing and Lama Hatta bustees within the limits of the Darjeeling Municipality by laying water pipes including ferro-concrete tanks.
(b) The estimated cost of the scheme is Rs. 11,190.
(c) The estimated cost of maintenance is Rs. 50.
(d) The cost of the scheme will be met out of the surplus opening balance.
(e) The total annual charge to be incurred by reason of water-supply will be met from the proceeds of the existing water rate which will not be affected.
(f) The water rate is levied at 3¾ per cent. on the annual valuation of the holdings.
(g) The average incidence of water rate per head of the population is Rs. 2-3-8.

2. The said scheme will be taken into consideration on or after the 20th January 1934, and any objection or suggestion with regard thereto, which may be received by the undersigned before that date, will be duly considered.

Chittagong Hill Tracts.—No. 12485Ex.—10th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon the Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge of the Ramgarh dispensary at Ramgarh in the Chittagong Hill Tracts the powers of a Magistrate of the third class for a further period of three years with effect from the date of this notification.

No. 12274Ex.A.—6th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 33 of the Bengal Vaccination Act, 1880 (Bengal Act V of 1880), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules for the area administered by the district board of Darjeeling:—

Rules.

[In these rules "the Act" means the Bengal Vaccination Act, 1880, as amended by the Bengal Vaccination (Amendment) Act, 1911.]

Qualifications and duties of Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors of Vaccination.

(a) Qualifications.

1. Every candidate appointed as a Sub-Inspector or Inspector shall ordinarily be required to possess the qualifications enumerated below:—

(a) He shall not be more than 25 years of age.

(b) He shall be physically active and able to walk, ride or cycle long distances.

(c) He shall be a domiciled resident of Bengal.

(d) He shall possess a working knowledge of the English language, the Matriculation Examination of the Calcutta University being adopted as the standard for this purpose.

(e) He shall possess a practical knowledge of the provisions of the Act and the registers, returns, forms and certificates required to be maintained under the Act.

(f) He shall possess an adequate knowledge of the technique of vaccination, including the—

(i) phenomena of the vaccine disease;

(ii) approved methods of performing vaccination;

(iii) approved methods of collecting and storing lymph;

(iv) ability to recognize a satisfactory vesicle and cicatrix and the remedial steps necessary in the case of complications; and

(v) phenomena of small-pox.

2. In selecting candidates for the posts of Sub-Inspector and Inspector, preference shall be given to those candidates who have attended a vaccination class at any one of the medical schools and colleges recognized under the Bengal Medical Act, 1914, or passed the examination for the training of Sanitary Inspectors or passed in Hygiene only in the said examination.

(b) Duties.

3. Every Inspector and Sub-Inspector shall be under the immediate orders and executive control of the District Health Officer.

4. In addition to the duties imposed upon him by the Act and by the rules and by-laws framed thereunder and also by any other law for the time being in force regarding vaccination, every Inspector and Sub-Inspector shall perform the following duties:—

(a) He shall execute and enforce the regulations, rules and orders relating to vaccination, which may be enacted, made or issued by competent authority.

(b) He shall enquire into and ascertain the causes, origin and distribution of small-pox within the district and endeavour to enforce vaccination as a preventive measure.

(c) He shall see that vaccination is carried out thoroughly and efficiently by the public vaccinators employed in his jurisdiction.

(d) He shall bring to the notice of the District Health Officer all acts of neglect, carelessness, unsatisfactory work and disobedience of orders and instructions on the part of the public vaccinators employed in his jurisdiction.

(e) Under the orders of the District Health Officer, he shall direct operations undertaken for the purpose of stamping out small-pox epidemics.

(f) He shall divide the area in his jurisdiction into as many groups or circles as there are public vaccinators. After obtaining the approval of the Chairman of the District Board through the District Health Officer to his proposals, he shall furnish for guidance every public vaccinator in his jurisdiction with a list of the villages and their population in the vaccinator's circle. The division of the district into circles may be modified to suit local requirements, but, as far as possible, they shall correspond with police circles to facilitate the obtaining of vital statistics from the police-stations and thanas.

(g) He shall arrange, with the approval of the District Health Officer, a tour programme, giving approximately the dates on which he proposes to visit each locality in his jurisdiction. Except in cases of emergency, the tour programme so approved shall not be altered or modified without the previous consent of the District Health Officer. He shall keep the latter informed of his movements by submitting to him weekly post-card reports. As a rule, he shall not remain in any one locality for more than three days, and then only when absolutely necessary. He shall be required to tour for not less than 120 days during the period from the 1st October to the 31st March every year.

(h) Unless a full day's work or travelling is performed or unless he is absent from his headquarters for twenty-four hours, the time spent on tour shall not be counted as a day on tour. Days of commencement or termination of tours on which journeys are begun late or end early shall not be counted for the purpose of the preceding rule.

(i) He shall tour within the area in his jurisdiction consecutively and systematically and shall inspect and report on the work of every public vaccinator in his jurisdiction. No tour shall be less than seven days in duration and shall comprise the adequate inspection of at least one thana unless otherwise directed by District Health Officer.

(j) Every Inspector shall visit the jurisdiction of every public vaccinator once and every Sub-Inspector twice every year.

(k) During the period from the 1st October to the 31st March every year, he shall not remain at his headquarters longer than seven days (including Sundays and other holidays) in any one month.

(l) Unless specially exempted, he shall tour by riding a pony or a cycle which he is required to maintain or keep for his work.

(m) He shall furnish the local authorities at least twenty-four hours' notice of his proposed visits for inspecting the vaccinated children of the locality.

(n) He shall inspect vaccinated children in their villages and not collect them at centres of his jurisdiction.

(o) He shall check the village vaccination registers (Vaccination Form No. 1) calling over the names entered in them, compare the results therein shown with the arms of the children inspected and enter opposite every name the result observed, initialling and dating his remarks. He shall satisfy himself that every child absent at his inspection is satisfactorily accounted for by the village headman or panchayat or some other trustworthy person, and make a suitable note opposite the name of every absentee. He shall not be accompanied by the public vaccinators during such inspections. He shall see that the ages entered of those persons vaccinated are approximately correct, especially in the cases of infants under one year of age.

(p) He shall keep a record of every unvaccinated child in the localities visited and report to the District Health Officer once a month the proportion of children left unprotected in every locality.

(q) During his tour, he shall verify deaths from small-pox and submit the results of verification to the District Health Officer (Vaccination Form No. 35).

(r) He shall carry with him on tour a diary (Vaccination Form No. 34), which he shall post up from day to day. He shall keep his diary carefully, correctly and fully, especially the "Inspection note" column, which shall be conscientiously written up. He shall submit his diary to the District Health Officer before the fifteenth day of the month following that to which it relates.

(s) He shall carry with him on tour a reserve stock of vaccinating lancets and vaccine lymph, and shall indent for a regular reserve supply of the latter for use in emergencies and for issue to public vaccinators, should their supply be exhausted.

(t) He shall receive or prepare, check, tabulate, and submit to the District Health Officer the monthly and other returns from the public vaccinators in his jurisdiction.

(u) He shall submit such report or reports in regard to the work of the area in his jurisdiction as may be required from him by competent authority.

(v) Every Inspector shall check the work performed by the Sub-Inspectors in his district and shall report to the District Health Officer on their work and conduct.

(w) In the month of September every year, every Inspector shall be required to give a course of instruction to all the public and apprentice vaccinators in his district.

(x) During the period from the 1st April to the 30th September every year, he shall be employed on such duties other than those relating to vaccination as may be ordered by the District Health Officer, under the direction of the Chairman.

(y) He shall submit on the prescribed dates the various returns and indents enumerated below:—

(i) Weekly diary.
(ii) Monthly vaccination report.
(iii) Annual returns of vaccination.
(iv) Indent for vaccination equipment.
(v) Indent for vaccine lymph.
(vi) Indent for vaccination forms.

Qualifications and duties of Public Vaccinators.

(a) Qualifications.

5. (i) No person shall be appointed as a public vaccinator who does not possess a certificate of competency granted after oral and practical examination by one of the officers mentioned below—

(a) Superintendent of a medical school which is recognized under the Bengal Medical Act, 1914.

(b) Health Officer of a District Board or of a Municipality.

(c) Civil Surgeon or other Principal Civil Medical Officer of a district.

(d) Military Medical Officer of a cantonment.

(e) Chief Sanitary Officer, Asansol Mines Board of Health.

(ii) Such certificate shall be in the following form:—

I hereby certify that I have examined...... ....in the manner contemplated by rules 1 (i) and 3 of the Rules under the Bengal Vaccination Act, 1880, and that I find him qualified for the office of public vaccinator.

6. Every person who desires to present himself for the above examination shall, if he has not attended a vaccination class at one of the medical schools in India and obtained a certificate of competency from the Superintendent thereof, submit evidence to the satisfaction of the certifying authority referred to in rule 5 (i), prior to his examination, that he has been engaged in vaccination work, in the capacity of an apprentice or assistant, for a period of at least six months.

7. Every candidate for the office of public vaccinator shall be required to satisfy the certifying authority mentioned in rule 5 in respect of his—

(a) knowledge of reading and writing, as required by the Middle School Vernacular Examination;

(b) knowledge of the phenomena of the vaccine disease;

(c) knowledge of the approved methods of performing vaccination;

(d) knowledge of the methods of collecting and storing lymph;

(e) ability to recognise a satisfactory vesicle and cicatrix;

(f) general knowledge of the disease of small-pox;

(g) knowledge of the provisions of the Bengal Vaccination Acts (1880 and 1911) in so far as they relate to the duties of a public vaccinator;

(h) knowledge of the registers, returns, forms, and certificates required to be maintained under the Vaccination Acts and the rules framed thereunder.

(b) **Duties.**

8. In addition to the duties imposed upon him by the Act and by rules framed thereunder and also by any other law for the time being in force regarding vaccination, every public vaccinator shall perform the following duties:—

(a) To visit by rotation every village in his circle, for which purpose he should give sufficient notice to the village headman or panchayat. He shall also report to his Sub-Inspector his work and movements by weekly post-cards.

(b) With the assistance of the headman or panchayat, to have collected at some central and convenient place in the village all such unprotected children in the village as are brought up for vaccination and to operate upon every such child and to maintain a list of the unprotected children of every village for the purpose of issuing notices and instituting prosecutions, if necessary.

(c) With the permission of the headmaster, to visit every school in his circle and endeavour to vaccinate all the unprotected pupils, care being taken not to use any compulsion or pressure of any kind.

(d) Before leaving a village, to see that the names of the vaccinated have been entered in the village register, which he shall sign in proof of the entries correctly made. On his return visit on completion of the seventh day, for the purpose of examining the work, to record in the appropriate column of the register the results of the operations.

(e) To operate in the approved method in four points with a lancet only.

(f) To attend regularly the public vaccine stations or depot for vaccinating free of charge.

(g) On the occurrence of local outbreaks of small-pox in his circle, to report to his Sub-Inspector the occurrence without delay, and to press on vaccination as rapidly as possible in and around the infected locality so as to vaccinate every unvaccinated person.

(h) To report similarly as in the preceding clause every other epidemic occurring in his circle and coming to his notice.

(i) To submit in the prescribed forms the required reports and returns of his work.

(j) During the period from the 1st April to the 30th September every year, to carry out such duties other than those relating to vaccination as may be ordered by competent authority.

(k) In the month of September every year, to attend at the district headquarters and to undergo the prescribed course of instruction given by the Inspector.

(l) To be responsible for the due care and preservation of the vaccination equipment and other articles supplied to him for the discharge of his duties.

9. Whenever it shall come to the notice of a public vaccinator that any child required to be vaccinated according to the provisions of the Act is still unprotected, he shall request the parent or guardian of such child to have the child vaccinated forthwith and shall explain to him the penalties he may incur under the Act if he fails to do so, and if such parent or guardian does not comply with the vaccinator's requisition the latter shall at once bring the matter to the notice of the Inspector or Superintendent of Vaccination, or other authorized officer in charge of vaccination.

10. Whenever it shall come to the notice of a public vaccinator that a person whose age exceeds 14 years is still unprotected, he shall request such unprotected person to submit himself to be vaccinated forthwith; and in the event of the latter failing to do so the public vaccinator shall at once bring the matter to the notice of the Inspector or Superintendent of Vaccination in order that the said unprotected person may be served with a notice under section 11.

11. When public vaccine stations have been appointed under the Act, and the days and hours of the public vaccinator's attendance at such stations have been fixed and published under section 14 (read with section 25), the public vaccinator attached to each vaccine station shall regularly attend thereat on the specified days and within the specified hours.

12. When a child has been vaccinated a second time under the provisions of section 4, the fact of such repetition of vaccination shall be entered by the vaccinator in the appropriate vaccine register.

Vaccination fees.

13. The fees for vaccination operations shall be payable according to the following scale:—

At a public vaccine station—Free of charge.

At a private residence or at any place other than a public vaccine station, if the vaccinator attends at the request of an adult person or of the parent or guardian of a child —Four annas for each operation. This charge may be reduced or remitted if any district board by special or general order so direct:

Provided that the total amount payable for any number of operations performed in one family at the same time shall not exceed eight annas.

14. Every public vaccinator shall grant a printed receipt for each amount received by him as fees. Every such amount shall be deposited at the office of the Superintendent

of Vaccination, or other authorised officer in charge of vaccination, every Saturday or oftener if that officer so orders, and the said officer shall, once a week, remit the same to the treasury to be credited to the district fund:

Provided that if the amount realised at any time exceeds the sum of Rs. 25, such amount shall forthwith be deposited as aforesaid.

Vaccination of females.

15. If the head vaccinator, or, where there is no head vaccinator, the vaccinator considers that any female, from the custom of the country, is unable to attend at the public vaccine station and is too poor to pay the fee payable for vaccination at a private residence, he shall report the fact to the inspector or the Superintendent of Vaccination or other authorised officer in charge of vaccination, or the Chairman of a District Board concerned who may, if he concurs in the vaccinator's opinion, direct that the whole or any portion of the fee be remitted.

Supply of vaccine lymph.

16. Vaccine lymph obtained from the Bengal Vaccine Depot shall ordinarily be used in all vaccine operations.

Registers, Returns and Forms.

17. The following register shall be kept at every public vaccine station :—

Register of vaccination of the .... station for the month of ....

Serial number.	Date of operation.	Child							Caste	Parent's or guardian's name.	Residence.		Name of vaccinator	Result.				Remarks.
		Name	Sex	Age							Street number	Locality		Successful	Doubtful.	Unsuccessful.	Not ascertained.	
				Under one year	Over one and under six years	Above six years	Actual age											
							Years	Months										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19

18. The annual return required to be submitted by the Superintendent of Vaccination under section 32 shall be made in the following form :—

Annual return of vaccinations for the year.

Num

Circle and district

Average number of vacc[inators] through[out] the season

Average number [of] each vaccinator

Primary vaccination.

Successful

M F Total | M. | F | Total

10 | 11

Re-vaccination

T

13

M. | F Total

Percentage of successful cases

16

Persons succ[essfully vaccinated per ...] population.

17

Class of the total number vaccinated.

18 19 | 20 | 21 22 23 24

Average annual number of deaths from small-pox during previous five years.

25

N.B.—Columns 13 and 11 —" Re-vaccination " should include the vaccination of all persons who bear marks of previous vaccination or of small-pox

Number of villages visited by Superintendent of Vaccination or Civil Surgeon, or other principal Medical Officer of the district— ; number of persons found to have been vaccinated— ; number successfully vaccinated— .

Number of villages visited by inspecting vaccinator- ; number of persons found to have been vaccinated ; number successfully vaccinated—

NOTE.—In instances certificates of postponement were granted, and in instances certificates of insusceptibility to successful vaccination.

19. The minutes of notices of vaccination which a Registrar of Births is required to enter under section 20 shall be in the form of a counterfoil to schedule E to the Act, and shall contain the following headings:—

(a) Name and address of person to whom notice has been issued.

(b) Name of child.

(c) Date of birth.

(d) Date of notice.

(e) Number of entry in the birth register

(f) Signature of Registrar.

20. The duplicates of certificates which a Registrar of Births is required to register under section 20, and the further particulars required by sections 21 and 22, shall be in the following form :—

Register of vaccination.

Serial No	Name of child	Date of birth	Number of entry in register of birth	Date of notice (Schedule E)	Date of certificate of successful vaccination (Schedule C)	Date of certificate of insusceptibility (Schedule B)	Date of certificate of postponed vaccination (Schedule A)	Signature of Registrar
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

21. The monthly return of cases which (under section 23 read with section 25) every Registrar of Births is required to transmit to the Superintendent of Vaccination shall be in the following form :—

Return of cases in which notice of vaccination has been sent but certificate has not been received for the month of........

Name of child	Name of parent or guardian	Residence	Date of issue of notice
1	2	3	4

N B —A case once included in this return need not be entered in any future return

22 (i) A register shall be kept at every public vaccine station in which shall be entered, in the following form, all sums received as fees by any public vaccinator attached to such station.—

FORM A—*Receipts*

Register of receipts under Bengal Act V of 1880 at the...

Vaccine Depot in the { *Municipality of.* / *District of......* }

Number	Date	From whom received	Amount received	Initials of vaccinator	Child's name and number of vaccination register (to be filled in when the entry in the vaccination registers is made).
1	2	3			6

(ii) A register shall also be kept at every such station in which shall be entered in the following form the amounts expended by any public vaccinator attached to the station :—

FORM B—*Disbursements.*

Register of expenditure under Bengal Act V of 1880 at the.

Public Vaccine Depot for the month of..

Number	Date	On what account expended	Amount	Initials of vaccinator.
1	2	3	4	5

23. Every Registrar of Births shall keep a register of vaccination in the following form, of which columns 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 shall be filled up on issue of the notice referred to in section 18, and the remaining columns on receipt of the duplicate certificate mentioned in section 19 —

Register of vaccination for.

Serial No.	Name of child	Date of birth	No. of entry in register of birth	Date of notice Schedule E	Date of certificate of successful vaccination Schedule C	Date of certificate of insusceptibility Schedule B	Signature of Registrar
					6		

24. The Registrar of Births shall, as soon after the first of every month as possible, forward a return to the Superintendent of Vaccination, or other authorized officer in charge of vaccination, in the following form, showing all cases in which a notice has been served under section 3 or a certificate of postponement granted under section 5, and in which the period mentioned in such notice or certificate has expired without receipt of a certificate of successful vaccination under section 5, or of insusceptibility under section 6 :—

Return of cases in which notice of vaccination has been served but certificate has not been received for the month of............19......

Name of child.	Name of parent or guardian	Residence	Date of issue of notice.
1	2	3	4

N.B.—A case once returned in this form need not be entered again, except in the case of a fresh postponement.

H. C. V. PHILPOT,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Irrigation.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 111. — 10th November 1933. — The following draft of an amendment, which, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 99 of the Bengal Irrigation Act, 1876 (Bengal Act III of 1876), the Governor in Council intends to make in the rules for the combined Damodar and Eden Canal (published in Bengal Government notification No. 6I., dated the 24th March 1933, at pages 487-509, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 30th idem), is hereby published for the information of the persons likely to be affected thereby.

II. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933 and any objections or suggestions received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendment.

At the end of the first sentence of rule 6 of the said rules *after* the word "received," the words "unless the time is extended by the Chief Engineer, Bengal, Irrigation Department" shall be *inserted*.

H. C. V. PHILPOT,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

BOARD OF REVENUE, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

Nadia.—No. 13927C.P.—10th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 2 of section 8 of the Bengal Land Revenue (Assistant Collectors) Regulation, 1821 (IV of 1821), the Board of Revenue authorises Babu Anukul Chandra Ganguli, Settlement Kanungo, who has been placed on duty in connection with the maintenance for the purpose of section 158A of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, of the record-of-rights of the estate of Babu Panchanon Bhattacharja in the district of Nadia, to exercise and perform within the local limits of the said estate any of the powers and duties vested in the Collectors of Land Revenue under any enactment in force therein for the purpose of the said work of maintenance of the record-of-rights.

F. A. SACHSE,

for *Secy. to the Board of Revenue, Bengal.*

TREASURY NOTICES.

Pabna, the 31st October 1933.

Uncovenanted Deputy Collector Maulvi Atikar Rahman Mahmud has been placed in charge of the Pabna Treasury from the afternoon of the 31st October 1933 and is authorised to draw bills on other Treasuries.

S. C. BASU, *Collector.*

Jessore, the 6th November 1933.

Uncovenanted Deputy Collector Babu Anil Chandra Bose has been placed in executive charge of the Jessore Treasury, with effect from the forenoon of the 6th November 1933, and is authorised to draw bills on other treasuries.

N. K. SEN, *Collector.*

SHERIFF'S OFFICE.

The 14th September 1933.

Notice is hereby given that the Fifth Criminal Sessions of the year 1933 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the town of Calcutta and factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto will be held at the Court House, in the town of Calcutta, on Monday, the 27th day of November 1933, at 11 o'clock in the afternoon, and thenceforward from day to day until the said sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who are to prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said sessions be present then and there to prosecute.

BADRIDAS GOENKA, *Sheriff.*

সরিফ আফিস, সন ১৯৩৩ সালের ১৪ই সেপ্টেম্বর।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে, স্বুবে বাঙ্গালার ফোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন সহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্ত্য জন্য আগামী সন ১৯৩৩ সালের ২৭সে নভেম্বর, সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্য্যন্ত সেসিয়ানের কার্য্য সমাধ না হয়, প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাইকোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৯৩৩ সালের পঞ্চম ক্রিমিন্যাল সেসিয়ান বসিবেক, এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যেসকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে কোন ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক, তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে। ইতি।

বদ্রিদাস গোয়েনকা,

সরিফ।

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Civil.

The 7th November 1933.

No. 25723A.—Babu Khagesh Chandra Mitra, munsif of Baraset, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognisable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250 within the local limits of the Baraset munsifi.

The 10th November 1933.

No. 25883A.—In exercise of the powers delegated to the High Court by the notification of the Government of Bengal, No. 64-J.D., dated the 30th April 1915, Babu Ganendra Kanta Nag, munsif of Midnapore (Sadar), is vested under Article 8 of the Second Schedule of the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887 (IX of 1887), with powers to try, under the Small Cause Court procedure, suits up to the value of Rs. 250 for the recovery of rents of homestead lands arising within the municipal area within his jurisdiction.

No. 25886A.—Babu Sitesh Chandra Sen, munsif of Howrah, in the district of Hooghly, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250 within the local limits of the Howrah munsifi.

No. 25889A.—Babu Ganendra Kanta Nag, munsif of Midnapore (Sadar), is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250 within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Midnapore.

By order of the High Court,

N. L. HINDLEY, *Registrar.*

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

Burdwan Division—Chinsura.

No. 1846M.—7th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*) of the rules for the management of the charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, Babu Hara Bhusan Mondal has been appointed as a member of the dispensary committee at Vishnupur, in the district of Bankura, in place of Babu Sujay Chandra Das, deceased.

L. B. BURROWS, *Commissioner (offg.).*

Chittagong Division—Chittagong.

No. 4999G.—9th November 1933.—Maulvi Kazi Muhammad Sadrul Ola, Sub-Deputy Collector and Khas Tahsildar, Chittagong, is allowed leave on average pay for twelve days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 11th December 1933.

H. S. E. STEVENS, *Commissioner (offg.).*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Bakarganj Range.

Barisal.—No. 5745.—9th November 1933.—Sub-Inspector Qazi Abdul Naim, of Chittagong, who was officiating as Inspector, Bakarganj, *vice* Babu Srish Chandra Chaudhuri, Inspector, officiating as Deputy Superintendent of Police, Rajshahi, will continue to act as Inspector, *vice* Khan Sahib Altafuddin Khan, Inspector, Bakarganj, officiating as Deputy Superintendent of Police.

A. D. GORDON,

Deputy Inspector-General of Police.

Dacca Division—Dacca.

No. 5174J.—6th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that under rule 20(*b*) of the manual of rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Madaripur in the district of Faridpur:—

The Subdivisional Officer, Madaripur, *ex-officio.*

The Subdivisional Medical Officer, Madaripur, *ex-officio.*

Maulvi Alimuddin Ahmed, B.L.
Maulvi Daliluddin Ahmed, B.L.
Babu Kedereswar Sen, B.L. (senior pleader).
Rai Hira Lal Moulik Bahadur.
Babu Srish Chandra Ghosh.
Dr. Lalit Mohan Saha.
Babu Kalidas Roy, B.A.
Babu Jyotish Chandra Ghosh.
Babu Akshoy Gopal Bhattacharjee.
Dr. Paresh Nath Chakravorty.

No. 5177J.—6th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that at the meeting held on 14th October 1933 of the newly elected and appointed Commissioners of the Sherpur Municipality, in the district of Mymensingh, the following gentlemen have been duly elected as Chairman and Vice-Chairman under sections 45(*1*) and 48 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932:—

Babu Satyendra Mohan Choudhuri, B.A., B.Sc., Chairman.

Maulvi Md. Rahamatulla, Vice-Chairman.

No. 5190J.—6th November 1933. — Babu Satish Chandra Chanda, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Narainganj South Circle, in the district of Dacca, is transferred to the headquarters station of that district on general duty.

No. 5195J.—6th November 1933. — Babu Charu Chandra Ray, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed to be Circle Officer of Narainganj South Circle, in the district of Dacca.

No. 5230J. — 8th November 1933.—Babu Sambhunath Ganguli, Sub-Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, is appointed to be Circle Officer of Sherpur Circle in that district.

This cancels notification No. 4857 J., dated the 14th October 1933, appointing Babu Benoy Bhusan Choudhuri, Sub-Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, as Circle Officer, Sherpur.

No. 5243J.—9th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 7 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act (Act III of 1885), the following gentlemen have been duly elected by the local boards, noted above their names, to be members of the Dacca district board:—

I. Elected by the Sadar local board.

K. Shahabuddin.
Maulvi Muhammad Abdus Saheed.
Babu Girish Chandra Das.
Maulvi Muluk Hossain.
Maulvi Abdul Hamid.
Dr. A. N. Muhammad Fazlur Rahman
Babu Amulya Ratan Guha.

II. Elected by the Narainganj local board.

Babu Manindra Chandra Das.
Maulvi Abdul Malek Bhuyan.
Maulvi A. F. M. Abdul Mannan.
Maulvi Tafazzal Hossain Bhuyan.
Maulvi Muhammad Sekandar Ali.
Dr. Preonath Guha.

III. Elected by the Munshiganj local board.

Maulvi Kafiluddin Choudhury.
Babu Trailokya Nath Banerji.
Babu Bhuban Mohan Chaudhury.
Babu Harendra Kumar Roy.
Babu Makhan Lal Das.

IV. Elected by the Manikganj local board.

Maulvi Mahboob Ali Khan Majlish.
Maulvi Abdul Latif Biswas, B.L.
Maulvi Aulad Hossain Khan.
Rai Priya Nath Basu Choudhury

No. 5248J. — 9th November 1933.—Babu Kshirode Prasad Barua, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Pangsa Circle, in the Goalundo subdivision of the Faridpur district, is allowed leave on average pay for three weeks, under rule 81 (*b*) (*a*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd December 1933

H. GRAHAM, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

Faridpur, the 1st November 1933.

No. 7116J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (*2*) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Chhilar char union board in police-station Madaripur of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Munshi Mamatajuddin Molla.
Munshi Khadem Hosain Mir.
Munshi Esop Khan.
Munshi Haji Asgar Hawladar.
Munshi Aminuddin Choudhury.
Munshi Abdul Hamid Akon.

(*b*) Under sub-section (*3*) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Babu Akshoy Kumar Dey.
Munshi Soab Ali Howladar.
Munshi Malek Khan.

No. 7117J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (*2*) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Enayetnagar union board in police-station Kalkini of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Munshi Abdul Waheb Bepari
Munshi Hatem Ali Sardar.
Munshi Talebali Sardar.
Munshi Aminuddin Bepari.
Munshi Kalai Sardar.
Munshi Lal Chand Molla.

(*b*) Under sub-section (*3*) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Babu Raj Mohan Sarkar.
Munshi Kamijuddi.
Munshi Meserali.

No. 7118J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (*2*) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Ramjanpur union board in police-station Kalkini of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:-

Babu Nabin Chandra Mandal.
Hazi Abdul Karim Bepari.
Hazi Muharuddi Molla.
Munshi Kamijuddi Ahmed.
Munshi Golam Ali Hawladar.
Babu Rangeswar Biswas.

(*b*) Under sub-section (*3*) section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:-

Munshi Latif Hosain Bepari.
Munshi Abdul Karim Talukdar.
Babu Brojendra Kumar Mandal.

S. C. DATTA, for *District Magistrate.*

Faridpur, the 13th November 1933.

No. 7040J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Khoajpur union board in police-station Madaripur of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Munshi Syed Ali Bepari.
Babu Naider Chand Bala.
Munshi Abdul Majid.
Munshi Abdul Gani Khan.
Munshi Montajuddin Fakir.
Babu Sreenath Mandal.

(*b*) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Munshi Belan Bepari.
Kazi Abdul Hamid Talukdar.
Munshi Nasaruddin Sikdar.

A. E. PORTER, *District Magistrate.*

Dacca, the 6th November 1933.

No. 9888M. It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Kanchpur union board in police-station Baidyerbazar, in the Narayanganj subdivision of the Dacca district:—

Munshi Sadat Ali Saud.
Munshi Abdul Aziz Bhuiyan.
Munshi Abed Ali Bhuiyan.
Munshi Attabuddin Dalal.
Munshi Madari.
Muhammad Easin Mian.

(*b*) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by me to be members of the said union board:—

Babu Suresh Chandra Bhattacharjya.
Babu Rajendra Chandra Rai.
Babu Kumud Behari Saha

Dacca, the 13th November 1933.

Nos. 9697-9700M.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Hairmara union board in police-station Raipura, in the Narayanganj subdivision of the Dacca district:—

Babu Mati Lal Pal.
Munshi Sona Mian.
Moulvi Fazlul Haque.
Munshi Muksud Ali Sarker.
Munshi Lal Mian.
Munshi Ajmat Ali Mater.

(*b*) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by me to be members of the said union board:—

Munshi Abdur Rashid.
Munshi Ahad Baksha Pradhan.
Babu Sudhir Ranjan Pal.

Nos. 9701-9704M.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Araihazar union board in police-station Araihazar, in the Narayanganj subdivision of the Dacca district:—

Babu Mohendra Chandra Poddar.
Maulvi Abdul Majid Khandker.
Maulvi Alek Badsha.
Babu Rajendra Narayan Rai Chowdhury.
Babu Sumati Kumar Rai Chowdhury.
Maulvi Rahim Box.

(*b*) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by me to be members of the said union board:—

Dr. Rai Mohan Ghosh, L.M.P.
Babu Suresh Chandra Roy Choudhury.
Munshi Basiruddin Ahmed.

Nos 9705-9708M.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Badyerbazar union board in police-station Badyerbazar, in the Narayanganj subdivision of the Dacca district:—

Babu Surendra Kumar Sen.
Babu Ram Krishna Chakrabatty.
Munshi Azimaddin Sarker.
Munshi Syed Ali Mian.
Babu Purna Chandra Saha.
Munshi Abdul Ali *alias* Jiban Ali.

(*b*) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by me to be members of the said union board:—

Babu Sukumar Gupta.
Babu Rasik Chandra Das.
Munshi Wahed Baksha Mian.

B C. PRANCE, *District Magistrate.*

Mymensingh, the 8th November 1933.

No. 1012C.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members and presidents of union boards, published with notification No. 630T.L.S.-G.,

dated the 13th October 1919, Babu Bhaja Govinda Podder has been elected to be a member of the Jamurki union board in Mirzapur police-station in the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district, *vice* Babu Ganesh Chandra Banik, B.SC., M.B., removed by the district board of Mymensingh on the 24th June 1933.

No. 1013C.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members and presidents of union boards, published with notification No. 630T. L.S.-G., dated the 13th October 1919, Hazi Komaruddin Sarkar has been elected to be a member of the Mokna union board in Nagarpur police-station in the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district, *vice* Munshi Rostam Ali Sarkar, deceased.

S. BANERJEE, *District Magistrate.*

Barisal, the 9th November 1933.

No. 7224J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Munshi Sundar Kha has been duly elected to be a member of Ikri union board within police-station Bhandaria in Pirojpur subdivision of the Bakarganj district, *vice* Munshi Ahammad Ali Howladar, deceased.

No. 7225J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Munshi Abdul Majid Khan has been duly elected to be a member of Balipara union board in police-station Pirojpur within Pirojpur subdivision of the Bakarganj district, *vice* Munshi Reazuddin Talukdar, deceased.

No. 7226J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Munshi Abdul Gafur Sikdar has been duly elected to be a member of Amooa union board within police-station Kathalia in Pirojpur subdivision of the Bakarganj district, *vice* Munshi Kalu Sikdar, deceased.

C. W. GURNER, *District Magistrate.*

Presidency Division—Calcutta.

No. 2272R.G.—6th November 1933.—Babu Jitendra Nath Ray, Sub-Deputy Collector, Sadar, Jessore, is granted ten days' leave on average pay, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 12th October 1933.

No. 2278R.G.—6th November 1933.—Babu Satya Prasad Ghosh, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Jhenidah, Jessore, is granted leave for six weeks, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

No. 2283R.G.—6th November 1933.—Babu Naresh Chandra Chatarji, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, Sadar, Murshidabad, is transferred to the Sailkupa Circle of the Jhenidah subdivision, in the district of Jessore, as Circle Officer.

No. 1841M.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 50 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), it is hereby notified for general information that Babu Amulya Mohan Roy Choudhury, Commissioner of Ward No. I of the Debhatta Municipality, in the district of Khulna, has been duly elected Vice-Chairman of the municipality in place of Babu Balahari Sardar, elected Chairman of the said municipality.

No. 1847M. — 7th November 1933. — In exercise of the powers conferred by section 50 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), it is hereby notified for general information that Babu Balahari Sardar has been duly elected Chairman of the Debhatta Municipality, in the district of Khulna, to fill the temporary vacancy caused by the absence, on leave, of Babu Phani Bhusan Mondal.

No. 2295R.G.—8th November 1933.—Babu Surendra Nath Sen Gupta, No. I, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to Jessore, Sadar.

No 2313R.G.—9th November 1933.—Babu Birendra Nath Maitra, Sub-Deputy Collector, Kandi, Murshidabad, is transferred to the Mahespur Circle of the Bongaon subdivision in the district of Jessore as Circle Officer.

No. 2319R.G.—9th November 1933.—Babu Satkari Lal De, Sub-Deputy Collector, Sadar, Nadia, is transferred to the Kandi subdivision in the district of Murshidabad.

H. J. TWYNAM, *Commissioner (offg.)*

Alipore, the 4th November 1933.

No. 24/33-26-V.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Act V of 1919), Munshi Namdar Mondal has been duly elected to be a member of the Ramchandrapur union board in police-station Baduria in the Basirhat subdivision of the 24-Parganas district, *vice* Maulvi Abbas Ali, deceased.

T. C. ROY, *Addl. District Magistrate.*

Berhampore, the 6th November 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., of union boards, under the said Act, Babu Aswini Kumar Das has been duly elected to be a member of the Daffarpur union board No. IV, in police-station Raghunathgunj, in the Jangipur subdivision of the Murshidabad district, in place of Babu Girish Chandra Das, resigned.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., of union boards, under the said Act, Babu Jatindra Mohan Ray was duly elected to be a member of the Jamuar union board No. I, Ward No. II, in police-station Raghunathgunj, in the Jangipur subdivision of the Murshidabad district, in place of Babu Satish Chandra Mukhopadhy, removed.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., of union boards, under the said Act, Babu Gopi Nath Das has been duly elected to be a member of the Ahiran union board No. VIII, in police-station Suti, in the Jangipur subdivision of the Murshidabad district, in place of Babu Akshay Chandra Das, deceased.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., of union boards, under the said Act, Munshi Azmat Biswas has been appointed by me to be a member of the Ahiran union board No. VIII, in Suti police-station of the Jangipur subdivision, in the district of Murshidabad, *vice* Munshi Derash Mandal, deceased.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., of union boards, under the said Act, Babu Bhupati Bhusan Roy Choudhury has been appointed by me to be a member of the Kurunnarun union board, in Barwan police-station, in the Kandi subdivision of the district of Murshidabad, *vice* Babu Rana Nath Gupta, resigned.

O. M. REES, *District Magistrate.*

Jessore, the 7th November 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Satish Chandra Daw has been declared to be duly appointed as a member of the Fatepur union board in the Kotwali police-station of the district of Jessore, *vice* Khudiram Daw, deceased.

S. N. DUTT, for *District Magistrate.*

Krishnagar, the 10th November 1933.

No. 4097L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., of union boards under the said Act, the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the union boards noted below in Meherpur subdivision of the Nadia district:—

Meherpur police-station.

Ujalpur union board.

Ward No. 3.

Babu Sudhir Kumar Biswas, *vice* Babu Jogendra Nath Biswas, deceased.

Dariapur union board.

Ward No. 3.

Babu Gour Chandra Biswas, *vice* Munshi Saferuddin Biswas, removed.

Tehatta police-station.

Shyamnagar union board.

Ward No. 3.

Munshi Habibulla Biswas, *vice* Munshi Diam Uddin Molla, deceased.

No. 4098L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards under the said Act, Babu Hemanta Kumar Maulik has been duly elected to be a member of the Dhubulia union board in police-station Kotwali in the Sadar subdivision of the Nadia district in place of Babu Hazari Lal Chakraverty, resigned.

H. C. BOSE, *District Magistrate.*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Presidency Range.

Calcutta.—Nos. 8693-94. — 4th November 1933.—Maulvi Bashirudin Sarkar, Inspector, Jessore, is granted 2 months and 12 days' leave on average pay, on medical certificate, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from 11-10-1933, and is permitted to affix to leave the Xmas and the New Year's Day holidays.

Sub-Inspector Udayshashi Mukharji, of Nadia, is appointed to act as Inspector in the vacancy.

Sub-Inspector Ramendra Nath Nandi, of Jessore, is appointed to act as Inspector, *vice* Rai Sahib Hriday Nath Datta, Inspector, Jessore, officiating as Deputy Superintendent of Police, C.I.D.

Sub-Inspector Nirod Chandra Sen Gupta, of the 24-Parganas, is appointed to act as Inspector, *vice* Babu Priya Nath De, Court Inspector, retired from service.

L. H. BURTON,
Deputy Inspector-General of Police.

Rajshahi Division—Jalpaiguri.

No. 3166M.—5th October 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 19 (*1*) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B.C.) of 1885, as amended by Act, V (B. C.) of 1908, Maulvi Syed Akbar Ali has been duly elected by the Serajganj local board in the district of Pabna to be a member of the district board, Pabna, *vice* Maulvi Md. Osman Gani Talukdar, resigned.

No. 3169M. — 5th October 1933. — It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 41 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), I appoint the following gentlemen to be members of the Alipur Duar Union Committee, in the district of Jalpaiguri:—

Babu Sibdoyal Pal.
Babu Hem Chandra Aich.
Munshi Fazlar Rahman.
Babu Shashi Kumar Sen.
Babu Surendra Lal De Roy.
Munshi Raisuddin Basunia.
Babu Malchand Oswal.
Babu Abhoy Charan Das.
Maulvi Kasimuddin Ahmed.

J. G. DRUMMOND, *Commissioner (offg.).*

No. 4048J.—6th November 1933.—Maulvi Musharraf Hossain, Sub-Deputy Collector, Bogra, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-five days, with effect from the 23rd September 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 4078J. — 8th November 1933.—Babu Purna Chandra Bala, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Godagari Circle, Rajshahi, is allowed leave on average pay for six weeks, with effect from the 11th November 1933, or any subsequent date, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 4096J. 9th November 1933.—Babu Sasanka Sekhar Chakravartty, Sub-Deputy Collector, Bogra, is transferred to Godagari, in the district of Rajshahi, to work as Circle Officer.

The transfer is made in the public interest.

No. 4138J.—11th November 1933.—Maulvi Musharraf Hossain, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to Bogra Sadar to work in the general line.

No. 4144J.—11th November 1933. — Babu Kshetra Mohan Mandal, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi, is posted to Kurigram in the district of Rangpur to work in the general line.

The transfer is made in the interest of public service.

F. W. ROBERTSON, *Commissioner (offg.).*

Pabna, the 3rd November 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that Babu Bidhu Bhusan Das Gupta, Assistant Head Master of the Government High School at Pabna, has been appointed a member of the committee for the management of the school under rule 1, section V of the rules for the managing committees of Government high schools, *vice* Maulvi Abdur Rahman, officiating Assistant Head Master, transferred.

S. C. BASU, *District Magistrate.*

Dinajpur, the 9th/10th November 1933.

No. 6901J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Mukunda Chandra Saha of Gopinathpur has duly been appointed to be a member of Gulandar union board in the police-station of Itahar in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Dinajpur, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Rahaman of Pukhuria, deceased.

No. 6902J.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Gopal Chandra Sarkar of Paru has duly been elected to be a member of Gulandar union board in the police-station of Itahar in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Dinajpur, *vice* Maulvi Chand Mamud Sarkar of Dangi, deceased.

S. C. SINHA, *District Magistrate.*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Rajshahi Range.

Jalpaiguri.—No. 7856. — 10th November 1933.—Babu Nawjadik Singh, Armed Inspector, Malda, is granted 4 months' leave on average pay, on medical certificate, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

Armed Sub-Inspector Sheo Paltan Singh, of Rangpur, is appointed to act as Armed Inspector in the vacancy.

With effect from the date on which Babu Sish Chandra Chaudhuri, Inspector, joins at Rajshahi, Sub-Inspector Muhammad Yakub will continue to act as Inspector, Rajshahi, *vice* Babu Shailendra Nath Ray, Inspector, on leave.

Babu Shachindra Chandra Mukharji, officiating Inspector, Rajshahi, will, on relief, reverted to his substantive rank of Sub-Inspector in Rangpur.

F. P. WALKER,
Deputy Inspector-General of Police.



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THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1933.

PART IB

Educational Notices.

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

Senate House, the 11th November 1933.

NOTICE.

It is hereby announced for general information that as the 26th and the 27th March 1934 have been declared as holidays by the Government of Bengal on account of the Muhammadan festival "Id-uz-Zuha", the next B. A. and B. Sc. Examinations will commence on Wednesday, the 28th March 1934 (instead of on Monday, the 26th March 1934, as already announced).

B. B. Dutt,
Controller of Examinations (offg.).

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

Senate House, the 10th November 1933.

NOTICE.

The undermentioned candidate is admitted to the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy. The subject of his thesis submitted to and approved by the Board of Examiners, is given below :—

Jibankrishna Sarkar.

Subject of thesis.

"A New Theory of Perception."

B. B. Dutt,
Controller of Examinations (offg.).

City and Guilds of London Institute Examinations.

NOTICE.

Calcutta, the 7th November 1933.

The Annual Technological Examinations of the City and Guilds of London Institute will be held at Serampore, Dacca, Jamshedpur, Berhampore and Calcutta in April and May 1934. The exact dates will be announced later in the *Calcutta Gazette*. Candidates desiring to appear at any of the examinations should apply for registration forms, stating the subject or subjects in which they desire to appear. A fee of Rs. 6 has to be paid for each section or grade of a subject, and applications with fees must reach the office of the Secretary not later than the 6th January 1934. The fee will, in no case, be refunded.

All communications should be addressed to the Secretary, City and Guilds Examination Committee, Department of Industries, Bengal, 40/1A, Free School Street, Calcutta.

Adinath Sen, *Secretary,*
City and Guilds Examination Committee,
Bengal.

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

NOTIFICATION No. T. 348.

Senate House, the 6th November 1933.

MATRICULATION EXAMINATION, 1936.

[In all cases where reference is made to Chapters, Sections, Pages or Lines (thus Chapters I—III) the reference is to be understood as inclusive.]

English.

TEXT-BOOKS PRESCRIBED.

Prose.

1. Select Readings from English Prose (published by the University). Pieces to be read will be selected later.
2. Ivanhoe (abridged edition published by the University).

Poetry.

Lahiri's Select Poems (published by the University). Pieces to be read will be selected later.

Books recommended to indicate the standard up to which candidates will be expected to have read—

Victor Hugo. Les Miserables (abridged edition, published by P. T. I. Book Depôt, Bangalore City).

Lamb's Tales from Shakespeare.

The Adventure of Don Quixote (abridged edition, published by Thomas Nelson & Sons, Ltd.).

W. A. J. Archbold. Long Long Ago (Bina Library, Calcutta).

True Stories of Modern Explorers (Blackie & Sons).

Bishop Heber. India a hundred years ago (abridged edition, by Longmans, Green & Co., Ltd., 1927).

Andrew Lang. Tales of Troy (Longmans, Green & Co.).

Pioneers of Progress (Longmans, Green & Co.).

Stories from Tagore (Macmillan).

Tales of Tolstoy (King's Treasures, No. 5, by Macmillan & Co.).

Tales from Sanskrit Dramatists (G. A. Natesan & Co.).

Great Men of India, by H. G. Rawlinson (Nelson).

H. Chatterjee—Sakuntala (Longmans, Green & Co.).

Chatterjee and Mookerjee—Representative Indians.

N.B.—Head Masters of schools recognised by the University are requested to encourage the students to use the Pocket Oxford Dictionary.

Alternative Paper in English.*

1. H. A. Treble —Tales of Adventure and Imagination (Oxford University Press).
2. Realm of Gold (Dent).

Vernaculars.

Bengali.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Matriculation Bengali Selections (latest edition, published by the University). Pieces to be read will be selected later.

*To be taken up by candidates whose Vernacular is a language not included in the prescribed list given under section 9 (*4*) of Chapter XXX of the Regulations.

The following books are recommended as showing the standard up to which the students will be expected to have read:—

Rajanikanta Gupta. Prativa.
Rabindranath Tagore. Chhutir Para.
Dineschandra Sen. Fullara.
Mankumari Basu. Subha Sadhana.
Jagadananda Ray. Prakriti.
Kumud Ray Chaudhuri. Deshbandhu.
Jaladhar Sen. Himalaya.
Abanindranath Tagore. Rajkahini, Part II.
Jitendranath Majumdar. Arther Sandhan.
Panchanan Mitra. Manushyattwa Ki.

Grammar recommended.

Nakuleswar Vidyabhushan. Bhashabodh Bangla Vyakaran.
Dineschandra Sen. Bhasha Prabes.
Jagadischandra Ghosh. Matribhasa.

Hindi.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Matriculation Hindi Selections (published by the Calcutta University). Pieces to be read:—

Birsingha Ka Vrittanta.
Mahakabi Kalidaska Charita (Charitabali).
Dara Shikoh Ki har aur uska badha.
Mira Bai
Hindosthan (Gupta Nibandhabali).
Id me Muharrem.
Ushangini—Dwitiya Anka.

Poetry.

Sundar Kanda (Ramayan).
Niti Samayik Upadesha
Ananda—Arunodaya.
Jivan-Maran.
Maithili Saran—Jayadrath Vadha

Grammar

Saral Hindi Vyakaran, by Shibnarayan Lala.

Or

Hindi Kaumudi, by Ambikaprasad Bajpayi.

Urdu.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Prose.

Aina i-Ibrat, by K. A. B. Suhrawardy Begum, Part I (Calcutta Edition).

Poetry.

Anis-I-Adab, compiled by Maulvi Anis Ahmed (Aligarh Muslim University Press).

Only the following portions are to be read:—

Nos. 2, 3-6, 8, 11, 12, 14-16.

Recommended for general reading—

Mukhazan-i-Adab, by Maulvi Hafiz (Aligarh Muslim University Press, Aligarh).
Kaukab-i-Durry (Short Life of the Prophet), by K. A. B. Suhrawardy Begum.

Uriya.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

(To be selected later.)

Assamese.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Sarbeswar Sarma Kataki. Assamiya Sahitya Kosh.

Portions to be read:—

Prose.

Hemchandra Baruah. Atmajibancharit.
Gunaviram Baruah. Rangpur Nagarer Bibaran.
Ratneswar Mahanta. Ahom Sati.
Lakshinath Bezbarua. Shargarowhan.
Padmanath Gohain Boruah. Jatiabhab.
Satyanath Borah. Sahityar Sadharan Lakhyan.
Satyanath Borah. Kartabyagyan.
Hemchandra Gossami Maharaj Rudrasingh.
Kanaklal Baruah. Sahanubhuti.
Chandradhar Baruah. Sangeet.
Radhanath Phookan. Byabasay.
Hiteswar Barboruah. Ahomjati.
Gauridutta Misra. Momaitamuli Barbaruaha.
Ambicanath Borah. Cromwell.
Jyanadaviram Boruah. Lubhia Chitrasala.
Bharat Chandradas. Beula Lakkhindar.
Maulvi Harastulla. Mohommod Charit.
Banikanta Kakati. Sophist aru Socrates.
Krishnakanta Handique. Europot Schoolia Sikhya.
Jnananath Borah. Keertan.
Chandranath Sarma Ban aru Paropakar.

Poetry.

Kabiratna Saraswati. Kailash Barnana.
Sankardev. Daraka Barnana.
Madhabdev. Prarthana.
Hemchandra Gossami. Anandaram Baruar Shargajatra
Padmanath Gohain Boruah. Brahmaputra.
Laksminath Bezbaruah. Asomsangeet
Chandrakumar Agrawala. Sandhia.
Chandradhar Boruah. Geeta.
Kamalakanta Bhattacharyya. Jatiagaurab.
Durgeswar Sarma. Jion.
Durgeswar Sarma. Rangilee.
Rameswar Boruah. Sajbanua.
Premadhar Gohain. Jahnabir Prati.
Nabinchandra Bardalai. Sisur Hanhee.
Anandachandra Agarwala. Sokasangeet.
Jnananath Borah. Romonigavoru.
Singhadattadev Adhikari. Ekalabya.
Maulvi Ganimatali. Sivaji.
Umeshchandra Chaudhury. Matribhasa.
Indreswar Barthakur. Bhasmachal.
Debeswar Sarma. Shartha.

Grammar.

Bahal Byakaran. Satyanath Borah.

Books showing the standard up to which the students will be expected to have read:—

Lakshminath Bezbaruah. Sadhukathar Kuki.
Padmanath Gohain Baruah. Lahari.

Nepali.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Prose.

Sharmista. Riddhi Bahadur Malla.
Sankshipta Ramayan, by Gorakha Bhasha Prakashini Samiti, Nepal.

Poetry.

Ritu Bichar. Pandit Lekhnath Paudyal.
Bhanubhakta Sunnar Kanda. S. B. Gemali's Edition.
Naibedya. Nepali Sahitya Sammilan, Darjeeling.

Grammar.

Madhya Chandrika. Pandit Somenath Sigdyal.

Or

Nepali Vyakarana. Parasmani Pradhan.

Books recommended for general reading—

Ram Shah. Nepali Sahitya Sammilan, Darjeeling.
Rajput Ramani. Mrs. A. Devi.
Raghavbilap. Nepali Sahitya Sammilan, Darjeeling.

Maithili.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

(To be selected later.)

Burmese.

(Vernacular.)

Kinwun Mingyi; Paris Diary Shwe Pyi So Wuttu; Owdahtu Pyo; Dewagomban Pyazat.

Telugu.

(Vernacular.)

Prose.

Padmavati. Umra Ali Shah (Pittapur).

Poetry.

Sunabala. Jayanti Ganganna (Rajahmundry).

Sinhalese.

(Vernacular.)

Lanka Katha, Chapters II, III and VII only; Pujavaliya, Chapters XIII and XIV; Kusajatakakavya, Chapter I only, Selalihini Sandesa, 1, 52 verses only.

Tamil.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

1. Beriyapuranam (Thali that kontu), verses 1-36, both inclusive.
2. Balaramayanam, pages 3-41. To be had of Messrs. Jayam & Co., Publishers and Booksellers, Egmore, Madras.
3. Balabharatam, pages 3-50. To be had of Messrs. Jayam & Co., Publishers and Booksellers, Egmore, Madras.
4. Nalavazhi (published by Messrs. P. N. Chidambara Mudaliar Bros., Madura.)

Malayalam.

(Vernacular.)

Selections in Malayalam published by the Madras University for the Secondary School Certificate Public Examination of 1933.

Kanarese.

(Vernacular.)

Kavya Sangraha, by M. N. Kamath (Shenoy Brothers, Mangalore); Savitri Charitra, by Basappa Sastri (M. S. Rao & Co., Avenue Road, Bangalore City).

Bhratri-prema, by K. B. Ramkrishna (B. G. M. Book Depôt, Mangalore); Suivle, by Miss B. Ratnamma, B.Sc. (No. 1, 5th Road, Chamarajapet, Bangalore City).

Gujrathi.

(Vernacular.)

A. B. Dhurva. Nitisiksham.
Anajria and Karim Mahomed. Kavitapraves

Marathi.

(Vernacular.)

Prose.

Ramabai Ranade. Amachya ayushalil kahi Athavai.
Prof. L. G. Apte. Bakulashai.

Poetry.

Raghunath Pandit. Nala Damayanti Svaymvarakhyana (from Navanit, Seventh Edition).

Sahitya Suvarna. Edited by Professor R. K. Lagu.

Manipuri.

(Vernacular.)

Drama—Babrubahan Pokpa, by Sjt. L. Iboongohal Singh, B.A., B.L., Member, Manipur State Durbar.

Prose Madhabi, by Dr. Lambabam Kamal Singh.

Poetry Thainagi Loirang (Sai-on-2nd), by Sjt. Khwirakpam Chaoba Singh.

Modern Tibetan.

(Vernacular.)

Drime Kuden's Namthar (Asiatic Society of Bengal's Publication).

Khasi.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Ki Phawar U. Aesob, by U. Soso Tham.

Ka Kitab Jingphawar, by Rabon Sing from pages 16 to end.

Ki Dienjat Jong ki Longashwe, Parts I and II, by Rev. J. Bacchiarello, with the omission of the following passages:—

(1) "Don Bosco."
(2) Venanszus.
(3) The Baptism of Clovis.

Grammar.

Hints on the Study of the Khasi Language, by Nissur Singh.

Garo.

(Vernacular.)

(1) Stories from Early Hebrew History—

Genesis, Chapters 12, 13, 15, 22 (1-19), 27, 28, 29 (1-30), 31, 32, 37, 39, 41, 42-50.

(2) Moral, Social, Economic and Sanitary Laws of the Hebrews—

Exodus 20 (1-17), 21 (4-23), 19.
Leviticus 19, 25.
Numbers 13 (1-14), 38.
Deut. 19, 26, 27-28

(3) Hebrew Poetry—

Psalms, 15, 19, 23, 27, 37, 42, 46, 51, 53, 72, 84, 90, 91, 103, 107, 121, 125.

(4) Selections from New Testament Literature—

John.
Ephesians.
Philippians.
Colossians.

(5) Garo Folk-Lore, Part 1.

Lushai.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Esopa Thawnthu, by F. W. Savidge and Dura.
Kristian Vanram Kawag Zawh thu, by F. W. Savidge and L. Mawa.
The Acts of the Apostles.
Grammar—The Elements of Lushai Grammar, by Frederick J. Sandy.

Portuguese.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Prose.

A Cidadee e as Serras, by Eca de Queiroy.

Poetry.

A Patria, by Queira Janqueiro.

Modern Armenian.

(Vernacular.)

(To be notified later.)

Second Languages.

Sanskrit.

TEXT-BOOKS PRESCRIBED.

Matric. Sanskrit Selections in Prose and Poetry (published by the University). Pieces to be read will be selected later.

Grammar.

Sanskrit Grammar (Bengali edition), by Pandit Muralydhar Banerjee, M.A., and Dr. Prabhatchandra Chakravarti, M.A., PH.D. (published by the University).

Or

University Sanskrit Grammar (to be published by the University).

Or

An Elementary Sanskrit Grammar, by G. Thibaut (latest edition, published by the University).

Pali.

TEXT-BOOKS.

(To be selected later.)

Arabic.

Matriculation Arabic Selections (published by the University). Pieces to be selected later.)

Persian.

Matric. Persian Selections (revised edition of 1933, published by the University). The following pieces only:—

Prose.

Pages 1-18 (Selections from Gulistan).
Pages 21-29 (Selections from Baharistan).
Pages 70-83 (Selections from Columbus).

Poetry.

Pages 89-100 (Selections from Bustan).
Pages 103-110 (Selections from Attar).
Pages 112-119 (Selections from Ali Hazri).
Pages 157-159, 168-171, 193-196 (Selections from Ubaydi).

Classical Tibetan.

(Second Language.)

Matriculation Course, by Dr. E. D. Ross and Lama Lobzang Mingyur (published by the University).

Classical Armenian.

(To be notified later.)

Bengali.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Kasiram Das. Mahabharat, Sribatsa Charitra (edited by Dineschandra Sen or Jogindranath Basu).

Michael Madhusudan Dutt. Birangana Kavya. Portions to be read:—

Duryyodhaner prati Bhanumati.
Santanur prati Jahnabi.
Niladhwajer prati Jana.

Rabindranath Tagore. Path-Sanchay.

Nabinchandra Sen. Kurukshetra, Canto I.

Dineschandra Sen. Grihasri. Only a general acquaintance with the contents of the book is required.

Isanchandra Ghosh. Mahapurush Charit.

Grammar recommended.

Bhashabodh Bangla Vyakaran, by Pandit Nakuleswar Vidyabhushan.

Matribhasha, by Jagadischandra Ghosh.

Assamese.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Sarbeswar Kataki. Hemchandra Baruar Jiban Charit.
Padmanath Baruah. Nitisiksha, Part III.
Durgeswar Sarma. Anjali.

Grammar

Bahal Byakaran. Satyanath Borah

Hindi.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates.)

TEXT-BOOKS

Poetry

Tulsidas Ramayana, Sundara Kanda.
Satya Harischandra, by Bhartendu B Harischandra.

Prose.

Ujjwala Tare, by Ayodhanath Sarma (Indian Press).

Grammar

Saral Hindi Vyakaran, by Shibnarayan Lala or Hindi Kaumudi, by Ambikaprasad Bajpayi

Khasi.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates.)

TEXT-BOOKS

Ki Phawar U Aesob, by U. Soso Tham.
Kajinghathuh Khana Puriskam, by Rabon Sing
Ki Poetry Khasi, by Soso Tham

Grammar

Hints on the study of the Khasi Language, by Nissor Singh.

Burmese.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates.)

Papahein Pyazat, Kandaw Mingyapaung Myittaza; Vidhura Zat; Anthology of Burmese Literature, Vol. II—Chapter IX, No. 1 (Ainggyin), Chapter IX, No 11 (2) (Mahagiri Nathan).

Uriya.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates.)

TEXT-BOOKS

(To be selected later.)

Urdu.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Kahanion Ki Panchwih Kitab, by Marsden and Suraj Narayan Mihr (Macmillan & Co.), pages 1-53.

Grammar.

Usul-i-Urdu or any other easy Grammar.

For general reading.

Sub-i-Zindagi, by Rashid-ul-Khairi.

Telugu.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates.)

Poetry.

Kankanamu. Bhogaraju Narayanamurty (Vizianagram).

Prose.

Sakuntala Venkata Parvateeswara Kavulu (Pittapur).

Tamil.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates)

Sreemath Bharatasram (Viveka Bodhini Office, Mylapur, Madras); Arya Mathopakhyanam, Second Part (Viveka Bodhini Office, Mylapur, Madras).

Malayalam.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates.)

Poetry.

Mahabharatam—Viratapurvam, 150 verses.

Prose.

Life of Buddha, first four Chapters, by Tharavath Ammalu Ammal, Bharathavilasam Printing Press, Trichur, Cochin State.

Bengali.

*(As Second Language.)

TEXT-BOOKS PRESCRIBED.

Matriculation Bengali Selections. Pieces to be read will be selected later.

Grammar recommended.

Nakuleswar Vidyabhushan. Bhashabodh Bangla Vyakaran.
Dineschandra Sen. Bhasha Prabes.
Jagadischandra Ghosh. Matribhasha.

Hindi.

*(As Second Language.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

1. Matriculation Hindi Selections (published by the Calcutta University). Pieces to be read: Same as those prescribed for Hindi Vernacular.
2. Rahiman Sudha.
3. Grammar—Saral Hindi Vyakaran, by Shibnarayan Lala, or Hindi Kaumudi, by Ambikaprasad Bajpayi.

*Open only to a candidate if it is not his Vernacular.

Assamese.

*(As Second Language.)

Sarveswar Sarma Kataki—Assamia Sahitya Kosh. Pieces to read: Same as those prescribed to be read in Assamese Vernacular.
Grammar—Hemchandra Baruah—Assamiya Byakaran.

Burmese.

*(As Second Language.)

Wizaya Pyazat; Ayudaw Mingela Shaufton; Dhuridat Zat; Anthology of Burmese Literature. Vol. II—Chapter IX, No. 1 (3) (Le-htun Bwe by Badethayaza, Chapter IX, No. 8 (Utena Thagyin).

Urdu.

*(As Second Language.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Kahanion Ki Panchwi Kitab, by Marsden and Suraj Narayan Mihr (Macmillan & Co.), pages 1-53.

Grammar.

Usul-i-Urdu or any other easy Grammar.

For general reading.

Muntakhab-ul-Hikayat, by Nazir Ahmad.
Musaddas-i-Hali.

†History.

Books recommended to indicate the standard of knowledge required:—

History of India.

R. C. Majumdar. A Brief History of India (latest edition).

S. N. Sen and H. C. Raychaudhuri. The Groundwork of Indian History.

N. C. Banerjee. Text-book of Indian History.

V. A. Smith. The Students' History of India (Oxford University Press)..

H. Chatterjee. A Brief Survey of Indian History (Longmans).

R. D. Banerjee. A Junior History of India (Blackie & Sons), Edition of 1930.

K. P. Mitra. Indian History for Matriculation (Macmillan & Co.).

R. C. Majumdar. Bharatbarsher Sankshipta Itihas (in Bengali, latest edition).

Khagendranath Mitra. Bharatbarsher Itihas (in Bengali).

Sen and Raychaudhuri. Bharatbarsher Itihas.

Narayanchandra Banerjee. Bharatbarsher Itihas.

M. N. Ray. High School History of India (Urdu).

V. A. Smith. Bharatbarshaka Itihas (Students' History of India, translated into Hindi by the Oxford University Press).

The Students' Atlas of Indian History, by the author of the "Historical Atlas of the British Empire" (Macmillan) (price eight annas).

N.B.—Candidates are required to have a knowledge of map-drawing.

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*Open only to a candidate if it is not his Vernacular.
†Candidates taking up this subject will be permitted to submit their answers in that subject in one of the following languages: English, Bengâli, Hindi, Uriya, Assamese, Urdu, Burmese or Modern Armenian.

Administration and Progress in India under British Rule.

N. Ghosh. England's Work in India (latest revised edition, published by the Calcutta University).

Khagendranath Mitra. Bharate Ingrez Shasan (in Bengali), latest revised edition, published by the Calcutta University.

Geography.

Books recommended to be used by students in studying the subject in accordance with the syllabus:-

The World with fuller treatment of India (Longmans' Geographical Series for India, Book II).

A. Bose. Outlines of Geography.

Bhugol Bijnan (in Bengali), published by the Albert Library, Dacca.

Gurubandhu Bhattacharyya Bhugol Probesika (in Bengali)

Longmans' Geographical Exercise Book for India, Part II, by L. Dudley Stamp.

The following books are recommended for the use of teachers: -

Blandford. The Rudiments of Physical Geography for the use of Indian Schools

Frew, A Regional Geography of the Indian Empire (Blackie & Sons).

Wallis. The Teaching of Geography (Cambridge University Press).

O'Malley Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, Sikkim (Macmillan & Co.).

L Dudley Stamp. The World A General Geography for Indian Schools (Longmans, Green & Co.).

L. Dudley Stamp. How to teach Geography in India (Longmans, Green & Co.).

P. Das and G. Mukherjee. Prabesika Bhugol

Lyde and Butterworth. The Overseas Empire (Blackie & Sons).

Lyde and Butterworth From Pole to Pole (Blackie & Sons).

Lyde. Man on the Earth (Blackie & Sons)

Lyde Man and his Markets.

Morrison. Our World.

The following book is recommended for the use of teachers in connection with the teaching of "Sand Modelling" in the lower classes of schools:—

A F. Frye The Child and Nature.

N *B* I Every school that intends to undertake instruction in Geography for the Matriculation Examination is required to possess the apparatus mentioned in the following list: –

(1) A measuring tape and metre scale and foot-rule.

(2) A magnetic compass.

(3) Squared paper and tracing paper.

(4) Clay, dry sand, paper pulp for modelling

(5) A globe not less than 14 inches in diameter, with writing surface, and with line of latitude and longitude and outlines only of the land masses marked upon it.

(6) A map of the school locality on a scale of 4" or 6"=1 mile.

(7) A map of the district in which the school is situated, 1"=1 mile.

(8) A coloured map of the province.
(9) A coloured political map of India.

(10) A physical map of India.

(11) A relief map of India.

(12) A map of the world on Mollweide's equal-area projection and a map of Asia.

(13) A practical Atlas of Modern Geography (George Gill & Sons).

It is essential that the student should be provided with atlases, or with the necessary hand-map, and with a drawing instrument box. Maps for school work should not contain too much detail or be crowded with names.

II. The following additional equipment is recommended when it can be provided, but the lack of it is not to be considered as a bar to the recognition of the school in Geography:—

(1) A thermometer.

(2) A mercury barometer.

(3) A rain-gauge.

(4) A small collection of typical rocks, in particular, those of the Province and India.

(5) A small museum of typical products.

(6) A good standard atlas.

(7) Geographical pictures.

(8) Magic lantern and slides.

III. (*1*) The attention of teachers is invited to the raised maps of Bengal and Eastern Bengal and Assam made of paper pulp prepared by Babu Kailaschandra Dutt, Head Pandit, Habigunj Government Girls' School, Sylhet and sold for Rs. 7 and Rs. 5, respectively.

(*2*) Globes of all kinds are made by George Phillip & Son, London, W. and A. K. Johnston, London, and Messrs. Ruddiman, London. Small hand-globes of German make can be obtained through the Indian School Supply Depôt for about a rupee each.

(*3*) The "Comparative" Series of large wall maps of the continents published by George Phillip & Son is good and up-to-date; as also are the geographical wall maps published by Edward Standford. Messrs. Ruddiman Johnston publish a series of smaller wall maps which include maps of India illustrating various distributions.

Messrs. Nelson's wall atlases are good. Mr. S. B. Chatterjee publishes District Maps, also ordinary and relief maps of the province.

Babu L. M. Basu, the Drawing Master of the Dacca Collegiate School, has published good relief maps of Eastern Bengal and Assam and of India.

The Vidal-Lablache French wall maps on strong card-board, name on one side, and the same map without names on the reverse, published by Arman Collin, Paris, are good and cheap. They measure 46 inches by 39 inches and can be delivered in Calcutta for Rs. 4-14 each.

(*4*) The hand maps coloured to indicate relief, published by the Diagram Company, West Barnes Lane, New Malden, Surrey, at one penny each, are the best of their kind.

The uncoloured half-penny maps showing river system and a few towns published by the same Company, are excellent for class use.

The autograph hand-maps, with hill shading in brown, published by Messrs. Edward Standford, London, at one penny each, are very good, and are larger than the Diagram Company's hand-maps. The 15" map of the world of Mollweide's equal-area projection is specially to be commended.

(*5*) Wall pictures of considerable artistic merit are published by Messrs. Edward Arnold of Leeds, Horns Hachett of Paris, Messrs. Holzel of Vienna, and Messrs. Longmans, Green & Company. They cost, delivered in India, from two or three rupees each.

Map lantern slides and view slides specially prepared for Geography teaching are sold by the Diagram Company for two or three shillings each. Mr. Sain of Darjeeling also sells good picture slides of the Himalayas at Rs. 15 per dozen.

J. CHAKRAVORTI, *Registrar.*

State Medical Faculty of Bengal.

Grosvenor House, Calcutta, the 26th October 1933.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2816F.—The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Final Examination for the Senior Certificate in Nursing held in October 1933 :—

(In alphabetical order.)

	Name.	Age.	Institution where trained.
	Barsoghian, Seranoah ..	30-0	Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta.
	Chattopadhyay, Bijali ..	32-0	Ditto.
	Crossy, Alice ..	22-0	Ditto.
	Croxford, Florence Mae ..	23-7	Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta.
	Dyer, Daphne ..	22-3	Ditto.
	Emmer, Beryl Elsie ..	23-0	Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta.
	Fernandez, Josephine ..	28-0	Ditto.
	,, Olive ..	22-0	Ditto.
	Halford, Vera ..	26-0	Ditto.
10	Haslan, Bertha ..	27-0	Ditto.
	Labanti, Gertrude Norma Lilian	23-0	Ditto.
	Lane, Eileen Dorothy ..	22-3	Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta.
	Leonard, Winifred Irene ..	24-9	Ditto.
	Parsons, Olive Mary ..	29-0	Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta.
	Pote, Gladys Maud ..	23-4	Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta.
	Rodrigues, Maud Agnes .	23-0	Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta.
	Ross, Beryl Beatrice ..	21-11	Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta.
	Salisbury, Elsie Marie .	29-0	Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta.
19	Spooner, Kathleen Constance	24-4	Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta.

II. The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Final Examination for the Junior Certificate in Nursing held in October 1933 :

(In alphabetical order.)

	Abishak Subba ..	21-9	Charteris Hospital, Kalimpong.
	Bhajur, Ethelda ..	21-0	Sambhunath Pandit Hospital, Calcutta.
	Biswas, Sailabala ..	21-10	Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta.
	Das, Hemantakumari ..	28-4	Mitford Hospital, Dacca.
	,, Jogendrachandra	22-0	Carmichael Medical College Hospital, Calcutta.
	,, Khagendranath ..	26-0	Ditto.
	Dasgupta, Asarani ..	28-3	Mitford Hospital, Dacca.
	Dasi, Krishnabhabini ..	22-11	Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta.
	Datta, Manomohini .	27-4	Mitford Hospital, Dacca.
10	Mukhopadhyay, Kalpana .	21-0	Sambhunath Pandit Hospital, Calcutta.
	Perry, Lily Dora ..	23-0	Ditto.
	Somah, Tanaangseni .	21-10	Charteris Hospital, Kalimpong.
13	Syeda, Fatema Khatun ..	21-8	Suryyakanta Hospital, Mymensingh.

III The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Final Examination for the Senior Certificate in Midwifery held in October 1933 :

(In alphabetical order.)

Davidson, Nora	26-0	Eden Hospital, Calcutta.
Elianoff, Helen Mary	30-10	Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta.
Flannery, Margaret	25-4	Ditto.
Godfrey, Mana Constance	36-0	Eden Hospital, Calcutta.
McLeod, Doris Muriel	37-0	Ditto.
Penfold, Elsie Emily Alice	35-0	Ditto.
Shaw, Edna May	28-0	Ditto.

IV. The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Final Examination for the Junior Certificate in Midwifery held in October 1933 :—

	Baroi, Sonamukhi ..	25-0	Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta.
	Bhajur, Ethelda ..	21-0	Sambhunath Pandit Hospital, Calcutta.
	Bhattacharyya, Nanibala ..	31-4	Mitford Hospital, Dacca.
	Daring, Brajabala ..	21-6	Ditto.
	Dunn, Theddoea Cherrily ..	26-0	Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta.
	Iangblah, Emiosilla ..	22-5	Ditto.
	Jacob, Isabel Marian ..	23-4	Mitford Hospital, Dacca.
	Mallik, Pratibhasundari ..	26-0	Eden Hospital, Calcutta.
	Mukhopadhyay, Kalpana ..	21-0	Sambhunath Pandit Hospital, Calcutta.
10	Pal, Tarulata ..	28-0	Eden Hospital, Calcutta.
	Perry, Lily Dora ..	23-0	Sambhunath Pandit Hospital, Calcutta.
12	Sarkar, Susila ..	31-0	Eden Hospital, Calcutta.

V. The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Final Compoundership Examination held in September 1933 :—

(In alphabetical order.)

	Name.	Age.	Institution where trained.
	Baidya, Dhananjay	30-0	Dacca Medical School.
	Bandyopadhyay, Haripada	31-1	Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.
	Basu, Chittaranjan	20-10	Dacca Medical School.
	,, Kumudkanta	22-0	Campbell Medical School
	Bhattacharyya, Bhupendra-chandra.	21-0	Dacca Medical School.
	,, Jyotirindra-kumar.	18-8	Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.
	,, Pramodaranjan	23-4	Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan
	Biswas, Satyaranjan	24-4	Ditto.
	Byapari, Hridayranjan	..	C. M. S. Medical Mission, Dayabari
10	Chakrabarti, Rabindrakumar	19-0	Campbell Medical School
	Chanda, Rohinikumar	18-8	Dacca Medical School.
	Chattopadhyay, Asokendranath	26-6	Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.
	Das, Anilchandra	20-0	Campbell Medical School
	,, Manoranjan	.	Ditto
	,, Nabaghanasyam	25-0	Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.
	,, Nanigopal	..	Campbell Medical School.
	,, Rakhahari	25-8	Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.
	,, Upendranarayan	33-8	Ditto
	Datta, Sudhakar	18-7	Ditto.
20	De, Phatikchandra	19-8	Dacca Medical School.
	Duk Tshering Simick	25-0	Charteris Hospital, Kalimpong
	Dunne, John	19-0	Campbell Medical School
	Gangopadhyay, Amulyakumar	20-8	Dacca Medical School
	Ghosh, Panchanan	.	Campbell Medical School
	,, Surendrachandra	19-0	Dacca Medical School
	Gope, Gangacharan	19-9	Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.
	Kar, Priyanath	19-10	Dacca Medical School
	Kundu, Sarojkumar	25-2	Ditto.
	Majumdar, Surendrakumar	20-0	Ditto.
30	Mallik, Daniel Kumar		C. M. S. Medical Mission, Dayabari
	Mitra, Surendrachandra	.	Campbell Medical School
	Mukhopadhyay, Jadabchandra	19-0	Ditto
	,, Sadananda	21-3	Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.
	Pal, Rameschandra	19-0	Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh
	Patua, Prabhakar	20-0	Campbell Medical School
	Premnath Thomas		Charteris Hospital, Kalimpong
	Ray, Hemantakumar	20-0	Campbell Medical School
	,, Ranendrakumar		Dacca Medical School
	Saha, Haripada	21-9	Ditto
40	,, Upendranath	19-6	Campbell Medical School.
	Sarkar, Mohinimohan	19-10	Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.
	Sen, Bibhutibhushan	18-3	Ditto.
	,, Hiralal	21-8	Dacca Medical School.
	Sengupta, Rebatiranjan	24-8	Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh
	Sinha, Balahari	20-10	Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan
	,, Haridas	19-0	Campbell Medical School
47	Talukdar, Himansubhushan	19-1	Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

VI. The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Dressership Examination held in September 1933 :—

(In alphabetical order.)

Basu, Kumudkanta	Campbell Medical School
Chakrabarti, Rabindrakumar	Ditto
Das, Anilchandra	Ditto
Kundu, Sarojkumar	Dacca Medical School.
Mitra, Surendrachandra	Campbell Medical School
Ray, Hemantakumar	Ditto
Sarkar, Mohinimohan	Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.
Sinha, Haridas	Campbell Medical School

R. M. DAS,

Secretary, State Medical Faculty of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1933.

PART III

Acts of the Bengal Legislative Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Legislative Department.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1223L. — 10th November, 1933.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 81 of the Government of India Act, the following Act of the local legislature of Bengal, having been assented to by the Governor General on the 3rd November, 1933, is hereby published for general information.

Bengal Act XI of 1933.

THE CALCUTTA MUNICIPAL (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1933.

[Published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 16th November, 1933.]

An Act further to amend the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, in the manner hereinafter appearing;

AND WHEREAS the previous sanction of the Governor General has been obtained under sub-section (*3*) of section 80A of the Government of India Act to the passing of this Act. 5 & 6 Geo. V. c. 61; 6 & 7 Geo. V. c. 37; 9 & 10 Geo. V. c. 101.

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title

1. This Act may be called the Calcutta Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1933.

Amendment of section 22 of Bengal Act III of 1923.

2. After clause (*g*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 22 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"or

(*h*) has not paid any sum certified by the auditors to be due from him in a certificate which has not been set aside under this Act or, if such certificate has been modified under section 123B, sub-section (*4*), or under section 123C, has not paid the sum shown to be due from him in the modified certificate"

Amendment of section 43.

3. In section 43 of the said Act, after the word and figures "section 38" the words, figures and letter "or section 123F" shall be inserted

Insertion of new sections 54A, 54B, 54C and 54D

4. After section 54 of the said Act, the following sections shall be inserted, namely:—

Disqualification for appointment as a municipal officer or servant.

"54A (*1*) Without the previous sanction of the Local Government in each case, no person shall be appointed as a municipal officer or servant if he has been convicted of an offence against the State or has been sentenced to imprisonment for a term of three months or more:

Provided that this sub-section shall not apply to any person in respect of a sentence for an offence other than an offence against the State after the expiry of five years from the date of his release from the imprisonment imposed by the said sentence

(*2*) Every candidate for appointment as a municipal officer or servant shall—

(*a*) declare in writing that he has not been convicted of an offence against the State or sentenced to imprisonment for a term of three months or more, or

(*b*) state in writing the particulars of any such conviction or sentence,

and no person shall be appointed who has not made such declaration or statement

(*3*) The declaration or statement referred to in sub-section (*2*) shall be submitted by the candidate to the authority making the appointment and shall be scrutinised by such authority before the appointment is made.

The Calcutta Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1933.

(Section 5.)

(*4*) Any authority who knowingly appoints a person in contravention of sub-section (*1*) shall, if any payment is made in consequence of such appointment, be deemed, for the purposes of this Act, to have authorized the making of an illegal payment.

(*5*) Any person who makes a declaration or statement under sub-section (*2*) which is false shall be punished with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with both The Local Government may prescribe the agency by which and the manner in which prosecutions shall be instituted under this sub-section

Dismissal of municipal officers and servants convicted of certain offences.

54B. (*1*) Any municipal officer or servant who, after the commencement of the Calcutta Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1933, is convicted of an offence against the State or sentenced either to rigorous imprisonment for any term or to simple imprisonment for a term of six months or more shall be deemed to be dismissed from service with effect from the date of his conviction and his office shall become vacant from such date.

(*2*) If the conviction or sentence in respect of which any person is deemed to be dismissed under sub-section (*1*) is set aside by a competent court such person shall be deemed to have been suspended, and not dismissed, from service from the date of his conviction until the date on which the conviction or sentence is set aside.

(*3*) The Local Government may of their own motion or on receipt of an application from the person concerned by an order in writing exempt any person from the operation of sub-section (*1*) in respect of a conviction specified in such order and thereupon such person shall be deemed to have been suspended and not dismissed from service, from the date of his conviction until the date of such order.

(*4*) An application for exemption from the operation of sub-section (*1*) may be made to the Local Government by the convicted person within two months after the date of his conviction If the Local Government fail to pass final orders thereon within three months after receipt of the application such person shall be exempt from the operation of sub-section (*1*) and shall be deemed to have been suspended, and not dismissed, from service from the date of his conviction.

Power to exclude certain municipal appointments, and municipal officers or servants from the operation of sections 54A and 54B.

54C. The Local Government may, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, exclude any class of municipal appointments, or any class of municipal officers or servants, specified in the notification, from the operation of all or any of the provisions of section 54A or of section 54B, respectively, either wholly or in respect of any class of convictions or sentences so specified.

Meaning of offence against the State.

54D. In sections 54A and 54B the expression 'offence against the State ' means an offence included in Chapter VI or Chapter VII of the Indian Penal Code and any attempt or conspiracy to commit, or any abetment of, any offence included in the said Chapters." XLV of 1860.

Amendment of section 85.

5. In clause (*c*) (*ii*) of the proviso to section 85 of the said Act, after the word, brackets and figure " sub-section (2)" the words, figures and letter " or section 123E " shall be inserted.

The Calcutta Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1933.

(Sections 6—9.)

Insertion of new section 88A.

6. After section 88 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Grant in aid in certain cases.

"88A. Subject to the provisions of section 91A and notwithstanding anything contained elsewhere in this Act no grant shall knowingly be made by the Corporation, without the previous sanction of the Local Government, for any purpose other than the purpose mentioned in that section to any institution which has after the commencement of the Calcutta Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1933, taken into employment any person, or to any person, who has been convicted of an offence against the State or sentenced to imprisonment for a term of three months or more.

Explanation 1.—In this section the expression 'offence against the State' has the meaning assigned to it in section 54D.

Explanation 2.—If any fact is communicated to the Chief Executive Officer, the Corporation shall, for the purposes of this section, be deemed to have knowledge of that fact."

Insertion of new section 91A.

7. After section 91 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Grant in aid of primary education.

"91A. In addition to the prohibition contained in section 88A and notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, no grant shall knowingly be made by the Corporation, without the previous sanction of the Local Government for the purpose of promoting primary education among boys and girls to any institution which has after the commencement of the Calcutta Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1933, taken into employment any person, or to any person, who has been convicted of an offence against the State or sentenced to imprisonment for a term of three months or more.

Explanation 1.—In this section the expression 'offence against the State' has the meaning assigned to it in section 54D.

Explanation 2.—If any fact is communicated to the Chief Executive Officer, the Corporation shall, for the purposes of this section, be deemed to have knowledge of that fact."

Amendment of section 120.

8. In section 120 of the said Act the following words shall be inserted before the words " accounts of," namely :—

" Subject to any rules made by the Local Government in this behalf."

Amendment of section 121.

9. In section 121 of the said Act—

(*1*) to sub-section (*1*) the following shall be added, namely :—

" The Executive Officer shall submit all accounts to the auditors as required by them ; "

(*2*) in clauses (*a*), (*b*) and (*c*) of sub-section (*2*), after the words " before them " the words " or before any officer subordinate to them " shall be inserted.

The Calcutta Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1933.

(Sections 10—12.)

Insertion of new section 121A.

10. After section 121 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Penalty for failure to comply with summons or requisition.

"121A. Any person who neglects or refuses to comply with a summons or requisition made under section 121, shall be punished with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees in respect of each item included in the summons or requisition."

Amendment of section 122.

11. In section 122 of the said Act—

(*1*) after clause (*a*) the following shall be inserted, namely :—

"(*aa*) report to the Corporation any loss or waste of money or other property owned by or vested in the Corporation which has been caused by neglect or misconduct, with the names of the persons who in their opinion are directly or indirectly responsible for such loss or waste";

(*2*) the word "and" at the end of clause (*b*) shall be omitted;

(*3*) after clause (*c*) the following shall be added, namely :—

"and

(*d*) submit to the Local Government duplicate copies of all reports referred to in clauses (*a*), (*aa*) and (*c*)."

Substitution of sections 123 to 123G for section 123.

12. For section 123 of the said Act the following sections shall be substituted, namely :—

Corporation to remedy defects and report to the Local Government.

"123. (*1*) The Corporation shall forthwith remedy any defects or irregularities that may be pointed out by the auditors and shall report to the Local Government the action taken by the Corporation :

Provided that if there is a difference of opinion between the Corporation and the auditors, or if the Corporation do not remedy any defect or irregularity within a period considered by the auditors to be reasonable, the matter shall be referred to the Local Government within such time and in such manner as the Local Government may prescribe by rule, and it shall be competent to the Local Government to pass such orders thereon as they think fit. The orders of the Local Government shall, save as provided in sections 123B and 123C, be final and the Corporation shall take action in accordance therewith.

(*2*) If, within any period fixed by an order made by the Local Government under sub-section (*1*), the Corporation fail to comply with such order, the provisions of section 18 shall, with all necessary modifications, be deemed to apply, as if such order had been issued under section 17.

Publication of auditors' report with replies.

123A. The Corporation shall publish the auditors' report referred to in clause (*c*) of section 122 with their replies to each item thereof within such time after the receipt of the said report as the Local Government may prescribe by rule and shall make the same available for sale to the public.

Power to auditors to disallow, surcharge and charge.

123B. (*1*) The auditors, after giving the person concerned an opportunity to submit an explanation, and after considering any such explanation, shall disallow every item of account contrary to law, and surcharge the same on the person making

The Calcutta Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1933.

(Section 12.)

or authorizing the making of the illegal payment, and shall charge against any person accounting the amount of any deficiency or loss incurred by the negligence or misconduct of that persom, or of any sum which ought to have been but is not brought into account by that person, and shall in every such case certify the amount due from such person.

(*2*) Any Councillor, Alderman, or member of a Committee present at a meeting at which a motion or a resolution is passed authorizing expenditure which is subsequently disallowed under this section or authorizing any action which leads to expenditure afterwards so disallowed, shall be deemed to be a person authorizing the illegal payment if he votes for such motion or resolution, and all persons so voting shall be held jointly and severally responsible for the expenditure.

(*3*) The auditors shall state in writing their reasons for every disallowance, surcharge or charge made by them and shall serve in the manner prescribed by the Local Government a certificate of the amount due and a copy of the reasons for their decision on the person against whom the certificate is made, and shall also furnish copies thereof to the Corporation and to the Local Government.

(*4*) The Local Government may, of their own motion, within one year after receiving the copy of the certificate, set aside or modify any disallowance, surcharge or charge, and any certificate in respect thereof, made by the auditors.

Right of appeal to the Civil Court or to the Local Government.

123C. Any person from whom any sum has been certified by the auditors under section 123B to be due may, within three months after he has been served with the certificate, apply to the Civil Court to set aside or modify the disallowance, surcharge or charge in respect of which the certificate was made, and the said Court after taking such evidence as is necessary may confirm, set aside, or modify the disallowance, surcharge or charge, and the certificate, with such orders as to costs as it may think proper in the circumstances; or in lieu of such application to the Court any such person may appeal to the Local Government who shall pass such orders as they think fit, and the decision of the Local Government on such appeal shall be final Where a person referred to in section 123B, sub-section (*2*), who has been surcharged as authorizing an illegal payment appeals to the Local Government under this section the Local Government shall set aside such surcharge if it is proved to their satisfaction that such person voted for the motion or resolution in good faith.

Explanation—In this section 'the Civil Court' means the High Court at Fort William in Bengal, if and when it is specifically empowered by law to entertain an application under this section, and unless and until the said High Court is so empowered, means the Court of Small Causes of Calcutta.

Payment of certified sums to be made within three months.

123D. (*1*) Notwithstanding any application or appeal that may be made under section 123C, every sum certified to be due from any person by the auditors under this Act or, if the certificate has been modified under section 123B, sub-section (*4*), or under section 123C, the sum shown to be due from such person in the modified certificate shall be paid by such person to the Executive Officer within three months after he has been served with a certificate of the auditors or within such longer period as may be allowed by the Local Government; any such sum, if not so paid, shall, notwithstanding the provisions of section 123F, be recoverable on an application made to the Court of Small Causes of Calcutta either by the Executive Officer or, if he fails to apply within such time as the Local Government may prescribe by rule, by the auditors, in the same way as an amount decreed by that Court.

The Calcutta Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1933.

(Section 12.)

(*2*) Any sum or part of a sum so paid or recovered, the certificate in respect of which is set aside or modified under section 123B, sub-section (*4*), or under section 123C, shall, as the case may require, be wholly or partly refunded, in the prescribed manner, to the person who paid it.

Costs and expenses payable out of Municipal Fund.

123E. (*1*) All costs allowed by the Court against the auditors under the provisions of section 123C and all expenses incurred by the auditors in connection with an application under section 123D shall be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

(*2*) If the Corporation fail to pay any costs or expenses as required by sub-section (*1*) within a period to be fixed by the Local Government in this behalf, the Local Government may attach the Municipal Fund or any portion thereof ; and the provisions of section 118, sub-section (*2*), shall, with all necessary modifications, be deemed to apply.

Effect of non-payment of certified sums.

123F. If any sum certified by the auditors under this Act to be due from a Councillor, Alderman or member of a Committee or from any officer or servant of the Corporation or, if the certificate has been modified under section 123B, sub-section (*4*), or under section 123C, any sum shown to be due from such person in the modified certificate is not paid by such person within the period of three months or such longer period as the Local Government may allow under section 123D, he shall be deemed to have vacated his seat or to have been dismissed from the service of the Corporation, as the case may be, with effect from the date of an order to be made by the Local Government in this behalf and shall not be eligible for re-election or re-appointment until the sum certified, or the sum shown to be due in the modified certificate, has been paid by him or the certificate in respect of such sum has been set aside under section 123B, sub-section (*4*), or under section 123C

Power to Local Government to make rules.

123G. (*1*) The Local Government may make rules for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this Chapter.

(*2*) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely. —

(*a*) the manner and forms in which the accounts of the Corporation shall be kept ;

(*b*) the agency by which and the manner in which prosecutions shall be instituted under section 54A, sub-section (*5*) ;

(*c*) the powers and duties of the auditors, the procedure to be followed by them and the times and places at which an audit may be conducted ;

(*d*) the period within which, and the manner in which, matters shall be referred to the Local Government under section 123 ;

(*e*) the period within which and the manner in which the auditors' report with the replies of the Corporation shall be published ;

(*f*) the manner in which and the price at which the auditors' report with the replies of the Corporation shall be offered for sale ;

(*g*) the service under section 123B, sub-section (*3*), of certificates and copies of the reasons for the decisions of the auditors ;

(*h*) recording in minutes and proceedings of the meetings of the Corporation or of any Committee thereof the names of persons who vote for and against any motion or resolution that is adopted or passed and of persons who do not vote ;

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(Section 13.)

(i) the period within which application shall be made by the Executive Officer under section 123D, sub-section (*1*); and

(*j*) the manner in which refunds shall be made under section 123D, sub-section (*2*)."

Amendment of section 554.

13. In section 554 of the said Act after the words "municipal officer and servant" the words "every auditor appointed under section 121" shall be inserted.

G. G. HOOPER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg).

Registered No. C207 *No. 46 of 1933*



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1933.

CONTENTS:

SUPPLEMENT.

Official Papers.

FORM C—BENGAL.

STATEMENT OF COTTON PRESSED IN THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY FOR THE WEEK ENDING THE 3rd NOVEMBER 1933.

[Section 5 (2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

Name of Division or block.	Number of bales pressed.				District included in the block.
	During the week.	During the corresponding week last year.	Since 1st September 1933 (the date prescribed by the Local Government as the commencement of the season).	During the corresponding period last year.	
The Bengal Presidency	329 bales of 400 lbs. each.	268	2,078	1,777	All districts in the Presidency.

C. S. STEEL,

Chief Inspector of Factories, Bengal (offg.).

Statement of weekly gauge readings on the river Ganges at Rampur Boalia for the week ending the 4th November 1933.

Date.	Hour.	Height of surface above P.W.D. datum.	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum on the same date last year.	Remarks.
1933.				
29th October	7 a.m.	50·45	43·82	Value =0 P. W. D.
30th „	7 „	49·95	43·67	Zero of gauge referred to B. M. on Rajshahi College step ; value 64·73.
31st „	7 „	49·55	43·42	
1st November	7 „	49·30	43·22	
2nd „	7 „	48·95	43·07	
3rd „	7 „	48·60	42·97	
4th „	7 „	48·15	42·97	

Highest recorded level on 26-8-1879=64·24.
Lowest recorded level on 24-4-1931=32·05.

S. M. HOSSAIN, for *Subdivisional Officer, Irrigation Department, Rajshahi.*

Rampur Boalia, the 4th November 1933.

Statement showing the gauge readings at Dacca Waterworks on the river Buriganga for the week ending 4th November 1933.

Date.	At highest water.		At lowest water.		Commencement of—		Remarks.	
	Time.	Reading.	Time.	Reading.	Ebb tide.	Flow tide.	At 7 a.m.	At 5 p.m.
1933.								
29th October ..	..	.	..	..	..	..	9·65	9·7
30th ,,	9-40	10·5	..	..	..	..	9·8	9·9
31st ,, .	10-30	10 6	16-20	9·9	10-37	16-30	10·4	10·05
1st November ..	11-15	10·65	17-10	9·85	11-22	17-15	10·3	9·75
2nd ,,	12-0	10·8	..	..	12-7	..	10·15	9 85
3rd ,, ..	12-45	10·7	..	..	12-55	..	10·0	9·7
4th ,, ..	13-30	10·7	7-25	9·8	13-40	7-35	9·85	10·2

B. M. on settling tank 39·49 O. M. S. L. Zero is at O. M. S. L.

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

			Taken at high tide.				Taken at low tide.
27th August	1906	..	70·5	23rd February	1907	..	51·06
5th September	1909	..	66·86	13th ,,	1908	..	51·06
10th August	1910	..	69·86	12th March	1912	..	51·06
1st ,,	1911	..	68·46	6th ,,	1914	..	50·60
13th ,,	1912	..	67·16	22nd February	1915	..	50·30
31st ,,	1915	..	69·7	15th ,,	1916	..	50·60
8th ,,	1916	..	68·1	3rd March	1917	..	51·0
12th ,,	1917	..	67·1	21st February	1918	..	51·40
13th ,,	1918	..	69·12	26th ,,	1919	..	50·4
2nd ,,	1919	..	66·8	18th ,,	1920	..	50·9
8th September	1920	..	66·9	19th ,,	1921	..	50·9
28th July	1921	..	68·4	8th March	1922	..	51·05
10th August	1922	..	68·00	14th ,,	1923	..	50·8
31st July	1923	..	66·15	16th February	1924	..	50·50
29th August	1924	..	68·82	5th March	1925	..	50·9
8th September	1925	..	68·52	9th February	1926	..	2·2
15th August	1926	..	19·6	27th ,,	1927	..	2·10
17th September	1927	..	18·70	16th ,,	1928	..	2·2
22nd August	1928	..	20·0	21st ,,	1929	..	2·0
13th July	1929	..	17·8	24th ,,	1930	..	2·3
12th September	1930	..	18·65	28th ,,	1931	..	2·2
16th August	1931	..	21·7	18th ,,	1932	..	1·8
6th September	1932	..	18·5				

N. B.—Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks prior to 11 a.m. on the 8th January 1926 = −48·51 with reference to P. W. D. datum.
Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks since 11 a.m. of the 8th January 1926 = 0·00 with reference to P. W. D. datum.

[ILLEGIBLE], for *Executive Engineer,*
Khulna Division.

Khulna, the 11th November 1933.

CALCUTTA IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

Calcutta, the 2nd November 1933.

Notice under section 43 of Bengal Act V of 1911, and the Calcutta Improvement Act as amended up to 1931.

Scheme No. XL (road connecting Chittaranjan Avenue with Wellington Street in continuation of Scheme No. XXXVIII).

The Board of Trustees for the Improvement of Calcutta hereby give notice that a Street Scheme, namely, Scheme No. XL (road connecting Chittaranjan Avenue with Wellington Street) has been framed for the area bounded as follows:—

On the North—From the extreme north-west corner of plot No. 52, in Scheme No. VIID of the Calcutta Improvement Trust and running straight eastwards across Sreemanta Dey Lane and Malanga Lane to a point on the middle of Wellington Street about 30 feet east of the north-east corner of 32-2, Wellington Street and about 70 feet north of the north-east corner of 34, Wellington Street.

On the East—From this point in a straight line running southwards along the middle of Wellington Street to a point where it meets the prolongation eastwards of the southern edge of Prinsep Street.

On the South—From this point westwards across Wellington Street and along the southern edge of Prinsep Street and in continuation of this line to a point on Chandni Chawk Street about 15 feet west of the south-east corner of the junction of Prinsep Street and Chandni Chawk Street.

On the West—From this point in a straight line running northwards to the starting point.

Particulars of the Scheme, map of the area comprised in the Scheme and a statement of the land which it is proposed to acquire and on which a betterment fee is proposed to be levied may be inspected at the offices of the Trust, No. 5, Clive Street, on week days between the hours of 11 a.m. and 4 p.m., and on Saturdays between 11 a.m. and 2 p.m.

Copies of above documents will be delivered to the applicants on payment of the following fees:—

	Rs.	a.
Particulars of the Scheme ..	0	4
Map of the area	1	0
Statement of land proposed to be acquired and also land on which betterment fee is proposed to be levied	0	4

Objections to the Scheme will be received up to 15th February 1934.

J. A. L. SWAN, *Chairman.*

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for the 15th September 1933.

Name of river	Place where readings are taken	Hour	Reading on gauge	Value of zero referred to P. W. D datum	Height above P. W. D. datum	Compared with previous day's height: Rise	Compared with previous day's height: Fall	Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in— 1932	Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in— 1931
Ganges	Monghyr	6 a.m.	121·00′	0·00′	121·00′	..	0·70′	122·90′	124·60′
	Rajmahal	6 "	81·80′	0·00′	81·80′	..	0·30′	80·70′	85·55′
	Goalundo	8 "	25·50′	1·409′	26·909′	..	0·30′	28·009′	28·909′
Bhagirathi	Swarupganj	6 a.m.	28·78′	0·00′	28·78′	..	0·30′	21·08′	29·20′
Brahmaputra	Dibrugarh	8 a.m.	29·30′	304·50′	333·80′	..	0·10′	335·60′	334·70′
	Gauhati	8 "	15·20′	136·958′	152·158′	..	0·80′	161·858′	158·258′
	Serajganj	12 noon	37·50′	1·509′	39·009′	..	0·20′	41·209′	39·909′
Dhaleswari	Sabhar	7 a.m.	21·00′	0·00′	21·00′	..	0·20′	21·00′	21·00′
Meghna	Fenchuganj	7 a.m.	31·55′	1·509′	33·059′	..	0·25′	32·109′	29·709′
	Bhairab Bazar	6 "	20·75′	1·61′	22·36′	0·17′	..	20·78′	20·19′
	Chandpur	2·50 p.m.	10·33′	1·61′	11·94′	..	0·50′	13·78′	13·44′
Lakhya	Narayanganj	8 a.m.	22·83′	—5·59′	17·24′	..	0·09′	17·08′	17·83′
Madaripur Bhil Route	Takerhat	6 a.m.	13·00′	0·00′	13·00′	..	0·10′	12·05′	13·30′
Damodar	Edilpur	6 a.m.	2·50′	92·58′	95·08′	..	0·33′	99·08′	98·50′

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for the 16th September 1933.

Name of river and place where readings are taken		Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Value of zero referred to P W D datum	Height above P. W D. datum	Compared with previous day's height.		Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in—	
						Rise.	Fall.	1932	1931.
Ganges	Monghyr	6 a.m.	120·40′	0·00′	120·40′	..	0·60′	123·60′	123·80′
	Rajmahal	6 ,,	81·20′	0·00′	81·20′	..	0·60′	82·00′	84·70′
	Goalundo	8 ,,	25·20′	1·409′	26·609′	..	0·30′	28·209′	29·009′
Bhagirathi	Swarupganj	6 a m.	28·46′	0·00′	28·46′	..	0·32′	22·36′	29·18′
Brahmaputra	Dibrugarh	8 a.m.	29·30′	304·50′	333·80′	Steady		336·10′	335·20′
	Gauhati	8 ,,	14·80′	136·958′	151·758′	..	0·40′	161·458′	157·658′
	Serajganj	12 noon	37·20′	1·509′	38·709′	..	0·30′	41·309′	40·409′
Dhaleswari	Sabhar	7 a.m.	20·70′	0·00′	20·70′	..	0·30′	21·00′	21·00′
Meghna	Fenchuganj	7 a m.	31·30′	1·509′	32·809′	..	0·25′	32·209′	29·809′
	Bhairab Bazar	6 ,,	20·08′	1·61′	21·69′	..	0·67′	20·69′	20·28′
	Chandpur	3-45 p.m.	10·08′	1·61′	11·69′	..	0·25′	13·03′	13·28′
Lakhya	Narayanganj	8 a m.	22·58′	–5·59′	16·99′	..	0·25′	17·16′	17·78′
Madaripur Bhil Route	Takerhat	10 a.m.	12·90′	0·00′	12·90′	..	0·10′	12·10′	13·35′
Damodar	Edilpur	6 a.m.	2·46′	92·58′	95·04′	..	0·04′	98·58′	98·58′

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for the 17th September 1933.

Name of river and place where readings are taken.		Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Value of zero referred to P.W.D. datum.	Height above P. W. D. datum.	Compared with previous day's height.		Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in—	
						Rise.	Fall.	1932.	1931.
Ganges	Monghyr	6 a.m.	119·80′	0·00′	119·80′	..	0·60′	123·70′	123·00′
	Rajmahal	6 „	80·60′	0·00′	80·60′	..	0·60′	82·50′	83·90′
	Goalundo	8 „	24·90′	1·409′	26·309′	..	0·30′	28·909′	29·109′
Bhagirathi	Swarupganj	6 a.m.	28·08′	0·00′	28·08′	..	0·38′	23·64′	29·14′
Brahmaputra	Dibrugarh	8 a.m.	29·20′	304·50′	333·70′	..	0·10′	337·00′	335·30′
	Gauhati	8 „	14·20′	136·958′	151·158′	..	0·60′	161·158′	157·158′
	Serajganj	12 noon	36·80′	1·509′	38·309′	..	0·40′	41·509′	40·609′
Dhaleswari	Sabhar	7 a.m.	20·40′	0·00′	20·40′	..	0·30′	20·90′	21·30′
Meghna	Fenchuganj	7 a.m.	31·05′	1·509′	32·559′	..	0·25′	32·159′	29·709′
	Bhairab Bazar	6 „	19·83′	1·61′	21·44′	..	0·25′	20·44′	20·28′
	Chandpur	4-40 p.m.	10·17′	1·61′	11·78′	0·08′	..	13·44′	13·11′
Lakhya	Narayanganj	8 a.m.	22·46′	-5·59′	16·87′	..	0·12′	17·20′	17·74′
Madaripur Bhil Route	Takerhat	....	12·80′	0·00′	12·80′		0·10′	12·20′	13·30′
Damodar	Edilpur	6 a.m.	2·37′	92·58′	94·95′	..	0·09′	100·08′	98·25′

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for the 18th September 1933.

Name of river	Place where readings are taken	Hour	Reading on gauge	Value of zero referred to P. W. D datum	Height above P.W.D. datum	Compared with previous day's height: Rise	Compared with previous day's height: Fall	Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in— 1932	Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in— 1931
Ganges	Monghyr	6 a.m.	119·40′	0·00′	119·40′	..	0·40′	123·00′	122·10′
	Rajmahal	6 „	80·00′	0·00′	80·00′	..	0·60′	82·50′	83·15′
	Goalundo	8 „	24·50′	1·409′	25·909′	..	0·40′	28·909′	29·009′
Bhagirathi	Swarupganj	6 a.m.	27·62′	0·00′	27·62′	..	0·46′	24·38′	29·08′
Brahmaputra	Dibrugarh	8 a.m.	29·20′	304·50′	333·70′	Steady		337·10′	334·40′
	Gauhati	8 „	13·70′	136·958′	150·658′	..	0·50′	160·558′	156·758′
	Serajganj	12 noon	36·20′	1·509′	37·709′	..	0·60′	41·809′	40·709′
Dhaleswari	Sabhar	7 a.m.	20·20′	0·00′	20·20′	..	0·20′	21·20′	21·40′
Meghna	Fenchuganj	7 a.m.	30·70′	1·509′	32·209′	..	0·35′	32·159′	29·709′
	Bhairab Bazar	6 „	19·58′	1·61′	21·19′	..	..	20·44′	20·28′
	Chandpur	5-30 p.m.	10·83′	1·61′	12·44′	0·67′	..	13·44′	12·78′
Lakhya	Narayanganj	8 a.m.	22·42′	−5·59′	16·83′	..	0·04′	17·33′	17·53′
Madaripur Bhil Route	Takerhat	....	12·70′	0·00′	12·70′	..	0·10′	12·30′	13·20′
Damodar	Edilpur	6 a.m.	2·25′	92·58′	94·83′	..	0·12′	98·08′	98·41′

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for the 19th September 1933.

Name of river	Place where readings are taken	Hour	Reading on gauge	Value of zero referred to P. W. D. datum	Height above P. W. D. datum	Compared with previous day's height: Rise	Compared with previous day's height: Fall	Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in— 1932	Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in— 1931
Ganges	Monghyr	6 a.m.	118·90′	0·00′	118·90′	..	0·50′	121·80′	121·40′
	Rajmahal	6 „	79·50′	0·00′	79·50′	..	0·50′	82·25′	82·55′
	Goalundo	8 „	24·10′	1·409′	25·509′	..	0·40′	29·109′	28·909′
Bhagirathi	Swarupganj	6 a.m.	27·22′	0·00′	27·22′	..	0·40′	24·68′	28·95′
Brahmaputra	Dibrugarh	8 a.m.	29·20′	304·50′	333·70′	Steady.		337·40′	335·20′
	Gauhati	8 „	13·30′	136·958′	150·258′	..	0·40′	159·958′	156·458′
	Serajganj	12 noon	35·70′	1·509′	37·209′	..	0·50′	42·109′	40·809′
Dhaleswari	Sabhar	7 a.m.	19·90′	0·00′	19·90′	..	0·30′	21·50′	21·40′
Meghna	Fenchuganj	7 a.m.	30·35′	1·509′	31·859′	..	0·35′	32·109′	29·659′
	Bhairab Bazar	6 „	19·33′	1·61′	20·94′	..	0·25′	20·44′	20·07′
	Chandpur	6-15 „	11·33′	1·61′	12·94′	0·50′	..	13·44′	12·44′
Lakhya	Narayanganj	8 a.m.	22·50′	−5·59′	16·91′	0·08′	..	17·33′	17·33′
Madaripur Bhil Route	Takerhat	12 noon	12·65′	0·00′	12·65′	..	0·05′	12·50′	13·10′
Damodar	Edilpur	6 a.m.	2·37′	92·58′	94·95′	0·12′	..	97·41′	97·75′

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for the 20th September 1933.

Name of river	Place where readings are taken	Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Value of zero referred to P. W. D. datum	Height above P. W. D datum	Compared with previous day's height: Rise	Compared with previous day's height: Fall.	Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in— 1932.	Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in— 1931.
Ganges	Monghyr	6 a.m.	118·50′	0·00′	118 50′	..	0·40′	121·00′	120·80′
	Rajmahal	6 „	79·00′	0·00′	79·00′	..	0·50′	81·65′	81·80′
	Goalundo	8 „	24·00′	1·409′	25·409′	..	0·10′	29·109′	28·709′
Bhagirathi	Swarupganj	6 a.m.	26·68′	0·00′	26·68′	1·46′	..	24·70′	28·75′
Brahmaputra	Dibrugarh	8 a.m.	29·20′	304·50′	333·70	Steady		337·10′	335·50′
	Gauhati	8 „	12 80′	136·958′	149·758′	..	0·50′	160·358′	156·258′
	S-rajganj	12 noon	35·40′	1·509′	36·909′	..	0·	42·109′	40·709′
Dhaleswari	Sabhar	7 a.m.	19·70′	0·00′	19·70′	..	0·20′	21·60′	21·50′
Meghna	Fenchuganj	7 a.m.	29·90′	1·509′	31·409′	..	0·45′	32·109′	29·509′
	Bhairab Bazar	6 „	19·33′	1·61′	20 94′	Steady		20·44′	20·07′
	Chandpur	7 p.m.	12·50′	1·61′	14·11′	1·17′	..	13·69′	12·28′
Lakhya	Narayanganj	8 a m.	22·92′	−5·59′	17·33′	0·42′	..	17·49′	17·21′
Madaripur Bhil Route	Takerhat	6 p.m.	12·70′	0·00′	12·70′	0·05′	..	12·60′	13·00′
Damodar	Edilpur	6 a.m.	3·08′	92·58′	95·66′	0·71′	..	97·83′	97·33′

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for the 21st September 1933.

Name of river and place where readings are taken.		Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Value of zero referred to P. W. D. datum.	Height above P. W. D. datum.	Compared with previous day's height.		Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in—	
						Rise.	Fall.	1932.	1931.
Ganges ..	Monghyr ..	6 a.m. ..	118·20′	0·00′	118·20′	..	0·30′	120·00′	120·20′
	Rajmahal ..	6 „ ..	78·50′	0·00′	78·50′	..	0·50′	81·05′	81·40′
	Goalundo ..	8 „ ..	23·90′	1·409′	25·309′	..	0·10′	29·109′	28·509′
Bhagirathi ..	Swarupganj ..	6 a.m. ..	26·06′	0·00′	26·06′	..	0·62′	24·71′	28·50′
Brahmaputra ..	Dibrugarh ..	8 a.m. ..	29·00′	304·50′	333·50′	..	0·20′	337·10′	335·80′
	Gauhati ..	8 „ ..	12·50′	136·958′	149·458′	..	0·30′	160·558′	156·758′
	Serajganj ..	12 noon ..	35·10′	1·509′	36·609′	..	0·30′	42·009′	40·509′
Dhaleswari ..	Sabhar ..	7 a.m. ..	19·60′	0·00′	19·60′	..	0·10′	21·70′	21·40′
Meghna ..	Fenchuganj ..	7 a.m. ..	29·50′	1·509′	31·009′	..	0·40′	32·009′	29·209′
	Bhairab Bazar ..	6 „ ..	19·08′	1·61′	20·69′	..	0·25′	20·44′	19·94′
	Chandpur ..	7-45 p.m. ..	12·33′	1·61′	13·94′	..	0·17′	13·69′	12·11′
Lakhya ..	Narayanganj ..	8 a.m. ..	23·08′	–5·59′	17·49′	0·16′	..	17·58′	17·08′
Madaripur Bhil Route ..	Takerhat ..	....	13·00′	0·00′	13·00′	0·30′	..	12·75′	12·85′
Damodar ..	Edilpur ..	6 a.m. ..	3·08′	92·58′	95·66′	Steady		98·50′	96·95′

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for the 22nd September 1933

Name of river	Place where readings are taken	Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Value of zero referred to P. W. D. datum	Height above P. W. D. datum	Compared with previous day's height: Rise.	Compared with previous day's height: Fall.	Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in—1932	Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in—1931.
Ganges	Monghyr	6 a.m.	117·90′	0·00′	117·90′	..	0·30′	119·00′	119·80′
	Rajmahal	6 ,,	78·30′	0·00′	78·30′	..	0·20′	80·15′	80·80′
	Goalundo	8 ,,	23·70′	1·409′	25·109′	..	0·20′	28·909′	28·209′
Bhagirathi	Swarupganj	6 a.m.	25·70′	0·00′	25·70′	..	0·36′	24·81′	28·22′
Brahmaputra	Dibrugarh	8 a.m.	29·20′	304·50′	333·70′	0·20′	..	337·00′	335·90′
	Gauhati	8 ,,	12·50′	136·958′	149·158′	Steady		161·358′	159·658′
	Serajganj	12 noon	34·70′	1·509′	36·209′	..	0·40′	41·809′	40·309′
Dhaleswari	Sabhar	....	19·40′	0·00′	19·40′	..	0·20′	21·80′	21·30′
Meghna	Fenchuganj	7 a.m.	29·15′	1·509′	30·659′	..	0·35′	32·009′	28·959′
	Bhairab Bazar	6 ,,	19·00′	1·61′	20·61′	..	0·08′	20·36′	19·86′
	Chandpur	8-30 ,,	12·25′	1·61′	13·86′	..	0·08′	13·19′	12·19′
Lakhya	Narayanganj	8 a.m.	23·00′	–5·59′	17·41′	..	0·08′	17·66′	17·12′
Madaripur Bhil Route	Takerhat	1 p.m.	13·00′	0·00′	13·00′	Steady		12·75′	12·70′
Damodar	Edilpur	6 a.m.	4·25′	92·58′	96·83′	1·17′	..	100·16′	96·75′

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for the 23rd September 1933.

Name of river	Place where readings are taken.	Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Value of zero referred to P. W. D. datum.	Height above P. W. D. datum.	Compared with previous day's height. Rise.	Fall.	Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in— 1932.	1931.
Ganges	Monghyr	6 a.m.	119·60′	0·00′	119·60′	1·70′	..	118·20′	119·30′
	Rajmahal	6 „	78·20′	0·00′	78·20′	..	0·10′	79 55′	80·30′
	Goalundo	8 „	23·30′	1·409′	24·709′	..	0·40′	28·609′	28·009′
Bhagirathi	Swarupganj	6 a.m.	25·32′	0·00′	25·32′	..	0·38′	24·84′	27·82′
Brahmaputra	Dibrugarh	8 a.m.	29·50′	304·50′	334·00′	0·30′	..	334·50′	335·40′
	Gauhati	8 „	11·70′	136·958′	148·658′	..	0·80′	161·158′	157·658′
	Serajganj	12 noon	34·50′	1·509′	36·009′	..	0·20′	41·609′	40·209′
Dhaleswari	Sabhar	....	19·20′	0·00′	19·20′	..	0·20′	21·80′	21·20′
Meghna	Fenchuganj	7 a.m.	28·75′	1·509′	30·259′	..	0·40′	31·959′	28·709′
	Bhairab Bazar	6 „	18·67′	1·61′	20·28′	..	0·33′	20·36′	19·78′
	Chandpur	9-15 „	11·92′	1·61′	13·53′	..	0·33′	12·44′	12·28′
Lakhya	Narayanganj	8 a.m.	22·75′	—5·59′	16·16′	..	1·25′	17·53′	16·99′
Madaripur Bhil Route	Takerhat	2 p.m.	12·90′	0·00′	12·90′	..	0·10′	12·65′	12·70′
Damodar	Edilpur	6 a.m.	15·25′	92·58′	107·83′	11·00′	..	104·91′	97·25′

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for the 24th September 1933.

Name of river	Place where readings are taken	Hour	Reading on gauge	Value of zero referred to P. W. D. datum	Height above P. W. D. datum	Compared with previous day's height: Rise	Fall	Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in— 1932	1931
Ganges	Monghyr	6 a.m.	122·30′	0·00′	122·30′	2·70′	..	117·60′	..
	Rajmahal	6 "	79·60′	0·00′	79·60′	1·40′	..	78·50′	79·80′
	Goalundo	8 "	23·00′	1·409′	24·409′	..	0·30′	28·209′	27·809′
Bhagirathi	Swarupganj	6 p.m.	25·57′	0·00′	25·57′	0·25′	..	24·66′	27·44′
Brahmaputra	Dibrugarh	8 a.m.	29·70′	304·50′	334·20′	0·20′	..	334·20′	334·10′
	Gauhati	8 "	11·40′	136·958′	148·358′	..	0·30′	160·358′	157·458′
	Serajganj	12 noon	34·30′	1·509′	35·809′	..	0·20′	41·509′	40·009′
Dhaleswari	Sabhar	....	19·00′	0·00′	19·00′	..	0·20′	21·80′	21·10′
Meghna	Fenchuganj	7 a.m.	28·40′	1·509′	29·909′	..	0·35′	31·859′	28·509′
	Bhairab Bazar	6 "	18·58′	1·61′	20·19′	..	0·08′	20·28′	19·69′
	Chandpur	10 "	11·83′	1·61′	13·44′	..	0·08′	12·11′	12·36′
Lakhya	Narayanganj	8 a.m.	22·33′	−5·59′	16·74′	0·58′	..	17·33′	17·08′
Madaripur Bhil Route	Takerhat	....	12·70′	0·00′	12·70′	..	0·20′	12·45′	12·60′
Damodar	Edilpur	6 a.m.	12·33′	92·58′	104·91′	..	2·92′	102·08′	99·25′

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for the 25th September 1933.

Name of river	Place where readings are taken	Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Value of zero referred to P.W.D. datum.	Height above P. W. D. datum.	Compared with previous day's height.		Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in—	
						Rise.	Fall.	1932.	1931.
Ganges	Monghyr	6 a.m.	123·80′	0·00′	123·80′	1·50′	..	117·40′	118·30′
	Rajmahal	6 "	81·10′	0·00′	81·10′	1·50′	..	77·75′	79·30′
	Goalundo	8 "	23·10′	1·409′	24·509′	0·10′	..	27·809′	27·609′
Bhagirathi	Swarupganj	6 p.m.	25·72′	0·00′	25·72′	0·15′	..	24·06′	27·14′
Brahmaputra	Dibrugarh	8 a.m.	30·20′	304·50′	334·70′	0·50′	..	334·50′	335·50′
	Gauhati	8 "	11·00′	136·958′	147·958′	..	0·40′	159·558′	157·858′
	Serajganj	12 noon	34·20′	1·509′	35·709′	..	0·10′	41·309′	39·909′
Dhaleswari	Sabhar	....	18·70′	0·00′	18·70′	..	0·30′	21·70′	..
Meghna	Fenchuganj	7 a.m.	27·85′	1·509′	29·359′	..	0·55′	31·809′	28·309′
	Bhairab Bazar	6 "	18·50′	1·61′	20·11′	..	0·08′	20·19′	19·44′
	Chandpur	10-45 "	11·17′	1·61′	12·78′	..	0·67′	11·78′	10·83′
Lakhya	Narayanganj	8 a.m.	21·96′	-5·59′	16·37′	..	0·37′	17·08′	17·08′
Madaripur Bhil Route	Takerhat	2-21 p.m.	12·60′	0·00′	12·60′		0·10′	12·25′	12·50′
Damodar	Edilpur	6 a.m.	9·67′	92·58′	102·25′	..	2·66′	101·08′	98·75′

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for the 26th September 1933.

Name of river and place where readings are taken.		Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Value of zero referred to P. W. D. datum.	Height above P. W. D. datum.	Compared with previous day's height.		Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in—	
						Rise.	Fall.	1932.	1931.
Ganges ..	Monghyr ..	6 a.m. ..	125·40′	0·00′	125·40′	1·60′	..	117·20′	118·20′
	Rajmahal ..	6 ,, ..	82·60′	0·00′	82·60′	1·50′	..	77·35′	79·05′
	Goalundo ..	8 ,, ..	23·40′	1·409′	24·809′	0·30′	..	27·509′	27·309′
Bhagirathi ..	Swarupganj ..	6 p.m. ..	26·10′	0·00′	26·10′	0·38′	..	23·20′	26·78′
Brahmaputra ..	Dibrugarh ..	8 a.m. ..	30·40′	304·50′	334·90′	0·20′	..	333·40′	333·30′
	Gauhati ..	8 ,, ..	11·30′	136·958′	148·258′	0·30′	..	157·958′	158·458′
	Serajganj ..	12 noon ..	34·10′	1·509′	35·609′	..	0·10′	41·209′	39·909′
Dhaleswari ..	Sabhar ..	....	18·30′	0·00′	18·30′	..	0·40′	21·50′	..
Meghna ..	Fenchuganj ..	7 a.m. ..	27·50′	1·509′	29·009′	..	0·35′	31·759′	28·009′
	Bhairab Bazar ..	6 ,, ..	18·50′	1·61′	20·11′	Steady		20·11′	19·36′
	Chandpur ..	11-30 p.m. ..	10·33′	1·61′	11·94′	..	0·83′	11·69′	12·53′
Lakhya ..	Narayanganj ..	8 a.m. ..	21·58′	−5·59′	15·99′	..	0·38′	16·83′	17·03′
Madaripur Bhil Route ..	Takerhat ..	....	12·40′	0·00′	12·40′	..	0·20′	12·30′	12·50′
Damodar ..	Edilpur ..	6 a.m. ..	10·25′	92·58′	102·83′	0·58′	..	100·00′	103·83′

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for the 27th September 1933.

Name of river	Place where readings are taken	Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Value of zero referred to P. W. D. datum.	Height above P. W. D. datum.	Compared with previous day's height. Rise.	Fall.	Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in— 1932.	1931.
Ganges	Monghyr	6 a.m.	125·30′	0·00′	125·30′	..	0·10′	117·20′	117·90′
	Rajmahal	6 ,,	83·30′	0·00′	83·30′	0·70′	..	77·05′	78·75′
	Goalundo	8 ,,	23·50′	1·409′	24·909′	0·10′	..	27·209′	27·209′
Bhagirathi	Swarupganj	6 p m.	26·40′	0·00′	26·40′	0·30′	..	22·16′	26·35′
Brahmaputra	Dibrugarh	8 a.m.	30·50′	304·50′	335·00′	0·20′	..	333·10′	333·10′
	Gauhati	8 ,,	11·50′	136·958′	158·458′	0·20′	..	157·258′	158·758′
	Serajganj	12 noon	33·80′	1·509′	35·309′	..	0·30′	41·009′	39·909′
Dhaleswari	Sabhar	....	17·90′	0·00′	17·90′	..	0·20′	21·30′	..
Meghna	Fenchuganj	7 a.m.	27·30′	1·509′	28·809′	..	0·20′	31·709′	27·709′
	Bhairab Bazar	6 ,,	18·42′	1·61′	20·03′	..	0·08′	20·03′	19·28′
	Chandpur	12-15 p.m.	10·00′	1·61′	11·61′	..	0·33′	11·69′	12·28′
Lakhya	Narayanganj	8 a.m.	21·17′	−5·59′	15·58′	..	0·41′	16·74′	16·99′
Madaripur Bhil Route	Takerhat	3 p.m.	12·30′	0·00′	12·30′	..	0·10′	12·10′	12·40′
Damodar	Edilpur	6 a.m.	7·42′	92·58′	100·00′	..	2·83′	98·58′	101·91′

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for the 28th September 1933.

Name of river and place where readings are taken.		Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Value of zero referred to P. W. D. datum.	Height above P.W.D. datum.	Compared with previous day's height.		Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in—	
						Rise.	Fall.	1932.	1931.
Ganges	Monghyr	6 a.m.	125·00′	0·00′	125·00′	..	0·30′	117·00′	117·60′
	Rajmahal	6 ,,	83·65′	0·00′	83·65′	0·35′	..	77·00′	78·40′
	Goalundo	8 ,,	23·80′	1·409′	25·209′	0·30′	..	26·909′	27·009′
Bhagirathi	Swarupganj	6 p.m.	26·76′	0·00′	26·76′	0·36′	..	21·14′	25·90′
Brahmaputra	Dibrugarh	8 a.m.	30·60′	304·50′	335·10′	0·10′	..	333·10′	332·70′
	Gauhati	....	11·90′	136·958′	148·158′	0·40′	..	156·058′	158·558′
	Serajganj	12 noon	33·70′	1·509′	35·209′	..	0·10′	40·609′	39·909′
Dhaleswari	Sabhar	....	17·90′	0·00′	17·90′	..	0·20′	21·10′	..
Meghna	Fenchuganj	7 a.m.	27·10′	1·509′	28·609′	..	0·20′	31·759′	27·509′
	Bhairab Bazar	6 ,,	18·42′	1·61′	20·03′	Steady		19·94′	19·19′
	Chandpur	1 p.m.	9·67′	1·61′	11·28′	..	0·33′	12·19′	12·28′
Lakhya	Narayanganj	8 a.m.	20·83′	−5·59′	15·24′	..	0·34′	16·16′	16·91′
Madaripur Bhil Route	Takerhat	6 a.m.	12·20′	0·00′	12·20′	..	0·10′	12·00′	12·30′
Damodar	Edilpur	6 a.m.	6·17′	92·58′	98·75′	..	1·25′	98·20′	99·91′

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for the 29th September 1933.

Name of river and place where readings are taken.		Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Value of zero referred to P. W. D. datum.	Height above P. W. D. datum.	Compared with previous day's height.		Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in—	
						Rise.	Fall.	1932.	1931.
Ganges ..	Monghyr ..	6 a.m. ..	125·00′	0·00′	125·00′	Steady		118·00′	117·40′
	Rajmahal ..	6 " ..	83·70′	0·00′	83·70′	0·05′	..	77·05′	78·10′
	Goalundo ..	8 " ..	23·90′	1·409′	25·309′	0·10′	..	..	26·809′
Bhagirathi ..	Swarupganj ..	6 p.m. ..	26·97′	0·00′	26·97′	0·21′	..	20·47′	25·28′
Brahmaputra ..	Dibrugarh ..	....	..	304·50′	..	..	..	332·90′	332·60′
	Gauhati ..	8 a.m. ..	12·70′	136·958′	149·658′	0·80′	..	155·758′	157·958′
	Serajganj ..	12 noon ..	33·60′	1·509′	35·109′	..	0·10′	40·409′	39·809′
Dhaleswari ..	Sabhar ..	....	..	0·00′	..	..	..	21·00′	..
Meghna ..	Fenchuganj ..	....	..	1·509′	..	..	..	31·709′	27·359′
	Bhairab Bazar ..	6 a.m. ..	18·17′	1·61′	19·78′	..	0·25′	19·86′	19·19′
	Chandpur ..	....	..	1·61′	..	..	..	12·19′	12·11′
Lakhya ..	Narayanganj ..	....	..	−5·59′	..	..	..	16·49′	16·83′
Madaripur Bhil Route ..	Takerhat ..	7 a.m. ..	12·00′	0·00′	12·00′	..	0·20′	11·95′	12·10′
Damodar ..	Edilpur ..	6 a.m. ..	5·17′	92·58′	97·75′	..	1·00′	97·08′	98·41′

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for the 30th September 1933.

Name of river and place where readings are taken.		Hour	Reading on gauge	Value of zero referred to P W D datum	Height above P W D datum	Compared with previous day's height		Height above P W D datum on same date in—	
						Rise	Fall	1932	1931
Ganges ..	Monghyr ..	6 a.m ..	125·20′	0·00′	125·20′	0·20′	.	120·20′	117·60′
	Rajmahal ..	6 „ ..	83·80′	0·00′	83·80′	0·10′	..	77·55′	77 90′
	Goalundo ..	8 „ ..	23 80′	1·409′	25·209′	..	0·10′	..	26·609′
Bhagirathi ..	Swarupganj ..	6 p.m. ..	27·06′	0·00′	27·06′	0·09′	..	19·95	24·57′
Brahmaputra ..	Dibrugarh ..	...		304·50′	.	..	..	..	333·70′
	Gauhati ..	8 a m ..	12·40′	136·958′	149·358′	..	0·30′	155·958′	156·858′
	Serajganj ..	12 noon ..	34 00′	1·509′	35·509′	0·40′	..	40·009′	39·609′
Dhaleswari ..	Sabhar ..	....		0·00′		..	..	..	..
Meghna ..	Fenchuganj ..	...		1·509′		..	..	31·659′	27·109′
	Bhairab Bazar ..	6 a.m. ..	17·75′	1·61′	19·36′	..	0·42′	..	19·11′
	Chandpur ..	...	..	1·61′	..	..	.	..	12·03′
Lakhya ..	Narayanganj ..	...		-5·59′	.	..	..	16·53′	16·66′
Madaripur Bhil Route ..	Takerhat ..	7 a m ..	11·90′	0·00′	11·90′	..	0·10′	11·90′	11·95′
Damodar ..	Edilpur ..	6 a.m. ..	4·58′	92·58′	97·16′	..	0·59′	96·25′	97·75′

Wholesale prices-current of food grains, gur, etc., in the undermentioned marts of Bengal for the Second half of October 1933.

Marts.	Paddy local (best quality). Present return.	Paddy local (best quality). Next preceding return.	Paddy local (best quality). Corresponding return of last year.	Paddy local (common quality). Present return.	Paddy local (common quality). Next preceding return.	Paddy local (common quality). Corresponding return of last year.	Rice local (best quality). Present return.	Rice local (best quality). Next preceding return.	Rice local (best quality). Corresponding return of last year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Calcutta	2 4 0	2 4 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 12 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 0 0
Burdwan	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 15 0	1 13 0	1 13 0	1 10 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 2 0
Midnapore	1 14 0	1 12 0	1 6 0	1 9 0	1 8 0	1 5 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	3 12 0
Chittagong	1 8 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0
Dacca	2 0 0	1 14 6	2 4 0	1 11 9	1 10 0	1 13 0	4 4 0	3 12 0	3 7 0
Pabna	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 8 0	1 8 0	1 8 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
Rangpur	2 4 0	2 4 0	1 11 0	1 14 0	1 14 0	1 5 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	3 13 0
Serajganj (Pabna)	..	..	..	..	..	.	..	..	.
Sarisabari (Mymensingh) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.
Narayanganj (Dacca)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Marts.	Rice local (common quality). Present return.	Rice local (common quality). Next preceding return.	Rice local (common quality). Corresponding return of last year.	Wheat. Present return.	Wheat. Next preceding return.	Wheat. Corresponding return of last year.	Raw cotton. Present return.	Raw cotton. Next preceding return.	Raw cotton. Corresponding return of last year.
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Calcutta . . .	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	2 15 0 to 3 0 0	3 2 0	4 2 0	16 0 0	15 8 0	20 14 0
Burdwan	3 4 0	3 4 0	3 5 0	..	..	.	..	..	.
Midnapore	2 13 0	2 12 0	2 12 0	.	..	.	..	..	..
Chittagong	3 4 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	..	.	..	..	..	
Dacca	3 12 0	3 2 0	3 4 0	..	..	..	.	..	.
Pabna	3 0 0	3 4 0	3 0 0	..	.	..	..	..	..
Rangpur	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 4 0	..	..	.	.	.	..
Serajganj (Pabna)	..	..		..	.	.	.	..	..
Sarisabari (Mymensingh) ..		..	.	.	.	..	..	..	..
Narayanganj (Dacca)	..	..	..	.	..	..	..	..	..

Marts.	Coal. Present return.	Coal. Next preceding return.	Coal. Corresponding return of last year.	Raw jute (weighted average). Present return.	Raw jute (weighted average). Next preceding return.	Raw jute (weighted average). Corresponding return of last year.	*Gur* (sugarcane). Present return.	*Gur* (sugarcane). Next preceding return.	*Gur* (sugarcane). Corresponding return of last year.
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Calcutta	0 6 6	0 6 6	0 0 6	3 12 6	4 2 0	4 14 6	5 8 0	5 8 0	(n)
Burdwan	..	.	..	..	..	.	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 0 0
Midnapore	..	..	.	..	..	..	3 8 0	4 0 0	6 0 0
Chittagong	..	..	..	..	..	.	6 0 0	5 0 0	5 8 0
Dacca	..	..	..	..	..	..	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 8 0
Pabna	..	..	..	..	..	..	3 8 0	3 8 0	5 0 0
Rangpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	4 0 0 to 4 8 0	4 0 0 to 4 8 0	5 8 0
Serajganj (Pabna)	..	..	..	3 1 6	3 2 0	3 13 0	..	..	..
Sarisabari (Mymensingh) ..	..	..	..	3 12 0 to 2 12 0	4 2 0 to 2 14 0	3 12 0 to 5 0 0		..	.
Narayanganj (Dacca)	..	..	..	3 7 0 to 2 13 0	3 10 0 to 2 14 0	3 11 0 to 4 10 0	.	..	..

(n) Not reported.

Dacca, the 10th November 1933.

S. ABDULLAH, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

Prices-current (retail) of common rice and salt in the districts of Bengal for the second half of October 1933.

Districts and Marts.	Quantity per rupee in seers of eighty tolas.								
	Common rice.						Salt.		
	Average.			Cheapest.					
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
Presidency Division.									
24-Parganas—									
1 Chetla Hat ..	(n)	11 5	11 11	(n)	13 4	13 4		17 12	14 8
2 Mogra Hat ..	11 7	11 13	13 5	12 12½	12 5	14 9	16 4	16 4	13 5
3 Calcutta-Beliaghata	9 10	9 10	10 10	11 7	11 7	12 5	13 0	13 0	13 0
Nadia—									
4 Goari	11 8	11 8	11 6	(n)	(n)	11 6	13 0†	13 0†	13 0†
5 Ranaghat ..	11 0	11 0	12 5	(n	(n)	12 5	13 0†	13 0†	13 0†
Murshidabad—									
6 Berhampore ..	12 8	12 8	13 8	13 8	13 4	11 0	14 0*	14 0*	14 0*
7 Kandi .. .	16 0	16 0	15 0	16 8	16 8	16 0	15 4†	15 4†	14 0
8 Jangipur ..	13 0	13 0	13 8	14 0	14 8	14 0	15 0†	15 0†	15 0
Jessore—									
9 Sadar	12 0	13 0	12 0	13 0	14 0	14 0	14 8* 15 8	14 0* 15 0	13 0
10 Bongaon	11 0	11 0	12 0	13 0	13 0	16 0	13 8 12 8*	13 8 11 8*	13 0 11 0*
Khulna—									
11 Sadar	10 0	10 4	12 0	11 0	12 0	13 8	13 0†	13 0†	13 8†
12 Bagerhat ..	11 0	11 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	15 0	13 8	13 8	13 8
Burdwan Division.									
Burdwan—									
13 Sadar . ..	12 0	12 0	9 12	11 0	11 0	12 0	13 8 16 0*	13 8 16 0*	16 0* 13 0
14 Kalna . ..	10 4	10 8	11 8	11 12	12 2	12 0	16 0†	16 0†	16 0*
Birbhum—									
15 Suri	14 0	13 0	13 0	15 0	13 8	14 0	14 0	14 0	13 0
16 Rampurhat ..	15 0	15 0	13 0	16 0	16 0	14 0	16 0	16 0	16 0
Bankura—									
17 Sadar	13 0	14 0	13 0	14 8	14 8	14 0	14 0†	14 0†	14 0* 13 8
18 Vishnupur ..	13 8	13 0	13 12	15 0	15 0	14 8	14 0	14 0	13 8

* Karkach. (n) Not reported.

N.B.—The prices of Karkach and Liverpool salt tally with each other in marts marked †.

Prices-current (retail) of common rice and salt in the districts of Bengal for the second half of October 1933.

Districts and Marts.	Quantity per rupee in seers of eighty tolas.								
	Common rice.						Salt.		
	Average.			Cheapest.					
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
BURDWAN DIVISION—*concld.*									
Midnapore—									
19 Sadar	14 4	15 0	15 2	15 8	16 0	15 13	15 0*	15 0*	13 0*
20 Contai	13 0	13 0	16 0	14 0	14 0	18 0	32 0‡	21 0	17 0
Hooghly—									
21 Sadar .	11 0	11 8	11 12	13 4	13 4	13 4	15 8	15 8	13 4
22 Arambagh	13 0	13 0	14 0	14 0	14 0	14 10	13 8 13 4*	13 8 13 4*	13 0* 13 11
Howrah—									
23 Sadar ..	11 0	11 0	8 0	13 4	13 0	12 0	16 0	16 0	12 0
24 Uluberia ..	11 8	11 8	12 0	13 0	13 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	15 8
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.									
Rajshahi—									
25 Rampur-Boalia ..	12 0	12 0	13 0	16 0	16 0	15 0	13 8 13 0*	13 8 13 0*	12 0†
26 Nator . ..	(*n*)	(*n*)	15 0	12 0	12 12	15 0	12 0†	12 0†	12 0†
27 Dinajpur—Railbazar Hat.	12 8	12 8	12 8	14 8	11 8	13 8	14 8 14 0*	14 8 14 0*	11 0 13 0*
28 Jalpaiguri—Sadar .	9 0	10 0	1 0	10 0	11 0*	12 0	13 0	13 0	10 8
Darjeeling—									
29 Sadar	9 0	9 0	9 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0 8 0*	10 0 8 0*	9 8†
30 Siliguri ..	10 0	10 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	13 0	11 0†	11 0†	11 0†
Rangpur—									
31 Sadar	10 2	10 2	13 8	13 13	13 13	14 8	12 8	12 8	11 4
32 Nilphamari ..	(*n*)	(*n*)	10 10	11 0	11 0	10 10	12 8*	12 8*	1 11
33 Bogra—Sadar ..	(*n*)	(*n*)	14 4	12 0	12 0	15 0	12 0	12 0	12 0
Pabna—									
34 Sadar	11 6	11 6	13 0	13 0	12 6	14 0	13 4* 13 8†	13 4†	13 8
35 Serajganj ..	11 8	11 8	13 0	12 8	12 8	15 0	16 0 15 0*	16 0 15 0*	13 0 11 8*
Malda—									
36 Sadar	14 0	14 0	14 0	14 8	15 0	16 0	14 0†	14 0†	13 0†
37 Balia—Nawabganj	15 4	15 8	14 0	16 8	16 8	15 0	15 0 15 0*	15 0 14 0*	14 0* 13 12

*Karkach. (*n*) Not reported.

N. B.—The prices of Karkach and Liverpool salt tally with each other in marts marked †.

‡ Owing to profuse supply the price has been lessened

Prices-current (retail) of common rice and salt in the districts of Bengal for the second half of October 1933.

Districts and Marts.	Quantity per rupee in seers of eighty tolas.								
	Common rice.						Salt.		
	Average.			Cheapest.					
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
Dacca Division.									
Dacca—									
38 **Sadar**	10 8	13 0	12 5	13 5	14 8	14 4	13 5†	13 5 13 5*	12 0†
39 **Mirkadim** ..	12 8	12 0	13 0	14 0	13 0	15 0	13 4*	14 0 13 8*	14 0* 13 8
Mymensingh—									
40 **Nasirabad** ..	10 0	10 0	10 10	11 0	11 0	11 14	12 0*	12 0*	12 5*
41 **Netrakona** ..	(n)	(n)	13 0	11 12	12 8	13 0	14 8 12 8*	15 0 12 8*	13 2 11 4*
Faridpur—									
42 **Sadar** ..	11 0	11 2	11 0	12 8	13 0	13 0	12 8†	12 8†	11 0*
43 **Rajbari**	11 0	11 0	10 8	13 0	13 0	13 8	12 0†	12 0†	12 0*
Bakarganj—									
44 **Barisal** ..	10 0	10 0	13 0	10 8	11 8	14 0	14 0†	17 0†	11 8 13 0*
45 **Pirojpur** ..	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 4	12 4	12 4	11 0†	11 0†	11 0†
Chittagong Division									
Tippera—									
46 **Comilla** ..	9 7	9 7	11 7	13 5	13 5	13 5	12 13 10 10*	12 13 10 10*	12 13 10 10*
47 **Chandpur** ..	11	12 5	12 8	12 4	13 5	16 0	13 5 12 4*	13 5 12 5*	13 0
Noakhali—									
48 **Kalitara Hat** ..	9 8	9 8	10 0	10 0	11 0	11 0	13 0 10 0*	16 0 13 4*	11 0 10 0*
49 **Feni Hat** ..	12 0	12 0	12 0	13 0	13 0	12 0	14 0 10 0*	14 0 10 0*	11 4* 13 0
Chittagong—									
50 **Sadar**	10 0	10 0	11 0	14 [illegible]	13 8	12 0	16 0	16 0	14 8
51 **Cox's Bazar** ..	10 0	10 0	9 8	11	11 0	10 0	13 0	13 0	13 0
52 **Chittagong Hill Tracts —Rangamati** ..	14 0	10 0	10 0	18 0	12 0	12 0	6 8* 13 0	5 0* 12 0	5 0* 12 0

* Karkach. (n) Not reported.

N. B.—The prices of Karkach and Liverpool salt tally with each other in marts marked †.

Dacca, the 10th November 1933.

S. Abdullah, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS.

For the week ending on the 8th November 1933.

Summary.—The weather continued practically dry. Cultivation of spring crops is progressing under favourable conditions. Harvesting of early winter paddy continues in places. Prospects of standing crops are generally satisfactory. At the Nabagram centre of the distressed area of Murshidabad, the number of persons receiving gratuitous relief was 73 on Saturday, the 4th November 1933. The average price of common rice for the province has fallen by about 0·51 per cent. as compared with that of the previous week.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. This week.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. Previous week.	Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
1	24-Parganas ..	Nil	11 5/16	11 5/16	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Export and import are normal. No damage to crops.
	Diamond Harbour.	Nil	10½	10	
	Barrackpore ..	Nil	11	11	
	Baraset ..	Nil	10	10	
	Basirhat ..	Nil	10½	10½	
2	Nadia ..	Nil	(n)	11½	Sowing of *rabi* crops continues. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Kushtia ..	Nil	13½	13½	
	Meherpur ..	Nil	11	13	
	Chuadanga ..	Nil	12	12½	
	Ranaghat ..	Nil	13	11	
3	Murshidabad ..	Nil	12½	12½	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are favourable. Stock of rice is sufficient. No large import or export. Fodder and water are sufficient in all subdivisions except in certain areas of thana Nabagram where fodder is insufficient. Number of persons receiving gratuitous relief at Nabagram centre was 73 on Saturday, the 4th November 1933. Cattle-disease is reported from Jangipur subdivision.
	Lalbagh ..	Nil	13	12½	
	Jangipur ..	Nil	14	14	
	Kandi ..	Nil	15	15	
4	Jessore ..	Nil	13	12	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. No large export or import. Fodder and water are sufficient
	Jhenidah ..	Nil	11	11	
	Magura ..	Nil	11	11	
	Narail ..	Nil	10	11	
	Bongaon ..	Nil	11	11	
5	Khulna ..	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable and its effects on crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Satkhira ..	Nil	10½	10½	
	Bagerhat ..	Nil	10	(n)	

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. This week.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. Previous week.	Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
6	Burdwan ..	Nil	13½	13½	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Asansol ..	Nil	11	11	
	Katwa ..	Nil	12½	12½	
	Kalna ..	Nil	11	11	
7	Birbhum ..	Nil	13	13	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Cattle-disease is reported from police-station Nanur. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Rampurhat ..	Nil	14½	14½	
8	Bankura ..	Nil	13¾	13	Weather seasonable. Sowing of *rabi* crops continues. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Patrasair and Taldangra thanas.
	Vishnupur ..	Nil	13¾	13	
9	Midnapore ..	Nil	14⅝	14⅝	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of winter rice is going on. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient except in the affected parts of Contai.
	Contai ..	Nil	10	10	
	Tamluk ..	Nil	10	10	
	Ghatal ..	Nil	13¼	13¼	
	Jhargram ..	Nil	12	12	
10	Hooghly ..	Nil	11½	11	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Serampore ..	Nil	12	12	
	Arambagh ..	Nil	13	13	
11	Howrah ..	Nil	10½	10½	Weather seasonable. Its effects on standing crops are favourable. No large export or import. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Uluberia ..	Nil	11½	11½	
12	Rajshahi (Rampur-Boalia).	0·00	12	12	Weather seasonable and favourable to the growth of standing crops. Prospects fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Naogaon ..	Nil	14	13½	
	Nator ..	Nil	11¼	11¼	
13	Dinajpur ..	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Thakurgaon and Balurghat subdivisions.
	Thakurgaon ..	Nil	10	10	
	Balurghat ..	Nil	13	13	
14	Jalpaiguri ..	Nil	9½	10	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Alipur ..	Nil	9	9	

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
15	Darjeeling ..	Nil	9	9	Weather condition fair. Standing crops are progressing. Harvesting of *Marwa* and paddy is going on at Kalimpong. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Kurseong ..	Nil	11	11	
	Siliguri ..	Nil	11½	11	
	Kalimpong ..	Nil	7	7	
16	Rangpur ..	Nil	10	10	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Nilphamari ..	Nil	10	10	
	Kurigram ..	Nil	10¼	10½	
	Gaibandha ..	Nil	10½	10½	
17	Bogra ..	Nil	12	12	Prospects of *aman* paddy are good. Sowing of *rabi* crops is nearly complete. Fodder and water are sufficient.
18	Pabna ..	Nil	13	13	Weather seasonable and favourable to standing *aman* and *rabi* crops. Harvesting of early variety of *aman* paddy has just commenced and the yield is satisfactory. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Serajganj ..	Nil	11½	11½	
19	Malda ..	Nil	14½	14	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Sowing of *rabi* crops has commenced. Cattle-disease is reported from Gazole thana. Fodder and water are available.
20	Cooch-Behar ..	Nil	12 5/16	12 5/16	Weather seasonable. Sowing of mustard seeds and transplantation of tobacco seedlings are going on. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Washing of jute is nearing completion Cattle-disease is reported from Sitalkuchi police-station. Fodder and water are sufficient.
21	Dacca ..	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable. Rainfall at North Sadar (Kapasia) nil. Prospects of standing crops are good. No large export or import. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Manikganj ..	Nil	12	12	
	Narayanganj	Nil	10	10¼	
	Munshiganj ..	Nil	12½	12½	
22	Mymensingh ..	Nil	10	10	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are fair. Sowing of *rabi* crops continues. Fodder and water are adequate.
	Jamalpur ..	Nil	11	11	
	Tangail ..	Nil	11½	11½	
	Netrakona ..	(*n*)	12½	12½	
	Kishorganj ..	Nil	12	12½	

(*n*) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches			
23	Faridpur ..	Nil	11	11	Weather seasonable. Condition of standing crops is fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Goalundo (Rajbari).	Nil	11	11	
	Madaripur ..	Nil	12	11½	
	Gopalganj (*a*) ..	Nil	12	12	
24	Bakarganj (Barisal).	Nil	10⅜	9¾	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Pirojpur ..	Nil	11	11	
	Patuakhali ..	(*n*)	(*n*)	10	
	Dakshin Shabazpur (Bhola)	Nil	9 11/16	9⅞	
25	Chittagong ..	0·48	11 / 12*	11 / 13*	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crop are fair. Harvesting of *aman* crop commences. Fodder and water are sufficient. Panga salt sells at 13 seers per rupee at Sadar and 12 seers at Cox's Bazar.
	Cox's Bazar ..	Nil	11	11	
26	Tippera (Comilla).	Nil	10	10	Weather and condition of crops are fair.
	Brahmanbaria	Nil	12	12	
	Chandpur ..	Nil	11½	11½	
27	Noakhali ..	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are fair. Paddy is being destroyed by insect pests in some villages of the Feni subdivision. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Feni ..	Nil	13	13	
28	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Nil	14	12	Weather seasonable. Its effects on agricultural operations and standing crops are favourable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease still prevails.
29	Tripura State	Nil	14¼	13¼	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of *til* and cotton and sowing of *rabi* crops are going on. Fodder and water are sufficient. Condition of cattle is good. Cotton sells at Rs. 10 to Rs. 14 and jute at Re. 1-8 to Rs. 5 per maund.

*Burma rice. (*n*) Not reported.

(*a*) The rainfall at Baridaspur, which is very near to Gopalganj, is shown here.

Dacca, the 13th November 1933.

S. ABDULLAH, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Dacca, the 9th November 1933.

Monthly Weather and Crop Report of Bengal for October 1933.

I. **Character of the season.**—During the month under review the rainfall was in excess of the normal in eleven districts, while in the rest of the presidency it was below the average. The usual rainfall statement is appended.

II. **Progress of agricultural operations.**—Preparatory tillage for and sowing of early spring crops commenced generally under favourable conditions.

III. **State of standing crops.**—The state of standing crops including transplanted rice was generally satisfactory.

IV. **Prospects and probable outturn.**—The prospects of standing crops were generally favourable. The outturn of sugarcane was estimated at 85 per cent. of the normal.

V. **Damage to standing crops.**—No damage to standing crops was reported from any part of the province.

VI. **Condition of agricultural stock.**—The condition of live-stock was generally fair. Sporadic cases of cattle-disease, however, were reported from nine districts of the presidency and from the Cooch-Behar State.

VII. **Failure of pasturage and fodder.**—Insufficiency of fodder is reported from parts of Murshidabad, Jessore and Midnapore.

VIII. **Prices of food-grains.**—During the second fortnight of the month, the retail prices of common rice of the cheapest quality rose in nine districts, fell in five and remained stationary in the rest of the presidency. The prices ranged from 10 seers per rupee at Jalpaiguri, Darjeeling and Noakhali to 18 seers per rupee in the Chittagong Hill Tracts.

IX. **Condition of agricultural population.**—The condition of agricultural population is, on the whole, fair, except in parts of Murshidabad, where distress continues.

K. McLEAN,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

Statement showing the normal and actual rainfall in each district during October 1933.

Division.	District.	Normal district rainfall for the month of October.	Actual district rainfall for the month of October 1933.	Variation from the normal.
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
Presidency	24-Parganas	4·91	10 61	+5·70
	Nadia	3·91	2·87	−1·04
	Murshidabad	3·95	4 57	+0 62
	Jessore	4·54	3 27	−1 27
	Khulna	5·46	4·00	−1·46
Burdwan	Burdwan	4·19	3·70	−0·49
	Birbhum	3·54	3·67	+0·13
	Bankura	3·47	3·03	−0·44
	Midnapore	5·31	7·56	+2 25
	Hooghly	3·91	6·97	+3·06
	Howrah	4·15	9·23	+5·08
Rajshahi	Rajshahi	4·24	2·66	−1·58
	Dinajpur	4·16	3·90	[illegible]0·26
	Jalpaiguri	6·35	6·83	+0 48
	Darjeeling	4·52	9 53	+5 01
Rajshahi—concld.	Rangpur	5 52	6 17	+0·65
	Bogra	4 73	4 75	+0·02
	Pabna	4 87	2·25	−2 62
	Malda	3·84	3·08	−0·76
Dacca	Dacca	4·90	2·58	−2·32
	Mymensingh	5·68	2·68	−3·00
	Faridpur	5·58	2·36	−3·22
	Bakarganj	6·79	2 76	−4·03
Chittagong	Chittagong	7·01	3·80	−3·21
	Tippera	5·26	2·57	−2·69
	Noakhali	8 18	3·14	−5·04
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	6·22	3·41	−2·81
Cooch Behar	..	6·03	6·91	+0 88
Tripura State	..	5·14	1·22	−3·92

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THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1933.

CONTENTS:

PART I

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

Orders by His Excellency the Governor of Bengal.

No. 11149A.—10th November 1933.—His Excellency the Governor of Bengal has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant E. W. H. Worrall, the Somerset Light Infantry, an officiating Aide-de-Camp on His Excellency's personal staff, to be an Aide-de-Camp, with effect from the 1st November 1933, *vice* Lieutenant A. C. Maynard, Seaforth Highlanders, vacated.

No. 11262A.—14th November 1933.—Whereas a vacancy has occurred in the Calcutta South Central (Non-Muhammadan) constituency of the Bengal Legislative Council by reason of the death of Rai Gokul Chand Boral Bahadur, His Excellency the Governor is pleased, in pursuance of sub-rule (*1*) of rule 26 of the Bengal Electoral Rules, to call upon the said constituency to elect a person for the purpose of filling the vacancy by the 20th January 1934.

G. P. HOGG,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Government of Bengal.

No. 11224A.

Appointments and Transfers.

GENERAL.

Mymensingh.—No. 11098A.—8th November 1933 - Mr. M. J. Carritt, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed to have charge of the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district.

24-Parganas-Calcutta.—No. 11113A. — 9th November 1933. -Mr. Khagendra Chandra Nag, M.B.E., Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas, is appointed to perform the functions of a Principal Civil Court of Original Jurisdiction under section 3, clause (*d*) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, within the limits of the districts of the 24-Parganas and Calcutta.

Rangpur.—No. 11154A. - 11th November 1933.—Mr. Ralph Agustine St. Clair Stracey, who has been appointed recently to be a member of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Rajshahi Division and is posted to the headquarters station of the Rangpur district.

Murshidabad.—No. 11157A.--11th November 1933.- Mr. Sirajuddin Mahbubmian Kadri, who has been appointed recently to be a member of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Presidency Division and is posted to the headquarters station of the Murshidabad district.

Murshidabad.—No. 11160A. -11th November 1933.- Mr. Abul Hasan Quraishi, who has been appointed recently to be a member of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Presidency Division and is posted to the headquarters station of the Murshidabad district.

Nadia. -- No. 11163A. – 11th November 1933.—Mr. Shailendra Nath Mitra, who has been appointed recently to be a member of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Presidency Division and is posted to the headquarters station of the Nadia district.

Rajshahi.—No. 11166A. — 11th November 1933.—Mr. Ernest George Creek, who has been appointed recently to be a member of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Rajshahi Division and is posted to the headquarters station of the Rajshahi district.

Rajshahi.—No. 11169A. -- 11th November 1933.—Mr. Stephen Benedict Hatch-Barnwell, who has been appointed recently to be a member of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Rajshahi Division and is posted to the headquarters station of the Rajshahi district.

Burdwan.—No. 11172A.—11th November 1933.- Mr. Reginald James Pringle, who has been appointed recently to be a member of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Burdwan Division and is posted to the headquarters station of the Burdwan district.

Hooghly.—No. 11175A. — 11th November 1933.—Mr. Leslie Raper Chambers, who has been appointed recently to be a member of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Burdwan Division and is posted to the headquarters station of the Hooghly district.

Leave.

GENERAL.

Burdwan.—No. 11000A.—6th November 1933.—Babu Abani Kumar Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Asansol, Burdwan, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 20th November 1933.

No. 11127A.—9th November 1933.—Babu Praphulla Kumar Mukharji, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for four months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st December 1933, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved of his duties in the Settlement Department.

No. 11039A.—6th November 1933.—In supersession of the orders contained in notifications No. 2842A., dated the 25th February 1933, and No. 51A.D., dated the 21st April 1933, Mr. Abul Muzaffar Ahmad, District and Sessions Judge, has been granted by the High Commissioner for India leave from the 2nd February to the 1st November 1933, inclusive, viz., leave on average pay for eight months and leave on half average pay for the remaining period.

Birbhum.—No. 11130A. -- 10th November 1933.—Babu Surendra Mohan Bhaumik, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Birbhum, is allowed leave on average pay for twelve days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 11th December 1933.

Khulna.—No. 11137A. -- 10th November 1933.—Babu Jyoti Baran Chakrabatti, Sub-Deputy Collector, Khulna, was allowed leave on average pay for six days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 25th May 1933.

No. 11184A.--11th November 1933.—Babu Girish Chandra Das, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay up to the 22nd December 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 8th September 1933.

Chittagong.—No. 11198A. -11th November 1933.—Mr. Nrisinha Ranjan Mukharji, Additional District Magistrate, Chittagong, is allowed leave on average pay for three months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st December 1933.

Darjeeling.—No. 11200A.—11th November 1933.—Babu Atul Chandra Bagchi, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Darjeeling, is allowed leave on average pay for two months and nineteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th October 1933.

Tippera.—No. 11203A. — 11th November 1933.—Maulvi Ali Reza, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for twelve days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 11th December 1933.

POLICE.

Rangpur.—No. 10997A.—6th November 1933.—Mr. W. A. B. Price, Superintendent of Police, Eastern Bengal and Assam Bengal Railways, Saidpur, is allowed leave for eleven months, viz., leave on average pay for eight months, under rule 81(*b*) (*i*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 29th November 1933, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period, under rule 81(*7*) of those Rules.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

NOTIFICATION.

No. 11264A. — 14th November 1933.—Whereas by notification No. 11262A., dated the 14th November 1933, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to call upon the Calcutta South Central (Non-Muhammadan) constituency of the Bengal Legislative Council to elect a member to the said Council in place of Rai Gokul Chand Boral Bahadur, deceased:

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council is pleased, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of sub-rule (*2*) of rule 11 of the Bengal Electoral Rules, and in pursuance of sub-rule (*3*) of that rule, to prescribe the 27th November 1933 as the date for the nomination of candidates and for the delivery of nomination papers to the Returning Officer and the 28th November 1933 as the date on which the scrutiny of nominations shall be held.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 12175P.—9th November 1933.—The following draft of a notification which it is proposed to issue under sub-section (*1*) of section 7, sections 10 and 12, sub-section (*2*) of section 14 and section 22 of the Port Haj Committees Act, 1932 (XX of 1932), is published as required by sub-section (*1*) of section 23 of the said Act for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor in Council on or after the 1st December 1933.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be sent to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal by any person with respect to the said draft on or before the date aforesaid will be considered by the Governor in Council:—

Draft notification.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 7, sections 10 and 12, sub-section (*2*) of section 14 and section 22 of the Port Haj Committees Act, 1932 (XX of 1932), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules, namely:—

Rules.

1. These rules may be called the Calcutta Port Haj Committee Rules, 1933.

2. In these rules unless there is anything repugnant to the subject or context—

(*i*) "The Act" means the Port Haj Committees Act, 1932.

(*ii*) "Candidate" means any person who has been duly proposed and seconded for a seat on the Committee.

(*iii*) "Committee" means the Port Haj Committee of Calcutta constituted under the Act.

Part I—Rules under section 7.

1. Electoral roll for the Calcutta Corporation constituency under clause (*b*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 4 of the Act shall be prepared and maintained by the Chief Executive Officer, Calcutta Corporation, who shall also act as the returning officer of this constituency.

Electoral roll for the general constituency under clause (*c*) of the said sub-section of the Act shall be prepared and maintained by the Registrar, Political Department, who shall also act as the returning officer of this constituency.

2. Any person may be nominated as a candidate for election subject to rules made under clause (*a*) of section 10 of the Act.

3. The Local Government shall appoint for each constituency a date for the nomination of candidates and shall publish such date in the *Calcutta Gazette.*

4. On or before the date so appointed for the nomination of candidates, each candidate shall either in person or by his proposer and seconder together, between the hours of 11 o'clock in the forenoon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon deliver to the returning officer a nomination paper completed in the form annexed to these rules and subscribed by two persons as proposer and seconder whose names are registered on the electoral roll of the constituency.

5. The Local Government shall appoint a date for the scrutiny of nomination and on such date the returning officer shall give to the candidates or their representatives all reasonable facilities for examining the nomination papers of all candidates. The returning officer shall then examine the nomination papers and shall decide all objections which may be made to any nomination and prepare a list of valid nominations.

6. (*1*) If the number of duly nominated candidates is not greater than the number of vacancies, all such candidates shall be declared to be duly elected.

(*2*) If the number of duly nominated candidates is greater than the number of vacancies, a poll shall be taken and the returning officer shall, on or before the date fixed in this behalf by the Local Government, send by registered post to each elector a ballot paper, in the form annexed to these rules, together with an intimation of the date appointed by him for the counting of votes and shall enter on the counterfoil of each ballot paper the name of the elector to whom the ballot paper is sent.

7. An elector shall obtain the attestation of his signature, but not of his vote, by a Magistrate, exercising first class powers, or a Justice of the Peace or any head of a department under Government to whom he is personally known, or to whose satisfaction he has been identified. He shall then return his ballot paper to the returning officer after recording his vote thereon in accordance with the instructions on the ballot paper. The ballot papers which are not received by the returning officer before 5 p.m. on the day preceding the day fixed for the counting of votes shall be rejected.

8. The returning officer shall appoint a date, time and place for the counting of votes and shall give notice thereof in writing to the candidates. On the day and at the time and place so appointed he shall—

(*a*) after scrutiny, separate the ballot papers which he deems valid from those which he rejects, endorsing on the latter the word "rejected" and the ground of rejection;

(*b*) count the votes given to each candidate, and declare the candidate or candidates with the largest number of valid votes to be elected.

9. Where on the counting of votes under rule 8, an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates and the addition of one vote will entitle any of the candidates to be declared elected, the determination of the person to whom such one additional vote shall be deemed to have been given shall be made by lot to be drawn in the presence of the returning officer and in such manner as he may determine.

10. Upon the completion of the counting of votes, the returning officer shall prepare and certify a return setting forth—

(*i*) the number of valid votes given for each candidate;

(*ii*) the number of votes declared invalid and rejected;

(*iii*) the names of the persons declared elected.

11. (*1*) If any person is elected by more than one constituency, he shall by notice in writing signed by him and delivered to the returning officers of both the constituencies within two days from the date of declaration of the result of such election, choose for which of these constituencies he shall serve and the choice shall be conclusive.

(*2*) When any choice for any constituency has been made, his election by the other constituency shall become void and the returning officer of this latter constituency shall then in the place of such candidate declare duly elected the candidate who has secured the largest number of valid votes among the candidates who has failed to secure the election and if there be no such candidate to be declared elected, the Local Government shall call the constituency to elect another person.

(*3*) If the candidate does not make the choice referred to in sub-rule (*1*) of this rule, the election of such person shall be void and the returning officer of each of those constituencies shall in the place of such candidate declare duly elected the candidate who has secured the largest number of valid votes among the candidates who has failed to secure the election and if there be no such candidate or candidates to be declared elected, the Local Government shall call upon the constituency or constituencies concerned to elect another person or persons.

12. The elected members shall co-opt at a meeting four members preferably from among the elected Muslim members of the district boards subject to the rules framed under clause (*d*) of section 10 of the Act.

Part II—Rules under section 10.

13. A person shall not be eligible for election, co-option or nomination as a member of the Port Haj Committee in Calcutta if such person—

(*a*) is not a British subject; or

(*b*) is a female; or

(*c*) is under 30 years of age; or

(*d*) is an undischarged insolvent; or

(*e*) has been adjudged by a competent court to be of unsound mind; or

(*f*) having been a Government servant has been dismissed or is under suspension; or

(*g*) having been a legal practitioner has been dismissed or is under suspension from practising as such by order of any competent court; or

(*h*) has undergone imprisonment for an offence which in the opinion of the Local Government involves moral turpitude.

14. If any doubt or dispute arises as to the election and co-option of members the matter shall be referred to the Local Government whose decision shall be final.

15. (*1*) A nominated member may resign by notifying in writing his intention to do so to the Local Government and on such resignation being accepted shall be deemed to have vacated his office.

(*2*) An elected or co-opted member may resign by notifying in writing his intention to do so to the Chairman who shall forthwith lay such notice before the Committee at the meeting and on such resignation being accepted by the Committee at a meeting, he shall be deemed to have vacated his office.

16. (*1*) The Local Government may remove an elected or co-opted member on the ground of misconduct in the discharge of his duties if the removal is recommended by a resolution of the Committee passed at a special meeting called for the purpose and supported by the votes of two-thirds of the whole number of members of the Committee.

(*2*) The Local Government may remove any member—

(*i*) if he refuses to act or becomes incapable of acting or is declared insolvent or if after his election as member, he is convicted of an offence which in the opinion of the Local Government involves moral turpitude; or

(*ii*) if he absents himself from three consecutive meetings of the Committee except on account of illness or any other cause approved by the Committee and the Government; or

(*iii*) if he is considered to be unsuitable in the opinion of the Local Government.

17. If any nominated, elected or co-opted member is, by reason of his death, resignation or removal, unable to complete his full term of office the vacancy so caused shall be filled by the nomination, election or co-option of another person as the case may be. The person so nominated, elected or co-opted shall fill such vacancy for the unexpired remainder of the term for which such member would otherwise have continued in office.

Part III—Rules under section 12.

18. The term of office of the Chairman shall be for a period of three years from the date of his election and such term shall be held to include any period which may elapse between the expiry of the said three years and the date of the first meeting of the newly formed Committee held under the provisions of sub-section (*1*) of section 11 of the Act.

19. The Chairman shall, for the transaction of the business connected with the Port Haj Committees Act, 1932 (XX of 1932), or for the purpose of making any order authorised thereby, exercise all the powers vested by the Act in the Committee, and where by any other law power is vested in the Committee for any purpose, the Chairman may transact any business or make any order authorised by that law in the exercise of that power, unless it is otherwise expressly provided in that law:

Provided that the Chairman shall not exercise any power which is directed to be exercised by the members at a meeting.

The Committee at a meeting may delegate to the Executive Officer all or any of the powers of the Committee and upon such delegation the Chairman shall cease to exercise the powers so delegated to the Executive Officer.

The Chairman shall have authority to make appointments to posts carrying a pay not exceeding Rs. 75 per month, subject to the approval of the Committee.

20. (*1*) An elected Chairman may resign by giving notice in writing of his intention to do so before the members at a meeting and on such resignation being accepted by the members at a meeting the Chairman shall be deemed to have vacated his office.

(*2*) An appointed Chairman may resign by notifying in writing his intention to do so to the Local Government, and on such resignation being accepted shall be deemed to have vacated his office.

21. (*1*) An elected Chairman or Vice-Chairman may at any time be removed from office by a resolution of the members in favour of which not less than two-thirds of the whole number of members have given their votes at a meeting specially convened for the purpose.

(*2*) The Local Government may at any time remove a Chairman appointed by it, or elected by the Committee.

22. If any Chairman is, by reason of his death, resignation or removal, unable to complete his full term of office, the vacancy so caused shall be filled by the election or appointment of another person as the case may be. The person so elected or appointed shall fill such vacancy for the unexpired remainder of the term for which such Chairman would otherwise have continued in office.

Part IV—Rules under sub-section (2) of section 14.

23. The Executive Officer shall be the principal Executive Officer of the Committee and shall act under the direction of the Chairman through whom he shall be responsible to the Committee.

The Executive Officer shall subject to the general control of the Committee, exercise such powers and perform such duties as the Committee may direct.

24. All other officers and servants of the Port Haj Committee shall be subordinate to the Executive Officer and to the Committee through the Executive Officer.

25. (*1*) The Executive Officer, other officers and servants appointed by the Committee or by Government, shall be conducted by the Civil Service Regulations, Fundamental Rules and other rules relating to Government servants in respect of leave, retirement, pension, etc.

(*2*) The Executive Officer, other officers and servants appointed by the Committee, shall not be suspended, discharged, or dismissed unless such suspension, discharge or dismissal is recommended by a resolution of the Committee passed at a special meeting called for the purpose and supported by the votes of two-thirds of the whole number of members of the Committee.

(*3*) The Executive Officer, other officers and servants of the Committee appointed by the Government, shall not be suspended, discharged or dismissed unless such suspension, discharge or dismissal is recommended by a resolution of the Committee passed at a special meeting called for the purpose and supported by the votes of two-thirds of the members of the Committee and the reason for such suspension, discharge or dismissal is considered by the Local Government to be cogent and satisfactory and the resolution approved by the Government.

26. (*1*) The Executive Officer shall be responsible for the proper discharge of the work of the office of the Port Haj Committee, the receipt by his staff of cash deposits, the settlement of all claims by heirs of deceased pilgrims and giving of assistance and advice to all pilgrims arriving in Calcutta, residing in the musafirkhanas and the making of suitable arrangements for pilgrims' needs at the time of their embarkation and disembarkation on return to Calcutta. He shall work under the direction of the Chairman to whom he shall refer all matters that he is not competent to decide for himself.

(*2*) The Executive Officer shall tour over such mufassal districts of the province from which the majority of pilgrims hail and shall organise and reorganise the mufassal Haj Committees and give them proper instructions with regard to the pilgrimage.

(*3*) The Executive Officer shall inspect the licences of the pilgrim brokers or muallims and shall report to the licence issuing authorities if in his opinion the holder of such a licence is found undesirable to act as a pilgrim broker or muallim.

(*4*) The Executive Officer shall be responsible for applying for police guards in the musafirkhanas and at the railway stations during the Haj season and on board the ships prior to the day of embarkation. The police guards will act under the directions of the Executive Officer

(*5*) The Executive Officer shall have authority to make appointments to posts carrying a pay not exceeding Rs. 30 per mensem, subject to the approval of the Chairman.

27. The other officers of the Port Haj Committee shall assist the Executive Officer in discharging his duties specified in these rules and shall exercise such powers as may be delegated to them by the Executive Officer.

Part V.—Rules under section 22.

28. Unless the Local Government otherwise directs, all sums received on account of the Haj funds shall be paid into any bank used as a Government treasury and shall be credited to an account to be called the account of the Port Haj Committee in Calcutta.

29. The Committee may invest any money not required for immediate use either in Government securities, or in any other form of security which may be approved of by the Local Government or in fixed deposit in the Imperial Bank of India.

30. In addition to the objects prescribed in section 18 of the Act the Committee may apply the Haj funds to—

(*1*) publicity and carrying on of propaganda work regarding Haj pilgrimage,

(*2*) any other matter which is likely to promote the cause of Haj pilgrimage.

31. (*1*) The Committee besides the fixed establishment charges may incur an expenditure to the limit of Rs. 250 at a time without sanction of Government and approval of the Local Government will be necessary when such expenditure exceeds this limit:

Provided that no payment shall be made by the Bank out of the Haj fund, except upon a cheque signed by the Chairman and the Executive Officer, or in the event of the illness or absence from the port of Calcutta of the Chairman or the Executive Officer by any two members duly authorised by the Committee.

(*2*) Payments shall ordinarily be made by cheque, but sums of less than Rs. 50 may be paid from permanent advance. Every item of expenditure shall be entered in a bill in the form prescribed Bills and other papers presented for payment shall be examined by the Executive Officer and if the claim is admissible, the authority is proper and the signature is true and in order the Executive Officer shall make an order to pay on the bill and sign it. The Executive Officer shall be personally responsible that the bill is complete and affords sufficient information as to the nature of the payment and that the payee actually receives the sum passed and gives a legal acquittance.

32. The Committee shall, at least three months before the close of the financial year, prepare a complete account of the actual and expected receipts and expenditure for that year together with a budget estimate of the income and expenditure of the Committee for the next year.

The Committee shall then decide upon the appropriations and the ways and means contained in the budget estimate and, by resolution, sanction a budget which shall be submitted to the Local Government for their approval.

33. The Committee shall keep accounts of all receipts and expenditure in proper registers to be maintained for them. The accounts of the Port Haj Committee Fund shall be audited by Government auditors each year and arrangement for the publication of the accounts together with the audit report shall be made.

34. The Committee shall submit an annual report to the Local Government reviewing the work done by the Committee during the preceding year. The Committee shall also furnish to the Local Government any returns or statements that may be called for by it.

35. The Local Government shall have control over the Port Haj Committee in respect of financial as well as other matters.

Nomination Form.

The Port Haj Committee of Calcutta.

I propose (name in full)

(Designation)

(Address)

as a candidate for election to the Port Haj Committee of Calcutta from the *

Date

Signed (name in full)

(Designation)

(Address)

I second the above proposal

Signed (name in full)

(Designation)

(Address)

Ballot Paper.

The Port Haj Committee of Calcutta.

Counterfoil No

Election by

Number of seats to be filled

Names of candidates	Votes to be indicated by marking a *

Signed in my presence by
who is personally known to me (or
who has been identified to my
satisfaction)

J P

Magistrate of the 1st class

Head of a Department of Government

Signature of elector

Address

Date

Instructions.

1 Not more than one vote may be given to any candidate

2 Votes may not be given to more candidates than there are members to be elected

3 The date appointed for the counting of votes is
and ballot papers must be sent to the returning officer so as to reach him before 5 p m of

Note The edges of the voting paper shall be gummed in order that the elector may seal it and so keep his vote secret. The attested signature shall be detached before the votes are counted.

*Here mention the electoral body.

No. 12318P.—14th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (*1*) of rule 124 of the Indian Pilgrim Ships Rules, 1933, published with the Government of India, Department of Education, Health and Lands, notification No. F.16-1/33G., dated the 17th October 1933, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint—

(*1*) the District and Subdivisional Officers in the mufassal,

(*2*) the Political Agents in Cooch Behar and Tripura States, and

(*3*) the Commissioner of Police in Calcutta,

to be the authorities from whom every pilgrim intending to proceed to the Hedjaz shall obtain the pilgrim-pass referred to in the said sub-rule.

Jails.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 3957P.J. — 9th November 1933.—Mr. A. H. W. Leonard, Superintendent, Dacca Central Jail, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-nine days, with effect from the 24th November 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 3960P.J. — 9th November 1933.—Mr. E. A. Rampezotti, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, is appointed to be Superintendent of the Dacca Central Jail, in addition to his own duties, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. A. H. W. Leonard from the 24th November 1933.

ERRATUM.

No. 3906P.J.—6th November 1933.—In notification No. 3654P.J., dated the 12th October 1933, published at page 1407 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 19th idem, *for* the words "Major M. Das, M.C., I.M.S.", *substitute* the words "Lieutenant-Colonel M. Das, M.C., I.M.S.".

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal.

No. 23227.—9th November 1933.—Dr. Monoj Nath Gupta, Assistant Surgeon, made over charge of the Howrah Jail to Lt.-Col. K. S. Thakur, I.M.S., on the forenoon of the 2nd November 1933.

R. E. FLOWERDEW, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Inspr.-Genl. of Prisons, Bengal.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 5849Pl.—8th November 1933.—The following draft of amendments to the rules regulating the possession for sale and the sale of certain poisons in the Bengal Presidency published with notification No. 5303Pl., dated the 12th December 1931, at pages 1574-1578 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 17th idem, as subsequently amended, which the Governor in Council proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 and sub-section (*1*) of section 8 of the Poisons Act, 1919 (XII of 1919), is hereby published, as required by sub-section (*2*) of section 8 of the said Act, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby.

Notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933 and that any objection or suggestion which may be received by the undersinged with respect thereto before the said date will be duly considered:-

Draft amendments.

I. After item 17 in Schedule I appended to the said rules, *add* the following item, namely—

"18. Tetra ethyl lead."

II. After rule 20 of the said rules, *add* the following rule, namely—

"21. (*1*) No person shall sell any tetra ethyl lead unless the same is before the sale thereof mixed with petrol so that the amount of tetra ethyl lead in the admixture shall not exceed 1 part in 1,300 parts by volume or about 1 part in 650 parts by weight:

Provided that where tetra ethyl lead is stated by the purchaser to be required for some purpose for which such admixture would accordingly to the representation of the purchaser render it unfit, tetra ethyl lead may be sold without such admixture with the previous permission in writing of the District Magistrate or in Calcutta, of the Commissioner of Police.

(*2*) Cans and pumps containing petrol with an admixture of tetra ethyl lead shall be labelled to indicate the presence of tetra ethyl lead in the petrol and to warn the user to avoid spillage and not to use the petrol except as a motor fuel. Such petrol shall also be dyed as an additional check against its use otherwise than as a motor fuel. The amount of tetra ethyl lead in such petrol shall not exceed 1 part in 1,300 parts by volume or about 1 part in 650 parts by weight.

(*3*) Nothing contained in rules 1 to 20 shall apply to an admixture of petrol and tetra ethyl lead in which the amount of tetra ethyl lead does not exceed 1 part in 1,300 parts by volume or about 1 part in 650 parts by weight."

No. 5911Pl. — 9th November 1933. — In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (3) of section 1 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (Bengal Act VI of 1933), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the whole of the said Act (except section 1 which already applies) shall come into force on the 1st January 1934, in Calcutta, as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, including the suburbs and the port of Calcutta, as defined in section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, and the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

No. 5916Pl. — 9th November 1933 — The following draft of a rule, which in exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 27 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (Bengal Act VI of 1933), the Governor in Council proposes to make, is hereby published for general information.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933 and any suggestion received with regard thereto by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft Rule.

"The fee for the inspection by the public of the register of houses, rooms and places in respect of which an order has been made under section 6 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933, maintained by the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, in the Detective Department at Lal Bazar, under sub-section (7) of section 6 of the said Act shall be Rs. 5."

3. Notification No. 3681 Pl., dated the 10th October 1925, is hereby cancelled.

No. 5921Pl. — 9th November 1933.—The following draft of rules, which in exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 27 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (Bengal Act VI of 1933), the Governor in Council proposes to make for the care, treatment, instruction, maintenance and supervision of girls placed in the Girls' Refuge in Calcutta by an order of Court under sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 14 of the said Act, is hereby published for general information.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933 and any suggestion received with regard thereto by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft Rules.

1. Inmates of Girls' Refuge in Calcutta shall not be allowed to receive visitors or letters without the express permission of a Deputy Commissioner of Police. Inmates whose attendance is required before the Police or before a Court shall be permitted to leave the Refuge for this purpose only on receipt of a written requisition signed by a Deputy Commissioner of Police or of a summons issued by a Court of competent jurisdiction. Inmates shall be accompanied by the Lady Superintendent if practicable.

2. The Lady Superintendent shall take every inmate to the Lady Doctor at the Dufferin Hospital for examination as soon as possible after admission. Inmates found to be suffering from specific diseases shall be kept as far as practicable separate from the other inmates. Inmates suffering from minor ailments requiring medical attention shall be taken by the Lady Superintendent to the Dufferin Hospital (Out-patients' Department) for treatment as out-patients. In case of serious illness, inmates shall be taken to the nearest hospital for admission and immediate intimation shall be sent to a Deputy Commissioner of Police.

3. In the case of death of any inmate, the circumstances of the case shall be immediately reported to the Commissioner of Police.

4. The Lady Superintendent, assisted by the Matron, shall take every care to prevent the exercise of evil influences by inmates of bad character on the other inmates.

5. Each inmate shall have a separate bed with a floor space of not less than 8 × 5 feet per bed. They shall wear the clothing supplied by the Lady Superintendent. Every effort shall be made to instil in their minds the habits of cleanliness and tidiness.

6. Plain wholesome food shall be supplied to the inmates according to their caste scruples.

7. Suitable employment, with proper intervals for rest and recreation, shall be found for the inmates. The employment shall include house work, sewing, etc. A portion of the day shall be devoted to giving the inmates such simple education as is consistent with their age and capacity.

8. The Refuge shall be kept under the purdah system and no male visitors shall be permitted to interview any of its inmates except in the Lady Superintendent's office and in her presence.

Notification No. 1068 Pl., dated the 27th March 1925, is hereby cancelled.

No. 5926Pl. — 9th November 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which in exercise of the power conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (2) of section 27 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (Bengal Act VI of 1933), the Governor in Council proposes to make, is hereby published for general information.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933 and any suggestion received with regard thereto by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft Rule.

"The Girls' Refuge in Calcutta shall ordinarily be a place in which Indian girls below the age of *eighteen* years shall be detained under the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 17 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933, and sub-section (2) of section 17 of the said Act unless made over by the Juvenile Court or the Magistrate to the care of any suitable person."

3. Notification No. 1069 Pl., dated the 27th March 1925, is hereby cancelled.

No. 5931Pl.—9th November 1933.—The following draft of an amendment which, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 11 of the Indian Motor Vehicles Act, 1914 (VIII of 1914), the Governor in Council proposes to make in the rules regulating the use of motor vehicles in places in Bengal other than Calcutta (including suburbs) and the Municipality of Howrah, published under notification No. 12667P., dated the 3rd October 1917, as amended from time to time, is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned with regard thereto before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendment.

For rule 48 in Part V, section 1 of the said rules, *substitute* the following rule, namely:—

"48 (*a*) Except as provided in rules 49, 49A and 50, no motor vehicle shall be driven on any road in the district of Darjeeling.

(*b*) Except the Siliguri subdivision of the district of Darjeeling, no motor vehicle shall be driven in that district with the engine free, that is, with the gear lever in neutral, the clutch depressed or with any other device put into operation which frees the engine from the driving wheels so that the engine does not act as a brake when the motor vehicle is going downhill."

Rangpur.—No. 5955Pl. — 10th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1924 (Act VI of 1924), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the movements of Java Natni and her son Sita Nat shall be restricted to the area of the Bengal Presidency instead of to the area of the Karwal Nat Settlement at Saidpur in the district of Rangpur, to which their movements were restricted under notification No. 9771 P., dated the 23rd October 1914.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg).

Orders by the Inspector-General of Police, Bengal.

Calcutta.—No. 9292A.—9th October 1933.—**Birbhum-Midnapore-Calcutta.**—Rai Sahib Jamini Mohan Kar, Inspector, Birbhum (Officiating Deputy Superintendent of Police, Midnapore), is posted, on paper, to the C.I.D.

No. 10036F.—4th November 1933.—**Midnapore.**—Risaldar Muhammad Khan, Armed Inspector, attached to the Range Reserve force at Midnapore, is appointed temporarily to fill the post of Inspector sanctioned in Government Order No. 5714 Pl., dated 26-10-1933 for the additional police force in Midnapore town.

No. 10163A.—7th November 1933.—**Jalpaiguri-24-Parganas.**—Mr. T. V. Decort, Armed Inspector, Jalpaiguri, is transferred to Barrackpore (24-Parganas), in exchange with Mr. C. W. Marshall, Armed Inspector, of the latter district.

The transfers are sanctioned in the interest of public service.

No. 10298A. — 9th November 1933.—(i) **Dinajpur-Calcutta.**—Babu Mohit Lal Ghosh, Inspector, Dinajpur, temporarily employed in the C.I.D. to fill an appointment sanctioned in Government Order No. 1561 Pl., dated 27-3-1933, is absorbed in a permanent vacancy that department, *vice* Babu Gyanada Charan Basu, Inspector, C.I.D., retired.

(ii) **Faridpur-Calcutta.** — Babu Jitendra Nath Gupta, officiating Inspector, Faridpur, is transferred to the C.I.D. to fill a temporary appointment sanctioned in Government Order No. 1561 Pl., dated 27-3-1933.

The transfer is effected in the interest of public service.

T. J. A. CRAIG,

Inspector-General of Police, Bengal.

Calcutta Police Notification.

Calcutta, the 13th November 1933.

The following draft of a notification, which with the previous sanction of the Governor in Council, the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, proposes to issue under sub-section (*i*) of section 62 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866 (Bengal Act IV of 1866), is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th December 1933, and any objection or suggestion which may be received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft notification.

In exercise of the power conferred by clauses (*b*) and (*c*) of sub-section (*i*) of section 62 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866 (Bengal Act IV of 1866), the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, with the previous sanction of the Governor in Council hereby makes the following amendments in the Rules for the Regulation of Traffic, etc., in the streets and public places of Calcutta and its suburbs, published under Calcutta Police notification No. 134, dated the 6th January 1932, at pages 37-99, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 14th January 1932:—

Amendments.

I. *After* rule 78 under sub-heading (7) in Lyons Range and Royal Exchange area of heading "(B) One Way Traffic" in Part II

of the said rules *insert* the following sub-headings and rules:—

(8) **In Mission Row.**

78A. Between the hours of 9 a.m. and 7 p.m. the vehicular traffic shall only proceed from north to south along Mission Row. No vehicles shall turn in this street and as vehicles shall be driven from south to north, for any distance along this street between its junction with Lall Bazar Street and the exact entrance of the Paper Currency Office.

78B. (*i*) Vehicles shall park in a single line on each side of Mission Row close to and parallel to the kerb facing south.

(*ii*) Vehicles shall not be driven into Lall Bazar Street directly from Mission Row.

(9) **Old Court House Corner.**

78C. Between the hours of 9 a.m. and 7 p.m. vehicular traffic shall be driven from south to north along that portion of the street running on this direction and from west to east along that portion running from west to east.

78D. No vehicles shall turn on this street and no vehicles shall enter this street from Radha Bazar Street or be driven from north to south on that part of the street running alongside the eastern limits of the compound of Scot's Kirk.

78E. Vehicles shall park in a single line on each side of this street, parallel to and close to the kerb facing north on that part running from south to north and facing east on that part running from west to east.

78F. Vehicles shall not be driven into Lall Bazar directly from Old Court House Corner.

II. *After* item 30 (Old Court House Street) in Schedule A of the said rules *insert* the following:—

30A, Old Court House Corner.

III. (*1*) *For* the two existing entries relating to Mission Row in Schedule B of the said rules *substitute* the following entry:—

Mission Row—In a single line on each side of the street, parallel to and close to the kerb, facing south.

(*2*) *After* Old Court House Street in Schedule B of the said rules *insert* the following:—

Old Court House Corner—In a single line on each side parallel to and close to the kerb facing north on the portion running from south to north and facing east on the portion running from west to east.

L. H. COLSON,

Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 11225A.

Powers.

Pabna.—No. 11045A.—6th November 1933.—Babu Jatindra Kumar Biswas, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Pabna, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

Rangpur - Murshidabad - Nadia - Rajshahi-Burdwan-Hooghly.—No. 11178A.—11th November 1933.—The Assistant Magistrates named below are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class:—

Mr. R. A. S. Stracey, I.C.S., Rangpur.

Mr. Sirajuddin Mahbubmian Kadri, I.C.S., Murshidabad.

Mr. Abul Hasan Quraishi, I.C.S., Murshidabad.

Mr. Shailendra Nath Mitra, I.C.S., Nadia.

Mr. E. G. Creek, I.C.S., Rajshahi.

Mr. S. B. Hatch-Barnwell, I.C.S., Rajshahi.

Mr. R. J. Pringle, I.C.S., Burdwan.

Mr. L. R. Chambers, I.C.S., Hooghly.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Appointments and Transfers.

Calcutta.—No. 7782J.—4th November 1933.—The services of Maulvi Syed Nasim Ali, officiating Senior Government Pleader, High Court, Calcutta, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India.

Rajshahi-Malda.—No. 7807J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Trailokya Nath Ray, Additional Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Rajshahi and Malda, employed at Malda, is reappointed to be Additional Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Rajshahi and Malda, to be employed at Malda.

Faridpur.—No. 7809J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Phanindra Nath Mitra, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, on leave, is appointed to be Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Faridpur.

Burdwan-Midnapore. — No. 7811J. — 7th November 1933.—Babu Suresh Chandra Sen, No. I, Additional Subordinate Judge of Burdwan, is appointed to be Subordinate Judge of Midnapore.

Noakhali.—No. 7813J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Makhan Lal Mukharji, officiating Additional Subordinate Judge of Noakhali, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Subordinate Judge of the said district.

Mymensingh.—No. 7815J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Jatindra Kumar Basu, officiating Subordinate Judge of Mymensingh, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge of the said district.

Faridpur.—No. 7817J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Jogendra Narayan Ray Chaudhuri, officiating Subordinate Judge of Faridpur, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge of the said district.

Bakarganj.—No. 7819J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Thakur Das Banarji, officiating Subordinate Judge of Bakarganj, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge of the said district.

Bankura.—No. 7821J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Satish Chandra Chakrabatti, officiating Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Bankura, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of the said district.

Dacca.—No. 7823J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Abinash Chandra Ghosh Hazra, officiating Subordinate Judge of Dacca, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge of the said district.

Hooghly.—No. 7825J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Dhirendra Kumar Mukharji, officiating Additional Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Hooghly, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of the said district, *vice* Babu Satya Charan Mukharji, transferred.

24-Parganas.—No. 7827J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Sharat Chandra De, officiating Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of the 24-Parganas, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of the said district.

Howrah-Hooghly.—No. 7829J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Rajendra Lal Chakrabatti, officiating Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Howrah, in the district of Hooghly, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Howrah in the said district.

Burdwan.—No. 7831J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Basanta Kumar Ray, officiating Additional Subordinate Judge of Asansol, in the district of Burdwan, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Subordinate Judge of Asansol in the said district.

Howrah-Hooghly.—No. 7833J.—7th November 1933.—Maulvi Paziruddin Ahmad, officiating Additional Subordinate Judge of Howrah, in the district of Hooghly, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Subordinate Judge of Howrah in the said district.

24-Parganas.—No. 7835J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Kshiradeswar Banarji, officiating Second Additional Subordinate Judge of the 24-Parganas, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Second Additional Subordinate Judge of the said district.

Birbhum.—No. 7837J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Sharat Chandra Mukharji, officiating Additional Subordinate Judge of Birbhum, is reappointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Subordinate Judge of the said district.

Hooghly-Tippera.—No. 7839J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Satya Charan Mukharji Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Hooghly, is appointed to be Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Tippera, *vice* Babu Upendra Kumar Kar on leave, preparatory to retirement.

Mymensingh.—No. 7841J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Mayataru Haldar, munsif, is appointed to be a munsif, in the district of Mymensingh, to be ordinarily stationed at Jamalpur, *vice* Babu Bhuban Mohan Singh, on leave.

Birbhum.—No. 7844J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Surendra Nath Mitra, munsif, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Birbhum, to be ordinarily stationed at Bolpur, *vice* Babu Atul Bihari Mallik, on leave.

Bakarganj.—No. 7846J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Kumud Bandhu Sen, munsif, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Bakarganj, to be ordinarily stationed at Barisal.

Rangpur.—No. 7848J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Jogesh Chandra Chatarji, munsif, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Rangpur, to be ordinarily stationed at Kurigaon.

24-Parganas.—No. 7850J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Ashutosh Das Gupta, munsif, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of the 24-Parganas, to be ordinarily stationed at Diamond Harbour, *vice* Babu Dhirendra Nath Bagchi.

Mymensingh.—No. 7852J.—7th November 1933.—Mr. Kiran Kumar Bhattacharji, munsif, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Mymensingh, to be ordinarily stationed at Tangail.

Dacca.—No. 7854J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Jitendra Nath Maitra, munsif, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Dacca, to be ordinarily stationed at Munshiganj.

Chittagong-Noakhali.—No. 7856J.—7th November 1933.—Maulvi Ghulam Azam Chaudhuri, additional munsif of Satkania, in the district of Chittagong, is appointed to be additional munsif of Sandwip and Lakshmipur, in the district of Noakhali, for the present to be employed at Lakshmipur.

Chittagong.—No. 7858J.—7th November 1933.—Maulvi M. Abdul Jalil, additional munsif of Patiya, in the district of Chittagong, is reappointed to be additional munsif of Patiya in the said district.

24-Parganas.—No. 7860J.—7th November 1933.—The services of Babu Harendra Nath Banarji, munsif of Alipore, in the district of the 24-Parganas, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Assam.

Noakhali-24-Parganas. No. 7861J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Rabindra Kumar Basu, munsif, employed at Sudharam, in the district of Noakhali, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of the 24-Parganas, to be ordinarily stationed at Alipore, *vice* Babu Harendra Nath Banarji, transferred.

Bakarganj-Rajshahi-Malda.—No 7863J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Shailesh Chandra Banarji, munsif of Pirojpur, in the district of Bakarganj, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Rajshahi and Malda, to be ordinarily stationed at Rampur-Boalia, *vice* Babu Ram Lal Banarji, transferred.

Rajshahi-Malda-Hooghly.—No 7865J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Ram Lal Banarji, munsif of Rampur-Boalia in the district of Rajshahi and Malda, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Hooghly, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station.

Nadia.—No. 7867J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Kshitipati Nath Mitra, munsif, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Subordinate Judge of Nadia.

Chittagong.—No 7869J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Kshitish Chandra Chatarji, munsif, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Subordinate Judge of Chittagong.

Rangpur-Birbhum.—No 7871J.—7th November 1933.—Mr. Bikas Chandra Ghosh, who lately acted as a munsif of Kurigaon, in the district of Rangpur, is appointed to act as a munsif, in the district of Birbhum, to be ordinarily stationed at Dubrajpur, *vice* Babu Nages Chandra Chakrabatti, on leave, or until further orders.

Chittagong.—No. 7873J.—7th November 1933.—Maulvi Md. Taleb Ali is appointed to act, until further orders, as additional munsif of North Raojan, in the district of Chittagong.

Dacca-Chittagong.—No. 7875J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Hrishikesh Gangali, who lately acted as a munsif of Munshiganj, in the district of Dacca, is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Chittagong, to be ordinarily stationed at Patiya, *vice* Babu Suresh Chandra Ghosh, on leave, or until further orders.

Tippera-Murshidabad. — No. 7877J. — 7th November 1933.—Babu Bagala Prasanna Basu, munsif, who lately acted as Subordinate Judge of Tippera, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge of Murshidabad.

Midnapore-Mymensingh.—No. 7879J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Rama Charan Chakrabatti, munsif, who lately acted as Subordinate Judge of Midnapore, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge of Mymensingh, *vice* Babu Debendra Nath Sen Gupta, on leave, or until further orders.

Bakarganj.—No. 7881J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Amalendu Nath Lahiri, who lately acted as a munsif of Barisal, in the district of Bakarganj, is appointed to act, until further orders, as a munsif in the said district, to be ordinarily stationed at Pirojpur, *vice* Babu Shailesh Chandra Banarji.

Mymensingh-Dinajpur.—No. 7883J.—7th November 1933.—Babu Kalipada Mukharji, who lately acted as a munsif of Tangail, in the district of Mymensingh, is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Dinajpur, to be ordinarily stationed at Balurghat, *vice* Babu Tarani Kanta Nag, on leave, or until further orders.

Calcutta.—No. 7895J.—7th November 1933.—Mr. H. Carey Morgan is appointed to act as Solicitor to the Government of Bengal, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. S. S. Hodson, or until further orders.

Calcutta. — No. 8120J. — 10th November 1933.—Babu Rupendra Coomar Mitter, Advocate, High Court, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Assistant Government Pleader of that Court, *vice* Mr. Nasim Ali appointed to act as an Additional Judge of that Court, with effect from the 13th November 1933.

Leave.

Calcutta.—No. 7891J.—7th November 1933.—Mr. S. S. Hodson, Solicitor to the Government of Bengal, is allowed extraordinary leave from the 9th November 1933 to the 12th March 1934, under Fundamental Rule 85 (*a*) and Subsidiary Rule 280 (*d*) of those Rules.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Murshidabad.—No. 7751J.—4th November 1933.—Whereas by a notification, dated the 27th March 1898, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the same date, it was ordered that on and after the 1st day of April 1893, the trial of certain offences under the Indian Penal Code before any court of sessions in certain districts including the district of Murshidabad shall be by Jury:

And whereas riots and disturbances known as the Beldanga riots have recently taken place in certain parts of the district of Murshidabad and certain persons may hereafter be committed to the court of sessions at Berhampore for trial:

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 269 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, is pleased to revoke the said notification in so far as it applies to the trial of offences of the following classes when any such offence is alleged to have been committed by any person within the jurisdiction of police-station Beldanga in the Sadar subdivision in the district of Murshidabad during the period from the 3rd July 1933 to the 11th July 1933, namely:-

Offences defined in the following chapters of the Indian Penal Code, viz:—

Chapter VIII (offences against the public tranquillity);

Chapter XI (offences relating to false evidence and offences against public justice);

Chapter XVI (offences affecting the human body); and

Chapter XVII (offences against property);

and abetments of, and attempts to commit, such offences.

Mymensingh.—No. 7886J.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Munshi Rajab Ali Sarkar and Munshi Barkat Sarkar, members of the Dhopakhali union board within the Madhupur police-station in the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district, to be, during their term of office as such members, members of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section.

Mymensingh.—No. 7887J.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Munshi Rajab Ali Sarkar and Munshi Barkat Sarkar, members of the Dhopakhali union board within the Madhupur police-station in the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district, to be, during their term of office as such members, members of the union courts within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section.

Mymensingh.—No. 7888J.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Munshi Haji Gadu Sarkar, a member of the Hadira union board within the Gopalpur police-station in the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section.

Mymensingh.—No. 7889J.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Munshi Haji Gadu Sarkar, a member of the Hadira union board within the Gopalpur police-station in the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section.

Faridpur.—No. 8127J. - 13th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Khoajpur union board within the Madaripur police-station in the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Munshi Syed Ali Bepari.
Munshi Abdul Gani Khan.
Maulvi Kazi Abdul Hamid Talukdar.
Babu Naider Chand Bala.
Babu Sreenath Mandal.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union board at which a quorum is present.

Faridpur.—No. 8128J. — 13th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Khoajpur union board within the Madaripur police-station in the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Munshi Syed Ali Bepari.
Munshi Abdul Gani Khan.
Maulvi Kazi Abdul Hamid Talukdar.
Babu Naider Chand Bala.
Babu Sreenath Mandal.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union board at which a quorum is present.

Dacca.—No. 8130J.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the union boards mentioned below, to be, during their term of office as such members, union benches within the jurisdiction of the union boards of which they are, respectively, members for the purposes of that section:—

Narayanganj subdivision, district Dacca.

Raipura police-station.

Hairmara union board.

Babu Mati Lal Pal.

Munshi Muksud Ali Sarkar.

Maulvi Fazlul Haque.

Munshi Abdur Rashid.

Araihazar police-station.

Araihazar union board.

Babu Rai Mohan Ghosh.

Babu Rajendra Narayan Ray Chaudhuri.

Munshi Basiruddin Ahmed.

Maulvi Abdul Majid Khondker.

Baidyerbazar police-station.

Baidyerbazar union board.

Babu Sukumar Gupta.

Babu Rasik Chandra Das.

Munshi Syed Ali Mian.

Munshi Wahed Baksha Mian.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union boards at which a quorum is present.

Dacca.—No. 8131J.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the union boards mentioned below, to be, during their term of office as such members, union courts within the jurisdiction of the union boards of which they are, respectively, members for the purposes of that section:—

Narayanganj subdivision, district Dacca.

Raipura police-station.

Hairmara union board.

Babu Mati Lal Pal.

Munshi Muksud Ali Sarkar.

Maulvi Fazlul Haque.

Munshi Abdur Rashid.

Araihazar police-station.

Araihazar union board.

Babu Rai Mohan Ghosh.

Babu Rajendra Narayan Ray Chaudhuri.

Munshi Basiruddin Ahmed.

Maulvi Abdul Majid Khondker.

Baidyerbazar police-station.

Baidyerbazar union board.

Babu Sukumar Gupta.

Babu Rasik Chandra Das.

Munshi Syed Ali Mian.

Munshi Wahed Baksha Mian.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union boards at which a quorum is present.

Mymensingh.—No. 8133J.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Masua union board within the Katiadi police-station in the Kishoreganj subdivision of the Mymensingh district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union bench within the jurisdiction the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Munshi Asmat Ali.

Babu Adinath Ray.

Munshi Abdul Gafur Sarkar.

Babu Adhar Chandra Nath.

Munshi Kari Abdul Rahaman.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union board at which a quorum is present.

Mymensingh.—No. 8134J.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Masua union board within the Katiadi police-station in the Kishoreganj subdivision of the Mymensingh district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Munshi Asmat Ali.

Babu Adinath Ray.

Munshi Abdul Gafur Sarkar.

Babu Adhar Chandra Nath.

Munshi Kari Abdul Rahaman.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union board at which a quorum is present.

No. 8143J.—13th November 1933.—The following draft of rules, which in exercise of the power conferred by clause (c) of subsection (2) of section 27 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (Bengal Act VI of 1933), the Governor in Council proposes to make regarding the conditions under which girls may be made over to the care of a suitable person under sub-section (1) and sub-section (2) of section 14, is hereby published for general information.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933, and any suggestion received with regard thereto by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft Rules.

1. When it appears to the court that any officer of Government, a secular institution, religious society or responsible person is willing to take charge of a girl and is in its opinion, suitable and trustworthy, she may be made over to him or it, provided that he or it signs an undertaking in the form annexed to these rules:

Provided that no girl shall be compelled to live under the care and authority of a person or religious society professing a religion other than the religion of the girl against her expressed wishes or those of her guardian, if any.

2. While living under the care of a suitable person of the class mentioned above, she shall be under the supervision of a person to be named by the court. The person so nominated shall submit periodical inspection reports to the court at least every quarter.

3. A copy of the order, together with full particulars regarding the girl, shall be sent by the court, to the officer of Government, secular institution, religious society or responsible person, as the case may be, under whose care and authority the girl is to live.

4. (1) When such a person or society withdraws his or its consent to keep the girl any longer under his or its care, her case may again be considered for making over to others.

(2) If a girl removes herself from the supervision of the person, institution or society under which she was permitted to live, his or its undertaking shall be deemed to have been revoked from the date on which she has so removed herself. A report regarding the matter shall forthwith be sent to the court and the police.

5. If at any time it appears that the person, society or institution has failed to observe the conditions mentioned in the undertaking signed by him or it or if the inspection reports show that for any reason it is in the interests of the girl that she should be placed in any other suitable custody, the permission granted by the court may be withdrawn.

6. Any police officer may, without orders from Magistrate and without a warrant, arrest a girl who has removed herself from the supervision of the person, institution or society under which she was permitted to live under these rules and shall send her, if so arrested, in custody to the court.

Form of Permit.

(*Vide* rule 1.)

Whereas AB being a trustworthy person (an employee under..................) (or in charge of............. society or institution) is willing to take charge of CD and has signed a suitable undertaking to keep the said CD. These presents witness that the said CD is hereby permitted to live under the charge of AB for a term of three months from this date.

Conditions.

(*i*) This permit shall remain in force for three months only but it may be renewed from time to time for a similar period at the option of the court.

(*ii*) The permit may be cancelled at the desire of the court.

(*iii*) The permit is moreover determined by

(*a*) the death of the suitable person,

(*b*) his cessation from business,

(*c*) the expiration of the period for which the girl can be allowed to live under his care,

(*iv*) The permit may be cancelled if he has failed to observe the term of his undertaking or if the court is satisfied that it is not in the interests of the girl to be detained in the "suitable custody".

(*v*) A girl who escapes from the charge of the "suitable person," may be arrested by any police officer, without a warrant, and shall be sent to the court. Any such escape shall be reported to the court immediately.

Form of Undertaking to be signed by the "suitable person".

(*See* rule 1.)

I, AB..................... of .... do hereby declare that I am willing to take charge of CD.................. aged .... under the orders of the Court, dated the..........................

(*i*) I have read, I understand, and I will observe the terms of the permit.

(*ii*) I will do my best for the welfare of the girl; and will make proper provision for her maintenance I undertake to give her regular (work under supervision at.......... .... with not less than........................monthly remuneration) (education) (training as.... ..).

(*iii*) If the girl's conduct, health or work is unsatisfactory, I will at once inform the court and I will return her to the court on my own initiation or if called upon to do so.

(*iv*) In the event of the girl's illness, she shall have proper medical attention in the nearest hospital.

(*v*) The girl should be under the supervision of a person to be nominated by the court, who shall be allowed to visit her at any reasonable time.

(*vi*) The girl shall be free to follow the observances of her own religion, and

(*vii*) I will report on her progress every month.

No. 8144J. — 13th November 1933.—The following draft of rules which in exercise of the power conferred by clause (*g*) of subsection (2) of section 27 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (Bengal Act VI of 1933), the Governor in Council proposes to make regarding bonds, etc., to be taken by the court when making girls over to suitable custody, not being the custody of a notified institution, is hereby published for general information.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933, and any suggestion received with regard thereto by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:--

Draft Rules.

1. (*1*) A bond ordered to be entered into under the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (hereinafter referred to as the Act) shall, if the court so order, contain a condition that the girl be under the supervision of such person as may be named in the order during the period specified in the order and such other conditions for securing such supervision as may be specified in the order, and an order requiring the insertion of such conditions as aforesaid in the bond is to be known as a probation order.

(*2*) A bond under the Act may contain such additional conditions as the court may, having regard to the particular circumstances of the case, order to be inserted therein with respect to all or any of the following matters:—

(*a*) for prohibiting the girl from associating with undesirable persons, or from frequenting undesirable places;

(*b*) as to abstention from intoxicating liquor, drugs or smoke;

(*c*) generally for securing that the girl should lead an honest and industrious life.

(*3*) The court by which a probation order is made shall furnish to the girl a notice in writing stating in simple terms the conditions she is required to observe.

2. It shall be the duty of a probation officer, subject to the directions of the court—

(*a*) to visit or receive reports from the person under supervision or her surety at such reasonable intervals as may be specified in the probation order or, subject thereto, as the probation officer may think fit;

(*b*) to see that she and her surety observe the conditions of the bond;

(*c*) to report to the court as to her behaviour;

(*d*) to advise, assist, and befriend her, and, when necessary, to endeavour to find her suitable employment.

3. The court before which any person is bound may, upon the application of the probation officer, and after notice to the girl and her sureties, vary the conditions of the bond and may, on being satisfied that the conduct of that person has been such as to make it unnecessary that she should remain longer under supervision, discharge the bond.

4. If any girl dealt with under section 14 of the Act, by a juvenile court desires to change her place of residence, both she and her surety shall apply to the court to vary the order relating to the supervision of the said girl by another suitable person whether the girl desires to live within or outside the jurisdiction of the said court, for the remaining portion of the period specified in the original order under section 14, and the court may pass such order as may be considered reasonable and necessary for the further supervision of the girl at the new place of residence, whether the same be within or outside the jurisdiction of the said court, and a fresh bond shall be executed including the altered conditions and the said fresh bond shall be binding in the same manner as the original bond, provided that the term of the fresh bond shall not be longer than the unexpired portion of the original bond.

Form of the Bond.

(*Vide* rule 1.)

I, AB of (name here the suitable custody) do hereby declare that I shall without let or hindrance place CD., aged years who has been made over to under the orders of the court, dated the under the supervision of EF named by the court during the period of and I agree to abide by the following conditions:—

I shall do my best—

(*1*) to prohibit the girl from associating with undesirable persons, or from frequenting undesirable places;

(*2*) to keep her from intoxicating liquor, drugs or smoke;

(*3*) to secure generally that the girl leads an honest and industrious life.

No. 8145J.—13th November 1933.—The following draft of rules which in exercise of the power conferred by clause (*h*) of sub-section (*2*) of section 27 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (Bengal Act VI of 1933), the Governor in Council proposes to make regarding the contribution by parents and other persons liable to maintain girls placed in suitable custody, is hereby published for general information.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933, and any suggestion received with regard thereto by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft Rules.

1. The bench clerk of each court by which an order under sub-section (*1*) of section 18 of the Act is passed shall prepare three copies of a contribution order in the form annexed to these rules and after such orders have been duly signed by the trying Magistrate send them to the cashier of the court.

2. The cashier on receiving them shall make over one copy to the person against whom the order is passed, and another copy to the person in whose custody the girl has been placed. He shall keep the third copy for filing in the office.

3. Maintenance money shall be deposited in advance with the cashier of the court, on the first day of each month for which such money is due.

4. Maintenance money received by the cashier under these rules shall be paid in such manner as the court may direct to the person in whose custody the girl has been placed or may be otherwise disbursed for the maintenance of the girl under the directions of the presiding officer of the court

Form of contribution order under section 14(1) of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933.

(*See* rule 1.)

In the Court of the

Complainant.

versus

Defendant.

WHEREAS has been committed to suitable custody under section of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933, and whereas an inquiry has been duly made under sub-section (*2*) of section 18 of that Act into the circumstances of who is liable to maintain the said now therefore in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (*1*) of the same section, it is ordered that the said shall and do make a monthly allowance of rupees payable in advance upon the first day of each and every month for the maintenance of the said and that the said be directed to deposit the said sum with the cashier of this court, or such other officer as this court may from time to time direct, for payment to the said / on behalf of the said .

Dated this day of 193

Magistrate.

N. G. A. EDGLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

No. 5975M. — 3rd November 1933. — In exercise of the power conferred by clause (*a*) of section 65 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rules:—

Rules for the election of Chairman and Vice-Chairman of Municipalities.

1. When a meeting is held under sub-section (*1*) of section 45, at which a quorum is present, the Commissioners, who have made the oath or affirmation of allegiance to the Crown under section 57, shall appoint one of their number, under sub-section (2) of section 59, to preside at the meeting. The President shall be duly proposed and seconded and must not be a candidate for the office of Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

2. If only one Commissioner is proposed and seconded as President, he shall be deemed to be duly elected as such. If more than one Commissioner is proposed and seconded, the Commissioners present shall decide the election by vote. The votes may be taken by voices or by show of hands.

If the votes for two or more Commissioners proposed as President of the meeting are equal, then the selection of one of them shall be decided by lot.

3. The election of the Chairman of the Municipality shall proceed as follows:—

(*a*) Any Commissioner present may propose a candidate by name for the office of Chairman.

(*b*) No candidature shall be taken into consideration unless it has been seconded by a Commissioner other than the proposer.

(*c*) If there is only one candidate duly proposed and seconded for election, the President shall forthwith declare such candidate to be elected.

(*d*) If there be more than one such candidate for election as Chairman, the President shall hand to each Commissioner present a voting paper in the following form in which the names of the candidates who have been duly proposed and seconded shall be entered, and shall ask each Commissioner in turn to record his vote, at a table so placed that no other person can overlook him, by placing the mark x in the place provided for the purpose in the voting paper, opposite the name of the candidate for whom the Commissioner intends to vote, and to sign his name on the back of the counterfoil of the voting paper:—

Voting Paper.

(Prescribed by rule 3 (*d*) of the rules regarding the election of Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Municipality.)

For the election of Chairman/Vice-Chairman of Municipality.

Name of candidate	Space for placing mark X	Counterfoil for the voter's signature on the back.
1.		Fold here (perforated).
2		
3		
4.		

(*e*) The voting paper shall be invalid if the mark x is placed opposite the name of more than one candidate, or if it is so placed as to render it doubtful to which candidate such mark is intended to apply.

(*f*) Each Commissioner after placing the mark x on the voting paper shall fold the counterfoil so as to conceal the votes recorded, sign his name on the back of the counterfoil and then hand the paper to the President. Without such folding of the counterfoil or signature the voting paper shall be invalid.

(*g*) The President shall have the right of participating in the election of the Chairman and shall similarly record his vote.

(*h*) As soon as all the voting papers have been delivered to the President, he shall, in the order hereinafter specified,—

(*1*) reject any voting paper which is unsigned or of which the counterfoil is not properly folded as prescribed in clause (*f*);

(*2*) tear off the counterfoils containing the signatures and place them apart from the voting papers proper;

(*3*) reject any voting paper which is irregularly marked;

(*4*) read out the names of the candidates against which the mark x has been validly made;

(*5*) count the votes; and

(*6*) declare the candidate to whom the largest number of votes has been given to be elected as Chairman of the Municipality

(*i*) In the case of an equality of votes the President shall have a casting vote.

4. The Commissioner appointed under sub-section (2) of section 59 shall preside at the meeting for the election of the Vice-Chairman as well as that of the Chairman, and the same procedure shall apply as for the election of the Chairman.

5. When a meeting is held under sub-section (2) of section 45 the procedure laid down in rule 3 shall be followed. The Vice-Chairman shall preside over such a meeting unless he is a candidate for the office of Chairman. If the Vice-Chairman is absent or is a candidate for such office, the Commissioners shall select one of their number, who is not a candidate for the office in accordance with the procedure laid down in rules 1 and 2, to preside over the election.

6. If any Vice-Chairman is unable to complete his full term of office, or is granted leave under sub-section (1) of section 55, the vacancy shall be filled by an election, to be held, within twenty-one days from the date of occurrence of the vacancy, at a meeting in which the Chairman or, in his absence, a person, who is not a candidate for the office of the Vice-Chairman and is elected by the Commissioners from among themselves in accordance with the procedure prescribed in rules 1 and 2, shall preside. The election of the Vice-Chairman shall be held in accordance with the procedure prescribed in rule 3.

24-Parganas.—No. 6066M. -7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (g) of section 8 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to alter the number of Commissioners of the Baranagar Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas from 13 to 16.

24-Parganas.—No. 6067M.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 18 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that in the municipality of Baranagar, in the district of the 24-Parganas, the number of appointed Commissioners shall be increased to five in order to secure the proper representation of the jute industry and of labour employed therein, within the limits of the municipality, the development of which is due to an appreciable extent to and dependent on such industry.

24-Parganas.—No. 6069M.—7th November 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (1) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft rule will be taken into consideration on the 20th November 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Baranagar Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, out of 11 seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), two seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Noakhali.—No. 6075L.S.-G. -7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (aa) of section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rules:—

Rules.

1. In the Sadar and Feni local boards, in the district of Noakhali, out of fourteen and eight seats, respectively, to which members are to be elected under section 9 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), three and two seats, respectively, shall be reserved for the Hindu community which is hereby declared to be a minority community for the purposes of election of members to the said local boards.

2. In the Noakhali district board, out of sixteen seats to which members are to be elected by the Sadar and Feni local boards, under section 7 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), three seats shall be reserved for the Hindu community which is hereby declared to be a minority community for the purposes of election of members to the said district board. The number of members to be elected by each local board to the seats so reserved shall be as follows:

Sardar local board—2.

Feni local board—1

24-Parganas.—No. 6117M.—10th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 312 (1) of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), and upon the application of the Commissioners of the Barrackpore Municipality at a meeting, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to declare that schedule VI of that Act shall be in force in the said municipality.

24-Parganas.—No. 6118M.—10th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 312 (2) of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932) the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to extend the provisions of sections 324, 327 and 329 of that Act to the Barrackpore Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas.

24-Parganas.—No. 6120M.—10th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:-

Rule.

In the Joynagar Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas, out of nine seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), one seat shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

24-Parganas.—No. 6121M.—10th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Joynagar Municipality at a meeting, that the four existing wards of the Joynagar Municipality in the 24-Parganas district shall be grouped into one special ward for the purpose of election to the seat reserved for the minority community in this municipality, and that the number of Commissioners to be elected from the special ward and each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown in columns 2 and 3 of the table below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of seats, other than the reserved seat, shown in column 3, to which Commissioners are to be elected.	Number of seat reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3
I	2	1
II	2	
III	2	
IV	2	

Bakarganj. — No. 6126L.S.-G. — 10th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of section 31 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871 (Act I of 1871), and in modification of the orders contained in clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of notification No. 317½T.M., dated the 16th August 1913, and in clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of notification No. 1428L.S.-G., dated the 18th May 1914, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased—

(*a*) to transfer to the union board named below, in the district of Bakarganj, all the functions of the Magistrate of that district, under Chapters II and III of the said Act, I of 1871, in respect of all pounds within the local areas, subject to the jurisdiction of the said union board, and

(*b*) to direct that the whole of the surplus accruing under section 18 of the said Act, I of 1871, in the areas within the jurisdiction of the said union board in the district of Bakarganj, named below, shall be placed to the credit of the union funds constituted for the said union board—

Bhola subdivision.

Police-station **Daulatkhan.**

Joynagar union board.

No. 6137L.S.-G.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 16 of the Bengal Motor Vehicles Tax Act, 1932 (Bengal Act I of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to exempt motor vehicles and lorries garaged in French Chandernagore but plying in British India from payment of tax under the said Act subject to the provision of rule 19.

Murshidabad.—No. 6143M.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Saturday, the 24th March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the Kandi and Dhulian municipalities in the Presidency Division.

Jessore. — No. 6145M. — 11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Friday and Saturday, the 23rd and 24th March 1934, as the dates for the first general election of Commissioners of the Jessore Municipality in the Presidency Division.

24-Parganas.—No. 6147M.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Saturday, the 24th March 1934, as the date for the first gentral election of Commissioners of the Moheshpur Municipality in the Presidency Division.

Nadia.—No. 6149M.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Saturday, the 24th March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the Nabadwip Municipality in the Presidency Division.

24-Parganas.—No. 6151M.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Thursday, the 29th March 1934, as the date for the first general election of the Commissioners of the Tollygunj, Joynagar, Kanchrapara, North Dum Dum and Budge Budge municipalities in the Presidency Division.

No. 6131M.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clauses (c), (d) and (g) of section 215 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to prescribe the following forms:—

FORM A.

Notice to be published of the preparation of the valuation of Holdings and Assessment List.

BENGAL MUNICIPAL ACT, 1932.

(See section 147.)

Municipality of .

Whereas a valuation of holdings and assessment list has been deposited in the office of the Commissioners as required by section 147 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932, notice is hereby given that the said list is open to the inspection of all persons desiring to inspect the same at the office of the said Commissioners during office hours on any day not being a close holiday; and that the several owners of the holdings included therein are hereby required to pay the quarterly instalments set opposite to their names with regularity at the office appointed by the Commissioners for the receipt of the same, or to the tax-collector or other officer authorized to receive payment, the first payment to be made on the first day of ( ) and every subsequent payment on or before the first day of ( ), the first day of ( ) and the first day of ( ), and in default thereof any arrear that may be due will be realized by distress and sale of the movable property belonging to the defaulter, or which may be found on the holding in respect of which the valuation is made, and by such other proceedings as are allowed by law.

Dated this day of

A. B.,

Chairman of Commissioners.

FORM B.

Notice of demand.

BENGAL MUNICIPAL ACT, 1932.

[See section 155(2).]

To

Municipality of .

Take notice that the sum of Rs. , being the amount due from you as shown in the accompanying bill, is hereby demanded from you, and that if you do not withing fifteen days pay the same to an officer authorized to receive payment, or into the office of the Municipal Commissioners, the amount together with costs will be levied by distress and sale of your goods and chattels, or otherwise as provided by law.

A. B

Designation.

Date—

(The following note will be added at the foot of the above notice in those cases only in which the notice is to be addressed to a person who has not already paid one instalment of the tax at the rate at which the demand is made.)

NOTE.—If you have any objection to make against this demand, you may present a petition to the Commissioners praying for a review of the amount assessed. Such petition must be presented within one month of the service of this notice, otherwise it will not be received.

FORM C.

Distress Warrant.

BENGAL MUNICIPAL ACT, 1932.

[See section 157(1).]

To (here insert the name of the officer charged with the execution of the warrant).

Whereas of has not paid or shown sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum of rupees due for rates, taxes, fees, tolls or other charges mentioned in the margin, although the said sum has been duly demanded in writing from the said , and fifteen days have elapsed since the service of the notice of demand, this is to require you to distrain the movable property of the said wherever it may be found within the municipality, except ploughs, plough-cattle, tools or implements of trade or agriculture, or any other movable property, subject to the same exceptions which may be found within the holding specified in the margin to the amount of the said sum of and the further sum of payable as fee under section 156 of the Act (unless no sale is necessary in which case three-fourths of such fee will be remitted), and, if within ten days next after such distress the said sum of shall not be paid, to sell the said property, and having paid and deducted out of the proceeds of the sale the said sum of and the fees payable under section 156, to return the surplus (if any) on demand to the person whom you shall have found in possession of the said property, and, if no demand be made, to pay the same to the Commissioners, provided that if peons are kept in charge of property so distrained you shall deduct further from the proceeds of the sale the sum of annas three per day or part of a day for each such peon. If distress cannot be made of sufficient property of the said , you are to certify the same to us in returning this warrant.

A. B.,

Chairman of Commissioners.

Date—

FORM D.

BENGAL MUNICIPAL ACT, 1932.

[See section 159(3).]

Register of distraints of property and sales held on account of arrears for the month of in

1. Name of defaulter.
2. Number on register and specification of the holding on account of which the arrear is due.
3. Amount of arrear due.
4. Amount of costs and penalty.
5. Total amount to be realized.
6. Inventory of property seized under distress.
7. Date of distress.
8. Date of sale.
9. Detail of articles sold.
10. Amount realized on each article.
11. Purchaser's name.
12. Total amount realized.
13. Amount paid into the Commissioners' office on account of the arrear due with date.
14. Amount paid into the Commissioners' office on account of costs and penalties.
15. Surplus proceeds of sale remaining after deducting the amount of arrears, costs, penalties, due.
16. How the surplus was disposed of, with date of such disposal.
17. Balance of arrear still remaining unrealized, if any.
18. On what date such remaining balance was realized or written off by authority.
19. Remarks (explaining why the property seized was released without sale if not eventually sold, etc., etc.).

FORM E.

BENGAL MUNICIPAL ACT, 1932.

(See section 156.)

Scale of Fees payable upon Distraints under this Act.

(*a*) Sums destrained for.

	Fees.	
	Rs.	a.
Under 1 rupee	0	4
1 and under 5 rupees	0	8
5 „ 10 „	1	0
10 „ 15 „	1	8
15 „ 20 „	2	0
20 „ 25 „	2	8
25 „ 30 „	3	0
30 „ 35 „	3	8
35 „ 40 „	4	0
40 „ 45 „	4	8
45 „ 50 „	5	0
50 „ 60 „	6	0
60 „ 80 „	7	8
80 „ 100 „	9	0
Above 100 „	10	0

(*b*) And, in addition, when peons are kept in charge of property distrained.

	Rs	a.
For each such peon per day or part of a day	0	3

If the amount demanded be paid or the warrant discharged before the sale is held so that no sale is necessary, three-fourths of the fees specified in the above table shall be remitted.

FORM F.

Form of Inventory and Notice.

BENGAL MUNICIPAL ACT, 1932.

[See section 157(4).]

(State particulars of goods seized.)

Take notice that I have this day seized the property specified in the above inventory for the sum of due for the rates, taxes, fees, tolls or other charges mentioned in the margin, and that unless you pay to me or into the office of the Commissioners of the said sum of and the further costs of this distraint as specified below, within ten days from the day of the date of this notice, the property will be sold.

(Signature of the officer executing the warrant of distress.)

Costs of distraint—

Date—

Signatures of witnesses—

1..................

24-Parganas.—No. 6153M.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Wednesday, the 21st March 1934, as the date for the first general election of the Commissioners of the Gobardanga and Baraset municipalities in the Presidency Division.

Rajshahi - Bogra. — No. 6155M. — 11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Wednesday, the 28th March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the following municipalities in the district noted against each, namely:—

Rajshahi—district of Rajshahi.

Bogra—district of Bogra.

Bakarganj. — No. 6157M.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Tuesday, the 20th March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the Pirojpur Municipality in the district of Bakarganj.

Tippera. — No. 6159M. — 11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Wednesday, the 21st March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the Chandpur Municipality in the district of Tippera.

Murshidabad.—No. 6161M.—13th November 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft rule will be taken into consideration on the 30th November 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Berhampore Municipality, in the district of Murshidabad, out of nineteen seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), three seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Hooghly. — No. 6164M.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Rishra-Konnagar Municipality in the district of Hooghly, out of 8 seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), two seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Hooghly. — No. 6165M.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 18 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that in the municipality of Rishra-Konnagar, in the district of Hooghly, the number of appointed Commissioners shall be increased to four in order to secure the proper representation of the jute and other industries and of labour employed therein, within the limits of the municipality, the development of which is due to an appreciable extent to and dependent on such industries.

Hooghly. — No. 6166M.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Rishra-Konnagar Municipiaity at a meeting, that the existing two wards I and II and the two wards III and IV of the Rishra-Konnagar Municipality in the district of Hooghly shall be grouped respectively into two special wards for the purpose of election to the two seats reserved for the minority community in this municipality, and that the number of Commissioners to be elected from the special wards and each existing ward of this municipality shall be as shown in columns 2 and 3 of the table below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of seats other than reserved seats shown in column 3 to which Commissioners are to be elected.	Number of seats reserved for the minority community.
1	2	
I	1 }	
II	2 }	
III	1 }	
IV	2 }	

Medical

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

24-Parganas.—No. 2713Medl.—9th November 1933.—Lt.-Col. A. Denham White, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, 24-Parganas, was allowed leave on average pay, out of India, for the period from the 6th October to the 31st October 1933, under Fundamental Rule 81 (*b*) (*i*).

This department notification No. 2379Medl., dated the 9th September 1933, is hereby cancelled.

Malda. — No. 2746Medl.—13th November 1933.—This department notification No. 533-T.Medl., dated the 20th September 1933, granting leave to Dr. Biseswar Chakraverty, Civil Surgeon, Malda, is hereby cancelled.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2730Medl.—11th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to *substitute* the following *for* rules 7(2) and 8(2) of the rules for the management, admission and training of students in the Government Medical Schools in Bengal, published under notification No. 1716Medl., dated the 30th June 1921, as subsequently amended, viz:—

7. (2) **Certificate of character.**—From the Principal or Head Master of the college or school in which the candidate last studied.

Note.—Where more than six weeks have elapsed between the date of leaving college or school and the date of application for admission, a second certificate of character is required covering the intervening period. This should be obtained from a gazetted officer or a gentleman of equal position such as an Honorary Magistrate, having an intimate knowledge of the applicant.

8. (2) **Certificate of character and residence.**—From the Principal or Head Master of the college or school in which the candidate last studied.

Note.—Where more than six weeks have elapsed between the date of leaving college or school and the date of application for admission, a second certificate of character is required covering the intervening period. This should be obtained from a gazetted officer or a gentleman of equal position such as an Honorary Magistrate, having an intimate knowledge of the applicant.

H. P. V. TOWNEND,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA, THE 11TH NOVEMBER 1933.

RESOLUTION—No. 2732Medl.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

Read—

Letter from the Government of India, Department of Education, Health and Lands, No. F. 55-5/32-H., dated the 10th April 1933, and this Government letter No. 2134 Medl., dated the 15th August 1933, *also* this Government resolution No. 272T. Medl., dated the 28th September 1923.

The Government of India have established the All-India Institute of Hygiene and Public Health in Calcutta to provide advanced up-to-date instruction in the methods of preventive medicine best suited to combat India's peculiar and varied deseases and to carry out research which will mainly take the form of investigating the best methods of applying the results of pure research to the requirements of large units of population, both rural and urban. The Institute has, amongst others, a maternal and child-welfare section and provides three courses of instruction as below:—

I. Course preparing students for the D. P. H. of the Calcutta University and the D. P. H. and Hygiene of the Faculty of Tropical Medicine, Bengal.

II. Course preparing students for the Doctorate of Science (Public Health) of the Calcutta University.

III. Special course.

2. The admission of candidates to the courses of study, their training and examinations are regulated by rules prescribed for the purpose. As an applicant who is not a medical graduate may also be admitted for training at the Institute though only under exceptional circumstances, it will not be possible for all the students trained there to qualify for the Diploma in Public Health of the Calcutta University which is open only to Bachelors of Medicine and Licentiates in Medicine and Surgery. To serve the needs of such students who are not qualified to appear in the University examination for this diploma but who have undergone a course of training at the Institute satisfactorily, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to empower "The Faculty of Tropical Medicine of Bengal" constituted under the resolution cited in the preamble and the designation of which is hereby changed to "The Faculty of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, Bengal," to grant a Diploma in Public Health and Hygiene (D. P. H. and Hy.) and also a Diploma in Maternity and Child-welfare to the students of the Institute.

2. Government also sanction the inclusion of the Director and Professors of the All-India Institute of Hygiene and Public Health, Calcutta, as *ex-officio* members of the Faculty.

3. The Assistant Director of the School of Tropical Medicine, Calcutta, will be *ex-officio* Honorary Secretary of the said Faculty.

By order of the Govt. of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Govt.),

H. P. V. TOWNEND,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Health, Bengal.

No. 13098A. — 9th November 1933.—Babu Jatindra Mohan Ray, assistant analyst, Bengal Public Health Laboratory, Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay for five days, with effect from the 7th November 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*a*) of the Fundamental Rules.

R. B. KHAMBATA, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.,

Director of Public Health, Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Darjeeling.—No. 3030Edn.— 7th November 1933.—Miss D. M. Guise is appointed temporarily to act as Games Mistress, Dow Hill Girls' School, Kurseong, with effect from the 4th March 1934, or any subsequent date on which she joins the appointment, during the absence, on leave, of Miss F. G. Smith, or until further orders.

Darjeeling.—No. 3033Edn.- 7th November 1933.—Mr. T. W. Clark, English Master, Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong, is allowed leave on half average pay, under rule 81 (*d*) of the Fundamental Rules, for the period intervening between the winter vacations of the school for 1933-34 and 1934-35 in combination with the said vacations, under rule 82 (*d*) of the said Rules.

Darjeeling.—No. 3046Edn.—7th November 1933.—Mr. J. H. Haywood is appointed temporarily to act as Physical Training Instructor and Games Master, Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong, with effect from the 7th November 1933, or any subsequent date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Mr. F. Berry, on leave, or until further orders.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Mr. K. Nazim-ud-Din, C.I.E.

Jalpaiguri-Darjeeling. — No. 3041Edn.— 7th November 1933. — Babu Baidya Nath Chaudhury, Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Jalpaiguri, is appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service as District Inspector of Schools, Darjeeling, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Umesh Chandra De, or until further orders.

Howrah.—No. 3051Edn. — 7th November 1933.—Mr. Monoranjan Sen Gupta is appointed temporarily to act as Professor of Electrical Engineering, Bengal Engineering College, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment.

Registration.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Mr. K. Nazim-ud-Din, C.I.E.

Faridpur.—No. 749Regn. — 7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Abdus Samad to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-stations of Bhusna and Madhukhali, in the district of Faridpur.

Faridpur.—No. 750Regn. — 7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Abdus Samad to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-stations of Bhusna and Madhukhali, in the district of Faridpur.

Faridpur.—No. 753Regn. - 7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Abdur Rahman to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-station of Rajoir, in the district of Faridpur.

Faridpur.—No. 754Regn.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Abdur Rahman to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-station of Rajoir, in the district of Faridpur.

Faridpur.—No. 757Regn.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Abdul Latif to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-station of Muksudpur, in the district of Faridpur.

Faridpur.—No. 758Regn.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Abdul Latif to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-station of Muksudpur, in the district of Faridpur.

Pabna. — No. 800Regn.—10th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Md. Abu Yusuf temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-station of Belkuchi, in the district of Pabna, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Md. Siddique, or until further orders.

Pabna. — No. 801Regn.—10th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Md. Abu Yusuf temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-station of Belkuchi, in the district of Pabna, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Md. Siddique, or until further orders.

Hooghly.—No. 806Regn.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi H. S. Asadulla temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar of the Shia Sect within the police-stations of Chinsura, Polba, Balagarh and Mogra, in the district of Hooghly, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Saiyid Husain Shirazi, or until further orders.

Hooghly.—No. 807Regn.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi H. S. Asadulla temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies of the Shia Sect within the police-stations of Chinsura, Polba, Balagarh and Mogra, in the district of Hooghly, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Saiyid Husain Shirazi, or until further orders.

Hooghly.—No. 812Regn.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Syed Golam Nabi temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-stations of Pandua and Dhaniakhali, in the district of Hooghly, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Chaudhuri Md. Abdul Jabbar, or until further orders.

Hooghly.—No. 813Regn.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Syed Golam Nabi temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-stations of Pandua and Dhaniakhali in the district of Hooghly, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Chaudhuri Md. Abdul Jabbar or until further orders.

H. R. WILKINSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

BENGAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

Midnapore.—No. 49-B. — 6th November 1933.—Mr. Manmatha Nath Kar, officiating District Inspector of Schools, Midnapore, in the Bengal Educational Service, is declared, in terms of Fundamental Rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*), to have been on leave on average pay for three days, with effect from 20th September 1933.

2. He was permitted to prefix to his leave the gazetted holiday on the 19th September 1933 and to suffix to it the Puja holidays, extending from 23rd September 1933 to 4th October 1933, provided the conditions prescribed in Subsidiary Rules 206 to 208 were fulfilled.

J. M. BOTTOMLEY,
Director of Public Instrn., Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

Tippera.—No. 515.—6th November, 1933.—Maulvi Makbul Ahmed, Sub-Registrar of Chaudagram, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for fourteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 498, dated the 25th October 1933.

Faridpur. — No. 516. — 6th November 1933.—Maulvi Abdul Khaleq Khan, Joint Sub-Registrar of Muksudpur at Kasiani, in the district of Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay for ten days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th October 1933.

This cancels this department notification No. 456, dated the 15th September 1933, granting the Sub-Registrar leave on average pay for one month, from the 5th October 1933.

Mymensingh.—No. 517.—6th November 1933.—Maulvi Muzammel Haq, formerly Sub-Registrar of Nagarpur, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed extraordinary leave without allowances for six months, under rule 85(*a*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 194, dated the 2nd May 1933.

Bakarganj.—No. 518.—7th November 1933.—Maulvi Hakimuddin Ahmed, Sub-Registrar under orders of transfer to Rajapur, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 310, dated the 14th July 1933.

24-Parganas-Khulna.—No. 519.—7th November 1933.—Babu Kunja Behari Chakrabatti, formerly Sub-Registrar of Naihati, in the district of the 24-Parganas, under orders of transfer to Kalaroa, in the district of Khulna, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 455, dated the 15th September 1933.

Dacca.—No. 520.—7th November 1933.—Maulvi A. A. Md. Hamid Bakht, Second Joint Sub-Registrar of Munshiganj at Tangibari, in the district of Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for seven days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 20th October 1933.

Bakarganj.—No. 521.—8th November 1933.—Maulvi Md. Azheruddin, Sub-Registrar of Kathalia in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for 15 days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 465, dated the 18th September 1933.

S. AHMED,
Inspr.-Genl. of Registration, Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 5593Com.—7th November 1933.—The following notice published by the Barrackpore Electric Supply Co., Ltd., in the "Statesman" of the 21st, 22nd and 24th October, 1933, is republished for general information in accordance with rule 13 (*4*) of the Indian Electricity Rules, 1922, framed by the Government of India under section 37 of the Indian Electricity Act, 1910 (IX of 1910).

Any objection, suggestion or representation which may be received by the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Commerce Department, up to the 21st January 1934, from any person, company or local authority in respect of the application of the Barrackpore Electric Supply Co., Ltd., will be considered by Government.

R. N. GILCHRIST,
Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The Barrackpore Electric License, 1933.

Notice is hereby given that the Barrackpore Electric Supply Company, Limited, a company incorporated under the Indian Companies Act and having their registered office at No. 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta, have applied to the Government of Bengal, for the grant to them of an amended and consolidated license under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910 (as amended), to supersede the two licenses granted to them, namely—

(*1*) The Barrackpore (Cantonment) Electric License, 1905,

(*2*) The Barrackpore Subdivision Electric License, 1907, as amended in 1931,

together with an extension of area to the east of the Eastern Bengal Railway Main Line, for the supply of electrical energy to the public within an area of supply subject to the administration partly by—

(*1*) The Barrackpore Cantonment Board,

(*2*) The North Barrackpore Municipality,

(*3*) The Barrackpore Municipality, and

(*4*) The General Officer Commanding, Presidency and Assam District,

in Bengal for the purposes and upon and subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the draft license of which the following is a copy:—

The Barrackpore Electric License, 1933.

License for the supply of electrical energy granted by the Government of Bengal under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910.

License is hereby granted to the Barrackpore Electric Supply Company, Limited, a company incorporated under the Indian Companies Act, having their registered office at No. 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta, to supply electrical energy in the area, with the powers and upon the terms and conditions specified below.

Short title.

1. This license may be cited as "The Barrackpore Electric License, 1933."

Interpretations.

2. The several words, terms and expressions to which by the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, or any statutory modifications thereof or by the rules thereunder, meanings are assigned, shall have in this license the same respective meanings, provided that in this license:—

(*a*) "The Act" shall mean the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, and any statutory modifications thereof.

(*b*) The expression "The licensees" shall mean and include the said "The Barrackpore Electric Supply Company, Limited," and their permitted assigns.

(*c*) The expression "Deposited Map" shall mean the plan of the area of supply hereinafter specified which has been deposited with Government in pursuance of the rules under the Act, which plan is signed for the purpose of identification by the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Commerce Department and by Messrs. Kilburn & Co., Managing Agents of the licensees.

(*d*) The term "Unit" shall mean the quantity of energy equivalent to a current of one thousand amperes flowing under an electromotive force of one volt during one hour.

(*e*) Where streets are stated as the boundary of any area in this license the premises, properties or structures abutting upon either side of such streets are deemed to be within the area referred to, where any boundary is stated to be a railway the area shall be deemed to include such part of the said railway as lies along the boundary referred to.

Security.

3. The Local Government are satisfied that the licensees are in a position fully and efficiently to discharge the duties and obligations imposed upon them by this license throughout the area of supply. The licensees shall not, therefore be required to deposit any security under clause 1 (*b*) of the Schedule to the said Act.

Area of supply.

4. The area above referred to and within which the supply of energy is authorised by this license (the area of supply under the Act) is the whole of the area as mentioned below and bounded as follows:—

On the North—from a place called Karbella (on the bank of the river) and an unnamed road passing between the filter beds of the Palta Water Works; the Race Course Road, Topkhana Road, a portion of Jaffarpore Road and by a line running in parallel at a distance of 400 yards to the north of Baraset Road.

On the East—by a line running in parallel at a distance of 1,700 yards to the east of Eastern Bengal Railway Main Line.

On the South—by the river Hooghly, by the southern boundary of the Barrackpore Park, a portion of the Grand Trunk Road, Talpukur East Road up to the railway line, Eastern Bengal Railway Main Line from the level crossing gate No. 12 to No. 10, Gobinda Chatterjee Road and a straight line from the junction of Gobinda Chatterjee Road and Old Calcutta Road up to the eastern boundary of the area.

On the West—by the river Hooghly.

The boundaries whereof are more particularly delineated on the deposited map by a heavy red line.

Situation of Generating Station.

5. The licensees' existing generating station is situated within the area covered by the license and future sub-stations will also be within such area.

Compulsory works.

6. The compulsory works necessary under clause IV of the Schedule to the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, in respect of this license have already been completed.

Supply of energy.

7. (*1*) The licensees shall abide by the following conditions:—

(*a*) The licensees "conditions of supply" shall be approved by the Local Government.

(*b*) The amount of all miscellaneous charges, incidental to or in connection with the supply to consumers and which the licensees propose to make against consumers or prospective consumers, shall be so approved.

(2) The licensees shall not supply energy to any consumers or undertake work incidental to any such supply for a prospective consumer until—

(a) such prospective consumer shall have tendered to the licensees a requisition duly signed in the form for the time being approved by the Local Government, and

(b) such prospective consumer and the licensees shall have executed an agreement in a form approved by the Local Government.

Accounts.

8. (a) Separate and distinct accounts shall be kept by the licensees showing in full detail, as required by the Indian Electricity Act and rules thereunder, the working of the electrical undertaking for which this license is granted.

(b) The licensees shall not, without the previous sanction of the Local Government in writing, engage in any business other than that specially authorised by this license or essentially necessary to permit the licensees to carry out the obligations imposed by this license, the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, and the Indian Electricity Rules.

Nature of supply.

9. The nature of supply shall be a medium pressure, continuous current, three-wire supply, at a pressure at consumers' terminals at 440 volts between outers and 220 volts between each outer and neutral. The pressure stated above shall be uniform, within the limits prescribed by the Indian Electricity Rules, 1922, throughout the area of supply.

Provided always that the licensees may, from time to time, with the previous consent in writing of the Government of Bengal and subject to such limitations and conditions as shall be prescribed in writing by the Government of Bengal, adopt any other system of supply for the purpose of this License.

Method of construction.

10. The feeders, distributing mains and service connections may be overhead or underground in whole or in part and shall be erected, constructed and maintained by the licensees in strict conformity with the Act, the rules thereunder and the following provisions:—

(a) The licensees shall not use overhead mains at any higher pressure than medium pressure without the sanction in writing of the Government of Bengal in each case and subject to such conditions or limitations as the Government of Bengal may impose.

(b) No conductor of an aerial line shall be at a less distance than four feet horizontally or eight feet vertically from any building or structure whether permanent or temporary.

(c) In narrow lanes where it is not possible to maintain an horizontal clearance of four feet between the aerial lines and buildings or structures, underground cables shall be used, or alternatively a special method of construction of aerial lines to be approved of in writing under section 18 (1) of the Act.

The limits of rates to be charged in respect of the supply of energy.

11. The rates to be charged by the licensees for energy supplied by them shall not exceed the following maxima:—

(a) For domestic purposes.

I. **Lighting.**—Annas eight per unit metered, subject to a minimum charge of Rupees four and annas eight per month per kilowatt of the rated wattage of lamps installed, with a minimum charge for one kilowatt.

II. **Fans.**—Annas seven per unit metered, subject to a minimum charge of Rupees three and annas eight per month per kilowatt of the rated input of the fans installed, with a minimum charge for one kilowatt.

III. **Flat rate for lights and fans combined.**—Annas seven and pies six per unit metered, subject to a minimum charge of Rupees four per month per kilowatt of the rated wattage of lamps and input of fans installed, with a minimum charge for one kilowatt.

IV. **Small motors.**—(i) For each installation having motors the aggregate power of which does not exceed one kilowatt annas seven per unit metered, subject to a minimum charge of Rupees three per month per kilowatt of all the motors installed, with a minimum charge for one kilowatt.

(ii) For each installation having motors the aggregate power of which exceeds one but does not exceed three kilowatt—annas six per unit metered, subject to a minimum charge of Rupees three per month per kilowatt of all the motors installed.

V. **For heating, cooking, refrigerating and for all domestic purposes other than those specified in sub-clause (a) I to IV.**—Annas three per unit metered, subject to a minimum charge of Rupees three per month per kilowatt of the rated capacity of the appliances installed, with a minimum charge for one kilowatt.

(b) For industrial purposes.

I. For each installation having motors the aggregate rated brake horse power of which does not exceed four—Annas four per unit metered, subject to a minimum charge of Rupees five per month per brake horse power of all the motors installed, with a minimum charge for one brake horse power.

II. For each installation having motors the aggregate rated brake horse power of which exceeds four, either:—

(*i*) Rupees eight per kilowatt of maximum demand during the month *plus* annas two and pies six per unit metered, subject to a minimum charge of Rupees six per month per kilowatt of the power reserved under the agreements.

(*ii*) Rupees five per month per rated brake horse power of all the motors installed *plus* annas two and pies six per unit metered, subpect to a minimum charge of Rupees four per month per brake horse power of the motors installed.

Note.—When the minimum charge specified in clause 11, sub-clauses (*a*) I, (*a*) II, (*a*) III, (*a*) IV (*i*), (*a*) IV (*ii*), (*a*) V, (*b*) I, (*b*) II (*i*) and (*b*) II (*ii*) above is levied then no other charge for energy consumed shall be made.

Purchase of undertaking.

12. (*a*) The option of purchase given by section 7, sub-section (*1*) of the Act, shall be first exercisable on the expiration of fifty years from the date of notification of the grant of this license and thereafter on the expiration of every subsequent period of twenty years and the term of such purchase shall be determined, in case of difference or dispute, by arbitration as provided by section 7, sub-section (*1*) of the Act. The percentage of the value to be determined in accordance with and for the purpose of section 7 (*1*) of the Act, of lands, buildings, works, materials and plants of the licensees therein mentioned to be added under the second proviso of that sub-section to such value on account of compulsory purchase, shall be twenty per cent.

(*b*) In accordance with section 3, sub-section (*2*), clause (*d*) (*ii*) of the Act, it is hereby declared that the transformer stations, if any, to be used in connection with the undertaking shall form part of the undertaking for the purpose of purchase under section 5, or section 7 of the Act.

(*c*) During the period of notice prescribed in section 7 (*4*) of the Act all extensions and outlays of money debitable to the capital account of the licensees shall be subject to the previous approval of the Government.

Transfer of license.

13. Within five years from the date of grant of this license, the licensees shall not seek to transfer, assign, charge or otherwise deal with or dispose of this license with a view to obtaining monetary or any other consideration in excess of that expended by them in obtaining license together with any other preliminary expenses incurred thereby. Full particulars, setting out in detail the amounts expended and also those expected to be obtained shall be submitted to Government by the licensees when any application is made for the disposal of this license.

Variations from the Schedule to the Act.

14. In pursuance of clause (*f*) of sub-section (*2*) of section 3 of the Act it is hereby expressly declared that—

(*a*) The following sub-clause shall be substituted for clause VI, sub-clause (*5*), namely:—

"Every requisition under this clause shall be in a form approved by the Local Government and copies of the form shall be kept in the office of the licensees and supplied free of charge to any applicant."

(*b*) The following sub-clause shall be substituted for clause X, sub-clause (*2*), namely:—

"Before commencing to supply energy through any new distributing main the licensees shall give notice, by public advertisement in such manner as shall be previously approved by the Local Government of the method by which they propose to charge for energy so supplied and the rates at which such energy will be supplied, and, where the licensees have given such notice, they shall not be entitled to change the method of charging or the rates at which energy will be supplied without giving notice thereof by public advertisement in the manner aforesaid and giving not less than one month's notice in writing of such change to the Local Government, and to the local authority, if any, concerned, and to every consumer of energy who is supplied by them from such distributing main."

(*c*) The following clause shall be substituted for the first paragraph of clause XI, namely:—

"Save as provided by clause IX, sub-clause (*3*), the prices to be charged by the licensees for energy supplied shall be those approved from time to time by the Local Government.

Securing continuity of supply.

15. It shall be the duty of the licensees (which expression shall for the purpose of this clause and clause 16 immediately following be taken to mean and include the licensees, their employees, servants and agents and their permitted assignees), to give to the nearest Magistrate immediate and full information of any circumstances in which interruption of the supply may be apprehended as a result of civil commotion or disturbance of the public peace or any strike or lock-out of the nature specified in section 15 of the Trade Disputes Act, 1929.

Revocation.

16. If the licensees shall in the opinion of Government have failed to give such immediate and full information as is required in clause 15 hereof or if at any time any interruption of the supply shall occur which in the opinion of Government is attributable to any wilful or preventable default or neglect on the part of the licensees or if the licensees shall in the opinion of Government fail to comply with any of the provisions of any of the clauses of this license or if the general direction and control of the licensees shall cease to be in the hands of British subjects, the license may be revoked.

Copy of the deposited map referred to and the draft license may be inspected at the office of:—

(*1*) Messrs. Kilburn & Co., Managing Agents, The Barrackpore Electric Supply Company, Limited, 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta.

(*2*) The Barrackpore Cantonment Board, Barrackpore.

(*3*) The North Barrackpore Municipality, Barrackpore.

(*4*) The Barrackpore Municipality, Barrackpore, and

(*5*) The General Officer Commanding, Presidency and Assam District, Barrackpore.

Copy of the draft license may be obtained at a cost of Re. 1 per copy from:—

Messrs. Kilburn & Co., 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta.

Every local authority, company, or person desirous of making any representation to the Government of Bengal with reference to the application for the license, may do so by letter addressed to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Commerce Department, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta, within three months of the date of the issue of the newspaper in which this advertisement is first published, namely, the 21st October 1933

For and on behalf of The Barrackpore Electric Supply Company, Limited,
KILBURN & Co., *Managing Agents.*

No. 5610Com.—8th November 1933.—Mr. R. Grant, Chief Inspector and Secretary, Smoke Nuisances Commission, Bengal, has been granted by the High Commissioner for India, an extension of leave on half average pay for five days, with effect from the 6th December 1933.

R. N. GILCHRIST,
Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Establishment.

NOTIFICATION

No. 58.—7th November 1933.—Babu Srish Chandra Bhattacharjee, Assistant Engineer, Rajshahi Division, is granted, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for one month and six days, from the 10th October 1933 to the 15th November 1933 (both days inclusive).

W. J. KERR, *Chief Engineer.*

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

Agriculture.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Nawab K. G. M. Faroqui, Khan Bahadur.

Dacca.—No. 5665Agri.—8th November 1933.—Babu Binode Lal Mukherjee, District Agricultural Officer, is appointed to act as Head Master, Secondary Agricultural School, Dacca, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Rajnath Roy, or until further orders.

This cancels notification No. 527T.A.I., dated the 12th October 1933.

Veterinary.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Nawab K. G. M. Faroqui, Khan Bahadur.

Calcutta.—No. 5669Vety.—8th November 1933.—The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Agriculture) are pleased to make the following amendment to rule 23 of the rules for the admission of students to, and regulation of their studies in, the Bengal Veterinary College:—

For "graduate of the Bengal Veterinary College" *substitute* "graduate in Veterinary Science" in lines 1 and 2 of the rule.

CORRIGENDUM.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Nawab K. G. M. Faroqui, Khan Bahadur.

24-Parganas.—No. 5578Vety.—2nd November 1933.—In notification No. 479T.A.I., dated the 22nd September 1933, published at page 1416, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th October 1933, *for* "Mr. K. K. Das, 10, Atapara Lane, Dum Dum" *read* "Mr. K. K. Das, B.A. (Cal.), F.R.H.S. (Lond.), Zamindar, 16, Attapara Lane, Dum Dum".

Excise.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

Dinajpur.—No. 5652Ex. — 7th November 1933.—Maulvi Wasiq Ahmad, Inspector of Excise and Salt, in charge, Dinajpur, is allowed leave on average pay from 17th October to 22nd December 1933 (both days inclusive), under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave already granted to him under orders of 21st September 1933.

Calcutta-Dinajpur. — No. 5653Ex. -- 7th November 1933.—Babu Dinesh Chandra Sen Gupta, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Calcutta, is transferred to Dinajpur and placed in charge of the district during the absence, on leave of Maulvi Wasiq Ahmad, or until further orders.

L. R. FAWCUS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 11283.—9th November 1933.—In modification of this office notifications No. 155-L., dated the 11th May 1932, and No. 146-L., dated the 30th April 1932, so far as they relate to the appointment of Babu Debendra Nath Chakravarty, M.A., B.L., Pleader, Balurghat, as liquidator of the Kaigram Uttarpara Co-operative Bank and Nadair Joutha Bank, respectively, in the district of Dinajpur, I appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Balurghat, as liquidator of the said societies.

No. 65-L.—9th November 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Sonatala Central Co-operative Sale and Supply Society, Limited (registered No. 306 of 1926), in the subdivision Sadar in the district of Bogra, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Bogra, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 66-L.—9th November 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Chandpur Co-operative Bank (registered No. 6/Noa. of 1930), in the subdivision Feni in the district of Noakhali, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the departmental officer in charge of Co-operative Societies, Feni Circle, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 67-L.—9th November 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Sholashahar Joutha Dugdha Sarbaraha Samity (registered No. 11/Chi. of 1931), in the subdivision Sadar in the district of Chittagong, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the departmental officer in charge of Co-operative Societies, Chittagong, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 68-L.—9th November 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Daulatpur Paschimpara Joutha Bank (registered No. 69C of 1922), in the subdivision Sadar in the district of Tippera, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the departmental officer in charge of Co-operative Societies, Comilla (North Circle), to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 11401.—13th November 1933.—It is hereby notified that the next Departmental Examination of Inspectors and Auditors of Co-operative Societies will be held in the Writers' Buildings, Calcutta, on the 18th and 19th December 1933, in the following order:—

Date 1933	Subject	Time
18th December ..	Part I	10-30 a.m. to 1-30 p.m
18th ..	Part II	2 p.m. to 5 p.m.
19th ..	Part III	10 30 a.m. to 1-30 p.m

2. There will be an additional examination on "Banking" on the 19th December 1933 between 2 p.m. and 5 p.m. for examinees other than Departmental Officers.

A. M. ARSHADALI,
Regr., Co-operative Societies, Bengal (offg.).

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Land Revenue.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Darjeeling. — No. 763T.R. — 20th October 1933.—The following proposed plan for lighting a portion of the Darjeeling Municipality in the district of Darjeeling, which together with a map showing the lighting area, has been submitted by the Commissioners of that Municipality to the Government of Bengal for sanction under section 308, read with section 319 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), in supersession of the plan sanctioned in Government notification No. 5866 M., dated the 31st December 1897, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The map may be inspected at the office of the Municipal Commissioners.

2. The proposed plan will be taken into consideration on the 15th December 1933 and any objection or suggestion which may be received by the undersigned through the Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling before that date will be duly considered.

Plan.

Light will be supplied from one thousand and six electric lamps as shown in the accompanying statement. Current will be provided from the municipal power station at Sidrapong as heretofore. The lighting rate will be levied at 3 per cent. on the annual value of holdings as at present—

(1) Statement showing the number of lights in each road and lane to be lighted within the Darjeeling Municipality.

Name of roads.	No. of lamps. Watts.		
	60	75	200
Bryngwyn Road ..	6	..	1
Mackenzie Road ..	..	..	9
Waddell Road	..	..	5
Banstead Road	7	..	..
Salt Hill Road	7	..	..
Harmon Road	5	..	..
Theatre Road	2	..	..
Tonga Road	9	..	..
Mahatab Chand Road ..	5	..	..
Mackintosh Road ..	22	..	..
Elysee Road	5	..	..
Prestage Road	10	..	..
Kutchery Road	6	..	..
Jail Road	23	..	1
Dharamsala Road ..	3	..	..
Chowk Bazar	11	..	..
Jhamtri Busti	3	..	..
Daroga Bazar Road ..	4	..	..
Old Kutchery Lane ..	2	..	..
Dispensary Road ..	3	..	..
Ballen Ville Road ..	3	..	..
Mount Pleasant Road ..	8	..	..
Lloyd Road	3	..	..
Musjid Road	2	..	..
Convent Road	15	..	..
Hooker Road	9	..	..
Rivers Hill Road ..	3	..	..
Snowy View Road ..	2	..	..
Rungeet Road (partly) ..	35	..	..
Apple Tree Road ..	13	..	..
Chebu Lama Road ..	4		
Bhutia Busti Lane ..	4		
Commercial Row ..	..	..	13
Robertson Road	..	..	12
Meadow Bank	..	5	..
Mohanlal Busti	3	..	..
Singtom Cemetery Road ..	2	..	..
Sintom Road (partly) ..	6	..	..
Tukvar Road (partly) ..	13	..	..
Morgan Road	7	..	..
Goode Road	8	..	..
Ferndale Road	26	..	..
Conservancy Road ..	32	..	..
Forrest Road	23	..	..
Senchal Road up to Keventer's Dairy Farm ..	..	5	..
Rajhatta Ghoom ..	..	2	..
Bhanjan Road up to Kharga Villa	..	26	..
Dharamsala Road ..	..	2	..
Auckland Road up to the gate of Retreat	67	..	7
Auckland Road from Pines Hotel to Ghoom Post Office	..	8	..
Jalapahar Road up to the gate of Mount Vernon Villa ..	97	..	1
West Birch Hill Road up to St. Joseph College ..	43	..	.
East Birch Hill Road up to Holmden	14	..	..
Cart Road from the gate of St. Joseph's College to the gate of Jalpaiguri house ..	111	..	17
Cart Road from Ghoom Post Office to Veterinary Hospital	..	23	..
Victoria Fall Road from the junction of the Ferndale Road to the junction of Marion Road	8	..	..
Victoria Road from Tonglu View to Bertram Villa ..	10	..	..
East Mall Road	22	..	..
West Mall Road ..	2	..	7
Auckland Zig Zag Road ..	6	..	..
Ashley Road	3	..	..
Babuganj Road	8	..	..
Chowrasta pavilion* ..	1	..	..
Eden Falls Road ..	6	..	..
Hermitage Road ..	8	..	..
Holmden Road	7	..	..
Karma Road	3	..	..
Marion Road	10	..	..
Pound Road	2	..	..
West Point	8	..	..
Toongsoong Busti ..	11	..	..
Toongsoong Zig Zag Road ..	6	..	..
Sudhir Kumari Road ..	9	..	..
Fish and Vegetable Market ..	15	..	..
Meat Market	9	..	..
West Lebong Road ..	17	..	..
Burdwan Road	1	..	..
Grand Total ..	858	71	76
	1,005+1*=1,006		

* One 500 Watt lamp.

(2) Statement showing the number of lights proposed in the Public latrines within the Darjeeling Municipality.

No. of latrine.		No. of lights. Watts. 60	75
B1	Near "Glen" ..	1	..
B2	Near "Altamont Villa II"	1	..
B4	Near Railway Station ..	2	..
B5	In Butcher Busti ..	1	..
B6	On Rockville Road ..	2	..
B7	On Lloyd Road	2	..
B8	Between "H" and "K" Buildings	3	..
B9	Near "H" Buildings ..	4	..
B10	Near Rope Way ..	1	..
B11	Near Jiten Jhora ..	1	..
B12	On Forest Road ..	1	..
B13	On Mount Pleasant Road near Thorn Cottage ..	2	..
B15	Commercial Row ..	1	..
B16	Mount Pleasant Road ..	1	..
B17	Near "C" Building ..	3	..
B18	Near Old Municipal Office	1	..
B19	Pound Road ..	2	..
B20	Jail Road	1	..
B21	Beechwood Road ..	1	..
B22	Prestage Road ..	1	..
K1	Below St. Paul School ..	1	..
K2	Collinton Road ..	1	..
K3	Wernechie Road ..	1	..
K4	Marion Road ..	1	..
K5	Tonga Road	1	..
K6	Kagjhora (North) ..	1	..
K7	Mackintosh Road ..	1	..
N1	Karma Road ..	1	..
N2	Rungeet Road ..	1	..
N3	Chebu Lama Road ..	1	..
S1	Rungeet Road near slaughter house	1	..
S2	Rungeet Road near school	1	..
S3	Rungeet Road near septic tank	1	..
W1	Near Gymkhana Club ..	2	..
W2	Near Caroline Villa ..	2	..
W3	Kutchery Road ..	2	..
W4	Convent Road ..	1	..
W5	Hooker Road ..	1	..
W6	Kutchery compound ..	3	..
W7	Near Happy Valley Transformer House ..	2	.
W8	Near Meat Market ..	3	..
Chowrasta Urinal		3	..
Singamari near St. Joseph's College		1	..
Singamari near Municipal Transformer house ..		1	..
Jorebungalow near Jangbir Sardar's house ..		..	1
Jorebungalow near Messrs. Siridharilall Badri Narayan's shop		..	2
Jorebungalow near Veterinary Hospital		..	1
Singtom Road latrine ..		1	..
Grand Total		67	4

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24-Parganas-Khulna. — No. 12282L.R.—7th November 1933.—Under the provisions of section 3 (*14*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the undermentioned kanungos are authorised to discharge, in the districts of 24-Parganas and Khulna, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights:—

Babu Shyama Kanta Gangali.
Babu Mohini Mohan Chaudhuri.
Maulvi Syed Fazlar Rahaman.
Babu Anukul Chandra Das.

Jalpaiguri.—No. 12306L.R.—8th November 1933.—The Governor in Council is pleased to cancel so much of notification No. 7935L.R., dated the 5th September 1921, published at pages 1524-27, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 14th idem, in respect of reservation of 20 blocks of land in pargana South Mainaguri of Mainaguri tahsil in the district of Jalpaiguri, as relates to an area of 123·50 acres comprised in block No. LIX in taluk Jhar Bargila.

Midnapore-Rangpur.—No. 12493L.R.—10th November 1933.—Babu Sailesh Chandra Chatarji, Sub-Deputy Collector, Midnapore, is, in the interest of public service, appointed to be an Assistant Settlement Officer in the district of Rangpur, with effect from the date on which he joins his settlement duties in that district.

Rangpur.—No. 12494L.R.—10th November 1933.—Under the provisions of section 3 (*14*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Sailesh Chandra Chatarji, Sub-Deputy Collector, is authorised to discharge, in the district of Rangpur, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights.

He is also vested with the powers of an Assistant Settlement Officer, under Chapter VII, Part I, of the rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act, in respect of the aforesaid area.

Midnapore.—No. 13023L.R.—11th November 1933.—Maulvi Abdul Karim (II), Sub-Deputy Collector and Assistant Settlement Officer, Midnapore, was allowed leave, on average pay for three weeks only, with effect from the 15th October 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

Bankura.—No. 13027L.R.—13th November 1933.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 1 of the Bengal Rent Recovery (Under tenures) Act, 1865 (Act VIII of 1865), Babu Sachindra Nath Chatarji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector Bankura, is authorised to exercise the full powers of a Collector under the said Act for the purpose of holding the Patni sales in that district on the 17th November 1933.

Khulna.—No. 13146L.R.—13th November 1933.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 1 of the Bengal Rent Recovery (Under-tenures) Act, 1865 (Bengal Act VIII of 1865), Babu Anadi Ranjan Bose, Deputy Collector, Khulna, is authorised to exercise the full powers of a Collector under the said Act for the purpose of holding the Patni sales in that district on the 17th November 1933.

24-Parganas. — No. 13031L.R. — 13th November 1933.- Under section 3 of the Bengal Survey Act (V of 1875), the Governor in Council is pleased to order that a survey shall be made of all lands which are comprised in the Government and temporarily-settled private estates mentioned below, of the 24-Parganas Collectorate, and that the boundaries of the estates, tenures, mauzas and fields be demarcated on the lands so to be surveyed:—

List of Government estates in the district of 24-Parganas.

Serial No.	Name of estate	Number of estate.
1	Port Canning	2692/2834
2	Sankdah ...	1467
3	Noonpahara mauza ...	3186
4	Kamarpole	111/2835
5	Saugor Islands, 3rd portion ...	2968
6	Saugor Islands, 1st and 2nd portion ..	2928
7	Monsadwip, 2nd portion ...	3024
8	Lot No 163, 2nd portion ...	2838
9	Lot No. 163, 3rd portion ...	2839
10	Lot No 163, 4th portion ..	2840
11	Lot No. 16, 4th portion ..	2841
12	Lot No. 15, 1st portion ..	2842
13	Lot No 138, East portion ...	2844
14	Lot No. 135, 3rd portion ...	2845
15	Lot No. 139, 1st portion ...	2846
16	Lot No. 16, 1st portion ...	2653
17	Sonakania ...	3076
18	Ramkerar Char, East portion ..	2931
19	Dosra Bhagwanpur	1531/2835
20	Lot No. 111, 7th portion ..	2847
21	Lot No. 111, 6th portion ...	2848
22	Lot No. 111, 11th portion ...	2849
23	Lot No. 122, West Gabtola ...	2850
24	Lot No. 122, East Gabtala ...	2851
25	Lot No. 111, 9th portion ...	2852
26	Lot No. 128, 1st portion, South portion ...	2853
27	Lot No. 111, 10th portion ...	2854
28	Block D, 1st portion ...	2855
29	Lot No. 114, 3rd portion ..	2856
30	Lot No. 114, 7th portion ..	2857
31	Lot No. 15, 2nd portion ..	2858
32	Lot No. 15, 3rd portion ..	2859
33	Southern part of lot No. 15, 4th portion	2860
34	Lot No. 111, 1st portion	2861
35	Lot No. 128, 2nd portion of the reserved portion .	2862
36	Lot No. 114, 5th portion ..	2863
37	Lot No. 114, 2nd portion	2864
38	Lot No. 114, 8th portion .	2865
39	Lot No. 114, 9th portion ...	2866
40	Lot No. 110, 3rd or South portion ..	2867
41	Lot No. 114, 4th portion .	2868
42	Lot No. 114, 6th portion ..	2869
43	Lot D, 2nd portion .	2870
44	North portion of Lot No. 15, 4th portion ...	3031
45	Lot No. 16, 3rd portion ...	2843
46	Char Panitar	3010/3028
47	Lot No. 139, 2nd portion ...	2872
48	Lot No. 163, 5th portion ...	2871
49	Lot No. 132, "A" portion ...	2877
50	Chak Foodubi (Sagore Island) ...	2929
51	Lot No. 112, 1st portion, Block A ...	2873
52	Lot No. 113, 3rd portion ..	2874
53	Lot No. 115, 6th portion ...	2875
54	Lot No. 112, 3rd portion ..	2876
55	Lot No. 115, 3rd portion .	2878
56	Lot No. 112, 2nd portion ...	2879
57	Lot No. 112, 4th portion ...	2880
58	Plot D, 5th portion ...	2881
59	Lot No. 113, 2nd portion ..	2882
60	Lot No. 115, 4th portion ..	2883
61	Lot No. 115, 2nd portion .	2884
62	Lot No. 113, 1st portion .	2885
63	Lot No. 115, 5th portion	2886
64	Plot D, 3rd portion ..	2887
65	Plot D, 4th portion ..	2888
66	Ramkarrer Char, West portion ..	2930
67	Traver land, 2nd portion	2932
68	Lot No. 112, 1st portion, Block B	3033
69	Lot No 112, 1st portion, Block D .	3034
70	Lot No. 112, 1st portion, Block F ...	3035
71	Lot No. 112, 1st portion, Block C ...	3036
72	Lot No. 112, 1st portion, Block E ...	3037
73	Lot No. 112, 1st portion, Block G ..	3038
74	Baranagar	1068/2834
75	Bilbulli (Kushkhali)	3140
76	Matbari Abad	3196
77	Plot H, 1st portion .	2889
78	Plot H, 3rd portion ..	2890
79	Plot E, 2nd portion .	2891
80	Plot E, 3rd portion ...	2892
81	Plot 1, 3rd portion ...	2894
82	Plot 1, 9th portion ...	2895
83	Lot No. 111, 8th portion ...	2896
84	Plot J, 2nd portion ...	2897
85	Plot 1, 1st portion ..	2898
86	Plot No. 1, 2nd portion ..	2899
87	Plot 1, 5th portion ..	2900
88	Plot E, 5th portion	2901
89	Plot E, 7th portion	2902
90	Plot J, 3rd portion ..	2903
91	Plot J, 4th portion .	2904
92	Lot No. 122, 6th portion	2905
93	Lot No. 122, 2nd portion .	2906
94	Lot No. 116, 4th portion	2907
95	Lot F, 1st portion	2908
96	Lot No. 116, 6th portion .	2909
97	Lot No. 122, 5th portion ...	2910
98	Plot J, 1st portion ...	2911
99	Plot 1, 4th portion ...	2912
100	Plot 1, 6th portion ...	2913
101	Plot 1, 8th portion ..	2914
102	Plot D, reserve portion ..	2915
103	Plot H, 2nd portion ...	2916
104	Plot 1, 7th portion ...	2917
105	Lot No. 122, 3rd portion ..	2918
106	Lot No. 122, 4th portion ..	2919
107	Lot No. 116, 5th portion .	2920
108	Lot No. 116, 3rd portion ...	2921
109	Lot No. 122, 1st portion ...	2922
110	Lot No. 127 ...	2923
111	Lot No. 128, South portion ...	2924
112	Plot E, 1st portion ...	2925
113	Plot E, 4th portion ...	2926

Serial No.	Name of estate.	Number of estate.
114	Plot F, 2nd portion ...	2927
115	Shikerpur, 2nd portion ...	2933
116	Plot H, 4th portion .	2938
117	Lot No. 11, reserve portion ..	2940
118	Lot No. 113, reserve portion ..	2941
119	Shikerpur, 3rd portion .	2967
120	Plot E, Northern portion of 6th portion .	3030

List of temporarily-settled private estates in the district of 24-Parganas.

Serial No.	Name of estate	Number of estate
1	Lot No. 73, Abad Champur .	1488
2	Iswaripur	1333
3	Lot No. 98, Abad Champur	1401
4	Lot No. 82	1825

Khulna.—No. 13032L.R.—13th November 1933.—Under section 3 of the Bengal Survey Act, 1875 (V of 1875), the Governor in Council is pleased to order that a survey shall be made of all lands which are comprised in the Government and temporarily-settled private estates mentioned below of the Khulna Collectorate and that the boundaries of the estates, tenures, mauzas and fields be demarcated on the lands so to be surveyed:—

List of Government estates in the district of Khulna.

Serial No.	Name of estate	Number of estate.
	Mahal Island, Char Kobatakshi ..	1061
	Sundarbans Abadkari, mahal Sutarkhali, 1st part, Lot No. 224-Kailashganj	1016
	Lot No. 225, 5th portion .	1017
	Lot No. 225, 6th portion .	1018
	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Banisanta, Lot No. 225, 7th portion	1019
	Boyer Singha .	877
	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Kalmitunia .	792
8	Katamari	798
9	Fakirer Takai *alias* Baruikhali ...	873
10	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Uttar Baghairdiar ...	785
11	Mydia Izara Gurna chak ...	834
12	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Taitala Alokdia .	853
13	Khas mahal Gumantali .	828
14	Fulhata .	874
15	Kharnikhali .	816
16	Gazalia	824
17	Mahish Chari .	905
18	Sutalari Chak	936
19	Alladpur .	779
20	Khanka ..	232
21	Tetulia Labsa and others ..	391
22	Lakshminathpur and others	164
23	Ghona ...	353
24	Khetrapara ...	540
25	Khas mahal Kalidaspur . .	808
26	Mahal Chak Surnal ..	935
27	Sundarbans Khas Abadi, mahal Chandikhali ...	971
28	Khas mahal Mamudabad ...	984
29	Khas mahal Chakla Telekhali ...	855
30	Khas mahal Char Magura ...	835
31	Alokdia Chak ...	781
32	Alomtala ...	782
33	Kurulia ...	786
34	Orabunia ...	787
35	Kumibunia ...	809
36	Khepna ...	821
37	Guachoba ...	831
38	Gewabunia ...	832
39	Charkiberki ...	838
40	Matan ...	842
41	Chandimukhi ...	843
42	Seora Changakhali ...	844
43	Dheramari Abad ...	859
44	Chak Nayantala ...	861
45	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Parmadartala ...	969
46	Durgatala ...	857
47	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Basudebpur and others ...	881
48	Bajeapti, mahal Biaralakhi (Purba) ...	891
49	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Sonarpur ...	939
50	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Katalia ...	799
51	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Kaipakuria ...	811
52	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Chak Monakati ...	812
53	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Khagrabunia ...	815
54	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Gazinagar ...	825
55	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Madartala ...	847
56	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Parmagurkhali ...	870
57	Khas Mahal Dakshin Bhagherdiar ...	887
58	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Chak Magur Khali ...	907
59	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Langalmara ...	974
60	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Chak Batanga ...	784
61	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Khasimara ...	797
62	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Jabakhali ...	829
63	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Godaria ...	830
64	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Jamira ...	863
65	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Pana ...	871
66	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Patimari ...	872
67	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Biasarabad ...	884
68	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Basakkhali ...	885
69	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Bahirbunia ...	886
70	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Badiarkona ...	889
71	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Bishnupur ...	893
72	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Beparbhita ...	894
73	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Boalmari Chak ...	895

Serial No.	Name of estate	Number of estate.
74	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Bharbharia Chak ...	896
75	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Lakshikhola ...	915
76	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Laskai ...	916
77	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Samukpota ...	932
78	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Siberbati .	933
79	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Sing Jore ...	942
80	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Kulsrikantapur ..	943
81	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Haria ...	949
82	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Hetalburia ...	950
83	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Helakhardanga ...	951
84	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Choradanga ...	953
85	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Dighalia ...	956
86	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Dhuligarti ...	852
87	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Nagirdia Chak ..	865
88	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Haraganti .	945
89	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Khondokererber ...	822
90	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Sutarkhali, 1st part, Lot No. 224, Srinagar Kalinagar ..	800
91	Khas mahal Lot No. 223, Purbabajua ...	888
92	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Shaheber Abad ...	931
93	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Poschim Biralakshi ...	892
94	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Gobindapore ...	954
95	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Nasimabad ..	860
96	Labsa (Chotta) ...	696
97	Sahapara ...	1224
98	Kharia Dhamsquakhali ..	813
99	Char Jamuna ...	836

List of temporarily-settled private estates in the district of Khulna.

Serial No.	Name of estate	Number of estate.
1	Surplus accretion to Mochandapur ...	1249
2	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Kanchiparamia ...	796
3	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Chakgodardanga Lot No. 220, Katamara ...	823
4	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Chak Munkia ...	910
5	Maliki Mahal Charpania ...	1027
6	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Chandipur ...	1037
7	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Islampur ...	1039
8	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Char Mamudpur ...	1040
9	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Char Chongrakhali ...	1043
10	Maliki mahal Char Sitalpur ...	1030
11	Maliki mahal Char Roypur, etc.	1036
12	Maliki mahal Katipara ...	791
13	Maliki mahal Khosemat ...	989
14	Diara mahal Tengramari ...	849
15	Maliki mahal Taltala, ...	898
16	Char Hadirabad ...	938
17	Char Haidrabad ...	975
18	Gachia Aurtala ...	778
19	Maliki mahal Sonaigharamir Char ...	1033
20	Maliki mahal, Char Majhat ...	1035
21	Maliki mahal, Char Satbari ...	1044
22	Maliki mahal, Char Chandraganti	866
23	Maliki mahal, Char Srirampur ...	900
24	Char Srirampur ...	982
25	Diara mahal, Char Hadinabad (No. 11) ...	976
26	Maliki mahal, Char Bagaigram ...	1025
27	Maliki mahal, Char Hasankati ...	1032
28	Maliki mahal, Khosba Mantala ...	788
29	Maliki mahal, Char Kacharahati, etc. ...	1031
30	Maliki mahal, Char Fulbaria, etc.	1041
31	Maliki mahal, Char Bara Chingrakhali ...	1042
32	Maliki mahal, Char Uthali Gopalpur ...	968

24-Parganas.—No. 13033L.R.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 101 (2) (*d*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to order that a survey shall be made and a record-of-rights prepared in respect of all lands which are comprised in the following Government estates of the 24-Parganas Collectorate:

List of Government estates in the district of 24-Parganas.

Serial No.	Name of estate.	Number of estate.
1	Port Canning .	2692/2834
2	Sankdah ...	1467
3	Noonpahara mauza ..	3186
4	Kamarpole	111/2835
5	Saugor Islands, 3rd portion ...	2968
6	Saugor Islands, 1st and 2nd portion ...	2928
7	Monsadwip, 2nd portion	3024
8	Lot No. 163, 2nd portion ..	2838
9	Lot No. 163, 3rd portion ...	2839
10	Lot No. 163, 4th portion ...	2840
11	Lot No. 16, 4th portion ...	2841
12	Lot No. 15, 1st portion ...	2842
13	Lot No. 138, East portion ...	2844
14	Lot No. 135, 3rd portion ...	2845
15	Lot No. 139, 1st portion	2846
16	Lot No. 16, 1st portion ...	2653

Serial No.	Name of estate	Number of estate
17	Sonakania	3076
18	Ramkerar Char, East portion	2931
19	Dosra Bhagwanpur	1531/2835
20	Lot No 111, 7th portion	2847
21	Lot No 111, 6th portion	2848
22	Lot No 111, 11th portion	2849
23	Lot No 122, West Gabtola	2850
24	Lot No 122, East Gabtala	2851
25	Lot No 111, 9th portion	2852
26	Lot No 128, 1st portion South portion	2853
27	Lot No 111, 10th portion	2854
28	Block D, 1st portion	2855
29	Lot No 114, 3rd portion	2856
30	Lot No 114, 7th portion	2857
31	Lot No 15, 2nd portion	2858
32	Lot No 15, 3rd portion	2859
33	Southern part of lot No 15, 4th portion	2860
34	Lot No 114, 1st portion	2861
35	Lot No 128, 2nd portion of the reserved portion	2862
36	Lot No 114, 5th portion	2863
37	Lot No 114, 2nd portion	2864
38	Lot No 114, 8th portion	2865
39	Lot No 114, 9th portion	2866
40	Lot No 110, 3rd or South portion	2867
41	Lot No 114, 4th portion	2868
42	Lot No 114, 6th portion	2869
43	Lot D, 2nd portion	2870
44	North portion of Lot No 15, 4th portion	3031
45	Lot No 16, 3rd portion	2843
46	Char Panitar	3010/3028
47	Lot No 139, 2nd portion	2872
48	Lot No 163, 5th portion	2871
49	Lot No 132 "A" portion	2877
50	Chak Foodubi (Sagore Island)	2929
51	Lot No 112, 1st portion, Block A	2873
52	Lot No. 113, 3rd portion	2874
53	Lot No 115, 6th portion	2875
54	Lot No. 112, 3rd portion	2876
55	Lot No. 115, 3rd portion	2878
56	Lot No 112, 2nd portion	2879
57	Lot No 112, 4th portion	2880
58	Plot D, 5th portion	2881
59	Lot No 113 2nd portion	2882
60	Lot No 115, 4th portion	2883
61	Lot No 115 2nd portion	2884
62	Lot No 113, 1st portion	2885
63	Lot No 115 5th portion	2886
64	Plot D, 3rd portion	2887
65	Plot D, 4th portion	2888
66	Ramkarer, Char West portion	2930
67	Traver land 2nd portion	2932
68	Lot No 112, 1st portion, Block B	3033
69	Lot No 112, 1st portion, Block D	3034
70	Lot No 112, 1st portion, Block F	3035
71	Lot No 112, 1st portion, Block C	3036
72	Lot No 112, 1st portion, Block E	3037
73	Lot No 112, 1st portion, Block G	3038
74	Baranagar	1068/2834
75	Bilbulli (Kushkhali)	3140
76	Mathari Abad	3196
77	Plot No H, 1st portion	2889
78	Plot H, 3rd portion	2890
79	Plot E, 2nd portion	2891
80	Plot E, 3rd portion	2892
81	Plot I, 3rd portion	2894
82	Plot I, 9th portion	2895
83	Lot No 111, 8th portion	2896
84	Plot J, 2nd portion	2897
85	Plot I, 1st portion	2898
86	Plot No I, 2nd portion	2899
87	Plot I, 5th portion	2900
88	Plot E, 5th portion	2901
89	Plot E, 7th portion	2902
90	Plot J, 3rd portion	2903
91	Plot J, 4th portion	2904
92	Lot No 122, 6th portion	2905
93	Lot No 122, 2nd portion	2906
94	Lot No 116, 4th portion	2907
95	Lot F, 1st portion	2908
96	Lot No 116, 6th portion	2909
97	Lot No 122, 5th portion	2910
98	Plot J, 1st portion	2911
99	Plot I, 4th portion	2912
100	Plot I, 6th portion	2913
101	Plot I, 8th portion	2914
102	Plot D, reserve portion	2915

Serial No.	Name of estate	Number of estate.
103	Plot H, 2nd portion . .	2916
104	Plot 1, 7th portion	2917
105	Lot No. 122, 3rd portion	2918
106	Lot No 122, 4th portion ...	2919
107	Lot No. 116, 5th portion . .	2920
108	Lot No. 116, 3rd portion ...	2921
109	Lot No. 122, 1st portion . .	2922
110	Lot No. 127	2923
111	Lot No. 128, South portion	2924
112	Plot E, 1st portion	2925
113	Plot E, 4th portion	2926
114	Plot F, 2nd portion	2927
115	Shikerpur, 2nd portion .	2933
116	Plot H, 4th portion	2938
117	Lot No. 11, reserve portion	2940
118	Lot No. 113, reserve portion	2941
119	Shikerpur, 3rd portion	2967
120	Plot E, Northern portion of 6th portion	3030

The particulars to be recorded in the record-of-rights shall be the following:—

(*a*) the name of each tenant or occupant;

(*b*) the class or classes to which each tenant belongs, that is to say, whether he is a tenure-holder, raiyat holding at fixed rates, settled raiyat, occupancy raiyat, non-occupancy raiyat, or under-raiyat with or without a right of occupancy and if he is a tenure-holder, whether he is a permanent tenure-holder or not, and whether his rent is liable to enhancement during the continuance of his tenure;

(*c*) the situation and quality and one or more of the boundaries of the land held by each tenant or occupier;

(*d*) the name of each tenant's landlord;

(*e*) the rent and cess lawfully payable by each tenant at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared;

(*f*) the amount payable in respect of any rights of pasturage, forest rights, rights over fisheries and the like at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared, the conditions and incidence appertaining to such rights, and if the amount is a gradually increasing amount, the time at which and increments by which it increases;

(*g*) the mode in which the rent has been fixed, whether by contract, by order of a court or otherwise;

(*h*) if the rent is a gradually increasing rent, the time at which, and the steps by which, it increases;

(*i*) the rights and obligations of each tenant and landlord in respect of—

(*i*) the use by tenants of water for agricultural purposes, whether obtained from a river, jhil, tank or well or any other source of supply, and

(*ii*) the repair and maintenance of appliances for securing a supply of water for the cultivation of the land held by each tenant, whether or not such appliances be situated within the boundaries of such land;

(*j*) the special conditions and incidence, if any, of the tenancy;

(*k*) any right-of-way or other easement attaching to the land for which a record-of-rights is being prepared;

(*l*) if the land is claimed to be held rent-free, whether or not rent is actually paid, and if not paid, whether or not the occupant is entitled to hold the land without payment of rent, and, if so entitled, under what authority;

Provided that if lands are not used for the purposes connected with agriculture or horticulture, it shall be sufficient to record that fact together with the prescribed particulars relating to the occupant, the landlord and the tenancy.

24-Parganas.—No. 13034 L.R.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 101 (*2*) (*d*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to order that a survey shall be made and a record-of-rights prepared in respect of all lands which are comprised in the following temporarily-settled private estates of the 24-Parganas Collectorate:—

List of temporarily-settled private estates in the district of 24-Parganas.

Serial No.	Name of estate	Number of estate.
1	Lot No. 73, Abad Champur ...	1488
2	Iswaripur ...	1333
3	Lot No. 98, Abad Champur ...	1404
4	Lot No. 82 ...	1825

The particulars to be recorded in the record-of-rights shall be the following:—

(*a*) the name of each tenant or occupant;

(*b*) the class or classes to which each tenant belongs, that is to say, whether he is a tenure-holder, raiyat holding at fixed rates, settled raiyat, non-occupancy raiyat, or under raiyat with or without a right of occupancy, and if he is a tenure-holder, whether he is a permanent tenure-holder or not, and whether his rent is liable to enhancement during the continuance of his tenure;

(*c*) the situation and quantity and one or more of the boundaries of the land held by each tenant or occupier;

(*d*) the name of each tenant's landlord;

(e) the name of each proprietor in the local area or estate with the character and extent of his interest, and the situation and quantity and one or more of boundaries of the lands, if any, which are his private lands as defined in Chapter XI of the Act;

(f) the rent and cess lawfully payable by each tenant at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared;

(g) the amount payable in respect of any rights of pasturage, forest rights, rights over fisheries and the like at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared, the conditions and incidence appertaining to such rights, and if the amount is a gradually increasing amount, the time at which, and increments by which, it increases;

(h) the mode in which that rent has been fixed, whether by contract, by order of a court or otherwise;

(i) if the rent is a gradually increasing rent, the time at which, and the steps by which, it increases;

(j) the rights and obligations of each tenant and landlord in respect of—

(i) the use by tenants of water for agricultural purposes, whether obtained from a river, jhil, tank or well or any other source of supply, and

(ii) the repair and maintenance for appliances for securing a supply of water for the cultivation of the land held by each tenant, whether or not such appliances be situated within the boundaries of such land;

(k) the special conditions and incidences, if any, of the tenancy;

(l) any right-of-way or other easement attaching to the land for which a record-of-rights is being prepared;

(m) if the land is claimed to be held rent free, whether or not rent is actually paid, and if not paid, whether or not the occupant is entitled to hold the land without payment of rent, and, if so entitled, under what authority:

Provided that if lands are not used for purposes connected with agriculture or horticulture, it shall be sufficient to record that fact together with the prescribed particulars relating to the occupant, the landlord and the tenancy.

Khulna.—No. 13035L.R.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 101(2) (d) of the Bengal Tenancy Act (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to order that a survey shall be made and a record-of-rights prepared in respect of all lands which are comprised in the following Government estates of the Khulna Collectorate:—

List of Government estates in the district of Khulna.

Serial No.	Name of estate.	Number of estate.
1	Mahal Island, Char Kobatakshi ...	1061
2	Sundarbans Abadkari, mahal Sutarkhali, 1st part, Lot No. 224-Kailashganj ...	1016
3	Lot No. 225, 5th portion ...	1017
4	Lot No. 225, 6th portion ...	1018
5	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Banisanta, Lot No. 225, 7th portion ...	1019
6	Boyer Singha ...	877
7	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Kalmitunia ...	792
8	Katamari ...	798
9	Fakirer Takai *alias* Baruikhali ...	873
10	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Uttar Baghairdiar ...	785
11	Mydia Izara Gurna Chak ...	834
12	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Taitala Alokdia ...	853
13	Khas mahal Gomantali ...	828
14	Fulhata ...	874
15	Kharaikhali ...	816
16	Gazalia ..	824
17	Mahish Chari ...	905
18	Sutalari Chak .	936
19	Alladpur ..	779
20	Khanka ...	232
21	Tetulia Labsa and others .	391
22	Lakshminathpur and others .	164
23	Ghona .	353
24	Khetrapara .	540
25	Khas mahal Kalidaspur .	808
26	Mahal Chak Surnal ...	935
27	Sundarbans Khas Abadi, mahal Chandikhali ..	971
28	Khas mahal Mamudabad ...	984
29	Khas mahal Chakla Telekhali .	855
30	Khas mahal Char Magura	835
31	Alokdia Chak ..	781
32	Alomtala .	782
33	Kurulia ...	786
34	Orabunia ...	787
35	Kumibunia ...	809
36	Khepna ..	821
37	Guachoba ...	831
38	Gewabunia ..	832
39	Charkiberki ...	838
40	Mutan ...	842
41	Chandimukhi ...	843
42	Seora Changakhali ...	844
43	Dheramari Abad ..	859
44	Chak Nayantala ...	861
45	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Parmadartala ...	969
46	Durgatala ...	857
47	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Basudebpur and others ...	881
48	Bajeapti, mahal Biaralakhi (Purba) ..	891
49	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Sonarpur ...	939
50	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Katalia ...	799
51	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Kaipakuria ...	811
52	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Chak Mounkati ...	812
53	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Khagrabunia ...	815
54	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Gazinagar ...	825
55	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Madartala ...	847
56	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Parmagurkhali ...	870
57	Khas mahal Dakshin Bagher-Diar ...	887

Serial No.	Name of estate.	Number of estate.
58	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Chak Magur Khali ...	907
59	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Langalmara ...	974
60	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Chak Betanga ...	784
61	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Khasimari ...	797
62	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Jabakhali ...	829
63	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Godaria ...	830
64	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Jamira ...	863
65	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Pana ...	871
66	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Patimari ...	872
67	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Biasarabad ...	884
68	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Basakhali ..	885
69	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Bahirbunia ...	886
70	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Badiarkona ..	889
71	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Bishnupur ..	893
72	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Beparbhita ...	894
73	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Boalmari Chak ...	895
74	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Bharbharia Chak ...	896
75	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Lakshikhola ...	915
76	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Laskar ...	916
77	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Samukpota ...	932
78	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Siberbati ...	933
79	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Sing Jore ...	942
80	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal, Kulsrikantapur ...	943
81	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Haria ...	949
82	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Hetalburia ...	950
83	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Helakhardanga ...	951
84	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Choradanga ...	953
85	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Dighalia ...	956
86	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Dhuligarti ...	852
87	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Nagirdia Chak ...	865
88	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Haraganti ...	945
89	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Khondokererber ...	822
90	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Sutarkhali, 1st part Lot No. 224, Srinagar Kalinagar ...	800
91	Khas mahal, Lot No. 223, Purbabajua ...	888
92	Sundarban Abadkari, mahal Shaffeber Abad ...	931
93	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Poschim Biralakshi ...	892
94	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Gobindapore ...	954
95	Sundarban Bajeapti, mahal Nasimabad ...	860
96	Labsa (Chotta) ...	696
97	Sahapara ...	1224
98	Kharia Dhamsqakhali ...	813
99	Char Jamuna ..	836

The particulars to be recorded in the record-of-rights shall be the following:—

(*a*) the name of each tenant or occupant;

(*b*) the class or classes to which each tenant belongs, that is to say, whether he is a tenure-holder, raiyat holding at fixed rates, settled raiyat, occupancy raiyat, non-occupancy raiyat, or under-raiyat with or without a right of occupancy, and if he is a tenure-holder, whether he is a permanent tenure-holder or not, and whether his rent is liable to enhancement during the continuance of his tenure;

(*c*) the situation and quantity and one or more of the boundaries of the land held by each tenant or occupier;

(*d*) the name of each tenant's landlord;

(*e*) the rent and cess lawfully payable by each tenant at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared;

(*f*) the amount payable in respect of any rights of pasturage, forest rights, rights over fisheries and the like at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared, the conditions and incidence appertaining to such rights, and if the amount is gradually increasing amount, the time at which, and increments by which, it increases;

(*g*) the mode in which the rent has been fixed, whether by contract, by order of a court or otherwise;

(*h*) if the rent is gradually increasing rent, the time at which, and the steps by which, it increases;

(*i*) the rights and obligations of each tenant and landlord in respect of—

(*i*) the use by tenants of water for agricultural purposes, whether obtained from a river, jhil, tank or well or any other source of supply, and

(*ii*) the repair and maintenance of appliances for securing a supply of water for the cultivation of the land held by each tenant, whether or not such appliances be situated within the boundaries of such land;

(*j*) the special conditions and incidence, if any, of the tenancy;

(*k*) any right-of-way or other easement attaching to the land for which a record-of-rights is being prepared;

(*l*) if the land is claimed to be held rent-free, whether or not rent is actually paid, and if not paid, whether or not the occupant is entitled to hold the land without payment of rent, and, if so entitled, under what authority;

Provided that if lands are not used for purposes connected with agriculture or horticulture, it shall be sufficient to record that fact together with the prescribed particulars relating to the occupant, the landlord and the tenancy.

Khulna.—No. 13036L.R.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 101 (2) (d) of the Bengal Tenancy Act (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to order that a survey shall be made and a record-of-rights prepared in respect of all lands which are comprised in the following temporarily-settled private estates of the Khulna Collectorate:—

List of temporarily-settled private estates in the district of Khulna.

Serial No.	Name of estates	Number of estate.
1	Surplus accretion to Mochandapur ...	1249
2	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Kanchiparamia ...	796
3	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Chakgodardanga, lot No. 220, Katamara ...	823
4	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Chak Munkia ...	910
5	Maliki mahal Charpania ...	1027
6	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Chandipur ...	1037
7	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Islampur ...	1039
8	Sundarban Abadkari, taluk Char Mamudpur ...	1040
9	Sundarban Abadkari. taluk Char Chongrakhali .	1043
10	Maliki mahal, Char Sitalpur .	1030
11	Maliki mahal, Char Roypur, etc.	1036
12	Maliki mahal, Katipara	791
13	Maliki mahal, Khosemat	989
14	Diara mahal, Tengramari . .	849
15	Maliki mahal, Taltala	898
16	Char Hadirabad .	938
17	Char Haidrabad	975
18	Gachia Aurtala .	778
19	Maliki mahal, Sonaigharamir Char . .	1033
20	Maliki mahal, Char Majhat .	1035
21	Maliki mahal, Char Sathari	1044
22	Maliki mahal, Char Chandraganti ...	866
23	Maliki mahal, Char Srirampur ..	900
24	Char Srirampur ..	982
25	Diara mahal, Char Hadinabad (No. 11) . .	976
26	Maliki mahal, Char Bagaigram .	1025
27	Maliki mahal, Char Hasankati .	1032
28	Maliki mahal, Khosba Mantala .	788
29	Maliki mahal, Char Kacharahati, etc. ..	1031
30	Maliki mahal, Char Fulbaria, etc. ...	1041
31	Maliki mahal, Char Bara Chingrakhali ...	1042
32	Maliki mahal, Char Uthali Gopalpur ...	968

The particulars to be recorded in the record-of-rights shall be the following:—

(a) the name of each tenant or occupant;

(b) the class or classes to which each tenant belongs, that is to say, whether he is a tenure-holder, raiyat holding at fixed rates, settled raiyat, non-occupancy raiyat, or under-raiyat, with or without a right of occupancy, and if he is a tenure-holder, whether he is a permanent tenure-holder or not, and whether his rent is liable to enhancement during the continuance of his tenure;

(c) the situation and quantity and one or more of the boundaries of the land held by each tenant or occupier;

(d) the name of each tenant's landlord;

(e) the name of each proprietor in the local area or estate with the character and extent of his interest, and the situation and quantity and one or more of boundaries of the lands, if any, which are his private lands as defined in Chapter XI of the Act;

(f) the rent and cess lawfully payable by each tenant at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared;

(g) the amount payable in respect of any rights of pasturage, forest rights, rights over fisheries and the like at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared, the conditions and incidence appertaining to such rights, and if the amount is a gradually increasing amount, the time at which, and increments by which, it increases;

(h) the mode in which that rent has been fixed, whether by contract, by order of a court or otherwise;

(i) if the rent is a gradually increasing rent, the time at which and the steps by which, it increases;

(j) the rights and obligations of each tenant and landlord in respect of—

(i) the use by tenants of water for agricultural purposes, whether obtained from a river, jhil, tank or well or any other source of supply, and

(ii) the repair and maintenance for appliances for securing a supply of water for the cultivation of the land held by each tenant, whether or not such appliances be situated within the boundaries of such land;

(k) the special conditions and incidences, if any, of the tenancy;

(l) any right-of-way or other easement attaching to the land for which a record-of-rights is being prepared;

(m) if the land is claimed to be held rent-free, whether or not rent is actually paid, and if not paid, whether or not the occupant is entitled to hold the land without payment of rent, and, if so entitled, under what authority;

Provided that if lands are not used for purposes connected with agriculture or horticulture, it shall be sufficient to record that fact together with the prescribed particulars relating to the occupant, the landlord and the tenancy.

No. 13044 L.R.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 189 and sub-section (6) of section 190 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following rule be added to the rules published under notification No. 5462 L.R., dated the 26th March 1929, at pages 549-92 in Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 28th idem:—

After rule 29C of the said rules *insert* the following as rule 29D:—

29D. (*1*) A co-sharer landlord may, where his other co-sharer landlords do not agree to apply for opening a personal ledger, file on payment of a fee of Rs. 5 only in court-fee stamp a statement of the shares of himself and his co-sharers in any lands comprised in any estate or tenure or part thereof of which a record-of-rights has been finally published under Chapter X of the Bengal Tenancy Act, if the co-sharers are the same and their shares in all the lands are uniform, and may apply to the Collector that the same may be registered and that the landlords' transfer fees due to him and his co-sharers on account of transfers by occupancy raiyats be distributed according to the shares stated. The statement of shares shall be in Form 7A annexed to these rules and shall be verified in the same manner as a plaint under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908. The application shall be accompanied by notices (in said Form 7A) and copies of the statement shall be served on the other co-sharers.

The Collector shall verify the statement of shares as far as possible from the documents produced by the applicant and if it appears to be in order and provided that, if the landlord is a proprietor of a revenue-paying estate or revenue-free property, his name is duly recorded in the land registration registers of the collectorate, the notices with copies of the statement of shares shall be served on the remaining co-sharer landlords.

The notices with the copies of the statement of shares shall be served in the same manner and on payment of the same process fees as laid down in sub-rule (*3*) of rule 29.

(*2*) (*a*) If after the service the notices mentioned in sub-rule (*1*) it appears to the Collector that there is no dispute in respect of the share of the applicant he may order that the share shall be registered in his office.

(*b*) He may also order that the share of any other co-sharer named in the statement filed by the applicant shall also be registered if such co-sharer on payment of a court-fee stamp of Re. 1 applies for such registration in response to a notice issued under sub-rule (*1*) and if it appears to the Collector that there is no dispute in respect of the share of such co-sharer, provided that, if such co-sharer is proprietor of a revenue-paying estate or a revenue-free property, his name is duly recorded in the land registration registers of the collectorate.

(*3*) The Collector may, on application under the first proviso to sub-section (*3*) of section 26C or under the proviso to sub-section (*4*) of section 26E of the Act, by a co-sharer whose share has been registered under sub-rule (*2*) and who is named in the raiyats' notices under rule 26, make payment of his portion of the landlords' transfer fee according to his share as registered, without any further notices on the other co-sharers.

The provisions of sub-rules (*6*) and (*8*) of rule 29 shall apply to cases under this rule.

(*4*) The registered statement shall be in force for a period of two years from the date of the registration of the shares of the original applicant under clause (*a*) of sub-rule 2 unless the Collector previously orders it to be cancelled. It will however be open to any co-sharer to make an application during such period for cancellation of the statement, or for deletion or correction of any entry therein. Such application shall state the reasons therefor and shall be verified as if it were a plaint under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908. If the Collector so orders the applicant shall furnish copies of the application for service on the other co-sharers in the same manner and on payment of the same process fee as laid down in sub-rule 3 of rule 29. The Collector shall pass such orders as he thinks proper on the application.

Form 7A.

Notice of application for registration of shares.

(*See* rule 29D.)

In the Collectorate of.. ...District.

(Landlords' Fee Department.)

To

....

of village.....................P.O.... ....District......

....

TAKE notice that has applied under rule 29D of the rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, for registration of the landlords' shares in respect of the estate, tenure or part thereof as in the annexed statement, and for division of landlords' transfer-fees on account of transfers by occupancy raiyats.

If you wish your share to be registered as shown in the annexed statement you should make application for such registration with a fee of Re. 1 in court-fee stamps on or before the same date.

If you have any objection, you should file it in writing before the undersigned on or before the..... .. .. .193............. ...., failing which it will be taken that you have no objection in respect of any of the particulars mentioned in the annexed statement.

Sd.

Collector appointed under section 3(2) of the Bengal Tenancy Act.

Dated.

Seal.

Statement of Shares.

(Rule 29D of the Rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act 1885.)

Name of co-sharer landlords	Address (state the post office also).	Shares
(a) applicant		
1		
(b) other co-sharers		
2		
3		
4		
5		

Description of area in respect of which the application is made

Name and number of estate or tenure	Village	Thana	Jurisdiction list number	Sub-registry office	Khatian number of the estate or tenure	Khatian numbers of the raiyats direct under the applicant and his co-sharers

I, affirm that the above statement of shares and description of area are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and information

Dated ....

....

Applicant.

Land Acquisition.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Hooghly.—No. 12380L.A.—9th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the construction of a quarter for the Sub-Inspector of Police, Goghat, in the village of Goghat, pargana Zahanabad, zilla Hooghly, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0·14 of an acre bounded on the—

North—By land of Bibhuti Porel,

East and South—By land of Kusum Bala Bagdini, Durlav Chandra De and others,

West—By the land of local board road,

is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Goghat.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Arambagh.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector.

Mymensingh.—No. 12389L.A.—9th November 1933.—The Governor in Council is pleased to cancel the notification No. 18325-L.A., dated the 2nd November 1928, under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, published at page 2255, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th idem, in respect of the proposed acquisition of 0·25 of an acre of land required for the construction of quarters of a Forest Range Officer in the village of Baramedhar, pargana Atiah, district Mymensingh.

Chittagong.—No. 12396L.A.—9th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a sub-tahsil office in the village of Khankhanabad, police-station Banskhali, zilla Chittagong, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising the revisional survey plot Nos. 2009 and 2011 and measuring, more or less, 0·54 of an acre, is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Khankhanabad.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Chittagong.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Chittagong.

Tippera.—No. 12469L.A.—10th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Chitashi union board for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a road at Chitashi union, in the village of Chitashi, jurisdiction list No. 441, thana Hajigonj, pargana Chouddagaon, district Tippera, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land, comprising cadastral plots Nos. 318, 319, 819, 824, 826, 827 and 828, and measuring, more or less, 0·0065 of an acre, is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Chitashi.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Chandpur.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Tippera.

24-Parganas. — No. 12472L.A. - 10th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (*1*) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition, 0·2231 of an acre of land notified for acquisition under declaration No. 7353L.A., dated the 22nd June 1933, published at page 940, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 29th idem, in respect of the land required by the Naihati Municipality, for opening a new road connecting Arabinda Road and Froir Road in the village of Kantalpara, jurisdiction list No. 4, thana Naihati, pargana Habilishahar, district 24-Parganas.

Jessore.—No. 12498L.A.—11th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., as a landing ground for aeroplanes at Jessore, in the villages of Manoharpur and Bansberia, police-station Jessore, zilla Jessore, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose 80 pieces of land, comprising parts of cadastral survey

plot Nos. 3001, 3005, 3032, 3035, 3039-40, 3044-47, 3049, 3052-53, 3079, 3496 and whole of plot Nos. 3002-3004, 3009-3031, 3033-34, 3041-43, 3048, 3051, 3054-78 of mauza Manoharpur, jurisdiction list No. 19, and whole of plot No. 820, parts of plot Nos. 818-19, 821, 823, 827-29 and 859 of mauza Bansberia, jurisdiction list No. 27, thana Jessore, and altogether measuring, more or less, 32·77 acres, are likely to be required within the aforesaid villages of Manoharpur and Bansberia.

This notification is made under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected at the office of the Collector of Jessore.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 (4) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of section 5A of the Act shall not apply in this case.

Burdwan.—No. 13014L.A.—11th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing the 1st to 5th miles and 18 feet of the 6th mile of Distributary No. 9, Branch Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Kashipur, Sonchalida, Bigra, Narayanpur, Ratanpur, and Khurul, jurisdiction list Nos. 31, 15, 16, 25, 26 and 46, respectively, thana Bhatar, parganas Azmatshahi and Burdwan, district Burdwan, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 2784 to 2791, 2834, 2835, 2838 to 2840, 2842, 3265 to 3267, 5167, 6069 to 6071, 6075 to 6077, 6229 to 6231, 6233, 6234, 6254 to 6256, 6343 to 6345, 6347, 6348, 6480 to 6483, 6488 to 6490, 6549 to 6553, 6560, 6579 to 6581, 6588 to 6595, 6599, 6601, 6693, 6753, 6756, 6757, 6759, 6761 to 6763, 6771 to 6774, 6782 to 6787 and 6800 to 6803 in mauza Kashipur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1223 to 1225, 1227, 1228, 1246, 1248, 1268, 1269, 1273 to 1275, 1278, 1281, 1283, 1284, 1300, 1301, 1326 to 1328, 1331, 1354 and 1388 in mauza Sonchalida, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1513 to 1515 in mauza Bigra, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 10 to 12, 15, 16, 18, 24, 26, 95 to 99, 102 to 104, 107 to 110, 113 to 115, 215, 218, 219, 221, 228, 1795 to 1797, 1801 to 1803, 1805, 1810, 1811, 1816 to 1818, 1824 to 1827, 1873 to 1877, 1879, 1881, 1917, 1923 to 1927, 1929, 1930, 1934 to 1936, 1939 to 1943, 1978 to 1980, 1982, 1983, 1989, 1991, 1994, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2010, 2089 to 2091, 2094 to 2097, 3056, 3114, 3115, 3117, 3119, 3136, 3137, 3148 to 3150, 3153, 3154, 3156 to 3163, 3235, 3239, 3240, 3242 to 3244, 3247, 3349 to 3353, 3355, 3371 to 3377, 3381, 3390, 3391, 3403 and 3404 in mauza Narayanpur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 606 and 921 in mauza Ratanpur and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 289, 290, 320 to 322, 341 to 345, 347, 355, 357, 359 to 361, 366 to 372, 407, 408, 410 to 414, 458, 459, 463, 4752, 4757, 4758, 4762 to 4765, 4767, 4896, 4900, 4903 to 4907, 4929, 4931 to 4933, 4935, 4942, 4943, 4959, 4961 to 4963 and 4965 in mauza Khurul, and measuring, more or less, 29·23 acres, is likely to be required within the aforesaid villages of Kashipur, Sonchalida, Bigra, Narayanpur, Ratanpur and Khurul.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in so much of the above land, as are not waste or arable, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 (4) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of section 5A of the Act shall not apply to the waste or arable portions of the land in this case.

Chittagong.—No. 13017L.A.—11th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Chittagong Port Commissioners for a public purpose, viz., for providing site of the front inner bar leading light in the village of Badalpura, police-station Anwara, zilla Chittagong, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising a part of revisional survey plot No. 165 and measuring, more or less, 0·005 of an acre, is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Badalpura.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all to whom it may concern.

A plan of land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Chittagong.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Chittagong.

24-Parganas.—No. 13041L.A. — 13th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (*1*) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of 0·0708 of an acre of land which was notified for acquisition under declaration No. 6730-L.A., dated the 8th June 1933, published at page 878, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, and required by the Baranagar Municipality for a night-soil transfer depôt in S. P. Banerjee Street, in the village of Baranagar, pargana Calcutta, district 24-Parganas.

Burdwan.—No. 13143L.A.—13th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing distributary No. 6-B (from chainage 21,120 feet to 36,370 feet), Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Ousha, Saligram Nabastha, Chakundi, Barkona and Melna, judisdiction list Nos. 28, 23, 31, 22, 21 and 19, respectively, thana Memari, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 525, 533, 542, 543, 547, 548, 550 to 554, 643, 644, 651 to 655, 657, 956, 958, 959, 968 to 970 and 1074 in mauza Ousha, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1790, 1792, 1794, 1795, 1797 to 1799, 1804, 1868, 1870 to 1874, 2027 to 2031 and 2035 to 2039 in mauza Saligram, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 4 to 8, 233, 234, 245, 246, 249, 250 and 254 to 258 in mauza Nabastha, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1524, 1607, 1613, 1638, 1646 to 1648, 1651, 1652, 1666 to 1668, 1689 to 1694, 1714, 1715 and 1757 in mauza Chakundi, cadastral plot No. 1288 and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1147, 1154 to 1156, 1222 to 1226, 1234 to 1238, 1284, 1285, 1287, 1289, 1290, 1297, 1321 to 1324, 1326 to 1330, 1340, 1341, 1488, 1489, 1505, 1506, 1509, 1510, 1538, 1928, 1953, 1954, 1956, 1957, 1964 to 1966, 1972, 1973, 1976, 1984, 1985, 1988, 1989 and 1995 to 1999 in mauza Barkona and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 141, 143 to 145, 152 to 155, 172, 173 and 551 in mauza Melna and measuring, more or less, 17·90 acres is likely to be required within the aforesaid villages of Ousha, Saligram, Nabastha, Chakundi, Barkona and Melna.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in so much of the above land, as are not waste or arable, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 (*4*) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of section 5A of the Act shall not apply to the waste or arable portions of the land in this case.

DECLARATIONS.

Burdwan.—No. 12320L.A.—8th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing the 1st mile and 2,063 feet of Distributary No. 6D-1, Main Canal of the Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Kaligram and Parui, jurisdiction list Nos. 103 and 104, respectively, thana Burdwan, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose four pieces of lands comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 159, 160, 174 to 176, 179 180, 395, 397, 399, 796, 798, 800, 803 to 806, 983 and 2448 in mauza Kaligram, and part of cadastral plot No. 1449 in mauza Parui, altogether measuring, more or less, 3·785 acres are required within the aforesaid villages of Kaligram and Parui.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

Burdwan.—No. 12384L.A.—9th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing a portion from chainage 70,159 feet to 81,422 feet of Distributary No. 6 of the Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Ramchandrapur, Sirajpur, Bakalsa and Faridpur, jurisdiction list Nos. 109, 110, 128 and 127, respectively, thana Burwdan, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose five pieces of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 2429, 2435 to 2438, 2441, 2442, 2449, 2629, 2630 and 2848 in mauza Ramchandrapur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1314 to 1316, 1329 to 1333, 1335, 1350, 1351, 1374 to 1376, 1379, 1380, 1396 to 1398, 1401, 1404, 1405, 1418, 1421 to 1423, 1433, 1434, 1445 to 1447, 1450, 1451, 1465 to 1471, 1474, 1475, 2326 to 2328, 2345, 2346, 2349, 2350 and 2353 in mauza Sirajpur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 111 to 113, 122 to 124, 132 to 134, 151, 154 to 156, 159, 160, 1533, 1534, 1540, 1541, 1543, 1668 to 1672, 1677 to 1680 and 1710 to 1714 in mauza Bakalsa and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1322, 1338, 1362, 1368, 1371, 1372, 1379 to 1395, 1401 to 1403, 1405 to 1407, 2504, 2505, 2507 to 2509, 2511, 2512, 2516, 2518,

2521 to 2523, 2525, 2526, 2590 to 2592, 2597, 2599 to 2604, 2612 to 2615, 2633 and 2634 in mauza Faridpur, altogether measuring, more or less, 21·52 acres, are required within the aforesaid villages of Ramchandrapur, Sirajpur, Bakalsa and Faridpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act, I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

Burdwan.—No. 12475L.A.—10th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing the portion from chainage 59,670 feet to 70,159 feet of distributary No. 6 of the Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Debagram, Kurman, and Ramchandrapur jurisdiction list Nos. 132, 106 and 109, respectively, in thana Burdwan, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose thirteen pieces of land comprising cadastral plot Nos. 35, 59 and 127 and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 33, 34, 36 to 39, 41 to 44, 57, 58, 60 to 62, 65, 112, 113, 115, 122, 128, 129, 319, 320, 322, 324, 327 to 330, 344 to 347, 350 to 352, 354, 404 to 409, 414, 416, 422, 477, 1406, 1413, 1422, 1423, 1425 to 1428, 1434, 1435, 1445 to 1447, 1449 to 1451, 1460, 1467, 1470, 1471, 1476 to 1478 and 1848 in mauza Debagram, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1335, 1906 to 1908, 7194 to 7200, 7202 to 7204, 7249 to 7252, 7258, 7261, 7262, 7270 to 7272 in mauza Kurman, and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 2449, 2452, 2457, 2460 to 2463, 2487 to 2489, 2491 to 2494, 2497 to 2499, 2502 to 2504, 2512 to 2514 in mauza Ramchandrapur, altogether measuring, more or less, 15·857 acres, are required within the aforesaid villages of Debagram, Kurman and Ramchandrapur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

Burdwan.—No. 13020L.A.—11th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th miles of distributary No. 6/B, Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Basatpur, Kusha, Sukur, Korarchak and Hatgobindapur, jurisdiction list Nos. 96, 97, 135, 139 and 136, respectively, thana Burdwan, and in the villages of Hairagram and Ousha, jurisdiction list Nos. 26 and 28, respectively, thana Memari, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose six pieces of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1043, 1045 to 1049, 1054 to 1057 and 1078 to 1080 in mauza Basutpur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 533, 540 to 542, 570, 572 to 575, 577, 581, 583 to 585, 591 to 593, 619, 628 to 631, 634, 657, 658 and 660 in mauza Kusha, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1599, 1609 and 2182 to 2184 in mauza Sukur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 7 to 9, 89 to 91, 93, 94, 100 to 104, 127, 130 to 132 and 177 in mauza Korarchak, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 547, 607, 609 to 613, 615, 616, 625, 629 to 633, 647 to 649, 654 to 656, 692 to 694, 976, 996 to 998, 1006, 1011, 1012, 1017, 1019, 1020, 1135, 1144, 1174, 1181, 1182, 1187 to 1196, 1202 to 1204, 1212, 1213, 1219, 1226, 2256 to 2260, 2262 to 2264, 2299, 2303, 2306 to 2309, 2311, 2338, 2346 to 2348, 2350 to 2355, 4056, 4057, 4059, 4062 to 4066, 4068 to 4070, 4072, 4113, 4117, 4118, 4126 to 4128, 4130 to 4132 in mauza Hatgobindapur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 353, 354, 364, 366 to 369, 388, 393 to 395, 403 to 405, 412, 413, 437 to 439, 449 to 452, 462, 464, 471 to 473, 478, 481, 619 and 620 in mauza Hairagram and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 449, 452 to 456, 480 to 484, 490, 491, 496, 497, 499, 500, 501, 517 to 521, 525 to 527 and 530 in mauza Ousha, and altogether measuring, more or less, 28·92 acres are required within the aforesaid villages of Basatpur, Kusha, Sukur, Korarchak, Hatgobindapur, Hairagram and Ousha.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

ERRATUM

Tippera.—No. 12292L.A. - 8th November 1933.—In line 11 of declaration No. 6214-L.A., dated the 27th May 1933, under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, published at page 821, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st June 1933, in respect of the proposed acquisition of 0·67 of an acre of land required for the extension of the metal depot at Mainamati in the village of Lalmai-Pahar, pargana Meharkul, police-station Kotwali, district Tippera, *for* plot No. "223" *read* "226."

Forests.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Dacca.—No. 12467For. — 10th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 32 and clauses (*c*) and (*d*) of section 76 of the Indian Forest Act, 1927 (XVI of 1927), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules for the Bhowal Protected Forest in the district of Dacca. This shall come into force with effect from the date of publication of this notification.

1. **Prohibition against cutting, etc., of trees, timbers and forest produce.**—Except as provided in these rules no person may cut, fell, convert, collect or remove or cause to

be cut, felled, converted, collected or removed, any trees, timber or other forest produce in or from the Bhowal Protected Forest (hereinafter referred to as "the forest").

2. **Restrictions on the use of timber.**—Any person who is resident in the vicinity of the forest may obtain trees, timber or other forest produce for his own use, subject to the following restrictions, namely:—

(*a*) green trees and timber of the reserved species shall not be felled, converted or removed without the written permission of the Forest-officer;

(*b*) if the Forest-officer is at any time of opinion that the supply of any kind of forest produce is sufficient only to meet local requirements, he shall, by an order in writing, prohibit the removal of such produce beyond the limits of any special locality, and such forest produce shall not be removed beyond such limits;

(*c*) all timber and other forest produce cut, felled, converted or collected under this rule shall, in the first instance, between the hours of sunrise and sunset, on the days fixed by the Forest-officer in this behalf, be conveyed to the nearest ghat authorised for this purpose, and shall be deposited in such place as shall be prescribed by the Forest-officer, and it shall not be removed from such place except with the permission of the Forest-officer and after payment to him of the royalty due thereon.

3. **Prohibition against certain other acts.**—No person shall—

(*a*) cut the stem of any standing tree at a height exceeding 12 inches from the ground,

(*b*) cut up into fuel or fencing material, or otherwise damage the value of any wood of the reserved species which could in the opinion of the Forest-officer be more profitably used,

(*c*) injure any tree of the reserved species, seedlings or coppice shoots,

(*d*) manufacture charcoal, except in localities previously approved by the Forest-officer, or

(*e*) hunt, shoot or fish in contravention of the rules on this subject for the time being in force in the Protected Forests in Bengal.

4. **Number and location of authorised ghats or stations.**—The number and location of the authorised ghats or stations as well as the scale of royalty which shall be levied at such ghats or stations for forest produce, shall be fixed from time to time by the Forest-officer in consultation with the District Officer and the Conservator of Forests, Bengal, under such rules as the Local Government may prescribe.

5. **Prohibition against grazing of cattle.**—Grazing of cattle shall not be permitted in the sun grass area and the area over which trees have recently been felled.

6. **Restrictions on jhuming.**—Jhuming, for the purpose of growing paddy, shall not be permitted in the forest, but if a cultivator is willing to plant up areas with seedlings of reserved trees, permission to jhum will be granted by the Forest-officer under the following conditions, namely:—

(*a*) every villager shall sign the prescribed form of agreement for Taungya plantations in force in the Bengal Forest Department and trees cut in area to be jhumed shall be sold by the Forest-officer;

(*b*) trees of the reserved species shall not be cut nor removed from the areas jhumed until they are marked by the Forest-officer.

Explanation.—The term "jhuming" as used in this rule means the system of cultivating forest land, which has been cleared, by burning the cut materials, sowing one or two crops in the ashes, and then, after harvesting, leaving the area to lie fallow for a number of years before recultivation.

7. **Prohibition against fires in the forest.**—No person shall kindle or carry fire in the forest, nor shall fire be used in the collection of forest produce or for the improvement of pasturage lands in the forest.

8. **Rules in regard to fires in the vicinity of the forest.**—Any person living in the vicinity of the forest, or occupying or using land in such vicinity and desirous of clearing by fire any standing forest or grass land near by, and in a locality from which such fire would be likely to endanger the forest, shall observe the following rules, namely,—

(1) he shall give at least one week's notice to the nearest Forest-officer, Ranger or Forester of his intention;

(2) he shall clear a belt of land at least 20 feet broad on the side of the land he proposes to burn nearest the forest;

(3) he shall choose for such burning a day or time when a high wind is not blowing;

(4) he shall light the fire in a direction contrary to that in which the wind is blowing.

9. (*1*) **Application necessary for felling or removing timber or other forest produce.**—Any person who wishes to fell or remove trees, timber or other forest produce from the forest for the purpose of trade shall apply in writing to the Divisional Forest Officer of the Dacca-Mymensingh Division at least six months before he intends to begin work in the forest and shall submit specifications of the quantities and the kinds of timber or other forest produce which he requires.

(2) For the purpose of such application it shall be the duty of the Divisional Forest Officer of the Dacca-Mymensing Division from time to time to cause the trees in the forest to be marked, in small lots or sections, in different localities according to the capacity of the forest, and he shall dispose of them to the best advantage either by private tender or public auction.

(3) Thatch grass, fuel and other minor forest produce shall be disposed of at rates of royalty which shall be fixed from time to time in accordance with the provisions of rule 4.

10. All forest produce removed from the forest under rule 9 shall be marked and checked with the permits, once in the forest and again at the ghats.

-No. 12468For. — 10th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (*a*) of section 30 of the Indian Forest Act, 1927 (XVI of 1927), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare the species of trees mentioned below to be reserved in the Bhowal Protected Forest in the district of

Dacca. This shall come into force with effect from the date of publication of this notification:—

Schedules of trees to be reserved.

Ajuli—Dillenia pentagyna.
Am—Mangifera indica.
Amli—Tamarindus indica.
Amloki—Phyllanthus emplica.
Amra—Spondias mangifera.
Aswat (Oshot)—Ficus religiosa.
Babla—Acacia arabica.
Bahera—Terminalia belerica.
Bajna—Zanthoxylum budrunga.
Bakuli—Careya arborea.
Bel—Aegle Marmelos.
Bhamos Wendlandia (tinctoria).
Bhella—Semecarpus anacardium.
Bhutum—Kydia calycina.
Boroi—Zizyphus jujuba & z. rugosa.
Bot—Ficus bengalensis.
Chaitan—Alstonia scholaris.
Chambal—Artocarpus chapalasha.
Dauwa—Artocarpus lakoocha.
Dhewa—Sterculia villosa.
Dumur—Ficus hispida.
Gandhi-Gajari—Miliusa velutina.
Gajari—Shorea robusta.
Hartaki—Terminalia chebula.
Jalpai—Elaeocarpus serratus.
Jam (kala)—Eugenia jambolana.
Jam (titi)—Eugenia operculata.
Jog-dumur—Ficus glomerata.
Jogini-Chakra—Gmelina arborea.
Joina—Schleichera triuga.
Jarul—Lagerstroemia flos-reginae
Kadam—Anthocephalus indicus (Syn. A. cadamba).
Kantakoi—Bridelia retusa.
Kapas—Thespesia lampas.
Katal—Artocarpus interarifolia.
Keli Kadam—Adina cordifolia.
Khaikar-
Koroi—Albizzia procera.
Kutraj Holarrhena antidysenterica.
Mankata—Randia dumetorum.
Nanki-janki—Bauhinia malabarica.
Phuti-kadam—Stephegyne parvifolia.
Pitkila or Pitoli Trewia nudiflora.
Piralu—Randia uliginosa.
Polashi—Butea frondosa.
Powa—Cedrela toona.
Powa—Cedrela microcarpa.
Rohina—Amoora rohituka.
Shiora—Streblus asper
Shonalu—Cassia fistula.
Sidha—Lagerstroemia parviflora.
Simul—Bombax malabaricum.
Sinduri—Mallotus philippinensis.
Siris—Albizzia marginata.
Jungly tree—Sterculia colorata.
Jungly tree—Grewia laevigata.
Jungly tree—Grewia vestita.
Jungly tree—Avodia roxburghiana.
Jungly tree—Murraya konigii.
Jungly tree—Dalbergia sp.
Jungly tree—Tetramelos nudiflora.
Jungly tree—Hymenodictyon excelsum.
Jungly tree—Wrightia tomentosa.
Jungly tree—Orexylum indicum.
Jungly tree Stereospermum suaveolens.
Jungly tree—Callicarpa arborea.
Jungly tree—Litsaea polyantha.
Jungly tree—Litsaea sebifera.
Jungly tree—Bridelia tomentosa.

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (c) of the said section the Governor in Council is further pleased to prohibit the following acts in the said Bhowal Protected Forest, in the district of Dacca, subject to the rules made under section 32 of the Indian Forest Act, 1927 (XVI of 1927), and issued with notification No. 12467For., dated the 10th November 1933. This shall come into force with effect from the date of publication of this notification:—

(a) the quarrying of stone;
(b) the burning of lime and charcoal;
(c) the collection or subjection to any manufacturing process, or the removal of any forest produce, and
(d) the breaking up or clearing of any land for cultivation, for building, for herding cattle or for any other purpose.

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Excluded Area.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Darjeeling.—No. 12310Ex.A.—8th November 1933.—In pursuance of section 37F of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), it is hereby notified for general information that the scheme submitted by the Commissioners of the Darjeeling Municipality in the district of Darjeeling for the extension of the Darjeeling water-supply to the hill bustees beyond Lebong Cantonment within the municipal limits, has been approved by the Government of Bengal and the particulars of the said scheme are as follows:—

(a) The scheme is for supplying water to Harrison Hatta, Kazi Hatta, Ging, Phooleserming and Lama Hatta bustees within the limits of the Darjeeling Municipality by laying water pipes including ferro-concrete tanks.

(b) The estimated cost of the scheme is Rs. 11,190.

(c) The estimated cost of maintenance is Rs. 50.

(d) The cost of the scheme will be met out of the surplus opening balance.

(e) The total annual charge to be incurred by reason of water-supply will be met from the proceeds of the existing water rate which will not be affected.

(f) The water rate is levied at 3¾ per cent. on the annual valuation of the holdings.

(g) The average incidence of water rate per head of the population is Rs. 2-3-8.

2. The said scheme will be taken into consideration on or after the 20th January 1934, and any objection or suggestion with regard thereto, which may be received by the undersigned before that date, will be duly considered.

Chittagong Hill Tracts.—No. 12485Ex.—10th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon the Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge of the Ramgarh dispensary at Ramgarh in the Chittagong Hill Tracts the powers of a Magistrate of the third class for a further period of three years with effect from the date of this notification.

No. 12274Ex.A.—6th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 33 of the Bengal Vaccination Act, 1880 (Bengal Act V of 1880), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules for the area administered by the district board of Darjeeling:—

Rules.

[In these rules "the Act" means the Bengal Vaccination Act, 1880, as amended by the Bengal Vaccination (Amendment) Act, 1911.]

Qualifications and duties of Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors of Vaccination.

(a) Qualifications.

1. Every candidate appointed as a Sub-Inspector or Inspector shall ordinarily be required to possess the qualifications enumerated below:—

(a) He shall not be more than 25 years of age.

(b) He shall be physically active and able to walk, ride or cycle long distances.

(c) He shall be a domiciled resident of Bengal.

(d) He shall possess a working knowledge of the English language, the Matriculation Examination of the Calcutta University being adopted as the standard for this purpose.

(e) He shall possess a practical knowledge of the provisions of the Act and the registers, returns, forms and certificates required to be maintained under the Act.

(f) He shall possess an adequate knowledge of the technique of vaccination, including the—

(i) phenomena of the vaccine disease;

(ii) approved methods of performing vaccination;

(iii) approved methods of collecting and storing lymph;

(iv) ability to recognize a satisfactory vesicle and cicatrix and the remedial steps necessary in the case of complications; and

(v) phenomena of small-pox.

2. In selecting candidates for the posts of Sub-Inspector and Inspector, preference shall be given to those candidates who have attended a vaccination class at any one of the medical schools and colleges recognized under the Bengal Medical Act, 1914, or passed the examination for the training of Sanitary Inspectors or passed in Hygiene only in the said examination.

(b) Duties.

3. Every Inspector and Sub-Inspector shall be under the immediate orders and executive control of the District Health Officer.

4. In addition to the duties imposed upon him by the Act and by the rules and by-laws framed thereunder and also by any other law for the time being in force regarding vaccination, every Inspector and Sub-Inspector shall perform the following duties:—

(a) He shall execute and enforce the regulations, rules and orders relating to vaccination, which may be enacted, made or issued by competent authority.

(b) He shall enquire into and ascertain the causes, origin and distribution of small-pox within the district and endeavour to enforce vaccination as a preventive measure.

(c) He shall see that vaccination is carried out thoroughly and efficiently by the public vaccinators employed in his jurisdiction.

(d) He shall bring to the notice of the District Health Officer all acts of neglect, carelessness, unsatisfactory work and disobedience of orders and instructions on the part of the public vaccinators employed in his jurisdiction.

(e) Under the orders of the District Health Officer, he shall direct operations undertaken for the purpose of stamping out small-pox epidemics.

(f) He shall divide the area in his jurisdiction into as many groups or circles as there are public vaccinators. After obtaining the approval of the Chairman of the District Board through the District Health Officer to his proposals, he shall furnish for guidance every public vaccinator in his jurisdiction with a list of the villages and their population in the vaccinator's circle. The division of the district into circles may be modified to suit local requirements, but, as far as possible, they shall correspond with police circles to facilitate the obtaining of vital statistics from the police-stations and thanas.

(g) He shall arrange, with the approval of the District Health Officer, a tour programme, giving approximately the dates on which he proposes to visit each locality in his jurisdiction. Except in cases of emergency, the tour programme so approved shall not be altered or modified without the previous consent of the District Health Officer. He shall keep the latter informed of his movements by submitting to him weekly post-card reports. As a rule, he shall not remain in any one locality for more than three days, and then only when absolutely necessary. He shall be required to tour for not less than 120 days during the period from the 1st October to the 31st March every year.

(h) Unless a full day's work or travelling is performed or unless he is absent from his headquarters for twenty-four hours, the time spent on tour shall not be counted as a day on tour. Days of commencement or termination of tours on which journeys are begun late or end early shall not be counted for the purpose of the preceding rule.

(*i*) He shall tour within the area in his jurisdiction consecutively and systematically and shall inspect and report on the work of every public vaccinator in his jurisdiction. No tour shall be less than seven days in duration and shall comprise the adequate inspection of at least one thana unless otherwise directed by District Health Officer.

(*j*) Every Inspector shall visit the jurisdiction of every public vaccinator once and every Sub-Inspector twice every year.

(*k*) During the period from the 1st October to the 31st March every year, he shall not remain at his headquarters longer than seven days (including Sundays and other holidays) in any one month.

(*l*) Unless specially exempted, he shall tour by riding a pony or a cycle which he is required to maintain or keep for his work.

(*m*) He shall furnish the local authorities at least twenty-four hours' notice of his proposed visits for inspecting the vaccinated children of the locality.

(*n*) He shall inspect vaccinated children in their villages and not collect them at centres of his jurisdiction.

(*o*) He shall check the village vaccination registers (Vaccination Form No. 1) calling over the names entered in them, compare the results therein shown with the arms of the children inspected and enter opposite every name the result observed, initialling and dating his remarks. He shall satisfy himself that every child absent at his inspection is satisfactorily accounted for by the village headman or panchayat or some other trustworthy person, and make a suitable note opposite the name of every absentee. He shall not be accompanied by the public vaccinators during such inspections. He shall see that the ages entered of those persons vaccinated are approximately correct, especially in the cases of infants under one year of age.

(*p*) He shall keep a record of every unvaccinated child in the localities visited and report to the District Health Officer once a month the proportion of children left unprotected in every locality.

(*q*) During his tour, he shall verify deaths from small-pox and submit the results of verification to the District Health Officer (Vaccination Form No. 35).

(*r*) He shall carry with him on tour a diary (Vaccination Form No. 34), which he shall post up from day to day. He shall keep his diary carefully, correctly and fully, especially the "Inspection note" column, which shall be conscientiously written up. He shall submit his diary to the District Health Officer before the fifteenth day of the month following that to which it relates.

(*s*) He shall carry with him on tour a reserve stock of vaccinating lancets and vaccine lymph, and shall indent for a regular reserve supply of the latter for use in emergencies and for issue to public vaccinators, should their supply be exhausted.

(*t*) He shall receive or prepare, check, tabulate, and submit to the District Health Officer the monthly and other returns from the public vaccinators in his jurisdiction.

(*u*) He shall submit such report or reports in regard to the work of the area in his jurisdiction as may be required from him by competent authority.

(*v*) Every Inspector shall check the work performed by the Sub-Inspectors in his district and shall report to the District Health Officer on their work and conduct.

(*w*) In the month of September every year, every Inspector shall be required to give a course of instruction to all the public and apprentice vaccinators in his district.

(*x*) During the period from the 1st April to the 30th September every year, he shall be employed on such duties other than those relating to vaccination as may be ordered by the District Health Officer, under the direction of the Chairman.

(*y*) He shall submit on the prescribed dates the various returns and indents enumerated below:—

(*i*) Weekly diary.
(*ii*) Monthly vaccination report.
(*iii*) Annual returns of vaccination.
(*iv*) Indent for vaccination equipment.
(*v*) Indent for vaccine lymph.
(*vi*) Indent for vaccination forms.

Qualifications and duties of Public Vaccinators.

(*a*) Qualifications.

5. (*i*) No person shall be appointed as a public vaccinator who does not possess a certificate of competency granted after oral and practical examination by one of the officers mentioned below—

(*a*) Superintendent of a medical school which is recognized under the Bengal Medical Act, 1914.

(*b*) Health Officer of a District Board or of a Municipality.

(*c*) Civil Surgeon or other Principal Civil Medical Officer of a district.

(*d*) Military Medical Officer of a cantonment.

(*e*) Chief Sanitary Officer, Asansol Mines Board of Health.

(*ii*) Such certificate shall be in the following form:—

I hereby certify that I have examined...... ....in the manner contemplated by rules 1 (*i*) and 3 of the Rules under the Bengal Vaccination Act, 1880, and that I find him qualified for the office of public vaccinator.

6. Every person who desires to present himself for the above examination shall, if he has not attended a vaccination class at one of the medical schools in India and obtained a certificate of competency from the Superintendent thereof, submit evidence to the satisfaction of the certifying authority referred to in rule 5 (*i*), prior to his examination, that he has been engaged in vaccination work, in the capacity of an apprentice or assistant, for a period of at least six months.

7. Every candidate for the office of public vaccinator shall be required to satisfy the certifying authority mentioned in rule 5 in respect of his—

(*a*) knowledge of reading and writing, as required by the Middle School Vernacular Examination;

(*b*) knowledge of the phenomena of the vaccine disease;

(*c*) knowledge of the approved methods of performing vaccination;

(*d*) knowledge of the methods of collecting and storing lymph;

(*e*) ability to recognise a satisfactory vesicle and cicatrix;

(*f*) general knowledge of the disease of small-pox;

(*g*) knowledge of the provisions of the Bengal Vaccination Acts (1880 and 1911) in so far as they relate to the duties of a public vaccinator;

(*h*) knowledge of the registers, returns, forms, and certificates required to be maintained under the Vaccination Acts and the rules framed thereunder.

(*b*) Duties.

8. In addition to the duties imposed upon him by the Act and by rules framed thereunder and also by any other law for the time being in force regarding vaccination, every public vaccinator shall perform the following duties:—

(*a*) To visit by rotation every village in his circle, for which purpose he should give sufficient notice to the village headman or panchayat. He shall also report to his Sub-Inspector his work and movements by weekly post-cards.

(*b*) With the assistance of the headman or panchayat, to have collected at some central and convenient place in the village all such unprotected children in the village as are brought up for vaccination and to operate upon every such child and to maintain a list of the unprotected children of every village for the purpose of issuing notices and instituting prosecutions, if necessary.

(*c*) With the permission of the headmaster, to visit every school in his circle and endeavour to vaccinate all the unprotected pupils, care being taken not to use any compulsion or pressure of any kind.

(*d*) Before leaving a village, to see that the names of the vaccinated have been entered in the village register, which he shall sign in proof of the entries correctly made. On his return visit on completion of the seventh day, for the purpose of examining the work, to record in the appropriate column of the register the results of the operations.

(*e*) To operate in the approved method in four points with a lancet only.

(*f*) To attend regularly the public vaccine stations or depot for vaccinating free of charge.

(*g*) On the occurrence of local outbreaks of small-pox in his circle, to report to his Sub-Inspector the occurrence without delay, and to press on vaccination as rapidly as possible in and around the infected locality so as to vaccinate every unvaccinated person.

(*h*) To report similarly as in the preceding clause every other epidemic occurring in his circle and coming to his notice.

(*i*) To submit in the prescribed forms the required reports and returns of his work.

(*j*) During the period from the 1st April to the 30th September every year, to carry out such duties other than those relating to vaccination as may be ordered by competent authority.

(*k*) In the month of September every year, to attend at the district headquarters and to undergo the prescribed course of instruction given by the Inspector.

(*l*) To be responsible for the due care and preservation of the vaccination equipment and other articles supplied to him for the discharge of his duties.

9. Whenever it shall come to the notice of a public vaccinator that any child required to be vaccinated according to the provisions of the Act is still unprotected, he shall request the parent or guardian of such child to have the child vaccinated forthwith and shall explain to him the penalties he may incur under the Act if he fails to do so, and if such parent or guardian does not comply with the vaccinator's requisition the latter shall at once bring the matter to the notice of the Inspector or Superintendent of Vaccination, or other authorized officer in charge of vaccination.

10. Whenever it shall come to the notice of a public vaccinator that a person whose age exceeds 14 years is still unprotected, he shall request such unprotected person to submit himself to be vaccinated forthwith; and in the event of the latter failing to do so the public vaccinator shall at once bring the matter to the notice of the Inspector or Superintendent of Vaccination in order that the said unprotected person may be served with a notice under section 11.

11. When public vaccine stations have been appointed under the Act, and the days and hours of the public vaccinator's attendance at such stations have been fixed and published under section 14 (read with section 25), the public vaccinator attached to each vaccine station shall regularly attend thereat on the specified days and within the specified hours.

12. When a child has been vaccinated a second time under the provisions of section 4, the fact of such repetition of vaccination shall be entered by the vaccinator in the appropriate vaccine register.

Vaccination fees.

13. The fees for vaccination operations shall be payable according to the following scale:—

At a public vaccine station—Free of charge.

At a private residence or at any place other than a public vaccine station, if the vaccinator attends at the request of an adult person or of the parent or guardian of a child —Four annas for each operation. This charge may be reduced or remitted if any district board by special or general order so direct:

Provided that the total amount payable for any number of operations performed in one family at the same time shall not exceed eight annas.

14. Every public vaccinator shall grant a printed receipt for each amount received by him as fees. Every such amount shall be deposited at the office of the Superintendent

of Vaccination, or other authorised officer in charge of vaccination, every Saturday or oftener if that officer so orders, and the said officer shall, once a week, remit the same to the treasury to be credited to the district fund:

Provided that if the amount realised at any time exceeds the sum of Rs. 25, such amount shall forthwith be deposited as aforesaid.

Vaccination of females.

15. If the head vaccinator, or, where there is no head vaccinator, the vaccinator considers that any female, from the custom of the country, is unable to attend at the public vaccine station and is too poor to pay the fee payable for vaccination at a private residence, he shall report the fact to the inspector or the Superintendent of Vaccination or other authorised officer in charge of vaccination, or the Chairman of a District Board concerned who may, if he concurs in the vaccinator's opinion, direct that the whole or any portion of the fee be remitted.

Supply of vaccine lymph.

16. Vaccine lymph obtained from the Bengal Vaccine Depot shall ordinarily be used in all vaccine operations.

Registers, Returns and Forms.

17. The following register shall be kept at every public vaccine station :—

Register of vaccination of the ....station for the month of...............

Serial number.	Date of operation.	Child — Name	Child — Sex	Child — Age — Under one year	Child — Age — Over one and under six years.	Child — Age — Above six years	Child — Age — Actual age — Years	Child — Age — Actual age — Months	Caste	Parent's or guardian's name.	Residence — Street number	Residence — Locality.	Name of vaccinator.	Result — Successful	Result — Doubtful	Result — Unsuccessful.	Result — Not ascertained.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19

18. The annual return required to be submitted by the Superintendent of Vaccination under section 32 shall be made in the following form :—

Annual return of vaccinations for the year........

Number	Circle and district	Population according to census of	Average population per square mile	Average number of vaccinators employed throughout the season	Total number of persons vaccinated			Average number of persons vaccinated by each vaccinator.	Primary vaccination. — Total.			Primary vaccination. — Successful — Under one year	Primary vaccination. — Successful — Over one and under six years.	Primary vaccination. — Successful — Above six years	Primary vaccination. — Successful — Total of all ages.	Re-vaccination — Total			Re-vaccination — Successful.	Percentage of successful cases. — Primary.	Percentage of successful cases. — Re-vaccination.	Persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population.	Class of the total number vaccinated. — Christians.	Class of the total number vaccinated. — Hindus.	Class of the total number vaccinated. — Muhammadans.	Class of the total number vaccinated. — Other races.	Class of the total number vaccinated. — Total.	Average annual number of persons successfully vaccinated during previous five years. — No.	Average annual number of persons successfully vaccinated during previous five years. — Ratio per 1,000 of population.	Average annual number of deaths from small-pox during previous five years. — No.	Average annual number of deaths from small-pox during previous five years. — Ratio per 1,000 of population.
1	2	3	4	5	6			7	8			9	10	11	12	13			14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
					M	F	Total		M.	F	Total					M.	F	Total.													

N.B.—Columns 13 and 14 "Re-vaccination" should include the vaccination of all persons who bear marks of previous vaccination or of small-pox.

Number of villages visited by Superintendent of Vaccination or Civil Surgeon, or other principal Medical Officer of the district— ; number of persons found to have been vaccinated— ; number successfully vaccinated— .

Number of villages visited by inspecting vaccinator— ; number of persons found to have been vaccinated ; number successfully vaccinated - ;

NOTE.—In instances certificates of postponement were granted, and in instances certificates of insusceptibility to successful vaccination.

19. The minutes of notices of vaccination which a Registrar of Births is required to enter under section 20 shall be in the form of a counterfoil to schedule E to the Act, and shall contain the following headings:—

(a) Name and address of person to whom notice has been issued.

(b) Name of child.
(c) Date of birth.
(d) Date of notice.
(e) Number of entry in the birth register.
(f) Signature of Registrar.

20. The duplicates of certificates which a Registrar of Births is required to register under section 20, and the further particulars required by sections 21 and 22, shall be in the following form :—

Register of vaccination.

Serial No	Name of child	Date of birth	Number of entry in register of birth	Date of notice (Schedule E).	Date of certificate of successful vaccination (Schedule C)	Date of certificate of insusceptibility (Schedule B)	Date of certificate of postponed vaccination (Schedule A)	Signature of Registrar
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9

21. The monthly return of cases which (under section 23 read with section 25) every Registrar of Births is required to transmit to the Superintendent of Vaccination shall be in the following form :—

Return of cases in which notice of vaccination has been sent but certificate has not been received for the month of........

Name of child	Name of parent or guardian	Residence	Date of issue of notice
1	2	3	4

N B　A case once included in this return need not be entered in any future return

22 (i) A register shall be kept at every public vaccine station in which shall be entered, in the following form, all sums received as fees by any public vaccinator attached to such station :—

FORM A—*Receipts.*

Register of receipts under Bengal Act V of 1880 at the.........................

Vaccine Depot in the { *Municipality of..................* / *District of.......................* }

Number.	Date	From whom received.	Amount received	Initials of vaccinator	Child's name and number of vaccination register (to be filled in when the entry in the vaccination registers is made)
1		3	4	5	6

(*ii*) A register shall also be kept at every such station in which shall be entered in the following form the amounts expended by any public vaccinator attached to the station :—

FORM B—*Disbursements.*

Register of expenditure under Bengal Act V of 1880 at the............................

Public Vaccine Depot for the month of............

Number	Date	On what account expended	Amount	Initials of vaccinator.
1	2	3	4	5

23 Every Registrar of Births shall keep a register of vaccination in the following form, of which columns 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 shall be filled up on issue of the notice referred to in section 18, and the remaining columns on receipt of the duplicate certificate mentioned in section 19 :—

Register of vaccination for............

Serial No	Name of child	Date of birth	No of entry in register of birth	Date of notice Schedule E	Date of certificate of successful vaccination Schedule C	Date of certificate of insusceptibility Schedule B	Signature of Registrar
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

24. The Registrar of Births shall, as soon after the first of every month as possible, forward a return to the Superintendent of Vaccination, or other authorized officer in charge of vaccination, in the following form, showing all cases in which a notice has been served under section 3 or a certificate of postponement granted under section 5, and in which the period mentioned in such notice or certificate has expired without receipt of a certificate of successful vaccination under section 5, or of insusceptibility under section 6 :—

Return of cases in which notice of vaccination has been served but certificate has not been received for the month of............19......

Name of child	Name of parent or guardian	Residence	Date of issue of notice.
1	2	3	4

N B—A case once returned in this form need not be entered again, except in the case of a fresh postponement.

H. C. V. PHILPOT,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Irrigation.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 11I. — 10th November 1933. — The following draft of an amendment, which, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 99 of the Bengal Irrigation Act, 1876 (Bengal Act III of 1876), the Governor in Council intends to make in the rules for the combined Damodar and Eden Canal (published in Bengal Government notification No. 6I., dated the 24th March 1933, at pages 487-509, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 30th idem), is hereby published for the information of the persons likely to be affected thereby.

II. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933 and any objections or suggestions received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendment.

At the end of the first sentence of rule 6 of the said rules *after* the word "received," the words "unless the time is extended by the Chief Engineer, Bengal, Irrigation Department" shall be *inserted*.

H. C. V. PHILPOT,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

BOARD OF REVENUE, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

Nadia.—No. 13927C.P.—10th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 2 of section 8 of the Bengal Land Revenue (Assistant Collectors) Regulation, 1821 (IV of 1821), the Board of Revenue authorises Babu Anukul Chandra Ganguli, Settlement Kanungo, who has been placed on duty in connection with the maintenance for the purpose of section 158A of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, of the record-of-rights of the estate of Babu Panchanon Bhattacharja in the district of Nadia, to exercise and perform within the local limits of the said estate any of the powers and duties vested in the Collectors of Land Revenue under any enactment in force therein for the purpose of the said work of maintenance of the record-of-rights.

F. A. SACHSE,

for *Secy. to the Board of Revenue, Bengal.*

TREASURY NOTICES.

Pabna, the 31st October 1933.

Uncovenanted Deputy Collector Maulvi Atikar Rahman Mahmud has been placed in charge of the Pabna Treasury from the afternoon of the 31st October 1933 and is authorised to draw bills on other Treasuries.

S. C. BASU, *Collector.*

Jessore, the 6th November 1933.

Uncovenanted Deputy Collector Babu Anil Chandra Bose has been placed in executive charge of the Jessore Treasury, with effect from the forenoon of the 6th November 1933, and is authorised to draw bills on other treasuries.

N. K. SEN, *Collector.*

SHERIFF'S OFFICE.

The 14th September 1933.

Notice is hereby given that the Fifth Criminal Sessions of the year 1933 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the town of Calcutta and factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto will be held at the Court House, in the town of Calcutta, on Monday, the 27th day of November 1933, at 11 o'clock in the afternoon, and thenceforward from day to day until the said sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who are to prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said sessions be present then and there to prosecute.

BADRIDAS GOENKA, *Sheriff.*

সরিফ আফিস, সন ১৯৩৩ সালের ১৪ই সেপ্টেম্বর।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে, সুবে বাঙ্গালার ফোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন সহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্ত্য জন্য আগামী সন ১৯৩৩ সালের ২৭সে নভেম্বর, সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্য্যন্ত সেসিয়ানের কার্য্য সমাধা না হয়, প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাইকোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৯৩৩ সালের পঞ্চম ক্রিমিন্যাল সেসিয়ান বসিবেক, এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যেসকল ব্যক্তি কোন. কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে কোন ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক, তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে। ইতি।

বদ্রিদাস গোয়েনকা,

সরিফ।

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Civil.

The 7th November 1933.

No. 25723A.—Babu Khagesh Chandra Mitra, munsif of Baraset, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognisable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250 within the local limits of the Baraset munsifi.

The 10th November 1933.

No. 25883A.—In exercise of the powers delegated to the High Court by the notification of the Government of Bengal, No. 64-J.D., dated the 30th April 1915, Babu Gauendra Kanta Nag, munsif of Midnapore (Sadar), is vested under Article 8 of the Second Schedule of the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887 (IX of 1887), with powers to try, under the Small Cause Court procedure, suits up to the value of Rs. 250 for the recovery of rents of homestead lands arising within the municipal area within his jurisdiction.

No. 25886A.—Babu Sitesh Chandra Sen, munsif of Howrah, in the district of Hooghly, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250 within the local limits of the Howrah munsifi.

No. 25889A.—Babu Ganendra Kanta Nag, munsif of Midnapore (Sadar), is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250 within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Midnapore.

By order of the High Court,

N. L. HINDLEY, *Registrar.*

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

Burdwan Division—Chinsura.

No. 1846M.—7th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*) of the rules for the management of the charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, Babu Hara Bhusan Mondal has been appointed as a member of the dispensary committee at Vishnupur, in the district of Bankura, in place of Babu Sujay Chandra Das, deceased.

L. B. BURROWS, *Commissioner (offg.).*

Chittagong Division—Chittagong.

No. 4999G.—9th November 1933.—Maulvi Kazi Muhammad Sadrul Ola, Sub-Deputy Collector and Khas Tahsildar, Chittagong, is allowed leave on average pay for twelve days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 11th December 1933.

H. S. E. STEVENS, *Commissioner (offg.).*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Bakarganj Range.

Barisal.—No. 5745.—9th November 1933.—Sub-Inspector Qazi Abdul Naim, of Chittagong, who was officiating as Inspector, Bakarganj, *vice* Babu Srish Chandra Chaudhuri, Inspector, officiating as Deputy Superintendent of Police, Rajshahi, will continue to act as Inspector, *vice* Khan Sahib Altafuddin Khan, Inspector, Bakarganj, officiating as Deputy Superintendent of Police.

A. D. GORDON,

Deputy Inspector-General of Police.

Dacca Division—Dacca.

No. 5174J.—6th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that under rule 20(*b*) of the manual of rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Madaripur in the district of Faridpur:—

The Subdivisional Officer, Madaripur, *ex-officio.*
The Subdivisional Medical Officer, Madaripur, *ex-officio.*
Maulvi Alimuddin Ahmed, B.L.
Maulvi Daliluddin Ahmed, B.L.
Babu Kedereswar Sen, B.L. (senior pleader).
Rai Hira Lal Moulik Bahadur.
Babu Srish Chandra Ghosh.
Dr. Lalit Mohan Saha.
Babu Kalidas Roy, B.A.
Babu Jyotish Chandra Ghosh.
Babu Akshoy Gopal Bhattacharjee.
Dr. Paresh Nath Chakravorty.

No. 5177J.—6th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that at the meeting held on 14th October 1933 of the newly elected and appointed Commissioners of the Sherpur Municipality, in the district of Mymensingh, the following gentlemen have been duly elected as Chairman and Vice-Chairman under sections 45(*1*) and 48 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932:—

Babu Satyendra Mohan Choudhuri, B.A., B.Sc., Chairman.

Maulvi Md. Rahamatulla, Vice-Chairman.

No. 5190J.—6th November 1933. — Babu Satish Chandra Chanda, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Narainganj South Circle, in the district of Dacca, is transferred to the headquarters station of that district on general duty.

No. 5195J.—6th November 1933. — Babu Charu Chandra Ray, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed to be Circle Officer of Narainganj South Circle, in the district of Dacca.

No. 5230J. — 8th November 1933.—Babu Sambhunath Ganguli, Sub-Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, is appointed to be Circle Officer of Sherpur Circle in that district.

This cancels notification No. 4857 J., dated the 14th October 1933, appointing Babu Benoy Bhusan Choudhuri, Sub-Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, as Circle Officer, Sherpur.

No. 5243J.—9th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 7 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act (Act III of 1885), the following gentlemen have been duly elected by the local boards, noted above their names, to be members of the Dacca district board:—

I. Elected by the Sadar local board.

K Shahabuddin.
Maulvi Muhammad Abdus Saheed.
Babu Girish Chandra Das.
Maulvi Muluk Hossain.
Maulvi Abdul Hamid.
Dr. A. N. Muhammad Fazlur Rahman
Babu Amulya Ratan Guha.

II. Elected by the Narainganj local board.

Babu Manindra Chandra Das.
Maulvi Abdul Malek Bhuyan.
Maulvi A. F. M. Abdul Mannan
Maulvi Tafazzal Hossain Bhuyan.
Maulvi Muhammad Sekandar Ali.
Dr. Preonath Guha.

III. Elected by the Munshiganj local board.

Maulvi Kafiluddin Choudhury.
Babu Trailokya Nath Banerji.
Babu Bhuban Mohan Chaudhury.
Babu Harendra Kumar Roy.
Babu Makhan Lal Das.

IV. Elected by the Manikganj local board.

Maulvi Mahboob Ali Khan Majlish.
Maulvi Abdul Latif Biswas, B.L.
Maulvi Aulad Hossain Khan.
Rai Priya Nath Basu Choudhury.

No. 5248J. -- 9th November 1933.—Babu Kshirode Prasad Barua, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Pangsa Circle, in the Goalundo subdivision of the Faridpur district, is allowed leave on average pay for three weeks, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd December 1933

H. GRAHAM, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

Faridpur, the 1st November 1933.

No. 7116J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (*2*) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Chhilar char union board in police-station Madaripur of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Munshi Mamatajuddin Molla.
Munshi Khadem Hosain Mir.
Munshi Esop Khan.
Munshi Haji Asgar Hawladar.
Munshi Aminuddin Choudhury.
Munshi Abdul Hamid Akon.

(*b*) Under sub-section (*3*) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Babu Akshoy Kumar Dey.
Munshi Soab Ali Howladar.
Munshi Malek Khan.

No. 7117J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (*2*) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Enayetnagar union board in police-station Kalkini of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Munshi Abdul Waheb Bepari.
Munshi Hatem Ali Sardar.
Munshi Talebali Sardar.
Munshi Aminuddin Bepari.
Munshi Kalai Sardar.
Munshi Lal Chand Molla.

(*b*) Under sub-section (*3*) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Babu Raj Mohan Sarkar.
Munshi Kamijuddi.
Munshi Meserali.

No. 7118J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (*2*) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Ramjanpur union board in police-station Kalkini of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Babu Nabin Chandra Mandal.
Hazi Abdul Karim Bepari.
Hazi Muharuddi Molla.
Munshi Kamijuddi Ahmed.
Munshi Golam Ali Hawladar.
Babu Rangeswar Biswas.

(*b*) Under sub-section (*3*) section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Munshi Latif Hosain Bepari.
Munshi Abdul Karim Talukdar.
Babu Brojendra Kumar Mandal.

S. C. DATTA, for *District Magistrate*.

Faridpur, the 13th November 1933.

No. 7040J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(a) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Khoajpur union board in police-station Madaripur of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Munshi Syed Ali Bepari.
Babu Naider Chand Bala.
Munshi Abdul Majid
Munshi Abdul Gani Khan.
Munshi Montajuddin Fakir.
Babu Sreenath Mandal.

(b) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Munshi Belan Bepari.
Kazi Abdul Hamid Talukdar.
Munshi Nasaraddin Sikdar.

A. E. PORTER, *District Magistrate.*

Dacca, the 6th November 1933.

No. 9888M.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(a) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Kanchpur union board in police-station Baidyerbazar, in the Narayanganj subdivision of the Dacca district:—

Munshi Sadat Ali Saud.
Munshi Abdul Aziz Bhuiyan
Munshi Abed Ali Bhuiyan.
Munshi Aftabuddin Dalal.
Munshi Madari.
Muhammad Easin Mian.

(b) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by me to be members of the said union board:—

Babu Suresh Chandra Bhattacharjya
Babu Rajendra Chandra Rai
Babu Kumud Behari Saha.

Dacca, the 13th November 1933.

Nos. 9697-9700M.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(a) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Hairmara union board in police-station Raipura, in the Narayanganj subdivision of the Dacca district:—

Babu Mati Lal Pal.
Munshi Sona Mian.
Maulvi Fazlul Haque.
Munshi Muksud Ali Sarker.
Munshi Lal Mian
Munshi Ajmat Ali Mater.

(b) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by me to be members of the said union board:—

Munshi Abdur Rashid.
Munshi Ahad Baksha Pradhan.
Babu Sudhir Ranjan Pal.

Nos. 9701-9704M.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(a) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Araihazar union board in police-station Araihazar, in the Narayanganj subdivision of the Dacca district:—

Babu Mohendra Chandra Poddar.
Maulvi Abdul Majid Khandker.
Maulvi Alek Badsha.
Babu Rajendra Narayan Rai Chowdhury.
Babu Sumati Kumar Rai Chowdhury.
Maulvi Rahim Box.

(b) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by me to be members of the said union board:—

Dr. Rai Mohan Ghosh, L.M.P.
Babu Suresh Chandra Roy Choudhury.
Munshi Basiruddin Ahmed.

Nos. 9705-9708M.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(a) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Badyerbazar union board in police-station Badyerbazar, in the Narayanganj subdivision of the Dacca district:—

Babu Surendra Kumar Sen.
Babu Ram Krishna Chakrabatty.
Munshi Azimaddin Sarker.
Munshi Syed Ali Mian.
Babu Purna Chandra Saha.
Munshi Abdul Ali *alias* Jiban Ali.

(b) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by me to be members of the said union board:—

Babu Sukumar Gupta.
Babu Rasik Chandra Das.
Munshi Wahed Baksha Mian.

B. C. PRANCE, *District Magistrate.*

Mymensingh, the 8th November 1933.

No. 1012C.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members and presidents of union boards, published with notification No. 630T.L.S.-G.,

dated the 13th October 1919, Babu Bhaja Govinda Podder has been elected to be a member of the Jamurki union board in Mirzapur police-station in the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district, *vice* Babu Ganesh Chandra Banik, B.SC., M.B., removed by the district board of Mymensingh on the 24th June 1933.

No. 1013C.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members and presidents of union boards, published with notification No. 630T. L.S.-G., dated the 13th October 1919, Hazi Komaruddin Sarkar has been elected to be a member of the Mokna union board in Nagarpur police-station in the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district, *vice* Munshi Rostam Ali Sarkar, deceased.

S. BANERJEE, *District Magistrate.*

Barisal, the 9th November 1933

No 7224J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Munshi Sundar Kha has been duly elected to be a member of Ikri union board within police-station Bhandaria in Pirojpur subdivision of the Bakarganj district, *vice* Munshi Ahammad Ali Howladar, deceased.

No. 7225J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Munshi Abdul Majid Khan has been duly elected to be a member of Balipara union board in police-station Pirojpur within Pirojpur subdivision of the Bakarganj district, *vice* Munshi Reazuddin Talukdar, deceased.

No. 7226J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Munshi Abdul Gafur Sikdar has been duly elected to be a member of Amooa union board within police-station Kathalia in Pirojpur subdivision of the Bakarganj district, *vice* Munshi Kalu Sikdar, deceased.

C. W. GURNER, *District Magistrate.*

Presidency Division—Calcutta.

No. 2272R.G.—6th November 1933.—Babu Jitendra Nath Ray, Sub-Deputy Collector, Sadar, Jessore, is granted ten days' leave on average pay, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 12th October 1933.

No. 2278R.G.—6th November 1933.—Babu Satya Prasad Ghosh, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Jhenidah, Jessore, is granted leave for six weeks, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

No. 2283R.G.—6th November 1933.—Babu Naresh Chandra Chatarji, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, Sadar, Murshidabad, is transferred to the Sailkupa Circle of the Jhenidah subdivision, in the district of Jessore, as Circle Officer.

No. 1844M.—7th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 50 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), it is hereby notified for general information that Babu Amulya Mohan Roy Choudhury, Commissioner of Ward No. I of the Debhatta Municipality, in the district of Khulna, has been duly elected Vice-Chairman of the municipality in place of Babu Balahari Sardar, elected Chairman of the said municipality.

No. 1847M. - 7th November 1933. — In exercise of the powers conferred by section 50 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), it is hereby notified for general information that Babu Balahari Sardar has been duly elected Chairman of the Debhatta Municipality, in the district of Khulna, to fill the temporary vacancy caused by the absence, on leave, of Babu Phani Bhusan Mondal.

No. 2295R.G.—8th November 1933.—Babu Surendra Nath Sen Gupta, No. I, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to Jessore, Sadar.

No 2313R.G.—9th November 1933.—Babu Birendra Nath Maitra, Sub-Deputy Collector, Kandi, Murshidabad, is transferred to the Mahespur Circle of the Bongaon subdivision in the district of Jessore as Circle Officer.

No. 2319R.G.—9th November 1933.—Babu Satkari Lal De, Sub-Deputy Collector, Sadar, Nadia, is transferred to the Kandi subdivision in the district of Murshidabad.

H. J. TWYNAM, *Commissioner (offg.)*

Alipore, the 4th November 1933.

No. 24/33-26-V.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Act V of 1919), Munshi Namdar Mondal has been duly elected to be a member of the Ramchandrapur union board in police-station Baduria in the Basirhat subdivision of the 24-Parganas district, *vice* Maulvi Abbas Ali, deceased.

T. C. ROY, *Addl. District Magistrate.*

Berhampore, the 6th November 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., of union boards, under the said Act, Babu Aswini Kumar Das has been duly elected to be a member of the Daffarpur union board No. IV, in police-station Raghunathgunj, in the Jangipur subdivision of the Murshidabad district, in place of Babu Girish Chandra Das, resigned.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., of union boards, under the said Act, Babu Jatindra Mohan Ray was duly elected to be a member of the Jamuar union board No. I, Ward No. II, in police-station Raghunathgunj, in the Jangipur subdivision of the Murshidabad district, in place of Babu Satish Chandra Mukhopadhy, removed.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., of union boards, under the said Act, Babu Gopi Nath Das has been duly elected to be a member of the Ahiran union board No. VIII, in police-station Suti, in the Jangipur subdivision of the Murshidabad district, in place of Babu Akshay Chandra Das, deceased.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., of union boards, under the said Act, Munshi Azmat Biswas has been appointed by me to be a member of the Ahiran union board No. VIII, in Suti police-station of the Jangipur subdivision, in the district of Murshidabad, *vice* Munshi Derash Mandal, deceased.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., of union boards, under the said Act, Babu Bhupati Bhusan Roy Choudhury has been appointed by me to be a member of the Kurunnarun union board, in Barwan police-station, in the Kandi subdivision of the district of Murshidabad, *vice* Babu Rana Nath Gupta, resigned.

O. M. REES, *District Magistrate.*

Jessore, the 7th November 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Satish Chandra Daw has been declared to be duly appointed as a member of the Fatepur union board in the Kotwali police-station of the district of Jessore, *vice* Khudiram Daw, deceased.

S. N. DUTT, for *District Magistrate.*

Krishnagar, the 10th November 1933.

No. 4097L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., of union boards under the said Act, the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the union boards noted below in Meherpur subdivision of the Nadia district:—

Meherpur police-station.

Ujalpur union board.

Ward No. 3.

Babu Sudhir Kumar Biswas, *vice* Babu Jogendra Nath Biswas, deceased.

Dariapur union board.

Ward No. 3.

Babu Gour Chandra Biswas, *vice* Munshi Saferuddin Biswas, removed.

Tehatta police-station.

Shyamnagar union board.

Ward No. 3.

Munshi Habibulla Biswas, *vice* Munshi Diam Uddin Molla, deceased.

No. 4098L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards under the said Act, Babu Hemanta Kumar Maulik has been duly elected to be a member of the Dhubulia union board in police-station Kotwali in the Sadar subdivision of the Nadia district in place of Babu Hazari Lal Chakraverty, resigned.

H. C. BOSE, *District Magistrate.*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Presidency Range.

Calcutta.—Nos. 8693-94. — 4th November 1933.—Maulvi Bashirudin Sarkar, Inspector, Jessore, is granted 2 months and 12 days' leave on average pay, on medical certificate, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from 11-10-1933, and is permitted to affix to leave the Xmas and the New Year's Day holidays.

Sub-Inspector Udayshashi Mukharji, of Nadia, is appointed to act as Inspector in the vacancy.

Sub-Inspector Ramendra Nath Nandi, of Jessore, is appointed to act as Inspector, *vice* Rai Sahib Hriday Nath Datta, Inspector, Jessore, officiating as Deputy Superintendent of Police, C.I.D.

Sub-Inspector Nirod Chandra Sen Gupta, of the 24-Parganas, is appointed to act as Inspector, *vice* Babu Priya Nath De, Court Inspector, retired from service.

L. H. BURTON,
Deputy Inspector-General of Police.

Rajshahi Division—Jalpaiguri.

No. 3166M.—5th October 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 19 (*1*) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B.C.) of 1885, as amended by Act, V (B. C.) of 1908, Maulvi Syed Akbar Ali has been duly elected by the Serajganj local board in the district of Pabna to be a member of the district board, Pabna, *vice* Maulvi Md. Osman Gani Talukdar, resigned.

No. 3169M. — 5th October 1933. — It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 41 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), I appoint the following gentlemen to be members of the Alipur Duar Union Committee, in the district of Jalpaiguri:—

Babu Sibdoyal Pal.
Babu Hem Chandra Aich.
Munshi Fazlar Rahman.
Babu Shashi Kumar Sen.
Babu Surendra Lal De Roy.
Munshi Raisuddin Basunia.
Babu Malchand Oswal.
Babu Abhoy Charan Das.
Maulvi Kasimuddin Ahmed.

J. G. DRUMMOND, *Commissioner* (*offg.*).

No. 4048J.—6th November 1933.—Maulvi Musharraf Hossain, Sub-Deputy Collector, Bogra, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-five days, with effect from the 23rd September 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 4078J. — 8th November 1933.—Babu Purna Chandra Bala, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Godagari Circle, Rajshahi, is allowed leave on average pay for six weeks, with effect from the 11th November 1933, or any subsequent date, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 4096J. — 9th November 1933.—Babu Sasanka Sekhar Chakravartty, Sub-Deputy Collector, Bogra, is transferred to Godagari, in the district of Rajshahi, to work as Circle Officer.

The transfer is made in the public interest.

No. 4138J.—11th November 1933.—Maulvi Musharraf Hossain, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to Bogra Sadar to work in the general line.

No. 4144J.—11th November 1933. — Babu Kshetra Mohan Mandal, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi, is posted to Kurigram in the district of Rangpur to work in the general line.

The transfer is made in the interest of public service.

F. W. ROBERTSON, *Commissioner* (*offg.*).

Pabna, the 3rd November 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that Babu Bidhu Bhusan Das Gupta, Assistant Head Master of the Government High School at Pabna, has been appointed a member of the committee for the management of the school under rule 1, section V of the rules for the managing committees of Government high schools, *vice* Maulvi Abdur Rahman, officiating Assistant Head Master, transferred.

S. C. BASU, *District Magistrate.*

Dinajpur, the 9th/10th November 1933.

No. 6901J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Mukunda Chandra Saha of Gopinathpur has duly been appointed to be a member of Gulandar union board in the police-station of Itahar in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Dinajpur, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Rahaman of Pukhuria, deceased.

No. 6902J.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Gopal Chandra Sarkar of Paru has duly been elected to be a member of Gulandar union board in the police-station of Itahar in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Dinajpur, *vice* Maulvi Chand Mamud Sarkar of Dangi, deceased.

S. C. SINHA, *District Magistrate.*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Rajshahi Range.

Jalpaiguri.—No. 7856. — 10th November 1933.—Babu Nawjadik Singh, Armed Inspector, Malda, is granted 4 months' leave on average pay, on medical certificate, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

Armed Sub-Inspector Sheo Paltan Singh, of Rangpur, is appointed to act as Armed Inspector in the vacancy.

With effect from the date on which Babu Srish Chandra Chaudhari, Inspector, joins at Rajshahi, Sub-Inspector Muhammad Yakub will continue to act as Inspector, Rajshahi, *vice* Babu Shailendra Nath Ray, Inspector, on leave.

Babu Shachindra Chandra Mukharji, officiating Inspector, Rajshahi, will, on relief, reverted to his substantive rank of Sub-Inspector in Rangpur.

F. P. WALKER,
Deputy Inspector-General of Police.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1933.

PART IB

Educational Notices.

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

Senate House, the 11th November 1933.

NOTICE.

It is hereby announced for general information that as the 26th and the 27th March 1934 have been declared as holidays by the Government of Bengal on account of the Muhammadan festival "Id-uz-Zuha", the next B. A. and B. Sc. Examinations will commence on Wednesday, the 28th March 1934 (instead of on Monday, the 26th March 1934, as already announced).

B. B. DUTT,
Controller of Examinations (offg.).

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

Senate House, the 10th November 1933.

NOTICE.

The undermentioned candidate is admitted to the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy. The subject of his thesis submitted to and approved by the Board of Examiners, is given below:—

Jibankrishna Sarkar.

Subject of thesis.

"A New Theory of Perception."

B. B. DUTT,
Controller of Examinations (offg.).

City and Guilds of London Institute Examinations.

NOTICE.

Calcutta, the 7th November 1933.

The Annual Technological Examinations of the City and Guilds of London Institute will be held at Serampore, Dacca, Jamshedpur, Berhampore and Calcutta in April and May 1934. The exact dates will be announced later in the *Calcutta Gazette*. Candidates desiring to appear at any of the examinations should apply for registration forms, stating the subject or subjects in which they desire to appear. A fee of Rs. 6 has to be paid for each section or grade of a subject, and applications with fees must reach the office of the Secretary not later than the 6th January 1934. The fee will, in no case, be refunded.

All communications should be addressed to the Secretary, City and Guilds Examination Committee, Department of Industries, Bengal, 40/1A, Free School Street, Calcutta.

ADINATH SEN, *Secretary,*
City and Guilds Examination Committee, Bengal.

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

NOTIFICATION No. T. 348.

Senate House, the 6th November 1933.

MATRICULATION EXAMINATION, 1936.

[In all cases where reference is made to Chapters, Sections, Pages or Lines (thus Chapters I—III) the reference is to be understood as inclusive.]

English.

TEXT-BOOKS PRESCRIBED.

Prose.

1. Select Readings from English Prose (published by the University). Pieces to be read will be selected later.
2. Ivanhoe (abridged edition published by the University).

Poetry.

Lahiri's Select Poems (published by the University). Pieces to be read will be selected later.

Books recommended to indicate the standard up to which candidates will be expected to have read—

Victor Hugo. Les Miserables (abridged edition, published by P. T. I. Book Depôt, Bangalore City).
Lamb's Tales from Shakespeare.
The Adventure of Don Quixote (abridged edition, published by Thomas Nelson & Sons, Ltd.).
W. A. J. Archbold. Long Long Ago (Bina Library, Calcutta).
True Stories of Modern Explorers (Blackie & Sons).
Bishop Heber. India a hundred years ago (abridged edition, by Longmans, Green & Co., Ltd., 1927).
Andrew Lang. Tales of Troy (Longmans, Green & Co.).
Pioneers of Progress (Longmans, Green & Co.).
Stories from Tagore (Macmillan).
Tales of Tolstoy (King's Treasures, No. 5, by Macmillan & Co.).
Tales from Sanskrit Dramatists (G. A. Natesan & Co.).
Great Men of India; by H. G. Rawlinson (Nelson).
H. Chatterjee—Sakuntala (Longmans, Green & Co.).
Chatterjee and Mookerjee—Representative Indians.

N.B.—Head Masters of schools recognised by the University are requested to encourage the students to use the Pocket Oxford Dictionary.

Alternative Paper in English.*

1. H. A. Treble—Tales of Adventure and Imagination (Oxford University Press).
2. Realm of Gold (Dent).

Vernaculars.

Bengali.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Matriculation Bengali Selections (latest edition, published by the University). Pieces to be read will be selected later.

*To be taken up by candidates whose Vernacular is a language not included in the prescribed list given under section 9 (*4*) of Chapter XXX of the Regulations.

The following books are recommended as showing the standard up to which the students will be expected to have read:—

Rajanikanta Gupta. Prativa.
Rabindranath Tagore. Chhutir Para.
Dineschandra Sen. Fullara.
Mankumari Basu. Subha Sadhana.
Jagadananda Ray. Prakriti.
Kumud Ray Chaudhuri. Deshbandhu.
Jaladhar Sen. Himalaya.
Abanindranath Tagore. Rajkahini, Part II.
Jitendranath Majumdar. Arther Sandhan.
Panchanan Mitra. Manushyattwa Ki.

Grammar recommended.

Nakuleswar Vidyabhushan. Bhashabodh Bangla Vyakaran.
Dineschandra Sen. Bhasha Prabes.
Jagadischandra Ghosh. Matribhasa.

Hindi.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Matriculation Hindi Selections (published by the Calcutta University). Pieces to be read:—

Prose.

Birsingha Ka Vrittanta.
Mahakabi Kalidaska Charita (Charitabali).
Dara Shikoh Ki har aur uska badha.
Mira Bai.
Hindosthan (Gupta Nibandhabali).
Id me Muharrem.
Ushangini—Dwitiya Anka.

Poetry.

Sundar Kanda (Ramayan).
Niti Samayik Upadesha.
Ananda—Arunodaya.
Jivan-Maran.
Maithili Saran—Jayadrath Vadha.

Grammar.

Saral Hindi Vyakaran, by Shibnarayan Lala

Or

Hindi Kaumudi, by Ambikaprasad Bajpayi.

Urdu.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Prose.

Aina i-Ibrat, by K. A. B. Suhrawardy Begum, Part I (Calcutta Edition).

Poetry.

Anis-I-Adab, compiled by Maulvi Anis Ahmed (Aligarh Muslim University Press).

Only the following portions are to be read:—

Nos. 2, 3-6, 8, 11, 12, 14-16.

Recommended for general reading—

Makhazan-i-Adab, by Maulvi Hafiz (Aligarh Muslim University Press, Aligarh).

Kaukab-i-Durry (Short Life of the Prophet), by K. A. B. Suhrawardy Begum.

Uriya.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

(To be selected later.)

Assamese.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Sarbeswar Sarma Kataki. Assamiya Sahitya Kosh.

Portions to be read:—

Prose.

Hemchandra Baruah. Atmajibancharit.
Gunaviram Baruah. Rangpur Nagarer Bibaran.
Ratneswar Mahanta. Ahom Sati.
Lakshinath Bezbarua. Shargarowhan.
Padmanath Gohain Boruah. Jatiabhab.
Satyanath Borah. Sahityar Sadharan Lakhyan.
Satyanath Borah. Kartabyagyan.
Hemchandra Gossami. Maharaj Rudrasingh.
Kanaklal Baruah. Sahanubhuti.
Chandradhar Baruah. Sangeet.
Radhanath Phookan. Byabasay.
Hiteswar Barboruah. Ahomjati.
Gauridutta Misra. Momaitamuli Barbaruaha.
Ambicanath Borah. Cromwell.
Jyanadaviram Boruah. Lubhra Chitrasala.
Bharat Chandradas. Beula Lakkhindar.
Maulvi Harastulla. Mohommod Charit.
Banikanta Kakati. Sophist aru Socrates.
Krishnakanta Handique. Europot Schoolia Sikhya.
Jnananath Borah. Keertan.
Chandranath Sarma. Ban aru Paropakar.

Poetry.

Kabiratna Saraswati. Kailash Barnana.
Sankardev. Daraka Barnana.
Madhabdev. Prarthana.
Hemchandra Gossami. Anandaram Baruar Shargajatra
Padmanath Gohain Boruah. Brahmaputra.
Laksminath Bezbaruah. Asomsangeet.
Chandrakumar Agrawala. Sandhia.
Chandradhar Boruah. Geeta.
Kamalakanta Bhattacharyya. Jatiagaurab.
Durgeswar Sarma. Jion.
Durgeswar Sarma. Rangilee.
Rameswar Boruah. Sajbanua.
Premadhar Gohain. Jahnabir Prati.
Nabinchandra Bardalai. Sisur Hanhee.
Anandachandra Agarwala. Sokasangeet.
Jnananath Borah. Romonigavoru.
Singhadattadev Adhikari. Ekalabya.
Maulvi Ganimatali. Sivaji.
Umeshchandra Chaudhury. Matribhasa.
Indreswar Barthakur. Bhasmachal.
Debeswar Sarma. Shartha.

Grammar.

Bahal Byakaran. Satyanath Borah.

Books showing the standard up to which the students will be expected to have read:—

Lakshminath Bezbaruah. Sadhukathar Kuki.
Padmanath Gohain Baruah. Lahari.

Nepali.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Prose.

Sharmista. Riddhi Bahadur Malla.
Sankshipta Ramayan, by Gorakha Bhasha Prakashini Samiti, Nepal.

Poetry.

Ritu Bichar. Pandit Lekhnath Paudyal.
Bhanubhakta Sunnar Kanda. S. B. Gemali's Edition.
Naibedya. Nepali Sahitya Sammilan, Darjeeling.

Grammar.

Madhya Chandrika. Pandit Somenath Sigdyal.

Or

Nepali Vyakarana. Parasmani Pradhan.

Books recommended for general reading—
Ram Shah. Nepali Sahitya Sammilan, Darjeeling.
Rajput Ramani. Mrs. A. Devi.
Raghavbilap. Nepali Sahitya Sammilan, Darjeeling.

Maithili.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

(To be selected later.)

Burmese.

(Vernacular.)

Kinwun Mingyi; Paris Diary Shwe Pyi So Wuttu; Owdahtu Pyo; Dewagomban Pyazat.

Telugu.

(Vernacular.)

Prose.

Padmavati. Umra Ali Shah (Pittapur).

Poetry.

Sunabala. Jayanti Ganganna (Rajahmundry).

Sinhalese.

(Vernacular.)

Lanka Katha, Chapters II, III and VII only; Pujavaliya, Chapters XIII and XIV; Kusajatakakavya, Chapter I only, Selalihini Sandesa, I, 52 verses only.

Tamil.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

1. Beriyapuranam (Thali that kontu), verses 1-36, both inclusive.
2. Balaramayanam, pages 3-41. To be had of Messrs. Jayam & Co., Publishers and Booksellers, Egmore, Madras.
3. Balabharatam, pages 3-50. To be had of Messrs. Jayam & Co., Publishers and Booksellers, Egmore, Madras.
4. Nalavazhi (published by Messrs. P. N. Chidambara Mudaliar Bros., Madura.)

Malayalam.

(Vernacular.)

Selections in Malayalam published by the Madras University for the Secondary School Certificate Public Examination of 1933.

Kanarese.

(Vernacular.)

Kavya Sangraha, by M. N. Kamath (Shenoy Brothers, Mangalore); Savitri Charitra, by Basappa Sastri (M. S. Rao & Co., Avenue Road, Bangalore City).

Bhratri-prema, by K. B. Ramkrishna (B. G. M. Book Depôt, Mangalore); Suivle, by Miss B. Ratnamma, B.SC. (No. 1, 5th Road, Chamarajapet, Bangalore City).

Gujrathi.

(Vernacular.)

A. B. Dhurva. Nitisiksham.
Anajria and Karim Mahomed. Kavitapraves.

Marathi.

(Vernacular.)

Prose.

Ramabai Ranade. Amachya ayushalil kahi Athavai.
Prof. L. G. Apte. Bakulashai.

Poetry.

Raghunath Pandit. Nala Damayanti Svaymvarakhyana (from Navanit, Seventh Edition).

Sahitya Suvarna. Edited by Professor R. K. Lagu.

Manipuri.

(Vernacular.)

Drama—Babrubahan Pokpa, by Sjt. L. Iboongohal Singh, B.A., B.L., Member, Manipur State Durbar.

Prose— Madhabi, by Dr. Lambabam Kamal Singh.

Poetry —Thainagi Loirang (Sai-on-2nd), by Sjt. Khwirakpam Chaoba Singh.

Modern Tibetan.

(Vernacular.)

Drime Kuden's Namthar (Asiatic Society of Bengal's Publication).

Khasi.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Ki Phawar U. Aesob, by U. Soso Tham.
Ka Kitab Jingphawar, by Rabon Sing from pages 16 to end.
Ki Dienjat Jong ki Longashwe, Parts I and II, by Rev. J. Bacchiarello, with the omission of the following passages:—

(1) "Don Bosco."
(2) Venauszus.
(3) The Baptism of Clovis.

Grammar.

Hints on the Study of the Khasi Language, by Nissur Singh.

Garo.

(Vernacular.)

(1) Stories from Early Hebrew History—

Genesis, Chapters 12, 13, 15, 22 (1-19), 27, 28, 29 (1-30), 31, 32, 37, 39, 41, 42-50.

(2) Moral, Social, Economic and Sanitary Laws of the Hebrews—

Exodus 20 (1-17), 21 (4-23), 19.
Leviticus 19, 25.
Numbers 13 (1-14), 38.
Deut. 19, 26, 27-28

(3) Hebrew Poetry—

Psalms, 15, 19, 23, 27, 37, 42, 46, 51, 53, 72, 84, 90, 91, 103, 107, 121, 125.

(4) Selections from New Testament Literature—

John.
Ephesians.
Philippians.
Colossians.

(5) Garo Folk-Lore, Part I.

Lushai.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Esopa Thawnthu, by F. W. Savidge and Dura.
Kristian Vanram Kawag Zawh thu, by F. W. Savidge and L. Mawa.
The Acts of the Apostles.
Grammar—The Elements of Lushai Grammar, by Frederick J. Sandy.

Portuguese.

(Vernacular.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Prose.

A Cidadee e as Serras, by Eca de Queroy.

Poetry.

A Patria, by Querra Janqueiro.

Modern Armenian.

(Vernacular.)

(To be notified later.)

Second Languages.

Sanskrit.

TEXT-BOOKS PRESCRIBED.

Matric. Sanskrit Selections in Prose and Poetry (published by the University). Pieces to be read will be selected later.

Grammar.

Sanskrit Grammar (Bengali edition), by **Pandit Muralydhar** Banerjee, M.A., and Dr. Prabhatchandra Chakravarti, M.A., PH.D. (published by the University).

Or

University Sanskrit Grammar (to be published by the University).

Or

An Elementary Sanskrit Grammar, by G. Thibaut (latest edition, published by the University).

Pali.

TEXT-BOOKS.

(To be selected later.)

Arabic.

Matriculation Arabic Selections (published by the University). Pieces to be selected later.)

Persian.

Matric. Persian Selections (revised edition of 1933, published by the University). The following pieces only:—

Prose.

Pages 1-18 (Selections from Gulistan).
Pages 21-29 (Selections from Baharistan).
Pages 70-83 (Selections from Columbus).

Poetry.

Pages 89-100 (Selections from Bustan).
Pages 103-110 (Selections from Attar).
Pages 112-119 (Selections from Ali Hazri).
Pages 157-159, 168-171, 193-196 (Selections from Ubaydi).

Classical Tibetan.

(Second Language.)

Matriculation Course, by Dr. E. D. Ross and Lama Lobzang Mingyur (published by the University).

Classical Armenian.

(To be notified later.)

Bengali.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Kasiram Das. Mahabharat, Sribatsa Charitra (edited by Dineschandra Sen or Jogindranath Basu).
Michael Madhusudan Dutt. Birangana Kavya. Portions to be read:—

Duryyodhaner prati Bhanumati.
Santanur prati Jahnabi.
Niladhwajer prati Jana.
Rabindranath Tagore. Path-Sanchay.
Nabinchandra Sen. Kurukshetra, Canto I.
Dineschandra Sen. Grihasri. Only a general acquaintance with the contents of the book is required.
Isanchandra Ghosh. Mahapurush Charit.

Grammar recommended.

Bhashabodh Bangla Vyakaran, by Pandit Nakuleswar Vidyabhushan.
Matribhasha, by Jagadischandra Ghosh.

Assamese.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates.)

TEXT-BOOKS

Sarbeswar Kataki — Hemchandra Baruar Jiban Charit
Padmanath Baruah — Nitisiksha, Part III
Durgeswar Sarma — Anjali

Grammar

Bahal Byakaran — Satyanath Borah

Hindi.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates.)

TEXT-BOOKS

Poetry

Tulsidas Ramayana, Sundara Kanda
Satya Harischandra, by Bhartendu B Harischandra

Prose

Ujjwala Tare, by Ayodhanath Sarma (Indian Press)

Grammar

Saral Hindi Vyakaran, by Shibnarayan Lala or Hindi Kaumudi, by Ambikaprasad Bajpayi

Khasi.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates.)

TEXT-BOOKS

Ki Phawar U Aesob, by U Soso Tham
Kajingiathuh Khana Puriskam, by Rabon Sing
Ki Poetry Khasi by Soso Tham

Grammar

Hints on the study of the Khasi Language by Nissor Singh

Burmese.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates.)

Papahein Pyazat, Kandaw Mingyipaung Myittaza, Yidhura Zat, Anthology of Burmese Literature Vol II Chapter IX No 1 (Ainggyin), Chapter IX, No 11 (2) (Mahagiri Nathan)

Uriya.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates.)

TEXT-BOOKS

(To be selected later.)

Urdu.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates.)

TEXT-BOOKS

Kahanion Ki Panchwih Kitab, by Marsden and Suraj Narayan Mihr (Macmillan & Co), pages 1-53

Grammar.

Usul-i-Urdu or any other easy Grammar.

For general reading.

Sub-i-Zindagi, by Rashid-ul-Khairi.

Telugu.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates.)

Poetry.

Kankanamu. Bhogaraju Narayanamurty (Vizianagram).

Prose.

Sakuntala Venkata Parvateeswara Kavulu (Pittapur).

Tamil.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates).

Sreemath Bharatasram (Viveka Bodhini Office, Mylapur, Madras); Arya Mathopakhyanam, Second Part (Viveka Bodhini Office, Mylapur, Madras).

Malayalam.

(As Second Language for Female Candidates.)

Poetry.

Mahabharatam—Virataparvam, 150 verses

Prose.

Life of Buddha, first four Chapters, by Tharavath Ammalu Ammal, Bharathavilasam Printing Press, Trichur, Cochin State.

Bengali.

*(As Second Language.)

TEXT-BOOKS PRESCRIBED.

Matriculation Bengali Selections Pieces to be read will be selected later

Grammar recommended.

Nakuleswar Vidyabhushan. Bhashabodh Bangla Vyakaran.
Dineschandra Sen. Bhasha Prabes.
Jagadischandra Ghosh. Matribhasha.

Hindi.

*(As Second Language.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

1. Matriculation Hindi Selections (published by the Calcutta University) Pieces to be read: Same as those prescribed for Hindi Vernacular.
2. Rahiman Sudha.
3. Grammar—Saral Hindi Vyakaran, by Shibnarayan Lala, or Hindi Kaumudi, by Ambikaprasad Bajpayi.

*Open only to a candidate if it is not his Vernacular.

Assamese.

*(As Second Language.)

Sarveswar Sarma Kataki—Assamia Sahitya Kosh. Pieces to read Same as those prescribed to be read in Assamese Vernacular.
Grammar—Hemchandra Baruah—Assamiya Byakaran.

Burmese.

*(As Second Language.)

Wizaya Pyazat; Ayudaw Mingela Shaufton; Dhuridat Zat; Anthology of Burmese Literature. Vol. II—Chapter IX, No. 1 (3) (Le-htun Bwe by Badethayaza, Chapter IX, No. 8 (Utena Thagyin).

Urdu.

*(As Second Language.)

TEXT-BOOKS.

Kahanion Ki Panchwi Kitab, by Marsden and Suraj Narayan Mihr (Macmillan & Co.), pages 1-53.

Grammar.

Usul-i-Urdu or any other easy Grammar.

For general reading.

Muntakhab-ul-Hikayat, by Nazir Ahmad.
Musaddas-i-Hali.

†History.

Books recommended to indicate the standard of knowledge required:—

History of India.

R. C. Majumdar. A Brief History of India (latest edition).

S. N. Sen and H. C. Raychaudhuri. The Groundwork of Indian History.

N. C. Banerjee. Text-book of Indian History.

V. A. Smith. The Students' History of India (Oxford University Press).

H. Chatterjee. A Brief Survey of Indian History (Longmans).

R. D Banerjee. A Junior History of India (Blackie & Sons), Edition of 1930.

K. P. Mitra. Indian History for Matriculation (Macmillan & Co.).

R. C. Majumdar. Bharatbarsher Sankshipta Itihas (in Bengali, latest edition).

Khagendranath Mitra. Bharatbarsher Itihas (in Bengali).

Sen and Raychaudhuri. Bharatbarsher Itihas.

Narayanchandra Banerjee. Bharatbarsher Itihas.

M. N. Ray. High School History of India (Urdu).

V. A. Smith. Bharatbarshaka Itihas (Students' History of India, translated into Hindi by the Oxford University Press).

The Students' Atlas of Indian History, by the author of the "Historical Atlas of the British Empire" (Macmillan) (price eight annas).

N.B.—Candidates are required to have a knowledge of map-drawing.

*Open only to a candidate if it is not his Vernacular.
†Candidates taking up this subject will be permitted to submit their answers in that subject in one of the following languages: English, Bengali, Hindi, Uriya, Assamese, Urdu, Burmese or Modern Armenian.

Administration and Progress in India under British Rule.

N. Ghosh. England's Work in India (latest revised edition, published by the Calcutta University).

Khagendranath Mitra. Bharate Ingrez Shasan (in Bengali), latest revised edition, published by the Calcutta University.

Geography.

Books recommended to be used by students in studying the subject in accordance with the syllabus:—

The World with fuller treatment of India (Longmans' Geographical Series for India, Book II).

A. Bose. Outlines of Geography.

Bhugol Bijnan (in Bengali), published by the Albert Library, Dacca.

Gurubandhu Bhattacharyya. Bhugol Probesika (in Bengali).

Longmans' Geographical Exercise Book for India, Part II, by L. Dudley Stamp.

The following books are recommended for the use of teachers:—

Blandford. The Rudiments of Physical Geography for the use of Indian Schools.

Frew, A Regional Geography of the Indian Empire (Blackie & Sons).

Wallis. The Teaching of Geography (Cambridge University Press).

O'Malley. Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, Sikkim (Macmillan & Co.).

L. Dudley Stamp. The World. A General Geography for Indian Schools (Longmans, Green & Co.).

L. Dudley Stamp. How to teach Geography in India (Longmans, Green & Co.).

P. Das and G. Mukherjee. Prabesika Bhugol.

Lyde and Butterworth. The Overseas Empire (Blackie & Sons).

Lyde and Butterworth. From Pole to Pole (Blackie & Sons).

Lyde. Man on the Earth (Blackie & Sons).

Lyde. Man and his Markets.

Morrison. Our World.

The following book is recommended for the use of teachers in connection with the teaching of "Sand Modelling" in the lower classes of schools:—

A. F. Frye. The Child and Nature.

N. B.—I. Every school that intends to undertake instruction in Geography for the Matriculation Examination is required to possess the apparatus mentioned in the following list:—

(1) A measuring tape and metre scale and foot-rule.

(2) A magnetic compass.

(3) Squared paper and tracing paper.

(4) Clay, dry sand, paper pulp for modelling.

(5) A globe not less than 14 inches in diameter, with writing surface, and with line of latitude and longitude and outlines only of the land masses marked upon it.

(6) A map of the school locality on a scale of 4″ or 6″=1 mile.

(7) A map of the district in which the school is situated, 1″=1 mile.

(8) A coloured map of the province.

(9) A coloured political map of India.

(10) A physical map of India.

(11) A relief map of India.

(12) A map of the world on Mollweide's equal-area projection and a map of Asia.

(13) A practical Atlas of Modern Geography (George Gill & Sons).

It is essential that the student should be provided with atlases, or with the necessary hand-map, and with a drawing instrument box. Maps for school work should not contain too much detail or be crowded with names.

II. The following additional equipment is recommended when it can be provided, but the lack of it is not to be considered as a bar to the recognition of the school in Geography:—

(1) A thermometer.

(2) A mercury barometer.

(3) A rain-gauge.

(4) A small collection of typical rocks, in particular, those of the Province and India.

(5) A small museum of typical products.

(6) A good standard atlas.

(7) Geographical pictures.

(8) Magic lantern and slides.

III. (*1*) The attention of teachers is invited to the raised maps of Bengal and Eastern Bengal and Assam made of paper pulp prepared by Babu Kailaschandra Dutt, Head Pandit, Habigunj Government Girls' School, Sylhet and sold for Rs. 7 and Rs. 5, respectively.

(*2*) Globes of all kinds are made by George Phillip & Son, London, W. and A. K. Johnston, London, and Messrs. Ruddiman, London. Small hand-globes of German make can be obtained through the Indian School Supply Depôt for about a rupee each.

(*3*) The "Comparative" Series of large wall maps of the continents published by George Phillip & Son is good and up-to-date; as also are the geographical wall maps published by Edward Standford. Messrs. Ruddiman Johnston publish a series of smaller wall maps which include maps of India illustrating various distributions.

Messrs. Nelson's wall atlases are good. Mr. S. B. Chatterjee publishes District Maps, also ordinary and relief maps of the province.

Babu L. M. Basu, the Drawing Master of the Dacca Collegiate School, has published good relief maps of Eastern Bengal and Assam and of India.

The Vidal-Lablache French wall maps on strong card-board, name on one side, and the same map without names on the reverse, published by Arman Collin, Paris, are good and cheap. They measure 46 inches by 39 inches and can be delivered in Calcutta for Rs. 4-14 each.

(*4*) The hand maps coloured to indicate relief, published by the Diagram Company, West Barnes Lane, New Malden, Surrey, at one penny each, are the best of their kind.

The uncoloured half-penny maps showing river system and a few towns published by the same Company, are excellent for class use.

The autograph hand-maps, with hill shading in brown, published by Messrs. Edward Standford, London, at one penny each, are very good, and are larger than the Diagram Company's hand-maps. The 15" map of the world of Mollweide's equal-area projection is specially to be commended.

(*5*) Wall pictures of considerable artistic merit are published by Messrs. Edward Arnold of Leeds, Horns Hachett of Paris, Messrs. Holzel of Vienna, and Messrs. Longmans, Green & Company. They cost, delivered in India, from two or three rupees each.

Map lantern slides and view slides specially prepared for Geography teaching are sold by the Diagram Company for two or three shillings each. Mr. Sain of Darjeeling also sells good picture slides of the Himalayas at Rs. 15 per dozen.

- - .VORTI, *Registrar*.

State Medical Faculty of Bengal.

Grosvenor House, Calcutta, the 26th October 1933.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2816F.—The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Final Examination for the Senior Certificate in Nursing held in October 1933 :—

(In alphabetical order.)

	Name.		Age.	Institution where trained.
	Barseghian, Seranosh	..	30-0	Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta.
	Chattopadhyay, Bijali	..	32-0	Ditto.
	Cressy, Alice	..	22-0	Ditto.
	Croxford, Florence Mae	..	23-7	Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta.
	Dyor, Daphne	..	22-3	Ditto.
	Emmer, Beryl Elsie	..	23-0	Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta.
	Fernandez, Josephine	..	28-0	Ditto.
	,, Olive	..	22-0	Ditto.
	Halford, Vera	..	26-0	Ditto.
10	Haslan, Bertha	..	27-0	Ditto.
	Labanti, Gertrude Norma Lilian		23-0	Ditto.
	Lane, Eileen Dorothy	..	22-3	Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta.
	Leonard, Winifred Irene	..	24-9	Ditto.
	Parsons, Olive Mary	..	29-0	Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta.
	Pote, Gladys Maud	.	23-4	Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta.
	Rodrigues, Maud Agnes	..	23-0	Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta.
	Ross, Beryl Beatrice	..	21-11	Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta.
	Salisbury, Elsie Marie	.	29-0	Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta.
19	Spooner, Kathleen Constance	..	24-4	Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta.

II. The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Final Examination for the Junior Certificate in Nursing held in October 1933 : -

(In alphabetical order.)

	Abishak Subba	..	21-9	Charteris Hospital, Kalimpong.
	Bhajur, Ethelda	..	21-0	Sambhunath Pandit Hospital, Calcutta.
	Biswas, Sailabala	..	21-10	Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta.
	Das, Hemantakumari	..	28-4	Mitford Hospital, Dacca.
	,, Jogendrachandra		22-0	Carmichael Medical College Hospital, Calcutta.
	,, Khagendranath	..	26-0	Ditto.
	Dasgupta, Asarani	..	28-3	Mitford Hospital, Dacca.
	Dasi, Krishnabhabini	.	22-11	Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta.
	Datta, Manomohini	..	27-4	Mitford Hospital, Dacca.
10	Mukhopadhyay, Kalpana	.	21 0	Sambhunath Pandit Hospital, Calcutta.
	Perry, Lily Dora	..	23-0	Ditto.
	Somali, Tamangsoni	.	21-10	Charteris Hospital, Kalimpong.
13	Syeda, Fatema Khatun	..	21-8	Suryyakanta Hospital, Mymensingh.

III The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Final Examination for the Senior Certificate in Midwifery held in October 1933 : -

(In alphabetical order.)

Davidson, Nora	..	26-0	Eden Hospital, Calcutta.
Elianoff, Helen Mary	.	30-10	Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta
Flannery, Margaret	..	25-4	Ditto.
Godfrey, Mana Constance	..	36-0	Eden Hospital, Calcutta.
McLeod, Doris Muriel	..	37-0	Ditto.
Penfold, Elsie Emily Alice	..	35-0	Ditto.
Shaw, Edna May	..	28-0	Ditto.

IV. The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Final Examination for the Junior Certificate in Midwifery held in October 1933 :

	Baroi, Sonamukhi	..	25-0	Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta.
	Bhajur, Ethelda	..	21-0	Sambhunath Pandit Hospital, Calcutta.
	Bhattacharyya, Nanibala	..	31-4	Mitford Hospital, Dacca.
	Daring, Brajabala	..	21-6	Ditto.
	Dunn, Theddoea Cherrily	..	26-0	Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta.
	Iangblah, Emiosilla	..	22-5	Ditto.
	Jacob, Isabel Marian	..	23 4	Mitford Hospital, Dacca.
	Mallik, Pratibhasundari	..	26-0	Eden Hospital, Calcutta.
	Mukhopadhyay, Kalpana	..	21-0	Sambhunath Pandit Hospital, Calcutta.
10	Pal, Tarulata	..	28-0	Eden Hospital, Calcutta.
	Perry, Lily Dora	..	23-0	Sambhunath Pandit Hospital, Calcutta.
12	Sarkar, Susila	..	31-0	Eden Hospital, Calcutta.

V. The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Final Compoundership Examination held in September 1933 :--

(In alphabetical order.)

	Name.		Age.	Institution where trained.
	Baidya, Dhananjay	..	30-0	Dacca Medical School.
	Bandyopadhyay, Haripada	..	31-1	Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.
	Basu, Chittaranjan *	..	20-10	Dacca Medical School.
	,, Kumudkanta	..	22-0	Campbell Medical School
	Bhattacharyya, Bhupendrachandra.		21-0	Dacca Medical School.
	,, Jyotirindrakumar.		18-8	Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.
	,, Pramodaranjan		23-4	Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.
	Biswas, Satyaranjan	.	24-4	Ditto.
	Byapari, Hridayranjan	..	..	C. M. S. Medical Mission, Dayabari.
10	Chakrabarti, Rabindrakumar	.	19-0	Campbell Medical School.
	Chanda, Rohinikumar	..	18-8	Dacca Medical School.
	Chattopadhyay, Asokendranath		26-6	Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.
	Das, Anilchandra	.	20-0	Campbell Medical School.
	,, Manoranjan	.	..	Ditto
	,, Nabaghanasyam	..	25-0	Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.
	,, Nanigopal	..	..	Campbell Medical School.
	,, Rakhahari	..	25-8	Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.
	,, Upendranarayan	..	33-8	Ditto.
	Datta, Sudhakar	..	18-7	Ditto
20	De, Phatikchandra	..	19-8	Dacca Medical School.
	Duk Tshering Simick	.	25-0	Charteris Hospital, Kalimpong
	Dunne, John	.	19-0	Campbell Medical School
	Gangopadhyay, Amulyakumar		20-8	Dacca Medical School
	Ghosh, Panchanan	.	.	Campbell Medical School.
	,, Surendrachandra	.	19-0	Dacca Medical School.
	Gope, Gangacharan	..	19-9	Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.
	Kar, Priyanath	..	19-10	Dacca Medical School
	Kundu, Sarojkumar	..	25-2	Ditto.
	Majumdar, Surendrakumar	..	20 0	Ditto.
30	Mallik, Daniel Kumar	..	.	C. M. S. Medical Mission, Dayabari
	Mitra, Surendrachandra		..	Campbell Medical School.
	Mukhopadhyay, Jadabchandra		19-0	Ditto.
	,, Sadananda	..	21-3	Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.
	Pal, Rameschandra		19-0	Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.
	Patua, Prabhakar	.	20 0	Campbell Medical School
	Premnath Thomas	.		Charteris Hospital, Kalimpong.
	Ray, Hemantakumar		20-0	Campbell Medical School
	,, Ranendrakumar		.	Dacca Medical School
	Saha, Haripada	..	21-9	Ditto
40	,, Upendranath	..	19-6	Campbell Medical School.
	Sarkar, Mohinimohan	..	19-10	Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.
	Sen, Bibhutibhushan	..	18-3	Ditto.
	,, Hiralal	..	21-8	Dacca Medical School.
	Sengupta, Rebatiranjan	.	24-8	Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.
	Sinha, Balahari	..	20-10	Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.
	,, Haridas	..	19-0	Campbell Medical School
47	Talukdar, Himansubhushan	..	19-1	Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

VI. The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Dressership Examination held in September 1933 :

(In alphabetical order.)

Basu, Kumudkanta	Campbell Medical School
Chakrabarti, Rabindrakumar	Ditto.
Das, Anilchandra	Ditto.
Kundu, Sarojkumar	Dacca Medical School.
Mitra, Surendrachandra	Campbell Medical School.
Ray, Hemantakumar	Ditto.
Sarkar, Mohinimohan	Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.
Sinha, Haridas	Campbell Medical School.

R. M DAS,

Secretary, State Medical Faculty of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1933.

PART III

Acts of the Bengal Legislative Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Legislative Department.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1223L. — 10th November, 1933.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 81 of the Government of India Act, the following Act of the local legislature of Bengal, having been assented to by the Governor General on the 3rd November, 1933, is hereby published for general information.

Bengal Act XI of 1933.

THE CALCUTTA MUNICIPAL (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1933.

[Published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 16th November, 1933.]

An Act further to amend the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, in the manner hereinafter appearing;

AND WHEREAS the previous sanction of the Governor General has been obtained under sub-section (*3*) of section 80A of the Government of India Act to the passing of this Act; 5 & 6 Geo. V. c. 61; 6 & 7 Geo. V. c. 37; 9 & 10 Geo. V. c. 101.

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Calcutta Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1933.

Amendment of section 22 of Bengal Act III of 1923.

2. After clause (*g*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 22 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"or

(*h*) has not paid any sum certified by the auditors to be due from him in a certificate which has not been set aside under this Act or, if such certificate has been modified under section 123B, sub-section (*4*), or under section 123C, has not paid the sum shown to be due from him in the modified certificate"

Amendment of section 43.

3. In section 43 of the said Act, after the word and figures "section 38" the words, figures and letter "or section 123F" shall be inserted.

Insertion of new sections 54A, 54B, 54C and 54D.

4. After section 54 of the said Act, the following sections shall be inserted, namely:

Disqualification for appointment as a municipal officer or servant.

"54A. (*1*) Without the previous sanction of the Local Government in each case, no person shall be appointed as a municipal officer or servant if he has been convicted of an offence against the State or has been sentenced to imprisonment for a term of three months or more:

Provided that this sub-section shall not apply to any person in respect of a sentence for an offence other than an offence against the State after the expiry of five years from the date of his release from the imprisonment imposed by the said sentence.

(*2*) Every candidate for appointment as a municipal officer or servant shall—

(*a*) declare in writing that he has not been convicted of an offence against the State or sentenced to imprisonment for a term of three months or more, or

(*b*) state in writing the particulars of any such conviction or sentence,

and no person shall be appointed who has not made such declaration or statement.

(*3*) The declaration or statement referred to in sub-section (*2*) shall be submitted by the candidate to the authority making the appointment and shall be scrutinised by such authority before the appointment is made.

The Calcutta Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1933.

(*Section 5.*)

(*4*) Any authority who knowingly appoints a person in contravention of sub-section (*1*) shall, if any payment is made in consequence of such appointment, be deemed, for the purposes of this Act, to have authorized the making of an illegal payment.

(*5*) Any person who makes a declaration or statement under sub-section (*2*) which is false shall be punished with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with both. The Local Government may prescribe the agency by which and the manner in which prosecutions shall be instituted under this sub-section.

Dismissal of municipal officers and servants convicted of certain offences.

54B. (*1*) Any municipal officer or servant who, after the commencement of the Calcutta Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1933, is convicted of an offence against the State or sentenced either to rigorous imprisonment for any term or to simple imprisonment for a term of six months or more shall be deemed to be dismissed from service with effect from the date of his conviction and his office shall become vacant from such date.

(*2*) If the conviction or sentence in respect of which any person is deemed to be dismissed under sub-section (*1*) is set aside by a competent court such person shall be deemed to have been suspended, and not dismissed, from service from the date of his conviction until the date on which the conviction or sentence is set aside.

(*3*) The Local Government may of their own motion or on receipt of an application from the person concerned by an order in writing exempt any person from the operation of sub-section (*1*) in respect of a conviction specified in such order and thereupon such person shall be deemed to have been suspended and not dismissed from service, from the date of his conviction until the date of such order.

(*4*) An application for exemption from the operation of sub-section (*1*) may be made to the Local Government by the convicted person within two months after the date of his conviction. If the Local Government fail to pass final orders thereon within three months after receipt of the application such person shall be exempt from the operation of sub-section (*1*) and shall be deemed to have been suspended, and not dismissed, from service from the date of his conviction.

Power to exclude certain municipal appointments, and municipal officers or servants from the operation of sections 54A and 54B.

54C. The Local Government may, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, exclude any class of municipal appointments, or any class of municipal officers or servants, specified in the notification, from the operation of all or any of the provisions of section 54A or of section 54B, respectively, either wholly or in respect of any class of convictions or sentences so specified.

Meaning of offence against the State.

54D. In sections 54A and 54B the expression 'offence against the State' means an offence included in Chapter VI or Chapter VII of the Indian Penal Code and any attempt or conspiracy to commit, or any abetment of, any offence included in the said Chapters." **XLV of 1860.**

Amendment of section 85.

6. In clause (*c*) (*ii*) of the proviso to section 85 of the said Act, after the word, brackets and figure "sub-section (*2*)" the words, figures and letter "or section 123E" shall be inserted.

The Calcutta Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1933.

(Sections 6—9.)

Insertion of new section 88A.

6. After section 88 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Grant in aid in certain cases.

"88A. Subject to the provisions of section 91A and notwithstanding anything contained elsewhere in this Act no grant shall knowingly be made by the Corporation, without the previous sanction of the Local Government, for any purpose other than the purpose mentioned in that section to any institution which has after the commencement of the Calcutta Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1933, taken into employment any person, or to any person, who has been convicted of an offence against the State or sentenced to imprisonment for a term of three months or more.

Explanation 1.—In this section the expression 'offence against the State' has the meaning assigned to it in section 54D.

Explanation 2.—If any fact is communicated to the Chief Executive Officer, the Corporation shall, for the purposes of this section, be deemed to have knowledge of that fact."

Insertion of new section 91A.

7. After section 91 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Grant in aid of primary education.

"91A. In addition to the prohibition contained in section 88A and notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, no grant shall knowingly be made by the Corporation, without the previous sanction of the Local Government for the purpose of promoting primary education among boys and girls to any institution which has after the commencement of the Calcutta Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1933, taken into employment any person, or to any person, who has been convicted of an offence against the State or sentenced to imprisonment for a term of three months or more.

Explanation 1.—In this section the expression 'offence against the State' has the meaning assigned to it in section 54D.

Explanation 2.—If any fact is communicated to the Chief Executive Officer, the Corporation shall, for the purposes of this section, be deemed to have knowledge of that fact."

Amendment of section 120.

8. In section 120 of the said Act the following words shall be inserted before the words " accounts of," namely :—

" Subject to any rules made by the Local Government in this behalf."

Amendment of section 121.

9. In section 121 of the said Act—

(*1*) to sub-section (*1*) the following shall be added, namely :—

" The Executive Officer shall submit all accounts to the auditors as required by them ; "

(*2*) in clauses (*a*), (*b*) and (*c*) of sub-section (*2*), after the words " before them " the words " or before any officer subordinate to them " shall be inserted.

The Calcutta Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1933.

(Sections 10—12.)

Insertion of new section 121A.

10. After section 121 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Penalty for failure to comply with summons or requisition.

"121A. Any person who neglects or refuses to comply with a summons or requisition made under section 121, shall be punished with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees in respect of each item included in the summons or requisition."

Amendment of section 122.

11. In section 122 of the said Act—

(*1*) after clause (*a*) the following shall be inserted, namely :—

"(*aa*) report to the Corporation any loss or waste of money or other property owned by or vested in the Corporation which has been caused by neglect or misconduct, with the names of the persons who in their opinion are directly or indirectly responsible for such loss or waste ";

(*2*) the word " and " at the end of clause (*b*) shall be omitted ;

(*3*) after clause (*c*) the following shall be added, namely :—

" and

(*d*) submit to the Local Government duplicate copies of all reports referred to in clauses (*a*), (*aa*) and (*c*)."

Substitution of sections 123 to 123G for section 123.

12. For section 123 of the said Act the following sections shall be substituted, namely :—

Corporation to remedy defects and report to the Local Government.

"123. (*1*) The Corporation shall forthwith remedy any defects or irregularities that may be pointed out by the auditors and shall report to the Local Government the action taken by the Corporation :

Provided that if there is a difference of opinion between the Corporation and the auditors, or if the Corporation do not remedy any defect or irregularity within a period considered by the auditors to be reasonable, the matter shall be referred to the Local Government within such time and in such manner as the Local Government may prescribe by rule, and it shall be competent to the Local Government to pass such orders thereon as they think fit. The orders of the Local Government shall, save as provided in sections 123B and 123C, be final and the Corporation shall take action in accordance therewith.

(*2*) If, within any period fixed by an order made by the Local Government under sub-section (*1*), the Corporation fail to comply with such order, the provisions of section 18 shall, with all necessary modifications, be deemed to apply, as if such order had been issued under section 17.

Publication of auditors' report with replies.

123A. The Corporation shall publish the auditors' report referred to in clause (*c*) of section 122 with their replies to each item thereof within such time after the receipt of the said report as the Local Government may prescribe by rule and shall make the same available for sale to the public.

Power to auditors to disallow, surcharge and charge.

123B. (*1*) The auditors, after giving the person concerned an opportunity to submit an explanation, and after considering any such explanation, shall disallow every item of account contrary to law, and surcharge the same on the person making

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(Section 12.)

or authorizing the making of the illegal payment, and shall charge against any person accounting the amount of any deficiency or loss incurred by the negligence or misconduct of that persom, or of any sum which ought to have been but is not brought into account by that person, and shall in every such case certify the amount due from such person.

(*2*) Any Councillor, Alderman, or member of a Committee present at a meeting at which a motion or a resolution is passed authorizing expenditure which is subsequently disallowed under this section or authorizing any action which leads to expenditure afterwards so disallowed, shall be deemed to be a person authorizing the illegal payment if he votes for such motion or resolution, and all persons so voting shall be held jointly and severally responsible for the expenditure.

(*3*) The auditors shall state in writing their reasons for every disallowance, surcharge or charge made by them and shall serve in the manner prescribed by the Local Government a certificate of the amount due and a copy of the reasons for their decision on the person against whom the certificate is made, and shall also furnish copies thereof to the Corporation and to the Local Government.

(*4*) The Local Government may, of their own motion, within one year after receiving the copy of the certificate, set aside or modify any disallowance, surcharge or charge, and any certificate in respect thereof, made by the auditors.

Right of appeal to the Civil Court or to the Local Government.

123C. Any person from whom any sum has been certified by the auditors under section 123B to be due may, within three months after he has been served with the certificate, apply to the Civil Court to set aside or modify the disallowance, surcharge or charge in respect of which the certificate was made, and the said Court after taking such evidence as is necessary may confirm, set aside, or modify the disallowance, surcharge or charge, and the certificate, with such orders as to costs as it may think proper in the circumstances; or in lieu of such application to the Court any such person may appeal to the Local Government who shall pass such orders as they think fit, and the decision of the Local Government on such appeal shall be final. Where a person referred to in section 123B, sub-section (*2*), who has been surcharged as authorizing an illegal payment appeals to the Local Government under this section the Local Government shall set aside such surcharge if it is proved to their satisfaction that such person voted for the motion or resolution in good faith.

Explanation.—In this section 'the Civil Court' means the High Court at Fort William in Bengal, if and when it is specifically empowered by law to entertain an application under this section, and unless and until the said High Court is so empowered, means the Court of Small Causes of Calcutta.

Payment of certified sums to be made within three months.

123D. (*1*) Notwithstanding any application or appeal that may be made under section 123C, every sum certified to be due from any person by the auditors under this Act or, if the certificate has been modified under section 123B, sub-section (*4*), or under section 123C, the sum shown to be due from such person in the modified certificate shall be paid by such person to the Executive Officer within three months after he has been served with a certificate of the auditors or within such longer period as may be allowed by the Local Government; any such sum, if not so paid, shall, notwithstanding the provisions of section 123F, be recoverable on an application made to the Court of Small Causes of Calcutta either by the Executive Officer or, if he fails to apply within such time as the Local Government may prescribe by rule, by the auditors, in the same way as an amount decreed by that Court.

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(*2*) Any sum or part of a sum so paid or recovered, the certificate in respect of which is set aside or modified under section 123B, sub-section (*4*), or under section 123C, shall, as the case may require, be wholly or partly refunded, in the prescribed manner, to the person who paid it.

Costs and expenses payable out of Municipal Fund.

123E. (*1*) All costs allowed by the Court against the auditors under the provisions of section 123C and all expenses incurred by the auditors in connection with an application under section 123D shall be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

(*2*) If the Corporation fail to pay any costs or expenses as required by sub-section (*1*) within a period to be fixed by the Local Government in this behalf, the Local Government may attach the Municipal Fund or any portion thereof; and the provisions of section 118, sub-section (*2*), shall, with all necessary modifications, be deemed to apply.

Effect of non-payment of certified sums.

123F. If any sum certified by the auditors under this Act to be due from a Councillor, Alderman or member of a Committee or from any officer or servant of the Corporation or, if the certificate has been modified under section 123B, sub-section (*4*), or under section 123C, any sum shown to be due from such person in the modified certificate is not paid by such person within the period of three months or such longer period as the Local Government may allow under section 123D, he shall be deemed to have vacated his seat or to have been dismissed from the service of the Corporation, as the case may be, with effect from the date of an order to be made by the Local Government in this behalf and shall not be eligible for re-election or re-appointment until the sum certified, or the sum shown to be due in the modified certificate, has been paid by him or the certificate in respect of such sum has been set aside under section 123B, sub-section (*4*), or under section 123C.

Power to Local Government to make rules.

123G. (*1*) The Local Government may make rules for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this Chapter.

(*2*) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

(*a*) the manner and forms in which the accounts of the Corporation shall be kept;

(*b*) the agency by which and the manner in which prosecutions shall be instituted under section 54A, sub-section (*5*);

(*c*) the powers and duties of the auditors, the procedure to be followed by them and the times and places at which an audit may be conducted;

(*d*) the period within which, and the manner in which, matters shall be referred to the Local Government under section 123;

(*e*) the period within which and the manner in which the auditors' report with the replies of the Corporation shall be published;

(*f*) the manner in which and the price at which the auditors' report with the replies of the Corporation shall be offered for sale;

(*g*) the service under section 123B, sub-section (*3*), of certificates and copies of the reasons for the decisions of the auditors;

(*h*) recording in minutes and proceedings of the meetings of the Corporation or of any Committee thereof the names of persons who vote for and against any motion or resolution that is adopted or passed and of persons who do not vote;

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(*i*) the period within which application shall be made by the Executive Officer under section 123D, sub-section (*1*); and

(*j*) the manner in which refunds shall be made under section 123D, sub-section (*2*)."

Amendment of section 554.

13. In section 554 of the said Act after the words "municipal officer and servant" the words "every auditor appointed under section 121" shall be inserted.

G. G. HOOPER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1933.

PART V

Acts of the Indian Legislature assented to by the Governor-General and Ordinances promulgated under section 72 of the Government of India Act.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Legislative Department.

The following Act of the Indian Legislature received the assent of the Governor General on the 11th September, 1933, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. XVIII OF 1933.

An Act further to amend the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922, for certain purposes.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922, for the purposes hereinafter appearing: It is hereby enacted as follows:— XI of 1922.

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Indian Income-tax (Second Amendment) Act, 1933.

Amendment of section 5, Act XI of 1922.

2. In section 5 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act),— XI of 1922

(*a*) for sub-section (*3*) the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

"(*3*) The Governor General in Council may appoint a Commissioner of Income-tax for any area specified in the order of appointment.";

(*b*) in sub-section (*4*),—

(*i*) for the words "in respect of such classes of persons and such classes of income" the words "in respect of such persons or classes of persons and of such incomes or classes of income" shall be substituted, and

(*ii*) after the words "in respect of such areas as the Commissioner of Income-tax may direct" the following words shall be inserted, namely:—

"and, where two or more Assistant Commissioners of Income-tax or Income-tax Officers have been appointed for the same area, in accordance with any orders which the Commissioner of Income-tax may make for the distribution and allocation of the work to be performed"; and

(*c*) in sub-section (*6*), for the word "province" the word "area" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 8, Act XI of 1922.

3. In the first proviso to section 8 of the said Act after the word "Provided" the word ", further," shall be inserted, and before the said proviso as so amended the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

"Provided that no income-tax shall be payable under this section by the assessee in respect of any sum deducted from such interest by way of commission by a banker realizing such interest on behalf of the assessee:".

Amendment of section 9, Act XI of 1922.

4. For clause (*iv*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 9 of the said Act the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(*iv*) where the property is subject to a mortgage, or other capital charge, the amount of any interest on such mortgage or charge; where the property is subject to a ground rent, the amount of such ground rent; and where the property has been acquired with borrowed capital, the amount of any interest payable on such capital and not specifically charged upon the property itself;".

Amendment of section 11, Act XI of 1922.

5. For sub-section (*2*) of section 11 of the said Act the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

"(*2*) Such profits or gains shall be computed after making the following allowances, namely:—

(*i*) any expenditure (not being in the nature of capital expenditure) incurred solely for the purposes of such profession or vocation, and not being personal expenses of the assessee;

(*ii*) in respect of depreciation of buildings and depreciation and obsolescence of machinery, apparatus, appliances, plant, furniture or other capital assets being the property of the assessee and used solely for the purposes of such profession or vocation, the allowances specified in clauses (*vi*) and (*vii*) of sub-section (*2*) of section 10 subject to all the conditions specified in those clauses."

Amendment of section 16, Act XI of 1922.

6. In sub-section (*1*) of section 16 of the said Act, for the words and figure "the provisos to section 8" the words and figure "the second and third provisos to section 8" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 18, Act XI of 1922.

7. In section 18 of the said Act,—

(*a*) sub-section (*1*) shall be omitted;

(*b*) in sub-section (*2*), after the word "income-tax" the words "but not super-tax" shall be inserted;

(c) in sub-section (3),—

(i) after the word "shall" the words "unless otherwise prescribed in the case of any security of the Government of India" shall be inserted,

(ii) after the word "income-tax" the words "but not super-tax" shall be inserted, and

(iii) the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided that where the Income-tax Officer gives a certificate in writing (which certificate he shall give in every proper case on the application of the assessee) that to the best of his belief the total income of a recipient will be less than the minimum liable to income-tax or will be liable to a rate of income-tax less than the maximum rate, the person responsible for paying any income herein referred to to such recipient shall, until such certificate is cancelled by the Income-tax Officer, pay the income without deduction or deduct the tax at such less rate, as the case may be.";

(d) after sub-section (3) as so amended the following sub-sections shall be inserted, namely:—

"(3A) Where the Income-tax Officer has reason to believe that the total income of any person residing out of British India to whom any interest not being 'Interest on Securities' is payable, will in any year exceed the maximum amount which is not chargeable with super-tax under the law for the time being in force, he may, by order in writing, require the person responsible for paying such interest to such person to deduct at the time of payment income-tax and super-tax at the rates determined by the Income-tax Officer to be applicable to the total income of such person in that year.

(3B) Where the person responsible for paying any interest not being 'Interest on Securities' to any person pays to that person in any year an amount of such interest exceeding in the aggregate the maximum amount which is not chargeable with super-tax under the law for the time being in force, the person responsible for paying such interest shall, if he has not reason to believe that the recipient is resident in British India, and no order under sub-section (3A) has been received in respect of such recipient, deduct at the time of payment income-tax on the total amount of such interest at the rate appropriate to such total, and super-tax on the amount by which such total exceeds the maximum amount not chargeable with super-tax at the rate applicable to such excess.

(3C) Where the Income-tax Officer has reason to believe that any person, who is a shareholder in a company, is resident out of British India and that the total income of such person will in any year exceed the maximum amount which is not chargeable to super-tax under the law for the time being in force, he may, by order in writing, require the principal officer of the company to deduct at the time of payment of any dividend from the company to the shareholder in that year super-tax at such rate as the Income-tax Officer

may determine as being the rate applicable in respect of the income of the shareholder in that year.

(*3D*) If in any year the amount of any dividend or the aggregate amount of any dividends paid to any shareholder by a company (together with the amount of any income-tax payable by the company in respect thereof) exceeds the maximum amount of the total income of a person which is not chargeable to super-tax under the law for the time being in force, and the principal officer of the company has not reason to believe that the shareholder is resident in British India, and no order under sub-section (*3C*) has been received in respect of such shareholder by the principal officer from the Income-tax Officer, the principal officer shall at the time of payment deduct super-tax on the amount of such excess at the rate which would be applicable under the law for the time being in force if the amount of such dividend or dividends (together with the amount of such income-tax as aforesaid) constituted the whole total income of the shareholder.";

(*e*) in sub-section (*5*), after the word "income-tax" the words "or super-tax" shall be inserted;

(*f*) in sub-section (*7*),—

(*i*) after the words "as required by" the words "or under" shall be inserted, and for the word "personally" the words "an assessee" shall be substituted, and

(*ii*) the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided that the Income-tax Officer shall not make a direction under sub-section (*1*) of section 46 for the recovery of any penalty from such person unless satisfied that such person has wilfully failed to deduct and pay the tax "; and

(*g*) in sub-section (*9*), after the word "income-tax", in both places where it occurs, the words "or super-tax" shall be inserted, and for the word, brackets and figure "sub-section (*3*)," the words, brackets and figures "sub-section (*3*), (*3A*), (*3B*), (*3C*) or (*3D*)" shall be substituted

Amendment of section 19, Act XI of 1922.

8. In section 19 of the said Act, for the words and figures "any other head than those mentioned in sub-section (*1*) of section 18" the words "any head other than 'salaries' or 'interest on securities'" shall be substituted.

Insertion of new section 20A in Act XI of 1922

9. After section 20 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Supply of information regarding interest.

"20A. The person responsible for paying any interest not being 'Interest on Securities' shall, on or before the fifteenth day of June in each year, furnish to the prescribed officer a return in the prescribed form and verified in the prescribed manner of the names and addresses of all persons to whom during the previous financial year he has paid interest or aggregate interest exceeding such amount not being less than one thousand rupees as may be prescribed in this behalf, together with the amount paid to each such person."

Amendment of section 24, Act XI of 1922.

10. In section 24 of the said Act,—

(*a*) in sub-section (*2*), after the words "any member of such firm" the words "or any person who being a minor has been admitted to the benefits of partnership in such firm" shall be inserted; and

(*b*) to the same sub-section as so amended the following shall be added, namely:—

"or to his share of the benefits of partnership, as the case may be."

Insertion of new sections 24A and 24B in Act XI of 1922

11. After section 24 of the said Act the following sections shall be inserted, namely:—

Assessment in case of departure from British India

"24A. (*1*) When it appears to the Income-tax Officer that any person may leave British India during the current financial year; or shortly after its expiry, and that he has no present intention of returning, the Income-tax Officer may proceed to assess him on his total income for the period from the expiry of the last previous year for which he has been assessed to the probable date of his departure from British India. For each completed previous year included in this period an assessment shall be made on the total income of such person at the rate at which it would have been charged had such income been fully assessed, and for the period from the expiry of the last of such previous years to the probable date of departure, the Income-tax Officer shall estimate the total income of such person and assess it at the rate in force for the financial year in which such assessment is made:

Provided that nothing herein contained shall authorise an Income-tax Officer to assess any income profits or gains which have escaped assessment or have been assessed at too low a rate in respect of which he is debarred from issuing a notice under section 34

(*2*) For the purpose of making an assessment under sub-section (*1*), the Income-tax Officer may serve a notice upon such person requiring him to furnish, within such time not being less than seven days as may be specified in the notice, a return in the same form and verified in the same manner as a return under sub-section (*2*) of section 22, setting forth (along with such other particulars as may be provided for in the notice) his total income for each of the completed previous years comprised in the period first referred to in sub-section (*1*) and his estimated total income for the period from the expiry of the last such completed previous year to the probable date of his departure; and the provisions of this Act shall, so far as may be, apply as if the notice were a notice issued under sub-section (*2*) of section 22.

Tax of deceased person payable by representative.

24B. (*1*) Where a person dies, his executor, administrator or other legal representative shall be liable to pay out of the estate of the deceased person to the extent to which the estate is capable of meeting the charge the tax assessed as payable by such person, or any tax which would have been payable by him under this Act if he had not died.

(*2*) Where a person dies before he is served with a notice under sub-section (*2*) of section 22 or section 34, as the case may be, the Income-tax Officer may serve on his executor, administrator or other legal representative a notice under sub-section (*2*) of section 22 or under section 34, as the case may be, and may proceed to assess the total income of the deceased person as if such executor, administrator or other legal representative were the assessee.

(3) Where a person dies, without having furnished a return which he has been required to furnish under the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 22, or having furnished a return which the Income-tax Officer has reason to believe to be incorrect or incomplete, the Income-tax Officer may make an assessment of the total income of such person and determine the tax payable by him on the basis of such assessment, and for this purpose may require from the executor, administrator or other legal representative of the deceased person any accounts, documents or other evidence which he might under the provisions of sections 22 and 23 have required from the deceased person."

Amendment of section 30, Act XI of 1922.

12. In section 30 of the said Act,—

(a) in sub-section (1), after the words "objecting to a refusal of an Income-tax Officer," the words "to register a firm under section 26A or" shall be inserted, and

(b) in sub-section (2), after the words "objected to" the words "or of the intimation of the refusal to register a firm under section 26A," shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 31, Act XI of 1922

13. In sub-section (3) of section 31 of the said Act,—

(a) after the words "in the case of an order refusing" the words "to register a firm under section 26A or" shall be inserted, and

(b) in sub-clause (c), for the words "to make a fresh assessment" the words "to register the firm or to make a fresh assessment, as the case may be" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 32, Act XI of 1922

14. In sub-section (1) of section 32 of the said Act, for the words "the making of such order" the words "the date on which he was served with notice of such order" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 38, Act XI of 1922

15. To section 38 of the said Act the following clause shall be added, namely:—

"(3) require any person whom he has reason to believe to be engaged in business, to furnish him with a return containing particulars of the location and style of his principal place of business, and of his branch businesses, if any, the names and addresses of his partners in any business, and the extent of his own share and the shares of all such partners in the profits of such business or businesses."

Amendment of section 46, Act XI of 1922

16. To sub-section (2) of section 46 of the said Act the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided that without prejudice to any other powers of the Collector in this behalf, he shall for the purpose of recovering the said amount have in respect of the attachment and sale of debts due to the assessee the powers which under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, a Civil Court has in respect of the attachment and sale of debts due to a judgment-debtor for the purpose of the recovery of an amount due under a decree." V of 1908.

Amendment of section 48, Act XI of 1922.

17. In section 48 of the said Act,—

(a) in sub-section (1),—

(i) after the word "declared" the following words shall be inserted, namely:—

"or that his total income in such year is below the minimum chargeable with income-tax," and

(*ii*) after the words "between those rates" the following words shall be added, namely:—

"or at the rate applicable to the profits and gains of the company at the time of the declaration of such dividend, as the case may be";

(*b*) in sub-section (*2*),—

(*i*) after the words "registered firm" the words "or any person who being a minor has been admitted to the benefits of partnership in such firm" shall be inserted,

(*ii*) after the words "of that year" the following words shall be inserted, namely:—

"or that his total income of the previous year was below the minimum chargeable with income-tax," and

(*iii*) after the words "between those rates" the following words shall be added, namely:—

"or at the rate at which income-tax has been levied, as the case may be"; and

(*c*) in sub-section (*3*),—

(*i*) after the words "in that year" the following words shall be inserted, namely:—

"or that his total income of the previous year was below the minimum chargeable with income-tax," and

(*ii*) after the words "between those rates" the following words shall be added, namely:—

"or at the rate at which income-tax has been deducted, as the case may be."

Insertion of new section 48A in Act XI of 1922.

18. After section 48 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

General power to make refunds.

"48A. (*1*) If in any case not provided for by section 48 or by the provisions relating to refunds elsewhere contained in this Act the Income-tax Officer is satisfied, upon claim made in this behalf, that tax has been paid by or on behalf of any person with which he was not properly chargeable or which was in excess of the amount with which he was properly chargeable, the Income-tax Officer shall allow a refund to such person of the amount so paid or so paid in excess.

(*2*) The Assistant Commissioner in the exercise of his appellate powers, or the Commissioner in the exercise of his appellate powers or powers of revision it satisfied to the like effect shall in like manner cause a refund to be made by the Income-tax Officer of any amount found to have been wrongly paid or paid in excess.

(*3*) Nothing in this section shall operate to validate any objection or appeal which is otherwise invalid or to authorise the revision of any assessment or other matter which has become final and conclusive, or the review by any officer of a decision of his own which is subject to appeal or revision, or where any relief is specifically provided elsewhere in this Act, to entitle any person to any relief other or greater than that relief."

Insertion of new sections 49A and 49B in Act XI of 1922.

19. After section 49 of the said Act the following sections shall be inserted, namely:—

Power to set off amount of refunds against tax remaining payable.

"49A. Where under any of the provisions of this Act, a refund is found to be due to any person, the Income-tax Officer, Assistant Commissioner or Commissioner, as the case may be, may, in lieu of payment of

the refund, set off the amount to be refunded, or any part of that amount against the tax, if any, remaining payable by the person to whom the refund is due.

Power of representative of deceased person or person disabled to make claim on his behalf

49B. Where through death, incapacity, bankruptcy, liquidation or other cause, a person who would but for such cause have been entitled to a refund under any of the provisions of this Act, or to make a claim under section 48 or 48A or 49, is unable to receive such refund or to make such claim, his executor, administrator or other legal representative, or the trustee or receiver, as the case may be, shall be entitled to receive such refund or to make such claim for the benefit of such person or his estate."

Insertion of new section 50A in Act XI of 1922.

20. After section 50 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Appeal against refusal of refund.

"50A. (*1*) Any person objecting to a refusal of an Income-tax Officer to allow a claim to a refund under section 48 or 48A or 49 or to the amount of the refund made in any such case, may appeal to the Assistant Commissioner.

(*2*) The appeal shall be presented within thirty days of the date on which the refusal of the refund or the amount of the refund allowed was communicated to the appellant.

(*3*) The appeal shall be made in the prescribed form and shall be verified in the prescribed manner.

(*4*) The Assistant Commissioner may, after giving the appellant an opportunity of being heard, pass such orders as he thinks fit."

Amendment of section 51, Act XI of 1922

21. In clause (*c*) of section 51 of the said Act, after the word and figures "section 19A," the word and figures "section 20A," shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 52, Act XI of 1922

22. In section 52 of the said Act, after the words and figures "section 19A or" the words and figures "section 20A or" shall be inserted, and after the word and figures "section 33A" the words and figures "or sub-section (*3*) of section 50A" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 54, Act XI of 1922

23. In the first proviso to sub-section (*2*) of section 54 of the said Act, after clause (*c*), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(*cc*) of any such particulars occasioned by the lawful exercise by a public servant of his powers under the Indian Stamp Act, 1899, to impound an insufficiently stamped document, or". II of 1899.

Amendment of section 57, Act XI of 1922

24. In section 57 of the said Act, sub-sections (*2*) and (*3*) shall be omitted, and sub-section (*1*) shall be re-numbered as sub-section (*2*).

Amendment of section 58, Act XI of 1922.

25. In section 58 of the said Act,—

(*a*) in sub-section (*1*),—

(*i*) for the word "except" the words "relating to the charge, assessment, collection and recovery of income-tax except those contained in" shall be substituted, and for the words and figure "the provisos to section 8" the words and figure "the second and third provisos to section 8" shall be substituted,

(*ii*) the figures "18," where they occur between the figures "17" and "19," shall be omitted,

(*iii*) for the word and figures "and 48" the words, figures and letters "48, 58F and sub-sections (*2*) and (*3*) of section 58G" shall be substituted, and

(*iv*) the proviso shall be omitted; and

(*b*) in sub-section (*2*), before the word and figures "section 57" the words, brackets, figures and letters "sub-sections (*3A*), (*3B*), (*3C*) and (*3D*) of section 18" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 58G, Act XI of 1922.

26. In section 58G of the said Act,

(*a*) sub-sections (*1*) and (*2*) shall be re-numbered as sub-section (*2*) and (*3*), and before sub-section (*2*) as so re-numbered the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

"(*1*) Where the accumulated balance due to an employee participating in a recognised provident fund becomes payable, such accumulated balance shall be exempt from payment of super-tax except to the extent of an amount equal to the aggregate of the amounts of super-tax on annual accretions that would have been payable under section 58E up to the first day of April, 1933, if the Indian Income-tax (Second Amendment) Act, 1933, had come into force on the 15th March, 1930."; **XVIII of 1933.**

(*b*) in sub-section (*2*) as now re-numbered, the words "and super-tax" shall be omitted; and

(*c*) in sub-section (*3*) as now re-numbered, for the word, brackets and figure "sub-section (*1*)," the word, brackets and figure "sub-section (*2*)" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 60, Act XI of 1922.

27. In sub-section (*2*) of section 60 of the said Act, after the words "in advance" the words "or by reason of his having received in any one financial year salary for more than twelve months" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 66, Act XI of 1922.

28. In section 66 of the said Act,

(*a*) in sub-section (*2*), after the word and figures "section 32" the words and figures "or of an order under section 33 enhancing an assessment or otherwise prejudicial to him" shall be inserted;

(*b*) before the existing proviso to sub-section (*2*) the following proviso shall be inserted namely:—

"Provided that a reference shall lie from an order under section 33 only on a question of law arising out of that order itself, and not on a question of law arising out of a previous order under section 31 or section 32, revised by the order under section 33:";

(*c*) in the existing proviso to sub-section (*2*),—

(*i*) after the word "Provided" the word "further" shall be inserted,

(*ii*) after the word "question" the following words shall be inserted, namely:—

"or if the Commissioner rejects the application on the ground that it is time-barred or

otherwise incompetent, or if, in exercise of his powers under sub-section (*3*), the Commissioner refuses to state the case,", and

(*iii*) after the word "may" the words "within thirty days from the date on which he receives notice of the order passed by the Commissioner" shall be inserted;

(*d*) after sub-section (*3*) the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

"(*3A*) If, on any application being made under sub-section (*2*), the Commissioner rejects it on the ground that it is time-barred, the assessee may, within two months from the date on which he is served with notice of the order of the Commissioner, apply to the High Court, and the High Court, if it is not satisfied of the correctness of the Commissioner's decision, may require the Commissioner to treat the application as made within the time allowed under sub-section (*2*)."; and

(*e*) after sub-section (*7*) the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely—

"(*7A*) Section 5 of the Indian Limitation Act, 1908, shall apply to an application to the High Court by an assessee under sub-section (*3*) or sub-section (*3A*)." IX of 1908.

L. GRAHAM,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Legislative Department.

The following Act of the Indian Legislature received the assent of the Governor General on the 11th September, 1933, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT NO. XIX OF 1933.

An Act further to amend the Indian Railways Act, 1890, for a certain purpose.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Railways Act, 1890, for the purpose hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows:— IX of 1890

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Indian Railways (Amendment) Act, 1933.

Insertion of new section 51A in Act IX of 1890

2. After section 51 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, the following section shall be inserted, namely:— IX of 1890

Additional power to provide and maintain transport services.

"51A. (*1*) Any railway company, not being a company for which the Statute 42 and 43 Vic., Chap. 41, provides, may frame a scheme for the provision and maintenance of a motor transport or air-craft service for passengers, animals or goods with a terminus at or near a station on the railway owned or managed by such company.

(*2*) The scheme shall be submitted to the Governor General in Council, who, after consultation with the Local Government or Local Governments concerned, may sanction it, subject to such modifications and conditions as he may prescribe.

(*3*) The scheme shall be published in the Gazette of India and thereupon the railway company shall, subject to sub-section (*4*), have the power to provide and maintain a service in accordance therewith.

(*4*) In respect of any service provided and maintained by any railway company under this section,—

(*a*) the company shall be deemed not to be a railway administration for the purposes of this Act or of any other enactment affecting railways, and no property used exclusively for purposes of the service shall be deemed to be included in the railway or its rolling stock; and

(*b*) all enactments and rules for the time being in force relating to motor vehicles, air-craft and roads shall apply accordingly.

(*5*) The Governor General in Council, after consultation with the Local Government or Local Governments concerned, may, by notification in the Gazette of India, after giving to the railway company six months' notice of his intention so to do, withdraw his sanction to any scheme sanctioned under sub-section (*2*) or may modify the scheme or impose further conditions on it."

L. GRAHAM,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Legislative Department.

The following Act of the Indian Legislature received the assent of the Governor General on the 21st September, 1933, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. XXI OF 1933.

An Act further to amend the Indian Arbitration Act, 1899, for a certain purpose.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Arbitration Act, 1899, for the purpose hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows:— IX of 1899.

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Indian Arbitration (Amendment) Act, 1933.

Amendment of section 19, Act IX of 1899.

2. In section 19 of the Indian Arbitration Act, 1899, for the words "the Court," where they first occur, the words "the judicial authority before which the proceedings are pending" shall be substituted, and for the said words where they occur for the second time, the words "such authority" shall be substituted. IX of 1899.

L. GRAHAM,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Legislative Department.

The following Act of the Indian Legislature received the assent of the Governor General on the 23rd September, 1933, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT NO. XXVII OF 1933.

An Act to constitute a Medical Council in India.

WHEREAS it is expedient to constitute a Medical Council in India in order to establish a uniform minimum standard of higher qualifications in medicine for all provinces; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title extent and commencement.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Indian Medical Council Act, 1933.

(*2*) It extends to the whole of British India.

(*3*) It shall come into force on such date as the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, appoint.

Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(*a*) "British Indian University" means any University in British India established by an Act of the Indian Legislature or of a local Legislature and having a medical faculty;

(*b*) "the Council" means the Medical Council of India constituted under this Act;

(*c*) "medical institution" means any institution, within or without British India, which grants degrees, diplomas or licences in medicine;

(*d*) "medicine" means modern scientific medicine and includes surgery and obstetrics, but does not include veterinary medicine and surgery;

(*e*) "Provincial Medical Council" means a medical council constituted under an Act of a local Legislature to regulate the registration of medical practitioners;

(*f*) "Provincial Medical Register" means a register maintained under an Act of a local Legislature to regulate the registration of medical practitioners;

(*g*) "recognised medical qualification" means any of the medical qualifications included in the First and Second Schedules; and

(*h*) "Regulation" means a Regulation made under section 18.

Constitution and composition of the Council.

3. (*1*) The Governor General in Council shall cause to be constituted a Council consisting of the following members, namely:—

(*a*) one member from each Governor's province, to be nominated by the Local Government of the province,

(*b*) one member from each British Indian University, to be elected by the members of the Senate of the University (or, in the case of the University of Lucknow, the Court, and in the case of the University of Rangoon, the Council) from amongst the members of the medical faculty of the university;

(c) one member from each province where a Provincial Medical Register is maintained, to be elected from amongst themselves by persons enrolled on the Register who possess recognised medical qualifications or medical qualifications granted by a British Indian University; and

(d) three members to be nominated by the Governor General in Council.

(2) The President of the Council shall be elected by the members of the Council from amongst themselves:

Provided that for four years from the first constitution of the Council the President shall be a person nominated by the Governor General in Council who shall hold office during the pleasure of the Governor General in Council and, where he is not already a member, shall be a member of the Council in addition to the members prescribed in sub-section (1).

(3) No act done by the Council shall be questioned on the ground merely of the existence of any vacancy in, or any defect in the constitution of, the Council.

Mode of election.

4. (1) An election under clause (b) or clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3 shall be conducted by the Local Government, in such manner as it may think fit, subject to any instructions the Governor General in Council may issue in this behalf.

(2) Where any dispute arises regarding any election to the Council, it shall be referred to the Local Government whose decision shall be final.

Restrictions of nominations and elections.

5. (1) No person shall be eligible for nomination or election under clause (a) or (b) of sub-section (1) of section 3 unless he possesses a recognised medical qualification or a medical qualification granted by a British Indian University.

(2) No person shall be eligible for nomination under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 3 unless he resides in the province concerned, and, where a Provincial Medical Register is maintained in that province, unless he is enrolled on that register.

(3) No person shall be eligible for election under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 3 unless he has had at least four years' experience as a Professor, Assistant Professor, Lecturer or Reader in Medical College or Schools.

(4) No person may at the same time serve as a member in more than one capacity.

Incorporation of the Council.

6. The Council so constituted shall be a body corporate by the name of the Medical Council of India, having perpetual succession and a common seal, with power to acquire and hold property both moveable and immoveable, and to contract, and shall by the said name sue and be sued.

Term of office.

7. (1) An elected President shall hold office for a term not exceeding five years and not extending beyond the expiry of the term for which he has been nominated or elected to be a member of the Council.

(2) A member, other than a nominated President, shall hold office for the term of five years from the date of his nomination or election or until his successor shall have been duly nominated or elected, whichever is longer.

(3) Where the said term of five years is about to expire in respect of any member, his successor may be nominated or elected at any time within three months before the said term expires, but shall not assume office until the said term has expired.

Meetings of the Council.

8. (*1*) The Council shall hold its first meeting at such time and place as may be appointed by the Governor General in Council; and thereafter the Council shall meet at least once in each year at such time and place as may be appointed by the Council.

(*2*) Until otherwise provided by Regulations, ten members of the Council shall form a quorum, and all the acts of the Council shall be decided by a majority of the members present and voting.

Officers, Committees and servants of the Council.

9. (*1*) The Council shall—

(*a*) elect from amongst its members a Vice-President;

(*b*) constitute from amongst its members an Executive Committee, and such other Committees for general or special purposes as the Council deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act;

(*c*) appoint a Secretary, who may also, if deemed expedient, act as Treasurer;

(*d*) appoint or nominate such other officers and servants as the Council deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act;

(*e*) require and take from the Secretary, or from any other officer or servant, such security for the due performance of his duties as the Council deems necessary; and

(*f*) with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, fix the remuneration and allowances to be paid to the President, Vice-President, members, officers and servants of the Council.

(*2*) Notwithstanding anything contained in clause (*c*) of sub-section (*1*), for the four years from the commencement of this Act, the Secretary of the Council shall be a person appointed by the Governor General in Council, who shall hold office during the pleasure of the Governor General in Council.

The Executive Committee

10. (*1*) The Executive Committee shall consist of seven members, of whom five shall be elected by the Council from amongst its members.

(*2*) The President and Vice-President of the Council shall be members *ex officio* of the Executive Committee, and shall be President, and Vice-President, respectively, of that Committee.

(*3*) In addition to the powers and duties conferred and imposed upon it by this Act, the Executive Committee shall exercise and discharge such powers and duties as the Council may confer or impose upon it by any Regulations which may be made in this behalf.

Recognition of medical qualifications granted by medical institutions in British India.

11. (*1*) The medical qualifications granted by medical institutions in British India which are included in the First Schedule shall be recognised medical qualifications for the purposes of this Act.

(2) Any medical institution in British India which grants a medical qualification not included in the First Schedule may apply to the Governor General in Council to have such qualification recognised, and the Governor General in Council, after consulting the Council, may, by notification in the Gazette of India, amend the First Schedule so as to include such qualification therein.

(3) Such notification may also direct that an entry shall be made in the last column of the First Schedule against such medical qualification declaring that it shall be a recognised medical qualification only when granted after a specified date.

(4) The Council shall, as soon as may be and without application being made, make all necessary arrangements for the inspection of the medical courses and examinations of the Universities of Patna, Rangoon and Andhra, and shall submit their recommendations to the Governor General in Council regarding the inclusion in the First Schedule of the medical qualifications granted by these Universities.

Non-Indian qualifications in Second Schedule to be recognised.

12. The medical qualifications granted by medical institutions outside British India which are included in the Second Schedule shall be recognised medical qualifications for the purposes of this Act, and shall be sufficient qualification for enrolment on any Provincial Medical Register.

Transitory arrangements for modifying the Second Schedule.

13. (1) At any time during the period of four years after the commencement of this Act, the Council may enter into negotiations with the authority in any State or country outside British India which is entrusted by the law of such State or country with the maintenance of a register of medical practitioners, for the settling of a scheme of reciprocity for the recognition of medical qualifications, and the course of such negotiations shall be reported to the Governor General in Council, along with the decisions of the Council to recognise or to refuse to recognise the medcial qualifications proposed by such authority for recognition in British India.

(2) In so far as the decisions of the Council to recognise medical qualifications are accepted by the Governor General in Council, they shall be embodied in a resolution and published in the Gazette of India, and such resolution shall specify or indicate with sufficient accuracy all medical qualifications finally approved for recognition in British India:

Provided that where any such resolution specifies or indicates a medical qualification which is not included in the Second Schedule, the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, amend the Second Schedule so as to include such qualification therein, and such amendment may further direct that such qualification shall be deemed to be a recognised medical qualification for the purposes of this Act only when granted after a specified date.

(3) Within one month before the expiry of the period of four years from the commencement of this Act, the Governor General in Council shall frame a schedule to include all medical qualifications which have been specified or indicated by him in resolutions made under sub-section (2), and shall publish the said schedule in the Gazette of India, and such schedule shall be substituted for the Second Schedule with effect from the expiry of the said period of four years, and shall then have force as if it had been enacted in this Act:

Provided that the Governor General in Council shall include in the said schedule all medical qualifications included in the Second Schedule which were granted before the expiry of the said period of four years.

Permanent arrangements modifying the Second Schedule.

14. (*1*) At any time the expiry of the period of four years after the commencement of this Act, the Council may complete or may enter into negotiations with the authority in any State or country outside British India which by the law of such State or country is entrusted with the maintenance of a register of medical practitioners, for the settling of a scheme of reciprocity for the recognition of medical qualifications, and in pursuance of any such scheme the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, amend the Second Schedule so as to include therein any medical qualification which the Council has decided should be recognised.

(*2*) Such notification may also direct that an entry shall be made in the last column of the Second Schedule against such medical qualification declaring that it shall be a recognised medical qualification only when granted after a specified date.

(*3*) The Governor General in Council, after consultation with the Council, may, by notification in the Gazette of India, amend the Second Schedule by directing that an entry be made therein in respect of any medical qualification, declaring that it shall be a recognised medical qualification only when granted before a specified date.

(*4*) Where the Council has refused to recognise any medical qualification which has been proposed for recognition by any such authority, that authority may apply to the Governor General in Council, and the Governor General in Council, after considering such application and after consulting the Council, may, by notification in the Gazette of India, amend the Second Schedule so as to include such qualification therein, and the provisions of sub-section (*2*) shall apply to such notification.

Power to require information as to courses of study and examinations

15. Every medical institution in British India which grants a recognised medical qualification shall furnish such information as the Council may, from time to time, require as to the courses of study and examinations to be undergone in order to obtain such qualification, as to the ages at which such courses of study and examinations are required to be undergone and such qualification is conferred, and generally as to the requisites for obtaining such qualification.

Inspection of examinations

16. (*1*) The Executive Committee shall appoint such number of medical inspectors as it may deem requisite to attend at any or all of the examinations held by medical institutions in British India for the purpose of granting recognised medical qualifications.

(*2*) Inspectors appointed under this section shall not interfere with the conduct of any examination, but they shall report to the Executive Committee on the sufficiency of every examination which they attend and on any other matters in regard to which the Executive Committee may require them to report.

(*3*) The Executive Committee shall forward a copy of any such report to the medical institution concerned, and shall also forward a copy, with the remarks of such institution thereon, to the Governor General in Council.

Withdrawal of ecognition.

17. (*1*) When, upon report by the Executive Committee, it appears to the Council that the courses of study and examination to be gone through in any medical institution in British India in order to obtain a recognised medical qualification or that the standards

of proficiency required from candidates at any examination held for the purpose of granting such qualification are not such as to secure to persons holding such qualification the knowledge and skill requisite for the efficient practice of medicine, the Council shall make a representation to that effect to the Governor-General in Council.

(2) After considering such representation, the Governor General in Council may send it to the Local Government of the province in which the medical institution is situated, and the Local Government shall forward it, along with such remarks as it may choose to make, to the medical institution, with an intimation of the period within which the medical institution may submit its explanation to the Local Government.

(3) On the receipt of the explanation or, where no explanation is submitted within the period fixed, then on the expiry of that period, the Local Government shall make its recommendations to the Governor General in Council.

(4) The Governor General in Council, after making such further inquiry, if any, as he may think fit, may, by notification in the Gazette of India, direct that an entry shall be made in the First Schedule against the said medical qualification declaring that it shall be a recognised medical qualification only when granted before a specified date.

Power to make Regulations.

18. (1) The Council may, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, make Regulations generally to carry out the purposes of this Act and, without prejudice to the generality of this power, such Regulations may provide for—

(a) the management of the property of the Council;

(b) the summoning and holding of meetings of the Council, the times and places where such meetings are to be held, the conduct of business thereat and the number of members necessary to constitute a quorum;

(c) the resignation of members of the Council and the filling of casual vacancies;

(d) the powers and duties of the President and Vice-President;

(e) the mode of appointment of the Executive Committee and other Committees, the summoning and holding of meetings, and the conduct of business of such Committees;

(f) the tenure of office, and the powers and duties of the Secretary and other officers and servants of the Council;

(g) the appointment, powers, duties and procedure of medical inspectors; and

(h) any matter for which under this Act provision may be made by Regulations.

(2) Until the first Council is constituted under this Act, any Regulations which may be made under sub-section (1) may be made by the Governor General in Council; and any Regulation so made may be altered or rescinded by the Council in exercise of its powers under sub-section (1).

Information to be furnished by Council, and publication thereof.

19. (1) The Council shall furnish such reports, copies of its minutes, abstracts of its accounts, and other information to the Governor General in Council as he may require.

(2) The Governor General in Council may publish, in such manner as he may think fit, any report, copy, abstract or other information furnished to him under this section or under section 16.

Commissions of Inquiry.

20. (1) Whenever it is made to appear to the Governor General in Council that the Council is not complying with any of the provisions of this Act, the Governor General in Council may refer the particulars of the complaint to a Commission of Inquiry consisting of three persons, two of whom shall be appointed by the Governor General in Council, one being a Judge of a High Court established by Letters Patent of the Crown, and one by the Council; and such Commission shall proceed to inquire in a summary manner and to report to the Governor General in Council as to the truth of the matters charged in the complaint, and in case of any charge of default or of improper action being found by the Commission to have been established, the Commission shall recommend the remedies, if any, which are in its opinion necessary.

(2) The Governor General in Council may require the Council to adopt the remedies so recommended within such time as, having regard to the report of the Commission, he may think fit; and if the Council fails to comply with any such requirement, the Governor General in Council may amend the Regulations of the Council, or make such provision or order or take such other steps as may seem necessary to give effect to the recommendations of the Commission.

(3) A Commission of Inquiry shall have power to administer oaths, to enforce the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents, and shall have all such other necessary powers for the purpose of any inquiry conducted by it as are exercised by a Civil Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908. V of 1908.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

(*See* section 11.)

Recognised medical qualifications granted by medical institutions in British India.

Medical Institutions.	Recognised medical qualification.	Abbreviation for registration.
University of Allahabad.	Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery.	M.B., B.S., All.
University of Bombay.	Licentiate in Medicine and Surgery.	L.M.S., Bom.
	Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery.	M.B., B.S., Bom.
	Doctor of Medicine ..	M.D., Bom.
	Master of Surgery ..	M.S., Bom.
University of Calcutta.	Licentiate in Medicine and Surgery.	L.M.S., Cal.
	Bachelor of Medicine ..	M.B., Cal.
	Doctor of Medicine ..	M.D., Cal.
	Master of Surgery ..	M.S., Cal.
	Master of Obstetrics .	M.O., Cal.
University of Lucknow.	Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery.	M.B., B.S., Lucknow
University of Madras.	Licentiate in Medicine and Surgery.	L.M.S., Mad.
	Bachelor of Medicine and Master of Surgery.	M.B., C.M., Mad.
	Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery.	M.B., B.S., Mad.
	Doctor of Medicine ..	M.D., Mad.
Punjab University.	Licentiate in Medicine and Surgery.	L.M.S., Pun.
	Bachelor of Medicine ..	M.B., Pun.
	Doctor of Medicine ..	M.D. Pun.
	Master of Surgery ..	M.S., Pun.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

(*See* section 12.)

Recognised medical qualifications granted by medical institutions outside British India.

A. Registrable qualifications admitting primarily to the Medical Register granted by licensing bodies in the United Kingdom, as shown in Table (F) set out in the Medical Register for 1931 printed and published under the direction of the General Council of Medical Education and Registration of the United Kingdom in pursuance of the Medical Acts, 1858 and 1886.

B. Registrable qualifications granted by licensing bodies in British possessions, as shown in Table (I) set out in the said Medical Register, other than registrable qualifications granted by licensing bodies in India.

C. Registrable qualifications granted by licensing bodies in Foreign Countries, as shown in Table (J) set out in the said Medical Register.

L. GRAHAM,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Legislative Department.

The following Act of the Indian Legislature received the assent of the Governor General on the 11th September, 1933, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. XVI OF 1933.

An Act further to amend the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, for certain purposes.

Whereas it is expedient further to amend the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, for the purposes hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows:— I of 1894.

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Land Acquisition (Amendment) Act, 1933.

Insertion of new section 38A in Act I of 1894.

2. After section 38 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), the following section shall be inserted, namely:— I of 1894.

Industrial concern to be deemed Company for certain purposes.

"38A. An industrial concern, ordinarily employing not less than one hundred workmen owned by an individual or by an association of individuals and not being a Company, desiring to acquire land for the erection of dwelling houses for workmen employed by the concern or for the provision of amenities directly connected therewith shall, so far as concerns the acquisition of such land, be deemed to be a Company for the purposes of this part, and the references to Company in sections 5A, 6, 7, 17 and 50 shall be interpreted as references also to such concern."

Amendment of section 40, Act I of 1894.

3. In sub-section (*1*) of section 40 of the said Act, for clauses (*a*) and (*b*) the following clauses shall be substituted, namely:—

"(*a*) that the purpose of the acquisition is to obtain land for the erection of dwelling houses for workmen employed by the Company or for the provision of amenities directly connected therewith, or

(*b*) that such acquisition is needed for the construction of some work, and that such work is likely to prove useful to the public."

Amendment of section 41, Act I of 1894.

4. In section 41 of the said Act,—

(*a*) after the word "that" where it first occurs, the following words shall be inserted, namely:—

"the purpose of the proposed acquisition is to obtain land for the erection of dwelling houses for workmen employed by the Company or for the provision of amenities directly connected therewith, or that"; and

(*b*) for clauses (*4*) and (*5*) the following clauses shall be substituted, namely:—

"(*4*) where the acquisition is for the purpose of erecting dwelling houses or the provision of amenities connected therewith, the time within which, the conditions on which and the manner in which the dwelling houses or amenities shall be erected or provided; and

(*5*) where the acquisition is for the construction of any other work, the time within which and the conditions on which the work shall be executed and maintained, and the terms on which the public shall be entitled to use the work."

L. GRAHAM,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Legislative Department.

The following Act of the Indian Legislature received the assent of the Governor General on the 21st September, 1933, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. XXIII OF 1933

THE MURSHIDABAD ESTATE ADMINISTRATION ACT, 1933.

CONTENTS

Sections.

An Act to provide for the appointment of a Manager on behalf of the Secretary of State of the properties of the Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad and to define the powers and duties of the Manager.

WHEREAS the Murshidabad Act, 1891, confirming and giving effect to an Indenture between the Secretary of State and the Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad Amir-ul-Omrah, provides that in case the said Nawab Bahadur or any of his lineal heirs male successors to the titles shall contravene any of the terms of the said Indenture or shall disable himself from duly maintaining the dignity of his position and station it shall be lawful for the Secretary of State for the time being to enter into and upon the immoveable properties mentioned in the Indenture and to exercise certain powers therein specified in the manner therein set forth; XV of 1891.

AND WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the due exercise of these powers by the Secretary of State by the appointment of a Manager who shall on behalf of the Secretary of State exercise the powers aforesaid, and by defining the duties and powers of such Manager, and the manner in which the rents, issues and profits of the immoveable properties of the estate and the monthly sum of Rs. 19,166-10-8 payable from the Government Treasury at Berhampore in the district of Murshidabad in Bengal shall be applied;

AND WHEREAS it is further expedient to afford to the Nawab Bahadur protection against the disabilities to which he is exposed by reason of his embarrassed circumstances and to prevent further increase in his debts and to provide means for such repayments to his creditors as are compatible with the payment to the Nawab Bahadur of a sum sufficient for the maintenance of his position and dignity;

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title and extent.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Murshidabad Estate Administration Act, 1933.

(*2*) It extends to the whole of British India, inclusive of British Baluchistan and the Sonthal Parganas.

Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(*1*) "immoveable properties of the estate" means the properties contained in the Schedules of immoveable property annexed to the Indenture included in and confirmed by the Murshidabad Act, 1891, with any additional immoveable property added thereto under sub-section (*1*) of section 3 of that Act, and includes all immoveable property acquired under the provisions of section 32 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894; XV of 1891. I of 1894.

(*2*) "issues and profits of the immoveable properties of the estate" includes all money awarded under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, as compensation for the acquisition of any of the immoveable properties of the estate together with interest thereon; I of 1894

(*3*) "Manager" means the officer appointed under section 3;

(*4*) "Nawab Bahadur" means the Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad for the time being;

(*5*) "Local Government" means the Government of Bengal;

(*6*) "Board of Revenue" means the Board of Revenue, Bengal;

(*7*) "prescribed" means provided for by this Act or by rules made under section 28.

Appointment of Manager.

3. The Local Government may, at any time after the Secretary of State has entered upon the immoveable properties of the estate in accordance with the provisions of the Murshidabad Act, 1891, by an order published in the Calcutta Gazette appoint an officer for the management on behalf of the Secretary of State of the whole or any portion of these properties and of the rents, issues and profits thereof and for the reception and application of the monthly sum of Rs. 19,166-10-8 payable from the Government Treasury at Berhampore in the district of Murshidabad in Bengal: XV of 1891.

Provided that the management shall cease from such date as may be notified by the Local Government in the Calcutta Gazette as the date of withdrawal by the Secretary of State from entry upon the immoveable properties of the estate:

Provided also that in the event of the death of a Nawab Bahadur the management shall not continue for more than sixty days after the date of his death.

Effect of order under section 3.

4. On the publication of an order for the appointment of a Manager under section 3, the following consequences shall ensue:—

first, all proceedings which may then be pending in any Civil Court in respect of any debts or liabilities to which the Nawab Bahadur may be subject shall be barred, and all processes, executions and attachments for or in respect of such debts and liabilities shall become null and void;

secondly, so long as such management continues, no suit or proceeding shall lie against the Nawab Bahadur, or the Secretary of State, or the Manager, in respect of any debt or liability to which the Nawab Bahadur is subject, nor shall the Nawab Bahadur be liable to arrest for or in respect of the debts and liabilities to which he was at the time of such publication subject or in execution of any decree obtained before such publication nor shall his moveable property be liable to attachment or sale, under process of any Court for or in respect of such debts and liabilities;

thirdly, so long as such management continues—

(*a*) the Nawab Bahadur shall be incompetent to mortgage, charge, lease, settle or alienate the immoveable properties of the estate, or to grant valid receipts for the rents and profits arising or accruing therefrom;

(*b*) such property shall be exempt from attachment or sale under process of any Court; and

(*c*) the Nawab Bahadur shall be incapable of entering into any contract which may involve him in pecuniary liability; and

fourthly, any amount awarded, before the entry of the Secretary of State upon the immoveable properties of the estate, under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, by way of compensation for immoveable properties of the estate acquired under that Act, if the amount has been invested in securities under section 32 of that Act or is deposited in Court pending such investment in land or securities, shall, together with all interest and other proceeds thereof not already paid to any person under the provisions of any law, be deliverable to the Manager on behalf of the Secretary of State to be disposed of in such manner as the Secretary of State may think fit. I of 1894.

Suits and appeals during management.

5. So long as the appointment of the Manager continues—

(*1*) in every suit or appeal to which the Secretary of State in possession is a party the Manager shall be named as his representative for the purpose of such suit or appeal;

(2) in every pending suit or appeal concerning the properties under management the Secretary of State in possession shall be a party in place of the Nawab Bahadur and the Manager shall be named as the representative of the Secretary of State in possession for the purpose of the suit or appeal; and no application in any such suit or appeal shall be made to the Court on behalf of the Secretary of State in possession except by the Manager;

(3) the Court upon application by the Manager or by any party to the suit may order that the plaint or memorandum of appeal be amended so as to conform with the requirements of clause (1) or that the Manager be named as the representative of the Secretary of State in possession as required by clause (2) of this section.

Manager to receive rents, issues and profits.

6. (1) The Manager shall receive and recover all rents, issues and profits due in respect of the immoveable properties of the estate, and shall upon receiving such rents, issues and profits give receipts therefor.

(2) The Manager shall receive the monthly sum of Rs. 19,166-10-8 payable from the Government Treasury at Berhampore in the district of Murshidabad in Bengal and shall give receipts therefor.

Application by Manager of sums received.

7. (1) From the sums received under sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 6, the Manager shall pay—

first, to the Nawab Bahadur such monthly sum, not being in any case less than Rs. 9,583-5-4, as the Local Government may fix in this behalf;

secondly, the Government revenue, cesses, rates and taxes and all debts and liabilities for the time being due or incurred to Government or to any local authority;

thirdly, in the case of property held by the Nawab Bahadur as tenant, the rent and cess due to the superior landlord in respect of the said property;

fourthly, the cost of such repairs and improvements of the immoveable properties of the estate as appear necessary to the Manager and are approved by the Board of Revenue,

and shall apply the residue to the discharge of the costs of the management, to the payment of expenditure incurred in litigation and to the settlement in accordance with the scheme approved by the Board of Revenue under section 14 of such debts and liabilities of the Nawab Bahadur as may be established under the provisions of this Act.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in subsection (1), it shall be lawful for the Manager to pay out of the sums received under sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 6 of any sum required to meet such expenditure on any other object or for any other purpose as the Secretary of State may from time to time sanction.

Notice to claimants.

8. As soon as may be after the publication of the order for the appointment of a Manager under section 3 the Manager shall publish in the prescribed manner a notice in English and Bengali calling upon all persons having claims against the Nawab Bahadur to notify such claims in writing to the Manager within six months from the date of the notice.

Presentation of claims.

9. Every such claimant shall, along with his claim, present to the Manager full particulars thereof, together with all documents on which he relies in support thereof,

and the Manager may refuse to receive in evidence on the claimant's behalf at the investigation of the claim any document not so presented.

Debt not duly notified to be barred.

10. Every debt or liability, except debts due or liabilities incurred to Government or to any local authority and rent due to a superior landlord from the Nawab Bahadur as tenant of any property, which is not duly notified to the Manager within the time and in the manner mentioned in sections 8 and 9 shall be barred:

Provided that if the Manager is satisfied that the claimant was for reasonable cause unable to comply with the provisions of sections 8 and 9, the Manager may admit his claim within a further period of six months from the expiration of the period of six months specified in section 8.

Determination of debts.

11. The Manager shall in the prescribed manner determine the amount of the principal of all debts and liabilities not barred under section 10 justly due to the several creditors of the Nawab Bahadur and to persons holding mortgages, charges or liens on the property of the Nawab Bahadur, and shall determine in like manner the interest, if any, due at the date of such determination in respect of such debts and liabilities and may reduce the rates of interest charged as appears to him just and proper.

Power to inquire into consideration for leases, etc.

12. The Manager may inquire into the sufficiency of the consideration for which any lease, settlement, grant, mortgage, charge or lien was given and whether it was given in contravention of the conditions of the Murshidabad Act, 1891, and if satisfied that the consideration was insufficient or that such lease, settlement, grant, mortgage, charge or lien was given in contravention of the said Act may, by order in writing, set aside or modify such lease, settlement, grant, mortgage, charge or lien; and any such order, subject to the appeal provided in section 13, shall have the force of a decree of a competent Civil Court and be enforceable as such. XV of 1891.

Appeals to Board of Revenue.

13. (*1*) An appeal shall lie to the Board of Revenue against any order by the Manager—

(*a*) refusing to receive a document under section 9; or

(*b*) refusing to admit a claim under the proviso to section 10; or

(*c*) determining the amount of a debt or liability or of interest thereon, or reducing the rate of interest, under section 11; or

(*d*) setting aside or modifying a lease, settlement, grant, mortgage, charge or lien under section 12.

(*2*) If no such appeal is preferred within six weeks from the date of the order, the decision of the Manager shall, subject to the provisions of section 22, be final.

Scheme for settlement of debts.

14. (*1*) When the amount due in respect of the debts and liabilities mentioned in section 11 has been finally determined, the Manager shall prepare and submit to the Board of Revenue a schedule of such debts and liabilities, and a scheme for the settlement thereof in whole or in part out of the residue referred to in section 7 annually available during the lifetime of the Nawab Bahadur; and the Board of Revenue may approve the scheme without modification or subject to such modification as it deems expedient.

(2) The scheme shall provide for payment in full, as soon as may be, of—

(a) first, arrears of wages due to servants of the Nawab Bahadur, determined in accordance with the foregoing provisions, and

(b) secondly, claims of each creditor whose claims in the aggregate do not exceed five hundred rupees, as so determined;

and the scheme shall further provide that any balance left after meeting the above claims and each annual residue thereafter shall be distributed ratably among the other creditors of the Nawab Bahadur in payment of their claims, as so determined.

Power to call for further particulars.

15. The Manager may from time to time call for further and more detailed particulars of any claim preferred before him under this Act and may at his discretion refuse to proceed with the investigation of the claim until such particulars are supplied.

Power to summon witnesses.

16. The Manager may for the purpose of any investigation under this Act summon and enforce the attendance of witnesses and compel them to give evidence, and compel the production of documents, by the same means and as far as possible in the same manner as is provided in the case of a Civil Court by the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908. V of 1908.

Investigation to be deemed a judicial proceeding.

17. Every investigation conducted by the Manager with reference to any claim preferred before him under this Act, or to any matter connected with such claim, shall be deemed to be a judicial proceeding within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code; and every statement made by any person examined by or before the Manager with reference to any such investigation, whether upon oath or otherwise, shall be deemed to be evidence within the meaning of the said Code. XLV of 1860.

Power to order production of accounts, papers, etc., and evidence of title.

18. (1) The Collector of Murshidabad may on the application of the Manager order all persons who are or were in the employ of the estate of the Nawab Bahadur to attend before him; and may order any person to deliver up any accounts, papers or moveable property belonging to the estate or any accounts or papers relating to the immoveable property of the estate or to any other property of the estate which the Manager has reason to believe are in such person's possession or control; and may order all holders of tenures or under-tenures on any such property to produce their titles to such tenures or under-tenures.

(2) Any person who refuses to comply with an order under sub-section (1) may be punished by the Collector of Murshidabad with fine not exceeding five hundred rupees:

Provided that an appeal shall lie to the Board of Revenue against any order of fine passed by the Collector under sub-section (2).

Powers of Manager for realisation of rents, etc.

19. (1) The Manager shall have, for the purpose of realising and recovering the rents, issues and profits of the immoveable properties of the estate, the same powers as the Nawab Bahadur would have had for such purpose had the Secretary of State not entered into the said properties, and all arrears of rent and all demands recoverable as rent, and all interest due on such arrears or demands shall together with all costs incurred for realising the same be recoverable as public demands.

(2) If such properties or any part thereof be in the possession of any mortgagee or conditional vendee, the

Manager may apply to the Collector within whose jurisdiction the property is situated, and the Collector shall cause the same to be delivered to the Manager as if a decree therefor had been made in his favour, but without prejudice to the mortgagee or vendee preferring his claim under the provisions elsewhere contained in this Act.

(3) If such properties or any part thereof be in possession of a Receiver appointed by a Court, the Manager may apply to the Court, and the Court shall cause the same to be delivered to the Manager together with any receipts which may be in the hands of the Receiver or the Court at the time of the application.

Power to lease.

20. The Manager may, subject to the prescribed conditions, make settlement of all or any of the immoveable properties of the estate and may for this purpose execute any lease or counterpart of a lease:

Provided that, unless the settlement is of a kind authorised by rule made under section 28, its terms and conditions shall have been previously approved by the Local Government.

Power of Manager to contract and take action for the benefit of the estate.

21. The Manager may enter into any contract or take any action which in his opinion is necessary for the proper care and management of the immoveable properties of the estate and of the rents, issues and profits thereof or for the maintenance of the position and dignity of the Nawab Bahadur and which is not inconsistent with any provision of this Act or with any rule made under section 28:

Provided that if he is not empowered by any other provision of this Act or by any rule made under section 28 to enter on such contract or to take such action he shall obtain the previous sanction of the Board of Revenue before entering upon the contract or taking the action.

Powers of supervision and control.

22. (*1*) All orders or proceedings of the Manager in the exercise of his functions under this Act shall be subject to the supervision and control of the Board of Revenue.

(*2*) All orders or proceedings of the Board of Revenue under this Act shall be subject to the supervision and control of the Local Government.

(*3*) The supervising authority in each case may of its own motion review and if it thinks fit revise, modify or reverse any order or proceeding.

Manager to be deemed a public servant

23. The Manager shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code. XLV of 1860.

Recovery of fines.

24. Any fine imposed under this Act shall be recoverable as a public demand.

Bar of suits, etc., against certain persons.

25. No suit or other legal proceeding shall lie against any person in respect of anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act.

Power of Local Government to make orders.

26. If at the time of the withdrawal of the Secretary of State from entry upon the immoveable properties of the estate, any difficulty arises in connection with the restoration to the Nawab Bahadur or to his successor of the properties and rights possessed and exercised by the Secretary of State, the Local Government may by order authorise the doing of any matter or thing which appears to it necessary to facilitate such restoration.

Effect of withdrawal from entry by Secretary of State.

27. Notwithstanding anything contained elsewhere in this or any other Act, the withdrawal by the Secretary of State from entry upon the immoveable properties of the estate shall not have the effect of reviving any of the proceedings referred to in clause *first* of section 4 if the debt or liability in respect of which such proceedings were instituted is barred under section 10.

Nothing in section 4 shall bar the revival after such withdrawal of any other of the proceedings referred to in the said clause:

Provided that no Court shall entertain any suit or proceeding against the Nawab Bahadur in which the amount claimed is in excess of the amount determined under section 11, 13 or 22 as the case may be, together with any further interest due thereon, or in which interest is claimed at a rate higher than the rate determined as just and proper under those sections.

Power to make rules.

28. (*1*) The Board of Revenue may, with the previous sanction of the Local Government, make rules for the purpose of carrying into effect all or any of the provisions of this Act.

(*2*) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing powers, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

(*a*) the security to be required from subordinate officers under this Act;

(*b*) the procedure to be followed by the Manager in the discharge of his functions under this Act, the accounts which shall be kept by him, and the manner in which such accounts shall be audited;

(*c*) the terms, conditions and limitations under which leases may be granted;

(*d*) the notices to be given under this Act and the manner of publication of such notices;

(*e*) the procedure to be followed by claimants in presenting claims, and by the Manager in the investigation of such claims;

(*f*) the procedure to be followed in determining under section 11 the debts and liabilities due to creditors and other persons;

(*g*) the allowance of interest on the principal of each of the debts and liabilities as determined under section 11 from the date on which it was incurred to the date of the determination and on the aggregate amount of such debts and liabilities from the date of the determination to the date of payment;

(*h*) the preparation of the schedule of debts and liabilities and of the scheme referred to in section 14 and the order of payment of such debts and liabilities;

(*i*) the powers of the Manager to make or sanction settlements; and

(*j*) the procedure to be followed in appeals under this Act.

L. GRAHAM,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1933.

PART VI

Bills introduced in the Council of State and Legislative Assembly, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council and Assembly, and Bills published under Rule 18 of the Indian Legislative Rules.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Legislative Assembly Department.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 8th September, 1933:—

L. A. BILL No. 42 of 1933

THE FACTORIES BILL, 1933

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A Bill to Consolidate and amend the law regulating labour in factories

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law regulating labour in factories; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

Short title, extent and commencement

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Factories Act, 1933.

(*2*) It extends to the whole of British India, including British Baluchistan and the Sonthal Parganas.

(*3*) It shall come into force on the 1st day of July, 1934

Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(*a*) "adolescent" means a person who has completed his fifteenth but has not completed his seventeenth year;

(*b*) "adult" means a person who has completed his seventeenth year;

(*c*) "child" means a person who has not completed his fifteenth year;

(*d*) "day" means a period of twenty-four hours beginning at midnight;

(*e*) "week" means a period of seven days beginning at midnight on Saturday night;

(*f*) "power" means any form of mechanical or electrical power;

(*g*) "manufacturing process" means any process—

(*i*) for making, altering or packing, or otherwise treating any article or substance with a view to its use, sale, transport, delivery or disposal, or

(*ii*) for generating, transforming or transmitting power;

(*h*) "worker" means a person employed in any manufacturing process, or in any work required for the proper carrying on of a manufacturing process, but does not include any person employed only for an occasional piece of work required for the proper carrying on of a manufacturing process;

(*j*) "factory" means any premises whereon a manufacturing process is carried on with the aid of power, and whereon twenty or more workers are working, or were working on any day of the preceding twelve months,

but does not include a mine subject to the operation of the Indian Mines Act, 1923; IV of 1923.

(*k*) "machinery" includes all plant whereby power is generated, transformed, or transmitted;

(*l*) "occupier" of a factory means the person who has ultimate control over the affairs of the factory:

Provided that where the affairs of a factory are entrusted to a managing agent or agents, such agent or agents shall be deemed to be the occupier of the factory:

(*m*) where work of the same kind is carried out by two or more bodies of workers working during different periods of the day, each of such bodies is called a "relay," and the period for which it works is called a "shift"; and

(*n*) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made by the Local Government under this Act.

References to time of day.

3. References to time of day in this Act are references—

(*a*) in British India, excluding Burma, to Indian Standard Time, which is five and half hours ahead of Greenwich Mean Time, and

(*b*) in Burma, to Burma Standard Time, which is six and a half hours ahead of Greenwich Mean Time:

Provided that for any area in British India in which Indian Standard Time is not ordinarily observed the Local Government may make rules—

(*i*) specifying the area,

(*ii*) defining the local mean time ordinarily observed therein, and

(*iii*) permitting such time to be observed in all or any of the factories situated in the area.

Seasonal factories.

4. (*1*) For the purposes of this Act, a factory which is exclusively engaged in one or more of the following manufacturing processes, namely, cotton ginning,

cotton or jute pressing, the decortication of ground nuts, or the manufacture of coffee, indigo, lac, rubber, sugar (including *gur*) or tea, is a seasonal factory:

Provided that the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, declare any such factory in which manufacturing processes are ordinarily carried on for more than 180 working days in the year, not to be a seasonal factory for the purposes of this Act.

(*2*) The Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, declare any specified factory in which manufacturing processes are ordinarily carried on for not more than 180 working days in the year and cannot be carried on except during particular seasons or at times dependent on the irregular action of natural forces, to be a seasonal factory for the purposes of this Act.

Power to declare small ventures to be factories.

5. (*1*) Notwithstanding anything contained in clause (*j*) of section 2, the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, declare any premises whereon a manufacturing process is carried on, whether with or without the aid of power, and whereon, on any one day of the twelve months preceding the notification, ten or more workers were employed, to be a factory for all or any of the purposes of this Act.

(*2*) A notification under sub-section (*1*) may be made in respect of any specified premises or class of premises.

(*3*) A notification under sub-section (*1*) shall cease to have effect in respect of any premises after the lapse of twelve months during which not more than nine workers were employed thereon on any day.

Power to declare departments to be separate factories.

6. The Local Government may, subject to the control of the Governor General in Council, by order in writing, direct that the different departments or branches of a specified factory shall be treated as separate factories for all or any of the purposes of this Act.

Power to exempt on a change in the factory.

7. Where the Local Government is satisfied that, following upon a change of occupier of a factory or in the manufacturing processes carried on therein, the number of workers for the time being working in the factory is less than twenty and is not likely to be twenty or more on any day during the ensuing twelve months, it may, by order in writing, exempt such factory from the operation of this Act:

Provided that any exemption so granted shall cease to have effect on and after any day on which twenty or more workers work in the factory.

Power to exempt during public emergency.

8. In any case of public emergency the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, exempt any factory from any or all of the provisions of this Act for such period as he may think fit.

Notice to Inspector before commencement of work.

9. (*1*) Before work is begun in any factory after the commencement of this Act, or before work is begun in any seasonal factory each season, the occupier shall send to the Inspector a written notice containing—

(*a*) the name of the factory and its situation,

(*b*) the address to which communications relating to the factory should be sent,

(*c*) the nature of the manufacturing processes to be carried on in the factory,

(*d*) the nature and amount of the power to be used, and

(*e*) the name of the person who shall be the manager of the factory for the purposes of this Act.

(2) Whenever another person is appointed as manager, the occupier shall send to the Inspector a written notice of the change, within seven days from the date on which the new manager assumes charge.

(3) During any period for which no person has been designated as manager of a factory under this section, or during which the person designated does not manage the factory, any person found acting as manager, or, if no such person is found, the occupier himself, shall be deemed to be the manager of the factory for the purposes of this Act.

CHAPTER II.

THE INSPECTING STAFF.

Inspectors.

10. (1) The Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, appoint such persons as it thinks fit to be Inspectors of factories within such local limits as it may assign to them respectively.

(2) No person shall be appointed to be an Inspector under sub-section (1), or, having been so appointed, shall continue to hold the office of Inspector, who is or becomes directly or indirectly interested in a factory or in any process or business carried on therein or in any patent or machinery connected therewith.

(3) Every District Magistrate shall be an Inspector of factories for his district.

(4) The Local Government may also, by notification as aforesaid and subject to the control of the Governor General in Council, appoint such public officers as it thinks fit to be additional Inspectors for all or any of the purposes of this Act, within such local limits as it may assign to them respectively.

(5) In any area where there are more Inspectors than one, the Local Government may, by notification as aforesaid, declare the powers which such Inspectors shall respectively exercise, and the Inspector to whom the prescribed notices are to be sent.

(6) Every Inspector shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code and shall be officially subordinate to such authority as the Local Government may specify in this behalf. XLV of 1860.

Powers of Inspector.

11. Subject to any rules in this behalf, an Inspector may, within the local limits for which he is appointed,—

(a) enter, with such assistants (if any) as he thinks fit, any place which is, or which he has reason to believe to be, used as a factory;

(b) make such examination of the premises and machinery and of any prescribed registers, and take on the spot or otherwise such evidence of any persons as he may deem necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Act; and

(c) exercise such other powers as may be necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Act:

Provided that no one shall be required under this section to answer any question or give any evidence tending to criminate himself.

Chief Inspector.

12. The Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, appoint any person to the Chief Inspector, who shall, in addition to the powers conferred on a Chief Inspector under this Act, exercise the powers of an Inspector throughout the whole of the province.

Certifying surgeons.

13. (*1*) The Local Government may appoint such qualified medical practitioners as it thinks fit to be certifying surgeons for the purposes of this Act within such local limits as it may assign to them respectively.

(*2*) No person shall be appointed to be a certifying surgeon under sub-section (*1*), or, having been so appointed, shall continue to hold the office of certifying surgeon, who is or becomes directly or indirectly interested in a factory or any process or business carried on therein or in any patent or machinery connected therewith.

Delegation of certifying surgeons' powers.

14. A certifying surgeon may authorise any registered medical practitioner to exercise any of his powers under this Act:

Provided that a certificate of fitness for employment granted by such authorised practitioner shall be valid for a period of three months only, unless it is confirmed by the certifying surgeon himself after examination of the person concerned.

Explanation.—In this section a "registered medical practitioner" means any person registered under the Medical Act, 1858, or any subsequent enactment amending it, or under any Act of any legislature in British India providing for the maintenance of a register of medical practitioners, and includes, in any area where no such register is maintained, any person declared by the Local Government, by notification in the local official Gazette, to be a registered medical practitioner for the purposes of this section.

21 & 22 Vict., C. 90.

CHAPTER III.

HEALTH AND SAFETY.

Cleanliness.

15. Every factory shall be kept clean and free from effluvia arising from any drain, privy or other nuisance, and shall be cleansed at the prescribed times and by the prescribed methods which may include lime-washing, painting, varnishing, disinfecting and deodorising.

Ventilation.

16. (*1*) Every factory shall be ventilated in accordance with such standard and by such methods as may be prescribed.

(*2*) Where gas, dust or other impurity is generated in the course of work, adequate measures shall be taken to prevent injury to the health of workers.

(*3*) If it appears to the Inspector that in any factory gas, dust or other impurity generated in the course of work is being inhaled by the workers to an injurious extent, and that such generation or inhalation could be prevented by the use of mechanical or other devices, he may serve on the manager of the factory an order in writing, directing that mechanical or other devices of proper construction for preventing such generation or inhalation shall be provided before a specified date, and shall thereafter be maintained in good order and used throughout working hours.

(*4*) The Local Government may make rules for any class of factories requiring mechanical or other devices to be provided to prevent the generation or inhalation of gas, dust or other impurities which may be injurious to workers and specifying the nature of such devices.

Artificial humidification.

17. (*1*) The Local Government may make rules prescribing standards for the cooling properties of the air in factories in which the humidity of the air is artificially increased, and regulating the methods used for artificially increasing the humidity of the air.

(2) In any factory in which the humidity of the air is artificially increased, the water used for the purpose shall be taken from a public supply or other source of drinking water, or shall be effectively purified before it is so used.

(3) If it appears to the Inspector that the water used in a factory for increasing humidity which is required to be effectively purified under sub-section (2) is not effectively purified, he may serve on the manager an order in writing, specifying the measures which in his opinion should be adopted, and requiring them to be carried out before a specified date.

Cooling

18. If it appears to the Chief Inspector or to an Inspector specially authorised in this behalf by the Local Government that the cooling properties of the air in any factory are at times insufficient to secure workers against injury to health or against serious discomfort, and that they can be to a great extent increased by measures which will not involve an amount of expense which is unreasonable in the circumstances, he may serve on the manager of the factory an order in writing, specifying the measures which in his opinion should be adopted, and requiring them to be carried out before a specified date.

Overcrowding.

19. In order that no room in a factory shall be crowded during working hours to a dangerous extent or to an extent which may be injurious to the health of the workers, the proportion which the number of cubic feet of space in a room and the number of superficial feet of its floor area bears to the number of workers working at any time therein shall not be less than the prescribed standards.

Lighting

20. (*1*) A factory shall be sufficiently lighted during all working hours.

(*2*) If it appears to the Inspector that any factory is not so lighted, he may serve on the manager an order in writing, specifying the measures which in his opinion should be adopted, and requiring them to be carried out before a specified date.

(*3*) The Local Government may make rules requiring that all factories of specified classes, which in its opinion are generally insufficiently lighted, shall be lighted in accordance with prescribed standards.

Water.

21. (*1*) In every factory a sufficient supply of water fit for drinking shall be provided for the workers, at suitable places, according to the prescribed standards.

(*2*) In every factory in which any process involving contact by the workers with injurious or obnoxious substances is carried on, a sufficient supply of water suitable for washing shall be provided for the use of workers, at suitable places and with facilities for its use, according to the prescribed standards.

Latrines and urinals.

22. In every factory sufficient latrines and urinals, according to the prescribed standards, shall be provided, for male workers and for female workers separately, of a suitable pattern and at convenient places as prescribed, and shall be kept in a reasonably clean condition during all working hours.

Doors to open outwards.

23. In every factory the doors of each room in which more than twenty persons are employed shall, except in the case of sliding doors, be constructed so as to open outwards, or, where the door is between two rooms, in the direction of the nearest exit from the building.

Precautions against fire.

24. (*1*) Every factory shall be provided with such means of escape in case of fire as can reasonably be required in the circumstances of each factory.

(*2*) If it appears to the Inspector that any factory is not so provided he may serve on the manager of the factory an order in writing, specifying the measures which in his opinion should be adopted, and requiring them to be carried out before a specified date.

(*3*) In every factory such other precautions against fire shall be taken as may be prescribed.

Fencing of machinery.

25. (*1*) In every factory the following shall be kept securely fenced, namely:—

(*a*) every exposed part of a prime mover and every flywheel directly connected to a prime mover,

(*b*) every hoist or lift, hoist-well or lift-well, and every trap-door or similar opening near which any person may have to work or pass, and

(*c*) every part of the machinery which the Local Government may prescribe.

(*2*) If it appears to the Inspector that any other part of the machinery in a factory is dangerous if not adequately fenced, he may serve on the manager of the factory an order in writing specifying the measures which in his opinion should be adopted, and requiring them to be carried out before a specified date.

(*3*) All fencing shall be constantly maintained in an efficient state and kept closed when the parts fenced are in use.

(*4*) Such further provisions as may be prescribed shall be made for the protection from danger of persons employed in attending to the machinery in a factory.

Power to require specifications of defective parts or tests of stability.

26. If it appears to the Inspector that any building or part of a building, or any part of the ways, machinery or plant in a factory is so defective that it may be dangerous to human life or safety, he may serve on the manager an order in writing requiring him before a specified date—

(*a*) to furnish such drawings, specifications and other particulars as may be necessary to determine whether such building, ways, machinery or plant can be used with safety, or

(*b*) to carry out such tests as may be necessary to determine the strength or quality of any specified parts and to inform the Inspector of the results thereof.

Repairs to buildings and machinery.

27. (*1*) If it appears to the Inspector that any building or part of a building or any part of the ways, machinery or plant in a factory is in such a condition that it is dangerous to human life or safety he may serve an order on the manager of the factory specifying the measures which in his opinion should be adopted, and requiring them to be carried out before a specified date.

(*2*) If it appears to the Inspector that the use of any building or part of a building or of any part of the ways, machinery or plant in a factory involves imminent danger to human life or safety, he may serve on the manager of the factory a notice prohibiting its use until it has been properly repaired or altered.

Restrictions on work near machinery in motion.

28. (*1*) No woman or child shall be allowed to clean or oil any part of the machinery of a factory while that part is in motion under power, or to work between moving parts or between fixed and moving parts of any machinery which is in motion under power.

(2) The Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, prohibit, in any specified factory or class of factories, the cleaning or oiling by any person of specified parts of machinery when these parts are in motion under power.

Power to exclude children.

29. (1) The Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, prohibit the admission to any specified class of factories, or to specified parts thereof, of children who cannot be lawfully employed therein.

(2) If it appears to the Inspector that the presence in any factory or part of a factory of children who cannot be lawfully employed therein may be dangerous to them or injurious to their health, he may serve on the manager an order in writing directing him to prevent the admission of such children to the factory or any part of it.

Prohibition of women and children near cotton-openers.

30. No woman or child shall be employed in any part of a factory for pressing cotton in which a cotton-opener is at work:

Provided that, if the feed-end of a cotton-opener is in a room separated from the delivery-end by a partition extending to the roof, or to such height as the Inspector may in any particular case specify, women and children may be employed on the side of the partition where the feed-end is situated.

Notice of certain accidents.

31. Where in any factory an accident occurs which causes death, or which causes any bodily injury whereby any person injured is prevented from resuming his ordinary work during the forty-eight hours after the accident occurred, or which is of any nature which may be prescribed in this behalf, the manager of the factory shall send notice thereof to such authorities, and in such form and within such time, as may be prescribed.

Appeals.

32. (1) The manager of a factory on whom an order in writing by an Inspector has been served under the provisions of this Chapter, or the occupier of the factory, may, within fourteen days of the service of the order, appeal against it to the Local Government, or to such authority as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf; and the Local Government or appointed authority may, subject to rules made in this behalf by the Local Government, confirm, modify or reverse the order.

(2) The appellate authority may, and if so required in the petition of appeal shall, hear the appeal with the aid of assessors, one of whom shall be appointed by the appellate authority and the other by such body representing the industry concerned as the Local Government may prescribe in this behalf:

Provided that if no assessor is appointed by such body, or if the assessor so appointed fails to attend at the time and place fixed for hearing the appeal, the appellate authority may proceed to hear the appeal without the aid of such assessor, or, if it thinks fit, without the aid of any assessor.

(3) Except in an appeal against an order under sub-section (2) of section 29, the appellate authority may suspend the order appealed against, pending the decision of the appeal, subject however to such conditions as to partial compliance or the adoption of temporary measures as it may choose to impose in any case.

Power to make health and safety rules to supplement this Chapter.

33. The Local Government may make rules—

(*a*) providing for any matter which, according to any of the provisions of this Chapter, is or may be prescribed;

(*b*) requiring the managers of factories to maintain stores of first-aid appliances and providing for their custody;

(*c*) regulating the use of mechanical transport in factories, other than railways subject to the Indian Railways Act, 1890; IX of 1890.

(*d*) requiring occupiers or managers of factories to submit annual returns relating to wages paid in their factories;

(*e*) prescribing the manner of the service of orders on managers of factories under this Chapter;

(*f*) regulating the procedure to be followed in presenting and hearing appeals under section 32, and the appointment and remuneration of assessors; and

(*g*) regulating the exercise by Inspectors of their powers under this Chapter.

Additional power to make health and safety rules relating to shelters during rest,—

34. (*1*) The Local Government may make rules requiring that in any factory or class of factories in the province or in any part of it, wherein more than one hundred and fifty workers are working, an adequate shelter shall be provided for the use of workers during periods of rest, and such rules may prescribe the standards of such shelters.

rooms for children,

(*2*) The Local Government may also make rules—

(*a*) requiring that in any factory or class of factories in the province or in any part of it, wherein more than fifty women workers are working, a suitable room shall be reserved for the use of the children of such women,

(*b*) prescribing the standards for such rooms and the nature of the supervision to be exercised over the children therein, and

(*c*) prohibiting the admission of children under the age of six years to any part of such factories in which a manufacturing process is carried on.

hazardous operations,

(*3*) Where the Local Government is satisfied that any operation which is part of or incidental to a manufacturing process exposes those employed upon it to a serious risk of bodily injury, poisoning or disease, it may make rules—

(*a*) specifying the operation and declaring it to be hazardous, and

(*b*) prohibiting or restricting the employment of women, adolescents, or children upon the operation, and providing for the protection of all persons employed upon it, in all factories or in any class of factories in which the operation is carried on.

certificates of stability.

(*4*) The Local Government may also make rules, for any class of factories and for the whole or any part of the province,—

(*a*) requiring that work on a manufacturing process shall not be begun in any factory in which such work had not been carried on before the commencement of this Act, and

(b) requiring that, when any structural alterations are made in any building in a factory which are likely to reduce temporarily or permanently the stability of the building or any part of it, work shall not be carried on in the building or part of it after the alterations have been begun,

until a certificate in the prescribed form, signed by a person possessing the prescribed qualifications, has been sent to the Inspector.

CHAPTER IV.

RESTRICTIONS ON WORKING HOURS OF ADULTS

Weekly hours

35. An adult worker shall not work in a factory for more than fifty-four hours in any week, or, where the factory is a seasonal one, for more than sixty hours in any week:

Provided that adult workers in a non-seasonal factory engaged in work which for technical reasons must be continuous throughout the day may work for fifty-six hours in any week.

Weekly holiday

36. (1) An adult worker shall not work in a factory on a Sunday unless—

(a) he has had or will have a holiday for a whole day on one of the three days immediately before or after that Sunday, and

(b) the manager of the factory has, a week before that Sunday or the substituted day, whichever is earlier,—

(i) delivered a notice to the Inspector of his intention to ask the worker to work on the Sunday and of the day which is to be substituted, and

(ii) displayed a notice to that effect in the factory.

Provided that no substitution shall be made which will result in any worker working for more than ten days consecutively without a holiday for a whole day.

(2) Notices given under sub-section (1) may be cancelled by a notice delivered to the Inspector and a notice displayed in the factory at least one day before the Sunday or the holiday to be cancelled, whichever is earlier.

(3) Where, in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1), any worker works on a Sunday and has had a holiday on one of the three days immediately before it, that Sunday shall, for the purpose of calculating his weekly hours of work, be included in the preceding week.

Daily hours.

37. An adult worker shall not work in a factory for more than ten hours in any day:

Provided that a male adult worker in a seasonal factory may work for eleven hours in any day.

Intervals for rest.

38. The peridos of work of adult workers in a factory during each day shall be fixed either—

(a) so that no period shall exceed six hours, and so that no worker shall work for more than six hours without having had an interval for rest of at least one hour; or

(*b*) so that no period shall exceed five hours, and so that no worker shall work for more than five hours without having had an interval for rest of at least half an hour, or for more than eight and a half hours without having had at least two such intervals.

Spreadover

39. The periods of work of an adult worker in a factory shall be so arranged that, along with his intervals for rest under section 38, they shall not spread over more than thirteen hours in any day; and he shall not resume work during the remainder of the twenty-four hours which began when he started work that day.

Periods for work to be fixed beforehand.

40. (*1*) The periods of work of each adult worker in a factory shall be fixed beforehand, in accordance with the provisions of this section and with the provisions of sections 35, 36, 37, 38 and 39.

(*2*) Where all the adult workers in a factory are required to work during the same periods, the manager shall fix those periods for the factory generally.

(*3*) Where the adult workers in a factory do not all work within the same periods, the manager shall classify them into groups according to the nature of their work, and where any group works on a system of shifts, he shall allot each member of the group to a relay.

(*4*) For each group not working on a system of shifts, the manager shall fix the periods of work for the group.

(*5*) Where any group works on shifts which are not subject to predetermined periodical alterations, the manager shall fix the periods of work for the members of each relay of the group.

(*6*) Where any group works on shifts which are subject to predetermined periodical alterations, the manager shall draw up a scheme of shifts whereunder the periods of work of any relay of the group may be required to work and the relay which will be working at any time of the day shall be known for any day.

Notice of Periods of Work for Adults.

41. (*1*) There shall be displayed and correctly maintained in every factory, in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (*2*) of section 77, a Notice of Periods of Work for Adults showing clearly all periods of work fixed and any scheme of shifts drawn up for the factory under section 40.

(*2*) A copy of the Notice shall be sent in duplicate to the Inspector within fourteen days after the commencement of this Act, or, if the factory begins work after the commencement of this Act, within three days of the day on which it begins work.

(*3*) Any proposed change in the system of work in a factory which will necessitate a change in the Notice shall be notified to the Inspector in duplicate before the change is made, and, except with the previous sanction of the Inspector, no such change shall be made until one week has elapsed since the last change or, in the first instance, since notice was given under sub-section (*2*).

(*4*) The Local Government may make rules prescribing forms for the Notice of Periods of Work for Adults and the manner in which it shall be maintained.

Register of Adult Workers.

42. (*1*) The manager of every factory shall maintain a Register of Adult Workers showing—

(*a*) the name of each adult worker in the factory,

(*b*) the nature of his work,

(c) the group, if any, in which he is included,

(d) where his group works on shifts, the relay to which he is allotted, and

(e) such other particulars as may be prescribed;

Provided that, if the Inspector is of opinion that any muster roll or register maintained as part of the routine of a factory gives the particulars required under this section, he may, by order in writing, direct that such muster roll or register shall be maintained in place of and shall be treated as the Register of Adult Workers in that factory.

(2) The Local Government may make rules prescribing the form of the Register of Adult Workers, the manner in which it shall be maintained and the period for which it shall be preserved.

Power to make rules exempting from restrictions.

43. (1) The Local Government may make rules defining the persons who hold positions of supervision or management or are employed in a confidential position in a factory, and the provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to any person so defined.

(2) The Local Government may make rules for adult workers providing for the exemption, to such extent and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed in such rules,—

(a) of workers engaged on urgent repairs—from the provisions of sections 35, 36, 37, 38 and 39;

(b) of workers engaged in work in the nature of preparatory or complementary work which must necessarily be carried on outside the limits laid down for the general working of the factory—from the provisions of sections 35, 37, 38 and 39;

(c) of workers engaged in work which is necessarily so intermittent that the intervals during which they do not work while on duty ordinarily amount to more than the intervals for rest required under section 38—from the provisions of sections 35, 37, 38 and 39;

(d) of workers engaged in any work which for technical reasons must be carried on continuously throughout the day—from the provisions of sections 36, 37, 38 and 39;

(e) of workers engaged in making or supplying articles of prime necessity which must be made or supplied every day—from the provisions of section 36;

(f) of workers engaged in a manufacturing process which cannot be carried on except during fixed seasons—from the provisions of section 36;

(g) of workers engaged in a manufacturing process which cannot be carried on except at times dependent on the irregular action of natural forces—from the provisions of section 36 and section 38; and

(h) of workers engaged in engine-rooms or boiler-houses—from the provisions of section 36.

(3) Rules made under sub-section (2) providing for any exemption may also provide for any consequential exemption from the provisions of sections 40 and 41 which the Local Government may deem to be expedient, subject to such conditions as it may impose.

(4) In making rules under this section the Local Government shall prescribe the maximum limits for the daily hours and the weekly hours of work for all classes of workers, and any exemption given, other than an exemption under clause (a) of sub-section (2), shall be subject to such limits.

(5) Rules made under this section shall remain in force for not more than three years from the date of their publication.

Power to make orders exempting from restrictions.

44. (1) Where the Local Government is satisfied that, owing to the nature of the work carried on or to other circumstances, it is unreasonable to require that the periods of work of any adult workers in any factory or class of factories should be fixed beforehand, it may, by written order, relax or modify the provisions of sections 40 and 41 in respect of such workers to such extent and in such manner as it may think fit, and subject to such conditions as it may deem expedient to ensure control over periods of work.

(2) Subject to the control of the Local Government, the Chief Inspector of Factories may, by written order, exempt, on such conditions as he may deem expedient, any or all of the adult workers in any factory, or group or class of factories, from any or all of the provisions of sections 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40 and 41, on the ground that the exemption is required to enable the factory or factories to deal with an exceptional press of work.

(3) Any exemption given under sub-section (2) in respect of daily hours or weekly hours of work shall be subject to the maximum limits prescribed under sub-section (4) of section 43.

(4) An order under sub-section (2) shall remain in force for such period as it may specify, but in no case for more than three months from the date on which notice thereof is given to the manager of the factory.

Further restrictions on the employment of women.

45. (1) The provisions of this Chapter shall, in their application to women workers in factories, be supplemented by the following further restrictions, namely:—

(a) no exemption from the provisions of section 37 may be granted in respect of any woman; and

(b) a woman may work in a factory only between 6 a.m. and 7 p.m.:

Provided that the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, in respect of any class or classes of factories and for the whole year or any part of it, vary the limits laid down in clause (b) to any span of thirteen hours between 5 a.m. and 7-30 p.m.:

Provided further that, in respect of any seasonal factory or class of seasonal factories in a specified area, the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, impose a further restriction by defining the period or periods of the day within which women may be allowed to work, such that the period or periods so defined shall lie within the span fixed by clause (b) or under the above proviso and shall not be less than ten hours in the aggregate.

(2) The Local Government may make rules providing for the exemption from the above restrictions, to such extent and subject to such conditions as it may prescribe, of women working in fish-curing or fish-canning factories where the employment of women beyond the said hours is necessary to prevent damage to or deterioration in any raw material.

(3) Rules made under sub-section (2) shall remain in force for not more than three years from the date of their publication.

Special provision for night-shifts.

46. Where a worker works on a shift which extends over midnight, the ensuing day for him shall be deemed to be the period of twenty-four hours beginning when the night-shift ends, and the hours he has worked after midnight shall be counted towards the previous day.

Extra pay for overtime and for work on Sundays.

47. (*1*) Where a worker in a seasonal factory works for more than sixty hours in any week, or where a worker in a factory other than a seasonal factory works for more than ten hours in any day,

he shall be entitled in respect of the overtime worked to pay at the rate of one-and-a-half times his ordinary rate of pay.

(*2*) Where a worker in a factory other than a seasonal factory works for more than fifty-four hours in any week, he shall be entitled, in respect of the overtime worked less any overtime in respect of which he is entitled to extra pay under sub-section (*1*), to pay at the rate of one-and-a-quarter times his ordinary rate of pay.

(*3*) Where a worker in a factory works on a Sunday, or on any day substituted for a Sunday under the provisions of section 36, he shall be entitled, in respect of the time so worked, to pay at the rate of one-and-a-half times his ordinary rate of pay.

Restrictions on double employment.

48. No adult worker shall work in any factory on any day on which he has already been working in any other factory, save in such circumstances as may be prescribed by rules made in this behalf by the Local Government.

Control of overlapping shifts.

49. The Local Government may make rules providing that in any specified class or classes of factories work shall not be carried on by a system of shifts so arranged that more than one relay of workers is engaged in work of the same kind at the same time, save with the permission of the Local Government and subject to such conditions as it may impose, either generally in such rules or in the case of any particular factory.

CHAPTER V.

SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR ADOLESCENTS AND CHILDREN.

Prohibition of employment of young children.

50. No child who has not completed his twelfth year shall be allowed to work in any factory.

Non-adult workers to carry certificates of fitness.

51. No child who has completed his twelfth year and no adolescent shall be allowed to work in any factory unless he has been granted a certificate of fitness under section 52 and, while at work in the factory, carries either the certificate itself or a token giving reference to it.

Certificates of fitness.

52. (*1*) A certifying surgeon shall, on the application of any young person who wishes to work in a factory, or of the parent or guardian of such person, or of the manager of the factory in which such person wishes to work, examine such person and ascertain his fitness for such work.

(*2*) The certifying surgeon, after examination, may grant to such person, in the prescribed form, —

(*a*) a certificate of fitness to work in a factory as a child, if he is satisfied that such person has completed his twelfth year, that he has attained the prescribed physical standards (if any), and that he is fit for such work; or

(*b*) a certificate of fitness to work in a factory as an adult, if he is satisfied that such person has completed his fifteenth year and is fit for a full day's work in the factory in which he wishes to work.

(*3*) A certifying surgeon may revoke any certificate granted under sub-section (*2*) if, in his opinion, the holder of it is no longer fit to work in the capacity stated therein in the factory in which he is employed.

(*4*) Where a certifying surgeon refuses to grant a certificate or a certificate of the kind requested, or revokes a certificate, he shall, if so requested by any person who could have applied for the certificate, state his reasons in writing for so doing.

Effect of certificate granted to adolescent.

53. (*1*) An adolescent who has been granted a certificate of fitness to work in a factory as an adult, under clause (*b*) of sub-section (*2*) of section 52, and who, while at work in a factory, carries either the certificate itself or a token giving reference to it, shall be deemed to be an adult for all the purposes of Chapter IV.

(*2*) An adolescent who has not been granted a certificate of fitness to work in a factory as an adult, under sub-section (*2*) of section 52, shall, notwithstanding his age, be deemed to be a child for the purposes of this Act.

Restrictions on the working hours of a child.

54. (*1*) No child worker shall be allowed to work in a factory for more than five hours in any day.

(*2*) The hours of work of a child shall be so arranged that they shall not spread over more than seven-and-a-half hours in any day.

(*3*) A child may work in a factory only between 6 A.M. and 7 P.M.:

Provided that the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, in respect of any class or classes of factories and for the whole year or any part of it, vary these limits to any span of thirteen hours between 5 A.M. and 7-30 P.M.

(*4*) The provisions of section 36 shall apply also to child workers, but no exemption from the provisions of that section may be granted in respect of any child.

(*5*) No child shall work in any factory on any day on which he has already been working in another factory.

Periods of work for children to be fixed beforehand.

55. The periods of the day during which a child may be required to work in a factory shall be fixed beforehand, in accordance with the method laid down for adults in section 40.

Notice of Periods of Work for Children and Register of Child Workers.

56. (*1*) There shall be displayed and correctly maintained, in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (*2*) of section 77, in every factory in which children are employed, a Notice of Periods of Work for Children, showing clearly all periods of work fixed and any scheme of shifts drawn up for the factory in respect of children under section 55.

(*2*) The provisions of sub-sections (*2*) and (*3*) of section 41 shall apply also to the Notice of Periods of Work for Children.

(*3*) The manager of every factory in which children are employed shall maintain a Register of Child Workers showing—

(*a*) the name of each child worker in the factory,

(*b*) the nature of his work,

(*c*) the group, if any, in which he is included,

(*d*) where his group works on shifts, the relay to which he is allotted,

(*e*) the number of his certificate of fitness granted under section 52, and

(*f*) such other particulars as may be prescribed.

(*4*) The Local Government may make rules prescribing forms for the Notice of Periods of Work for Children and of the Register of Child Workers, the manner in which they shall be maintained, and the period for which the Register shall be preserved.

Power to require medical examination regarding age.

57. Where an Inspector is of opinion that any person working in a factory without a certificate of fitness is a child or an adolescent, he may serve on the manager of the factory a notice requiring that such person shall be examined by a certifying surgeon, and such person shall not be allowed to work in the factory until he has been so examined and has been granted a certificate of fitness.

Power to require fresh medical examination regarding health.

58. Where an Inspector is of opinion that a child or adolescent working in a factory with a certificate of fitness is no longer fit to work in the capacity stated therein, he may serve on the manager of the factory a notice requiring that such child or adolescent shall be examined by a certifying surgeon, and such child or adolescent shall not be allowed to work again in the factory until he has been so examined and has been granted a fresh certificate of fitness.

Power to make rules.

59. The Local Government may make rules—

(*a*) prescribing the forms of certificates of fitness to be granted under section 52, providing for the grant of duplicates in the event of loss of the original certificate, and the fee which may be charged for such duplicate;

(*b*) prescribing the standards of physical fitness to be attained by children and adolescents applying for certificates of fitness;

(*c*) regulating the procedure of certifying surgeons under this Chapter, specifying other duties which they may be required to perform in connection with the employment of children in factories; and

(*d*) providing for any other matter which may be expedient in order to give effect to the provisions of this Chapter.

CHAPTER VI.

PENALTIES AND PROCEDURE.

Penalty for contravention of provisions relating to—

health and safety,—

60. If in any factory—

(*a*) there is a contravention of any of the provisions of sections 15 to 30 inclusive, or of any of the said sections read with rules made in pursuance thereof under clause (*a*) of section 33, or of any rule, notification or order made under any of the said sections,

or there is any contravention of any rule made under clause (*b*) or clause (*c*) of section 33,

or there is any contravention of any rule made under section 34, or

restrictions on hours of work,

(*b*) any person is allowed to work in contravention of any of the provisions of sections 35 to 39 inclusive or of secton 45, or of any rule or notification made thereunder, or of any condition attached to any exemption granted under section 43 or section 44, or of any rule made under section 45, 48 or 49,

or is allowed to work otherwise than in accordance with an entry against his name in the Register of Adult Workers maintained and the Notice of Periods of Work for Adults displayed in the factory,

or there is any contravention of the provisions of section 41 or section 42, or of the rules made thereunder,

or any person is not paid any extra pay for overtime to which he is entitled under the provisions of section 47, or

employment of adolescents and children.

(*c*) any adolescent or child is allowed to work in contravention of any of the provisions of section 50, 51, 54, 57 or 58, or of any rule or notification made thereunder,

or is allowed to work otherwise than in accordance with an entry against his name in the Register of Child Workers maintained and the Notice of Periods of Work for Children displayed in the factory,

or there is any contravention of the provisions of section 56 or of the rules made thereunder,

the manager and occupier of the factory shall each be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

Enhanced penalty after previous conviction.

61. If any person—

(*a*) who has been convicted of any offence which is a contravention of any of the provisions of sections 15 to 30 inclusive, or of any of the said sections read with rules made in pursuance thereof under clause (*a*) of section 33, or of any rule, notification or order made under any of the said sections, is again guilty of any such offence, or

(*b*) who has been convicted of any offence which is a contravention of any rule made under clause (*b*) or clause (*c*) of section 33, is again guilty of any offence which is a contravention of any rule made under the same clause, or

(*c*) who has been convicted of any offence which is a contravention of any rule made under any of the subsections of section 34, is again guilty of any offence which is a contravention of any rule made under the same sub-section, or

(*d*) who has been convicted of any offence punishable under clause (*b*) or clause (*c*) of section 60, is again guilty of any offence punishable under either of these clauses,

he shall be punishable with fine which shall not be less than one hundred rupees, and if he is again so guilty, shall be punishable with fine which shall not be less than two hundred and fifty rupees:

Provided that for the purposes of this section no cognizance shall be taken of any conviction made more than two years before the commission of the offence which is being punished:

Provided further that the Court, if it is satisfied that there are exceptional circumstances warranting such a course, may, after recording its reasons in writing, impose a smaller fine than is required by this section.

Penalty for failure to give notice of commencement of work or of change of manager.

62. Any occupier of a factory who fails to give any notice required by sub-section (*1*) or sub-section (*2*) of section 9 shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

Penalty for obstructing Inspector.

63. Whoever wilfully obstructs an Inspector in the exercise of any power under section 11, or fails to produce on demand by an Inspector any registers or other documents in his custody kept in pursuance of this Act or of any of the rules made thereunder, or conceals or prevents any worker in a factory from appearing before or being examined by an Inspector, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

Penalty for failure to give notice of accidents.

64. A manager of a factory who fails to give notice of an accident as required under section 31 shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

Penalty for failure to make prescribed returns.

65. If in respect of any factory any prescribed return is not furnished as required by rules made under clause (*d*) of section 33 or by section 78, the manager and the occupier of the factory shall each be liable to fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

Penalty for smoking in vicinity of inflammable material

66. Whoever smokes, or uses a naked light or causes or permits any such light to be used, in the vicinity of any inflammable material in a factory shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

Penalty for using false certificate

67. Whoever knowingly uses or attempts to use, as a certificate granted to himself under section 52, a certificate granted to another person under that section, or who, having procured such a certificate, knowingly allows it to be used, or an attempt to use it to be made, by another person, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Penalty on guardian for permitting double employment of a child.

68. If a child works in a factory on any day on which he has already been working in another factory, the parent or guardian of the child or the person having custody of or control over him, or obtaining any direct benefit from his wages, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees, unless it appears to the Court that the child so worked without the consent, connivance or wilful default of such parent, guardian or person.

Penalty for failure to display certain notices.

69. A manager of a factory who fails to display the notice required under sub-section (*1*) of section 77 or by any rule made under this Act, or to display or maintain any such notice as required by sub-section (*2*) of that section, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

Determination of "occupier" for purposes of this Chapter.

70. (*1*) Where the occupier of a factory is a firm or other association of individuals, any one of the individual partners or members thereof may be prosecuted and punished under this Chapter for any offence for which the occupier of the factory is punishable:

Provided that the firm or association may give notice to the Inspector that they have nominated one of their number to be the occupier of the factory for the purposes of this Chapter, and such individual shall be deemed to be the occupier for the purposes of this Chapter

until further notice cancelling his nomination is received by the Inspector or until he ceases to be a partner or member of the firm or association.

(2) Where the occupier of a factory is a company, any one of the directors thereof, or, in the case of a private company, any one of the shareholders thereof, may be prosecuted and punished under this Chapter for any offence for which the occupier of the factory is punishable:

Provided that the company may give notice to the Inspector that it has nominated a director, or, in the case of a private company, a shareholder, to be the occupier of the factory for the purposes of this Chapter, and such director or shareholder shall be deemed to be the occupier of the factory for the purposes of this Chapter until further notice cancelling his nomination is received by the Inspector or until he ceases to be a director or shareholder.

Exemption of occupier or manager from liability in certain cases.

71. (*1*) Where the occupier or manager of a factory is charged with an offence against this Act, he shall be entitled upon complaint duly made by him to have any other person whom he charges as the actual offender brought before the Court at the time appointed for hearing the charge; and if, after the commission of the offence has been proved, the occupier or manager of the factory proves to the satisfaction of the Court—

(*a*) that he has used due diligence to enforce the execution of this Act, and

(*b*) that the said other person committed the offence in question without his knowledge, consent or connivance,

that other person shall be convicted of the offence and shall be liable to the like fine as if he were the occupier or manager, and the occupier or manager shall be discharged from any liability under this Act.

(*2*) When it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the Inspector at any time prior to the institution of the proceedings—

(*a*) that the occupier or manager of the factory has used all due diligence to enforce the execution of this Act, and

(*b*) by what person the offence has been committed, and

(*c*) that it has been committed without the knowledge, consent or connivance of the occupier or manager, and in contravention of his orders,

the Inspector shall proceed against the person whom he believes to be the actual offender without first proceeding against the occupier or manager of the factory, and such person shall be liable to the like fine as if he were the occupier or manager.

Limit to penalty in case of repetition of offence.

72. A person shall not be liable in respect of a repetition of the same kind of offence from day to day to any larger amount of fines than the highest fine fixed by this Act for the offence, except—

(*a*) where the repetition of the offence occurs after a prosecution has been instituted in respect of the original offence, or

(*b*) where the offence is committed in respect of two or more persons, and is a contravention of sub-section (*1*) of section 28 or section 30 or is an offence punishable under clause (*b*) or clause (*c*) of section 60.

Presumption as to employment.

73. If a child over the age of six years is found inside any part of a factory in which children are working, he shall, until the contrary is proved, be deemed to be working in the factory.

Evidence as to age.

74. (*1*) When an act or omission would, if a person were under or over a certain age, be an offence punishable under this Act, and such person is in the opinion of the Court apparently under or over such age, the burden shall be on the accused to prove that such person is not under or over such age.

(*2*) A declaration in writing by a certifying surgeon relating to a worker that he has personally examined him and believes him to be under or over the age set forth in such declaration shall, for the purposes of this Act, be admissible as evidence of the age of that worker.

Cognizance of offences.

75. (*1*) No prosecution under this Act, except a prosecution under section 66, shall be instituted except by or with the previous sanction of the Inspector.

(*2*) No Court inferior to that of a Presidency Magistrate or of a Magistrate of the first class shall try any offence against this Act or any rule or order made thereunder, other than an offence under section 66 or section 67.

Limitation of prosecutions.

76. No Court shall take cognizance of any offence under this Act or any rule or order thereunder, other than an offence under section 62 or section 64, unless complaint thereof is made within six months of the date on which the offence is alleged to have been committed.

CHAPTER VII.

SUPPLEMENTAL.

Display of factory notices.

77. (*1*) In addition to the notices required to be displayed in any factory by this Act or the rules made thereunder, there shall be displayed in every factory a notice containing such abstracts of this Act and of the rules made thereunder, in English and in the vernacular of the majority of the workers, as the Local Government may, by rules, prescribe.

(*2*) All notices required to be displayed in a factory shall be displayed at some conspicuous place at or near the main entrance to the factory, and shall be maintained in a clean and legible condition.

Power of Governor General in Council to make rules.

78. The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, make rules requiring occupiers or managers of factories to submit such returns, occasional or periodical, as may in his opinion be required for the purposes of this Act.

General provisions regarding rules made by Local Governments

79. *(1)* All rules made by a Local Government under this Act shall be subject to the control of the Governor General in Council.

(2) All such rules shall be subject to the condition of previous publication, and the date to be specified under clause (3) of section 23 of the General Clauses Act, 1897, shall not be less than three months from the date on which the draft of the proposed rules was published. X of 1897.

(3) All such rules shall be published in the local official Gazette, and shall, unless some later date is appointed, come into force on the date of such publication.

Application to Crown factories.

80. This Act shall apply to factories belonging to the Crown.

Protection to persons acting under this Act

81. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any person for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act.

Repeal and savings.

82. The enactments mentioned in the Schedule are hereby repealed to the extent specified in the fourth column thereof:

Provided that anything done under the said enactments which could have been done under this Act if it had then been in force shall be deemed to have been done under this Act.

THE SCHEDULE.

ENACTMENTS REPEALED.

(See section 82.)

Year	No	Short title.	Extent of repeal.
1	2	3	4
1911	XII	The Indian Factories Act, 1911.	The whole.
1922	II	The Indian Factories (Amendment) Act, 1922.	The whole
1923	IX	The Indian Factories (Amendment) Act, 1923.	The whole.
1926	XXVI	The Indian Factories (Amendment) Act, 1926.	The whole.
1930	VIII	The Repealing and Amending Act, 1930.	So much of the First Schedule as relates to the Indian Factories Act, 1911.
1931	XIII	The Indian Factories (Amendment) Act, 1931.	The whole.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Royal Commission on Labour in India made a number of recommendations for the amendment of the Factories Act. These were published with their Report in July 1931. After examining these in detail, the Government of India drafted a Bill to replace the present Factories Act which embodied the great majority of the proposals and included some further alterations that experience had shown to be desirable. This Bill was circulated with a covering letter and a series of explanatory notes to Local Governments in June 1932 and the Governments were asked to forward the papers to associations of employers and employed and to other organizations or individuals who might be interested. In reply, a series of opinions were received discussing the Bill and the original Act in great detail, and after considering the numerous suggestions offered, the Government of India have framed the present Bill.

The substantial changes made in the existing law are discussed in the Notes on Clauses. Nearly all the more important alterations are based on the Labour Commission's recommendations. At the same time the opportunity has been taken to rearrange the law and to revise its expression where necessary. The present Act dates from 1911, but since that date large changes have been made by amending Acts and the consolidation of the law in a clearer and more logical form is in itself a desirable reform.

F. NOYCE.

SIMLA;

The 2nd September, 1933.

NOTES ON CLAUSES.

(In these Notes "Section" denotes a section of the present Act.)

Clause 2.—The definitions have been generally revised and supplemented and those defining the manufacturing process and determining when a person is employed have been simplified. The definition of "factory" has been modified so as to cover those establishments which, although they employ more than 20 persons in the day, do not employ that number simultaneously.

Clause 3.—The general acceptance of standard time has rendered a modification of section 51 (*1*) desirable.

Clause 4.—The Labour Commission recommended differential treatment for seasonal and non-seasonal factories in the matter of adult hours and in other respects. This clause is based on their recommendation.

Clause 5.—This clause reproduces the provision contained in section 2 (*3*) empowering Local Governments to bring workshops not using power and the smaller power-factories within the scope of the Act: but certain changes have been made. On the recommendation of the Labour Commission it is proposed that Local Governments should be empowered to apply the Act to workshops in full or in part; at present they have no choice between applying the whole of the Act or none in such cases. Provision has been made in sub-section (*2*) for the notification of classes of premises, where necessary; and sub-section (*3*) is designed to ensure that a notification of the Local Government does not remain in force after the conditions justifying its issue have ceased to apply.

Clause 6 reproduces in substance section 53; but it is proposed that notifications should be limited to specified factories as there is no occasion for notifications applicable to classes of factories.

Clause 7.—This is a new clause designed to enable the Local Government to exempt from the Act premises which by reason of a change in their use should no longer be treated as factories.

Clause 8.—Section 57 confers on the Government of India the powers which may be exercised by Local Governments under the Act, while section 56 enables the Local Government to exempt any factory in case of public emergency. Section 57 has never been invoked and it is proposed to omit it. On the other hand, section 56 is intended only for a serious general emergency such as might be caused by a war, and it is proposed to transfer this exceptional power to the Government of India.

Clause 9.—Cf. section 33.

Clauses 10 and 11.—Cf. sections 4 and 5.

Clause 12.—This is a new clause.

Clause 13.—Sub-clause (*1*) reproduces section 6; sub-clause (*2*) extends to certifying surgeons the principle applying to Inspectors in clause 10 (*2*) [Section 4 (*2*)].

Clause 14.—*Cf.* section 8.

Clause 15.—This combines the provisions of sections 9 (*a*) and 37 (*2*) (*c*).

Clause 16.—Sub-clauses (*1*) and (*2*) are based on section 9 (*c*) and section 37 (*2*) (*g*), while sub-clause (*3*) is based on section 10. Sub-clause (*4*) is designed to enable Local Governments to do by rules for classes of factories what Inspectors under sub-clause (*3*) can do by orders for single factories.

Clause 17, sub-clause (*1*).—Section 9 (*d*) at present requires that the atmosphere shall not be rendered so humid by artificial means as to be injurious to the health of the workers, and section 37 (*2*) (*g*) gives the Local Government power to prescribe standards of artificial humidification and the methods to be adopted to secure their observance. It is now established that humidity, by itself, affords no measure of the decree of danger or discomfort; the cooling power, a factor dependent on the temparature, the humidity and the movement of the air, is a much more reliable criterion. Moreover, the Labour Commission has called attention to the fact that the existing Act gives inadequate power to protect the worker from acute discomfort. It is therefore proposed to omit the prohibition of excessive humidity and, in sub-clause (*1*), to enable the Local Government to prescribe standards of cooling power, in place of standards of humidification, and to regulate the methods used for artificial humidification. Sub-clauses (*2*) and (*3*) reproduce the substance of section 12.

Clause 18.—This is based on a recommendation of the Labour Commission who give in their report the previous history of the legislative proposals for protecting workers against the effects of excessive heat.

Clause 19. This combines the provisions of section 9 (*b*) and section 37 (*2*) (*f*) with an addition enabling the Local Government to prescribe standards of floor space.

Clause 20.—Sub-clauses (*1*) and (*2*) reproduce the substance of section 11. In sub-clause (*3*) it is proposed to enable the Local Governments to prescribe standards of lighting by rule for particular classes of factories.

Clause 21. -Sub-clause (*1*) combines sections 14 and 37 (*2*) (*i*). Sub-clause (*2*) is new and is based on a recommendation of the Labour Commission.

Clause 22.—This combines sections 13 and 37 (*2*) (*h*). The proviso to the former section has been omitted in accordance with a recommendation of the Labour Commission.

Clause 23.—*Cf.* section 15. The maximum number of person who may occupy a room in which the doors open inwards has been reduced to 20 and the saving in favour of factories erected before 1912 has been omitted.

Clause 24. -This combines sections 16 and 37 (*2*) (*ii*).

Clause 25. *Cf.* section 18.

Clauses 26 and 27.- Inspectors have already power under section 18A, which is substantially reproduced in clause 27, to issue orders requiring action to be taken where the machinery or plant has become dangerous and prohibiting the use of dangerous machinery or plant pending repairs in cases of necessity. But an Inspector may have reason to fear that the use of certain machinery or plant involves danger without having sufficient evidence to warrant him in issuing definite orders requiring its alteration or repair. Clause 26, embodying a recommendation of the Labour Commission, has therefore been added to enable Inspectors to secure the requisite information when necessary. See also clause 34 (*4*).

Clause 28.- This is based on section 19; but it is proposed to extend to the oiling of machinery the prohibition which at present applies to the cleaning of machinery, and to extend it to work done between moving parts as well as between fixed and moving parts.

Clause 29.—Sub-clause (*2*) reproduces the substance of section 19A. In sub-clause (*1*) it is proposed to give the Local Governments general powers to exclude non-working children with a view to their protection.

Clause 30 reproduces section 20.

Clause 31.—This reproduces section 34 with a small amendment to secure that notices are given of all accidents resulting in death or serious injury, including those in which injury is caused to persons not employed in the factory.

Clause 32.—This is based on section 50. A minor modification has been made in the conclusion of the last sub-section, and provision is made for appeals in all cases in which an order in writing is issued by an Inspector.

Clause 33.—Sub-clauses (*b*), (*c*) and (*d*) are new provisions and are all based on recommendations of the Labour Commission.

Clause 34.—The Labour Commission recommended that Local Governments should be empowered in general terms to pass orders applicable to particular classes or groups of factories relating to welfare. In addressing Local Governments the Government of India suggested that such a wide extension of rule-making powers was undesirable and that it would be more in consonance with the principles underlying the Act that fresh requirements of this kind should have the approval of the Legislature. This view has been generally accepted and the Government of India have therefore included no general rule-making power relating to "welfare" in the Act. They propose [*cf.* clauses 21 (*2*), 33 (*b*) and sub-clauses (*1*) and (*2*) of this clause] to empower Local Governments to make provision only for those matters to which the Labour Commission specifically directed attention.

Sub-clause (*3*) is designed to enable Local Governments to secure the protection of the worker against special hazards arising from the use of particular processes. The present Act already contains in section 19B and the Schedule provisions designed to protect women and young persons against dangers from lead poisoning, and section 38A confers on the Government of India power to make rules for the disinfection of wool which may be infected with anthrax spores. But with the constant elaboration of factory processes the existing Act has already proved inadequate; and the steady accumulation of knowledge of the best methods for protection against dangers due to special processes render it desirable that Government should be able to make and to modify from time to time the necessary regulations.

Sub-clause (*4*) is based on a recommendation of the Labour Commission, and is designed, along with the provisions of clauses 26 and 27, to protect workers against dangers arising from the use for factory purposes of unstable buildings. It is limited to new factories and extensions.

Clause 35.—The main part of the clause embodies the recommendation of the majority of the Labour Commission for the reduction of weekly adult hours in non-seasonal factories to 54. The limit for seasonal factories is retained at 60 hours. In the proviso a special exception is made in favour of factories where the processes must go on throughout the day, such as factories providing electric power and light, waterworks, etc. This is also based on a recommendation of the majority of the Labour Commission, but it has not been coupled, as they suggested, with a provision ensuring an average of 54 hours weekly. Such a provision would introduce a serious complication, and it is common in these factories for work to be of such an intermittent character that the hours normally worked in a week are less than 54. The proviso has not been extended, as the Labour Commission suggested, to factories producing articles of prime necessity which must be supplied or made every day as special treatment is not warranted on this account.

Clause 36.—*Cf.* section 22. Sub-clause (*2*) providing for the cancellation of notices on the part of the employer is new.

Clause 37.—The majority of the Labour Commission proposed to reduce the hours for adult work in non-seasonal factories from 11 to 10. This has been embodied in the clause and it is proposed to apply a similar reduction to women workers in seasonal factories.

Clause 38.—This is based on section 21, but certain changes have been made. That section is defective in that, where two intervals of half an hour are given, a manager who closes his factory before the second interval is due infringes the law. In addition, the present law makes the request of the employees concerned necessary before the rest interval can be split up into two half hours, and places two additional limitations on the reduction of the interval to half-an-hour where the working day is 8½ hours or less, viz., the sanction of the Local Government must be obtained, and this reduction can only be permitted in the case of male workers. It is proposed to remove all these restrictions. With a short working day it is better that the extra half hour should be spent in the worker's home than in the precincts of the factory, and this applies with, if anything, more force to women than to men. Section 52 which allowed in certain circumstances unexpected interruptions of work to count as intervals has been omitted.

The Labour Commission recommended that it should also be possible to split up the intervals into periods of less than half-an-hour. But as there is virtually no demand for this refinement, and its introduction would add appreciably to administrative difficulties, it has not been included.

Clause 39.—This is based on a recommendation of the Labour Commission and is designed to prevent the hours of work being so arranged that the worker does not get a reasonably long period away from the factory on each day.

Clause 40.—This embodies the principle of section 26, but the opportunity has been taken, by inserting separate sub-sections relating to the various methods by which factory hours are arranged, to make it clear that hours need not be fixed separately for each individual worker.

Clause 41.—This is based on section 3. The period within which the notice must be sent has been reduced to 3 days; and in order to prevent the evasion of the Act, it is proposed to provide that changes should be notified to the Inspector before they are made, and that his previous sanction should be required if a change has to be made within a week of the previous change.

Clause 42.—Sub-clause (*1*) is based on section 35. But the main part of the clause has been remodelled and the first proviso to the existing section has been omitted, on the ground that it is desirable that at least a record of the workers should be maintained in all factories. Sub-clause (*2*) is based on section 37 (*2*) (*d*); the addition relating to the preservation of the register is new.

Clause 43.—Sub-clause (*1*) is based on section 29. Sub-clause (*2*) is based on sections 30 (*1*) and 30 (*3*), 32 and 32A (*a*). The main change proposed is that these exemptions should in future be made by rules under the Act and not merely by notification. In addition it is proposed that exemptions should not be granted from the weekly holiday in the case of workers engaged in intermittent work, and the definition of such work has been made more specific.

The remaining sub-clauses are new. Sub-clause (*3*) has been found to be necessary in order to enable the factory management to avail itself of other exemptions that may be given. Sub-clause (*4*) provides for the fixing of absolute limits to overtime, a matter now covered by rules under the Act. Sub-clause (*5*) embodies a recommendation of the Labour Commission and is designed to ensure that exemptions and the conditions upon which they are granted are reviewed at intervals of not less than 3 years.

Clause 44.—This provides for certain exemptions which cannot suitably be made by rules. Sub-clause (*1*) is designed to meet the case of those factories where the fixing of hours beforehand would impose an unreasonable limitation on the working of the factory: for example, there are factories where work comes in at unexpected times and has to be done with extreme expedition. Sub-clause (*2*) is based on section 30 (*2*), but it is proposed that the power to grant exemptions should be exercised by the Chief Inspector, subject to the control of the Local Government. Sub-clauses (*3*) and (*4*) are designed to secure that the limits prescribed by Local Governments for overtime apply to such exemptions and that they do not remain in force for an unreasonable period.

Clause 45.—Sub-clause (*1*) is based on section 24, but it is proposed to change from 5-30 a.m. to 6 a.m., the hour before which women may not normally be employed. The object is to secure for women a night rest of not less than 11 hours, which is the period prescribed by the International Convention relating to this subject and recommended by the Labour Commission. The latter's proposal to extend the period within which a factory may employ women to the hours between 5 a.m. and 10 p.m has been strongly criticized and is not embodied in the Bill. The first proviso is based on section 51 (*2*) and the second on a recommendation of the Labour Commission. It is applicable only to seasonal factories, and is intended to enable Local Governments to enforce the legal hours in rural factories where repeated infringements have shown the necessity for further limitation. Its application will not reduce the maximum hours for which women may work but will limit further the hours within which they may be employed. Sub-clause (*2*) is based on section 32A (*b*) but provides for exemption by rules instead of by notification. Sub-clause (*3*) has the same object as sub-clause (*5*) of clause 43.

Clause 46.—This is a new provision designed to meet the difficulties of factories working on shifts. For example, a factory worker who works up till 4 a.m. on Sunday morning and then gets 40 hours of rest, commencing work again at 8 p.m. on Monday night, has at present to be exempted from the provisions relating to the weekly holiday.

Clause 47.—Sub-clauses (*1*) and (*2*) replace section 31 and embody the Labour Commission's recommendation that work in excess of 60 hours in the week should be paid at the rate of time and a half. It is proposed to make similar provision for work done in excess of the daily limit of hours in a non-seasonal factory and, in sub-clause (*3*), to provide for similar payment for all work done by virtue of an exemption from the weekly holiday.

Clause 48.—*Cf.* section 25.

Clause 49.—This embodies a recommendation of the Labour Commission and is designed to give the Local Governments power to control the working of multiple shifts.

Clauses 50 to 53.—These embody, so far as children are concerned, the substance of sections 23 (*a*) and 7 but, in modification of a recommendation made by the Labour Commission, it is proposed to enable Local Governments to prescribe for the guidance of certifying surgeons granting certificates physical standards to be attained by children.

It is also proposed, as recommended by the Labour Commission, that adolescents should be required to produce certificates of fitness before they can be permitted to work as adults. The ages of 15 to 16 suggested by the Labour Commission have been criticised as unduly narrow and adolescence has been defined so as to include persons between the ages of 15 and 17. Adolescents may be certified as fit either for children's work or for adult work. In the former case they will be subject to all special restrictions imposed by the Act on the work of children, and in the latter case they will be subject to none of these restrictions. The Labour Commission also suggested that young persons should be prohibited from working at night, but the advantages to be gained by preventing male adolescents who are certified as fully fit for adult work from working at night do not outweigh the difficulties that would thus be created.

Clause 54.—Sub-clauses (*1*) and (*2*) are based on the recommendations of the Labour Commission. Sub-clause (*3*) is based on sections 23 (*b*) and 51 (*2*). The same modifications have been made in the case of children as in the case of women. Sub-clause (*4*) is designed to ensure that every child, without exception, enjoys a weekly rest. Sub-clause (*5*) is taken from section 25.

Clauses 55 and 56.—These extend to children the principles applied to adults in clauses 40, 41 and 42.

Clauses 57 and 58.—These embody the principles of section 8A, but it is proposed to extend it, as recommended by the Labour Commission, to persons who appear to the Inspector to be children or adolescents.

Clauses 60, 62 to 69.—These embody, with the necessary consequential additions, sections 41, 43, 44 and 44A. Section 43A, which provided for the grant of compensation to injured workers out of fines has been omitted, as adequate provision is now made by the Workmen's Compensation Act.

Clause 61.—This follows a recommendation of the Labour Commission and is designed to secure in suitable cases adequate penalties in the case of repeated offences.

Clause 70.—This is a new clause designed to ensure that whenever possible the person responsible as occupier is clearly designated.

Clause 71.—This reproduces section 42.

Clause 72.—*Cf.* section 45.

Clause 73.—*Cf.* section 46. The provision is at present limited to parts of the factory where certain work is carried on. It is proposed to extend it to all parts of the factory where children are employed.

Clause 74.—*Cf.* section 47.

Clauses 75 and 76.—*Cf.* sections 48 and 49.

Clause 77.—*Cf.* section 36 (*1*). Sub-clause (*2*) is new.

Clause 78.—*Cf.* section 38.

Clause 79.—Sub-clause (*1*) is based on various provisions throughout the Act. Sub-clauses (*2*) and (*3*) are based on sections 39 and 40, but the exception contained in section 39 (*1*) has been omitted.

Clauses 80 and 81.—These reproduce sections 54 and 58.

Clause 82.—The proviso is intended to ensure that there is no breach of continuity in respect of matters not covered by section 6 of the General Clauses Act, 1897.

MD. RAFI,
Secy. to the Govt. of India (offg.).

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Legislative Assembly Department.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 8th September, 1933:—

L. A. BILL No. 43 OF 1933.

THE INDIAN TEA CONTROL BILL.

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CHAPTER IV.

PENALTIES AND PROCEDURE.

30. Penalty for illicit export.
31. Penalty for making false return.
32. Penalty for obstructing inspection of tea estate.
33. Penalty for illicit cultivation.
34. Removal of tea planted without permission.
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A Bill to provide for the control of the export of tea from India and for the control of the extension of the cultivation of tea in British India.

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the control of the export of tea from India and for the control of the extension of the cultivation of tea in British India; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

PRELIMINARY.

Short title, extent, commencement and duration.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Indian Tea Control Act, 1933.

(*2*) It extends to the whole of British India.

(*3*) It shall come into force on such date as the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, appoint.

(*4*) It shall not remain in force after the 31st day of March, 1938.

Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(*a*) "Committee" means the Indian Tea Licensing Committee constituted under this Act;

(*b*) "exported overseas" means exported by sea from British India to any place outside India other than the French and Portuguese Settlements bounded by India;

(*c*) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;

(*d*) "tea" means—

(*i*) in Chapter III, the plant *Camellia Thea* (Linn.), and

(*ii*) in Chapter II, the commodity known as tea made from the leaves of that plant, and includes green tea leaves but excludes tea waste and Burmese pickled tea; and

(*e*) the "Tea Licensing Resolution" means the Resolution of the Government of India published under Finance Department (Central Revenues) Notification No. 30, dated the 20th May, 1933.

CHAPTER I.

THE INDIAN TEA LICENSING COMMITTEE.

Constitution of the Indian Tea Licensing Committee.

3. (*1*) The Governor General in Council shall constitute a Committee, to be called the Indian Tea Licensing Committee, consisting of the following members:

(*a*) six members, one to be nominated by each of the following bodies, namely,—

(*i*) the Indian Tea Association, Calcutta,

(*ii*) the Assam Branch of that Association,

(*iii*) the Surma Valley Branch of that Association,

(*iv*) the Dooars Planters' Association,

(*v*) the Indian Tea Planters' Association, Jalpaiguri, and the Terai Indian Planters' Association, Terai, acting together, and

(*vi*) the Darjeeling Planters' Association and the Terai Planters' Association, acting together;

(*b*) two members to be nominated by the Local Government of Assam, to represent tea estates owned by Indians in Assam, one for the Assam Valley and the other for the Surma Valley;

(*c*) two members to be nominated by the United Planters' Association of Southern India, one representing tea estates in British India, and the other representing tea estates in Indian States; and

(*d*) one member to be nominated by the Local Government of Madras to represent tea estates owned in Southern India by Indians:

Provided that any nomination, made in accordance with the above provisions, of any member of the Licensing Committee constituted under the Tea Licensing Resolution, shall be deemed to have been duly made under this Act.

(*2*) As soon as may be after the commencement of this Act the Governor General in Council shall publish in the Gazette of India the names of all members of the Committee.

Vacancies.

4. (*1*) If any authority or body fails to make within a reasonable time any nomination which it is entitled to make under section 3, the Governor General in Council may himself nominate a member to fill the vacancy.

(2) Where a member of the Committee dies, resigns, ceases to reside in India or becomes incapable of acting, the Governor General in Council may, on the recommendation of the authority or body which is entitled to make the first nomination under section 3, or where such recommendation is not made within a reasonable time, then on his own initiative, nominate a person to fill the vacancy.

(3) No act done by the Committee shall be questioned on the ground merely of the existence of any vacancy in or any defect in the constitution of the Committee.

Chairman, sub-committees and executive officers.

5. The Committee shall elect a Chairman from amongst themselves, and may appoint such sub-committees and executive officers as may be necessary for the efficient performance of the duties imposed upon it by this Act:

Provided that the Chairman elected and any sub-committee or executive officer appointed by the Licensing Committee constituted under the Tea Licensing Resolution shall be deemed to have been duly elected and appointed under this Act.

Power to make by-laws.

6. (1) The Committee may make by-laws consistent with this Act and with the rules made thereunder for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

(a) the regulation of the procedure to be followed at meetings of the Committee;

(b) the appointment of sub-committees;

(c) the delegation to sub-committees, members or officers of the Committee of any of the powers of the Committee under this Act;

(d) the determination of the travelling allowances of the members;

(e) the appointment, promotion and dismissal of officers and servants of the Committee, and the creation and abolition of appointments of such officers and servants;

(f) the regulation of the grant of pay and leave to such officers and servants; and

(g) any other matter in respect of which by-laws may be made under this Act or the rules made thereunder.

(2) All by-laws made under this section shall be subject to the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council.

Governor General in Council's power of control.

7. (1) Save in respect of proceedings and orders under section 27, all acts of the Committee shall be subject to the control of the Governor General in Council, who may cancel, suspend or modify as he thinks fit any such act.

(2) The records of the Committee shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by any officer authorised in this behalf by the Governor General in Council.

Keeping and auditing of accounts.

8. (1) The Committee shall keep accounts of all fees received by it under this Act, and of the manner in which they are expended.

(2) Such accounts shall be examined and audited annually by auditors appointed in this behalf by the Governor General in Council; and such auditors shall have power to disallow any item which has been, in their opinion, expended otherwise than in pursuance of the purposes of this Act.

Dissolution of the Committee.

9. (*1*) The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, declare the Committee to be dissolved, and on the date of the publication of such notification the Committee shall stand dissolved and this Act shall be deemed to be repealed.

(*2*) When the Committee is dissolved, either under this section or by the expiry of this Act, the unexpended balance of fees received by the Committee under this Act shall lapse to Government.

Power to make rules.

10. The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, make rules—

(*a*) providing for the establishment and maintenance of offices by the Committee;

(*b*) providing for the conduct of business by the Committee and determining the number of members which shall form a quorum at meetings;

(*c*) providing for the maintenance by the Committee of a record of all business transacted and submission of copies thereof to Government;

(*d*) regulating the preparation of annual estimates of receipts and expenditure;

(*e*) regulating the keeping of accounts of receipts and expenditure;

(*f*) determining the custody in which the current account of the Committee shall be kept, and the bank or banks at which surplus monies at the credit of the Committee may be deposited at interest; and

(*g*) generally, to carry out the provisions of this Chapter.

CHAPTER II.

CONTROL OVER THE EXPORT OF TEA.

Limitation of application of Chapter.

11. Nothing in this Chapter shall apply to tea—

(*a*) proved to the satisfaction of the Customs Collector to have been imported into British India from any port outside India, or

(*b*) shipped as stores on board any vessel, in such quantity as the Customs Collector considers reasonable having regard to the numbers of the crew and passengers and the length of the voyage on which the vessel is about to depart, or

(*c*) exported by parcel post

Method of control of export of tea.

12. (*1*) No tea shall be exported overseas unless covered by a licence issued by or on behalf of the Committee.

(*2*) No tea shall be exported by land or sea to any of the French or Portuguese Settlements bounded by India unless covered by a permit issued by or on behalf of the Committee.

The Indian Overseas Export Allotment.

13. (*1*) The Indian Overseas Export Allotment for the financial year 1933-34, that is, the total quantity of tea which may be exported overseas during that year, including tea exported overseas during that year before the commencement of this Act, shall be 320,570,560 pounds avoirdupois.

(2) The Indian Overseas Export Allotment for succeeding financial years shall be declared by the Governor General in Council by notification in the Gazette of India, after consulting the Committee and paying due regard to all interests concerned.

Export quotas of tea estates

14. (1) The export quota of each tea estate for each financial year, that is, the total quantity of tea which may be exported overseas by the owner of the estate during that year, shall be determined by the Committee, in the prescribed manner.

(2) The total of all export quotas for any financial year shall not exceed the Indian Overseas Export Allotment for that year.

Right to obtain export licences

15. (1) The owner of a tea estate to which a quota has been allotted for any financial year shall have a right to obtain at any time during that year export licences to cover the export overseas of tea up to the amount of the unexhausted balance of the quota, that is, up to the amount of the quota less the amount for which export licences have already been issued against it:

Provided that the unexhausted balance of any quota at any time during the financial year 1933-34 after the commencement of this Act shall be the amount of the quota less—

(a) the amount for which export licences have already been issued against the quota under this Act, and

(b) the amount for which export licences were issued against the quota by the Licensing Committee constituted under the Tea Licensing Resolution, and

(c) the amount of tea produced on the estate and exported overseas after the 31st day of March, 1933, and before the 26th day of May, 1933.

(2) The right of the owner of a tea estate under this section may be transferred in whole or in part, and subject to proof of the transfer to the satisfaction of the Committee, the transferee shall have a right to obtain export licences up to the amount covered by the transfer or up to the amount of the unexhausted balance of the quota, whichever may be less.

Grant of export licences.

16. (1) The owner of any tea estate to which an overseas export quota has been allotted, or any transferee of his right, may, at any time before the 21st day of March of the financial year to which the quota relates, apply in writing to the Committee for an export licence covering a stated quantity of tea

(2) If the unexhausted balance of the quota is sufficient to cover the stated quantity, the Committee shall, on receipt of the requisite fee, issue an export licence covering the stated quantity.

(3) Every licence shall be in duplicate in the prescribed form, shall bear the date of its issue, and shall be valid up to the end of the financial year in which it is issued:

Provided that, save as provided in section 17, the Committee shall not date or issue any export licence after the end of the financial year in which the application for it was made.

Special export licences.

17. (*1*) Where the tea covered by an export licence has not been exported overseas before the end of the financial year in which the licence was issued, the person to whom the licence was granted may, before the expiry of the first fourteen days of the following financial year, forward the licence to the Committee and submit therewith an application for a special export licence covering the same quantity of tea; and the Committee shall, on receipt of the requisite fee, if any, issue a special export licence accordingly.

(*2*) A special export licence shall be in duplicate in the prescribed form, shall bear the date of its issue and shall be valid up to the 30th day of June of the year in which it was issued.

(*3*) The quantity of tea covered by a special export licence shall be accounted for against the export quota of the year in which the original licence was issued.

Committee to maintain accounts of quotas.

18. (*1*) The Committee shall maintain an account of every export quota, showing, in addition to such other particulars as the Committee may think fit, the licences issued against it and the unexhausted balance:

Provided that for the financial year 1933-34 each account shall show as single items the amounts set off against the quota under clauses (*b*) and (*c*) of the proviso to sub-section (*1*) of section 15.

(*2*) Any owner of a tea estate shall be entitled, on payment of the requisite fee, to a copy of the account relating to his quota, certified in the manner laid down in the by-laws.

Tea for export to be covered by licence or permit.

19. (*1*) No consignment of tea shall be shipped or waterborne to be shipped for export overseas until the owner has delivered to the Customs Collector a valid export licence or special export licence in duplicate covering the quantity to be shipped.

(*2*) No consignment of tea shall be shipped or waterborne to be shipped for export to any of the French or Portuguese Settlements bounded by India until the owner has delivered to the Customs Collector a permit granted in this behalf by the Committee covering the quantity to be shipped.

(*3*) No permit for the passage of any tea by land into any of the French or Portuguese Settlements bounded by India shall be granted under sub-section (*1*) of section 5 of the Land Customs Act, 1924, unless the application for such permit is accompanied by a permit granted in this behalf by the Committee covering the quantity to be passed.

XIX of 1924.

Power of Committee to call for returns.

20. (*1*) The Committee may serve by post a notice upon the owner of any tea estate, or upon his agent or manager, requiring him to furnish, within such period not being less than thirty days as may be specified in the notice, such returns relating to the production, sale and export of tea produced on the estate as it may deem necessary to enable it to discharge its duties under this Chapter.

(*2*) Where any return required under sub-section (*1*) in respect of any tea estate is not furnished to the Committee within the period specified in the notice, the Committee may refuse to allot a quota to that estate under

section 14, or, where a quota has already been allotted, may cancel the unexhausted balance of that quota and refuse to issue any further export licences under section 16 against that quota.

Fees.

21. (*1*) The Committee may charge and collect the following fees, namely:—

(*a*) a licence fee for every export licence or special export licence issued by it, at such rates, not exceeding eight annas per thousand pounds of tea covered by the licence, as the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, fix in this behalf; and

(*b*) copying fees for certified copies of accounts of quotas, at the rate of one rupee per copy:

Provided that the owner of any tea estate to which a quota has been allotted under section 14 may make a consolidated payment of export licence fees at the rate fixed under clause (*a*) to cover the whole of the quota.

(*2*) The Committee shall apply the fees collected by it under this section to the meeting of expenses incurred by it in pursuance of the purposes of this Act.

Validation of of certain acts already done.

22. (*1*) All licences for the export of tea overseas, all licences for the export of tea to the French and Portuguese Settlements bounded by India, and all quotas issued or fixed by the Licensing Committee constituted under the Tea Licensing Resolution shall be deemed to be licences, permits and quotas respectively, issued or fixed under this Act.

(*2*) All transfers of the right to obtain export licences from the said Licensing Committee shall be valid as if they had been made under this Act.

Power to make rules.

23. The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, make rules—

(*a*) prescribing the manner in which the export quotas of tea estates shall be determined;

(*b*) regulating the grant of permits for the export of tea to the French and Portuguese Settlements;

(*c*) prescribing the form of export licences, special export licences and permits; and

(*d*) generally, to carry out the purposes of this Chapter.

Bar of jurisdiction.

24. No quota fixed and no order granting or refusing to grant any licence or permit under this Chapter shall be called in question in any Court.

CHAPTER III.

CONTROL OVER THE EXTENSION OF TEA CULTIVATION.

Method of control of extension of tea cultivation.

25. So long as this Act remains in force, no one shall plant tea in any land which was not planted with tea on the 31st day of March, 1933, save in pursuance of a written permission granted by or on behalf of the Committee.

Explanation.—Land which had been planted with tea at any time during the period of two years before the 31st day of March, 1933, but, in accordance with agricultural practice on tea estates, was lying fallow on that date, shall be deemed to have been planted with tea on the 31st day of March, 1933.

Limits to the extension of tea cultivation.

26. (*1*) The total area of land in British India in respect of which the permissions referred to in section 25 may be granted shall not exceed 4,000 acres:

Provided that the Governor General in Council may deduct from the said 4,000 acres the whole or any part of the increase in the area planted with tea in British India which may have occurred between the 31st day of March, 1933, and the commencement of this Act.

(*2*) The total area of land in any province in respect of which such permissions may be granted shall be determined by the Governor General in Council and shall be, as near as may be and subject to the above limit for the whole of British India, one half of one *per centum* of the total area in the province which was planted with tea on the 31st day of March, 1933.

(*3*) The Governor General in Council shall publish the total areas so allotted to the various provinces, by notification in the Gazette of India, as soon as may be after the commencement of this Act.

Grant of permission to plant tea.

27. (*1*) Applications for permission to plant tea on any land for the first time shall be made to the Committee, not later than one month after the commencement of this Act, and shall contain a clear statement of all special circumstances justifying the application.

(*2*) Subject to the limits laid down in section 26, the Committee may grant or refuse the permission applied for, or may grant it in part only, or may call for further information from the applicant.

(*3*) No order by the Committee under sub-section (*2*) shall be called in question in any Court.

Appeal to Local Government.

28. (*1*) Any applicant aggrieved by any order of the Committee under section 27 may appeal to the Local Government within sixty days from the date thereof, and the Local Government may on such appeal cancel, modify or suspend any order of the Committee under that section.

(*2*) The records of the Committee relating to proceedings under this Chapter shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by any officer authorised in this behalf by the Local Government.

Power of Committee to call for return and to inspect estates.

29. (*1*) The Committee may serve by post a notice upon the owner of any tea estate, or upon his agent or manager, requiring him to furnish, within such period not being less than thirty days as may be specified in the notice, such returns relating to the cultivation of tea on the estate as it may deem necessary to enable it to discharge its duties under this Chapter.

(*2*) Any member of the Committee and any officer of the Committee authorised by it in this behalf may, at any reasonable time, enter upon and inspect the lands of any tea estate, and may require the owner of the estate, or his agent or manager, to produce for inspection any records of the estate in his control or custody relating to the cultivation of tea on the estate.

(3) Where any return required under sub-section (1) in respect of any tea estate is not furnished to the Committee within the period specified in the notice, the Committee may refuse to grant any permission under section 27 to plant tea on that estate.

CHAPTER IV.

PENALTIES AND PROCEDURE.

Penalty for illicit export.

30. A breach of the provisions of sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) of section 19 shall be punishable as if it were an offence under Item No. 8 of section 167 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, and the provisions of section 168 and of Chapter XVII of that Act shall apply accordingly. VIII of 1878.

Penalty for making false return.

31. Any owner of a tea estate, or his agent or manager, who has furnished any return under sub-section (1) of section 20 or under sub-section (1) of section 29 containing any particular which is false and which he knew to be false or did not believe to be true, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees.

Penalty for obstructing inspection of tea estate

32. Whoever obstructs any member or officer of the Committee while such member or officer is entering upon or inspecting the lands of any tea estate under sub-section (2) of section 29, and whoever, having control over or custody of any records of a tea estate relating to the cultivation of tea on that estate, refuses or fails to produce such records when required by a member or officer of the Committee under that sub-section, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees.

Penalty for illicit cultivation.

33. Whoever plants or causes to be planted tea in any land in contravention of section 25 shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees for the first offence, and with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees for any subsequent offence.

Removal of tea planted without permission.

34. Where any person has been convicted of an offence under section 33, the convicting Court may direct that the tea in respect of which the offence was committed shall be removed from the land within a prescribed time, and in the event of the order not being duly complied with, may cause the tea to be removed and recover the cost from the person convicted as if it were arrears of land revenue due on the tea estate on which the offence was committed.

Trial of offences under sections 31, 32 and 33.

35. (1) No Magistrate other than a Magistrate of the first class shall take cognisance of an offence under section 31, section 32 or section 33, and such Magistrate may take cognisance of such an offence only upon complaint made by a person authorised by the Committee in this behalf, and with the previous sanction of the Local Government.

(2) The Committee shall be responsible for the conduct of all prosecutions of offences under section 31, section 32 and section 33.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

In October, 1932, the representatives of the Indian tea industry approached the Government of India with a view to securing their support to an international scheme for the restriction of exports of tea. The condition of the industry was precarious and the collapse of many concerns imminent. Government, therefore, expressed their willingness to consider, on its merits, any practical scheme that might be put forward. The Indian Tea Association, acting for the industry, produced a scheme which had the support of tea interests both in Ceylon and the Netherlands East Indies. The main features of the scheme were:—

(i) that the exports of tea would be restricted to a percentage of the maximum exports from each producing country in any of the three years, 1929, 1930 and 1931;

(ii) that the restriction scheme would remain in force for 5 years commencing from 1st April, 1933; and

(iii) that during this period existing areas under tea would not be extended beyond half per cent. of the present planted area.

The scheme also provided that the heads of agreement would be enforced in each of the contracting countries by the Government concerned.

2. The results of a referendum issued to all known estates have been examined and it appears that over 92 per cent. of the industry, reckoned in terms of production, have expressed themselves in favour of the scheme. The Governments of Madras, Assam and Bengal, within whose jurisdiction bulk of the tea in British India is cultivated, are prepared to restrict the issue of fresh leases for tea cultivation for the period of the agreement and have also agreed to the restriction of planting of areas already leased. Indian Associations have expressed themselves as strongly in favour of the scheme as British interests. Government have, therefore, decided to give official recognition to the scheme and to give legislative sanction to its operation. The Governments of the Netherlands East Indies and Ceylon have already passed laws to give effect to the agreement.

G. S. BAJPAI.

SIMLA;
The 1st August, 1933.

MD. RAFI,
Secy. to the Govt. of India (offg.).

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Legislative Assembly Department.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 18th September, 1933:—

L. A. BILL No. 46 OF 1933.

A Bill to give effect in British India to the Convention concerning the protection against accidents of workers employed in loading and unloading ships.

WHEREAS a Revised Draft Convention concerning the protection against accidents of workers employed in loading or unloading ships was adopted at Geneva on the twenty-seventh day of April, nineteen hundred and thirty-two;

AND WHEREAS it is expedient to give effect in British India to the said Convention;

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title, extent, commencement and application.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Indian Dock Labourers Act, 1934.

(*2*) It extends to the whole of British India.

(*3*) It shall come into force on such date as the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, appoint.

(*4*) It shall not apply to any ship of war of any nationality.

Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(*a*) "the processes" includes all work which is required for or is incidental to the loading or unloading of cargo or fuel into or from a ship and is done on board the ship or alongside it; and

(*b*) "worker" means any person employed in the processes.

Inspectors.

3. (*1*) The Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, appoint such persons as it thinks fit to be Inspectors for the purposes of this Act within such local limits as it may assign to them respectively.

(*2*) All Principal Officers of the Mercantile Marine Department shall be Inspectors under this Act, *ex officio*, within the limits of their charges.

(*3*) Every Inspector shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code and shall be officially subordinate to such authority as the Local Government may direct. XLV of 1860.

Powers of Inspectors.

4. Subject to any rules made in this behalf under section 6, an Inspector may, within the local limits for which he is appointed,—

(*a*) enter, with such assistants (if any) as he thinks fit, any premises or ship where the processes are carried on;

(*b*) make such examination of the premises or ship and the machinery and gear, fixed or loose, used for the processes, and of any prescribed registers and notices, and take on the spot or otherwise such evidence of any persons as he may deem necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Act; and

(*c*) exercise any other powers which may be conferred upon him by the regulations made under section 5.

Power to Governor General in Council to make regulations.

5. (*1*) The Governor General in Council may make regulations—

(*a*) providing for the safety of working places on shore and of any regular approaches over a dock, wharf, quay or similar premises which workers have to use for going to or from a working place at which the processes are carried on, and for the lighting and fencing of such places and approaches;

(*b*) prescribing the nature of the means of access which shall be provided for the use of workers proceeding to or from a ship which is lying alongside a quay, hulk or other vessel;

(*c*) prescribing the measures to be taken to ensure the safe transport of workers proceeding to or from a ship by water and the conditions to be complied with by the vessels used for the purpose;

(*d*) prescribing the nature of the means of access to be provided for the use of the workers from the deck of a ship to a hold in which the processes are carried on;

(*e*) prescribing the measures to be taken to protect hatchways accessible to the workers and other openings in a deck which might be dangerous to them;

(*f*) providing for the efficient lighting of the means of access to ships on which the processes are carried on and of all places on board at which the workers are employed or to which they may be required to proceed;

(*g*) providing for the safety of the workers engaged in removing or replacing hatch coverings and beams used for hatch coverings;

(*h*) prescribing the measures to be taken to ensure that no hoisting machine, or gear, whether fixed or loose, used in connection therewith, is employed in the processes on shore or on board ship unless it is in a safe working condition;

(*i*) providing for the fencing of machinery, live electric conductors and steam pipes;

(*j*) regulating the provision of safety appliances on derricks, cranes and winches;

(*k*) prescribing the precautions to be observed in regard to exhaust and live steam;

(*l*) requiring the employment of competent and reliable persons to operate lifting or transporting machinery used in the processes, or to give signals to a driver of such machinery, or to attend to cargo falls on winch ends or winch drums, and providing for the employment of a signaller where this is necessary for the safety of the workers;

(*m*) prescribing the measures to be taken in order to prevent dangerous methods of working in the stacking, unstacking, stowing and unstowing of cargo, or handling in connection therewith;

(*n*) prescribing the precautions to be taken to facilitate the escape of the workers when employed in a hold or between decks in dealing with coal or other bulk cargo;

(*o*) prescribing the precautions to be observed in the use of stages and trucks;

(*p*) prescribing the precautions to be observed when the workers have to work where dangerous or noxious goods are, or have been, stowed or have to deal with or work in proximity to such goods;

(*q*) providing for the rendering of first-aid to injured workers and removal to the nearest place of treatment;

(*r*) prescribing the provision to be made for the rescue of immersed workers from drowning;

(*s*) prescribing the abstracts of this Act and of the regulations required by section 8;

(*t*) providing for the submission of notices of accidents and dangerous occurrences and prescribing the forms of such notices, the persons and authorities to whom they are to be furnished, the particulars to be contained in them and the time within which they are to be submitted;

(*u*) specifying the persons and authorities who shall be responsible for compliance with regulations made under this Act;

(*v*) defining the circumstances in which and conditions subject to which exemptions from any of the regulations made under this section may be given, specifying the authorities who may grant such exemptions and regulating their procedure;

(*w*) defining the additional powers which Inspectors may exercise under clause (*c*) of section 4; and

(*x*) providing generally for the safety of workers.

(*2*) Regulations made under this section may make special provision to meet the special requirements of any particular port or ports.

(*3*) In making a regulation under this section, the Governor General in Council may direct that a breach of it shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to twenty rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Power to Local Government to make rules.

6. Subject to the control of the Governor General in Council, the Local Government may make rules providing for—

(*a*) the inspection of premises or ships where the processes are carried on; and

(*b*) the manner in which Inspectors are to exercise the powers conferred on them by this Act.

General provisions relating to regulations and rules.

7. (*1*) The power to make regulations and rules conferred by sections 5 and 6 is subject to the condition of the regulations and the rules being made after previous publication.

(*2*) Regulations and rules shall be published in the Gazette of India and the local official Gazette, respectively.

Abstracts of Act and regulations to be conspicuously posted.

8. There shall be affixed in some conspicuous place near the main entrance of every dock, wharf, quay or similar premises where the processes are carried on, in English and in the language of the majority of the workers, the abstracts of this Act and of the regulations made thereunder which may be prescribed by the regulations.

Penalties.

9. Any person who—

(*a*) wilfully obstructs an Inspector in the exercise of any power under section 4, or fails to produce on demand by an Inspector any registers or other documents kept in pursuance of the regulations made under this Act, or any gear, fixed or loose, used for the processes, or conceals or prevents or attempts to prevent any person from appearing before, or being examined by, an Inspector, or

(*b*) unless duly authorised, or in case of necessity, removes any fencing, gangway, gear, ladder, life-saving means or appliance, light, mark, stage or other thing required to be provided by or under the regulations made under this Act, or

(*c*) having in case of necessity removed any such fencing, gangway, gear, ladder, life-saving means or appliance, light, mark, stage or other thing, omits to restore it at the end of the period for which its removal was necessary,

shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

Provisions relating to jurisdiction.

10. (*1*) No Court inferior to that of a Presidency Magistrate or a Magistrate of the first class shall try any offence under this Act or the regulations made thereunder.

(*2*) No prosecution for any offence under this Act or the regulations made thereunder shall be instituted except by or with the previous sanction of an Inspector.

(*3*) No Court shall take cognizance of any offence under this Act or the regulations made thereunder, unless complaint thereof is made within six months of the date on which the offence is alleged to have been committed.

Power to exempt.

11. The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, exempt from all or any of the provisions of this Act and of the regulations made thereunder, on such conditions, if any, as he thinks fit,—

(*a*) any port or place, dock, wharf, quay or similar premises at which the processes are only occasionally carried on or the traffic is small and confined to small ships, or

(*b*) any specified ship or class of ship.

Protection to persons acting under this Act.

12. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any person for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act.

Registered No. C207



The Calcutta Gazette

Extraordinary

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1931.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Political Department.

Political.

CALCUTTA, THE 4TH DECEMBER 1931.

RESOLUTION—No. 20834P.

The Governor in Council has had under consideration the report submitted by the Committee appointed to inquire into the occurrence at the Hijli Detention Camp on the 16th September 1931, and has decided to publish for general information the conclusions at which he has arrived.

2. It is clear from the report of the Committee that before the 16th September there had been various instances of misbehaviour on the part of the detenus in the camp, which show that the detenus gave continuous trouble and annoyance to those who were charged with the duty of guarding them. On the 15th a number of detenus tried to force their way past the inner gate and assaulted a sentry who rightly stopped them. His Excellency in Council agrees with the Committee's view that these incidents, especially that of the 15th, had produced ill-feeling between the detenus and the sepoys; and he notes that in all the incidents the detenus were the aggressors.

3. It is also clear that on the night of the 16th detenus were again the aggressors and two sentries were interfered with by them. At all times interference with a sentry is a serious offence, and when the interference takes place at night, the gravity of the offence is greatly enhanced. The sentries thus interfered with would have been justified if after warning they had fired at the detenus concerned instead of merely giving an alarm.

4. It seems to His Excellency in Council that there can be no question that the entry of the guard into the camp after the alarm had been given was justified; it was their clear duty to enter and go to the help of the sentries.

5 With regard to the firing which took place subsequently and is described by the Committee as a regular fusillade from the sepoys, it must be remembered that an alarm had been given and that shots had been fired by sentries; and that after the guard had entered there was what the Committee describes as a half-hearted retaliation by some of the detenus. As no order to fire appears to have been given, the extent of the subsequent firing which took place cannot be justified. Although the evidence that some of the sepoys entered the building and there caused some of the casualties is not quite convincing, His Excellency in Council accepts the finding of the Committee, and holds that the action of these sepoys was a serious breach of discipline.

6. His Excellency in Council fully agrees with the Committee's finding that neither the Commandant nor the Inspector had any complicity in the shooting affair, and is satisfied that the insinuations made against these officers are totally unfounded.

7. The conclusions to which His Excellency in Council has come are therefore that the primary responsibility for the incident, which resulted in two deaths and injuries to several persons, rests partly with those detenus whose misbehaviour had brought about the irritation and high tension which the Committee find to have been in existence before the 16th September, and more particularly with those who interfered with the sentries on the night of the 16th September. He also finds that the guard which entered the camp when the alarm was given was not

kept under proper control, that there was unjustifiable firing and that some of the sepoys entered the building and caused injuries to some of the inmates. He also accepts the conclusion to be drawn from the Committee's report that an officer of rank superior to that of a havildar must ordinarily be in the vicinity of the camp to deal with emergencies.

8. His Excellency in Council greatly regrets the tragic results of the series of incidents in Hijli Camp. They prove beyond doubt the necessity for the maintenance of a higher standard of discipline among the detenus in such camps For it is only by the enforcement of strict discipline that the recurrence of such incidents can be prevented. Orders have accordingly been issued to Commandants of Detenus' Camps that the instructions issued for the treatment of detenus must be carefully followed.

9. As regards the police arrangements for guards in Hijli Camp, these have already been revised so that a more responsible officer than a havildar will always be present at the camp, and in addition one of the superior officers will be at once available should the need arise.

10. As regards the breaches of discipline on the part of the police concerned in the incident of the 16th September 1931, these will be dealt with departmentally by the Inspector-General of Police.

ORDER—Ordered that a copy of the above resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* for general information.

ORDERED ALSO that a copy be forwarded to the Government of India for information and to the Inspector-General of Police, Bengal, for information and necessary action.

By order of the Governor in Council,

W. S. HOPKYNS,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 20838P.—4th December 1931.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Bengal Emergency Powers Ordinance, 1931, the Governor in Council is pleased to invest Mr. A. S. Hands, I.C.S., District Magistrate of Chittagong, with the powers of a Special Magistrate under the said Ordinance.

W. S. HOPKYNS,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Printed at the Bengal Government Press, Alipore, and published by the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, on the 5th December 1931.

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The Calcutta Gazette

Extraordinary

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1930.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Political Department.

Press.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2459Pub. — 19th December 1930.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 99A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council hereby declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies, wherever found, of the book entitled "Law and Order in Midnapore 1930 as contained in the Reports of the Non-Official Enquiry Committee" printed by Sajanikanta Das, B.SC., at the Prabasi Press, 120-2, Upper Circular Road, and published by Dinesh Chandra Lodh from 23, Mechuabazar Street, Calcutta, on the ground that the said book contains matter which brings or attempts to bring into hatred or contempt and excites or attempts to excite disaffection towards the Government established by law in British India, the publication of which is punishable under section 124A of the Indian Penal Code.

R. N. REID,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Printed at the Bengal Government Press, Alipore, and published by the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, on the 20th December 1930.

Notifications.

Registered No. C207 No. 47 of 1933



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1933.

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Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

Orders by His Excellency the Governor of Bengal.

No. 11142A.—10th November 1933.—His Excellency the Governor of Bengal has been pleased to appoint Captain T. M. Lunham, The Poona Horse, to be Commandant of His Excellency's Bodyguard with effect from the 29th October 1933.

No. 11408A.—18th November 1933.—His Excellency the Governor of Bengal has been pleased to confirm Lieutenant A. P. Sykes, The King's Royal Rifle Corps, in his appointment as an Aide-de-Camp on His Excellency's personal staff, with effect from the 6th October 1933, *vice* Captain T. R. Shepherd-Cross, The Rifle Brigade, reverted to military duty.

G. P. Hogg,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Government of Bengal.

No. 11451A.

Appointments and Transfers.

GENERAL.

Rangpur.—No. 11214A.—13th November 1933.—The orders of the 22nd September 1933, appointing Babu Girish Chandra Das, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to have charge of the Gaibandha subdivision of the Rangpur district, are cancelled.

Presy. Divn.—No. 11289A.—14th November 1933.—Maulvi Musharaff Husain, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Presidency Division.

Chittagong Hill Tracts.—No. 11380A.—17th November 1933.—Babu Shankar Nath Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chittagong Hill Tracts, is appointed temporarily to act as Deputy Commissioner of that district.

Faridpur-Mymensingh.—No. 11383A.—17th November 1933.—Babu Sushil Chandra Datta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Faridpur, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Mymensingh district.

Hooghly-Dacca. — No. 11385A. — 17th November 1933.—Babu Kshitish Chandra Chakrabatti, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hooghly, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Dacca district.

Burdwan-Darjeeling.—No. 11403A. — 17th November 1933.—Babu Sisir Kumar Gupta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Burdwan, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Darjeeling district.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Calcutta.—No. 11388A. — 17th November 1933.—The Reverend E. DeCocq, S.J., is appointed to be a Chaplain of the Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, with effect from the 1st October 1933.

Leave.

GENERAL.

No. 11234A.—14th November 1933.—Mr. Khondkar Gholam Murshed, I.C.S., was on leave on average pay for four days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 23rd October 1933.

No. 11259A.—14th November 1933.—Babu Jagadish Chandra Bardhan, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay up to the 22nd December 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 26th October 1933.

Mymensingh.—No. 11302A.—14th November 1933.—The orders of the 9th September 1933, granting leave to Babu Phani Bhusan Chakrabatti, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tangail, Mymensingh, are cancelled.

Bogra.—No. 11308A.—15th November 1933.—Babu Satish Chandra Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bogra, was allowed leave on average pay for six days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 6th November 1933.

Khulna.—No. 11313A. — 15th November 1933.—Babu Pinakiranjan Sinha, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Satkhira, Khulna, is allowed leave on average pay for three months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 13th November 1933, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 11318A.—15th November 1933.—Maulvi Musharaff Husain, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 6th November 1933.

Murshidabad.—No. 11322A.— 15th November 1933.—Mr. Alexander Jitendra Lal Mitter, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Murshidabad, was on leave on average pay for ten days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th October 1933.

Nadia.—No. 11325A. — 15th November 1933.—Mr. Kali Charan Som, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Nadia, is allowed leave on average pay from the 7th December to the 22nd December 1933, inclusive, under rule 81(*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

Malda.—No. 11396A.—17th November 1933.—Babu Gokul Chandra Mazumdar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Malda, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under the proviso to rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st November 1933.

No. 11412A.—18th November 1933.—Maulvi Altafur Rahman Khan, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave for three months in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 15th July 1933, viz., leave on average pay for one month, under the proviso to rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period, under rule 81 (*d*) of those Rules.

POLICE.

No. 11219A.—13th November 1933.—Rai Bhola Nath Banarji Bahadur, Superintendent of Police, is allowed leave on half average pay for one month and ten days, under rule 81 (*d*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 8th December 1932.

No. 11373A. — 16th November 1933.—Mr. D. A. Brayden, I.P., has been granted by the High Commissioner for India an extension of leave (not due) on half average pay on medical certificate for three months.

No. 11398A.—17th November 1933.—Mr. J. H. C. Cowgill, I.P., has been granted by the High Commissioner for India an extension of leave on half average pay for seven days.

Burdwan.—No. 11431A.—20th November 1933.—Mr. Muazzam Hussain Khan, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Asansol, Burdwan, was allowed leave on average pay for ten days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th October 1933.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Political.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 12397P.—16th November 1933. — Notification No. 10140P., dated the 18th September 1933, published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 21st September 1933, is hereby cancelled.

Dinajpur.—No. 12432P.—17th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*3*) of section 3 of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904), the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm the notification No. 7991P., dated the 31st July 1933, published at page 1119, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 3rd August 1933, in which the following mound was declared to be protected monument within the meaning of the said Act:—

Name, locality and description of the mound—The mound locally known as "Sivamandap" at Baigram, police-station Nababganj, district Dinajpur, and bounded as follows:—

North—Land of Somsher Sardar.

East—Tank of Maijuddin Seikh and others and a road.

South—Land of Lalit Karmaker.

West—Khas tank of zemindar Rai Sahib Kumud Nath Das of Bogra.

The mound should be classed as III.

No. 12599P.—18th November 1933.—Whereas it appeared to the District Magistrate of Chittagong that the letting off of bombs or fireworks in Chittagong was likely to cause obstruction to the authorities responsible for the preservation of the public tranquillity and whereas he issued an order, dated the 28th September 1932, under section 144 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, directing all persons to abstain from letting off any bombs or fireworks within the police-stations of Kotwali, Double Moorings and Panchalaish:

And whereas it appears to the Local Government that the conditions in Chittagong which led to the issue by the District Magistrate of the aforesaid order still continue and that the letting off of bombs or fireworks is likely to cause a danger to human life or safety:

Now therefore in exercise of the power conferred by section 144(*6*) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, it is hereby directed that the said order shall remain in force for a further period of two months, with effect from the 27th November 1933.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

CALCUTTA, THE 18TH NOVEMBER 1933.

RESOLUTION—No. 12580P.

The Chairman, District Board, Noakhali, who, in Resolution No. 10680P., dated the 9th October 1933, was appointed a member of the Noakhali Committee to examine from all points of view the question of the future administration of the areas now included in the district of Noakhali, has informed Government that he is unable to attend any meeting of the Committee until January 1934. As the sittings of the Committee are about to commence Government have decided to cancel his appointment as a member of the Committee and to appoint the Vice-Chairman, District Board, Noakhali, in his place.

By order of the Governor in Council,

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Jails.

NOTIFICATIONS

Calcutta.—No. 3991P.J.—11th November 1933.—Babu Kiran Chandra Sen Gupta, Manager, Jail Depot, Calcutta, on probation, is confirmed in his appointment, with effect from the 1st September 1933.

Calcutta. — No. 4021P.J.—15th November 1933.—Mr. F. D. Bartley, C.B.E., Deputy Commissioner of Police, Headquarters, Calcutta, is appointed to be a visitor of the Alipore Central Jail, *vice* Mr. R. Higgins, I.P.

2. This cancels notification No. 1878 P.J., dated the 20th May 1933.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal.

No. 23633—14th November 1933.—Dr. Rajendra Chandra Barory made over charge of the Jessore Jail to Babu Satyendra Nath Datta, Deputy Magistrate, on the afternoon of the 28th October 1933, and Babu Satyendra Nath Datta made over charge of that jail to Dr. B. B. Hazra on the forenoon of the 6th November 1933.

R. E. FLOWERDEW, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Inspr.-Genl. of Prisons, Bengal.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 6032Pl.—14th November 1933.—The following draft of an amendment which, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 11 of the Indian Motor Vehicles Act, 1914 (VIII of 1914), the Governor in Council proposes to make in the rules regulating the use of motor vehicles in places in the Bengal Presidency other than Calcutta (including suburbs) and the Municipality of Howrah, published under notification No. 12667P., dated the 3rd October 1917, as amended from time to time, is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 14th December 1933, and any objection or suggestion received with regard thereto by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendment.

For item "(21) The Western Lebong Road" inserted by notification No. 671Pl., dated the 16th February 1933, in sub-rule (*a*) of rule 49A, as renumbered by notification No. 5056-Pl., dated the 19th October 1932, in Part V, section 1, of the said rules (additional rules applicable to the Darjeeling district), *substitute* the following item, namely:—

"(21) The Western Lebong Road (*i.e.*, the portion below the Cart Road)."

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 11452A.

Powers.

No. 11230A.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (*1*) and (*2*) of section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council hereby appoints Babu Bhupendra Kumar Adhikari, Deputy Magistrate, Dinajpur, to be a Special Magistrate for the districts of Dinajpur and Bogra for a term not exceeding three months and confers upon him the powers of a Magistrate of the first class in respect of offences under Chapter XVII of the Indian Penal Code within the said districts.

Burdwan.—No. 11284A.— 14th November 1933.—Babu Manoranjan Sarkar, Deputy Magistrate, Burdwan, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class.

Murshidabad.—No. 11392A.—17th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 164 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Maulvi Abdul Ghafur (No. II), a Sub-Deputy Magistrate, also a Magistrate of the second class at Jangipore, in the district of Murshidabad, to record any statement or confession made to him in the course of an investigation under Chapter XIV of the said Code or at any time afterwards before the commencement of enquiry or trial.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Appointments and Transfers.

Calcutta.—No. 8146J.—13th November 1933.—Babu Rupendra Coomar Mitter, Assistant Government Pleader, High Court, Calcutta, is appointed to act in addition to his own duties as the Senior Government Pleader of that Court during the absence, on leave, of Dr. Sarat Chandra Basak, or until further orders.

Mymensingh.—No. 8161J.—14th November 1933.—The services of Babu Mayataru Haldar, munsif of Jamalpur, in the district of Mymensingh, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Assam.

Birbhum-Khulna. — No. 8162J. — 14th November 1933. —Babu Surendra Nath Mitra, munsif of Bolpur, in the district of Birbhum, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Subordinate Judge of Khulna.

Rangpur-Tippera. — No. 8164J. — 14th November 1933.—Babu Manindra Prasad Singh, munsif of Gaibandha, in the district of Rangpur, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge of Tippera.

Noakhali-Rangpur. -- No. 8166J. — 14th November 1933. Babu Pramatha Nath Lahiri, who acted as additional munsif of Lakshmipur, in the district of Noakhali, till the commencement of the civil court vacation of 1933, is appointed to act, until further orders, as a munsif in the district of Rangpur, to be ordinarily stationed at Gaibandha, *vice* Babu Manindra Prasad Singh.

Midnapore-Mymensingh.—No. 8168J.—14th November 1933.—Babu Bireswar Prasad Bakshi, who last acted as munsif of Dantan, in the district of Midnapore, is appointed to act, until further orders, as a munsif, in the district of Mymensingh, to be ordinarily stationed at Jamalpur, *vice* Babu Mayataru Haldar.

Bakarganj-Birbhum. — No. 8170J. — 14th November 1933. —Babu Gaya Charan Ray, who last acted as a munsif of Barisal, in the district of Bakarganj, is appointed to act, until further ordres, as a munsif, in the district of Birbhum, to be ordinarily stationed at Bolpur, *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Mitra.

Chittagong-Mymensingh.—No. 8172J.—14th November 1933.—Babu Prabodh Chandra De, munsif of Chittagong (Sadar), is appointed to be a munsif, in the district of Mymensingh, to be ordinarily stationed at Jamalpur.

Mymensingh-Chittagong.—No. 8173J.—14th November 1933.—Babu Bireswar Prasad Bakshi, officiating munsif of Jamalpur, in the district of Mymensingh, is appointed on being relieved of his present appointment, to act, until further orders, as a munsif, in the district of Chittagong, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station, *vice* Babu Prabodh Chandra De.

Hooghly-24-Parganas.—No. 8175J. — 14th November 1933.—Maulvi Meerza Zafar Bukht, who last acted as a munsif of Serampore, in the district of Hooghly, is appointed to act as a munsif, in the district of the 24-Parganas, to be ordinarily stationed at Barasat, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Satish Chandra Sen, or until further orders.

24-Parganas.—No. 8261J.—16th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(*a*) to confer upon Babu Hem Chandra Naskar the powers of a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district,

(*b*) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Sealdah bench in the said district, and

(*c*) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

Birbhum.—No. 8306J.—18th November 1933.—Mr. Bikas Chandra Ghosh, officiating munsif of Dubrajpur, in the district of Birbhum, is appointed to act as a munsif in the said district, to be ordinarily stationed at Bolpur, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Sahadeb Das, or until further orders.

Midnapore-Howrah.—No. 8308J.—18th November 1933.—Babu Sitesh Chandra Sen, munsif of Midnapore (Sadar), is appointed to be a munsif, in the district of Hooghly, to be ordinarily stationed at Howrah, *vice* Babu Ganendra Kanta Nag.

Hooghly-Midnapore. - - No. 8310J. — 18th November 1933 —Babu Ganendra Kanta Nag, munsif of Howrah, in the district of Hooghly, is appointed to be a munsif, in the district of Midnapore, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar Station, *vice* Babu Sitesh Chandra Sen.

Leave.

Midnapore.—No. 8158J.—14th November 1933.—Babu Praphulla Krishna Ghosh, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Midnapore, is allowed privilege leave on full pay on account of urgent necessity for the period from the 30th October 1933 to the 15th November 1933, under the amendment to Article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Rangpur.—No. 8270J.—17th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Munshi Sadat Ali Pradhan, a member of the Harinathpur union board within the Palashbari police-station in the Gaibandha subdivision of the Rangpur district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Munshi Ahsanuddin Chaudhuri, resigned.

Rangpur.—No 8271J.—17th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Munshi Sadat Ali Pradhan, a member of the Harinathpur union board within the jurisdiction of the Palashbari police-station in the Gaibandha subdivision of the Rangpur district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Munshi Ahsanuddin Chaudhuri, resigned.

Faridpur.—No. 8273J.—17th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by secton 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Saiyid Abdur Rahim *alias* Kuti Mia, a member of the Gatti union board within the Nagarkanda police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Munshi Abdul Karim Khan, deceased.

Faridpur.—No. 8274J.—17th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Saivid Abdur Rahim *alias* Kuti Mia, a member of the Gatti union board within the Nagarkanda police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Munshi Abdul Karim Khan, deceased.

24-Parganas.—No. 8276J.—17th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the union boards mentioned below, to be, during their term of office as such members, union benches within the jurisdiction of the union boards of which they are, respectively, members for the purposes of that section:—

Sadar subdivision, district 24-Parganas.

Budge-Budge police-station.

Bawali union board.

Babu Rabindra Nath Mandal.
Babu Ashutosh Mandal.
Babu Panchanan Mandal.
Babu Jitendra Nath Das.

Chaulkhola union board.

Babu Bankim Chandra Gangali.
Babu Mrinal Chandra Pal.
Babu Anil Kumar Chaudhuri.
Maulvi Kazi Akhtar Hosain.

Telari union board.

Babu Saroda Prosad Ghosh.
Babu Kali Charan Hazra.
Babu Jatindra Nath Ray.
Munshi Shaikh Tefaladdi Mollah.

24-Parganas.—No. 8277J.—17th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the union boards mentioned below, to be, during their term of office as such members, union courts within the jurisdiction of the union boards of which they are, respectively, members for the purposes of that section:—

Sadar subdivision, district 24-Parganas.

Budge-Budge police-station.

Bawali union board.

Babu Rabindra Nath Mandal.
Babu Ashutosh Mandal.
Babu Panchanan Mandal.
Babu Jitendra Nath Das.

Chaulkhola union board.

Babu Bankim Chandra Gangali.
Babu Mrinal Chandra Pal.
Babu Anil Kumar Chaudhuri.
Maulvi Kazi Akhtar Hosain.

Telari union board.

Babu Saroda Prosad Ghosh.
Babu Kali Charan Hazra.
Babu Jatindra Nath Ray.
Munshi Shaikh Tefaladdi Mollah.

Rangpur.—No. 8288J. — 18th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the union boards mentioned below, to be, during their term of office as such members, union benches within the jurisdiction of the union boards of which they are, respectively members for the purposes of that section:—

Kurigram subdivision, district Rangpur.

Lalmonirhat police-station.

Mogalhat union board.

Babu Jaga Mohan Sarkar.
Babu Jogendra Kumar Saha.
Munshi Dhepuuddin Panchayet.

Mahendranagar union board.

Munshi Karamali Sarkar.
Babu Rakhaldas Banarji.
Munshi Jehar Mamud.
Babu Tarini Mohan Barman.

Bhurungamari police-station.

Paikerchhara union board.

Babu Kunja Behari Singha Ray.
Babu Ranjit Kumar Sarkar.
Munshi Nasaruddin Sarkar.
Munshi Saidali Sarkar.

Joymanirhat union board.

Babu Jagat Chandra Sarkar.
Babu Manindra Chandra Mandal.
Babu Paresh Nath Sarkar.
Munshi Doat Muhammad Pandit.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union boards at which a quorum is present.

Rangpur.—No. 8289J.—18th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Paikerchhara union board within the Bhurungamari police-station in the Kurigram subdivision of the Rangpur district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Babu Kunja Behari Singha Ray.
Babu Ranjit Kumar Sarkar.
Munshi Nasaruddin Sarkar.
Munshi Saidali Sarkar.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union board at which a quorum is present.

N. G. A. EDGLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

Jessore.—No. 6187M. — 14th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Jessore Municipality in the district of Jessore, out of fourteen seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), four seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Jessore.—No. 6188M.—14th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct, after consideration of the views of the Jessore Municipality at a meeting, that—

(*1*) the Jessore Municipality, in the district of Jessore, shall for the purpose of election of Commissioners be divided into four wards as shown in columns 1 and 2 of the following table; and

(*2*) the number of Commissioners to be elected from each such ward shall be as shown in columns 3 and 4 of the table:—

Name of ward.	Boundaries or extent of ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected	Number of seats included in column 3 reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3	4
	Ward No. 1 (consisting of two blocks).		
	Block No. 1.		
I	Northern portion of municipal area lying north of river Bhairab, *i.e.*, Ghop.	4	1
	Block No. 2.		
	North—River Bhairab up to Daratana bridge, and Mistrikhana road up to Kotwali police-station. East - Railway road up to Bhola tank road. South -(*a*) Bhola tank road. (*b*) Playground road, Bunapara road passing by the south of waterworks compound to the western municipal limit near Sujalpur road. West—(*a*) Portion of Court House road between Bhola tank road and Chaurastha near the Bar Library where the southern boundary (*b*) begins. (*b*) Northern portion of the western municipal limit—north of Sujalpur road.		
	Ward No. 2.		
II	North– River Bhairab, lying east of Daratana bridge East– River Bhairab. South—Mistrikhana road and Nilganj road. West- -Daratana junction.	4	1
	Ward No. 3.		
III	North—Nilganj road .. . East—Eastern municipal limit. South—Southern municipal limit. West—Railway road and Korapara road.	3	1
	Ward No. 4.		
IV	North—Ward 1 .. .. . East—Ward No. 2. South—Municipal limit. West—Municipal limit.	3	1

No. 6248L.S.-G.—15th November 1933.—The following draft of amendments which, in exercise of the power conferred by clauses (*a*) and (*aa*) of section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make in the rules, published with notification, dated the 15th December 1885, as subsequently amended, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 15th January 1934 and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned, through the District Magistrates, before that date, will be duly considered:—

Draft amendments.

1. *For* rule 1 *substitute* the following:—

"1. In these rules—

(*a*) a person shall be deemed to be resident within the area comprised in a union or within the area under the authority of a Local Board if he has a fixed place of abode within such area and a person who has his domicile in one place but is obliged, for purposes of business or otherwise, to spend the greater or a considerable portion of his time in another, is a resident not of the latter but of the former place;

(*b*) 'thana,' as used in Part II of these rules, means—

(*1*) a revenue thana, or

(*2*) a police-station, or

(*3*) a combination of two or more police-stations or parts of police-stations in the same subdivision, or

(*4*) any portion of a police-station comprising—

(*i*) one or more unions created under section 5 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), or

(*ii*) one or more villages created under section 4 of the Village Chaukidari Act, 1870 (Bengal Act IV of 1870), or

(*iii*) one or more such villages together with one or more such unions as may be decided in each case by the Commissioner, but does not include a special electoral unit;

(*c*) 'special electoral unit' means any group of such thanas that has been declared by the Commissioner to be an electoral unit for the purpose of election to a special seat;

(*d*) 'special seat' means a seat reserved for a minority community declared to be such under section 10A;

(*e*) 'special election' means an election to a special seat;

(*f*) 'special candidate' means a candidate for election to a special seat;

(*g*) 'thana election' means an election to any seat allocated to a thana, including a special seat; and

(*h*) 'ordinary seat' means any seat other than a special seat."

2. In rule 1A, *for* the word "Magistrate" *substitute* the words "Magistrate of the district."

3. *For* rule 19, *substitute* the following:—

"19. When the number of members of a Local Board has been fixed by a notification issued under section 8, the Commissioner, after consultation with the Magistrate of the district, shall decide the number of members who shall be elected for each thana within the area of such Local Board, and shall issue orders accordingly:

Provided that, when the Local Government has declared a community in such area to be a minority community under section 10A, the Commissioner shall, before deciding the number of members to be elected for each thana determine the number of special seats on the Local Board which are to be reserved according to the principle laid down in section 10A, and allocate such seats—

(*a*) to any thana or thanas, or

(*b*) to any special electoral unit or units, in such manner as he may deem fit, by orders which shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, at the district and subdivisional offices and at the headquarters of each of the thanas in question, and in such other manner as the Commissioner may decide."

4. In rule 26B, *for* the word "Magistrate" in the fourth line *substitute* the words "Magistrate of the district."

5. *For* the first paragraph of rule 26C *substitute* the following:—

"The register shall be amended in accordance with the decisions on the applications made under rule 24 or rule 25 and shall be deemed to be the final register of persons entitled to vote at the election. The final register shall show for what special electoral unit, if any, the voters of each thana are entitled to vote."

6. *For* rule 29 *substitute* the following:—

"29. (*1*) The Magistrate of the district shall, at least ten weeks before the date fixed for a thana election, or for an election in a special electoral unit, issue notices calling for nominations of candidates. Such notices shall be published at the office of every union board or president panchayat within the thana or thanas concerned. Within three weeks from the date of publication of the notices every person who is a candidate for election shall send his name to the Magistrate of the district with the necessary particulars filled up in the following form supported by the signatures or thumb impressions of ten electors of the thana or special electoral unit in which he proposes to stand. No names of candidates shall be received after the expiration of such period.

(*2*) Any candidate belonging to a minority community declared as such under section 10A, who is nominated for a thana election shall be deemed to have been nominated also for election in the special electoral unit in which that thana is included and *vice versa*."

FORM.

For the nomination of candidates for election to the Local Board.

Name of thana or special electoral unit in which election is sought..........................

Name of candidate..............................

Address.. . ...

Number in voters' register.....................

Particulars of qualifications...................

Signature or thumb impression of candidate with date. ....

Names of ten electors supporting..............

Their numbers in the voters' register... .....

Particulars of their qualifications.... ....

Signature or thumb impression of elector supporting with date .. . .

Explanation.—For the purposes of this rule the latest date on which the notice is published in any village within the thana shall be deemed to be the date of publication of the notice in each village within the thana.

7. In rule 31, for the word "Magistrates' " the words "District Magistrate's," and in line 3 *for* the words "in the thana" *substitute* the words "in every thana concerned."

8. *For* rules 31A and 32 *substitute* the following three rules, viz., 31A, 32 and 32A:—

"31A. When elections to special and to ordinary seats are not being held simultaneously the Magistrate of the district shall—

(*a*) if the number of qualified candidates in the thana or in the special electoral unit concerned is not greater than the number of vacancies, at once declare such candidates to be duly elected, and

(*b*) if the number of qualified candidates be greater than the number of vacancies, fix a date for holding the election.

32. When elections to special and to ordinary seats are being held simultaneously in any thana or in any group of thanas—

(*1*) the Magistrate of the district shall—

(*a*) first, if the number of qualified special candidates is not greater than the number of special seats allocated to such thana or group of thanas, at once declare such candidates to be duly elected, and

(*b*) then, if the number of the remaining qualified candidates for each thana is not greater than the number of vacancies for that thana, declare such candidates to be duly elected;

(*2*) if the number of qualified special candidates is greater than the number of special seats allocated to such thana or group of thanas but the total number of qualified candidates for both special and ordinary seats is not greater than the total number of vacancies, the Magistrate of the district shall forthwith declare all such candidates to be duly elected and shall decide by lot which of the special candidates shall be deemed to have been elected to the special seats and which to the ordinary seats.

(*3*) The Magistrate of the district shall fix a date for holding the election—

(*a*) if the number of qualified special candidates is greater than the number of special seats and the total number of qualified candidates is greater than the total number of vacancies, or

(*b*) if, after he has under clause (*1*) (*a*) declared the qualified special candidates to be duly elected to special seats, the number of qualified candidates for the ordinary seats is greater than the number of vacant ordinary seats.

32A. When the Magistrate of the district has fixed a date for holding an election, he shall notify such date in the *Calcutta Gazette* and when any such date relates to an election in a special electoral unit he shall also notify the date, time and place at which he shall declare the result of the elections under rule 43A (*iii*)."

9. *For* rule 35 *substitute* the following:—

"35. An elector duly qualified under rule 21 shall be entitled to vote for the thana in which he is resident and for the special electoral unit, if any, in which that thana is included, and for no other thana or special electoral unit. He shall be entitled to vote for as many candidates as there are vacancies for such thana and for such special electoral unit, but shall not give more than one vote for a single candidate in the thana election or special election respectively."

10. *For* rule 41 *substitute* the following:—

"41. The presiding officer or the assistant presiding officer, as the case may be, shall then proceed to take a poll for each candidate, the votes being recorded by himself and his assistant presiding officers, if any. Votes polled at each polling centre for the special seats, if any, shall be recorded separately."

11. *For* rule 43 *substitute* the following:—

"43. At a thana election where there is only one polling centre, the presiding officer shall declare such candidates as have received the largest number of votes to be duly elected as soon as the poll is finally closed:

Provided that where a special seat has been allocated to a thana, the presiding officer shall—

(*a*) first decide the result of election to the special seat, declaring that special candidate to be duly elected who has received the largest number of votes, and

(*b*) then decide the result of the election to the ordinary seat or seats, declaring to be duly elected among the remaining candidates the candidate or candidates who have received the largest number of votes."

12. *For* rule 43A *substitute* the following:—

"43A. At a thana election or at an election in a special electoral unit where there is more than one polling centre the presiding officer or the assistant presiding officer, as the case may be, shall, on the conclusion of the poll, seal up the records of the votes prepared by him and prepare a report stating the number of voters who attended and the number of votes cast in favour of each candidate in the special election and thana election separately. He shall announce publicly the number of votes cast at the centre for each candidate. Any record sealed and report prepared by an assistant presiding officer shall be forwarded without delay to the presiding officer. When the presiding officer has received all the records and reports, he shall, after checking the records with the reports, record the number of total votes cast in favour of each candidate. He shall then proceed in the following manner:—

(*i*) if there is no special seat allotted to the thana or if there is no special election, he shall declare the candidate or candidates who have received the largest number of votes to be duly elected at the place and time previously notified under rule 33;

(*ii*) if there is a special seat allotted to the thana he shall declare the result of election to the special seat as well as to the ordinary seat or seats in the manner prescribed in proviso (*i*) to rule 43; or

(*iii*) if the thana is a part of a special electoral unit, he shall announce publicly the number of votes cast for each candidate and forward the records in a sealed cover to the Magistrate of the district for declaration of the results of the election to the special as well as ordinary seats.

43AA. The Magistrate of the district shall on receipt of the report from the presiding officer under rule 43A(*iii*) declare the result of the elections in the following manner:—

(*a*) he shall first decide the result of the special election declaring the special candidate or candidates to be duly elected who may have received the largest number of votes, and

(*b*) he shall then decide the result of the ordinary thana election declaring to be duly elected among the remaining candidates the candidate or candidates who may have received the largest number of votes."

13. *For* rule 47 *substitute* the following:—

"47. (*1*) In the event of any person being elected to two or more ordinary or to two or more special seats, such person shall be at liberty to choose which thana or special electoral unit he will represent, and in every other thana or special electoral unit for which the said person has been returned, the result of the election shall be determined under the preceding rule as if no votes had been recorded for him, and, if necessary, a fresh election will be held.

(*2*) If any person is elected both to an ordinary and to a special seat, he shall be deemed subject to the provisions of sub-rule (*2*) of rule 32, to have been elected to the special seat only and, in the thana for which he has been returned, the result of the election shall be determined as prescribed in sub-rule (*1*)."

14. *For* rule 53 *substitute* the following:—

"53. A Local Board shall not elect members for the District Board until—

(*a*) the number of members of the District Board to be elected by such Local Board, to ordinary or to special seats, has been fixed by notification under section 7 or section 10A of the Act as the case may be, and

(*b*) such Local Board has elected a chairman."

15. *After* rule 53 *insert* the following as a new rule:—

"53A. When under section 10A a community has been determined by the Local Government to be a minority community in any area under the authority of a District Board, the Commissioner shall determine how many members shall be elected by each Local Board to the special seats reserved on the District Board for such minority community, in the following manner, namely—

(*a*) he shall assume for this purpose that voting will be on a strictly communal basis, *i.e.*, that all members of a Local Board belonging to the minority community will vote only for candidates belonging to that community, that no members belonging to other communities will vote for such candidates, and that all members of the Board will vote at the election;

(*b*) he shall then calculate how many members of the minority community would, on the above assumption, be elected to the District Board from each Local Board; and

(*c*) he shall then allot the special seats among the various Local Boards in such manner as he thinks fit but in such a way that, if the voting is on a strictly communal basis, the total number of members of the minority community elected to the District Board will not be more than the number of the special seats;

Provided that in no case shall he declare all the seats to which election is to be made by any Local Board to be special seats."

16. *For* rule 54 *substitute* the following:—

"54. (*1*) Within one month from the date of publication of the notifications referred to in clause (*a*) of rule 53 or of the election of the Chairman of a newly constituted or reconstituted Local Board, whichever be the later, the Local Board shall elect the requisite number of members for the District Board at a special meeting to be convened by the Chairman.

(2) The meeting shall be presided over by the Chairman or in his absence by the Vice-Chairman, or in the absence of both the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman by a member elected for the purpose by the members present. In the last case, the member elected to preside shall be duly proposed and seconded.

(3) The election shall proceed as follows:—

(a) Any member present may propose a candidate either by name or by virtue of his office, for election to the District Board.

(b) Such proposal shall not be taken into consideration unless it has been seconded by a member other than the candidate or the proposer.

(c) If the number of candidates duly proposed and seconded either for the special or for the ordinary seats, as the case may be, be less than or equal to the number to be elected by the Local Board in each case, the President shall declare such candidate to be duly elected.

(d) If the number of candidates duly proposed and seconded be greater than the number to be elected by the Local Board the President shall hand to each member present a voting paper in the form below in which the names of candidates who have been duly proposed and seconded have been entered and shall ask each member to record his vote by placing the mark x in the space provided for the purpose in the voting paper opposite to the name of the candidate or the names of the candidates whom the member prefers and to sign his name on the back of the counterfoil of the voting paper.

Voting paper.

Name of candidate	Space for placing mark x	Counterfoil for signature of the voter
1.		Fold here (perforated)
2.		
3.		
4.		

(e) The voting paper shall be invalid if the mark x is placed opposite the name of more candidates than the number to be elected or if it is so placed as to render it doubtful to which candidate such mark is intended to apply, or if any mark is made on the foil of it by which the voter may be identified.

(f) Each member shall proceed in turn to a place set aside for the purpose and shall there fill in the voting paper in such a manner that no other person can perceive what he writes. After placing the mark x on the voting paper he shall fold the counterfoil so as to conceal the votes recorded, sign his name on the back of the counterfoil and then hand the paper to the President. Without such folding of the counterfoil or signature the voting paper shall be invalid.

(g) The President as soon as all the voting papers have been delivered to him, shall in the order hereinafter specified—

(i) reject any voting paper which is unsigned or of which the counterfoil is not properly folded;

(ii) tear off the counterfoils containing the signature and place them apart from the voting papers proper;

(iii) reject any voting paper which is irregularly marked;

(iv) read out the names of the candidates against which the mark x has been validly made;

(v) count the votes;

(vi) declare the special candidate or candidates to whom the largest number of votes may have been given to be duly elected to the special seat or seats on the District Board, and

(vii) declare those among the remaining candidates to whom the largest number of votes may have been given to be duly elected to the ordinary seats on the District Board.

(viii) If for any seat no candidate receives a majority of votes the result of the election to that seat shall be decided by lot.

(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 74 or in the Rules of Business adopted by any board, if there are more candidates than vacancies the names only of the persons proposing and seconding and the number of persons voting for each candidate and the names of the candidates duly elected shall be entered in the proceedings."

Calcutta.—No. 6262M.—15th November 1933.—Whereas the Corporation of Calcutta have, by a resolution passed at their meeting held on 1st March 1933, made a recommendation, under clause (xviii) of section 477 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923 (Bengal Act III of 1923), that the contribution proposed by the Corporation towards the cost for the extension of the apron and for putting up a fencing on the right side of the Nimtolla Bathing Ghat, is a matter likely to promote the public safety convenience:

Now, therefore, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) in exercise of the power conferred by the said clause, are pleased to declare that the said matter is one which will promote the public safety and convenience.

Bogra.—No. 6190M.—14th November 1933.—The following draft of rules, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under clause (*a a*) of section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 15th December 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rules.

In the East and West local boards, in the district of Bogra, out of eight and ten seats, respectively, to which members are to be elected under section 9 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), one seat and two seats, respectively, shall be reserved for the Hindu community which is hereby declared to be a minority community for the purposes of election of members to the said local boards.

2. In the Bogra district board, out of twelve seats to which members are to be elected by the East and West local boards, under section 7 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), two seats shall be reserved for the Hindu community which is hereby declared to be a minority community for the purposes of election of members to the said district board. The number of members to be elected by each local board to the seats so reserved shall be as follows:—

East local board—1

West local board—1.

Hooghly.—No. 6266M.—17th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 18 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that in the municipality of Serampore in the district of Hooghly the number of appointed Commissioners shall be increased to five in order to secure the proper representation of the jute and cotton industries and of labour employed therein, within the limits of the municipality, the development of which is due to an appreciable extent to and dependent on such industries.

Hooghly. — No. 6267M. — 17th November 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby:

2. The draft rule will be taken into consideration on the 5th December 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Serampore Municipality in the district of Hooghly, out of eleven seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), one seat shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Bakarganj.—No. 6269M.—17th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (*i*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 6 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to alter the number of Commissioners of the Barisal Municipality in the district of Bakarganj from 21 to 24.

Bakarganj.—No. 6272M.—17th November 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft rule will be taken into consideration on the 5th December 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Barisal Municipality in the district of Bakarganj, out of eighteen seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), eight seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

24-Parganas.—No. 6279M.—17th November 1933.—In exervice of the power conferred by section 16 read with section 18 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Commissioners of the Kamarhati Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas:—

Mr. E. F. Mackenzie.
Mr. A. Donald.
Babu Nepal Chandra Chatarji.
Babu Hari Bhusan Chatarji.

Dacca. — No. 6275M. — 17th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Wednesday, the 28th of March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the Barisal, Jhalakati and Bhola Municipalities in the Dacca Division.

Chittagong - Noakhali - Tippera.—No. 6277M.—17th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix the dates for the first general election of Commissioners of the following municipalities in the Chittagong Division, as shown below, namely:—

District.	Municipality.	Date of election.
Chittagong ..	Chittagong ..	Wednesday, the 21st March 1934.
Noakhali ..	Noakhali ..	Ditto.
Tippera ..	Brahmanbaria and Comilla.	Thursday, the 29th March 1934.

Midnapore.—No. 6296M.—18th November 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft rule will be taken into consideration on the 5th December 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Midnapore Municipality, in the district of Midnapore, out of fourteen seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), three seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

24-Parganas.—No. 6299M.—20th November 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft rule will be taken into consideration on the 5th December 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the North Dum Dum Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas, out of seven seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), three seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Mymensingh.—No. 6325M.—21st November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Wednesday, the 28th March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the Mymensingh and Netrokona municipalities in the Dacca Division.

Medical

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

Calcutta.—No. 2855Medl.—15th November 1933.—Mr. L. M. Banerji, Professor of Clinical and Operative Surgery, Medical College, Calcutta, is allowed leave for two months, with effect from the 14th September 1933, viz., leave on average pay for one month and twenty-seven days on medical certificate, under the proviso to rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and leave on half average pay for the remaining period, under rule 81 (*d*) of the Fundamental Rules.

Calcutta.—No. 2856Medl.—15th November 1933.—Rai Dr. Upendra Nath Rai Chaudhuri Bahadur, Additional Surgeon, Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Professor of Clinical and Operative Surgery, Medical College, Calcutta, in addition to his own duties, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. L. M. Banerji.

Calcutta.—No. 2873Medl.—17th November 1933.—Captain J. C. Drummond, I.M.S., whose services have been replaced temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, is reappointed to do general duty at the Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, with effect from the 26th September 1933.

Calcutta.—No. 2875Medl.—17th November 1933.—Lt.-Col. E. W. O'G. Kirwan, M.B., F.R.C.S.I., I.M.S., on return from leave *ex*-India, is reappointed as Professor of Ophthalmic Surgery, Medical College and Ophthalmic Surgeon, Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta.

Calcutta.—No. 2877Medl.—17th November 1933.—Dr. Biraj Mohan Das Gupta, officiating Professor of Protozoology, School of Tropical Medicine, Calcutta, on being relieved by Lt.-Col. R. Knowles, I.M.S., is allowed leave on average pay for four months, under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date of availing.

Murshidabad - Calcutta.—No. 2878Medl.—17th November 1933.—Dr. Ajit Kumar Datta Gupta, M.B., D.T.M., Additional Medical Officer, Berhampore Detention Camp, is appointed to act as Assistant Professor of Protozoology, School of Tropical Medicine, *vice* Dr. Biraj Mohan Das Gupta.

Calcutta - Dacca. — No. 2879Medl.—17th November 1933.—Dr. Amulya Ratan Chakravarty, M.B., M.R.C.P. (Edin.), Demonstrator of Physiology, Medical College, Calcutta, is appointed as Teacher of Physiology, Dacca Medical School, *vice* Dr. Prafulla Prasun Chaudhury.

Dacca - Murshidabad. — No. 2880Medl.—17th November 1933.—Dr. Prafulla Prasun Chaudhury, Teacher of Physiology, Dacca Medical School, is posted to the Sadar Hospital, Berhampore, *vice* Dr. Bankim Behari Roy.

Murshidabad. — No. 2881Medl. — 17th November 1933.—Dr. Bankim Behari Roy of the Sadar Hospital, Berhampore, is appointed as Additional Medical Officer, Berhampore Detention Camps, *vice* Dr. Ajit Kumar Datta Gupta.

Calcutta.—No. 2882Medl.- 17th November 1933.—Dr. Satya Charan Sen, on leave, is appointed as Demonstrator of Physiology, Medical College, Calcutta, *vice* Dr. Amulya Ratan Chakravarty.

Malda - Noakhali. — No. 2890Medl.—18th November 1933.—Dr. Bisweswar Chakravarty, Civil Surgeon, Malda, is appointed as Civil Surgeon, Noakhali, *vice* Dr. Mathura Nath Bhattacharji.

Noakhali - Malda. — No. 2891Medl.—18th November 1933.—Dr. Mathura Nath Bhattacharji, officiating Civil Surgeon, Noakhali, is appointed to act as Civil Surgeon, Malda, *vice* Dr. Bisweswar Chakravarty.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2889Medl.—17th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that the first election under clause (*c*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 3 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1933 (Act XXVII of 1933), of a member of the Medical Council of India from Bengal will be held on the 20th February 1934. The member shall be elected from among themselves by persons enrolled on the medical register of Bengal who possess (*a*) any of the medical qualifications obtained from universities in British India shown on the first schedule and including the universities of Patna, Rangoon or Andhra not on the schedule and (*b*) any medical qualification obtained in the United Kingdom, the colonies and foreign countries shown on the second schedule of the Act.

The preliminary publication of the electoral roll of qualified electors will be made by posting printed copies for inspection on and after 23rd November in the offices of the District Magistrates and the Subdivisional Officers and in that of the returning officer where it will be available for sale at Rs. 2 per copy. Objections will be considered by the returning officer on 11th December and final publication will be made by publishing a list of modifications or corrections in a similar manner on or before 21st December.

All persons whose names appear on this roll are qualified to nominate any person whose name is borne on the same roll for election and vote for duly nominated candidates at the election to be held on the 20th February 1934.

They are called on to exercise these rights which the Act confers on them.

Nomination for election shall be made by means of a nomination paper which shall be supplied by the returning officer to any elector on application. Each nomination paper shall be subscribed by two electors as proposer and seconder provided that no elector shall subscribe more nomination papers than one. Nomination papers which are not received by the returning officer at his office before 12 noon on the 13th January 1934 shall be rejected. The returning officer shall examine the nomination papers on the 15th January 1934 in the presence of the candidates, their proposers and seconders, who are hereby invited to be present at the said examination whereby the returning officer shall decide what nominations received have been duly made. If only one candidate is duly nominated, he shall forthwith be declared as elected. If the number of duly nominated candidates exceeds one the returning officer shall publish their names in the *Calcutta Gazette* on or before the 18th January 1934, and shall send by registered post to each elector on or before the 26th January 1934 a voting paper containing the names and addresses of all candidates duly nominated. Voting papers with votes recorded in accordance with the instructions endorsed thereon, shall be received up to 12 noon on the 15th February 1934 and any paper received later shall be rejected. The returning officer shall scrutinise and count the votes at his office at 12 noon on the 20th February 1934 in the presence of candidates and their representatives who are hereby requested to attend at the process of counting. On completion of the counting the returning officer shall forthwith declare the candidate to whom the largest number of valid votes has been given to be elected. He shall then intimate the name of the elected candidate to the local Government for communication to the Government of India.

No. 2886Medl.—17th November 1933.—The Government of Bengal are pleased to direct that the following amendment be made to statute 3 of the Statutes of the State Medical Faculty of Bengal, published under Government resolution No. 2545Medl., dated the 11th August 1914, at pages 1553-62 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 12th idem, as subsequently amended, namely:—

After paragraph 2 of statute 3 of the said Statutes the following proviso shall be *added*:—

"Provided that if the Vice-President goes on leave for a period not exceeding three months, the President shall nominate another person from among the members of the governing body to be the Vice-President for the period of leave."

No. 2894Medl.—18th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 91 of the Indian Lunacy Act, 1912 (IV of 1912), read with section 21 of the General Clauses Act, 1897 (X of 1897), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following amendment in the rules relating to lunatics published with notification No. 2227-Medl, dated the 11th November 1915, as subsequently amended, namely:—

For entries under the heading "Entries to be made by Medical Officer alone" in Form C annexed to the said rules *substitute* the following:—

Entries to be made by Medical Officer alone

1 Period under observation

2 State of bodily health *

3 Symptoms exhibited—

(*a*) Observed by myself

(*b*) Observed by others, giving names of informants

4 Whether subject to epilepsy or any other kind of fits or any other disease

5 Whether suicidal †

6 Whether dangerous to others †

Signature and designation of Medical Officer

Date

Forwarded to the Superintendent of the Lunatic Asylum at

Date *Magistrat*

*The general health of the patient as well as any abnormality of feature or development should be entered. It is desirable that special mention be made whether the patient is or is not suffering from tubercular disease

†Unless the answer is in the negative or "not known," a detailed statement of this shall invariably be furnished.

Public Health.

NOTIFICATION

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

Rajshahi - Malda. — No. 1930P H.—18th November 1933 In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Food Adulteration Act, 1919 (Bengal Act VI of 1919), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Public Health) are pleased to appoint the District Health Officer, Rajshahi, to be a public analyst for all areas within the district of Malda

H P V TOWNEND,
Secy to the Govt. of Bengal

Orders by the Director of Public Health, Bengal.

No 1334SA 15th November 1933—Babu Jatindra Mohan Ray, Assistant Analyst, Bengal Public Health Laboratory, is allowed an extension of leave on average pay for a period of fifteen days in continuation of the leave previously granted to him, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules

R B KHAMBATA, M R C S (Eng), L.R C P. (Lond), D P H (Camb),
Director of Public Health, Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS

Calcutta.—No 3195Edn—18th November 1933 In exercise of the power conferred by section 6, sub-section (1), clause (c), and section 10 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), as amended by the Calcutta University Act, 1921 (VII of 1921), His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to nominate Khan Bahadur Abdulla Abu Sayied, I E S, to be an Ordinary Fellow of the University, *vice* Dr D Thomson, I.E S, resigned

Darjeeling.—No 3213Edn 18th November 1933—Mr A R Greene, Geography Master, Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong, is allowed leave for the period intervening between the winter vacations of the school for the years 1933-34 and 1934-35 and again for the period commencing from the date on which the school will reopen after the winter vacation of 1934-35 up to the 3rd May 1935, with the first vacation prefixed and the second vacation included between the two periods of leave under Fundamental Rule 82(*d*), viz, leave on average pay out of India and Ceylon, under the proviso to Fundamental Rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*), for such period as together with the vacations shall not exceed eight months, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under rule 81 (*d*) of those Rules

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Mr. K. Nazim-ud-Din, C.I.E.

Rajshahi.—No 3103Edn.—14th November 1933—Babu Krishnadhan Banarji, Professor of History, Rajshahi College, is appointed to

act, until further orders, as Vice-Principal of the College on his own pay in the Bengal Educational Service and in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 16th December 1933, or any subsequent date on which he assumes the duties of the post.

Rajshahi.—No. 3104Edn.–14th November 1933.—Babu Amrita Lal Chatarji, Lecturer in Mathematics, Rajshahi College, is appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service as Professor of Mathematics in the same College, with effect from the 16th December 1933, or any subsequent date on which he assumes the duties of the post, *vice* Babu Hari Lal Chaudhuri, on leave, or until further orders.

Dacca-Chittagong.—No. 3107Edn. — 14th November 1933.—Babu Padmini Bhusan Rudra, Professor, Dacca Intermediate College, is appointed to act on his own pay in the Bengal Educational Service as Principal, Chittagong College, with effect from the 16th November 1933, or any subsequent date on which he joins the appointment, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. Apurva Kumar Chanda, or until further orders.

Dacca-Nadia.—No. 3108Edn.—14th November 1933.—Babu Chintaharan Banarji, Lecturer in English, Dacca Intermediate College, in the Bengal Educational Service, now officiating Professor, Krishnagar College, is appointed to act as Professor of English, Dacca Intermediate College, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Padmini Bhusan Rudra, on deputation, or until further orders.

Calcutta.—No. 3127Edn.—14th November 1933.—Babu Sadananda Bhaduri, Lecturer in Sanskrit and Bengali, Presidency College, Calcutta, in the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service as Professor of Sanskrit and Pali in that college, with effect from the 16th November 1933, or any subsequent date on which he assumes the duties of the post up to the 31st January 1934, *vice* Babu Nilmani Chakrabartty about to retire, or until further order.

Rajshahi.—No. 3130Edn.—14th November 1933.—Babu Harilal Chaudhury, Professor and officiating Vice-Principal, Rajshahi College, is allowed combined leave for eight months, with effect from the 16th December 1933, under article 232 of the Civil Service Regulations, viz., privilege leave on full pay for twenty-five days, under articles 272 and 274, Civil Service Regulations, and furlough on average salary on medical certificate for the remaining period, under article 325A of the same Regulations.

Howrah. — No. 3192Edn.—18th November 1933.—Mr. Muhammad Abdul Jabbar is appointed temporarily to act in the Bengal Educational Service as Lecturer in Civil Engineering, Bengal Engineering College, with effect from the date on which the college re-opens after the current long vacation or any subsequent date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Rama Ranjan Ghosh, retired, or until further orders.

Registration.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Mr. K. Nazim-ud-Din, C.I.E.

Midnapore.—No. 819Regn.—14th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Shaikh Md. Ishaque to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-station of Keshpur, in the district of Midnapore.

Midnapore.—No. 820Regn.—14th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Shaikh Md. Ishaque to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-station of Keshpur, in the district of Midnapore.

Nadia.—No. 825Regn.—14th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Fazlul Huq to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-station of Santipur, in the district of Nadia.

Nadia.—No. 826Regn.—14th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Fazlul Huq to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-station of Santipur, in the district of Nadia.

Faridpur.—No. 831Regn.—14th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Md. Abdur Rahman, Muhammadan Registrar and Kazi of Gopalganj, temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-station of Kotalipara, in the district of Faridpur, in addition to his own duties, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Md. Sadeque Ali, or until further orders.

Registered No. C207 *No. 47 of 1933*



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1933

CONTENTS:

SUPPLEMENT.

Official Papers.

FORM O—BENGAL.

STATEMENT OF COTTON PRESSED IN THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY FOR THE WEEK ENDING, THE 10th NOVEMBER 1933.

[Section 5 (2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

Name of Division or block.	Number of bales pressed.				District included in the block.
	During the week.	During the corresponding week last year.	Since 1st September 1933 (the date prescribed by the Local Government as the commencement of the season).	During the corresponding period last year.	
The Bengal Presidency	113 bales of 400 lbs. each.	179	2,191	1,956	All districts in the Presidency.

C. S. STEEL,

Chief Inspector of Factories, Bengal (offg.).

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN BENGAL

Note.—The total and the average rainfall for all districts have been

Division and district.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Presidency.								
24-Parganas ..	Saugor Island (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Diamond Harbour ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Budge-Budge	..	..	..	..	..	0·44	0·89
	Canning Town	..	..	..	..	0·15	..	..
	Alipore (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	0·63	1·27	0·01	..
	Barrackpore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dum-Dum	..	..	1·42	0·48	..	0·12	0·90
	Baraset	..	..	..	..	4·00	..	..
	Basirhat	..	..	..	0·08	..	..	..
	Gosaba	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nadia ..	Ranaghat	..	..	..	0·60	0·60	..	..
	Krishnagar (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	0·08	..	..	..
	Chuadanga	..	..	..	0·03	0·13	.	..
	Meherpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kushtia	..	..	..	0·30	..	..	..
	Haringhata	..	..	0·28	0·04	..	..	..
Murshidabad ..	Kandi	0·20	0·56	0·53	0·02	..	..	.
	Berhampore (Observatory) ..	..	0·36	..	..	..	..	..
	Lalbagh	..	..	.	..	..	..	..
	Azimgunj*							
	Jangipur	0·30	..	..	..	0·02	..	..
	Lalgola	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Akriganj	..	..	.	..	..	..	..
	Patkabari	0·35	..	0·05	..	..	..	..
	Dumkal	..	..	.	1·11	..	..	..
	Kallyangunj (Ishanpur) ..	0·04	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Khargram	..	0·80	..	.	..	..	..
	Bharatpore	..	0·20	..	..	..	..	..
Jessore ..	Narail	..	..	..	1·00	..	..	..
	Jessore (Observatory) .	..	..	.	0·46	.	..	..
	Jhenida	..	..	2·35	.	..	..	..
	Magura	..	..	..	..	0·40	..	..
	Bongaon	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·55
Khulna ..	Satkhira (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	0·06	..	..
	Bagerhat	..	..	..	0·04	0·12	..	..
	Khulna (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	0·01	0·33	..	..
	Kaliganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nakipur*							
	Dumuria	..	..	..	..	0·63	..	..
	Rampal	..	..	..	..	..	0·70	..
	Kalaroa	..	..	..	0·20	0·70	..	..
	Paikgachha (Raruli) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mullahai	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Morolganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ismailkati	..	..	0·90	1·10	..	0·10	..
Burdwan.								
Burdwan ..	Kalna	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Burdwan (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·15
	Katwa	..	0·90	0·05	..	..	..	..
	Asansol (Observatory) .	0·20	..	..	0·22	..	..	..
	Mankar*							
	Mangalkot*							
	Royna *							
	Montoswar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Birbhum ..	Suri	0·55	0·80	0·34	..	..	..	..
	Hetampur	0·75	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Rampurhat	0·84	0·02	0·12	..	..	..	..
	Bolpur	..	..	1·36	0·38	..	..	..
	Murarai	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Labpur	..	0·65	1·40	0·50	..	..	..

*Not reported.

FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER 1933.

calculated using the data of only those stations for which normals are available.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
..	..	..	.	..	..	0·12	0·40	4 76	12·66	0·03	1·05	0·05
..	..	.	..	.	0·23	..	0·20	1·39	3·84	..	0·61	..
..	..	..	..	0·02	..	5·12	0·01	0·95	4·11	0·02	0·05	0·34
..	..	..	..	.	..	0·50	..	3·00	5·50	.	0·55	..
0·05	0·03	.	0·53	0·42	0·01	1·73	..	1·01	3·09	..	0·14	0·05
..	..	..	1·25	0·75	0·85	1·25	1·35	1·15	0·55	0·67	0·25	0·45
..	..	.	..	.	1·03	0·33	1·93	2·92	0·07	0·15	0·09	..
..	..	..	..	.	..	..	..	0·90	1·00	..	2·50	.
..	..	..	.	..	..	..	..	0·70	1·54	0·22	0·90	0·32
..	.	..	0·08	.	0·65	0·02	..	1·90	3·38	0·15	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·10	0·60	..	..	0·80
.	..	.	0·03	.	..	..	..	0·38	0·13	..	..	0·47
	..	0·63	.	..	.	0·17	..	0·06	0·18	..	..	0·50
.	.	0·05	..	..	0 55	0 52	0·60	0·07	..	..	1·05	0·05
.			..		..	.	.	..	0·15	..	..	0·18
..	..	.	..	..	0·45	..	0·40	0·61	..	0·21	0·12	..
.	.	..	..	0·07	..	0·12	..	2·20	..	..	..	2·53
	.	..	.	..	..	..	..	1·94	..	.	..	2·09
	.	.	.	..	..	..	..	1 30	..	..	..	2·48
..	.	..	..	.	..	0 30	..	0·18	1·18	..	..	2·14
.	.	.	..	.	..	.	..	0·38	1·35	..	..	1·22
.	.		..	..	..	..	..	1·18	0·93	..	..	1·55
..	0 56	..	..	..	0 22	..	..	0·03	..	..	2·18	..
..	.	..	..	..	1·09	.	..	..	..	.	2·19	..
..	.	.	.	..	..	0 15	0·23	0·21	..	.	0 85	..
	..		.	.	.	.	..	0·60	..	..	..	0·90
	.	.	..	0·15	..	0·20	..	..	.	..	..	1·25
0·10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·05	0·10	..	..	..
..	..	0·99	0·03	..	..	0·22	.	0·26	0·65	..	..	0·20
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·26	2·15	.	..	0·12	..
0·10	..	1·00	..	0·25	..	..	..	..	0·50	..	0·50	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·19	0·95	..	..	..
0·49	0·72	0·24	0·15	..	..	0·04	..	0·71	1·40	..	0·01	0·14
..	..	.	..	.	0·51	1·10	..	..	0 62	..	..	0·41
0·40	..	..	..	..	0·01	2·56	..	0·19	0·62	..	..	0·14
..	..	..	0·12	..	..	0·53	0·85	1·15	0·05	..	0·17	0·06
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·58	..	..	1·80	..	0·41	..
..	..	..	..	..	0·20	0·05	1·45	0·60	1·60	..	..	..
..	0·28	1·50	..	..	..	1·70	..	0·25	1·05	..	..	..
..	.	..	..	..	0·60	..	..	0·65	1·50	0·95	0·50	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·15	0·19	..	..	..
..	.	..	..	..	..	0·44	0·20	0·06	0·60	..	..	..
..	..	0·50	..	..	..	0·32	..	0·31	2·43	..	1·11	..
..	..	..	..	..	.	..	1·06	0·65	0·48	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·10	..	0·89	0·05	..	..	0·60
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·70	0·60	..	..	..	1·71
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0 73	0·05	..	0·10	0·25
..	..	..	..	..	1·25	..	0·75	0·17	0·09	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·92	0·01	0·10	..	1·08
..	..	..	0·40	..	..	0·15	..	..	0·16	..	..	1·60
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·11	0·20	..	..	0·88	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·11	..	..	..	..	1·86	..
..	..	0·46	..	..	0·10	..	..	..	..	..	0·65	0·48
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·10	..	..	..	..	..	1·90

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN BENGAL

Division and district.	Station.	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Presidency.								
24-Parganas ..	Saugor Island (Observatory) ..	0·10	0·93	..	..	..	..	..
	Diamond Harbour ..	0·71	1·57	..	..	..	..	..
	Budge-Budge	0·71	0·35	0·24	..	..	..	..
	Canning Town	..	0·40	..	..	..	..	..
	Alipore (Observatory) ..	0·02	0·72	..	..	..	..	..
	Barrackpore	0·25	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dum-Dum	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Barasat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Basirhat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Gosaba	..	0·45	..	..	..	..	..
Nadia ..	Ranaghat	1·40	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Krishnagar (Observatory) ..	..	0·43	..	..	..	..	..
	Chuadanga	..	0·58	..	..	..	..	..
	Meherpur	1·20	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kushtia	0·40	1·85	..	..	..	..	..
	Haringhata	0·24	..	..	..	..	..	..
Murshidabad ..	Kandi	0·14	2·02	..	..	..	..	..
	Berhampore (Observatory) ..	0·02	0·53	..	..	.	..	..
	Lalbagh	..	..	..	.	..	.	..
	Azimgunj*							
	Jangipur	.	0·57	..	..	..	..	.
	Lalgola		0·50	..	.	.	.	..
	Akriganj	0·04	0·52	..	.	.	.	.
	Patkabari	0·42	..	..	..	.	..	..
	Dumkal	..	1·13	..	..	..	..	..
	Kallyangunj (Ishanpur) ..	0·07	..	..	..	.	..	..
	Khargram	..	0·60	..	..	..	..	..
	Bharatpore	.	3·30	..	..	..	..	..
Jessore ..	Narail	0·45	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jessore (Observatory) ..	.	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jhenida	0·30	..	..	.	..	..	..
	Magura	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bongaon	0·47	1·43	..	..	..	..	..
Khulna ..	Satkhira (Observatory) ..	0·02	0·02	..	..	..	..	..
	Bagorhat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Khulna (Observatory) ..	0·20	0·07	0·08	..	..	..	..
	Kaliganj	0·07	..	..	0 18	..	..	..
	Nakipur*							
	Dumuria	0·54	0·22	..	..	..	..	..
	Rampal	0·50	0·05	..	..	..	..	..
	Kalaroa	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Paikgachha (Raruli) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mullahat	1·28	0·33	..	..	..	..	..
	Morelganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ismailkati	0·41	..	..	..	..	..	..
Burdwan.								
Burdwan ..	Kalna	2·05	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Burdwan (Observatory) ..	0·04	0·73	..	..	..	..	..
	Katwa	..	2·56	..	..	..	..	..
	Asansol (Observatory) ..	0·25	0·05	..	..	..	..	..
	Mankar*							
	Mangalkot*							
	Royna*							
	Monteswar	1·07	..	..	..	..	..	..
Birbhum ..	Suri	..	0·01	..	..	..	..	..
	Hetampur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Rampurhat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bolpur	..	0·16	..	..	..	..	..
	Murarai	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Labpur	0·20	0·72	..	..	..	..	..

* Not reported.

FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER 1933.

28	29	30	31	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Normal rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 1st to 31st October 1933.	Normal rainfall from 1st to 31st October 1933.
..	..	..	..	7	7·5	20·10	8·14	12·66	20·10	8·14
..	..	..	..	7	5·8	8·55	5·20	3·84	8·55	5·20
..	..	..	..	9	6·0	13·25	4·81	5·12	13·25	4·81
..	..	..	..	6	5·7	10·10	4·70	5·50	10·10	4·70
..	..	..	..	9	6·0	9·71	4·19	3·09	9·71	4·19
..	..	..	.	11	5·4	8·77	3·82	1·35	8·77	3·82
..	..	..	..	9	5·3	10·34	4·45	2·92	10·34	4·45
..	..	.	..	4	5·4	8·40	4·31	4·00	8·40	4·31
..	..	.	..	5	5·5	3·76	4·60	1·54	3·76	4·60
.	..	..	..	5	(n)	6·63	(n)	3·38	6·63	(n)
..	..	..	..	6	4·8	4·10	3·60	1·40	4·10	3·60
..	..	.	.	4	4·9	1·52	4·38	0·47	1·52	4·38
..	..	..	..	6	5·0	2·28	4·35	0·63	2·28	4·35
..	..	..	..	5	4·7	4·09	4·12	1·20	4·09	4·12
..	..	..	..	5	5·1	2·88	4·49	1·85	2·88	4·49
..	..	..	.	7	4·0	2·35	2·51	0·61	2·35	2·31
..	..	..	.	8	4·6	8·39	3·78	2·53	8·39	3·78
..	..	..	..	4	4·7	4·94	4·20	2·09	4·94	4·20
..	..	.	..	2	4·9	3·78	4·56	2·48	3·78	4·56
					4·7		4·02			4·02
..	..	..	.	6	4·2	4·69	3·82	2·14	4·69	3·82
..	..	..	.	4	4·0	3·45	3·97	1·35	3·45	3·97
..	..	..	..	4	4·3	4·22	3·76	1·55	4·22	3·76
..	..	..	..	5	3·9	3·81	3·29	2·18	3·81	3·29
..	..	..	..	4	3·9	5·52	3·39	2·19	5·52	3·39
..	..	..	..	4	4·1	1·55	4·70	0·85	1·55	4·70
..	..	..	..	4	(n)	2·90	(n)	0·90	2·90	(n)
..	..	..	..	5	(n)	5·10	(n)	3·30	5·10	(n)
..	..	..	..	4	5·5	1·70	4·47	1·00	1·70	4·47
..	..	..	..	6	5·8	2·81	4·80	0·99	2·81	4·89
..	..	..	..	5	5·4	5·48	4·45	2·45	5·48	4·45
..	..	..	..	6	5·0	2·75	4·25	1·00	2·75	4·25
..	..	..	..	5	5·7	3·59	4·62	1·43	3·59	4·62
..	..	..	..	7	5·8	4·00	4·70	1·40	4·00	4·70
..	..	..	..	5	5·6	2·80	5·13	1·10	2·80	5·13
..	..	..	..	7	6·0	4·61	4·73	2·56	4·61	4·73
..	..	.	..	6	6·0	3·18	6·94	1·15	3·18	6·94
					5·5		5·13			5·13
..	..	..	..	6	5·4	4·18	4·84	1·80	4·18	4·84
..	..	..	..	6	6 2	5·15	5·19	1·60	5·15	5·19
..	..	..	..	7	6·6	5·68	5 32	1·70	5·68	5·32
..	..	..	..	5	8·7	4·10	6·06	1·50	4·10	6·06
..	..	..	..	4	6·5	1·95	5·86	1·28	1·95	5·86
..	..	..	..	3	7·0	1·30	6·14	0·60	1·30	6·14
..	..	..	.	9	6·4	7·18	5·44	2·43	7·18	5·44
..	..	..	..	4	4·7	4·24	3·74	2·05	4·24	3·74
..	..	..	..	5	4·3	2·56	3·43	0·89	2·56	3·43
..	..	..	..	5	[illegible]·7	6·52	3·98	2·56	6·52	3·98
..	..	..	..	6	5·6	1·85	4·56	0·73	1·85	4·56
					3·7		2·87			2·87
					5·7		5·13			5·13
					5·7		5·78			5·78
..	..	..	..	4	5·3	3·33	5 62	1·25	3·33	5·62
..	..	..	..	6	4·5	4·81	3·40	1·92	4·81	3·40
..	..	..	..	5	3·9	3·06	3·18	1·00	3·06	3·18
..	..	..	..	5	4·4	3·12	3·78	1·11	3·12	3·78
..	..	..	..	5	4·1	3·87	3·32	1·86	3·87	3·32
..	..	..	..	4	3·5	1·69	3·65	0·65	1·69	3·65
..	..	..	..	7	4·2	5·47	3·91	1·90	5·47	3·91

(n) Not ascertained.

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN BENGAL

Division and district.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Burdwan—*concld.*								
Bankura	Bankura (Observatory)	..	..	..	0·55	..	..	..
	Vishnupur	..	..	0·10	..	..	..	0·40
	Maliara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Khatra	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Indas	..	..	..	0·30	..	..	..
	Kotalpur	..	..	..	1·20	..	..	..
	Onda	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Gangajalghati	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Raipur	..	..	..		..	..	..
	Sonamukhi	..		..	..	..	..	..
	Taldangra	..	..	..		..	..	..
	Saranga	..		..	0·56	0·26	0·06	..
	Indpur	..		..	0·40	..	..	0·05
	Arhara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Barjora	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Simlapal*							
	Mojia	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Siromanipur*							
	Palasdanga	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chatna	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ranibandh	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Saltora*							
	Joypur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ambikanagar*							
	Joyrampur*							
Midnapore	Contai	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tamluk	..	..	1·31	1·59	..	..	..
	Midnapore (Observatory)	..	..	0·63	0·03	0·03	..	0·02
	Ghatal	..	..	..	0·29	..	..	..
	Kukrahati	..	..	..	0·03	..	..	..
	Amlagura*							
	Panskura	..	..	..	0·30	..	..	..
	Dantan	..	..	..	..	0·05	..	..
	Chandrakona*							
	Pachet*							
	Bhagwanpur	..	..	..	..	0·64	..	..
	Kashiary*							
	Nayabasan	..	..	..	..	..	0·28	..
	Silda (Belpabari)	..	..	0·46	0·02	..	0·03	..
	Goaltore	..	..	0·26	1·26	..	..	..
	Salboni	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Narayangarh	..	0·45	1·55	..	..	..	..
	Ramnagar	..	..	0·08	..	..	0·01	..
	Mohanpur	..	..	..	1·00	..	..	..
	Jonka (Khajra)	..	..	..	..	0·05	1·15	..
	Nandigram	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·30
	Moyna	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pingla	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Narajole*							
	Kolaghat (Daman)	..	..	..	0·04	0·03	..	..
	Balichak	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jhargram	..	..	..	0·42	..	..	..
	Kharagpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hooghly	Serampore	..	..	1·12	..	..	..	..
	Hooghly	..	..	..	2·40	..	..	..
	Arambagh	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chanditala	..	..	..	0·83	..	..	1·72
	Tentulia*							
	Boinchee*							
	Khanakul	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tarakeswar*							
Howrah	Howrah	..	..	..	0·47	0·41	..	..
	Uluberia	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Amta	0·00	..	0·50	..	..	..	..
Rajshahi.								
Rajshahi	Boalia (Observatory)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nator	0·20	0·21	0·09	..	..	..	..
	Naugaon	0·45	0·40	0·45	0·02	..	..	..
	Lalpur	..	0·30	..	..	..	..	..
	Manda	0·05	0·17	0·29	..	..	..	..
	Mahadebpur	..	..	0·75	0·25	..	..	..
	Tanor	..	..	..	1·01	..	..	..
	Chaugram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Joari	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Badalgachi*							

*Not reported.

FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER 1933.

8	9	10	11	12	13.	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·73	0·05	.	0·15	0·07
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·40	..	0·72	0·02	..	0·11	1 67
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·10
..	..	.	.	..	..	..	..	0·35	0·03	0·05	0·30	1·40
..	.	..	..	..	..	..	..	0 11	0·03	.	0·20	0·91
..		.	..	..	0·22	..	0·35	0 30	..	0 28	0·90	0·55
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2·45	..	..	0·78	0·10
..		..	..	..	..	..	..	.	..	..	.	0·49
..	..	..	.	..	..	..	.	0 91	0·08	..	0 16	0 07
..	..	0 80	..	..	0·25	..	0·50	..	0·13	0·33	..	.
..	..	..	1 07	..	..	..	.	0 89	0·68	..	.	..
..	..	.	..	..	..	..	.	1 91	..	0·09	0·29	0 29
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0 20	..	0 35	..
..	..	..	.	..	..	..	0·64	0·07	..	0 31	..	0·56
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·60
..	..	.	..	..	..	..	..	0 10	..	..	..	0·17
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0 25	..	1·00	0·26
..	..	..	.	..	..	..	0·62	..	..	0·32	..	..
..	..	..	.	..	..	..	..	0 52	..	0 30	0·45	0·10
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·82	..	0·47	..	.	0·33	1·01
0·21	..	..	..	..	0·43	0·63	0·34	5·05	7·18	0 02	0·64	·0·52
..	..	..	..	0·06	0·12	..	0·22	0·71	..	..	0·17	0·35
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·57	0 31	0·03	0·37	0·22
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·05	0·25	..	0·40	0·20
..	..	.	..	..	..	..	..	1·12	4·81	..	0·65	0·65
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·30	2·40	0·05	0·80	0·20
..	..	..	..	..	..	1·45	0·13	2·98	2·86	..	1·00	0·70
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·30	..	2·64	4·37	0·55	0·61	0·09
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·12	0 15	..	0·50
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·50	0·10	..	0·40	0·58	0·04
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2·02	.	0 14	0·16	0·09
..	..	..	..	..	0·43	..	2·80	..	..	0 07	0·43	..
..	..	..	..	..	0·20	0·56	2·74	1·90	.	0·65	..	..
..	..	..	0·29	0·13	0·24	2·58	4·73	7·52	..	1 05	0·38	1·12
..	..	..	..	..	..	1·04	0·40	1·10	..	..	0·49	..
..	..	..	..	..	0·25	0·25	0·22	2·15	7·90	..	0·75	..
1·00	1 05	0·40	..	0·05	0·15	..	..	..	0·60	1 50	0·40	..
..	..	0·15	..	..	..	..	1·50	3 10	0·10	0·10	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·00	2·00	1·50	0 50	0·50	0·50
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·40	2·07	..	0 09	0·77
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·20	0·00	2·29	1·31	0 00	0 14	0·25
..	..	.	..	..	.	..	..	1·22	..	..	0·93	0·47
..	..	.	..	..	0·10	..	4·12	0·41	0·10	0·98	0·36	0·74
..	..	1 50	0 10	..	0·38	..	..	4·25	..	0 30	..	0·40
..	..	..	0·30	..	..	0·75	..	1·26	1·10	..	..	0·40
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·21	0·10	0·92	0·08	..	0·30	0·57
..	..	..	..	..	1·32	..	1·90	2·51	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	1·32	..	1·00	0·42	..	..	1·83	0·08
..	..	..	0·35	0·20	..	3·65	..	2·03	3·00	..	..	0·26
..	..	..	..	..	..	5·40	..	0·70	3·20	..	0·25	0·15
0·30	..	..	..	..	..	1·70	..	0·50	2·35	..	0·30	0·50
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·14	0·65	..	..	0·56
0·09	..	1·17	.	..	0·24	..	..	3·20	..	..	0·25	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·01	..	..	0·45	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·10	0·50	0·10	..	..	0·25
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·35	0·37	..	..	..	0·60
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·75	..
..	..	0·28	..	..	..	..	..	0·87	..	..	..	..
..	..	0·18	0·32	..	..	1·54	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·85

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN BENGAL.

Division and district.	Station.	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Burdwan—*concld.*								
Bankura	Bankura (Observatory)	..	0·80	..	..	..	..	..
	Vishnupur	0·03	2·55	..	..	..	..	..
	Maliara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Khatra	..	0·50	..	..	..	..	..
	Indas	0·02	0·30	0·25	..	..	..	..
	Kotalpur	1·15	0·01	..	..	..	..	..
	Onda	..	1·75	..	..	..	..	..
	Gangajalghati	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Raipur	.	1·95	0·12	..	..	..	..
	Sonamukhi	1·30	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Taldangra	..	1·55	..	..	..	..	..
	Saranga	..	2·32	0·65	..	..	..	..
	Indpur	..	1·72	..	..	..	..	..
	Arhara	0·06	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Barjora	..	0·11	..	..	..	..	..
	Simlapal*							
	Mojia	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Siromanipur*							
	Palasdanga	..	0·25	0·15	..	..	..	..
	Chatna	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ranibandh	0·30	..		..	..	..	..
	Saltora*							
	Joypur	..	0·75	..	..	..	..	..
	Ambikanagar*							
	Joyrampur*							
Midnapore	Contai	0·28	1·27	..	..	..	..	..
	Tamluk	1·81	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Midnapore (Observatory)	0·22	1·35	..	..	..	..	..
	Ghatal	0·40	1·33	..	..	..	..	..
	Kukrahati	0·23	0·35	..	..	..	..	..
	Amlagura*							
	Panskura	0·10	1·40	..	..	..	..	..
	Dantan	0·14	0·13	..	..	..	..	..
	Chandrakona*							
	Pachot*							
	Bhagwanpur	0·03	1·05	..	..	..	..	..
	Keshiary*							
	Nayabasan	0·65	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Silda (Belpabari)	0·95	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Goaltore	.	1·07	0·12	..	..	..	..
	Salboni	0·75	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Narayangarh	1·95	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ramnagar	0·54	0·01	..	..	..	..	..
	Mohanpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jonka (Khajri)	..	1·80	..	..	..	..	..
	Nandigram	..	0·50	0·05	..	..	..	..
	Moyna	1·20	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pingla	0·10	..	..	..	.	..	..
	Narajole*							
	Kolaghat (Dainan)	0·01	0·46	..	..	..	..	..
	Balichak	0·08	1·26	..	..	..	..	..
	Jhargram	..	0·89	..	..	.	..	..
	Kharagpur	1·00	..	..	..		..	..
Hooghly	Serampore	0·70	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Hooghly	..	1·45	..	..	..	..	..
	Arambagh	0·05	2·25	0·01	..	..	..	..
	Chanditala	1·84	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tentulia*							
	Boincheo*							
	Khanakul	1·82	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tarakeswar*							
Howrah	Howrah	0·04	0·50	..	..	..	..	..
	Uluberia	0·07	0·35	..	..	..	..	..
	Amta	..	0·50	..	..	..	..	..
Rajshahi.								
Rajshahi	Boalia (Observatory)	..	0·39	..	..	..	..	..
	Nator	0·16	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Naugaon	0·50	0·52	..	..	..	..	..
	Lalpur	0·20	0·30	..	..	..	..	..
	Manda	..	0·26	..	..	..	..	..
	Mahadebpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tanor	0·85	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chaugram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Joari	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Badalgachi*							

*Not reported.

FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER 1933.

28	29	30	31	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Normal rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 1st to 31st October 1933.	Normal rainfall from 1st to 31st October 1933.
..	..	..	..	4	4·2	2·35	2·91	0·80	2·35	2·91
..	..	..	..	7	4·5	6·00	3·05	2·55	6·00	3·05
..	..	..	..	1	4·4	1·10	2·99	1·10	1·10	2·99
..	.	..	..	4	4·2	2·63	3·30	1·40	2·63	3·30
..	..	..	..	6	3·8	2·12	2·79	0·91	2·12	2·70
..	..	..	..	8	3·6	4·96	3·31	1·20	4·96	3·31
..	..	..	..	4	3·9	5·08	2·83	2·45	5·08	2·83
..	..	..	..	1	3·6	0·49	2·75	0·49	0·49	2·75
..	..	..	..	4	4·4	3·29	3·61	1·95	3·29	3·61
.	..	..	..	6	4·0	3·31	3·07	1·30	3·31	3·07
..	..	..	..	4	2·2	4·19	5·23	1·55	4·19	5·23
..	..	..	..	7	4·8	6·43	4·23	2 32	6·43	4·23
..	..	..	..	4	5·8	2·72	5·01	1·72	2·72	5·01
..	..	..	..	3	(n)	1·64	(n)	0·64	1·64	(n)
..	..	..	..	2	(n)	0·71	(n)	0·60	0·71	(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
..	..	..	..	2	(n)	0·27	(n)	0·17	0·27	(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
..	..	..	..	5	(n)	1·91	(n)	1·00	1·91	(n)
..	..		..	2	(n)	0·94	(n)	0·62	0·94	(n)
..	..			5	(n)	1·67	(n)	0 52	1·67	(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
..	..	.	..	5	(n)	3·38	(n)	1·01	3·38	(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
..	..	..	..	10	6·4	16·57	7·01	7·18	16·57	7·01
..	..	..	..	8	4·7	6·34	4·35	1·81	6·34	4·35
..	..	..	..	7	5·3	4·78	3·87	1·57	4·78	3·87
..	..	..	..	7	4·6	3·92	3·44	1·33	3·92	3·44
..	..	..	..	6	5·6	7·84	5·04	4·81	7·84	5·04
					4·6		3·36			3·36
..	..	..	..	7	5·0	6·55	3·65	2·40	6·55	3·65
..	..	..	.	8	5·4	9·44	4·91	2·98	9·44	4·91
					4·4		3·83			3·83
					5·2		5·31			5·31
..	..	..	.	7	5·4	10·28	5·79	4·37	10·28	5·79
					4·8		5·86			5·86
..	..	..	.	5	4·5	2·70	3·61	1·12	2·70	3·61
..	..	..	..	6	5·6	3·08	3·88	0·95	3·08	3·88
..	..	..	..	7	5·2	5·12	4·63	2·02	5·12	4·63
..	..	..	..	4	5·3	4·48	4·16	2·80	4·48	4·16
..	..	..	..	8	6·1	10·00	5·46	2·74	10·00	5·46
..	..	..	..	10	7·1	18·68	8·66	7·52	18·68	8·66
..	..	..	..	5	6·8	4·03	7·87	1·10	4·03	7·87
..	..	..	..	8	7·4	14·52	7·27	7·90	14·52	7·27
..	..	..	..	9	7·0	6·00	6·92	1·50	6·00	6·92
..	..	..	..	6	5·9	6·15	5·21	3·10	6·15	5·21
..	..	..	.	7	6·1	6·10	5·21	2·00	6·10	5·21
					4·7		6·39			6·39
..	..	..	..	4	(n)	3·87	(n)	2·07	3·87	(n)
..	..	..	..	6	(n)	5·53	(n)	2·29	5·53	(n)
..	..	..	..	5	(n)	3·93	(n)	1·22	3·93	(n)
..	..	..	..	8	(n)	7·81	(n)	4·12	7·81	(n)
..	..	..	..	8	5·5	8·75	4·09	4·25	8·75	4·09
..	..	..	..	7	5·2	7·66	3·87	2·40	7·66	3·87
..	..	..	..	6	4·7	4·49	3·77	2·25	4·49	3·77
..	..	..	..	6	(n)	10·12	(n)	2·51	10·12	(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
..	..	..	..	5	(n)	6·47	(n)	1·83	6·47	(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
..	..	..	..	9	5·8	10·91	4·27	3·65	10·91	4·27
..	..	..	..	6	5·3	10·12	3·81	5·40	10·12	3·81
..	..	..	..	8	5·0	6·65	4·39	2·35	6·65	4·39
..	..	..	..	4	4·4	1·74	3·73	0·65	1·74	3·73
..	..	..	..	7	4·9	5·61	4·21	3·20	5·61	4·21
..	..	..	..	6	4·0	2·80	4·37	0·52	2·80	4·37
..	..	..	..	7	4·4	1·75	3·87	0·50	1·75	3·87
..	..	..	..	6	3·8	2·09	4·01	0·60	2·09	4·01
..	..	..	..	3	4·2	1·75	4·43	0·75	1·75	4·43
..	..	..	..	4	4·3	3·01	5·04	1·01	3·01	5·04
..	..	..	..	3	(n)	2·04	(n)	1·54	2·04	(n)
..	..	..	..	1	(n)	0·85	(n)	0·85	0·85	(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)

(n) Not ascertained.

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN BENGAL

Division and district.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rajshahi—*concld.*								
Dinajpur	Nithpur	..	..	1·20	0·77	..	..	..
	Nawabganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Gangarampur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Itahar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Raiganj	..	..	1·57	..	..	..	..
	Dinajpur (Observatory)	..	0·18	1·32	..	0·10	..	..
	Balurghat	..	..	0·40	0 50	0·39	..	0·19
	Thakurgaon	0·70	2·01	1·65	0·43	0·05	..	..
	Setabganj	..	0·29	1·08	..	..	..	..
	Ramganj	0·90	0·25	1·80	0·30	..	..	..
	Atwari*							
	Birganj	0·52	0·68	0·14	0·16	..	..	..
	Parbatipur	0·19	0·90	..	0·18	..	0·03	..
	Patnitola*							
	Sapahar*							
Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri (Observatory)	0·40	1·05	0 30	0·72	0 80	..	..
	Alipur Duars	0·45	..	2·55	0·81	..	..	..
	Falakata	0·37	0·15	0·77	0·85	0·34	0·21	..
	Debiganj	1·57	0·90	0·64	..	0 64	..	..
	Buxa	..	0·90	0 09	0 34	1·05	0·33	0·06
	Kalchini	0·08	..	0·65	0·56	0 30	0·32	..
	Kumargram	..	1 00	..	2·33	0·19	..	..
Darjeeling	Siliguri	1 27	1·13	0·48	3·85	2·68	0·08	0·44
	Darjeeling (Observatory)	0·23	0·66	0 78	0·17	0·07	..	..
	Kalimpong	0·16	1·39	2·30	0·25	0·02	..	0·04
	Mongpoo	0·39	0 70	0·60	0·45	0·33	0·02	0·12
	Kurseong	0·15	0·36	0·31	0 37	0·14	..	1·00
	Pedong	0·34	0·60	2·12	0·61	1·25	0·03	..
Rangpur	Bhawaniganj (Gaibandha)	0·50	0·12	..	..	0·13	0·95	..
	Rangpur (Observatory)	1·23	0·76	2·17	0 11	..	..	..
	Pirganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kurigaon	0·25	1·59	1 46	..	..	..	..
	Gobindganj	..	..	0·05	..	..	..	..
	Bagdogra (Nilphamari)	1·33	1·76	..	0·45	..	..	..
	Ulipur	0·50	0·35	1·30	..	..	..	..
	Sunderganj	..	..	1·98	..	..	..	..
	Saidpur	0 41	0·65	0·62	..	..	..	..
Bogra	Sherpur*							
	Nowkhulla*							
	Bogra (Observatory)	1·37	..	0·02	..	..	..	..
	Panchbibi	0·08	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Khetlal*							
	Adamdighi	0·30	0·30	..	..	..	..	..
	Dubchanchia*							
Pabna	Shazadpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pabna	..	0·08	..	0·41	..	..	..
	Sirajganj (Observatory)	..	0·16	0·10	0·02	..	..	..
	Iswardi	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malda	Malda (Observatory)	..	..	0·06	0·03	..	..	..
	Chanchal	..	..	0·01	0·07	0·65	..	..
	Gazol	..	..	0·35	..	..	..	..
	Sibganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Gomastapur	..	..	0·36	0·44	..	..	..
	Nawabganj	..	..	..	..		..	..
Dacca.								
Dacca	Munshiganj	..	..	0·68	..	..	..	..
	Dacca	..	..	..	1·04	0·48	..	..
	Nawabganj	..	..	..	0·35	..	..	..
	Narayanganj (Observatory)	..	..	0·20	0·03	0·11	..	..
	Narsingdi	..	..	..	1·75	0·10	..	..
	Manickganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Joydebpur	..	0·15	0·35	0·18	..	..	..
	Kapasia	..	..	..	0·90	0·11	..	..

* Not reported.

FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER 1933.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·14	..	..	0·90
..	..	..	..	..	0·10	0·02	..	0·04	..	..	..	0·26
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·52	..	..	..	1·12	1·32
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·56	1·10	..	..	0·60	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·70
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·02	..	..	..	0·31
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·15	..	..	..	1·56
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·18	..	..	..	0·52
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·40	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·45	..	..	..	0·30
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·96	..	..	..	0·32	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·07	..	..	0·71	0·12
0·20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·55	0·20	..	..	0·32
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·14	0·49	..	..	0·13
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·35	0·05	..	..	0·15
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·73	..	..	..	0·65
..	0·56	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·03	0·10	..	0·13	2·52
0·45	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·16	0·11	..	..	0·03
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3·68
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·03	0·08	..	..	..	0·78
0·04	0·47	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·30	..	0·15	1·29
..	0·04	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·20	..	..	0·47
0·02	0·11	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·01	0·07	0·09	0·02	0·09
0·50	0·15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·07	..	0·09	0·50
0·04	0·25	..	0·01	..	..	..	..	..	0·01	..	..	0·56
..	..	..	..	0·16	0·25	..	..	0·49	0·03	..	..	3·05
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2·21	0·57	..	..	0·11
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·70	..	..	..	1·13	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·94	..	1·16	0·07	..	..	0·22
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·30	..	..	0·30
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·70	..	..	..	0·59	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·57	0·13	..	..	0·16
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·70	0·06	..	..	0·30
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·20	..
..	..	..	..	0·22	..	1·80	..	0·23	0·25	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	0·05	..	0·35	0·52	..	..	0·28	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·00	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·98	..
..	..	..	1·56	..	..	0·16	..	0·29	0·13	..	..	0·32
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·03	..	0·06	0·12	..	..	0·06
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·07	..	..	..	1·90
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·01	0·23	..	..	1·59
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·42	..	..	..	1·25
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·28	..	0·35	0·76	..	..	0·68
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·13	..	1·20	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·15	..	..	1·23
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·35	..	..	..	1·10	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·12	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	0·82	0·03	..	0·03	..	0·93	0·05	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·04	..	..	0·11	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·11	..	0·06	0·06	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·15	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·19	..	..	..	0·65
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·35	..	..	..

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN BENGAL

Division and district.	Station.	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Rajshahi—*concld.*								
Dinajpur ..	Nithpur	..	0·10	..	..	..	..	..
	Nawabganj	..	1·51	..	..	..	..	..
	Gangarampur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Itahar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Raiganj	..	1·70	..	..	..	..	..
	Dinajpur (Observatory) ..	0·05	1·27	..	..	..	..	..
	Balurghat	0·12	0·50	..	..	..	..	..
	Thakurgaon	0·09	0·40	..	..	..	..	..
	Setabganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ramganj	..	..	0·50	..	..	..	..
	Atwari*							
	Birganj	2·48	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Parbatipur	1·13	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Patnitola*							
	Sapahar*							
Jalpaiguri ..	Jalpaiguri (Observatory) ..	0·78	2·20	0·05	..	..	..	..
	Alipur Duars	0·12	1·65	..	..	..	..	..
	Falakata	..	0·67	..	..	..	..	..
	Debiganj	..	1·09	..	..	..	..	..
	Buxa	1·40	0·35	..	..	..	..	..
	Kalchini	1·56	2·11	0·05	..	..	..	..
	Kumargram ..	0·80	..	..	..	..		
Darjeeling ..	Siliguri	3·02	1·48	..	..	..	..	..
	Darjeeling (Observatory) ..	1·40	3·77	0·02	..	..	..	..
	Kalimpong	1·02	2·10	..	..	..	..	..
	Mongpoo	1·35	3·90	0·04	0·01	0·01	..	..
	Kurseong	2·60	1·71	0·06	..	..	..	..
	Pedong	0·48	1·79	0·01	..	..	..	..
Rangpur ..	Bhawaniganj (Gaibandha) ..	0·08	0·78	..	..	..	..	..
	Rangpur (Observatory) ..	0·14	2·11	..	..	..	..	..
	Pirganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kurigaon	..	2·23	..	..	..	..	..
	Gobindganj	0·20	1·04	..	..	..	..	..
	Bagdogra (Nilphamari) ..	3·37	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ulipur	1·36	2·50	..	..	..	..	..
	Sunderganj	1·20	1·40	..	..	..	..	..
	Saidpur	2·05	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bogra ..	Sherpur*							
	Nowkhilla*							
	Bogra (Observatory) ..	..	0·77	..	..	..	..	..
	Panchbibi	0·85	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Khetlal*							
	Adamdighi	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dubchanchia*							
Pabna ..	Shazadpur	0·69	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pabna	..	0·74	..	..	..	..	..
	Sirajganj (Observatory) ..	..	0·81	0·04	..	..	..	..
	Iswardi	..	0·19	..	..	..	..	..
Malda ..	Malda (Observatory) ..	..	0·15	..	..	..	..	..
	Chanchal	1·07	1·80	..	..	..	..	..
	Gazol	..	0·32	..	..	..	..	..
	Sibganj	0·30	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Gomastapur	..	0·37	..	..	..	..	..
	Nawabganj	0·66	..	..	..			
Dacca.								
Dacca ..	Munshiganj	1·09	0·69	..	..	..	..	..
	Dacca	0·48	0·53	0·15	..	..	..	..
	Nawabganj	0·33	..	0·05	..	..	..	..
	Narayanganj (Observatory) ..	0·37	0·79	0·98	..	..	..	..
	Narsingdi ..	..	0·50	0·78	..	..	..	..
	Manickganj	..	2·18	0·25	..	..	..	..
	Joydebpur	0·04	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kapasia	..	0·32	..	..	..	..	..

*Not reported.

Nadia.—No. 526.—14th November 1933.—Babu Kshitindra Nath Mukherji, Sub-Registrar of Mirpur, in the district of Nadia, is allowed leave on average pay for eight days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 447, dated the 13th September 1933.

Mymensingh.—No. 527.—14th November 1933.—Maulvi Khalilur Rahman Khan Eusofjoy, Sub-Registrar attached to Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for fourteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 490, dated the 20th October 1933.

Dacca-Mymensingh. — No. 528. — 14th November 1933.—Babu Bhupendra Narayan Rakshit, Sub-Registrar attached to Dacca, is appointed to act as Joint Sub-Registrar of Kendua at Madan, in the district of Mymensingh, with effect from the 29th October 1933, *vice* Maulvi Khalilur Rahman Khan Eusofjoy, Sub-Registrar, on leave, or until further orders.

Bakarganj.—No. 529. -14th November 1933. —This department notification No. 469, dated the 21st September 1933, granting leave on average pay for thirteen days, from the 5th October 1933, to Babu Naresh Chandra Basu, Joint Sub-Registrar of Pirojpur at Kaukhali, in the district of Bakarganj, is cancelled.

Faridpur.—No. 530.—14th November 1933. —Babu Kshitish Chandra Das, Sub-Registrar of Baliakandi, in the district of Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 493, dated the 23rd October 1933

Howrah.—No. 531.—14th November 1933. —Babu Nripendra Mohan Bakshi, Sub-Registrar attached to Howrah, is allowed leave on average pay for eleven days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, from the 7th to the 17th October 1933 (inclusive).

Noakhali.—No. 532.—14th November 1933. —Maulvi Mujibul Ahmed, Sub-Registrar of Raipur, in the district of Noakhali, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and ten days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 476, dated the 22nd September 1933.

Burdwan.—No. 533.—14th November 1933. —Maulvi Saiyid Muhammad Ali Mirza, Sub-Registrar of Kalna, in the district of Burdwan, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 9th October 1933.

Burdwan.—No. 534.—14th November 1933. —Babu Dhirendra Nath Banarji, Sub-Registrar attached to Burdwan, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Kalna, in the same district, with effect from the 9th October 1933, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Ali Mirza, Sub-Registrar, on leave, or until further orders.

S. AHMED,

Inspr.-Genl. of Registration, Bengal.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Finance.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 5981F.—8th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rules 41, 42 and 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Governor in Council and acting with his Ministers is pleased to make the following amendment to the Fundamental and Subsidiary Rules:—

Amendment.

Page 108.—S.R. 197 shall be cancelled.

No. 6069F.—18th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Fundamental Rule 44 and rules 41, 42 and 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Governor in Council and acting with his Ministers is pleased to make the following amendment to the Fundamental and Subsidiary Rules, namely:—

Amendment.

Under S. R. 121 the following note shall be *inserted*, namely:—

"*Note.*—A Government servant cannot draw the cost of transporting a conveyance or horse which was not in his possession at the station at which he was posted when he went on leave."

Audit.

ADDENDA AND CORRIGENDA.

No. 6188F.—20th November 1933.—The following corrections which have been authorised are published for general information:—

Bengal Financial Rules, 1st Edition (Reprint), 1930.

Pages 120-121—T. O. 8.—Substitute the following for the portion from the 2nd paragraph beginning with the words "The following are the rules which govern the opening ...." to the end:—

I. The public account is the account maintained of moneys which have passed into the custody of Government. It does not cover moneys paid to a Government servant in an official or in any other capacity, unless such moneys have been paid by such Government servant into the Government account at a Treasury or the Bank.

II. (*a*) Except as provided in clause (*b*) of this rule, every Government servant shall, without undue delay, pay into the public account all moneys received by him as dues of Government or for deposit in the custody of Government; and no Government servant shall deposit in a bank moneys withdrawn from the public account.

(*b*) (*i*) Accounts with a bank may be opened without restriction by the following classes of Government servants:—

An Administrator-General.

An Official Trustee, Assignee or Receiver.
A Sheriff.

The Solicitors to the Government of India and the Government of Madras.

An Accountant-General of a High Court or the Account Officer of a High Court on the Original Side.

(*ii*) To avoid risk of loss from Military treasure-chests, Officers Commanding Units and others concerned with the administration of public funds in the Military Department may open accounts with a bank in their official capacity.

(*iii*) A Governor or a Lieutenant-Governor may permit his Private or Military Secretary to open an account for the deposit of funds under the personal control of the Governor or Lieutenant-Governor.

III. All accounts opened under these rules must be opened with the bank, where it exists. If the bank be not available, an account may be opened in a post office savings bank or with the approval of the local Government with any other bank.

Page 121—T.O. 8.—Insert the following as a new rule S.R. 8A:—

If a Government servant receives in his official capacity moneys which are not Government dues, the deposit of which in the custody of Government has not been authorised by Government, he must open an account with a bank for their deposit. Accounts under this rule may be opened with a branch of the Imperial Bank of India, with a post office savings bank or, with the approval of the Government of Bengal with any other bank. The Government servant will be personally responsible that they are expended in strict conformity with the rules and regulations governing the fund to which the moneys appertain and that a precise record of all the transactions of the fund is kept in a form complying with the regulations of the fund. The rules governing the banking of regimental funds are given in paragraph 846 and Appendix XXII-A of the regulations for the Army in India (1927 Edition).

Pages 168 to 173.—F. R. Appendix 2 as published in the Calcutta Gazette, *dated the 29th June 1933.—Insert* the following as a fresh sub-paragraph under Rule 7, Note (*b*):—

"The procedure laid down in the above should be followed *mutatis mutandis* in the case of other payments, *e.g.*, those chargeable to the estimates for a work, to be made direct to a party in the United Kingdom."

Fundamental and Subsidiary Rules, 1st Edition (Reprint), 1929.

Page 21—F.R. 22.—Correction slip No. 278 should be treated as cancelled.

D. GLADDING,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 5730Com.—14th November 1933.—The following draft of amendments, which, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, and in exercise of the power conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), the

Governor in Council intends to make in the rules for regulating the importation, possession and transport of petroleum, published under the Government of Bengal, Marine Department, notification No. 143 Marine, dated the 30th November 1914, as subsequently amended, is published, as required by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the said Act, for information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th January 1934, and any objections or suggestions with regard thereto received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendments.

(*1*) In rule 14 of Chapter IV of Part II of the said rules the words "at Budge-Budge or at Moyapore" shall be *omitted*.

(*2*) In rules 4 and 5 of Part III of the said rules *after* the word "Budge-Budge" the words "or the Dock Superintendent of the Port Commissioners, Calcutta," shall be *inserted*.

(*3*) In rule 16 of Part III of the said rules, *for* the words "into the harbour" the words "to another berth" shall be *substituted*.

(*4*) In rule 24 of Part III of the said rules the words "the Dock Superintendent of the Port Commissioners, Calcutta, or" shall be *inserted* before the words "the Superintendent of the Petroleum Wharf at Budge-Budge."

No. 5795Com.—14th November 1933.—The following draft of an amendment to the Bengal Partnership Rules, 1933, published with Commerce Department notification No. 229T.Com., dated the 15th May 1933, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*2*) of section 71 of the Indian Partnership Act, 1932 (IX of 1932), is published as required by sub-section (*3*) of the said section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby.

The said draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor in Council on or after the 2nd January 1934. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the said date will be considered by the Governor in Council:—

Draft amendment.

For the existing sub-rule (*3*) of rule 10, the following shall be *substituted*, namely:—

"(*3*) Any person shall, on application to the Registrar, be furnished, on payment of a fee of four annas for each hundred words or part thereof, with a copy, certified under his hand, of any entry or portion thereof in the Register of Firms."

R. N. GILCHRIST,

Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

Industries.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Nawab K. G. M. Faroqui, Khan Bahadur.

Calcutta.—No. 5769Ind.—14th November 1933.—In pursuance of section 6 of the Bengal State Aid to Industries Act, 1931 (Bengal Act III of 1931), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Industries) are pleased to publish the name of Mr D. F. Sanders, officiating Manager, Imperial Bank of India, Calcutta District, Calcutta, who has been appointed under section 9 read with clause (*b*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 3 of the said Act to be a member of the Board of Industries, *vice* Mr. G. B. O'Connor, resigned.

Veterinary.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Nawab K. G. M. Faroqui, Khan Bahadur.

Dacca. — No. 5749Vety. 13th November 1933 —Babu Mokshada Prasad Ghosh, Veterinary Inspector, is appointed to act as Assistant Director, Civil Veterinary Department, Eatsern Range, Dacca, for the period from the 22nd June 1933 to 31st March 1934, both days inclusive.

Excise.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'b'e Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

No. 5696Ex.—9th November 1933.—The orders of the 4th October 1933, granting leave to Maulvi Motahar Husain Khan, Superintendent of Excise and Salt, are cancelled.

24-Parganas.—No. 5831Ex.—20th November 1933.—Babu Ranajit Chandra Chaudhuri, Superintendent of Excise and Salt, is, on the expiry of his leave, posted to 24-Parganas.

L. R. FAWCUS,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Land Revenue.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Rangpur.—No. 13348L.R.—18th November 1933.—Under the provisions of section 3(*14*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the undermentioned Kanungos are authorised to discharge, in the district of Rangpur, the functions of a Revenue Officer,

under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights:—

Babu Hira Lal Karmakar.
Babu Dhananjoy Barua.
Maulvi Mohammad Motahar Ali Khan.
Babu Hari Mohan Datta.
Babu Probhat Chandra Basu.
Maulvi Ali Newaz Khan.
Babu Benoy Bhusan Sen.
Babu Surendra Nath Das Gupta.

Bakarganj.—No. 13401L.R.—18th November 1933.—Under the provisions of section 3 *(14)* of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Kunja Behari Gupta, Settlement Kanungo, acting as Khas Mahal Circle Officer in the district of Bakarganj, is authorised to discharge in that district the functions of a Revenue Officer under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and preparation of record of rights.

24-Parganas. — No. 13415L.R. — 18th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 158A of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to vest the Certificate Officer, 24-Parganas, Sadar, and Subdivisional Officer, Diamond Harbour, with powers to perform the functions of a Certificate Officer under the Bengal Public Demands Recovery Act, 1913, for the purposes of the said section and in respect of any arrear rent (including cesses) due to the estate of Jnanendra Nath Roy Chowdhury and others of Baruipur in the Sadar Subdivision and Diamond Harbour subdivision, respectively, in the district of 24-Parganas.

No. 13417L.R.—18th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 39 of the Bengal Cess Act, 1880 (Act IX of 1880), the Governor in Council is pleased to determine that the Public Works Cess for the year 1933-34 shall be levied in every district of the Presidency of Bengal except the districts of Khulna, Bogra and Chittagong at the rate of 6 pies on each rupee of the annual value of lands and of the annual net profits from mines, quarries, tramways, railways and other immovable property (except such as may have been exempted under section 2 of the said Act) ascertained respectively as in the said Act prescribed.

Land Acquisition.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Nadia.—No. 13345L.A.—18th November 1933.—The Governor in Council is pleased to cancel notification No. 11286L.A., dated the 9th October 1933, under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, published at page 1422, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem, in respect of the proposed acquisition of 0·29 of an acre of land required for an extension of the C.M.S. St. John's School compound, in the village of Krishnagar, jurisdiction list No. 92, thana Krishnagar, pargana Ukhara, district Nadia.

Burdwan.—No. 13398L.A.—18th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing the portion from chainage 84,422 feet to chainage 96,089 feet of Distributary No. 6, Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Faridpur, Kamarkita, Chakdhalia, jurisdiction list Nos. 127, 118, 119, respectively, thana Burdwan, and in the villages of Unte, Haladharpur and Mandalgram, jurisdiction list Nos. 6, 5, and 7, respectively, thana Memari, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1298, 1300 to 1306, 1406, 1407 and 1409 in mauza Faridpur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1380, 1385 and 1484 in mauza Kamarkita, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 192, 193, 195, 196, 201, 208 to 211, 213, 216, 220, 225, 229, and 231 to 233 in mauza Chakdhalia, cadastral plot Nos. 833, 837, 849 and 886 and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 9, 10, 36, 37, 40, 41, 52, 53, 56 to 58, 63, 71, 72, 235, 239 to 246, 526, 729, 782 to 784, 817, 830, 832, 838 to 840, 842 to 846, 848, 850, 851, 856, 884, 885, 887 to 890, 916, 918 to 921, 924 to 927, 929 to 935, 1086 and 1096 in mauza Unte, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1172, 1173, 1175, 1177, 1178, 1273, 1275 to 1277, 1281, 1282, 1285 to 1287, 1291, 1292, 1295, 1297, 1298, 1301, 1307, 1308 and 1310 to 1312 in mauza Haladharpur, and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 9306, 9307, 9312, 9316, 9317, 9322 to 9326, 9380, 10010 to 10013, 10018 to 10020, 10038, 10039, 10044, 10045, 10047, 10048, 10050, 10051, 10351, 10356, and 10501 to 10507 in mouza Mandalgram, and measuring, more or less, 18·38 acres, is likely to be required within the aforesaid villages of Faridpur, Kamarkita, Chakdhalia, Unte, Haladharpur and Mandalgram.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in so much of the above land, as are not waste or arable, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 *(4)* of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of section 5A of the Act shall not apply to the waste or arable portions of the land in this case.

Nadia.—No. 13403L.A.—18th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a bridge work of the Eastern Bengal Railway, in the villages of Simulia, jurisdiction list No. 53, and Dhosunda, jurisdiction list No. 47, in thana Khoksa, parganas Kantonagar and Islampur, district Nadia, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising cadastral plot Nos. 3544, 817 and parts of plot Nos 807, 808, 815, 816, 819 and 3504 of village Simulia and plot No. 1583 and parts of plot Nos. 1405, 1507, 1508, 1518, 1519 and 1587 of village Dhosunda and measuring, more or less, 1·751 acres, is likely be required within the aforesaid villages of Simulia and Dhosunda.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Kushtia.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Nadia.

Bogra.—No. 13452L.A. — 20th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Bogra Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of the Methor barrack in mauza Sutrapur, in the village of Sutrapur, jurisdiction list No. 82, thana Bogra, pargana Shelbarsha, zilla Bogra, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising cadastral plots Nos. 1865/1924, 1865/1925 and part of plot No. 1090 and measuring, more or less, ·0013 of an acre, is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Sutrapur.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Bogra.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Bogra.

DECLARATIONS.

Jessore.—No. 13258L.A.—17th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., as a landing ground for aeroplanes at Jessore, in the villages of Manoharpur and Bansberia, pargana Emdadpur, zilla Jessore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose eighty pieces of land comprising parts of plots Nos. 3001, 3005, 3032, 3035, 3039-40, 3044-47, 3049, 3052-53, 3079, 3496 and whole of cadastral plot Nos. 3002-04, 3009-31, 3033-34, 3041-43, 3048, 3051, 3054-78 of mauza Manoharpur and whole of cadastral plot No. 820, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 818-19, 821, 823, 827-29 and 859 of mauza Bansberia, and altogether measuring, more or less, 32·77 acres, are required within the aforesaid villages of Manoharpur and Bansberia.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Jessore

Burdwan.—No. 13338L.A.—18th November 1933.— Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing Distributary No. 6/B (from chainage 21,120 feet to 36,370 feet), Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Ousha, Saligram, Nabastha, Chakundi, Barkona and Melna, jurisdiction list Nos. 28, 23, 31, 22, 21 and 19, respectively, thana Memari, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose four pieces of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 525, 533, 542, 543, 547, 548, 550 to 554, 643, 644, 651 to 655, 657, 956, 958, 959 and 968 to 970 in mauza Ousha, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1790, 1792, 1794, 1795, 1797 to 1799, 1804, 1868, 1870 to 1874, 2027 to 2031 and 2035 to 2038, in mauza Saligram, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 4 to 8, 233, 234, 245, 246, 249, 250 and 254 to 258 in mauza Nabasthâ, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1524, 1607, 1613, 1638, 1646 to 1648, 1651, 1652, 1666 to 1668, 1689 to 1694, 1714, 1715 and 1757 in mauza Châkundi, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1147, 1154 to 1156, 1222 to 1226, 1234 to 1238, 1284, 1285, 1321 to 1324, 1326, 1327 to 1329, 1488, 1489, 1505, 1506, 1509, 1510, 1538, 1928, 1953, 1954, 1956, 1957, 1964 to 1966, 1972, 1973. 1976, 1984, 1985, 1988, 1989 and 1995 to 1999 in mauza Barkona and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 141, 143 to 145, 152 to 155, 172, 173 and 551 in mauza Melna, and altogether measuring, more or less, 16·25 acres, are required within the aforesaid villages of Ousha, Saligrâm, Nabasthâ, Chakundi, Barkona and Melna.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

Hooghly.—No. 13406L.A.—18th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of Rishra-Konnagore Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for widening the corner No. I of Dewanjee Street in the village of Rishra, jurisdiction list No. 20, in thana Serampur, pargana Boro, district Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 003 of an acre bounded on the—

North—By Dewanjee Street,
East and South—By the land of Makhan Lal Mukherjee and others,
West—By Dewanjee Street,

is required within the aforesaid village of Rishra.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Serampur.

24-Parganas.—No. 13409L.A.—18th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Kanchrapara Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for a road to connect station road with Sidheswari Lane, in the village of Bijpur, jurisdiction list No. 3, in thana Bijpur, pargana Havelisahar, district 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising portion of cadastral plot No. 509 and measuring, more or less, 0·0138 of an acre is required within the aforesaid village of Bijpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Commissioners of the Kanchrapara Municipality.

24-Parganas.—No. 13412L.A.- 18th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Bhatpara Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for widening the junction of the Kutchary Road and the new Chord Road in connection with the Bhatpara Improvement Scheme, in the village of Kankinara, jurisdiction list No. 12, in thana Jagaddal, pargana Habilishahar, district 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, comprising cadastral plot No. 2707 and measuring, more or less 0·0121 of an acre is required within the aforesaid village of Kankinara.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Commissioners of the Bhatpara Municipality, as well as in that of the Special Land Acquisition Officer at Alipore, 24-Parganas.

Burdwan.—No. 13449L.A.—20th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing the 1st to 5th miles and 18 feet of the 6th mile of Distributary No. 9, Branch Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Kashipur, Sonchalida, Bigra, Narayanpur and Khurul, jurisdiction list Nos. 31, 15, 16, 25 and 46, respectively, in thana Bhatar, parganas Azmatshahi and Burdwan, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose seven pieces of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 2784 to 2791, 2834, 2835, 2838 to 2840, 2842, 3265 to 3267, 5167, 6069 to 6071, 6075 to 6077, 6229 to 6231, 6233, 6234, 6254 to 6256, 6343 to 6345, 6347, 6348, 6480 to 6483, 6488 to 6490, 6549 to 6553, 6560, 6579, 6581, 6588 to 6595, 6599, 6601, 6753, 6756, 6757, 6759, 6761, to 6763, 6771 to 6774, 6782 to 6787 and 6800 to 6803 in mauza Kashipur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1223 to 1225, 1227, 1228, 1246, 1248, 1268, 1269, 1273 to 1275, 1278, 1281, 1283, 1284, 1300, 1301, 1326 to 1328, 1331, 1354 and 1388 in mauza Sonchalida, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1513 to 1515 in mauza Bigra, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 11, 12, 15, 18, 24, 95 to 99, 102 to 104, 107 to 110, 113 to 115, 215, 218, 219, 221, 228, 1795, 1796, 1801 to 1803, 1805, 1810, 1811, 1816 to 1818, 1824 to 1827, 1873 to 1877, 1879, 1881, 1917, 1923 to 1927, 1929, 1930, 1934, 1935, 1939 to 1943, 1978 to 1980, 1982, 1983, 1989, 1991, 1994, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2010, 2089 to 2091, 2094 to 2097, 3056, 3114, 3115, 3117, 3119, 3148 to 3150, 3153, 3154, 3156 to 3163, 3235, 3239, 3240, 3242 to 3244, 3349 to 3353, 3355, 3371 to 3377, 3381, 3390, 3391, 3403 and 3404 in mauza Narayanpur and parts of cadastral plot Nos 289, 290, 320 to 322, 341 to 345, 347, 357, 359 to 361, 366 to 372, 410 to 414, 458, 459, 463, 4752, 4757, 4758, 4762 to 4765, 4767, 4896, 4900, 4903 to 4907, 4929, 4931 to 4933, 4935, 4942, 4943, 4959, 4961 to 4963 and 4965 in mauza Khurul, and altogether measuring, more or less, 28·405 acres, are required within the aforesaid villages of Kashipur, Sonchalida, Bigra, Narayanpur and Khurul.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

Chittagong.—No. 13568L.A.—21st November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for taking precaution to stop the large increase of malaria amongst the inhabitants of the quarters north of the Gahar nullah, in the village of lot 9, Pahartali, thana Double Moorings, district Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising the revisional survey plot Nos. 9, 18 and 19 and parts of plot Nos. 5, 6, 8, 10, 14, 15, 16, 17, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25, and measuring, more or less, 10·6167 acres, is required within the aforesaid village of lot 9, Pahartali.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Chittagong.

Forests.

NOTIFICATION.

Dacca.—No. 12466For.—10th November 1933.—Whereas the Board of Revenue, Bengal, as the Court of Wards in charge of the estate of Sreejûkta Sorojubala Debi, Sreejukta Bibhabati Debi, Sreejukta Ananda Kumari Debi and Sriman Ramnarain Raychaudhuri, wards of Court, known as the Bhowal Wards Estate in the district of Dacca has represented in writing to the Collector of Dacca its desire that the lands specified in the schedules attached hereto be managed on its behalf by the Forest Officer as a protected forest on terms which have been mutually agreed upon between the Board of Revenue and the Government of Bengal:

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by section 38 of the Indian Forest Act, 1927 (XVI of 1927), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of section 3, sections 29 to 34 (both inclusive) and section 76 of the said Act, shall apply to the said lands which shall be managed as a protected forest and shall be called the Bhowal Protected Forest.

This shall come into force with effect from the date of publication of this notification.

Schedule.

District.	Pargana.	Mauza.		Settlement plots.	Area in acres.
		No.	Name.		
Dacca ..	Bhowal ..	60	Nischintapur ..	124 (excluding N. part, 250, area 3·30), 210.	141 96
		50	Halukand ..	30, 159, 265, 269, 271, 273, 276, 283, 279, 295, 299, 311/363, 27/366, 269/368, 266/370, 261 372, 280,373, 282/375, 278/376	361·84
		52	Gazaria ..	131, 133 (excluding plots 985, 1014, area 1·06), 279	168·33
		62	Bankbaria ..	2, 4, 13, 15, 17, 22, 24, 26, 29, 35, 41, 46, 48, 51, 53, 55, 59, 62, 64, 68, 73, 75, 76, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 94, 96, 100, 102, 104, 105, 109, 111, 114, 116, 118, 122, 125, 127, 129, 131, 134, 138, 140, 146, 150, 152, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 161, 164, 165, 166, 167, 169, 172, 174, 303, 306, 308, 310, 312, 383, 397, 402, 405, 406, 408, 423, 448, 449, 451, 456, 465, 524, 527, 529, 533, 535, 540, 541, 584, 586, 587, 589, 592, 597, 598, 601.	817·81
		61	Atlora ..	1, 6, 8, 13, 19 (excluding plot 630, area ·24), 24, 27, 48, 127, 186, 189, 223' 226, 227, 237, 239, 244, 250, 260, 340, 445, 446, 452, 493, 511, 521, 530, 537	231·97
		58	Satiabari	184	4·22
		53	Dhaladia ..	1, 7, 8, 10, 14, 29, 42, 58, 64, 71, 76, 86, 91, 97, 306, 313, 321, 556, 559	167·97
		59	Noagaon ..	14, 15, 15/396, 30 (excluding plot 469, area 0·86), 75, 80, 125, 146, 380, 388, 415, 417, 419, 423, 466	102·45
		64	Phagunia ..	53, 105, 383, 409, 419, 422, 437, 845, 846, 847, 858.	20·63
		4	Baraipara ..	3 (excluding N. and N.-E. portion, area 10·6), 4, 7, 17 (excluding plot 3044, area 0·24), 27, 29, 31, 36, 37, 42, 43/2829, 45, 47, 58, 60, 62, 66, 73, 83, 97, 106, 271, 279, 345, 360, 377, 383 385, 388, 391, 395, 402, 410, 411, 455, 459, 548 (excluding S.-W. part, area 47·50), 578, 581 (excluding N. and N.-W. portions), 583, 586, 587 (excluding the lands already settled), 598, 611, 620, 620/2965, 624/2966, 625 2969, 627 2967, 724 (excluding N.-E. part, area 5·90), 753, 763, 795 2841, 812, 812 2848, 819/2850, 868, 868/2857, 874/2844, 886/2945, 891, 891/2842, 891/2843, 892, 896/2859, 896/2861, 901, 901/2914, 905/2946, 906/2947, 907/2948, 917, 923, 923/2955,	5,971·75

District	Pargana	Mauza.		Settlement plots	Area in acres.
		No	Name.		
				925/2952, 930/2949, 931 (excluding S. part, area 7·47), 951, 962, 966, 981, 994 (excluding N.-W. part, area 6·70), 1002, 1004, 1005, 1008, 1014, 1016, 1022, 1023/2963, 1034, 1040, 1079/2962, 1087/2964, 1088, 1096, 1112, 1182, 1188, 1192, 1212, 1238, 1240, 1246, 1248, 1251 (excluding N. part, area 6 38), 1254, 1261, 1263, 1287, 1289/2865, 1290, 1302, 1310, 1321, 1324, 1347/2868, 3151/2867, 1353, 1360, 1386, 1418, 1422, 1430/2958, 1454, 1455/2959, 1461, 1477/2869, 1492, 1498, 1502, 1515, 1572, 1577, 1587, 1589, 1602, 1606, 1619, 1623, 1631, 1632, 1711, 1753/2817, 1774, 1779, 1816, 1821, 1832, 1836, 1844, 1867, 1887, 1896, 1901, 1906, 1907, 1938, 1944, 1946, 1952, 1955, 1959, 1965, 1966, 1972, 1980, 1993, 1996, 2008, 2069, 2087, 2090, 2098, 2100, 2101, 2113, 2116, 2131, 2139, 2154 (excluding S-W part, plot 3583, area 0·89), 2161, 2167/2974, 2190, 2192, 2194, 2204, 2270, 2275, 2277, 2298 2873, 2314/2871, 2342, 2381, 2427, 2439, 2450, 2466/2956, 2478/2938, 2478/2941, 2480 2937, 2482 2939, 2495/2885, 2503, 2503/2886, 2503 2887, 2506, 2508/2909, 2509 2908, 2511, 2522/2906, 2525 2900, 2532, 2581/2902, 2584, 2586, 2590 2893, 2591/2890, 2608/2897, 2618, 2632, 2632/2899, 2613/2910, 2649, 2657, 2673/2973, 2685, 2691, 2726, 2730, 2736, 2736 2920, 2739, 2739 2927, 2741/2917, 2732/2915, 2755, 2757, 2776, 2783, 2795, 2800, 2807 2922, 2808 2921, 2811/2924, 2811 2931, 2811/2932, 2811/2933	
		5	Maona ..	907 (excluding N part, area 5 58), 1066 (excluding E part, plot 1845), 1088, 1091, 1128, 1133, 1141, 1160, 1166, 1172, 1177, 1180, 1184, 1186, 1206, 1212, 1230, 1251, 1284, 1288, 1290, 1300, 1309, 1319, 1329, 1332, 1344 1348, 1354, 1367, 1382, 1402, 1411, 1439 (excluding E part, area 20 89), 1456, 1464, 1466, 1480, 1502 (excluding S-E part, area 3 65), 1518, 1521, 1537, 1567, 1631, 1632 5127, 1640, 1684, 1700, 1705, 1620, 1751, 1759, 1789, 1856, 1865, 1867, 1871, 2221, 2450, 1467, 2505, 2506, 2509, 2548, 2550, 2604, 2659, 2686, 2888, 3006, 3134, 3136, 3138, 3139, 3146, 3157/5115, 3160, 3161, 3180, 3187, 3196, 3200, 3209, 3225, 3228, 3234, 3236, 3504, 3507, 3510, 3515, 3517, 3522, 3524, 3526, 3528, 3544, 3552, 3561, 3579, 3581, 3587, 3590, 3598, 3612, 3620, 3625, 3650, 3657, 3661, 3690, 3692, 3694, 3707, 3709, 3726, 3738, 3744, 3752, 3755, 3760, 3764, 3767, 3774, 3809, 3817 (excluding settled plots 5603, 5714, area 0·22), 3821 (excluding settled plot 5713, area 0 17), 3826, 3830, 3832, 3835, 3838, 3841, 3844, 3847, 3857, 3894, 3921, 3925, 3929, 3935, 3938, 3940 (excluding W. part, area 2·66), 3944, 4013, 4025, 4029, 4031, 4035, 4041, 4044, 4061, 4067 (excluding W. part, area 1 80), 1070, 4072, 4076, 4078, 4080, 4082, 4087, 4090, 4092, 4094, 4136, 4140, 4143, 4148, 4150, 4153, 4155, 4157, 4160, 4162, 4165, 4170, 4175, 4178, 4184, 4187, 4190, 4192, 4194, 4198, 4200, 4203, 4206, 4209, 4218, 4219, 4222, 4224, 4226, 4272, 4286 (excluding W. part, area 2·17), 4289, 4291, 4295, 4297, 4299, 4302, 4304, 4307, 4312, 4325 (excluding settled plot 5777, area 0·22),	2,714·66

District.	Pargana	Mauza. No.	Mauza. Name.	Settlement plots.	Area in acres.
				4330, 4334, 4337, 4338, 4340, 4351, 4355, 4357, 4365, 4369, 4371, 4374, 4376, 4378, 4385, 4387, 4389, 4391, 4393, 4396, 4403, 4411, 4446, 4461, 4471, 4477, 4482, 4486, 4488, 4494, 4499, 4501, 4504, 4506, 4508, 4510, 4512, 4514, 4519, 4521, 4525, 4528, 4532, 4537, 4542, 4545, 4550, 4552, 4554, 4556, 4559, 4563, 4566, 4568, 4576, 4580, 4582, 4587, 4589, 4591, 4594, 4598, 4608, 4610, 4614, 4617, 4619, 4623, 4628, 4632, 4644, 4648, 4651, 4653, 4697, 4700, 4707, 4711, 4714, 4716 (excluding S.-W. portion, area 11 00), 4722 (excluding S. W. portion, area 5 67), 4725, 4745, 4751, 4754, 4760, 4761, 4766, 4768, 4771, 4774, 4780, 4784, 4786, 4796, 4798, 4803 (excluding S. W. portion, area 6 70), 4803/5120, 4828, 4848, 4850, 4863, 4865, 4867, 4873, 4875, 4877, 4882, 4884, 4886, 4889, 4891, 4906, 4908, 4928, 4933, 4935, 4940, 4943, 4945, 4949, 4954, 4958, 4966, 4972, 5003, 5023	
		9	Tepurbari	286, 287, 290, 292, 301, 305	51·59
		44	Lohagach	8, 9, 24, 49, 53, 124, 261 (excluding settled plot 278 and N.-W. part), 373, 413 (excluding settled plot 990, area 0 26), 440 (excluding all settled lands, plots 679-682 and N.-W. part, area 12·60), 456 (excluding S. part, area 66·00), 83 492, 251/594, 377 557, 125 577	130·99
		38	Garaion	929, 934, 942 (excluding W. part, area 52 84), 946, 953, 957, 998, 1000, 1001 (excluding settled plot 1411, area 0 11), 1005 (excluding settled plots 1404, 1405, 1406 and 1410, area 1 88), 1008, 1028 (excluding settled plots 1408, 1409, area 0 32), 1031 (excluding settled plot 1407, area 0 56), 1044, 898/1311, 1012 1347	118·79
		8	Mulaid	Nil	
		41	Tongra	22, 199, 217, 223, 235, 237, 285, 286, 321 (excluding the S. part, area 5 86), 334 (excluding S. part, plots 1091-1095, 1097 and 1105, area 1 91), 337 (excluding settled plots 1099 and 1100, area 0 12), 341, 348, 403, 439 (excluding S. part, area 2 97), 533 (excluding S. part, area 2 44 and settled plots, 1189 and 1200, area 0 67), 539, 565, 490/921, 732 967	190·39
		11	Poland	1, 24, 31, 40 (excluding N. part and the settled plot 320, area 69 81), 63, 63/203, 64/214, 69, 72, 99, 133 (excluding settled plots 376, 378, 417, 418, area 2 07), 144, 145, 151, 162, 112 (excluding the W. part, area 148 37), 133/202, 164/256, 134/234	220·25
		10	Tolirbati	35/1345, 72 (excluding N. part, area 6 40), 370, 558, 598/1392 (excluding N. part area 1·60), 598/1393, 601 (excluding N. part area 4 84), 720/1416, 765 1422, 867 (excluding N. part, area 2 17), 1020/1428, 1020/1429, 1039/1434, 1050, 1057 (excluding S. part, area 3·86), 1061/1437, 1061/1438, 1122/1441, 1122/1442, 1122/1443, 1167 (excepting the settled plot 462), 1167/1448, 1447/1459 (excluding the settled plot 1613, area 0 06), 1447/1460, 1447/1461.	142·09
		15	Setkhamari	12 (excluding W. part, area 5 88), 872 (excluding S. part, area 9·57), 874 (excepting the settled portions, plots 3324, 3325, area 0·31), 1390 (excepting the E.-W. and S. portions and settled plots 3391, 3392, 3393, 3394, 3412, 3414, 3415, 3437, 3438, 3439, 3440,	1,155·33

District.	Pargana.	Mauza. No.	Mauza. Name.	Settlement plots.	Area in acres.
				3441, 3442, 3443, 3469, 3189, 3180, 3131, 3122, area 106·39), 1590, 1592 (excepting the settled lands, area 3·38), 1594 (excepting the settled lands, area 0·53), 1605, 1618 (excepting settled plots 3290-3294, area 0·46), 1745, 1749 (excepting the S. and N. portions and settled plots 3199, 3200, 3201, 3225-3237, 3271, 3173, 3174, 3182-3188, 3340-3342, area 115·44), 1766, 1784, 1787, 1791, 1798 (excepting E. part, area 2 85), 1814 (excepting E. part, area 1·85), 1826, 1829, 1827, 1842, 1845, 1847, 1858 (excepting the settled portions, area 0·16), 1868, 1875, 1879, 1881, 1884, 1927, 1945, 2066, 2072, 2101 (exceping N. part, area 5 88), 2268 (excepting S. part, area 11·69), 2313, 2325 (exopting S. part, area 1·64), 2331, 2679, 2687 (excepting settled plots 3669-3672, area 3 07), 2874 (excepting W part and settled plots 3190, area 0 06), 2937 (excepting settled lands, area 2·66), 3013, 3027, 3038 (excepting N. and settled part, area 9·27)	
		43	Sripur ..	747, 469 (excluding W. part, area 1·04), 771, 772, 776, 783/2151 (excluding settled lands, area 0 65), 808 (excluding N. part and settled plots 2617, 2470, 2471, area 2·32), 813, 815, 816, 816/2179, 826, 834 (excluding settled plots 2463, 2464, area 0 35), 834/2180 (excluding settled plot 2457, area 0·35), 836, 838, 838/2216, 840, 844/2223, 1131 (excluding E. part, area 49·48), 11892, 1893 (excluding N. and S. parts, area 127·44), 1918, 1919, 1923 (excluding settled plots 2508, 2509, 2510, 2360, 2361, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2601, area 6 61).	305 86
		7	Kowa ..	541, 584 (excluding W. part, area 2·01), 653, 1107, 1182 (excluding settled plots 2603-2605, area 1·63), 1335, 1429, 1442, 1459, 1555, 1764, 1894 (excluding W. part, area 5·84), 1897 (excluding W. part, area 5 89), 2021, 2055, 2064 (excluding S. part, area 1·82), 1332/2119	112·96
		72	Rajabari ..	485, 504, 516, 555, 693, 696, 705 ..	57·30
		73	Banfangaon ..	6, 14, 21, 70, 116, 127, 129, 166, 23/175, 90/167.	84·38
		74	Joynaranapur ..	5, 11, 14, 17, 25, 26, 130, 132, 137, 147, 148, 150, 153, 157, 158, 160, 162.	150·97
		75	Chaban ..	37, 43, 46, 48, 50, 78, 80, 82, 91, 94, 98, 100, 102, 113, 160, 163, 190, 197, 203, 206, 209, 211, 213, 215, 218, 220, 223, 225, 227, 231, 237, 241.	308·04
		76	Berabari ..	1, 6, 10, 12, 14, 16, 20, 27, 61, 64, 73, 79, 86, 92/302, 93, 94, 101, 105, 119, 121, 123, 126, 128, 141, 148, 150, 219, 223, 226, 246, 250, 252, 253, 255, 262, 264, 270, 275, 279.	419·27
		77	Narayanpur ..	3, 15, 39, 51, 53, 64, 67, 78, 126, 135, 144, 149.	73·32
		105	Surjyanarayanpur	1, 3, 9, 19, 55, 71, 83, 87, 92, 455, 462, 464, 485, 491, 499, 503, 803, 848, 869, 879, 887, 890/1054, 895, 899/1056, 975, 998, 1194, 1404, 1411, 1425, 1560, 1565, 1572, 1580, 1585, 1590, 1605, 1626, 1649, 1650, 1667, 1676, 1681.	369·80
		51	Mitalu ..	36, 92, 103, 115, 157, 189, 231, 248, 153/1195.	269·56
		47	Doaibari ..	8, 14, 15, 16, 57 (excluding S.-W. part shown by coloured pencil lines and the S.-E. to the N.-E. of C. S. plot 194 and the portion to the E. of C. S. plots 210, area 45·11), 78, 145, 182, 160/332, 276.	636·92

District.	Pargana.	Mauza. No.	Mauza. Name.		Settlement plots.	Area in acres.
		48	Bindubari	..	22, 24, 26, 29, 54, 58, 59, 87, 100 (excluding S. part, area 3·90), 120, 130, 139, 147, 158, 166, 168, 172, 189 (excluding W. part, area 18·75), 191, 209 (excluding S.-E. part, area 22·74), 308, 310, 193/410, 193/411, 253/374, 251/375, 222/378, 221/380, 221/382, 210/385, 205/389, 189/403, 168/405, 166/407, 121/409, 195/401	577·02
		49	Kafilatali	..	7 (excluding the W. part, plot 154, area 3·55), 9, 21, 24, 25 (excluding S. part, area 7·08), 94, 7/134, 9/135.	132·32
					Dehi Narun	
		197	Dhurpara	..	90, 243, 337	20·00
		203	Defulia	..	458, 631, 683 . .	13·68
					Dehi Salna	
		14	Jolarpara		109, 135/506, 138, 484 (excluding settled plots 530, 531, area 2·19)	22·92
		15	Uttar Salna	..	272, 275/711, 276, 297/703 (excluding settled plot 764, area 1·42), 297/709, 323, 381, 396 (excluding settled plots 758, 759, area 0·66), 407, 424 (excluding S.-E. portion and settled plots 754, 755 and 757, area 3·12), 429, 432, 488, 507 (excluding settled plot 772, area 0·70), 662 (excluding settled plots 763, area 0·18), 693, 695.	293·94
		27	Naga	..	1, 14, 38, 40, 49 67 . ..	123·93
		28	Baghalbari	..	3, 8 . . .	8·98
		29	Deshpara	..	Nil.	
		228	Chakail	..	Nil.	
		217	Chandpur	..	226, 226/1215, 230, 341 (excluding bata plot 1307, area 0·43), 359 (excluding bata plots 1344-1347, area 0·18), 272, 374, 377, 381, 417, 421, 427, 430, 437, (excluding bata plot 1313, area 0·61), 450, 578, 596, 602/1196, 603, 604, 609, 615, 937, 937/1202, 965/1193, 968, 971, 976/1198, 982, 982/1185, 994	85·27
		212	Kotbazalia	.	53, 56, 58, 86, 99, 100, 105, 109, 111, 121, 126, 207, 326, 349, 381, 533, 631 (excluding E. part, plots, 1277-1280, area 1·58), 674, 334/1224 (excluding E. part, plots 1282, 1287 and 1286, area 1·75), 965/1177, 153/1199, 381/1222, 844, 1130.	78·28
		222	Meshan	..	32, 99, 115	12·96
		225	Fulbaria	..	5	5·79
		215	Jaigir	.	13, 30, 115, 189 . ..	4·47
		227	Barun	..	22, 60/1299, 296, 593, 597/1346, 683/1359, 756, 800, 806/1365, 839, 875, 901, 912.	31·67
		270	Barahar	..	Nil	
		191	Rautkana	..	Nil	
		177	Raonat	..	Nil.	
		85	Bhuleswar	..	154, 159, 172, 176, 241, 246 W. part, 326, 333, 337, 343, 353, 356.	62·80

District	Pargana	Mauza No	Mauza Name.	Settlement plots.	Area in acres.
		91	Rayed	590, 593, 969, 971, 1011 1013, 1022, 1081, 1121, 1126, 1128, 1154, 1164, 1279, 1295	34·46
		92	Bagherhat	475 (S part), 476	14·65
		80	Saha Bidyarkote	126, 142, 148 (excluding W part), 163, 176, 187, 241, 309, 311 (excluding W. part, marked A, area 2 40), 358, 374, 378, 380, 387, 405, 420, 481, 482, 485	331 65
		30	Dakshin Salua	Nil	
		32	Tekibari	1250 (excluding N W part and S. W part, area 4 00)	23·00
				Dehi Joydebpur	
		19	Hatiabo	1, 5, 7, 10, 12, 17, 19, 23, 61, 66, 70, 99, 125, 148, 157, 160, 167 (excluding W part, area 1 06), 173, 175, 178, 180, 305, 313, 315, 317, 320 325 (excluding settled plots 455, 456, area 1·05), 335, 345, 347, 365, 371, 374, 378, 380, 399, 402, 407, 417, 423	532 77
		20	Gazipur	3 (excluding settled plot 467, area 1 40), 95, 165 435, 166, 166 452, 167/449, 171 (excluding the N-E and S W parts, area 22 44), 175 (excluding settled plot, 462, area 1 40), 459, 71 475, 167/474.	445 99
		21	Pajulia	6, 83, 85, 87 443	21 27
		22	Banua	68, 73, 201	19 85
		24	Chapulli	Nil	
		25	Bhurulia	249, 249 702, 250 710, 268 700, 276/712, 278, 288	30 10
		26	Chatar	1, 4 (excluding E part, area 9 54), 18 (excluding settled plot 625 and S part, area 4 33), 47 (excluding settled plot 634, area 0 75), 306, 309, 314, 322	111 97
		299	Khundia	43, 64, 83, 85	17·06
		300	Khudo Barnu	306, 312, 324, 335	33 30
		33	Karnapur	5, 10 (excluding the portion marked with blue hatch marks, area 5 91), 17, 21, 44, 59, 71, 88, 172, 178, 193, 195, 202, 210, 215, 217, 218, 220, 233, 247, 262, 270, 282, 285, 291, 298, 313, 322, 393, 424, 440, 442, 486, 487, 489, 499, 502, 505, 524, 802, 804, 806, 809, 811, 819 (excluding all lands settled after the D S)	432 22
		34	Pachhltu	4 (excluding W and S parts, area 9 42), 9, 12, 35, 36, 52, 71, 73, 97, 107 (excluding the lands already settled)	268 98
		35	Kadam Gazmran	43, 66, 69, 88, 96 (excluding in all cases the lands already settled after D S)	334 35
		79	Gosinga	7, 9, 12, 16, 19, 23, 25, 37, 39, 183, 192, 196, 201, 205, 208, 210, 215, 406 (excluding W part area 0 30), 407 (excluding W part, area 2 90), 416, 419, 422, 428, 430, 432, 433, 441, 444, 454, 459 464, 467, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 485, 491, 495, 498, 502, 505, 510, 513, 515, 517, 520, 522, 524, 525, 541 (excluding W part, area 2 58), 552, 555, 557, 564, 578, 581, 584, 605, 641, 644, 646, 649, 653, 660, 664, 801, 805, 807, 811, 824, 835, 841, 844, 862 (excluding S part, area 34 86), 869, 871, 872, 874, 895, 898, 905, 918, 922, 1001, 1004, 1008, 1013, 1015, 1017, 1020, 1022, 1028, 1040, 1046, 1048, 1050, 1052, 1057, 1059, 1065, 1068, 1070, 1073, 1077, 1079, 1086, 1234, 1244, 1260, 1262, 1267, 1270, 1271, 1274, 1277, 1281, 1283, 1286, 1288, 1296, 1311, 1333, 1338, 1352, 1364, 1372, 1375, 1378, 1383, 1387, 1406, 1409, 1413, 1419, 1486, 1552 (excluding the portion already settled).	1,001 48

District.	Pargana.	Mauza.		Settlement plots.	Area in acres.
		No.	Name.		
		36	Dari Khojekhani	5, 10, 14, 53, 77, 80, 86, 92, 114, 136 (excluding the portion marked A, area 24 ·77), 164, 174.	374 ·17
		31	Peladi ..	312, 342 (excluding W. part, area 20 ·84), 358, 363, 478, 636, 641 (excluding S. part, area 17 ·15), 568, 658 (excluding lands already settled).	73 ·58
		46	Baouni ..	1, 2, 18, 21, 53, 87, 90, 123, 129, 197, 198, 209, 262, 283 (excluding in every case the lands settled after the D. S).	401 ·87
		78	Latippur ..	305 (excluding E. part, area 3 00), 309, 331.	25 ·53
		45	Patka ..	9, 77, 83, 84, 125, 185, 194, 200, 243 (excluding W. part, area 14 ·39), 250, 254 (excluding W. part, area 51 59), 267, 276, 291 (excluding the portion to the east of the blue line, area 7 ·05), 343, 411, 415, 423, 425, 478, 493 (excluding the portions already settled).	670 ·15
		134	Pakhiaba ..	4, 39, 53, 73, 171 (excluding N part, area 2 ·46), 438, 440, 452.	152 ·23
		273	Meherabari ..	109, 138, 150, 155, 160, 163, 168, 175 ..	139 ·97
		275	Jamirda ..	79, 85, 109, 134 (excluding E part, area 42 ·70).	126 65
		288	Jhalapaja .	69, 102, 206, 208, 221 (excluding N W and S.-E. parts, area 22 24)	114 ·30
		411	Baraba, police-station Kaliakair.	3, 5, 14, 17, 20, 24, 30, 36, 41, 43, 49, 51 (excluding an area of 0 ·80), 62, 67, 141, 147, 150, 157, 159, 160, 163, 165, 171, 174, 177, 179, 201, 204, 208, 215, 235, 298, 311/6321, 32/617, 47/618, 71/633, 130/615	190 ·91
		412	Bhannara, police-station Kaliakair	4, 12, 26, 29, 36, 54, 58, 60, 69 (excluding S. part and settled plot 731, area 6 ·90), 89, 133, 212, 215, 270 (excluding E. part and settled plots 703, 713, 746, area 29 90), 373, 414, 451 (excluding S. part, area 6 ·44), 460, 467, 470, 511, 518 (excluding the lands already settled, area 18 ·80), 530 533, 607, 618, 627, 632 (excluding the lands already settled, area 0 ·19), 661 (excluding the lands already settled, plots 687, 688, area 0 ·51), 664 (excluding the lands already settled, plots 686, 745, area 0 ·54)	286 ·99
		16	Baupara police-station Jaidebpur	94, 102, 109, 149, 283, 420, 439, 447, 455, 456, 534, 567, 576, 581, 599, 620, 674, 706, 735, 737, 738, 770, 807, 822, 825, 844, 846	158 ·89
		5	Bishyayakuribari, police-station Jaidebpur.	649, 682, 734 (excluding settled plot 1748, area 0 ·66), 753, 754 (excluding S. part, area 29 ·12), 762, 794 899, 902, 912, 914, 970 (excluding the settled plot 1674, area ·38), 991, 1007, 1015, 1019, 1106, 1111, 1114, 1117, 1120, 1133, 1145 (excluding the settled plot 1645, area 0 ·22), 1147, 1151, 1179, 1186, 1215, 1235 (excluding the settled plot 1627, area 0 ·41), 1239 (excluding N. part, area 3 ·87), 1242, 1253, 1307 (excluing N. part, area 4 20), 1316 (excluding S. part, area 6 ·50), 1323, 1353 (excluding the settled plot 1644, area 0 ·42), 1373, 1385, 1395, 1406, 1418 (excluding E. part, area 3 13), 1443 (excluding the settled plot 1608, area 0 ·34), 1448 (excluding S. part, area 2 ·90), 1451.	729 ·36

District.	Pargana.	Mauza. No.	Mauza. Name.	Settlement plots.	Area in acres.
		18	Araishaprosad ..	12, 56, 58, 60, 63, 77, 80, 88, 92, 104, 106, 112, 117, 121, 123, 125, 137, 140, 151, 152, 154, 156, 164, 167, 169, 170, 196, 211, 218 (excluding settled plot 1950, area 0·11), 242, 250, 252, 260, 263, 266, 271, 275, 278, 286, 291, 293, 295, 296, 298, 301 (excluding settled plots 1985, 1986, area 0·23), 307, 309, 313, 315, 319, 321, 323, 326, 328, 331, 338, 340, 349, 354, 357, 360, 362, 364, 372, 382, 383, 398, 400, 421, 443, 445, 447, 451, 454, 487, 491, 508, 515, 519, 523, 534, 557, 569, 585, 594, 605, 616, 619, 621, 624, 628, 634, 641, 643, 644, 648, 656, 659, 662, 663, 664, 666, 670, 678, 683, 685, 691, 695, 699, 701, 704, 707, 713, 718, 719, 722, 725, 727, 730, 732, 734, 738, 739, 742, 746, 749, 751, 757, 762, 771, 774, 780, 784, 791, 795, 798, 804, 808, 810, 819, 823, 827, 829, 830, 836, 837, 841, 845, 848, 850, 851, 853, 855, 857, 863, 865, 867, 869, 872, 874, 876, 952, 954, 956, 961, 969, 978, 980, 982, 988, 990, 994, 996, 1008, 1010, 1021, 1023, 1025, 1036, 1039, 1045, 1053, 1057, 1068, 1075, 1088, 1090, 1092, 1094, 1124, 1130, 1148, 1150, 1158, 1168, 1170, 1176, 1178, 1190, 1204, 1273, 1292, 1303, 1314, 1316, 1320, 1322, 1324, 1330, 1334, 1336, 1339, 1342, 1345, 1347, 1350, 1458, 1471, 1475, 1482, 1497 (excluding settled plot 1920, area 0·09), 1501, 1506, 1510, 1518, 1523, 1527, 1561, 1565, 1590, 1596, 1600, 1603, 1606, 1609, 1621, 1662, 1667, 1669, 1674, 1678, 1762, 1773, 1775, 1784, 1798, 1807, 672/1852.	2,358·16
		413	Majukhan ..	267, 377, 378, 393, 407, 412, 509, 577, 648, 661, 671, 682, 699, 728, 740, 767, 773, 778, 784, 802, 810	222·13
		10	Kaultia ..	1185, 1390, 1472	23·01
		17	Bahadurpur ..	133, 281, 289, 294, 300, 337, 339, 350, 452 (excluding settled plot 688, area 0·07), 455.	48·64
		409	Shakasai ..	1, 21, 44, 46, 120, 143, 158 ..	107·02
		1	Peroiali ..	23, 57, 67, 90, 92, 97, 110, 116, 123, 126, 128, 131, 137, 170, 179, 180, 2696, 2701, 2705, 2711, 2722, 2827, 2828 (excluding S. part, area, 1·95).	498·78
		2	Bokram Manipur	48, 188 (excluding settled plot 938, area 0·60), 235 (excluding settled plot 946, area 0·12), 338, 383, 407, 619/810, 660, 666, 700, 707, 709 and 715 (excluding N part area 0·68).	107·08
		3	Mahona Bhowanipur.	776, 778, 780, 785, 790, 1065 (excluding S.-E. part, area 10·34), 1076, 1080 (excluding S. and E. portions, area 13·79), 1220, 1257 (excluding settled plot 1682, area 1·04), 1357, 1361, 1373, 1394, 1399, 1410, 1405, 1415.	196·47
		6	Rathura ..	267, 287, 289, 884, 886, 888, 891, 893, 899, 932, 934, 937, 939, 953, 957, 959, 969, 974, 976, 978, 979, 982, 988, 993, 996, 998, 999, 1008, 1011, 1016, 1019, 1022 (excluding settled plot 3962, area 0·19), 1024, 1026, 1028, 1034, 1037, 1040, 1041, 1045, 1057, 1067, 1071, 1074, 1081, 1097, 1101, 1108, 1110, 1111, 1124, 1128, 1137, 1292, 1305, 1335, 1346, 1353, 1364, 1366, 1369, 1371, 1378, 1375, 1377, 1383, 1405, 1412, 1550, 1553, 1563, 1568, 1580, 1597, 1605, 1620, 1629, 1636, 1642, 1644, 1650, 1653, 1658, 1661, 1748, 1890, 1901, 1939, 1959, 1962,	4,000·71

District.	Pargana.	Mauza.		Settlement plots.	Area in acres.
		No.	Name.		
				1970, 1979, 2107, 2125 (excuding settled plots 3813-3817, area 1·44). 2126, 2130 (excluding W. part, area 1·40), 2148, 2153, 2155, 2162 (excluding settled plots 3844-3847, 3855. 3861, 3862, 3910, area 2·95). 2164, 2179, 2184 (oxcluding N.-W part, area 9·30), 2187, 2192, 2195. 2199 (excluding settled plot 3856, area 0·70), 2212, 2217, 2220, 2226, 2229, 2242, 2255, 2257 (excluding settled plots 4256, 4259, 4282, area 0 66). 2261, 2263, 2268, 2271, 2277, 2288. 2293, 2294, 2300, 2305, 2307, 2309 (excluding settled plot 4258, area 0·52), 2316, 2320. 2325 (excluding settled plot 3988, area 0·09), 2333. 2338, 2344 (excluding N. and C. parts marked A, area 2·90), 2352, 2354. 2361, 2370, 2390, 2401. 2406, 2420. 2437, 2504, 2506, 2518, 2522, 2530, 2532, 2543, 2544, 2550, 2553, 2559, 2593 (excluding settled plot 3755, area 0·75), 2602, 2605, 2608, 2661, 2670. 2686 (excluding N. part, area 8 25), 2726, 2729, 2809, 2810, 2904. 2908, 2915, 2929, 2919. 2931 (excluding S part, area 4 78), 2933, 2938, 2943, 2947, 2952, 2954, 2956 (excluding settled plot 3754, area 0·17). 2959, 2961, 2965, 2969, 2971, 2973, 2977, 2979, 2982, 2986, 2990, 2991 (excluding settled plots 3865, 3866, area 0·50), 2994, 3000, 3007, 3020. 3021, 3025, 3028, 3033, 3037 (excluding settled plot 3870, area 0 13), 3038, 3041 (excluding settled plot 3872, area 0·24), 3044 (excluding settled plot 3871, area 0·24), 3048, 3051 (excluding settled plot 3641, area 0 14), 3056, 3071, 3081, 3085, 3093, 3095 (excluding settled plot 3863, area 0 28). 3097, 3098, 3100, 3107, (excluding settled plot 3874, area 0·24). 3108, 3183 (excluding E. part, area 3 60), 3190, 3193, 3196, 3204 (excluding E. part, area 1·49). 3207 (excluding E part, area 4 50), 3217, 3219, 3224, 3229, 3280, 3286	

ERRATA.

Dacca.—No. 13477For. — 20th November 1933.—In lines 8-9 of notification No. 12467-For., dated the 10th November 1933, published at pages 1678-79, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 16th November 1933, in respect of the rules for the Bhowal Protected Forest, *for* the words "date of publication of this notification" *read* "23rd November 1933".

Dacca.—No. 13478For. — 20th November 1933.—In notification No. 12468For., dated the 10th November 1933, published at pages 1679-80, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 16th November 1933, in respect of reservation of certain species of trees and prohibition of certain acts in the Bhowal Protected Forest—

(*1*) in paragraph 1 *after* the word "Dacca" the words "with effect from 23rd November 1933" and in paragraph 2 *after* the word "prohibit" the words "with effect from 23rd November 1933" shall be *inserted*; and

(*2*) the following words shall be *deleted* from both the paragraphs, namely:—

"This shall come into force with effect from the date of publication of this notification".

H. C. V. PHILPOT,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Irrigation.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 11I. — 10th November 1933. — The following draft of an amendment, which, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 99 of the Bengal Irrigation Act, 1876 (Bengal Act III of 1876), the Governor in Council intends to make in the rules for the combined Damodar and Eden Canal (published in Bengal Government notification No. 6I., dated

the 24th March 1933, at pages 487-509, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 30th idem), is hereby published for the information of the persons likely to be affected thereby.

II. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933 and any objections or suggestions received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendment.

At the end of the first sentence of rule 6 of the said rules *after* the word "received," the words "unless the time is extended by the Chief Engineer, Bengal, Irrigation Department" shall be *inserted.*

No. 12-I.—13th November 1933.—The following draft of amendment, which, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6 and 11 of the Canals Act (Bengal Act V of 1864), the Governor in Council intends to make in the rules and schedules of rates of tolls for the Midnapore Canal, with branch to Narayangarh, in supersession of Bengal Government notification No. 27-I., dated the 24th November 1931 (published at page 1537 in Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 3rd December 1931), is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 4th January 1934, and any objections or suggestions received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendment.

Schedule of rates of tolls to be charged on the Midnapore Canal and the Narayangarh Distributary.

Entering from both the east and the west

Description	Range I. 7 miles, Uluberia to Bansberia or *vice versa.*	Range III 11 miles, Dainan to Panskura or *vice versa*	Range IV. 11 miles, Panskura to Balichak or *vice versa*	Range V. 13¼ miles, Balichak to Mohanpur or 26 miles, Balichak to Narayangarh Distributary *via* Krishtanagar or 19¼ miles, Mohanpur to Narayangarh Distributary *via* Krishtanagar or *vice versa.*
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a	Rs. a p.
Loaded vessel per 100 maunds	0 8	0 12	0 12	1 4 0
Empty vessel per 100 maunds	0 4	0 6	0 6	0 10 0
Timber in rafts or loose per timber ..	0 2	0 2	0 2	0 3 0
Piles in rafts or loose per 100 piles ..	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 10 0
Bamboos in floats per 100	0 4	0 4	0 4	0 6 6

NOTE.—Toll will be realised at Uluberia, Bansberia, Dainan, Panskura and Balichak toll stations.

Establishment.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 49.—18th November 1933.—Mr. P. C. Roy, Executive Engineer, Cossye Division, is granted leave on average pay for six months, under rule 81(*b*) (*i*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the afternoon of the 9th December 1933.

No. 50.—18th November 1933.—Mr. G. B. Mandal, Executive Engineer, is, on return from leave, placed in charge of the Cossye Division, until further orders.

H. C. V. PHILPOT,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

Kurseong.—No. 5752For.—14th November 1933.—In partial modification of this department notification No. 5179For., dated the 4th October 1933, Babu Rameswar Banarji, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, remained attached to the Kurseong Division from the 5th to 7th October 1933, with headquarters at Dow Hill.

Buxa. — No. 9005For. — 14th November 1933.—Mr. T. V. Dent, Assistant Conservator of Forests, made over charge of his special duties as Game Warden to Babu Annada Nanda Roy, Forest Ranger, with effect from the 8th September 1933.

E. O. SHEBBEARE,
Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

BOARD OF REVENUE, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

Tippera.—No. 13983C.P.—13th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 2 of section 8 of the Bengal Land Revenue (Assistant Collectors) Regulation, 1821 (IV of 1821), the Board of Revenue authorises Babu Mohim Chandra Datta, Settlement

Kanungo, who has been placed on duty in connection with the maintenance for the purpose of section 158A of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, of the record-of-rights of the Sarail estate of Babu Kamala Ranjan Roy, in the district of Tippera, to exercise and perform within the local limits of the said estate any of the powers and duties vested in the Collectors of Land Revenue under any enactment in force therein for the purpose of the said work of maintenance of the record-of-rights.

F. A. SACHSE,
for *Secy. to the Board of Revenue, Bengal.*

TREASURY NOTICES.

Pabna, the 31st October 1933.

Uncovenanted Deputy Collector Maulvi Atikar Rahman Mahmud has been placed in charge of the Pabna Treasury from the afternoon of the 31st October 1933 and is authorised to draw bills on other Treasuries.

S. C. BASU, *Collector.*

Jessore, the 6th November 1933.

Uncovenanted Deputy Collector Babu Anil Chandra Bose has been placed in executive charge of the Jessore Treasury, with effect from the forenoon of the 6th November 1933, and is authorised to draw bills on other treasuries.

N. K. SEN, *Collector.*

Noakhali, the 16th November 1933.

Deputy Collector Babu Kumaresh Ray has been placed in charge of the Noakhali Treasury, with effect from the afternoon of the 11th November 1933, and authorised to draw bills on other treasuries.

T. I. M. NURANNABI CHAUDHURI, *Collector.*

Orders by the Deputy Accountant-General, Bengal.

The Treasury, the 9th November 1933.

It is notified that the refund order book No. 101 of pink colour containing 50 orders, No. 1 to 50 (both inclusive), is in use in the Income-tax Office, Railway and Miscellaneous Salaries Circle, Calcutta, with effect from the 2nd November 1933.

A. R. REBELLO,
Deputy Accountant-General, Bengal.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE.

The 14th September 1933.

Notice is hereby given that the Fifth Criminal Sessions of the year 1933 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the town of Calcutta and factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto will be held at the Court House, in the town of Calcutta, on Monday, the 27th day of November 1933, at 11 o'clock in the afternoon, and thenceforward from day to day until the said sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who are to prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said sessions be present then and there to prosecute.

BADRIDAS GOENKA, *Sheriff.*

সরিফ আফিস, সন ১৯৩৩ সালের ১৪ই সেপ্টেম্বর।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে, সুবে বাঙ্গালার ফোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন সহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তি জন্য আগামী সন ১৯৩৩ সালের ২৭সে নভেম্বর, সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্য্যন্ত সেসিয়ানের কার্য্য সমাধা না হয়, প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাইকোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৯৩৩ সালের পঞ্চম ক্রিমিন্যাল সেসিয়ান বসিবেক, এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যেসকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে কোন ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক, তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে। ইতি।

বদ্রিদাস গোয়েনকা,
সরিফ।

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Civil.

The 16th November 1933.

No. 26088A.—In exercise of the powers delegated to the High Court by the notification of the Government of Bengal, No. 64-J.D., dated the 30th April 1915, Babu Niradeswar Banarji, munsif of Malda, in the district of Rajshahi and Malda, is vested under Article 8 of the Second Schedule of the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887 (IX of 1887), with powers to try, under the Small Cause Court procedure, suits up to the value of Rs. 250 for the recovery of rents of homestead lands arising within the municipal area within his jurisdiction.

No. 26091A.—Babu Niradeswar Banarji, munsif of Malda, in the district of Rajshahi and Malda, is vested under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs. 2,000 arising within the local limits of the executive district of Malda.

The 17th November 1933.

No. 26164A.—Babu Dwarka Nath De, munsif of Bajitpur, in the district of Mymensingh, is vested under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try, under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs. 2,000 arising within the local limits of the Bajitpur munsifi.

No. 26167A.—Babu Bhupendra Nath Mukharji, munsif of Bishnupur, in the district of Bankura, is vested under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try, under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs. 2,000 arising within the local limits of the Bishnupur munsifi.

By order of the High Court,

N. L. HINDLEY, *Registrar*.

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

Burdwan Division—Chinsura.

No. 3944J.G.—9th November 1933.—Babu Asit Kumar Biswas, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Bolpore, in the district of Birbhum, is granted, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for one month, with effect from the 24th October 1933.

No. 1952M.—14th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*) of the manual of rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Sonamukhi, in the district of Bankura:—

The Subdivisional Officer of Vishnupur (*ex-officio*).
Babu Dhirendra Kumar Mukherji.
Babu Bishnupada Ghosh, M.B.
Syed Dilwar Ali Mirja, Sub-Registrar.
Babu Hari Pada De.
Babu Krista Das Banerji.
Babu Kamini Kumar Chatterji.
Babu Asoke Prosad Mukherji.
Babu Sachidananda Mukherji.
Babu Binode Bihari Ghar.

L. B. BURROWS, *Commissioner* (*offg.*).

Bankura, the 13th November 1933.

No. 5243J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Abinash Chandra Mahata has been appointed as a member of Netuipur union board in police-station Raipur in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Bankura, *vice* Babu Kailash Chandra Mahata, deceased.

No. 5246J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Atul Chandra Kundu has been elected as a member of Pearbera union board in police-station Sonamukhi in the Vishnupur subdivision of the district of Bankura, *vice* Babu Monindra Nath Kundu, deceased.

No. 5249 J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for election and appointment of members of union boards, Babu Kshudiram Pathak has been appointed as a member of Narainpur union board in police-station Patrasayer in the Vishnupur subdivision of the district of Bankura, *vice* Babu Nagendra Nath Paul, deceased.

E. W. HOLLAND, *District Magistrate*.

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Burdwan Range.

Chinsura. — No. 7855. — 10th November 1933.—On return from leave, Mr. J. Irvine, Armed Inspector, Burdwan, is posted, with the Inspector-General's approval, to Serampore (Hooghly), *vice* Mr. A. Sayer, Inspector, on leave.

Mr. T. Cooper, officiating Armed Inspector, will, on relief, revert to his substantive rank of Sergeant in the E. I. Railway Police, Howrah.

H. C. HUNT,

Deputy Inspector-General of Police (*offg.*).

Chittagong Division—Chittagong.

No. 5084G.—14th November 1933.—Babu Charu Chandra Chaterji, Sub-Deputy Collector, Feni, in the district of Noakhali, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Chittagong district.

H. S. E. STEVENS, *Commissioner* (*offg.*).

No. 6080G.—18th November 1933.—Maulvi Shamsul Abedin, Sub-Deputy Collector and Khas Mahal Officer, Noakhali, is allowed leave on average pay for seven days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th October 1933.

No. 6086G.—18th November 1933.—Babu Bepin Chandra Nath, Sub-Deputy Collector, Noakhali, is allowed leave on average pay for ten days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th October 1933.

E. N. BLANDY, *Commissioner* (*offg.*).

Dacca Division—Dacca.

No. 5299J.—11th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20(*b*) of the manual of rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Bajitpur in the district of Faridpur:—

Babu Nagendra Nath Majumdar.
Babu Haripada Chakraverty.
Babu Srikanta Majumdar.
Babu Jogneswar Majumdar.
Babu Kali Mohan Das.
Babu Lalit Mohan Das.
Babu Bipin Behari Datta.
Babu Chintaharan Ghosh.
Babu Jnanendra Mohan Bose.
Babu Kashikanta Datta.
Babu Sarbeswar Baidya.
Munshi Maminuddin Howladar.

No. 5400J.—16th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20(*b*) of the manual of rules for the management of the charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Jamalpur in the district of Mymensingh:—

Subdivisional Officer, Jamalpur, *ex-officio*.
Subdivisional Medical Officer, Jamalpur, *ex-officio*.
Maulvi Ashraff Ali.
Khan Sahib Ashraft Hossain.
Babu Sheo Nandan Singh.
Maulvi Abdus Samad, B.L.
Maulvi Md. Nannu Meah.
Maulvi Md. Afsaruddin Sarkar.
Babu Kamini Kanta Bhattacherjee.
Babu Mahim Chandra Dev-Moulik, B.L.
Rai Sahib Akshaya Kumar Sen, B.A.
Babu Hemendra Chandra Sen.

No. 5418J.—17th November 1933.—Whereas on consideration of the views of the District Magistrate and the district board of Mymensingh, I am of opinion that Babu Priyanath Ghosh, President and member of the Danya union board in police-station Tangail in the district of Mymensingh, is quite unfit to perform the duties of the President as he is thoroughly dishonest and is persistently neglecting to attend to reasonable instructions of the Circle Officer, I hereby remove, under sub-section 1 (*a*) of section 56 of the Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Act V of 1919), the said Babu Priyanath Ghosh from his office both as President and as member of the said union board. All the powers and duties of the said President shall be exercised and performed by the Circle Officer concerned who is hereby empowered to appoint such person or persons as he may think necessary to help him in the matter pending the election of another President.

H. GRAHAM, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

No. 5422J. — 17th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*) of the manual of rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the Hybatnagar charitable dispensary at Kishoreganj in the district of Mymensingh:—

Subdivisional Officer, Kishoreganj, *ex-officio*.
Subdivisional Medical Officer, Kishoreganj, *ex-officio*.
Dewan Monnandad Khan.
Babu Prafulla Chandra Bir.
Babu Ramesh Chandra Ray.
Babu Jogendra Kishore Ray.
Babu Mohini Mohan Ray.
Maulvi Isahak Mallik.
Maulvi Abu Ahamed Mia.

W. H NELSON, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

Faridpur, the 15th November 1933.

No. 7388J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (*2*) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Gopalpur union board in police-station Kalkini of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Babu Kali Kanta Das.
Munshi Tamijuddin Karikar.
Munshi Abdul Gani Talukdar.
Munshi Abdul Latif Khondakar.
Kazi Mujibar Rahman.
Kazi Monai Matbar.

(*b*) Under sub-section (*3*) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Syed Azizar Rahaman Choudhury.
Babu Srish Chandra Roy Choudhury.
Babu Aswini Kumar Saha Roy.

No 7389J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (*2*) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Khalia union board in police-station Rajoir of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Babu Ram Chandra Baruri.
Babu Surya Kanta Mazumdar
Dr. Umesh Chandra Bepari.
Babu Jagabandhu Baruri.
Babu Mahendra Nath Baruri.
Dr. Mahendra Nath Biswas.

(*b*) Under sub-section (*3*) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Babu Sishir Kumar Ganguly.
Abdul Hamid Munshi.
Maulvi Khondakar Syeduddin Ahmed.

Faridpur, the 17th November 1933.

No. 7057J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Saiyid Abdur Rahim *alias* Kuti Mia has been duly elected to be a member of the Gatti union board in police-station Nagarkanda in the Sadar subdivision of the Faridpur district, *vice* Munshi Abdul Karim Khan, deceased.

A. E. PORTER, *District Magistrate.*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Dacca Range.

Dacca.—No. 3898.—16th November 1933.—Babu Jatindra Nath Bhattacharji, Inspector, Tippera, is granted 3 months and 26 days' privilege leave with effect from 2-1-1934. He is permitted to prefix to leave the Xmas and the New Year's Day holidays.

This supersedes the orders published under notification No. 3699, dated 2-11-1933, at page 1623, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated 9-11-1933, so far as they relate to the grant of leave to the Inspector.

R. M. WRIGHT,
Deputy Inspector-General of Police.

Presidency Division—Calcutta.

No. 2418L.S.-G.—11th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*) of the dispensary rules, the following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the managing committee of the Mandalpur charitable dispensary in the district of Murshidabad:—

The Subdivisional Officer, Jangipur, *ex-officio.*
Babu Ramaprasanno Mukherjee.
Babu Harihar Ghoshal.
Babu Kaliprosonno Chatterjee.
Babu Sashi Bhusan Ray.
Muhammad Saifuddin Mondal.
Muhammad Jalal Bux Mondal.
Babu Rohini Kumar Ray, B.A.
Babu Binayak Sen, B.Sc.

No. 2423L.S.-G.—11th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 19 (*7*) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B.C.) of 1885, as amended, Maulvi Muhammad Ezaher Ali Biswas has been duly elected to be a member of the Sadar local board, Jessore, representing thana Bagherpara in the Sadar subdivision of the Jessore district, in place of M. Manik Biswas, deceased.

No. 654J.G.—14th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in exercise of the powers conferred on me by rule 63 (2) of the Bengal Jail Code, 1919, Volume I, as revised, I appoint Khandakar Shamsul Haque to be a non-official visitor of the Kushtia sub-jail in the district of Nadia for a period of two years, with effect from the 30th November 1933.

No. 2378R.G.—17th November 1933.—Maulvi Asad Hussain, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Chuadanga, Nadia, is transferred to Sadar, Murshidabad.

No. 2384R.G.—17th November 1933.—Maulvi Musharaff Hossain, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Chuadanga subdivision in the district of Nadia as Circle Officer.

No. 2390R.G.—18th November 1933.—This office notification No. 2313R.G., dated the 9th November 1933, transferring Babu Birendra Nath Maitra, Sub-Deputy Collector, Kandi, Murshidabad, to Bongaon, Jessore, as Circle Officer, is cancelled.

No. 2403R.G.—18th November 1933.—Babu Satkari Lal De, Sub-Deputy Collector, Sadar, Nadia, is transferred to the Bhairamara Circle in the Kushtia subdivision of that district as Circle Officer.

This cancels this office notification No. 2319R.G., dated the 9th November 1933, transferring him to Kandi, Murshidabad.

No. 2409R.G.—18th November 1933.—Babu Hemanta Kumar Kar, Sub-Deputy Collector, Ranaghat, Nadia, is transferred to the Moheshpur Circle of the Bongaon subdivision in the district of Jessore as Circle Officer.

No. 2416R.G.—18th November 1933.—Babu Debendra Nath Guha, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Kushtia, Nadia, is transferred to the Ranaghat subdivision of that district.

H. J. TWYNAM, *Commissioner (offg.).*

Khulna, the 13th November 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, Maulvi Habibar Rahaman has been duly elected as a member for ward No. I of Sahtgumbaj union board in Bagerhat police-station in Bagerhat subdivision of the Khulna district, *vice* Shaikh Raisuddin, deceased.

Khulna, the 15th November 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, Kabiraj Munshi Abdul Aziz has been duly elected as a member of Ward No. I of Choonkhola union board in Mollahat police-station in Bagerhat subdivision of the Khulna district, *vice* Chak Mohan Biswas, deceased.

K. A. L. HILL, *District Magistrate.*

Berhampore, the 17th November 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards under the said Act, Maulvi Shah Muhammad Khaliluddin Hyder Abu Zober has been appointed by me to be a member of the Salar union board in Bharatpur police-station in the Kandi subdivision of the district of Murshidabad, *vice* Maulvi Chaudhury Muhammad Abdul Haque, deceased.

O. M. REES, *District Magistrate.*

Alipore, the 17th November 1933.

No. 24/33-24-V.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following persons have been appointed as members of the Bawali, Chaulkhola and Telari union boards in police-station Budge-Budge of the Sadar subdivision of the 24-Parganas district:—

Bawali union board.

Babu Ashutosh Mandal.
Babu Rakhal Chandra Chukrabatty.
Babu Ajodhya Nath Das.

Chaulkhola union board.

Babu Mrinal Chandra Pal.
Babu Anil Kumar Chaudhuri.
Munshi Tamizuddin Jamadar.

Telari union board.

Babu Kali Charan Hazra.
Munshi Shaikh Tefaladdi Mollah.
Munshi Shaikh Mobarak Husain.

No. 24/33-23-V.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following persons have been duly elected to be members of the Bawali, Chaulkhola and Telari union boards in police-station Budge-Budge of the Sadar subdivision of the 24-Parganas district:—

Bawali union board.

Babu Rabindra Nath Mandal, B.A.
Babu Panchanan Mandal.
Babu Jatindra Krishna Mandal.
Babu Surendra Krishna Mandal.
Babu Prafulla Chandra Manna.
Babu Jitendra Nath Das, B.L.

Chaulkhola union board.

Babu Bankim Chandra Gangopadhaya.
Babu Jiban Krishna Karmakar.
Babu Santosh Kumar Bandopadhaya.
Babu Krishna Dhon Bera.
Kazi Akhtar Husain.
Munshi Mahatabuddin.

Telari union board.

Ward No. I.

Babu Jatindra Nath Ray.
Babu Saroda Prosad Ghosh.
Babu Surendra Nath Samanta.

Ward No. II.

Babu Jnanada Prosad Mandal.
Babu Tarini Chandra Das.
Babu Sashi Bhusan Ray.

T. C. ROY, *Addl. District Magistrate.*

Calcutta South Central (Non-Muhammadan) Constituency of the Bengal Legislative Council.

Calcutta, the 15th November 1933.

It is hereby notified for information of the public that a by-election will be held in the Calcutta South Central (Non-Muhammadan) Constituency by reason of the death of Rai Gocul Chand Boral Bahadur, under clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of sub-rule 2 of rule 11 of the Bengal Electoral Rules and in pursuance of sub-rule 3 of the said rule, the following dates have been fixed—

(1) 27th November 1933—Nomination of candidates and delivery of nomination papers to the Returning Officer.
(2) 28th November 1933—For scrutiny of nomination papers (10-30 a.m. to 11 a.m.).

S. K. SINHA,
Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, and Returning Officer, Calcutta Constituencies.

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Presidency Range.

Calcutta.—No. 8833.—11th November 1933.—Babu Rasik Lal Chakrabatti, Inspector, 24-Parganas, is granted 1 month's leave on average pay, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave already granted to him.

Sub-Inspector Muhammad Abdur Rauf will continue to act as Inspector in the vacancy.

Sub-Inspector Jatindra Mohan Datta, of Khulna is appointed to act as Inspector, *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Lahiri, Inspector, Murshidabad, officiating as Deputy Superintendent of Police, Sirajganj, Pabna.

The transfer is effected in the interest of public service.

L. H. BURTON,
Deputy Inspector-General of Police.

Rajshahi Division—Jalpaiguri.

No. 4166J.—13th November 1933.—Maulvi Muhammad Fazlur Rahman, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Pabna, is allowed leave on average pay for seven days, with effect from the 25th October 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 4170J.—13th November 1933.—Babu Uma Charan Barua, Sub-Deputy Collector, Pabna, is allowed leave on average pay for six weeks, with effect from the 2nd January 1934, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 4175J.—13th November 1933.—Babu Jatindra Kumar Biswas, Sub-Deputy Collector, Pabna, is appointed temporarily as Circle Officer, Ullapara, of that district, from the 19th October 1933.

The transfer is made in the public interest.

No. 4179J.—13th November 1933.—Under the provision of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I appoint Miss Hemola Biswas to be a non-official lady visitor of the Rangpur District Jail for a period of two years, *vice* Miss Sunity Bala Gupta.

No. 4222J.—15th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*) of the manual of rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Gaibandha in the district of Rangpur:—

The Subdivisional Officer, Gaibandha, *ex-officio*.

The Munsif, First Court, Gaibandha, *ex-officio*.

The Subdivisional Medical Officer, Gaibandha, *ex-officio*.

The Chairman of the Gaibandha Municipality, *ex-officio*.

Khan Bahadur Maulvi Md. Abdul Majid.

Babu Haridas Roy.

Maulvi Hazi Jahar Mohammed Chaudhuri.

Maulvi Sefayet Uddin Ahamad.

Babu Raj Chandra Burma Roy Choudhury.

Khan Sahib Maulvi Hamid Uddin Khan.

Maulvi Mahar Uddin Ahamad.

Babu Prafulla Kumar Biswas.

No. 4275J.—18th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*) of the rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the Sadar charitable dispensary, Bogra:—

The District Magistrate, Bogra, *ex-officio*.

The Civil Surgeon, Bogra, *ex-officio*.

The Subdivisional Officer, Bogra, *ex-officio*.

The District Engineer, Bogra, *ex-officio*.

The Vice-Chairman, Bogra district board, *ex-officio*.

The Vice-Chairman, Bogra Municipality, *ex-officio*.

Babu Hem Chandra Ghattak.

Babu Prafulla Chandra Sen.

Babu Surendra Mohan Das Gupta.

Maulvi Nabiruddin Talukder.

Babu Daulatram Sharaf.

Maulvi Hamid Ali.

F. W. ROBERTSON, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

Rangpur, the 17th November 1933.

No. 6568J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards under the said Act, Munshi Sadat Ali Pradhan has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Rangpur to be a member of the Harinathpur union board in Palashbari police-station in the Gaibandha subdivision of the district of Rangpur, *vice* Munshi Ahsan Uddin Choudhury, resigned.

Rangpur, the 18th November 1933.

No. 6564J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of union boards in police-stations mentioned below in the Kurigram subdivision of the Rangpur district:—

Kurigram subdivision.

Police-station Lalmonirhat.

Mogalhat union board.

Babu Jogendra Kumar Saha of Karnapur.
Munshi Kalimuddin Bepari of Karnapur.
Babu Krishna Prasad Sarkar of Durakuti.

Kulaghat union board.

Babu Annada Kumar Das of Kulaghat.
Munshi Osman Ali of Singargari.
Munshi Umir Uddin Sarkar of Khatamari.

Lalmonirhat union board.

Rev. F. W. Heinly of Lalmonirhat.
Munshi Karim Baksh Sarkar of Haribhanga.
Babu Surja Kanta Biswas of Lalmonirhat.

Mahendranagar union board.

Munshi Karamali Sarkar of Nijpara.
Munshi Jehar Mamud of Telipara.
Munshi Kasim Uddin Meah of Telipara.

Harati union board.

Munshi Nakibulla Sarkar of Kismat Atbil
Babu Chinta Mohan Sarkar of Kismat Harati.
Babu Kalak Nath Saha of Chongadara.

Khuniagach union board.

Munshi Kobad Ali Mandal of Chongadara.
Babu Hari Prasad Sarkar of Harinchara.
Babu Harendra Narayan Sarkar of Khuniagach.

Rajpur union board.

Munshi Ghechu Ulla Sarkar of Kismat Kaunia.
Munshi Mayen Uddin Sarkar of Kismat Kaunia.
Munshi Kazimulla Pramanik of Khalaighat.

Gokunda union board.

Munshi Ainulla of Lohakhuchi.
Munshi Md. Abdul Karim Tokdar of Gokunda.
Babu Mon Mohon Ghatak, B.A., of Mustafirhat.

Panchagram union board.

Babu Jogendra Nath Datta of Sindhuria.
Babu Rohini Kanta Misra of Ramdas.
Munshi Md. Umir Uddin Mandal of Gurugovinda.

Barabari union board.

Munshi Mahi Uddin Sarkar of Hariswar Kajla.
Babu Harendra Nath Sarkar of Barabari.
Munshi Chatur Mamud Sardar of Khedabag.

Chhinai union board.

Babu Sarat Chandra Chakrabarty of Chhinai.
Munshi Atabuddin of Ram Ratna.
Munshi Saidal Hossain Khondekar of Kismat Paikpara.

Rajarhat union board.

Babu Nibaran Chandra Bhattacharya of Pranpati.
Munshi Hishabuddin Bepari of Mekurtari.
Babu Govinda Chandra Barman of Durgacharan.

Gharialdanga union board.

Babu Mahendra Narayan Roy Barman of Musrat Nakhenda.
Babu Rajani Kanta Roy of Debottar.
Munshi Jai Mamud of Debottar.

Police-station Fulbari.

Nowdanga union board.

Babu Jogesh Chandra Bagchi of Gajerkuti.
Babu Kailash Chandra Mandal of Gorak Mandal.
Babu Radha Raman Chakraborty of Gajerkuti.

Simulbari union board.

Babu Trailokhya Mohan Chakraborty of Ramprosad.
Babu Chandra Mohan Biswas of Sonai Karji.
Munshi Asir Uddin Fakir of Simulbari.

Bhangamore union board.

Babu Kali Kumar Sarkar of Baraitari.
Munshi Taslim Uddin of Sujanerkuti.
Babu Pramoda Ranjan Sarkar of Najar Mamud.

Police-station Bhurungamari.

Pathardubi union board.

Munshi Afsar Uddin Mandal of Pathardubi.
Babu Srikanta Sarkar of Bansjani
Babu Provash Chandra Bagchi of Maidam.

Silkuri union board.

Munshi Abdul Bepari of Dhaldanga.
Babu Sarat Chandra Sarkar of Dhaldanga.
Babu Baikuntha Nath Roy of Katgir.

Tilai union board.

Babu Satish Chandra Mandal of Gopalpur.
Babu Padma Nath Sarkar of Tilai.
Munshi Khator Mamud Bepari of Tilai

Paikerchhara union board.

Babu Hara Kanta Roy of Gachhidanga.
Munshi Saidali Sarkar of Gaturkuti.
Babu Kunja Behari Singha Roy of Paikerchhara.

Bhurungamari union board

Munshi Faratulla Sarkar of Iswar Barua.
Munshi Naribulla Munshi of Manikerkuthi.
Babu Srikanta Roy Sarkar of Kamat Angaria.

Joymonirhat union board.

Babu Jagat Chandra Sarkar of Singjhar.
Munshi Doat Mahammad Pundit of Dewaner Khamar.
Munshi Garibulla Bepari of Bara Khatamari.

Andharijhar union board.

Babu Dwipram Sarkar of Dhaurerkuti.
Munshi Hafez Uddin Ahmed of Baraitari.
Munshi Baju Akanda of Heldanga (Char Baldia).

No. 6565J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of union boards in police-stations mentioned below in the Kurigram subdivision of the Rangpur district:—

Kurigram subdivision.

Police-station Lalmonirhat.

Mogalhat union board.

Ward No. I.

Munshi Dhepu Uddin Panchayet of Karnapur.
Babu Jaga Mohan Sarkar of Kurul.
Babu Basanta Kumar Saha of Karnapur.

Ward No. II.

Babu Surendra Narayan Barma Sarkar of Kurul.
Babu Satish Chandra Sarkar of Bumka.
Munshi Bahar Uddin Pandit of Kharua.

Kulaghat union board.

Ward No. I.

Munshi Jenat Ulla Ahmed of Dhaerkhata.
Babu Suresh Chandra Sarkar of Siberkuthi.
Babu Dhanaram Sarkar of Dhaerkhata.

Ward No. II.

Babu Kalidas Maitra of Sakoa (Hatura).
Munshi Hesar Uddin Khondekar of Khatamari.
Munshi Monir Uddin Sarkar of Khatamari (Naradeb).

Lalmonirhat union board.

Ward No. I.

Babu Satish Chandra Roy Karji of Saptana.
Munshi Sahadat Ali Sarkar of Saptana.

Ward No. II.

Babu Purusottamdas Mahesri of Khochabari (Lalmonirhat).
Munshi Md. Mozahar Ali Pramanik of Saptana (Khord Saptana).
Babu Shyama Prasanna Guha of Saptana (Lalmonirhat).

Ward No. III.

Munshi Azitulla Sarkar of Khord Saptana.

Mahendranagar union board.

Ward No. I.

Munshi Asanulla Mandal of Dhadagach (Batriah Hazari).
Babu Girindra Mohan Barma Kaviraj of Telipara (*alias* Gedra Barman Kaviraj).
Babu Rakhaldas Bandopadhya of Dhadagach.

Ward No. II.

Babu Tarini Mohan Barman of Arazi Fatekhan.
Babu Dharani Kanta Barman Sarkar of Akhil Mamud.
Babu Mohanta Barman of Manoram.

Harati union board.

Ward No. I.

Munshi Gedra Mamud Fakir of Atbil Darpanaskar (*alias* Nasiruddin Fakir).
Munshi Tura Mahammad Sarkar of Atbil Darpanaskar.
Munshi Asimuddin Sarkar of Atbil Darpanaskar.

Ward No. II.

Munshi Payerulla Sarkar of Harati.
Munshi Ahel Uddin Sarkar of Gerda Harati.
Munshi Md. Jenatulla Sarkar of Kismat Chongadara.

Khuniagach union board.

Babu Praneswar Barma Sarkar of Khuniagach.
Munshi Abdur Rahman Meah of Kalamati.
Maulvi Helal Uddin of Harinchara.
Munshi Bangru Mahammad Dalal of Kalamati.
Munshi Asanatulla of Khuniagach.
Munshi Jamir Uddin Sarkar of Khuniagach.

Rajpur union board.

Ward No. I.

Babu Kanteswar Barma Sarkar of Arji Chinatuli.
Babu Bhagya Mohan Sarkar of Arji Chinatuli.
Babu Prasanna Kumar Barma of Parulia.

Ward No. II.

Babu Jajneswar Barma Sarkar of Rajpur.
Babu Lakshmi Kanta Sarkar of Rajpur.
Babu Paramananda Barma Sarkar of Rajpur.

Gokunda union board.

Ward No. I.

Munshi Najiulla Sarkar of Guriadaha.
Babu Sambhu Chandra Barman of Guriadaha.
Babu Nityananda Sarkar of Guriadaha.

Ward No. II.

Munshi Abdul Khaleque Basunia of Ratipur.
Munshi Eusaf Ali Sarkar of Ratipur.
Munshi Abdul Sattar Dalal of Gokunda.

Panchagram union board.

Ward No. I.

Babu Dina Nath Roy Sarkar of Dhirsan Koarer Bari.
Munshi Md. Fazle Rahaman Mandal of Panchagram.
Babu Rajani Kanta Sarkar of Panchagram.

Ward No. II.

Munshi Md. Jasim Uddin Pandit of Khoragach.
Babu Satish Chandra Roy Nayek of Dinaduli (Subharbari).
Munshi Sonaulla Patwari of Jot Bairagi Koar.

Barabari union board.

Ward No. I.

Munshi Nader Hossain Meah of Hariswar Kajla (Ambari).
Munshi Manir Uddin of Hariswar Kajla (Ambari).
Munshi Mahammad Sabjan Ali of Sibram (Barabari).

Ward No. II.

Munshi Osman Ali Ahmed of Khedabag.
Munshi Abdul Aziz Meah of Bara Basuria
Munshi Mobarek Hossain Ahmed of Khedabag.

Chhinai union board.

Ward No. I.

Babu Nalini Kanta Bhador of Chaturbhuj (Chhinai).
Babu Durga Charan Sarkar of Mokhli.
Babu Sambhu Chandra Barman Sarkar of Chaturbhuj.

Ward No. II.

Babu Lalit Mohan Chakraburty of Debalay.
Babu Mahendra Narayan Roy of Mirerbari
Babu Sarada Mohan Chakraburty of Nilai (Singhimari).

Rajarhat union board.

Ward No. I.

Munshi Amir Uddin Kaviraj of Chandamari.
Babu Mohini Mohan Bandopadhya of Pranpati (Bamanpara).
Munshi Jasim Uddin Sarkar of Khalisa.

Ward No. II.

Munshi Md. Ashanulla Bepari of Mokurtari.
Munshi Md. Panaulla Bepari of Mekurtari.
Munshi Md. Badiatulla Sarkar of Kendra.

Gharialdanga union board.

Ward No. I.

Munshi Saharulla Bepari of Sultan Bahadur.
Babu Bhabanda Roy of Bhim Sarma.
Munshi Syed Abdul Kader Meah of Sultan.

Ward No. II.

Munshi Alep Uddin Bakshi of Nakhenda Khalisa.
Munshi Kesmatulla Pandit of Nakhenda Khalisa.
Munshi Md. Fakar Uddin Doctor of Ijamuddin.

Police-station Fulbari.

Nowdanga union board.

Munshi Mahammad Taher Ali of Kurusa Ferusa.
Babu Satish Chandra Goswami of Kismat Simulbari.
Munshi Baharuddin Sarkar of Karala.
Munshi Hesanulla Meah of Kismat Simulbari.
Munshi Md. Mafiz Uddin Bepari of Kurusa Ferusa.
Munshi Hedatulla Muhammad of Kismat Simulbari.

Simulbari union board.

Munshi Kalimuddin Ahmed of Sonaikarji.
Munshi Md. Umarali Khondekar of Simulbari.
Munshi Aziz Uddin Khondekar of Simulbari.
Munshi Md. Maniruzzaman Meah of Simulbari.
Munshi Basatulla Bepari of Simulbari.
Munshi Md. Gofur Ali Doctor of Simulbari.

Bhangamore union board.

Ward No. I.

Babu Rajani Kanta Sarkar of Baraitari.
Munshi Abdul Jabbar Sarkar of Arazi Newashi.
Munshi Padu Mahammad Pandit of Ram Ram Sen.

Ward No. II.

Munshi Raje Mamud Dalal of Bhangamore.
Munshi Poatu Mamud Dalal of Rajpur Taluk.
Munshi Nekaddi Sheikh of Rangamati.

Police-station Bhurungamari.

Pathardubi union board.

Munshi Alauddin Sarkar of Bansjani.
Babu Kailash Chandra Roy Singh of Bansjani
Munshi Asi Mamud Sarkar of Maidam.
Munshi Injit Ali Mandal of Pathardubi.
Babu Sachindra Kumar Mandal of Mashaldanga (Maidam).
Munshi Nur Mahammad Meah of Maidam.

Silkuri union board.

Babu Hari Mohan Roy of Dhaldanga.
Babu Chandra Mohan Roy of Dhaldanga.
Babu Rudra Kanta Adhikary of Dhaldanga.
Babu Bharat Chandra Roy Singha of Dhaldanga.
Babu Kangsa Narayan Sarkar of Dhaldanga.
Babu Madan Mohan Bepari of Saljoi.

Tilai union board.

Munshi Aziz Uddin Mandal of Gopalpur.
Munshi Bhairabdi Bepari of Gopalpur.
Babu Chandra Mohan Sarkar of Tilai.
Babu Bharat Chandra Saha of Noleya.
Babu Banamali Adhikary of Gopalpur.
Munshi Khadu Bepari of Gopalpur.

Paikerchhara union board.

Ward No. I.

Munshi Naimuddin Sarkar of Paikerchhara.
Munshi Nasar Uddin Sarkar of Paikdanga.
Babu Ganga Prasad Sarkar of Paikerchhara.

Ward No. II.

Babu Ranjit Kumar Sarkar of Gaturkuti.
Babu Bhonduram Tahabildar of Gaturkuti.
Munshi Sarabdi Mandal of Gaturkuti.

Bhurungamari union board.

Babu Hara Mohan Brajabashi of Bagbhandar.
Munshi Taher Uddin Sarkar of Bagbhandar.
Munshi Umir Uddin Bepari of Kamat Angaria.
Munshi Md. Lokman Ali Mandal of Bagbhandar.
Munshi Mafiz Uddin Sarkar of Bagbhandar.
Babu Raghu Nath Sarkar of Bagbhandar.

Joymonirhat union board.

Babu Manindra Chandra Mandal of Chhoto Khatamari (Bagbhandar).
Babu Paresh Nath Sarkar of Bara Khatamari.
Babu Kunja Behari Saha of Chhoto Khatamari.
Munshi Md. Sasi Mamud Bepari of Singjhar.
Munshi Dr. Abdul Gofur of Chhoto Khatamari.
Babu Akhil Chandra Chakraburty of Dewaner Khamar.

Andharijhar union board.

Babu Bipin Chandra Sarkar of Andharijhar.
Munshi Bahar Ulla Bepari of Dhaurer Kuthi.
Babu Ganga Prasad Adhikary of Andharijhar.
Babu Dhanbar Sarkar of Andharijhar.
Babu Bhadreswar Sarkar of Andharijhar.
Munshi Perparu Bepari of Dhaurer Kuthi.

N. M. Ayyar, *District Magistrate.*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Rajshahi Range.

Jalpaiguri. — No. 8081.—17th November 1933.—Babu Ajit Mohan Chaudhuri, Inspector, Dinajpur, was granted 10 days' privilege leave and 3 months and 20 days' commuted furlough, on medical certificate, under articles 260 and 316A of the Civil Service Regulations (New Leave Rules), from 24-4-1932.

Babu Nalini Mohan Sanyal, Inspector, Rangpur, is granted 2 weeks' privilege leave under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations (New Leave Rules), with effect from 1-11-1933.

F. P. Walker,
Deputy Inspector-General of Police.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1933.

PART IB

Educational Notices.

Education Department, Bengal.

Calcutta, the 2nd November 1933.

NOTIFICATION.

The six Graduate Scholarships for the year 1933 attached to the Presidency College, Calcutta, tenable for two years, are awarded to the following students on the combined results of the B.A. and B.Sc. Degree Examinations of the University of Calcutta held in 1933. The Scholarships take effect from 1st June 1933 :—

Name of scholar.	College from which graduated	Where tenable
One Burdwan Scholarship of Rs. 50 a month.		
Nikhil Nath Chakravarty	Presidency College.	Presidency College.
One Bird Scholarship of Rs. 40 a month.		
Syed Arshad Ali ..	Presidency College.	Presidency College.
One Hindu College Foundation Scholarship of Rs. 40 a month.		
Jyotirmoy Banorji ..	Presidency College.	Presidency College.
One Gopi Mohan Tagore Scholarship of Rs. 30 a month.		
Ramaranjan Bhattacharya.	Presidency College.	Presidency College.
Two Hindu College Foundation Scholarships of Rs. 25 each a month.		
1 Kedor Nath Chatterji	Presidency College.	Presidency College.
2 Sudhindra Nath Sen	Ditto ..	Ditto.

B. M. SEN,

Principal, Presidency College, Calcutta (offg.).

City and Guilds of London Institute Examinations.

NOTICE.

Calcutta, the 7th November 1933.

The Annual Technological Examinations of the City and Guilds of London Institute will be held at Serampore, Dacca, Jamshedpur, Berhampore and Calcutta in April and May 1934. The exact dates will be announced later in the *Calcutta Gazette*. Candidates desiring to appear at any of the examinations should apply for registration forms, stating the subject or subjects in which they desire to appear. A fee of Rs. 6 has to be paid for each section or grade of a subject, and applications with fees must reach the office of the Secretary not later than the 6th January 1934. The fee will, in no case, be refunded.

All communications should be addressed to the Secretary, City and Guilds Examination Committee, Department of Industries, Bengal, 40/1A, Free School Street, Calcutta.

ADINATH SEN, *Secretary,*

City and Guilds Examination Committee, Bengal.

Education Department, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 8th November 1933.

The following syllabus of studies and text-books are prescribed or recommended for Class VI of Madrasahs under the reformed scheme for the session 1934:—

ARABIC.

Reading (including Principles of Islam).

Books prescribed.

(i) Madarijul Q'rah.—Pieces from "Azzebu Wal Kharufu" to "Fawaid-i-Fi-Asmaai Aazai Jismil Insani".

(ii) Ad-Durratul Abbasiah (Cairo).—The course should include simple moral lessons from the Qoran applicable to the formation of character.

Grammar and Composition.

Mubadiul Arabiah, Part III (As-Sanatus Saniah). Translated into Urdu.

URDU (*Compulsory*).

Intikhab-i-Habib (Moallimut Tahzib, Part III).—First 40 pages of prose and first 10 pages of poetry.

ENGLISH.

Book prescribed.

Kohinoor Readers (Third Reader), whole, by Altaf Husain (Kohinoor Library, Dacca).

Grammar.

Book prescribed.

A Practical English Grammar, by Khan Bahadur Abdur Rahman Khan.

Anglo-Urdu.

An Introductory English Grammar—Urdu, by Rowe and Webb (S. K. Lahiri & Co., Calcutta).

Translation and Composition.

Junior English Translation with Lessons and Exercises in Composition, by A. Wadud (Tajmahal Library, Dacca).

Anglo-Urdu.

Junior Self-teaching Translation, by Syed Muzaffaruddin (Syed Zahir Ullah Nadir, Bankipur).

ARITHMETIC.

Fractions, L.C.M., G.C.M., Decimals, Practice, Square measure. Simple cases of Unitary method, Percentages, Profit and loss. Problems. Subhankari—Serkasha, Monkasha and Mashmahina.

Books recommended.

Nimna Ganitsar, Part II, by Abul Hossain (Modern Library, Dacca); or

Nimna Ganit, Part II, by Khan Bahadur Abdur Rahman Khan (Provincial Library, Dacca); or

Saral Patiganit, by Abdus Samad (Indubhusan Dutt, Dacca); or

Nutan Patiganit, Part II, by Khan Bahadur Kazi Imdadul Huq (Students' Library, Dacca).

ARITHMETIC (IN URDU).

Hisab-ki-Chhati Kitab, by Khwajah Dilhud (Anjuman Hemayet Islam, Lahore).

HISTORY.

(Omitting Hindu and English Periods.)

Books recommended.

Bharater Itihas—pages 67 to 168—by Khan Bahadur Ahsanullah (Empire Book House, Calcutta); or

Saral Aitihasik Path, Part II—pages 72 to 178—by Khan Bahadur Kazi Imdadul Huq (Students' Library, Dacca); or

Aitihasik Sandarva—pages 55 to 167—by Khan Bahadur Daliluddin Ahmad (Bhupendranath Ghose, Dacca); or

Itihas Manjari—pages 60 to 170—by Muhammad Shahidullah (Provincial Library, Dacca).

GEOGRAPHY.

Elementary ideas about the Geography of the British Empire. Broad regional survey of Asia. Contrasts with other continents. Simple ideas about latitude and temperature. Rainfall and its causes. The Zones of temperature. Map reading and map drawing especially in connection with Asia and India. Daily reading and observation of the thermometer and the rain-gauge. Routes to Mecca, Medina, Baghdad, London, etc.

Books recommended.

Bhugol Brittanta, by Khan Bahadur Daliluddin Ahmad (Victoria Library, Dacca); or

Bhugol Path, Part II, by Abul Hossain (Modern Library, Dacca); or

Bhougolik Siksha, Part II, by Baidyanath Chatterji (S. B. Chatterji & Sons, Calcutta).

GEOGRAPHY (IN URDU).

Ansani Jugraphia, Part II, Abdul Hakim (Anjuman Hemayet Islam, Lahore).

VERNACULAR (BENGALI).

Book prescribed.

Sahitya Parimal, Part III, by Muhammad Abdur Rashid (Kazi Md. Basir, Dacca).

Grammar.

Books recommended.

Saral Bangla Vyakaran, by Fazilutunnessa (Empire Book House, Calcutta); or

Vyakaran Manjari, by Dr. Md. Shahidullah (Provincial Library, Dacca).

Composition.

Books recommended.

Byabaharik Rachana Siksha, by Khan Bahadur Abdur Rahman Khan and Akshay Kumar Ray (Dacca Library, Dacca); or

Prathamik Bangla Rachana Siksha, by M. Yasin Ali Khan (Islamia Library, Dacca).

VERNACULAR (URDU).

Book prescribed.

Ganjina-i-Akhlaq, Part II, by Pir Gholam Dastgir (Akbar-i-Talim, Lahore).

HYGIENE.

Books recommended.

Swastha Palan, Part II, by Dr. Moslehuddin Ahmad and Abdul Hakim (Islamia Library, Dacca); or

Swastha Suhrid, Part II, by Dr. Bazlur Rahman (Modern Library, Dacca).

DRILL (FOR TEACHERS)

Physical Training Programmes, by J. Buchanan (Longmans, Green & Co., Ltd., Calcutta); or

Byayam Siksha, Parts I and II, by Subodh Chandra Sen and Banagopal Mitra (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Calcutta).

N. B.—The Junior Madrasah Examination will, as heretofore, be held in Arabic (including Principles of Islam), English, Vernacular (Bengali or Urdu), Arithmetic, History and Geography.

No examination will be held in the subjects of Urdu (compulsory), Hygiene or Drill. Provision, however, should be made for the teaching of these subjects as indicated in the syllabus.

The authors and publishers concerned are hereby informed that the books prescribed above will not necessarily be approved for use in Madrasahs after December 1934.

Books for the lower classes of Junior Madrasahs may be chosen from the general list of books approved for Secondary Schools or from the list of books previously approved for use in Junior Madrasahs.

J. M. BOTTOMLEY,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal (offg.).

Council of Post-Graduate Teaching in Arts, University of Calcutta.

Asutosh Building, the 18th September 1933.

M.A. EXAMINATION, 1935.

English.

Common Papers for Groups A and B.

Paper I.

1. (a) *General History of English Literature.*

The following outlines, not meant to be exhaustive, are given as an indication of the topics and authors requiring particular attention —

I Old English Literature.

The Anglo-Saxon Conquest : Racial Characteristics.
Old English Heroic Poetry *Beowulf*
Old English Personal Poetry
Conversion of the Anglo-Saxons its influence on literature Cædmon Cynewulf and his school
Old English Prose Alfred *Anglo-Saxon Chronicle*
Decay of Old English Literature : Later heroic verse

II Middle English Literature.

The Influence of the Norman Conquest
Main Currents in Middle English Literature
Old Traditions Mediaeval Christianity Scholastic Philosophy. Norman Chivalry Latin, Celtic and Saracen influences French influence
Characteristic works Geofrey's *Historia*, Orm's *Ormulum*. Layamon's *Brut*, *Ancren Riwle*, *The Owl and the Nightingale*.
The Metrical Romance The Arthurian Legend The Allegory Fourteenth Century Alliterative Verse *Piers the Plowman*
Chaucer and his school Stagnation after Chaucer. Scottish Poets
Origins of the English Drama
Middle English Lyrics Ballads
Origins of English Prose Wycliffe. Mandeville. Malory

III Elizabethan Literature

The Renaissance The Reformation Translation of the Bible
Classical and continental influences. The Translations New prose and poetic forms The Pastoral Convention
Poetry . Wyatt and Surrey Tottel's *Miscellany* Elizabethan *Miscellanies* and *Song Books* Sonnets Satire *A Mirror for Magistrates*. Spenser Metaphysical Poetry Donne Caroline Poetry. Milton
Prose. Chronicles and Travels. Pamphlets Prose Romances and Novellas. Sidney. Lyly : Euphuism Bacon The Theologians. Hooker. Jeremy Taylor Sir Thomas Browne Burton Milton
The Drama First Regular Tragedy and Comedy. Classical Influence. The Elizabethan Stage
Shakespeare's predecessors Lyly Marlowe
Shakespeare
Elizabethan Drama. Ben Jonson Webster. Beaumont and Fletcher. Decay of Elizabethan Drama. Ford.

IV. Restoration and 18th Century Literature.

French Influence. Pseudo-Classicism.
Social Changes. Condition of Authorship.
Poetry : Statiric and Didactic Poetry. The Heroic Couplet.
Dryden. Samuel Butler. Pope. Gay.
Prose : Rationalistic Movement. The Royal Society.
Criticism.

The Periodical and the Essay. The Novel. Letters and Diaries. History.
John Bunyan Locke. Dryden. Addison. Steele. Swift. Defoe. Richardson. Fielding Smollet. Sterne. Goldsmith.
Johnson. Burke. Hume. Gibbon. Boswell.
The Drama : Heroic Tragedy. Dryden. Otway.
Restoration and 18th Century Comedy. Congreve. Sheridan. Goldsmith.

V. Romantic Revival.

Return to Nature. Return to the Past. Renaissance of Wonder.
The French Revolution
The Transcendental Movement
Mediaevalism.
Changes in Poetic forms. Lyrical Revival.
Precursors : Thomson Gray. Collins. Cowper. Blake. Burns. Percy's *Reliques*.
Poetry : Scott. Wordsworth Coleridge Byron. Shelley. Keats.
Prose : Criticism, Old and New The Reviewers. Coleridge. Hazlitt.
The Essay : Lamb De Quincey. Landor.
The Novel : Romances of Terror and Mystery. The Historical Novel. Scott. Austen.

VI. Victorian Literature.

The Democratic Movement. The Utilitarian Movement. Aesthetic and Spiritual Reactions The Scientific Movement. Conflict between Science and Religion.
Poetry . Tennyson Browning Mrs. Browning The Pre-Raphaelites. Matthew Arnold Swinburne
Prose · Carlyle. Ruskin. The Oxford Movement. Newman.
J.S. Mill. Macaulay. Froude. Matthew Arnold.
The Novel : Dickens Thackeray. Charlotte Bronte. George Eliot. Stevenson Meredith. Hardy

VII. Post-Victorian Literature.

The Propagandist Note Continental Influences.
Poetry · The Victorian Tradition The Celtic Movement. Yeats Kipling
The Novel . H G Wells Conrad Arnold Bennet.
The Drama : Bernard Shaw. Galsworthy.
The Essay : Criticism, Journalism.
The following text-books are recommended for study as indicating the standard of knowledge to be expected from the candidates :--

(*a*) *For Preliminary reading* :

A Primer of English Literature by Stopford Brooke (Latest Ed.).

(*b*) *For General knowledge* .

A Short History of English Literature (Saintsbury).
A History of English Literature (Compton Rickett).
A History of English Literature (Legouis and Cazamian).

(*c*) *For a more detailed study of Periods and Movements* :

Handbooks of English Literature (The Age Series), edited by Prof. Hales.
History of English Literature in 6 Vols. (Published by Macmillan & Co.).
English Literature during the last Half Century (J. W. Cunliffe).
English Literature, 1880-1895 (Kennedy).

(*d*) *For consultation and reference* :

The Cambridge History of English Literature.
A History of English Poetry (Courthope).
The Channels of English Literature (published by J. M. Dent & Sons).

(e) *For first-hand study of the more important authors*:

Ward's English Poets, 5 Vols.
Craik's English Prose, 5 Vols.
Mermaid Series of English Plays (Ed. Havelock Ellis).
Oxford Treasury of Prose and Verse.

1 (b). History of the English Language (for "A" Group students).

The Indo-European Speech Family The Geramanic Branch—Place of English in this Branch - Periods in the History of the English Language with their characteristics - Old English, Middle English and New or Modern English.

Modern English Sounds and Orthography—Outline History of the English Sounds and Inflexions in the Old, Middle and New English periods.

The Vocabulary of English—The Native Element - The Foreign Elements English Semantics.

Books prescribed -

O. F. Emerson—The History of the English Language (Macmillan).

Or

1 (b) Principles of Criticism (for "B" Group students).

Literature as interpretation of life -Types of Literature, The Epic, The Lyric; The Drama; The Novel. Minor Types—Form and Matter of Literature—Schools of Criticism; Classicism and Romanticism- Art and Morality - Literature and Science Personality in Literature—Literature and Environment.

Books prescribed—

Hudson—Introduction to the Study of Literature.
Worsfold—Judgment in Literature.

Paper II—Drama.

Shakespeare Antony and Cleopatra. Othello. Measure for Measure.
Ben Jonson. The Alchemist.
Dryden—All for Love.

Paper III- Poetry.

Chaucer - Prologue to the Canterbury Tales.
17th Century Verse (Massingham—G.T S.) - Select pieces.

(All the poems of Joseph Beaumont, Alexander Brome, Richard Brome, Robert Burton, Thomas Carew, Abraham Cowley, Richard Crashaw, John Donne, John Fletcher, Fulke Greville (Lord Brooke), William Habington, George Herbert, Richard Lovelace, Andrew Marvell, Francis Quarles, Sir John Suckling, Thomas Traherne, Henry Vaughan, James Shirley, Edmund Waller, Izaak Walton, George Wither; and the anonymous pieces numbered 327, 329, 337, 369, 376, 381, 382, 385, 391, 396).

Pope—Satires and Epistles. (Prologue to the Satires, To Mr. Fortesque, To Augustus.)

Browning—Men and Women (as in the Oxford edition of Browning's Works.)

Wordsworth—The Prelude.

Paper IV. Prose.

Bacon—The Advancement of Learning, Book II.
Burke—French Revolution.
Carlyle—Past and Present.
Lamb—Essays of Elia, Series I.

Group A.

Paper V, VI and VII.

Three papers to be chosen out of the following five of which at least two shall be from the first three.

(a) Selected period of Drama.

Elizabethan Drama.

The undermentioned authors are recommended for special study in their chief works as specified below ; but candidates will not be expected to show detailed knowledge of the texts named :—

Marlowe—Dr Faustus, Edward II, Tamburlaine.
Kyd The Spanish Tragedy.
Shakespeare Romeo and Juliet, Richard III, Julius Cæsar, King Lear, Hamlet, As You like it, Winter's Tale, Henry IV.
Ben Jonson Every Man in his Humour, Volpone, Sejanus.
Beaumont and Fletcher—Philaster, The Knight of the Burning Pestle, Maid's Tragedy.
Webster – Duchess of Malfi
Dekkar The Shoemaker's Holiday.
Ford The Broken Heart.

(b) Selected Period of Poetry

Early Nineteenth Century Poetry (1798-1832).
The undermentioned authors are recommended for special study in their chief works as specified below . but candidates will not be expected to show a detailed knowledge of the texts named :

Crabbe Selections (Muse's Library)
Wordsworth Prelude, Books I, II, XI, XII, XIII , Excursion, Book I. Selections (Grasmere Edition).
Coleridge –Selections by Stopford A Brooke, (Golden Book of Coleridge Dent). Byron Vision of Judgment ; Siege of Corinth, Manfred, Childe Harold's Pilgrimage, Don Juan (Books I and III).
Shelley Prometheus Unbound, Alastor, Epipsychidion The Witch of Atlas. Adonais. Selections (G. T.S.).
Keats - Hyperion, Eve of St. Agnes, Lamia. Isabella, Odes. Selections (Macmillan, English Literature Series).
Golden Treasury of Songs and Lyrics (Palgrave), Book IV.
Selections from English Poets, edited by Ward, Vol. IV.

(c) Selected Period of Prose.

Victorian Prose, 1835-1870.
The undermentioned authors are recommended for special study in their chief works as specified below ; but candidates will not be expected to show a detailed knowledge of the texts named :

Carlyle - Essays, Critical and Miscellaneous—Scott. Heroes and Hero Worship ; Past and Present.
Ruskin—Readings from Modern Painters (1843) (Nelson's Classics, extracts from Volumes II, III and IV), Unto the Last : The Crown of Wild Olive.
Matthew Arnold Essays in Criticism, Ist series, Culture and Anarchy.
Macaulay- Historical and Critical Essays -Southey's Edition of the Pilgrim's Progress ; Boswell's Life of Johnson ; William Pitt, Earl of Chatham (two Essays).
Newman –Selections from Newman (Longmans, Green and Co.)
Dickens –Pickwick Papers ; David Copperfield ; A Tale of two Cities.
Thackeray - Vanity Fair ; Newcomes ; Esmond.
George Eliot -Adam Bede ; Mill on the Floss ; Romola.
C. Brontë—Jane Eyre.
Mill –Utilitarianism.

(*d*) *Foreign Classic in Translation to be studied in relation to English Literature.*

The undermentioned authors are recommended for special study in their chief works as specified below ; but candidates will not be expected to show a detailed knowledge of the texts named : —

Æschylus (1) Prometheus Bound, (2) Agamemnon, (3) Choephoræ, (4) Eumenides.

Sophocles—(5) Oedipus the King, (6) Oedipus at Colonus, (7) Antigone, (8) Ajax, (9) Electra.

Euripedes—(10) Alcestis, (11) Medea, (12) Iphigenia in Tauris, (13) Electra, (14) Orestes.

Seneca—(15) Agamemnon, (16) Medea

(*e*) *History and Principles of Criticism (including a general study of literary types).*

For reference only—

Saintsbury—History of Criticism (in one volume).
Wylie—The Evolution of English Criticism.
Upham—The Typical Forms of English Literature.
Worsfold—Principles of Criticism.
Hudson An Introduction to the Study of Literature.

Books prescribed—

Plato—On Poetic Inspiration (Everyman) Ion Phædras.
Aristotle—Poetics (Byewater) with an introduction by Gilbert Murray
Sydney An Apologie for Poetry.
Dryden—The Essay of Dramatic Poesy and its Defence.
Wordsworth—Prefaces and Appendices (Oxford Edition).
Coleridge—Biographia Literaria (excluding chapters 5-9, and 12).
Shelley—Defence of Poetry.
Arnold—Essays in Criticism (Selected Essays) The Study of Poetry, Milton, Wordsworth, The Function of Criticism at the Present Time.
Oscar Wilde Intentions

Group B

Papers V, VI and VIII.

Three out of the following five courses, of which at least two must be from the first three :—

(*a*) *Old English and Grammar.*

Sweet. Anglo-Saxon Reader (Omitting pieces XII, XXVIII, XXX-XXXIV).

Sievers and Cook. Old English Grammar (Ginn).

(*b*) *Middle English.*

Morris. Specimens of Early English. Part I, omitting pieces III, IV, XI, XIII, XVII, XVIII.

Morris and Skeat. Specimens of Early English, Part II, omitting pieces I (B), II, VI, VIII, IX, XIII, XVII(B) and XIX.

Chaucer. The Prologue to the Canterbury Tales, The Knightes Tale ; The Nonne Preestes Tale , Troilus and Criseyde, Books I and II.

(*c*) *Teutonic Philology.*

Germanic Philology by R Lowe, tr. by J. D. Jones (George Allen & Co., London).

Wright. Old English Grammar (Oxford U P.).
H. C. Wyld. A Short History of English (Murray).
Morris. Outlines of English Accidence (Macmillan).
Kellner—Historical English Syntax (Macmillan).
Greenough and Kitteridge. Words and their Ways in the English Speech.

For reference—

Skeat. Principles of English Etymology. 2 Vols. (Oxford).
Oliphant Old and Middle English, Modern English (Macmillan).

(*d*) *Early German and French Classics.*

(*i*) The Poetic Edda —Bellows (American Scandinavian Foundations).
(*ii*) The Saga of the Volsungs. Tr. Morris (Scott Library).
(*iii*) Nibelungenlied. Tr. Margaret Armour (Everyman).
(*iv*) Chanson de Roland. Tr. Scott Moncrief (Chapman and Hall).
(*v*) Aucassin and Nicolette, with other Medieval Stories. Tr. Eugene Mason (Everyman).
(*vi*) Crestien de Troyes. Eric and Enid, etc. Tr. Eugene Mason (Everyman).
(*vii*) French Medieval Romances. Tr. Eugene Mason (Everyman).

For reference

O. Jiriczek Northern Hero Legends (Temple Cyclopaedic Primers).
Kaufmann Northern Mythology (Temple Cyclopaedic Primers).
Craigie. Icelandic Sagas (Cambridge Manuals).
Gaston Paris Medieval French Lit. (Temple Cyclopaedic Primers).
W. P. Ker. Epic and Romance.
Chadwick. The Heroic Age.
W. P. Ker The Dark Ages (Periods of Lit. Series Blackwood).
Saintsbury. The Flourishing of Romance and Allegory (Periods of Lit. Series Blackwood)

(*e*)

(*i*) Gothic—Wright. Grammar of the Gothic Language with selected texts (Oxford)

or

(*ii*) Old Norse -Sweet. Icelandic Primer with selected texts.

or

(*iii*) Old High German—Wright. Old High German Primer (Oxford).

Paper VIII.

Essay or Essays on subjects connected with the course

"In one of the first three papers (*a*), (*b*) and (*c*) in Group A and of the first two (*a*) and (*b*) in Group B, the Method of teaching and the questions set shall be such that candidates may concern themselves either with literature or with life and thought "

Sanskrit.

The course shall include the following :-

(The books prescribed for the first four papers are common to all the groups)

Paper I.

(*a*) Ashtaka I of the Rig-Veda, with Sayana's commentary thereon.
(*b*) Sayana's introduction to his commentary on the Rig-Veda.

Paper II.

Siddhanta Kaumudi (whole).

Paper III.

(*a*) and (*b*) Elements of Comparative Philology with special reference to the Indo-Iranian Languages and the growth of the Prakritic dialects.

The following books are recommended :—

Macdonell, A. A.- Vedic Grammar for Students (Oxford).
*Uhlenbeck, C. C.—A Manual of Sanskrit Phonetics (Luzac).
*Gune—Introduction to Comparative Philology (Poona).
*Taraporewala, I. J. S.—Elements of the Science of Language.

*Candidates are required to possess a thorough acquaintance with the books marked with an asterisk.

For reference only :—

Whitney—Sanskrit Grammar.
Dr. Prabhatchandra Chakravarti—Linguistic Speculations of the Hindus

(*c*) Sabda-Sakti-Prakasika From Sarthakalakshana to Samasa, both inclusive.

Paper IV.

Two essays (*a*) dealing with some subject connected with the history of Sanskrit literature generally ; (*b*) dealing with some subject connected with the history of the special department covered by the group taken up.

1. *Resolved*.—That the following text books be recommended for the M.A. Examination in Sanskrit 1935 :—

Papers V, VI, VII and VIII.

One of the following groups to be selected by the candidates : –

A —Literature

Paper V.— (*a*) Poetry text :—

Naishadha Charita Cantos I and XVII.
Kamandakiya Nitisara—Chapters 8, 9, 10 and 11 (pages 37-62) (Jivananda's edition)
Sukra Nitisara – Book IV—From Chapter VII up to the end
Mahabharata –Santiparva, Rajadharma, Chapters 56-60, 68, 69, 86, 88 (Pratap Ray's edition).
Sisupalavadha—Cantos 14, 15, with Mallinatha's Commentary

(*b*) Translation from English to Sanskrit.

Paper VI—(*a*) Drama Texts : Vikramorvasi, Mrichhakatika, Venisamhara, Karpurmanjuri, Malati Madhada, Vararuchi's Prakrita Prakasa, as is necessary for the appreciation of the Prakrit passages.

(*b*) Translation from English into Sanskrit

Paper VII—(*a*) Prose Texts : Subandhu's Vasavadatta, Harshacharita, Chapters 5 and 6

(*b*) Unseen passages in Sanskrit Prose for translation into English

Paper VIII. Rhetoric and Prosody, namely, Kavyaprakasa, Ekavali, Sarasvati-kanthabharana, Sahitya-Darpana and Chhandomanjari

(*b*) Unseen passages in Sanskrit Poetry for translation into English

B Vedas.

Paper V Yaska's Nirukta and Pingala's Chhandasutras with Halayudha's Vritti , Pratisakhya of the Rig-Veda with the commentary of Uvata

Paper VI. (*a*) Aitareya Brahmana with Sayana's commentary

(*b*) Simple unseen passages in Vedic Sanskrit for translation into classical Sanskrit.
The interpretation of any recognised Indian School will be accepted

Paper VII.- (*a*) Brihadaranyaka Upanishad, Chapters III and IV, Chhandogya, Chapters V, VI, VII and VIII with Sankarabhashya

(*b*) Simple Sanskrit unseen passages from any Upanishad for translation into English.

Paper VIII.—(*a*) Grihya Sutra—Gobhila with commentary.

(*b*) Translation from English into Sanskrit

C. -Mimamsa and Smriti.

Paper V.- (*a*) Mimamsa-Sutra with Sabara Bhashya, first three Chapters.

(*b*) Simple unseen Sanskrit passages from any treatise or commentary on the Mimamsa Philosophy, such as the Sloka-Varttika and the Tantra Varttika for translation into English.

For reference only.

Dr. Pasupatinath Sastri Introduction to the **Purva Mimamsa.**

Paper VI. (*a*) Jaiminiya **Nyayamalavistara and Mimamsa Nyayprakasa.**

(*b*) Simple unseen Sanskrit passages from any treatise or commentary on the Mimamsa Philosophy, such as the Mimamsa-Balaprakasa and the Tuptika for translation into English.

Paper VII- (*a*) Manu Samhita with Kulluka's Commentary.

Dharma-Sutras of Apastamba and Gautama with Haradatt's Commentary.

(*b*) Grihya-Sutra - Gobhila.

Paper VIII - (*a*) Yajnavalkya, Samhita with Vijnanesvara's Mitakshara. Parasara's Institutes with Madhava's Commentary.

(*b*) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

D.—Vedanta.

Paper V (*a*) Vedantasara (Jacob's edition), Panchadasi, Vedanta Paribhasha, Hastamalaka (with commentary), and Siddhantalesa.

(*b*) Simple unseen Sanskrit passages from any work on Vedanta Philosophy such as Vivaranaprameya-Sangraha for translation into English.

Paper VI Vedanta-Sutra with Sankara Bhashya.

(*b*) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

Paper VII. (*a*) Sribhashya (first four aphorisms).

(*b*) Advaita-Brahma-Siddhi.

Paper VIII (*a*) Bhagavadgita with Sankarabhashya : Chhandogya-Upanishad, Chapter VI ; Brihadaranyaka, Chapters III, IV ; Katha and Mandukya Upanishads, each with Sankara's Commentary.

(*b*) Passages for translation into English from the Anubhashya and the Saivabhashya

E.—Sankhya and Yoga.

Paper V. (*a*) Sankhya-Sutras of Kapila with Vritti of Aniruddha, Sankhya-Karika of Isvara-krishna with Bhashya of Gaudapada.

(*b*) Simple unseen Sanskrit passages from any treatise or commentary on the Sankhya Philosophy for translation into Sanskrit.

Paper VI (*a*) Sankhya Pravachana-Bhashya, Sankhya-Sara and Sankhya Tattvakaumudi.

(*b*) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

Paper VII. -(*a*) Yoga-Sutras of Patanjali with Bhashya of Vyasa and Vritti of Bhoja, Yoga-Varttika of Vijnana Bhikshu.

(*b*) Simple unseen Sanskrit passages from any treatise or commentary on the Yoga Philosophy for translation into English.

Paper VIII.—(*a*) Yogavasistha, Chapter on Vairagyaprakarana, Sarvadarsana Samgraha.

(*b*) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

F Nyaya and Vaiseshika.

Paper V. (*a*) Nyaya Sutras of Gautama with Bhashya of Vatsyayana, Varttika of Uddyotakara and Vritti of Visvanatha.

(*b*) Simple unseen Sanskrit passages from any treatise or commentary on Nyaya Philosophy for translation into English.

Paper VI.- (*a*) Nayamanjari of Jayanta Bhatta ; Khandanakhandakhadya of Sriharsha, Chapter I. Before the topic (Advaita Kimmanam).

(*b*) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

Paper VII.—(*a*) Bhashaparichchheda with Siddhantamuktavali; Kusumanjali of Udayanacharyya with the commentary of Ruchidatta and the gloss of Vardhamana.

(*b*) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

Paper VIII.—(*a*) Vaiseshika Sutras of Kanada, with Bhashya of Prasastapada ; Nyayakandali of Sridhara, and Vritti of Jayanarayana; Saptapadarthi of Sivaditya with Commentary of Yatindra Madhava.

(*b*) Simple unseen Sanskrit passages from any treatise or commentary on Vaiseshika Philosophy for translation into English.

G.—General Philosophy.

Paper V.—(*a*) Sankhya Sutras of Kapila with Vritti of Aniruddha, Sankhyatattva-Kaumudi. Yoga-Sutras of Patanjali with the Bhashya of Vyasa and Vritti of Bhoja.

(*b*) Simple unseen Sanskrit passages from any work on Philosophy for translation into English.

Paper VI.—(*a*) Nyaya Sutras of Gautama with Bhashya of Vatsyayana and Vritti of Visvanatha. Vaiseshika Sutras of Kanada with Bhashya of Prasastapada, and Nyaya-kandali of Sridhara.

(*b*) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

Paper VII.—(*a*) Vedantasara (Jacob's edition). Bhagavadgita with Sankarabhashya, Vedanta Sutra with Sankara's Commentary, Chapter I, Parts I and IV ; Chapter II, Part II.

(*b*) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

Paper VIII—(*a*) Nyayaratnamala of Parthasarathi Misra, Mimamsa Nyaya-Prakasa of Apodeva. Upanishads—Isa, Kena, Katha, Prasna, Munda, Mandukya and Svetasvetara, with Sankara's Commentary.

(*b*) Simple unseen Sanskrit passages from any work of Philosophy for translation into English.

H.—Prakrit.

Paper V. (*a*) Prasna Vyakarana, Vipakasutra.

(*b*) Translation from English into Sanskrit (or Prakrit at the option of the candidates)

Paper VI—(*a*) Prakrit portions of the following dramas : -

Sakuntala, Vikramorvasi, Malavikagnimitra, Uttaracharita, Malatimadhava Mahaviracharita, Mrichchhakatika, Mudrarakshasa, Ratnavali, Karpuramanjari, Venisamhara.

(*b*) Translation from Sanskrit into Prakrit.

Paper VII. -(*a*) Setubandha, Gaudavaho, Kumarpalacharita, together with a general knowledge of Prakrita Paingala.

(*b*) Simple unseen passages in Prakrit for translation into English.

Paper VIII.—(*a*) Prakrit grammar as in Vararuchi's Prakrita-Prakasa (Cowell), Chanda's Prakrita Lakshana (Hoernle), Hemachandra (Dischel). Candidates are also expected to be familiar with the substances of Hoernle's Grammar of the Gaudian language.

(*b*) Simple unseen passages in Prakrit for translation into Sanskrit.

I.—Epigraphy and History.

Paper V.—(*a*) Rajtarangini and its continuation with Stein's introduction and commentary.

(*b*) Unseen passages in Sanskrit for translation into English.

Paper VI. - Inscription of Asoka.

(*b*) Early Indian Alphabets.

Paper VII—

A. Selections from Epigraphia Indica : (A thorough knowledge of the Scripts of A and B will be expected).

(1) Junagadh Rock inscription of Rudradaman of the year 72 (Vol. VIII, No. 6).
(2) Hirahadagali grant of the Pallava King Sivaskandavarman (Vol. I, No. 1).
(3) Banskhera Plate of Harsa (Vol. IV, No. 29).

(4) Fanjam plates of the time of Sasankaraja (Vol. VI, No. 14).
(5) Khalimpur plate of Dharmapaladeva (Vol. IV, No. 34).
(6) Belava copper plate of Bhojavarmadeva (Vol. XII, No. 8).
(7) Rampal plate of Srichandradeva (Vol. XII, No. 18).
(8) The five Damodarpur copper plates of the Gupta period (Vol. XV, No. 7, see also Vol. XVII, No. 13A).
(9) Karmadanda inscription of the reign of Kumargupta (Vol. X, No. 15).
(10) Barrackpore grant of Vijayasena (Vol. XV, No. 15).
(11) Ghasundi Stone Inscription (Vol. XVI, No. 6).
(12) Harsa Inscription of Isanavarman (Vol. XIV, No. 5).
(13) Aihole inscription of Pulikesin II (Vol. VI, No. 1).
(14) Paithan plates of Gobinda III (Vol. III, No. 17).
(15) Tirumalai Rock inscription of Rajendrachola I, Vol. IX, No. 31 (translation only).
(16) Nasik Prasasti of Gautami-putra Satakarni.
(17) Gadag Inscription of Bhillama (Vol. III, No. 30).
(18) Gadag Inscription of Vira-Ballala II (Vol. VI, No. 10).
(19) Saheth Naheth plate of Govinda Chandra (Vol. XI, No. 3).
(20) Partabgarh Inscription of Mahendrapala II (Vol. XIV, No. 13).
(21) Poona plates of Pravabati (Vol. XV, No. 4).
(22) Gwalior Inscriptions of Bhojadeva (Vol. XVIII, No. 13).
(23) Udayambakam Grant of Krishnadeva Raya (Vol. XIV, No. 12).

B. Fleet. Corpus Inscriptionum Indicarum (Vol. III, Nos. 1, 5, 6, 10, 11, 13-20, 32-37).

C Prachina-Lekha-Mala—

Sangali Plates of Gobinda IV (No. 6).
Bhagalpur Plate of Narayanpal (No. 29).
Ilichpur grant of Pravarasena II (No. 85).
Baidyanath Prachasti (No. 95).
Bilhari Inscription (No. 104).
Deopara Inscription of Vijaysen (No. 105).

Paper VIII. -(*a*) Ancient Geography of India.

The following books are recommended :-

Cambridge History of India, Vol. I (Chapter on the Rig Vedic and later Samhita periods).
Cunningham —Ancient Geography of India.
Rajasekhara -Kavya Mimamsa (Desavibhaga Section).
Pargiter Translation of the Markandeya Purana (Bhuvanakosha only).

(*b*) Translation from English into Sanskrit.

Resolved--That no group be abolished and provisions for teaching in groups A, B, C, D, E and F be made for 1932-33.

(2) As the teaching of Group I involves no additional financial liability the Board recommends that the teaching arrangements for this group be made from the next session (1933-34).

PALI.

Compulsory.

Paper I.

1. Dīgha Nikāya—

Brahmajāla Sutta.
Sāmaññaphala-Sutta.
Ambaṭṭha-Sutta.
Singālovāda-Suttanta.

2. Majjhima Nikāya -Suttas 1-15.
3. Samyutta Nikāya- Devatā and Kosala Samyuttas only.
4. Anguttara Nikāya -The following portions :—

Part II : §§ 21-40 (pp. 20-44), § 183 (pp. 172-73) and §§ 185-86 (pp. 176-79).

Part III : §§ CXXXIII (pp. 149-51) and §§ CXCI-CXCII (pp. 221 230).

N B.—Candidates will have to be acquainted with the following Suttas : Cakkavattisīhanāda Sutta (D.N.), Ariyapariyesana Sutta and Assalāyana Sutta (M.N.).

Paper II.

1. Mahāvagga of the Vinaya Piṭaka (Oldenberg's Edition), pages 1-156.
2. Bhikkhu-Pātimokkha —(Edited by Vidhushekhar Sastri).
3. Prātimokṣa Sūtra of the Sarvāstivāda sect (Edited by L. Finot, Journal Asiatique).
4. Bodhisattva Prātimokṣa-sūtra (Edited by N. Dutt).
5. Kammavācā.

Paper III.

1. Vuttodaya (Ed. Sīlakkhanda, Nirnaya Sagar Press, Bombay).
2. Kaccāyana --(Edited by S. C. Vidyabhusana).
3. Vararuci—Prākrita Prakāśa (Edited by Basantakumar Chatterji).
4. Müller—Pali Grammar.
5. Woolner—Introduction to Prakrit.
6. Gune—Comparative Philology (Poona).

The following books are recommended for reference only :—

Barua and Mitra -Prakrit Dhammapada.
Geiger -Pali Literatur und Sprache.
S K. Chatterji—Origin and Development of the Bengali Language (Introduction only).
P. C. Chakrabarti—Philosophy of Sanskrit Grammar

N.B. -The course in Pali and Prakrit Philology includes Indo-European family of languages, the Aryan Branch- History of Sanskrit and Prakrit dialects Development of Pali sounds and inflections- Pali with reference to Sanskrit and Indo-European.

Paper IV.

1. Rhys Davids Buddhist India.
2. N. Dutt Early History of the Spread of Buddhism and the Buddhist Schools.
3 N. Dutt Some Aspects of Mahayana in relation to Hinayana (Chapters I, II, IV and V).
4. Winternitz -Geschichte der indischen Literatur, Vol. II.
5. Inscriptions of Asoka (in translation only).
6. E. J. Thomas Life of the Buddha.
7. Eliot Hinduism and Buddhism, Vols. II and III.

The following books are recommended for reference only :—

Malalasekera Pali Literature of Ceylon.
Mabel Bode Pali Literature in Burma.
Hoernle—Manuscript Remains of Buddhist Literature found in Eastern Turkestan, Vol. I.
Law—Life and Work of Buddhaghosa.
H. C. Raychaudhuri -Political History of Ancient India (3rd Ed.—from Bimbisara to Kanishka).

Optional Groups.

[In addition to the Compulsory Papers, candidates will have to offer *one* of the following Groups.]

GROUP A.—LITERATURE.

Paper V.

1. Jātakas and Legends of the Buddha forming the literary basis of the Barhut and Sāñci sculptures.
2. Rhys Davids—Buddhist Birth-stories (Introduction only).
3. Fick—Social Organisation in N. E. India.

The following books are recommended for reference only :—

Petavatthu and Vimānavatthu.

Paper VI.

1. Theragāthā, pp. 87-115.
2. Therīgāthā, pp. 143-174 (with commentary).
3. Sutta Nipāta (Bapat's edition)—Aṭṭhaka and Pārāyana Vaggas only.
4. Visuddhimagga (Chapters XIV-XIX).
5. Milindapañha (Trenckner's edition), pp. 242-271, 284-301, 313-362.

Paper VII.

1. Inscriptions of Asoka (in the original) with special reference to Pali language and literature
2. Barhut Inscriptions (Barua and Sinha), with special reference to Pali language and literature
3. Sāñchi Stūpa Inscriptions (Epigraphia Indica, Vol. II), with special reference to Pali language and literature.
4. Brāhmī Inscriptions in the Udayagiri and Khaṇḍagiri Caves (Barua's edition), with special reference to Pali language and literature.
5. Brāhmī Inscriptions on the Bodh-Gaya Stone-railing (Barua's edition in the Indian Historical Quarterly, Vol. VI, No. 1).
6. Nāsik Praśasti of Gautamī-putra Sātakarṇi.

Paper VIII.

A. Essays.
B. Unseens.

GROUP B.—PHILOSOPHY.

Paper V.

1. Dhammasaṅgani.
2. Atthasālinī (P. T. S.), pages 1-136.
3. Vibhanga (P. T. S), pages 1-100

Paper VI.

1. Netti-Pakarana.
2. Abhidhammattha-Sangaha.
3. Abhidhammāvatāra.

Paper VII.

1. Kathāvatthu (P. T. S.), Vol. I, pages 1-103, with Commentary.
2. Dukapaṭṭhāna.

Paper VIII.

A. Essays.
B. Unseens.

GROUP C. EPIGRAPHY AND HISTORY.

Paper V.

1. Mahāvamsa (Geiger's edition), Chapters I-XX.
2. Sāsanavamsa (P. T. S. edition)—Suvaṇṇabhūmi and Aparanta.
3. Mabel Bode—Pali Literature in Burma.

Paper VI.

1. Inscriptions of Asoka (in the original), with special reference to Pali language and literature.
2. Inscriptions of Dasaratha, with special reference to Pali literature.
3. Piprahwa Vase Inscription, with special reference to Pali literature.
4. Sohgaura Copper Plate Inscription, with special reference to Pali literature.

Paper VII.

1. Old Brāhmī Inscriptions in the Udayagiri and Khandagiri Caves (Barua's edition).

2. Inscriptions of the Scythian and Sātavāhana Dynasties :--

(i) Mathura Lion Capital Inscription.
(ii) Amohini Votive tablet.
(iii) Taxila plate of Moga and Patika.
(iv) Junagadh Rock Inscription of Rudramān
(v) Panjtar Inscription
(vi) Taxila Scroll Inscription.
(vii) Sarnath Inscription of the time of Kanishka
(viii) Zeda Inscription.
(ix) Manikiala Inscription.
(x) Sue Vihar Inscription
(xi) Wardak Vase Inscription
(xii) Nanaghat Inscriptions
(xiii) Nasik Inscriptions of Gautamīputra Sātakarni and Pulumayi.
(xiv) Kanheri Inscriptions of Vāsisthiputra Sātakarnī

3. Inscriptions of the Imperial Guptas :—

(i) Allahabad Pillar Inscription of Samudra-Gupta, II
(ii) Sāñchi and Udayagiri Inscriptions of Chandra-Gupta, II.
(iii) Bilsad Mankuwar and Karardande Dhanaidaha Inscriptions of Kumāra-Gupta, I
(iv) Bhitari, Junagadh, Kahaum and Indore Inscriptions of Skanda-Gupta.
(v) The Damodarpur Plates
(vi) The Mandasor Inscriptions of Kumāra-Gupta, Bandhuvarman and Yasodharman.
(vii) Bodh-Gaya Inscriptions of Mahānāman

Paper VIII.

1. Cunningham—Ancient Geography of India (published by Chakravarti, Chatterjee & Co).

The following books are recommended for reference only :—

(1) Pargiter—Translation of the Mārkandeya Purāna (*Bhuvanakosha* only).
(2) Marshall—A Guide to Taxila
(3) Marshall—A Guide to Sanchi.
(4) Sahni -A Guide to Sarnath.
(5) Foucher—Notes on the Geography of Gandhara.
(6) Legge—The Travels of Fa-Hien.
(7) Watters Yuan Chwang, 2 Vols
(8) Reports of the Archæological Survey of India about Taxila, Isipatana, Vesali, Savatthi, Rajagaha, Kusinara, Kapilavathu and Nalanda
(9) Raychaudhuri -Mountain System of the Purānas (C U Journal of the Dept of Letters, Vol. 19)
(10) Raychaudhuri—India in Paurānic Cosmography (C U Journal of the Dept of Letters, Vol 19)
(11) Raychaudhuri—Studies in Indian Antiquities (Geographical sections).

GROUP D.—MAHĀYĀNA LITERATURE AND PHILOSOPHY.

Paper V.

1. Lalita-vistara (first eight chapters).
2. Aśvaghosha—Buddhacarita (Chapters 1-13)
3. Sāntideva—Bodhicaryāvatāra (last chapter only)

Paper VI.

1. Mādhyamika Kārikā with Vṛtti of Candrakīrti (Chaps. I, XXIII-XXVI).
2. Lankāvatāra Sūtra (Bunyiu Nanjio's Edition, first five Chaps. only).
3. Vijñaptimātratāsiddhi (Trimśikā only), with commentary.

Paper VII.

1. Nyāyabindu with the Tikā of Dharmottara.
2. Sarvadarsana-sangraha (portion dealing with Buddhist Philosophy only).

The following book is recommended for reference only—

Vidyabhusana History of Indian Logic (Buddhist Logic only).

Paper VIII.

A (i) Kielhorn Sanskrit Grammar.

(ii) Macdonnell Sanskrit Grammar.

B. Essay.

Arabic.

I. The M A. Course in Arabic shall be divided into six groups.
II The first four papers of all the groups shall be identical and shall cover the following subjects :

Compulsory Papers.

Paper I History of Islam in Arabia and Persia and in Mediterranean countries 100

Books recommended -

1. Tarikhu Abil Fida—Vols. I-II.
2. A History of the Islamic Peoples (Khuda Bukhsh).
3 A History of the Saracens (Amir Ali).
4. al-Mawa'iz wa'l-Itibar fi dhikri-l-Khitat wal-Athar (al-Maqerizi).
5. Tarikhu'l-Islam (Farid Wajdi).

Paper II—(*i*) History of the Arabic Language 30

The course in the History of the Arabic Language includes the following topics .

The General Characteristics of the Semitic Family of Speech -Their Classification The Grouping of the Semitic Languages—Elements of the History of the Sounds and inflexions of Arabic in the Pre-Islamic and Classical Periods

(*ii*) History of Arabic Literature 70

Books recommended -

1. Tarikul-l-Lughatil-Arabiya (al-Rafi).
2 A Literary History of the Arabs (Nicholson).
3 A History of Arabic Literature (Cl. Huart).
4 Falsafatul-Lughatil-Arabiya (J. Zaydan).
5. Article on Semitic Languages in the Ency. Britt (9th Ed.) (by Th. Noldeke).
6. Semitischen Sprachen (Th. Nöldeke).

Paper III (*i*) Arabic Grammar 30

(*ii*) Rhetoric and Prosody 30

(*iii*) Translation of Unseen passages from Arabic into English and *vice versa* 40

Books recommended—

1. Arabic Grammar by Palmer.
2. al-Mufassal by al-Zamakhshari.
3. Dalailu'l-Ijaz by al-Jurjani.
4. Muhitu'l-Daira.
5. Ilmu'l-Adab.
6. Iqdu'l Juman.

Paper IV—(*i*) Modern Arabic—

(*a*) Prose, and (*b*) Poetry	50
(*ii*) Essay on a subject connected with the compulsory papers ..	50

Books prescribed—

1 Fatatu-Ghassan.
2. Al-Shu'ara'ul-Thalātha.

The following poems only :—

1. Ayatul'asr.
2. Kibar-o-Hawadith, etc.
3. Aya Sufiya.
4. Almar'atul Uthmaniya.
5. Munajatul Ahram.
6. Ya Layhe-s-Sah.
7. Taiful Hadib.
8. 'Ibratud-Dahr.
9. Abul Hawl.
10. Wasful A'stana.
11. Tolstoi and Al-ma'asri.
12. Arrihla Ila Al Andulus.

III. The remaining papers shall be taken from one of the following groups to be selected by the candidates :—

GROUP A.

Literature.

Paper V—Text—Pre-Islamic Poetry	100

Books prescribed—

1. The Diwan of Zuhayr.
2. The Lamiyatu'l-Arab (by al-Shanfara).

Paper VI—Text—Post-Islamic Poetry	100

Books prescribed—

1. The Diwan of Mulim b al-Walid (Sariu'l-Ghawani).
2. The Lamiyatul-Ajam (al-Tughrai).

Paper VII—Text—Literary Criticism	100

Books prescribed—

1. Kitabu'l-Shiri Wal-Shuara—Introduction.
2. Naqdu'l-Shir (by Ibn Qudama).
3. Al-Bayan-u-wat Tabjin (1st 100 pages of Vol. I, Beyrut Ed.)

Paper VIII—Text—Prose	100

(*i*) Rhymed.
(*ii*) Unrhymed.

Books prescribed—

1. The Maqumat of al-Hariri (First five Mapamat).
2. The Rannatul Mathalith-i-wal-Mathani (First half of Vol. I).

GROUP B.

History.

Paper V—Philosophy of History	100

Text Prescribed—

The Prolegomena of Ibn Khaldun, from the beginning up to the end of Section 37.

Paper VI—Early Caleiphate Umayyads and Abbasids .. 100

Text prescribed

1. al-Akhbaru'l Tiwal (From the birth of the Prophet Muhammad up to the end pp 75-402— European Edition).
2. Kitabul Fakhri

Paper VII Muslims in Spain 100

Text prescribed —

Nafhu'l-Tib Vol. I - Chaps. 2, 3 and 4

Paper VIII A special period in the History of Islam to be prescribed every year by the Board

For the Examination of 1934 and of 1935 the following period have been fixed :

The Fatimide period of the History of Egypt to the end of 1036 A.D.
Books recommended (for the Examination, 1933-34) : —

1. Al-kamil by Ibnul-Athir | Chapters relating to the above period.
2. The History by Ibn Khaldun |
3. Geschichte der Fatimiden by Wustenfeld.

Group C.

The Quran and the Tafsir.

Paper V Text from the Quran 100

(*i*) Sura Maida.
(*ii*) Sura Yusuf.
(*iii*) Sura Najm

Paper VI Text—Tafsir.
The Tafsir by al-Baydawi-Sura Ali Imran.

Paper VII -Quranic Sciences 100

Books recommended—

(*i*) al-Itqan by al-Suyuti.
(*ii*) al-Fauzu'l-Kabir.

Paper VIII—History of the Interpretation of the Quran .. 100

Books recommended —

1. al-Fihrist (by Ibnu'l Nadim).
   Discourse I. Section 3 (on the Quran)
2. Geschichte des Qurans (by Nöldeke).
3. Translation of the Quran (by Muhammad Ali) Preface only.
4. Canon Sell's Recensions of the Quran Introduction only.
5. Die Richtungen der Islamischen Koranauslegung, by Goldziher.

Group D.

Hadith.

Paper V—Text 100

Books prescribed—

(*i*) The Sahih of al-Bukhari—Chapters on Fadail of the Quran, on Sulh on Adab on Itisam.

Papers VI—Text -

Books prescribed -

(*i*) Jami of al-Tirmidhi -Chapters on Birr and Sila, on Ilm and on Siyar.
(*ii*) Muatta of Imam Malik, up to the beginning of Kitabul-nikah.

Paper VII—Usul-i-Hadith including the Maudu'at.

Books recommended—

(*i*) Nukhbatu'l-Fikar.
(*ii*) Muqddamatu Ibni Salah.
(*iii*) Alfiya by al-Iraqi.
(*iv*) Mauduat by Mulla Ali Qari.

Paper VIII—The History of the Development of the Science of Hadith 100

Books recommended -

(1) Tarikhul-Lughatil-Arabiya (Parts dealing with the Hadith)
(2) Muhammedanische Studien, Vol II, Kapitel I-VIII.
(3) The Traditions of Islam.
(4) Muqddama of Ibn Khaldun (Chapters on the Science of Hadith).
(5) Ibn Khallikan -Articles on prominent Muhaddithun.
(6) al-Ikmal.

Group E.

Ilmul' Kalam and Philosophy.

For the Examinations of 1934 and of 1935 -

Paper V—al-Falsaftu-Ishraqiya 100

Text prescribed

(1) Hayakilu'l-Nur

Paper VI—al-Falsafatul-Mashshaiya 100

Text prescribed—

(1) al-Najat

Paper VII—Ilmu'l-Kalam 100

Text prescribed -

(1) Al-Muhassal by al-Razi from Rukn 3 up to the end

Paper VIII- History of Muslim Philosophy and Ilmu'l Kalam 100

Books recommended—

(1) History of Philosophy in Islam (by Dr. T. J. de Boer).
(2) Histoire de la Philosophie Medievale (by Maurice de Wulf).
(3) Entwicklung der Arabischen una Judischen Philosophie im Mittel alter (by Pollak), pp. 196-286, 433-459.
(4) al-Kalam by Shibli.
Ilmu'l-Kalam by Shibli

Group F.

Philosophy and Grammar.

Only such students will be allowed to take up this Group as have passed B.A. Examination with Honours in Arabic or any other Examination equivalent to it or M.A. Examinaton in any other Group in Arabic.

Paper V—(*i*) Arabic Grammar 50

(*ii*) Linguistic theories of the Arab Grammarians 50

Books recommended--

1 Arabic Grammar by W. Wright (Cambridge University Press).
2. The Commentary on Alfiyya (by Ibnu'l-Aqil).
3. al-Kitab by Sibwayhi.
4. Kitabul-Insaf by Ibnu'l-Anbari.

Paper VI—(*i*) General Principles of Linguistic Development including Phonetics 100

(*ii*) Elements of Arabic Palaeography 100

Books recommended—

1. Leonard Bloomfield- An Introduction to the Study of Language (New York, Henry Holt & Co)
2 Henry Sweet A Primer of Language (Dent)
3 W. H T. Gairdner—The Phonetic of Arabic (Oxford University Press)
4 Issac Taylor—The Alphabet.

Paper VII—(*a*) Hebrew 50

Books prescribed—

1. Davidson's Hebrew Grammar.
2 Bible- Genesis, Chapters I-III , Book of Ruth.

(*b*) Syriac 60

Books prescribed -

1 Robinson Syriac Grammar.
2 Bible Matthew's Gospel, Chapters V-XV.

Paper VIII Comparative Philology of the Semitic Language 100

Books recommended

1 Vergleichende Grammatik der Semitichen Sprachen, Vols I-II (Carl Brockelmann).
2. Comparative Grammar of Semitic Language (Wright).
3 Semitic Language (O'Leary)
4 French Translation of Brockelmann's Smaller Comparative Grammar of the Semitic Languages (Sammlung Goschen Series) by Marcais and Cohen (Paris, Paul Geuthner)

SYLLABUS IN PERSIAN AND ARABIC FOR THE M.A. EXAMINATION.

I.

Persian.

I. The M A. Course in Persian shall be divided into five groups.
II. The first four papers of all the groups shall be identical and shall cover the following subjects :—

Compulsory Papers.

Paper I (*i*) General History of Pre-Islamic and Post-Islamic Persia 70

(*ii*) General History of Islamic India 30

Books recommended—

1. Irani Bastani, by Hasan Perniya.
2. History of Persia, by Sykes, Vols. I-II
3. History of India, by Smith.
4. Siyarul-Mutaakkhirin (omitting the Hindu Period).

Paper II—(*i*) History of Persian Literature 100

Books recommended—

1. Literary History of Persia, by E. G. Browne, Vols. I-IV.
2. Shiru'l-Ajam, by Shibli, Vols. I-IV.

Paper III—(*a*) Philology— 30

The Course in Persian Philology includes the following topics :—

The Indo-European Family of Languages—Their Classification—the Aryan or Indo-Iranian branch—the Classification of the Iranian Speeches—History of Iranian in its sounds and inflexions in the Old Iranian, Middle Iranian and New Iranian Periods.

(*ii*) Rhetoric and Prosody 30
(*iii*) Unseen 40

Books recommended—

1. Persian Grammar, by Platts and Ranking (Parts dealing with Philology).
2. Sakhundani Pars.
3. Ethes Article on the Persian Language in Ency. Britt.
4 Hadaiqu'l-Balaghat.
5. Hadaiqu'l-Sihr.
6 Aruzi Sayfi—English Translation by Blochman.

Paper IV—(*i*) Modern Persian—

(*a*) Poetry
(*b*) Prose } 50

(*ii*) Essay on a subject connected with the compulsory paper .. 50

Books prescribed—

1 Yaki bud wa yaki Nabud.
2 Wukalai Murafaa.
3. Diwan-i-Arif-i-Qazwini, pp. 150-234.

III. The remaining papers shall be taken from one of the following groups. —

Group A.

Literature.

Paper V—Text—Poetry—

(*i*) Ghazal 70
(*ii*) Rubai 30

Books prescribed—

1 Ghazals of Sadi, up to Radif-i-Dal.
2. Ghazals of Naziri, Radif-i-Dal only.
3. Rubaiyat of Umar Khayyam (Dr. Rosen's Edition).

Paper VI—Text—Poetry

(*i*) Qasida 50
(*ii*) Mathnawi 50

Books prescribed-

(*i*) Qasa'id of Zahir-i-Faryabi, pp. 1-150.
(*ii*) Naldaman, by Faydi.

Paper VII- Text—Prose (ornate) 100

Books prescribed--

1. Maqamat-i-Hamidi (1st 15 Maqamat).
2. Shamsa wa Qahqaha—Chap. II—up to the end of the 3rd Majlis.

Paper VIII—Text—Prose (simple) 100

Books prescribed—

1. Tadhkiratul-Ahwal by Ali Hazin.
2. Safar Namai-Nasir-i-Khusraw—First half.

Group B.

Historical Literature (Persian).

Paper V Text Historical Poetry 100

Books prescribed –

Shahnama—Macan's Edition, pp. 1065-1286.

Paper VI Text— Prose—Tahiride and Ghaznawide Periods .. 100

Book prescribed

Zaynul's Akhbar, by Gurdizi.

Paper VII—Text—Prose—Saljuq and Tatar Periods .. 100

Books prescribed—

1. Tarikhi Saljuqian—Houtsma Edition.
2. Jamiu't-Tawarikh (Tatar period).

Paper VIII—Text—Prose—Safawide and Qachar Periods .. 100

Books prescribed

1. Nasikhu'l-Tawarikh, Vol. Qachar.
2. Alam Arai Abbasi.

Group C.

Historical Literature (Indian).

Paper V - Text —Historical Poetry 100

Books prescribed

Qiranu'l-Sadayn.

Paper VI —Text—Prose—Pre-Moghal Period 100

Book prescribed—

Tarikhi-Mubarak Shahi.

Paper VII- Text—Prose—Moghal Period (Baber-Akber) .. 100

Book prescribed –

Muntakhabul-Tawarikh (Baber-Akber).

Paper VIII—Text—Prose—Moghal Period (Jahangir and Shah Jahan) 100

Book prescribed –

Muntakhabu'l-Lubab.

Group D.

Philosophy and Mysticism.

Paper V —Text—Mystical Poetry 100

Books prescribed—

1. Hadiqai-Sanai—Hadiqa I.
2. Mathnawi by al-Rumi, Daftar I (up to the beginning of Tafsir-i-ma-sha allahu Kana).

Paper VI– Text—Prose 100

Books prescribed—

1. Kimyai Saadat, by al-Ghazali—Rukn 3 and 4.
2. Kashfu'l-Mahjub—up to p. 150 (Gibb. Mem. Edition).

Paper VII—Philosophy of Mysticism 100

Books recommended—

1. Studies in Islamic Mysticism, by R. A. Nicholson.
2. Development of Metaphysics in Persia, by Sir Muhammad Iqbal.
3. Futuhu'l Ghayb.

Paper VIII– History of Mysticism.

Books recommended -

1. Tadhkiratul Awliya.
2. Nafahatul Uns.
3. Mystics of Islam

Group E.

Philology

Paper V--

(*a*) General Principles of Linguistics }
(*b*) History of the Persian Script } 100

Books prescribed

1 L. Bloomfield -An Introduction to the Study of Language (New York, Henry Holt and Co)
2. H. Sweet A Primer of Language (J M Dent)
3. I. Taylor — The Alphabet

Paper VI—Texts (including elements of Grammar)

(*a*) Avesta }
(*b*) Old Persian } 100

Books prescribed -

1. Herbert Cushing Tolman Ancient Persian Lexicon and the Texts of the Achaemenidan Inscriptions, transliterated and translated (Vanderbilt Oriental Series, Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tennessee, U. S A ; Behistan, Vols. 1& 2)
2. Edwin Lee Johnson Historical Grammar of the Ancient Persian Language (Vanderbilt Oriental Serie Vol VIII)
3 A. Meillet Grammaire d Vieux Perse (Paris. E. Guilmoto, 1915)
4. Avestan—I J S Taraporewala Selection from Avesta and Old Persian. First Series, Part I (Calcutta University, 1922) Haoma Yast, Sraosa Yast, the Zoroastrian Creed—The three prayers)
5. A. V. W Jackson - An Avesta Grammar (Stuttgart, 1892 reprinted 1912).

Paper VII–

(*a*) Pahlavi Text (including elements of Grammar) }
(*b*) Semitic Influence on Persian Language } .. 100

Books prescribed–

1. Pahlavi—J. M Unvala – The History of King and his Boy (Paris, Paul Geuthner).
4. E. Blochet- Etudes de Grammaria Pehlevie (Paris, E Guilmoto).
3. C. Salemann—Mittelpersisch, in the Grundriss der Iranischen Philologie.

Paper VIII—(*a*) Historical Grammar of the Iranian Languages .. 50
(*b*) Sanskrit 50

Book prescribed—

Selections from the Matriculation Course (Calcutta University).

Books recommended—

1. Grundriss der Iranischen Philologie :—

Dr. Bartholomae's Old Persian and Avestan Grammar, Salemann's Middle Persian and Dr. Paul Horn's Modern Persian Literary Speech.

2. H. Reichelt—Awestisches Elementarbuch (Heidelberg).

3. L. H Gray—Indo-Iraniun Phonology (Columbia University Press).

Only such students will be permitted to take up this Group as have passed B A. Examination with Honours in Persian or M.A. Examination in any other Group in Persian.

Indian Vernaculars.

Bengali.

(Principal Subject.)

Paper I.

History of Bengali Literature from the earliest times down to 1850.
Special period—Vaiṣṇava Literature during the Sixteenth Century.

Books recommended :—

D. C. Sen—

History of Bengali Language and Literature (Calcutta University)
Vaiṣṇava Literature of Mediaeval Bengal (Calcutta University).
Folk-Literature of Bengal (Calcutta University).
The Bengali Rāmāyaṇas (Calcutta University)
S. K. De—History of Bengali Literature, 1800-1825 (Calcutta University).
Sasankamohan Sen—Vangavānī. (Calcutta University)
Ramgati Nyāyaratna—Bāngālā Bhāṣā O Sāhitya Viṣayaka Prastāva

Books of reference :—

M. Adhikari—Vaiṣnava Digdars'anī.
D. C. Sen—Caitanya and His Age.
M. M. Bose—Post-Caitanya Sahajiyā Cult.

Paper II

Caryā-carya-Vinis'caya ; Caryās of Knha (Bangiya Sāhitya Pariṣad).
Gopicandrer Pāñcāli (Calcutta University)
Srī-Kṛṣṇa Kīrtan—Janma Khanda and selected portions of Viraha Khaṇḍa. (Bangiya Sahitya Parisad).
Sūnya Pūrāṇa—Cārucandrà Banerji.
Caitanya Caritāmṛta—Selected portions—Madhya Līlā (Chapters 1-7, omitting Chapter II).
K. N. Mitra and N. Vrajavāsī—Padāmṛta Mādhurī, Part I.

Paper III.

Mukundarāma Kavikankana—Caṇḍīmangala The Kālaketu Story only.
D. C. Sen—Selected Ballads (as below) from the Mymensingh Gītikā (Pūrba-Vaṅga-Gītikā) (Calcutta University).

Vol. I - -Mahuā, Maluā, Candrāvatī.

Michael Madhusudan Datta—Virāṅganā.
Girischandra Ghosh—Janā.
Rabindranath Tagore—Selections from Sañcayitā, Sāhitya.
Nabinchandra Sen—Raivataka.
Baṅkimchandra Chatterji—Kapāla-Kuṇḍalā.

Recommended for reference only :—

Lalmohan Vidyanidhi—Kāvya-nirṇaya.
Syamaprasad Mookerjee—History of the Bengali Stage ("Calcutta Review," January, 1924).
T. C. Dasgupta—Aspects of Bengali Society from Old Bengali Literature.
Biswapati Chaudhuri—Kāvye Rabindranāth.
Brajendranath Bannerji—Bāṅgālā Nāṭaker Itihāsa.
Ajit Chakravarti—Kāvya Parikramā.

Paper IV.

(*a*) Development of Prose Style in Bengali Literature, 1800-1857.

(*b*) Influence of Western Culture on Bengali Literature, 1870-1900, with special reference to the works of Bankimchandra and Rabindranath.

Priyaranjan Sen—Western Influence in Bengali Novel (Calcutta University), and Western Influence in Bengali Literature (Calcutta University).

In Papers II and III, 75 marks shall be allotted to the texts and 25 marks to the unseen passages.

Questions on the text shall include—

(*a*) Questions on the subject-matter and on the language of the prescribed books (historical, geographical, critical questions and literary allusions are not excluded).

(*b*) Questions on grammar and prosody arising from the text.

(*c*) Questions on the life and literary career of the authors whose works are prescribed.

Papers V and VI.

(*See* under " Subsidiary Languages.")

Paper VII.

(*See* under " Basic Languages.")

Paper VIII.

B C Majumdar—History of the Bengali Language, Lectures 1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 14 only. (Calcutta University).

S. K. Chatterji—Origin and Development of the Bengali Language (Calcutta University), and Bāngālā Bhāṣātattvor Bhumikā

Hindi.

(Principal Subject.)

Paper I—History of Literature.

History of Hindi Literature from Chand Bardai (12 Century) down to Babu Harischandra.

Special subject—Religious Literature of Hindi Vaishnava Poets in the 15th and 16th Centuries.

Books recommended—

Hindi Bhāshā aur Sāhitya, by Shyamsundar Das.
Shiva Singh Saroja by Shiva Singh Sangar.
Vernacular Literature of Hindustan, by Sir George Abraham Grierson.
Misra-Bandu-Vinod, by Misra Brothers.
Hindi Navaratna, by Misra Brothers.
Hindi Sāhitya Kā Itihās, by Rām Chandra Sukla.

Paper II—Old Texts.

Chānd Bardai—Prithviraj Rasu. (Select portions in the Kavitā Kaumudī of Ram Nares Tripathi).

Bhramar Gīta-sar, by Pt. Ramchandra Shukla.

Tulsidas—Kavitavali Ramayan ; Vinaya Patrika

Jayasi—Padumāvat, Part I (First half).

Sant Vāni Sangraha, Vol II (Belvedere Press).

Kabir—Selections (Racanāvali, edited by Pandit Ayodhya Singh Upadhyay).

Recommended for reference :—

Bhārati Bhūshan, by Seth Arjundas Kedia.

Paper III.--Mediaeval and Modern Texts.

Bhushan -Sivaraj Bhushan.
Bihari Lal—Satsai (Hindi Sahitya Sammelan).
Ayodhya Sigh Upadhyay—Chatkili Chaupadi.
Harischandra--Chandravali.
Sridhar Pathak--Kashmir Sukhama.
Lala Bhagwandin—Alankara-Manjusha.
Gadyakusumawali by Shyamsundar Das.
Dhirendra Varma Ashtachhap.

Paper IV Essay Paper.

(*a*) Development of Hindi Literature, 1850-1900.
(*b*) Persian Influence on Hindi Literature.

Papers V and VI.

(Subsidiary Language.)

Paper VII.

(Basic Languages.)

Paper VIII.

Grierson- Linguistic Survey of India, Vol. IX (Western Hindi).
Lyall—Article on Hindustani (in the Encyclopædia Britannica, 9th edition).
Kellog--Grammar of the Hindi Language.
Greaves- Grammar of Tulsidas.
E. Greaves—Hindi Grammar (Indian Press)
N. M. Sanyal—Bhāshā-Vijñān
Syam Sundar Das—Bhāshā-Vijñān.

Maithili.

(Principal Subject.)

Paper I.

History of Maithili Literature from the earliest times (the thirteenth century down to Chanda Jha)
Special Subject—Age of Vidyapati

Paper II.

Jyotirishwar Thakur Varnanaratnakar
Vidyapati Padavali, edited by Narendrachandra Gupta, Radhakrishna Padas, 1-106 and Hara Gauri Padas

Paper III.

Harshanath Ushaharan
Harshanath—Madhavananda
Jivan Jha Sundar Samyog
Lal Das- Ganes Khand.
Jivan Jha- Samavati Punarjanma (Natak).
Govind Das Padyasangarha
Ramdas Jha - Anand Vijay.
Umapati—Pārijātaharana.

Paper IV.

Influence of Persian on Maithili.
Development of Maithili Literature, 1850-1900.

Books recommended—

Maithila-Darpana, by Rasbiharilal Das.
History of Trihut, by Shyam Narayan Singh.

Papers V and VI.

(Subsidiary Language.)

Paper VII.

(Basic Languages.)

Paper VIII.

Linguistic Survey of India, Vol. V, Part II.
Grierson's Maithili Grammar, Second Edition, and Maithili Chrestomathy, Hoernel's Comparative Grammar of the Gaudian Languages.
Article by Sir George Grierson on the Radical and Participal Tenses in the Modern Indo-Aryan Vernaculars (Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, 1895).
S. K Chatterjee—The Varṇa Ratnākar of Jyotiriswar Thakur (Proc. of the Fourth Oriental Conference, Vol. II).

Urdu.

(Principal Subject.)

Paper I.

History of Urdu Literature from the earliest times up to Anis.
Special period. The Delhi School of poetry up to Mir or the Lucknow School of Atash and Nasik.

Books recommended—

Saxena History of Urdu Literature.
Muhammad Husain Azad· Ab-i-Hayat.
Shamshullah Qadri Urdu-i-Qadim.
Hashimi Dakan-men-Urdu.
Abdus Salam Shi-r-ul-Hind. Vols I, II.
Shirani, Mahmud Khan —Panjab men-Urdu.

Books of reference

Sri Ram Khum Khana-i-Jawid
Lyall -Hindustani Language (Encyclopædia Britannica, 9th Edition.)
Abdul Hai -Gul-i-Rana.
Garcin de Tassy Histoire de la literature Hindouie et Hindustanie (3 Vols.).
Blumhardt, J. F. Catalogue of Hindustani MSS. in the India Office Library.
Muhammad Umar and Nur Ilahi Nāṭak Sāgar (*i.e.*, History of Urdu Drama).

Paper II—Old Texts.

(*a*) *Poetry*

Diwan-i-Wali (Anjuman Taraqqi-e-Urdu edition, by Ahsan Marahrawi).
Meer Hasan Mathnawi.
Intikhad-i-Kalam-i-Mir. (Anjuman Taraqqi-e-Urdu edition, by Abdul Haqq).

(*b*) *Prose*-

Risala-i-Gius Daraz. (Edited by Shamshullah Qadiri, Hyderabad, Deccan.)
Fasana-i-Ajaib by Rajab Ali Beg Surur.
Araish Mahfil by Mir Shir Ali *Afsos*.

Paper III Mediæval and Modern Texts.

(*a*) *Prose and Drama*- -

Muqaddama-i-Shir'-i-wa Sha'iri by Hali.
Laila wa Majnun by Mirza Md. Hadi.
Mazamin-i-Sir Saiyyid Ahmad.
Khubsurat Bala by Agha Hashar. Malik-ul-Aziz Varjina by Sharar.

(*b*) *Prose*–

Diwan-i-Ghalib (Nizami edition).
Musaddas-i-Hali.
Marsiahs of Anis (First half of Vol. I).

Paper IV.

(*a*) Development of Prose style in Urdu Literature, 1800-1900.

Candidates are recomended to refer to Md. Yahya's *Siyar-ul-Musannifin* (Vols. I and II) and Ghulam Muhiuddin Qadiri's *Urdu Ke Asal-i-bi-Bayan.*

(*b*) Influence of Western Culture on Urdu Literature, 1860-1900, with special reference to the works of Sir Saiyyad Ahmad Khan, Abdul Halim Sharar and Hali (candidates are recommended to read Dr. A. Latif's *Influence of English Literature on Urdu*).

Questions on the text shall include -

(*a*) Questions on the subject-matter and on the language of the prescribed books (historical, geographical, critical questions and Literary allusions are not excluded).

(*b*) Questions on grammar and prosody arising from texts.

(*c*) Questions on the life and literary career of the authors whose works are prescribed.

Papers V and VI.

(Subsidiary Language.)

Paper VII.

(Basic Languages.)

Paper VIII.

For reference

Platts Hindustani Grammar.
Grierson Linguistic Survey of India, Vol. IX (Western Hindi).
Lyall Article on Hindustani (Encycl. Brit , 9th Ed.).
Kellog Hindi Grammar (Philological Portions only).
Mohiuddin Qadri Urdu Phonetics (Paris 1930).

Oriya.

(Principal Subject)

Paper I.

General History of Oriyā Literature from the earliest times to 1803 A.D.
Special Period from 1430 to 1568.

The following books and articles are recommended

(1) Syāmasundara Rājaguru's Pravandhāvalī.
(2) M. M. Chakravarti's Essay in J. A. S. B. for 1898, No. 4.
(3) Introductory Essays to Vol. I and Vol. II of Typical Selections from Oriyā Literature by B. C. Majumdar, published by the Calcutta University.
(4) Bināyak Misra Oriyā Sāhitya.

Paper II.

The following portions from the Oriyā Sāhitya Paricaya, Vol. I (published by the Calcutta University), pages 1-276, 366-440.
Artaballava Mahanti —Prāchīn Gadyapadyāda'sa.

Paper III.

A. Mediaeval-

(1) Upendra Bhanja's Lāvanyabatī, as in the "Typical Selections from Oriyā Literature," Vol. II, pages 79-108.
(2) Abhimanyu Sāmanta's Vidagdha Cintāmani, as in the "Typical Selections from Oriyā Literature," Vol. II, pages 209-331.
(3) Kishori Chandrānanā Champu, by Baladev Kavisurya.

B. Modern---

(1) Rādhānātha Ray's Mahāyātrā.
(2) Madhusudan Rao's Vasanta Gāthā.
(3) Senāpati—Chhamāṇ Āṭgunṭh.
(4) Ramsankar Ray —Kancikāverī.

Paper IV.

(1) Influence of Upendra Bhanja on the post-Upendra-Bhanjic Literature of Orissa.
(2) Growth of Modern Oriyā Literature under the influence of Western Culture.

Papers V and VI.

(Subsidiary Language.)

Paper VII.

(Basic Languages.)

Paper VIII

The following books are recommended

(1) Such portions from Beames' Comparative Grammar of Seven Aryan Languages as relate to Oriya in comparison with Bengali and Hindi.
(2) B. C. Majumdar's Lectures on the History of Bengali Language,—Lectures X, XI, XII and XIV.

Gujarati.

(Principal Subject.)

Paper I.

History of Gujarati Literature from the earliest times to A D 1900.
Special Subject—Parsi writers of Gujarati during the 19th century

Books recommended : -

K M. Jhaveri Milestones in Gujarati Literature Vols I-II
D C. Derasari Sathina Sāhityanu Digdarśan
K M. Jhaveri —" Parsi Gujarati Sahitya " in the Vismi Sadi.
A. B. Dhruva and I J. S. Taraporewala Selections from Gujarati Literature (Calcutta University), the introductory essay to each writer.

Paper II.

Old Gujarati and Rajasthani .

Padmanath Kanhad De Prabandh (Derasari's edition)
Bhalan Kadmabari (Kantawala's edition).
Rathor Prithvi Raj —Veli Krishna Rukmani (Tessitori's edition, Asiatic Society of Bengal)
Old Gujarati Collections published by the Baroda Government

Paper III.

Mediaeval and Modern Texts :- -

Premanand and Dayaram—As in Selections from Gujarati Literature (Calcutta University).
Narmadashankar—Narma-Kavita.
Dalpatram Forbes Viraha and Dalpat Kavya.
Kalapi—Kekarava.
Govardhanram Tripathi—Sarasvatichandra.

Paper IV.

Special Subjects :—

(*a*) Women Writers in Gujarati.
(*b*) Akho and Samal.

Papers V and VI.

(Subsidiary Language.)

Paper VII.

(Basic Languages.)

Paper VIII.

R. L. Turner, Gujarati Phonology (Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society, 1921).
L. P. Tessitori —Notes on the Grammar of Old Western Rajasthani (Indian Antiquary, 1914-16).
Sir G. A. Grierson—Linguistic Survey of India, Vol. IX (Introduction to Gujarati and Rajasthani).
N. B. Davatia History of the Gujarati Language.

Subsidiary Languages.

Papers V and VI.

Any *one* of the following:-

(i) **Bengali.**

Texts.

University Matriculation Selections for Prose and Poetry.

Grammar.

S. K. Chatterji Bengali Self-Taught (Marlborough's Self-Taught series).
Nakuleswar Vidyābhushan—Bengali Grammar.

History of Literature.

Students are recommended to consult Dineschandra Sen's History of Bengali Language and Literature and Introduction to Typical Selections from Bengali Literature.
S. N. Sen -Modern Bengali Literature ("Calcutta Review," January, 1924).

(ii) **Assamese.**

Texts.

Asamiyā Sāhitya Kosh by Sarveswar Kataki.

Grammar.

Hemchandra Barua Asamiyā Byākaran.

Literary History.

Devendranath Bezbarua - Asamiyā Bhāshā Aru Sāhityar Buranjee.

(iii) **Oriya.**

Texts.

Balarāma Dās Rāmāyana (Selections 1 and 2 as in Typical Selections from Oriyā, Vol I).
Madhusudan Rao Kusumānjali.
Biswanāth Kar--Bibidha-Prabandha.

Grammar.

Rādhānāth Ray—Vyākarana Pravesa.
E. O. P. Hallam—Oriya Grammar.

Literary History.

Introductory Essays to Typical Selections from Oriya Literature.

(iv) **Marathi.**

Texts

Gadyaratna Samuccay Part I
Navanit, pages 47 48, 159 71, 381 410

Grammar

Ramchandra Bhikaji Joshi Praudhabodh Vyākaran
Kher Marathi Grammar

Literary History

Bhave Maharashtra Saraswat
M K Nadkarni A Short History of Marathi Literature

(v) **Hindi.**

Texts

University Selections for Matric for Prose and Poetry

Grammar

Pincott Hindi Manual
Etherington Bhasa Bhaskar
Ramcharan Singh Bhasa Prabhakar (Khadga Vilas Press)

Literary History

Grierson Vernacular Literature of Hindustan
Keay Hindi Literature

(vi) **Gujarati.**

Texts

Dhruba A B Niti Sikshan (Selections I-V)
Anjaria and Karim Mohammad Kabita Pravas (Parts I II)
St Clair Tisdall—Simplified Grammar of the Gujarati Language (Trubner)
Taylor, G P —The Students Gujarati Grammar (Thacker, Bombay)
Trivedi, K P Madhyavyakaran
Taraporewala—Main Currents of Gujarati Literature ("Calcutta Review," January and February 1925)

(vii) **Urdu.**

Texts

Tarana by Dr Iqbal
Tub tu-n Nasuh (Nazir Ahmed)—(First half)
Nazm i-Muntakhab (Selections) Poetry of Hali and Dagh.
Palmer—Simplified Grammar of Hindusthani, Persian and Arabic
Green— A Practical Hindustani Grammar
Forbes A Hindustani Grammar
Platts A Hindustani Grammar
Ratan Nath Sarshar Sair i Kuhsar (First 100 pages)

Literary History

Saxena—History of Urdu Literature
Azad —Ab-i-Hayat

(viii) **Tamil.**

Texts.

Purnalingam Pillai Primer of Tamil Literature.
Viveka Vilakkam
Seyyul Kovai.
Vasaka Thirattu.
Matriculation Selections (Madras University).

Grammar and Literary History.

Wickremasinghe. Tamil Grammar Self-taught.
Pope Tamil Handbook.
Pope Catechism of Tamil Grammar, I-II.
Arden Progressive Grammar.
Articles on Dravidian Languages (Encyclopaedia Britannica).

(ix) **Telegu.**

Texts.

Narshingam and Narasingharow. Ananda Seaders, Parts III and IV.
Matriculation Selections (Madras University).

Grammar and History

Brown. Telegu Grammar.
Morris Simplified Telegu Grammar.
Arden. Telegu Grammar, 1895 , Telegu Companion Reader, 1879.
Article on Dravidian Languages (Encyclopaedia Britannica).

(x) **Malayalam.**

Texts.

Fourth Reader Basel Mission (Bangalore)
Twelfth Reader Basel Mission (Bangalore).
Gadya Malika - Part II. Basel Mission (Bangalore)
Matriculation Selections (Madras University).

Grammar and Literary History.

Gundert Catechism of Malayalam Grammar (Madras, 1881)
Fohrmeyr Progressive Grammar of Malayalam (Bangalore, 1889)
Poet Malayalam Grammar (Cottayam, 1841).
Article on Dravidian Languages (Encyclopaedia Britannica).
History of Malayalam Literature

(xi) **Kanarese.**

Texts

Padya Sara, Part I, pages 1-39.
Katha Sangraha, Part I, pages 30-96.
Katha Sangraha, Part II, pages 265-292.
Kanakaluka (Lord Tennyson's " The Cup").
Matriculation Selections (Madras University).

Grammar and Literary History.

Spencer Kanarese Grammar (Mysore, 1914). Sabdadarsa (Kanarese).
Rice, E. P. History of Kanarese Literature.
Article on Dravidian Languages, Encyclopaedia Britannica, Mysore.
Gazetteer : Grierson's Linguistic Survey of India.

(xii) **Sinhalese.**

Texts.

Kavyashekara by Sri Rahula Sangharaja of Totagamuwa (Chapter 10 only).
Gunawardhana—Subhashitaya, verses 26-75 (50 verses only).
Samarasekara —Sinhalese Translation of Dighanikaya, Vol. I (Samannaphala Sutta and Mahaparinibbana Sutta only).

Grammer and Literary History.

Wickremasinghe—Sinhalese Self-taught (London, 1916).
Gunasekara - Comprehensive Sinhalese Grammar (Colombo, 1921).
Gurulu - Amawatura (Chapters 2, 3, and 7 only).

(xiii) **Maithili.**

Texts

Ramananda Thakur—Mahabharatsar.
Grierson—Krestomathy.
Chandra Jha -Ramayan.

Grammar and Literary History.

Grierson - Vernacular Literature of Hindusthan.
Grierson Maithili Grammar. 2nd edition.
Gangapati Singh—Bal Maithilivyakaran.

Basic Languages.

Paper VII.

Any *two* of the following .

(i) **Pali.**

Müller Simplified Pali Grammar.
Victor Henry Precis de Grammaire Pali.
Vidhusekhar Sastri -Pāli Prakāsa.

Anderson—Pali Reader Select portions, *viz* :—

Sumsumāra Jātaka, pages 1-2.
Sīhacamma, J , pages 8-9.
Bāveru, J , pages 12-29.
Sīlānisamsa, J , pages 28-29.
Mahosadha's Judgment, pp 58-59
Cattāri Pubbanimittāni, pages 63-64
No Continuous Personal Identity, page 99
Rebirth is not Transmigration, pages 100-101.
Padhāna-Sutta, pages 103-104
Dhaniya-Sutta, pages 104-105.

(ii) **Prakrit.**

Vararuci--Prākrita Prakāśa
Rājasekhara Karpūramañjarī
Woolner Introduction to Prakrit

(iii) **Persian.**

M. T Dadachanji First steps in Persian (Bombay).
M. Kazim Shirazi New Persian Selections omitting pp. 1-10, 10-37, 61-88.
M Kazim Shirazi Sahl-Amaz-i-Farsi, Part II (omitting poetry portions).
M. Hidayet Hussain Grammar of Modern Persian (Macmillan & Co).
Kanga Hints on the Study of Persian.
St. Clair Tisdall Persian Conversational Grammar, pages 1-100

Comparative Philology.

A. INDO-ARYAN BRANCH.

Paper I.

General Principles of Philology and the Science of Language ; Growth and Change in Language ; Semantics ; Language Types and Classification of Languages ; History of the Science of Grammar and Linguistics in India and in the West.

Books prescribed :

Jespersen, O Language (George, Allen & Unwin).
Vendryes, J Language (Kegan Paul)
Greenough, J. B. and Kittredge, G. L. Words and their Ways in English Speech (Macmillan).
Encyclopaedia Britannica, 11th Ed.—Article on "Philology."
Belvalkar, S. K Systems of Sanskrit Grammar (Oriental Book Supplying Agency, Poona). (For reference only).
Taraporewala, I. J. S, Elements of the Science of Language (Calcutta University).

Paper II.

Phonetics ; the Structure of the Vocal Organs ; Production and the Classification of Speech Sounds, with special reference to the Sound System of English and Bengali (or of candidate's mother tongue) ; Phonetic Script ; Linguistic Palaeontology as illustrated in the Indo-European Languages ; outline of the History of Writing with special reference to the Scripts of India.

Books prescribed :-

Noel-Armfield, G General Phonetics (Heffer, Cambridge).
V. C. Child The Aryans
Chatterji, S. K A Brief Sketch of Bengali Phonetics (International Phonetic Association, University College, London).
Petrie, Sir W. M. Flinders Formation of the Alphabet (British Museum).
Encyclopaedia Britannica, 11th Ed Articles on "Accent," "Alphabet" and "Phonetics"

For reference

Isaac Taylor The Alphabet.
Siddheswar Varma Phonetic Theories of the Ancient Indian Grammarians.

Paper III.

Comparative Grammar of Old Indo-Aryan (Sanskrit).

Books prescribed :

Macdonell, A. A A Vedic Grammar for Students (Oxford).
Uhlenbeck, C C -Sanskrit Phonetics (Luzac).
Whitney W. D -Sanskrit Grammar (Breitkopf and Hartel, Leipzig).

(For reference only)

Thumb Handbuch des Sanskrit, 2nd Edition , (Julius Groos, Heidelberg).
Speijer, J S Sanskrit Syntax (Brill Leyden.)
Sukumar Sen Use of the Cases in Vedic Prose.

Paper IV.

Historical Grammar of Middle Indo-Aryan (Pali and the Prakrits).

Books prescribed :—

Woolner, A C- An Introduction to Prakrit, Second Edition (Punjab University).
Geiger Pali Litteratur und Sprache (Grundriss der Indischen Philologie und Altertumskunde)

Paper V.

Historical and Comparative Grammar of Modern Indo-Aryan (Bengali or the candidate's mother tongue)
Chatterji, S. K. -Origin and Development of Bengali Language Vols. I and II. (Calcutta University).
Prescribed books in other Modern Indo-Aryan languages shall be announced later on.

Paper VI.

Essays (two essays to be chosen out of five subjects).

Alternative A. Aryan and Indo-European Philology.

Paper VII.

Indo-Iranian (Aryan) Philology, with Elements of Avesta and Old Persian.

Books prescribed: –

Taraporewala, I. J. S.—Selection from Avesta and Old Persian, First Series, Part I, (Calcutta University) first six pieces only.
Tolman – Ancient Persian Lexicon and the Texts of the Achaemenian Inscriptions; Behistun, Column I.
Jackson, A. V. W.—Avesta Grammar (W. Kohlhammer, Stuttgart).
Johnson, E. L.—Historical Grammar of the Ancient Persian Language (American Book Co.).
Haug, M.—Essays on the Religion of the Paris (Kegan Paul) (For reference only).
Dhalla, M. N. Zoroastrian Theology. (For reference only)
Avestan Gathas by A Meillet (Trans. by Priyaranjan Sen, M. A) (For reference only).

Paper VIII.

Indo-European Philology, with Elements of Greek.

Books prescribed:

Pharr, C. –Homeric Greek (D C Heath, New York).
Wright, J Comparative Grammar of the Greek Language (Oxford).

Alternative B Philology of the Non-Aryan Languages of India.

Paper VII.

Dravidian Philology, with Elements of Tamil.

Books prescribed:—

Caldwell, R. -Comparative Grammar of the Dravidian Languages (Kegan Paul.)
Wickremasinghe, M. De Zilva -Tamil Grammar Self-taught (E. Marlborough & Co., London).
Pope, G. U.—Tamil Reader (Oxford).
Tolman, H C.—Ancient Persian Lexicon and the Texts of the Achaemenian Inscriptions (Vanderblit Oriental Series, Nashville, Tennesse, U. S A., Behistun, Columns I & II).
Jackson, A. V. W.—Avesta Grammar (W. Kohlhammer, Stuttgart).
Johnson, E. L. -Historical Grammar of Old Persian (American Book Co.).
Meillet, A.—Avesta Gathas (Trans. by P. R. Sen).

Paper IV.

Historical Grammar of Middle Iranian (Pahlavi).

Books prescribed: —

Haug, M.—Essay on Pahlavi.
Bharucha, S. D. -Lessons in Pahlavi Pazand, Pts. I-III (Parsi Panchyet, Bombay).
Unvala, J. M.—King Husrav and his Boy (Paul Geuthner, Paris).

Paper V.

Historical and Comparative Grammar of Modern Iranian (Persian).

Books prescribed;—

Platt, J. T. and Ranking, G. S. A.—A Persian Grammar (Oxford).
Phillott, D. C.—Higher Persian Grammar (Calcutta University) (for reference only.)
Encyclopaedia Britannica, 11th Ed.—Article on "Persian Language."
Grundriss der Iranischen Philologie (for reference only).

Paper VI.

Essays (two essays to be chosen out of five given subjects).

Paper VII.

Sanskrit and Elements of Indo-Aryan Philology.

Books prescribed :—

Macdonell, A. A.—Vedic Reader (Oxford) ; the following selections :—I, 1, 35, 154 ; II, 12 ; III, 59 ; VII, 71, 48 ; VIII, 48 ; X, 14, 15, 90, 129. A Vedic Grammar for Beginners (Oxford).

Trivedi, K. P. –The Sanskrit Teacher (Macmillan).

P D Gune –Introduction to Comparative Philology (Poona).

Paper VIII.

Arabic with the Elements of Semitic Philology, Semitic Influence in the Development of the Persian Language

Books prescribed : -

Thatcher, G. W. Arabic Grammar (J. Groos, Heidelberg).

Thornton, F du Pre and Nicholson, R A. First Arabic Reading Book (Cambridge) : Selection from the Quoran Elementary Arabic Grammar.

O'Leary, de L Comparative Grammar of the Semitic Languages. (Trubner's).

Encyclopaedia Britannica, 11th Ed. Article on Semitic Languages.

Philosophy.

Paper I History of Ancient and Mediaeval European Philosophy.

Paper II - History of Modern European Philosophy

Paper III—Indian Philosophy

Papers IV and V—Theory of Knowledge and Metaphysics.

Papers VI and VII.—Any one of the following subjects to be selected by the candidate, two papers being set in each . (*i*) Psychology, (*ii*) Logic, (*iii*) Ethics and Social Philosophy, (*iv*) Philosophy of Religion, (*v*) some special Branch of Indian Philosophy.

Paper VIII Essays.

Paper I History of Ancient Mediaeval European Philosophy.

Pre-Socratic Philosophy. The Sophists. Socrates. Socratic Schools. Plato. Aristotle. Stoics. Epicureans and Sceptics. Neoplatonism. Gnosticism. Patristic and Scholastic Philosophy.

Candidates are expected to have a special text knowledge of the system of Plato and especially of the Republic of Plato.

Course of reading suggested :

Ueberweg— History of Philosophy.

Caird—Development of Theology in Greek Philosophers.

Zeller-- Plato.

Inge-- The Philosophy of Plotinus.

De Wulf --History of Mediaeval Philosophy.

Paper II—History of Modern European Philosophy.

Descartes, Spinoza, Leibnitz, Locke, Berkeley, Hume, Kant, Fichte, Schelling, Hegel, Herbert, Lotze and Schopenhauer.

Candidates are expected to have a special knowledge of Kant's Critique of Pure Reason.

Erdmann—History of Philosophy, Vol. II.

Watson—The Philosophy of Kant as contained in extracts from his own writings.

Blackwood's Philosophical Classics - Descartes, Spinoza, Leibnitz, Locke, Berkeley, Hume, Kant, Fichte and Hegel.

Paper III—Indian Philosophy.

Germs of Philosophic and Religious Thoughts in the Rig Veda. The Upanishads: Reality, World, Soul, God, Ethics and Religion, Karma and Rebirth, Moksha. The theism of the later Upanishads. The main currents of thought, metaphysical and ethical in the Bhagabatgita. The Carvaka theory. Buddhism: its relation to the Upanishads, the four Truths, Conception of reality, Soul, Karma and Rebirth, Ethics, Nirvana. The four schools of Buddhism, Jaina Logic, Metaphysics and Ethics.

The Naya theory of Pramanas, Casuality, God and Soul. The Vaisheshika Categories and Atomism. The Sakhya theory of Purusha and Prakriti and their mutual relation. Cosmic evolution, nature of cognition. The alleged Atheism of Kapila. Patanjali's views of God. The Purva Mimamsa: General character. Apurva. The theory of knowledge of Kumarila and Prabhakara. The Vedanta. Brahman. Jiva. Karma and its relation to Jnana according to Sankara and Ramanuja. Sankara on Adhyasa. Maya and Avidya. Ramanuja's objections against Maya. His conception of reality. Personality of God. Moksha in the different systems

Das Gupta—History of Indian Philosophy.

Kokileswar Sastri—Advaita Philosophy.

Radhakrishnan—Indian Philosophy, Vols. I and II.

Urquhart Vedanta and Modern Thought.

Seal—The Positive Sciences of the Ancient Hindus, Chapters I and VII.

Sarkar, M. N. System of Vedantic Thought and Culture.

A. B. Keith—Indian Logic and Atomism

M. Hirianya - Outlines of Indian Philosophy.

Dr. S K Das A Study of the Vedanta, 2nd Edition, Published by the Calcutta University.

Prof. Kuppuswami Sastri— Primer of Indian Logic

Hume's Thirteen Principal Upanishads. Rhys David's Dialogues of Buddha. Sankarabhashya and Rāmānujabhāshya on the Vedanta Sutras may also be consulted.

In preparing for Papers I, II and III, candidates are advised to make as much use as possible of the original texts which are (many of them) now accessible in good English Translation.

Papers IV and V. Theory of Knowledge and Metaphysics.

The analysis of knowledge-relation Subject and Object. Image, Idea and Meaning as factors in Logical Thought. The problem of Predication. Universals, Relations, External and Internal. Perception, Conception and Intuition. Unity and Continuity of Intellectual Life.

Thought and Reality. The Criterion of Truth. Coherence. Correspondence. Pragmatist Theory. Degrees of Truth. Error. The Svatahprāmānya and the Paratahprāmānya theories of the Hindu thinkers

The relation of Metaphysis to Psychology. Logic and Ethics. Space, Time and their mutual relations. Change and Causality Substance The Nature of Reality. Matter, Life and Consciousness. Evolution Mechanism and Teleology. The relation of the Absolute to the World of Becoming. Maya. The Individual Self. The Problem of Values

Issues and tendencies in Contemporary Philosophy. Absolute Idealism: Green, Caird, Bradley, Bosanquet and Royce Neo-Idealism Croce and Gentile. Neo-Realism: Russel and Alexander. Critical Realism. Bergson's Evolutionism.

Bradley—Appearance and Reality (Chapters I-IV. Thought and Reality, also appendices).

Bosanquet - The Principle of Individuality and Value.

Bergson Introduction to Metaphysics.

Haldar Neo-Hegelianism.

New Realism by E. B. Holt and others.

Alexander—Space, Time, Deity, Vols. I and II.

Optional Subjects.

I.—PSYCHOLOGY

General and Physiological Psychology.

The role of Psychology as a Science: Methods of Psychology: Facts of mental life—Sensation, Image, Perception, Attention. Imagination, Association, Memory and Recognition, Thought, Feeling and Emotion, Conation. The Concept of Psychic Elements—their modes of combination.

The general structure of the nervous system—structure and function of the sense organs, cerebral localisation— the different bodily organs and their influence upon the mental life.

Historical development of the fundamental concepts.

The standpoints of Psychology. Self. Consciousness. The unconscious and the sub-conscious. Psychic causality. Mental activity. The relation between body and mind.

Comparative and Abnormal Psychology.

Criteria of Mind and Intelligence. Types of animal behaviour. Learning process. Course of Mental development.

Psychic determinism. Methods of investigation. The unconscious and Repression. The sexual instinct and Perversions. Hypnotism. Dream. Psychopathology of every-day life, Neuroses, Psychoneuroses and Psychoses.

Murphy—Historical Introduction to Modern Psychology.
McDougall—Outlines of Abnormal Psychology.
Watson—Psychology from the standpoint of a Behaviorist
Ward--Psychological Principles.
McDougall "Outlines of Psychology."

II.—Logic.

Relation to Psychology and Metaphysics. Formal and Material Logic. Thought and Language. Names and their import. Extension and Intension of terms. Predicables Judgement. Theories of Judgement. Varieties of Judgement. Negation Disjunction

Inference. Theories of Inference Deduction and Induction. Varieties of Deductive Inference. Syllogism, Discovery and Proof Causal relation. Enumeration. Induction. Mathematical Reasoning.

Scientific Induction. Hypothesis. Bacon. Newton. Whewell and Mill on the Inductive Method. Laws of Nature. Necessity in Knowledge. The Laws of Thought. Explanation and its limits.

Logic as Dialetic. Plato, Kant and Hegel. Recent developments in logical thought. Schiller, Russell, Couturat, Johnson.

Mill—System of Logic.
Bradley—Principles of Logic.
Hobhouse—Theory of Knowledge.

III.—Ethics and Social Philosophy.

Scope and Method of Ethics. Relation to other Sciences. Psychology of Ethics. Moral Judgment. Intention. Character. The Moral Ideal. Ethical Theories. Hedonism. Rationalism. Intuitionalism. Idealism. Evolution and Ethics.

Moral Progress. Moral Development of the Individual, Rights and Obligations. Virtues. The Family. The State. Property. Punishment.

Metaphysics of Ethics The Ultimate Value of the Moral Judgment. Free Will. Morality and Religion. Future Life.

Social Philosophy Scope and History. Relation to other Sciences, Society and its implications. The Social Mind. Social development in general. Social Progress. Laws and Lands. Society and the Individual. The nature and ideal of Society.

Kant—Metaphysical Foundation of Morals.
Green—Prolegomena to Ethics.
Sidgwick—Method of Ethics.
Mackenzie—Social Philosophy.
Giddings—Principle of Sociology.
Bradley—Ethical Studies (2nd Edition): The Chapter on "My Station and its Duties."
Spencer—Date of Ethics.
Blackmar and Gillin—Outlines of Sociology—(New York: The Macmillan Company.)

IV.—Philosophy of Religion.

Relation to Science, Arts, Psychology, Anthropology, Ethics and Philosophy. Analysis of the Religious Consciousness. The different elements of cognition and will. The feeling of the Numinous. Faith and Reason. Mysticism.

The place of tradition in religious life. The nature of religious authority. The idea of God. Origin and development. Proofs for the existence of God. Nature and attributes of God. Personality of God. Absolute and God.

Time and Eternity. Immanence and Transcendence. Incarnation. The problem of creation. Pantheism and Theism. Cosmic evolution. Miracles,

The individual Self. Relation to God. Freedom of self and divine sovereignty. The problem of evil and suffering. Pre-existence and Immortality, Karma and Rebirth. Life Eternal.

Hegel. Philosophy and Religion, Vol. I.
Lotze. Outline of the Philosophy of Religion.
Pringle-Pattison. The Idea of God.

V.—Special Branch of Indian Philosophy.

(Optional.)

1. *Nyaya. Vaisheshika Group*—

Nyaya Sutras with Vatsyāyana's Bhāshya.
Prashastapāda's Padarthadharmasamgraha.
Viswanath's Bhasaparicchoda with Siddhantamuktavali.

2. *Samkhya- Yoga Group*

Ishvarakrsna's Sāmkhyakārika with Vachaspati's Tāttakaumudi
Samkhya Sutras with Vijnanabhikhu's Samkhyapravacanabhashya.
Yoga Sutras with Vyasabhashya and Tattavaisharadi, 1st two Chapters.

3. *Vedanta Group*-

The Vedanta Sutras with the Bhashyas of Sankara and Ramanuja, 1st two Chapters Vedantaparibhasha.

4. *Buddha-Jain Group*

Nagarjuna's Madhyamika Karikas with Chandrakirti's Vritti.
Dravyasamgraha and Syadvadamanjari.

5. *Translation Group*—

The Vedanta Sutras with Commentaries of Sankara and Ramanuja, 1st two Chapters. Thibaut's Translations.
Samkhya Karika with Tattvakaumudi, Jha's Translation

Experimental Psychology.

Paper I.

(Physiological and General.)

Starling—Physiology (latest edition)—The pages about the Nervous System.
Titchener—Text-book of Psychology
Myers—Text-book of Experimental Psychology.
Watson Psychology : From the Standpoint of Behaviourism.
Murphy—Historical Introduction to Modern Psychology.
Fundamentals of Experimental Psychology—Edited by Murchison.

Paper II.

(Abnormal Psychology.)

Prince—The Unconscious.
Jung—Analytical Psychology.
Freud—Hysteria and other Psychoneuroses.
Freud —Introduction to Psycho-analysis.
Jones Papers on Psycho-analysis.
Bose—The Concept of Repression
McDougall —Outlines of Abnormal Psychology.

Paper III.

(Animal Psychology.)

Holmes—Evolution of Animal Intelligence.
Lloyd Morgan—Comparative Psychology.
Washburn—Animal Mind.
Alverdez—Social Life in the Animal World.
Hobhouse—Mind in Evolution.
Kohler—Mentality of Apes.

Paper IV.

(Child and Educational Psychology.)

Koffka—The Growth of the Mind.
Montessori Own Hand-book.
Thorndike Human Learning.
Freeman—Mental Tests.
Kirkpatrick—Fundamentals of Child Psychology.
Sandiford - Educational Psychology.
Holmes—Conservation of the Child.
Murchison—Fundamentals of Child Psychology.
Descouders -The education of mentally deficient children.

Papers V–VIII.

(Practical.)

Brown—Essentials of Mental Measurement, 3rd Ed , 3 chapters, I-III.
Sanford--Experimental Psychology.
Myers- Text book of Experimental Psychology, Vol 2.
Whipple Physical and Mental Tests, Vols 1 and 2.
Titchener—Students' Manuals Qualitative and Quantitative.

History.

Paper I—Selected Period of English History, 1815-1911.

J. A R. Marriott England since Waterloo.
Low and Sanders—Political History of England, Vol. XII.
Ramsay Muir--A Short History of the British Commonwealth, Vol. II.
Trevelyan—England in the 19th Century.

For reference—

Cambridge Modern History, Vols. X-XII
Cambridge History of British Foreign Policy, Vols II-III.
Meredith—Economic History of England, Book IV (Pitman).
Morley—Life of Gladstone, Books VI-X.
Traill—Social England, Vol. VI.
Asquith—Fifty Years of Parliament.
Hearnshaw—Prime Ministers of the Nineteenth Century.
Morley—Cobden
Webb—History of Trade Unionism.

Paper II—Selected Period of Indian History from 600 B. C. to 900 A. D.

V. A. Smith— Early History of India (4th Edition).
Sir R. G. Bhandarkar -Early History of the Deccan. (Revised by Prof. D. R. Bhandarkar)
Raychaudhuri—Political History of Ancient India (3rd Edition).
D. R. Bhandarkar Asoka (2nd Edition)
D R. Bhandarkar Carmichael Lectures, First Series.
Monahan—Early History of Bengal
Cambridge History of India, Vol. I, Chaps. VIII-X, XII-XXIV.

For reference –

Rhys Davids--Buddhist India (Chapters I-VI).
Ghoshal—Hindu Revenue System.
Manu—Institutes, Chapters 2, 3, 7, 8, 10.
Kautilya—Arthasastra, Books 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 11.
Krishnaswami Aiyangar—Ancient India, Chapter VI.
Megasthenes - Indica (Pub. by Chakravarti, Chatterjee & Co.).
Yuan Chwang—Records (Translated by Watters).
Periplus of the Erythraean Sea—Translated by Schoff.
R. C. Majumdar —Outline of Ancient Indian History and Civilisation.
N. C. Banerjee—Kautilya, Vol. 1.
H. C. Ray—Dynastic History of Northern India. (Early Mediaeval Period).
J. B. Phear—Glimpses of Old India as seen through the pages of Manu. (*Indian Antiquary*, Vol. IV.)

Paper III—General History of the Ancient East.

Breasted—History of Egypt.
Cambridge Ancient History, Vols. I, II and III.

For reference—

Rogers—History of Ancient Persia.
Moret—The Nile and Egyptian Civilisation.
Breasted—Development of Religion and Thought in Ancient Egypt.
Jastrow—Civilization of Babylonia and Assyria.
Olmstead—History of Assyria.
Hall—The Ancient History of the Near East. (Latest Edition.)

Paper IV—Constitutional History of England.

To be studied with special reference to the documents in—

Adams and Stepens—Select Documents of English Constitutional History.

The following books may be consulted :—

A

Stubbs—Constitutional History of England.
Hallam—The Constitutional History of England.
May—Constitutional History of England.
Maitland—The Constitutional History of England.
Adams—The Constitutional History of England.
Pollard—The Evolution of Parliament.
Baldwin—King's Council.
Tanner—English Constitutional Conflicts of the 17th Century.
Marriott—The Crisis of English Liberty.

B

Stubbs—Select Charters.
Prothero—Statutes and Constitutional Documents (1558-1625).
Tanner—Tudor Constitutional Documents.
Tanner—Constitutional Documents of the Reign of James I.
Gardiner—Constitutional Documents of the Puritan Revolution, 1625-1660.
Robertson—Select Statutes, Cases and Documents.

Paper V—International Law.

Lawrence—The Principles of International Law.
Hall—International Law
Pitt-Cobett—Leading Cases on International Law, 2 Vols. (New Ed.).
Pollock—League of Nations.

Books for reference—

P. N. Banerjee—International Law in Ancient India.
Garner—Development of International Law in the 20th Century.
Hudson—Current International Co-operation.
British Year Book of International Law.

Papers VI and VII.

Any one of the following subjects :—

(i) History of Islam.

Muir—Caliphate : Rise, Decline and Fall.
Zeydan—Umayyadas and Abbasides.
Khuda Bukhsh—Islamic Civilisation.
Khuda Bukhsh—Orient under Caliphs.
Khuda Bukhsh—Politics in Islam.
Ameer Ali—History of the Saracens.
Hitti—Origins of the Islamic State (Columbia University Press).
Vincent Smith—Akbar.
Sarkar—History of Aurangzib.
Cambridge History of India, Vol. III.

For reference—

Thomas—Chronicles of the Pathan Kings of Delhi.
Goldziher—Mohamed and Islam (Dr. Seelye) (Yale University Press).
Gibbon—Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire, Chapters, 50-52, 56-59, 64, 65, 67, 68
Aghnides—Mohammedan Theories of Finance (Columbia University Press).
Cambridge Mediaeval History, Volume II. Chapters 10-12.
Elliot and Dowson—History of India.
Moreland—India at the Death of Akbar.
Moreland—From Akbar to Aurangzib.
Rogers and Beveridge—Tujuk-i-Jehangiri (Eng. Translation).
Irvine—Later Mughals.
Beveridge—Memoirs of Babar.
Humayun Nama of Gulbadan Begum.
Moreland—Agrarian System of Moslem India.
H. C. Ray—Dynastic History of Northern India (*Early Mediaeval Period*).

(ii) Special Period of Indian History.

One of the following alternative courses :

A—History of Bengal—1757-1793.

Mill and Wilson—History of British India.
Monckton Jones—Warren Hastings in Bengal.
Forrest—Selections from the State Papers of the Governors-General of India (Warren Hastings).
R. C. Dutt—Economic History of India under Early British Rule.
Ascoli, F. D.—Early Revenue History of Bengal and the Fifth Report.
Fifth Report of the Select Committee on the Affairs of the East India Company, Bengal Presidency, including Grant's Analysis, edited by Firminger.
J. C. Sinha—Economic Annals of Bengal.
Cambridge History of India, Vol. V.

For reference—

Hunter—Annals of Rural Bengal.
Golam Hussein Khan—Siyar-ul-Muktakherin.
Verelst—View of English Government in Bengal.
Bolts—Considerations on India Affairs.
Forrest—Life of Clive.
Gleig—Warren Hastings
Burke—Speeches on the Impeachment of Warren Hastings.
Stephen—Nuncomar and Impey.
Beveridge—Trial of Nandakumar.
Busteed—Echoes of Old Calcutta.
Long—Selections from the Unpublished Records of Government.
Carey—Good Old Days of John Company.
Ross—Correspondence of Charles, First Marquis Cornwallis.
Ramsbotham—Studies in the Land Revenue History of Bengal.
Forrest—Selections from the State Papers of the Governors-General of India (Cornwallis).
Dasgupta—Central Authority in British India.

B—History of the Rajputs (from the advent of the Muhammadans in India to the treaty with the English, 1818).

History of the Rajputs (916-1818).

D. R. Bhandarkar—Foreign Elements in Hindu Population (Ind. Ant. 1911).
R. C. Majumdar—The Gurjara-Pratiharas.
H. C. Ray—Dynastic History of Northern India, Vol. I, Chapters VIII, IX and X.
V. A. Smith—The History of Coinage of the Chandel Dynasty of Bundel Khand (Ind. Ant. XXXVII).
G. Bühler—Eleven land-grants of the Chalukyas of Analhilvad (Ind. Ant. Vol. VI).
H. B. Sarda—On the Prithviraja-vijaya Mahakavya (J. R. A. S. 1913).
Tod—Annals and Antiquities of Rajasthan (Ed. by W. Crooke).
Pandit Ramkarna—History of the Rathores (Sir Asutosh Mookerjee Silver Jubilee Volumes), Vol. III, Part. II.
C. V. Vaidya—History of Mediaeval Hindu India (Vols. II and III).

C.—History of the Mahrattas.

For Study—

Grant Duff—History of the Mahrattas (Oxford University Press).
Ranade—Rise of the Maratha Power, Vol. I.
Ranade—Introduction to the Peshwas' Diaries.
S. N. Sen—Administrative System of the Marathas.
S. N. Sen—Military System of the Marathas.

For reference—

S. N. Sen—Documents and Extracts relating to Maratha History, Vol. I, Siva Chhatrapati (Calcutta Unversity).
Vol. II, Foreign Biographies of Sivaji.
Rawlinson & Patwardhan—Source Book of Maratha History, Vol. I.
Sardesai—Main Currents of Mahratha History.
Malcolm—Memoir of Central India, Vol. I, Chapters 5, 6 and 7
Sarkar—Sivaji and his Times.
Forrest—Selections from the Letters, Despatches, and other State Papers preserved in the Bombay Secretariat—Maratha Series.
Owen—Selections from Wellington's Despatches.
Franklin—Shah Alum.
Elliot and Dowson—History of India, Vols. VII and VIII
Aitchison—Treatise, Engagements and Sunnuds relating to India and neighbouring countries.
Kincaid and Parasnis—History of the Maratha People.
Siyar-ul-Mutakharin—Chapter on Maratha Invasions of Bengal.

D.—History of the Sikhs

Cunningham—History of the Sikhs
Macauliffe—The Sikh Religion
Mushan Fani—Dabistan-i Mazahib, Vol. II (Translated by Troyer and Shea).
Irvine—Later Mughals, Vol. I.
Gough and Innes - The Sikhs and the Sikh Wars
Bell—Annexation of the Punjab.
Teja Singh—Growth of Responsibility in Sikhism.

For reference -

M. Latif -History of the Punjab.
Gokulchand Narang —The Transformation of Sikhism
Lepel Griffin—Ranjit Singh.
Baird—Private Letters of the Marquis of Dalhousie.
Teja Singh--Asa-di-Var.
Despatches of Gough and Hardinge.
Prinsep—Origin of the Sikh Power in the Punjab.
Malcolm—Sketch of the Sikhs.
Osborne—Court and Camp of Ranjit Singh.
Aitchison—Treatise, Engagements and Sunnuds relating to India.
Honigberger—Thirty-five years in the East.
Carmichael Smyth—The Reigning Family of Lahore.

(iii) The Constitutional History of British India and the British Dominions.

To be studied with special reference to the documents in—

Keith—Selected Speeches and Documents on British Colonial Policy, Vols. I and II, 1763-1917.
Keith—Speeches and Documents on the British Dominions (1918-1931).
Lord Durham's Report, Edited by Lucas.
Egerton—Federation and Unions within the British Empire.
P. Mookerjee—Indian Constitutional Documents.
Keith—Speeches and Documents on Indian Policy, Vols. I and II, 1750-1921.
Montagu-Chelmsford Report.
Statute of Westminster, 1931.

The following books may be consulted :—

Poley - Federal Systems of the United States and the British Empire.
Keith---Responsible Government in the Dominions (latest edition).
Porritt—Evolution of the Dominion of Canada.
Moore—The Constitution of the Commonwealth of Australia.
Brand—The Union of South Africa.
Barra O'Briain—The Irish Constitution.
Ilbert—Government of India.
Cowell—Courts and Legislative Authorities in India.
Keith —Sovereignty of the British Dominions.
Butler Committee Report
Horne -Political System of British India.
Keith—Constitutional Law on the British Dominion.
Simon Commission Report
Proceedings of the Indian Round Table Conference, 1930-32.

(iv) Modern History of China and Japan

(China.)

Sih Gung-Cheng—Modern China—A Political Study
Gowen and Hall—An Outline History of China
Bland and Backhouse—China under the Empress Dowager
H. M. Vinacke - Modern Constitutional Development in China
S H. F. MacNair—Modern Chinese History, Selected Readings
Willoughby Foreign Rights and Interests in China, 2 Vols, (New Ed.).
Vinacke, H M History of the Far East in Modern Times
Tang Leang-Li— The Inner History of the Chinese Revolution
The Lytton Report on Manchuria (League of Nations)

(Japan)

W M. McGovern—Modern Japan, its Political, Military and Industrial Organization
George Uyahara -Political Development of Japan, 1867-1909.
Count Okuma—Fifty-years of New Japan
Quigley -Japanese Government and Politics
Hishida —The International Policy of Japan
MacLaren—Political History of Japan during the Meiji Era

(v) Economic History of England and India

Cunningham Growth of English History and Commerce
Traill—Social England. Vol VI, Economic Section.
Buxton Finance and Politics
Ashley—Economic Organisation of England.
R C Dutt—Economic History of India under the Early British Rule.
R C Dutt -India in the Victorian Age
Ascoli Early Revenue History of Bengal
J C Sinha —Economic Annals of Bengal
Report of the Indian Industrial Commission
Imperial Gazetteer of India, Vols III and IV (Economic portion).
Lipson -Economic History of England
Meredith- -Economic History.
Bland—Select Documents
Webb- History of Trade Unionism
Cole, G. D. H - Short History of the British Working Classes.
V. Anstey- Economic Development of India.

(vi) Comparative Politics.

Bryce—American Commonwealth.
Bryce--Modern Democracies.
Warde Fowler—The City-States of the Greeks and Romans.
Maine—Ancient Law (Chapters 1, 2, 3 and 5), Ed. Pollock.
Sidgwick—Development of European Polity.
Woodrow Wilson—Constitutional Government.
Lowell—Governments and Parties in Continental Europe (France, Italy and Switzerland).
Vincent—Switzerland.

Ogg—Government of Europe.
Ghoshal—Hindu Political Theories.
Greenidge—Greek Constitutional History.
Greenidge—Roman Public Life.
Woodrow Wilson—Congressional Government.
Munro—Governments of Europe.

For reference.

Coulanges—Ancient City (Tr. Small).
Freeman—Comparative Politics.
Kautilya—Arthasastra.
Aristotle—Constitution of Athens.
Zimmern—Greek Commonwealth.
Lowell—The Government of England.
Temperley—Second Chambers.
Poincare—How France is Governed.
Bodley—France.
Garlanda—Italy.
Allen Smith—Spirit of American Government.
Marriot—Second Chambers.
Marriott—Mechanism of the Modern State.
Gustave Glotz—The Greek City and its Institutions (History of Civilisation Series).
Leon Homo—Roman Political Institutions (History of Civilisation Series).

(vii) Modern Europe, 1815-1904.

Hazen, C. D.—Europe since 1815.
Rose, J. Holland—Development of European Nations.
Bourgeois, E.—History of Modern France.
Ward, A. W.—Germany.
King, Bolton—History of Italian Unity.
Marriott, J. A. R.—The Eastern Question.
Gooch—Modern Europe, 1878-1919.
Skrine—The Expansion of Russia.
Leger—A History of Austria-Hungary.
Mowat—The Concert of Europe.

For reference.

Webster, C. K.—The Congress of Vienna.
Simpson, F. A.—Louis Napoleon and the Resettlement of the French Empire.
Guedalla, P.—The Second Empire.
Fisher, H. A. L.—Bonapartism.
Grant Robertson—Bismark.
Cesaresco, Countess—Cavour.
King, Bolton—Mazzini.
Cambridge History of British Foriegn Policy (Vols. II and III).
Cambridge Modern History, Vols. X, XI and XII.
Kirkup—History of Socialism.

(viii) Anthropology.

Paper VI.

Outlines of Physical Anthropology.

Haddon—Races of Man.
Chanda—The Indo-Aryan Races.
Giuffrida-Ruggeri—Systematic Anthropology of Asia (Tr. Chakladar).

For reference—

Boule—Fossil Men.
Dixon—Racial History of Men.
Denikker—The Races and Peoples of the World.
Pittard—Race and History.

Paper VII.

Outlines of Cultural Anthropology.

Risley--The Peoples of India.
Mitra--Pre-Historic India.
Wissler--An Introduction to Social Anthropology.

For reference--

Kroeber--Anthropology.
Census of India, 1911 and 1921. Chapters on Caste and Occupation.

Ancient Indian History and Culture.

(Compulsory Papers.)

(1) General History of Vedic and Epic India.

Cambridge History of India. Vol. I, Chapters III, IV, V, IX, X and XI.
Hopkins Social and Military Position of the Ruling Caste in Ancient India (J. A. O. S, Vol. XIII).
Dr. Raychaudhuri--Studies in Indian Antiquities--Part I.
Raychaudhuri--Political History of Ancient India (latest ed.), Part I.
Das--Rig Vedic Culture.
Sreenivas Iyenger--Life in Ancient India.
Winternitz--History of Indian Literature, Vol. I (Cal. Univ.).

For reference--

Macdonell and Keith Vedic Index.
Kaegi--Rig Veda.
Jacobi Das Ramayana.
Hopkins--The Great Epic of India.
Muir--Sanskrit Texts, Vol. V.
Pargiter--Ancient Indian Historical Tradition.
N. K. Siddhanta Heroic Age in India, Chapter II.
Zimmer--Altindisches Leben, Book I, Chapter II, Book II, Chapter I.
Das--Rig-Vedic India (2nd Edition).
S Pradhan--Chronology of Ancient India.

(2-3) Political History of the post-Epic Period.

V. A. Smith--Early History of India (4th edition).
D. R Bhandarkar--Asoka (Latest Edition).
Bombay Gazetteer, Vol. I.
Raychaudhuri Political History of Ancient India (latest edition).
D. R. Bhandakar--Carmichael Lectures, First Series, 1918.
Stein--Rajatarangini (Introduction).
Monahan--Early History of Bengal.
Inscriptions of the Kings of Ancient Bengal.
Cambridge History of India, Vol. I, Chapters II, VII, XIII-XXIV.
H. C. Roy--Dynastic History of N. India. (*Early Mediaeval Period.*)

For reference--

Radhakumud Mukherjee--Harsa.
V. A. Smith--Asoka (3rd edition).
Imperial Gazetteer--Indian Empire, Vol. II.
R. C. Majumdar--Gurjara-Pratiharas (Journal of the Department of Letters Cal. Univ., Vol. X.).
R. C. Majumdar--Early History of Bengal.
R. C. Majumdar--Harshavardhana.
Pargiter--Dynasties of the Kali Age.
B. C. Law--Mid-Indian Kshatriya Tribes.
Hultzsch--Corpus Inscriptionum Indicarum, Vol. I, Introduction.
Girindramohan Sarcar--Early History of Bengal (Sena period.).
Gopalan--Pallavas.
Nilkantha Shastri--The Pandyan Kingdom.

(4) Historical Geography of Ancient India.

Cunningham—Ancient Geography of India. (Published by Chakravarty, Chatterjee & Co.).
Watters—On Yuan-Chwang.
Fleet—Topographical List of the Brihat Samhita, Indian Antiquary, 1893 (pages 169-195).
Pargiter—Translation of the Markandeya Purana (Bhuvanakosha only).
Raychaudhuri—Studies in Indian Antiquities (Geographical Sections).

For reference—

Fa Hien—Travels.
Ptolemy (Ed. Majumdar)—Geography of India
Macdonell and Keith—Vedic Index (Geographical portions)
Foucher—Notes on the Geography of Gandhara.
Sir John Marshall—Guide to Taxila.
Nundolal Dey—Geographical Dictionary of Ancient and Mediaeval India.
Schoff—Periplus of the Erythræan Sea.
Sylvain Lévi—Pre-Aryan and Pre-Dravidian in India (Tr. P. C. Bagchi).

Optional papers.

I. ARCHÆOLOGY (A).

Epigraphy.

(1)

Bühler—Indische Palaeographie (Translated by Fleet, *Indian Antiquary* 1904, Vol. XXXIII Appendix); also Bühler's Palaegraphic Tables.
List of prescribed inscriptions to be inserted later on.

(3-4) Numismatics.

V. A. Smith—Catalogue of Coins in the Indian Museum (up to the end of the Gupta period).
Percy Gardner—Catalogue of Indian Coins in the British Museum.
Rapson—Catalogue of Coins (Andhras), Western Kshatrapas, etc.
Allan—Catalogue of Coins, Gupta Dynasties
Whitehead—Catalogue of Coins of the Punjab Museum, Lahore, Vol. I.
Bhandarkar—Carmichael Lectures, Second Series.
S. K. Chakravarti—Studies in Ancient Indian Numismatics.
Whitehead—Notes on Indo-Greek Numismatics (Numismatic Chronicle, 1923).

ARCHÆOLOGY (B).

(1-2) Fine Arts and Iconography.

Fine Arts

Rothenstein and Codrington.—Ancient India.
Coomaraswami—History of Indian and Indonesian Art.
Rene Grousset—Civilisation of the East, Vol. II.
D. P. Ghosh—Decorative Art of Orissa.
R. D. Banerjee—History of Orissa, Vol. II
Kramrisch—Pala and Sen Sculptures.

Iconography.

Grünwedel—Buddhist Art in India.
Foucher—Beginnings of Buddhist Art
Gopinath Rao—Elements of Hindu Iconography
B. T. Bhattacharyya—Indian Buddhist Iconography.
Barua and Sinha—Barhut Inscriptions.
J. N. Banerjee—Pratima Lakshmanam.
N. R. Ray—Brahmanical Gods in Burma.

For reference—

Coomaraswami—Dance of Siva.
V. A. Smith—History of Fine Art in India and Ceylon
Faure—History of Art.

G. N. Banerjee—Hellenism in Ancient India.
Havell—Indian Sculpture and Painting.
Nag—Greater India.
O. C. Gangooly -South Indian Bronzes.
Kramrisch—Vishnudharmottaram.
P. Brown—Moghul Painting.
Influence of Indian Art (India Society).
Bhattasali, N. K.—Iconography of the Brahmanical and Buddhistic Sculptures in the Dacca Museum.
Stein - Serindia.

(3-4) Ancient Architecture.

Fergusson History of Indian and Eastern Architecture, Vols. I and II.
Havell. Ancient and Mediæval Architecture of India.

For reference—

M. M. Ganguli. Orissa and her Remains.
G. Jouveau-Dubreuil. Architecture of Southern India.
H. Cousens Architecture of Western India.
P. K. Acharyya. Dictionary of Hindu Architecture
P. K. Acharyya. Treatise on Silpasastra.
H. Cousens. Architecture of Sindh.
N C. Bose. Canon of Orissa Architecture.

II. SOCIAL AND CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY.

Paper V. Social Life including Manners, Customs and Ceremonies.

Zimmer. Altindisches Leben
A. C. Das. Rigvedic Culture
Cambridge History of India, Vol I, Chapters dealing with Social History.
Manu. Institutes.
Fick. Die Sociale Gliederung in Nordostlichen Indian (translated by S Maitra).
Barnett. The Antiquities of India.
H. C. Chakladar. Studies in the Kama Sutra of Vātsāyana.
Rhys Davids. Buddhist India (Chapters IV and XIII).
Imperial Gazetteer (Indian Empire), Vol. I, Chapter VI

For reference -

Macdonell & Keith. Vedic Index.
Dharmasutras of Gautama, Apastamba, Baudhāyana and Vasishtha.
Grihyasutra of Gobhila, Āpastamba, Sānkhāyana, Āsvalāyana, Pāraskara, Khādira.
Al-Biruni. India (omitting the Mathematical details), translated by Sachau.
Kautilya's Arthasastra, Book III, Chapters 2, 3 and 13.
Watters. On Yuan-Chwang, Chapter V.
Dr. N. K. Dutt. Caste in Ancient India.

Paper VI. Economic Life.

Cambridge History of India, Vol. I, Chapter VIII.
N. C. Banerjee. Economic Life and Progress in Ancient India (Vol. I).
Rhys Davids. Buddhist India.
Schoff. Periplus of the Erythræn Sea.
Kautilya's Arthasastra Book II. Chapters 12-17, 19, 23 and 24. Book III, Chapters 13 and 14. Book IV, Chapters 1 and 2. Book VII, Chapters 11 and 12.
H. C. Ray. Economic Policy and Functions of the Kautilyan State.

For reference—

G. N. Banerjee. India as known to the Ancient World.
Kennedy. Early Commerce of India with Babylon. (*J. R. A. S.*, 1898).
Hopkins. India Old and New (Chapters dealing with Economic topics).
R. C. Majumdar. Corporate Life in Ancient India, Ch. I.

Paper VII. Administration.

Kautilya. Arthasastra.
Mahābhārata. Santiparva. Sections 56-157.
N. C. Banerjee. Development of Hindu Polity and Political Theories.
N. C. Banerjee. Kautilya, Vol. I.
Megasthenes. Indica (Portions dealing with administration).
S. K. Aiyangar. Ancient India, Ch. VI.
Ghoshal. Hindu Revenue System.

For reference—

Rangaswami Aiyangar. Ancient Indian Polity.
P. N. Banerjea. Public Administration in Ancient India.
R. C. Majumdar. Corporate Life in Ancient India.
Ghoshal. Hindu Political Theories.
R. K. Mukherjee. Local Government in Ancient India.
Sarkar. Political Institutions and Theories of the Hindus.
Jayaswal. Hindu Polity.
N. Law. Aspects of Ancient Indian Polity.
D. R. Bhandarkar. Carmichael Lectures, First Series (1918).

Paper VIII.—Ethnology (with special reference to India).

Haddon. Races of Man.
Risley. The Peoples of India.
Chanda. The Indo-Aryan Races (Chapters I and II).
D. R. Bhandarkar. Foreign Elements in the Hindu Population (Indian Antiquary, 1911, pp 7-37)

For reference—

Lowie. Primitive Society.
Cambridge History of India, Chapters I, II, XXIV and XXV.
E. Pittard. Race and History.
Giuffrida Ruggeri. Systematic Anthropology of Asia (Tr. Chakladar).
P. Mitra Pre-historic India (2nd Ed).
V. Gordon Childe. The Aryans.
Buxton Peoples of Asia.

III. RELIGIOUS HISTORY.

(General.)

Eliot. Hinduism and Buddhism.

For reference

Barua. A History of Pre-Buddhistic Indian Philosophy.
Hopkins. Ethics of India.
Barth. Religions of India.
Gupte. Hindu Holidays and Ceremonies.
Hopkins Religions of India.

(1) Vedic Religion.

Keith. Religion and Philosophy of the Vedas and Upanisads. Vols. I and II.
Das. Rig-Vedic Culture.

For reference -

Macdonell. Vedic Mythology.
Hillebrandt. Ritual Litteratur, Chapters I, III and IV.

(2) Epic and Puranic Religion.

R. G. Bhandarkar. Vaisnavism, Saivism, and Minor Religious Systems (omitting XVI-XXV of Part I).
Hopkins. Epic Mythology (Chapters relating to the Devas).
H. C. Raychaudhuri. Early History of the Vaishnava Sect.

For reference—

Hirananda Shastri. Origin and Cult of Tara.
Chanda. (Memoir of A. S. I.) Archaeology and Vaisnava Tradition.
Farquhar. An Outline of the Religious Literature of India.
Dowson. A Classical Dictionary of Hindu Mythology.
Kingsbury and Phillip. Hymns of the Tamil Saivite Saints.
Radhakrishnan. Indian Philosophy, Vol. II (Chapter X). The Saiva, the Sakta and the Later Vaisnava Theism.
Carpenter. Theism in Mediaeval India.
Gopinath Rao. Hindu Iconography, Vol. 2 (Introduction only).
Barnett. Hindu Gods and Heroes.
Schrader. Introduction to the Pancharatra and Ahirbudhnya Samhita.
Woodroffe. Shakti and Shakta.
Garbe. Introduction to the Bhagavad Gita (Tr. Udgikar).
W. D. P. Hill. The Bhagavad Gita.

(3) *Buddhism.*

Kern. Manual of Buddhism.
Oldenberg. Buddha.
Dutt. Early History of the Spread of Buddhism and the Buddhist Schools.
Dutt. Aspects of Mahayana Buddhism.
E. J. Thomas. Life of Buddha.
Kimura. Historical Study of the terms Mahayana and Hinayana and Origin of Mahayana.

For reference-

Mrs. Rhys Davids. Buddhism.
Spence Hardy. Manual of Indian Buddhism.
Warren. Buddhism in Translations.
Suzuki. Outlines on Mahayanism.
Poussin. Buddhism.
I-tsing. Records of the Buddhist Religions (Takakusu).
Winternitz History of Indian Literature, Vol. II.
Kimura. Historical Study of the terms Mahayana and Hinayana and Origin of Mahayana.

(4) *Jainism.*

Jacobi. Introduction and Translation of the Jaina Sutras, Parts I and II (Sacred Books of the East, Vols. XXII, XLV).
R. G. Bhandarkar. Report on the Search for Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Bombay Presidency during the year 1883-84, pages 91-157.
Bulher. On the Indian Sect of Jainas, translated and edited with an outline of Jaina Mythology by Burgess.
Barua. The Ajivikas.
Chimanlal Shah. Jainism in North India.
Vijnananda Suri. Sri Jainatattvadarsa.

For reference—

Bib. Indica Series. Uvasagadassao.

IV. INDIAN ASTRONOMY AND MATHEMATICS.

(1) *Mathematics.*

Selected texts on Mathematics for critical, historical and comparative study—Sulva Sutras.
Thibaut. On the Sulva Sutras (J. A. S. B., Vol. 44). The Pandit, Vols. 9 and 10 (Old Series); Vol. 1 and 4 (New Series).
A. Burk. Das Apastamba Sulva Sutra (Z. D. M. G., Vols. 55 and 56).
Lilavati and Bijaganita. Bhaskara. Edited by Pt. Sudhakar Dvivedi (Tr. Colebrooke).

(2) *Mathematics.*

History of Mathematics, with special reference to the works of Aryyabhata. Varaha Mihira, Brahmagupta, Mahavira, Sridhara and Bhaskaracharyya.

The following books are recommended—

Aryyabhatiyam. Ganita—Aryyabhata, trans. Mr. P. C. Sengupta (Journal of the Department of Letters, Vol. XVI).

Brahmasphuta-Siddhanta. Chapters XVI and XVIII. Edited by Pandit Sudhakara Dvivedi.

Lilavati and Vijaganita. Edited by Pandit Sudhakara Dvivedi (Tr. Colebrooke), or edited by Pandit Radhaballabh Jyotishtirtha, or edited by H. C. Banerjee.

Bakshali Mathematics—B. B. Dutt (B. C. M. S., Vol. XXII, No. 1).

Mahavira's Ganita Sara Samgraha. Edited by Rangacharya (Madras).

Colebrooke—Translation of the Lilavati and Vijaganita and the Chapter on Mathematics in the Brahmasphutasiddhanta.

Smith, D. E.—Hindu Arabic Numerals.

P. C. Sen Gupta—Infinetesimal Calculus in Indian Mathematics, Journal of Letters, Vol. 22.

Brahma Gupta--On Interpolation—Bulletin of the Calcutta Mathematical Society, Vol. 23. N. B.

Walter Eugene Clark—Hindu Arabic Numerals (Journal of the School of Oriental Studies, London—Indian Studies in honour of Lanmann)

(3) *Astronomy.*

Selected text on Astronomy for critical, historical and comparative study. Suryya Siddhanta.

Editions and Translations recommended—

Suryya Siddhanta—With Ranganath's Commentary.

Suryya Siddhanta—Translated by Burgess and Whitney (J. Am. Orient. Society, Vol. VI).

(4) *Astronomy.*

History of Astronomy, with special reference to Jyotisha-Vedanga, Jain Astronomy, the (Modern) Suryya Siddhanta, and to the works of Arryyabhata I, Varaha, Mihira, Brahmagupta, Munjala and Bhaskaracharyya.

The following books are recommended—

Text-books

P. C. Sen Gupta—Papers on Hindu Mathematics and Astronomy, Calcutta, 1916.

Yajus Jyotisham—By Pandit Sudhakara Dvivedi

Thibaut—Contribution to the Study of the Jyotisha-Vedanga (J. A. S. B., 1877).

On the Suryyaprajnapati (J A. S. B, 1880).

Aryabhatiyam—Aryabhata. Trans. by Mr. P. C. Sen Gupta.

Pancha-Siddhantika—Translated by Dr. Thibaut and Pandit Sudhakara Dvivedi.

Aryabhata, the Father of Indian Epicyclic Astronomy by P. C. Sen Gupta.

Brahmasphuta-Siddhanta– Edited by Pandit Sudhakara Dvivedi.

Siddhanta Siromani of Bhaskara—Edited by Pandit Bapudev Shastri or Pandit Bapudev Shastri and Wilkinson.

Khandakhadya Karanam of Brahmagupta—Edited by Pandit Babua Misra.

P. C. Sengupta—"Greek and Hindu Methods in Spherical Astronomy" Journal of the Department of Letters (Calcutta University, Vol. XXI).

For reference—

Bentley—Hindu Astronomy.

Bronand—Hindu Astronomy.

Playfair—(1) On the Astronomy of the Brahmans. (2) On the Trigonometry of the Brahmans (Collected Works, Vol. III).

Whitney—Oriental and Linguistic Studies (Series II, 1875)

The Twelfth Essay—The Lunar Zodiac, on the views of Biot and Weber respecting the relations of the Hindu and Chinese systems of asterisms with an addition on Muller's views, etc.

Max Muller—On Ancient Hindu Astronomy and Chronology (Preface to Rig Veda Vol IV)
Tilak—The Orion
Tilak—The Arctic Home of the Vedas
Davis S—On Hindu Astronomy (As Res, Vol II)

V ANTHROPOLOGY

Paper V

Physical Anthropology including Origin and Antiquity of Man —

Haddon—Races of Man
Giuffrida Ruggeri Systematic Anthropology of Asia (Translated by Chakladar)
Chanda—The Indo Aryan Races

For reference

Boule Fossil Men
Dixon Racial History of Man
Buxton Peoples of Asia
Pittard—Race and History

Paper VI

Social Anthropology

Lowie—Primitive Society
Lowie—Primitive Religion
Wissler—Introduction to Social Anthropology

For reference—

Goldenweisser—Early Civilisation

Paper VII

Pre historic Archaeology and Technology—

Morgan—Pre historic Man
Kroeber—Anthropology
Mitra—Pre historic India

For reference—

Torres Straits Expedition—Arts and Crafts, Vol IV
Kroeber—Anthropology

Paper VIII.

Indian Ethnography, with special references to Bengal and Assam —

L K A Iyer Lectures on Ethnography
Risley—The Peoples of India
S C Ray—The Birhors

For reference—

Census of India 1911 and 1912—Chapter on Caste and Occupation
Generalised accounts of the Tribes and Castes of the Bengal Presidency from Risley's Tribes and Castes of Bengal, Ethnographical Glossary of the Tribes and Castes of Assam

Note—Candidates are recommended to use the following as a preliminary course—

Duckworth—Pre-historic Man
Haddon—Wandering of Peoples History of Anthropology
Tylor—Anthropology

Economics.

FOR GROUPS A AND B.

Paper I.

General Principles of Economics.

A. Marshall. Principles of Economics.
Taussig. Principles of Economics.
Pigou. Economics of Welfare.

For reference—

Keynes. Treatise on Money, Vol. II.
Cassel. Theory of Social Economy.
Marshall. Industry and Trade.
Ghosh. P. C. Theory of Profits.

Paper II.

General Principles of Political Science.

Willoughby. The Nature of the State.
Laski. Grammar of Politics.
Delisle Burns. Political Ideals.
Hobhouse. Social Evolution and Political Theory.

For reference—

Bryce Modern Democracies.
Merriam, Barnes and others. A History of Political Theories —Recent Times.
Laski. Communism.

Paper III.

Public Administration including Administration in India.

Munro. Governments of Europe (England, France, Germany and Switzerland).
Dicey Law of the Constitution
Government of India Act and the Rules made thereunder.
Ilbert. Government of India . Historical Survey.
Keith Dominion Autonomy in Practice.

For reference—

Willoughby Principles of Public Administration
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Paper VI.

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Paper IV Banking

Agger Organised Banking.
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Spalding Foreign Exchange and Foreign Bills in Theory and Practice
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FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER 1933.

28	29	30	31	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Normal rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 1st to 31st October 1933.	Normal rainfall from 1st to 31st October 1933.
..	..	..	..	5	4·0	3·11	4·60	1·20	3·11	4·60
..	..	..	..	3	3·7	1·93	5·01	1·51	1·93	5·01
..	..	..	..	3	3·7	4·26	4·18	1·52	4·26	4·18
..	..	..	..	3	3·5	2·26	3·22	1·10	2·26	3·22
..	..	..	..	3	3 5	3·97	3·40	1·70	3·97	3·40
..	..	..	..	5	4·2	3·25	4·25	1·32	3·25	4·25
..	..	..	..	8	4·0	3·81	4·45	1·56	3·81	4·45
..	..	..	..	7	3·8	7·03	4·09	2·01	7·03	4·09
..	..	..	..	3	3·7	1·77	3·72	1·08	1·77	3·72
..	..	..	..	7	3·4	4·50	3·74	1·80	4·50	3·74
					3·5		3·48			3·48
..	..	..	..	7	4·3	6·26	4·85	2·48	6·26	4·85
..	..	..	..	6	4·9	3·33	5·05	1·13	3·33	5·05
					(n)		(n)			(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
..	..	..	..	11	4·8	7·57	4·90	2·20	7·57	4·90
..	..	..	..	8	5·0	6·34	5·15	2·55	6·34	5·15
..	..	..	..	9	4·7	3·91	4·29	0·85	3·91	4·20
..	..	..	..	7	3·9	6·22	3·83	1·57	6·22	3·83
..	..	..	..	10	9·5	7·66	9·97	2·32	7·66	9·97
..	..	..	..	9	7·2	6·38	6·19	2·11	6·38	6·19
..	..	..	..	5	6·9	8·00	8·15	3·68	8·00	8·15
..	..	..	..	9	5·8	15·32	6·08	3·85	15·32	6·08
..	..	..	..	10	4·6	9 41	4·54	3·77	9·41	4·54
..	..	..	..	8	3·4	7·98	3·15	2·30	7·98	3·15
..	..	..	..	9	4·1	8·33	3·94	3·90	8·33	3·94
..	..	..	..	11	6·3	8·01	5·69	2·60	8·01	5·69
..	..	..	..	9	5·4	8·10	3·71	2·12	8·10	3·71
..	..	..	..	9	4·9	6·54	5·73	3·05	6 54	5·73
..	..	..	..	9	4·2	9·71	5 36	2·21	9·71	5·36
..	..	..	..	2	4·4	2·82	5·80	1·70	2·83	5·80
..	..	..	..	7	3·9	7·92	5·29	2·23	7·92	5·29
..	..	..	..	4	4·6	1·89	5·53	1·04	1·89	5·53
..	..	..	..	6	4·0	9·20	4·16	3·37	9·20	4·16
..	..	..	..	8	4·2	6·87	6·67	2·50	6·87	6·67
..	..	..	..	5	4·3	5 64	6·35	1·98	5·64	6·35
..	..	..	..	5	3 8	4·93	4·76	2·05	4·93	4 76
					4·9		4·41			4·44
					4·6		5·13			5·13
..	..	..	..	6	5·3	4·75	4·96	1 89	4·75	4·96
..	..	..	..	4	4 5	2·13	4·93	0·85	2·13	4·93
					5·4		4·20			4·20
..	..	..	..	3	(n)	1·60	(n)	1·00	1·60	(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
..	..	..	..	2	5·6	1·67	5·17	0·98	1·67	5·17
..	..	..	..	7	5·3	3·69	4·42	1·56	3·69	4·42
..	..	..	..	4	4·9	1·40	4·94	0·81	1·40	4·94
..	..	..	..	3	5·2	3·16	4 94	1·90	3·16	4·94
..	..	..	..	3	4·1	2·17	4·34	1·59	2·17	4·34
..	..	..	..	5	3·3	6·27	2·80	1·80	6·27	2·80
..	..	..	..	6	3·5	2·74	3·53	0·76	2·74	3·53
..	..	..	..	3	3·7	2·63	3·57	1·20	2·63	3·57
..	..	..	..	5	4 2	2·55	4·79	1 23	2·55	4·79
..	..	..	..	3	3·9	2·11	4·01	1·10	2·11	4·01
..	..	..	..	4	5·9	2·58	5·56	1·09	2·58	5·56
..	..	..	..	7	6·0	4·54	4·60	1·04	4·54	4·60
..	..	..	..	3	6·0	0·88	4·81	0·35	0·88	4·81
..	..	..	..	6	5·8	2·71	5·07	0·98	2·71	5·07
..	..	..	..	4	6·4	3·13	5·50	1·75	3·13	5·50
..	..	..	..	3	5·2	2·58	4·16	2·18	2·58	4·16
..	..	..	..	5	5·3	1·56	4·74	0·65	1·56	4·74
..	..	..	..	4	5·7	2·68	4·65	1·35	2·68	4·65

(n) Not ascertained.

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN BENGAL

Division and district.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Dacca—*concld.*								
Mymensingh ..	Kishorganj ..	0·02	..	0·03	1·30	..	..	..
	Atia (Tangail) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sarisabari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mymensingh (Observatory) ..	0·05	..	..	0·21	..	..	..
	Jamalpur ..	0·48	..	..	0·50	..	..	..
	Netrokona ..	1·02	..	0·20	0·09	..	..	..
	Pingna	..	..	..	..	0·10	..	..
	Durgapur* ..							
	Sherpur (Town) ..	0·85	..	..	0·79	..	..	..
	Dewanganj ..	..	..	..	..	0·06	..	..
	Nalitabari ..	0·10	..	..	0·60	..	..	..
Faridpur ..	Madaripur ..	..	..	0·05	0·27	..	..	..
	Faridpur (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	0·10	0·63	..	..
	Rajbari (Goalundo) ..	..	..	..	0·18	..	..	..
	Haridaspur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Takerhat ..	..	0·18	0·09	..	..	..	0·07
	Bhanga ..	..	..	0·95	..	..	..	0·15
	Pangsa ..	..	..	..	..	0·95	..	..
	Baliakandi ..	..	..	..	0·09	..	..	..
	Bhusna ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Palong ..	0·18	0·14	0·23	0·26	..	..	..
Bakarganj ..	Patuakhali ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bargana ..	..	..	0·70	..	..	..	..
	Pirojpur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Barisal (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Gaurnadi* ..							
	Bhola	..	..	..	..	..	0·04	..
	Daulatkhan ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bauphal ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chittagong.								
Chittagong ..	Cox's Bazar (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	0·98	..	..	0·63
	Chittagong (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kutubdia ..	..	..	0·55	..	0·40	..	0·12
	Satkania ..	..	..	..	0·48	..	0·20	0·15
	Mirsarai ..	..	..	0·50	..	..	..	..
	Rangunia ..	..	..	..	0·90	..	0·62	0·38
Tippera ..	Comilla (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	0·75	..	..	..
	Chandpur ..	..	..	..	0·23	..	..	..
	Brahmanbaria ..	..	0·90	0·12	0·37	..	..	..
	Ramchandrapur ..	0·05	..	..	..	1·05	..	..
	Nasirnagar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Daudkandi ..	..	..	..	0·50	..	..	..
	Kasba* ..							
	Laksam ..	..	..	..	1·03	..	..	..
Noakhali ..	Noakhali (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	0·24	0·78	..	..
	Feni	..	..	..	0·12	..	..	..
	Harishpur ..	..	..	..	..	0·15	..	1·19
	Ramganj ..	..	..	..	1·32	..	..	..
	Chhagalnaya* ..							
	Hatiya ..	..	..	..	..	1·50	..	..
	Lakhimpur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rangamati ..	0·07	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bandarban ..	..	..	..	..	0·07	..	1·13
	Barkal ..	0·01	..	..	..	..	0·37	0·03
	Mahalchari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Lama	..	..	..	0·62	..	1·93	0·39
	Ramgarh ..	..	..	0·19	..	..	..	..
	Manikseri ..	..	..	0·26	..	..	..	..
	Dighinala ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mainmukh ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kaptai ..	..	..	..	..	..	0·03	..
	Panchhari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nakhyongchhari ..	0·12	0·12	..	..	..	..	0·73
Tripura State ..	Agartala ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cooch-Behar ..	Dinhata ..	0·08	0·94	1·16	..	..	..	..
	Cooch-Behar (Observatory) ..	0·44	0·45	2·03	..	0·19	0·04	..
	Mickliganj ..	0·77	0·66	2·87	0·02	1·36	..	..
	Mathabhanga ..	0·96	0·21	0·58	0·02	0·03	..	..
	Fulbaria (Tufanganj) ..	0·12	2·13	1·40	..	0·72	..	..

* Not reported.

FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER 1933.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·04	..	..
..	..	..	..	0·74	0·16	..	..	0·16	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	0·30	..	..	0·25	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·99	..	0·58	0·64	..	..	0·19
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·18	..	..	1·32	..	..	0·24
..	..	..	..	0·03	..	0·03	..	0·04	0·20	..	..	0·18
..	..	.	..	0·18	..	..	..	..	0·11	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·09	0·40	..	..	..
..	..	..	0·10	..	..	..	..	0·26	..	..	0·35	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·26	0·24	..	..	..
..	..	..	0·55	..	..	0·23	..	0·21	0·12	.	..	..
..	..	..	..	0·03	..	1·27	..	0·05	0·18	..	..	0·03
..	..	..	..	..	0·10	..	..	0·12	0·26		..	0·30
..	..	..	.	..	..	0·19		0·13	0·37	..	..	..
..	..	0·12	..	.	0·04	..	0·10	0·14	..	..	0·02	0·01
..	..	..	..	..	1·45	..	0·18	0·25	..	..	..	..
..	..	.	1·07	..	..	0·54	..	0·64	0·28	..	..	0·48
..	..	..	.	.	..	0·41	..	0·10	..	..	..	1·06
..	0·22	..	..	..	0·30	..	..	..	0·35	..	0·10	.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.	..	.	..	..	.
..	.	.	0·07	0·22	..	0·04	2·29	0·72	0·07	..	.	..
..	.	.	..	.	.	1·06	..	1·60	..	.	0·46	..
..	..	.	..	.	.	..	0·03	1·24	2·18	..	..	2·37
..	..	..	0·17	0·07	..	0·07	..	0·21	..	..	..	..
0·10	..	..	0·10	..	0·01	0·96	.	0·10	..	..	..	..
..	..	.	0·22	0·25	0·12	..	0·25	0·15	..	..	..	0·10
..	..	..	..	..	0·14	..	0·75	..	..	0·12	..	0·18
0·03	..	0·20	0·02	..	0·06	..	0·35	..	..	..	..	..
..	0·34	..	0·30	..	..	.	0·03	0·13	1·32	..	..	..
0·60	..	..	..	..	..	.	..	..	..	0·10	0·12	..
0·17	0·20	..	..	..	0·19	0·65	..	..	..	..	..	..
1·20	..	.	..	..	2·30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	0·19	..	..	0·05	..	0·04	..	0·09	0·02	.	..
..	..	..	0·01	..	.	0·25	0·79	0·04	..	.	..	.
0·16	..	..	0·48	..	0·06	0·41	0·10	0·08	.		..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·27	..	0·05	..	..	0·11	0·35
..	..	1·55	0·60	0·60	..	..	..	0·05	..	..	.	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	0·75	..	..	0·30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·14	0·42	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	0·08	..	0·20	..	..	0·33	..	..	..	.
..	..	..	0·31	..	0·54	..	..	0·57	..	..	..	..
..	..	0·91	..	1·80	..	..	..	..	0·20	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	0·23	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	0·27	..	..	..	..	..	1·52	..	0·10	..	..
0·30	..	..	..	0·30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	0·01	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	0·78	0·23	..	0·05	..	0·21	..	..	0·47	0·33	..	..
..	..	..	0·06	..	0·05	..	0·59	..	.	..	..	..
..	..	..	0·41	..	1·04	1·28	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	0·04	0·33	..	..	1·85	..	0·33	..	..	0·65	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	3·27	0·47	0·02	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	0·08	..	0·04	..	1·44	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	2·40	..	0·30	.	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	0·03	..	1·37	..	0·83	0·03	..	..	0·47	..
0·22	..	0·72	..	..	0·22	..	..	0·70	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	1·53	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	0·07	0·08	0·16	..	..	..	0·63	0·43	0·26	..	..	..
..	..	0·18	0·11	..	0·43	0·02	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·54	0·06	..	..	0·16
..	..	..	..	..	.	..	..	0·07	0·34	..	..	0·64
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·16	..	..	..	0·70
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·25	2·87	..	..	0·28
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·64	0·19	..	..	0·09

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN BENGAL

Division and district.	Station.	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Dacca—*concld.*								
Mymensingh	Kishorganj	0·06	1·09	0·34	..	..	..	..
	Atia (Tangail)	..	0·67	..	..	..	..	..
	Sarisabari	..	1 85	..	..	..	..	..
	Mymensingh (Observatory)	0·18	0 41	0·52	..	..	..	..
	Jamalpur	0·16	0·67	..	..	..	..	..
	Netrokona	0·02	0·43	..	..	..	..	..
	Pingna	..	1·08	0·61	..	..	..	..
	Durgapur*							
	Sherpur (Town)	0·36	1·74	..	..	..	..	..
	Dowanganj	0·70	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nalitabari	..	1·25*	..	..	..	..	..
Faridpur	Madaripur	1·27	0 44	..	..	..	..	..
	Faridpur (Observatory)	0·90	0·01	..	..	..	..	..
	Rajbari (Goalundo)	..	0·55	..	..	..	..	..
	Haridaspur	0 50	0 19	.	..	..	..	..
	Takerhat	0·91	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bhanga	0·10	..	..	..	..	..	.
	Pangsa	..	0·01	..	..	.	..	..
	Bahakandi		0·13	0·21	..	..	..	..
	Bhusna	0·12	0·52	0·05	..	..	..	..
	Palong		.	..	.	..	..	..
Bakarganj	Patuakhali	0·04	0 52	..	..	..	..	..
	Barguna	0 55	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pirojpur	1 09	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Barisal (Observatory)	0·02	0 51	..	..	.	..	..
	Gaurnadi*							
	Bhola ..	..	..	.	..	..	..	..
	Daulatkhan	0 25	0·40	..	.	..	..	..
	Bauphal	0·39	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chittagong.								
Chittagong	Cox's Bazar (Observatory)	..	.	0 08	..	..	.	..
	Chittagong (Observatory)	.	..	2·77	0 13	..	.	..
	Kutubdia		0·20	0·08	..	..	..	..
	Satkania	.	..	0 15	..	..	.	..
	Mirsarai	..	1·65	..	..	..	..	..
	Rangunia	0·12	..	..	..	0·14	.	..
Tippera	Comilla (Observatory)	0 02	0·20	0 95	..	.	.	..
	Chandpur	0 70	0·07	0·06	..	.	..	..
	Brahmanbaria		1 52	2·22	..	..	..	..
	Ramchandrapur	.	0·15	0·30	..	..	..	..
	Nasirnagar	..	.	..	..	..	.	..
	Daudkandi	1 50	.	..	..	..	..	..
	Kasba*					..		
	Laksam	0 35	0 14	0·56	..	..	..	..
Noakhali	Noakhali (Observatory)	0·02	0·29	0·45	.	..	..	..
	Feni ..		..	0·57	..	..	..	..
	Harishpur	0·06	0 77	..	..	..	..	..
	Ramganj	..	..	0·43	..	..	..	..
	Chhagalnaya*							
	Hatiya	0·58	..	1·60	..	..	..	..
	Lakhimpur	0·90	0·20	..	..	..	..	..
Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rangamati	..	..	0·26	..	..	..	..
	Bandarban	..	..	0·17	..	..	..	..
	Barkal	.	0·04	0·25	..	..	..	..
	Mahalchari	..	0·08	0 60	..	..	..	..
	Lama ..	.	..	0·30	0·28	..	..	..
	Ramgarh	..	0·30	0 90	..	..	..	..
	Manikseri	..	0·38	0·23	..	..	.	..
	Dighinala	..	0·45	1·10	..	..	..	..
	Mainmukh	..	0·05	0·81	0·04	..	..	..
	Kaptai	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Panchhari		0·89	0·34	..	..	..	..
	Nakhyongchhari	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tripura State	Agartala		0 48	..	..	..	..	..
Cooch-Behar	Dinhata	0·68	2·04	0·02	..	..	..	..
	Cooch-Behar (Observatory)	0 55	1·13	..	..	..	..	..
	Mickliganj	0·35	1·65	..	..	..	..	..
	Mathabhanga	0·08	1·06	0·01	..	..	..	..
	Fulbaria (Tufanganj)	0·29	1·50	..	..	..	..	..

* Not reported.

Dacca, the 15th November 1933.

FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER 1933.

28	29	30	31	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Normal rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 1st to 31st October 1933.	Normal rainfall from 1st to 31st October 1933.
..	..	..	..	3	6·2	2·88	5·88	1·30	2·88	5·88
..	..	..	..	4	4·9	1·73	4·35	0·74	1·73	4·35
..	..	..	..	3	5·0	2·40	5·33	1·85	2·40	5·33
..	..	..	..	8	5·7	3·77	5·80	0·99	3·77	5·80
..	..	..	..	7	5·1	3·55	5·22	1·32	3·55	5·22
..	..	..	..	5	6·1	2·24	7·05	1·02	2·24	7·05
..	..	..	..	5	4·5	2·08	5·22	1·08	2·08	5·22
					5·3		7·33			7·23
..	..	..	..	5	6·1	4·23	5·35	1·74	4·23	5·35
..	..	..	..	4	4·2	1·47	5·52	0·70	1·47	5·52
..	..	..	..	5	5·3	2·45	5·44	1·25	2·45	5·44
..	..	..	..	7	5·5	3·14	4·69	1·27	3·14	4·69
..	..	..	..	5	5·4	3·20	4·74	1·27	3·20	4·74
..	..	..	..	6	5·5	1·51	4·43	0·55	1·51	4·43
..	..	..	..	5	6·5	1·38	5·59	0·50	1·38	5·59
..	..	..	..	5	5·9	1·68	5·02	0·91	1·68	5·02
..	..	..	..	6	5·5	3·08	5·83	1·45	3·08	5·83
..	..	..	..	6	5·0	3·97	5·18	1·07	3·97	5·18
..	..	..	..	5	7·2	2·00	6·06	1·06	2·00	6·06
..	..	..	..	6	6·8	1·66	6·68	0·52	1·66	6·68
..	..	..	..	4	7·0	0·81	7·56	0·26	0·81	7·56
..	..	..	..	4	7·5	3·97	8·01	2·29	3·97	8·01
..	..	..	..	5	7·6	4·37	8·72	1·60	4·37	8·72
..	..	..	..	4	6·1	6·91	5·55	2·37	6·91	5·55
..	..	..	..	3	6·7	1·05	6·26	0·51	1·05	6·26
					6·0		4·90			4·90
..	..	..	..	4	6·7	1·31	6·60	0·96	1·31	6·60
..	..	..	..	8	7·2	1·74	7·15	0·40	1·74	7·15
..	..	..	..	5	6·8	1·58	7·15	0·75	1·58	7·15
..	..	..	..	4	8·2	2·35	7·46	0·98	2·35	7·46
..	..	..	..	6	6·9	5·02	6·88	2·77	5·02	6·88
..	..	..	..	7	6·4	2·17	7·13	0·60	2·17	7·13
..	..	..	..	8	6·3	2·19	6·68	0·65	2·19	6·68
..	..	..	..	4	6·5	5·65	7·43	2·30	5·65	7·43
..	..	..	..	6	(n)	2·55	(n)	0·90	2·55	(n)
..	..	..	..	5	6·0	3·01	5·98	0·95	3·01	5·98
..	..	..	..	6	6·2	2·38	5·71	0·70	2·38	5·71
..	..	..	..	8	6·1	5·91	5·22	2·22	5·91	5·22
..	..	..	..	6	4·7	4·35	5·62	1·55	4·35	5·62
..	..	..	..	Nil	5·1	Nil	5·20	Nil	Nil	5·20
..	..	..	..	4	4·6	3·05	4·16	1·50	3·05	4·16
					5·2		4·45			4·45
..	..	..	..	6	5·4	2·64	5·75	1·03	2·64	5·75
..	..	..	..	6	7·5	2·39	7·96	0·78	2·39	7·96
..	..	..	..	5	7·4	2·11	7·44	0·57	2·11	7·44
..	..	..	..	6	7·7	5·08	9·17	1·80	5·08	9·17
..	..	..	..	3	6·1	1·98	6·37	1·32	1·98	6·37
					7·3		8·74			8·74
..	..	..	..	6	8·1	5·57	9·84	1·60	5·57	9·84
..	..	..	..	4	6·3	1·70	7·76	0·90	1·70	7·76
..	..	..	..	1	8·1	0·34	6·60	0·26	0·34	6·60
..	..	..	..	7	7·8	3·44	7·02	1·13	3·44	7·02
..	..	..	..	3	7·9	1·40	7·35	0·59	1·40	7·35
..	..	..	..	4	5·8	3·41	6·13	1·28	3·41	6·13
..	..	..	..	9	6·8	6·72	4·71	1·93	6·72	4·71
..	..	..	..	5	7·2	5·15	5·52	3·27	5·15	5·52
..	..	..	..	5	(n)	3·33	(n)	1·44	3·33	(n)
..	..	..	..	4	(n)	4·25	(n)	2·40	4·25	(n)
..	..	..	..	4	(n)	3·63	(n)	1·37	3·63	(n)
..	..	..	..	4	(n)	1·89	(n)	0·72	1·89	(n)
..	..	..	..	3	(n)	2·76	(n)	1·53	2·76	(n)
..	..	..	..	7	(n)	2·60	(n)	0·73	2·60	(n)
..	..	..	..	4	5·6	1·22	5·14	0·48	1·22	5·14
..	..	..	..	6	5·0	5·68	5·82	2·04	5·68	5·82
..	..	..	..	8	4·8	5·88	6·31	2·03	5·88	6·31
..	..	..	..	8	4·6	8·54	5·19	2·87	8·54	5·19
..	..	..	..	7	5·3	6·35	5·67	2·87	6·35	5·67
..	..	..	..	8	5·6	8·08	7·15	2·13	8·08	7·15

(n) Not ascertained.

S. ABDULLAH, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

Vital statistics of towns with a population of 50,000 and over of the Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 4th November 1933.

Districts.	Nos	Towns	Population under registration according to census of 1931			Births registered		Deaths registered																								
			Male	Female	Total	Number registered (excluding still-births)	Still births registered	Cholera	Small pox	Plague	Cerebrospinal meningitis	Malaria	Enteric fever	Measles	Relapsing fever	Kala-azar	Other fevers	Dysentery	Diarrhoea	Influenza	Pneumonia	Phthisis	Other respiratory diseases	Injuries including suicide	Deaths from child-birth	Other causes	Total of all causes: Male.	Total of all causes: Female	Total of all causes: Total	Total of corresponding week of the previous year: Male	Total of corresponding week of the previous year: Female	Total of corresponding week of the previous year: Total
Calcutta ..	1	Calcutta ..	814,948	381,786	1,196 734	[illegible]	62	3	1		3	25	13	1		4	32	23	6	13	88	33	[illegible]	20	4	282	354	273	627	301	270	571
Burdwan ..	2	Asansol Mining Settlement	209,544	173,136	382,680	322	3					2	3				94	2			16	2	6	3	3	67	106	92	198	71	59	130
Howrah ..	3	Howrah	145,120	79,753	224,873	172	9	1	1			3	4	.			8	7	10		20	3	14	1	2	37	46	65	111	34	46	80
Dacca ..	4	Dacca	79,365	59,153	138,518	146	10				.	1	3			2	2	4	3		13	1	6	5	3	23	29	37	66	44	37	81
24-Parganas	5	Bhatpara ..	60,134	24,841	84,975	65					..			.		.	3		1		1		3	1	1	5	12	3	15	20	3	23
Chittagong ..	6	Chittagong	35,049	18,107	53,156	25	4						1				4			.	1	.		.	1	8	7	8	15	12	9	21

R. B. KHAMBATA, M.R.C.S (ENG), L.R.C.P. (LOND), D.P.H. (CAMB.), *Director of Public Health, Bengal.*

Calcutta, the 17th November 1933.

Vital statistics of towns with a population of 50,000 and over of the Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 11th November 1933.

Districts.	Nos.	Towns.	Population under registration according to Census of 1931.			Births registered.		Deaths registered.																								
			Male.	Female	Total	Number registered (excluding still-births).	Still-births registered	Cholera.	Small-pox	Plague	Cerebrospinal meningitis	Malaria	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever	Kala-azar.	Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea	Influenza.	Pneumonia	Phthisis	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries including suicide.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes. Male	Total of all causes. Female.	Total of all causes. Total.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Male.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Female.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Total.
Calcutta ..	1	Calcutta .	814,948	381,786	1,196,734	789	45	2	1	.		19	24			8	40	20	6	23	92	59	57	16	2	248	379	278	657	324	256	580
Burdwan ..	2	Asansol Mining Settlement.	209,544	173,136	382,680	212	1		1	.	..	4	1			.	66	5		.	10	.	7	..	2	51	76	71	147	71	59	130
Howrah .	3	Howrah	145,120	79,753	224,873	176	8		.			5	5			1	10	3	12		12	7	19	3	1	48	64	62	126	56	43	99
Dacca .	4	Dacca	79,365	59,153	138,518	137	5				..	6	2	.	.	1	1	6		.	12	2	20	1	..	30	50	31	81	47	29	76
24-Parganas ..	5	Bhatpara	60,134	24,841	84,975	65	2							..	..		14	1	.	..	2	1	.			5	18	5	23	15	8	23
Chittagong ..	6	Chittagong	35,049	18,107	53,156	37	4			..			1	.	.	..	10	2		.	1					7	10	11	21	7	7	14

Calcutta, the 17th November 1933.

R. B. KHAMBATA, M.R.C.S. (ENG.), L.R.C.P. (LOND.), D.P.H. (CAMB.), *Director of Public Health, Bengal.*

CALCUTTA IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

Calcutta, the 2nd November 1933.

Notice under section 43 of Bengal Act V of 1911, and the Calcutta Improvement Act as amended up to 1931.

Scheme No. XL (road connecting Chittaranjan Avenue with Wellington Street in continuation of Scheme No. XXXVIII).

The Board of Trustees for the Improvement of Calcutta hereby give notice that a Street Scheme, namely, Scheme No. XL (road connecting Chittaranjan Avenue with Wellington Street) has been framed for the area bounded as follows:—

On the North—From the extreme north-west corner of plot No. 52, in Scheme No. VIII of the Calcutta Improvement Trust and running straight eastwards across Sreemunta Dey Lane and Malanga Lane to a point on the middle of Wellington Street about 30 feet east of the north-east corner of 32-2, Wellington Street and about 70 feet north of the north-east corner of 34, Wellington Street.

On the East—From this point in a straight line running southwards along the middle of Wellington Street to a point where it meets the prolongation eastwards of the southern edge of Prinsep Street.

On the South—From this point westwards across Wellington Street and along the southern edge of Prinsep Street and in continuation of this line to a point on Chandni Chawk Street about 15 feet west of the south-east corner of the junction of Prinsep Street and Chandni Chawk Street.

On the West—From this point in a straight line running northwards to the starting point.

Particulars of the Scheme, map of the area comprised in the Scheme and a statement of the land which it is proposed to acquire and on which a betterment fee is proposed to be levied may be inspected at the offices of the Trust, No. 5, Clive Street, on week days between the hours of 11 a.m. and 4 p.m., and on Saturdays between 11 a.m. and 2 p.m.

Copies of above documents will be delivered to the applicants on payment of the following fees:—

	Rs.	a.
Particulars of the Scheme ..	0	4
Map of the area	1	0
Statement of land proposed to be acquired and also land on which betterment fee is proposed to be levied	0	4

Objections to the Scheme will be received up to 15th February 1934.

J. A. L. SWAN, *Chairman.*

Statement showing the gauge readings at Dacca Waterworks Station on the river Buriganga for the week ending 30th March 1935.

Date.	At highest water.		At lowest water.		Commencement of—		Remarks.	
	Time.	Reading.	Time.	Reading.	Ebb tide.	Flow tide.	7 a.m.	5 p.m.
1935.								
24th March ..	14-35	6·5	8-40	4·6	14-45	8-50	4·85	5·8
25th " ..	15-25	6·3	9-30	4·45	15-35	9-40	5·0	5·9
26th " ..	16-15	6·2	10-20	4·4	16-25	10-30	4·95	6·0
27th " ..	17-0	6·1	11-10	4·3	17-10	11-20	5·0	6·1
28th " ..	17-45	5·8	12-0	4·05	17-53	12-12	5·1	5·5
29th " ..	18-35	5·35	12-50	3·7	18-42	13-0	5·15	5·0
30th " ..	7-10	5·1	13-40	3·5	7-17	13-47	5·05	4·65

B. M. on settling tank 39·49 O. M. S. L. Zero is at O. M. S. L.

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

			Taken at high tide.				Taken at low tide
27th August	1906	..	70·5	23rd February	1907	..	51·06
5th September	1909	..	66·86	13th "	1908	..	51·06
10th August	1910	..	69·86	12th March	1912	..	51·06
1st "	1911	..	68·46	6th "	1914	..	50·60
13th "	1912	..	67·16	22nd February	1915	..	50·30
31st "	1915	..	69·7	15th "	1916	..	50·60
8th "	1916	..	68·1	3rd March	1917	..	51·0
12th "	1917	..	67·1	21st February	1918	..	51·40
13th "	1918	..	69·12	26th "	1919	..	50·4
2nd "	1919	..	66·8	18th "	1920	..	50·9
8th September	1920	..	66·9	19th "	1921	..	50·9
28th July	1921	..	68·4	8th March	1922	.	51·05
10th August	1922	..	68·00	14th "	1923	..	50·8
31st July	1923	..	66·15	16th February	1924	..	50·50
29th August	1924	..	68·82	5th March	1925	..	50·9
8th September	1925	..	68·52	9th February	1926	..	2·2
15th August	1926		19·6	27th "	1927	..	2·10
17th September	1927	.	18·70	16th "	1928	..	2·2
22nd August	1928	..	20·0	21st "	1929	..	2·0
13th July	1929	..	17·8	24th "	1930	..	2·3
12th September	1930	..	18·65	28th "	1931	..	2·2
16th August	1931	..	21·7	18th "	1932	..	1·8
6th September	1932	..	18·5	6th "	1933	..	2·10
7th "	1933	..	17·80	26th March	1934	..	2·40
23rd August	1934	.	19·35				

N.B.—Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks prior to 11 a.m. on the 8th January 1926= —48·51 with reference to P. W. D. datum.

Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks since 11 a.m. of the 8th January 1926=0·00 with reference to P. W. D. datum.

M. K. BHATTACHARJEE, *Executive Engineer,*
Khulna Division.

Khulna, the 6th April 1935.

Statement of weekly gauge readings on the river Ganges at Rampur Boalia for the week ending the 6th April 1935.

Date.	Hour.	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum.	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum on the same date last year.	Remarks.
1935.				
31st March	7 a.m.	36·90	35·44	Zero of gauge referred to B. M. on Rajshahi College step ; value 64·73.
1st April	7 „	36·85	35·39	
2nd „	7 „	36·80	35·34	
3rd „	7 „	36·75	35·34	Value of 0 of the gauge =34·55 P. W. D.
4th „ . ..	7 „	36·70	35·39	
5th „ . ..	7 „	36·65	35·44	
6th „ .. .	7 „	36·60	35·44	

Highest recorded level on 26-8-1879=64·24.
Lowest recorded level on 24-4-1931= 32·05

J. MACKIE, *Subdivisional Officer,*
Irrigation Department, Rajshahi.

Rampur Boalia, the 8th April 1935

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract statement showing the approximate volume of traffic and the tollage on canals in Bengal classed as Major Works and Minor Works and Navigation for the month of February 1935 as compared with the corresponding month of the previous year :—

Canals.	1934-35.					
	Weight of cargo.		Rafts.		Tollage.	
	During the month.	To end of the month.	During the month.	To end of the month.	During the month.	To end of the month.
	Tons.	Tons.	No.	No.	Rs.	Rs.
Major Works.						
Midnapore Canal	982	13,390	14,000	27,350	1,017	14,940
Hijili Tidal Canal	..	16,309		700	..	31,174
Total ..	982	29,699	14,000	28,050	1,017	46,114
Minor Works and Navigation.						
Calcutta and Eastern Canals ..	39,049	333,054	3,021	75,909	27,438	2,29,916
Tolly's Nala	29,936	200,656	25,105	349,113	9,078	64,408
Madaripur Bil Route	7,535	715,182	3,577	18,059	6,048	1,85,569
Total ..	76,520	1,248,892	31,703	443,081	42,564	4,79,905
Magrahat Channels	10,677	59,809	1,520	12,812	3,474	20,725
Orissa Coast Canal	2,082	28,588	1,900	6,550	1,587	18,656
GRAND TOTAL ..	89,279	1,337,289	35,123	462,443	47,625	5,19,274

Canals.	1933-34.					
	Weight of cargo.		Rafts.		Tollage.	
	During the month.	To end of the month.	During the month.	To end of the month.	During the month.	To end of the month.
	Tons.	Tons.	No.	No.	Rs.	Rs.
Major Works.						
Midnapore Canal	1,760	13,929	14,450	31,675	2,735	15,822
Hijili Tidal Canal	527	22,615		1,200	1,121	39,605
Total ..	2,287	36,544	14,450	32,875	3,856	55,427
Minor Works and Navigation.						
Calcutta and Eastern Canals .	31,751	323,913	32,695	121,673	21,864	2,25,230
Tolly's Nala	23,243	218,185	28,206	344,326	7,096	69,119
Madaripur Bil Route	7,105	571,005	11,420	31,663	5,689	1,60,200
Total ..	62,099	1,113,106	72,321	497,662	34,649	4,54,549
Magrahat Channels	10,223	30,811	1,500	10,648	4,289	23,388
Orissa Coast Canal	1,802	24,418	750	8,925	1,487	23,410
GRAND TOTAL ..	74,124	1,177,365	74,571	517,235	40,425	5,01,347

Canal.	February 1935.			
	Tollage, 1934-35		Tollage, 1933-34.	
	During the month.	To end of the month	During the month.	To end of the month.
	Rs	Rs	Rs.	Rs.
Sundarbans Steamer Route ..	4,808	58,004	3,002	54,588

J. D. WATSON,

Personal Assistant to the Chief Engineer to the Government of Bengal.

Calcutta, the 12th April 1935.

Vital statistics of towns with a population of 50,000 and over of the Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 6th April 1935.

Districts.	Nos.	Towns.	Population under registration according to census of 1931. Male	Female.	Total.	Births registered. Number registered (excluding still-births)	Still-births registered	Deaths registered. Cholera	Small-pox	Plague.	Cerebro spinal meningitis	Malaria	Enteric fever.	Measles	Relapsing fever	Kala-azar	Influenza.	Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Pneumonia.	Phthisis	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries including suicide	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes. Male.	Female.	Total	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Male	Female.	Total
Calcutta ..	1	Calcutta	814,948	381,786	1,196,734	316	34	58	110	..	10	12	14	11	..	3	7	26	32	7	74	68	47	18	1	213	402	309	711	414	320	734
Burdwan ..	2	Asansol Mining Settlement.	209,544	173,136	382,680	250	5	7		2	..	3	..	1	.	..	..	74	5	..	21	3	6	1	6	38	100	87	187	77	71	148
Howrah ..	3	Howrah .	145,120	79,753	224,873	[illegible]	[illegible]	27	5	.	..	4	3	2	..	..	..	8	11	14	16	9	20	3	1	67	100	90	190	96	66	162
Dacca ..	4	Dacca ..	79,365	59,153	138,518	80	3	3	4	.	..	.	..	.	..	2	..	..	2	2	9	1	10	3		25	36	25	61	31	29	60
24-Parganas	5	Bhatpara ..	60,134	24,841	84,975	36	1	7	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..	..	2	.	.	1	.	3	16	6	22	12	6	18
Chittagong ..	6	Chittagong	35,049	18,107	53,156	14	1	4	.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	9	10	9	19	3	9	12

R. B. KHAMBATA, M.R.C.S. (ENG.), L.R.C.P. (LOND.), D.P.H. (CAMB.), *Director of Public Health, Bengal.*

Calcutta, the 12th April 1935

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Extraordinary

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1933

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Appointment Department.

Appointment.

NOTIFICATIONS

No 11441A — 21st November 1933 — Whereas a vacancy has occurred in the Dinajpur (non-Muhammadan) constituency of the Bengal Legislative Council by reason of the resignation by Maharaja Jagadish Nath Ray, of Dinajpur, of his membership of the said Council.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of sub-rule (*1*) of rule 26 of the Bengal Electoral Rules, the Governor of Bengal is pleased to call upon the Dinajpur (non-Muhammadan) constituency to elect another person for the purpose of filling the vacancy before the 25th January 1934.

No 11444A —21st November 1933 —Whereas by notification No 11441A, dated the 21st November 1933, His Excellency the Governor of Bengal has been pleased to call upon the Dinajpur (non-Muhammadan) constituency of the Bengal Legislative Council to elect a member to the said Council in place of Maharaja Jagadish Nath Ray, of Dinajpur:

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council is pleased, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of sub-rule (*2*) of rule 11 of the Bengal Electoral Rules, and in pursuance of sub-rule (*3*) of that rule, to appoint the 4th December 1933 as the date for the nomination of candidates and for the delivery of nomination papers to the Returning Officer and the 5th December 1933 as the date on which the scrutiny of nominations shall be held

G P. HOGG,

Chief Secy to the Govt of Bengal (offg.).

(iii) *Economics Geography.*

Quinquennial Review of the Mineral Production in India.
Howard—Crop Production in India.
Chisholm—Handbook of Commercial Geography.
Chambers of Commerce Atlas.
Bartholomew—Commercial Atlas.
Russell Smith—Industrial and Commercial Geography.
Podwell Jones—Economic Geography.
Report of the Trade of India (latest).

(iv) *Tariffs.*

Bastable and Gregory—Commerce of Nations.
Coyajee—Indian Fiscal Policy.
Banerjea, P. N.—Indian Fiscal Problem.
Gregory—Tariffs : A Study in Method.
Report of the Indian Fiscal Commission, 1922.
The Indian Tariff Act—The Indian Sea Customs Act.
Report of the Indian Tariff Board regarding the grant of Protection to the Steel, Cotton, Paper and Sugar Industries.
Ashley—Modern Tariff History.
Beveridge—Tariffs.

(v) *Agricultural Economics.*

Leake—The Bases of Agricultural Practice and Economics in the United Provinces of India.
Ray—Agricultural Indebtedness.
Study of Indian Village by Mann, Keatinge, Jack, etc.
Nourse—Agricultural Economics.
Taylor—Agricultural Economics (Ed. 1920).
Carver—Principles of Agricultural Economics.
Boyle—Agricultural Economics.
Wolff—Rural Reconstruction.
Mukherjee P.—Co-operative Movement in India.
Report of the Agricultural Commission, 1921—(Abridged).

(vi) *Currency.*

Edie—Money, Bank Credit and Prices.
Easton—Exchange, Currency and Finance.
Report on the Operations of the Currency Department of the Government of India (latest issue).
Report of the Hilton Young Commission.
Coyajee—Indian Monetary System.
Hawtrey—Theory and Practice of the Gold Standard.

(vii) *Public Finance.*

Wattal—Financial Administration in India.
Hilton Young—System of National Finance.
Report of the Taxation Enquiry Committee.
Budgets of the Government of India and Government of Bengal.
Stamp—Fundamental Principles of Taxation.
Plehn—Public Finance.
P. N. Banerjea—History of Indian Taxation.
J. P. Niyogi—Evolution of the Indian Income Tax.
P. N. Banerjea—Provincial Finance in India.

For reference—

Shirras—Science of Public Finance.

(viii) *Auditing.*

Spicer and Peglar—Practical Auditing.
Pixley—Duties of Auditors.
Dicksee—Practical Auditing.

(ix) *Business Organisation.*

Chartered Institute of Secretaries—Secretarial Practice.
Bloomfield—Business Organisation.
Sparling—Introduction to Business Organisation.
Haney—Business Organisation and Combination.
Stephenson—Principles and Practice of Commerce.

(x) Transport.

*Stephenson. Communications.
*Headley, A. T. Railroad Transportation.
Ripley, W. Z. Railroads Rates Regulations.
Phillip Burtt Passenger Train Operation.
Kirkus. Railways Statistics. Their Compilation and Use.
*Srinivasan, K. C. Law and Theory of Railway Rates.
S C Ghosh. Freight yards, Terminals, Train and Freight, Tariff Operation.
*Sanyal, N. Development of Indian Railways.
Major Buddon. Operating Statistics and the Divisional Officer.
Report on the Administration of Indian Railways (latest issue).

(xi) Economic History.

F. A. Ogg. Development of Modern Europe.
Knowles. Economic Development of the Overseas Empire 1763-1914.
Cambridge Modern History, Vol. VIII, Ch. XXII.
I. J. Bryan. Japan from Within.
Report of the Indian Industrial Commission.
Birnie Economic History of Europe.

For reference

R. C. Dutt. India under Early British Rule.
R. C. Dutt. India in the Victorian Age.
Imperial Gazetteer, Vol. III.
H. G. Moulton. Japan.

Pure Mathematics.

[*N.B.* No text-book is prescribed. The books recommended are to be studied in the light of the Syllabuses prescribed.]

COMPULSORY PAPERS.

Paper I.

G. Chrystal. Algebra, Part II.
E. W. Hobson. Plane Trigonometry.
Todhunter and Leathem. Spherical Trigonometry.
Burnside and Panton. Theory of Equations, Vols. I and II.

Paper II.

Minchin. Statics, Vols. I and II.
Routh. Statics, Vols. I and II.
Routh. Dynamics of a Particle.

Paper III.

Salmon. Conic Sections.
Sommerville. Analytical Conics.
Ganguly. Theory of Plane Curves, Vols. 1 and 2.

For reference

Salmon. Higher Plane Curves.
Hilton. Plane Algebraic Curves.

Paper IV.

Salmon. Geometry of Three Dimensions, 5th Ed., Vol. I.
Forsyth. Differential Geometry.

Paper V.

Goursat. Mathematical Analysis, Vol. I (translated by Hedrick).
Edwards. Differential Calculus.
Williamson. Differential Calculus.
Todhunter. Integral Calculus.
Williamson. Integral Calculus.
Phillip. Course of Analysis (Cambridge University Press.)

Paper VI.

Forsyth. Differential Equations.
MacRobert. Spherical Harmonics.
G. Prasad. Treatise on Spherical Harmonics (Part I).

SPECIAL PAPERS

Theory of Functions of a Real Variable.

Townsend. Theory of Functions of a Real Variable
Hobson. Theory of Functions of a Real Variable.
G Prasad. Recent researches in the theory of Fourier Series

Theory of Functions of a Complex Variable.

Goursat Mathematical Analysis, Vol. 2, Part I (translated by Hedrick).
MacRobert Functions of a Complex Variable (Macmillan & Co).

For reference

Whittaker and Watson Modern Analysis, 4th Edition.
Forsyth. Theory of Functions of a Complex Variable, 3rd Edition.

Theory of Groups.

Miller, Blichfeldt and Dickson. Finite Groups. (John Wiley and Sons).
Hilton. Finite Groups
Dickson. Algebraic Equations.

For reference—

Edgar Dehn. Algebraic Equations.

Theory of Numbers.

Reid. Theory of Algebraic Numbers.
Mathews. Theory of Numbers, Part I.

For reference -

Smith. Reports on the Theory of Numbers. (Collected Papers, Vol. I, pp. 38-364.)

Vector Analysis and Quaternions.

Joly. Manual of Quaternions.
Hamilton. Elements of Quaternions (Ed Joly), Vol. I.

Calculus of Variations.

Bolza. Calculus of Variations.
Hancock. Lectures on Calculus of Variations.

Finite Differences and Statistics.

Boole. Finite Differences.
De Morgan. Calculus of Functions.
D. C. Jones. Statistics.
Forsyth. Statistics.
Whittaker George and Robinson. A Short Course on Interpolation.
Batcheldier. Introduction to Difference Equations.

For reference

Herschel. Examples of Calculus of Finite Differences.
Babbage. Examples of Functional Equations.

Projective Geometry.

Mathews. Projective Geometry.
Cremona. Projective Geometry.
Hilbert. Foundations of Geometry. (Translated by Townsend. Open Court Publishing Company.)

For reference

Durell. Plane Geometry for Advanced Students, Vol. 2.
Veblen and Young. Projective Geometry, Vol. 1.
Sommerville The Elements of Non-Euclidean Geometry.

Non-Euclidean Geometry.

Carslaw Non-Euclidean Geometry and Trigonometry.
Bonola Non-Euclidean Geometry. (Translated by Carslaw. Open Court Publishing Company.)
Hilbert. Foundations of Geometry (Translated by Townsend. Open Court Publishing Company.)
Sommerville. Non-Euclidean Geometry

For reference

H. P Manning. Geometry of Four Dimensions.
Ganguli. Analytical Geometry of Four Dimensions.

Integral Equations.

Lovitt Linear Integral Equations (New York, 1924)
Goursat Cours D' Analyse Mathematique, Vol 3, Chapters 30, 31, 32, 33.
Volterra Lecons sur les equations integra les et less equations intigro-differentiales (Paris, 1913)
Whittaker and Watson Modern Analysis (4th Edition).

Elliptic Functions

G Prasad. Introduction to the theory of elliptic Functions (Calcutta, 1928).

For reference—

Abel. Ouvres, Vols I and II.

Algebra of Quantics.

Elliot, E. B. Algebra of Quantics.
Grace and Young. Algebra of Invariants

Anthropology.

Paper I.

(Physical Anthropology Zoological and Palaeontological)

Man zoologically considered—position of man in the animal kingdom classification and general anatomy of the primates - comparative anatomy of the anthropoidae and hominidae—fossil simians fossil men—Sinanthropus Pithecanthropus Weimar fossils Mauer jaw -Piltdown remains Neanderthals Grimaldi, Chancelade and Cromagnon races Azilian races- Osteological remains of early man from Asia, Australia and Africa. History of biological thought in the 19th and 20th centuries.

Books recommended

W. H L Duckworth Morphology and Anthropology. Vol. I (2nd edition).
Wood Jones—Man's Place among the Mammals.
M. Boule Fossil Men.
Keith New Discoveries on the Antiquity of Man.

Paper II.

(Ethnology and Racial History.)

Race and environment definitions criteria of race the history and distribution of man in Asia and Europe in detail and Africa, Oceania and America in general

Books recommended :—

A. C. Haddon Races of Man.
Denikker—Les races et peuples de la terre.
Giufrida Ruggeri (tr : Chakladar) Systematic Anthropology of Asia.

For reference—

Keane (Haddon)—Man, Past and Present.
Martin--Lehrburch der Anthropologie (Vols. I and II).
Dixon Racial History of Man.
Ripley Races of Europe.
Seligmann– Races of Africa.

Paper III.

(Prehistory)

Vestiges of Tertiary handicrafts—eoliths– palaeolithic cultures in Europe, Asia and Africa Mesolithic phases Neolithic origins and distribution - domesticated animals and plants the wheel and the plough megalithic remains– Early metallurgy of Copper, Bronze and Iron Chalcolithic cultures in Asia Bronze Age areas in Europe— Early Iron Age remains—Prehistoric India and its cultural correlations with Eastern and Western Asia, Africa and Europe -Beginnings of ancient civilizations of the East

Books recommended

G. G. Maccurdy Human Origins
P. Mitra— Prehistoric India
V. G. Childe The Most Ancient East.

For reference :

De Morgan– Le Prehistoire Orientale
Sir John Marshall Mohen-jo-Daro and Indus Valley cultures.

Paper IV.

(Social Anthropology.)

Methodology Origin of human society—Marriage, forms and modes of choice of mate, divorce– life cycle of the individual -organisation of groups, geographical, kinship, tribal, confederate, national, totemistic, age-grades Property and inheritance Law and justice, government.

Religion in primitive life definition -magic animism, pre-animisim and animatism fetishism - totemism tree and animal worship ancestor-worship mana and primitive universal spirit primitive supreme and superior beings—tabu Shamanism development of priesthood mythology folk-lore– theories of the origin and development of religion.

Books recommended

W. H. R. Rivers—Social Organisation.
R. Lowie Primitive Society.
Schmidt (tr : Rose) Origin and Growth of Religion.

For reference –

E. Westermarck Human Marriage (abridged edition).
L. K. A. Iyer -Mysore Tribes and Castes (Vol. II, pp. 408-488).
E. Durkheim – Elementary forms of Religious Life.
R. Lowie -Primitive Religion.
Marrett—Threshold of Religion.
Morgan Ancient Society.
J. G. Frazer Golden Bough (Abridged edition).

GROUP A.

Paper V.

(Advanced Physical Anthropology.)

General theory of variation and heredity racial differences in mankind—racial origins and racial biology methods for the study of human heredity—psychological differences between the different races of mankind.

Books recommended

Baur, Fischer, Lenz - Human heredity.
Ruggles Gates—Heredity in Man.

Paper VI.

Anthopometry biometry.

Intensive study of a particular group of Indian people or some general problem in Physical Anthropology (to be chosen in consultation with the lecturer)

The candidate will be required to submit a report on his special line of enquiry.

Books for reference –

Martin - Lehrbuch der Anthropologie Vols. I and II.

R. A. Fisher. Statistical methods for research workers (Oliver and Boyd. London, 1925).

GROUP B.

Paper V.

(Advanced Social Anthropology.)

Intensive study of the history of social institutions specially with reference to India : social institutions in relation to material culture status of women- psychoanalytic study of mutual inter-relationships in the primitive matriarchal and patriarchal families ideas of primitive paternity - ideas of incest and descent as influencing social organisation contract of cultures affecting marriage rules bilateral and asymmetrical descent classificatory system and exogamy – totemism and exogamy– marital gerontocracy - group-marriage—dual organisation and tri-clan grouping—cross-cousin marriage and preferential mating—avoidance customs—types of Indian matriliny and polyandry. Similar types of social organisation in India, Australia and Melenesia.

Culture definition-concept of culture-area and culture-centre-environmental factors discovery and invention primary and secondary diffusion processes.

Books recommended

C. Wissler Introduction to Social Anthropology.

Freud —Totem and Taboo.

Malinowski– Primitive paternity.

For reference—

K. P. Chattopadhyay Contact of peoples as affecting marriage rules.

W. H. R Rivers —History of Melanesian Society.

B. G. Seligmann Incest and descent (J. R. A. I 1929), also J.R.A.I.—1927, 1928 and 1924.

R. B. Dixon The Building of Cultures.

Paper VI

(Advanced Social Anthropology.)

An intensive study of any one of the following primitive culture areas of India with special reference to one or more tribes of the area as may be prescribed from time to time.

(1) Assam, (2) Chittagong and Chindwin basins, (3) Chota Nagpur, Orissa and the Central Provinces, (4) Cis-Himalayan regions, (5) North-West Frontier Tracts, (6) South India, (7) Western India including the Presidency of Bombay, Malabar, Cochin, Travancore and South Canara.

Geographical features and environmental characteristics - racial and cultural history ethnographic study of material culture, social organisation, linguistic groupings, religious beliefs and economic status and the change brought about by foreign contact.

For 1935 The Santals.

For reference-

Dalton - Descriptive Ethnology of Bengal.

Bodding—Santhal Folk-lore.

Man - Santals.

Papers in A. S. B. and Ind. Antiquary, etc.

GROUP C.

Paper V.

(Social Organisation of the Non-primitive Peoples of India.)

Castes and Age-Grades (Varna and Asrams)-origin, formation and function of caste.– Social division amongst Muhammadan, marriage-modes and types of marriage—divorce-widow marriage-couvade traditions of primitive promiscuity—Family types and interrelationships; joint family-kinship terms-status of women-Individual life cycle rites (samskaras)—daily life-tabus disposal of the dead—Suttee. Associations-(Parishat, Samiti, Sabha, Sangha, Gana, Gosthi), Hospitality, Amusements and festivals, Property and inheritance-joint ownership, individual rights, property of women.

Books recommended –

Census reports, India, 1931 Chapters on Sex, Marriage, caste, tribe and race; occupation.
H. C. Chakladar Social organisation in India (from Vatsayana).
Karandiker -Hindu Exogamy.
Banerjea Development of Hindu polity and political theories.

For reference

Ghurye Race and caste in India.
Dutt History of Caste.

Paper VI.

(Religions of the non-primitive peoples of India.)

Classification of peoples of India by religion and variations since 1881—Hinduism– definition and general history Buddhism, Jainism, Hindu sects-the Hindu pantheon—their history and modification since Vedic times—Hindu methods of worship—the different theories of worship–Hindu ritualism– its history in Vedic, pauranic, tantrik, mediæval and modern times—sraddha-primitive survivals in popular Hinduism.

Muhammadanism sects -sufism ceremonials of Hindu - Moslem culture contact.

Christianity earlier and later groups in India. Zoroastrianism—its survival in India, Judaism, Mediæval and modern schools of Hindu thought.

Books recommended

A. B. Keith. Religion and philosophy of the Vedas and the Upanishads (parts II, III and IV).
Farquhar, J. N. -Religious literature of India.
Akshoy K. Dutt. Bharatiya Upasaka Sampradaya.
Census of India 1931, reports-chapter on religion.
Bhandarkar –Vaishnavism, Saivism, etc.
Kern. -Manual of Buddhism.

Paper VII.

(Practical.)

Practical knowledge of Human and Anthropoid Osteology. Anthropometric observations and measurements as recommended by the British Anthropometic committee. Osteometric measurements as recommended by the same committee.

Students are required to measure 25 men and 3 skeletons. Laboratory book to be kept.

Details of work is given in Syllabus as adopted by the Board of Higher Studies.

Paper VIII.

(Practical.)

Identification of stone objects and implements and technological specimens.

Students are required to submit a report on a selected topic in Social Anthropology prescribed by the Lecturers and a report on the specimens of the Ethnographic gallery of the Indian Museum.

S. C. GHOSH, *Secretary.*

Council of Post Graduate Teaching in Arts, University of Calcutta.

Asutosh Building, the 18th September, 1933.

B A EXAMINATION, 1935

Linguistics.

(Pass Course.)

Paper I General Principles of Linguistic Science, Growth and Development of Language.

Books recommended

Sweet History of Language (Dent).
Wyld- Historical Study of the Mother Tongue (Murray).

Paper II. Phonetics Language Families of the World.

Books recommended

Dumville, B The Science of Speech (London University Tutorial Series).
Chatterji, S. K A Brief Sketch of Bengali Phonetics (International Phonetic Association, University College, London).

Paper III The Languages of India

Books recommended

Grierson, Sir G. A. Article in the Bulletin of the School of Oriental Studies, London, Vol. I, and the Linguistic Survey of India, Vol. I. Part I.

Note. Students are also recommended to consult the following:

Tucker, T G. Introduction to the Natural History of Language (Blackie).

Honours Course.

There shall be six papers in all

Paper I. Same as for the Pass Course, but in greater detail

Books recommended (in addition to those for the Pass Course)

O. Jespersen Language (Allen and Unwin); Article on "Philology" in the Encyclopaedia Britannica (11th Ed.).

Paper II. Same as for the Pass Course, but in greater detail.

Books recommended (in addition to those for the Pass Course):

G. Noel-Armfield General Phonetics (Heffer, Cambridge); Article on "Accent" and "Phonetics" in the Encyclopaedia Britannica (11th Ed.).

Paper III. Same as for the Pass Course, but in greater detail.

Besides the books prescribed for the Pass Course, the students are expected to have a general acquaintance with the volumes of the Linguistic Survey of India dealing with the Indo-Aryan and Iranian Languages.

Paper IV. Grammar of one of the following Languages treated comparatively and historically·

(A) English. Books recommended: H Sweet New English Grammar (Oxford): H. C. Wyld -Historical Study of the Mother Tongue (Murray).

(B) Sanskrit Book recommended. A. Macdonell A Vedic Grammar for students (Oxford), to be supplemented by Whitney's Sanskrit Grammar (Ginn).

(C) Pali. Books recommended: E. Müller Pali Grammar (Kegan Paul); Vidhusekhara Sastri Pali Prakasa.

(D) Persian. Books recommended: Platts and Ranking A Persian Grammar (Oxford).

Paper V.- Texts illustrating the growth of the Language chosen.

(A) English. Old and Middle English. Recommended books: Wyatt—Old English Grammar (for reference only); Cook—First Book of Old English (Ginn); H Sweet -First and Second Middle English Primers; Wright - Elementary Grammar of Middle English (for reference only).

(B) Sanskrit.—Books recommended: Sanskrit (Vedic), and Pali-Prakrit—Rigveda: Hymns. I—154; II—12, III—59; VII—49; 51, 63, 71, 86 (these are all to be found in Macdonell's Vedic Reader); Woolner—Introduction to Prakrit: Extracts—1-8, 10, 11, 15, 19, 22-26, 28, 31, 32, 34, 35.

(C) Pali.—Sanskrit (Vedic and Classical), and Prakrit. Books recommended: Rigveda: Hymns, IV—51; X—44, 90, 129 (these are all to be found in Macdonell's Vedic Reader): Raghuvamsa, Canto IV; Vikramorvasi (Bombay Ed.); Woolner—Introduction to Prakrit (as in B).

(D) Persian Avesta, Old Persian and Pahlavi. Books recommended: Avesta: Taraporewala Selections from Avesta and Old Persian, I (Calcutta University)—Yasna IX. Old Persian: Behistun Inscription, I. Pahlavi; Arda Viraf Nama, IV.

Paper VI. A cognate or connected language (Easy texts including Elementary Grammar).

(A) With English: German or French.
German: Hauff—Die Karawane (Cambridge), first three stories.
French: Guy de Maupassant—Six Contes (Cambridge), first three stories.
(B) With Sanskrit either Avesta and Old Persian or Greek.
Avesta: Yasna IX; Old Persian, Behistun Inscription, Col. I.
Greek:—Beresford and Douglas A First Greek Reader (Blackie).
(C) With Pali. Ancient Indian Vernacular Texts:
Bengali: Bauddha Gan O Doha. Selected Caryas:
Sri Krishna Kirtana Selected portions.
(D) With Persian either—Sanskrit or Arabic.
Sanskrit: C. U. Matriculation Course (the following:—Hitopadesa, 1st four stories Nalopakhyana, verses 1-30).
Arabic: Thornton and Nicholson—"Elementary Arabic, First Reading Book."

S. C. GHOSH, *Secretary*.

Council of Post-Graduate Teaching in Arts, University of Calcutta.

Asutosh Building, the 18th September 1933.

B. COM. EXAMINATION, 1935.

Compulsory Papers.

Seligman. Principles of Economics. (Chapters on Money and Banking)
Clay. An Introduction for the General Reader.

INDIAN ECONOMICS.

P. N. Banerjea. Study of Indian Economics.

For reference—

Coyajee. Indian Monetary System.
Baden Powell. Land Revenue in British India.
Reports of the Central Banking Enquiry Committee and the Bengal Provincial Enquiry Committee.

ACCOUNTANCY.

Cropper Book-keeping and Accounts.

INDIAN AND FOREIGN TRADE.

Wolfe. Theory and Practice of International Commerce. (Chapters on Indent Business in India at the Far East and German and English methods of financing foreign trade).
Cotton. Handbook of Commercial Information for India.
Miller. Foreign Exchange Market.
Review of the Trade of India (Latest issue).
Report of the Bengal Provincial Banking Enquiry Committee (Chapters VII, VIII and X).

BUSINESS ORGANISATION INCLUDING COMMERCIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Davar. Business Organisation.
Report of the Central Banking Enquiry Committee (Chapter XVII).
Stephenson. Commercial Correspondence.

COMMERCIAL LAW.

Davar. Mercantile Law.
Indian Contract Act.

ECONOMIC GEOGRAPHY.

Taylor. Businessman's Geography.
A School Economic Atlas by Bartholomew, with Introduction by Lyde (Revised edition).
Dudley Stamp. Intermediate Commercial Geography.

(Optional Papers).

ADVANCED ACCOUNTANCY AND AUDITING.

Carter. Advanced Accounts.
De Paula. Principles of Auditing.

BANKING AND CURRENCY.

Robertson. Money.
Weston. Banking and Currency (University Tutorial Press).
Withers. Meaning of Money.
Joshi. Money and Money Market in India.
Tannan. Banking Law and Practice in India.
Coyajee. Indian Monetary System
Keith le Cheminant. Foreign and Colonial Banking System

For reference
Report of the Central Banking Enquiry Committee.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATIONS.

Strong Modern Constitutions.
Jenks. British Empire.
D. N. Banerjee. Indian Constitution.
Keith. Dominion Autonomy in Practice.

For reference—
Report of the Sub-Committees of the Round Table Conference.
Report of the Simon Commission.

PUBLIC FINANCE.

Dalton. Public Finance.
Report of the Taxation Enquiry Committee (Chapters VI to IX).
Wattal. Financial Administration in British India.
Hilton Young. The System of National Finance.

AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS.

Carver. Introduction to Rural Economics.
Wolff. Co-operation in India.
Report of the Royal Commission on Agriculture (Chapters I, II, IV and XI).
Review of Agricultural Operations in India (latest issue).

ECONOMICS OF TRANSPORT.

Acworth. Elements of Railway Economics.
Acworth Committee's Report.
S. C. Ghosh. Indian Railway Problems.
Mehta, N. B. Indian Railway rates and development.
Douglas Knoop. Outlines of Railway Economics.
T. R. Hare. British Railway Operation.

For reference—
Administration Report on Indian Railways (latest issue).

INDUSTRIAL ORGANISATION.

Macgregor. Industrial Combinations.
Robertson. Control of Industry.
Report of the Indian Industrial Commission (1916-18).
A Study of Jute, Cotton and Iron Industries in India.
Large Industrial Establishments in India (latest edition).
Report of the Indian Labour Committee.
Students are recommended to consult Reports and Government Publications.

For reference—
Report of the Balfour Committee.

TARIFFS.

Higginson. Tariffs at Work.
Fisk. International Commercial Policies.
Banerjea, P. N. Fiscal Policy in India.
Report of the Indian Fiscal Commission.
Report of the Tariff Board on Steel, Cotton and Sugar Industries.
Reports of the Indian Delegation to the Ottawa Conference.
Dell Donne. European Tariff Policies.

STATISTICS.

King. Elements of Statistics.
Bowley. Elementary Manual of Statistics.
Boddington. Statistics and their Application to Commerce.

ECONOMIC HISTORY.

Gibbons. Industry in England.
Gadgil. Industrial Evolution in India.
Report of the Royal Commission on Indian Labour.

For reference—

J. C. Sinha. Economic Annals of Bengal.
R. C. Dutt. India under Early British Rule.
R. C. Dutt. India in the Victorian Age.

The following vernaculars are specified for the present for the B. Com. Examination Composition Paper:

(1) Hindi. (2) Bengali. (3) Urdu. (4) Uriya. (5) Assamese. (6) Tamil. (7) Telugu. (8) Canarese. (9) Malayalam. (10) Gujrati. (11) Marathi. (12) French. (13) German.

S. C. GHOSH, *Secretary.*

Council of Post-Graduate Teaching in Arts, University of Calcutta.

Asutosh Building, the 18th September 1933.

B. A. AND B. Sc. EXAMINATIONS, 1935.

Anthropology.

Pass.

Paper I.

Physical Anthropology (including prehistory).

Physical Anthropology—position of man in the animal kingdom origin and evolution of man—early types of man—their distribution and culture with special reference to Palaeolithic and Neolithic civilisations.

A brief outline of the principles of anthropometry.

Racial criteria—influence of environment—a general survey of the different races of mankind—Racial history of Asia and Europe with special reference to India. A brief ethnological consideration of typical primitive tribes of India (*e.g.*, Andamanese, Nicobarese, Vedda, Toda, Kadir, Kurumba, Gond. Khond, Bhil, Oraon, Munda, Juang, Savaras, Santal, Khasi, Garo, Naga, Kuki, Lepcha, Abor).

Books recommended—

A. C. Haddon. Races of Man.
H. G. Fleure. Apes and Men.
Cleland. Our prehistoric Ancestors.

Paper II.

General and Social Anthropology.

Material culture and economic pursuits of primitive men—food collecting, hunting, fishing, domestication of animals and pastoral life—hoe-culture and agriculture—primitive decorative art, music and dancing—primitive habitations and personal adornment.

A general scheme of social organisation—tribe, clan, family, marriage, association

Early religion and magic, mythology, beliefs, rituals and ceremonials.

To be studied with special reference to peoples of rude culture in India as far as possible.

Books recommended—

W H R. Rivers. Social Organisation.
Haddon Magic and Fetishism.
Marrett. The Threshold of Religion.
N. Bose Cultural Anthropology.
Horniman Museum Handbooks to Weapons and the Evolution of Domestic arts.

Paper III.

Practical (as per syllabus).

Honours.

Papers I and II.

(As in Pass.)

Paper III.

(Advanced physical Anthropology.)

A detailed study of the Neanderthal and Upper Palaeolithic races and their geographical distribution and culture.

A detailed study of prehistory specially of Chalcolithic, Copper, Bronze and Iron Age cultures with special reference to India.

A brief racial history of Africa, America and Oceania.

A brief ethnological consideration of some typical non-Indian primitive tribes (Hottentot, Baganda, Semang, Ifugao, Maori, Eskimo, Chukchi).

Books recommended—

Keith- Antiquity of Man, Vols. I and II.
P. Mitra —Prehistoric India.
Burkitt- Our Prehistoric Ancestors.

Paper IV.

(Advanced Social Anthropology.)

A detailed study of social organisation kinship system—genealogical method cross-cousin marriage dual organisation and marriage classes.

Primitive Law succession, descent, inheritance in matriarchal and patriarchal communities in India administration of justice—tribal law and the growth of moral ideas.

Primitive Government central and local authority—sacred and secular offices inherited rank and elected offices- village councils—chiefs and confederacies inter-tribal relations.

Primitive Economics organisation of primitive industries- distribution exchange and commerce in primitive communities —distribution of wealth—private and collective ownership—barter, exchange—mediums and the development of currency economic adjustments in a primitive tribal village in contact with higher cultures.

Principles of Cultural origin and diffusion.

Books recommended

R Thurnwald Economics of Primitive Communities.
Wissler Man and Culture.
D. Buxton Primitive Labour.

Papers V and VI.

Practical as per syllabus.

S. C. GHOSH, *Secretary.*

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

Senate House, the 14th November 1933.

NOTIFICATION No. T. 349.

Law Examinations, 1935 and 1936.

Text-books, Acts and Statutes to be studied in accordance with the syllabus laid down in the Regulations.

N.B.—(1) In all cases where reference is made to Chapters, Sections, Pages or Lines (thus Chapters I—III), the reference is to be understood as inclusive.

(2) All references in Acts include the latest amendments made.

Preliminary Examination in Law in January and July 1935 and January 1936.

Jurisprudence.

Holland's Jurisprudence, Maine's Ancient Law (edited by Sir F. Pollock).

Note.—Students are recommended to consult Salmond's Jurisprudence.

Roman Law.

Bagchi's Roman Private Law, Second Edition, Digest IX, 2; Lex Aquilia (English Translation by Monro, Cambridge University Press, or by Gruebar Oxford Press), Maine's Ancient Law (edited by Sir F. Pollock).

Hindu Law.

Mitakshara, Chapter I, Sections 1-5; Chapter II, Sections 1-10; Dayabhaga, Chapters 1, 2, 5 and 11; Mayne's Hindu Law and Usage; Golapchandra Sarkar's Hindu Law, new edition; Rajkumar Sarbadhikari's Law of Inheritance (Tagore Law Lectures), new edition, Chapters XI—XVI, both inclusive; University Selection of Leading Cases.

Constitutional Law.

Hand-book of English Constitutional Law, by Jyotiprasad Sarbadhikari, M.A., B.L., second edition. Dicey's Law of the Constitution. University Selection of Leading Cases.

Note.—Students are recommended to consult Thomas' Leading Cases in Constitutional Law (new edition).

Intermediate Examination in Law in January and July 1935 and January 1936.

Muhammadan Law.

Sirajia (except the details as to succession of distant kindred). Amir Ali's Students' Manual of Muhammadan Law or Mullah's Principles of Muhammadan Law (omitting the details as to the sections of distant kindred); Selection of Leading Cases.

The Law relating to Persons.

Act XX of 1875 (Majority); Campbell's Principles of English Law, Chapters IV, V, VIII, XII—XV, University Selection of Leading Cases.

The Law relating to Property.

(a) The Law of Transfer *inter vivos*, Act IV of 1882 (Transfer of Property Act), as amended by Acts of 1929 and 1930; Act XVI of 1908 (Registration), Sections 17, 18, 48, 49, 50; University Selection of Leading Cases.

(b) Principles of the English Law of Real Property and the Law of Intestate and Testamentary Succession (exclusive of the Hindu and the Muhammadan Law of Intestate Succession): William's Principles of the Law of Real Property, 24th edition, which contains the amendments in the Law of Real Property effected by Lord Birkenhead's Act with which the students are expected to be familiar. Introduction, Part I, Part II, omitting Chapters VII, IX and XI, Part III, Part VI, Indian Succession Act (XXXIX of 1925), omitting Parts IV, V, VII and X; University Selection of Leading Cases.

Note.- Students are recommended to consult Topham's New Law of Property (third edition), omitting Chapters VIII, XII, XIV, XVI, XXVI - XXVIII and XXX--XXXVII.

The Law of Contracts and Torts.

Anson's Law of Contract; Pollock on Torts; Act IX of 1872 (Contract Act); University Selection of Leading Cases. Sale of goods Act.

Students may consult the following book:—

The Principles of the Law of Contract, by M. N. Kanjilal.

Final Examination in Law in January and July 1935, and January 1936.

The Law relating to Property.

(1) The Law of Land Tenures, Land Revenue and Prescription; Regulation I of 1793; Preamble to Regulation II of 1793; Regulations VIII, XIX, sections 1- 7; XXXVII, sections 1 - 3 of 1793; VIII of 1819, XI of 1825; Act VIII of 1885 (Bengal Tenancy Act), as amended by Act IV of 1928, Chapters I—VIII, XI, XIV; Act XI of 1859; Act XV of 1877, sections 26-28; Upendranath Mitra's Indian Law of Prescription and Easements; Field's Introduction to the Bengal Regulations (portions relating to Land Tenures); Saradacharan Mitra's Tagore Law Lectures; University Selection of Leading Cases.

(2) The Principles of Equity including the Law of Trusts; Maitland's Lectures on Equity, Chapters 1- XXI; Brett's Leading Cases on Equity; Enell and Bagchi—Principles of Equity for the use of Indian Students and Practitioners. University Selection of Leading Cases.

Note.—Students are recommended to consult Petride's Students' Cases with a view to elucidate the cases mentioned in the text-books.

(3) The Law of Evidence and the General Principles of Civil Procedure and Limitation Act I of 1872 (Evidence Act); V of 1908 (Civil Procedure), sections 1—158; Schedule I, Orders I—X, XIV, XV, XVIII, XX, XXI—XXIII, XXX - XXXIII, XXXIV—XXXV, XXXIX—XLI, XLII, XLIII, XLV, XLVI, XLVII; Schedule II; Act IX of 1908 with Amendments, sections 1—25; Best on Evidence, Introduction, Books I, II and III, Part I; University Selection of Leading Cases.

Students may consult the following book:—

The Law of Evidence, by A. K. Ghosh.

(4) The Law of Crimes and the General Principles of Criminal Procedure, Act XLV of 1860 (Penal Code), Chapters I--V, and such portions of Chapters VI—XXIII as do not relate exclusively to the amount of punishments to be inflicted for an offence; Act V of 1898 (Criminal Procedure), omitting Chapters I, IX, XIV, XXXIII—XL, XLII, XLIII, XLVI, except section 562, Sir James Fitz-James Stephens's General View of the Criminal Law of England; University Selection of Leading Cases.

Students may consult the following book:—

Criminal Procedure Code, by Sripati Ray.

Leading Cases.

The following Leading Cases are prescribed to be studied in the original judgments as expositions of important legal principles in connection with the different subjects for the Law Examinations in January and July 1935 and January 1936.

N. B.—Candidates are required to possess a detailed knowledge of the cases marked with asterisks.

Preliminary Examination in Law.

Hindu Law.

Amarnath *v.* Firm of Hukumchand, 33 C.L.J. 355 P.C.
*Bhoobanmoyee *v.* Ramkishore, 10 M.I.A. 279.
Buddha Singh *v.* Laltu Singh, 42 I.A. 208.
Manikyamala *v.* Nandakumar, 33 Cal. 1306.
Bhugwandeen Doobey *v.* Myna Baee, 11 M.I.A. 487.
*Brijnarain *v.* Mangala Prosad, 28 C.W.N. 253 P.C.
Chotay Lal *v.* Chunno Lal, 6 I.A. 15.
*Collector of Madura *v.* Moottoo Ramlinga, 12 M.I.A. 397.
Deviprasad *v.* Golap Bhagat, I.L.R. 40 Cal. 721.
*Guru Govind Shah *v.* Ananda Lal, 5 B.L.R. 15.
Harikishen *v.* Kashipershad, 42 I.A. 64.
Hiralal *v.* Tripura, 40 Cal. 615.
*Hanuman Prosad *v.* Babooee Koonwaree, 6 M.I.A. 393.
*Jotindramohan Tagore *v.* Ganendramohan Tagore, L.R.I.A. Sup. Vol. 47; 18 W.R. 359.
Katama Natchiar *v.* Raja of Shivaganga, 9 M.I.A. 543.
Moniram Kolita *v.* Kerry Kolitany, 7 I.A. 115.
Nagnidas *v.* Bachoo, 43 I.A. 56.
Omrit Kumaree *v.* Lukhee Narain, 10 W.R. 76 F.B.
Rajani *v.* Netai, 32 C.L.J. 343.
*Ramchandra *v.* Vinayak, 41 I.A. 290.
Saradaprasanna Ray *v.* Umakanta Hazari, 50 Cal. 370.
*Rangaswami *v.* Nachiappa, 46 I.A. 72.
Sri Balusu *v.* Sri Balusu, 26 I.A. 115.
Sri Madana *v.* Sri Purushothama, 45 I.A. 150.
Suraj Bansi *v.* Sheo Prasad, 6 I.A. 88.
*Shyamacharan Chattopadhyay *v.* Sricharan Chattopadhyay, 56 Cal. 1135 (Mitter J.).
*Monohar Mukherjee *v.* Bhupendranath Mukherjee and others, 56 C.L.J. 468, 37, C.W.N. 29 F.B.
Amarendra Man Singh Brahmarbar Rai and another *v.* Sanatan Singh and others, 57 C.L.J. 593; 37 C.W N. 938.

Constitutional Law.

*Ashby *v.* White, 2 Lord Raymond 938; 1 Sm. L.C. 291; 14 St. Tr. 695.
Bradlaugh *v.* Gossett, (1884) 12 Q B. D. 271; 53 L.T 620.
Bushell's Case, 6 St. Tr. 999.
Darnel's Case, 3 St. Tr. 1.
*Empress *v.* Burah, I.L.R. 3 Cal. 73 F.B.; on App. 4 Cal. 172.
Entick *v.* Carrington, 19 St. Tr. 1030.
*Feather *v.* The Queen, 6 B. & S. 257.
Hampden's Cases, 3 St. Tr. 825.
Hanoverian Elector's Case, 17 Q.B.D. 54 (1886).
Howell's Case, 2 Mod. 219.
*Marais, Ex parte, [1902] A.C. 109
*Musgrave *v.* Pulido, (1879) 5 App. Cas. 102.
Rogers *v.* Dutt, 13 Moo. P.C. 209.
Secretary of State *v.* Moment, 40 I.A. 48.
Seven Bishops' Case, 12 St. Tr. 183.
Spooner *v.* Juddo, 4 M.I.A. 353.
Stallman, in re I.L.R. 39 Cal. 164.
*Stockdale *v.* Hansard, 9 Ad. & E. I.
Wall's Case, 28 St. Tr. 51.
*Wise *v.* Dunning, [1902] 1 K.B. 167.
*Girindranath Banerjee *v.* Birendranath Pal, 31 C.W.N. 593.

Intermediate Examination in Law.

Muhammadan Law and Law relating to Persons.

*Ashrufoodwlah *v.* Hyder Hossein Khan, 11 M.I.A. 94.
Baker Ali Khan *v.* Anjuman Ara Begam, L.R. 30 I.A 94; 7 C.W.N. 465.
Ranee Khujooranissa *v.* Roushun Jehan, L.R. 3 I.A. 291; 2 Cal. 184.
*Abraham *v.* Abraham, 9 M.I A. 105.
*Udny *v.* Udny, L.R.Sc. and D. 441.
*Skinner *v.* Orde, 14 M.I.A. 309.
Piers *v.* Piers, 2 H.L.C. 331.

Casdagli v. Casdagli, L.R. (1919) A.C. 145.
Sadik Hossen v. Hashim Ali, L.R. 42 I.A. 242.
Digambar Singh v. Kunwar Ahmad, L.R. 42 I.A. 10; 21 C.L.J. 237.
*Imambandi v. Haji Mutsaddi, L.R. 45 I.A. 73; 28 C.L.J. 409.
Rani Bhagwan v. Jogendrachandra Bose, L.R. 30 I.A. 249; I.L.R. 31 Cal. 11; 7 C.W.N. 895.
Kali Baksha Singh v. Ramgopal Singh, L.R. 41 I.A. 23; I.L.R. 36; All. 81; 19 C.L.J. 182 P.C.; 18 C.W.N. 282 P.C.
*Besant v. Narayaniah, L.R. 41 I.A. 314; I.L.R., 38 Mad. 807; 20 C.L.J. 253 P.C.; 18 C.W.N. 1089 P.C.
*Abadi Begum v. Kaniz Zainab, 54 I.A. 33.
*Enatulla v. Kowsher Ali, 54 Cal. 266 S.B.

Law of Transfer inter vivos.

*Bellamy v. Sabine, 1 De G. and J. 566.
Rajkishan Mookerjee v. Radhamadhab Haldar, 21 W.R. 349.
Ishanchandra Das Sircar v. Bishu Sirdar, I.L.R. 24 Cal 825.
Chandicharan Baruya v. Siddheswari Debi I.L.R. 16 Cal. 71; L.R. 15 I.A. 149.
Rajakishen Datta Ram v. Raja Mamtaz Ali Khan, I.L.R. 5 Cal. 198; L.R. 6 I.A. 146.
*Gokuldas Gopaldas v. Puranmal Premsukhdas, I.L.R. 10 Cal. 1035.
Moheshlal v. Mohanto Bawan Das, I.L.R. 9 Cal. 961.
*Noakes & Co., Ltd. v. Rice, (1902) A.C. 24.
*Lal Achal Ram v. Kazim Hussain Khan, I.L.R. 27 All. 271; L.R. 32 I.A. 113.
*Beniram v. Kundanlal, I.L.R. 21 All. 496.
Tailby v. Official Receiver, 13 App. Cas. 523.
Hakim Lal v. Mooshahar Sahu, I.L.R. 34 Cal. 999; 23 C.L.J. 406.
*Gurudeo Singh v. Chandrika Singh, I.L.R. 36 Cal. 193.
*Jadunath Poddar v. Ruplal Poddar, I.L.R. 33 Cal. 967.
Petherpermal Chetty v. Muniandy Servai, I.L.R. 35 Cal. 55.
Gurunarayan v. Sheolal, L.R. 46 I.A. 1; 46 Cal. 566 P.C.
*Kreglinger v. New Patgonia Co.; L.R. 1914 A.C. 25.
Mahamaya v. Haridas Haldar, I.L.R. 42 Cal. 455.
Ma Yait v. Official Assignee, 57 I.A. 10.

Law of Real Property and Succession.

*London and South Western Railway Co. v. Gomm, 20 Ch.D. 562.
*Morley v. Bird, 3 Ves. 629; 4 R.R. 106.
*Sajid Ali v. Ibad Ali, I.L.R. 23 Cal. 1.
In re Rosher, 26 Ch.D. 801.
Alangamonjori v. Sonamoni Dabee, I.L.R. 8 Cal. 637.
Bhagabati Barmanya v. Kalicharan Singh, I.L.R. 32 Cal 992.
*Narendranath Sircar v. Kamalabasini Dasi, I.L.R. 23 Cal. 563.
*Bai Motibahu v. Bai Mamobai, I.L.R. 21 Bom. 709.
Ramlal Mookerjee v. The Secretary of State for India in Council, I.L.R. 7 Cal. 304.
Mirza Kurratulain Bahadur v. Peara Saheb, L.R. 32, I.A. 244.
*Sailajaprasad Chatterjee and others v. Jadunath Bose, 21 C.L.J. 88.
Keech v. Sandford, (1726) 2 Wh. & T. 693.

Law of Contracts and Torts.

Barwick v English Joint Stock Bank, L.R. 2 Ex. 259.
Canadian Pacific Railway Company v. Roy, (1902) A.C. 220.
Coggs v. Bernard, 1 Sm. L.C. 167; 2 Lord Raymond 909.
Dhanipal Das v. Raja Maneshar Bakhsh Singh, L.R. 33 I.A. 118; I.L.R. 28 All. 520; 4 C.L.J. 1.
Hadley v. Baxendale, 9 Exch. 241; 96 R.R. 742.
*Cundy v. Lindsay, L.R. 3 App. Cas. 459.
*Smith v. Baker, [1891] A.C. 325.
Mogul Steamship Co., Ltd. v. McGregor Gow & Co., 1892 A.C. 25.
Mohori Bibee v. Dhurmadas Ghosh, I.L.R. 30 I.A. 114; I.L.R. 30 Cal. 539.
Quinn v. Leathem, (1901) A. C. 495.
Ram Coomar Coondoo v. Chunder Canto Mookerjee, L.R. 4 I.A. 23, 2 App. Cas. 186; I.L.R. 2 Cal. 233.
Smith v. Hughes, L.R. 6 Q.B. 597.
*Derry v. Peek (Judgment of L. C. Herschell), L.R. 14 App. Cas. 337.

Armory v. Delamirie, 1 Strange, 505.
*Ledu Coachman v. Hiralal Bose, 21 C.L.J. 527.
*Nagendranath Ray v. Basanta Das Bairagi, 57 Cal. 25 (Mukherjee, J.).
Jamal v. Moolla Dawood Sons & Co., 43 I.A. 6; 43 Cal. 493.
*Glasgow Corporation v. Taylor, (1922) 1 A.C. 44.
*Jefferson v. Derbyshire Farmers Ltd., (1921) 2 K.B. 281.
Dickinson v. Dodds (1876), 2 Ch.D. 463.

Final Examination in Law.

Land Tenures, Land Revenue and Prescription.

Joykishen Mookerjee v. The Collector of East Burdwan, 10 M.I.A. 16; 1 W.R.P.C. 26; 2 P.C.J. 54.
*Lopez v. Muddunmohan Thakoor, 13 M.I.A. 463; 14 W.R.P.C. 11; 2 P.C.J. 594.
Maharani Rajroop Koer v. Syed Abdul Hossein, L.R. 7 I.A. 240; 6 Cal. 394; 4 P.C.J. 199.
*Mahesh Narain v. Nawbut Pathak, 1 C.L.J. 437; 32 Cal. 937.
Narendranath Ray v. Ishanchandra Sen, 22 W.R. 22.
Nagendrachunder Ghose v. Mahomed Esoff, 18 W.R. 113; 3 P.C.J. 151.
*Raja Lelanund Singh Bahadur v. The Government of Bengal, 6 M.I.A. 101; 4 W.R. 77; 1 P.C.J. 505.
Sonet Kooer v. Himmut Bahadur, I.L.R. 1 Cal. 391.
*Krishnapada Chatterjee v. Manadasundari Ghose, 36 C.W.N. 518; 55 C.L.J. 240.
*Manmathanath Mitra v. Rajeswar Raychaudhuri, 55 Cal. 355.
Sashibhushan Misra v. Joyotiprasad Singh Deo, 44 I.A. 46; 44 Cal. 585; 21 C.W.N. 377.
*Srinath Ray v. Dinabandhu Sen, 42 I A. 221.
*Paul v. Robson, 42 I.A. 180.
*Chandrakanta Nath v. Amjad Ali, 48 Cal. 783; 25 C.W.N. 4.
Nilmoni Kar v. Satiprosad Garga, 32 C.L.J. 11; 25 C W N. 230.
Ranjit Singh v. Kali Dasi Devi, L.R. 44 I.A. 117.
Chandra Binode Kundu v. Alabux, 31 C.L.J. 510.

Equity and Trust.

*Allcard v. Skinner, L.R. 36 Ch.D. 145; Finch Sel. Ca 600.
Earl of Aylesford v. Morris, L.R. 8 Ch. App. 484.
Cooper v. Phibbs, L.R. 2 H.L. 149.
Fox v. Mackreth, 2 Wh. and T 709 (1788); 2 R.R. 55
Gopechrist Gossain v. Gangapersaud Gossain, 6 M.I.A. 53
In re Hallet's Estate, L.R. 13 Ch.D. 696.
Le Neve v. Le Neve, 2 Wh. and T. 175.
Mussorie Bank v. Raynor, L.R. 7, App. Cas. 321; I.L.R. 4 All. 500; L.R. 9 I.A. 70.
Ramkoomar Koondoo v. Macqueen, L.R.I.A. Sup. Vol. 40
*Stapilton v. Stapilton, 4 Wh. and T. 223; 1 Atk. 2.
The Mayor of Lyons v. The Advocate-General of Bengal, I.L.R. 1 Cal. 303.
Tulk v. Moxhay, 11 Beav. 571; 2 Ph. 774; 1 Hall and Twells 105; Finch Sel. Cas. 777.
Penn v. Baltimore, (1750) 1 Ves. Sen 444
*Maddison v. Alderson, L.R. 8 A.C. 473.
In re Nisbet and Pott's Contract, 1906 1 Ch. 387.
*Pearymohan Mukherjee v. Manohar Mukherjee, L.R. 48 I.A. 258; I.L.R. 48 Cal. 1019.
Nagendrabala Dasi v. Dinanath Mahish, L.R. 51 I.A. 24.
Inche Noriah v. Shaik Allie Bin Omar, 1929 A.C. 127.
Mahomed Ariff v. Jadunath Majumdar, 58 I.A. 91.

Civil Procedure Code, Evidence and Limitation Acts.

*Ramendranath v. Brojendranath, I.L.R. 45 Cal. 111; 27 C.L.J. 158.
Ishanchandra v. Benimadhab, I.L.R. 24 Cal. 62.
*Zain ul-abdin v. Asghar Ali, I.L.R. 10 All. 166; 15 I.A. 12.

Soobulchandra Law v. Rassiklal Mitter, I. L.R. 15 Cal. 202.
Kamini Devi v. Pramathanath Mukherjee, 20 C.L.J. 476; 19 C.W.N. 755.
Ghuznavi v. Allahabad Bank, (F.B.) I.L.R. 44 Cal. 929; 21 C.W.N. 877; 26 C.L.J. 49.
*Hridaynath Ray v. Ramchandra Barua Sarma, (F.B.) I.L.R. 43 Cal. 138; 31 C.L.J. 482; 24 C.W.N. 723.
Tarini v. Kedar, 56 Cal. 723 F.B.
Talebali v. Abdul Aziz, 34 C.W.N. 56; 50 C.L.J. 566 F.B.
Gujju Lal v. Fatteh Lal, I.L.R. 6 Cal. 171.
*Saratchunder Dey v. Gopalchandra Laha, I.L.R. 20 Cal. 296; L.R. 19 I.A. 203.
Hurrybux Deora v. Johurmull Bhatoria, 57 Cal. 386.
*Basantakumar Ray v. Secretary of State of India, 44 Cal. 858; 44 I.A. 104; 25 C.L.J. 487.
Saratkamini Dasi v. Nagendranath Pal, 29 C.W.N. 973.
Vidya Varuthi v. Baluswami Ayyar, 48 I.A. 302; 44 Cal. 831.

Law of Crimes and Criminal Procedure.

*Ganauri Lal Das v. Queen Empress, I.L.R. 16 Cal. 206.
In the matter of the Petition R. Mac. Crea, I.L.R. 15 All. 172.
Nabi Baksh v. Queen Empress, I.L.R. 25 Cal. 416
*Queen Empress v. Nayamuddin, I.L.R. 18 Cal. 484.
Queen Empress v. Bal Gangadhar Tilak, 22 Bom. 112
Queen Empress v. Gorachand Gope, B.L.R Sup. Vol. 443; 5 W. R. Cr. 45.
*Queen Empress v. Sri Churn Chungo, I.L.R. 22 Cal. 1017.
*Queen Empress v. Abbas Ali, I.L.R. 25 Cal. 512.
The Empress v. Riasat Ali, I.L.R. 7 Cal. 352.
Khosh Mahomed Sirkar v. Nazir Mahomed, I.L.R. 33 Cal. 352.
Vaithinath Pillai v. The King Emperor, L.R. 40 I.A. 193.
Amritalal Hazra v. Emperor, I.L.R. 42 Cal. 954.
*Pulinbehari Das v. King Emperor, 15 C.L.J. 517
Barindrakumar Ghosh v. Emperor, 37 Cal. 467.
Re Matilal Ghosh, I.L.R. 45 Cal. 169.
Amritalal Bose v Corporation of Calcutta, I.L.R. 44 Cal. 1025.
Ali Muhammad v. Piggot, 32 C.L.J. 270.
Barendra v. King Emperor, 52 I.A. 40.
Begu v. King Emperor, 52 I.A. 191.
Praphullakumar Sarkar v. The Emperor, 35 C.W.N. 731 F.B.
Subramanya Aiyar v. King Emperor, 25 Mad. 61; 28 I.A. 257.
Abdul Rahaman v. King Emperor, 54 I.A. 96.
Arnold v. King Emperor, 41 I.A. 149; 41 Cal. 1023.

M. L. Examination, 1935 and 1936.

(1) Hindu Law or Muhammadan Law.

Hindu Law.

Manu. Institute, Chapters I, III, VII, VIII and IX.
Yajnavalkya. Institutes, Book II, on Vyavhara on Positive Law.
Vijanneswara. Mitakshara.
Devananda Bhatta. Smriti-Chandrika.
Vachaspati Misra. Vivada-Chintamani.
Nilakanta. Vyavahara Mayukha.
Mitra Misra. Viramitrodaya.
Jimutabahana. Dayabhaga.
Raghunandana. Dayatattwa.
Nanda Pandita. Dattaka Mimansa.
Kuvera. Dattaka-Chandrika.
Gooroodass Banerjee. Marriage and Stridhan (Tagore Lectures, 1878).
Rajkumar Sarvadhikari. Inheritance (Tagore Lectures, 1880, Second Edition).
Golapchandra Sarkar. Adoption (Tagore Lectures, 1888).
Mayne. Hindu Law and Usage.
Jogendrachandra Ghose. Hindu Law.

Priyanath Sen. Hindu Jurisprudence.
C. Sankarama Sastri. Fictions in the Development of the Hindu Law Texts.

Muhammadan Law.

Serajuddin. Al Sirajiya.
Baillie. Digest of Muhammadan Law—Shuni and Shia.
Ameer Ali. Muhammadan Law, Vols. I and II.
Wilson. Digest of Anglo-Muhammadan Law.
Abdur Rahaman. Institutes of Mussalman Law.
Abdur Rahim. Principles of Muhammadan Jurisprudence (Tagore Lectures, 1907).
Tayabji. Muhammadan Law.

(2) JURISPRUDENCE AND PRINCIPLES OF LEGISLATION.

Salmond. Jurisprudence.
Frederic Harrison. Jurisprudence.
Miraglia. Comparative Legal Philosophy, Modern Legal Philosophy Series, Vol. III.
Roscoe Pound. Philosophy of Law. Interpretation of Legal History. Law and Morals.
Maine. Village Communities.
Holmes. Common Law.
Evolution of Law Series. Vols. I-III (edited by Kocourek and Wigmore).
Continental Legal History Series, Vol. I (General Survey).
Bentham. Theory of Legislation (edited by Dumond and translation by Atkinson, Oxford Press Series).
Grays. Sources of Law.
Korkunov. Theory of Law.
K. Bose. Modern Theory of Jurisprudence (Tagore Law Lectures, Vol. I).
Bagchi. Principles of the Law of Corporation (Tagore Law Lectures, I, II, III and VII).

(3) PRINCIPLES AND HISTORY OF ROMAN LAW.

Gaius. Institutes (translated by Poste).
Justinian. Institutes (translated by Moyle).
Sohm. Institutes (translated by Ledlie).
Muirhead. Roman Law.
Sherman. Roman Law in the Modern World.
Buckland. Text-book of Roman Law.

(4) PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW.

Foote. Private International Jurisprudence.
Westlake. Private International Law.
Dicey. Conflict of Law.
Beale. Leading Cases on Conflict of Law.

(5) AND (6).

Any two of the following:—

(i) Principles of Equity.

Langdell. Brief Survey of Equity Jurisprudence.
Story. Equity Jurisprudence.
Underhill. Law of Trusts.
Agnew. Law of Trusts (Tagore Lectures, 1881).
White and Tudor. Leading Cases in Equity.

(ii) Law relating to Transfer of Immovable Property and Law of Prescription.

Dart. Vendors and Purchasers.
Williams. Vendors and Purchasers.
Rashbehari Ghose. Law of Mortgages (Tagore Lectures, 1876).
Goddard. Law of Easements.
The Transfer of Property Act.
The Indian Easements Acts.

(iii) Law relating to Wills.

Underhill and Strahan. On the Interpretation of Wills and Settlements.
Theobald. Law of Wills.
Ingpen. Law of Executors
Henderson. Law of Wills (Tagore Lectures, 1887).
Ashutosh Mukhopadhyay. The Law of Perpetuities in British India (Tagore Lectures, 1898).
Vaughan Hawkins. On Wills (latest edition).
The Indian Succession Act.
The Hindu Wills Act.
The Probate and Administration Act.

(iv) Law of Contracts and Torts.

Pollock. Principles of Contract; Law of Torts.
Street. Foundations of Legal Liabilities.
Fry. Specific Performance.
Finch. Cases of Contracts.
Kenny. Cases of Torts.
Salmond. On Torts.
Satischandra Banerjee. The Law of Specific Relief in British India (Tagore Law Lectures, 1906).
The Indian Contract Act.
The Specific Relief Act.

(v) Principles and History of the Law of Real and Personal Property.

Williams. Real Property.
Williams. Personal Property.
Cheshire. Modern Real Property.
Goodeve. Personal Property
Leake. Law of Property in Land.
Finch. Cases on the Law of Property.
Law of Property Act, 1925.

(vi) Principles and History of the Law of Evidence.

Best. Evidence.
Thayer. Preliminary Treatises on Evidence.
Philimore. History of Evidence.
Wigmore. Cases on Evidence.
Indian Evidence Act.

(vii) History of English Law.

Pollock and Maitland. History of English Law.
Reeves. History of English Law (edited by Pindavson).
Holdsworth. History of English Law.
Jenks. History of English Law.
Roscoe Pound. Interpretation of Legal History.
Kerley. History of Equity.
Maitland. Collected Papers.
Ames. Lectures on Legal History.
Selected Essays on Anglo-American Legal History (Cambridge University Press).

J. CHAKRAVERTI, *Registrar.*

Education Department, Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 7 T.B.—18th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that the following books are approved by this department for use by teachers in physical training in primary schools in this presidency:—

1. Daihik Shiksha, Part I. Panchanan Gangopadhyaya. (Santosh Library, Dacca.) Price not to exceed annas eight.
2. Balakder Khela, Parts I and II. Subodh Chandra Sen. (Brindaban Dhar & Sons, Ltd., Calcutta.) Price not to exceed annas eight.

N.B.—Dr. Gray's Drill Book, issued by this department, is hereby cancelled.

No. 8 T.B.—18th November 1933.—In continuation of this office notification No. 5 T.B., dated the 20th October 1932, the following *supplementary* list of text-books, approved by this department for use in all Government and Government-aided secondary schools in this presidency for a period of three years from January 1934, is published for general information:—

English Translation and Composition.

Classes V and VI.

1. An Easy Translation and Composition. Krishnadhan Basu. (Kamala Book Depôt, Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. A New Plan Translation and Composition. Nilkanta Misra. (Ripon Library, Dacca.)
3. Boys' Book of Translation. Adya Nath Roy. (Students' Library, Calcutta.)
4. The New First Translation and Composition. Raj Chandra Paul. (B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.)
5. English Translation and Composition Primer. Sailendra Nath Sirkar. (Kanailal Pal, Calcutta.)
6. First Course of Translation and Composition. Satish Chandra Sen. (The Students' Library, Dacca.)
7. Middle Class English Translation and Composition. P. C. De. (Kumud Library, Calcutta.)
8. A Class Book of Translation and Composition. B. L. Chatterjee. (Author, Calcutta.)
9. Child's Easy Translation. Bhushan Chandra Roy and Sailendra Nath Banerjee. (Nritya Lal Seal's Library, Calcutta.)
10. Model Lessons on Translation and Composition. A Samad. (Minerva Library, Dacca.)

English Translation.

Classes VII and VIII.

1. The Ideal School Translation. K. N. Chakraverty. (The Educational Book Company, Dacca.)
2. A New Course in Composition and Translation, Book II. J. Chatterjee (Hira Lall Ganguli, Calcutta.)
3. A Golden Book of English Translation. Kamini Kumar Ghose. (Popular Agency, Calcutta.)

Bengali Grammar.

Classes V and VI.

1. Bhasha Shiksha Byakaran. Prasanna Kumar Guha (Rebati Mohan Nath, Dacca.)
2. Bangla Byakaran Prabesh. Sudhir Chandra Sinha. (S. Sinha, Bridge Road, Calcutta.)
3. Byabaharik Bangla Byakaran, Part II. Sunitibala Chanda and Jogesh Chandra Datta. (Students' Library, Calcutta.)
4. Byakaran Kusum. Bhairab Nath Kabvatirtha-Kaviratna and Satish Chandra Chattopadhyaya. (Kamala Book Depôt, Ltd., Calcutta.)
5. Sukhabodh Byakaran. Devendra Das Choudhury and Akshoy Kumar Roy. (Ripon Library, Dacca.)
6. Madhya Bangla Byakaran. Mohini Mohan Roy. (Modern Book Agency, Calcutta.)
7. Sachitra Bangla Byakaran. Chintamani Bhattacharyya and Nripendra Kumar Basu. (S. K. Mitra, Calcutta.)
8. Saral Byakaran. Usharani Roy. (Bibhabati Guha, Banglabazar, Dacca.)

Bengali Composition.

Classes VII and VIII.

1. Matribhasha, Part II. Jagadish Chandra Ghosh. (Presidency Library, Dacca.)
2. A Junior Course of Bengali Composition. Bhairab Nath Kavyatirtha and Upendra Nath Sen Shastri. (Bani-Mandir, Calcutta.)
3. Bangla Rachana Shiksha. Kali Krishna Goswami. (Samarendra Nath Ghosh, Dacca.)
4. Bangla Rachana O Anubad Shiksha, Part II. Abul Hossain. (Provincial Library, Dacca.)

Sanskrit Grammar and Composition.

Class VII.

1. Sanskrita Prabeshika. Dr. S. K. Das. (Cotton Library, Dacca.)
2. Upakramanika. Madhab Das Chakravertti. (Bengali Book Agency, Dacca.)
3. Sanskrita Byakarana Prabeshika. Mahamahopadhyaya Prasanna Chandra Bidyaratna. (Students' Library, Calcutta.)
4. Saral Sanskrita Byakaran. Rasamoy Bhattacharyya. (A. C. Chakravertti, Calcutta.)
5. An Introductory Book on Sanskrit Grammar and Composition (Douhitri Sanskaran). Sarasibala Devi. (Jogendranath Bhattacharyya, Rajbari.)

Class VIII.

1. Saral Panini or Sanskrit Grammar and Composition. Ashutosh Bhattacharyya. (The Author, Ballyganj, Calcutta.)
2. A Manual of Sanskrit Grammar and Composition. Sripati Vidyabhusan. (Kanailal Paul, Calcutta.)

Arabic Grammar and Composition.

Class VIII.

1. Adhunik Arbi Byakaran (Modern Arabic Grammar). Md. Abdus Sattar. (The Oriental Library, Dacca.)
2. Matriculation Anglo-Arabic Translation and Re-translation. A. T. Md. Obaidullah. (The Islamia Library, Dacca.)
3. Anglo-Arabic Translation and Composition. Md. Abdul Awwal and A. K. Md. Hosain. (Tajmahal Library, Dacca.)
4. The First Step to Arabic Translation and Composition. Efazuddin Ahmed. (The Author.)
5. Anglo-Arabic Translation and Composition. A. B. Md. Osman Ghani. (Dacca Library, Dacca.)

Persian Grammar and Composition.

Class VII.

1. Elementary Lessons on Translation from English into Persian. Syed Husain Ali. (S. C. Auddy & Co., Calcutta.)
2. Junior Persian Grammar and Composition. A. F. M. Abdul Hakim. (Islamia Library, Dacca.)
3. A Hand Book of Persian Translation, Re-translation and Composition. Syed Mohebbur Rahman and Lokanath Haoladar. (Islamia Library, Dacca.)

Urdu Readers.

Class VII.

1. Urdu ka Jadid Qaidah. Shaikh Ali Jawad. (The Author, Muslim University, Aligarh.)
2. Asan Urdu, Part I. Daya Sankar Dubay and Syed Zaman Ali. (The Indian Press, Ltd., Allahabad.)

Class VIII.

1. Urdu Ki Jadid Kitab. Shaikh Ali Jawad. (The Author, Moslem University, Aligarh.)
2. Asan Urdu, Part II. Daya Sankar Dubay and Syed Zaman Ali. (The Indian Press, Ltd., Allahabad.)

Urdu Grammar and Composition.

Class VIII.

1. Urdu Tashil Ul Qawaid, Part II. (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.)
2. An English and Urdu Tense Teacher. Wahidun Nabi. (A. Hamid, Patwar Bagan Lane, Calcutta.)

N.B.—Text-books approved by this department in its notification No. 5 T.B., dated the 20th October 1932, will also continue on the list for three years more (*i.e.*, up to 31st December 1936).

J. M. BOTTOMLEY,
Director of Public Instrn., Bengal (offg.).

Education Department, Bengal.

Lytton Moslem Scholarship.

Calcutta, the 15th November 1933.

NOTIFICATION.

A scholarship of the value of £170 per annum, with one second class sea passage each way to the United Kingdom from the Lytton Moslem Scholarship Fund, administered by the Assistant Director of Public Instruction for Muhammadan Education, Bengal, will be available for award during 1934. The candidates must be Moslems domiciled in Bengal.

2. The scholarship is tenable at any institution in the United Kingdom for a period of two years. It will be awarded this time to a student of Calcutta University, provided a qualified and suitable candidate applies. The candidate must have passed at least the B.A. or B.Sc. Examination with Honours or an equivalent examination.

3. In the event of there being no qualified or suitable candidate for the scholarship from Calcutta University, and in the event of there being no candidate who fulfils the conditions of the scholarship, the administrator at his discretion may award the scholarship to any other qualified Moslem candidate domiciled in Bengal.

4. The candidate must not be over 28 years of age. Preference will be given to a candidate whose age is below 25 years.

5. Selection will be restricted to those who appear to the administrator to be likely by age, ability, physical qualifications and social circumstances to profit by a course of study in Europe.

6. Intending candidates who meet the requirements laid down are requested to apply to the Assistant Director of Public Instruction for Muhammadan Education, Bengal, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta, on forms, a sample of which is appended and which is also obtainable from the Personal Assistant to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal. Each application must include testimonials from Professors or other qualified persons, a statement of academic qualifications and physical attainments, and an indication of the special line of study which the candidate desires to pursue in Europe.

7. The selected candidate will be required to supplement this scholarship from his own resources so as to bring his available means up to the sum of £300 per annum. Besides the scholarship of £170, he will be provided with one second class sea passage each way to and from England at the expense of the Fund. All other expenses will have to be borne by the candidate himself.

8. The selected candidate will be required to produce a medical certificate of fitness to undergo a course of study abroad.

9. The selected candidate will be required to deposit a sum of £40 with the High Commissioner before his departure from India for his initial expenses. He will have no claim to payment of the scholarship until this deposit has been made.

10. The scholarship will be payable from the date from which the scholar reports his arrival in England. It shall be held subject to good conduct and satisfactory progress and may be terminated at any time on the advice of the High Commissioner.

M. M. BAKSH,

Assistant Director of Public Instrn. for Muhammadan Education, Bengal (offg.).

Form of application for Lytton Moslem Scholarship for 1934.

This application must reach the Assistant Director of Public Instruction for Muhammadan Education, Bengal, on or before the *15th January 1934*.

No.	Name of candidate and his address and home district.	Age.	Parentage (father's name, occupation, etc.).	Academic and practical qualifications of the candidate in full.	Present occupation.	Subject chosen for study.	Period necessary for completing the course.	Declaration to secure fund from private sources for any period beyond two years.	Declaration to supplement the amount of the scholarship as required in terms of rule 7	Whether physically fit to undergo the necessary training.	Whether the candidate knows Latin or Greek or any other occidental classical language.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13

N. B.—All the columns must be carefully filled up. True copies of the University certificates should be enclosed.

Central Madrasah Examination Board, Bengal.

Calcutta Madrasah the 16th November 1933

ERRATA LIST

In the list of successful candidates at the Alim (Lower Standard) Examination held in April 1933 published in the *Calcutta Gazette* dated the 22nd June 1933 on pages 943 and 944

For

Roll No		Age Y	Age M
	Calcutta Centre.		
1	Roll No 27 Abu Saleh Muhammad Ajmal Uddin Siddiqi C	13	6
	Chittagong Centre.		
2	Roll No 432 Muhammad Nazir Ahmad B	13	3
	Noakhali Centre.		
3	Roll No 489 Abu Ahmad Afzalul Haq D	15	8
	Barisal Centre.		
4	Roll No 528 Muhammad Multaji F	13	8
5	Roll No 530 Abu Sa odat Abdur Rashid D	15	11
6	Roll No 531 Muhammad Allauddin D	18	0

Please read

Roll No		Age Y	Age M
	Calcutta Centre.		
1	Roll No 27 Abu Saleh Muhammad Ajmal Uddin Siddiqi C	14	0
	Chittagong Centre.		
2	Roll No 432 Muhammad Nazir Ahmad B	14	0
	Noakhali Centre.		
3.	Roll No 489 Abu Ahmad Fazlul Haq D	15	8
	Barisal Centre.		
4.	Roll No. 528 Muhammad Multaji F	14	0
5.	Roll No 530 Abu Sadiq Abdur Rashid D	15	11
6	Roll No 531 Muhammad Alauddin D	18	0

M HIDAYET HOSAIN,
Registrar, Central Madrasah Examination Board, Bengal, and Principal Calcutta Madrasah

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Bengal Engineering College.

NOTIFICATION

The 31st August 1933.

Under the authority of the Government of Bengal, an examination called the "Bengal Local Bodies" Accountants' Examination will be held at the Bengal Engineering College, Botanic Garden post office, Howrah, on Monday, the 8th January 1934, and the following two days, concurrently with the Divisional Accountants' Examination

No candidate will be admitted to the Bengal Local Bodies' Accountants' Examination unless he is over 24 years of age and thus ineligible to appear at the Divisional Accountants' Examination.

For the prospectus, application should be made to the Principal, Bengal Engineering College post office Botanic Garden, Howrah

A. MACDONALD, *Principal.*

Education Department, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION

Calcutta, the 16th November 1933.

Subject to the usual conditions of good conduct and satisfactory progress, the Barton Scholarship of Rs 7 a month for the year 1933 is awarded to Samir Ranjan Datta, who passed the last Matriculation Examination from the Jessore Zilla School

The scholarship is tenable at the Scottish Church College, Calcutta, for two years, with effect from the 1st June 1933

J M BOTTOMLEY,
Director of Public Instn , Bengal (offg)

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

Senate House, the 13th November 1933.

NOTICE

It is hereby announced for general information that the centre has been sanctioned at Karatia in the district of Mymensingh in order to hold the I A Examination, 1934, on usual conditions.

B B DUTT,
Controller of Examinations (offg.).

Registered No. C207



The Calcutta Gazette

Extraordinary

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1933.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Political Department.

Political.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 13258P. — 27th November 1933. — In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (*1*) and (*2*) of section 4 of the Bengal Criminal Amendment Act, 1925, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint—

(1) Mr. E. S. Simpson, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, Rajshahi,

(2) Mr. Bepin Behari Mukherji, retired District and Sessions Judge,

(3) Maulvi Emdad Ali, Sadar Subdivisional Magistrate, Bogra,

as Commissioners for trial under the said Act of the following persons who are accused of offences specified in the First Schedule to the said Act:—

(1) Pran Krishna Chakrabartti, son of Janaki Nath, of Rudrakar, Palong, Faridpur.

(2) Satyabrata Chakrabartti, son of Kalipada, of Thakurgaon, Dinajpur.

(3) Hrishikesh Bhattacharji, son of Ramesh Chandra, of Barabandar, Dinajpur town.

(4) Saroj Kumar Basu *alias* Ketu, son of Ananda Kumar, of Balubari, Dinajpur town.

(5) Asoke Ranjan Ghosh, son of Jamini Kanta, of Munshipara, Dinajpur town.

(6) Haripada Basu, son of Ganga Prasad, of Deobhog, Palong, Faridpur.

(7) Prafulla Narayan Sanyal *alias* Kamal *alias* Amal, son of Karuna Kanta, of Bilashkhan, Palong, Faridpur.

(8) Sasadhar Sarkar, son of Ganga Das, of Polashbari, Dinajpur.

(9) Kalipada Sarkar, son of Nabin Gopal, of Chakchaka, Dinajpur.

(10) Lalu Pande, son of Bhagirath, of Noagaon, Rajshahi.

(11) Abdul Kader Chaudhuri, son of Abdul Latif Chaudhuri, of Khetlal, Bogra, and Panchbibi, Bogra.

(12) Kiron Chandra De, son of late Nabadwip Ch., of Berhampur, police-station Phulbari, Dinajpur and Dacca.

(13) Ram Krishna Sarkar *alias* Mondal, son of Ram Dayal Mondal, of Hoapara, police-station Joypurhat, district Bogra.

The Governor in Council is also pleased, in exercise of the power conferred by rule 2 (*a*) of the rules made under section 10 of the said Act (published under notification No. 14695P., dated the 29th June 1932) to nominate the said Mr. E. S. Simpson, I.C.S., to be the President of the aforesaid Commissioners.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Printed at the Bengal Government Press, Alipore, and published by the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, on the 28th November 1933.

Registered No. 0297. No. 48 of 1933



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1933.

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Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

Orders by His Excellency the Governor of Bengal.

No. 1314 L.—27th November, 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 72B of the Government of India Act, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to appoint Monday, the 8th January, 1934, at 2-15 p.m. as the time, and the Council House, Calcutta, as the place, for a meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council.

G. G. HOOPER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Government of Bengal.

No. 11589A.

Appointments and Transfers.

GENERAL.

Jessore.—No. 11426A. — 20th November 1933.—Babu Satyendra Nath Dutt, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, is appointed temporarily to act as Magistrate and Collector of that district, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. Narendra Kumar Sen, or until further orders.

Hooghly-Mymensingh.—No. 11511A.—23rd November 1933.—Babu Pramode Kumar Bhattacharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hooghly, is appointed to have charge of the Kishoreganj subdivision of the Mymensingh district.

Mymensingh-Faridpur.—No. 11514A.—23rd November 1933.—Rai Sahib Jamini Prasanna Ray, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Kishoreganj, Mymensingh, is appointed to have charge of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district.

Faridpur-Mymensingh.—No. 11516A.—23rd November 1933.—Maulvi Chaudhuri Afsar Ali, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Madaripur, Faridpur, is appointed to have charge of the Sadar subdivision of the Mymensingh district.

Midnapore.—No. 11519A.—23rd November 1933.—Rai Sahib Sati Prasad Gangali, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Midnapore district.

ECCLESIASTICAL

No. 11418A.—20th November 1933.—The orders contained in Government notification No. 3598A., dated the 10th April 1922, granting licenses under sections 6 and 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, XV of 1872, to the Reverend John Shaw Walsh, are cancelled.

Leave.

GENERAL.

Jessore.—No. 11423A. — 20th November 1933.—Mr. Narendra Kumar Sen, Magistrate and Collector, Jessore, is allowed leave on average pay for six days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 27th November 1933.

Calcutta. — No. 11473A. 22nd November 1933.—Maulvi Abdus Sobhan Mahmud, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, employed as officiating Deputy Shipping Master, Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay for three months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st December 1933, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

No. 11493A. — 23rd November 1933.—Mr. A. J. Dash, I.C.S., Member, Legislative Assembly, is allowed leave for ten months, viz., leave on average pay for one month and twenty-six days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*i*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 13th December 1933, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period, under rule 81 (*d*) of those Rules.

Mymensingh.—No. 11532A.—24th November 1933.—Rai Sahib Shashi Bhusan Bhattacharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for four months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 4th December 1933, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

Hooghly.—No. 11535A. — 24th November 1933.—Babu Pramode Kumar Bhattacharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hooghly, is allowed leave on average pay, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, from the 16th November to the 30th November 1933, inclusive.

Bankura.—No. 11540A. — 24th November 1933.—Babu Haran Chandra Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bankura, is allowed leave on average pay for three weeks, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 14th November 1933.

POLICE.

Midnapore.—No. 11525A.—24th November 1933.—Mr. G. E. T. H. Evans, Superintendent of Police, Midnapore, is allowed leave on average pay, with effect from the 22nd November 1933, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved, up to the 22nd December 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*i*) of the Fundamental Rules.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Political.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 13278P. — 27th November 1933. — Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that the inhabitants of village Purbakaniara, police-station Anwara, in the district of Chittagong, are concerned in the commission of offences mentioned in the schedule to the Bengal Suppression of Terrorist Outrages Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XII of 1932), and are assisting persons in committing such offences;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 15 of the Bengal Suppression of Terrorist Outrages Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XII of 1932), the Governor in Council is pleased to impose a collective fine of Rs. 1,000 on the inhabitants of the said village, subject to any order which may be passed exempting any person or class or section of such inhabitants from liability to pay any portion of the fine.

No. 13279P. — 27th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that the inhabitants of the area, described in the schedule hereto annexed, and locally known as Kanungopara, in the district of Chittagong, are concerned in the commission of offences mentioned in the schedule to the Bengal Suppression of Terrorist Outrages Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XII of 1932), and are assisting persons in committing such offences;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 15 of the Bengal Suppression of Terrorist Outrages Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XII of 1932), the Governor in Council is pleased to impose a collective fine of Rs. 3,500 on the inhabitants of the said area, subject to any order which may be passed exempting any person or class or section of such inhabitants from liability to pay any portion of the fine.

Schedule of area underneath the following boundaries.

North by—R.S. plot Nos. 21 (Bharamba Khal), 1846, 1842, 1841, 1838, 1355, 1356, 1357, 1306, 1297, 951, 950, 956 (road), 979, 737 (road), 793, 791, 790, 1489, 1490, 1491, 1492, 3487 (khal), 3488, 3499, 3718 (road), 4470, 4489, 4644, 4643 of mauza Jaistapura and R.S. plot Nos. 4891, 4876, 3558, 3510, 1393, 1405, 1404, 3871, 3866, 3872, 3994, 3995, 4001, 4002 of mauza Amucia and boundary of village Karaldanga and R.S. plot Nos. 2274, 1603, 1427, of village Dhorala, boundary of villages Bagachara and Kanjury and R.S. plot Nos. 164, 165, 166, 107, 106, 103 of mauza Amucia.

South by—R.S. plot Nos. 4904, 4892 (road), 4868, 4869, 4866, 4865, 4862, 4875, 3601R, 3590 (road), 3552 (road), 3519, 3502, 3491, 3480, 3475, 3474, 5549, 3459, 3458, 3408, 3409, 5548, 3411, 3402, 3401, 5546, 3393, 1158, 1393, 3771, 3992 of village Amucia and boundary of Karaldanga and R.S. plot Nos. 3101, 3300, 3293, 3326, 3327, 3329, 3330, 3332, 3429, 3430, 3432, 3413, 3408, 3407, 3406, 3405, 3404, 3401, 3402, 2530, 2529, 2528, 2505, 2507, 2414, 2415, 2417, 2378, 2379, 2372, 2347, 2349, 2350, 2262, 2271, 2269, 2077, 1977, 1981, 1983, 1984, 1986, 1945, 1909, 1333, 1362, 1379, 1381, 1362 (road), 1695, 1694, 1568, 1691, 1675, 1603, 1659, 1658, 1657, of village Dhorala.

East by—R.S. plot Nos. 979, 762, 763, 792, 793, 799, 3500 (road), 3718, 3725, 4015, 4930, 4925, 4924, 4923, 4922, 4921, 4920, 4918 (road), 4860, 4668 (road), 4670 (road), 4656 (road), 4651 (road), 4649 (road), 4647 (road), 4644 (road), 4641, 4640, 4639, 4634, 4635, 4631 (road), of village Jaistapura, R.S. plot Nos. 4891 (road), 4871 (road), 4866, 3552 (road), 3561, 3559, 3558, 3557, 3519, 3520, 3510, 3511, 3501, 3474, 5546, 3393, 1158, 1159, 1161, 1392, 1393, 1397, 1398, 1399, 1405, 1404, 3870, 3871, 3872, 3873, 3969, 3971, 3974, 3975, 3976, 3985, 3986, 3987, 3988, 3992, 3993, 3994, of village Amucia and R.S. plot Nos. 2975, 3000, 2999, 2998, 3040, of village Dhorala and boundary of Karaldanga and R.S. plot Nos. 3293, 3294, 3295, 3429, 2528, 2505, 2507, 2506, 2437, 2213 (road), 2414, 2379, 2350, 2351, 2354, 2357, 2358, 2361, 2274, 2259, 2256, 1977, 1381, 1383, 1384, 1387, 1396, 1395, 1603, 1554, 1555, 1563, 1564, 1691, of village Dhorala.

West by—R.S. plot Nos. 959, 946, 949, 950, 953, 1256, 1267, 1265, 1264, 1263, 1311, 1310, 1297, 1305, 1356, 1357, 1839, 1838, 1846, 1938, 21 (khal), of village Jaistapura, R.S. plot Nos. 184, 103, 166, 121, 123, 124, 126, 127, 128, 130, 132, of village Amucia and boundary of villages Bagachara and Kanjury and Bidagram, R.S. plot Nos. 1603 (road), 1379 (road), 1336 (road), 1909, 2415, 3413, 3312, of villages Dhorala and Kanjury and boundary of village Karaldanga.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 6374Pl.—28th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (3) of section 1 of the Bengal Places of Public Amusement Act, 1933 (Bengal Act X of 1933), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the whole of the said Act (except sections 1, 3 and 12 which already apply) shall come into force on the 15th December 1933, in Calcutta and in the following areas:—

(*i*) Sadar subdivision in the district of Howrah.

(*ii*) Sadar and Serampore subdivisions in the district of Hooghly.

(*iii*) Asansol subdivision in the district of Burdwan.

(*iv*) Barrackpore subdivision in the district of the 24-Parganas.

(*v*) Municipalities of Tollygunge, South Suburban and Budge Budge, in the district of the 24-Parganas.

(*vi*) Municipalities of Dacca and Narayanganj in the district of Dacca.

(*vii*) Municipality of Mymensingh in the district of Mymensingh.

(*viii*) Municipality of Darjeeling in the district of Darjeeling.

No. 6375Pl.—28th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Places of Public Amusement Act, 1933 (Bengal Act X of 1933), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the following places, or classes of places, of public amusement, any part of which is intended to be or is actually used for the playing of games, shall be notified places of public amusement for the purposes of the said Act, viz —

(1) Carnivals.

(2) Circuses

(3) Amusement Parks.

(4) Exhibitions

No. 6376Pl.—28th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 6 of the Bengal Places of Public Amusement Act, 1933 (Bengal Act X of 1933), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the playing of the following games or classes of games in any place of public amusement notified as such under section 3 of the said Act to be against the public interest, namely:—

(1) Dart games.

(2) Ring games.

(3) Shooting games other than those in which there are stationary targets and the results depend entirely on the marksmanship of each individual competitor.

(4) Three-card trick (under any name).

(5) Cut pice squares.

(6) American sale system (or any variation thereof).

(7) American quick sale system (or any variation thereof).

No. 6377Pl.—28th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 11 of the Bengal Places of Public Amusement Act, 1933 (Bengal Act X of 1933), the Governor in Council is pleased to empower the undermentioned officers to exercise within the limits of their respective jurisdictions all the powers of the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, under the said Act:—

(1) Deputy Commissioner of Police, Headquarters.

(2) Deputy Commissioner of Police, Detective Department.

(3) Sadar Subdivisional Officer, Howrah.

(4) Sadar Subdivisional Officer, Hooghly.

(5) Subdivisional Officer, Serampore.

(6) Subdivisional Officer, Asansol.

(7) Subdivisional Officer, Barrackpore.

(8) Sadar Subdivisional Officer, 24-Parganas.

(9) Subdivisional Officer, Narayanganj.

(10) Sadar Subdivisional Officer, Mymensingh.

No. 6378Pl.—28th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Bengal Places of Public Amusement Act, 1933 (Bengal Act X of 1933), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules for the control of notified places of public

amusement in Calcutta and in other areas to which the Act is extended:—

Rules for the control of notified places of public amusement in Calcutta and in other areas to which the Act is extended.

PART I.

Preliminary.

1. In these rules,—

(*i*) the "Act" means the Bengal Places of Public Amusement Act, 1933;

(*ii*) "licence" means a licence granted under the Act, and these rules in Form B appended to these rules;

(*iii*) "licensee" means a person to whom a licence is granted under the Act and these rules.

PART II.

General Rules.

2. *Application for licence.*—Every application for a licence to open or keep open any notified place of public amusement shall be made in Form A appended to these rules, to the Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate, as the case may be.

3. *Form of the licence.*—No person shall open or keep open any notified place of public amusement without having previously obtained a licence in Form B appended to these rules from the Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, or otherwise than in conformity with the conditions of such licence.

4. *Fee for licence.*—A fee of Rs. 10 shall be payable for each licence in Calcutta and the Municipality of Howrah. Elsewhere the fee shall be Rs. 5.

5. *Period for which a licence can be granted.*—A licence shall remain in force up to the 31st of March of the financial year in which it was issued.

Note.—Financial year means a year which commences from the 1st April of a calendar year and closes on the 31st March of the following calendar year.

6. *Service of order under sections 7 and 8.*—An order under sections 7 and 8 of the Act, directing the suspension of playing of any game or class of games in any notified place of public amusement or the closing of any such place shall be in writing, in duplicate. It shall bear the seal of the Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate and shall be served by a police officer not below the rank of an assistant sub-inspector on the owner, the lessee or the manager of such place in whose name a licence has been granted. The duplicate copy shall be returned after a receipt of service of the original copy has been taken from the licensee on the back of the duplicate copy. Where the licensee cannot be found or refuses to accept an order under section 7 or 8 of the Act, the order may be served by affixing one of the duplicates of the order on some conspicuous part of the place of public amusement for which the licence has been given and thereafter the order shall be deemed to have been duly served.

7. *Application for revision.*—When an order under section 8 of the Act has been passed by the Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, directing the closing of a place of public amusement, the owner, lessee or the manager of such place may submit to the Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, within seven days from the date of receipt of the order, an application with a twelve-anna stamp affixed thereon for a revision of the order after stating the grounds on which such order should be revoked.

PART III.

Conditions of licence.

8. *Licence not transferable.*—(*i*) A licence shall not be transferable and shall be for the benefit of the person in whose name it is issued.

(*ii*) If a licensee dies or becomes incapable of acting, any other person may carry on the business on behalf of the licensee subject to the condition that such person applies to the Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, within a fortnight from the date on which the licensee died or became incapable of acting, for the renewal of the licence in his name.

(*iii*) The Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate may renew such licence on payment of such fees as are payable on a licence under rule 4.

9. *Licences for fixed and peripatetic places of public amusement.*—Every licence shall contain a description of the place to be used by the licensee for the purpose of his business and no licensee shall, for such purpose, use any place other than so described:

Provided that in localities outside Calcutta and the Municipality of Howrah the District Magistrate may issue a licence for peripatetic shows in which the particular localities to be visited by the licensee shall be entered.

10. *Endorsement of a licence for other districts.*— In localities outside Calcutta and the Municipality of Howrah a licence granted in one district may be used in another district when endorsed to that effect by the District Magistrate of the latter district. The fee for such endorsement shall be one half of the fee payable for a licence under rule 4.

11. *Regulation of hours.*—No licensee shall keep any notified place of public amusement open outside the hours specified in his licence.

12. *Sale of intoxicating drugs.*—No licensee shall without having obtained previously a licence in this behalf from the excise authorities, supply or permit to be consumed within the area of the notified place of public amusement specified in the licence any liquor or intoxicating drug within the meaning of the Bengal Excise Act, 1909, and the Opium Act, 1878.

13. *Licensee to be present at the place.*—No licensee shall absent himself from the notified place of public amusement specified in the licence during the time it is open without leaving some one authorised to act on his behalf during his absence and named as such in the licence.

14. *Decent and orderly conduct.*—Every licensee shall conduct his occupation or business in such place in a decent and orderly manner. He shall not permit therein—

(*a*) any profanity or impropriety of language;

(*b*) any indecency of dress, dance or gesture;

(*c*) any offensive personation or representation of any individual, living or dead;

(*d*) anything calculated to produce riot or breach of the peace or to promote hostile feelings between different classes or to wound the religious feeling of any individual or class of individuals;

(*e*) any performance involving risk, damage or danger to the public.

15. *Prevention of overcrowding and information to the police about accidents, etc.*—Every licensee shall take steps to prevent overcrowding in such place and in the event of any disturbance or accident involving injury to human life or limb happening therein shall give immediate information to the police.

16. *Free access to certain officers.*—Every licensee shall at all times allow free access to the licensing officer or any Magistrate deputed in writing by him to visit the place or to any police officer attending the same in the execution of his duties.

17. *Prevention of gambling.*—No game which comes within the definition of "gaming" as given in the Bengal Public Gambling Act, 1867, the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, and the Howrah Offences Act, 1857, shall be played in any notified place of public amusement.

18. *Games which are prohibited under section 6.*—No game or class of games, the playing of which has been declared by the local Government under section 6 of the Act to be against the public interest, shall be played in any notified place of public amusement.

19. *Games which are suspended under section 7.*—No game or class of games, the playing of which has been suspended by an order under section 7 of the Act as being against the public interest, shall be played in any notified place of public amusement within two months of the making of such order or until such order is set aside by the local Government, whichever is earlier.

20. *Notice to be affixed at the place.*—Every licensee shall fix or cause to be fixed in some conspicuous position at the place specified in the licence a notice of suitable size on which shall be printed conspicuously in English and in the vernacular the name of the licensee, the description of the place used by the licensee for the purpose of his business and the nature of amusement licensed.

21. *Rules and terms of licence to be made known.*—The licensee or in his absence the person left in charge under rule 13 shall be held solely and entirely responsible for conducting the place of public amusement in accordance with the provisions of the Act and these rules. The terms of the licence and the rules shall be hung up in a conspicuous part of the place of public amusement so that they can be easily read by every person taking part in any performance at such place and the members of the staff employed by the licensee. The licensee shall also inform such persons of the terms of the licence and the rules.

FORM A (*vide* rule 2).

Application for a licence to open or keep open a place of public amusement notified under section 3 of the Bengal Places of Public Amusement Act, 1933 (Bengal Act X of 1933).

1. Name in full

Age years.

2. Father's name

3. Caste or religion

4. Home address—Village, Post office

Police-station District

5. Local address

6. How long have you resided in Calcutta/Bengal.

7. Have you anywhere previously held a licence to open or keep open a notified place of public amusement? If so, the licence last held should be filed along with this application, or if it cannot be produced, full particulars regarding it should be furnished.

8. Have you at any time been refused a licence, or have any of your previous licences been cancelled? If so, note by whom, when and why.

9. Have you ever been charged with or convicted of any offence? If so, give the time, place and nature of the offence.

10. Do you desire any person or persons to be authorised to act for you in your temporary absence and to be held responsible for the conduct of the notified place of public amusement? If so, give for each person his name, father's name and address.

I hereby declare that the particulars given herein are correct and apply for a licence to open and to keep open a which has been declared a notified place of public amusement under section 3 of the Bengal Places of Public Amusement Act, 1933.

2. I enclose a certified copy of the licence issued by the for opening and keeping open at a (in case of licence in Calcutta).

3. The required licence fee of Rs. 10/Rs. 5 is presented.

Dated the day of 193 .

Left thumb impression.	*Signature of the applicant.*

No. .

Date *193* .

Forwarded in original to the Superintendent of Police for favour of verification of antecedents and the above particulars and early return.

Dated the *day of* *193* .

District Magistrate

Certified that Rs. is due.

Dated the *day of* *193* .

Examining clerk.

The fee of Rs. mentioned above has been duly credited, *vide* receipt No. , dated the day of 193 .

Cashier.

Check and issue licence.

Dated the *day of* *193* .

District Magistrate/Deputy Commissioner of Police.

Application in order. Licence No. issued to-day.

Dated the *day of* *193* .

Licence Clerk,

Department.

FORM B (*vide* rules 3, 6, 7 and 8).

Form of licence for opening or keeping open a notified place of public amusement.

Fee Rupees ten (?) only for Calcutta, and
Rupees five (?) for other districts.

No. of 1930 .

LICENCE.

Under the powers vested in the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta,/ District Magistrate of by the Bengal Places of Public Amusement Act, 1933 (Ben. Act X of 1933), section 5, sub-section (1) and subject to the conditions and restrictions laid down in the rules for the control of notified places of public amusement as published by Government of Bengal under notification No. Pl., dated the , licence is hereby granted to authorising him to keep a known as and situate at a brief description of which is given below, in to be opened between and from this date until 193 , subject nevertheless to suspension or revocation under sections 7 and 8 of the said Act.

2 Any one of the following persons may act for the licensee in his temporary absence, as required under rule 13.

Given under my hand and seal this day of 193 .

Description of the place licensed, or the localities which may be visited.

Seal.

Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.
District Magistrate,

Office of the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta. / District Magistrate,

Conditions.

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Bengal Public Places of Amusement Act, 1933, and the rules made thereunder.

2. This licence shall remain in force for the period specified in it.

3. This licence is not transferable.

4. If the licensee dies or becomes incapable of acting, any other person may carry on the business on behalf of the licensee subject to the conditions that such person applies to the Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, within a fortnight from the date on which the licensee died or became incapable of acting for the renewal of the licence in his name and the licence is actually renewed.

5. For fixed places of public amusement—The licensee shall not use any place for his business other than that described in the licence.

Or

For peripatetic places of public amusement—The licensee shall not visit any localities for his business other than those entered in the licence.

6. The licence may be used in another district when endorsed to that effect by the District Magistrate of that district.

7. The licensed place shall not be kept open beyond the hours specified in the licence.

8. The licensee shall not supply or permit to be consumed any liquor or intoxicating drugs in the place.

9. The licensee shall not absent himself from the place when it is open without leaving some one in charge authorised in the licence to act for him.

10. The licensee shall not permit in the place—

(*a*) any profanity or impropriety of language:

(*b*) any indecency of dress, dance or gesture:

(*c*) any offensive personation or representation of any individual, living or dead:

(*d*) anything calculated to produce riot or breach of the peace or to promote hostile feelings between different classes or to wound the religious feeling of any individual or class of individuals:

(*e*) any performance involving risk, damage or danger to the public.

11. The licensee shall take steps to prevent overcrowding in the place and in the event of any disturbance or accident involving injury to human life or limb happening therein shall give immediate information to the police.

12. The licensee shall at all times allow free access to the licensing officer or any Magistrate deputed in writing by him to visit the place or to any police officer attending the same in the execution of his duties.

13. There shall be no gambling in the place.

14. No game or class of games prohibited under section 6 of the Act shall be played in the place.

15. No game or class of games suspended by an order under section 7 of the Act shall be played in the place within two months of the making of such order or until such order is set aside by the local Government whichever is earlier.

16. The licensee shall fix in some conspicuous position at the place a notice of suitable size on which shall be printed conspicuously in English and in the vernacular the name of the licensee, the description of the place used by the licensee for the purpose of his business and the nature of amusement licensed.

17. The licensee shall hang up the terms of the licence and the rules in a conspicuous part of the place so that they can be easily read by every person taking part in any performance at such place and the members of the staff employed by the licensee. The licensee shall also inform such persons of the terms of the licence and the rules.

Note.—The contravention of any conditions of the licence will render the licensee the owner or the manager of such place liable to punishment with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to rupees one thousand or with both (section 9 of the Act).

Endorsement by Magistrates or licensing officers.

Date	Punishment	Section or rule	Name and designation of Magistrate or licensing officer	Remarks

Malda.—No. 6140Pl.—29th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 (*1*) (*s*) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in modification of all previous notifications published in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to the area included in the Shibganj police-station in the district of Malda and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the villages specified in the following schedule, which have hitherto been included in that police-station, shall be included in the English Bazar police-station in the same district:—

Schedule.

Names of villages.	General jurisdiction list number of thana Shibganj.
Arazi Nazirkhani	1
Satgada	2
Garmahali	8
Uttar Umarpur	9

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 11590A.

Powers.

Khulna.—No. 11421A. — 20th November 1933.—Babu Sudhanyu Kumar Guha, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Khulna, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

24-Parganas.—No. 11432A. - 20th November 1933.- Mr. R. A. Dutch, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate, Barrackpore, 24-Parganas, is vested with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.)

Appointments and Transfers.

24-Parganas.—No. 8457J.—23rd November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(*a*) to confer upon Babu Sharat Chandra Datta the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification,

(*b*) to direct him to sit as a member of the Jaynagar bench in the said district, and

(*c*) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

Murshidabad.—No. 8459J.—23rd November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(*a*) to confer upon Maulvi Saiyid Abul Fazal the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Murshidabad, for a period of three years from the 9th December 1933, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Jangipur subdivision of the said district, and

(*b*) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Jangipur bench in the said district.

Mymensingh - Rajshahi - Malda. — No 8501J.—24th November 1933. — Babu Subodh Kumar Neogi, who last acted as a munsif at Jamalpur, in the district of Mymensingh, is appointed to act as a munsif, in the district of Rajshahi and Malda, to be ordinarily stationed at Malda, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Dinesh Chandra Sen, or until further orders.

Leave.

Bakarganj. — No. 8509J. — 24th October 1933.—In modification of the orders, dated the 15th August 1933, Babu Kumud Bandhu Sen, munsif of Barisal, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave for seven months and thirteen days, with effect from the 6th February 1933, viz., leave on average pay for two months and twenty-six days, under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for four months and seventeen days, under rule 81 (*d*) of those Rules. He is also permitted to affix the civil court vacation of 1933 to the leave, under rule 82 (*d*) of those Rules.

Midnapore.—No. 8510J. — 2nd November 1933.—Babu Kishori Lal Chatarji, munsif of Contai, in the district of Midnapore, is allowed leave on average pay for thirteen days, under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 23rd October 1933, and permitted to prefix thereto the civil court vacation of 1933, under rule 82 (*d*) of those Rules.

Tippera. — No. 8511J. — 13th November 1933.—Babu Sudhangshu Chandra Ghosh, munsif of Comilla, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for four days, under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 23rd October 1933, and permitted to prefix thereto the civil court vacation of 1933, under rule 82 (*d*) of those Rules.

Noakhali.—No. 8512J. — 13th November 1933.—Maulvi Muhammad Gholam Mowla, munsif of Sudharam, in the district of Noakhali, is allowed leave on average pay for four days, under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 23rd October 1933, and permitted to prefix thereto the civil court vacation of 1933, under rule 82 (*d*) of those Rules.

Mymensingh.—No. 8513J.—14th November 1933.—Babu Mati Lal Chakrabatti, munsif of Netrakona, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for eighteen days, under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 1st November 1933.

Jessore.—No. 8514J.—15th November 1933.—The orders of the 12th September 1933 granting Maulvi Nizamuddin Ahmad, munsif of Magura, in the district of Jessore, leave for twenty days, with effect from the 23rd October 1933, are hereby cancelled.

Powers.

Dacca.—No. 8464J.—23rd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Babu Nishi Kanta Ray, an Honorary Magistrate of the Manikganj bench, the powers of a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of Dacca, for the period during which he has been directed to sit as a member of the said bench—

(*a*) in respect to cases brought before the said bench, within the limits of the jurisdiction of the said bench, and

(*b*) in respect to such cases as may be made over to him, when sitting singly, within the limits of the Manikganj subdivision of the said district.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Hooghly.—No. 8380J. — 21st November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Mani Mohan Gangali, a member of the Chanditola union board within the Chanditola police-station in the Serampore subdivision of the Hooghly district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Dhaneswar Das, deceased.

Hooghly.—No. 8381J. — 21st November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Mani Mohan Gangali, a member of the Chanditola union board within the Chanditola police-station in the Serampore subdivision of the Hooghly district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Dhaneswar Das, deceased.

Faridpur.—No. 8383J. — 21st November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Panchkhola union board within the Madaripur police-station in the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Maulvi Daliluddin Ahmed.
Maulvi Badiazzaman Ahmed.
Maulvi Haji Abdus Sattar Sikdar.
Munshi Easin Hawladar.
Babu Rasik Lal Sarkar.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union board at which a quorum is present.

Faridpur.—No. 8384J. — 21st November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Panchkhola union board within the Madaripur police-station in the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Maulvi Daliluddin Ahmed.
Maulvi Badiazzaman Ahmed.
Maulvi Haji Abdus Sattar Sikdar.
Munshi Easin Hawladar.
Babu Rasik Lal Sarkar.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union board at which a quorum is present.

Faridpur.—No. 8385J. — 21st November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Bansgari union board within the Kalkini police-station in the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Maulvi Muhammad Hosain Talukdar.
Maulvi Kafiluddin Talukdar.
Maulvi Safiuddin Bepari.
Babu Sreenath Pal.
Maulvi Sabder Ali Mridha.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union board at which a quorum is present.

Faridpur.—No. 8386J. — 21st November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Bansgari union board within the Kalkini police-station in the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Maulvi Muhammad Hosain Talukdar.

Maulvi Kafiluddin Talukdar.

Maulvi Safiuddin Bepari.

Babu Sreenath Pal.

Maulvi Sabder Ali Mridha.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union board at which a quorum is present

Rajshahi - Malda. — No. 8466J. — 23rd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 13 of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the villages specified in the following schedule should henceforth be excluded from the local limits of the Nawabganj munsifi and included within the local limits of the Malda Sadar munsifi in the district of Rajshahi-Malda:—

Schedule.

Names of villages.	General jurisdiction list number of thana Shibganj.
(1) Arazi Nazirkhani ..	1
(2) Satgada	2
(3) Garmahali	8
(4) Uttar Umarpur ..	9

Rangpur. — No. 8493J.—24th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Kurigram union board within the Kurigram police-station in the Kurigram subdivision of the Rangpur district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Babu Satish Chandra Bakshi.

Babu Jitendra Nath Basu.

Maulvi Delwar Hossain Mia.

Munshi Gafuruddin Ahmed.

Rangpur. — No. 8494J.—24th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Kurigram union board within the Kurigram police-station in the Kurigram subdivision of the Rangpur district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Babu Satish Chandra Bakshi.

Babu Jitendra Nath Basu.

Maulvi Delwar Hossain Mia.

Munshi Gafuruddin Ahmed.

N. G. A. EDGLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

Burdwan.—No. 6316M.—20th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Katwa Municipality in the district of Burdwan, out of nine seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), two seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Burdwan.—No. 6317M.—20th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to determine, after consideration of views of the Commissioners of the Katwa Municipality at a meeting, that the number of Commissioners to be elected from each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected.	Number of seats, included in column 2, reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3
I	3	1
II	4	1
III	2	..

Rangpur.—No. 6319M.—20th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Rangpur Municipality, in the district of Rangpur, out of fourteen seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), four seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

2. This cancels notification No. 145M., dated the 11th January 1933.

Rangpur.—No. 6320M.—20th November 1933. In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to determine, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Rangpur Municipality at a meeting, that the number of Commissioners to be elected from each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown below against each such ward.—

Number of ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected.	Number of seats, included in column 2, reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3
I	2	1
II	3	..
III	2	1
IV	3	1
V	2	..
VI	2	1

Tippera.—No. 6322M.—20th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Chandpur Municipality, in the district of Tippera, out of fourteen seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), five seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Tippera.—No. 6323M.—20th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to determine, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Chandpur Municipality at a meeting, that the number of Commissioners to be elected from each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected.	Number of seats, included in column 2, reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3
I	3	1
II	2	..
III	2	2
IV	2	1
V	4	1
VI	1	..

Faridpur.—No. 6331L.S.-G.—21st November 1933.—Whereas the following seven local areas hereinafter referred to as plots A, B, C, D, E, F and G and the boundaries of which are described below have been excluded from wards Nos. I, IV, V, VI, VII and IX of the Madaripur Municipality by notification No. 737M., dated the 18th February 1931, published at pages 247-48 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 26th idem, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) in exercise of their powers conferred by section 5 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act (Bengal Act V of 1919) are pleased to include them in the union boards mentioned above each, in police-station Madaripur of the district of Faridpur:—

(*i*) Boundaries of plot "A."

In Panchkhola union board established by notification No. 4183L.S.-G., dated the 7th December 1926, as amended by notification No. 1518L.S.-G., dated the 8th April 1927-

Whole of mauza Charmahisher Char (jurisdiction list No. 240).

North, East and West—River Arialkhan.
South—River Kulpaddi.

(*ii*) Boundaries of plot "B."

In Ghatmajhi union board established by notification No. 2397L.S.-G., dated the 25th April 1924, as amended by notification No. 4137L.S.-G., dated the 19th September 1929—

Southern rural portion of mauza Khagdi (jurisdiction list No. 245) and part of mauza Ghatmajhi (called Khagdi, jurisdiction list No. 171).

North—Plot No. 793 (road) of mauza Ghatmajhi, plot No. 571 (road) of mauza Khagdi, plots Nos. 77 (halot), 497, 496, 503, 504, 511, 512, 513, 514, 883 (halot), 465, 464, 463, 462, 461, 505, 430 and 171 (halot) of mauza Khagdi.

East—Mauzas Pakdi and Gaidi.
South—Mauzas Ghatmajhi and Gaidi.
West—Ghatmajhi khal.

(iii) Boundaries of plot "C".

In Ghatmajhi union board established by notification No. 2397L.S.-G., dated the 25th April 1924, as amended by notification No. 4137L.S.-G., dated the 19th September 1929—

In Mauzas Kukrail (jurisdiction list No. 371), Harikumaria (jurisdiction list No. 373), Sakuni (jurisdiction list No. 374) and Ranadia (jurisdiction list No. 372).

North—A line drawn east to west along the line of the municipal road and halots, settlement plots Nos. 53 and 13 of mauza Sakuni lying to the south of Sovan Sikdar's house joining mauza Kukrail on the west and mauza Panisatra on the east, 794 (halot), 731, 732, 727, 726, 716, 715, 1057 (road), 275, 278, 280, 281, 282, 285, 198, 195, 192, 168 (road), 117 (halot) of mauza Kukrail.

East—Mauza Panisatra.

South—Mauzas Saiderbali, Ranadia and Kukrail.

West—Mauza Thantali.

(iv) Boundaries of plot "D".

In Jhaudi union board established by notification No. 2397L.S.-G., dated the 25th April 1924, as amended by notification No. 40L.S.-G., dated the 6th January 1927—

In mauza Kulapaddi and Charkulpaddi (jurisdiction list No. 377).

North—Plots Nos. 144, 123 (road), 542 (khal), 260, 257, 256, 302, 303, 318, 319, 320, 321, 323, 324, 325, 326, 328, 331, 441, 440, 433, 434 of mauza Kulpaddi, river Kulpaddi.

East—River Arialkhan.

South—Mauzas Pakhira and Brahmandi.

West—Mauza Mobarakdi.

(v) Boundaries of plot "E".

In Dudkhali union board established by notification No. 2397L.S.-G., dated the 25th April 1924, as amended by notification No. 4193L.S.-G., dated the 7th December 1926—

In mauza Hazrapur (jurisdiction list No. 224).

North—Mauza Houshdi-Durgabardi.

East—Mauza Panchkhola.

South—Mauzas Rasti, Putia and Pearpur.

West—Mauzas Aoz and Houshdi-Durgabardi.

(vi) Boundaries of plot "F".

In Kunia union board established by notification No. 2397L.S.-G., dated the 25th April 1924, as amended by notification No. 4193L.S.-G., dated the 7th December 1926—

In mauza Pearpur (jurisdiction list No. 174).

North—Mauzas Aoz and Hazrapur.

East—River Arialkhan.

South—Plots Nos. 1972, 1971, 1969, 1968, 1963, 1868, 1869, 1870, 1871, 1946, 1945, 1944, 1942, 1941, 1933, 2082, 2079, 2078, 2076, 2091, 2095, 2096, 2099, 2100, 2102, 2200, 2197, 2193, 2190, 2189 and 2188 of mauza Pearpur.

West—Plots Nos. 1972, 1974, 1977, 1978, 2019, 2018, 2017 and 2222 (khal) of mauza Pearpur.

(vii) Boundaries of plot "G".

In Kunia union board established by notification No. 2397L.S.-G., dated the 25th April 1924, as amended by notification No. 4193L.S.-G., dated the 7th December 1926—

In mauza Kumrakhali (jurisdiction list No. 172).

North—Pearpur khal.

East—Plots Nos. 347, 353, 352, 403, 413, 414, 394, 393, 431, 432, 433, 434, 464, 457, 456, 469, 471, 472, 1144, 1141, 1140, 1138, 1137, 1135, 1133, 1132 and 1086 of mauza Kumrakhali.

South—Plots Nos 415, 416, 417, 400, 395, 394, 391 (halot), 1068 (halot) of mauza Kumrakhali.

West—Plot No 276 (halot) of mauza Kumrakhali.

Jalpaiguri.—No. 6833M.—21st November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to determine, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Jalpaiguri Municipality at a meeting, that the number of Commissioners to be elected from each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected.	Number of seats, included in column 2, reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3
I	2	..
II	2	..
III	4	2
IV	3	1
V	3	1

Jalpaiguri.—No. 6334M.—21st November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:

Rule.

In the Jalpaiguri municipality in the district of Jalpaiguri, out of 14 seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), four seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

2. This cancels notification No. 147M., dated the 11th January 1933.

Nadia.—No 6336M.- 21st November 1933. —In exercise of the power conferred by clause (i) of sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to declare their intention to alter the number of Commissioners of the Santipur Municipality, in the district of Nadia, from 15 to 20.

2. Any ratepayer of the municipality who objects to the proposed alteration should submit his objection in writing through the District Magistrate to the undersigned within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

Dinajpur.-No. 6338M.- 21st November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Dinajpur Municipality in the district of Dinajpur, out of 16 seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), five seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

2. This cancels notification No. 118M., dated the 10th January 1933.

Dinajpur.—No. 6339M. — 21st November 1933.— In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to determine, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Dinajpur Municipality at a meeting, that the number of Commissioners to be elected from each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected.	Number of seats, included in column 2, reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3
A	4	2
B	5	1
C	2	1
D	3	1
E	2	..

Mymensingh.—No. 6372M.—23rd November 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (1) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2 The draft rule will be taken into consideration on the 5th December 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Netrokona Municipality in the district of Mymensingh, out of nine seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), four seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Mymensingh.—No. 6386M.—23rd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Wednesday, the 28th March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the Tangail Municipality in the district of Mymensingh.

24-Parganas.—6393M. — 23rd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Thursday, the 29th March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the South Suburban Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas.

Mymensingh.—No. 6406M.—25th November 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft rule will be taken into consideration on the 10th December 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Mymensingh Municipality in the district of Mymensingh, out of fourteen seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), four seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

24-Parganas.—No. 6408M.—25th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Thursday, the 29th March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the Taki, Baduria, Titagarh, Garulia, Barrackpore, North Barrackpore, Baranagar and Basirhat Municipalities in the district of the 24-Parganas in the Presidency Division.

24-Parganas.—No. 6411M.—25th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (*g*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 6 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), and in modification of the Government notification No. 2448L S.-G., dated the 10th May 1921, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to declare that the boundaries of the following mauzas as shown in the finally published cadastral settlement maps shall form the limits of the Khardah Municipality:

Serial No.	Mauza	Jurisdiction list number	Thana	Sheet number.	Extent of municipal limit
1	Tittagarh	5	Tittagarh	2	Plots 817, 818
				5	Plots 2861-3060, 3174-3194, 3218
2	Khardah	2	Khardah	3	Plots 3026-3029, 3031-3041, 3199
				6	Plots 1902-2019
				7	Plots 1501-1519, 1521-1840
				8	Plots 2051-2452, 2454-2587
				9	Plots 4102-4130
				10-13	Whole
				14	Plots 4141-4168, 4170
				15	Plots 3201-3205, 3207-3609, 3611-3624, 3635-3700, 3703
3	Rahara	3	Ditto	1	Plots 1-201, 229, 230, 243-337, 339-348.
				2-3	Whole
4	Patulia	4	Ditto	1	Plots 134-234, 563-580, 646, 649-650.
				2	Plots 731-737, 1078, 1083, 1090-1093, 1097-1104, 1120-1133, 1156-1165, 1168-1178, 1234, 1238, 1242-1245, 1292-1294, 1295, 1302, 1303, 1307
5	Karulia	5	Ditto	1	Plots 35, 37-39, 41, 43.
6	Rambhadrabati	7	Ditto	1	Plots 113, 114
7	Sukchar	9	Ditto	1, 2, 4	Whole.
				3	Plots 502-541, 545-552, 554-565, 569-586, 588-633, 636-646, 650-653, 655-666.
				5	Plots 1204, 1213-1249, 1252-1429, 1431-1453, 1460-1485, 1574, 1576-1578, 1579-1604, 1606, 1514.

II. The map may be inspected in the office of the Magistrate of 24-Parganas.

III. If any inhabitant of the mauzas or any rate-payer of the said municipality objects to anything contained in this notification he shall submit his objection in writing to the undersigned through the District Magistrate and the Divisional Commissioner within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

24-Parganas.—No. 6412M.—25th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (*g*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 6 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), and in modification of the Government notification No. 2116T.M., dated the 28th September 1906, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to declare their intention to the effect that the boundaries of the following mauzas as shown in the finally published cadastral settlement maps shall form the limits of the Tittagarh Municipality:—

Serial No.	Mauza.	Jurisdiction list number.	Thana.	Sheet number.	Extent of municipal limit.
1	Tittagarh	5	Tittagarh	1, 3, 4.	Whole
				2	Plots 215-449, 451-816, 820-850, 1501-1632
2	Banbarrackpur	1	Khardah	1 and 2	Whole
3	Khardah	2	Ditto	1, 2, 4, 5.	Whole.
				3	Plots 3001 3025, 3030, 3042-3198, 3200
				6	Plots 1901
				7	Plot 1520
				8	Plot 2453
				9	Plot 4101
				14	Plot 1140
				15	Plots 3206, 3210
4	Rahara	3	Ditto	1	Plots 202-228, 231-239, 241, 242, 338.

II. The map may be inspected at the office of the Magistrate of the 24-Parganas.

III. If any inhabitant of the mauzas or any rate-payer of the said municipality objects to anything contained in this notification he shall submit his objection in writing to the undersigned through the District Magistrate and the Divisional Commissioner within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 6416M.—27th November 1933. — The following draft of rules, which, in exercise of the power conferred by clause (*a*) of section 76 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 2nd January 1934, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned, through the District Magistrates, before that date, will be duly considered:—

Draft rules regarding qualification of female practitioners, nurses and midwives.

1. A candidate for appointment as a female medical practitioner in a hospital, dispensary, maternity house, child-welfare centre or special treatment centre which is maintained wholly or partly by a municipality shall be a registered medical practitioner, unless the special sanction of Government is obtained to the appointment of an unregistered practitioner.

2. A candidate for appointment as a nurse or a midwife in an institution maintained or aided by a municipality shall possess either the senior or the junior certificate in Nursing or Midwifery respectively granted by the State Medical Faculty, Bengal.

3. A candidate for appointment as a female medical practitioner, nurse or midwife shall not be a dismissed servant of Government or disqualified for her duties by age, infirmity or character.

4. If, after considering the views of the Surgeon-General, the Medical Department of Government is satisfied that misconduct, insolvency or professional incompetence of any kind which has been proved to its satisfaction against any female medical practitioner, nurse or midwife is such as to justify such a course, she shall be removed from her appointment.

No. 6422M. — 27th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (*a*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 126 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that the conservancy rate on any jail or reformatory in which an establishment is maintained for the cleansing of latrines, urinals and cess-pools therein, shall not exceed one-seventh of the rate in force for the municipality.

Mymensingh.—No. 6430M.—27th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Tangail Municipality in the district of Mymensingh, out of twelve seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), five seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

2. This cancels so much of notification No 96M., dated the 9th January 1933, as relates to reservation of seats for the minority community in the Tangail Municipality.

Mymensingh.—No. 6431M.—27th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to determine, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Tangail Municipality at a meeting, that the number of Commissioners to be elected from each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected.	Number of seats, included in column 2, reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3
I	6	2
II	2	1
III	2	1
IV	2	1

Rajshahi. — No. 6433M.—27th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to determine, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Rajshahi Municipality at a meeting, that the number of Commissioners to be elected from each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown below against each such ward:—

Ward I—4.
Ward II—3.
Ward III—2.
Ward IV—4.
Ward V—1.
Ward VI—1.
Ward VII—1.

24-Parganas.—No. 6435M.—27th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (*i*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 6 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to declare their intention to alter the number of Commissioners of the Baruipore Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, from 9 to 10.

2. Any ratepayer of the municipality who objects to the proposed alteration should submit his objection in writing through the District Magistrate to the undersigned within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

Murshidabad.—No. 6437M.—27th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Thursday, the 29th March 1934, as the date for the first general election of Commissioners of the Berhampore and Jiaganj-Azimganj municipalities in the Presidency Division.

Bakarganj.—No. 6440M.—27th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Jhalakati Municipality, in the district of Bakarganj, out of twelve seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), four seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Bakarganj.—No. 6441M.—27th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to determine, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Jhalakati Municipality at a meeting, that the number of Commissioners to be elected from

each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown below against each such ward:—

Name of ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected.	Number of seats, included in column 2, reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3
Chandkati	3	1
Roymangal	3	..
Kalibari	3	1
Char Jhalakati	3	2

Murshidabad.—No. 6443M.—27th November 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft rule will be taken into consideration on the 15th December 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Jiaganj-Azimganj Municipality in the district of Murshidabad, out of 12 seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), two seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Dacca.—No. 6451L.S.-G.—28th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 7 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be members of the Dacca district board:—

The Subdivisional Officer, Narayanganj, *ex-officio*.
The Subdivisional Officer, Munshiganj, *ex-officio*.
The Subdivisional Officer, Manikganj, *ex-officio*.
The Subdivisional Officer, Sadar (North), *ex-officio*.
The Superintendent of Police, Dacca, *ex-officio*.
Sir Douglas Stewart Bart.
Rai Keshab Chandra Banarji Bahadur.
Mr. Syed Abdus Salim.
Khan Sahib Hazi Kazemuddin Ahmed.
Babu Nishi Kanta Roy.
Rai Debendra Chandra Mazumdar Bahadur.

ERRATUM.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

No. 6404M.—25th November 1933.—In Government notification No. 5666M., dated 12th October 1933, published at page 1414 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 19th October 1933, make the following corrections:—

1. In line 2 of the draft rule, *for* "fourteen" *read* "twelve."

2. In line 2 of paragraph 2, *for* "1st November" *read* "15th December."

Medical

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

Calcutta.—No. 3008Medl.—24th November 1933.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Dr. Dhirendra Nath Mazumdar is appointed to act as House Surgeon, Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, with effect from the 23rd October 1933.

Calcutta.—No. 3009Medl.—24th November 1933.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Dr. Tarak Das Roy Choudhury, officiating House Surgeon, Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Demonstrator of Anatomy, Medical College, Calcutta, *vice* Dr. Bepin Behari Basak, deceased.

Jessore.—No. 3014Medl.—24th November 1933.—Dr. Rajendra Chandra Barory, Civil Surgeon, Jessore, is allowed leave on average pay for four months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 29th October 1933, or the date of availing.

Calcutta - Jessore. — No. 3015Medl.—24th November 1933.—Dr. Benode Behari Hazra, Resident Medical Officer, Police Hospital, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Civil Surgeon, Jessore, *vice* Dr. Rajendra Chandra Barory.

Mymensingh - Calcutta.—No. 3016Medl.—24th November 1933.—Dr. Satya Ranjan Das Gupta of Jamalpur subdivision and dispensary is appointed as Resident Medical Officer, Police Hospital, Calcutta, *vice* Dr. Benode Behari Hazra.

Calcutta.—No. 3021Medl.—27th November 1933.—Dr. Muhammad Hossain, House Physician, Medical Outdoor, Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, is placed on supernumerary duty at that institution.

Calcutta.—No. 3022Medl.—27th November 1933.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Dr. Satipati Goswami, officiating Demonstrator of Physiology, Medical College, Calcutta, is appointed to act as House Physician, Medical Outdoor, Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, *vice* Dr. Muhammad Hossain.

ADDENDUM.

No. 3024Medl.—27th November 1933.—In paragraph 2 of notification No. 2889Medl., dated the 17th November 1933, published at page 1708, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 23rd November 1933, regarding election of a member to the All-India Medical Council under clause (*c*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 3 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1933 (Act XXVII of 1933), after the words "returning officer" *add* the following words and brackets:—

"(Rai Sahib R. M. Das, Registrar, Bengal Council of Medical Registration, 21, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.)"

H. P. V. TOWNEND,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Public Health.

Orders by the Faculty of Tropical Medicine, Bengal.

Calcutta, the 17th November 1933.

The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Licentiate Examination in Tropical Medicine held on the 6th October 1933 and subsequent days:—

Passed.

(Arranged in alphabetical order.)

1. Dr. Sharfuddin Ahmad.
2. Dr. Harendra Kumar Baidya.
3. Dr. Susil Kumar Bhar.
4. Dr. Ram Kamal Bhattacharjee.
5. Dr. Rajendra Nath Bose.
6. Dr. Debi Pada Chakraverty.
7. Dr. Doraisami Chelliah Daniel.
8. Dr. Nripendra Gopal Das.
9. Dr. Tara Kanta Das Gupta.
10. Dr. Bibhuti Bhusan De.
11. Dr. Samarendra Nath De.
12. Dr. Kidar Nath Dutt.
13. Dr. Muralidhor Kundu.
14. Dr. Mahammad Mujibur Rahman.
15. Dr. Mazhar Hussain.
16. Dr. Sheo Nath Mehrotra.
17. Dr. Prayag Naryan Misra.
18. Dr. Udayakar Misra.
19. Dr. Mohammad Abdur Rahim.
20. Dr. Mohammed Sharif.
21. Dr. Tara Pada Ray.
22. Dr. Sarbans Singh.
23. Dr. Anil Kumar Sen Gupta.
24. Dr. Kamala Prasad Singha.
25. Dr. Tara Singh.
26. Dr. Sivalokanatha Iyer Venkatachalam.
27. Dr. Yuen-Yo Ying.

R. N. CHOPRA, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,
Director, Calcutta School of Tropical Medicine (offg.).

Orders by the Director of Public Health, Bengal.

No. 13804A.—27th November 1933.—Under Subsidiary Rule 275 (*a*) of the Fundamental Rules, Dr. Banamali Ghosh, M.B., D.P.H., Entomologist under the Bengal Public Health Department, is granted leave on full pay from the 20th October to the 23rd November 1933, both days inclusive.

R. B. KHAMBATA,
Director of Public Health, Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta.—No. 3310Edn.—27th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 6, sub-section (*1*), clause (*c*), and section 10 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), as amended by the Calcutta University Act 1921 (VII of 1921), His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to renominate Mr. W. C. Wordsworth, M.A., to be an Ordinary Fellow of the University.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Mr. K. Nazim-ud-Din, C.I.E.

Hooghly.—No. 3259Edn.—21st November 1933.—Babu Narendra Nath Chatterji, Demonstrator in Physics, Hooghly College, in the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service, as Professor of the subject in the College, with effect from 2nd January 1934, or any subsequent date on which he joins the appointment, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Purna Chandra Bhattacharji, or until further orders.

Chittagong.—No. 3294Edn.—24th November 1933.—Babu Dinesh Chandra Bhattacharji, Lecturer in Sanskrit, Chittagong College, in the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service as Professor of Sanskrit and Bengali in the College, with effect from the 30th October 1933, or any subsequent date on which he assumed the duties of the post during the absence on leave of Babu Debendra Kumar Banerji, or until further orders.

Registration.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Mr. K. Nazim-ud-Din, C.I.E.

Mymensingh.—No. 865Regn.—20th November 1933.—It is notified for general information that the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to sanction the

removal of the Joint Sub-Registry office at Jamalpur in the district of Mymensingh from Jamalpur to Madarganj in the same district as an experimental measure for one year, with effect from the 1st December 1933. The office should henceforth be styled "The office of the Joint Sub-Registrar of Jamalpur at Madarganj."

Hooghly.—No. 867Regn.—21st November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Md. Rashid temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-stations of Serampore, Bhadreswar, Uttarpara, Singur and Chanditala, in the district of Hooghly, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Khan Sahib Abdul Muhaimen, or until further orders.

Hooghly.—No. 868Regn.—21st November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Md. Rashid temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-stations of Serampore, Bhadreswar, Uttarpara, Singur and Chanditala, in the district of Hooghly, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Khan Sahib Abdul Muhaimen, or until further orders.

Khulna. — No. 875Regn.—23rd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Siddique Ahmad to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-station of Dumuria, in the district of Khulna.

Khulna. — No. 876Regn.—23rd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Siddique Ahmad to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-station of Dumuria, in the district of Khulna.

H. R. WILKINSON,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

BENGAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

Hooghly.—No. 52B.—17th November 1933.—Babu Purna Chandra Bhattacharjee, M.A., Professor of Physics and officiating Vice-Principal, Hooghly College, in the Bengal Educational Service, is granted, under Articles 272 and 274 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave on full pay for one month and fourteen days preparatory to retirement, with effect from 2nd January 1934.

2. He is permitted to prefix to his leave the Christmas and New Year's Day holidays extending from 23rd December 1933 to 1st January 1934, provided the conditions prescribed in Article 220, Civil Service Regulations, are fulfilled.

J. M. BOTTOMLEY,

Director of Public Instrn., Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

Bankura.—No. 535.—18th November 1933.—Babu Nagendra Nath Sinha, Sub-Registrar of Raipur, in the district of Bankura, was on leave on average pay for seven days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 3rd November 1933.

Bankura.—No. 536.—18th November 1933.—Babu Gauri Sankar Mukherji, Sub-Registrar attached to Bankura, acted as Sub-Registrar of Raipur, in the same district, from the 3rd November 1933 to the 9th November 1933, *vice* Babu Nagendra Nath Sinha, Sub-Registrar, on leave.

Rajshahi.—No. 537.—18th November 1933.—Babu Manindra Kumar Maitra, Sub-Registrar attached to Rajshahi, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Mahadebpur, in the district of Rajshahi.

Rajshahi-Faridpur.—No. 538.—18th November 1933.—Babu Hem Chandra Ray, Sub-Registrar attached to Faridpur, officiating as Sub-Registrar of Mahadebpur, in the district of Rajshahi, is appointed to act, until further orders ,as Sub-Registrar of Baliakandi, in the district of Faridpur.

Faridpur-Bakarganj. — No. 539. — 18th November 1933.—Babu Kshitish Chandra Das, Sub-Registrar of Baliakandi, in the district of Faridpur, on leave, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Amtali, in the district of Bakarganj.

Dacca-Bakarganj.—No. 540.—18th November 1933.—Babu Hara Prosad Chakrabutti, Sub-Registrar attached to Dacca, officiating at Amtali, in the district of Bakarganj, is posted to the headquarters station of the district of Bakarganj.

Mymensingh. — No. 541.—22nd November 1933.—Babu Abala Kanta Bhaduri, Sub-Registrar attached to Mymensingh, acted as Sub-Registrar of Madhupur, in the same district, from the 1st September 1933 to the 17th September 1933 (both days inclusive).

Mymensingh.—No. 542.—22nd November 1933.—Babu Abala Kanta Bhaduri, Sub-Registrar attached to Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-one days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 505, dated the 30th October 1933.

24-Parganas - Faridpur. — No. 543.—22nd November 1933.—Babu Rathindra Nath Biswas, Sub-Registrar attached to Alipore, 24-Parganas, officiating as Sub-Registrar of Baliakandi, in the district of Faridpur, is posted to the headquarters station of the district of Faridpur.

Bakarganj.—No. 544.—23rd November 1933.—Babu Mohini Ranjan Bhattyacharji, Sub-Registrar of Sarupkati, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

Tippera-Bakarganj.—No. 545.—23rd November 1933.—Babu Manindra Kisore Talapatra, Sub-Registrar attached to Comilla, Tippera, officiating as Sub-Registrar of Kaukhali, in the district of Bakarganj, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Sarupkati, also in the same district, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, during the absence, on leave, of the permanent incumbent, or until further orders.

Bakarganj.—No. 546. — 23rd November 1933.—Babu Kiran Chandra Maulik, officiating Sub-Registrar of Nazirpur, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for ten days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 26th November 1933, or from any subsequent date on which he avails himself of it.

24-Parganas-Jessore. — No. 547. — 24th November 1933.—Babu Bhupendra Lal Ray, Sub-Registrar of Dum Dum, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is, on abolition of the office, appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Magura, in the district of Jessore.

Mymensingh. — No. 548.—24th November 1933.—Babu Gopendra Nath Ray, Sub-Registrar of Iswarganj, in the district of Mymensingh, under orders of transfer to Durgapur, in the same district, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 510, dated the 1st November 1933.

S. AHMED,

Inspr.-Genl. of Registration, Bengal.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Finance.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 6340F. — 23rd November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rules 41, 42 and 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules (hereinafter referred to as the said rules), and with the previous sanction of the Secretary of State in Council obtained in accordance with rule 9 of the said rules, the Governor in Council and acting with his Ministers is pleased to direct that the amendments to Fundamental Rules published in the Government of India, Finance Department, notification No. F. 11-(21)-R.I/33, dated the 1st November 1933, being amendments made by the Secretary of State in Council in the Fundamental Rules after the introduction of the said rules, shall

apply and, from the date on which they were made by the Secretary of State in Council, shall be deemed always to have applied to the services in respect of which power to make rules is delegated to the Local Government in the said rules.

Audit.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 6194F.—22nd November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (*1*) of rule 3 of the Civil Services (Emergency Deductions from Pay) Rules, 1933, the Governor in Council and acting with his Ministers is pleased to make the following amendment to the Bengal Services (Emergency Reduction of Pay) Rules, 1933, namely:—

In sub-clause (*a*) of clause (*2*) of rule 2 of the said Rules, *after* the words "Fundamental Rule 9 (*21*) (*a*)", the following shall be *inserted*, namely:—

"other than pay equal to half average pay drawn under Fundamental Rule 107 (*b*) (*ii*)".

And the said rules shall have effect and shall be deemed always to have had effect as if they had been enacted as so amended.

ADDENDA AND CORRIGENDA.

No. 6367F.—25th November 1933.—The following corrections, which have been authorised, are published for general information:—

Fundamental and Subsidiary Rules, 1st Edition (Reprint), 1929.

Page 364—Appendix No. 23.—Substitute the following *for* rule 2:—

"The Member of the Board of Revenue, accompanied by a stenographer, is permitted to be present at Darjeeling while it is the headquarters of Government."

Page 159—F. R. 93.—Delete Audit Instruction (1) under this Rule.

D. GLADDING,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 5987Com.—22nd November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 26 of the Provident Insurance Societies Act, 1912 (V of 1912), the Governor in Council is pleased to cancel the exemption from all the provisions of the said Act granted to the Calcutta Preventive Officers' Mutual Help Association.

Bengal Government, Commerce Department, notification No. 5275Com., dated the 10th November 1914, is hereby cancelled.

No. 6014Com.—24th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Indian Electricity Act, 1910 (IX of 1910), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon the Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Limited, the licensees of the Calcutta Electric License, 1907, for the purpose of erecting an overhead main on the private common passage leading to the premises of Messrs. Sukumar Ghose, Jnanaranjan Roy, C. C. Raha and G. B. Mitra off Kumarpara Lane, Kashba, situated within their area of supply, and for repairing the same whenever necessity arises, the powers which the telegraph authority possesses under sections 10 to 19 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), with respect to the placing of telegraph lines and posts for the purposes of a telegraph established or maintained by Government, or to be established or maintained. The exercise of the powers hereby conferred is subject to the provisions of the said Indian Telegraph Act, 1885.

R. N. GILCHRIST,

Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 28Mne.—18th November 1933.—It is hereby notified under the provisions of section 6 of the Calcutta Port Act, 1890, that Mr. K. J. Nicolson of Messrs. Gladstone Wyllie and Company has been re-elected by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce to be a Commissioner for the port of Calcutta on the expiry of his present term of office on the 27th November 1933.

No. 29 Mne.—21st November 1933.—The following draft of rules for the Port of Calcutta, which, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (XV of 1908), the Governor in Council proposes to make in supersession of the rules published under this department notification No. 96 Mne., dated the 5th October 1894, as amended by subsequent notifications and the rules for regulating the bunkering of vessels with liquid fuel, published under this department notification No. 42 Mne., dated the 22nd March 1926, is published, as required by sub-section (2) of the said section, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 2nd January 1934, and any objections or suggestions with regard thereto received by the undersigned before that date will be considered:—

Draft rules.

Part I.

1 **Definitions.**—These rules shall be called the "Rules for the Port of Calcutta."

2. In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires

"The Commissioners" shall mean "the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta" as constituted by Bengal Act III of 1890.

"Howrah Bridge" shall mean the bridge constructed and maintained under the provisions of Bengal Act IX of 1871.

"Daybreak" shall mean half an hour before sunrise, and "dark" shall mean half an hour after sunset.

"Vessel" shall include anything made for the conveyance by water of human beings or property.

"Sea-going vessel" shall mean every description of vessel used in sea navigation

"Steam vessel" shall mean every description of vessel propelled wholly or in part by the agency of steam, or other mechanical means.

"Inland steam vessel" shall include any vessel which is subject to the provisions of the Inland Steam Vessels Act (I of 1917).

"Small craft" shall mean anything made for the conveyance by water of human beings or property to which the definitions of sea-going vessel or inland steam vessel do not apply.

"Boat" shall mean every description of small craft which is not mechanically propelled.

"Passenger boat" shall mean any boat which ordinarily carries persons other than the manjhi or boatman in charge and the crew

"Cargo boat" shall mean any boat which ordinarily carries all kinds of movable or personal property, including animals.

"Navigable Channel" shall mean that portion of the river used from time to time by sea-going vessels and defined by navigational buoys and track marks.

Part II.—General Rules.

3. **Extent.**—The following rules shall, except where it is otherwise stated, be applicable only within the limits of the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification No. 13 Mne., dated 14th February 1929 Nothing contained in these rules shall affect the provisions of any by-laws from time to time made by the Commissioners under sections 6 and 13 of the Howrah Bridge Act (IX of 1871).

4. No sea-going vessel shall move within the limits of the Port except—

(i) by order of the Deputy Conservator or Harbour Master.

(ii) by order of the Principal Officer, Mercantile Marine Department, Calcutta District, or an officer of the Bengal Pilot Service.

5. **Movements of vessels.**—Inland steam vessels and small craft may, subject to the by-laws from time to time made by the Commissioners under sections 6 and 13 of the Howrah Bridge Act (IX of 1871) and to the provisions elsewhere appearing in these rules, move freely within the limits of the Port unless they are prohibited by any special order hereafter issued by the Commissioners.

6. **Lights on sea-going vessels.**—All sea-going vessels anchored or moored in the stream shall, between dark and daybreak, exhibit, where it can best be seen but at a height not exceeding 20 feet above the hull of the vessel, a white light so constructed as to shew a clear, uniform and unbroken ray visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least one mile. Sea-going vessels under weigh between dark and daybreak shall show the lights prescribed by the Board of Trade Regulations.

7. (*a*) **Lights on inland vessels and small craft.**—Inland steam vessels at anchor and small craft whether at anchor or under weigh shall, between dark and daybreak, exhibit, from a conspicuous position at least six feet above the deck, a white light in a lantern so constructed as to be weather proof and to shew a uniform and unbroken ray of sufficient power to be visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least one mile.

(*b*) Inland steam vessels under weigh between dark and daybreak shall show the lights prescribed by the Board of Trade Regulations.

8. **Maintenance of free passages.**—Inland steam vessels and small craft at anchor or under weigh shall afford a free navigable channel for sea-going vessels and also free passages of sufficient width to piers, jetties, landing places, wharves, quays, docks and moorings; and all such vessels shall forthwith move when ordered by a duly authorised official to clear such channels or passages.

9. **Anchor to be ready.**—Inland steam vessels and small craft shall always have an anchor at the bow, with the cable bent and ranged ready to let go.

10. **Navigation by inland steam vessels and small craft.**—Inland steam vessels and small craft shall navigate at all times as follows:—

(*a*) When moving between Kidderpore Docks and King George's Dock they shall navigate between the north bank and the line of buoys marking the edge of College Sand.

(*b*) When moving between King George's Docks and Rajabagan Ferry Station they shall keep close either to the north bank or to the outer line of mooring buoys on the south bank of the river.

(*c*) When moving between Rajabagan Ferry Station and Akra Semaphore they shall navigate on the edge of Sankral Sand.

(*d*) When moving between Akra Semaphore and Pir Serang Shrine they shall navigate on the edge of Munikhali Sand.

(*e*) When moving between Pir Serang and north end of Budge Budge they shall navigate on the edge of Koffri Sand.

(*f*) When moving between the north end of Budge Budge and the southern boundary of the Port they shall navigate on the right bank.

(*g*) When crossing from one side of the channel to the other they shall navigate with caution. Mechanically propelled vessels shall, if necessary, slacken speed, stop or reverse their engines, until any sea-going vessels, which are approaching, have passed clear. Small craft not mechanically propelled shall proceed with caution and, if necessary, drop their anchor in sufficient time to prevent them from entering the channel until any sea-going vessels, which are approaching have passed and are clear.

11. (*a*) **Fishing rules.**—Fishing boats shall observe such of the above rules as relate to small craft. No stake or net or other appliance used for the purpose of attracting or catching fish shall be placed, at any time during the day or night, in the navigable channel of the river between Howrah Bridge and the south end of Uluberia Reach.

(*b*) Between the south end of Uluberia Reach and Fultah Point the navigable channel shall be kept clear for the passage of sea-going vessels and between the hours of daybreak and dark no fishing boats shall be moored, nor nets of any description cast, in this channel.

12. All inland steam vessels and small craft shall move so as to keep the navigable channel free for sea-going vessels moving within the Port.

13. **Mooring of vessels.**—No person shall moor any sea-going vessel in any manner other than that prescribed by the Commissioners.

14. **Clearance area for ocean-going vessels.**—The navigable channel between the College Sand Lower Buoy and the Panchpara Flat Upper Buoy from low water mark on the north bank to the outer line of mooring buoys on the south bank shall be kept clear at all times for the manœuvring of sea-going vessels. Small craft may lie ashore on the north bank but they shall not place or have any anchors or mooring tackle in the stream.

15. The river between the north end of the cooly lines of the Fort Gloster Jute Mills on the north and the boundary pillar on the south, shall be kept clear for turning sea-going vessels and no inland steam vessels or small craft shall anchor or lie at swinging moorings within these limits.

16. **Speed of inland vessels above Kidderpore Docks.**—Above Kidderpore Docks Entrance, inland steam vessels shall proceed at a moderate speed.

17. **Speed of inland vessels above Garden House.**—Above Garden House all inland steam vessels going with the tide shall proceed at a moderate speed.

18. **Exemption of ferry steamers.**—Special permission may be given by the Commissioners to ferry steamers, subject to due limitation as to place, hours of plying and speed, to move in the port otherwise than is prescribed in these rules.

19. **Inland steam vessels moored above bridge.**—Inland steam vessels and flats lying above the Howrah Bridge shall not haul out of moorings during the freshets in the last quarter of the ebb.

20. **Discretion of Deputy Conservator and Harbour Master.**—All vessels within the Port shall take up such berths as may be appointed for them by the Deputy Conservator or Harbour Master, and shall move from one berth to another when ordered so to do by an officer duly authorised in that behalf, subject always to the rule that sea-going vessels shall move within the port between Budge Budge and Garden House under the charge of a Pilot.

21. **Moorings not to be used without permission.**—No vessel shall make fast to, or use any of the moorings, whether fixed or swinging, without the permission of the Deputy Conservator or Harbour Master.

22. **Applications for Assistant Harbour Masters.**—All applications to be hauled into, or cast off from the moorings or for any other assistance, shall be made, either personally or by letter, to the Harbour Master. Applications shall as far as possible, be complied with in order of time of receipt.

23. **Vessels at swinging moorings.**—All vessels lying at swinging moorings shall, during the freshets (15th June to 31st October), have, in addition to their bower chain, the end of a good hawser fast to the ring of the moorings.

24. **Vessels in the stream.**—All vessels moored in the stream shall keep a clear hawse.

25. **Vessels to have an anchor at the bow.**—Vessels lying in the stream, or at the moorings, shall at all times have at least an anchor at the bow, with a cable bent and ranged ready to let go. In cases where the vessel has no spare hawse pipe, the towing hawser is to be bent on over all in lieu of the chain cable.

26. **Lying at single anchor prohibited.**—No sea-going vessel shall lie at single anchor in the Port unless a Pilot or Assistant Harbour Master is on board.

27. **Stern fastenings in time of bores.**—All vessels placed in the moorings on the ebb tide shall, when bores are expected during spring tides, have their best hawsers passed from each quarter pipe abaft the main mast, and if possible made fast to the stern-moorings and if not to their own chains close to the moorings and hove taut with sufficient strain to relieve the jerk on the chains and bitts when the bore comes up.

28. Sea-going vessels occupying moorings shall not turn their screws or paddles without giving sufficient warning to boats in the vicinity; they shall not use full power when trying their engines in moorings; no trial under steam shall be made by a vessel lying at the Calcutta or Garden Reach jetties.

29. No vessel lying above Garden House shall have any anchor or spar, or other substance likely to cause damage projecting from her side.

30. (a) All vessels proceeding to the jetties shall, when so required by the Assistant Harbour Master in charge, remove all boats and other projections likely to damage the jetties or their equipment.

(b) **Sailing vessels.**—All sailing vessels classified as "sea-going" shall, on arrival in the Port, rig in their jib and driver booms, and shall keep them so rigged until the Pilot assumes charge of the vessel for the purpose of taking her to sea. They shall also strike their yards and masts when so ordered by the Harbour Master. Such vessels about to leave the Port may send their top-gallant yards aloft 48 hours before leaving the moorings.

(c) From the first day of May until the 30th day of June, and from the 1st day of October to the 15th day of November, all sailing vessels in Port classified as sea-going shall have their royal and top-gallant yards on deck, and mast-ropes rove in readiness to send the top-gallant mast down at short notice if required. Such vessels entering the Port between the above dates, having top-gallant masts and yards aloft, may be placed in moorings but their top-gallant yards shall be sent down within 24 hours after they are moored.

31. **Storm signals.**—On the occurrence of signs of an approaching cyclone day signals No. X (Great Danger), consisting of two cones apex to apex, and below them a vertical drum, will be hoisted during day light from the flagstaff on the roof of the Commissioner's office, Koilaghat, another similar signal from the flagstaff on the clock tower at the entrance to the Kidderpore Docks, and another on the flagstaff on the Assistant Harbour Master's House at Budge Budge. During the night, under similar circumstances, two red lights with a white light between them, all in a vertical line, will be exhibited from the same flagstaffs. When these signals are displayed, masters and persons in charge of all vessels whatever shall immediately take every precaution in their power to make their vessels snug and secure, by having awnings furled, and the lower and top sail-yard counter-braced or pointed to the wind, as seems best. Heavy hawsers shall be bent to both bower anchors ready for use.

32 **Hoisting of Blue Peter.**—All vessels about to leave the Port shall hoist the Blue Peter at the fore at 6 a.m. on the day previous to that on which they leave the moorings, and shall keep it hoisted until the Pilot assumes charge of the vessel to take her to sea.

33. **Smoking and naked lights prohibited.**—No person shall smoke or use naked lights of any description in the hold or between decks, or in any enclosed space containing stores, cargo or inflammable materials or on the upper deck of any vessel within the Port or in any dock belonging to the Commissioners.

34. **Fires permitted only in galleys.**—Fires shall be permitted only in galleys or fire places properly constructed for the purpose and between daybreak and 9 p.m. Cooking fires shall be prohibited on board vessels in dry dock.

The use of fire-works shall be prohibited on all vessels within the limits of the Port.

35. **Vessels to carry fire-buckets.**—All vessels in Port shall be provided with fire-buckets, three buckets for every hundred tons of registered measurement up to 600 tons, and two additional buckets for every 100 tons, above 600, subject to a maximum number of 50 in any vessel. One-half of the number of such buckets shall be kept constantly hanging up on the quarter-deck or other convenient place.

36. **Measures during a fire.**—When a fire has broken out in any vessel the officers in charge of all vessels in neighbouring moorings or anchorages, shall furl their awnings, get their force-pumps ready for use and prepare for shipping their cables and chains, seeing specially that the pins of the shackles can be immediately knocked out.

37. **Careless discharge of steam prohibited.**—All vessels in Port shall adopt sufficient precautions and guards to prevent injury to persons or goods through the discharge of steam from any part of the vessel.

38. **Beams and hatchways to be secured.**—When cargo is being loaded into, or unloaded from a vessel through any of her hatchways, whether on deck or below, the longitudinal (fore and after) and athwartship beams and hatchway covers of such hatchways shall be secured in such a manner as will effectually prevent them from falling into the hold.

39. **Precautions when working in bilges, etc.**—Masters of vessels requiring work to be performed in bilges, boilers and double bottoms shall take all necessary precautions to ensure that working in such places is free from all danger before the men are sent into them.

40. **Restriction on small craft.**—No inland steam vessel, small craft or boat other than a boat carrying the agent or his representative or a duly authorised official shall proceed alongside any sea-going vessel for the purpose of taking in or discharging passengers or cargo until the vessel has hoisted International Code Flag "A" on the triatic stay. This flag shall be hoisted by order of the Assistant Harbour Master in charge after he has finished with the engines and moored the vessel.

41. **Restriction on employment of European seamen.**—No Master or Officer for the time being in charge of or doing duty on any vessel shall, from the 1st day of April to the 31st day of October inclusive, employ or cause to be employed any European seamen or apprentice in cleaning or painting between the hours of 9 a.m. and 4 p.m. necessitating the direct exposure of such seamen or apprentice to the rays of the sun.

42. **Engine power of tugs.**—No vessel shall be moved within the Port unless the tug or other agency by which such vessel is to be moved shall, in the opinion of the Deputy Conservator or Harbour Master, be sufficiently powerful for the purpose.

43. **Use of steam, whistles or sirens.**—No sea-going vessel or inland steam vessel or small craft shall, within the limits of the Port, sound her whistle or siren when lying at moorings, at a ghat or at anchor except as a signal of distress. The tying down of the lever of a steam whistle thereby allowing it to sound continuously is strictly prohibited

44. **Use of searchlights.**—The use of searchlights on board any sea-going vessel of the burden of 200 tons or upwards whilst in the Port of Calcutta or in any of the navigable channels leading to the Port to which the Indian Ports Act XV of 1908 applies, is strictly prohibited except in special circumstances and by the direct orders of the Pilot, the Harbour Master, or such other Port Official as may be duly empowered to give such orders.

Inland steam vessels are permitted to use searchlights for navigational purposes but in no circumstances shall a searchlight be directed on the bridge of any vessel under weigh

45. (*a*) **Sufficient crews for sea-going vessels.**—No sea-going vessel shall, without such license as is hereinafter mentioned, be afloat within the Port without having on board a crew of not less than the number set forth in the schedule of crews prescribed in rules 76 and 77

(*b*) **Power to license smaller crew.**—Whenever it shall appear to the Commissioners that any sea-going vessel may, without danger to other vessels, be afloat without carrying such crew as is set forth in the second schedule hereto, it shall be lawful to the Commissioners, if they shall think fit, to grant by the hand of the Chairman, in the Form A in the second schedule hereto, a license which may be made determinable on the breach of any conditions therein contained; and which shall during its continuance exempt the vessel from the provisions of rule 45 (*a*).

46. **Power to revoke license.**—It shall also be lawful for the Commissioners, by a writing under the hand of their Chairman in the Form B in the second schedule hereto, to revoke such license, and from and after the publication of such revocation, which shall be effected by posting a copy thereof upon some conspicuous part of such vessel, the provisions of rule 45 (*a*) shall apply to such vessels as if no such license had ever been granted.

47. **Vessels lying without crew.**—Whenever it shall appear to the Commissioners that any creek, river, or dock is so situated that vessels without any crew therein may remain afloat in such creek, river or dock, without danger to any vessels in any part of the Port, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners to grant by the hand of the Chairman in the Form C in the second schedule hereto a license exempting any vessel from the provisions of rule 45 (*a*) and from time to time if they think fit to revoke or amend such license: Provided always that every such

license, amendment and revocation shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and that no such order, amendment, and revocation shall have any force or effect until it shall have been so published.

48. **Regulation of vessels at dock entrances.**—The serang or other person in charge of an inland steam vessel or small craft within the Kidderpore or King George's docks or within the entrance to these docks, shall remove his inland steam vessel or small craft to any other place within the dock or the entrances to which he may be directed by any officer duly authorised by the Commissioners to regulate traffic.

49. (*a*) **Control of vessel carrying petroleum in bulk.**—No fire or lights (except the galley and engine-room fires and electric light) shall within Port limits be allowed on board any bulk oil steamer or on board any vessel lying alongside any bulk oil steamer until the steamer has been cleansed inside from oil and vapour of oil.

(*b*) When the hatches are open or oil is being discharged, no smoking shall be allowed on board.

(*c*) No bulk oil steamer shall be taken amongst other shipping or into wet or dry docks unless the Commissioners are satisfied that she is in a safe condition to be so taken.

(*d*) No vessel having bulk oil on board shall proceed above Diamond Harbour until a pumping berth or other suitable mooring is ready to receive her.

(*e*) Fees shall be paid for the services of Customs Officers and peons employed between the hours of 6 p.m. and 6 a.m., of any day or on ordinary holidays in accordance with the scale of fees payable to Preventive Officers for work on boardship and to peons for work in customs wharves under the Sea Customs Act, subject to the condition that the hours of night work at whatever hour commenced shall be reckoned from 9 p.m. till the time when the work is completed.

For work on Sundays and special holidays, as defined by rule under the Sea Customs Act, the fees paid shall be double those paid for work on ordinary holidays.

50. (*a*) **Bunkering with liquid fuel.**—No vessel shall bunker with liquid fuel a barge between sunset and sunrise.

(*b*) Subject to the conditions stated in these rules, vessels will be permitted to bunker from barges between sunrise and sunset at moorings in the stream, at the Port Commissioners' jetties and (with the special sanction of the Port Commissioners' Traffic Manager) in the docks.

(*c*) No barge shall be used for bunkering with liquid fuel unless it has been approved and licensed by the Port Commissioners.

(*d*) Save with special sanction of the Chief Inspector of Explosives, the Port Commissioners shall not approve or license a barge under these rules, unless it conforms to the specifications drawn up by the Chief Inspector of Explosives, India.

(*e*) At the time of bunkering, the following conditions shall be observed on the vessel that is being bunkered:—

(*i*) The Master or First Mate of the vessel shall be present on board, and it shall be his duty to see that these rules are complied with and that all reasonable precautions for safety are observed.

(*ii*) A ship's officer shall be on watch and an attendant shall be stationed alongside the flexible connecting pipe.

(*iii*) No smoking, cooking, naked lights or forges shall be allowed on the vessel's decks within 20 feet of the flexible and inlet pipe.

(*iv*) A suitable gutter or other contrivance shall be placed under the connecting service pipe to prevent any oil from dripping into the river or the dock basin.

(*f*) An attendant shall be on duty throughout at the pump of the barge from which the vessel is being bunkered.

(*g*) When bunkering from a barge is in progress on any vessel, no other barge, lighter, launch or vessel of similar description shall be within 50 feet of the liquid fuel barge and inlet pipes.

(*h*) The bilges of a liquid fuel barge shall not be pumped when such barge is in any confined waters or alongside any bulk oil ship or tug.

(*i*) Every liquid fuel barge shall carry an ample supply of buckets of sand.

Part III.—Registration of boats.

51. **All boats to be registered.**—Every boat plying, whether regularly or occasionally, within, or partly within and partly without, the limits of the Port, shall be registered by the Commissioners and shall have her number and tonnage branded on her by the Commissioners' Boat Surveyor.

52. **Application for registration.**—Every application for the registration of a boat shall be made in writing to the Commissioners' Boat Surveyor and shall contain particulars of the owner's name and address, the name and address of his duly authorised agent in Calcutta, a description of the boat and, in the case of a passenger boat, the number of passengers which it is intended to carry.

53. Every boat requiring registration shall be sent to the special licensing buoy at Sibpur for measurement under rules 68 and 69 below by the Commissioners' Boat Surveyor who shall enter the following particulars in the register to be kept by him:—

Details to be entered in the register.	Registered No.	Date of Registration.
Description of Boat.	Owners No.	
Length, breadth, depth as required for measurement of tonnage under rules 68 and 69 below.		
Draught light.	Draught loaded.	
Tonnage dead weight.	Tonnage according to measurement rules 68 and 69 below.	
Freeboard allowance.	No. of passengers.	
Anchors.	No. of crew.	
Cables.	No. of oars.	
Pump.	Navigation lights	
Name and address of owner.		
Name and address of agent.		
License number.		

A certificate of registry shall be supplied on demand to the owner or agent by the Boat Surveyor.

54. **Transfer of ownership.**—Every transfer of ownership shall be notified to the Boat Surveyor in writing and such notification shall be accompanied by the certificate of registry for endorsement.

55. **Cancellation of registration.**—The registered number of a boat shall remain in force as an identification number throughout the whole working life of the boat unless:—

(*a*) it is cancelled at the request of the owner,

(*b*) the boat remains unlicensed for a period of three years,

(*c*) the boat is condemned by the Commissioners' Boat Surveyor as unfit for further service,

(*d*) the number branded on the boat becomes obliterated.

56. **Load line to be marked.**—Every boat having a registered tonnage exceeding ten tons net shall have her load line indicated by a conspicuous mark cut into the hull of the boat and painted white on dark ground. This mark shall be made by the Commissioners' Boat Surveyor at the time of registration.

Licensing of boats.

57. Every boat plying, either regularly or occasionally, within, or partly within and partly without, the limits of the port shall be licensed by the Commissioners and shall have her registered number in figures not less than six inches high, painted on both sides by the Commissioners' Boat Surveyor at the time the license is granted.

58. **Application for a boat license.**—Every application for a license for a boat shall be made in writing to the Commissioners' Boat Surveyor and shall contain the following particulars:—

(*a*) the owner's name and address,

(*b*) the name and address of his duly authorised agent in Calcutta,

(*c*) a description of the boat, and

(*d*) the registered number branded on her by the Commissioners' Boat Surveyor.

59. **Boats to be in charge of a licensed manjhi.**—No boat shall be allowed to ply within the limits of the Port unless it is in charge of a boatman or manjhi licensed and registered by the Commissioners. The boatman or manjhi's license shall be issued at the time when the boat is being licensed.

Any manjhi newly placed in charge of a boat shall himself apply to the Commissioners' Boat Surveyor for a license and shall produce at the same time the license of the boat of which he is newly placed in charge.

60. **Duration of license.**—Every license granted under these rules shall continue in force for one year from the date on which it is granted unless it is duly revoked under the provisions of these rules.

61. **License not transferable.**—No license granted under these rules is transferable.

62. **Conditions of license.**—No boat shall be licensed until the Commissioners' Boat Surveyor has surveyed it and has granted a certificate stating that the boat is in good order and suitable for the purpose for which it is intended, and including the following particulars:—

(*a*) the tonnage of the boat as given in the certificate of registry,

(*b*) the freeboard of the boat when fully loaded as given in the certificate of registry,

(*c*) the number of crew required—

(*i*) when she is ordinarily under weigh,

(*ii*) when she is lying at anchor or moorings,

(*d*) the lights to be exhibited between dark and daybreak.

63. The license granted to any boat may be revoked—

(*a*) whenever the boat is in the opinion of the Commissioners unfit for the purpose for which it is licensed,

(*b*) whenever any breach of the conditions of the license or the port rules has been committed by the owner or his agent or by the manjhi in charge of the boat,

(*c*) at any time the Commissioners may think fit.

64. **Re-survey.**—The Commissioners may, at any time, order a licensed boat to be re-surveyed without charge to the owners.

65. **Refusal of license.**—The Commissioners may refuse any application for the issue of a license.

66. **License to be produced on demand.**—Every licensed boat when plying shall carry on board its license which shall be produced when required by the Port Police or by any officer duly authorised by the Commissioners and shall be delivered up on the expiration or other determination of the license. In the case of a passenger boat the license shall be produced when required by any passenger for inspection.

67. (*a*) **Dangerous cargoes.**—Every license for the transport of explosives, petroleum, carbide of calcium or other dangerous cargo, shall be issued under the special rules for the time being in force; and no license issued under these rules shall take the place of or be regarded as a substitute for a special license for carriage of such cargo.

(*b*) A special license for the carriage of carbide of calcium shall only be issued to cargo boats falling under class 1 of rule 68 of Part III having no copper or brass in their construction, and carrying a tarpaulin which will, in the opinion of the Commissioners' Boat Surveyor, suffice to cover the hold and protect its contents from moisture.

(*c*) Applicants for a special license for the conveyance of carbide of calcium, which shall be renewed at intervals of not more than six months, shall certify in their applications that the conditions of clause (*b*) of this rule have been fulfilled.

(*d*) Any boat arriving in the port without a license or with a license which has expired, and desiring to discharge cargo, shall at once apply for an unloading permit at the nearest Inland Vessels Wharves Toll Office, deposit with the cashier in charge the license fee for one year and thereafter produce the boat for survey at the licensing buoy within one week of the date of entering the Port.

If the boat is not produced for survey within the time specified she will become liable to a further charge equal to the license fee for one year.

(e) Extension licenses may be granted for periods not exceeding three months at one-sixth of the annual license rate for each month's extension.

No extension license will be granted until the boat has been inspected and passed as fulfilling the conditions of rule 62 above.

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Measurement of boats.

68. **Rules for measurement of cargo boats.**—*Length.*—The length shall be measured in feet from the inside of the stem post to the inside of the stern post.

Breadth.—The breadth shall be measured in feet from side to side, inside the ceiling plank, under the deck beam amidships. Where no ceiling plank is fitted, the measurement shall be taken to the inside of the frame.

Depth.—The depth shall be measured in feet from the underside of the deck beam amidships to the upperside of the floor ceiling plank. Where no ceiling plank is fitted, the measurement shall be taken to the upper side of the keelson. The tonnage of cargo boats up to and including 50 tons shall be calculated from the formula.

Length × Breadth × Depth × K = Tonnage.

Where L = length in feet as defined above,

B = breadth in feet as defined above,

D = depth in feet as defined above,

and K = Constant which shall be as follows:—

Class I (a) For flush-decked, square built and open cargo boats and flats, K = ·009.

(b) For bazaar-boats, where the brake forward and aft does not exceed 9 inches K = ·008.

(c) For bazaar-boats, where the brake forward and aft exceeds 9 inches K = 007.

Class II (a) For open country boats known as jolly boats or powcoes K = 009.

(b) For open country boats known as hollahs K = 0083.

(c) For bhurs and pansways K = ·008.

(d) For open country boats such as dinghees and bowleahs K = ·0064.

(e) For open country boats known as chotes K = ·0063.

Boats or flats of class I exceeding 50 tons shall be measured under the Merchant Shipping Act and any boat in class I may, if the owners show that the measurements made according to the above formula are inaccurate or oppressive, be measured under the Merchant Shipping Act.

Every boat or flat exceeding 10 tons shall have on her side a conspicuous mark to indicate the freeboard or greatest depth to which she may be immersed when loaded.

The freeboard shall be obtained from the following table:—

Freeboard Table.

D=5′6″, 6′0″, 6′6″, 7′0″, 7′6″, 8′0″, 8′6″, 9′0″, 9′6″, 10′0″, 10′6″, 11′0″, 11′6″, 12′0″, 12′6″, 13′0″, 13′6″, 14′0″.

L=55′, 60′, 65′, 70′, 75′ 80′, 85′, 90′, 95′, 100′, 105′, 110′, 115′, 120′, 125′, 130′, 135′, 140′.

F=8½″, 9½″, 10½″, 11½″, 12½″, 13½″, 14½″, 15½″, 16½″, 17½″, 18½″, 19½″, 21″, 22½″, 23½″, 25″, 26½″, 27½″.

F2=11¾″, 12¾″, 14″, 15¼″, 16¾″, 18″, 19¼″, 20¾″, 22″, 23¼″, 24¾″, 26″, 28″, 30″, 31½″, 33½″, 35½″, 36½″.

C=¾″, ¾″, ¾″, ¾″, ¾″, ¾″, ⅞″, ⅞″, ⅞″, ⅞″, ⅞″, ⅞″, 1″, 1″, 1″, 1″, 1″, 1″.

Where D=Depth.
L=Length.
F=Freeboard for decked boats or flats of iron or steel.
F2=Freeboard for open boats or flats or iron or steel.
C=Correction for every 10 feet in length.

For all classes of wooden boats and flats, both square built and country built, also composite boats and flats, the freeboard shall be calculated at the rate of 3 inches for every foot depth of hold up to 10 feet.

Whenever a boat is licensed to carry boat passengers and cargo, she shall be measured and marked with a load line in the same way as though she were intended solely for the carriage of cargo.

69. To ascertain the number of the passengers that a passenger boat may carry, divide the superficial area in square feet of the floor space available for passengers by 6 and the result is the number of passengers that the boat may be licensed to carry.

Rules for the measurement of passenger boats.—In the case of boats belonging to private firms or companies and used exclusively for the conveyance of their own employees to and from their works, the divisor shall be 4 instead of 6.

Whenever a boat is licensed to carry both passengers and cargo the total load shall be such that the load line marked on the boat is not submerged.

To ascertain the number of persons in addition to the crew that may be carried, two children below the age of 12 years shall be counted as one person and every two maunds weight of luggage shall be counted as equivalent to one person.

General Rules for Boats.

70. **Inland vessels wharves.**—No boat shall lie at the inland vessels wharves except when it is receiving or discharging cargo.

71. **Obstruction to free navigation.**—No boat shall obstruct the free navigation of the Port or the approaches to wharves, docks, jetties or landing places nor occupy the portions of the bank set aside for, nor land or ship goods at, bathing ghats.

72. All boats under weigh within the Port shall have sufficient control either by oars, sail or power, or shall be in tow of a vessel sufficiently powerful to enable them to keep clear of moving steam vessels.

73. All boats under weigh within the Port shall keep clear of all sea-going vessels which are entering or leaving moorings, or docks, or are under weigh at any point within the limits of the Port.

74. **Making fast to moorings.**—Any boat which has made fast to a mooring buoy or post shall cast off when required so to do by an officer duly authorised in this behalf by the Commissioners.

75. Whenever any accident occurs to a licensed or registered boat, the owner, agent, or person in charge shall at once proceed to the nearest port police station and report to the officer in charge of the station the circumstances connected with the accident.

76. **Crews for cargo boats.**—Every cargo boat of more than 10 net registered tons plying in the Port shall carry a minimum crew in accordance with the following regulations:—

(*a*) When under weigh, when in tow, or when waiting outside the entrances to Kidderpore or King George's Docks—the full crew laid down in the schedule of crew below.

(*b*) When waiting empty at moorings laid for sea-going vessels—the full crew laid down in the schedule of crew below.

(*c*) When waiting under conditions not specified in (*a*) and (*b*) above—one less than the crew laid down in the schedule of crew below.

(*d*) When moored outside the ship channel where no obstruction to navigation can occur—a crew of two.

(*e*) When laid up—one watchman only.

(*f*) When afloat under special license granted by the Commissioners—the full crew laid down in that license.

Schedules of Crew.

Cargo boats.

Every cargo boat plying in the Port shall carry a minimum crew as follows:—

(1) Boats of not more than 40 tons—3 dandees and 1 manjhi.

(2) Boats of more than 40 tons and not above 60 tons—4 dandees and 1 manjhi.

(3) Boats above 60 tons and not above 80 tons—5 dandees and 1 manjhi.

(4) Boats above 80 tons—6 dandees and 1 manjhi.

Passenger boats.

77. **Crews for passenger boats.**—Every passenger boat plying in the Port shall carry a minimum crew as follows:—

(*a*) When under weigh or plying for hire—

Boat to carry not more than 10 passengers, 3 men including manjhi.
Boat to carry not more than 15 passengers, 4 men including manjhi.
Boat to carry not more than 20 passengers, 5 men including manjhi.
Boat to carry not more than 25 passengers, 6 men including manjhi.
Boat to carry not more than 30 passengers, 7 men including manjhi.
Boat to carry not more than 35 passengers, 8 men including manjhi.

When laid up for the night or when lying at anchor—

Boat licensed to carry not more than 14—1.
Boat licensed to carry between 15 and 20—2.
Boat licensed to carry between 21 and 25—3.
Boat licensed to carry between 26 and 35—4.

78. **Responsibility of person in charge.**—The owner, agent, or the person in charge of any licensed boat shall be responsible:—

(*a*) that the boat is provided with the number of crew required under these rules,
(*b*) that the boat is kept thoroughly clean,
(*c*) that the registered number is kept clearly painted on both sides in the manner prescribed,
(*d*) that the license is carried in the boat,
(*e*) that the pump, lights, ground tackle and fittings specified in the license are provided and maintained in good working order,
(*f*) that the load line, in the case of a cargo boat, is kept clearly marked,
(*g*) that the boat, if carrying cargo, is not loaded so as to submerge the mark indicating the load water line,
(*h*) that the boat, if carrying passengers, does not contain any persons in excess of the number for which it is licensed.

79. **Compulsion to carry cargo.**—No person in charge of any licensed cargo boat plying for hire in the Port shall, without good reason, refuse to carry in such boat any cargo offered for carriage.

80. **Fire places and fires.**—No fire shall be lighted in a licensed boat except in a properly constructed iron caboose or fire-place which shall be kept on deck or in such other part of the boat as the Commissioners' Boat Surveyor shall direct.

81. **Daily hiring rates to be kept in the boat.**—The person in charge of a licensed cargo boat plying for hire within the Port shall, when waiting for hire at the wharves, have in his possession a hiring note showing the rate at which his boat can be hired by the day.

82. **Lost property.**—When property belonging to any passenger is left in a passenger boat the property so left shall at once be sent by the person in charge of the boat to the Deputy Commissioner, Port Police.

83. **Compulsion to carry passengers.**—No person in charge of a licensed passenger boat plying for hire in the Port shall, without good reason, refuse to carry in such boat a passenger tendering the proper hire.

84 **Rates of hire for passenger vessels.**—In the case of passenger vessels plying for hire, the rates of hire charged shall not exceed those given below —

Trip	Per head.		Per boat.	
	Passengers embarking between 6 a.m. and 6 p m.	Passengers embarking between 6 p.m. and 6 a m.	If the voyage begins between 6 a.m. and 6 p m.	If the voyage begins between 6 p.m. and 6 a.m.
1	2	3	4	5
	As.	As.	Rs a	Rs a.
Between Ahiritola Ghat and Salkia Ghat ..	½	1	0 4	0 6
Between Chandpal Ghat and Telkul Ghat or Ramkristopore	½	1	0 6	0 8
Between Chandpal Ghat and Matiabruz or Bichali Ghat	2	4	1 6	2 0
Between Chandpal Ghat and Rajganj	2	4	1 6	2 0
Between Chandpal Ghat and Shibpur Flat	¾	1	0 8	0 12
Between Jugannath Ghat or Armenian Ghat and Howrah shore	1	1	0 6	0 6
Between steamers in moorings and shore	Re. 1 with baggage, 4 annas without baggage both on first arrival of vessel, 1 anna subsequently.		..	..
Between flats and shore ..	½	½	..	..

The license of any passenger vessel may be revoked if a copy of this scale of maximum charges is not exhibited on board in a conspicuous place and is not shown to any person who may ask to see it.

85 **Number of cargo boats permitted alongside sea-going vessels.**—The maximum number of cargo boats permitted to lie abreast of each other on the outside of vessels in the outer berth of the undernoted moorings is as follows:—

Outside a vessel in No. 5 Calcutta Moorings—2 boats or 1 flat.
Outside a vessel in No. 4 Calcutta Moorings—3 boats or 1 flat.
Outside a vessel in No 3 Calcutta Moorings—3 boats or 1 flat.
Outside a vessel in No. 2 Calcutta Moorings—2 boats or 1 flat.
Outside a vessel in No. 1 Calcutta Moorings—2 boats or 1 flat.
Outside a vessel in No. 4 Esplanade Moorings—4 boats or 1 flat.
Outside a vessel in No. 3 Esplanade Moorings—4 boats or 1 flat.
Outside a vessel in No 2 Esplanade Moorings—5 boats or 1 flat.
Outside a vessel in No. 1 Esplanade Moorings—5 boats or 1 flat.
Outside a vessel in No. 2 Princeps Moorings—4 boats or 1 flat.
Outside a vessel in No. 1 Princeps Moorings—4 boats or 1 flat.
Outside a vessel in No. 4 Hastings Moorings—5 boats or 1 flat.
Outside a vessel in No. 3 Hastings Moorings—5 boats or 1 flat.
Outside a vessel in No. 2 Kidderpore Moorings—5 boats or 1 flat.
Outside a vessel in No. 10 Garden Reach Moorings—5 boats or 1 flat.
Outside a vessel in Garden Reach Jetties Moorings—8 boats or 1 flat.

First schedule containing notification numbers and dates of publication of superseded rules.

Notification numbers and dates of publication.

(1) No. 96 Marine of 5th October 1894.
(2) No. 124 Marine of 16th September 1895.
(3) No. 123 Marine of 15th August 1898.
(4) No. 131 Marine of 6th September 1898.
(5) No. 157 Marine of 25th October 1898.
(6) No. 23 Marine of 24th February 1903.
(7) No. 109 Marine of 27th August 1903.
(8) No. 112 Marine of 4th November 1905.
(9) No 32 Marine of 23rd April 1907.
(10) No. 144 Marine of 30th November 1908.
(11) No. 116 Marine of 19th November 1910.
(12) No. 52 Marine of 1st May 1915*.
(13) No. 120 Marine of 29th October 1915.
(14) No. 71 Marine of 19th June 1916.
(15) No. 76 Marine of 4th July 1916.
(16) No. 90 Marine of 28th July 1919.
(17) No. 92 Marine of 28th July 1919.
(18) No. 100 Marine of 8th October 1920.
(19) No. 24 Marine of 2nd February 1921.
(20) No. 101 Marine of 8th July 1921.
(21) No. 89 Marine of 11th September 1922
(22) No. 101 Marine of 13th November 1925.
(23) No. 42 Marine of 22nd March 1926.
(24) No. 33 Marine of 28th March 1929.
(25) No. 36 Marine of 2nd April 1929.
(26) No. 36 Marine of 2nd April 1929.
(27) No. 57 Marine of 7th June 1929.
(28) No. 1 Marine of 4th January 1932.

*Superseded so far as it concerns the Port of Calcutta.

Second schedule (referred to in Rules 45, 46 and 47).

FORM A.

PORT OF CALCUTTA.

I , Chairman of the Commissioners, do hereby license the (ship) of which is Master, to remain at her present moorings in the said Port without having on board the crew required by the rules for the Port of Calcutta, provided always that, on breach of any of the conditions hereunder written, this license shall forthwith absolutely cease and determine.

FORM B.

PORT OF CALCUTTA.

I , Chairman of the Commissioners, do hereby revoke all license to the (ship) to remain in Port without a crew therein.

FORM C.

PORT OF CALCUTTA.

I , Chairman of the Commissioners, do hereby grant a license that vessels lying in the following portion of the said Port (here set out the exempted limits) shall be exempt from the provisions of rule 45A framed under section 6 (1) Act V of 1908.

Appendix.

Specification for barges to carry fuel flashing above 150°F. (Abel's close test).

[See Port Rule 50.]

A.—Specifications for self-propelled barges.

(1) **Tonnage and dimensions.**—The maximum carrying capacity of a barge for inland or harbour purposes shall not exceed 500 tons and shall be constructed within the following overall dimensions, namely:—

Length .. 148′ 0″ Breadth .. 27′ 0″ Depth .. 11′ 6″

(2) **Compartments.**— For all carrying capacities above 150 tons the barge shall be divided into seven separate compartments when the motive power consists of an internal combustion engine and eight when driven by steam. In the case of barges 150 tons and under, the number of separate tanks may be limited to two pairs.

For internal combustion engine—	For steam engine
1. Fore peak.	1. Fore peak.
2. Store room.	2. Store room.
3., 4., 5. Tanks in pairs.	3., 4., 5. Tanks in pairs.
6. Motor space.	6. Cofferdam.
7. After peak.	7. Engine and boiler space.
	8. After peak.

(3) **Decks.**—Each tank shall be divided into two separate compartments by a centre line oil-tight bulk head. Gas-tight hatches of not less than 5 feet × 5 feet shall be provided for easy access to each separate compartment. A similar hatch shall be provided for easy access to the store room. In the case of the forehold after peak 2 feet 6 inches diameter manholes shall be provided.

(4) A skylight of ample area shall be provided above the engine space. Doors shall be provided in the engine space casing on either side of the deck for easy access to the engine-room.

(5) A small bridge shall be provided forward of the engine-room sufficiently high to insure efficient navigation.

(6) Bollards shall be fitted at convenient places along the deck.

(7) **Cargo pump.**—The pump for discharging the cargo shall be situated under the bridge and shall be either centrifugal or gear-driven plunger type. In the case of a steam-propelled barge the pump may be driven by steam.

Unless a separate power unit is provided for driving the gear-driven pump, the pump must be arranged in such a way for easy connection to the main motor engine. The pump must be of an approved make, but may be of any capacity and must be provided with a spring loaded relief valve on the discharge side of the pump, the valve to have an area of at least 60 per cent. that of the discharge pipe and adjusted to relieve at a pressure of 60 lbs. per square inch connected by a pipe back to the tanks.

(8) **Pipes.**—Suction pipes shall run along the bottom frames with a separate branch to the after part of each compartment, and the valves controlling each compartment shall be operated from the deck by an extended spindle running up through the deck and deck gland box. The discharge pipe shall be fitted on deck and carried amidships with both port and starboard discharge, a bypass shall be fitted so that the barge can be loaded without the aid of the cargo pump. The barge may, however, be loaded through the hatches.

(9) **Engine.**—The engine, whether internal combustion or steam, shall be of an approved type, and sufficient in power to propel the barge at not less than 7 knots.

(10) **Construction.**—The hull shall be constructed of steel in accordance with the latest engineering practice to Lloyd's requirements for scantlings on the transverse system of framing, of the flush deck type, with motor casing and deck house aft. All revetting shall be double. Suitable web frames, side stringers and side keelsons shall be fitted in the tanks and engine-room space.

(11) For all other constructional details the standard specification shall be followed.

B.—Specifications for towed or dumb barge.

(1) The maximum carrying capacity for a barge for inland or harbour purposes shall not exceed 500 tons and shall be constructed within the following dimensions, namely:—

Length .. 100' 0" Breadth .. 28' 6" Depth .. 13' 0".

(2) **Compartments.**—For all carrying capacities above 150 tons, the barge shall be divided into six compartments. In the case of a barge of 150 tons or under, the number of separate tanks may be limited to two.

1. Chain locker or fore peak.
2. Hold or store room.
3. }
4. } Tanks in pairs.
5. }
6. Cargo pump and/or boiler space.

(3) Each tank shall be divided into two separate compartments by a centre line bulk-head. If steam used for discharging the cargo is derived from boiler on board, a cofferdam must be arranged between Nos. 5 and 6 making 7 compartments in all.

(4) **Decks.**—Gas-tight hatches of not less than 5 feet × 5 feet shall be provided for easy access to each separate compartment. A similar hatch shall be provided for easy access to the forehold or store room. A manhole of not less than 2 feet 6 inches shall be provided for the chain locker or fore peak.

(5) A skylight of ample area shall be provided above the cargo pump space. Access to the pump room shall be made through a deck manhole aft the steering wheel.

(6) Bollards shall be fitted at convenient places along the deck.

(7) **Cargo pump.**—The pump for discharging the cargo shall be situated in the space provided in the after part of the barge and shall be either centrifugal, gear-driven plunger type or steam.

(8) **Pipes.**—Pipes shall be arranged as in the case of self-propelled barges.

(9) **Construction.**—The hull shall be constructed as in the case of self-propelled barges and in accordance with the standard specification.

No. 30Mne.—24th November 1933.—The following by-laws which have been framed by the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta under sections 6 and 13 of the Howrah Bridge Act, 1871 (Bengal Act IX of 1871), for the safe and convenient use of the bridge and approaches thereto, and also for the passage of ships, boats and vessels through the said bridge, in supersession of the by-laws published under notifications Nos. 33P.W.D., 86Mne., 123Mne., and 72Mne., dated respectively the 29th January 1876, 4th August and 16th November 1906 and 30th June 1911, are published for information under the provisions of section 24 of the said Act:—

Howrah Bridge By-laws.

1. *Definitions.*—The definitions contained in rule 2 of the Rules for the Port of Calcutta published under notification No. 29-Mne., dated 21st November 1933, shall, so far as the context requires, be deemed to be applicable to these by-laws.

2. *Movement through the Howrah Bridge.*—No vessel of or exceeding 200 tons nett register shall, without the special permission of the Harbour Master, move up or down through the ship opening or other opening of Howrah Bridge unless such vessel is propelled or towed by steam against the tide and taken at such a speed as is just sufficient to keep good steerage way, except that—

(a) tugs and inland steam vessels when not towing other vessels may drop through the ship opening under steam head to tide;

(b) river flats may be warped through the ship or the 60 feet opening when the speed of the current at the openings does not exceed 1 knot.

3. *Two flats only to be towed.* No inland steam vessel shall pass through the ship opening with more than two flats in tow which shall be secured one on each side of the towing vessel.

4. *Limitation of beam.*—No inland steam vessel, the beam of which exceeds 30 feet and no inland steam vessel, with tow alongside, the beam of which added to the beam of the tow, exceeds 30 feet, shall proceed through the 60 feet opening of the Howrah Bridge unless such vessel is propelled or towed by steam against the tide.

5. *Towage of cargo boats.*—No inland steam vessel when proceeding through any of the bridge openings shall have in tow:—

(a) when proceeding with the tide, abreast more than one cargo boat, and astern more than two cargo boats,

(b) when proceeding against the tide, abreast more than one cargo boat and astern more cargo boats abreast than two.

6. *Steam vessels not to pass in the opening.*—No steam vessel shall attempt to pass another vessel whilst between the pontoons of the Howrah Bridge.

7. No steam vessel shall pass through any openings in the Howrah Bridge without first sounding one prolonged blast on its whistle or syren.

8. No inland steam vessel shall pass down through the east 60 feet opening or up through the west 60 feet opening.

9. *Restriction on vessels of high tonnage.*—No vessel of 100 tons nett register or upward shall be towed or passed through any openings of the Howrah Bridge when a red flag by day or a red light by night is hoisted on the flag-staff situated near the look-out house on the bridge without the special permission in writing of the Deputy Conservator or the Harbour Master.

10. *Vessels not to make fast to the bridge.* No inland steam vessel or small craft shall make fast to any pontoon or other part of the Howrah Bridge except in an emergency for the purpose of avoiding an accident.

11. *Applications for bridge openings.*—A monthly programme of the proposed bridge openings shall be available for public information on the first day of each month. Applications for the passage of inland steam vessels through the bridge shall be made to the Harbour Master or officer deputed by him at least 48 hours before the opening is required. After the passage of all vessels for which applications have been accepted by the Harbour Master and entered on his working list, the bridge shall immediately be closed.

II. Additional By-laws in force between dark and daybreak.

The following additional by-laws shall apply and be in force between dark and daybreak:—

1. *Movement of vessel.*—No vessel shall, between Juggernath Ghat on the north and Princeps Ghat on the south—

(a) proceed at a speed greater than 6 knots through the water,

(b) overtake and pass another vessel when approaching the bridge.

2. No vessel may pass through the ship opening of the bridge unless in tow of a steamer, or proceeding under her own power.

3. *Use of searchlight.*—No vessel which is approaching Howrah Bridge at the distance of a quarter of a mile or less, shall use a searchlight until she has passed through and is well clear of the bridge.

4. *Movements regulated by the Harbour Master.*—The movements of both inland steam vessels and ferry steamers shall be regulated by the Harbour Master or other officer deputed by him for this duty.

5. *Safety signal.*—No vessel shall approach the bridge opening for the purpose of passing through it while the danger or "stop" signal, which consists of a red light on the look-out house, is shown or until the safety signal, which consists of a green light, in the same position, is clearly shown.

R. N. GILCHRIST,

Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Establishment.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 59.—25th November 1933.—Babu Dhirendra Nath Ray, Assistant Engineer, Chittagong Division, is allowed, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for three weeks, with effect from the 10th November 1933.

No. 60.—25th November 1933.—Rai Sahib Manindra Nath Sadhu, Assistant Engineer City Division, is allowed, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for one month and ten days, with effect from the 13th November 1933.

W. J. KERR, *Chief Engineer.*

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Establishment.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 12C.I.E.—21st November 1933.—Babu Joy Kumar Sarkar, Assistant Engineer, is granted, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for twelve days, with effect from the 11th December 1933.

No. 13C.I.E.—21st November 1933.—Babu Khirode Chandra Das, Assistant Engineer, is granted, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay up to the 22nd December 1933, inclusive, in extension of the leave already granted to him.

T. A. CURRY, *Chief Engineer (offg.).*

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

Orders by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

No. 18194A.—21st November 1933.—Babu Tara Nath Roy, Inspector of Agricultural Schools, is granted under rule 81(*b*)(*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules leave on average pay for the period from 25th October 19.. to the 22nd December 1933, with permission to affix X'mas and New Year's Day holidays to the leave.

K. McLEAN,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

No. 106Exc. — 23rd November 1933.—Maulvi Abdus Sobhan, Inspector of Excise and Salt, was allowed an extension of leave on half average pay up to 14th October 1933 (afternoon), under Fundamental Rule 81 (*c*) (*i*) on medical certificate.

S. K. HALDAR,

Commr. of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Land Revenue.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Nadia. — No. 13627L.R.—23rd November 1933.—Under the provisions of section 3 (*14*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Anukul Chandra Gangali, Settlement Kanungo, is authorised to discharge, in the district of Nadia, the functions of a Revenue Officer under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights.

Nadia. — No. 13628L.R.—23rd November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1825 (IX of 1825), read with section 20 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822 (VII of 1822), the Governor in Council is pleased to vest Babu Anukul Chandra Gangali, Kanungo, who has, by notification No. 13927C.P., dated the 10th November 1933, been vested by the Board of Revenue with the powers of a Collector in the estate of Babu Panchanon Bhattacharji, in the district of Nadia for the purpose of the work of maintenance of the record-of-rights of that estate, with powers under section 19 of the said Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822, within the local limits of that estate, to require and compel persons mentioned in the section to attend and produce accounts and other papers and to examine such persons under that section for the purpose of the said work of the maintenance of the record-of-rights.

Tippera.—No. 13630L.R.—23rd November 1933.—Under the provisions of section 3 (*14*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Mahim Chandra Datta, Settlement Kanungo, is authorised to discharge, in the district of Tippera, the functions of a Revenue Officer under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights.

Tippera.—No. 13631L.R.—23rd November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1825 (IX of 1825), read with section 20 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822 (VII of 1822), the Governor in Council is pleased to vest Babu Mahim Chandra Datta, Kanungo, who has, by notification No. 13983C.P., dated the 13th November 1933, been vested by the Board of Revenue with the powers of a Collector in the Sarail estate of Babu Kamada Ranjan Roy in the district of Tippera for the purpose of the work of maintenance of the record-of-rights of that estate, with powers under section 19 of the said Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822, within the local limits of that estate, to require and compel persons mentioned in the section to attend and produce accounts and other papers and to examine such persons under that section for the purpose of the said work of the maintenance of the record-of-rights.

No. 13512L.R.—21st November 1933.—The price list (retail) of staple food-crops in the local areas of Bengal under section 39 (5) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (VIII of 1885), for the year 1932 is published for general information.

H. C. V. PHILPOT,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Price list of staple food-crops for the year 1932.

Burdwan Division.

District	Local areas	Marts at which prices were taken	Staple food-crop or crops	Quantities per rupee in seers of 80 tolas Company's weight.
1	2	3	4	5
				S. C.
Burdwan ..	Sadar subdivision	Burdwan Nutanganj	Rice ..	11 7
	Asansol ditto ..	Raniganj ..	Do ..	12 14
	Katwa ditto ..	Katwa ..	Do. ..	13 13
	Kalna ditto ..	Kalna ..	Do. ..	11 13
Birbhum ..	Sadar ditto ..	Suri ..	Do ..	15 3
	Rampurhat ditto ..	Rampurhat ..	Do. ..	14 7
Bankura ..	Sadar ditto ..	Bankura ..	Do. ..	13 12
	Vishnupur ditto ..	Vishnupur ..	Do ..	13 12
Midnapore ..	Sadar ditto ..	Colonelgola and School Bazar, town Midnapore	Do ..	14 11
	Jhargram ditto ..	Jhargram ..	Do ..	14 11
	Ghatal ditto ..	Ghatal Municipal Market	Do. ..	14 3
	Tamluk ditto ..	Tamluk Bazar ..	Do. ..	11 2
	Contai ditto ..	Kantanala Bazar, town Contai.	Do. ..	16 11
Hooghly ..	Sadar ditto ..	Hooghly ..	Do. ..	12 14
	Serampore ditto ..	Serampore ..	Do. ..	11 8
	Arambagh ditto ..	Arambagh ..	Do. ..	13 14
Howrah ..	Sadar ditto ..	Ramkristopur ..	Do ..	8 8
	Uluberia ditto ..	Uluberia ..	Do. ..	13 6

Presidency Division

				S. C.
24-Parganas ..	Sadar subdivision ..	Chetla Hat ..	Rice ..	13 3
	Barasat and Barrackpore subdivisions	Barasat ..	Do. ..	12 8
	Diamond Harbour subdivision	Magrahat ..	Do. ..	13 4
	Basirhat subdivision ..	Baduria ..	Do. ..	12 8
Nadia ..	Sadar subdivision	Goari ..	Do. ..	11 14
	Ranaghat ditto ..	Ranaghat ..	Do. ..	11 3
	Meherpur ditto ..	Meherpur, Kalibazar ..	Do. ..	12 14
	Chuadanga ditto ..	Chuadanga ..	Do. ..	13 15
	Kushtia ditto ..	Bahadurkhali ..	Do. ..	12 9
Murshidabad ..	Sadar ditto ..	Berhampur, Khagra ..	Do. ..	13 6
	Lalbagh ditto ..	Jiaganj ..	Do. ..	14 4
	Kandi ditto ..	Kandi ..	Do. ..	15 12
	Jangipur ditto ..	Raghunathganj ..	Do. ..	13 13
Jessore ..	Sadar ditto ..	Jessore ..	Do. ..	14 3
	Narail ditto ..	Rupganj ..	Do. ..	12 15
	Magura ditto ..	Magura ..	Do. ..	13 15
	Jhenida ditto ..	Jhenida ..	Do. ..	14 11
	Bongaon ditto ..	Bongaon ..	Do. ..	12 11
Khulna ..	Sadar ditto ..	Khulna Bazar (*alias* Saheberhat).	Do. ..	13 3
	Satkhira ditto ..	Satkhira Bazar (*alias* Pranshire).	Do. .	12 8
	Bagerhat ditto ..	Bagerhat ..	Do. ..	15 0

Dacca Division.

District.	Local areas	Marts at which prices were taken.	Staple food-crop or crops.	Quantities per rupee in seers of 80 tolas Company's weight.
1	2	3	4	5
				S. C.
Dacca ..	Narayanganj subdivision	Narayanganj Bazar ..	Rice ..	11 7
	Sadar ditto ..	Dacca town, Imamganj Bazar.	Do. ..	10 15
	Manikganj ditto ..	Dasora Bazar ..	Do. ..	13 1
	Munshiganj ditto ..	Mirkadim ..	Do. ..	13 1
Mymensingh ..	Jamalpur ditto ..	Raniganj ..	Do ..	13 10
	Tangail ditto ..	Kagmari ..	Do. ..	11 2
	Netrakona ditto ..	Netrakona ..	Do. ..	13 13
	Sadar ditto ..	Nasirabad ..	Do. ..	12 3
	Kishorganj ditto ..	Kishorganj ..	Do. ..	12 2
Faridpur ..	Sadar ditto ..	Faridpur ..	Do ..	11 2
	Madaripur ditto ..	Madaripur ..	Do. ..	13 8
	Goalundo ditto ..	Rajbari ..	Do. ..	12 13
	Gopalganj ditto ..	Gopalganj ..	Do. ..	13 8
Bakarganj ..	Patuakhali ditto ..	Patuakhali ..	Do. ..	12 3
	Pirojpur ditto ..	Pirojpur ..	Do. ..	12 3
	Sadar ditto ..	Barisal ..	Do. ..	13 4
	Dakhin Shahbazpur ditto ..	Bhola Hat ..	Do. ..	12 9

Chittagong Division.

				S. C.
Tippera ..	Brahmanbaria subdivision	Brâhmanbaria ..	Rice ..	13 2
	Sadar ditto ..	Rajganja Bazar, Comilla	Do. ..	12 13
	Chandpur ditto ..	Chandpur Old Bazar ..	Do. ..	13 10
Noakhali ..	Sadar ditto ..	Bara Bazar ..	Do. ..	11 12
	Feni ditto ..	Feni Bazar ..	Do. ..	12 5
Chittagong ..	Sadar ditto ..	Buxir Hat ..	Do. ..	12 14
	Cox's Bazar ditto ..	Cox's Bazar ..	Do. ..	10 12

Rajshahi Division.

				S. C.
Rajshahi ..	Sadar subdivision	Saheb Bazar ..	Rice ..	13 11
	Naogaon ditto ..	Naogaon ..	Do ..	15 3
	Nator ditto .	Nator ..	Do. ..	14 10
Dinajpur ..	Sadar ditto ..	Railway Bazar Hat ..	Do. ..	14 2
	Thakurgaon ditto ..	Lahirihat ..	Do ..	15 0
	Balurghat ditto ..	Balurgaht ..	Do. ..	15 4
Jalpaiguri ..	Alipur Duars ditto ..	Alipur Duars ..	Do. ..	12 13
	Sadar ditto ..	Dinbazar ..	Do. ..	13 3
Rangpur ..	Sadar ditto ..	Nawabganj, Chalia-amad, Rangpur.	Do. ..	13 1
	Nilphamari ditto ..	Sagarmacha ..	Do. ..	12 7
	Kurigram ditto ..	Kurigram ..	Do. ..	12 13
	Gaibandha ditto ..	Gaibandha Bâzar ..	Do. ..	10 15
Bogra ..	District of Bogra ..	Kalitala Hat ..	Do. ..	14 5
Pabna ..	Sadar subdivision	Pabna Bazar ..	Do. ..	12 10
	Sirajganj ditto ..	Fariapati at Serajganj ..	Do. ..	13 1
Malda ..	District of Malda ..	Balia Nawabganj ..	Do. ..	15 9

Land Acquisition.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Burdwan.—No. 13684L.A.—23rd November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing the portion from chainage 105,433 feet to chainage 118,800 feet of Distributary No. 6 of the Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Kuljora, Karanda and Piplon, jurisdiction list Nos. 126, 103 and 105, respectively, thana Manteshwar, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 213, 214, 216 to 222, 273, 277 to 279, 287, 288, 290, 298 to 303, 407 to 411, 420 to 423, 451, 455, 466, 467, 469, 474 to 476, 991, 992, 995, 1606, 1608, 1609, 1611, 1670, 1671, 2266 to 2270, 2273, 2310, 2314 to 2317, 2320, 2321, 2325 to 2329, 2336, 2337, 2344, 2345, 2348, 2362 to 2364 and 2370 in mauza Kuljora, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 2969, 2971, 2972, 2974. 2975, 2984, 2985, 2987, 2988, 2991 to 2993, 2998, 2999, 3006, 4290. 4291, 4312 to 4315, 4326 to 4328, 4333 to 4337 and 4378 in mauza Karanda and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 3164, 3165, 3169, 3173, 3175, 3179, 3182 to 3184, 3301, 3396 to 3398, 3400, 3402, 3403 and 3410 to 3412 in mauza Piplon, and measuring, more or less, 13·30 acres, is likely to be required within the aforesaid villages of Kuljora, Karanda and Piplon.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in so much of the above land as are not waste or arable, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 *(4)* of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of section 5A of the Act shall not apply to the waste or arable portions of the land in this case.

Hooghly.—No. 13739L.A.—24th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Serampore Municipality, for a public purpose, viz., for water-works at Serampore, in the village of Serampore, jurisdiction list No. 17, thana Serampur, pargana Boro, district Hooghly, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0·605 of an acre, bounded on the—

North and East—By Howrah water-works compound,

South—By the pucca houses of Baroda Sundari Dasi, Prionath Dalui and the garden of Prionath Dalui,

West—By the Dey Ghat Lane,

is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Serampore.

This notification is made under the provisions of section 4, of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Officer, Serampore.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Hooghly.

Rajshahi.—No. 13760L A.—27th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for Archæological Excavations at Satyapir Bhita near Paharpur, in the village of Malancha, jurisdiction list No. 57, thana Naogaon, pargana Saguna, district Rajshahi, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising cadastral plots Nos 374, 375, 376, 377, 378 and part of 381 and measuring, more or less, 1·33 acres, is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Malancha.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Naogaon.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Rajshahi.

Howrah.—No. 13761L.A.—27th November 1933.—The Governor in Council is pleased to cancel notification No. 5229L.A., dated the 28th April 1933, under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, published at page 654, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th May 1933, in respect of the proposed acquisition of 0·0013 of an acre of land required by the Bally Municipality, for widening Panchanantola Road at Bally, in the village of Bally, pargana Boro, district Howrah.

Bogra.—No. 13763L.A.—27th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government partly at the public expense and partly at the expense of the Santahar B.P.H.E. School Committee for a public purpose, viz., for the Santahar B. P. H. E. School in the village of Kalsa, jurisdiction list No. 171, thana Adamdighi, pargana Khatta, zilla Bogra, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising cadastral plots Nos. 223, 224, 222, 221, 227, 919, 920 and parts of plots Nos. 219, 220, 242, 225 and 220/897 and measuring, more or less, 2·11 acres is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Kalsa.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Bogra.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Bogra.

DECLARATIONS.

Chittagong.—No. 13681L.A.—23rd November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government partly at the public expense and partly at the expense of the authorities of the Kazim Ali High English School, for a public purpose, viz., for the Kazim Ali High English School in the village of Aliganj in thana Kotwali, district Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising cadastral plots Nos. 53, 54, 55 and 267, and measuring, more or less, 1·357 acres, is required within the aforesaid village of Aliganj.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Chittagong.

Midnapore.—No. 13762L.A.—27th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board, Midnapore, for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a road from Elni to Majurhati in the villages of Elni and Diuti, jurisdiction list Nos. 299 and 294, thana Keshpur, pargana Midnapore, zilla Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 1·16 acres, comprising portions of cadastral plots Nos. 159, 161, 162 and 163 in village Elni and portions of plots Nos. 364, 361, 360, 359, 368, 369, 370, 352 and 315 in village Diuti, are required within the aforesaid villages of Elni and Diuti.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Midnapore.

Burdwan.—No. 13765L.A.—27th November 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing the portion from chainage 84,422 feet to chainage 96,089 feet of Distributary No. 6, Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Faridpur, Kamarkita, Chakdhalia, jurisdiction list Nos. 127, 118, 119, respectively, of thana Burdwan and in the villages of Unte, Haladharpur and Mandalgram, jurisdiction list Nos. 6, 7 and 5, respectively, in thana Memari, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose seven pieces of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1298, 1300 to 1306, 1406, 1407 and 1409 in mauza Faridpur, parts of cadastral plot Nos 1380, 1385 and 1484 in mauza Kamarkita parts of cadastral plot Nos. 192, 193, 195, 196, 201, 208, 209, 211, 213, 216, 220, 225, 229 and 231 to 233 in mauza Chakdhalia, cadastral plot Nos 833, 837 and 886 and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 9, 10, 36, 37, 40, 41, 52, 53, 56 to 58, 63, 71, 72, 239, 242, 243, 245, 246, 526, 729, 782 to 784, 817, 830, 832, 838 to 840, 842 to 844, 850, 851, 856, 884, 885, 887 to 890, 916, 918 to 921, 924 to 927, and 929 to 935 in mauza Unte, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1172, 1173, 1175, 1177, 1178, 1273, 1275, to 1277, 1281, 1282, 1285 to 1287, 1291, 1292, 1295, 1297, 1298, 1301, 1307, 1308, 1310 to 1312 in mauza Haladharpur, and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 9306, 9307, 9312, 9316, 9317, 9322 to 9326, 9380, 10010 to 10013, 10018 to 10020, 10038, 10039, 10044, 10045, 10047, 10048, 10050, 10051, 10356 and 10501 to 10507 in mauza Mandalgram, and altogether measuring, more or less, 16·98 acres, are required within the aforesaid villages of Faridpur, Kamarkita, Chakdhalia, Unte, Haladharpur and Mandalgram.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

Jurisdiction.

NOTIFICATION.

Malda.—No. 13764 Jur. —27th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section *(1)* of section 8 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in supersession of all previous notifications relating to the rea included within the Sadar subdivision of the Malda district and to the boundaries of that area the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the limits of that subdivision shall include the local areas of the following police-stations:—

(1) Police-station English Bazar—Notifications No. 3511P., dated the 31st March 1914, No. 2760Pl., dated the 23rd May 1927, No. 3031Pl., dated the 7th June 1927, No. 4551Pl., dated the 4th November 1931 and No. 6140Pl., dated the 29th November 1933

(2) Police-station Bholahat—Notifications No. 3512P., dated the 31st March 1914 No. 2535Pl., dated the 20th September 1924 and No. 2760Pl., dated the 23rd May 1927.

(3) Police-station Kaliachak—Notifications, dated the 22nd February 1875, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th March 1875, Part I, page 269, No. 5033Pl., dated the 12th October 1927, and No. 4551Pl., dated the 4th November 1931.

(4) Police-station Sibganj — Notifications, dated the 22nd February 1875, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th March 1875, Part I, page 269, No 672Pl., dated the 18th February 1922, No 1165Pl., dated the 20th March 1924, No 1165Pl., dated the 28th February 1927, No 5033Pl , dated the 12th October 1927, No 3946Pl., dated the 3rd September 1931 and No. 6140Pl., dated the 29th November 1933.

(5) Police-station Nawabganj—Notifications No. 3498P., dated the 31st March 1914, No 837P.D., dated the 1st June 1914, No. 673Pl., dated the 18th February 1922 No 1165Pl , dated the 20th March 1924 and No. 1165Pl , dated the 28th February 1927.

(6) Police-station Nachole—Notifications No. 3498P., dated the 31st March 1914 No. 837P.D., dated the 1st June 1914, No. 2536Pl., dated the 20th September 1924, No. 3946Pl., dated the 3rd September 1931, and No. 1104Pl., dated the 22nd February 1932.

(7) Police-station Gomastapur—Notifications, dated the 22nd February 1875, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th March 1875. Part I, page 269, Nos. 2535Pl., and 2536Pl., dated the 20th September 1924 No. 4752Pl., dated the 1st September 1927 and No. 1104Pl., dated the 22nd February 1932.

(8) Police-station Malda—Notification, dated the 22nd February 1875, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th March 1875, Part I, page 269.

(9) Police-station Habibpur—Notifications No. 4403J , dated the 8th September 1904, No. 4752Pl., dated the 1st September 1927, and No. 3108Pl., dated the 20th July 1932.

(10) Police-station Ratua—Notifications, dated the 22nd February 1875, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th March 1875, Part I, page 269, No. 3031Pl., dated the 7th June 1927, and No. 1390Pl., dated the 4th March 1932.

(11) Police-station Manikchak—Notifications No 4403J., dated the 8th September 1904, No. 4038Pl., dated the 12th September 1930, No. 1390Pl., dated the 4th March 1932 and No. 5324Pl., dated the 29th October 1932.

(12) Police-station Kharba—Notifications, dated the 22nd February 1875, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th March 1875, Part I, page 269 and No. 4231Pl., dated the 10th August 1933.

(13) Police-station Harischandrapur—Notifications No. 5327J., dated the 21st September 1896 and No. 4264Pl., dated the 7th October 1931.

(14) Police-station Gajole—Notification, dated the 22nd February 1875, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th March 1875, Part I, page 269

(15) Police-station Bamangola—Notifications No. 4403J., dated the 8th September 1904, No. 2045Pl., dated the 10th April 1928, and No. 4219Pl., dated the 24th September 1931.

Excluded Area.

NOTIFICATION.

Darjeeling.—No. 13687Ex.A.– 23rd November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the second proviso to section 10 of the Darjeeling and Kurseong Municipal (Porters) Act, 1883 (Bengal Act V of 1883), the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm an order made and published under the said section 10 by the Commissioners of the Kurseong Municipality specifying the following rates of hire in respect of all coolies empowered to work by the job or for any period not exceeding twenty-four hours, namely:—

Rate of hire for dandiwallas, rickshawwallas and porters empowered to work by the job, or for any period not exceeding 24 hours.

DANDIWALLAS AND PORTERS.

Rates calculated by day and night.

From or to any part.

1. *(a)* Within the municipal limits the rates of hire for every rickshawwalla and dandiwalla shall be as follows:—

Up to one hour—By day annas 4, by night annas 6.

For every additional hour or fraction thereof—By day annas 2, by night annas 3.

(b) The rates of hire of a dandy or rickshaw shall be annas 8 for first hour and annas 4 for the second and every subsequent hour with a maximum of Re. 1-8 by day or night.

NOTE.—"By day" means from 6 a.m. to 8 p.m. "By night" means from 8 p.m. to 6 a.m.

(c) During the month of May and Pujah holidays the rates of hire for rickshaw and dandy will be as follows:—

Rates of hire for rickshaws, first hour—Annas 12.

For every subsequent hour or part of an hour—Annas 4.

Rates of hire for dandis, first hour—Annas 6.

For every subsequent hour or part of an hour—Annas 4.

PORTERS AND DANDIWALLAS.

Rates calculated by distance.

From or to Kurseong Railway Station.

Section I.—The Bazar, *i.e.*, houses up to dak bungalow, the Hât Bazar Bank Road, Temple, New Club and Recreation Ground—

Porters for grain and salt and similar articles in bag per maund—Pies 6.
Porters for personal luggage—Anna 1.
Dandiwallas for single journey—Annas 2.
Dandiwallas for double journey (if loaded)—Annas 4.

The same rates to apply to carriage to and from Bazar.

Section II.—All houses north of section 1, *i.e.*, up to Clarendon Hotel, Mahima Hall, Rajbari and Constantia:—

Porters for grain, salt and similar articles in bag per maund—Anna 1.
Porters for personal luggage—Anna 1-6.
Dandiwallas for single journey—Annas 4.
Dandiwallas for double journey (if loaded)—Annas 8.
Dandiwallas if under engagement more than three hours be paid by the day.

Section III.—Makaibari—

Porters for grain, salt and similar articles in bag per maund—Annas 2.
Porters for personal luggage—Annas 3.
Dandiwallas for single journey—Annas 8.
Dandiwallas for double journey (if loaded)—Re. 1.

Section III.—(a) Dow Hill or Victoria School up or down—

Single journey—Annas 10 per man.
Return journey—Re. 1 per man.

(b) Jim's Lodge up or down—

Single journey—Annas 8.
Return journey—Annas 14.

All other journeys—Annas 6 per mile per man in either direction.

After 9 p.m. all rates to be increased by 50 per cent.

Section IV.—All houses within municipal boundaries not included in above—

Porters for grain, salt, etc., per maund—Anna 1-6.

Porters for personal luggage—Annas 2.

Dandiwallas for single journey—Annas 6.

Dandiwallas for double journey (if loaded)—Annas 12.

2. For loaded return journey the same day the charges will be 25 per cent. more than the rates laid down, on subsequent day the full rates will be charged.

Fare for return journey same if loaded.

Any part of municipality

Chimney—

Porters—Annas 6.
Dandiwallas—Re. 1.

Ambutia—

Porters—Annas 6.
Dandiwallas—Re. 1.

Pankhabari—

Porters—Annas 8.
Dandiwallas—Re. 1-4.

Salim Hill—

Porters—Annas 8.
Dandiwallas—Re. 1-4

Castleton—

Porters—Annas 3.
Dandiwallas—Annas 8.

Singell—

Porters—Annas 3.
Dandiwallas—Annas 12.

Margaret's Hope—

Porters—Annas 8.
Dandiwallas—Re. 1-4.

Dilaram—

Porters—Annas 8.
Dandiwallas—Re. 1-4.

Gyrigong—

Porters—Annas 8.
Dandiwallas—Re. 1-4.

Nahore—

Porters—Annas 10.
Dandiwallas—Re. 1-8.

Goomti—

Porters—Annas 8.
Dandiwallas—Re. 1.

Lizipore—

Porters—Annas 10.
Dandiwallas—Re. 1-8.

Jungpunna—

Porters—Annas 10.
Dandiwallas—Re. 1-8.

St. Mary's—

Porters—Annas 4.
Dandiwallas—Annas 12.

Toong—

Porters—Annas 6.
Dandiwallas—Re. 1.

Tindharia—

Porters—Annas 10.
Dandiwallas—Re. 1-8.

For marches beyond Chimney, Ambutia, etc.—

Dandiwalla, per day—Re. 1.

Porters, per day—Annas 10.

Note.—Any porter or dandiwalla and rickshawwalla discharged otherwise than for fault to receive for return journey half of his fare from place of discharge.

1. The above rates are for adults, men or women; children to receive half rates.

2. Carriage or haulage of machinery, or any package over 4 maunds in weight, to be arranged for by special contract.

3. Any person engaging coolies through a mondal or sirdar shall pay sirdary at the rate of two pice a coolie for one day only.

4. A sirdar engaged to accompany coolies on a march to receive eight annas a day, and two pice a day for every coolie employed.

5. A dandiwalla may be engaged as a porter, but a porter shall not be compelled to serve as a dandiwalla.

6. By the Act, the term "coolie" is limited to porters and to dandiwallas, and other persons employed in carrying, drawing, or propelling any vehicle.

7. The above rates are for marches only, halts must be arranged for separately, and travellers can take the daily rates as a guide.

8. The expression "Dandiwallas" includes "Rickshawwallas."

2. Notification No. 5784L.R., dated the 26th May 1925, published at pages 853-855, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th June 1925 is hereby cancelled.

Emigration.

NOTIFICATION.

24-Parganas-Calcutta. — No. 13007Emi.—11th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 (*1*) of the Indian Emigration Act, VII of 1922, the Governor in Council was pleased to appoint Lt.-Col. Keshav Sadashiv Thakur, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, 24-Parganas, to act as the Protector of Emigrants, Calcutta, in addition to his own duties as Civil Surgeon, during the absence, on leave, of Lt.-Col. A. Denham White, I.M.S., from the 6th October to the 1st November 1933, both days inclusive.

H. C. V. PHILPOT,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Irrigation.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 11-I — 10th November 1933. — The following draft of an amendment, which, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 99 of the Bengal Irrigation Act, 1876 (Bengal Act III of 1876), the Governor in Council intends to make in the rules for the combined Damodar and Eden Canal (published in Bengal Government notification No. 6I., dated the 24th March 1933, at pages 487-509, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 30th idem), is hereby published for the information of the persons likely to be affected thereby.

II. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933 and any objections or suggestions received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendment.

At the end of the first sentence of rule 6 of the said rules *after* the word "received," the words "unless the time is extended by the Chief Engineer, Bengal, Irrigation Department" shall be *inserted*.

No. 12-I.—13th November 1933.—The following draft of amendment, which, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6 and 11 of the Canals Act (Bengal Act V of 1864), the Governor in Council intends to make in the rules and schedules of rates of tolls for the Midnapore Canal, with branch to Narayangarh, in supersession of Bengal Government notification No. 27-I., dated the 24th November 1931 (published at page 1537 in Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 3rd December 1931), is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 4th January 1934, and any objections or suggestions received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendment.

Schedule of rates of tolls to be charged on the Midnapore Canal and the Narayangarh Distributary.

Entering from both the east and the west.

Description.	Range I. 7 miles, Uluberia to Bansberia or *vice versa*.	Range III. 11 miles, Dainan to Panskura or *vice versa*.	Range IV. 11 miles, Panskura to Balichak or *vice versa*.	Range V. 13½ miles, Balichak to Mohanpur or 26 miles, Balichak to Narayangarh Distributary *via* Krishtanagar or 19½ miles, Mohanpur to Narayangarh Distributary *via* Krishtanagar or *vice versa*.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a. p.
Loaded vessel per 100 maunds	0 8	0 12	0 12	1 4 0
Empty vessel per 100 maunds	0 4	0 6	0 6	0 10 0
Timber in rafts or loose per timber ..	0 2	0 2	0 2	0 3 0
Piles in rafts or loose per 100 piles ..	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 10 0
Bamboos in floats per 100	0 4	0 4	0 4	0 6 6

NOTE.—Toll will be realised at Uluberia, Bansberia, Dainan, Panskura and Balichak toll stations.

Establishment.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 51.—23rd November 1933.—In modification of this department notification No. 45, dated the 20th October 1933, Mr. Sunny Gupta, Assistant Executive Engineer, is, on return from leave, attached to the Khulna Divisional Office until further orders.

H. C. V. PHILPOT,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

Buxa. — No. 9169For. — 23rd November 1933.—In modification of the orders contained in notification No. 8035For., dated the 7th October 1933, Babu Samson Sitling, probationary Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, was posted as an attached officer to the Rajabhatkhawa subdivision, with headquarters at Rajabhatkhawa, from the 31st August 1933 to the 5th October 1933. He held charge of the Chilapata Range, with headquarters at Chilapata, from the 8th October 1933 to the 10th October 1933, and took over charge of the Rajabhatkhawa subdivision, with headquarters at Rajabhatkhawa, with effect from the forenoon of the 13th October 1933.

Buxa.—No. 9326 For.—25th November 1933.—During the absence on account of illness of Mr. T. V. Dent, Assistant Conservator of Forests, Mr. S. J. Curtis, Divisional Forest Officer, Buxa Division, held charge of the Rajabhatkhawa subdivision, in addition to his own duties, from the afternoon of the 8th October 1933 to the forenoon of the 13th October 1933.

E. O. SHEBBEARE,
Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

BOARD OF REVENUE, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

Hooghly.—No. 14270 C.P.—23rd November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 2 of section 8 of the Bengal Land Revenue (Assistant Collectors) Regulations, 1821 (IV of 1821), the Board of Revenue authorises Babu Dhirendra Mohan Chakrabatti, Sub-Deputy Collector, who has been placed on duty in connection with the maintenance, for the purposes of section 158A of

the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, of the record-of-rights of the estate Char Guptipara bearing tauzi No. 1791 of the Hooghly Collectorate belonging to Babu Hemendra Nath Roy Chaudhuri and others, zamindars of Satkhira six annas estate, in the district of Khulna, to exercise and perform within the local limits of the said estate, in the district of Hooghly, any of the powers and duties vested in the Collectors of Land Revenue under any enactment in force therein for the purpose of the said work of maintenance of the record-of rights.

N. V. H. SYMONS,

Secy. to the Board of Revenue, Bengal.

TREASURY NOTICES.

Jessore, the 6th November 1933.

Uncovenanted Deputy Collector Babu Anil Chandra Bose has been placed in executive charge of the Jessore Treasury, with effect from the forenoon of the 6th November 1933, and is authorised to draw bills on other treasuries.

N. K. SEN, *Collector.*

ORDER No. 203.

Rangpur, the 23rd November 1933

Babu Upendra Kumar Mitra, Sub-Deputy Collector, is placed in charge of the Rangpur Treasury, with effect from the forenoon of the 23rd November 1933, and is authorised to draw bills on other treasuries.

N. M. AYYAR, *Collector.*

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Civil.

The 25th November 1933.

No. 26858A.—Babu Narendra Nath De, munsif of Burdwan (Sadar), is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250 within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Burdwan.

English Department—Civil.

The 25th November 1933.

No. 26884A.—In exercise of the powers delegated to the High Court by the notification of the Government of Bengal, No. 64J.D., dated the 30th April 1915, Babu Bhabataran Mukharji, munsif of Burdwan (Sadar), is vested under Article 8 of the Second Schedule of the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887 (IX of 1887), with powers to try, under the Small Cause Court procedure, suits up to the value of Rs. 250 for the recovery of rents of homestead lands arising within the municipal area within his jurisdiction.

English Department.

The 25th November 1933.

No. 26846G. — The Hon'ble the Chief Justice has been pleased to appoint Mr. Bejoy Krishna Chakrabarti, a bench clerk, to be senior bench clerk and *ex-officio* Assistant Registrar on the Appellate Side of the High Court, Calcutta, with effect from the 3rd September 1933, *vice* Mr. Sudhansu Bhusan Bose, retired.

By order of the High Court,

N. L. HINDLEY, *Registrar.*

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

Burdwan Division—Chinsura.

No. 4051J.G.—17th November 1933.—Babu Kshirode Bihari Mallik, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Burdwan, on leave, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Birbhum district The transfer is made in the public interest

No 4056J.G.—17th November 1933.—Babu Prakash Chandra Dutt, Sub-Deputy Collector and Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Birbhum, is transferred to the Rampurhat subdivision of that district. The transfer is made in the public interest.

No. 4060J.G.—17th November 1933.—Babu Bata Krishna Mukherji, Sub-Deputy Collector and Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Rampurhat, in the district of Birbhum, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Burdwan district. The transfer is made in the public interest.

No. 4065J.G.—18th November 1933.—Babu Charupada Roy, Circle Officer, Gangajalghati, in the district of Bankura, is granted under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for six weeks, with effect from the 12th instant.

No. 4069J.G.--18th November 1933.—Babu Santosh Kumar Sarkar, Sub-Deputy Collector, Bankura, is appointed temporarily Circle Officer of Gangajalghati, in that district. The transfer is made in the public interest.

No. 2642L.S.-G.—22nd November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*), read with rule 23 of the rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, Babu Partha Sarathi Ray has been appointed to be a member of the committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Garhbetta, in the district of Midnapore, *vice* Babu Guru Baksh Roy, removed.

No. 4141J.G. — 22nd November 1933.—Maulvi Saiyid Abu Nasir Mahammad Ali Akbar, Sub-Deputy Magistrate and Sub-Deputy Collector, Asansol, in the district of Burdwan, is granted, under rule 81(*b*)(*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for five days, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

No. 2074M.—23rd November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information under section 50 of the Bengal Municipal Act of 1932 (Act XV of 1932) that the Commissioners of the Uttarpara Municipal Board, newly constituted under the provisions of the Act, by their resolutions passed under sections 45(*1*) and 48 at a special meeting held on the 8th November 1933, duly elected the following gentlemen as the Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the municipality:—

Babu Lokenath Mukherjee, B.A., Chairman.
Babu Mohan Lal Banerjee, M.A., B.L., Vice-Chairman.

L. B. BURROWS, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

Bankura, the 18th November 1933

No. 5353J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, Babu Jotindra Nath Chakravarty has been elected under section 6 (*4*) of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919, as a member of Laikbandh union board in police-station Vishnupur in the Vishnupur subdivision of the district of Bankura, *vice* Babu Bhabatosh Gangopadhya, deceased.

E. W. HOLLAND, *District Magistrate.*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Burdwan Range.

Chinsura.—No. 8024.—17th November 1933.—Sub-Inspector Rampada Banarji, of Midnapore, is appointed to act as Inspector, Hooghly, *vice* Babu Bimalapada Banarji, Inspector, transferred to the C.I.D.

Maulvi Jawadul Karim, officiating Inspector, Hooghly, will, on relief, revert to his substantive rank of Sub-Inspector in the E. I. Railway Police, Howrah.

No. 8197.—24th November 1933.—Armed Sub-Inspector Brich Kishor Singh, of the Midnapore Special Armed Force, is appointed to act as Inspector in the Range Reserve force attached to that district, *vice* Risaldar Muhammad Khan, Armed Inspector, appointed temporarily to fill the post of Inspector sanctioned in Government Order No. 5714-Pl., dated 26-10-1933, for the Additional Police force in Midnapore town.

J. C. FARMER,

Deputy Inspector-General of Police.

Chittagong Division—Chittagong.

Noakhali, the 25th November 1933.

No. 6595J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, Munshi Dana Miah has been elected to be a member of the Narottampur union board No. XIII within Sudharam police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Noakhali, *vice* Babu Nim Chand Shaha, deceased.

T. I. M. NURANNABI CHAUDHURI,

District Magistrate.

Dacca Division—Dacca.

No. 5458J.—20th November 1933.—This office notification No 4863J., dated the 16th October 1933, granting leave to Babu Hirendra Nath Guha, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Gopalganj, in the district of Faridpur. for two weeks, with effect from the 5th October 1933, is cancelled.

No. 5468J.—20th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that at the meeting held on the 7th November 1933 of the newly elected and appointed Commissioners of the Narayanganj Municipality, in the district of Dacca, the following gentlemen have been duly elected as Chairman and Vice-Chairman under sections 45(*1*) and 48 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932:—

Mr. H. M. Shircore, C.I.E., Chairman.
Maulvi Ahmed Ali, Vice-Chairman.

W. H. NELSON, *Commissioner (offg.)*

Faridpur, the 21st November 1933.

No. 7549J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Maulvi Mofazzel Hossain Munshi has been duly elected to be a member of the Rupapat union board in police-station Bhushna in the Sadar subdivision of the Faridpur district, *vice* Ejaharuddin Molla, deceased.

A. E. PORTER, *District Magistrate.*

Faridpur, the 21st November 1933.

No. 7128J —It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (*2*) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Bansgari union board in police-station Kalkini of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Maulvi Muhammad Hosain Talukdar.
Maulvi Abdur Rashid Talukdar.
Maulvi Aptabuddin Talukdar.
Maulvi Kafiluddin Talukdar.
Maulvi Sabder Ali Mridha.
Maulvi Madan Sardar.

(*b*) Under sub-section (*3*) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Munshi Safiuddin Bepari.
Babu Pandit Chaukidar.
Babu Sreenath Pal

No. 7165J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (*2*) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Panchkhola union board in police-station Madaripur of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Munshi Jonab Ali Hawladar.
Munshi Easin Hawladar.
Ranjan Munshi.
Haji Abdus Sattar Sikdar.
Maulvi Badiazzaman Ahmed.
Munshi Amjed Ali Sikdar

(*b*) Under sub-section (*3*) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Maulvi Daliluddin Ahmed.
Maulvi Mainuddin Hawladar.
Babu Rasik Lal Sarker.

Faridpur, the 22nd November 1933.

No. 7562J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (*2*) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Lakshmipur union board in police-station Kalkini of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Maulvi Abdul Majid Sardar.
Maulvi Abdul Hafez Sardar.
Maulvi Abdul Kader Akon.
Munshi Reajuddi.
Munshi Hamed Ali Darji.
Munshi Muhammad Khan.

(*b*) Under sub-section (*3*) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Babu Lakshman Chandra Sardar.
Munshi Mainuddi Molla.
Munshi Najumuddi Sardar.

No. 7563J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (*2*) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Shirkhara union board in police-station Madaripur of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Munshi Aminuddin Hawladar.
Munshi Elajuddi Matbar.
Munshi Anesuddin Mea.
Babu Ranada Kumar Sen Roy.
Dr. Kula Chandra Guha Roy.
Munshi Menajuddin Hawladar.

(*b*) Under sub-section (*3*) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Munshi Adeluddi Hawladar.
Munshi Safiuddin.
Munshi Erfanuddin Karikar.

S. C. DATTA, for *District Magistrate*

Barisal, the 23rd November 1933.

No. 7531J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Kailash Chandra Das has been duly appointed to be a member of Boga union board within Baufal police-station in Patuakhali subdivision of the Bakarganj district, *vice* Rai Charan Sil, resigned

C. W. GURNER, *District Magistrate.*

Presidency Division—Calcutta.

No. 2461R.G. — 23rd November 1933.—Babu Hari Charan Banarji, Sub-Deputy Collector, Sadar, 24-Parganas, is transferred to the Barrackpore subdivision of that district

No. 2466R.G. — 23rd November 1933.—Babu Jyotirindra Nath Das, Sub-Deputy Collector, Barrackpore, 24-Parganas, is transferred to Jangipur, Murshidabad, as Circle Officer.

No. 2543L.S.-G.—23rd November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*) of the dispensary rules, the following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the municipal charitable dispensary at Kushtia in the district of Nadia:—

The Subdivisional Officer, Kushtia, *ex-officio.*
The Medical Officer, Kushtia dispensary.
The Chairman, Kushtia Municipality.
The Vice-Chairman, Kushtia Municipality.
The Vice-Chairman, Kushtia local board.
The 1st Munsif, Kushtia, *ex-officio.*
W. G. Chapman, Esq.
Babu Mamraj Agarwalla.
Maulvi Afsaruddin Ahmed.
Babu Debendra Nath Banarji.
Maulvi Shamseruddin Ahmed.
Babu Dhirendra Nath Chakrabarti, M.B.

H. J. TWYNAM, *Commissioner (offg.).*

Krishnagar, the 18th November 1933.

Erratum.—No. 4282L.S.-G.—In the notification No. 3758L.S.-G., dated the 20th October 1933, published in the list "B" at page 1537, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 26th October 1933, regarding the appointment of members of the Jayghata union board, Ward No. I, under sub-section (*3*) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), in the police-station Krishnaganj in the Chuadanga subdivision in the district of Nadia *for* "Babu Purna Chandra Biswas" *read* "Babu Panchanon Biswas".

H. C. BOSE, *District Magistrate.*

Khulna, the 20th November 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., Babu Kedareswar Biswas has been duly elected a member from ward No. I of the Daibajnahati union board in police-station Morrelganj in the Bagerhat subdivision of the Khulna district, *vice* Babu Janaki Nath Biswas, deceased.

K. A. L. HILL, *District Magistrate.*

Jessore, the 25th November 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Mrinal Kanti Mitra has been duly elected to be a member of the Sastibar union board in Sailkupa police-station in Jhenidah subdivision of the district of Jessore, *vice* Munshi Meseruddin Ahmed, deceased.

N. K. SEN, *District Magistrate.*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, C. I. D.

Calcutta. — No. 11199R.—24th November 1933.—Rai Sahib Gyanendra Nath Ghosh, Inspector, is granted 4 months' leave on average pay with effect from 21-11-1933, a.m.

Babu Pramatha Nath Ray, Inspector, was allowed leave on average pay from 9-11-1933, a.m. to 15-11-1933, p.m.

C. E. S. FAIRWEATHER,

Deputy Inspector-General of Police (offg.).

Rajshahi Division—Jalpaiguri.

No. 4294J.—20th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*) of the manual of rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, the Assistant Surgeon in charge of the Serajganj Victoria Charitable Dispensary is appointed to be an *ex-officio* member of the committee for the management of the Victoria Charitable Dispensary at Serajganj in the district of Pabna in addition to those published in this office notification No. 3694J., dated the 12th October 1933.

No. 4305J.—20th November 1933.—Maulvi Muhammad Fazlur Rahman, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Pabna, is allowed leave on average pay for seven days in extension of the leave granted to him in this office notification No. 4166J., dated the 13th November 1933, under rule 81(*b*)(*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

F. W. ROBERTSON, *Commissioner (offg.).*

Pabna, the 18th November 1933.

No. 5227J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government (Amendment) Act, 1932 (Bengal Act IX of 1932), Md. Manganuddin Sarkar has been duly elected to be a member of Pungali union board under Faridpur police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Pabna, *vice* Munshi Muhammad Mafizuddin, resigned.

S. C. BASU, *District Magistrate.*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Rajshahi Range.

Jalpaiguri — No. 8269.—24th November 1933.—Babu Sharat Kanta Biswas, Inspector, E. B. and A. B. Railway Police, Saidpur, is granted 2 months' leave on half average pay, on medical certificate, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave already granted to him.

Sub-Inspector Fazlul Karim will continue to act as Inspector in the vacancy.

With effect from 1-12-1933, Rai Sahib Basanta Kumar Mukharji, Inspector, E. B. and A. B. Railway Police, Saidpur (now officiating as Deputy Superintendent of Police, Intelligence Branch, C.I.D.), is posted, on paper, to Rajshahi, in exchange with Babu Shailendra Nath Ray, Inspector, Rajshahi, on leave.

Sub-Inspector Afazuddin Ahmad, of Dinajpur, is appointed temporarily to act as Inspector, Rajshahi, *vice* Rai Sahib Basanta Kumar Mukharji, Inspector, officiating as Deputy Superintendent of Police, Intelligence Branch, C.I.D.

Sub-Inspector Muhammad Abdus Subhan will continue to act as Inspector, E. B. and A. B. Railway Police, Saidpur, from 1-12-1933, *vice* Babu Shailendra Nath Ray, Inspector, on leave.

Babu Shailendra Nath Ray, Inspector, E. B. and A. B. Railway Police, Saidpur, is granted 15 days' leave on half average pay, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave already granted to him

Sub-Inspector Muhammad Abdus Subhan will continue to act as Inspector, E. B. and A. B. Railway Police, Saidpur, in the vacancy.

Babu Srish Chandra Chaudhuri, Inspector, Rajshahi, is granted 2 months' leave on average pay, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from 5-11-1933.

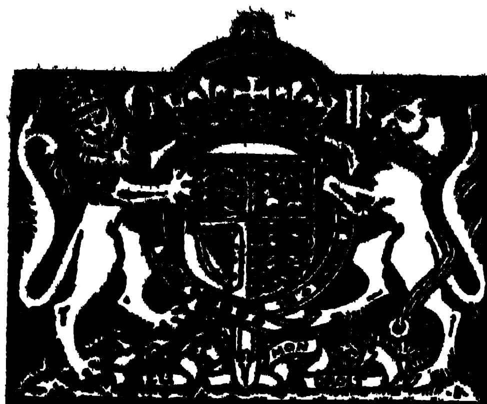
Sub-Inspector Muhammad Yakub will continue to act as Inspector in the vacancy.

This cancels the orders appointing Sub-Inspector Muhammad Yakub to act as Inspector, *vice* Babu Shailendra Nath Ray, Inspector, granted leave.

Maulvi Muhammad Azizur Rahman (No. II), Inspector, Dinajpur, is granted 1 month's leave on average pay, on medical certificate, in extension of the leave already granted to him.

Sub-Inspector Muhammad Abdur Rahman Khan, of Dinajpur, will continue to act as Inspector in the vacancy.

F. P. WALKER,
Deputy Inspector-General of Police.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1933.

PART IB

Educational Notices.

Education Department, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION

Calcutta, the 27th November 1933.

In this office notification, dated the 8th November 1933, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd November 1933, prescribing the syllabus of studies and text-books for Class VI of Madrasahs under the reform scheme for the session 1934, under the heading "Geography"—

For

"Books recommended

Bhugol Brittanta, by Khan Bahadur Daliluddin Ahmad (Victoria Library, Dacca); or

Bhugol Path, Part II, by Abul Hossain (Modern Library, Dacca); or

Bhougolik Siksha, Part II, by Baidyanath Chatterji (S. B. Chatterji & Sons, Calcutta)."

Please read

"Books recommended.

Bhugol Brittanta, by Khan Bahadur Daliluddin Ahmad (Victoria Library, Dacca); or

Bhougolik Path, Part II, by Abul Hossain (Modern Library, Dacca); or

Bhugol Siksha, Part II, by Baidyanath Chatterji (S. B. Chatterji & Sons, Calcutta)."

J. M. Bottomley,

Director of Public Instrn., Bengal (offg.).

NOTIFICATION.

Examination in the Art of Teaching, Burdwan Division.

Chinsura, the 20th November 1933.

An examination in the Art and Practice of Teaching for teachers of English subjects in Boys' Secondary Schools (aided and unaided) will be held at the Hooghly Training School on Monday, the 19th February 1934, at 11 a.m., and on the following date, if necessary. The examination of teachers of vernacular subjects and oriental classical languages of the same schools will also be held on the same date and at the same place and hour.

2. The following teachers are eligible for the examination:—

(a) Teachers of English subjects, who have passed (i) the Matriculation or some higher University Examination, or (ii) the Middle English Scholarship Examination or the terminal examination at the end of the middle stage of instruction. The examination of these teachers will be conducted in English.

(b) Teachers of vernacular subjects, who have passed the same examinations, or the Middle Vernacular Scholarship Examination, or the terminal examination at the end of the middle stage of instruction. The examination of these teachers will be conducted in vernacular.

(c) Pandits and Maulvis employed in teaching an oriental classical language other than Pandits in Sanskrit *tols* and Maulvis in Madrasahs. They must have passed the Sanskrit Title Examination or the Final Examination of a Senior Grade Madrasah. The examination in the case of these classes of teachers will be conducted either in English or vernacular at the option of the candidate

3. The examination will consist of—

(a) A practical examination in class control, the candidate being required to keep a class of at least a dozen boys attentive and fully occupied throughout a lesson.

(b) A practical test of teaching ability, the candidate being required to give two lessons on any two of the subjects—English, Bengali, Sanskrit, Arabic, Persian, Urdu, History, Geography, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, etc.

(c) An oral examination, in which the Inspector of Schools or other examiner will ask questions on the Art of Teaching, object lessons, class management, organisation and discipline.

4. The following books are recommended for study by the candidate:—

(a) For teachers of English subjects—

(1) Indian Teachers' Guide, by P. Wren, (2) Indian School Organisation, by P. Wren, (3) Suggestions for the consideration of Teachers (Board of Education, Whitehall), (4) Talks to Teachers (James), (5) Art of Teaching, by D. Salmon, (6) Direct Method by Tate and Rajagopalchari.

(b) For teachers of vernacular subjects—

(1) বিবিধ বিধান, by A. N. Adhikari. (2) Teachers' Manual, by Khan Bahadur Ahsanullah, (3) পাঠটীকা লিখিবার পদ্ধতি, by Jagannath Dey, (4) মনোবিজ্ঞান, by S. C. Brahmachary, (5) ভূগোল শিক্ষা প্রণালী, by I. Haque.

(c) Teachers of oriental classical languages may study any of the above sets of books.

5. Intending candidates from High Schools should submit their applications through the Head Masters, and teachers of Middle Schools and Junior Madrasahs through the District Inspectors, so as to reach this office *not later than the 10th February 1934.* Every candidate will produce at the time of the examination the certificate of his having passed the University or other examination, which admits him to the present examination. The following information should accompany the application:—

(1) Name (in full).

(2) Name of father (in full).

(3) Names of native village and district.

(4) Last examination passed.

(5) Year of passing.

(6) Period of service as a teacher.

(7) Present appointment with date (mention whether he is a teacher of English subjects or vernacular subjects or of oriental languages).

(8) Two class subjects in which he wishes to be examined.

(9) Signature of applicant with full address.

6. Every candidate must bring with him at the time of examination two lesson notes on the subjects in which he wishes to give lessons. These notes should be made over to the examiner at the time of the practical examination.

7. Candidates should state whether they sat for the examination previously; if so, how often, giving dates.

K. C. RAY,

Inspector of Schools, Burdwan Division.

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

Senate House, the 23rd November 1933.

It is hereby announced for general information that a centre has been opened for one year at Karimganj in the district of Mymensingh, Bengal, for holding the Matriculation Examination of this University for 1934, on usual conditions.

It is hereby announced for general information that a centre has been opened for one year for the present at Narail, in the district of Jessore, Bengal, for holding the Matriculation Examination of this University for the year 1934, on usual conditions.

It is hereby announced for general information that a centre has been opened at Tamluk, in the district of Midnapore, Bengal, for one year for the present, for holding the Matriculation Examination of this University for the year 1934, on usual conditions.

It is hereby announced for general information that a centre has been opened for one year for the present at Bhola, in the district of Barisal, Bengal, for holding the Matriculation Examination of this University for the year 1934, on usual conditions.

It is hereby announced for general information that a centre has been opened at Habiganj, in the district of Sylhet, Bengal, for one year for the present, for holding the I.A. and I.Sc. Examinations of this University for 1934, on usual conditions.

It is hereby announced for general information that a centre has been opened at Kalna, in the district of Burdwan, Bengal, for one year for the present, for holding the Matriculation Examination of this University for 1934, on usual conditions.

B. B. DUTT,
Controller of Examinations (offg.).

Calcutta University.

Senate House, the 20th November 1933.

NOTICE.

It is hereby notified that Graduates of the prescribed standing, who have not yet registered their names in this University and who intend to take part in the ensuing election of an Ordinary Fellow by the Registered Graduates in January 1934, should register their names on or before the 2nd January 1934. No voting paper for the ensuing election of an Ordinary Fellow will be issued to such Graduates as will register their names after the above date.

J. CHAKRAVORTI, *Registrar.*

Calcutta University.

Senate House, the 30th November 1933.

ERRATA.

In the list of successful candidates at the Intermediate Examination in Law, held in August 1933, published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 28th September 1933, the following entries which are shown in the lists of successful candidates from the *University Law College* should be *read* as successful candidates from the *Ripon Law College*:—

(*a*) *On page 1165.*

9 Sarkar, Atulchandra.
11 Noor Mohamed Khan.
15 Sinha, Satyagopal.

(*b*) *On page 1166*

44 Chattopadhyay, Biswanath.

(*c*) *On page 1167.*

146 Mukhopadhyay, Surendranath.
151 Nath, Sasibhushan.
155 Pal, Gopinath.
170 Ray, Kantichandra.

(*d*) *On page 1168.*

209 Sinha, Manimohan.

B. B. DUTT,
Controller of Examinations (offg.).

Bengal Legislative Council Department.

Bengal Legislative Council Proceedings may be had of the Officer in charge, Bengal Secretariat Book Depot, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta, at an annual subscription of Rs. 15 only, for a calendar year. The remittance may be sent to the address of the Officer in charge, Bengal Secretariat Book Depot.

Government Publications for Sale.

At the offices of—

(1) The Chief Inspector of Factories, Bengal, 40-1A, Free School Street, Calcutta;
(2) The Inspector of Factories, Barrackpore, 48, Middle Road, Barrackpore;
(3) The Inspector of Factories, Jalpaiguri, Jalpaiguri; and

from Agents for the sale of Government publications.

Name of publications	Price per copy. Rs.	a.
1. Safety in Factories Safety Handbook No. 1	1	8
2. Bengal Factories Rules, 1928 (in English)	0	8
3 Abstract of the Indian Factories Act and Bengal Factories Rules, 1928—		
In English	0	4
In Bengali	0	4
In Hindi	0	4
In Nepali	0	6

State Medical Faculty of Bengal.

Grosvenor House, Calcutta, the 24th November 1933.

NOTICE

No 2970F. In supersession of this office notification No 2602F, dated the 24th October 1933, published at page 1193 in part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 2nd November 1933, it is hereby notified that the written part of the ensuing Preliminary, Intermediate and Final Membership Examinations of the Faculty under the old regulations will be held in the Examination Hall of the Calcutta Medical College on the following days and in the following order:—

Date.	From 10-30 a.m. to 1 30 p.m.	From 2-30 p.m to 5 30 p m
Intermediate Membership.		
Tuesday, 12th December 1933	Anatomy	..
Final Membership.		
	Medicine	Hygiene
Preliminary Scientific Membership.		
Wednesday, 13th December 1933.	..	Inorganic Chemistry.
Intermediate Membership.		
	Physiology.	..
Final Membership.		
	Surgery.	Pathology.
Preliminary Scientific Membership.		
Thursday, 14th December 1933.	..	Physics.
Intermediate Membership.		
	Materia Medica.	.
Final Membership.		
	Midwifery.	Medical Jurisprudence.
Preliminary Scientific Membership.		
Friday, 15th December 1933	Biology.	..
Intermediate Membership.		
	Organic Chemistry.	..

R. M. DAS, *Secretary.*

State Medical Faculty of Bengal.

Grosvenor House, Calcutta, the 24th November 1933.

NOTICE.

No. 2971F.—In supersession of this office notification No. 2663F., dated the 24th October 1933, published at page 1193 in part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 2nd November 1933, it is hereby notified that the written part of the ensuing Preliminary, First, Second, Third and Final Membership Examinations of the Faculty under the new regulations will be held in the Examination Hall of the Calcutta Medical College on the following days and in the following order:—

Date.	From 10-30 a.m. to 1-30 p.m.	From 2-30 p.m. to 5 30 p.m.
First Examination.		
Tuesday, 12th December 1933	Anatomy.	..
Final Examination.		
	Medicine	.
Preliminary Scientific Examination.		
	..	Botany
Third Examination.		
	..	Hygiene.
First Examination.		
Wednesday, 13th December 1933	Physiology.	..
Final Examination.		
	Surgery.	..
Preliminary Scientific Examination.		
	..	Inorganic Chemistry.
Second Examination.		
	..	Pathology.
Second Examination.		
Thursday, 14th December 1933.	Materia Medica.	..
Final Examination.		
	Midwifery.	..
Third Examination.		
	..	Medical Jurisprudence.
Preliminary Scientific Examination.		
	..	Physics.
Friday, 15th December 1933	Organic Chemistry.	Zoology.

R. M. DAS, *Secretary.*

Registered No. C207 *No. 48 of 1933*



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1933

CONTENTS:

SUPPLEMENT.

Official Papers.

CALCUTTA IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

5, Clive Street, Calcutta, the 24th November 1933.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given under section 47 (*3*) of the Calcutta Improvement Act, 1911, as amended up to 1931, that the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of Calcutta, have applied to the local Government for sanction to the Improvement Scheme No. XXXV (Eastern Park to Gorachand Road), which was first published in the *Calcutta Gazette* and in local newspapers on 19th November 1931.

J. A. L. SWAN, *Chairman.*

CORPORATION OF CALCUTTA.

Central Municipal Office, the 15th November 1933.

By-election to select two Councillors of the Calcutta Corporation for the Special Constituency comprising the Calcutta Trades Association.

NOTICE.

In compliance with provisions of section 49(*4*)(*f*) of Act III (B.C.) of 1923 and rule 15(*2*) of the rules made by the Local Government under section 30 of the said Act, it is hereby notified that Messrs K A Hamilton and E. O. Gammeter have been declared duly elected as Councillors of the Corporation of Calcutta for the Special Constituency comprising the Calcutta Trades Association.

J. C. MUKERJEA, *Chief Executive Officer.*

Vital Statistics for the month of May 1933 of the

Districts.	No.	Towns.	Population under registration according to census of 1931. Male	Female.	Total.	Births registered. Number registered (excluding still-births).	Still-born number registered.	Deaths Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Malaria.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Kala-azar.
Burdwan ..	1	Burdwan	23,485	16,133	39,618	36	..	7	11	..	4	..	..	..	1
	2	Raniganj	9,162	7,211	16,373	38	.	..	.	..	1	..	..	..	..
	3	Asansol	18,710	12,576	31,286	34	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..
Birbhum	4	Suri	6,089	4,819	10,908	6	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bankura	5	Bankura	17,280	14,423	31,703	30	..	.	..	..	..	.	..	..	..
	6	Vishnupur	9,767	9,929	19,696	36	..	1	1	..	2	..	1	..	..
	7	Sonamukhi	5,337	5,652	10,989	25	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..
Midnapur ..	8	Midnapur	17,807	14,214	32,021	42	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	9	Ghatal	6,122	5,978	12,400	38	1	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hooghly ..	10	Hooghly-Chinsura	18,799	13,835	32,634	65	2	4	5	..	2	1	1	..	2
	11	Bansberia	9,797	4,424	14,221	5	..	2	2	..	3	..	..	..	..
	12	Serampur	23,985	15,071	39,056	37	1	6	2	.	1	3	.	..	..
	13	Rishra-Konnagar	17,528	9,340	26,868	26		10	..	..	..	..	.	..	..
	14	Baidyabati	10,369	8,117	18,486	27	2	2	1	..	.	..	..	..	..
	15	Bhadreswar	14,938	8,054	22,992	30	.	2	10		2	..	..	..	..
	16	Champdani	17,497	7,868	25,365	34	.	..	.	..	.	.	..	..	..
Howrah ..	17	Howrah	145,120	79,753	224,873	473	15	60	35		4	20	2	..	1
	18	Bally	20,944	9,403	30,347	40	..	14	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
24-Parganas ..	19	South Suburban	22,183	17,316	39,499	47	1	9	4	..	4	1	..	..	..
	20	Tollyganj	14,800	9,676	24,476	38	1	5	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
	21	Budge-Budge.	15,514	8,669	24,183	13	..	5	..	..	3	..	..	..	1
	22	Baranagar	23,116	13,934	37,050	54	1	20	5	..	1		..	..	..
	23	Kamarhati	20,107	10,247	30,354	80	1	14	1	..	1	..	..	..	..
	24	Rajpur .	5,788	5,645	11,433	13	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	1
	25	South Dum-Dum	11,983	6,488	18,471	24	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	26	Barrackpur	16,320	9,075	25,395	7	..	2	.	..	1	..	..	..	..
	27	Panihati	6,738	4,961	11,699	16	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
	28	North Barrackpur	9,751	6,507	16,258	17	.	4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	29	Titagarh	34,252	15,332	49,584	64	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	30	Garulia	9,282	4,751	14,033	10	..	.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	31	Naihati .	20,123	10,785	30,908	21	..	4	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
	32	Halisahar	12,188	4,582	16,770	8	..	..	..	..	.	..	..	..	..
	33	Kanchrapara.	10,113	4,892	15,005	19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	34	Bhatpara	60,134	24,841	84,975	98	2	1	3	..	3	2	..	..	..
	35	Basirhat	11,106	10,181	21,287	30	..	3	2	..	2	1	..	..	1
	36	Baduria ..	7,169	6,508	13,677	18	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1
Calcutta ..	37	Calcutta ..	814,948	381,786	1,196,734	1,729	178	330	299	..	64	75	24	..	20
Nadia .	38	Krishnagar	12,807	11,477	24,284	37	..	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..
	39	Nabadwip	8,912	9,949	18,861	31	4	1	11	..	..	..	1	..	..
	40	Ranaghat	6,334	5,061	11,395	12	..	1	1	..	3	..	1	..	1
	41	Santipur	12,016	12,976	24,992	59	..	1	7	..	1	2	..	..	..

towns with a population of 10,000 and over in Bengal.

registered.

Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Influenza.	Pneumonia.	Phthisis.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries including suicide.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes.			Total of corresponding month of previous year.			No.	Towns.
										Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female	Total.		
1	1	..	..	3	2	1	2	..	6	21	18	39	22	14	36	1	Burdwan.
..	1	..	..	3	..	.	..	..	9	8	6	14	6	10	16	2	Raniganj.
1	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	.	7	10	3	13	14	7	21	3	Asansol.
4	..	..	..		..	.	..	1		4	3	7	4	4	8	4	Suri.
4	..	4	..	5	1	.	.	1	6	10	11	21	12	8	20	5	Bankura.
3	..	2	.	1	1	..	1	1	11	11	14	25	5	11	16	6	Vishnupur.
3	..	2	..	3	..	..	1	..	5	11	6	17	12	8	20	7	Sonamukhi.
1	.	..	.	7	6	..	..	..	6	15	6	21	13	14	27	8	Midnapur.
3	..	1	..	1		..	1	3	4	10	6	16	8	5	13	9	Ghatal.
19	3	3	..	6	2	3	2	3	21	43	34	77	47	23	70	10	Hooghly-Chinsura.
5	..	.	..	..	.	..	1	..	.	8	5	13	9	12	21	11	Bansberia.
1	3	2		1	1		3	..	9	22	10	32	20	11	31	12	Serampur.
1	2	..	..	2	.	3	..	1	6	18	7	25	13	5	18	13	Rishra-Konnagar.
5	1	1	..	1	2	.	1	..	12	13	13	26	9	7	16	14	Baidyabati.
5	.	1	..	2	..	..	1	.	5	19	9	28	9	5	14	15	Bhadreswar.
7	3	2	2	..	1	..	3	1	6*	16	9	25	7	5	12	16	Champdani.
4	39	36	.	36	21	89	16	3	138	292	212	504	206	197	403	17	Howrah.
12	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	3	13	20	33	16	12	28	18	Bally.
4	1	4	.	2	1	4	2	1	17	26	28	54	24	15	39	19	South Suburban.
4	..	..	..	3	3	..		1	3	11	10	21	8	7	15	20	Tollyganj.
8	4	..	..	2	2	1	..	..	4	17	13	30	9	14	23	21	Budge-Budge.
3	4	2	..	4	1	2	2	.	12	31	25	56	36	34	70	22	Baranagar.
6	3	2	1	6	4	2	1	..	6	26	21	47	24	14	38	23	Kamarhati.
3	..	..	..	2	..	1	1	..	4	8	7	15	2	3	5	24	Rajpur.
..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	4	3	7	6	10	16	25	South Dum-Dum.
1	..	..	..	2	..	1	..	..	3	4	6	10	3	6	9	26	Barrackpur.
1	..	..	..	1	.	3	..		7	9	7	16	7	9	16	27	Panihati.
1	1	1	..	2	1	1	1	..	3	6	10	16	6	4	10	28	North Barrackpur.
50	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	32	22	54	29	25	54	29	Titagarh.
1	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	[illegible]	5	2	7	3	5	8	30	Garulia.
2	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	5	8	7	15	8	7	15	31	Naihati
..	..	1	..	2	..	1	..	..	2	3	3	6	5	4	9	32	Halisahar.
6	..	2	..	2	..	1	1	..	2	8	6	14	2	2	4	33	Kanchrapara.
27	1	3	..	7	2	1	..	..	12	30	32	62	48	28	76	34	Bhatpara.
4	..	..	..	3	2	..	1	..	4	12	11	24	9	9	18	35	Basirhat.
11	..	..	..	2	..	1	1	..	2	14	6	20	9	5	14	36	Baduria.
139	90	136	42	183	245	307	53	6	880	1,629	1,264	2,893	1,341	1,098	2,439	37	Calcutta.
4	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	6	7	8	15	21	9	30	38	Krishnagar.
17	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	10	13	30	43	27	19	46	39	Nabadwip.
1	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	8	2	10	5	3	8	40	Ranaghat.
7	..	..	..	3	..	2	..	..	6	15	14	29	9	9	18	41	Santipur.

Vital Statistics for the month of May 1933 of the

Districts.	No	Towns	Population under registration according to census of 1931. Male	Female	Total	Births registered. Number registered (excluding still births).	Still-born number registered.	Deaths Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Malaria.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Kala-azar.
Murshidabad	42	Berhampur	15,166	12,237	27,403	17	..	..	4	..	3	2	1	..	1
	43	Jiaganj-Azimganj.	5,774	5,224	10,998	17	..	..	2	..	.	.	..	..	1
	44	Kandi .	6,403	6,213	12,616	13	..	..	..	..	..	.	2	..	..
	45	Jangipur	6,283	6,513	12,796	25	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..
Jessore ..	46	Jessore ..	7,084	4,272	11,356	9	..	..		..	3		..	..	1
Khulna ..	47	Khulna	11,968	7,152	19,120	9	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	48	Satkhira	6,071	5,170	11,241	10		..	..	..	..	.	..	..	..
Rajshahi ..	49	Rajshahi	15,178	11,886	27,064	65	2	..	..	..	..	1	4	..	1
Dinajpur ..	50	Dinajpur	11,763	7,393	19,156	13	..	1	12	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jalpaiguri	51	Jalpaiguri	11,995	6,967	18,962	14	.	..	..		1	1	..	..	..
Darjeeling .	52	Darjeeling	12,101	9,084	21,185	80	4	..	9	..	1		..	..	3
Rangpur ..	53	Rangpur	12,808	7,941	20,749	12	1	.	2	.	2	..	..	..	1
Bogra ..	54	Bogra .	8,678	6,141	14,819	16	1	..	32	.	.	.	.	..	..
Pabna ..	55	Pabna ..	11,970	9,934	21,904	10	..	.	..	..	..	..		..	..
	56	Sirajganj	17 981	14,486	32,467	25	.	.	1	..	1	..	..	..	..
Malda ..	57	English Bazar	9,387	7,520	16,907	31	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..
	58	Nawabganj	7,197	8,320	15,826	30	2	..	.		1			..	1
Dacca ..	59	Dacca .	79,365	50,153	138,518	312	.	3	8	.	2	1	7	..	15
	60	Narayanganj	21,526	12,663	34,189	75	1	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..
Mymensingh	61	Mymensingh	19,733	10,747	30,480	30	2	4	..	.		..	1	..	..
	62	Netrakona	6,848	4,132	10,980	11	.	2	1	..	.	..	..	..	7
	63	Jamalpur	12,629	10,448	23,077	35	.		1	.	1	2	..	..	..
	64	Sherpur .	10,545	9,002	19,547	31	.	..	..		..	..	..	..	1
	65	Kishorganj	8,624	6,813	15,437	20	..	2	6	.		..	..	..	..
	66	Bajitpur ..	5,632	6,018	11,650	6	..	..	..	.	..	..	..	..	..
	67	Tangail ..	8,739	7,343	16,082	19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Faridpur ..	68	Faridpur	9,427	6,089	15,516	22	..	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	1
	69	Madaripur	15,204	11,690	26,894	9	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bakarganj	70	Barisal ..	23,588	12,128	35,716	38	.	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	71	Pirojpur ..	6,062	4,897	10,959	15	..	3	..	..		..	..	..	..
Chittagong	72	Chittagong	35,049	18,107	53,156	95	3	3	1	..	..	9	..	..	2
Noakhali ..	73	Noakhali	7,808	5,255	13,063	15		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Tippera ..	74	Comilla .	18,530	12,835	31,365	32	1	5	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
	75	Brahmanbaria.	13,973	12,689	26,662	72	1	12	3	..	..	..	1	..	..
	76	Chandpur	11,443	5,395	16,838	7	..	2	..	..	.	..	..	..	..
		Total of month.	2,051,552	1,194,305	3,245,857	4,066	290	563	502	..	125	121	40	1	66
		Total of corresponding month of previous year ..	..	..	..	4,214	201	529	148	..	120	107	30	2	63
		Increase + or decrease—	..	..	..	+ 452	+28	+34	+354	..	+5	+14	+10	-1	+3

Remarks.- 1. The above table is compiled from returns collected by the municipalities and submitted to the Director of Public Health by the approximate to the actual in a proportion of cases and in a few instances are obviously incomplete.
2. The vital statistics of municipalities with a population of less than 10,000 have been excluded from this statement and 1918.
3. The birth and death ratios per mille per annum have been omitted from this statement according to Government of India,

Calcutta, the 21st November 1933.

towns with a population of 10,000 and over in Bengal.

registered.

Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Influenza.	Pneumonia.	Phthisis.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries including suicide.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes.			Total of corresponding month of previous year.			No.	Towns.
										Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.		
4	1	..	..	3	1	2	3	..	14	25	14	39	33	21	54	42	Berhampur.
4	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	..	6	9	8	17	12	6	18	43	Jiaganj-Azimganj.
7	..	1	..	2	..	.	..	..	2	9	5	14	4	2	6	44	Kandi.
5	..	..	.	..	..	..	.	..	..	5	..	5	5	6	11	45	Jangipur.
..	.	..		3	..	.	..	..	2	6	3	9	4	2	6	46	Jessore.
3		.	.	..	..		1	..	4	12	5	17	5	7	12	47	Khulna.
2	1	2	.	1	1	..	1	.	2	6	4	10	9	3	12	48	Satkhira.
13	3	2		3	2	1	1	1	11	29	20	49	21	16	37	49	Rajshahi.
6	5	.	..	2	1		1	..	7	22	13	35	20	4	24	50	Dinajpur.
.	3	..	.	4	1	.	1	..	4	10	5	15	10	9	19	51	Jalpaiguri.
13	1	3	.	2	5	1		2	10	22	28	50	32	17	49	52	Darjeeling.
6	5	2	..	.		..	1	.	7	17	9	26	3	4	7	53	Rangpur.
4	..	1	.	.	..	.	..	..	5	24	18	42	7	2	9	54	Bogra.
11	1	..	..	.	.	1	..	1	3	10	7	17	3	2	5	55	Pabna.
..	.	..	..	1	..	.		.	3	3	3	6	11	7	18	56	Sirajganj.
2	2	..	.	4	.	.	.	..	..	4	7	11	15	8	23	57	English Bazar.
6	1		.	2	..	.	..	1	4	14	2	16	5	10	15	58	Nawabganj.
6	37	13	..	58	8	33	7	2	94	155	139	294	105	92	197	59	Dacca.
5	4	.	..	2	..	1	3	..	24	20	22	42	21	22	43	60	Narayanganj.
13	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	6	20	7	27	24	21	45	61	Mymensingh.
4	3	..	..	..	..	.	.	..	3	11	9	20	8	11	19	62	Netrakona.
14	7	1	.	2	1	1	2	.	11	20	23	43	16	9	25	63	Jamalpur.
9	3	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	7	12	11	23	11	9	20	64	Sherpur.
7	..	1	.	..	..	3	.	..	..	8	11	19	10	8	18	65	Kishorganj.
1	..	..	.	..	..	..	..	..	5	3	3	6	1	2	3	66	Bajitpur.
4	..	..	..	2	..	..	3	..	3	5	8	13	5	4	9	67	Tangail.
2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	6	3	9	3	2	5	68	Faridpur.
5	1	..	..	2	..	.	1	..	3	5	9	14	14	3	17	69	Madaripur.
13	1	..	..	3	.	..	..	..	2	12	11	23	30	8	38	70	Barisal.
8	1	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	6	10	10	20	10	5	15	71	Pirojpur.
16	10	1	..	4	1	2	2	..	18	37	32	69	19	17	36	72	Chittagong.
5	2	..	..	..	..	.	..	..	2	5	5	10	3	3	6	73	Noakhali.
8	4	2	..	1	..	1	4		11	27	10	37	8	5	13	74	Comilla.
7	..	8	..	..	..	.	..	..	17	33	15	48	13	13	26	75	Brahmanbaria.
2	1	.	..	..	..	..	1	1	4	7	4	11	3	1	4	76	Chandpur.
600	257	249	45	405	326	481	129	30	1,556	3,093	2,412	5,505	..	..	..		
527	206	209	35	371	280	458	135	27	1,387	2,576	2,058	4,634	..	..	..		
+73	+51	+40	+10	+34	+46	+23	−6	+3	+169	+517	+354	+871	..	..	..		

District Health Officers. Taken as a whole, the statement possesses a relative value, although the figures for individual town probably only incorporated in the returns for districts as ordered in Government of Bengal, Municipal Department letter No. 118 San., dated the 8th February Education Department letter No. 98, dated the 26th March 1918.

R. B. KHAMBATA, M.R.C.S. (ENG.), L.R.C.P. (LOND.), D.P.H. (CAMB.), *Director of Public Health, Bengal.*

Vital Statistics for the month of May 1933 of the districts

Divisions.	No.	Districts	Population under registration according to census of 1931. Male	Female	Total	Births registered. Number registered (excluding still-births).	Still-born number registered.	Deaths Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Malaria.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Kala-azar.
Burdwan	1	Burdwan	763,534	724,888	1,488,422	3,973	30	32	259		819	22	15	..	10
	2	Birbhum	466 598	470,048	936,646	3,273	75	6	33	..	513	20	13	1	1
	3	Bankura	521,690	524,643	1,049,333	2,664	7	19	26	.	466	9	15	2	2
	4	Midnapur	1,392,796	1,361,876	2,754,672	6,397	106	110	84	.	1,128	14	2	..	5
	5	Hooghly	479,217	455,416	934,633	2,004	..	116	161	..	478	63	4	6	8
	6	Howrah	433,011	410,636	843,647	1,651	11	98	95		119	6	7	20	13
Presidency	7	24 Parganas	1,154,286	1,074,531	2,228,817	5,152	23	172	74		277		12	..	30
	8	Nadia	720,894	678,608	1,399,502	4,099	28	74	38	..	1,710	9	17	10	11
	9	Murshidabad	649,857	657,007	1,306,864	4,369	113	6	41	.	1,057	12	11	8	16
	10	Jessore	864,362	795,446	1,659,808	3,101	74	89	24	.	2,041	29	3	3	21
	11	Khulna	833,612	762,175	1,595,787	2,742	48	78	6	..	715	19	..	5	12
Rajshahi	12	Rajshahi	726,117	675,837	1,401,954	3,924	93	8	65	..	2,039	18	6	4	27
	13	Dinajpur	912,329	823,947	1,736,276	4,237	23	11	64	..	1,280	5	9	25	127
	14	Jalpaiguri	521,824	442,571	964,395	2,947	117	1	3	..	902	33	47	28	10
	15	Darjeeling	158,030	140,420	298,450	1,056	43	..	2	.	239	1	..	2	15
	16	Rangpur	1,343,786	1,230,250	2,574,036	5,416	156	1	342	.	1,767	163	19	139	78
	17	Bogra ..	548,496	523,104	1,071,600	2,293	102	18	67	.	898	16	2	..	8
	18	Pabna .	709,076	682,207	1,391,283	3,045	111	10	93	..	1,286	14	5	24	12
	19	Malda .	510,421	510,612	1,021,033	2,076	26	17	26	..	1,003	8	..	..	17
Dacca ..	20	Dacca ..	1,642,626	1,617,244	3,259,870	6,013	134	557	137	.	798	83	109	..	80
	21	Mymensingh	2,594,444	2,408,565	5,003,009	11,504	505	676	278	..	1,912	29	36	12	46
	22	Faridpur	1,181,717	1,138,088	2,319,805	4,219	108	245	29	..	1,423	21	38	27	27
	23	Bakarganj	1,475,688	1,416,687	2,892,375	5,209	62	690	18	..	201	28	8	6	17
Chittagong	24	Chittagong	837,839	906,043	1,743,882	3,826	180	208	4	..	291	37	6	22	11
	25	Noakhali	851,010	842,646	1,693,656	3,435	195	71	21	..	342	54	15	4	47
	26	Tippera	1,551,694	1,483,176	3,034,870	6,215	286	455	28	..	852	60	24	10	134
	27	Chittagong Hill Tracts													Not
		Total of month for Bengal.	23,875,876	22,779,347	46,655,223	104,870	2,656	3,768	2,018	..	24,556	718	423	358	783
		Total of corresponding month of previous year.	..	..	..	88,276	2,234	2,483	1,312	..	20,868	533	174	338	671
		Increase + or decrease −.	..	..	..	+16,594	+422	+1,285	+706	..	+3,688	+185	+249	+20	+112

Remarks.— 1. The above table is compiled from returns collected by the Subdivisional Officers and submitted to the Director of individual district probably only approximate to the actual.
2. The vital statistics of municipalities with a population of less than 10,000 have been included in this statement with
3 Divisional totals and the birth and death ratios per mille per annum have been omitted from this statement according to

Calcutta, the 21st November 1933.

excluding towns with a population of 10,000 and over in Bengal.

registered.

Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Influenza.	Pneumonia.	Phthisis.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries including suicide.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes. Male.	Female	Total	Total of corresponding month of previous year Male	Female	Total	No.	Districts.
753	22	63	7	140	50	55	56	19	400	1,394	1,328	2,722	1,176	1,015	2,191	1	Burdwan.
682	12	18	6	45	22	112	36	18	187	885	840	1,725	917	856	1,773	2	Birbhum.
321	23	66	15	111	31	83	16	12	387	857	747	1,604	888	833	1,721	3	Bankura.
1,268	77	145	13	190	54	51	112	28	616	2,039	1,858	3,897	1,710	1,569	3,279	4	Midnapur.
260	13	65	8	166	32	40	53	17	154	813	831	1,644	827	833	1,660	5	Hooghly.
216	38	105	16	60	41	36	43	7	146	550	516	1,066	135	127	862	6	Howrah
1,159	37	41	14	107	44	80	129	23	474	1,402	1,271	2,673	1,201	1,083	2,284	7	24-Parganas.
372	22	18	1	102	23	33	97	22	374	1,587	1,349	2,936	1,331	1,139	2,470	8	Nadia.
597	16	7	0	33	10	9	78	18	408	1,297	1,099	2 396	1,003	885	1,888	9	Murshidabad.
446	9	15	3	100	22	26	85	25	233	1,723	1 451	3,174	1,273	1,069	2,342	10	Jessore.
526	24	16	1	50	25	30	87	13	484	1,097	994	2,091	967	863	1,830	11	Khulna.
650	16	10	3	31	8	34	81	23	308	1,827	1,504	3,331	2,041	1,895	3,936	12	Rajshahi.
838	28	40	12	144	38	49	50	44	113	1,505	1,372	2,877	1,756	1,487	3,243	13	Dinajpur.
529	77	61	19	267	54	35	18	59	258	1,297	1,104	2,401	1,352	1,042	2,394	14	Jalpaiguri.
331	68	16	8	64	41	.	4	4	155	507	443	950	536	518	1,054	15	Darjeeling.
1,365	123	126	127	158	141	242	21	62	89	2,577	2,381	4,958	2,035	1,784	3,819	16	Rangpur.
522	27	10	1	24	12	21	39	11	135	955	856	1,811	663	484	1,147	17	Bogra.
802	22	15	2	52	12	27	57	15	247	1,489	1,206	2,695	977	804	1,781	18	Pabna.
80	3	5	..	7	2	7	20	9	156	708	647	1,355	927	786	1,713	19	Malda.
1 901	344	116	7	85	44	68	66	43	824	2,764	2,448	5,212	1,911	1,669	3,580	20	Dacca.
5,685	268	101	17	54	63	61	92	54	1,096	5,546	4,934	10,480	3,882	3,372	7,254	21	Mymensingh.
1,475	145	48	2	90	23	81	71	19	543	2,317	1,989	4,306	1,787	1,520	3,307	22	Faridpur.
2,370	136	30	6	128	21	109	120	20	678	2,459	2,142	4,601	1,933	1,606	3,539	23	Bakarganj.
2,227	36	28	6	71	6	13	71	31	141	1,643	1,569	3,212	1,376	1,244	2,620	24	Chittagong.
1,402	138	98	28	75	12	57	71	41	431	1,566	1,431	2,997	1,133	1,104	2,237	25	Noakhali.
1,803	293	100	7	80	33	26	98	38	851	2,597	2,295	4,892	1,803	1,521	3,324	26	Tippera.
under registration																27	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
28,670	2,017	1,372	338	2,443	804	1,385	1,671	681	9,941	43,401	38,605	82,006		..	..		
24,214	1,444	1,105	141	1,675	559	841	1,695	564	8,631	35,840	31,408	67,248		.	..		
+4,456	+573	+267	+197	+768	+305	+544	−24	+117	+1,310	+7,561	+7,197	+14,758	..	.	..		

Public Health by the District Health Officers. Taken as a whole, the statement possesses a relative value, although the figures for those of the respective districts as ordered in Government of Bengal, Municipal Department letter No. 118 San., dated the 8th February 1918. Government of India, Education Department letter No. 93, dated the 26th March 1918.

R. B. KHAMBATA, M.R.C.S. (ENG.), L.R.C.P. (LOND.), D.P.H. (CAMB.), *Director of Public Health, Bengal.*

FORM C—BENGAL.

STATEMENT OF COTTON PRESSED IN THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY FOR THE WEEK ENDING THE 17th NOVEMBER 1933.

[Section 5 (2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

Name of Division or block.	Number of bales pressed.				District included in the block.
	During the week.	During the corresponding week last year.	Since 1st September 1933 (the date prescribed by the Local Government as the commencement of the season).	During the corresponding period last year.	
The Bengal Presidency	40 bales of 400 lbs each	246	2,231	2,202	All districts in the Presidency.

C. S. STEEL,

Chief Inspector of Factories, Bengal (offg.).

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS.

For the week ending on the 22nd November 1933.

Summary.—The weather continued practically dry. Harvesting of winter paddy and sowing of spring crops are progressing under favourable conditions. Prospects of standing crops are generally satisfactory Relief measures in Murshidabad have been stopped for the present. The average price of common rice for the province has risen by about 0·60 per cent. as compared with that of the previous week.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
1	24-Parganas ..	Nil	11 5/16	11 5/16	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Export and import are normal. No damage to crops. Foot and mouth disease of cattle reported from some villages in the Baraset subdivision.
	Diamond Harbour.	Nil	10½	10½	
	Barrackpore ..	Nil	11	11	
	Baraset ..	Nil	10	10½	
	Basirhat ..	Nil	10½	10½	
2	Nadia ..	Nil	11½	11½	Weather seasonable. Sowing of *rabi* crops is still going on. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Kushtia ..	Nil	13½	13½	
	Meherpur ..	Nil	13	(*n*)	
	Chuadanga ..	Nil	12	12	
	Ranaghat ..	Nil	11	11	
3	Murshidabad ..	Nil	12½	12½	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are favourable. Stock of rice is sufficient. No large import or export. Fodder and water are sufficient Gratuitous relief has been stopped for the present.
	Lalbagh ..	Nil	13	12½	
	Jangipur ..	Nil	14	14	
	Kandi ..	Nil	15	15	
4	Jessore ..	Nil	13	13	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. No large export or import. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Jhenidah ..	Nil	11	11	
	Magura ..	Nil	11	11	
	Narail ..	Nil	10	10	
	Bongaon ..	Nil	11	11	
5	Khulna ..	Nil	10½	12	Weather seasonable and its effects on crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Satkhira ..	Nil	10½	10½	
	Bagerhat ..	Nil	11	11	

(*n*) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
6	Burdwan ..	Nil	14	(n)	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Asansol ..	Nil	11	(n)	
	Katwa ..	Nil	12½	12½	
	Kalna ..	Nil	11	11	
7	Birbhum ..	Nil	13	14	Weather seasonable and occasionally cloudy. Standing crops are doing well. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Rampurhat ..	Nil	14½	14½	
8	Bankura ..	Nil	13	13	Weather seasonable. Sowing of *rabi* crops and harvesting of winter paddy continue. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from thanas Patrasair and Simlapal.
	Vishnupur ..	Nil	13¾	13¾	
9	Midnapore ..	Nil	14⅝	14⅝	Weather seasonable and favourable to standing crops. Prospects of winter paddy are satisfactory. Fodder and water are sufficient except in the affected parts of Contai. Cattle-disease is reported from Kharagpur police-station.
	Contai ..	Nil	11	13	
	Tamluk ..	Nil	10	10	
	Ghatal ..	Nil	13¼	13¼	
	Jhargram ..	Nil	13½	13½	
10	Hooghly ..	Nil	13	12	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Serampore ..	Nil	12	12	
	Arambagh ..	Nil	13	13	
11	Howrah ..	Nil	10½	10½	Weather not seasonable. Sky slightly cloudy. Atmosphere hot. Its effects on standing crops are not unfavourable. No large export or import. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Uluberia ..	Nil	11½	11½	
12	Rajshahi (Rampur-Boalia).	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable. Conditions of standing crops are quite satisfactory except in Sadar Circle and North Nator Circle. Prospects of *rabi* crops are unsatisfactory in Sadar Circle. Subdivisional Officer, Nator, reports that condition of *aman* paddy is bad in North Nator Circle especially in some parts of Nandigram and Singra police-stations. Harvesting of sugarcane is going on. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Naogaon ..	Nil	14½	14½	
	Nator ..	Nil	12	11¼	
13	Dinajpur ..	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable. Its effects on agricultural operations are favourable. Prospects of standing crops are satisfactory. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Buchaganj in Thakurgaon subdivision.
	Thakurgaon ..	Nil	10	10	
	Balurghat ..	Nil	13	13	
14	Jalpaiguri ..	Nil	9½	9½	Sky cloudy otherwise weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Alipur ..	Nil	9	9	

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. This week.	Previous week.	Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
15	Darjeeling ..	Nil	9	9	Weather condition favourable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Kurseong ..	Nil	11	11	
	Siliguri ..	Nil	11	10½	
	Kalimpong ..	Ni	7½	7½	
16	Rangpur ..	Nil	10	10	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Nilphamari ..	Nil	10	10	
	Kurigram ..	Nil	10¼	10¼	
	Gaibandha ..	(*n*)	(*n*)	10½	
17	Bogra ..	Nil	12	12	Prospects of *rabi* crops are fair. *Aman* paddy is being harvested. Fodder and water are sufficient.
18	Pabna ..	Nil	13⅛	13⅛	Weather seasonable. Condition of standing *aman* paddy and *rabi* crops is good except in a small khas mahal area in Serajganj. Harvesting of *aman* paddy is in progress. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Serajganj ..	Nil	11½	11½	
19	Malda ..	Nil	14½	14½	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Harvesting of winter rice has commenced. Fodder and water are available.
20	Cooch-Behar ..	Nil	10⅝	10⅝	Weather seasonable. Preparation of lands for tobacco and other *rabi* crops and transplantation of tobacco seedlings continue. Harvesting of winter paddy has commenced in places. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
21	Dacca ..	Nil	12½	12	Weather seasonable. Rainfall at North Sadar (Kapasia) nil. Prospects of standing crops appear to be good. No large export or import. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Manikganj ..	Nil	11½	12	
	Narayanganj	Nil	10	10	
	Munshiganj ..	Nil	13½	12½	
22	Mymensingh ..	Nil	10½	10	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are fair. Sowing of *rabi* crops continues. Fodder and water are adequate.
	Jamalpur ..	(*n*)	(*n*)	11	
	Tangail ..	Nil	11	11	
	Netrakona ..	Nil	12½	12½	
	Kishoreganj ..	Nil	10	12	

(*n*) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. This week.	Previous week.	Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches			
23	Faridpur ..	Nil	11	11	Weather seasonable. Condition of standing cr is fair. Harvesting of *aman* paddy contin Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Goalundo (Rajbari).	Nil	11	11	
	Madaripur ..	Nil	12	12	
	Gopalganj (*a*) ..	Nil	13	12	
24	Bakarganj (Barisal).	Nil	10	10⅜	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing cr are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Pirojpur ..	0·19	10	10	
	Patuakhali ..	Nil	9¼	9¼	
	Dakshin Shabazpur (Bhola)	Nil	9⅞	10	
25	Chittagong ..	Nil	11 / 12*	11 / 12*	Weather seasonable Prospects of crop are f Harvesting of early *aman* and sowing of r crops continue Fodder and water are sufficie Panga salt sells at 13 seers per rupee at Sa and 12 seers at Cox's Bazar.
	Cox's Bazar ..	Nil	12	11	
26	Tippera (Comilla).	Nil	10	10	Weather and condition of crops are fair.
	Brahmanbaria	Nil	12	12	
	Chandpur ..	Nil	10	12	
27	Noakhali ..	Nil	11	12	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are f Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Feni ..	Nil	13	13	
28	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Nil	16	16	Weather seasonable. Its effects on agricultu operations and standing crops are favoural Fodder and water are sufficient.
29	Tripura State	Nil	14¼	14¼	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are su cient. Condition of cattle is good. Cot sells at Rs. 10 to Rs. 15 and jute at Re. to Rs. 5 per maund.

*Burma rice.

(*a*) The rainfall at Haridaspur, which is very near to Gopalganj, is shown here.

Dacca, the 27th November 1933.

S. ABDULLAH, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal*

Wholesale prices-current of food grains, gur, etc., in the undermentioned marts of Bengal for the first half of November 1933.

Marts.	Paddy local (best quality).			Paddy local (common quality).			Rice local (best quality).		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Calcutta	2 4 0	2 4 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 12 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 0 0
Burdwan	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 15 0	1 13 0	1 13 0	1 11 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 4 0
Midnapore	1 12 0	1 11 0	1 7 0	1 10 0	1 9 0	1 6 0	3 8 0	3 10 0	3 12 0
Chittagong	1 8 0	1 8 0	1 9 0	1 4 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 10 0
Dacca	2 4 0	2 0 0	2 3 0	2 0 0	1 11 0	1 13 0	4 6 0	4 4 0	3 7 0
Pabna	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 8 0	1 8 0	1 8 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
Rangpur	2 4 0	2 4 0	1 12 0	1 14 0	1 14 0	1 6 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 0 0
Serajganj (Pabna)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sarisabari (Mymensingh) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Narayanganj (Dacca)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Marts.	Rice local (common quality).			Wheat.			Raw cotton.		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Calcutta	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 6 0	2 15 0 to 3 0 0	3 15 0	16 0 0	16 0 0	20 4 0
Burdwan	3 4 0	3 4 0	3 6 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
Midnapore	2 14 0	2 13 0	2 14 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chittagong	3 4 0	3 4 0	3 12 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacca	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 4 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pabna	3 4 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rangpur	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
Serajganj (Pabna)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sarisabari (Mymensingh) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Narayanganj (Dacca)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Marts.	Coal.			Raw jute (weighted average).			*Gur* (sugarcane).		
	Present return.	Next preceding return	Corresponding return of last year	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Calcutta	0 6 6	0 6 6	0 6 6	3 13 3	3 12 6	4 10 6	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 4 0
Burdwan	..	..	..	..	..	.	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 4 0
Midnapore	..	..	..	..	..	..	3 8 0	3 8 0	6 0 0
Chittagong	..	..	..	..	..	..	6 0 0	6 0 0	5 12 0
Dacca	..	..	..	..	..	..	5 4 0	5 0 0	6 12 0
Pabna	..	..	..	..	..	..	3 8 0	3 8 0	5 0 0
Rangpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	4 0 0 to 4 8 0	4 0 0 to 4 8 0	5 8 0
Serajganj (Pabna)	..	..	..	3 2 6	3 1 6	3 11 0	..	..	..
Sarisabari (Mymensingh) ..	..	..	..	3 12 0 to 2 14 0	3 12 0 to 2 12 0	3 8 0 to 4 12 0	..	..	..
Narayanganj (Dacca)	..	..	..	4 0 0 to 2 6 0	3 7 0 to 2 13 0	3 0 0 to 4 9 0	..	..	..

Dacca, the 23rd November 1933.

S. ABDULLAH, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

Prices-current (retail) of common rice and salt in the districts of Bengal for the first half of November 1933.

Districts and Marts.	Quantity per rupee in seers of eighty tolas.								
	Common rice.						Salt.		
	Average.			Cheapest.					
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	S Ch	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.									
24-Parganas—									
1 Chetla Hat ..	11 5	(n)	11 7	13 4	(n)	13 4	16 0	(n)	14 8
2 Mogra Hat ..	11 7	11 7	11 14	12 5	12 12½	13 5	16 0	16 4	13 5
3 Calcutta-Beliaghata	9 10	9 10	10 10	11 7	11 7	12 5	13 0	13 0	13 0
Nadia—									
4 Goari	11 8	11 8	11 8	(n)	(n)	11 8	13 0†	13 0†	13 0†
5 Ranaghat ..	11 0	11 0	12 5	(n)	(n)	12 5	13 0†	13 0†	13 0†
Murshidabad—									
6 Berhampore ..	12 8	12 8	13 4	13 8	13 8	13 12	14 0*	14 0*	14 0*
7 Kandi	15 0	16 0	14 0	16 0	16 8	14 8	14 8†	15 4†	14 8
8 Jangipur ..	13 8	13 0	14 8	14 8	14 0	15 0	15 0†	15 0†	15 0
Jessore—									
9 Sadar	13 0	12 0	12 0	14 0	13 0	14 0	14 0* 15 0	14 8* 15 8	13 0†
10 Bongaon ..	11 0	11 0	12 0	13 0	13 0	15 0	13 8 12 8*	13 8 12 8*	13 0 11 0*
Khulna—									
11 Sadar	10 0	10 0	12 0	11 0	11 0	13 8	13 0†	13 0†	13 8†
12 Bagerhat ..	11 0	11 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	15 0	13 8	13 8	13 8
BURDWAN DIVISION.									
Burdwan—									
13 Sadar	12 0	12 0	9 10	11 0	11 0	11 8	13 8 16 0*	13 8 16 0*	16 0* 13 0
14 Kalna	10 4	10 4	11 4	11 8	11 12	11 12	16 0†	16 0†	16 0*
Birbhum—									
15 Suri	13 0	13 0	12 0	16 0	13 8	14 0	14 0	14 0	14 0
16 Rampurhat ..	15 0	15 0	14 0	15 8	16 0	15 0	16 0	16 0	16 0
Bankura—									
17 Sadar	13 0	13 0	12 8	14 0	14 0	13 0	14 0†	14 0†	14 0* 13 0
18 Vishnupur ..	13 12	13 8	12 8	15 0	15 0	14 0	13 0	14 0	13 0

* Karkach. (n) Not reported.

N.B.—The prices of Karkach and Liverpool salt tally with each other in marts marked †.

Prices-current (retail) of common rice and salt in the districts of Bengal for the first half of November 1933.

Districts and Marts.	Quantity per rupee in seers of eighty tolas.								
	Common rice.						Salt.		
	Average.			Cheapest.					
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
Burdwan Division—*concld.*									
Midnapore—									
19 Sadar	14 8	14 4	14 8	15 0	15 8	15 2	15 0*	15 0*	14 0*
20 Contai	13 0	13 0	16 0	15 0	14 0	17 0	32 0‡	32 0	16 0
Hooghly—									
21 Sadar	12 0	11 0	11 6	14 0	13 4	13 4	15 3	15 0	13 0
22 Arambagh ..	13 0	13 0	14 0	14 0	14 0	14 10	13 8 13 4*	13 8 13 4*	13 0* 13 11
Howrah—									
23 Sadar	11 4	11 0	8 0	13 0	13 4	12 0	16 0	16 0	12 0
24 Uluberia ..	11 8	11 8	12 0	13 0	13 0	15 0	16 0	16 0	16 0
Rajshahi Division.									
Rajshahi—									
25 Rampur-Boalia ..	12 8	12 0	13 0	16 0	16 0	15 0	13 8 13 0*	13 8 13 0*	12 0†
26 Nator	(n)	(n)	15 0	12 0	12 0	15 0	12 0†	12 0†	12 0†
27 Dinajpur—Railbazar Hat.	13 4	12 8	12 8	14 4	14 8	13 8	14 0†	14 8 14 0*	11 0 13 0*
28 Jalpaiguri—Sadar ..	10 0	9 0	11 8	11 0	10 0	12 12	13 0	13 0	10 8
Darjeeling—									
29 Sadar	9 0	9 0	9 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	10 0 8 0*	8 8 7 0*	9 8†
30 Siliguri ..	11 0	10 0	11 0	12 0	11 0	13 0	11 0†	11 0†	11 0†
Rangpur—									
31 Sadar	10 2	10 2	13 8	13 13	13 13	14 8	12 8	12 8	11 4
32 Nilphamari ..	(n)	(n)	10 8	11 0	11 0	10 8	12 8*	12 8*	12 0
33 Bogra—Sadar ..	11 10	(n)	14 4	12 0	12 0	15 4	12 0	12 0	12 0
Pabna—									
34 Sadar	11 6	11 6	13 0	12 6	13 0	14 0	13 4	13 8† 13 4*	13 8
35 Serajganj ..	11 4	11 8	13 0	12 4	12 8	15 0	16 0 15 0*	16 0 15 0*	13 0 11 8*
Malda—									
36 Sadar	14 0	14 0	14 0	15 0	14 8	16 0	14 0†	14 0†	13 0†
37 Balia—Nawabganj	15 0	15 4	14 4	16 8	16 8	16 4	15 0 14 8*	15 0 15 0*	13 12†

*Karkach. (n) Not reported.

N. B.—The prices of Karkach and Liverpool salt tally with each other in marts marked †.

‡ Owing to profuse supply the price has been lessened.

Prices-current (retail) of common rice and salt in the districts of Bengal for the first half of November 1933.

Districts and Marts.	Quantity per rupee in seers of eighty tolas.								
	Common rice.						Salt.		
	Average.			Cheapest.					
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
DACCA DIVISION.									
Dacca—									
38 Sadar	10 10	10 8	12 12	13 5	13 5	14 4	13 5†	13 5†	12 0†
39 Mirkadim ..	13 8	12 8	14 8	14 8	14 0	16 0	13 4*	13 4*	14 0* 13 8
Mymensingh—									
40 Nasirabad ..	10 0	10 0	10 0	11 0	11 0	11 14	12 0*	12 0*	12 5*
41 Netrakona ..	(n)	(n)	13 0	11 12	11 12	13 0	14 8 12 8*	14 8 12 8*	18 2 11 4*
Faridpur—									
42 Sadar ..	11 0	11 0	11 0	12 8	12 8	13 0	12 8†	12 8†	11 0†
43 Rajbari .	11 0	11 0	10 8	13 0	13 0	13 8	12 0	12 0†	12 0†
Bakarganj—									
44 Barisal ..	9 4	10 0	13 0	10 0	10 8	14 0	13 0†	14 0†	14 8 13 6*
45 Pirojpur ..	10 0	12 0	12 8	10 4	12 4	12 14	11 0†	11 0†	11 0†
CHITTAGONG DIVISION									
Tippera—									
46 Comilla ..	10 0	9 7	12 5	13 5	13 5	14 9	12 13 10 10*	12 13 10 10*	12 13 10 10*
47 Chandpur ..	10 0	11 4	14 0	13 0	12 4	16 0	13 0 12 0*	13 5 12 4*	13 0
Noakhali—									
48 Kalitara Hat ..	9 8	9 8	10 0	13 0	10 0	11 0	13 0 10 8*	13 0 10 0*	11 0 10 0*
49 Feni Hat ..	12 0	12 0	14 0	13 0	13 0	14 0	14 0 10 0*	14 0 10 0*	11 4* 13 0
Chittagong—									
50 Sadar	10 0	10 0	10 8	14 0	14 0	12 0	16 0	16 0	14 8
51 Cox's Bazar ..	11 0	10 0	9 8	12 0	11 0	10 0	13 0	13 0	13 0
52 Chittagong Hill Tracts —Rangamati ..	14 0	14 0	10 0	18 0	18 0	12 0	6 8* 13 0	6 8* 13 0	5 0* 12 0

* Karkach. (n) Not reported.

N. B.—The prices of Karkach and Liverpool salt tally with each other in marts marked †.

Dacca, the 23rd November 1933.

S. ABDULLAH, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

Vital statistics of towns with a population of 50,000 and over of the Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 18th November 1933.

Districts.	Nos.	Towns.	Population under registration according to Census of 1931.			Births registered		Deaths registered.																								
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still-births).	Still-births registered.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Cerebrospinal meningitis	Malaria.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Kala-azar.	Other fevers	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Influenza.	Pneumonia.	Phthisis	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries including suicide.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes. Male.	Total of all causes. Female.	Total of all causes. Total.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Male.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Female.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Total.
Calcutta ..	1	Calcutta ..	814,948	381,786	1,196,734	718	59	4	4	..	5	26		1	.	9	36	30	5	19	87	52	61	14	7	281	357	308	665	323	289	612
Burdwan ..	2	Asansol Mining Settlement.	209,544	173,136	382,680	246	5	1	..	..	.	6	1	..	..	..	55	5	.	.	6	1	7	1	1	45	75	54	129	77	47	124
Howrah ..	3	Howrah ..	145,120	79,753	224,873	164	7	..	.	.	.	7	6	..		..	6	8	10	..	12	6	11	4	3	45	65	53	118	44	61	105
Dacca ..	4	Dacca ..	79,365	59,153	138,518	118	8	..		..		1	3	..	..	2	2	4	1	..	16	3	16	..	2	28	46	32	78	39	30	69
24-Parganas ..	5	Bhatpara ..	60,134	24,841	84,975	46	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	.	.	..	8	..		1	1	.	1	..	1	2	7	7	14	5	14	19
Chittagong ..	6	Chittagong ..	35,049	18,107	53,156	30	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.		7	.	..	1	.	..	.	..	..	5	10	4	14	5	8	13

Calcutta, the 23rd November 1933.

R. B. KHAMBATA, M.R.C.S. (ENG.), L.R.C.P. (LOND.), D.P.H. (CAMB.), *Director of Public Health, Bengal.*

Statement of weekly gauge readings on the river Ganges at Rampur Boalia for the week ending the 18th November 1933.

Date	Hour	Height of surface above P.W.D. datum.	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum on the same date last year.	Remarks.
1933.				
12th November	7 a.m.	45 39	44·47	Value of 0= + 40·99 P. W. D.
13th „ ..	7 „	44·99	44·47	Zero of gauge referred to B M on Rajshahi College step ; value 64·73.
14th „	7 „	44·69	44 37	
15th „ . .	7 „	44·29	44·07	
16th „ .	7 „	44·04	43·77	
17th „	7 „	43·79	43·47	
18th „ .. .	7 „	43 69	43 12	

Highest recorded level on 26-8-1879=64·24.
Lowest recorded level on 24-4-1931=32·05.

J. MACKIE, *Subdivisional Officer,*
Irrigation Department, Rajshahi.

Rampur Boalia, the 19th November 1933.

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Registered No. C207



The Calcutta Gazette

Extraordinary

MONDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1933.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Political Department.

Political.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 13604P. —2nd December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 7, sections 10 and 12, sub-section (*2*) of section 14 and section 22 of the Port Haj Committees Act, 1932 (XX of 1932), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules, namely—

Rules.

1. These rules may be called the Calcutta Port Haj Committee Rules, 1933.

2. In these rules unless there is anything repugnant to the subject or context—

(*i*) "The Act" means the Port Haj Committees Act, 1932.

(*ii*) "Candidate" means any person who has been duly proposed and seconded for a seat on the Committee.

(*iii*) "Committee" means the Port Haj Committee of Calcutta constituted under the Act.

(*iv*) "Counting of votes" includes all operations involved in the counting of votes at an election of the Committee under the Act.

(*v*) "Election" means an election held under the Act.

Part I—Rules under section 7.

3. Electoral roll for the Calcutta Corporation constituency under clause (*b*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 4 of the Act shall be prepared and maintained by the Chief Executive Officer, Calcutta Corporation, who shall also act as the Returning Officer of this constituency.

Electoral roll for the general constituency under clause (*c*) of the said sub-section of the Act shall be prepared and maintained by the Registrar, Political Department, who shall also act as the Returning Officer of this constituency.

4. Any person may be nominated as a candidate for election subject to rules made under clause (*a*) of section 10 of the Act.

5. The Local Government shall appoint for each constituency a date for the nomination of candidates and shall publish such date in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

6. On or before the date so appointed for the nomination of candidates, each candidate shall either in person or by his proposer and seconder together, between the hours of 11 o'clock in the forenoon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon deliver to the Returning Officer a nomination paper completed in the form annexed to these rules and subscribed by the candidate himself as assenting to the nomination and by two persons as proposer and seconder whose names are registered on the electoral roll of the constituency.

7. The Local Government shall appoint a date for the scrutiny of nomination and on such date the Returning Officer shall give to the candidates or their representatives all reasonable facilities for examining the nomination papers of all candidates. The Returning Officer shall then examine the nomination papers and shall decide all objections which may be made to any nomination and prepare a list of valid nominations.

8. (*1*) If the number of duly nominated candidates is not greater than the number of vacancies, all such candidates shall be declared to be duly elected.

(*2*) If the number of duly nominated candidates is greater than the number of vacancies, a poll shall be taken and the Returning Officer shall, on or before the date fixed in this behalf by the Local Government, send by registered post to each elector a ballot paper, in the form annexed to these rules, together with an intimation of the date appointed by him for the counting of votes and shall enter on the counterfoil of each ballot paper the name of the elector to whom the ballot paper is sent.

9. An elector shall obtain the attestation of his signature, but not of his vote, by a Magistrate, exercising first class powers, or a Justice of the Peace or any head of a department under Government to whom he is personally known, or to whose satisfaction he has been identified. He shall then return his ballot paper to the Returning Officer after recording his vote thereon in accordance with the instructions on the ballot paper. The ballot papers which are not received by the Returning Officer before 5 p.m. on the day preceding the day fixed for the counting of votes shall be rejected.

10. The Returning Officer shall appoint a date, time and place for the counting of votes and shall give notice thereof in writing to the candidates On the day and at the time and place so appointed he shall—

(*a*) after scrutiny, separate the ballot papers which he deems valid from those which he rejects, endorsing on the latter the word "rejected" and the ground of rejection;

(*b*) count the votes given to each candidate, and declare the candidate or candidates with the largest number of valid votes to be elected.

11. Where on the counting of votes under rule 10, an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates and the addition of one vote will entitle any of the candidates to be declared elected, the determination of the person to whom such one additional vote shall be deemed to have been given shall be made by lot to be drawn in the presence of the Returning Officer and in such manner as he may determine.

12. Upon the completion of the counting of votes, the Returning Officer shall prepare and certify a return setting forth—

(*i*) the number of valid votes given for each candidate;

(*ii*) the number of votes declared invalid and rejected;

(*iii*) the names of the persons declared elected;

and submit the return to the Government of Bengal in the Political Department.

13. (*1*) If any person is elected by more than one constituency, he shall by notice in writing signed by him and delivered to the Returning Officers of both the constituencies within two days from the date of declaration of the result of such election, choose for which of these constituencies he shall serve and the choice shall be conclusive.

(*2*) When any choice for any constituency has been made, his election by the other constituency shall become void and the Returning Officer of this latter constituency shall then in the place of such candidate declare duly elected the candidate who has secured the largest number of valid votes among the candidates who has failed to secure the election and if there be no such candidate to be declared elected, the Local Government shall call the constituency to elect another person.

(*3*) If the candidate does not make the choice referred to in sub-rule (*1*) of this rule, the election of such person shall be void and the Returning Officer of each of those constituencies shall in the place of such candidate declare duly elected the candidate who has secured the largest number of valid votes among the candidates who has failed to secure the election and if there be no such candidate or candidates to be declared elected, the Local Government shall call upon the constituency or constituencies concerned to elect another person or persons

14. The elected members shall co-opt at a meeting four members preferably from among the elected Muslim members of the district boards in Bengal subject to the rules framed under clause (*a*) of section 10 of the Act.

Part II—Rules under section 10.

15. A person shall not be eligible for election, co-option or nomination as a member of the Port Haj Committee in Calcutta if such person—

(*a*) is not a British subject; or

(*b*) is under 30 years of age; or

(*c*) is an undischarged insolvent; or

(*d*) has been adjudged by a competent court to be of unsound mind; or

(*e*) having been a Government servant has been dismissed or is under suspension; or

(*f*) having been a legal practitioner has been dismissed or is under suspension from practising as such by order of any competent court; or

(*g*) has undergone imprisonment for an offence which in the opinion of the Local Government involves moral turpitude.

16. If any doubt or dispute arises as to the election and co-option of members the matter shall be referred to the Local Government whose decision shall be final.

17. (*1*) A nominated member may resign by notifying in writing his intention to do so to the Local Government and on such resignation being accepted shall be deemed to have vacated his office.

(*2*) An elected or co-opted member may resign by notifying in writing his intention to do so to the Chairman who shall forthwith lay such notice before the Committee at the meeting and on such resignation being accepted by the Committee at a meeting, he shall be deemed to have vacated his office.

18. (*1*) The Local Government may remove an elected or co-opted member on the ground of misconduct in the discharge of his duties if the removal is recommended by a resolution of the Committee passed at a special meeting called for the purpose and supported by the votes of two-thirds of the members of the Committee.

(2) The Local Government may remove any member—

(i) if he refuses to act or becomes incapable of acting or is declared insolvent or if after his election as member, he is convicted of an offence which in the opinion of the Local Government involves moral turpitude; or

(ii) if he absents himself from three consecutive meetings of the Committee except on account of illness or any other cause approved by the Committee and the Government; or

(iii) if he is considered to be unsuitable in the opinion of the Local Government.

19. If any nominated, elected or co-opted member is, by reason of his death, resignation or removal, unable to complete his full term of office the vacancy so caused shall be filled by the nomination, election or co-option of another person as the case may be. The person so nominated, elected or co-opted shall fill such vacancy for the unexpired remainder of the term for which such member would otherwise have continued in office.

Part III—Rules under section 12.

20. The term of office of the Chairman shall be for a period of three years from the date of his election and such term shall be held to include any period which may elapse between the expiry of the said three years and the date of the first meeting of the newly formed Committee held under the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 11 of the Act.

21. The Chairman shall, for the transaction of the business connected with the Port Haj Committees Act, 1932 (XX of 1932), or for the purpose of making any order authorised thereby, exercise all the powers vested by the Act in the Committee, and where by any other law power is vested in the Committee for any purpose, the Chairman may transact any business or make any order authorised by that law in the exercise of that power, unless it is otherwise expressly provided in that law:

Provided that the Chairman shall not exercise any power which is directed to be exercised by the members at a meeting.

The Committee at a meeting may delegate to the Executive Officer all or any of the powers of the Committee and upon such delegation the Chairman shall cease to exercise the powers so delegated to the Executive Officer.

The Chairman shall have authority to make appointments to posts carrying a pay not exceeding Rs. 75 per month, subject to the approval of the Committee.

22 (1) An elected Chairman may resign by giving notice in writing of his intention to do so before the members at a meeting and on such resignation being accepted by the members at a meeting the Chairman shall be deemed to have vacated his office.

(2) An appointed Chairman may resign by notifying in writing his intention to do so to the Local Government, and on such resignation being accepted shall be deemed to have vacated his office.

23. (1) A Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall be removeable by Government at any time if a no-confidence motion or a vote of censure is passed against the Chairman or the Vice-Chairman, as the case may be, by not less than two-thirds of the members at a meeting specially convened for the purpose.

(2) A Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall be removed from office if he becomes disqualified under these rules from being a member of the Committee.

(3) The Local Government may at any time remove a Chairman appointed by it, or elected by the Committee if, in its opinion, he is considered unsuitable.

24. If any Chairman is, by reason of his death, resignation or removal, unable to complete his full term of office, the vacancy so caused shall be filled by the election or appointment of another person as the case may be. The person so elected or appointed shall fill such vacancy for the unexpired remainder of the term for which such Chairman would otherwise have continued in office.

Part IV—Rules under sub-section (2) of section 14.

25. The Executive Officer shall be the principal Executive Officer of the Committee and shall act under the direction of the Chairman through whom he shall be responsible to the Committee.

The Executive Officer shall subject to the general control of the Committee, exercise such powers and perform such duties as the Committee may direct.

26. All other officers and servants of the Port Haj Committee shall be subordinate to the Executive Officer and to the Committee through the Executive Officer.

27. (*1*) The Executive Officer, other officers and servants appointed by the Committee or by Government, shall be governed by the Civil Service Regulations, Fundamental Rules and other rules relating to Government servants in respect of leave, retirement, pension, etc.

(*2*) The Executive Officer, other officers and servants appointed by the Committee, shall not be suspended, discharged, or dismissed unless such suspension, discharge or dismissal is recommended by a resolution of the Committee passed at a special meeting called for the purpose and supported by the votes of two-thirds of the members of the Committee

(*3*) The Executive Officer, other officers and servants of the Committee appointed by the Government, shall not be suspended, discharged or dismissed unless such suspension, discharge or dismissal is recommended by a resolution of the Committee passed at a special meeting called for the purpose and supported by the votes of two-thirds of the members of the Committee and the reason for such suspension, discharge or dismissal is considered by the Local Government to be cogent and satisfactory and the resolution approved by the Government.

28. (*1*) The Executive Officer shall be responsible for the proper discharge of the work of the office of the Port Haj Committee, the receipt by his staff of cash deposits, the settlement of all claims by heirs of deceased pilgrims and giving of assistance and advice to all pilgrims arriving in Calcutta, residing in the musafirkhanas and the making of suitable arrangements for pilgrims' needs at the time of their embarkation and disembarkation on return to Calcutta. He shall work under the direction of the Chairman to whom he shall refer all matters that he is not competent to decide for himself.

(*2*) The Executive Officer shall tour over such mufassal districts of the province from which the majority of pilgrims hail and shall organise and reorganise the mufassal Haj Committees and give them proper instructions with regard to the pilgrimage.

(*3*) The Executive Officer shall inspect the licences of the pilgrim brokers or muallims and shall report to the licence issuing authorities if in his opinion the holder of such a licence is found undesirable to act as a pilgrim broker or muallim.

(*4*) The Executive Officer shall be responsible for applying for police guards in the musafirkhanas and at the railway stations during the Haj season and on board the ships prior to the day of embarkation. The police guards will act under the directions of the Executive Officer.

(*5*) The Executive Officer shall have authority to make appointments to posts carrying a pay not exceeding Rs. 30 per mensem, subject to the approval of the Chairman.

29. The other officers of the Port Haj Committee shall assist the Executive Officer in discharging his duties specified in these rules and shall exercise such powers as may be delegated to them by the Executive Officer.

Part V—Rules under section 22.

30. Unless the Local Government otherwise directs, all sums received on account of the Haj funds shall be paid into any bank used as a Government treasury and shall be credited to an account to be called the account of the Port Haj Committee in Calcutta.

31. The Committee may invest any money not required for immediate use either in Government securities, or in any other form of security which may be approved of by the Local Government or in fixed deposit in the Imperial Bank of India.

32. In addition to the objects prescribed in section 18 of the Act the Committee may apply the Haj funds to—

(*1*) publicity and carrying on of propaganda work regarding Haj pilgrimage,

(*2*) any other matter which is likely to promote the cause of Haj pilgrimage.

33. (*1*) The Committee besides the fixed establishment charges may incur an expenditure to the limit of Rs. 250 at a time without sanction of Government and approval of the Local Government will be necessary when such expenditure exceeds this limit:

Provided that no payment shall be made by the Bank out of the Haj fund, except upon a cheque signed by the Chairman and the Executive Officer, or in the event of the illness or absence from the port of Calcutta of the Chairman or the Executive Officer by any two members duly authorised by the Committee.

(*2*) Payments shall ordinarily be made by cheque, but sums of less than Rs. 50 may be paid from permanent advance. Every item of expenditure shall be entered in a bill in the form prescribed. Bills and other papers presented for payment shall be examined by the Executive Officer and if the claim is admissible, the authority is proper and the signature is true and in order the Executive Officer shall make an order to pay on the bill and sign it. The Executive Officer shall be personally responsible that the bill is complete and affords sufficient information as to the nature of the payment and that the payee actually receives the sum passed and gives a legal acquittance.

34. The Committee shall, in the month of August in each year, prepare a complete account of the actual and expected receipts and expenditure for that year together with a budget estimate of the income and expenditure of the Committee for the next year.

The Committee shall then decide upon the appropriations and the ways and means contained in the budget estimate and, by resolution sanction a budget which shall be submitted to the Local Government for their approval on or before the 1st September in each year for transmission to the Government of India not later than the first day of October in each year. But before transmitting the estimate to the Government of India, the Local Government may, if it thinks fit, disallow such estimate or any portion thereof and return the same for amendment. The Committee shall, when the estimate is returned by Government for amendment, immediately amend such estimate and resubmit the amended estimate to Government for transmission to the Government of India.

35. The Committee shall keep accounts of all receipts and expenditure in proper registers to be maintained for them The accounts of the Port Haj Committee Fund shall be audited by Government auditors each year and arrangement for the publication of the accounts together with the audit report shall be made.

36. The Committee shall submit an annual report to the Local Government reviewing the work done by the Committee during the preceding year. The Committee shall also furnish to the Local Government any returns or statements that may be called for by it.

37. The Local Government shall have full control over the Port Haj Committee in respect of financial matters.

Nomination Form.

The Port Haj Committee of Calcutta.

I propose (name in full)

(Designation)

(Address)

as a candidate for election to the Port Haj Committee of Calcutta from the *

Date

Signed (name in full)
(Designation)
(Address)

I second the above proposal.

Signed (name in full)
(Designation)
(Address)

Date

I agree to this nomination.

Signature of candidate ....
Date... ....

Ballot Paper.

The Port Haj Committee of Calcutta.

Counterfoil No.

Election by

Number of seats to be filled

Names of candidates.	Votes to be indicated by marking a ×

....

Signed in my presence by..............
who is personally known to me (or who has been identified to my satisfaction).

Signature of elector.
Address.......... ... .

J. P.
Magistrate of the 1st class
Head of a Department of Government.

Date..... ....

Instructions.

1. Not more than one vote may be given to any candidate.

2. Votes may not be given to more candidates than there are members to be elected.

3. The date appointed for the counting of votes is and ballot papers must be sent to the returning officer so as to reach him before 5 p.m. of

Note.—The edges of the voting paper shall be gummed in order that the elector may seal it and so keep his vote secret. The attested signature shall be detached before the votes are counted.

*Here mention the electoral body.

No. 13605P.—2nd December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rules 5 and 7 of the Calcutta Port Haj Committee Rules, 1933, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint for all the constituencies the 9th December 1933 as the date for the nomination of candidates and for the delivery of nomination papers to the Returning Officers and the 11th December 1933 as the date for the scrutiny of nominations.

No. 13606P.—2nd December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 8 of the Calcutta Port Haj Committee Rules, 1933, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the 12th December 1933 as the date on or before which the Returning Officers for the Calcutta Corporation and General constituencies prescribed in clauses (b) and (c) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Port Haj Committees Act, 1932 (XX of 1932), shall send ballot papers to the electors of those constituencies.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Printed at the Bengal Government Press, Alipore, and published by the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, on the 4th December 1933.

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS.

For the week ending on the 15th November 1933.

Summary.—Excepting light showers in parts of some East and North Bengal districts, the week was rainless. Cultivation of spring crops and harvesting of early winter paddy are progressing under favourable conditions. Prospects of standing crops are generally satisfactory. No report of gratuitous relief has been received from the distressed area of Murshidabad. The average price of common rice for the province has fallen by about 0·17 per cent. as compared with that of the previous week.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
1	24-Parganas ..	Nil	11 5/16	11 5/16	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient except in police-stations Bhangore and Canning. Export and import are normal. No damage to crops.
	Diamond Harbour.	Nil	10½	10½	
	Barrackpore ..	Nil	11	11	
	Baraset ..	Nil	10½	10	
	Basirhat ..	Nil	10½	10½	
2	Nadia ..	Nil	11½	(*n*)	Weather seasonable. Prospects of *rabi* crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Kushtia ..	Nil	13½	13½	
	Meherpur ..	(*n*)	(*n*)	11	
	Chuadanga ..	Nil	12	12	
	Ranaghat ..	Nil	11	13	
3	Murshidabad ..	Nil	12½	12½	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are favourable. Stock of rice is sufficient. No large import or export. Fodder and water are sufficient in all subdivisions except in certain areas of thana Nabagram where fodder is insufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from thana Suti in Jangipur subdivision.
	Lalbagh ..	Nil	12½	13	
	Jangipur ..	Nil	14	14	
	Kandi ..	Nil	15	15	
4	Jessore ..	Nil	13	13	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. No large export or import. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Jhenidah ..	Nil	11	11	
	Magura ..	Nil	11	11	
	Narail ..	Nil	10	10	
	Bongaon ..	Nil	11	11	
5	Khulna ..	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable and its effects on crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Satkhira ..	Nil	10½	10½	
	Bagerhat ..	Nil	11	10	

(*n*) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. This week.	Previous week.	Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
6	Burdwan ..	Nil	(n)	13½	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Asansol ..	(n)	(n)	11	
	Katwa ..	Nil	12½	12½	
	Kalna ..	Nil	11	11	
7	Birbhum ..	Nil	14	13	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Rampurhat ..	Nil	14½	14½	
8	Bankura ..	Nil	13	13¾	Weather seasonable. Sowing of *rabi* crops continues. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Vishnupur ..	Nil	13¾	13¾	
9	Midnapore ..	Nil	14⅝	14⅝	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of winter rice is going on. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient except in the affected parts of Contai. Cattle-disease is reported from Kharagpur police-station.
	Contai ..	Nil	13	10	
	Tamluk ..	Nil	10	10	
	Ghatal ..	Nil	13¼	13¼	
	Jhargram ..	Nil	13½	12	
10	Hooghly ..	Nil	12	11½	Weather cloudy. Prospects of standing crops are on the whole fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Serampore ..	Nil	12	12	
	Arambagh ..	Nil	13	13	
11	Howrah ..	Nil	10½	10½	Weather seasonable. Its effects on standing crops are favourable. No large export or import. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Uluberia ..	Nil	11½	11½	
12	Rajshahi (Rampur-Boalia).	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable. Conditions of standing crops fair. Fodder and water sufficient.
	Naogaon ..	Nil	14½	14	
	Nator ..	Nil	11¼	11¼	
13	Dinajpur ..	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable. Its effects on agricultural operations are favourable. Prospects of standing crops are satisfactory. Cattle-disease is reported from Buchaganj in Thakurgaon subdivision.
	Thakurgaon ..	Nil	10	10	
	Balurghat ..	Nil	13	13	
14	Jalpaiguri ..	Nil	9½	9½	Weather cloudy. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Alipur ..	0·09	9	9	

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
15	Darjeeling ..	0·74	9	9	Weather condition fair. Prospects of standing crops are fair. No agricultural operation is in progress now at Kalimpong. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Kurseong ..	1·79	11	11	
	Siliguri ..	Nil	10⅓	11½	
	Kalimpong ..	Nil	7½	7	
16	Rangpur ..	Nil	10	10	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Nilphamari ..	Nil	10	10	
	Kurigram ..	Nil	10¼	10¼	
	Gaibandha ..	Nil	10½	10½	
17	Bogra ..	Nil	12	12	The effect of weather condition on standing crops is fair. Prospects of *rabi* crops are expected to be fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
18	Pabna ..	Nil	13⅛	13	Weather seasonable. Condition of standing *aman* paddy and *rabi* crops is good except in a small khas mahal area in Serajganj. Harvesting of *aman* paddy is in progress. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Serajganj ..	Nil	11½	11½	
19	Malda ..	Nil	14½	14½	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Sowing of *rabi* crops continues. Cattle-disease is reported from Gazole thana. Fodder and water are available.
20	Cooch-Behar ..	0·07	10⅝	12 5/16	Weather seasonable. Preparation of lands for tobacco and other *rabi* crops continues. Sowing of mustard seeds and transplantation of tobacco seedlings are going on. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Cattle-disease is reported from Sitalkuchi police-station. Fodder and water are sufficient.
21	Dacca ..	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable. Rainfall at North Sadar (Kapasia) nil. Prospects of standing crops are promising. Harvesting of *aman* paddy is going on. No large export or import. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Araihazar police-station in Narayanganj subdivision.
	Manikganj ..	Nil	12	12	
	Narayanganj	Nil	10	10	
	Munshiganj ..	Nil	12½	12½	
22	Mymensingh ..	Nil	10	10	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are fair. Sowing of *rabi* crops continues. Fodder and water are adequate.
	Jamalpur ..	Nil	11	11	
	Tangail ..	Nil	11	11½	
	Netrakona ..	Nil	12½	12½	
	Kishorganj ..	Nil	12	12	

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
23	Faridpur ..	Nil	11	11	Weather seasonable. Condition of standing crops is fair. Harvesting of *aman* paddy has commenced. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Goalundo (Rajbari).	Nil	11	11	
	Madaripur ..	Nil	12	12	
	Gopalganj (*a*) ..	Nil	12	12	
24	Bakarganj (Barisal).	Nil	10⅜	10⅜	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Pirojpur ..	Nil	10	11	
	Patuakhali ..	Nil	9¼	(*n*)	
	Dakshin Shabazpur (Bhola).	Nil	10	9 11/16	
25	Chittagong ..	0·02	{ 11 12*	11 12* }	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crop are fair. Harvesting of *aman* crop commences. Fodder and water are sufficient. Panga salt sells at 13 seers per rupee at Sadar and 12 seers at Cox's Bazar.
	Cox's Bazar ..	1·27	11	11	
26	Tippera (Comilla).	Nil	10	10	Weather and condition of crops are fair.
	Brahmanbaria	Nil	12	12	
	Chandpur ..	Nil	12	11½	
27	Noakhali ..	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are fair. Paddy seedlings are withering for want of rain and to some extent damaged by insect-pests. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Feni ..	Nil	13	13	
28	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	0·18	16	14	Weather seasonable. Its effects on agricultural operations and standing crops are favourable. Fodder and water are sufficient.
29	Tripura State	Nil	14¼	14¼	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Condition of cattle is good. Cotton sells at Rs. 10 to Rs. 14 and jute at Re. 1-8 to Rs. 5 per maund.

*Burma rice. (*n*) Not reported.

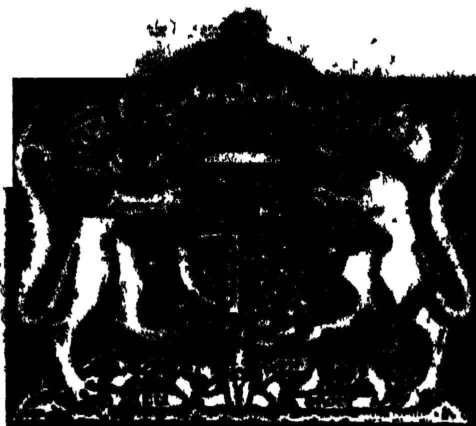
(*a*) The rainfall at Haridaspur, which is very near to Gopalganj, is shown here.

Dacca, the 20th November 1933.

S. Abdullah, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

Registered No. C207

No. 49 of 1933



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1933.

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PART I

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

Orders by the Government of Bengal.

No. 11791A.

Appointments and Transfers.

General.

Chittagong.—No. 11483A.—23rd November 1933.—Mr. A. S. Hands, C.I.E., I.C.S., on leave, is appointed to be Magistrate and Collector, Chittagong.

Chittagong-Midnapore.—No. 11486A.—23rd November 1933.—Mr. H. S. E. Stevens, I.C.S., Magistrate and Collector, Chittagong, is appointed to be Magistrate and Collector, Midnapore.

Midnapore-Chittagong.—No. 11496A.—23rd November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 10 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Sukumar Basu, I.C.S., Additional District Magistrate, Midnapore, to be Additional District Magistrate, Chittagong, and to direct that he shall have during the period he is so employed all the powers of a District Magistrate under the said Code and under all other laws in force in that district.

Murshidabad.—No. 11547A.—25th November 1933.—In modification of the orders of the 26th October 1933, Maulvi Aminullah, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Murshidabad, was in charge of the Sadar subdivision of that district from the 5th October to the [illegible] October 1933, inclusive.

Jessore - Khulna - Rajshahi - Malda.—No. 11649A. — 29th November 1933.—Mr. Sailendra Nath Guha Ray, I.C.S., officiating Additional District and Sessions Judge, Jessore and Khulna, is appointed temporarily to act as District and Sessions Judge, Rajshahi and Malda.

Bogra.—No. 11686A.—30th November 1933.—Babu Gour Chandra Mandal, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bogra, is appointed temporarily to have charge of the Sadar subdivision of that district.

Tippera.—No. 11690A.—1st December 1933.—Babu Srimanta Kumar Das Gupta, M.B.E., Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Tippera district.

Presy. Divn.—No. 11703A.—1st December 1933.—Maulvi Muhammad Abdul Khaliq, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Presidency Division.

Midnapore.—No. 11793A. — 4th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 10 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. P. J. Griffiths, I.C.S., officiating Magistrate and Collector, Midnapore, to be Additional District Magistrate of that district, and to direct that he shall have during the period he is so employed all the powers of a District Magistrate under the said Code and under all other laws in force in that district.

POLICE.

Dinajpur. — No. 11661A.—30th November 1933.—Khan Bahadur Habibur Rahman, Deputy Superintendent of Police, is posted temporarily to the headquarters station of the Dinajpur district, on being relieved of his officiating appointment as Superintendent of Police of that district.

Confirmations.

POLICE.

No. 11706A.—1st December 1933.—The officiating Deputy Superintendents of Police named below are confirmed in the Bengal Police Service, with effect from the dates shown against their names:—

Mr. S. Stratton—1st February 1933.

Khan Sahib Ruknuddin Ahmad—6th May 1933.

Rai Sahib Rajendra Nath Basu—18th July 1933.

Rai Sahib Hriday Nath Datta—18th July 1933.

Leave.

GENERAL.

Bakarganj.—No. 11572A.—27th November 1933.—Mr. Aziz Ahmed, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Patuakhali, Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for two days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

No. 11582A. — 27th November 1933.—Mr. F. A. Sachse, C.I.E., I.C.S., Member, Board of Revenue, Bengal, is allowed leave on half average pay for one day, under rule 81 (d) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 29th August 1933.

Noakhali.—No. 11618A.—28th November 1933.—Babu Badanya Kumar Ray, Sub-Deputy Collector, Feni, Noakhali, is allowed leave on average pay, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, from the 2nd January 1934 to the 12th March 1934, inclusive.

Dinajpur.—No. 11621A.—28th November 1933.—Maulvi Fazlur Rahman (No. II), Sub-Deputy Collector, Thakurgaon, Dinajpur, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and twenty-one days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd November 1933

Dinajpur.—No. 11627A.—28th November 1933.—Babu Kshitish Chandra Haldar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dinajpur, is allowed leave on average pay for five days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

Khulna.—No. 11631A.—28th November 1933.—Babu Satya Prasanna Banarji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Khulna, is allowed leave on average pay for seven days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 16th December 1933.

No. 11711A.—2nd December 1933.—Babu Jatindra Mohan Chatarji (No. I), Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for nine days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 4th November 1933.

POLICE.

Dacca.—No. 11586A.—27th November 1933—Rai Sahib Manmatha Nath Mukharji, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-eight days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

Chittagong.—No. 11587A.—27th November 1933.—Mr. K. Tolson, probationary Assistant Superintendent of Police, Chittagong, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty days, under rule 81 (b) (i) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

Malda. — No. 11644A. — 29th November 1933.—Mr. Hira Lal Shaha, officiating Superintendent of Police, Malda, is allowed leave on average pay for twelve days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 11th December 1933.

Jessore. — No. 11645A.—29th November 1933. — Maulvi Arifuddin Ahmad Quadiri, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Jessore, is allowed leave on average pay for four months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

NOTICE.

Calcutta, the 1st December 1933.

An open competitive examination for admission to the Indian Civil Service will be held in London beginning on the 25th July 1934. The latest date for the receipt of applications by the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, is the 8th May 1934.

2. Copies of the prescribed application form, together with the rules, regulations, syllabus, etc., of the examination may be obtained from the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Political.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 13508P. — 1st December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 24 of the Bengal Suppression of Terrorist Outrages Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XII of 1932), the Governor in Council is pleased to invest Babu Sudhir Kumar Mazumdar, Sadar Subdivisional Magistrate, Midnapore, with the powers of a Special Magistrate under the said Act.

No. 13523P.—2nd December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7, sub-section (*6*) of the Cinematograph Act, 1918 (II of 1918), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the film entitled "A Night in Cairo (Syn.)", produced by Metro-Goldwin Myer Corporation shall be deemed to be an uncertified film in the whole of the Bengal Presidency.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Jails.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal.

No. 24708.—30th November 1933.—Mr. A. H. W. Leonard, M.B.E., made over executive charge of the Dacca Central Jail to Mr. E. A. Rampezotti, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on the forenoon of the 24th November 1933.

R. E. FLOWERDEW, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

ERRATUM.

No. 6434Pl.—4th December 1933.—In Form B, appended to Government notification No. 6378 Pl., dated the 28th November 1933, as published at pages 1744-1752 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 30th idem, make the following corrections:—

1. In the heading—

(*i*) *for* "Form B (*vide* rules 3, 6, 7 and 8)"
read "Form B (*vide* rules 3-6, 8-11, 20 and 21)"

(*ii*) *for* "Fee Rupees ten (?) only for Calcutta and Rupees five (?) for other districts."
read "Fee Rupees ten only for Calcutta and the Municipality of Howrah, and elsewhere Rupees five only" and

(*iii*) *for* "No. of 1930"
read "No. of 193 ."

2. In item 1 of the "conditions" given therein—

for "Bengal Public Places of Amusement Act"

read "Bengal Places of Public Amusement Act".

G. P. HOGG.

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 11792A.

Powers.

Calcutta.—No. 11577A. — 27th November 1933.—The Reverend R. E. Lee, M.C., Presidency Senior Chaplain, Church of Scotland, Bengal, is appointed under the provisions of section 22, Act V of 1898, to act as a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the town of Calcutta.

Dacca.—No. 11684A.—30th November 1933.—Babu Chandra Sekhar Mitra, Deputy Magistrate, Dacca, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Appointments and Transfers.

Mymensingh.—No. 8552J.—28th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(*a*) to confer upon Babu Purna Chandra Bhattacharji the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Mymensingh, for a period of three years, from the 14th December 1933, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district,

(*b*) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Sadar bench in the said district, and

(*c*) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

24-Parganas.—No. 8564J.—28th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Mr. Bimal Chandra Ghosh, an Honorary Magistrate of the Alipore bench, the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for the period during which he has been directed to sit as a member of the said bench—

(*a*) in respect to cases brought before the said bench, within the limits of the jurisdiction of the said bench, and

(*b*) in respect to such cases as may be made over to him, when sitting singly, within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district.

Bakarganj. — No. 8566J.—28th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Babu Surja Prasanna Bajpai, an Honorary Magistrate of the Pirojpur bench, the powers of a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of Bakarganj, for the period during which he has been directed to sit as a member of the said bench—

(*a*) in respect to cases brought before the said bench, within the limits of the jurisdiction of the said bench, and

(*b*) in respect to such cases as may be made over to him, when sitting singly, within the limits of the Pirojpur subdivision of the said district.

Bogra.—No. 8568J.—28th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(*a*) to confer upon Babu Mohini Mohan Roy the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Bogra, for a period of three years, from the 5th December 1933, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district,

(*b*) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Sadar bench in the said district, and

(*c*) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

Jessore - Mymensingh.—No. 8570J.—28th November 1933.—Maulvi Muhammad Hanif Bhuya, who last acted as a munsif at Narail, in the district of Jessore, is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Mymensingh, to be ordinarily stationed at Jamalpur, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Sailesh Chandra Sen Gupta, or until further orders

Rangpur. — No. 8578J.—29th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(*a*) to confer upon each of the gentlemen named below the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Rangpur, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and

(*b*) to direct him to sit as a member of the Gaibandha bench in the said district—

Babu Jitendra Nath Ray.

Babu Raj Chandra Barman Ray Chaudhuri.

Maulvi Meheruddin Ahmed.

Calcutta. — No. 8585J.—29th November 1933.—Under rule 4 (3) of the Rules regarding the management and discipline of the House of Detention in Calcutta, published with notification No. 8033J., dated the 12th December 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Miss Gita Chatarji as a member of the Visiting Board for the control and management of the House of Detention at 85, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta, for a period of two years, with effect from the 11th December 1933.

Dinajpur-Mymensingh.—No. 8610J.—30th November 1933.—Babu Kalipada Mukharji, officiating munsif of Balurghat, in the district of Dinajpur, is appointed to act as a munsif, in the district of Mymensingh, to be ordinarily stationed at Bajitpur, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Shaharuddin Ahmed, or until further orders.

Leave.

Calcutta.—No. 8722J.—2nd December 1933.—Dr. Sarat Chandra Basak, M.A., D.L., Acting Senior Government Pleader, High Court, Calcutta, is granted leave without allowance from the 5th October to the 15th November 1933. This cancels the notification No. 7174-J., dated the 10th October 1933, published at page 1408, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 19th October 1933.

Jessore-Khulna.—No. 8724J.—2nd December 1933.—Babu Madhu Sudan Ray, Additional Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Jessore and Khulna at Khulna, is allowed leave on average pay for the period from the 20th November 1933 to the 2nd December 1933, under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Dacca.—No. 8595J.—30th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Pyari Mohan Mandal, a member of the Sekharnagar union board, within the Serajdikhan police-station, in the Munshiganj subdivision of the Dacca district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section.

Dacca.—No. 8596J.—30th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Pyari Mohan Mandal, a member of the Sekharnagar union board, within the Serajdikhan police-station, in the Munshiganj subdivision of the Dacca district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section.

Dacca.—No. 8598J.—30th November 1933—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Prafulla Chandra Sen, a member of the Autshahi union board, within the Tangibari police-station, in the Munshiganj subdivision of the Dacca district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section.

Dacca.—No. 8599J.—30th November 1933—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Prafulla Chandra Sen, a member of the Autshahi union board, within the Tangibari police-station, in the Munshiganj subdivision of the Dacca district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section.

Khulna. — No. 8601J. — 30th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Benoy Lal Ray Chaudhuri, a member of the Magura union board, within the Tala police-station, in the Satkhira subdivision of the Khulna district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Bijan Lal Ray Chaudhuri, deceased.

Faridpur.—No 8616J. — 30th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Char Atra union board within the Janjira police-station in the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Munshi Abdul Aziz.
Munshi Abdul Karim.
Munshi Ismail Tapadar.
Munshi Sabid Ali Sikdar.
Munshi Abdur Rahman Matbar.

Faridpur.—No. 8617J. — 30th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Char Atra union board within the Janjira police-station in the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Munshi Abdul Aziz.
Munshi Abdul Karim.
Munshi Ismail Tapadar.
Munshi Sabid Ali Sikdar.
Munshi Abdur Rahman Matbar.

Mymensingh.—No. 8752J.—2nd December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Arjuna union board within the Gopalpur police-station in the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Maulvi Dulauddin Khan.
Munshi Abdur Rahman Khan.
Munshi Torap Ali Khan.
Munshi Abdul Based Khan.
Munshi Samir Sarkar.

Mymensingh.—No. 8753J.—2nd December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Arjuna union board

within the Gopalpur police-station in the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Maulvi Dulauddin Khan.
Munshi Abdur Rahman Khan.
Munshi Torap Ali Khan.
Munshi Abdul Based Khan.
Munshi Samir Sarkar.

N. G. A. EDGLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

24-Parganas.—No. 6489M.—9th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Baranagar Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, out of 11 seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), two seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

24-Parganas. — No. 6490M.—29th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to determine, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Baranagar Municipality at a meeting, that the number of Commissioners to be elected from each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected.	Number of seats, included in column 2, reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3
I	2	.
II	4	1
III	3	1
IV	2	.

Birbhum.—No. 6493L.S.-G.—29th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with section 22 of the General Clauses Act (Bengal Act I of 1899) and after consideration of the views of the Birbhum district board and the Sadar local board of Suri, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that notification No. 2592L.S.-G., dated the 23rd May 1921, so far as it relates to the establishment of a union board at Kendua in thana Suri in the Suri subdivision of the Birbhum district shall be amended as follows:—

For the entries relating to the Kendua union board in the table appended to the said notification, *substitute* the following:-

Name of district board—Birbhum.

Name of local board—Suri.

Name of thana—Suri.

Name of union.	Name of mauzas constituting a local area.	Jurisdiction list number.
Kendua	Kendua	100 (1)
	Hatzanbazar	101
	Kabirpur	37
	Rastampur	36 (3)
	Faridpur	33 (6)
	Manpur	31
	Akhermath or Khurutia	32
	Kulera	30
	Khosnatore	99
	Jamal	75
	Fatehpur	98
	Gobra	38 (5)
	Mukharia	72
	Maliha	73
	Keobona	71
	Desalpur	39 (2)
	Haraipur	70 (4)
	Haripur	40
	Dhananjoybati	55
	Ekdala	74
	Mediabad	29
	Sadarpur	34

Noakhali.—No. 6495L.S.-G.—29th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919) and after consideration of the views of the Noakhali district board and Sadar local board the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that each of the following local areas in thana Sundwip, in the Sadar subdivision of the Noakhali district shall be declared a union for the purpose of the Act.

2. In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 6 of the said Act, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to establish union boards for each of the unions hereby declared and to fix nine as the number of members of each union board.

3. In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*3*) of section 6 of the said Act the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that one-third of the members of each union board shall be appointed by the District Magistrate on the grounds that such appointment is necessary for the due representation of minorities and of different interests within the union.

4. This cancels so much of notification No. 1129L.S.-G., dated the 3rd April 1928, as relates to the establishment of the Bauria union board, and takes effect from the date

on which the next reconstitution of that board falls due:—

District board—Noakhali.

Local board- Noakhali (Sadar).

Thana—Sundwip.

Name of union.	Names of mauzas constituting the union with their jurisdiction list number.	
Bauria ...	Char Bauria	60
	Bauria	61
	Kuchia Hora	64
	Thak Bauria	86
	Thak Kuchiamora	94
	Char Kuchiamora	97
Haramia .	Kachiapar	62
	Char Kachiapar	63
	Haramia	65
	Tak Kachiapar	85

No. 6503L.S.-G.—30th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 16 of the Bengal Motor Vehicles Tax Act, 1932 (Bengal Act I of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to exempt the motor vehicle of the Jewish Burial Board from the payment of tax under the said Act, subject to the provisions of rule 19.

Calcutta.—No. 6505L.S.-G.—30th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 16 of the Bengal Motor Vehicles Tax Act, 1932 (Bengal Act I of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to exempt from the payment of tax under the said Act the motor cars and lorries which belong to the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta and are used exclusively for their work subject to the provisions of rule 19.

Calcutta.—No. 6507L.S.-G.—30th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 16 of the Bengal Motor Vehicles Tax Act, 1932 (Bengal Act I of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to exempt motor car belonging to the General Officer Commanding the Presidency and Assam District, and to the following officers on his staff—

(*i*) General Staff Officer, second grade,
(*ii*) Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General,
(*iii*) Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General,
(*iv*) Staff Captain, Presidency and Assam District, Calcutta,
(*v*) Embarkation Commandant, Calcutta,

when certified by the General Officer Commanding to be used ordinarily for the efficient performance of their military duties,

from payment of tax under the said Act, subject to the provisions of rule 19.

24-Parganas.—No. 6509M.—30th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (*g*) of section 8 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to alter the number of Commissioners of the South Subarban Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas from 12 to 14.

24-Parganas.—No. 6510M.—30th November 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 15th December 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the South Suburban Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas, out of eleven seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), two seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Bakarganj.—No. 6592M.—2nd December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (*g*) of section 8 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to alter the number of Commissioners of the Barisal Municipality in the district of Bakarganj from 21 to 24.

2. This cancels notification No. 6269M., dated 17th November 1933.

Bakarganj.—No. 6595M.—2nd December 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft rule will be taken into consideration on the 20th December 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Barisal Municipality in the district of Bakarganj, out of eighteen seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), six seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

2. This cancels notification No. 6272M., dated 17th November 1933.

Hooghly.—No 6633M - 5th December 1933 —In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct, after consideration of the views of the Serampore Municipality at a meeting, that -

(*1*) the Serampore Municipality in the district of Hooghly, shall for the purpose of election of Commissioners be divided into four wards as shown in columns 1 and 2 of the following table ; and

(*2*) these four wards of the said municipality shall be grouped into one special ward for the purpose of election to the seat reserved for the minority community in this municipality and that the number of Commissioners to be elected from the different wards (including the special ward) of the municipality shall be as shown in columns 3 and 4 of the table —

Number of ward	Boundaries or extent of ward	Number of seats other than the reserved seat shown in column 3 to which Commissioners are to be elected	Number of seat reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3	4
I	North Baidyabati Municipality	2	
	East The river Hooghly		
	South A portion of Lahiripara Street and Rai Bahadur Mahendra Chandra Lahiri's Street, Bhaduri Lane, a portion of Badamtala Street and Chatra Bazar Road up to Hara Babu's Ghat		
	West A line running along the west side of E I Railway line		
II	North The river Hooghly	3	
	East Newgate Street		
	South The Grand Trunk Road		
	West A line drawn from the Grand Trunk Road along the boundary of, but not including, Nabagram and Bara Chatra villages in Baidyabati Municipality, thence across the railway line, Rai M C Lahiri Bahadur Street, a portion of Lahiripara Lane, Bhaduri Lane, a portion of Badamtala Street and a portion of Chatra Bazar Road meeting the river Hooghly at Hara Babu's Ghat		1
III	North The river Hooghly, thence along Newgate Street and the Grand Trunk Road	3	
	East The river Hooghly		
	South The Distillery Lane, the Grand Trunk Road, Jannagar Road and continuation of that road beyond the E I Railway line up to the point commonly known as Trenching Ground Road where the road meets the eastern boundary of Ghoramara village		
	West A line drawn along the boundary of, but not including, Ghoramara and Rajyadharpur villages meeting the Grand Trunk Road		
IV	North The Distillery Lane, the Grand Trunk Road, Jannagar Road and the continuation of that road beyond the E I Railway line up to the point where the road meets the eastern boundary of Ghoramara village	2	
	East The river Hooghly		
	South The northern edge of the drain to the north of the Auckland Road along the Grand Trunk Road up to the junction of Goalapara Road, the northern edge of the drain to the north of Goalapara Lane (Mahesh) and a line drawn across the Ryland Road to the west side of the E I Railway line along the Guru Garden and Simla Satghara Roads up to the point where the Simla Satghara Road crosses the eastern boundary of Ghoramara village near the fields of Dhananjoy Mandal, Hem Chandra Bemal, Shibu Padma and Bhola Nath Goari of village Simla Satghara		
	West A line drawn from the point where the Simla-Satghara Road crosses the eastern boundary of Ghoramara village, running along the boundary of, but not including, Ghoramara village, meeting the continuation of Jannagar Road beyond the E I. Railway line, commonly known as Trenching Ground Road.		

2. This cancels notification No 1018M, dated the 10th May 1915.

Chittagong. — No. 6501L.S.-G. — 30th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 16 of the Bengal Motor Vehicles Tax Act, 1932 (Bengal Act I of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to exempt the motor lorry belonging to the Chairman, Assam-Bengal Railway Station Committee, Pahartali, Chittagong, and solely used for sanitation purposes from payment of tax under the said Act, subject to the provisions of rule 19.

Howrah.—No. 6528M.—30th November 1933.—The following draft of an amendment containing additional by-laws which have been framed by the Commissioners of the Howrah Municipality at a meeting under section 26 of the Bengal Tramways Act, 1883 (Bengal Act III of 1883) and which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to confirm under section 26 of that Act, is hereby published, as required by the proviso to section 28 of that Act, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 2nd January 1934 and any objection or suggestion which may be received through the District Magistrate by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered.

Draft amendment.

After by-law 10 of the by-laws published under notification No. 78T.M., dated 23rd April 1910, the following by-laws shall be added, namely:—

"11. Every car before being put to use shall be presented before such officer as may from time to time be appointed in that behalf by the Municipal Commissioners and such officer shall fix the number of passengers that each car shall be allowed to carry.

The manager of the company shall be liable to a fine of Rs. 20 for infringement of the first part of this by-law.

12. The number of passengers each car is licensed to carry shall be painted inside the car in white on black ground in the following form:—"To seat ..passengers" and also in the Bengali language. Each letter shall be at least 2½ inches in width.

The manager of the company shall be liable to a fine of Rs. 20 for infringement of any of the provisions of this by-law.

13. When a tram car contains the full number of passengers which it is licensed to carry, the conductor shall not permit an additional person to enter or remain on the tram car.

The conductor shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 for an infringement of this by-law.

Explanation.—The word "manager" means and includes the principal officer in charge of the company's work at Howrah.

No. 6554L.S.-G.—2nd December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 16 of the Bengal Motor Vehicles Tax Act, 1932 (Bengal Act I of 1932), and in partial modification of notification No. 2568 L.S.-G., dated the 28th May 1932, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to exempt the following motor vehicles from the payment of tax under the said Act:—

((*a*) Motor vehicles certified by Officers commanding Auxiliary Force Units to be maintained by enrolled persons in their capacity as members of such units under a general or special order by a competent authority.

(*b*) Motor vehicles certified by Officers Commanding Territorial Force units to be maintained by persons in their capacity as members of the Indian Territorial Force as authorised by regulations made under section 14 of the Indian Territorial Force Act, 1920 (XLVIII of 1920).

(*c*) Motor conservancy car and watering carts maintained by a local authority or maintained under contract for a local authority and exclusively used for conservancy or watering purposes.

Hooghly. — No. 6632M. — 5th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Serampore Municipality in the district of Hooghly, out of eleven seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), one seat shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Medical

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

No. 3062Medl. — 30th November 1933. — Dr. Madhusudan Mukherji was allowed leave on half average pay for the 11th September 1933, under rule 81 (*d*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 1033Medl., dated the 8th April 1933.

Jalpaiguri.—No. 3074Medl.—2nd December 1933.—Lieutenant H. A. Young, I.M.D., Civil Surgeon, Jalpaiguri, was granted leave on average pay under Fundamental Rule 100 for one month, with effect from the 15th August 1933, or date of availing.

Mymensingh.—No. 3076Medl.—2nd December 1933.—Notification No. 428T.—Medl., dated the 20th September 1933, granting leave on average pay for thirteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, to Dr. Satya Ranjan Das Gupta of Jamalpur subdivision and dispensary, is hereby cancelled.

Calcutta.—No. 3079Medl. — 2nd December 1933. — Temporary Assistant Surgeon Dr. Dhirendra Nath Majumdar did supernumerary duty in the following institutions for the periods mentioned against them:—

I. At the Carmichael Hospital for Tropical Diseases—From the 23rd September to the 4th October and from the 8th to the 12th October 1933.

II. At the Medical College, Calcutta—From the 5th to the 7th October and from the 13th to the 21st October 1933.

III At the Presidency General Hospital—For one day, viz., the 22nd October 1933.

Public Health.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

Khulna. — No. 2026P.H. —29th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 101 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that the matter relating to the supply of water in the town of Bagerhat, at present placed under the control and administration of the Khulna district board under section 88 of the said Act shall be wholly transferred to the control and administration of the Bagerhat local board, with effect from the 1st December 1933, with adequate funds for the purpose of such control and administration.

H. P. V. TOWNEND,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Health, Bengal.

No. 13827A. —27th November 1933.—Babu Jatindra Mohan Ray, Assistant Analyst, Bengal Public Health Laboratory, is allowed an extension of leave on average pay for twenty-six days, from the 27th November to the 22nd December 1933, in continuation of the leave previously granted to him, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 13994A.—30th November 1933.—Babu Phanindra Krishna Das, Assistant Analyst, Public Health Laboratory, Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty days, with effect from the 20th November 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

R. B. KHAMBATA,

Director of Public Health, Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Darjeeling.—No. 3351Edn.—29th November 1933.—Mrs. G. E. Clark, Mistress, Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong, was allowed leave on average pay on medical certificate for the period from the 10th to the 24th June 1933 (both days inclusive), under the proviso to rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

2. This cancels the orders in notification No. 2467Edn., dated the 19th August 1933.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Mr. K. Nazim-ud-Din, C.I.E.

No. 3343Edn.—29th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (*i*) of sub-section (2) of section 66 of the Bengal (Rural) Primary Education Act, 1930 (Bengal Act VII of 1930), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to make the following rules regarding the manner of election of members of the District School Board under clause (*g*) of section 6 of the said Act:—

Rules under section 66 (2) (i) of the Bengal (Rural) Primary Education Act, 1930, regarding the manner of election of members of the District School Board under clause (g) of section 6.

1. In these rules—

(*a*) "Magistrate" means the Magistrate of the district or any Magistrate subordinate to the Magistrate of the district to whom he may delegate any of his powers under these rules;

(*b*) "the Act" means the Bengal (Rural) Primary Education Act, 1930;

(*c*) "election" means an election held under clause (*g*) of section 6 of the Act; and

(*d*) "thana" means a police-station.

2. All disputes arising under these rules other than objections under rule 21 shall be decided by the Magistrate and his decision shall be final.

3. The number of members to be elected from each subdivision to the Board shall be one for each subdivision in the case of districts consisting of more than one subdivision and two in the cases of those having only one (Sadar) subdivision.

4. The first election under these rules shall take place within such dates, not being more than six months after the Act comes into force, as the Local Government shall direct.

5. Every member of a union board or panchayet including the President and Vice-President and every member of a union committee, including its Chairman, shall be entitled to vote at an election.

6. The Magistrate shall, not less than ten weeks before the date fixed for the election, select one polling centre in each thana within the area of a subdivision and shall cause to be prepared a register of persons to vote at each such polling centre and then cause it to be published at such places within the thana as appear suitable to him. No person shall vote at any polling centre other than

the one in the register of which his name is borne. No person shall have the right to more than one vote at any centre. Any person whose name does not appear in the register and who claims the right of voting, and any person who considers that any name in the register ought to be removed may, within the two weeks of the publication of the register, apply to the Magistrate for the insertion of his name in or the removal of another name from the register and the Magistrate shall decide such application on a date to be previously intimated to the persons concerned and his decision shall be final.

The register of voters as amended after the claims and objections shall be considered to be final register of persons entitled to the vote at the election and no person whose name does not appear in such register shall be permitted to vote.

7. The Magistrate shall, at least ten weeks before the date fixed for the election, issue notices calling for nominations of candidates. Such notices shall be published at the office of every union board, union committee or President Panchayet within the subdivision. Within three weeks from the date of publication of the notices every person who is a candidate for election shall send his name to the Magistrate with the necessary particulars filled up in the following form supported by the signatures or thumb impressions of three electors whose names appear, on the date on which the nomination is sent, in the register of voters of the subdivision in which he proposes to stand. No names of candidates shall be received after the expiration of such period and no nomination shall be held to be valid unless the nomination form is properly filled in.

Form of the nomination of candidates for election to the District School Board.

Name of subdivision in which election is sought—

Name of candidate—

Address—

Number in voters list—

Particulars of qualifications—

Signature of candidate with date—

Names of 3 electors supporting—

Their numbers in the voters list—

Particulars of their qualifications—

Signatures or thumb impressions of electors supporting, with dates—

8. The Magistrate shall decide whether all of the nominated candidates are duly qualified for election and his decision on this point shall be final. He shall also, if possible, ascertain whether they are willing to take office.

9. A list of candidates who are duly qualified and who appear to be willing to take office shall be published at suitable places in the subdivision at least four weeks before the date fixed for the election. No candidate, whose name does not appear in such list, shall be considered eligible. A copy of the list of candidates for each subdivision shall be kept in the Magistrates' and subdivisional offices for perusal of the public.

10. If the number of candidates for each subdivision mentioned in the list published under rule 10 is not greater than the number of vacancies for that subdivision, the Magistrate shall at once declare such candidates to be duly elected.

11. If the number of candidates for the subdivision is greater than the number of vacancies, the election shall be held on the date already fixed and the names of the candidates and the hours between which the polling will take place shall be published at such places within the thana as appear suitable to the Magistrate.

12. The election for each subdivision shall be held at the polling stations selected under rule 6. The places and dates of election shall be notified at least one month before the earliest date fixed for election in a subdivision.

13. The date and the place at which and the hours between which, the polling in each thana shall take place shall be duly notified at such places within the thana as appear suitable to the Magistrate at least one month before the date of polling.

14. At the end of the second hour of the time fixed for the commencement of the polling, no elector shall be admitted within the building or enclosure within which the election proceedings are being held, but the votes of all duly registered voters who are already within the building or enclosure shall be recorded.

15. An elector duly qualified under rule 5 shall be entitled to vote for as many candidates as there are vacancies for the subdivision, but shall not give more than one vote for a single candidate.

16. All persons wishing to vote shall be present at the election. No votes by proxy or in writing shall be received.

17. No person shall vote at more than one centre.

18. The presiding officer for the election at a thana shall be the circle officer within whose circle the thana lies, or any officer selected by the District Magistrate in this behalf.

19. The proceedings shall commence by the presiding officer explaining the nature and object of the meeting to the assembled voters. He shall then read out the list of candidates and state the number of vacancies.

20 The presiding officer shall then proceed to take a poll for each candidate. He shall record the votes himself.

21. All objections to voters shall, if possible, be summarily decided by the presiding officer after reference to the register. No objection to a voter shall be entered except on the ground that he is not the person under whose name as entered in the voters' register he claims to vote.

22. The presiding officer shall on the conclusion of the poll seal up the records of the votes prepared by him and prepare a report stating the number of the voters who attended and the number of votes cast in favour of each candidate. The records sealed up and reports prepared by a presiding officer shall be forwarded without delay to the subdivisional

officer. When the subdivisional officer has received the records and reports from all the polling centres in the subdivision, he shall, after checking the records with reports, record a note in his own hand stating which of the candidates has received the largest number of votes and shall declare such candidate to be duly elected.

23. In the case of an equal number of votes being recorded in favour of two or more candidates, all of whom cannot be returned, selection shall be made from such candidates by lot in such manner as the subdivisional officer shall deem fit, and thereupon the candidate thus selected shall be declared to be duly returned.

24. If a candidate duly elected under the preceding rules declines to take office, the unsuccessful candidate, if any, who received the largest number of votes shall be held to have been elected. If there is no unsuccessful candidate, a fresh election shall be held to fill the vacancy thus created.

25. After all the subdivisional elections have been held the list of candidates duly elected for the Board shall be forwarded to the District Magistrate for publication in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

26. No election shall be invalidated on a point of form, provided that these rules have been complied with.

27. No election shall be invalidated on account of any irregularity whatever, unless it appears that the irregularity was such as materially to affect the results of the election

28. No person in the employment or pay of the union board, union committee or panchayet shall directly or indirectly engage in canvassing for votes or otherwise assist in the election of any candidate. Any breach of this rule will render him liable to dismissal.

29. All costs incurred in the preparation of the register of voters, the publication of notices, the holding of elections or taking any other necessary action under these rules shall be payable from the District Primary Education Fund.

Darjeeling-Bankura.—No. 3376Edn. — 2nd December 1933.—Babu Umesh Chandra De, District Inspector of Schools, Darjeeling, is appointed as District Inspector of Schools, Bankura, with effect from the 2nd January 1934, or any subsequent date on which he joins the appointment.

24-Parganas-Jessore-Darjeeling.—No. 3377-Edn.—2nd December 1933.—Mr. Fazlur Rahman, Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, 24-Parganas, now officiating District Inspector of Schools, Jessore, is appointed to act, until further orders, as District Inspector of Schools, Darjeeling, with effect from the 2nd January 1934, or any subsequent date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Umesh Chandra De, transferred.

Howrah.—No. 3380Edn. — 2nd December 1933.—Mr. Digindra Nath Dutt is appointed temporarily to act, until further orders, as Assistant Professor of Civil Engineering, Bengal Engineering College, with effect from the 2nd November 1933.

This cancels the orders in notification No. 1426T.Edn., dated the 21st October 1933.

Hooghly.—No. 3387Edn. — 4th December 1933.—The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Dr. S. A. H. Jafri, PH.D., Mutwalli of the Hooghly Imambara, to be a member of the governing body of the Hooghly College, constituted in terms of Government notification No. 745 Edn., dated the 3rd March 1932, for the remainder of its term, *i.e.*, up to the end of the academic session 1934-35, *vice* Maulvi Syed Altaf Hossain, resigned.

Calcutta.—No. 3394Edn. — 4th December 1933.—Mrs. Tatini Das, temporary Professor of Philosophy, Bethune College, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Principal of the College, with effect from the 2nd January 1934, or any subsequent date on which she joins the appointment.

No. 3412Edn.—4th December 1933. — In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*i*) of sub-section (2) of section 66 of the Bengal (Rural) Primary Education Act, 1930 (Bengal Act VII of 1930), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to make the following rules, regarding the manner of election of members of the Board under clause (*f*) of section 6 of the said Act:—

Rules under section 66 (2) (i) of the Bengal (Rural) Primary Education Act, 1930, regarding the manner of election of members of the Board under clause (f) of section 6 of the said Act.

1. Notice of the proposal to elect members to the Board and the date of the meeting at which such members are to be elected shall be sent by the Chairman to each member of the district board at least ten days previous to such date.

2. The names of the candidates shall be duly proposed and seconded actually in the meeting.

3. If the number of names proposed and seconded is not greater than the number of members to be elected, the Chairman shall declare the candidates proposed as elected.

4. If the number of names proposed and seconded is greater than the number of members to be elected, voting shall take place by ballot. On the result of the ballot, the Chairman shall declare the candidate or candidates having the largest number of votes to be elected. In the event of a tie or ties the Chairman shall exercise his casting vote. In the event of any dispute the matter shall be referred to the District Magistrate whose decision shall be final.

Registration.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Mr. K. Nazim-ud-Din, C.I.E.

24-Parganas.—No. 894Regn.—29th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) have been pleased to direct that the office of the Sub-Registrar of Dum Dum, in the district of the 24-Parganas, shall be abolished with effect from the 1st December 1933.

24-Parganas.—No. 895Regn.—29th November 1933.—In pursuance of section 5, subsection (*1*) of the Indian Registration Act, XVI of 1908, and in supersession of all previous notifications defining the jurisdiction of the sub-registry office at Cossipore, in the district of the 24-Parganas, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to form with effect from 1st December 1933 a registration sub-district, having jurisdiction over the police-stations of Baranagore, Dum Dum and Rajarhat, and to sanction the removal of the sub-registry office at Cossipore from Cossipore to Nager Bazar in mauza Dum Dum. The office shall be styled "The office of the Sub-Registrar of Cossipore, Dum Dum."

Midnapore.—No. 897Regn.—29th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Syed Shah Golam Mustafa Alquadri, Muhammadan Marriage Registrar and Kazi of Midnapore Sadar, temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-stations of Kharagpur and Kharagpur town, in the district of Midnapore, in addition to his own duties, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Muhammad Bazlur Rahim, or until further orders.

This cancels notification No. 709Regn., dated the 25th October 1933.

Midnapore.—No. 898Regn.—29th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Syed Shah Golam Mustafa Alquadri, Muhammadan Marriage Registrar and Kazi of Midnapore Sadar, temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-stations of Kharagpur and Kharagpur town, in the district of Midnapore, in addition to his duties, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Muhammad Bazlur Rahim, or until further orders.

This cancels notification No. 710Regn., dated the 25th October 1933.

Dacca. — No. 903Regn.—29th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Syed Abdul Basir temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-stations of Nawabganj and Dohar, in the district of Dacca, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Saiyid Abdus Samad, or until further orders.

Dacca. — No. 904Regn.—29th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Syed Abdul Basir temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-stations of Nawabganj and Dohar, in the district of Dacca, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Saiyid Abdus Samad, or until further orders.

Malda.—No. 909Regn. — 2nd December 1933.—Maulvi Fazlul Karim, officiating District Sub-Registrar of Malda, is allowed leave on average pay for four months, with effect from the 4th December 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

Burdwan.—No. 912Regn. — 4th December 1933.—In pursuance of section 5, sub-section (*1*) of the Indian Registration Act, XVI of 1908, and in supersession of notification No. 574 Regn., dated the 28th August 1933, defining the jurisdiction of the sub-registry office at Manteswar, in the district of Burdwan, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education, are pleased to form, with effect from the 15th December 1933, a registration sub-district at Manteswar, with jurisdiction over the police-station of Manteswar and unions Dogachhia, Bogpur and Makshimpur, in the jurisdiction of the police-station of Purbasthali.

Burdwan.—No. 913Regn. — 4th December 1933.—In pursuance of section 5, sub-section (*1*) of the Indian Registration Act, XVI of 1908, and in supersession of notification No. 575Regn., dated the 28th August 1933, defining the jurisdiction of the sub-registry office at Kalna, in the district of Burdwan, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to form, with effect from the 15th December 1933, a registration subdistrict at Kalna with jurisdiction over the police-station of Kalna and unions Samudragarh, Purbasthali, Jahanagar, Nandanghat and Kalikhantala in the jurisdiction of the police-station of Purbasthali.

H. R. WILKINSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

BENGAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

Dacca.—No. 53B.—27th November 1933.—Miss V. Alphonso, Principal, Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, was granted under Subsidiary Rule 275 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules leave on half pay for six days on medical certificate, with effect from 30th October 1933.

She was permitted to prefix to her leave Sunday, the 29th October 1933, and suffix to it Sunday, the 5th November 1933, provided the conditions prescribed in Subsidiary Rules 206 to 208 were fulfilled.

Calcutta.—No. 54B.--27th November 1933.—Babu Bankim Chandra Chatterjee, Head Master, Hare School, in the Bengal Educational Service, is granted under article 232 of the Civil Service Regulations combined leave for three months, with effect from 12th September 1933, viz., privilege leave on full pay for twenty-four days, under article 272, Civil Service Regulations, and furlough on average salary on medical certificate for the remaining period, under article 325A, Civil Service Regulations.

J. M. BOTTOMLEY,

Director of Public Instrn., Bengal (offg.)

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

Midnapore-Khulna. — No. 549. — 25th November 1933.—Babu Phani Bhusan Ray, Sub-Registrar of Egra, in the district of Midnapore, while stationed at Satkhira, in the district of Khulna, was on leave on average pay, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, for the periods from the 8th April 1932 to the 14th April 1932, inclusive, from the 11th May 1932 to the 10th June 1932, inclusive, and from the 20th June 1932 to the 14th August 1932, inclusive.

Jessore.—No. 550.—27th November 1933.—Maulvi Badiuzzaman, Sub-Registrar attached to Jessore, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 7th November 1933, or from any subsequent date on which he avails himself of it.

Noakhali.—No. 551.—29th November 1933.—Maulvi Mukhlesur Rahman, Sub-Registrar of Chagalnaya, in the district of Noakhali, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and eighteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 458, dated the 15th September 1933.

Midnapore - Jessore. — No. 552. — 29th November 1933.—Babu Sudhir Chandra Mitra, Sub-Registrar of Debra, in the district of Midnapore, under orders of transfer to Manirampur, in the district of Jessore, is allowed leave on average pay for two months and twenty days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave already granted to him in this department notification No. 508, dated the 30th October 1933.

Bakarganj. — No. 553. — 29th November 1933.—Maulvi Muhammad Ismail, Sub-Registrar of Pirojpur, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for eight days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 4th November 1933.

Bakarganj. — No. 554.—29th November 1933.—Babu Hara Prosad Chakrabutti, Sub-Registrar attached to Barisal, Bakarganj, officiating as Sub-Registrar of Amtoli, in the same district, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 10th November 1933.

Faridpur.—No. 555.—29th November 1933—Babu Kalyan Kumar Das Gupta, Sub-Registrar attached to Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 13th November 1933, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Murshidabad.—No. 556.—30th November 1933.—Maulvi Saiyid Zaki Reza, Sub-Registrar of Kandi, in the district of Murshidabad, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 13th November 1933.

Murshidabad.—No. 557.—30th November 1933.—Maulvi Khundkar Muhammad Ziaul Ahsan, Sub-Registrar attached to Berhampur, in the district of Murshidabad, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Kandi, in the same district, with effect from the 13th November 1933, during the absence, on leave, of the permanent incumbent, or until further orders.

Tippera.—No. 558.—30th November 1933.—Maulvi Wajehuddin Ahmed, Sub-Registrar of Muradnagar, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and twenty-two days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 514 dated the 4th November 1933.

S. AHMED,

Inspr.-Genl. of Registration, Bengal.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Finance.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 5998F. — 11th November 1933. — In exercise of the powers conferred by rules 41, 42 and 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Governor in Council and acting with his Ministers is pleased to make the following amendment to the Fundamental and Subsidiary Rules, namely:—

Amendment.

The amendments issued with the Bengal Government, Finance Department, memorandum No. 4360F., dated the 7th August 1933, shall be *cancelled* and the following note under clause (*b*) of item (*3*) of the Model leave terms for officers engaged on contract appearing below Fundamental Rule 103 shall be *inserted*, namely:—

"(*Government of Bengal's decision.*—If a part only of the vacation has been taken in any year, the period of leave on average pay will be reduced by a fraction of a month equal to the proportion which the part of the vacation bears to the full period of the vacation.)"

Audit.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 5969F.—8th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Governor in Council and acting with his Ministers, is pleased to make the following amendment in the Subsidiary Rules made under Fundamental Rule 44:—

Amendment.

For clause (*a*) of Subsidiary Rule 117 the following shall be *substituted*:—

(*a*) For a journey by railway or steamer, actual fares of the lowest class for themselves and for members of their families as defined in S. R. 23 (*f*).

D. GLADDING,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 6134Com.—29th November 1933.—Mr. B. N. Mitter, Inspector of Smoke Nuisances, Bengal, is allowed leave on average pay for five weeks, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

No. 6130Com.—29th November 1933.—The following notice published by Messrs. Barry & Co., Managing Agents of the Gaurepore Electric Supply Co., Ltd., in the "Statesman" of the 14th, 15th and 16th November 1933, is republished for general information in accordance with rule 13 (*4*) of the Indian Electricity Rules, 1922, framed by the Government of India under section 37 of the Indian Electricity Act, 1910 (IX of 1910). Any objection, suggestion or representation which may be received by the Joint Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Commerce Department, up to the 14th February 1934, in respect of the proposed amendments, will be duly considered by Government:—

NOTICE.

Draft Amendment to the Gourepore Electric License 1933.

We the undersigned have applied to the Government of Bengal for the amendment of clause 8 of above license as published in the *Calcutta Gazette* under notification No. 2164 Com., dated 28th March 1933.

The draft amendment will be inserted between the first and second paragraphs of the existing clause and will read as follows:—

"Energy shall also be supplied at the discretion of the licensees by three-phase alternating current at a frequency of 50 complete cycles per second at the following voltages between phases:—

Between the hours of 5-0 a.m. and 6-0 p.m. 525 volts.

Between the hours of 6-0 p.m and 5-0 a.m. 550 volts."

Clause 8, including the amendment, will then read as follows:—

"Nature of supply—Energy shall be supplied under this license by three-phase alternating current at a frequency of 50 complete cycles per second at a pressure of 6,000 volts between phases.

Energy shall also be supplied at the discretion of the licensees, by three-phase alternating current at a frequency of 50 complete cycles per second at the following voltages between phases:—

Between the hours of 5-0 a.m. and 6-0 p.m. 525 volts.

Between the hours of 6-0 p.m. and 5-0 a.m. 550 volts."

"The pressures stated above shall be as measured at consumers' terminals and shall be uniform, within the limits prescribed by the Indian Electricity Rules, 1922, throughout the area of supply.

Provided always that it shall be lawful for the Government from time to time to issue, with due regard to the expense involved and to the commercial prospects of the undertaking, regulations dealing with the above system of supply or to authorise other system or systems of supply to be adopted for the purpose of this license."

"Provided also that the licensees may from time to time, with the previous consent in writing of the Government of Bengal, and subject to such limitations and conditions as shall be prescribed in writing by the Government, adopt any other system of supply for the purpose of this license."

Printed copies of the draft amendment may be obtained at the registered office of the Company, No. 2, Fairlie Place, Calcutta.

Any person desirous of making representation to the Local Government with reference to the aforesaid draft amendment may do so by letter addressed to the Secretary to Government of Bengal within three months from date of this notice.

For and on behalf of the Gourepore Electric Supply Co., Ltd., Barry & Co., Managing Agents.

2, Fairlie Place, Calcutta, 13th November 1933.

* * * *

R. N. GILCHRIST,
Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 30Mne.—24th November 1933.—The following by-laws which have been framed by the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta under sections 6 and 13 of the Howrah Bridge Act, 1871 (Bengal Act IX of 1871), for the safe and convenient use of the bridge and approaches thereto, and also for the passage of ships, boats and vessels through the said bridge, in supersession of the by-laws published under notifications Nos. 33P.W.D., 86Mne., 123Mne., and 72Mne., dated respectively the 29th January 1876, 4th August and 16th November 1906 and 30th June 1911, are published for information under the provisions of section 24 of the said Act:—

Howrah Bridge By-laws.

1. *Definitions.*—The definitions contained in rule 2 of the Rules for the Port of Calcutta published under notification No. 29-Mne., dated 21st November 1933, shall, so far as the context requires, be deemed to be applicable to these by-laws.

2. *Movement through the Howrah Bridge.*—No vessel of or exceeding 200 tons nett register shall, without the special permission of the Harbour Master, move up or down through the ship opening or other opening of Howrah Bridge unless such vessel is propelled or towed by steam against the tide and taken at such a speed as is just sufficient to keep good steerage way, except that—

(a) tugs and inland steam vessels when not towing other vessels may drop through the ship opening under steam head to tide;

(b) river flats may be warped through the ship or the 60 feet opening when the speed of the current at the openings does not exceed 1 knot.

3. *Two flats only to be towed.*—No inland steam vessel shall pass through the ship opening with more than two flats in tow which shall be secured one on each side of the towing vessel.

4. *Limitation of beam.*—No inland steam vessel, the beam of which exceeds 30 feet and no inland steam vessel, with tow alongside, the beam of which added to the beam of the tow, exceeds 30 feet, shall proceed through the 60 feet opening of the Howrah Bridge unless such vessel is propelled or towed by steam against the tide.

5. *Towage of cargo boats.*—No inland steam vessel when proceeding through any of the bridge openings shall have in tow:—

(a) when proceeding with the tide, abreast more than one cargo boat, and astern more than two cargo boats,

(b) when proceeding against the tide, abreast more than one cargo boat and astern more cargo boats abreast than two.

6. *Steam vessels not to pass in the opening.*—No steam vessel shall attempt to pass another vessel whilst between the pontoons of the Howrah Bridge.

7. No steam vessel shall pass through any openings in the Howrah Bridge without first sounding one prolonged blast on its whistle or syren.

8. No inland steam vessel shall pass down through the east 60 feet opening or up through the west 60 feet opening.

9. *Restriction on vessels of high tonnage.*—No vessel of 100 tons nett register or upward shall be towed or passed through any openings of the Howrah Bridge when a red flag by day or a red light by night is hoisted on the flagstaff situated near the look-out house on the bridge without the special permission in writing of the Deputy Conservator or the Harbour Master.

10. *Vessels not to make fast to the bridge.* No inland steam vessel or small craft shall make fast to any pontoon or other part of the Howrah Bridge except in an emergency for the purpose of avoiding an accident.

11. *Applications for bridge openings.*—A monthly programme of the proposed bridge openings shall be available for public information on the first day of each month. Applications for the passage of inland steam vessels through the bridge shall be made to the Harbour Master or officer deputed by him at least 48 hours before the opening is required. After the passage of all vessels for which applications have been accepted by the Harbour Master and entered on his working list, the bridge shall immediately be closed.

II. Additional By-laws in force between dark and daybreak.

The following additional by-laws shall apply and be in force between dark and daybreak:—

1. *Movement of vessel.*—No vessel shall, between Juggernath Ghat on the north and Princeps Ghat on the south—

(a) proceed at a speed greater than 6 knots through the water,

(b) overtake and pass another vessel when approaching the bridge.

2. No vessel may pass through the ship opening of the bridge unless in tow of a steamer, or proceeding under her own power.

3. *Use of searchlight.*—No vessel which is approaching Howrah Bridge at the distance of a quarter of a mile or less, shall use a searchlight until she has passed through and is well clear of the bridge.

4. *Movements regulated by the Harbour Master.*—The movements of both inland steam vessels and ferry steamers shall be regulated by the Harbour Master or other officer deputed by him for this duty.

5. *Safety signal.*—No vessel shall approach the bridge opening for the purpose of passing through it while the danger or "stop" signal, which consists of a red light on the look-out house, is shown or until the safety signal, which consists of a green light, in the same position, is clearly shown.

No. 31Mne.—27th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (g) of sub-section (2) of section 52 of the Inland Steam-vessels Act, 1917 (I of 1917), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following steering rules to be observed by inland steam and motor vessels in Bengal:—

Steering rules.

1. These rules shall come into operation on the 1st January 1935. Until that date both the direct and the indirect systems of helm orders which are now in common use on inland vessels may continue to be used.

2. When a ship is going ahead, the order—

"Dahina" (vernacular equivalent of right) shall only be given when it is intended that the wheel, the rudder blade and the head of the ship should go to the right.

"Byah" (vernacular equivalent of left) shall only be given when it is intended that the wheel, the ruder blade and the head of the ship should go to port.

3. On vessels steered by hand-tiller, the order "Dahina" shall only be given if the rudder blade and the head of the vessel are to be moved to the right and the order "Byah" shall only be given if the rudder blade and the head of the vessel are to be moved to the left.

No. 32Mne.—1st December 1933.—The following amendment made by the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta under sub-section (1) of section 126 of the Calcutta Port Act, 1890 (Bengal Act III of 1890), to the by-law regulating the landing and discharge of petroleum in the port of Calcutta, published under this department notification No. 17Mne., dated the 16th May 1933, subject to the confirmation of the local Government, is published for general information, as required by sub-section (4) of the said section 126.

2. The by-law will be taken into consideration on the expiry of a month after the first publication of this notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and any suggestion or objection with regard thereto received by the undersigned within that period will be considered:—

Draft amendment.

Add the following to the note appearing at the end of the said by-law, viz.:—

"or to petroleum having a flash point of not less than 76°F by Abel's close test discharged at the petroleum berth in King George's Dock."

R. N. GILCHRIST,

Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

Industries.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Nawab K. G. M. Faroqui, Khan Bahadur.

Hooghly.—No. 5966Ind.—28th November 1933.—Babu Charu Chandra Ghosh, officiating Principal, Government Weaving Institute, Serampore, is allowed leave on average pay on medical certificate from the 24th October 1933 to the 23rd January 1934, inclusive, under the proviso to rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

He is also permitted under rule 82 (d) of these rules to prefix to his leave the Puja vacation of the Weaving Institute, extending from the 19th September 1933 to the 23rd October 1933.

Hooghly.—No. 5967Ind. — 28th November 1933.—Babu Surendra Nath Chakravarty, Superintendent of Textile Demonstrations, is appointed to act as Principal of the Institute, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 31st October 1933, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Charu Chandra Ghosh, or until further orders.

Agriculture.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Nawab K. G. M. Faroqui, Khan Bahadur.

No. 5977Agri.—28th November 1933.—Mr. P. K. Biswas, District Agricultural Officer, is appointed to act as Inspector of Agricultural Schools in the Bengal Lower Agricultural Service, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Tara Nath Ray, or until further orders.

Veterinary.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Nawab K. G. M. Faroqui, Khan Bahadur.

Calcutta.—No. 6058Vety.—2nd December 1933.—Babu Debendra Kumar Sen, Lecturer, Bengal Veterinary College, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and twenty-seven days, with effect from 2nd January 1934, under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules.

Calcutta.—No. 6059Vety. — 2nd December 1933.—Babu Satya Charan Mukherji, Assistant Lecturer, Bengal Veterinary College, is appointed to act as Lecturer of that College during the absence, on leave, of Babu Debendra Kumar Sen, or until further orders.

L. R. FAWCUS,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

No. 18797A.—1st December 1933.—Rai Sahib Kalidas Roy, Superintendent of Agriculture (Sugarcane), is granted under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average salary for two months and thirteen days, with effect from the 2nd January 1934, with permission to prefix X'mas and New Year's Day holidays to the above.

He will retire on the expiry of leave.

K. McLEAN,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 69L.—28th November 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Mahabala Co-operative Bank (registered No. 45 of 1927), in the subdivision Sadar in the district of Bogra, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Bogra, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 70L.—28th November 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Kalanja Co-operative Bank (registered No. 33 of 1922), in the subdivision Sadar in the district of Bogra, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Bogra, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 71L.—28th November 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Shibdaspur Co-operative Society (registered No. 143 of 1916), in the subdivision Rampurhat in the district of Birbhum, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Departmental Officer in charge of Rampurhat Circle to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 72L.—28th November 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Dhabani Joutha Bank (registered No. 84/Midnapore of 1924), in the subdivision Sadar in the district of Midnapore, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of

the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Departmental Officer in charge of Kharagpur Circle to be liquidator of the said society.

A. M. ARSHADALI,

Regr. of Co-operative Societies, Bengal (offg.)

Orders by the Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

No. 107Exc.—29th November 1933.—Babu Dwijendra Nath Chatterji (No. I), Inspector of Excise and Salt, Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay from 11th to 22nd December 1933, both days inclusive, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

S. K. HALDAR,

Commr. of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Land Revenue.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Murshidabad-24-Parganas.—No. 13643L.R.—23rd November 1933. Babu Subodh Chandra Das Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector, Jangipur, Murshidabad is appointed to be the Colonisation Officer, 24-Parganas, with effect from the date on which he takes over charge of his duties, *vice* Babu Suresh Chandra Das Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector.

Mymensingh-Rangpur.—No. 13946L.R.—30th November 1933.—Mr. F. O. Bell, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tangail, Mymensingh, is appointed to be an Assistant Settlement Officer in the district of Rangpur, with effect from the date on which he joins his settlement duties in that district.

Rangpur.—No. 13947L.R.—30th November 1933.—Under the provisions of section 3 (11) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Mr. F. O. Bell, I.C.S., is authorised to discharge, in the district of Rangpur, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights.

He is also vested with the powers of an Assistant Settlement Officer, under Chapter VII, Part I, of the rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act, in respect of the aforesaid area.

Bakarganj.—No. 14001L.R.—1st December 1933.—It is hereby notified that the survey carried out under the orders of Government, under section 3 of the Bengal Survey Act, 1875 (Bengal Act V of 1875), and sub-section (2) (d), of section 101 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), and particulars whereof have been embodied in the undermentioned notifications, is adopted as defining villages for the purpose of clause 19 (b) of section 3 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), in the police-station of Lalmohan in the district of Bakarganj—

No. 163L.R., dated 5th January 1932.
No. 163½L.R., dated 5th January 1932.

Bakarganj.—No. 14002L.R.—1st December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (b) of clause (7) of section 3 of the Land Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act VII of 1876), the Governor in Council is pleased to adopt the villages lying in the police-station of Lalmohan within the administrative units of the district of Bakarganj as surveyed and recorded under the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), and the Bengal Survey Act (Bengal Act V of 1875), in accordance with the notifications Nos. 163 L.R., dated 5th January 1932 and 163½ L.R., dated 5th January 1932, as defining mauzas for the purpose of that clause in the said police-station in that district.

Bakarganj.—No. 14003L.R.—1st December 1933.—It is hereby notified that the survey carried out under the orders of Government, under section 3 of the Bengal Survey Act, 1875 (Bengal Act V of 1875), and sub-section (2) (d) of section 101 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), and particulars whereof have been embodied in the undermentioned notifications, is adopted as defining villages for the purpose of clause 19 (b) of section 3 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), in the police-station of Amtali in the district of Bakarganj—

No. 163 L.R., dated 5th January 1932.
No. 164 L.R., dated 5th January 1932.

Bakarganj.—No. 14004L.R.—1st December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (b) of clause (7) of section 3 of the Land Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act VII of 1876), the Governor in Council is pleased to adopt the villages lying in the police-station of Amtali within the administrative units of the district of Bakarganj as surveyed and recorded under the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), and the Bengal

Survey Act (Bengal Act V of 1875), in accordance with the notifications Nos. 163 L.R., dated 5th January 1932 and 164 L.R., dated 5th January 1932, as defining mauzas for the purpose of that clause in the said police-station in that district.

Jalpaiguri.—No. 14007L.R.—1st December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 5 and 5A of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874 (XIV of 1874) and in supersession of notification No. 964T.R., dated the 5th November 1898, the Government of Bengal are pleased to extend the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (VIII of 1885), to the portion of the Jalpaiguri district known as the Western Duars, with effect from the date of the publication of this notification, subject to the following restrictions and modifications, namely:—

I. Sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 1 of the said Bengal Tenancy Act shall be *omitted*.

II. The words "in the territories to which this Act extends by its own operation" in sub-section (1) of section 2 of the said Act shall be *omitted*.

"III. Nothing in the said Bengal Tenancy Act other than the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 2 as modified by clause II of this notification shall apply to any lands heretofore or hereafter granted or leased by Government to any person or company under an instrument in writing for the cultivation of tea or for the reclamation of land under the Arable Waste Land Rules.

IV. Where there is anything in the said Bengal Tenancy Act which is inconsistent—

(*a*) with any rights or obligations of a jotedar, chukanidar, darchukanidar, adhiar or other tenant of agricultural land as defined in settlement proceedings heretofore approved by Government, or

(*b*) with the terms of a lease granted by Government to a jotedar, chukanidar, darchukanidar, adhiar or other tenant of agricultural land before the 5th November 1898, or

(*c*) with the terms of any lease renewed by Government on any date between the 5th November 1898 and the date of this notification or which may hereafter be renewed by Government by virtue of any renewal clause contained in such lease or in any subsequent renewed lease, or

(*d*) with the terms of any lease or renewed lease which may hereafter be granted by Government for such land at any time on or after the cancellation or the determination of any lease of the nature referred to in this paragraph under which such land was previously held,

such rights or obligations or terms shall be enforceable notwithstanding anything contained in the said Bengal Tenancy Act."

Jalpaiguri.—No. 14008L.R.—1st December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*d*) of sub-section (2) of section 101 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following amendments in notification No. 2024-T.R., dated the 2nd October 1931, published at pages 1383-84, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 5th November 1931, namely:—

(*1*) At the end of paragraph 1 of the said notification *after* the words "district of Jalpaiguri" *add* the words "other than lands granted or leased by Government to any person or company under an instrument in writing for the cultivation of tea or for the reclamation of land under the Arable Waste Land Rules."

(*2*) In paragraph 2 of the said notification—

(*i*) in clause (*a*) the words "or occupant" and in clause (*c*) the words "or occupier" shall be *omitted*; and

(*ii*) clauses (*b*) and (*g*) shall be *omitted*.

Jalpaiguri.—No. 14009L.R.—1st December 1933.—It is hereby notified that a record-of-rights and interests of all the persons connected with the soil holding on leases in forms "A" or "D" or other forms under the Arable Waste Land Rules applicable to the Western Duars in the district of Jalpaiguri, that is to say, in the tehsils of Mynaguri, Falakata, Alipur, Ambari-Falakata and Bhalka, will be made, and that the lands in which such persons are interested will come under resettlement on the expiry of the existing leases in accordance with the terms of such leases.

Pabna. — No. 14133L.R.—4th December 1933.—Under section 3 of the Bengal Survey Act, 1875 (V of 1875), the Governor in Council is pleased to order that a survey shall be made of all lands which are comprised in the estate mentioned below and the accretions thereto of the Pabna Collectorate and situated in the district of Pabna and that the boundaries of the estate, tenures, mauzas and fields be demarcated on the lands so to be surveyed:—

Temporarily-settled private estate.

Serial No.	Name of estate.	Tauzi No
1	Char Ashutosh	2431

Pabna.—No. 14134L.R. — 4th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 101 (*2*) (*d*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to order that a survey shall be made and a record-of-rights prepared in respect of all lands which are comprised in the following temporarily-settled estate and the accretions thereto of the Pabna Collectorate and situated in the district of Pabna:—

Name of temporarily-settled estate.

Serial No.	Name of estate.	Tauzi No
1	Char Ashutosh	2431.

The particulars to be recorded in the record-of-rights shall be the following:—

(*a*) the name of each tenant or occupant;

(*b*) the class or classes to which each tenant belongs, that is to say, whether he is a tenure-holder, raiyat holding at fixed rates, settled raiyat, occupancy raiyat, non-occupancy raiyat, or under-raiyat with or without a right of occupancy and if he is a tenure-holder, whether he is a permanent tenure-holder or not, and whether his rent is liable to enhancement during the continuance of his tenure;

(*c*) the situation and quantity and one or more of the boundaries of the land held by each tenant or occupier;

(*d*) the name of each tenant's landlord;

(*e*) the name of each proprietor in the local area or estate with the character and extent of his interest, and the situation and quantity and one or more of boundaries of the lands, if any, which are his private lands as defined in Chapter XI of the Act;

(*f*) the rent and cess lawfully payable by each tenant at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared;

(*g*) the amount payable in respect of any rights of pasturage, forest rights, rights over fisheries and the like at the time the record-of-rights is being prepared, the conditions and incidents appertaining to such rights and if the amount is gradually increasing amount, the time at which and the increments by which, it increases;

(*h*) the mode in which that rent has been fixed, whether by contract, by order of a court, or otherwise;

(*i*) if the rent is a gradually increasing rent, the time at which, and the steps by which, it increases;

(*j*) the rights and obligations of each tenant and landlord in respect of

(*i*) the use by tenants of water for agricultural purposes whether obtained from a river, jhil, tank or well or any other source of supply; and

(*ii*) the repair and maintenance of appliances for securing a supply of water for the cultivation of land held by each tenant, whether or not such appliances be situated within the boundaries of such land;

(*k*) the special conditions and incidents, if any, of the tenancy;

(*l*) any right-of-way or other easement attaching to the land for which a record-of-rights is being prepared;

(*m*) if the land is claimed to be held rent-free, whether or not rent is actually paid, and if not paid, whether or not the occupant is entitled to hold the land without payment of rent, and, if so entitled, under what authority:

Provided that if lands are not used for purposes connected with agriculture or horticulture, it shall be sufficient to record that fact together with the prescribed particulars relating to the occupant, the landlord and the tenancy.

Land Acquisition.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Khulna.—No. 13996L.A. — 1st December 1933.—Babu Bishnupada Bhattacharji, Subdivisional Officer, Bagerhat, in the district of Khulna, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that subdivision.

Bakarganj.—No. 13998L.A. 1st December 1933.—Babu Sudhir Chandra Ghose, Deputy Collector, Bakarganj, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that district.

Rajshahi.—No. 14015L.A.—1st December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government partly at the public expense and partly at the expense of the P. N. Girls' School Committee for a public purpose, viz., for improvement of the P. N. Girls' School, in the village of Rampur, jurisdiction list No. 202, thana Boalia, pargana Laskarpur, district Rajshahi, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land, comprising parts of cadastral plots Nos. 304 and 317, and measuring, more or less, 0·05 of an acre, is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Rampur.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Rajshahi.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Rajshahi.

Howrah.—No. 14021L.A.—1st December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the district board, Howrah, for a public purpose, viz., for widening the roadside drain of Andul-Ekabbarpur Road in the village by Dhulagore, jurisdiction No. 53, thana Sankrail, pargana Boro, district Howrah, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose eight pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 0·39 of an acre, bounded on the—

Plot No. 1:

North, South and West—By drain,

East—By lands of Nafar Ch. Sen and others,

Plot No. 2:

North, South and West—By drain,

East—By lands of Jatindra Nath Sen and others,

Plot No. 3:

North, South and West—By drain,

East—By lands of Bhupati Charan Manji,

Plot No. 4:

North and South—By drain,

East—By lands of Satis Chandra Koley,

West—By Andul-Ekabbarpur Road and drain,

Plot No. 5:

North, South and East—By drain,

West—By Andul-Ekabbarpur Road,

Plot No. 6:

North, South and West—By drain,

East—By lands of Milki Mofed Aimadar and others and Mohendra Nath Hazra,

Plot No. 7:

North and South—By drain,

East—By land of Bhupati Charan Manji,

West—By Andul-Ekabbarpur Road,

Plot No. 8:

North—By Gouri khal,

South and West—By drain,

East—By lands of Mohendra Nath Mudi and others,

are likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Dhulagore.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Howrah.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Howrah.

24-Parganas.—No. 14024L.A.—1st December 1933.—The services of Rai Jamini Mohan Ghosh Bahadur, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, employed as the Special Land Acquisition Officer at Alipore, 24-Parganas, are replaced at the disposal of the Appointment Department of this Government, with effect from the 1st January 1934, or any subsequent date on which he is relieved of the charge.

24-Parganas-Howrah-Hooghly.—No. 14028-L.A.—1st December 1933.—Babu Jogesh Chandra Mitra, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed as the Special Land Acquisition Officer at Alipore, 24-Parganas, vice Rai Jamini Mohan Ghosh Bahadur reverted to the general line, with effect from the 1st January 1934, or from any subsequent date on which he may join the appointment, and he is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in the districts of the 24-Parganas, Howrah and Hooghly.

Burdwan.—No. 14036L.A.—1st December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing the 1st, 2nd and part of the 3rd miles of Distributary No. 10 of the Branch Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Nrisinghapur, Serua, Bamunara and Jhujkadanga, jurisdiction list Nos. 29, 39, 27 and 44, respectively, thana Bhatar, parganas Burdwan and Azmatshahi, district Burdwan, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 69, 71, 72, 99, 103, 106, 150, 169 to 171, 178 to 180, 187, 189, 190, 192, 193, 387, 401 to 403, 564 to 566, 569 to 572, 577 to 579, 581 to 585, in mauza Nrisinghapur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1 to 5, 8, 9, 21 to 23, 25, 29, 30, 48, 49, 111 to 113, 223, 242, 244 to 247, 389, 392, 393, 1709 to 1712, 1716, 1717, 1721, 1722, 1753 to 1755, 1767, 1768, 1773, 1774, 1781, 1995, 2007, 2008, 2016 and 2047 in mauza Serua, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 106, 387, 417, 418, 459, 460, 463 to 468, 494 to 496, 500, 505 to 509, 511, 512, 636, 637, 639, 641 to 646, 1128 to 1131, 1134, 1135, 1150, 1151, 1153 to 1160, 1229, 2185, 2186, 2199, 2201, 2202, 2205, 2206, 2226, 2230, 2232 to 2235, 2238 to 2240, 2273 and 2275 in mauza Bamunara, and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 16, 17, 22 to 26, 98, 123, 141, 146, 147, 151 to 156, 172, 173, 198, 200 to 205 and 902 in mauza Jhujkadanga, and measuring, more or less, 14·96 acres, is likely to be required within the aforesaid villages of Nrisinghapur, Serua, Bamunara and Jhujkadanga.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Burdwan.

Dacca.—No. 14118L.A.—4th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that additional land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for improvement of the municipal portion of the Dacca-Narayanganj road, in the town of Dacca, in the mahalla of Faridabad, pargana Jahangirnagar, district Dacca, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose two pieces of land comprising part of cadastral survey plot No. 188 in Block No. I and part of cadastral survey plot No. 258 in Block No. II and altogether measuring, more or less, 0·0096 of an acre, is likely to be required within the aforesaid mahalla of Faridabad.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Dacca.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Dacca.

Dacca.—No. 14121L.A.—4th December 1933.—The Governor in Council is pleased to cancel notification No. 13819L.A., dated the 28th November 1932, under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, published at page 1959, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st December 1932 in respect of the proposed acquisition of 0·5748 of an acre of land required by the Dacca Municipality for the improvement of the municipal market known as Yusoff market, in the town of Dacca, in the mahalla of Kasaituli, pargana Jahangirnagar, zilla Dacca.

Burdwan.—No. 14124L.A.—4th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing 1st mile and part of the 2nd mile up to 3,296 feet of the Distributary No. 8A/1, Branch Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Gramdihi, Bigra and Dhandalsa, jurisdiction list Nos. 17, 16 and 24, respectively, thana Bhatar, pargana Burdwan, district Burdwan, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 2703, 2707 to 2714, 2720, 2784, 2785, 2794, 2799 to 2803, 2806, 3296 to 3299, 3303 to 3305, 3312, 3313, 3384, 3393 to 3397, 3444, 3446 to 3449, 3456 and 3457 in mauza Gramdihi and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1013 to 1021, 1028 to 1033 and 1131 in mauza Bigra and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1, 40, 42, 43, 46, 53, 55, 56, 59 to 61, 64 to 67, 86, 387, 400 to 405, 577, 597, 598, 603 and 608 to 611 in mauza Dhandalsa, and measuring, more or less, 6·75 acres, is likely to be required within the aforesaid villages of Gramdihi, Bigra and Dhandalsa.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in so much of the above land, as are not waste or arable, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 (4) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of section 5A of the Act shall not apply to the waste or arable portions of the land in this case.

Dacca.—No. 14127L.A.—4th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for opening out a mehtars' passage at Sha-Shaheb's Lane, in the town of Dacca, in the mahalla of Narindia, parganas Idgaon, Tappa Narindia, Jaffar Ujial-Tappa Narindia and Jahangirnagar, district Dacca, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 494, 495, 483, 478 and 481, and measuring, more or less, 0·0594 of an acre, is likely to be required within the aforesaid mahalla of Narindia.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Dacca.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Dacca.

24-Parganas.—No. 14130L.A.—4th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Kamarhati Municipality, for a public purpose, viz., for widening Verner Road Bye-Lane, in the village of Belgharia, jurisdiction list No. 3, thana Baranagar, pargana Calcutta, district 24-Parganas, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising a portion of cadastral plot No. 1216 and measuring, more or less, 0·0041 of an acre, is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Belgharia

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Commissioners of the Kamarhati Municipality.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the 24-Parganas.

Burdwan.—No. 14166L.A. 4th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing the portion of Distributary No. 6, (from chainage 96,089 feet to 105,433 feet), Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Mandalgram and Barapalashan, jurisdiction list Nos. 7 and 8 of thana Memari and in the village of Kuljora, jurisdiction list No. 126, in thana Manteswar, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land, comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 6715 6736, 6737, 6747 to 6751, 6754, 6811 to 6813, 6817, 6818, 6820 to 6824, 6836, 7192, 7193 7219 to 7224, 7234, 7239, 7240, 7244, 7245 7268 to 7270, 7282, 7283, 7285, 7287, 7295 to 7298, 9326, 9369 to 9371, 9373 to 9381 9429 to 9431, 9433, 9434, 9435, 9452, 9453 9455, 9557, 9558, 9560, 9564, 9596, 9598 and 9602 to 9604 in mauza Mandalgram, and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 7 to 10, 12, 14 to 18, 21 to 24, 49 to 52, 54, 62 and 934 in mauza Barapalashan and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1611, 1616, 1617, 1619, 1622 to 1624 and 1645 in mauza Kuljora, and measuring, more or less, 10·12 acres, is likely to be required within the aforesaid villages of Mandalgram, Barapulashan and Kuljora.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in so much of the above land as are not waste or arable, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 (*4*) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of section 5A of the Act shall not apply to the waste or arable portions of land in this case.

ERRATUM.

Burdwan.—No. 14018L.A.—1st December 1933.—In lines 14 to 16 of notification No. 11260L.A., dated the 9th October 1933, under section 48 (*1*) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, published at page 1421, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem, in respect of the withdrawal from the acquisition of six pieces of land, altogether measuring more or less 0·58 of an acre out of the area notified for acquisition in the villages of Shonpur and Kaligram, district Burdwan, under declaration No. 11544 L.A., of the 15th September, 1932, for the expression "Constructing 1st mile and 3,903 feet of the Main Canal of the Damodar Canal Project" *read* "constructing 1st mile and 3,903 feet of the Distributary No. 6/D, Main Canal of the Damodar Canal Project".

DECLARATIONS.

Faridpur.—No. 14012L.A.—1st December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Kushla union board for a public purpose, viz., for the

construction and extension of the Kushla-Majbari Road, in the village of Majbari, jurisdiction list No. 40, thana Kotwalipara, pargana Kotwalipara, district Faridpur, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising parts of cadastral survey plots Nos. 1672, 1673, 1668, 1687, 1723, 1721, 1720, 1719, 1702, 1699, 1698, 1697, 1770, 1769, 1768, 1841, 1837, 1839, 1838, 1864, 1866, 1870, 1872, 1878, 1876, 1932, 1933, 1925, 1924, 1917, 1918, and 1919, and measuring, more or less 2·42 acres, is required within the aforesaid village of Majbari.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Gopalganj.

Faridpur.—No. 14033L.A.—1st December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Faridpur District Board for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of an inspection bungalow at Bhatiapara, in the village of Barasur, jurisdiction list No. 62, thana Kasiani, pargana Naldi, district Faridpur, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising parts of cadastral plots Nos. 247 and 248 and measuring, more or less, 0·438 of an acre is required within the aforesaid village of Barasur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Gopalganj.

Forests.

NOTIFICATION.

Chittagong Hill Tracts Divn.—No. 14155-For.—4th December 1933.—On return from leave Mr. R. I. Macalpine, Deputy Conservator of Forests, is posted to the charge of the Chittagong Hill Tracts Division with headquarters at Rangamati.

This cancels Government notification No. 9928 For., dated the 30th August 1933.

Excluded Area.

NOTIFICATION.

Chittagong Hill-tracts. — No. 14085Ex.A —2nd December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 18 of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Regulation, 1900 (Regulation I of 1900), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following amendment in the rules for the administration of the Chittagong Hill-tracts, published under notification No. 123P.D., dated the 1st May 1900, at page 429, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 2nd May 1900, as subsequently amended:—

After rule 49 of the said rules, *insert* the following as rule 49A:—

"49A. If a headman has reason to believe that a joomia intends to migrate without paying the joom rent owed by him, he shall detain the property of the joomia and report the matter to the Chief. If the headman neglects to take such action, he will be responsible for the joom rent due from the defaulting joomia."

Miscellaneous.

ERRATUM.

No. 14000Misc.—1st December 1933. — In notification No. 10687Misc., dated the 14th September 1933, published at page 1331 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 21st September 1933, *for* the words "Babu Suckamoy Das" *substitute* the words "Babu Snehamoy Das."

H. C. V. PHILPOT,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Irrigation.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 11-I — 10th November 1933. — The following draft of an amendment, which, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 99 of the Bengal Irrigation Act, 1876 (Bengal Act III of 1876), the Governor in Council intends to make in the rules for the combined Damodar and Eden Canal (published in Bengal Government notification No. 6I., dated the 24th March 1933, at pages 487-509, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 30th idem), is hereby published for the information of the persons likely to be affected thereby.

II. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933 and any objections or suggestions received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendment.

At the end of the first sentence of rule 6 of the said rules *after* the word "received," the words "unless the time is extended by the Chief Engineer, Bengal, Irrigation Department" shall be *inserted.*

No. 12-I.—13th November 1933.—The following draft of amendment, which, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6 and 11 of the Canals Act (Bengal Act V of 1864), the Governor in Council intends to make in the rules and schedules of rates of tolls for the Midnapore Canal, with branch to Narayangarh, in supersession of Bengal Government notification No. 27-I., dated the 24th November 1931 (published at page 1537 in Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 3rd December 1931), is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 4th January 1934, and any objections or suggestions received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendment.

Schedule of rates of tolls to be charged on the Midnapore Canal and the Narayangarh Distributary.

Entering from both the east and the west.

Description.	Range I. 7 miles, Uluberia to Bansberia or *vice versa*.	Range III. 11 miles, Dainan to Panskura or *vice versa*.	Range IV. 11 miles, Panskura to Balichak or *vice versa*.	Range V. 13½ miles, Balichak to Mohanpur or 26 miles, Balichak to Narayangarh Distributary *via* Krishtanagar or 19½ miles, Mohanpur to Narayangarh Distributary *via* Krishtanagar or *vice versa*.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a. p.
Loaded vessel per 100 maunds	0 8	0 12	0 12	1 4 0
Empty vessel per 100 maunds	0 4	0 6	0 6	0 10 0
Timber in rafts or loose per timber ..	0 2	0 2	0 2	0 3 0
Piles in rafts or loose per 100 piles ..	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 10 0
Bamboos in floats per 100	0 4	0 4	0 4	0 6 6

NOTE.—Toll will be realised at Uluberia, Bansberia, Dainan, Panskura and Balichak toll stations.

No. 13-I.—30th November 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 6 of the Bengal Embankment Act, 1882 (Bengal Act II of 1882), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the provisions of clause (*b*) of section 76 of that Act shall take effect, on and from the 7th January 1934, over a tract of country extending for one furlong from each bank and over the bed of the Bidyadhari river between the limits, as specified in the following table:—

From			To			Approximate length in miles.	Bank.	District
Village.	Pargana.	Thana.	Village.	Pargana.	Thana.			
Tona, J. L. No. 18 ..	Calcutta ..	Bhangore	Ghunimeghi, J. L. No. 44.	Calcutta ..	Bhangore	9¼	Left ..	24-Parganas.
Uttar Swarupnagar, J. L. No. 19.	Balanda ..	Do. ..	Bamunia, J. L. No. 45.	Balanda ..	Do. ..	9¼	Right ..	Do.

H. C. V. PHILPOT,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

Buxa.—No. 9505For.—30th November 1933.—Consequent on the return of Mr. T. V. Dent, Assistant Conservator of Forests, from leave on the 30th November 1933, Babu Samson Sitling, probationary Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, is placed in charge of the Chilapata Range of the Buxa Division, with headquarters at Chilapata, with effect from the 5th November 1933.

E. O. SHEBBEARE,

Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

BENGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION

No. 3940L.C.—30th November, 1933.—It is hereby notified, in pursuance of rule 14 (9) of the Bengal Electoral Rules, that Sir Hari Sanker Paul, Kt., has been declared, under rule 14 (2) of the aforesaid Rules, to have been duly elected by the Calcutta South Central Non-Muhammadan Constituency to be a member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

J. W. McKAY,
Secy. to the Bengal Legislative Council

BOARD OF REVENUE, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Tippera.—No. 14618C.P.—30th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 2 of section 8 of the Bengal Land Revenue (Assistant Collectors) Regulations, 1821 (IV of 1821), the Board of Revenue authorises Babu Profulla Chandra Maulik, Settlement Kanungo, who has been placed on duty in connection with the maintenance, for the purposes of section 158A of the Bengal Act, 1885, of the record-of rights of the Sarail estate of Babu Kamala Ranjan Roy in the district of Tippera, to exercise and perform within the local limits of the said estate any of the powers and duties vested in the Collectors of Land Revenue under any enactment in force therein for the purpose of the said work of maintenance of the record-of-rights.

Noakhali.—No. 14619C.P.—30th November 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 2 of section 8 of the Bengal Land Revenue (Assistant Collectors) Regulations, 1821 (IV of 1821), the Board of Revenue authorises Babu Dhananjoy Barua, Settlement Kanungo, who has been placed on duty in connection with the maintenance, for the purposes of section 158A of the Bengal Act, 1885, of the record-of-rights of the Amrabad estate in the district of Noakhali, to exercise and perform within the local limits of the said estate any of the powers and duties vested in the Collectors of Land Revenue under any enactment in force therein for the purpose of the said work of maintenance of the record-of-rights.

N. V. H. SYMONS,
Secy. to the Board of Revenue, Bengal

TREASURY NOTICES.

Burdwan, the 30th November 1933.

Uncovenanted Deputy Collector Babu Bimal Chandra Sinha is placed in charge of the Burdwan Treasury, with effect from the forenoon of the 29th November 1933, and is authorised to draw bills on other treasuries, *vice* Babu Sisir Kumar Gupta, Deputy Collector.

M. M. STUART, *Collector.*

Orders by the Deputy Accountant-General, Bengal.

The Treasury, the 30th November 1933.

It is notified that the refund order book No. 3854 of white colour, containing 50 orders, is in use in the Income-Tax Office, Military Circle, Meerut, with effect from the 15th November 1933.

A. R. REBELLO,
Dy. Accountant-General, Bengal.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

English Department.

The 27th November 1933.

No. 26961A.—Babu Narendra Nath De, munsif of Burdwan (Sadar), is vested under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try, under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs. 2,000 arising within the local limits of the original jurisdiction of the District Judge of Burdwan.

Civil.

The 28th November 1933.

No. 27048A.—Babu Sailendra Nath Mitra, munsif of Jangipur, in the district of Murshidabad, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100 within the local limits of the Jangipur munsifi.

English Department—Civil.

The 29th November 1933.

No. 27206G.—The following rule framed by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, pursuant to section 122 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and all other powers thereto enabling with the approval of the Governor-General in Council, is published for general information.

The rule will take effect from the 1st January 1934:—

Rule.

In Rule 1 of Order XXXVII in the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908,—

(*a*) in clause (*c*) the word "and" shall be *omitted*,

(*b*) *after* clause (*c*) the following clause shall be *inserted*, namely:—

"(*cc*) all civil courts (except courts of small causes) in the districts of Chittagong, Dacca, Pabna and 24-Parganas; and".

By order of the High Court,

N. L. HINDLEY, *Registrar.*

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

Burdwan Division—Chinsura.

No. 4181J.G.—27th November 1933.—Babu Bimala Kanta Lahiri, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Chandrakona, district Midnapore, is granted, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for eleven days, with effect from the 12th December 1933.

No. 2120M.- 29th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (b) of the manual of rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Khirpai in the district of Midnapore:—

The Subdivisional Officer, Ghatal, *ex-officio*.
The Circle Officer, Chandrakona, at Gangadaspur, *ex-officio*
Babu Murarimohon Mittra
Babu Ramchandra Missra.
Babu Shambhuchandra Adhicary.
Babu Satishchandra Sinha.
Babu Bonbehary Halder.
Babu Kedarnath Adhicary.
Babu Jitendranath Mongol.

No. 4227J.G. - 1st December 1933.—Babu Harish Chandra Sarkar, Sub-Deputy Collector and Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Katwa (Burdwan), is granted, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for ten days, with effect from the 13th December 1933.

No. 4212J.G.—2nd December 1933.—Babu Kshirode Behari Mallick, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Sadar, Burdwan, is granted, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for thirty-seven days, with effect from the 16th November 1933.

2. This cancels this office notification No. 3714 J.G. of the 23rd October 1933, granting this officer leave for forty days, with effect from the 13th November 1933.

L. B. BURROWS, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

Burdwan, the 21st November 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appoinment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Probodh Chandra Nandi has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Burdwan to be a member of the Raina union board in police-station Raina, in the Sadar subdivision of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Krishna Gopal Sen Gupta, removed.

Burdwan, the 24th November 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Munshi Shaik Rezak has been duly elected to be a member of Ward No. 1 of the Nota'union board in police-station Bhatar in the Sadar subdivision of Burdwan, *vice* Munshi Quazi Bilat Hossain, deceased.

M. M. STUART, *District Magistrate*.

Burdwan, the 27th November 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, Munshi Syed Mohammad Reza has been duly elected to be a member of Ward No. 1 of the Lodna union board, in police-station Khandaghosh, in Sadar subdivision of Burdwan, *vice* Munshi Chaudhury Mahammad, deceased.

S. P. GHOSH, for *District Magistrate*.

Chinsura, the 28th November 1933.

No. 8975J.G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Charu Chandra Biswas has been appointed by the undersigned to be a member for Ward No. III of the Gourhati union board in police-station Arambagh in the Arambagh subdivision of the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Chandra Kanta Chakravarty, deceased.

D. MACPHERSON, *District Magistrate*.

Chittagong Division—Chittagong.

No. 6256G.—27th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (b) of the rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries the gentlemen and officers named below have been appointed by the Commissioners of the Cox's Bazar Municipality to be members of the managing committee for the Cox's Bazar dispensary in the district of Chittagong:—

Subdivisional Officer, *ex-officio*.
Medical Officer, Cox's Bazar Charitable Dispensary, *ex-officio*.
Rai Bepin Behari Rakshit Bahadur.
Babu Nirmal Chandra Chowdhury, M.A., B.L.
Babu Sarat Chandra Pal, B.L.
Babu Manindra Lal Chowdhury.
Babu Umesh Chandra Barua.
Maung Shwezanoo Showdagor.
Maung Mrathatun Showdagor.
Maulvi Mehar Ali, B.L.
Maulvi Sirajal Hoque Chowdhury, B.L.

No. 6319G.—1st December 1933.—Maulvi Tasimuddin Ahmad, Sub-Deputy Collector, Chittagong, is allowed leave on average pay for sixteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

No. 6324G.—1st December 1933.—In supersession of this office notification No. 6086G., dated the 18th November 1933, Babu Bepin Chandra Nath, Sub-Deputy Collector, Noakhali, is allowed leave on average pay for seven days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 5th October 1933.

E. N. BLANDY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

Comilla, the 2nd December 1933.

No. 6107M.—The managing committee of the Faizunnessa Girls School, Comilla, have been reconstituted with the following members:—

District Magistrate, President, *ex-officio*.
Head Mistress, Vice-President and Secretary, *ex-officio*.
Miss Sutala Roy, elected representative of the teaching staff.
Mrs. Niroda Datta, interested in female education.
Mrs. Sudha Sen, interested in female education.
Rai Upendra Mohan Mitra Bahadur, representative of the parents and guardians.
Maulvi Ali Reza, representative of the parents and guardians.
Rai Ramesh Chandra Datta Bahadur, representative of the parents and guardians.
Professor Atul Chandra Banerjee, representative of the parents and guardians.

R. L. WALKER, *District Magistrate*.

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Bakarganj Range.

Barisal.—No. 6003.—30th November 1933—The following transfers are ordered in the interest of public service:—

(1) Babu Surendra Nath Chaudhuri, officiating Inspector—From Bakarganj to Noakhali D. I. B.

(2) Babu Jamini Kumar Ghosh, officiating Inspector—From Noakhali to Bakarganj.

(3) Sub-Inspector Lalit Chandra Chakrabatti—From Bakarganj to Faridpur to officiate as Inspector, *vice* Babu Jitendra Nath Gupta, officiating Inspector, transferred to the C. I. D.

A. D. GORDON,
Deputy Inspector-General of Police.

Dacca Division—Dacca.

No. 5574J.—27th November 1933.—Maulvi Abdul Karim, No. 1, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Gaffargaon Circle, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

No. 5578J.—27th November 1933.—Maulvi Arshaduzzaman Khan, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Islampur Circle, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for six weeks, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

No. 5582J.—27th November 1933.—Maulvi Habibur Rahman, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Tangail Circle, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay from the 2nd to the 31st January 1934, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 5587J.—27th November 1933. -- Babu Manoranjan Chaudhuri, Sub-Deputy Collector, Munshiganj, in the district of Dacca, is transferred to the headquarters station of that district on general duty.

W. H. NELSON, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

Mymensingh, the 30th November 1933

No. 1040.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the undermentioned union boards in police-station Bhaluka in the Sadar (South) subdivision of the Mymensingh district:—

Birunia union board

Ward No. I.

Munshi Jamiruddin Sarkar.
Munshi Khoda Nawaz Mallick.
Munshi Meherullah Sarkar.

Ward No. II.

Munshi Jamiruddin Sarkar.
Munshi Taripullah Munshi.
Babu Rajendra Chandra Shaha Roy.

Dhitpur union board.

Ward No. I.

Babu Umesh Chandra Debnath.
Munshi Newaz Ali Mir.
Munshi Tahiruddin Sarcar.

Ward No. II.

Munshi Yakubali Sarcar.
Munshi Abdul Halim Khan.
Babu Raj Chandra Das.

Rajoi union board.

Ward No. I.

Babu Bilash Chandra Karkun.
Munshi Asadi Sarcar.
Babu Sachindra Mohan Debnath.

Ward No. II.

Munshi Elahi Bux Khan Master.
Munshi Jabedullah Sarcar.
Munshi Abdul Hamid Master.

Bhaluka union board.

Munshi Abedullah Sarcar.
Munshi Sanatali Sarcar.
Munshi Abdul Haque Khan
Munshi Kasum Ali Sarkar.
Munshi Babar Ali Fakir.
Munshi Ismail Khan.

(*b*) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Mymensingh to be members of the undermentioned union boards in the Sadar (South) subdivision of the Mymensingh district:—

Birunia union board.

Babu Bhagaban Chandra Pal.
Babu Mohanbashi Dey.
Munshi Nawabali Sarcar.

Dhitpur union board.

Babu Rajendra Kumar Ganguli.
Munshi Wahed Bux.
Munshi Abdul Majid Khan.

Rajoi union board.

Babu Krishna Mohan Mandal.
Munshi Hossainali Bepary.
Munshi Abbas Ali.

Bhaluka union board.

Babu Mahim Chandra Sarcar.
Babu Mahim Chandra Sarma.
Munshi Abdul Hamid Mullik.

S. BANERJEE, *District Magistrate*.

Presidency Division—Calcutta.

No. 2556L.S.-G.—25th November 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*) of the dispensary rules, the following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the managing committee of the Kotechandpur Charitable Dispensary in the district of Jessore:—

Subdivisional Officer, Jhenidah, *ex-officio*.
Babu Narendra Nath Mukherjee.
Babu Rajendra Nath Das, B.A., B.L.
Babu Jnanendra Nath Sen.
Babu Karuna Chandra Banerji, Kaviratna
Maulvi Ahmmad Ali.
Maulvi Afzal Hossain.
Maulvi Golam Rabbani Sardar.

No. 2514R.G.—2nd December 1933.—In modification of this office notification No. 2295-R.G., dated the 8th November 1933, Babu Surendra Nath Sen Gupta, No. I, Sub-Deputy Collector, Khulna, is transferred to Jessore, Sadar, with effect from 14th December 1933, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

H. J. TWYNAM, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

Jessore, the 27th November 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that under section 6 (*4*) of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Bharat Chandra Basu has been declared to be duly appointed as a member of the Alfadanga union board, in the police-station Alfadanga, in the Narail subdivision of the district of Jessore, *vice* Babu Keshab Lal Chakravarty, deceased.

Jessore, the 28th November 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, Babu Surjya Kumar Majumdar is appointed to be a member of the Alfadanga union board, in the police-station Alfadanga, in the Narail subdivision of the district of Jessore, *vice* Babu Peary Mohan Kirtunia, resigned.

[ILLEGIBLE], for *District Magistrate*

Jessore, the 2nd December 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards under the said Act, Babu Bhakta Ram Biswas has been declared to be duly appointed as a member of the Arzampur union board in the police-station Maheshpur in the Bongaon subdivision of the district of Jessore, in place of Babu Nitai Chand Rai, deceased.

A. C. BOSE, for *District Magistrate*

Berhampore, the 29th November 1933.

Erratum.—The notifications, dated the 28th October 1933, under sections 65 and 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919, published at page 1623, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 9th November 1933, are withdrawn.

O. M. REES, *District Magistrate*.

Khulna, the 1st December 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., Babu Bidhu Bhusan Acharya has been duly elected a member of Ward No. III of Bahirdia-Mansa union board in police-station Fakirhat in Bagerhat subdivision of the Khulna district, *vice* Babu Rasik Lal Roy, deceased.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., Babu Ambica Charan Chakrabartty (Kavyatirtha) has been duly elected a member of Ward No. II of the Raripara union board in police-station Kachua in the Bagerhat subdivision of the Khulna district, *vice* Babu Keshab Lal Ghose, deceased.

K. A. L. HILL, *District Magistrate.*

Calcutta South Central Non-Muhammadan Constituency of the Bengal Legislative Council.

Calcutta, the 29th November 1933.

Sir Hari Sanker Paul, Kt., is declared to be duly elected as a member of the Bengal Legislative Council under rule 14 (2) of the Bengal Electoral Rules, from the Calcutta South Central Non-Muhammadan Constituency.

S. K. SINHA, *Returning Officer,*
Calcutta General Constituencies,
and Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta.

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Presidency Range.

Calcutta, No. 9095, 29th November 1933 —Babu Manmatha Nath Basu, Inspector, Jessore, is granted 2 weeks' leave on average pay, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from 29-11-1933.

L. H. BURTON,
Deputy Inspector-General of Police.

Rajshahi Division—Jalpaiguri.

No. 4393J.—27th November 1933.—Under the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Mrs. D. J. Ewart to be a non-official lady visitor of the Rajshahi Central Jail for a period of two years.

No. 4401J.—28th November 1933.—Under the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I appoint the following gentlemen to be non-official visitors of the Pabna District Jail for a period of two years:—

Rai Radhika Nath Bose Bahadur.
Khan Sahib Maulvi Muhammad Sulaiman.
Rai Jadav Chandra Bhattacharjee Bahadur

F. W. ROBERTSON, *Commissioner (offg.).*

Rajshahi, the 27th November 1933.

No. 9079J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Sarat Chandra Majumdar has been appointed to be a member of the Bagatipara union board in police-station Bagatipara in the Nator subdivision of the Rajshahi district, *vice* Babu Kalinath Saha, resigned.

No. 9080J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Munshi Makimuddin Pramanik has been duly elected to be a member of the Chhatni union board in the police-station Nator in the Nator subdivision of the Rajshahi district, *vice* Babu Mahesh Chandra Pal, deceased.

O. M. MARTIN, *District Magistrate.*

Rangpur, the 29th November 1933.

No. 6945J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Barabhita union board in police-station Fulbari in the Kurigram subdivision of the Rangpur district:—

Munshi Mahammad Sahaj Uddin Sarkar of Dhaniram
Babu Jatra Nath Roy of Naodabash
Munshi Naimuddin Sarkar of Dhaniram
Babu Radha Krishna Bhattacharya of Barabhita.
Munshi Kefait Hossein Pramanik of Baralai
Munshi Panaulla Bepari of Baralai.

No. 6946J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under sub-section (3) of of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Barabhita union board in police-station Fulbari in the Kurigram subdivision of the Rangpur district:—

Munshi Sonaulla Sarkar of Dhaniram.
Munshi Rahimulla Kabiraj of Barabhita.
Munshi Abdul Jabbar Meah of Ghograrkuti.

N. M. AYYAR, *District Magistrate.*



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PART IB

Educational Notices.

Calcutta University.

Senate House, the 27th November 1933.

Notification No. T. 350.

In this office notification No. T. 339, dated the 26th June 1933, announcing pieces from the Intermediate Bengali Selections (University publication, revised edition of 1933), prescribed to be read for Bengali Vernacular for the I.A. and I.Sc. Examinations of 1935—

for

Kaliprasanna Ghosh. *Asrujal.*

read

Kaliprasanna Ghosh *Asru.*

J. CHAKRAVORTI, *Registrar.*

Calcutta University.

Senate House, the 1st December 1933.

NOTICE.

Applications are hereby invited from candidates for the competition for the Debendranath Hemlata Gold Medal for the year 1933.

The competition for the medal is limited to M.A., M.Sc., Ph.D., D.Sc., M.D., D.L., M.E., M.O. and M.S. of not more than three years' standing, and the standard of physical fitness shall be determined by the examination of the health of the competitors by the Students Welfare Department of the Calcutta University as well as by application of such tests as may be decided upon by the Committee appointed for the purpose by the Syndicate.

Such applications from the entrants for the competition must reach the office of the undersigned by the 15th January 1934.

B. B DUTT,
Controller of Examinations (offg.).

Education Department, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 2nd December 1933.

The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Urdu Diploma Examination held in July 1933:—

First Division.

Maulvi Abdul Khalique, Persian Teacher, Phultola Re-Union High School, district Khulna.

Second Division.

Maulvi Muhiuddin Ahmad, First Arabic Teacher, Lakshmipur High Madrasah, district Noakhali.

J. M. BOTTOMLEY,
Director of Public Instrn., Bengal (offg.).

NOTIFICATION.

Examination in the Art of Teaching, Burdwan Division.

Chinsura, the 20th November 1933.

An examination in the Art and Practice of Teaching for teachers of English subjects in Boys' Secondary Schools (aided and unaided) will be held at the Hooghly Training School on Monday, the 19th February 1934, at 11 a.m., and on the following date, if necessary. The examination of teachers of vernacular subjects and oriental classical languages of the same schools will also be held on the same date and at the same place and hour.

2. The following teachers are eligible for the examination:—

(a) Teachers of English subjects, who have passed (i) the Matriculation or some higher University Examination, or (ii) the Middle English Scholarship Examination or the terminal examination at the end of the middle stage of instruction. The examination of these teachers will be conducted in English.

(b) Teachers of vernacular subjects, who have passed the same examinations, or the Middle Vernacular Scholarship Examination, or the terminal examination at the end of the middle stage of instruction. The examination of these teachers will be conducted in vernacular.

(c) Pandits and Maulvis employed in teaching an oriental classical language other than Pandits in Sanskrit *tols* and Maulvis in Madrasahs. They must have passed the Sanskrit Title Examination or the Final Examination of a Senior Grade Madrasah. The examination in the case of these classes of teachers will be conducted either in English or vernacular at the option of the candidate.

3. The examination will consist of—

(a) A practical examination in class control, the candidate being required to keep a class of at least a dozen boys attentive and fully occupied throughout a lesson.

(b) A practical test of teaching ability, the candidate being required to give two lessons on any two of the subjects—English, Bengali, Sanskrit, Arabic, Persian, Urdu, History, Geography, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, etc.

(c) An oral examination, in which the Inspector of Schools or other examiner will ask questions on the Art of Teaching, object lessons, class management, organisation and discipline.

4. The following books are recommended for study by the candidate:—

(a) For teachers of English subjects—

(1) Indian Teachers' Guide, by P. Wren, (2) Indian School Organisation, by P. Wren, (3) Suggestions for the consideration of Teachers (Board of Education, Whitehall), (4) Talks to Teachers (James), (5) Art of Teaching, by D. Salmon, (6) Direct Method by Tate and Rajagopalchari.

(b) For teachers of vernacular subjects—

(1) বিবিধ বিধান, by A. N. Adhikari, (2) Teachers' Manual, by Khan Bahadur Ahsanullah, (3) পাঠটীকা লিখিবার পদ্ধতি, by Jagannath Dey, (4) মনোবিজ্ঞান, by S. C. Brahmachary, (5) ভূগোল শিক্ষা প্রণালী, by I. Haque.

(c) Teachers of oriental classical languages may study any of the above sets of books.

5. Intending candidates from High Schools should submit their applications through the Head Masters, and teachers of Middle Schools and Junior Madrasahs through the District Inspectors, so as to reach this office *not later than the 10th February 1934.* Every candidate will produce at the time of the examination the certificate of his having passed the University or other examination, which admits him to the present examination. The following information should accompany the application:—

(1) Name (in full).

(2) Name of father (in full).

(3) Names of native village and district.

(4) Last examination passed.

(5) Year of passing.

(6) Period of service as a teacher.

(7) Present appointment with date (mention whether he is a teacher of English subjects or vernacular subjects or of oriental languages).

(8) Two class subjects in which he wishes to be examined.

(9) Signature of applicant with full address.

6. Every candidate must bring with him at the time of examination two lesson notes on the subjects in which he wishes to give lessons. These notes should be made over to the examiner at the time of the practical examination.

7. Candidates should state whether they sat for the examination previously; if so, how often, giving dates.

K. C. RAY,

Inspector of Schools, Burdwan Division.

Education Department, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 1st December 1933.

Mohsin Scholarships and Stipends, 1933.

The following students are awarded the above scholarships and stipends on the combined results of the Intermediate Examinations in Arts and Science of 1933. The scholarships and stipends take effect from 1st August 1933 for one year and ten months.

(Principals of Colleges are requested to report to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, the names of holders of the scholarships and stipends as soon as they are admitted. No scholarship or stipend can be drawn until this information is available with respect to every scholarship or stipend-holder.)

Five Mohsin scholarships of Rs. 10 a month each.

Presidency Division (including Calcutta).

Md. Akbar .. .. Islamia College.

Burdwan Division.

Altaf Ali Khan .. .. Contai P. K. College.

Dacca Division.

Mahmud Emran .. .. Barisal B. M. College.

Chittagong Division.

Bazlur Rahman Nizam .. Chittagong College.

Rajshahi Division.

Muhammed Abul Quasim .. Rajshahi College.

Mohsin stipends.

One special stipend of Rs. 10 a month for Shia students.

Faizullah Mohammed .. Islamia College.

One speial stipend of Rs. 5 a month for natives of Hooghly town.

Md. Janudel Asrar Chowdhury Hughli College.

Twenty Mohsin stipends of Rs. 5 a month each.

Presidency Division (including Calcutta).

1. Mohammad Reza Hossain .. Islamia College
2. Kadi Abul Hossain .. Ditto.
3. S. M. Shamsul Haque .. Ditto.
4. Mohammad Ahsan .. St Xavier's College.
Sk. Abdus Samad .. Islamia College

Burdwan Division.

1. Allay Nabi .. Hughli College.
2. Kazi Mohammad Akbar Ali Burdwan Raj College.
3. Md. Janudel Asrar Chowdhury Hughli College.

Dacca Division.

1 Khandkor Syed Md. Abul Hosain Mansur. Karatia Saadat College.
2. Zainul Abedin .. Barisal B. M. College.
3. Mohammad Abdul Alim .. Karatia Saadat College.
4 Abdul Haque Khan .. Ditto.

Chittagong Division.

1. Md. Azizul Huq .. Comilla Victoria College.
2. M. B. Nural Haque .. Chittagong College.
3. Md. Fazlul Aziz .. Ditto.

Rajshahi Division.

1. Mohammad Ansar Ali .. Rajshahi College.
2. Sajjad Ali .. .. Ditto.
3. Khayer Uddin Ahmed .. Rangpur Carmichael College.
4. Hasim Uddin Ahmad .. Ditto.
5. Shaikh Golam Yazdani .. Rajshahi College.

J. M. BOTTOMLEY,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal (offg.).

Education Department, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 1st December 1933.

Mohsin Stipends, 1933.

The following students are awarded the above stipends on the results of the Matriculation Examination of 1933. The stipends take effect from 1st August 1933 for one year and ten months.

(The Principals of Colleges are requested to report to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, the names of holders of the stipends as soon as they are admitted. No stipend can be drawn until this information is available with respect to every stipend-holder.)

One special stipend of Rs. 10 a month for Shia students.

Md. Masud Khan .. Hare School.

One special stipend of Rs. 5 a month for natives of Hooghly town.

Ali Amjad Shirazi .. Hughli Collegiate School.

Forty stipends of Rs. 5 a month each.

Presidency Division (including Calcutta).

1.	Md. Mursalin Khan	Mitra Institution, Calcutta.
2.	Md. Usman	M. L. Jubilee Institution, Calcutta.
	Shaikh Abdul Khaleque	Rajibpur A. V. High School.
4.	Abdul Jubbar Gazi	Jaynagar Institution.
5.	Shaik Kaisar Ali	Shamnagar Kantichandra H. E. School,
6.	Syed Abdul Ali	Benipur H. E. School.
7.	Gazi Jonab Ali	Miksimil M. R. H. E. School.
8.	Soukat Ali Khan	Salar Edward H. E. School.
9.	Md. Mujibor Rahman	Jessore Zila School.

Burdwan Division.

1.	Sheik Johur Alam	Bhandarhati B. M. Institution.
2.	Md. Behetar Ali	Birbhum Zila School.
3.	Abdul Azim	Hughli Collegiate School.
4.	Kazi Abul Hasem Siddiqui	Sultanpur Sriram H. E. School.
5.	Fazlar Rahman Afzal	Kharagpur B. N. Railway Indian High School.

Dacca Division.

1.	Mirza Burhanuddin	Charsindur George Institution.
2.	Abul Khair Md Fozlul Hoque	Mymensingh Zila School.
3.	A. H M Quodratul Wahab	Santosh Jahnavi H. E. School.
4.	Md. Iunas Ali	Barhatta Coronation K. P. Institution.
5.	Shahadat Ali Khan	Tangail Sibnath H. E. School.
6.	Mamtazuddin Ahmed	Baranadi H. E. School.
	Abdul Jalil Mian	Tangail Bindubasini High School.
8.	Kazi Manoar Ali	Bowkati Bindubasini H. E. School.
9.	Abdul Jabbar Ahmed	Mymensingh Zila School.

Chittagong Division.

1.	Nur Ahmed	Brahmanberia Annada H. E. School.
2.	Ali Azam	Noakhali Zila School.
3.	Muhammad Ishaq	Fatehabad H. E. School.
4.	Abu Muhammad Mufazzal Islam	Rupasdi Brindaban H. E. School.
5.	Mahammad Ali Azher	Nabinagar High English School.
	A. Md. Delower Hossain Mollah	Comilla Zila School.
7.	Muhammad Abdush Shaheed	Chittagong Collegiate School.
8.	A. F. Md. Abdul Majed	Brahmanberia Annada H. E. School.

Rajshahi Division.

1.	Md. Nurul Husain	Boda H. E. School.
2.	Md. Solaiman	Meghai Ensafuddin Islamia H. E. School.
3.	Md. Sadequatul Bari	Nawabganj H. M. Institution.
4.	Md. Mozammel Hoque, II	Paksey H. E. School.
5.	Md. Akbar Ali Sorkor	Gaibandha H. E. School.
	Md. Mayez Uddin Almazi	Serajganj B. L. High School.
7.	Sukur Uddin	Bogra Zila School.
8.	Md. Sobhan Miah	Lalmonirhat Aided H. E. School.
9.	Md. Matlubar Rahaman Mandal	Gaibandha H. E. School.

J. M. BOTTOMLEY,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal (offg.).

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Part III

ACTS OF THE BENGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1933

PART IV

Bills introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council, Reports of Select Committees presented or to be presented to that Council, and Bills published before introduction in that Council.

BENGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 4076L.C.—5th December, 1933.—The following report of the Select Committee on the Bengal Cess (Amendment) Bill, 1933, with the Bill as amended by the Committee, is hereby published for general information.

Report of the Select Committee on the Bengal Cess (Amendment) Bill, 1933.

We, the members of the Select Committee of the Bengal Legislative Council to which the Bengal Cess (Amendment) Bill, 1933, was referred by a motion carried in the Bengal Legislative Council on the 16th August, 1933, have the honour to submit this our report with the Bill as amended by us annexed All matter omitted by the Select Committee has been printed in italics and enclosed in square brackets and all new matter inserted has been underlined

The Bill was published in English in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 27th July, 1933

2. We do not consider that the Bill has been so altered as to require republication.

3. The Committee met for the first time at Darjeeling on the 9th October, 1933 and concluded its sittings on the 14th idem.

4 The changes made in the Bill are as detailed below :-

Clause 2.—We have omitted this clause as being unnecessary.

Clause 3.—We have made certain drafting changes in this clause which have been necessitated by the omission of clause 2.

Clause 5.—We have omitted this clause as being no longer applicable in view of certain changes made in proposed Chapter VIIA

Clause 6.—We have omitted proposed section 45 (*1*) and inserted a new sub-section in its place extending the benefits of the rebate to tenure-holders and to cultivating *raiyats*, provided that the annual cess payable amounts to fifty rupees or more.

In proposed section 45 (*2*) we have increased the period within which payments of road cess or public works cess can be made to the Collector without penalty from fifteen days to thirty days from the date on which the same becomes due.

Clause 8.—In proposed section 51A (*2*) we have inserted a limit within which a demand for information asked for in proposed section 51A (*1*) shall be complied with.

Clause 11.—We have omitted clause 11 (*e*) as being unnecessary and made consequential drafting alterations in clauses (*c*) and (*d*).

Clause 14—Chapter VIIA.—We have made a drafting alteration in the heading of this new chapter.

Proposed section 107A.—We have substituted a new proviso for the proviso in proposed section 107A (*1*) of the Bill as introduced providing—

(*1*) in the case of a valuation or revaluation made under the provisions of new Chapter VIIA that it should not take effect till 10 years after the last valuation or revaluation under the chapter;

(*2*) in the case of a valuation or revaluation not made under the provisions of the new Chapter VIIA, then not before the expiration of five years from the date of such valuation or revaluation.

Proposed section 107B.—We have made certain drafting alterations in the definition of "acreage rate" in proposed section 107B (*1*).

A clerical mistake has been corrected in proposed section 107B (*7*) (*ii*).

We have added a definition of "farmer of an estate" in proposed section 107B (*8A*) as being necessary.

In the *Explanation* to the definition of "rent" in proposed section 107B (*11*) we have increased the period from three years to five years.

Proposed section 107C.—The important changes made in this section are as follows:—

(*1*) In proposed section 107C(*2*)(*b*)(*i*) we have omitted "forests" from the lands which shall be cess-free under that section and have, by the insertion of section 107C(*3*)(*iii*), left them to be dealt with under Chapter V.

(*2*) We have inserted "unculturable" before "*bil*" in proposed section 107C(*2*)(*b*)(*i*) to make the meaning clearer.

The other changes made in the proposed section are of a drafting character.

Proposed section 107D.—We have, by a majority, reduced the maximum acreage rate from one-fifth to one-sixth of the gross produce per acre.

In proposed section 107D(*2*)(*iii*) we have increased the period from "three" to "five" years.

By the insertion of proposed section 107D(*2*)(*b*) we have also, by a majority, restricted the acreage rate to a figure which shall not increase the total cess demand in a district by more than 20 per cent

In proposed section 107D(*4*) we have increased the figure of the acreage rate of certain lands referred to in the sub section from ten to twenty rupees per acre.

The other minor changes are of a drafting character.

Proposed section 107E.—We have substituted for clauses 107E(*1*)(*a*) and (*b*) new clauses which limit the discretion of the Collector, in determining the cess-free lands referred to in the latter part of clause (*a*) and in clause (*b*) to lands and classes of lands which he considers to consist of unculturable waste. We have also removed the obligation to prepare a list under clause (*b*) in respect of every village. "Forests" have been omitted from the section to be left to be dealt with under Chapter V

Proposed section 107F.—We have re drafted proposed section 107F(*1*) so as to provide that the Collector shall give his reasons for his proposals specified under clauses (*a*), (*b*) and (*c*), and not only in regard to (*b*). Whether the reasons are to be at length or otherwise, we have left to the discretion of the Collector.

The changes made in proposed section 107F(*2*) are more or less of a drafting character.

Proposed section 107G.—We have re-drafted proposed section 107G(*2*) to make the intention more clear.

A clerical mistake has been corrected by the substitution of the word "cess" for "rent".

Proposed section 107-I.—The changes made in this section are mainly of a drafting or consequential character.

Proposed section 107J.—Two slight drafting changes have been made in proposed section 107J(*1*) and (2), second paragraph.

Proposed section 107-O.—The changes made in this section, in sub-sections (*3*) and (*4*) are of a drafting character to make the intention more clear.

Proposed section 107R.—Owing to the great importance we attach to the rules to be made under proposed section 107R(*1*)(*h*), we have inserted a proviso that these rules shall be made subject to the condition of previous publication.

Proposed section 107S.—We have added two new clauses (*c*) and (*d*) as being necessary. The other changes are of a purely drafting character.

*P. C MITTER,
Member-in-charge.

*H. C. V. PHILPOT.

*W. H. NELSON.

*J. B. KINDERSLEY.

*M N. GUPTA.

*W. H. THOMPSON.

*BHUPENDRA NARAYAN SINHA

*ALIMUZZAMAN CHAUDHURI

*SARAT KUMAR ROY.

*SAILESWAR SINGH ROY.

*SATISH CHANDRA RAY CHOWDHURY.

*TAMIZUDDIN KHAN.

*MUKUNDA BEHARY MULLICK.

*MD. ABDUL MOMIN.

*N. K. BASU.

S. C. MITTRA.

RAZAUR RAHMAN KHAN.

*PANCHANAN BARMA.

J. W. McKAY,
Secretary, Bengal Legislative Council.

*Signed subject to his minute of dissent annexed

N.B—The signatures of Khan Bahadur M. Azizul Haque, M.L C and Mr A K Fazlul Huq, M.L.C., had not been received up to the time of printing this report

Joint minute of dissent by the Hon'ble Sir P. C. Mitter, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., Mr. H. C. V. Philpot, Mr. W. H. Nelson, Mr. J. B. Kindersley and Rai Mahendra Nath Gupta Bahadur.

Clause 14: Proposed section 107A (1), provisos (i) and (ii).—We would prefer to retain the period of 5 years in both cases. If, however, the Council decides against the amendment suggested by a majority of the members of the Select Committee in proposed section 107D (2) (*b*), we would not object to the amendment contained in the provisos to section 107A (*1*).

Proposed section 107D(2) (a).—We are opposed to the reduction of the maximum from 1/5th to 1/6th. The maximum must be one which is applicable to every district in which the new Chapter VIIA will be in force. In some of the less fertile districts a maximum of 1/6th may have the result of limiting the cess demand to a figure which is lower than the existing cess demand even though in that particular district the cess demand is not too high.

Proposed section 107D(2)(b).—We are also opposed to the limitation of the increase of the cess demand of a district at any revaluation to 20 per cent. more especially if the next revaluation cannot take place for 10 years.

Minute of dissent by Mr. W. H. Thompson, M.L.C.

Clause 6.—There is no justification for such a rebate except as a business proposition. It should be offered only to such an extent as is justified by the advantage which will be obtained through making collection expeditious. Five per cent. is too much to give away especially when times are not as hard as at present. I would prefer to frame the clause to give the Collector, with the sanction of the Local Government, power to offer such rebate for such time and at such rate, not being more than 5 per cent., as he may think fit.

Clause 14: Proposed section 107D (2) (b).—Some districts are economically progressive, others are not. If the economic progress of a district is such that it can afford to bear an increased road cess, it should be permitted to have the additional amenities which the correspondingly increased expenditure by the District Board will provide. It is, therefore, a mistake to place an arbitrary limit of 20 per cent. on the permissible increase of road cess at a revaluation.

There is a much stronger objection to the application of this 20 per cent. limit to the next revaluation in Burdwan, Hooghly, Howrah, 24-Parganas, Rangpur and Dinajpur where the existing valuation is based on returns which will certainly prove to have been incomplete.

Proposed section 107E.—The modification of sub-section (*1*) (*b*) is an improvement, but I think the retention of this clause, even as it stands, will defeat the object of the Committee, which was to make it easy for a Collector to exclude types of unprofitable waste land, not recorded as individual classes in the record-of-rights, without rendering him liable to be flooded with applications for exclusion of odd pieces of land which he could not deal with except by local enquiries. One acquainted with the Rajshahi district, for example, acting on an instruction from the Collector, could quite easily pick out the old useless tanks on the village maps without local enquiry recognising them by their having no *bustees* round them, by their being orientated and oblong instead of square, and by the wideness of the banks. A much more practically useful clause than clause (*b*) would be:—

"When it appears to a Collector that there is a type or types of uncultured waste land in the district or in part of the district not recorded as a separate class in the settlement record which should in his opinion be cess-free, he may prepare a list of plots of such type or types and the plots in the list shall be cess-free."

Proposed section 107-I (1) (c).—There are very few transfers of land from one tenure to another, and as mutations are not difficult to follow, there will be little difficulty in putting the statements into the hands of the persons interested, but, in the case of *raiyati* and under-*raiyati* holdings, a few years after the record is complete it is found that transfers and mutations are innumerable. The law should be made clear that it is not the Collector's duty to take any cognizance of such changes in the case of *raiyati* holdings, and I would, therefore, prefer to leave clause (*c*) as it was and add after (*c*) a separate clause (*d*) to the section as follows:—

"(*d*) In respect of every *raiyati* and under-*raiyati* interest, entered in the record-of-rights a postcard or other notice stating the annual value of the lands shown in the record as appertaining to such interest and addressed to the person named in the record as the possessor of that interest."

Minute of dissent of Raja Bhupendra Narayan Sinha of Nashipur, M.L.C.

Clause 6.—In the original Bill the rebate of 5 per cent. had been proposed to be allowed only to the holders or farmers of an estate directly held under the Government. That is, only the *zamindars* are to enjoy this concession.

The Select Committee has modified the clause by allowing this privilege to all grades of persons paying cess. This is an improvement and is welcomed by all. But having regard to the fact that this concession has been extended to the tenants as well, it will not be much appreciated by them unless the rate of rebate be increased. The tenants' share of cess is invariably very low, and if 5 per cent. rebate be granted, they will be tempted to avail themselves of this opportunity. The object of this clause will be frustrated. The main object is to encourage punctual payment by granting rebate. If the sum is not a much appreciable amount, naturally, no one will be allured to get the full benefit.

Further, on the *zamindars'* point of view, I beg to say that as the law stands, the *zamindars* have to pay cess almost a month in advance even if the payment by the tenants be punctually made. By way of illustration, I beg to point out that the first date for the payment of cess after the valuation or revaluation is on the 28th June corresponding to 12th *Asharh;* whereas the first payment of cess by a tenure-holder or a tenant is on the 1st *Shravan*. Thus there is a difference of 18 or 19 days In addition, it takes at least 10 days for the *mufassal kutchary* to make over the collection to the Sadar for manifold reasons. Thus, even if the punctual payment be made by the tenants, the *zamindars* have to pay in one month in advance. Thus, they have to suffer with respect to interest automatically for a month. So by way of collection charges the *zamindar* can claim the usual rate allowed by the Court.

Moreover, there are bad debts which are never realised, even through the help of the Court, and this is about 20 per cent. approximately. It will be a sheer injustice if the landlords have to suffer for the debts of the others Considering all these circumstances, I propose that 12½ per cent. rebate be allowed.

Clause 8.—The object of this clause, as stated by the Hon'ble Member-in-charge, is to ascertain the particulars of the rent-free holders, especially their addresses, so as to facilitate the collection of the cesses. With this object in view, it has been proposed that the rent-free holders will furnish the particulars on receiving the demand notices, failing which they will be penalised. But in practice it has been found that even where the record-of-rights has been completed, the addresses of rent-free holders cannot be found even if the addresses are written according to the settlement record.

Thus, unless the proper addresses be ascertained, the object of this clause will be frustrated, as it will be impossible to send the notices of demand. There will be unnecessary trouble and labour on the part of the Collectorate to issue demand notices without proper addresses which will be undelivered and returned back invariably. The work of the Collectorate will be hampered and increased for nothing and no effective purpose will be served.

I, therefore, suggest a clause be added after the words "to give" in the proposed section 51A, *e.g.*, "within three months from the date of the publication of this Act in the *Calcutta Gazette* or within three months from the date of any subsequent changes and." This will simplify the matter. The tenants will have no fear of a demand notice or of being penalised in future, as they will know beforehand what they will have to do. There will practically be no occasion to send demand notices or to penalise the rent-free holders. At the same time the main object of this clause will be secured fully.

Further, I may add that a similar provision to notify any changes in the proprietary right of a land is provided in the Land Registration Act.

Clause 14: Proposed section 107D (2) (b).—I would suggest that in case where the revaluation has been made after the record-of-rights, the increment should not be more than 10 per cent of the existing total assessment. But where the valuation has not been done after the record-of-rights, I do not like to make any restriction.

My reason for this suggestion is that it is found invariably that where the valuation had been made after the record-of-rights, the increment was more than 50 per cent. of the previous assessment. If the limit of 20 per cent. increment be provided, it will be too hard for the rate-payers.

Minute of dissent by Khan Bahadur Maulvi Alimuzzaman Chaudhuri, M.L.C.

Clause 6.—I am not in favour of granting rebate. It will not give any appreciable benefit to the revenue-paying or rent-paying interests; at the same time the income of district boards will be crippled. It also gives a preferential treatment to a certain class of interests only. It was found that the provisions could not be extended in general as it will not be practicable. This clause should have been omitted.

Joint minute of dissent by Mr. Sarat Kumar Roy, M.L.C., and Mr. Saileswar Singh Roy, M.L.C.

With regard to clause 6, proposed section 45 (*1*), we feel that the percentage of rebate as suggested in the report of the Select Committee is much too small to prove any effective incentive to regular payment of cesses or to cover the loss which the landlords generally incur on account of want of realisation of cesses in time. On these two grounds we press for rebate of 15 per cent. but by way of compromise we now propose 12½ per cent. of which half may be payable to the tenants. We hope that it would be acceptable to the House.

Minute of dissent by Babu Satish Chandra Ray Chaudhury, M.L.C.

I sign the report subject to this note of dissent:—

The Select Committee have extended the benefit of the rebate system to every grade of cess-payers, but at the same time have fixed a minimum cess payable for each estate, tenure or interest to entitle the holder to the benefit of the rebate. This will disentitle a landholder who may have to pay in the aggregate cess much above the minimum but who pays less than the minimum for each estate held by him. Such landholders would now get nothing for their trouble. The Select Committee amendment has made their case worse. As for the tenants, the benefit assured to them is quite illusory, as few tenants in each estate pay Rs. 50 as cess for a single holding. I would, therefore, either do away with the minimum altogether, restoring the principle in the original Bill, or make the benefit of the rebate available to all who in the aggregate pay a minimum cess of Rs. 20 for all their estates, tenures or holdings as the case may be.

Clause 14: Proposed section 107D(1).—The intention underlying this clause seems to be to make the units as large as possible, as the Collector has been given a discretion as to whether a district should be divided into units or not. This will defeat the main avowed object of the Bill which is to remove inequalities in taxation between tenant and tenant or between a tenant and his under-tenant. If the units are made too large embracing several fields or thanas without regard being had to the character and classification of the lands comprised in the same, the average valuation and rate based on the same will result in grave and serious prejudice to the holders of lands of inferior quality, thus introducing an element of grave inequality. So long as a man holds all classes of land or the best classes only, he will have little cause of complaint, but there are many fairly big areas where the lands are of such inferior quality that the holders must need suffer if they are to pay according to a calculation arrived at by working an average with the best lands of the neighbourhood. Some hardship and injustice may be inevitable, but any injustice on a wide scale is very much to be deprecated. I would, therefore, make the division of the district into suitable units obligatory and would make the units ordinarily correspond with the areas of the union boards, special cases requiring special treatment.

In proposed section 107D(*2*)(*ii*) and (*iii*) for "agricultural produce generally" and "all agricultural produce" I think "staple food crops" should be substituted to simplify investigation and to avoid unnecessary harassment. Nowadays, whenever there is a rise in the price of one agricultural produce, *e.g.*, jute, there is a corresponding rise in the price of others. Besides, there is much less fluctuation in the price of paddy from year to year than in the case of a commercial crop like jute. So this should be taken as the standard for the purpose of valuation of lands.

In proposed section 107E(*1*)(*b*), the proviso restricts the discretion of the Collector too much, leaving no remedy for cases in which large areas have been rendered more or less valueless since the last record-of-rights operation, owing to natural or other causes, and yields little or no profit after meeting the expenses of cultivation, although they cannot be called unculturable waste in the true sense of the words. As the proposed method of assessment means a direct levy on the land, every circumstance relating to the capacity of the lands to pay should be taken into consideration.

A definite period of publication should be provided for the proposed section 107F to enable objections to be made in the first instance to the Collector before he makes his order final.

Lastly, I think a 10 per cent. increase of income should be the maximum limit to be reached in any revaluation in those districts where there has been a revaluation after the record-of-rights.

Minute of dissent by Maulvi Tamizuddin Khan, M.L.C.

I differ from the majority of the members of the Select Committee on one fundamental point. The Bill if passed into law will be yet another anti-tenant measure on the statute book, and in its operation will do great injustice to an overwhelming number of the breadwinners of this province.

The main object of this measure is said to be the introduction of a more equitable principle of assessment of cess than what is in vogue at present. This object will never be achieved except within a narrow circle, if at all. As far as the relative liability of the landlord and the tenant is concerned, the measure far from bringing about an equitable adjustment will not only perpetuate the existing inequity, but what is worse, will deprive the cultivating *raiyats* of the little privilege they enjoy under the present law. Section 41 of the present Cess Act lays down the relative liabilities of *zamindars* (holders of estates), tenure-holders and cultivating *raiyats* (*raiyats* who cultivate their own lands and have not sublet the same) as regards the payment of cess. Assessment is made on the "annual value" of the lands at a rate not exceeding one anna per rupee. At present the full rate of one anna is levied in all the districts. "Annual value" is defined as follows in section 4 of the Act: " 'Annual value of any land, estate or tenure' means the total rent which is payable, or if no rent is actually payable, would, on a reasonable assessment, be payable, during the year by all the cultivating *raiyats* of such land, estate or tenure or by other persons in the actual use and occupation thereof." To illustrate the system of assessment now in vogue under the present law, let me take a very simple case of a *zamindar* whose estate consists of 4 acres of land which he has entirely let out to cultivating *raiyats* at a total rent of Rs. 12 and there is no subletting by these *raiyats* to under-*raiyats*. The total cess payable by this estate is (12 × 1 anna) 12 annas of which the *raiyats* have to pay half, *i.e.*, 6 annas, and the landlord has to pay the remaining half if his estate is revenue-free. If he pays a revenue, his share of cess is a little reduced, as he is entitled in that case to a deduction to be calculated at the rate of half an anna (½ anna of the rate at which the cess is levied in the district in question) per rupee of revenue that he pays. Now if the *zamindar* in this case pays a revenue of Rs. 3, he has to pay (6 annas—3 × ½ annas) 4½ annas as his share of the cess. The *raiyat's* share, however, remains 6 annas as above, *i.e.*, half of the total maximum cess (annas 12) leviable on this estate. This is exactly what is laid down in section 41(3) of the Cess Act which runs as follows: "Every cultivating *raiyat* shall pay to the person to whom his rent is payable *one half* of the said road cess and public works cess calculated at the said rate or rates respectively (*i.e.*, the rate or rates which may have been determined for the year in question, such rate being now determined in all districts at the maximum rate of one anna per rupee) upon the rent payable by him or upon the annual value ascertained under the provisions of section 24 or 25 of the land held by him." In the case of cultivating *raiyats* who have not sublet their holdings, the provisions of sections 24 and 25 are seldom applied. So the present law is that the cultivating *raiyats* have to pay one half of the total cess and no more. The proposed legislation is taking away this safeguard of the cultivating *raiyats*, because there is no provision in the Bill limiting the cess to be paid by cultivating *raiyats* to any particular proportion, and it is apparent that under the scheme contemplated in the Bill the burden on the shoulders of this class of *raiyats* will be tremendously increased. The *raiyats* who will be thus adversely affected are mostly occupancy *raiyats* who cultivate their lands themselves and have not sublet their holdings to under-*raiyats*. They are the pick of the tenantry of this province, and it will be highly regrettable if the already heavy burden on their shoulders is unduly increased

This legislation will give no relief to the tenantry as a whole. It will simply lighten the burden on the shoulders of certain classes of tenants, *viz.*, under-*raiyats* and "cess-tenure holders" (*raiyats* who have sublet their holdings and are treated as tenure-holders by the administrators of the Cess Act), but it will do so by transferring that burden entirely to the shoulders of cultivating *raiyats*. Again, at each revaluation whatever increase in the total cess demand of a district or unit of a district is made will almost wholly fall on the shoulders of this class.

The scheme proposed is this: An acreage rate will be determined by the Collector for a district or part of a district and according to the decision of the Select Committee, such rate may extend up to one-sixth of the value of the gross produce per acre of ordinary agricultural land in the area. The annual value of a land will be the acreage rate multiplied by the area, and the cess will be levied at the rate of 2 pice (6 pies) per rupee in the maximum on such annual value. Now as regards the question of an estimate of the value of the average gross produce of the province let me quote a few lines from a note circulated to the members of the Council from the Revenue Department a few months ago. The note says: "From the statistics of 11 districts of which the final reports have been published, it appears that, to state generally, the average gross produce of cultivated lands is about Rs. 55 per acre, varying from Rs. 47 in Bankura to Rs. 75 in Noakhali."

I shall now try to illustrate by example the respective incidence of cess upon cultivating *raiyats* under the present system *vis-a-vis* the proposed system. Before I do this I would like to state that the total revenue paid by the *zamindars* of the province is said to be about 2 crores and 15 lakhs and the total rents collected by them as far as occupancy *raiyats* are concerned is said to be about 8½ crores of rupees. Therefore, for every rupee of revenue paid by a *zamindar* he gets Rs. 4 as rent from such *raiyats*. Again, it is stated in the note referred to above that "the average rate of rent of the *dejure* (Bengal Tenancy Act) *raiyat* is about Rs. 3 per acre." The example that I have already cited of a *zamindar* of 4 acres of land, paying a revenue of Rs. 3 and getting Rs. 12 as rent from his *raiyats* who cultivate their own lands, and have not sublet their holdings, is, therefore, a typical one. We have already seen

that the total cess to be paid according to the present system, by all the cultivating *raiyats* under this *zamindary* is 6 annas. Under the proposed scheme, taking the acreage rate to be Rs. 9 (1/6 of Rs. 54 which is taken to be the value of the average gross produce of an acre of land) the total cess payable from this estate will be (4×9×½ anna—3×½ anna) 16½ annas. Of this amount the *zamindar* will pay 4½ annas as under the present system and the remainder of 12 annas will have to be paid by the *raiyats*. That is, the *raiyat's* share will be double of what it is at present. Even if the acreage rate is fixed at Rs. 8, the total cess will be 14½ annas and the *raiyat's* share will be 10 annas. Taking the acreage rate to be as low as Rs. 7 which is an extremely unlikely figure, the *raiyat's* share will be 8 annas. These examples show to what extent the burden on the cultivating raiyats will increase under the system proposed to be introduced. This was frankly admitted in the abovementioned note of the Revenue Department. One of the alternative suggestions as to the future scheme of assessment was thus considered in the note: "(3) Take a uniform rate of 1½ pice per rupee of 'net profit' (acreage rate ×area—revenue or rent) both for the cultivating *raiyats* and the landlords." Regarding this suggestion, the note said: "The objection to plan (3) is that it will involve a substantial increase of the burden of the cultivating *raiyats*." If a rate of 1½ pice per rupee on the net profit was then objectionable, one fails to understand how a rate of 2 pice per rupee now proposed has been acceptable.

The number of *raiyats* who will be thus adversely affected is by no means insignificant. From the statistics supplied to the members of the Select Committee from the department, it will be seen that the number of holdings of *raiyats* at fixed rates is about 8 lakhs and that of settled and occupancy *raiyats* is about 95 lakhs. Of these 103 lakhs, about 30 lakhs have been sublet to under-*raiyats* in part or whole. Deducting these 30 lakhs from the aforesaid 103 lakhs of holdings, we get 73 lakhs of holdings in respect of which there has been no sub-infeudation. The holders of these 73 lakhs of *raiyati* holdings will be adversely affected and in all likelihood the burden on their shoulders will be doubled. They are undoubtedly the flower of the Bengal tenantry and the treatment that is proposed to mete out to them will certainly bear its evil fruit. This is the most conscious and vocal class of tenants in the province. It is highly undesirable to poke them any further.

If this Bill is passed into law, it will most effectively stand in the way of whatever little chance yet remains, of enforcing the Rural Primary Education Act. If the cess burden of this class of tenants is now increased in the manner proposed, it will be unthinkable to impose another equally heavy burden on them under the Education Act. The Primary Education Act will be successfully strangulated if the proposed measure is passed into law.

There is another obvious and fundamental objection to the Bill. During the last 50 years the cess demand of the province has almost doubled. There is no doubt that the cess will go on increasing almost in every district at each new valuation. What justification is there that the burden of the increase will wholly fall on the shoulders of cultivators and that landlords will go entirely scot-free? It is glibly said that everyone is going to be assessed on his net profit. It is nothing but camouflage to say that the *zamindar's* net profit consists only of the difference between the rents that he receives and the revenue that he pays, as it is taken to be by the proposed enactment. The Bill altogether excludes from consideration all the other earnings of a *zamindar* in calculating his net profit.

Such an ill-conceived, unjust and inequitable measure does not deserve to be placed on the statute book.

I refrain from mentioning here the other objections I have to the majority report of the Select Committee as my note of dissent has already become very lengthy. I reserve the right to mention these on appropriate occasions during the stages the Bill has yet to go through.

Minute of dissent by Mr. Mukunda Behary Mullick, M.L.C.

I sign the Report of the Select Committee subject to this note of dissent:—

I think that clause 6, proposed section 45 (*1*) should be deleted. The liability to pay cess is a statutory obligation for anyone holding cess-paying lands, and therefore I do not think that there ought to be a rebate granted to any of them. The reason applied to the rebate granted in some business concerns has no application to the case of cess. Moreover, the cess is the income of the district board; I think that the same ought not to be reduced in any way.

In clause 6, in proposed section 45(*2*) the period of limitation for the recovery of unrealised cesses ought to be three years and there is no reason to make it as long as six years.

Minute of dissent by Khan Bahadur Muhammad Abdul Momin, M.L.C.

It is apprehended that if the acreage rate be fixed on the basis of the value of all kinds of produce of the lands within a local area it will operate harshly on such tenants

who own only "*ek-fasli* lands" (the number of such being over 50 per cent. in all districts) also the ascertainment of value of each crop will be difficult and indefinite. I, therefore, suggest that the value of only staple food crops be taken as the basis irrespective of what the tenants actually grow. The agricultural prosperity or otherwise in Bengal is and has always been gauged in terms of paddy.

2. As it is likely that individual districts or cases when rents are low the cess calculated on the acreage rate will go up considerably, there ought to be a safeguard that no "individual tenant's cess should go up by more than 10 per cent. over his present cess."

3. I am opposed to the proposed system of payment of rebate. It is against the principle of payment of all existing public demands and in the case of cess will lead to unnecessary complication without serving any useful purpose.

Minute of dissent by Mr. N. K. Basu, M.L.C.

I dissent from the proposed changes in clause 6, proposed section 45(*1*) and clause 14, proposed section 107D(*2*)(*b*). I reserve my reasons for the Council.

Minute of dissent by Rai Sahib Panchanan Barma, M.B.E., M.L.C.

Clause 6: Rebate.—In the original Bill, rebate was proposed to be granted to the owners of estates only. But the Select Committee extended the grant of rebate to the owners of estates or tenures and to the cultivating *raiyats*, the principle on which the rebate is based being to induce payment of the instalment of cess on or before the due date which is applicable to all the cases.

I think, in the proviso (*a*) to the proposed section 45(*1*) the phrase "at one time" should be omitted. The question that matters is that the instalment is paid "on or before the due date." That condition being fulfilled, it is immaterial whether the instalment is paid at one time or more, rather it will give facility for payment to the payer, if he be allowed to pay at more than one time.

Proviso (*b*) to the proposed section 45(*1*) puts great restriction on the title to get rebates. It provides that a cess-payer liable to pay an annual cess amounting to less than Rs. 50 is not entitled to get any rebate.

Now let us see the effect of this proviso on the holder of an estate, a tenure or a cultivating *raiyati* holding. How are any of them going to be benefited? According to the proviso to proposed section 107H(*1*) the cesses, *i.e.*, road cess and public work cess, shall be levied so as not to exceed the rate of one-quarter anna on each rupee of the annual value determined, that is, the rate of the two cesses taken together shall not exceed half anna on each rupee of the annual value.

Now what shall have to be the "annual value" of an estate or a tenure or a cultivating *raiyati* holding to be liable to pay an annual cess amounting to Rs. 50? I take the rate to be not less than two pice per rupee.

To secure a cess of one rupee, the annual value of an estate or a tenure or a cultivating *raiyati* holding shall have to be Rs. 32 and to secure an annual cess of Rs. 50, the annual value shall have to be Rs. 32 × 50 = 1,600. A rate less than two pice will require an annual value greater than Rs. 1,600.

Taking cultivating *raiyati* holding first, this annual value of Rs. 1,600 is to be one-sixth of the gross produce of the holding according to proposed section 107D(*2*)(*a*). This means that a *raiyati* holding to be entitled to get any rebate shall have to yield a gross produce of Rs. 1,600 × 6 = 9,600. But no cultivating *raiyati* holding whether of one hundred or more standard *bighas* can be expected to produce so much, even though the agricultural products sell at very high rate.

Considering all these, I think that if any rebate is intended actually to be given to the cultivating *raiyats*, the amount of annual cess entitling a cultivating *raiyat* to get rebate should be reduced to at least Rs. 10.

Then taking an estate or a tenure. The annual cess of Rs. 1,600 which entitles the owner to a rebate shall in these cases have to be composed of—

(*i*) cess on his profit as landlord,

(*ii*) cess realised from his tenants, and

(*iii*) cess on the annual value of the lands under his own cultivation—that is, one-sixth of the gross produce of such lands.

So the factors composing the annual value are of three kinds and each of them may vary to different qualities. So it is difficult, except in an actual case, to make estimate of the different factors. But it is certain that a large number of owners of estates or tenures will by operation of this restriction clause be excluded from getting rebate.

Here attention is drawn to the question whether 5 per cent. rebate will suffice to create the intended inducement.

Now apart from the question of inducement for payment, the owners of estates and tenure raise the question of (*i*) their labour for collection, and (*ii*) the risk of non-realisation of cesses in some cases from their tenants. It may be said, and it is a good maxim, that they should undertake the labour and the risk for the public good in which they themselves and their tenants also are to have some share. But besides labour, they have to suffer some loss or pay something from their pocket.

It may be said, and it is sometimes a hard fact, that the landlords realise much more than what is due in cess. For such excess realisation, they ought certainly to be punished; but to put it forth as an excuse for not recognizing their trouble is to give some sort of legal sanction to illegal exactions.

Now let us view the points of the landlords closely. The amount of cess they are required to pay are composed, as have already been pointed out, of three factors:—

(*i*) cess on his profit as landlord,

(*ii*) cess realised from his tenants, and

(*iii*) the cess on the annual value of the lands under his cultivation.

The amount of cess he is to pay for items (*i*) and (*ii*) are due directly from him and there is no question of his taking trouble or risk. The only question involved is the one of inducement of payment. The question of trouble and risk arises in connection with item (*ii*). Here he realises the cess from the cultivating *raiyats* or tenure-holders under him and he is to undertake some trouble for collection and risk in some cases of non-realisation.

Considering the public duty, an owner of an estate or tenure is to perform along with the trouble and risk he is to undertake in realising the cess from his tenants and paying them to the superior authorities, I would like to fix the rate of rebate at one anna and one pice per rupee, *i.e.*, Rs. 7-13 per cent. for that portion of cesses which the landlord pays on the collection from tenants under him, *i.e.*, for item (*ii*). But with respect to items (*i*) and (*iii*) the imposition is upon him personally and he is bound to pay. Taking all the facts into consideration, I think the rebate in the cess of the owners of estates or tenure should be 6¼ per cent.

In case of an hierarchy of owners between an estate and tenures under him question has not been considered. The question should be considered. But a rebate of more than 6¼ per cent. on the original amount of cesses should not be allowed.

Clause 14: Proposed section 107D (2) (ii) (iii).—The term "agricultural produce" should be restricted to such produces as are mainly crops and of commercial value. There are many crops which are not taken notice of by *Grihasthas* when they are grown by their *adhiars*. These crops may have some local consumption, but they are not treated as something cultivated for purposes of getting money. Such crops have little or no commercial value. Such crops should be excluded from consideration.

THE BENGAL CESS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1933.

(*As amended by the Select Committee.*)

NOTE.—All matter omitted by the Select Committee has been printed in italics and enclosed in square brackets and all new matter inserted by the Select Committee has been underlined.

A

BILL

further to amend the Cess Act, 1880.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Cess Act, 1880, in the manner hereinafter appearing :— Ben. Act IX of 1880.

AND WHEREAS the previous sanction of the Governor General has been obtained under sub-section (*3*) of section 80A of the Government of India Act to the passing of this Act ; 5 & 6 Geo., v.c. 61 ; 6 & 7 Geo., v.c. 37 ; 9 & 10 Geo., v.c. 101.

It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Bengal Cess (Amendment) Act, 1933.

[Amendment of section 5 of Bengal Act IX of 1880.]

[**2.** *In section 5 of the Cess Act, 1880 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), for the words and figures "sections 2 and 8" the words, figures and letter "sections 2, 8 and 107C" shall be substituted.*]

Amendment of sections 22 and 23 of Bengal Act IX of 1880.

3. For sections 22 and 23 of the [*said Act*] Cess Act, 1880 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), as originally enacted, sections 22 and 23 of the said Act as substituted for Western Bengal by section 6 of the Bengal Cess (Amendment) Act, 1910, shall be substituted.

Repeal of Chapter IIA.

4. Chapter IIA of the said Act is hereby repealed.

[Amendment of section 36.]

[**5.** *In section 36 of the said Act after the words "under this Chapter" the words "or under Chapter VIIA" shall be inserted.*]

Substitution of new section for section 45.

6. For section 45 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Effect of payment or non-payment of cess on or before due date.

["*45* (1) *The Collector shall allow a rebate of five* per centum *of the amount payable to him by the holder or farmer of an estate as an instalment of road cess and public works cess, including the cess due on account of rent-free lands comprised in a revenue-paying or revenue-free estate, at the time of payment of such instalment if such payment is made on or before the date on which the same becomes due.*]

45 (*1*) A rebate of five *per centum* of the amount payable as an instalment of road cess and public works cess under Chapter III, IV or VIIA in respect of any estate or tenure, or of the interest of a cultivating *raiyat* shall be allowed at the time of payment : Provided that—

(*a*) the instalment is paid in full at one time on or before the due date, and

(*b*) the annual cess payable in respect of the estate, tenure or interest amounts to fifty rupees or more.

(*2*) Notwithstanding anything contained in Schedule [*3*] III to the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, if any instalment of VIII of 1885.

The Bengal Cess (Amendment) Bill, 1933.

(Clauses 7, 8.)

road cess or public works cess or part thereof payable to the Collector shall not be paid within [*fifteen*] thirty days from the date on which the same becomes due, the amount of such instalment or part thereof may be recovered at any time within six years after it becomes due, with interest at the rate of twelve and a half *per centum per annum* calculated from the date on which such instalment became due with all costs of recovering the same:

Provided that if the amount of such instalment or part thereof be recovered before the expiration of the financial year in which the instalment became due interest shall be recoverable at the rate of six and one-fourth *per centum per annum* calculated from the date on which the instalment became due with all costs of recovering the same."

Amendment of section 50.

7. (*1*) In section 50 of the said Act, for the words "without payment of rent" the words "rent-free" shall be substituted.

(*2*) To the said section the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided that where in a valuation or revaluation of lands made under Chapter VIIA any such land is recorded in the last finally published record-of-rights as comprised within any estate or tenure, it shall be deemed to form part of the estate or tenure in which it is so recorded, unless the Collector orders that in any particular case such land shall be included in some other estate or tenure or that the cess shall be payable direct to the Collector or to any other person on his behalf."

Insertion of new section 51A.

8. After section 51 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Information regarding rent-free lands.

"51A. (*1*) Every owner, holder or occupier of any rent-free land shall be bound to give on demand to the Collector or to the holder of the estate or tenure within which such land is, for the purposes of this Act, included or to his authorized agent all information in his possession regarding the area, situation and description of the land and the names and addresses of all persons owning, holding or occupying it as may be reasonably required for the purpose of the collection or recovery of the cess due on such land.

(*2*) If any such owner, holder or occupier of rent-free land fails without reasonable excuse to comply with such demand within three months after receiving the same, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and the provisions of sub-sections (*3*) to (*7*) of section 58 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, shall, so far as may be, apply to the imposition and recovery of the fine. VIII of 1885.

(*3*) The Collector may, either on the application of the holder of the estate or tenure within which such rent-free land is included, or of his own motion, summon the owner, holder or occupier of any rent-free land to furnish him with the information referred to in sub-section (*1*) and such owner, holder or occupier shall furnish such information so far as the same may be in his possession.

(*4*) For the purpose of sub-section (*3*) the Collector shall have power to summon, and enforce the attendance of, witnesses, and compel the production of documents, in the same manner as is provided in the case of a Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908." Act V of 1908.

The Bengal Cess (Amendment) Bill, 1933.

(Clauses 9—14.)

Insertion of new section 57A.

9. After section 57 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Place of payment or tendor of cess.

"57A. (*1*) The provisions of section 54 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, regarding payment or tender of rent at the landlord's village office or other convenient place or by postal money order shall apply to the payment or tender of cess by the owner, holder or occupier of rent-free land, as if the person to whom the same is payable under this Act is his landlord. VIII of 1885.

(*2*) The provisions of section 56 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, regarding the grant of rent-receipts shall apply to the payment of cess by the owner, holder or occupier of rent-free land as if the person to whom the cess is payable under this Act is his landlord."

Amendment of section 58.

10. In section 58 of the said Act, after the words "is not paid" the words "or tendered" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 64A.

11. In section 64A of the said Act,—

(*a*) before the words "all sums due" the words and figures "Notwithstanding anything contained in Schedule III to the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885," shall be inserted ;

(*b*) after the words "provisions of this Chapter" the words, figures and letters "or of Chapter VIIA" shall be inserted ;

(*c*) after the words "any occupier of the same" the words "within six years from the date on which such sums became due," shall be inserted ; and

(*d*) the words "and subject to the same rules as to limitation" after the words "transferable tenure or holding" shall be omitted. [*and*]

[(*e*) *the proviso shall be omitted.*]

Amendment of section 79.

12. To section 79 of the said Act, the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided further that if the Collector is satisfied that though net profits accrued, from any property assessable under this Chapter, in any previous years no cess was paid in respect thereof the Collector shall proceed to ascertain and determine by such ways or means as to him shall seem expedient the net profits of such property for each such year during period not exceeding the last preceding three years, and road cess and public works cess shall be payable in respect thereof at the rate determined for each such year, respectively, and the Collector shall add the amount of such cess to the amount shown in the notice to be served under section 80 and such cess shall be payable in two equal instalments as provided in section 80."

Amendment of section 106.

13. In section 106 of the said Act, after the words "The Board of Revenue may" the words, figures and letter, ", subject to the provisions of section 107-R," shall be inserted.

Insertion of new Chapter VIIA.

14. In Part II of the said Act, after section 107 the following Chapter shall be inserted, namely :—

"Chapter VIIA.

Valuation [*or*] and revaluation of lands in a district or part of a district in respect of which a record-of-rights has been finally published, and payment of cess on such lands.

The Bengal Cess (Amendment) Bill, 1933.

(Clause 14.)

Application of Chapter.

107-A. (*1*) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act—

(*a*) the valuation or revaluation of lands in a district included in Schedule G or in a part of such district shall be made in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter;

(*b*) every holder of an estate, other than Government, and every holder of a tenure or other interest in land in a district or part of a district in respect of which such valuation or revaluation shall have been made shall be bound to pay cess in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter from the date fixed by the Board of Revenue as the date from which such valuation or revaluation shall take effect:

[*Provided that no such valuation or revaluation shall take effect before the expiration of the period of five years from the date from which the last preceding valuation, if any, took effect.*]

Provided that no such valuation or revaluation shall take effect—

(*i*) before the expiration of ten years from the date from which the last valuation or revaluation made under this Chapter took effect, or

(*ii*) if the last valuation or revaluation was not made under this Chapter, before the expiration of five years from the date of such valuation or revaluation.

(*2*) The Local Government may, from time to time, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette* include in Schedule G any district in respect of the whole or any part of which a record-of-rights has been finally published under Chapter X of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885. VIII of 1885.

Definitions.

107-B. In this Chapter, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(*1*) 'acreage rate' means the rate per acre of land determined [*by the Collector*] in accordance with the provisions of [*section 107D*] this Chapter;

(*2*) 'annual value of any land' means the sum of money calculated by multiplying the area of the land by the acreage rate applicable to such land;

(*3*) 'cess' means the road cess and the public works cess;

(*4*) 'cess-free land' means all land in respect of which, in accordance with the provisions of section 107-C, no cess shall be payable;

(*5*) 'cess-paying land' means all land other than cess-free land;

(*6*) 'class of land' means a class of land according to the classification adopted in the last finally published record-of-rights relating to the district or part of a district in which the land is situated;

(*7*) (*i*) except as provided in sub-clause (*ii*), 'Collector' means, in the case of lands which have been or are about to be valued or revalued under this Chapter, the officer in charge of the revenue administration of the district in which such lands are situated or any officer appointed by the Local Government to exercise any of the functions of a Collector under this Chapter in respect of such lands;

The Bengal Cess (Amendment) Bill, 1933.

(Clause 14.)

(*ii*) in clause [(*7*),] (*8*) in sub-section (*1*) of section 107-M and in section 107-O 'Collector' means, in the case of a revenue-paying estate, the Collector or similar officer on whose revenue-roll the estate is borne, and, in the case of a revenue-free estate, the Collector or other similar officer on whose general register of revenue-free lands the estate is borne ;

(*8*) 'estate' means—

(*1*) land included under one entry in the general registers of revenue-paying lands and of revenue-free lands prepared and maintained by the Collector of a district under the Land Registration Act, 1876, or any similar law for the time being in force ; Ben Act VII of 1876

(*2*) any land acquired under any rules issued by, or under authority of, Government for the sale, grant, lease or clearance of waste-lands ;

(*8A*) 'farmer of an estate' means the farmer of an estate let to him in farm by Government ,

(*9*) 'holder of an estate' includes Government in the case of estates which are—

(*a*) the property of Government, or

(*b*) the property of private persons and are under the direct management of Government or have been let in farm by Government ,

(*10*) 'prescribed' means prescribed by rules made under this Chapter ,

(*11*) 'rent' means whatever is lawfully payable or deliverable in money or kind by a tenant to his landlord on account of the use or occupation of the land held by the tenant .

Explanation.—Where rent is payable in kind the money value thereof shall, for the purposes of this Chapter, be taken to be the value of the landlord's share of the crop calculated on an average of the [*three*] five years next preceding any valuation or revaluation under this Chapter ;

(*12*) 'tenure', '*raiyat*' and 'under-*raiyat*' have the same meaning as in the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885. VIII of 1885.

Cess-paying and cess-free lands.

107-C. (*1*) Except as otherwise provided in this section all lands shall be cess-paying.

(*2*) The following lands shall be cess-free, namely :—

(*a*) in areas other than those referred to in clause (*b*)—

(*i*) all lands recorded in the last finally published record-of-rights as belonging to a class included in the statement of classes of cess-free lands published under sub-section (*3*) of section 107-G ;

(*ii*) all lands included in a list of cess-free lands published under [*clause* (*d*)] sub-section (*2*) of section 107-I ;

The Bengal Cess (Amendment) Bill, 1933.

(Clause 14.)

(*b*) in areas which have been omitted from a record-of-rights, or in which the Collector considers that the classification contained in the last finally published record-of-rights should not be followed owing to extensive changes in the land which have occurred since its preparation

(*i*) all lands which consist of [*forest*], jungle, road, path, river, *khal*, graveyard, cremation ground, unculturable waste, [*and*] unculturable marsh and unculturable *bil* so long as they continue to be such;

(*ii*) all lands exempted for the time being from liability to cess by an order of the Collector.

(*3*) Nothing in this Chapter shall apply to the following classes of immovable properties, namely :

(*i*) railways and tramways, [*and*]

(*ii*) mines and quarries, and

(*iii*) forests

Determination of acreage rate.

107-D. (*1*) On receipt of an order under section 12 or section 15 for the valuation or revaluation of a district or part of a district the Collector may divide the district or part thereof into as many suitable units as he considers necessary and shall determine in accordance with such rules as the Local Government may make a fair and uniform acreage rate for the district or part thereof, as the case may be, or, if the district or part thereof has been divided into units, a fair and uniform acreage rate for each unit.

(*2*) Such rate shall not exceed-

(*a*) one-[*fifth*] sixth of the value of the gross produce per acre of ordinary agricultural land, in the area for which the rate is being determined, as estimated after taking into account the following matters :

(*i*) the general productivity of agricultural lands in the area for which the rate is being determined,

(*ii*) the prices prevailing during the preceding five years of agricultural produce generally in the district;

(*iii*) the total estimated value of all agricultural produce of the district for the preceding [*three*] five years.

(*b*) a rate likely to increase the total cess demand in the district by more than twenty *per centum*

(*3*) In determining such rate the Collector shall take amongst others the following matters into consideration :—

(*i*) the maximum rate according to his estimate under [*sub-clause*] sub-section (*2*);

(*ii*) the amount of the existing demand for road cess and public works cess in the district and the incidence thereof;

(*iii*) the rate of rent generally payable by *raiyats* or under-*raiyats* of all grades.

(*4*) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (*1*), (*2*) and (*3*), in the case of lands acquired under any rule issued by, or under the authority of, Government for the sale, lease, grant or clearance of waste lands, or held directly from Government, and used for the cultivation of tea, coffee or cinchona, the acreage rate shall be [*ten*] twenty rupees per acre.

The Bengal Cess (Amendment) Bill, 1933.

(Clause 14.)

Determination of cess-free and cess-paying lands.

107-E. (*1*). The Collector shall, except in the case of an area referred to in clause (*b*) of sub-section (*2*) of section 107-C, in accordance with such rules as the Local Government may make in this behalf—

[(*a*) *Prepare a statement of the classes of lands in the district or part of a district which shall be cess-free and shall include therein any class of lands consisting entirely of forest, jungle, road, path river,* khal, *graveyard or cremation-ground and such other classes of lands as he may think fit, and*

(*b*) *prepare, in respect of each village, in such form as may be prescribed, a list of lands other than lands belonging to any class specified in the statement prepared under clause* (*a*), *which shall be cess-free*]

(*a*) prepare a statement of the classes of lands in the district or part of a district which shall be cess-free and shall include therein any class of lands consisting entirely of jungle, road, path, river, *khal*, graveyard or cremation-ground, and may include therein any other class of land if he considers it to consist entirely of unculturable waste, and

(*b*) prepare, in such form as may be prescribed, a list of lands in any village, group of villages or local area, other than lands belonging to any class specified in the statement prepared under clause (*a*), which shall be cess-free :

Provided that he shall not include any land in the list except on the ground that it is unculturable waste.

(*2*) In the case of an area referred to in clause (*b*) of sub-section (*2*) of section 107-C, the Collector shall, after considering the returns, if any, submitted by the holder of the estate or rent-free interest in which any part of such area is included, summarily determine the total area and the annual value of the cess-paying lands in such area which are included in any estate or rent-free interest, and shall prepare the valuation-roll for such estate or rent-free interest accordingly.

Preliminary publication of division of district into units, acreage rate and classes of cess-free lands.

107-F. (*1*) The Collector shall publish a statement specifying

(*a*) the units, if any, into which he proposes to divide the district or part thereof ;

(*b*) the acreage rate determined by him for the district or part thereof or for each unit ; [*with a short explanation of his reasons for so determining the rate.*]

(*c*) the classes of land which shall be cess-free ;

with an explanation of the grounds for his proposals, in such manner and for such period as may be prescribed, and shall receive and consider any objections received regarding the same during the period of publication, and shall dispose of such objections according to such rules as the Local Government may make.

(*2*) No such objection shall be [*made*] considered except in regard to the units into which it is proposed to divide the district or part thereof, the acreage rate which has been determined, and the classes of land which [*will*] shall be cess-free.

The Bengal Cess (Amendment) Bill, 1933.

(Clause 14.)

Appeal to and revision by a revenue authority and final publication of division of district, acreage rate and classes of cess-free lands.

107-G. (*1*) An appeal from any order of the Collector disposing of an objection under section 107-F shall, if presented within thirty days from the date of the order, lie to the revenue authority appointed by the Local Government in this behalf whose decision thereon shall, subject to the provisions of sub-section (*2*), be final.

(*2*) The Local Government and, subject to the control of the Local Government, the Board of Revenue may revise any estimate made [*by the Collector*] under sub-section (*2*) of section 107-D by any subordinate authority and any decision by any such authority relating to the division of a district or part thereof into units or to any acreage rate or to the classes of land which shall be [*rent*] cess-free.

(*3*) When the appeals, if any, under sub-section (*1*) have been disposed of, the Collector shall submit all his proceedings through the Commissioner of the Division and the Board of Revenue to the Local Government, and the Local Government, after making such modifications, if any, as it may think fit, shall finally publish in the *Calcutta Gazette* a statement showing

(*a*) the units, if any, into which the district or part of a district will be divided,

(*b*) the classes of land which shall be cess-free, and

(*c*) the acreage rate or rates,

and the publication in the *Calcutta Gazette* shall be conclusive evidence that these have been duly determined under this Chapter. The Local Government shall forward a copy of the statement to the Collector for publication in the prescribed manner.

Rates at which cess to be levied.

107-H. (*1*) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 46 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885, the Local Government may, after considering the views of the District Board, determine for any district or part of a district the rates at which the road cess and the public works cess, respectively, shall be levied for each year on each rupee of the annual value of cess-paying land, and may from time to time vary such rates: Ben. Act III of 1885.

Provided that the rate at which each such cess shall be levied for any one year shall not exceed the rate of one-quarter anna on each rupee of such annual value.

(*2*) The rates so determined shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* and in the prescribed manner:

Provided that such publication shall not be necessary unless a change has been made in the rates since they were last published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Preparation and publication of valuation-rolls, statements, and lists of lands.

107-I. (*1*) The Collector shall prepare and publish in such form and in such manner as may be prescribed—

(*a*) a valuation-roll in respect of every estate showing in addition to any other particulars, the total area and the total annual value respectively of the rent-paying and rent-free lands in the area under valuation other than cess-free lands comprised in the estate, and the land-revenue, if any, payable for the estate or portion of the estate under valuation;

(*b*) a valuation-roll of every rent-free interest [*Such roll shall show*] showing in addition to any other particulars the annual value of the cess-paying lands in such interest, and whether the cess is payable to the Collector direct or to the holder of an estate or tenure other than the Collector. In the latter case, the name, number or other description of the estate or tenure within which the land is included shall be stated;

The Bengal Cess (Amendment) Bill, 1933.

(Clause 14.)

(c) statements of the annual value of lands comprised in [*rent-paying tenures.*] all other interests. The particulars contained in such statements shall be presumed to be correct until the contrary is proved.

Notwithstanding anything contained in any such statement the holder of an estate or tenure shall be entitled to recover from his tenant, and such tenant shall be bound to pay, the cess due on account of the land held or occupied by him according to the provisions of this Chapter.

(2) The Collector shall also publish in the prescribed manner the lists of cess-free lands [*in each village*] prepared under clause (*b*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 107-E.

Power of Collector to call for returns from owners or holders of estates or other interests.

107-J. (*1*) The Collector may, where he [*considers it to be necessary*] thinks fit and in particular in respect of rent-free interests, or where there has been a change since the last finally published record-of-rights in any area was prepared, or the last revaluation made under this Chapter, owing to the addition or exclusion of lands by alluvion or diluvion or any other causes, call for returns to be filed by the holders of estates or tenures or the owners, holders or occupiers of rent-free interests in the prescribed form.

(2) Where the Collector requires such returns he shall publish a proclamation in the prescribed manner calling upon the holders of estates or tenures or the owners, holders or occupiers of rent-free interests concerned to file returns in the prescribed form and every such holder or occupier shall file, with full and correct information, the returns so called for within the time specified in the proclamation.

Each such return shall show, in addition to any other particulars, the total area, the area, if any, within the limits of a municipality and the particulars of [*the*] any change in the area of such estate, tenure or interest, a specification of the lands added thereto or excluded therefrom, with an explanation of the reasons for such change, addition or exclusion, and the revenue or rent payable in respect of the estate, tenure or interest.

(3) If any holder of an estate or tenure or the owner, holder or occupier of rent-free interest fails to comply with the requisition for returns, he shall be subject to the provisions of sections 18, 19 and 20.

Copies of or extracts from valuation-roll to be available on payment of fees.

107-K. Copies of, or extracts from, the valuation-roll prepared under section 107-I shall be available to holders of estates or tenures or the owners, holders or occupiers of rent-free interests in such manner and on payment of such fees as may be prescribed.

Correction of mistakes in valuation-roll.

107-L. The Collector may, at any time, correct any *bona fide* mistake in or omission from the valuation-roll.

Payment of cess.

107-M. (*1*) Every holder of an estate, other than Government, and every farmer of an estate, shall yearly pay to the Collector the total cess calculated on the annual value of the cess-paying lands included in such estate, at the rate or rates which may have been determined for the road cess and public works cess respectively for the year as in this Chapter provided, less a deduction to be calculated at the said rates for every rupee of the land-revenue, if any, entered in the valuation-roll of such estate as payable in respect thereof, and less also a deduction at half the said rates on the annual value of all cess-paying rent-free lands comprised within the estate.

The Bengal Cess (Amendment) Bill, 1933.

(Clause 14.)

(*2*) Every holder, other than a rent-free holder, of a tenure or other subordinate interest comprising any cess-paying lands shall yearly pay to the person to whom his rent is payable the total cess calculated on the annual value of the cess-paying lands comprised in his tenure or interest, at the rate or rates which may have been determined for the road cess and public works cess for the year as in this Chapter provided, less a deduction to be calculated at the said rates for every rupee of the rent payable, if any, by him for such tenure or interest, and less also a deduction at half the said rates on the annual value of all cess-paying rent-free lands comprised within the tenure or interest :

Provided that where the rent payable is equal to or greater than the annual value, no cess shall be payable by him.

Explanation.—In this sub-section the expression "rent-payable" means, where the rent is payable in kind, the money value thereof.

(*3*) Every owner and holder of any rent-free land, and every person in receipt of the rents and profits or in possession or enjoyment of such land, shall be bound to pay year by year to the holder of the estate or tenure in which such land is included under the proviso to section 50, or to the Collector if the Collector has ordered that the cess shall be paid to him direct, the total cess calculated on the annual value of such land, not being cess-free land, at the full rate or rates which may have been determined for the road and public works cess as in this Chapter provided

Power to Collector to grant abatement or remission of cess.

107-N. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, the Collector may, in accordance with rules to be made by the Local Government, at any time grant abatement or remission of any cess payable under this Chapter

Power to serve notice showing cess and fixing the date from which cess shall take effect.

107-O. (*1*) The Collector shall cause to be served on every holder of an estate other than Government and on every farmer of an estate, in the prescribed manner, a notice showing the amount of cess payable under sub-section (*1*) of section 107-M in respect of his estate and specifying the date from which such cess will take effect.

(*2*) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 107-M, the amount shown in the said notice shall be recoverable from the said holder or farmer other than Government

(*3*) The Collector may at any time serve a revised notice on the said holder or farmer if he finds that the amount of cess payable under section 107-M has not been correctly calculated or has not been correctly shown in the notice

(*4*) In case of any change in the rate of cess it shall not be necessary to serve a revised notice [*but the cess payable shall be reduced proportionately to the changed rate*] but the amount of cess payable shall be proportionate to the changed rate

(*5*) The notice issued under sub-section (*1*) shall include the cess payable in respect of the estate in all districts including cess, if any, payable under sub-section (*1*) of section 41 or section 51 on account of lands in respect of which a valuation or revaluation made under Chapter II is still in force, and no separate notice under section 40 shall be necessary :

Provided that if any lands valued or revalued in any district under this Chapter appertain to an estate which is borne on the revenue-roll or general register of revenue-free lands of another district, and a valuation or revaluation under Chapter II is still in force in respect of any lands appertaining to that estate which are situated in the latter district, the Collector may issue a notice under section 40 showing

The Bengal Cess (Amendment) Bill, 1933.

(Clause 14.)

the total cess payable in respect of the estate in all districts both under section 107-M and under sub-section (*1*) of section 41 and section 51, and no separate notice under sub-section (*1*) shall be necessary.

Particulars of cess to be specified in receipt

107-P. (*1*) Where a tenant makes payment on account of cess to his landlord the rent-receipt granted by the landlord under section 56 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, shall specify the amount of cess paid by the tenant and the total cess demand payable by him correctly calculated by the landlord. VIII of 1885.

(*2*) If the receipt does not contain substantially the particulars required by sub-section (*1*), it shall be presumed, until the contrary is shown, to be an acquittance in full of all demands of cess payable by the tenant to his landlord up to the date on which the receipt was given.

Alteration of annual value and revision of valuation-roll in certain cases

107-Q (*1*) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, if at any time while any valuation or revaluation is in force it appears to the Collector that owing to alluvion or diluvion or other cause extensive changes have occurred in any land, and that in consequence thereof the annual value shown in the valuation-roll of any estate or rent-free interest should be altered, he may, after notice to the holder of such estate or rent-free interest and after making such inquiry as he considers necessary, enhance or reduce the annual value in such valuation-roll, and publish a revised valuation-roll of such estate or rent-free interest, and issue a revised notice under section 107-O, and may also, if necessary, amend any list published under section 107-I

(*2*) When the Collector publishes a revised valuation-roll under sub-section (*1*), he may order that the revised valuation shall take effect from a date not being earlier than the beginning of the second financial year previous to the financial year in which the revised roll is published and cess shall be payable accordingly

Rules

107-R (*1*) The Local Government may from time to time make, and when made, from time to time, alter, add to or cancel, any rule -

(*a*) regulating the determination of the acreage rate referred to in sub-section (*1*) of section 107-D ;

(*b*) regulating the preparation of the statement of cess-free lands and the lists of cess-free lands referred to in sub-section (*1*) of section 107-E and prescribing the form of such lists ;

(*c*) prescribing the manner and period of publication of the statement referred to in sub-section (*1*) of section 107-F, the method of disposal of objections under the said sub-section and the manner of final publication of the statement by the Collector under sub-section (*3*) of section 107-G ;

(*d*) regulating the preparation and prescribing the form and the manner of publication of valuation-rolls and statements of annual value of lands and the manner of publication of lists of cess-free lands under section 107-I ;

(*e*) prescribing the manner of publication of the proclamation under section 107-J and the forms for, and contents of, the returns required under that section ;

(*f*) prescribing the manner of publication of the rates determined under section 107-H.

The Bengal Cess (Amendment) Bill, 1933.

(Clause 14.)

(*g*) prescribing the manner of, and the amount of fees to be levied for, supplying extracts from or copies of valuation-rolls under section 107-K ;

(*h*) regulating the abatement or remission of cess under section 107-N ;

(*i*) prescribing the manner of service of notice under section 107-O ; and

(*j*) generally to carry out the purposes of this Chapter

(*2*) Such rules shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* and thereupon shall have the force of law :

Provided that any rule made under clause (*h*) of sub-section (*1*) shall be subject to the condition of previous publication

Application of certain provisions of this Act to this Chapter.

107-S. For the purposes of this Chapter

(*i*) the following provisions of this Act shall not be applicable, namely :

The definitions of 'annual value of any land, estate or tenure', 'cultivating *raiyat*', 'estate', 'holding', 'tenure', 'the Collector' and 'the Collector of the district' in section 4, sections 6, 13, 14, 16, 17 and 21 to 35, in section 37 the words 'from making at any time any reduction which he may think fit in the valuation of any estate or tenure ; or'; sections 38 to 40A, 41 except the last paragraph as in force in Western Bengal, 51 to 56, 59 to 64, the proviso to section 64A, sections 66 to 71, 89, 93 and the portion of section 102 [*from*] after the word and figures 'section 78' to the word and figures 'section 35' ;

(*ii*) all the other provisions of this Act shall be applicable *mutatis mutandis*, so far as the same may reasonably be applied, and subject to the following particular modifications, namely :

[*In section 42*]—

(*a*) in section 42, in sub-section (*1*) after the words 'revenue-'paying estate' and in sub-section (*2*) after the words 'revenue-free estate' the words 'other than Government, and every farmer of an estate' shall be deemed to be inserted ;

(*b*) in sub-section (*3*) of the said section for the words 'cultivating raiyat' and for the word 'raiyat' in the two other places where it occurs the words 'holder of any other subordinate interest in land' shall be read ;

(*c*) in section 47 after the word 'tenure' the words 'or any other subordinate interest in land' shall be deemed to be inserted ;

(*d*) in section 48 after the words 'in an estate or tenure' the words 'or any other subordinate interest in land' shall be deemed to be inserted."

The Bengal Cess (Amendment) Bill, 1933.

(Clauses 15—16.)

Addition of new Schedule G.

15. After Schedule F of the said Act the following Schedule shall be added, namely :—

" Schedule G.

Names of districts in which, or in parts of which, valuation or revaluation shall be made under Chapter VIIA.

1.	Burdwan.	11.	Mymensingh.
2.	Bankura.	12	Faridpur.
3	Birbhum	13	Bakarganj.
4.	Midnapore	14	Chittagong.
5.	24-Parganas.	15.	Noakhali.
6.	Nadia	16.	Tippera.
7.	Murshidabad.	17	Rajshahi.
8.	Jessore.	18.	Bogra.
9.	Khulna.	19.	Pabna.
10	Dacca	20	Malda "

Amendment of section 46 of Ben. Act III of 1885.

16. To section 46 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885, the following proviso shall be added, namely :-

"Provided further that this section shall not apply to a district in respect of which a valuation or revaluation has been made under Chapter VII-A of the Cess Act, 1880, nor shall a rate be fixed under this section in respect of any land which has been so valued or revalued". Ben. Act IX of 1880.

J. W. McKAY,

Secy. to the Bengal Legislative Council.

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Part IV

BILLS INTRODUCED IN THE BENGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, REPORTS OF SELECT COMMITTEES PRESENTED OR TO BE PRESENTED TO THAT COUNCIL, AND BILLS PUBLISHED BEFORE INTRODUCTION IN THAT COUNCIL

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STATEMENT OF COTTON PRESSED IN THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY FOR THE WEEK ENDING, THE 24th NOVEMBER 1933.

[Section 1 (2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

Name of Division or block.	Number of bales pressed.				District included in the block.
	During the week.	During the corresponding week last year.	Since 1st September 1933 (the date prescribed by the Local Government as the commencement of the season).	During the corresponding period last year.	
The Bengal Presidency	....	38	2,231	2,240	All districts in the Presidency.

C. S. STEEL,

Chief Inspector of Factories, Bengal (offg.).

Statement showing the gauge readings at Dacca Waterworks on the river Buriganga for the week ending 18th November 1933.

Date.	At highest water.		At lowest water.		Commencement of—		Remarks.	
	Time.	Reading.	Time.	Reading.	Ebb tide.	Flow tide.	At 7 a.m.	At 5 p.m
1933								
12th November ..	6-55	8·0	12-55	6·6	7-3	13-0	8·0	7·4
13th " .	7-40	7·8	13-40	6·5	7-47	13-50	7·7	7·1
14th " ..	8-30	8·2	14-25	6·85	8-37	14-33	8·0	7·3
15th " ..	9-15	8·55	15-20	7·25	9-25	15-30	8·2	7·5
16th "	10-0	8·85	16-5	7·45	10-8	16-13	8·4	7·6
17th " ..	10-45	9·0	16-50	7·6	10-55	17-0	8·5	7·6
18th " ..	11-30	9·3	..	..	11-40	..	8·7	8·0

B. M. on settling tank 39·49 O. M. S. L. Zero is at O. M. S. L.

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

			Taken at high tide.				Taken at low tide.
27th August	1906	..	70·5	23rd February	1907	..	51·06
5th September	1909	..	66·86	13th "	1908	..	51·06
10th August	1910	..	69·86	12th March	1912	..	51·06
1st "	1911	..	68·46	6th "	1914	..	50·60
13th "	1912	..	67·16	22nd February	1915	..	50·30
31st "	1915	..	69·7	15th "	1916	..	50·60
8th "	1916	..	68·1	3rd March	1917	..	51·0
12th "	1917	..	67·1	21st February	1918	..	51·40
13th "	1918	..	69·12	26th "	1919	..	50·4
2nd "	1919	..	66·8	18th "	1920	..	50·9
8th September	1920	..	66·9	19th "	1921	..	50·9
28th July	1921	..	68·4	8th March	1922	..	51·05
10th August	1922	..	68·00	14th "	1923	..	50·8
31st July	1923	..	66·15	16th February	1924	..	50·50
29th August	1924	..	68·82	5th March	1925	..	50·9
8th September	1925	..	68·52	9th February	1926	..	2·2
15th August	1926	..	19·6	27th "	1927	..	2·10
17th September	1927	..	18·70	16th "	1928	..	2·2
22nd August	1928	..	20·0	21st "	1929	..	2·0
13th July	1929	..	17·8	24th "	1930	..	2·3
12th September	1930	..	18·65	28th "	1931	..	2·2
16th August	1931	..	21·7	18th "	1932	..	1·8
6th September	1932	..	18·5				

N. B.—Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks prior to 11 a.m. on the 8th January 1926 = −48·51 with referen to P. W. D. datum.

Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks since 11 a.m. of the 8th January 1926 = 0·00 with reference to P. W. datum.

J. F. Russell, *Executive Engineer,*
Khulna Division.

Khulna, the 30th November 1933.

Statement showing the gauge readings at Dacca Waterworks on the river Buriganga for the week ending 25th November 1933.

Date	At highest water.		At lowest water.		Commencement of—		Remarks.	
	Time	Reading.	Time.	Reading.	Ebb tide.	Flow tide	At 7 a.m.	At 5 p.m.
1933.								
19th November	12-15	8·8	..	..	12-27	..	8·0	7·8
20th ,, ..	13-0	9·0	7-0	7·6	13-15	7-8	7·6	8·2
21st ,, ..	13-50	8·8	7-45	7·4	14-0	7-55	7·55	8·1
22nd ,, ..	14-40	8·6	8-30	7·2	14-50	8-40	7·5	8·55
23rd ,, ..	15-30	8·2	9-20	6·8	15-40	9-30	7·2	7·9
24th ,, ..	16-20	7·7	10-10	6·3	16-30	10-20	6·8	6·45
25th ,, ..	17-10	7·5	11-0	6·1	17-20	11-10	6·7	7·05

B. M. on settling tank 39·49 O. M. S. L. Zero is at O. M. S. L.

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

			Taken at high tide.				Taken at low tide
27th August	1906	.	70·5	23rd February	1907	..	51·06
5th September	1909	..	66·86	13th ,,	1908	..	51·06
10th August	1910	..	69·86	12th March	1912	..	51·06
1st ,,	1911	..	68·46	6th ,,	1914	..	50·60
13th ,,	1912	..	67·16	22nd February	1915	..	50·30
31st ,,	1915	..	69·7	15th ,,	1916	..	50·60
8th ,,	1916	..	68·1	3rd March	1917	..	51·0
12th ,,	1917	..	67·1	21st February	1918	..	51·40
13th ,,	1918	..	69·12	26th ,,	1919	..	50·4
2nd ,,	1919	..	66·8	18th ,,	1920	..	50·9
8th September	1920	..	66·9	19th ,,	1921	..	50·9
28th July	1921	..	68·4	8th March	1922	..	51·05
10th August	1922	..	68·00	14th ,,	1923	..	50·8
31st July	1923	..	66·15	16th February	1924	..	50·50
29th August	1924	..	68·82	5th March	1925	..	50·9
8th September	1925	..	68·52	9th February	1926	..	2·2
15th August	1926	..	19·6	27th ,,	1927	..	2·10
17th September	1927	..	18·70	16th ,,	1928	..	2·2
22nd August	1928	..	20·0	21st ,,	1929	..	2·0
13th July	1929	..	17·8	24th ,,	1930	..	2·3
12th September	1930	..	18·65	28th ,,	1931	..	2·2
16th August	1931	..	21·7	18th ,,	1932	..	1·8
6th September	1932	..	18·5				

N.B.—Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks prior to 11 a.m. on the 8th January 1926= —48·51 with reference to P.W.D. datum.

Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks since 11 a.m. of the 8th January 1926=0·00 with reference to P. W. D. datum.

J. F. RUSSELL, *Executive Engineer,*
Khulna Division.

Khulna, the 2nd December 1933.

Statement of weekly gauge readings on the river Ganges at Rampur Boalia for the week ending the 2nd December 1933.

Date.	Hour.	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum.	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum on the same date last year.	Remarks.
1933.				
26th November	7 a.m.	42·84	40·77	Zero of gauge referred t B. M. on Rajshahi Colleg step; value 64·73. Value of 0 = +36·94 P. W. D
27th "	7 "	42·74	40·57	
28th "	7 "	42·59	40·37	
29th "	7 "	42·39	40·22	
30th "	7 "	42·24	39·97	
1st December	7 "	42·04	39·87	
2nd "	7 "	41·84	39·78	

Highest recorded level on 26-8-1879 = 64·24.
Lowest recorded level on 24-4-1931 = 32·05.

J. MACKIE, *Subdivisional Officer, Irrigation Department, Rajshahi.*

Rampur Boalia, the 2nd December 1933.

CALCUTTA IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

5, Clive Street, Calcutta, the 24th November 1933.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given under section 47 (*3*) of the Calcutta Improvement Act, 1911, as amended up to 1931, that the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of Calcutta, have applied to the local Government for sanction to the Improvement Scheme No. XXXV (Eastern Park to Gorachand Road), which was first published in the *Calcutta Gazette* and in local newspapers on 19th November 1931.

J. A. L. SWAN, *Chairman.*

CORPORATION OF CALCUTTA.

Central Municipal Office, Calcutta, the 1st December 1933.

NOTICE.

It is hereby notified for general information that the Corporation of Calcutta under powers vested in them in this behalf have by a resolution, dated the 15th November 1933, prescribed the alignment of a portion of Gopal Banerji Street in Ward No. 22 to a width varying from 14 feet to 20 feet.

A copy of the plan prepared in this behalf may be seen in the office of the Chief Valuer and Surveyor of the Corporation any working day during office hours on payment of usual fees.

J. C. MUKERJEA, *Chief Executive Officer.*

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS.

For the week ending on the 29th November 1933.

Summary.—The weather continued practically dry. Harvesting of winter paddy and sowing of spring ops are in bri k progress. Cutting and pressing of sugarcane continue in places. Prospects of standing ops are generally satisfactory. The average price of common rice for the province has fallen by about 46 per cent. as compared with that of the previous week.

rial o.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. This week.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. Previous week.	Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
1	24-Parganas ..	Nil	11 5/16	11 5/16	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Export and import are normal. No damage to crops. Foot and mouth disease of cattle is reported from some villages in the Habra police-station
	Diamond Harbour.	Nil	10½	10½	
	Barrackpore ..	Nil	11	11	
	Baraset ..	Nil	10	10	
	Basirhat ..	Nil	10½	10½	
2	Nadia ..	Nil	11½	11½	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* paddy has commenced Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Kushtia ..	Nil	13½	13½	
	Meherpur ..	Nil	13	13	
	Chuadanga ..	Nil	12	12	
	Ranaghat ..	Nil	11	11	
3	Murshidabad ..	Nil	13	12½	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of winter paddy has commenced Prospects of crops are favourable. Stock of rice is sufficient. No large import or export. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Kandi subdivision
	Lalbagh ..	Nil	13½	13*	
	Jangipur ..	Nil	14	14	
	Kandi ..	Nil	15½	15	
4	Jessore ..	Nil	13	13	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair in all places except Narail subdivision. Harvesting of *aman* paddy has begun. No large export or import. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Jhenidah ..	Nil	11	11	
	Magura ..	Nil	11	11	
	Narail ..	Nil	10	10	
	Bongaon ..	Nil	11	11	
5	Khulna ..	Nil	10	10½	Weather seasonable and its effects on crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Satkhira ..	Nil	10½	10½	
	Bagerhat ..	Nil	10	11	

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. This week.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. Previous week.	Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
6	Burdwan ..	Nil	14	14	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Asansol ..	Nil	11	11	
	Katwa ..	Nil	12½	12½	
	Kalna ..	Nil	11	11	
7	Birbhum ..	Nil	13	13	Weather seasonable. Standing crops are doing well Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Rampurhat ..	Nil	14½	14½	
8	Bankura ..	Nil	13½	13	Weather seasonable Harvesting of winter paddy continues Prospects of standing crops are fair Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Vishnupur ..	Nil	14	13¾	
9	Midnapore ..	0 41	14⅝	14⅝	Weather seasonable Effects of rains are not favourable on the standing paddy crops Harvesting of winter paddy has commenced Fodder and water are sufficient except in the affected parts of Contai
	Contai ..	(n)	11	11	
	Tamluk ..	0 76	10	10	
	Ghatal ..	Nil	13¼	13¼	
	Jhargram ..	(n)	13½	13½	
10	Hooghly ..	Nil	13	13	Weather seasonable Prospects of standing crops are, on the whole, fair Fodder and water are sufficient
	Serampore ..	Nil	12	12	
	Arambagh ..	Nil	13	13	
11	Howrah ..	Nil	10½	10½	Weather seasonable Its effects on standing crops are favourable No large export or import Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Uluberia ..	Nil	11½	11½	
12	Rajshahi (Rampur-Boalia)	Nil	16	12	Weather seasonable and its effects are favourable to standing crops Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Naogaon ..	Nil	14¼	14½	
	Nator ..	Nil	12	12	
13	Dinajpur ..	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable. Its effects on agricultural operations are favourable. Prospects of standing crops are fair Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Thakurgaon ..	Nil	10	10	
	Balurghat ..	Nil	13	13	
14	Jalpaiguri ..	Nil	10	9½	Sky clear Weather seasonable Prospects of standing crops are fair Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Alipur ..	Nil	9	9	

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. This week.	Previous week.	Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
15	Darjeeling ..	Nil	9	9	Weather cold and fair. Harvesting of winter rice is going on. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Rungli-Rungliót police-station.
	Kurseong ..	Nil	11	11	
	Siliguri ..	Nil	10½	11	
	Kalimpong ..	Nil	7	7½	
16	Rangpur ..	Nil	10	10	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Nilphamari ..	Nil	10	10	
	Kurigram ..	Nil	10½	10½	
	Gaibandha ..	Nil	10½	(n)	
17	Bogra ..	Nil	13½	12	Effects of weather on standing crops are fair. Prospects of *rabi* crops are also fair. *Aman* paddy is being harvested. Fodder and water are sufficient.
18	Pabna ..	Nil	13½	13½	Weather seasonable. Condition of standing *aman* paddy and *rabi* crops is good except in a small khas mahal area in Serajganj Harvesting of *aman* paddy is in progress. Yield is satisfactory Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Serajganj ..	Nil	11½	11½	
19	Malda ..	Nil	15	14½	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Sowing of *rabi* crops continues. Fodder and water are available
20	Cooch-Behar ..	Nil	12$\frac{1}{16}$	10⅝	Weather seasonable. Sowing of mustard seed and transplantation of tobacco seedlings are going on. Harvesting of *haimanti* paddy is in progress. Prospects and condition of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
21	Dacca ..	Nil	11	12½	Weather seasonable. Rainfall at North Sadar (Kapasia) nil. Prospects of standing crops appear to be good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Manikganj ..	Nil	11	11½	
	Narayanganj	Nil	10	10	
	Munshiganj ..	Nil	13½	13½	
22	Mymensingh ..	Nil	10	10½	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are fair. Sowing of *rabi* crops is nearly finished. No export or import. Fodder and water are adequate.
	Jamalpur ..	Nil	11	(n)	
	Tangail ..	Nil	11	11	
	Netrakona ..	Nil	12½	12½	
	Kishorganj ..	Nil	10	10	

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
23	Faridpur ..	Nil	11	11	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* paddy continues. Paddy is being damaged by insects at some places. Fodder and water are sufficient
	Goalundo (Rajbari).	Nil	11	11	
	Madaripur ..	Nil	12	12	
	Gopalganj (*a*) ..	Nil	13	13	
24	Bakarganj (Barisal).	Nil	9⅝	10	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle disease is reported from Galachipa police-station
	Pirojpur ..	Nil	10	10	
	Patuakhali ..	Nil	9¼	9¼	
	Dakshin Shabazpur (Bhola).	0·03	9⅞	9⅞	
25	Chittagong ..	Nil	11 12*	11 12*	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crop are fair Harvesting of *aman* and sowing of *rabi* crops continue. Fodder and water are sufficient Panga salt sells at 13 seers per rupee at Sadar and 12 seers at Cox's Bazar.
	Cox's Bazar ..	Nil	12	12	
26	Tippera (Comilla).	Nil	13	10	Weather fair. Considerable damage to paddy crop has been caused by insect-pests in certain places
	Brahmanbaria	Nil	12	12	
	Chandpur ..	Nil	10	10	
27	Noakhali ..	Nil	11	11	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Feni ..	Nil	13	13	
28	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Nil	16	16	Weather seasonable. Its effects on agricultural operations and standing crops are favourable Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease has again broken up
29	Tripura State	Nil	14¼	14¼	Weather seasonable. Sowing of *rabi* crops and harvesting of winter paddy, *til* and cotton continue Fodder and water are sufficient. Condition of cattle is good. Cotton sells at Rs. 10 to Rs. 14 and jute at Re. 1-8 to Rs 5 per maund.

*Burma rice.

(*a*) The rainfall at Haridaspur, which is very near to Gopalganj, is shown here.

Dacca, the 4th December 1933.

S. ABDULLAH, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

Vital statistics of towns with a population of 50,000 and over of the Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 25th November 1933.

Districts.	No.	Towns.	Population under registration according to Census of 1931. Male.	Population … Female.	Population … Total.	Births registered. Number registered (excluding still-births).	Births registered. Still-births registered.	Deaths registered. Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Cerebrospinal meningitis.	Malaria.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Kala-azar.	Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Influenza.	Pneumonia.	Phthisis.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries including suicide.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes. Male.	Total of all causes. Female.	Total of all causes. Total.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Male.	… Female.	… Total.
Calcutta ..	1	Calcutta	814,948	381,786	1,196,734	805	63	4	3	..	6	22	19	1	..	3	45	35	3	19	72	66	50	17	3	251	338	281	619	306	282	588
Burdwan ..	2	Asansol Mining Settlement.	209,544	173,136	382,680	277	3	..	1	..	..	11	1	..	..	..	124	8	..	..	15	3	4	6	3	72	129	119	248	74	83	157
Howrah ..	3	Howrah	145,120	79,753	224,873	188	11	.	..	..	..	13	6	..	..	..	8	7	14	..	14	9	7	1	3	48	70	60	130	59	40	99
Dacca ..	4	Dacca	79,365	59,153	138,518	129	11	..	1	..	..	..	[illegible]	..	..	3	18	8	1	..	10	2	10	4	..	25	52	30	82	32	31	63
24-Parganas ..	.	Bhatpara	60,134	24,841	84,975	32	..	..	.	..		..	..	..	..	.	8	..	..	1	2	..	1	..	..	5	7	10	17	21	7	28
Chittagong ..	6	Chittagong	35,049	18,107	53,156	34	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	10	9	13	22	5	10	15

R. B. KHAMBATA, M.R.C.S. (ENG.), L.R.C.P. (LOND.), D.P.H. (CAMB.), *Director of Public Health, Bengal.*

Calcutta, the 30th November 1933.

Resolution on the question of creating an organisation for the study of economic problems affecting the province of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Commerce Department.

Commerce.

RESOLUTION No. 6159 Com.

Calcutta, the 1st December 1933.

The Government of Bengal for some time have had under consideration the question of creating an organisation for the study of economic problems affecting the province. In 1931 Sir Arthur Salter, who was then Director of the Economic and Financial Section of the Secretariat of the League of Nations, visited India and prepared a scheme for an Economic Advisory Organisation in India. He expressed the opinion that a more effective system of securing a place for non-official opinion among the elements from which Government policy is evolved should be devised, and he recommended that, in addition to a Central Economic Advisory Council, there should be an Economic Advisory Council in each province.

2. Up to the present various considerations, partly financial, have prevented the Local Government from taking action on Sir Arthur Salter's proposals; but the question of appointing a committee on the lines recommended by him has recently been revived by the local Chambers of Commerce, and after full consideration of their views the Provincial Government have come to the conclusion that, in spite of financial stringency, the time has now arrived when special machinery should be set up to facilitate co-operation between Government and representatives of outside opinion in the study of the economic problems affecting Bengal. They have therefore decided to constitute a Board of Economic Enquiry.

3. The Board will be constituted as follows:—

(1) Chairman,

(2) to (7) Six representatives of commerce to be nominated by the following bodies:—

The Bengal Chamber of Commerce,
The Bengal National Chamber of Commerce,
The Indian Chamber of Commerce,
The Marwari Association,
The Muslim Chamber of Commerce, and
The Bengal Mahajan Sabha.

(8) and (9) Two representatives of the provincial universities—one to be nominated by the University of Calcutta and the other by the University of Dacca.

(10) and (11) Two representatives of agricultural interests.

(12) One representative of labour.

(13) and (14) Two non-officials interested in economic problems.

(15) The Director of Land Records.

(16) The Director of Agriculture.

(17) The Director of Industries.

(18) The Registrar of Co-operative Societies.

(19) The Senior Professor of Economics at the Presidency College.

(20) and (21) Two officials interested in economics and statistics.

Nos. 1, 10-14, 20 and 21 will be nominated by Government; Nos. 2 to 9 will be selected by the bodies named; and Nos. 15 to 19 will be members *ex-officio*.

4. The functions of the Board will be—

(*i*) to conduct enquiries into such economic matters as may be referred to it by the Local Government; and

(*ii*) to initiate and conduct, subject to the sanction of Government, enquiries into other economic matters (other than those referred to it by Government).

5. The Board will be provided with a Government officer as Secretary and it is proposed to place at its disposal a grant of Rs. 15,000 a year to cover expenditure on the enquiries it may be decided to undertake.

By order of the Governor in Council,

R. N. GILCHRIST,
Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

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The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY DECEMBER 14, 1933

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PART I

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

Orders by the Government of Bengal.

No 11955A

Appointments and Transfers.

GENERAL.

Chittagong-Dacca. — No. 11745A. — 4th December 1933.—Khan Sahib Ahmad Ali, Sub-Deputy Collector, Chittagong, is posted to the headquarters station of the Dacca district.

Faridpur-Mymensingh.—No 11755A. — 4th December 1933.—The orders of the 23rd November 1933, appointing Maulvi Chaudhuri Afsar Ali, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Madaripur, Faridpur, to have charge of the Sadar subdivision of the Mymensingh district, are cancelled.

Nadia.—No 11757A —4th December 1933.—Babu Sati Prasanna Sarkar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed to have charge of the Meherpur subdivision of the Nadia district.

Bakarganj.—No. 11761A.—4th December 1933.—Babu Akshay Narayan Mitra, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed to have charge of the Dakshin Shabazpur subdivision of the Bakarganj district.

Jessore. — No. 11764A. — 4th December 1933.—Babu Girish Chandra Das, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Jessore district.

Bankura. — No. 11767A. — 4th December 1933.—Babu Narayan Chandra Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted temporarily to the headquarters station of the Bankura district.

Bankura-Hooghly. — No. 11770A. — 4th December 1933. Babu Haran Chandra Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bankura, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Hooghly district.

Bakarganj.—No. 11775A. — 4th December 1933.—Maulvi Sirajul Haq, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Bakarganj district.

Mymensingh.—No. 11778A. — 4th December 1933.—Maulvi Bazlur Rahman, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district.

24-Parganas.—No. 11781A.—4th December 1933.—Babu Birendra Kumar Basu, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the 24-Parganas district.

Khulna. — No. 11784A. — 4th December 1933.—Maulvi Saiyid Ali Ahmad, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Khulna district.

Jessore-Bakarganj. — No. 11787A. — 4th December 1933.—Mr. Kumar Adhikram Mazumdar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Bakarganj district.

Presidency Divn. — No. 11861A. — 7th December 1933.—The Sub-Deputy Collectors, on leave, named below, are posted to the Presidency Division:—

Babu Bijay Kumar Bhattacharji.

Babu Sukumar Nag.

Babu Prabhas Chandra Pathak.

Burdwan Divn.—No. 11866A.—7th December 1933.—The Sub-Deputy Collectors, on leave, named below, are posted to the Burdwan Division:—

Babu Jogendra Chandra Banarji.

Babu Nalini Kumar Das Gupta.

Rajshahi Divn.—No. 11870A.—7th December 1933.—The Sub-Deputy Collectors, on leave, named below, are posted to the Rajshahi Division:—

Babu Prabhat Chandra Chatarji.

Babu Satyendra Nath Banarji.

Babu Jagadish Chandra Bardhan.

Dacca Divn.—No. 11875A. 7th December 1933.—The Sub-Deputy Collectors, on leave named below, are posted to the Dacca Division:—

Babu Umesh Chandra Sil.

Maulvi Saiyid Abdul Ali.

Tippera. — No. 11912A. — 8th December 1933.—Maulvi Abul Kasem Gyasuddin Sofdar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tippera, is appointed temporarily to have charge of the Sadar subdivision of that district.

Chittagong Divn. — No. 11918A. — 8th December 1933. — Maulvi Abdul Ghafur, No. I, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Chittagong Division.

Mymensingh.—No. 11923A.—8th December 1933.—Babu Abinash Chandra Banarji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, is appointed temporarily to have charge of the Sadar subdivision of that district.

Leave.

GENERAL.

No. 11717A. — 2nd December 1933.—Mr. Shailendra Nath Mitra, I.C.S., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, was allowed leave not due on half average pay for two days, under rule 81 (*c*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 14th November 1933.

No. 11722A. — 2nd December 1933.—Maulvi Wali-ul-Islam, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay up to the 22nd December 1933, under the proviso to rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 2nd August 1933.

Jessore.—No. 11734A.—4th December 1933.—Maulvi Saiyid Furrokh Mirza, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bongaon, Jessore, is allowed leave on average pay, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, from the 6th December to the 13th December 1933, inclusive.

Bakarganj.—No. 11741A.—4th December 1933.—Maulvi Saleh Ahmad, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dakshin Shabazpur, Bakarganj, is allowed leave on half average pay for four months, under rule 81 (*d*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

No 11750A.—4th December 1933.—Khan Bahadur Abu Ali Muhammad Chaudhuri, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on half average pay for seven days, under rule 81 (*d*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 30th June 1933.

Hooghly. - No. 11805A. - 5th December 1933—Babu Sudhir Kumar Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hooghly, is allowed leave on average pay for seventeen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

Bakarganj.—No 11843A —6th December 1933. Babu Banku Bihari Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for three months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

Khulna. No. 11846A. 6th December 1933.—Babu Praphulla Chandra Das Gupta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Khulna, is allowed leave on average pay for three months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

Dacca.—No. 11850A.—6th December 1933.—Mr. Surendra Nath Bhattacharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for three months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 4th January 1934

Mymensingh.—No. 11852A —6th December 1933.—Babu Braja Nath Ray, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tangail, Mymensingh, is allowed leave for four months, with effect from the 2nd January 1934, viz., leave on average pay for three months and twenty days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period, under rule 81 (*d*) of those Rules.

Nadia.—No. 11856A.—6th December 1933.—Khan Bahadur Abul Hasnat Muhammad Abdul Hye, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Meherpur, Nadia, is allowed leave on average pay for four months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

24-Parganas.—No. 11883A.—7th December 1933.—Babu Bijoy Kumar Datta Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector, 24-Parganas, is allowed leave on average pay for four months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

No. 11889A.—7th December 1933.—Babu Debabrata Mallik, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay up to the 22nd December 1933, under the proviso to rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 15th September 1933.

Birbhum.- No. 11899A.—8th December 1933.—The orders of the 10th November 1933, granting leave to Babu Surendra Mohan Bhaumik, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Birbhum, are cancelled.

Tippera.—No. 11909A. - 8th December 1933.—Babu Phanindra Nath Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for twelve days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934

No 11916A.—8th December 1933.—Babu Rebati Nath Chatarji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 22nd September 1933.

POLICE.

Midnapore.—No. 11882A - 7th December 1933.—Mr. Pershotam Lal Mehta, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Kharagpur, Midnapore, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 8th December 1933

Noakhali.—No. 11886A.—7th December 1933.—Khan Bahadur Maulvi Amin Ahmad, officiating Superintendent of Police, Noakhali, is allowed leave on average pay for three months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

Tippera. — No. 11926A. - 8th December 1933.—Maulvi Saiyid Ali Ahmed, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for four months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

NOTIFICATION.

No. 11932A. – 9th December 1933. — In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-rule (2) of rule 11 of the Bengal Electoral Rules and Regulation XXV of the Bengal Electoral Regulations, the Governor in Council hereby appoints the 13th and the 15th January 1934 as the dates and 12 noon to 5 p.m. as the hours for the recording of votes in the by-election for the Dinajpur (non-Muhammadan) constituency of the Bengal Legislative Council.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.)

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Political.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 23221Poll. 9th December 1933. In exercise of the power conferred by section 99A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council hereby declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies, wherever found, of a book in English entitled "Deshapriya Jatindra Mohan Sen Gupta (His life and work)," with a foreword by Tushar Kanti Ghosh, Editor, *Amrita Bazar Patrika*, Calcutta, printed by P. C. Ray at Sri Gouranga Press, 71/1, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta, and published by U. C. Bhattacharjee from Modern Book Agency, 10, College Square, Calcutta, on the ground that the said work contains matter which brings or attempts to bring into hatred or contempt and excites or attempts to excite disaffection towards the Government established by law in British India, the publication of which is punishable under section 124A of the Indian Penal Code.

No. 6063P.S. -4th December 1933.— His Excellency the Viceroy will arrive at Howrah Railway Station on Thursday, the 21st December 1933. The arrival will be private.

2. His Excellency will be received on arrival by His Excellency the Governor of Bengal attended by his personal staff and the officials detailed below:—

The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.
The Commander, Presidency and Assam District.
Tht Magistrate of Howrah.
The Inspector-General of Police, Bengal.
The Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.
The Agent, Bengal-Nagpur Railway.

A salute of 31 guns will be fired from the ramparts of Fort William as His Excellency the Viceroy alights from his saloon.

3. After the necessary presentations have been made Their Excellencies the Viceroy and the Countess of Willingdon and staff will proceed to "Belvedere" by motor and His Excellency the Governor and his staff will proceed to Government House.

4. *Dress.*—Undress uniform will be worn by all civil and military officers. Gentlemen not entitled to wear uniform will appear in morning dress.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

Orders by the Inspector-General of Police, Bengal.

Calcutta.—No. 10805A.—4th December 1933. —**Bakarganj-Murshidabad-24-Parganas.** —(1) Rai Sahib Girija Ranjan Datta, Court Inspector, Bakarganj (officiating Deputy Superintendent of Police and Assistant Commandant, Berhampore Detention Camp), is posted, on paper, to the 24-Parganas, *vice* Babu Priya Nath De, Inspector, retired.

(2) Sub-Inspector Satyendra Nath Banarji, of Bakarganj, is appointed probationary Court Inspector to fill the permanent vacancy caused by the retirement of Babu Priya Nath De, Inspector. He will remain at Bakarganj.

No. 10963A — 7th December 1933. — **Calcutta-Hooghly.** — Babu Kiran Chandra Sen, Inspector, C.I.D. (now officiating Deputy Superintendent of Police, Hooghly), is posted, on paper, temporarily to Hooghly.

T. J. A. CRAIG,

Inspector-General of Police, Bengal.

Calcutta Police Notification.

No. 9362.—6th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clauses (b) and (c) of sub-section (1) of section 62 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866 (Bengal Act IV of 1866), the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, with the previous sanction of the Governor in Council, hereby makes the following amendment in Schedule B referred to in rule 22 under the sub-heading "(b) Moving and standing vehicles" in Part I of the Rules for the regulation of traffic, etc., in the streets and public places of Calcutta and its suburbs, published under Calcutta Police Notification No. 134, dated the 6th January 1932, at pages 37-99, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 14th January 1932:—

Amendment.

In column headed "manner in which vehicles shall stand or park" of the said Schedule B against the entry "Council House Street" *add* the following words, namely, "and within a distance of 25 yards from junction of Hastings Street."

L. H. COLSON,

Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 11956A.

Powers.

Midnapore.—No. 11725A.—2nd December 1933.—The officers named below are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class:—

Babu Kuladaranjan Das Sarkar, Deputy Magistrate, Midnapore.

Maulvi Ali Ahmad, Deputy Magistrate, on probation, Midnapore.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Appointments and Transfers.

Burdwan. — No. 8744J. — 2nd December 1933.—Babu Narendra Nath De, munsif, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif, in the district of Burdwan, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station, *vice* Babu Tejendra Nath Basu.

Howrah.—No. 8757J.—5th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(*a*) to confer upon Babu Provash Chandra Bagchi the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Howrah, for a period of three years from the 12th January 1934,

(*b*) to direct him to sit as a member of the Bally bench in the said district, and

(*c*) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

24-Parganas.—No. 8761J.—5th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(*a*) to confer upon Babu Bidhu Bhusan Sarkar the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the 6th December 1933, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Sealdah Police Court,

(*b*) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Sealdah bench in the said district, and

(*c*) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

24-Parganas-Jessore.—No. 8831J. — 8th December 1933.—Babu Jyotirindra Mohan Bir, who last acted as a munsif of Diamond Harbour, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is appointed to act as a munsif, in the district of Jessore, to be ordinarily stationed at Jhenida, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Pushpita Ranjan Mukharji, or until further orders.

Murshidabad.—No. 8833J.—8th December 1933.—Babu Sailendra Nath Mitra, munsif of Lalbagh, in the district of Murshidabad, is appointed to be a munsif, in the said district, to be ordinarily stationed at Jangipur.

Leave.

Tippera.—No. 8877J. — 15th November 1933.—Babu Renupada Mukharji, munsif of Brahmanbaria, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for twelve days under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 11th December 1933.

Birbhum.—No. 8878J.—15th November 1933.—Babu Sahadeb Das, munsif of Bolpur, in the district of Birbhum, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and seven days under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 16th November 1933.

Khulna.—No. 8879J.—15th November 1933.—Maulvi Omer Mallik, munsif of Khulna (Sadar), is allowed leave on average pay, on medical certificate, for two months under the proviso to rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 23rd October 1933 and is permitted to prefix thereto the civil court vacation of 1933 under rule 82 (*d*) of those rules.

24-Parganas.—No. 8880J.—17th November 1933.—Babu Satish Chandra Sen, munsif of Barasat, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is allowed leave up to the 22nd December 1933, *viz.*, leave on average pay, without medical certificate, for one month and four days under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules and in continuation leave on average pay on medical certificate for the remaining period under the proviso to rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of those rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 18th August 1933.

Birbhum.—No. 8881J. — 22nd November 1933.—Babu Atul Bihari Mallik, munsif of Bolpur, in the district of Birbhum, is allowed leave on average pay up to the 22nd December 1933, under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 2nd September 1933.

Tippera.—No. 8882J. — 27th November 1933.—Babu Upendra Chandra Mazumdar, munsif of Comilla, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for the period from the 7th to the 18th November 1933, under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules.

Rajshahi-Malda. — No. 8883J. — 27th November 1933.- Babu Dinesh Chandra Sen, munsif of Malda, in the district of Rajshahi and Malda, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and twenty-one days under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd November 1933.

Mymensingh. No. 8884J.—29th November 1933.- Babu Sailesh Chandra Sen Gupta, munsif of Jamalpur, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for one month under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 15th November 1933.

Bakarganj.—No. 8885J.--29th November 1933.—Maulvi Md. Abdus Samad, munsif of Bhola, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for twelve days under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 11th December 1933.

Burdwan.—No. 8886J.—29th November 1933.—Babu Tejendra Nath Basu, munsif of Burdwan (Sadar), is allowed leave on average pay, on medical certificate, for one month and five days under the proviso to rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 18th November 1933.

Powers.

Khulna.—No. 8742J.—2nd December 1933. —Maulvi Shahabuddin Ahmed, munsif of Khulna (Sadar), is vested with powers to exercise final jurisdiction in the trial of suits for the recovery of rent under section 153 (*b*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Faridpur.—No. 8763J.—6th December 1933. - In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the union boards mentioned below, to be, during their term of office as such members, union benches within the jurisdiction of the union boards of which they are, respectively, members for the purposes of that section:—

Sadar subdivision, district Faridpur.

Nagarkanda police-station.

Bhawal union board.

Munshi Abdul Gaffur.
Kazi Sayed Abdul Gaffur.
Babu Sita Nath Bakshi.
Munshi Abdul Hamid Sardar.

Atghar union board.

Maulvi Munsur Ali Beg Chaudhuri.
Munshi Fazlar Rahman.
Babu Surendra Lal Chanda.
Babu Kalidas Saha.

Madaripur subdivision.

Naria police-station.

Dingamanik union board.

Babu Upendra Chandra Sen.
Babu Mahendra Chandra Chakrabatti.
Babu Shyam Lal Kundu.
Maulvi Jano Alam Hawladar.
Maulvi Nasibal Hossein Chaudhuri.

Faridpur.—No. 8764J.—6th December 193 --In exercise of the power conferred by secti 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Governme Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Gove nor in Council is pleased to appoint t following members of the union boards me tioned below, to be, during their term of offi as such members, union courts within t jurisdiction of the union boards of which th are, respectively, members for the purpos of that section:—

Sadar subdivision, district Faridpur.

Nagarkanda police-station.

Bhawal union board.

Munshi Abdul Gaffur.
Kazi Sayed Abdul Gaffur.
Babu Sita Nath Bakshi.
Munshi Abdul Hamid Sardar.

Atghar union board.

Maulvi Munsur Ali Beg Chaudhuri.
Munshi Fazlar Rahman.
Babu Surendra Lal Chanda.
Babu Kalidas Saha.

Madaripur subdivision.

Naria police-station.

Dingamanik union board.

Babu Upendra Chandra Sen.
Babu Mahendra Chandra Chakrabatti.
Babu Shyam Lal Kundu.
Maulvi Jano Alam Hawladar.
Maulvi Nasibal Hossein Chaudhuri.

Faridpur.—No. 8768J.—5th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Sahebrampur union board within the Kalkini police-station in the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Dr. Rashid Ahmed.

Maulvi Abdul Kasem Muhammad Abdul Hamid Mea.

Munshi Abdul Hye.

Maulvi Abdul Hamid Mea.

Babu Nagarbashi Das.

Faridpur.—No. 8769J.—5th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Sahebrampur union board within the Kalkini police-station in the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Dr. Rashid Ahmed.

Maulvi Abdul Kasem Muhammad Abdul Hamid Mea.

Munshi Abdul Hye

Maulvi Abdul Hamid Mea.

Babu Nagarbashi Das.

Hooghly.—No. 8809J.—6th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 65 and 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to cancel so much of notifications No. 2851J. and No. 2852J., dated the 30th March 1932, published at page 754 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 7th April 1932, regarding the reconstitution of certain union benches and union courts in the Arambagh subdivision of the Hooghly district, as relate to the reconstitution of the union bench and the union court within the jurisdiction of the Atghara union board.

Burdwan.—No. 8859J.—8th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Jagadananda Goswami, a member of the Simulia union board within the Mangalkot police-station in the Katwa subdivision of the Burdwan district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section *vice* Babu Chandra Sekhar Chaudhuri, deceased.

Burdwan.—No. 8860J. — 8th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Jagadananda Goswami, a member of the Simulia union board within the Mangalkot police-station in the Katwa subdivision of the Burdwan district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Babu Chandra Sekhar Chaudhuri, deceased.

Murshidabad.—No. 8862J.—8th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Shaikh Abdur Rezzak, a member of the Beldanga union board within the Beldanga police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the Murshidabad district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Maulvi Haji Md. Ayub, deceased.

Murshidabad.—No. 8863J.—8th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Shaikh Abdur Rezzak, a member of the Beldanga union board within the Beldanga police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the Murshidabad district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Maulvi Haji Md. Ayub, deceased.

Faridpur.—No. 8865J. — 8th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Dasar union board within the Kalkini police-station in the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Syed Golam Kibriya.

Munshi Jonab Ali Sardar.

Babu Lal Mohan Talukdar.

Babu Shyama Charan Mallik

Babu Priya Nath Sarkar.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union board at which a quorum is present.

Faridpur.—No. 8866J. — 8th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Dasar union board within the Kalkini police-station in the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Syed Golam Kibriya.
Munshi Jonab Ali Sardar.
Babu Lal Mohan Talukdar.
Babu Shyama Charan Mallik.
Babu Priya Nath Sarkar.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union board at which a quorum is present.

ERRATUM.

No. 8759J. 5th December 1933. In notification No. 7391 J., dated the 24th October 1933, published at page 1515 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 2nd November 1933, *for* "Maulvi Muhammad Ali" *read* "Mr. Muhammad Ali."

N. G. A. EDGLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

No. 6601M. – 5th December 1933.—The following draft of rules, which, in exercise of the power conferred by clause (*b*) of section 76 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2 The draft will be taken into consideration on the 21st January 1934, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned, before that date, through the District Magistrates will be duly considered:

Draft rules regarding proportion of pay and allowances of Government officers, to be borne by the Municipal Commissioners employing them and the control of such officers.

1. Except in cases where other special arrangements are made, the pay and allowances, if any, granted by the Commissioners to a Government servant employed by them shall not be less than the pay and allowances that would have been received by him from Government if he had not been so employed.

2. The Commissioners, shall pay to Government such contributions for the leave and pension charges of such Government servant as may be fixed by Government from time to time.

3. A Government servant who is appointed by the Commissioners on fixed pay (and allowances, if any) shall himself pay to Government the amount fixed for the leave and pension contributions under rule 2.

4. Such Government servants shall be subject to the control of the Commissioners in the same manner as other municipal employees of a similar status, provided that any allegation of incompetence, negligence, misconduct, insolvency or the like made against such Government servants shall be forthwith reported to Government who shall after due enquiry pass such orders as they think fit.

5. Any applications for leave required by such Government servants shall be submitted to the Commissioners and if the leave required is for more than a week, shall be forwarded by them to Government for orders, with their recommendations.

Dacca.—No. 6646L.S.-G. — 6th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 34 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to extend the provisions of the said section to the following unions in the district of Dacca: —

Dacca district, Naraingan j subdivision.

Police-station Narsingdi - Paikerchar union.

Police-station Araihajar—Bishnandi, Uchitpura, Brahmandi and Duptara unions.

Police-station Rupganj- Kayetpara and Nagori unions.

Police-station Baidyerbazar - -Jampur and Sanmandi unions.

Jalpaiguri.—No. 6638L.S.-G.—6th December 1933.—In pursuance of rule 7 of the rules made by the Governor-General in Council, under section 4 of the Local Authorities' Loans Act, 1914, and published under Government of India's notification No. 1020 A., dated 10th November 1914, it is hereby notified for general information that the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) intend to sanction, under rule 10 of the said rules, the following application from the Jalpaiguri district board for a loan of Rs. 20,000 from the Western Duars Market Fund bearing interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum and repayable in four yearly instalments of Rs. 6,000, Rs. 5,750, Rs. 5,500 and Rs. 5,250 unless good reasons are shown to the country within one month from the date of publication of this notification within the area of the said district board.

Application from the Jalpaiguri District Board for a loan of Rs. 20,000 from the Western Duars Market Fund.

Column	Particulars	Entry
1	The work or works for which the loan is required and an estimate of the cost thereof.	For raising and shingling Falakata Hantupara Road at estimated cost of Rs. 49,980.
2	The amount which it is proposed to borrow.	Rs. 20,000.
3	The fund or funds on the security of which it is proposed to borrow.	The Jalpaiguri District Fund.
4	The law or laws under which the said fund or funds is or are levied, received or held.	Act III (B.C.) of 1885
5	Receipt of loan. (a) The period for which the loan is required.	Four years
6	Receipt of loan. (b) The rate of interest at which it is proposed to borrow.	5 per cent. simple interest
7	Receipt of loan. (c) The number of instalments in which it is proposed that the loan should be taken.	One instalment
8	Receipt of loan. (d) The amount of each instalment.	Rs 20,000
9	Receipt of loan. (e) The date proposed for receiving each such instalment.	2nd January 1934.
10	Repayment of loan. (f) The number of instalments in which the loan is repayable and the dates of payments thereof.	For equal yearly instalments
11	Repayment of loan. (g) The amount of each instalment.	As specified in column 6 of the accompanying statement
20	The normal surplus which may be expected in future, i.e., the difference between the average ordinary income and the average ordinary expenditure, calculated on the figures in columns 13 to 15 and 17 to 19, respectively.	Rs. 41,778

Financial position of the District Board.

Revenue (details for each of the preceding three years).

Sources from which the revenue is derived. (12)	Amount for— 1930-31. (13)	1931-32. (14)	1932-33. (15)
	Rs.	Rs	Rs.
Land Revenue	..	..	..
Local rates	2,39,237	2 59,027	2,69,996
Interest	480	159	155
Law and Justice	801	380	1,455
Police pounds	37,529	26,516	24,804
Education	50,762	50,812	54,724
Medical	42,575	47,201	41,107
Scientific and other minor departments.	201	199	181
Contribution for pensions and gratuities.	..	.	
Stationery and Printing		.	.
Miscellaneous	454	364	75
Railway		.	..
Local canal receipts		..	
Civil Works	80,733	68,988	76,310
Total income excluding opening balance	4,52,672	4,53,646	4,68,807
Debts, deposits and advances	8,956	6,471	3,959
Total receipts excluding opening balance	4,61,628	4 60 117	4,72,796
Opening balance	67,160	50,792	43 927
GRAND TOTAL ..	5,28,788	5,10,909	5,16,723

Expenditure (details for each of the preceding three years).

Objects on which the expenditure is incurred. (16)	Amount for— 1930-31 (17)	1931-32. (18)	1932-33. (19)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Refund and drawbacks	..	.	..
Land Revenue	..	..	..
Local rates	..	..	..
Interest on loans	..	.	.
General Administration	15,172	15 592	16,038
Law and Justice	38	2,014	120
Police pounds	3,624	3,808	920
Ports and Pilotage . .	..	..	..
Education	85,493	86,124	85,575
Medical	84,638	90,182	99,841
Scientific and other minor departments ..	5.681	5,626	5,474
Superannuation allowances and pensions..	9.187	7,229	7,734
Stationery and Printing	2.940	1,070	2,257
Miscellaneous	5,600	6.200	5,900
Famine Relief	..	203	27
Railways	..		..
Minor Works and Navigation . ..	..		..
Civil Works	2,56,792	2,41,558	2,59,079
Total expenditure chargeable to current income	4,69,165	4,59,606	4,82,965
Debts, deposits and advances	8,831	7,376	3,141
Total charges	4,77,996	4.66,982	4,86,106
Closing balance .	50,792	43,927	30,617
GRAND TOTAL ..	5,28,788	5,10,909	5,16,723

No. 6640L.S.-G.—6th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 34 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to declare the industry of drying fish to be an offensive trade or business in any union to which the said section has been specially extended and to authorise the union board of such a union to levy, in respect of a license which the board may grant for the use of any place within the union, for drying fish, a fee not exceeding Re. 1.

Bakarganj.—No. 6661M. – 6th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 58 (2) of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint Babu Bepin Behari Sen Gupta to be a Commissioner of the Nalchiti Municipality, in the district of Bakarganj, *vice* Babu Baikantha Chandra Banerjee, resigned.

No. 6697M.—7th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 544 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to delegate all the powers of the Local Government under sub-section (3) of section 145 of that Act, to all Commissioners of Divisions in regard to all municipalities within their respective divisions, except Darjeeling and Kurseong.

24-Parganas.—No. 6704M.—8th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (g) of section 8 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to alter the number of Commissioners of the Taki Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas from 12 to 13.

24-Parganas.—No. 6705M.—8th December 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under subsection (1) of section 19 of the Benbal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 20th December 1933, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Taki Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas out of ten seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), two seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Faridpur.—No. 6720M. — 8th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 46(1) of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint Babu Girindra Nath Roy Choudhury to be Chairman of the Madaripur Municipality in the district of Faridpur.

No. 6725L.S.-G. — 8th December 1933.—The following draft of amendments, which in exercise of the power conferred by clause (k) of sub-section (2) of section 101 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make in the rules published under notification No. 1998L.S.-G., dated the 3rd July 1920, as subsequently amended, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st February 1934, and any objections or suggestions received by the undersigned through District Officers before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendments.

I. *For* Form No. 2 referred to in rule 17, the following form shall be *substituted*:—

"Form No. 2.

Receipt for union rate.

(Duplicate to be filled up by carbon paper process.)

Name of union.

Serial No. in assessment list.

Name of owner or occupier.

On account of for the year

Total Rs. annas pies

On account of penalties under section 41

Total Rs. annas pies

Dated the

Collecting Member or Officer."

II. In rule 17, *insert* the following at the end:—

"To safeguard against fraud the President shall occasionally compare a few of the receipts granted by the collecting member or sarkar to the tax-payers with the duplicates kept in the office."

Calcutta. — No. 6934M. — 9th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Calcutta Improvement Act (Act V of 1911), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to re-appoint Dr. Rai Haridhan Dutta Bahadur to be a member of the Board of Trustees for the improvement of Calcutta with effect from the 17th December 1933.

Midnapore.—No. 6727M. — 8th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Midnapore Municipality in the district of Midnapore, out of fourteen seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), three seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Midnapore.—No. 6728M. — 8th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to determine, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Midnapore Municipality at a meeting, that the number of Commissioners to be elected from each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected	Number of seats, included in column 2, reserved for the minority community
1	2	3
I	2	1
II	3	1
III	2	..
IV	3	1
V	2	..
VI	2	

Burdwan. — No. 6937M. 9th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 58 (2) of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the Assistant Superintendent, Way and Works, East Indian Railway, Burdwan, to be a Commissioner of the Burdwan Municipality, *vice* Mr. P. Nandi, resigned.

Faridpur.—No. 6939L.S.-G.—9th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with section 22 of the General Clauses Act (Bengal Act I of 1899) and after consideration of the views of the Faridpur district board and the Goalundo local board, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that notification No. 2540L.S.-G., dated the 20th August 1926, as amended by notification No. 4673L.S.-G., dated the 12th December 1930, so far as it relates to the establishment of a union at Daulatdia and notification No. 2688L.S.-G., dated the 6th September 1926, as subsequently amended by notification Nos. 4393L.S.-G., dated the 19th November 1927 and 4673L.S.-G, dated the 12th December 1930, so far it relates to the establishment of a union at Debagram in thana Goalundoghat in the Goalundo subdivision of the Faridpur district, shall be amended as follows:—

(*1*) *Delete* the entries "Kamardangi......... 162, and Betka...... 187" from the second column against Debagram (formerly Bethuri) union.

(*2*) Below the entries in the 4th column against Daulatdia union, *after* "Char Daulatdia . . 338", *insert* the following:—

Name of mauza.		Jurisdiction List No.
Jamalpur	.	356
Elchhipur		357
Kazeerchar	..	358
Baherchar Daulatdia		5806
Beradanga	...	... 5807
Durgapur Gangutia	..	.. 3379
Kamardangi	.	162
Betka	..	... 187

24-Parganas.—No. 6941M.—9th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 18 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that in the municipality of Budge Budge in the district of the 24-Parganas the number of appointed Commissioners shall be increased to five in order to secure the proper representation of the jute and other industries and of labour employed therein, within the limits of the municipality, the development of which is due to an appreciable extent to and dependent on such industries.

24-Parganas.—No. 6942M. -9th December 1933. In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Budge Budge Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas, out of ten seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), three seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

24-Parganas.—No. 6943M.—9th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Budge Budge Municipality at a meeting, that

the existing two wards I and III and the two wards II and V of the Budge Budge Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas shall be grouped respectively into two special wards for the purpose of election to two out of the three seats reserved for the minority community in this municipality, and that the number of Commissioners to be elected from the special wards and each existing ward of this municipality shall be as shown in columns 2 and 3 of the table below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of seats, other than the reserved seats, shown in column 3, to which Commissioners are to be elected.	Number of seats reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3
I	1	1
III	1	
II	1	1
V	2	
IV	2	1

Bakarganj.—No. 6945M.—11th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Bhola Municipality in the district of Bakarganj, out of nine seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), two seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Public Health.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

No. 2058P.H.—6th December 1933.—Dr. S. N. Mitra, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.), D.P.H. (Manch.), Assistant Director of Public Health for School Hygiene, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-one days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

Bakarganj.—No. 2067P.H.—7th December 1933.—The following draft of amendments, which in exercise of the power conferred by section 311 (*k*) of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make in rule 14 (*1*) (*a*) and (*2*) (*a*) of the rules for the regulation of the supply of filtered water to private houses in the Barisal Municipality, published with notification No. 1738M., dated 26th July 1915, as subsequently amended, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 1st February 1934, and any objection or suggestion which may be received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate and the Divisional Commissioner before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendments.

(*1*) *For* sub-clause (*a*) of clause (*1*) of rule 14 of the said rules *substitute* the following:—

"(*a*) 1,600 gallons of water per quarter for each rupee; and"

(*2*) *For* sub-clause (*a*) of clause (*2*) of the same rule and the sum shown under the heading "Per 1,000 gallons" against that sub-clause *substitute* the following:—

"(*b*) For any excess quantity of water not exceeding one half of the amount of free allowance—annas four per 1,000 gallons."

H. P. V. TOWNEND,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

Orders by the Chief Engineer, Public Health Department, Bengal.

No. 7220.—4th December 1933.—Rai Saheb S. N. Roy, B.E., A.M.I.E. (Ind.), Assistant Engineer, Dacca City Subdivision, Public Health Department, Bengal, is hereby granted leave on average pay for seventeen days from 6th December 1933 to 22nd December 1933, both days inclusive, with permission to affix the X'mas holidays from 23rd December 1933 to 1st January 1934, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental and Subsidiary Rules.

F. C. GRIFFIN, *Chief Engineer.*

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Mr. K. Nazim-ud-Din, C.I.E.

Hooghly-Calcutta.—No. 3488Edn. — 9th December 1933.—Babu Haripada Basu, Assistant Master, Hooghly Collegiate School, now officiating Assistant Head Master, Hare School, Calcutta, is appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service as Head Master of the latter school, with effect from 12th September 1933, or any subsequent date on which he assumed the duties of the post, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Bankim Chandra Chatterjee, or until further orders.

H. R. WILKINSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Bengal Educational Service.

Calcutta.—No. 50B.—9th November 1933.—Mahamahopadhyaya Pandit Kunja Behari Tarkasidhanta, Professor, Oriental Department, Sanskrit College, Calcutta, in the Bengal Educational Service, is declared, in terms of rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules, to have been on leave on average pay for two days, with effect from 20th September 1933.

2. He was permitted to prefix to his leave the gazetted holiday on the 19th September, provided the conditions prescribed in Subsidiary Rules 206 to 208 were fulfilled and to suffix to it the Puja vacation of the Sanskrit College extending from 22nd September 1933 to 29th October 1933.

Chittagong Divn.—No. 55B.—29th November 1933. Khan Sahib Maulvi Mirza Abu Jaafar, officiating Inspector of Schools, Chittagong Division, in the Bengal Educational Service, is granted, under Fundamental Rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*), leave on average pay for three weeks, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

He is permitted to prefix to his leave the Christmas and New Year's Day holidays, extending from 23rd December 1933 to 1st January 1934, provided the conditions prescribed in Subsidiary Rules 206 to 208 are fulfilled.

Dacca Divn. — No. 56B. - 1st December 1933.—Miss Niranjan Kumari Bairagi, Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Division (Mymensingh), in the Women's Branch of the Bengal Educational Service, is granted under Fundamental Rule 81(*b*)(*ii*) leave on average pay for two months, with effect from 2nd January 1934.

She is permitted to prefix to her leave the Christmas and New Year's Day holidays extending from 23rd December 1933 to the 1st January 1934, provided the conditions prescribed in the Subsidiary Rules 206 to 208 are fulfilled.

J. M. BOTTOMLEY.

Director of Public Instrn. Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

Noakhali.—No. 559. - 2nd December 1933. Babu Girindra Prasanna Mazumdar, Sub-Registrar of Begamganj, in the district of Noakhali, is allowed leave on average pay for twelve days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 11th December 1933.

Malda.—No. 560.- 4th December 1933.—Maulvi Aftabuddin Ahmed, Sub-Registrar, attached to Malda, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Kaliachak, in the district of Malda, with effect from the 20th October 1933.

Hooghly.—No. 561.—4th December 1933.—Babu Hemanta Kumar Ghose, Sub-Registrar of Serampore, in the district of Hooghly, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and fifteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 351, dated the 10th August 1933.

This cancels this department notification No. 475, dated the 22nd September 1933, granting him leave on average pay for two months and nine days.

Khulna.--No. 562. -4th December 1933.--Babu Mani Bhusan Ray Chaudhuri, Sub-Registrar of Islamkati, in the district of Khulna, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 27th November 1933, or from any subsequent date on which he availed himself of it.

24-Parganas.—No. 563. — 4th December 1933.—Maulvi Muhammad Azharul Haq, Sub-Registrar of Deganga, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-one days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 28th November 1933.

24-Parganas.- No. 564. — 4th December 1933.—Maulvi Ahmad Ali, No. II, Sub-Registrar, attached to Alipore, 24-Parganas, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Deganga, in the same district, with effect from the 28th November 1933, during the absence, on leave, of the permanent incumbent, or until further orders.

Bakarganj-Dacca.—No. 565.- 5th December 1933.- Maulvi Anwarali, Sub-Registrar of Betagi, in the district of Bakarganj, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Raipura, in the district of Dacca.

24-Parganas-Bakarganj.—No. 566. – 5th December 1933.—Babu Bhababhuti Bhattacharji, Sub-Registrar attached to Alipore, 24-Parganas, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Betagi, in the district of Bakarganj.

Murshidabad.—No. 567. -- 6th December 1933.—Babu Narendra Nath Chatarji, Sub-Registrar of Dumkal-Azimganj, in the district of Murshidabad, is allowed leave for one month, viz., leave on average pay for twenty-six days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 28th November 1933, and leave on half average pay, under rule 81 (*d*) of the said Rules, for the remaining period.

Murshidabad.—No. 568. — 6th December 1933.—Babu Narmada Ranjan Das Gupta, Sub-Registrar attached to Berhampore, Murshidabad, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Dumkul-Azimganj, in the same district, with effect from the 28th November 1933, during the absence, on leave, of the permanent incumbent, or until further orders.

Noakhali.—No. 569.—6th December 1933.—Maulvi Mataheral Karim, Sub-Registrar of Kabirhat, in the district of Noakhali, is allowed leave for twenty-two days, viz., leave on average pay for twenty-one days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 30th October 1933, and leave on half average pay, in continuation, for one day, under rule 81 (*d*) of the same Rules.

Noakhali.—No. 570.—6th December 1933.—Babu Kshirode Mohan Bhowmik, Sub-Registrar attached to Noakhali, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Kabirhat in the same district, with effect from the 7th November 1933, *vice* Maulvi Mutaherul Karim, Sub-Registrar, on leave, or until further orders.

Bankura.—No. 571.—6th December 1933.—Babu Surendra Chandra Khan, Sub-Registrar of Onda in the district of Bankura, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, from the 10th November 1933 to the 29th November 1933 (inclusive).

Bankura.—No 572.—6th December 1933.—Babu Rama Prosad Mukharji, Sub-Registrar attached to Bankura, acted as Sub-Registrar of Onda, in the same district, from the 10th November 1933, to the 29th November 1933 (inclusive), during the absence, on leave, of Babu Surendra Chandra Khan.

Bogra-Mymensingh.—No. 573.—6th December 1933.—Maulvi Faizuddin Ahmed, No. II, Sub-Registrar of Khetlal, in the district of Bogra, under orders of transfer to Madan, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for one month, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No 472, dated the 21st September 1933.

S. AHMED,

Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Audit.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 6728F.—5th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rules 41, 42 and 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, and with the previous sanction of the Secretary of State in Council given in accordance with rule 9 of the said rules, the Governor in Council and acting with his Ministers is pleased to direct that the amendments to the Civil Service Regulations made by the Secretary of State in Council in his despatch No. 5-Finl., dated 1st June 1933, and published in the Government of India, Finance Department, notification No. F-10-IV-R. II/33, dated 31st August 1933, shall apply to the services in respect of which power to make rules is delegated to the local Government in the said rules.

CORRIGENDUM.

No. 6580F.—5th December 1933.—In the Government of Bengal, Finance Department, notification No. 2135 F., dated the 28th April 1933, published on pages 648 to 651 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 4th May 1933, in rule 1 (*3*) (*f*), *for* the words "the Secretary of State in Council" the word "Government" shall be *substituted*.

ADDENDA AND CORRIGENDA.

No. 6749F.—12th December 1933.—The following corrections, which have been authorised, are published for general information:—

Fundamental and Subsidiary Rules, 1st Edition (Reprint), 1929.

Page 300—Delegation Chapter.—*For* the existing item 4 against serial 72, *read* the following:—

The Director of Public Instruction (*1*) may grant leave of all kinds except special disability leave up to a limit of four months, (*2*) may grant such leave in combination with vacations and holidays to all gazetted officers of the Education Department except officers in the Indian Educational Service or appointed on contracts, (*3*) may make officiating appointments in place of those granted leave under the above powers, subject to the condition that a report of the appointments thus made is submitted to Government for notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Bengal Financial Rules, 1st Edition (Reprint), 1930.

Page 23.—*Insert* the following as Section XIV and rule 40-D:—

Section XIV—Exhibition of losses in the Government Accounts.

40-D. Rules for the exhibition of losses in the Government accounts have been reproduced in F. R. Appendix 16.

Page 265.—*Insert* the following as a new appendix:—

F. R. Appendix 16.

(See Chapter I, Section XIV, rule 40-D.)

Rules for the exhibition of losses in the Government Accounts.

Rules for the guidance of the Executive Officers.

1. *Budgeting.*—Provision for losses should not ordinarily be made in the budget. If, however, the nature of the work of a department is such that some losses must be regarded

as inevitable each year, provision may be made, with the special sanction of the Finance Department in each case.

II. *Report of losses.*—With the exception noted below, any defalcation or loss of public money, departmental revenue or receipts, stamps, opium, stores, or other property, discovered in a Government treasury or other office or department, which is under the audit of the Accountant-General, should be immediately reported to the Accountant-General, even when such loss has been made good by the person responsible for it. It will usually be sufficient if the officer reporting the defalcation or loss to higher authority sends to the Accountant-General either a copy of his report or such relevant extracts from it as are sufficient to explain the exact nature of the defalcation or loss and the circumstances which made it possible. When the matter has been fully investigated, a further and complete report should be submitted of the nature and extent of the loss, showing the errors or neglect of rules by which such loss was rendered possible, and the prospects of effecting a recovery. The submission of such report does not debar the local authorities from taking any further action which may be deemed necessary.

Exception.—Petty cases, that is cases involving losses not exceeding Rs. 200 each, need not be reported to the Accountant-General unless there are, in any case, important features which merit detailed investigation and consideration.

Note 1.—Losses or deficiencies concerning buildings, lands, stores and equipment should be written off any value or commercial account that may be maintained.

Note 2.—In the case of departments where accounts have been separated from audit, a special procedure for report of losses to Accounts and Audit Officers may be prescribed by departmental authority after consultation with the Auditor-General.

III. Heads of departments should submit annually to the principal auditors concerned statements showing the extra statutory remissions of revenue and abandonments of claims to revenue sanctioned during the preceding year. For inclusion in these statements, remissions and abandonments should be classified broadly with reference to the grounds on which they were sanctioned, and a total figure should be given for each class. A brief explanation of the circumstances leading to the remission should be added in the case of each class.

The statement shall not include individual remissions below Rs. 500, and it shall be submitted by the first week of June following the year to which they relate.

Note 1.—For the purposes of these rules a "statutory" remission or abandonment of revenue or a claim to revenue means a remission or abandonment which is obligatory under the provisions of any law or rule having the force of law. All other remissions or abandonments are non-statutory.

Note 2.—Where the administrative year does not coincide with the financial year, the figures of the former may, if this prove convenient to the departmental authorities, be given in the statements.

(Bengal Government Finance Department circular memorandum Nos. 440-562T.F., dated 29th September 1932 and 5003F., dated the 11th September 1933.)

Page 161.—In the contents under appendices *insert* the following:—

16. Rules for the exhibition of losses in the Government accounts . . . 265

D. GLADDING,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 6438Com.—9th December 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that a license described as the Barisal Electric License, 1933, as set forth below, has been granted to Messrs. Roy & Co., Ltd., Calcutta:—

The Barisal Electric License, 1933.

License for the supply of electrical energy granted by the Government of Bengal under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910.

License is hereby granted to Messrs. Roy & Co., Ltd., having its registered office at 120D, Lansdowne Road, Calcutta, to supply electrical energy in the area, with the powers and upon the terms and conditions specified below:—

Short Title.

1. This license may be cited as "The Barisal Electric License, 1933."

Interpretation.

2. The several words, terms and expressions to which by the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, or any statutory modifications thereof or by the rules thereunder, meanings are assigned shall have in this license the same respective meanings, provided that in this license—

(*a*) The "Act" shall mean the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, and any statutory modifications thereof.

(*b*) The expression "The licensees" shall mean and include the said Messrs. Roy & Co., Ltd., and their permitted assigns,

(c) The expression "deposited map" shall mean the plan of the area of supply hereinafter specified which has been deposited with the Government of Bengal in pursuance of the rules under the Act, which plan is signed for the purpose of identification by the Joint Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Commerce Department, and by the applicants Messrs. Roy & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.

(d) The term "unit" shall mean the quantity of energy equivalent to a current of one thousand amperes flowing under an electromotive force of one volt during one hour.

Security.

3. The period within which under clause 1 (b) of the Schedule to the Act the licensees shall deposit or secure such sum as therein mentioned and the sum to be deposited or secured shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Government of Bengal under the clause, be six months from the notification of the grant of the license and Rs. 10,000 respectively.

Area of supply.

4. The area above referred to within which the supply of energy is authorised by this license (the area of supply under the Act) is the whole of the area bounded as follows:—

North, West and South—By an arc of a circle 1½ miles in radius with centre at the north-east corner of the Collectorate Building of Barisal (marked on the map).

East—By the Barisal river

The boundaries whereof are delineated on the deposited map by a heavy red line.

Situation of generating station.

5. The licensees shall erect the generating station within the area covered by the license.

Compulsory works.

6. The works to be executed to the satisfaction of the Government under clause IV of the Schedule to the Act are the following :—

(a) The licensees shall within three years from the date of the license being granted lay down suitable and sufficient feeders and distributing mains and also execute works to the satisfaction of the Government of Bengal for the purpose of supplying electrical energy throughout the streets set out in the first annexure to this license, shall erect the generating station mentioned in clause 5 with all machineries and apparatus necessary for the purpose of giving a continuous and efficient supply and shall do all other works necessary for the commencement of the supply of energy to consumers.

The licensees shall commence to execute the works aforesaid within six months from the commencement of the license and shall complete the same within three years from the commencement of the license.

(b) At the expiration of each successive period of six months from the commencement of this license until the completion of the compulsory works the licensees shall submit to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Commerce Department reports specifying all steps taken and the progress made in carrying into effect this license

Commencement of supply of energy.

7. (1) The supply of energy shall not be commenced until—

(a) The Electric Inspector to the Government of Bengal shall have inspected the licensees' works and certified in writing that the supply of energy may commence.

(b) The licensees' "Conditions of supply" shall have been approved by the Local Government.

(c) The amount of all miscellaneous charges incidental to or in connection with the supply to consumers and which the licensees propose to make against consumers or prospective consumers shall have been so approved.

(2) The licensees shall not supply energy to any consumer or undertake work incidental to any such supply for a prospective consumer until—

(a) such prospective consumer shall have tendered to the licensees a requisition duly signed in the form for the time being approved by the Local Government, and

(b) such prospective consumer and the licensees shall have executed an agreement in a form approved or to be approved by the Local Government.

Accounts.

8. Separate and distinct accounts shall be kept by the licensees showing in full detail, as required by the Indian Electricity Act and Rules thereunder, the working of the electrical undertaking for which this license is granted

Pressure and systems of supply.

9. The pressure and systems of supply shall be as follows :—

(a) *Generation and transmission.*—High pressure three-phase 3,300 volts alternating current, at a frequency of 50 cycles per second.

(b) *Distribution.*—A three-phase four-wire alternating current system at the declared pressures of 400 volts between phases and 230 volts between any one phase and neutral, at a frequency of 50 cycles per second.

The frequency and pressures stated above shall be as measured at consumers' terminals and shall not vary therefrom beyond the limits prescribed by the Indian Electricity Rules, 1922, throughout the area of supply:

Provided that the licensees may from time to time, with the previous consent in writing of the Local Government and subject to such limitations and conditions as shall be prescribed in writing by the Local Government, adopt any other pressure of supply, or systems of supply, or both for the purpose of this license.

Limits of price to be charged in respect of the supply of energy.

10. The prices to be charged by the licensees for energy supplied by them shall not exceed those stated in that behalf in the second annexure to this license, or in the case of a method of charge approved by the Local Government in accordance with section 23, sub-sections (3) and (4) of the Act, such maximum as the Government may fix on approving the method.

Purchase of undertaking.

11. (*a*) The option of the purchase given by section 7 of the Act, shall be first exercisable on the expiration of 50 years from the date of notification of the grant of this license and thereafter on the expiration of every subsequent period of 20 years and the terms of such purchase shall be determined, in case of difference or dispute, by arbitration as provided by section 7 of the Act. The percentage to be added on account of compulsory purchase to the value (as determined in accordance with and for the purpose of section 7 of the Act) of the lands, buildings, works, materials, and plants of the licensees, shall, in accordance with the second proviso of the said sub-section, be twenty per cent.

(*b*) In accordance with section 3, sub-section (2), clause (*d*)(*ii*) of the Act, it is hereby declared that the generating station to be used in connection with the undertaking shall form part of the undertaking for the purpose of purchase under section 5 or section 7, provided that the power station shall not have been abandoned by reason of the operation of clause 14.

(*c*) After notice shall have been given as prescribed in section 7 (*1*) of the Act, all extensions and outlays of money debitable to the capital account of the licensees during the last two years of the period of such notice shall be subject to the previous approval of the Government.

Bulk supply.

12 Should a supply of electrical energy in bulk become available at any future date from any source at such rates that the net rates and other charges payable by consumers for the supply of distributed energy under this license could, in the opinion of the Government, be reduced, the licensees shall obtain their supply from such source and shall also reduce the rates charged to consumers and also those in clause 10 of this license by amounts which shall be approved by Government.

The decision of Government on the operation of this clause shall be final.

Variations from the Schedule to the Act.

13. In pursuance of clause (*f*) of sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Act it is hereby expressly declared that—

(*a*) The following sub-clause shall be substituted for clause VI, sub-clause (*5*), namely:—

"Every requisition under this clause shall be in a form approved by the Local Government; and copies of the form shall be kept in the office of the licensees and supplied free of charge to any applicant."

(*b*) The following sub-clause shall be substituted for clause X, sub-clause (*2*), namely:—

"Before commencing to supply energy through any distributing main the licensees shall give notice, by public advertisement in such manner as shall be previously approved by the Local Government, of the method by which they propose to charge for energy so supplied and the rates at which such energy will be supplied; and, where the licensees have given such notice, they shall not be entitled to change the method of charging or the rates at which energy will be supplied without giving notice thereof by public advertisement in the manner aforesaid and giving not less than one month's notice in writing or such shorter notice as the Local Government may deem proper of such change to the Local Government, to the local authority, if any, concerned, and to every consumer of energy who is supplied by them from such distributing main.

Securing continuity of supply.

14. It shall be the duty of the licensees (which expression shall for the purpose of this clause and clause 15 immediately following be taken to mean and include the licensees, their employees, servants and agents and their permitted assignees) to give to the nearest Magistrate immediate and full information of any circumstances in which interruption of the supply may be apprehended as a result of civil commotion or disturbance of the public peace or any strike or lock-out of the nature specified in section 15 of the Trade Disputes Act, 1929.

Revocation.

15. (*a*) If the licensees shall in the opinion of the Local Government have failed to give such immediate and full information as is required by clause 14 hereof or if at any time any interruption of the supply shall occur which in the opinion of the Local Government is attributable to any wilful or preventable default or neglect on the part of the licensees or if the licensees shall in the opinion of the Local Government, fail to comply with any of the provisions of the clauses of this license or shall in the opinion of the Local Government fail to show satisfactory progress during any

portion of the period of three years specified in clause 6 of this license, or if the general direction and control of licensees shall cease to be in the hands of British subjects, the license may be revoked.

(b) In the event of the Local Government revoking the license for any of the causes specified in this clause the security deposit of Rs. 10,000 made in accordance with clause 3 may in whole or in part be forfeited to the Local Government as the Local Government may decide and the decision of the Local Government as to both revocation and forfeiture shall be final and binding on the licensees

First Annexure.

Compulsory works.—List of streets or parts of streets in which the licensees are to lay down suitable and sufficient feeders and distributing mains for the purpose of supply of electrical energy :—

(1) Shaistabad Road. -From Waterworks Gate to Shaw Road. (2) Shaw Road (whole). (3) Khunia Road—From the junction of Sadar Road and Shaw Road towards Bridge Road up to 500 feet. (4) Bazar Road (whole). (5) Chawk Bazar Road (whole). (6) Sadar Road (whole). (7) Line Road (whole). (8) Katpatty Road (whole). (9) Pariera Road (whole). (10) Office Compound Road (whole). (11) Collectorate Road (whole). (12) Rajas Road.—From the junction of Sadar Road and Sagardi Road up to Blackwood Road (13) Blackwood Road.—From Rajas Road up to Chattapadhaya Road. (14) Sagardi Road.—From Sadar Road up to Alekanda Road (15) Chattapadhaya Road (whole). (16) Alekanda Road (whole). (17) Bagura Road (whole). (18) Cemetery Road.—From Alekanda Road up to Iswar Bose Road. (19) Iswar Bose Road (whole). (20) Kalibari Road (whole). (21) Hospital Road —From Sadar Road up to Bagura Road.

Second Annexure.

Maximum charges—

I. *For domestic purposes*

(a) For lights and for fans —Annas eight per unit metered subject to a minimum charge of rupees three per mensem.

(b) For heating, cooking, refrigerating and for all other domestic purposes not specified in (a) above.—Annas four per unit metered subject to a minimum charge of rupees three per mensem.

II. *For industrial purposes (excluding lights and fans)*—

(a) For power consumed within the hours of 6 p.m. and 11 p.m.—Annas eight per unit metered.

(b) For power consumed within the hours of 11 p.m. and 6 p.m.—Annas three per unit metered subject to a minimum charge of rupees sixty per annum per rated brake horse power of connected load.

III. *For all energy required by cinemas and theatres.*—Annas four per unit metered subject to a minimum charge of rupees sixty per annum per rated kilowatt of connected load.

Note.—When the minimum charge specified in I(a) or I(b) or II(b) or III above is levied then no other charge for energy consumed shall be made.

ERRATUM.

No. 6341Com.—8th December 1933.—*Delete* draft amendment (2) published under notification No. 5730 Com., dated the 14th November 1933, and *re-number* the draft amendments (3) and (4) as (2) and (3), respectively.

R. N. GILCHRIST,

Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 30Mne.—24th November 1933.—The following by-laws which have been framed by the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta under sections 6 and 13 of the Howrah Bridge Act, 1871 (Bengal Act IX of 1871), for the safe and convenient use of the bridge and approaches thereto, and also for the passage of ships, boats and vessels through the said bridge, in supersession of the by-laws published under notifications Nos. 33P.W.D., 86Mne., 123Mne., and 72Mne., dated respectively the 29th January 1876, 4th August and 16th November 1906 and 30th June 1911, are published for information under the provisions of section 24 of the said Act:—

Howrah Bridge By-laws.

1. *Definitions.*—The definitions contained in rule 2 of the Rules for the Port of Calcutta published under notification No. 29-Mne., dated 21st November 1933, shall, so far as the context requires, be deemed to be applicable to these by-laws.

2. *Movement through the Howrah Bridge* —No vessel of or exceeding 200 tons nett register shall, without the special permission of the Harbour Master, move up or down through the ship opening or other opening of Howrah Bridge unless such vessel is propelled or towed by steam against the tide and taken

at such a speed as is just sufficient to keep good steerage way, except that—

(a) tugs and inland steam vessels when not towing other vessels may drop through the ship opening under steam head to tide;

(b) river flats may be warped through the ship or the 60 feet opening when the speed of the current at the openings does not exceed 1 knot.

3. *Two flats only to be towed.*—No inland steam vessel shall pass through the ship opening with more than two flats in tow which shall be secured one on each side of the towing vessel.

4. *Limitation of beam.*—No inland steam vessel, the beam of which exceeds 30 feet and no inland steam vessel, with tow alongside, the beam of which added to the beam of the tow, exceeds 30 feet, shall proceed through the 60 feet opening of the Howrah Bridge unless such vessel is propelled or towed by steam against the tide.

5. *Towage of cargo boats.*—No inland steam vessel when proceeding through any of the bridge openings shall have in tow :—

(a) when proceeding with the tide, abreast more than one cargo boat, and astern more than two cargo boats,

(b) when proceeding against the tide, abreast more than one cargo boat and astern more cargo boats abreast than two.

6. *Steam vessels not to pass in the opening.*—No steam vessel shall attempt to pass another vessel whilst between the pontoons of the Howrah Bridge.

7. No steam vessel shall pass through any openings in the Howrah Bridge without first sounding one prolonged blast on its whistle or syren.

8. No inland steam vessel shall pass down through the east 60 feet opening or up through the west 60 feet opening.

9. *Restriction on vessels of high tonnage.*—No vessel of 100 tons nett register or upward shall be towed or passed through any openings of the Howrah Bridge when a red flag by day or a red light by night is hoisted on the flagstaff situated near the look-out house on the bridge without the special permission in writing of the Deputy Conservator or the Harbour Master.

10. *Vessels not to make fast to the bridge.* No inland steam vessel or small craft shall make fast to any pontoon or other part of the Howrah Bridge except in an emergency for the purpose of avoiding an accident.

11. *Applications for bridge openings.*—A monthly programme of the proposed bridge openings shall be available for public information on the first day of each month. Applications for the passage of inland steam vessels through the bridge shall be made to the Harbour Master or officer deputed by him at least 48 hours before the opening is required After the passage of all vessels for which applications have been accepted by the Harbour Master and entered on his working list, the bridge shall immediately be closed.

II. Additional By-laws in force between dark and daybreak.

The following additional by-laws shall apply and be in force between dark and daybreak :—

1. *Movement of vessel.*—No vessel shall, between Juggernath Ghat on the north and Princeps Ghat on the south—

(a) proceed at a speed greater than 6 knots through the water,

(b) overtake and pass another vessel when approaching the bridge.

2. No vessel may pass through the ship opening of the bridge unless in tow of a steamer, or proceeding under her own power.

3. *Use of searchlight.*—No vessel which is approaching Howrah Bridge at the distance of a quarter of a mile or less, shall use a searchlight until she has passed through and is well clear of the bridge.

4. *Movements regulated by the Harbour Master.*—The movements of both inland steam vessels and ferry steamers shall be regulated by the Harbour Master or other officer deputed by him for this duty.

5. *Safety signal.*—No vessel shall approach the bridge opening for the purpose of passing through it while the danger or "stop" signal, which consists of a red light on the look-out house, is shown or until the safety signal, which consists of a green light, in the same position, is clearly shown.

No. 32Mne.—1st December 1933.—The following amendment made by the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta under subsection (1) of section 126 of the Calcutta Port Act, 1890 (Bengal Act III of 1890), to the by-law regulating the landing and discharge of petroleum in the port of Calcutta, published under this department notification No. 17Mne., dated the 16th May 1933, subject to the confirmation of the local Government, is published for general information, as required by sub-section (4) of the said section 126.

2. The by-law will be taken into consideration on the expiry of a month after the first publication of this notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and any suggestion or objection with regard thereto received by the undersigned within that period will be considered:—

Draft amendment.

Add the following to the note appearing at the end of the said by-law, viz :—

"or to petroleum having a flash point of not less than 76°F by Abel's close test discharged at the petroleum berth in King George's Dock."

R. N. GILCHRIST,

Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Establishment.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 61.—5th December 1933.—In modification of this office notification No. 59, dated the 25th November 1933, Babu Dhirendra Nath Ray, Assistant Engineer, Chittagong Division, is allowed, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for three weeks, with effect from the 13th November 1933.

W. J. KERR, *Chief Engineer.*

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

Orders by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 73L.—9th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Dhusia Samabaya Samity (registered No. 606 of 1923, in the subdivision Tamluk, in the district of Midnapore, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Departmental Officer in charge of the Tamluk Circle to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 74L.—9th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Delbaria Co-operative Bank (registered No. 855 of 1917), in the subdivision Sadar in the district of Faridpur, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Faridpur, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 75L.—9th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Baliachara Gramya Mahajani Sava (registered No. 60 of 1912), in the subdivision Sadar in the district of Faridpur, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Faridpur, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 76L.—9th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Baneswarpur Gramya Joutha Bank (registered No. 886 of 1920), in the subdivision Sadar in the district of Hooghly, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Departmental Officer in charge of Hooghly Circle to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 77L.—9th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Garibbati Samabaya Samity (registered No. 314/Burdwan of 1928), in the subdivision Sadar in the district of Burdwan, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Departmental Officer in charge of the Burdwan Sadar Circle to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 78L.—9th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Balia Gramya Mahajani Sava (registered No. 56 of 1912), in the subdivision Sadar in the district of Faridpur, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Faridpur, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 79L.—9th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Purba Pomekara Joutho Rindan Samity (registered No. 157-D

of 1920), in the subdivision Sadar in the district of Tippera, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Departmental Officer in charge of Co-operative Societies, Comilla North Circle, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 13067.—9th December 1933.—In modification of this office notification No. 32L., dated the 14th September 1933, relating to the appoinment of the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Mymensingh, as the liquidator of the Pachahar Co-operative Rindan Samity No. 2 in the district of Mymensingh, I hereby appoint the Auditor of Co-operative Societies, Mymensingh, to be the liquidator of the said society.

No. 13069.—9th December 1933. — In modification of this office notification No. 2L, dated the 3rd July 1929, relating to the appointment of the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Faridpur, as liquidator of the Bahara Gramya Mahajani Sabha, in the district of Faridpur, I hereby appoint instead the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Gopalgunj, to be liquidator of the said society.

A. M. ARSHADALI,

Regr. of Co-operative Societies, Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

No. 108Exe.- 4th December 1933.—Maulvi Muhammad Zahiruddin, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Chittagong, is transferred from the Cox's Bazar Range to the Sadar Range in the same district temporarily in the public interest.

No. 109Exe.- 5th December 1933.—Maulvi Azizur Rahman, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days, from the 2nd January 1934, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 110Exe. — 9th December 1933.—Babu Srish Chandra Bhattacharyya, Inspector of Excise and Salt, on leave, is recalled from leave and posted temporarily to Calcutta for work on special duty under the Deputy Commissioner of Excise and Salt (Preventive). On the expiry of this special deputation the officer will join Midnapore, on transfer, and will be placed in charge of the Sadar and Jhargram Ranges. His headquarters will be at Midnapore. This transfer is made in the interest of public service.

S. K. HALDAR,

Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Land Revenue.

APPORTIONMENT ORDER.

Dinajpur.—No. 14330L.R.—7th December 1933.—Under section 114 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council has determined that in police-station Itahar, in the district of Dinajpur, where prepration of record-of-rights has been under notification No. 14453-54 L.R., dated the 7th December 1931, the landlords and tenants' share of cost for the survey and preparation of record-of-rights, including the estimated cost of maintenance of boundary marks for a period of fifteen years, shall be apportioned and recovered as specified below:—

(*1*) The rate of Re. 1-8 shall be levied per acre of which the raiyats including persons holding non-agricultural tenancies shall pay 10 annas per acre and their landlords of all grades together 14 annas per acre.

Common lands such as rivers, roads, khals, burning ghats, etc., shall be excluded from assessment but not tanks even if used for irrigation.

(*2*) Landlords shall pay the raiyats' share for lands in their khas possession and raiyats shall pay the full raiyati rate for land covered by their holdings.

(*3*) Rent-free holders, whether of the degree of raiyats or tenure-holders, shall pay the whole of the landlords' share for their lands.

(*4*) As between the different grades of landlords, the landlords' share shall be apportioned thus:—

(*a*) Permanent tenure-holder whose rent is fixed in perpetuity, shall pay their own share of the cost and that of the landlords superior to them;

(*b*) Other permanent tenure-holders and temporary tenure-holders whose lease has over fifteen years to run shall pay 3/4ths of the landlords' share and their landlords shall pay the remaining ¼th;

(*c*) Temporary tenure-holders whose lease has fifteen years to run shall pay 15/16ths of the share they would pay in accordance with (*b*) above, if they were permanent tenure-holders and so on proportionately according to the number of years of the lease to run; and

(*d*) Temporary tenure-holders who do not hold on a lease or for a fixed term shall pay half of the landlords' share.

Explanation.—The calculation shall be made from the lowest grade of landlords immediately above the raiyats, the period for which the lease of the tenure-holder or under-tenure is to run is to be reckoned in each case from the close of the agricultural year in which the record is finally published.

5. (*a*) Under-raiyats having a right of occupancy or protected by section 48C (*c*) (*i*) (*1*) and (*2*) shall pay at the rate of 4 annas for a tenancy or part of tenancy recorded in one village; (*b*) other under-raiyats shall be exempted from assessment.

6. The calculation shall be made—

(*a*) to the nearest anna;

(*b*) area less than one acre, shall be charged for as one acre;

(*c*) for broken areas over one acre, there shall be no charge for the broken portion, if less than half an acre; but if the broken portion be half an acre or upwards, it shall be taken as full acre; and

(*d*) the minimum charge for any tenancy or part of a tenancy recorded in one village shall be 1 annas only.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Birbhum.—No. 14359L.R.—8th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (*3*) of section 158A of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint for the purpose of that section Babu Batakrishna Mukharji, Sub-Deputy Collector, in the district of Birbhum, to perform the functions of a Certificate Officer under the Public Demands Recovery Act, 1913 (Bengal Act III of 1913), for the recovery of any arrears of rent including cesses due to Babu Kamala Ranjan Roy's estate in the district of Birbhum.

24-Parganas.—No. 14373L.R.—8th December 1933.—Under the provisions of section 3(*14*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Maulvi Khalil Ahmad, Sub-Deputy Collector, 24-Parganas, is authorised to discharge, in the district of the 24-Parganas, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights.

He is also vested with the powers of an Assistant Settlement Officer, under Chapter VII, Part I, of the rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act, in respect of the aforesaid area.

24-Parganas.—No. 14374L.R.—8th December 1933.—Maulvi Khalil Ahmad, Sub-Deputy Collector, 24-Parganas, is vested with the powers of a Revenue Officer, under section 108 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), in the district of the 24-Parganas, for the purpose of revision of orders passed either by himself or by any other Revenue Officer under him, under section 105, 105A, 106 or 107 of the said Act.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 115B of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Maulvi Khalil Ahmad, Sub-Deputy Collector, 24-Parganas, to make corrections in the record-of-rights prepared in respect of the lands in that district, in accordance with, and subject to, the provisions of the said section.

O. M. MARTIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Land Acquisition.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Howrah.—No. 14176L.A. — 4th December 1933.—The Governor in Council is pleased to cancel so much of the notification No. 12672-L.A., dated the 27th October 1932, under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, published at page 1842, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 3rd November 1932, in respect of the proposed acquisition of 0·054 of an acre of land required by the Howrah Municipality, for opening a thoroughfare between Panchanantola Road and Sadar Baxi Lane in the village of Howrah, pargana Boro, district Howrah, as it relates to the area, measuring more or less, 0·0006 of an acre, containing a portion of premises No. 19 of Sadar Baxi Lane, as described below:—

North and West—By lands of Mrigendra Nath Mukherji and Nagendra Nath Banerji.

South—By Sadar Baxi Lane.

East—By land under acquisition.

Dacca.—No. 14179L.A. — 4th December 1933. The Governor in Council is pleased to cancel the notification No. 7972 L.A., dated the 18th June 1932, published under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, at page 1184, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd idem, in respect of the proposed acquisition of 2·605 acres of land required by the Sabhar union board for the construction of a road named Rai Mohan Sashi Mohan Saha Road at Sabhar in the villages of Sabhar and Binadbaid, parganas Chandpratapnawara. Idilpur and Kashimpur-Sashanbashan, zilla Dacca.

Burdwan.—No. 14182L.A. 4th December 1933.—The Governor in Council is pleased to cancel the notification No. 14410 L.A., dated the 5th December 1931, under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, published at page 1563, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th idem, in respect of 3·06 acres of land required by the Bengal Iron Company, Limited, for the extension of their works, in the village of Kuldi, jurisdiction list No. 26, thana Dishergarh, district Burdwan.

H. C. V. PHILPOT,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Burdwan - 24-Parganas - Bankura. — No 14341L.A.—8th December 1933.—Babu Manohar Gupta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed as the Special Land Acquisition Officer, Burdwan, *vice* Babu Jogesh Chandra Mitra, appointed as the Special Land Acquisition Officer at Alipore, 24-Parganas, with effect from the 1st January 1934, or any subsequent date on which he may join the appointment, and he is vested with the powers of a Collector, under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in the districts of Burdwan and Bankura.

ERRATUM.

Hooghly.—No. 14353L.A.—8th December 1933.—In line 35 of the notification No. 13802-L.A., dated the 26th November 1932, under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, published at page 1958, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st December 1932, in respect of the proposed acquisition of 0·033 of an acre of land required by the Serampore Municipality, for widening Dr. Gopal Chandra Gossain Street in the village of Serampore, pargana Boro, district Hooghly, *for* the word "Dhoby" *read* "Dholey."

O. M. MARTIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

DECLARATIONS.

Howrah.—No. 14175L.A. — 4th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Howrah Municipality, for a public purpose, viz., for opening a thoroughfare between Panchanantola Road and Sadar Buxi Lane, in the village of Howrah, pargana Boro, zilla Howrah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0·0534 of an acre, bounded on the—

North and South—By Sadar Buxi Lane,
East—By the lands of Mrigendra Nath Mukherji and Sk. Dukhi Mian,
West—By Sadar Buxi Lane and houses of Bibhuti Bhusan and late Basanta Kumar Sircar and lands of Monimohon Ghose and others, and Sk. Dukhi Mian and Mrigendra Nath Mukherji and Nagendra Nath Banerji.

is required within the aforesaid village of Howrah.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Howrah.

H. C. V. PHILPOT,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Birbhum.—No. 14271L.A. —7th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for Sultanpur-Dungapara Road, in the village of Domaipur, jurisdiction list No. 158, thana Suri, pargana Jainujal, district Birbhum, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, comprising portions of cadastral plot Nos. 222, 220, 136, 196, 143, 146, 149, 151, 152, 155, 156, 157 and 165, and measuring, more or less, 0·47 of an acre, is required within the aforesaid village of Domaipur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Birbhum.

Burdwan.—No. 14299L.A.—7th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing 1st mile and part of the 2nd mile up to 3,296 feet of the distributary No. 8A/1, Branch Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Gramdihi, Bigra and Dhandalsa, jurisdiction list Nos. 17, 16 and 24, respectively, in thana Bhatar, pargana Burdwan, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose four pieces of land, comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 2703, 2707 to 2713, 2720, 2784, 2785, 2794, 2799 to 2803, 2806, 3296 to 3299, 3303 to 3305, 3312, 3313, 3384, 3393, 3395 to 3397, 3444, 3446 to 3449, 3456 and 3457 in mauza Gramdihi and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 1013 to 1021, 1028 to 1033 and 1131 in mauza Bigra and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 10, 42, 43, 46, 53, 55, 56, 59 to 61, 64 to 67, 86, 387, 400 to 405, 577, 597, 598, 603 and 608 to 611 in mauza Dhandalsa, and altogether measuring, more or less, 5·485 acres, are required within the aforesaid villages of Gramdihi, Bigra and Dhandalsa.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

24-Parganas.—No. 14307 L.A.—7th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Baranagar Municipality, for a public purpose, viz., for widening a portion of Atul Krishna Banerjee Lane, in the village of Baranagar, jurisdiction list No. 5, thana Baranagar, pargana Calcutta, district 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising portions of cadastral plot Nos. 5628, 5629 and 5630 and measuring, more or less, 0·006 of an acre, is required within the aforesaid village of Baranagar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Commissioners of the Baranagar Municipality, as well as in the office of the Collector of the 24-Parganas.

Burdwan.—No. 14310L.A.—7th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing the portion from chainage 105,433 feet to chainage 118,800 feet of Distributary No. 6 of the Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project in the villages of Kuljora, Karanda and Piplon, jurisdiction list Nos. 126, 103 and 105, respectively, thana Manteshwar, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose five pieces of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 213, 214, 216 to 220, 273, 277 to 279, 287, 288, 290, 298 to

303, 407, 409, 410, 420 to 423, 454, 455, 466, 467, 469, 474 to 476, 991, 992, 995, 1606, 1608, 1609, 1611, 1670, 1671, 2266 to 2270, 2273, 2310, 2314 to 2317, 2320, 2321, 2325 to 2329, 2336, 2337, 2344, 2345, 2348, 2362 to 2364 and 2370 in mauza Kuljora, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 2969, 2971, 2972, 2974, 2984, 2985, 2987, 2988, 2991 to 2993, 2998, 2999, 3006, 4290, 4291, 4312 to 4315, 4326 to 4328, and 4333 to 4337 in mauza Karanda and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 3164, 3165, 3169, 3173, 3175, 3179, 3182 to 3184, 3396 to 3398, 3400, 3402, 3403 and 3410 to 3412 in mauza Piplon, and altogether measuring more or less 11·60 acres are required within the aforesaid villages of Kuljora, Karanda and Piplon.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

Burdwan.—No. 14337L.A.—7th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for constructing the portion of distributary No. 6 (from chainage 96,089 feet to 105,433 feet) Main Canal, Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Mandalgram and Barapalashan, jurisdiction list Nos 7 and 8, thana Memari and in the village of Kuljora, jurisdiction list No. 126, thana Manteswar, pargana Shahabad, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose three pieces of land, comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 6715, 6736, 6737, 6747 to 6751, 6754, 6811 to 6813, 6817, 6818, 6820 to 6824, 6836, 7192, 7193, 7219 to 7224, 7234, 7239, 7240, 7244, 7268 to 7270, 7282, 7283, 7285, 7287, 7295 to 7298 9326, 9369 to 9371, 9373 to 9381, 9429 to 9431, 9433, 9434, 9435, 9452, 9453, 9455, 9557, 9558, 9560, 9564, 9596, 9598 and 9602 to 9604 in mauza Mandalgram and parts of cadastral plot Nos 7, to 10, 12, 14 to 17, 21 to 24, 49 to 52, 54, 62 and 934 in mauza Barapalashan and parts of cadastral plots Nos. 1611, 1616, 1617, 1619, 1622 to 1624 and 1645 in mauza Kuljora, and altogether measuring, more or less, 9·93 acres are required within the aforesaid villages of Mandalgram, Barapalashan and Kuljora.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

24-Parganas.—No. 14349L.A.—8th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Baranagar Municipality, for a public purpose, viz., for widening a portion of Srimanipara Lane in the village of Baranagar, jurisdiction list No. 5, in thana Baranagar, pargana Calcutta, district 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising portion of cadastral plot No. 5316, and measuring, more or less, 0·0046 of an acre, is required within the aforesaid village of Baranagar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Commissioners of the Baranagar Municipality, and that of the Collector of the 24-Parganas

Hooghly.—No. 14352L.A.—8th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Serampore Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for widening Dr. Gopal Chandra Gossain Street in the village of Serampore, jurisdiction list No. 17, thana Serampore, pargana Boro, district Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose four pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 0·033 of an acre, bounded on the—

Plot No. 1:

North—By the house of Haridasi Dasi,

East—By Dr Gopal Chandra Gossain Street,

South—By Rai M C Lahiry Bahadur Street,

West—By the land of Haridasi Dasi,

Plot No. 2:

North—By the house of Krishna Ghosh,

East—By Dr Gopal Chandra Gossain Street,

South—By the house of Haridasi Dasi,

West—By the open land of late T N. Lahiri and others,

Plot No. 3:

North—By the land of J. N. Gossain,

East—By Dr. Gopal Chandra Gossain Street,

South—By the house of J. N. Gossain,

West—By the land of J. N. Gossain,

Plot No. 4:

North—By the pucca house of H. M. Gossain,

East—By Dr. Gopal Chandra Gossain Street,

South—By the land of J. N. Gossain,

West—By the open land of S. C. Roy, houses of Gopeswar Basu and Buto Krishna Dholey and way to bustee,

are required within the aforesaid village of Serampore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act 1 of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Officer, Serampore.

O. M. MARTIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Excluded Area.

NOTIFICATION.

Darjeeling.—No. 14173Ex.A.—4th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by the second proviso to section 10 of the Darjeeling and Kurseong Municipal (Porters) Act, 1883 (Bengal Act V of 1883), the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm an order made and published under the said section by the Commissioners of the Darjeeling Municipality, revising in the manner noted below the rates of hire in respect of all coolies licensed to work by the job or for any period not exceeding twenty-four hours, as confirmed in Government notification No. 3316 L.R., dated the 29th March 1923, published at pages 467 to 469, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 11th April 1923, as subsequently amended.

Revised Rates for the Darjeeling Municipality.

Rates of hire for dandiwallahs, rickshawallahs and porters, empowered to work by the job, or for any period not exceeding twenty-four hours.

Dandiwallahs and Rickshawallahs.

Rates by day and by night.

I. (*a*) Within the municipal limits except Ghoom, Jorebungalow, North Point and West Point the rates of hire for every rickshawallah and dandiwallah shall be as follows:—

Up to one hour—By day, annas 4, by night, annas 6.

For every additional hour or fraction thereof—By day, annas 2, by night annas 3.

(*b*) The rates of hire of a dandy or a single rickshaw shall be annas 4 for the first hour and annas 2 for the second and every subsequent hour or fraction thereof with a maximum of Re. 1-8 by day or night.

In the case of a double rickshaw the rates of hire shall be annas 6 for the first hour and annas 3 for the second and every subsequent hour or fraction thereof with a maximum of Re. 1-8 by day or night.

(*c*) In the event of a rickshaw being ordered for a certain time and kept waiting for more than half an hour and then not used, detention at the rate of 12 annas an hour or part of an hour should be paid to the men as compensation for the detention.

II. (1) To or from Lebong, Jorebungalow and Ghoom—

(*a*) Single journey—By day, annas 10, by night, annas 12.

(*b*) Double journey—By day, Re. 1, by night, Re. 1-4.

(2) To or from Katapahar—

(*a*) Single journey—By day, annas 8, by night, annas 10.

(*b*) Double journey—By day, annas 10, by night, annas 12.

For every hour or fraction thereof beyond three hours in both cases, viz., (1) and (2)—By day, anna 1, by night, annas 1-6.

Note.—During the May and Puja meets fares to and from Lebong races should be arranged for privately.

III. To or from Jalapahar, North Point and West Point—

(*a*) Single journey—By day, annas 7, by night, annas 9.

(*b*) Double journey, if performed within three hours—By day, annas 9, by night, annas 11.

For every hour beyond three hours—By day, anna 1, by night, annas 1-6.

Note.—"By day" means from 6 a.m. to 8 p.m., "By night" means from 8 p.m. to 6 a.m.

IV. *Rates by distance of rickshaw and rickshawallahs.*

From—	To—	Distance in miles.	Fares according to the recommendations made in Item 30 of the Proceedings, dated the 18th February 1932.	
			For rickshaw and 3 men.	For rickshaw and 4 men.
			Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Darjeeling Railway Station	St. Joseph's College	2·1	2 8	3 12
Ditto	Retreat	1·7	1 8	2 4
Ditto	Hotel Mount Everest	·26	1 0	1 8
Ditto	Motor Stand on Robertson Road	·4	1 0	1 8
Motor Stand on Robertson Road	Chowrasta	·19	1 0	1 8
Ditto	Hotel Mount Everest *via* Auckland Road	·5	1 0	1 8
Chowrasta	Lebong Parade Ground *via* Rungeet Road	1·75	1 8	2 4
Hotel Mount Everest	Pines Hotel	3	2 8	3 12
Ditto	Retreat *via* Auckland Road	1·6	1 8	2 4
Ditto	Jalapahar Parade Ground *via* Mackintosh Road	1	1 0	1 8
Plantors' Club	Lebong Parade Ground *via* Rungeet Road	2	1 8	2 4
Ditto	Ghoom Railway Station *via* Auckland Road	3	2 8	3 12
Ditto	Gymkhana Club	·4	1 0	1 8
Bazar	Mount Everest Hotel	·6	1 0	1 8

Porters.

Rates calculated by distance from or to Darjeeling Railway Station.

To or from—

Section I—The Bazar—

Grain, salt and similar articles in bags, per maund—1½ pice

Other goods, per maund—1 anna.

The same rates to apply to carriage to and from bazar.

Section II—Native town and all houses on or between Auckland Road and Victoria Road, south of Chowrasta and north of "Craigmont"—Annas 2*.

Section III—All houses above Auckland Road on the east, below Victoria Road on the west, up to Diocesan Girls' School on the north, and up to "Rose Bank" on the south—Annas 3.*

Section IV—All houses within municipal boundaries, not included in above, and all houses within Jalaphar Cantonment—Annas 4-6*.

Section V—Lebong Cantonment—Annas 6*.

From or to Ghoom Railway Station or Jorebungalow—

Jalapahar and Katapahar Cantonment—Annas 4.*

*Per coolie load up to maximum of one maund.

Rates to places beyond Cantonment and municipal limits.

Any part of municipality to—

Badamtam—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1.
Porters—Annas 10.

Bloomfield (lower bungalow)—

Dandiwallahs—Annas 12.
Porters—Annas 6.

Bannockburn—

Dandiwallahs—Annas 12.
Porters—Annas 6.

Barnesbeg—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1-2.
Porters—Annas 9.

Chongtong—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1-6.
Porters—Annas 12.

Ging—

Dandiwallahs—Annas 12.
Porters—Annas 7.

Glenburn—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1-6.
Porters—Annas 12.

Ghoom Rock—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1.
Porters—Annas 10.

Jorepukri and Simana—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1-4.
Porters—Annas 10.

Lopchoo—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1-4.
Porters—Annas 10.

Lebong Company, Tukvar—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1.
Porters—Annas 8.

Mim—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1-6.
Porters—Annas 12.

Peshok—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1-6.
Porters—Annas 12.

Phoobsering—

Dandiwallahs—Annas 12.
Porters—Annas 6.

Pandam—

Dandiwallahs—Annas 12.
Porters—Annas 6.

Rangaroon—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1.
Porters—Annas 8.

Rangeet Valley—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1-8.
Porters—Annas 12.

Rungli—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1-6.
Porters—Annas 12.

Senchal and Tiger Hill—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1.
Porters—Annas 8.

Sidrapong Power House—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1.
Porters—Annas 8.

Sixth Mile, Teesta Road—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1.
Porters—Annas 8.

Soom—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1.
Porters—Annas 8.

Singtom—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1.
Porters—Annas 8.

Singla—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1-6.
Porters—Annas 14.

Tukdah Cantonment—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1-4.
Porters—Annas 10.

Tukvar—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1.
Porters—Annas 8.

Teesta Valley Estate—

Dandiwallahs—Re. 1-6.
Porters—Annas 12.

Note.—These rates are for single journey.

Note.—For loaded return journey (*a*) the same day, the charge will be 25 per cent. more than the above rates, (*b*) on subsequent day, the full rates above will be charged.

For marches beyond the abovementioned places—

Dandiwallahs, per day—Re. 1.
Porters, per day—Annas 10.

Note.—Any porter or dandiwallah discharged otherwise than for fault to receive for return journey half of his fare from place of discharge.

N. B.—(1) The above rates are for adults.

(2) Carriage or haulage of machinery or any package over 4 maunds in weight to be arranged for by special contract.

(3) Any person engaging coolies through a mandal or sardar shall pay sardari at a rate of two pice per coolie for one day only.

(4) A sardar engaged to accompany coolies on a march to receive 8 annas a day and for every coolie employed 2 pice a day.

(5) A dandiwallah may be engaged as a porter, but a porter shall not be compelled to serve as a dandiwallah.

(6) By the Act, the term "coolies" is limited to porters and to dandiwallahs and other persons employed in carrying, drawing or propelling any vehicle.

(7) Halts must be arranged for separately, and travellers can take the daily rates as a guide.

2. Notification No. 7517 L.R., dated the 28th August 1924, is hereby cancelled.

H. C. V. PHILPOT,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Irrigation.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 12-I.—13th November 1933.—The following draft of amendment, which, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6 and 11 of the Canals Act (Bengal Act V of 1864), the Governor in Council intends to make in the rules and schedules of rates of tolls for the Midnapore Canal, with branch to Narayangarh, in supersession of Bengal Government notification No. 27-I., dated the 24th November 1931 (published at page 1537 in Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 3rd December 1931), is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 4th January 1934, and any objections or suggestions received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendment.

Schedule of rates of tolls to be charged on the Midnapore Canal and the Narayangarh Distributary.

Entering from both the east and the west.

Description	Range I 7 miles, Uluberia to Bansberia or *vice versa*.	Range III 11 miles, Dainan to Panskura or *vice versa*	Range IV. 11 miles, Panskura to Balichak or *vice versa*	Range V. 13½ miles, Balichak to Mohanpur or 26 miles, Balichak to Narayangarh Distributary *via* Krishtanagar or 19½ miles, Mohanpur to Narayangarh Distributary *via* Krishtanagar or *vice versa*.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a	Rs. a. p.
Loaded vessel per 100 maunds	0 8	0 12	0 12	1 4 0
Empty vessel per 100 maunds	0 1	0 6	0 6	0 10 0
Timber in rafts or loose per timber ..	0 2	0 2	0 2	0 3 0
Piles in rafts or loose per 100 piles ..	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 10 0
Bamboos in floats per 100	0 4	0 4	0 4	0 6 6

NOTE.—Toll will be realised at Uluberia, Bansberia, Dainan, Panskura and Balichak toll stations.

No. 11-I — 10th November 1933. — The following draft of an amendment, which, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 99 of the Bengal Irrigation Act, 1876 (Bengal Act III of 1876), the Governor in Council intends to make in the rules for the combined Damodar and Eden Canal (published in Bengal Government notification No. 6I., dated the 24th March 1933, at pages 487-509, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 30th idem), is hereby published for the information of the persons likely to be affected thereby.

II. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 16th December 1933 and any objections or suggestions received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendment.

At the end of the first sentence of rule 6 of the said rules *after* the word "received," the words "unless the time is extended by the Chief Engineer, Bengal, Irrigation Department" shall be *inserted.*

H. C. V. PHILPOT,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 14-I —7th December 1933.—Whereas on enquiry made by the Collector of Midnapore it has been found that it is unnecessary in the public interest to retain the portion of the Chetua Circuit Embankment, Schedule D, No. 22, in the district of Midnapore, from mile 43 feet 611 to mile 43 feet 1,649, 0 mile 1,008 feet in length, the Governor in Council is pleased in exercise of the powers conferred by the first clause of section 43 of the Bengal Embankment Act, 1882 (Bengal Act II of 1882), to direct that the said portion of the said embankment shall no longer be included in the said schedule.

No. 15I.—12th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 8 of the Bengal Ferries Act, 1885 (Bengal Act I of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the immediate superintendence of the two public ferries established across the Baikari Baor at Baikari and Baldeyghatta in police-station Swarupnagar, in the district of the 24-Parganas and in police-station Satkhira, in the district of Khulna, respectively, under notification No. 1854L.S.-G., dated the 24th August 1933, by the Commissioner, Presidency Division, shall be vested in the Executive Engineer, Khulna Division.

2. In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the said Act, the Governor in Council is also pleased to direct that the surplus receipts from the ferries, if any, shall be credited to the Baikari Baor, which is a Government property in charge of the Irrigation Department.

L. R. FAWCUS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1363L.—12th December, 1933.—Mr. Khagendra Nath Majumdar, First Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Legislative Department, is allowed leave on average pay for nineteen days, under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 99 of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 4th December, 1933, with permission to suffix the X'mas and New Year's Day holidays from the 23rd December, 1933 to the 1st January, 1934, both days inclusive.

G. G. HOOPER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

BOARD OF REVENUE, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

Bankura.—No. 14927C.P.—7th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 2 of section 8 of the Bengal Land Revenue (Assistant Collectors) Regulations, 1821 (IV of 1821), the Board of Revenue authorises Maulvi Masir Ali Khan, Settlement Kanungo, who has been placed on duty in connection with the maintenance, for the purposes of section 158A of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, of the record-of-rights of the estate of late Rai Lalit Mohon Sinha Roy Bahadur of Chakdighi, in the district of Bankura, to exercise and perform within the local limits of the said estate any of the powers and duties vested in the Collectors of Land Revenue under any enactment in force therein for the purpose of the said work of maintenance of the record-of-rights.

N. V. H. SYMONS,
Secy. to the Board of Revenue, Bengal.

CALCUTTA COLLECTORATE.

NOTICE.

Calcutta Collectorate, the 6th December 1933

The Stamp Department of the Calcutta Collectorate will remain open from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. for transaction of urgent work on the 27th, 28th, 29th and 30th December 1933, during the ensuing X'mas and New Year's Day holidays.

S. SEN,
Collector of Stamp Revenue, Calcutta.

TREASURY NOTICES.

Orders by the Deputy Accountant-General, Bengal.

The Treasury, the 8th December 1933.

It is notified that the refund order book No. 433 of pink colour, containing 50 orders, No. 1-50 (both inclusive), is in use in the Income-Tax Office, Railway and Miscellaneous Salaries Circle, Calcutta, with effect from the 22nd November 1933.

It is notified that the refund order book No. 1329, containing 50 orders, is in use in the Income-Tax Office, Central Salaries Circle, Calcutta, with effect from the 21st November 1933.

It is notified that the refund order book No. 3908 (white), containing 50 orders, is in use in the Income-Tax Office, Military Circle, Meerut, with effect from the 2nd December 1933.

A. R. REBELLO,
Dy. Accountant-General, Bengal.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

High Court, Crown Office, the 7th December 1933.

Dates of the Criminal Sessions for the year 1934.

Number of sessions.	Day of the week.	Date.
First Sessions ..	Monday ..	12th February.
Second Sessions	Do ..	30th April
Third Sessions ..	Do ..	11th June.
Fourth Sessions	Do ..	23rd July
Fifth Sessions ..	Do ..	26th November.

By order,

O. MOSES,
Clerk of the Crown.

Original Side.

The 4th December 1933.

In continuation of the notification published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated 16th March 1933, the Hon'ble the Chief Justice has been pleased to appoint Mr. Niraj Nath Ghatak, an Assistant Registrar, High Court, Original Side, in the grade of Rs. 300 from 1st December 1933.

This appointment will be on a provisional footing as required by the Government of India resolution No. D/45-73 Ex. I/31, dated the 9th July 1931.

By order,

A. L. COLLET, *Registrar, Original Side.*

Civil.

The 8th December 1933.

No. 28006A.—Maulvi Paziruddin Ahmad, officiating Additional Subordinate Judge of Howrah, in the district of Hooghly, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500 within the local limits of the Howrah munsifi.

By order of the High Court,

N. L. HINDLEY, *Registrar*.

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

Burdwan Division—Chinsura.

No. 4236J.G.—1st December 1933.—Babu Debendra Nath Chaudhury, Sub-Deputy Collector and Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Burdwan, is granted, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for one week, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

No. 2142M. 2nd December 1933. It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*) of the manual of rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the Leighton Memorial Dispensary at Asansol in the district of Burdwan:—

The Subdivisional Officer, Asansol (*ex-officio*).
The Assistant Surgeon, Asansol (*ex-officio*).
Dr. L. Sen, Chief Sanitary Officer, Asansol Mines Board of Health.
Mr. P. S. Keelan, C.I.E.
Babu Shukhdeo Lal
Maulvi Rahmat Ali.
Babu Bhagwan Das
Dr. Moti Lal Sinha.
Dr. Nishi Kanta Choudhuri.
Babu Anil Krishna Banerji.
Babu Biman Behari Lal Sinha.
Babu Mohini Mohan Mukherji.

No. 4254J.G.—2nd December 1933.—Babu Dhirendra Nath Mukherjea, Sub-Deputy Magistrate and Sub-Deputy Collector, Contai, in the district of Midnapore, is transferred to the headquarters station of that district. The transfer is made in the public interest.

No. 2165M.—6th December 1933. — It is hereby notified for general information under section 50 of the Bengal Municipal Act of 1932 (Act XV of 1932), that the Commissioners of the Howrah Municipal Board, newly constituted under the provisions of the Act, by their resolutions passed under sections 45 (*i*) and 48 at a special meeting held on the 7th November 1933 duly elected the following gentlemen as the Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the municipality:—

Mr. Bankim Chandra Dutta, Chairman.
Babu Jogendra Nath Mukherjee, Vice-Chairman.

No. 2790L.S.-G.—6th December 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that under rule 20 (*b*) of the rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, the following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Hasan in the district of Birbhum:—

The Subdivisional Officer, Rampurhat (*ex officio*).
Babu Hem Chandra Sarkar
Babu Gopal Chandra Ghosh.
Babu Satyendra Nath Ghosh.
Babu Shyamapada Sarkar.
Babu Ramtaran Sinha.
Babu Tarapado Roy.
Babu Ashutosh Roy.
Babu Khudiram Banerji
Munshi Sultan Mondal
Munshi Afsar Ali.

No. 4310J.G.—6th December 1933.—Babu Charupada Ray, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed Circle Officer of Bolpur in the district of Birbhum The transfer is made in the public interest.

No. 4306J.G.—7th December 1933.—Babu Apurba Ratan Ghosh, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Ghatal, is granted, under rule 81(*b*)(*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for eight days, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

L. B. BURROWS, *Commissioner (offg.)*

Chittagong Division—Chittagong.

No. 6415G.—6th December 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that Maulvi Abul Khair is appointed to be a religious instructor for the Chittagong Jail in place of Maulvi Aminul Haque for a period of two years, with effect from the date of this notification.

The appointment of Maulvi Aminul Haque notified in this office notification No. 3073G dated the 12th July 1932, is hereby cancelled.

E. N. BLANDY, *Commissioner (offg.)*

Dacca Division—Dacca.

No. 5703J — 6th December 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 19 (*1*) of the Bengal Local Self Government Act (III of 1885), Maulvi Fazla Karim has been duly elected by the Patuakhali local board to be a member of the Bakarganj district board, in the district of Bakarganj, *vice* Maulvi Afazudin Ahmed, deceased

No. 5716J.—7th December 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 63(2) of the Bengal Jail Code, 1919, the following gentlemen and lady are re-appointed to be non-official visitors of the District Jail at Barisal, in the district of Bakarganj, for a further period of two years, with effect from the date of this notification :—

Khan Bahadur Maulvi Hemayetuddin Ahmed.

Haji Choudhury Mahammad Ismail Khan.

Sister Mary of Barisal Oxford Mission.

No. 5723J.—7th December 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that at the meeting held on the 26th November 1933 of the newly elected and appointed Commissioners of the Rajbari Municipality, in the district of Faridpur, the following gentlemen have been duly elected as Chairman and Vice-Chairman under sections 45(1) and 48 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 :—

Maulvi Yousuf Hossain Choudhury, Chairman.

Babu Manmatha Nath Sen, M.A. (Cal.), B.Sc. (Birmingham), Vice-Chairman.

W. H. NELSON, *Commissioner (offg.).*

Mymensingh, the 4th December 1933.

No. 1047C.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Lakshman Chandra Sarkar has been appointed by the District Magistrate of Mymensingh to be a member of the Musuddi union board in Gopalpur police-station in the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensing district, *vice* Babu Ram Kanai Pandit, resigned.

Mymensingh, the 8th December 1933.

No. 1064C.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, Maulvi Fazlul Haq has been duly elected to be a member of the Chikagani union board in Dewanganj police-station in the Jamalpur subdivision of the district of Mymensingh in the place of M. Nural Huq, resigned.

[ILLEGIBLE], *Addl. District Magistrate.*

Faridpur, the 5th December 1933.

No. 7167J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Sahebrampur union board in police-station Kalkini of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Dr. Rashid Ahmed.
Munshi Abdul Majid Hawladar.
Munshi Abdul Latif Bhuia.
Maulvi Abul Kasem Muhammad Abdul Hamid Mea.
Munshi Abdul Hye.
Munshi Easin

(*b*) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Maulvi Abdul Hamid Mea.
Munshi Amir Hosain Sardar.
Babu Nagarbasi Das.

Faridpur, the 8th December 1933.

No. 7569J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Dasar union board in police-station Kalkini of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Munshi Jonabali Sarder.
Munshi Arabdi Kazi.
Babu Aswini Kumar Hawladar.
Babu Lal Mohan Talukdar.
Babu Madhab Chandra Hawladar.
Babu Shyama Charan Mallik.

(*b*) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Syed Golam Kibriya.
Syed Afsar Hosain Khondker.
Babu Priya Nath Sarkar.

S. C. DATTA, for *District Magistrate.*

Faridpur, the 5th December 1933.

No. 7873J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Kadu Asami has been duly elected to be a member of the Madhukhali union board in police-station Bhushna in the Sadar subdivision of the Faridpur district, *vice* Maulvi Aftab Hossain Mia, resigned.

A. E. PORTER, *District Magistrate.*

Barisal, the 6th December 1933.

No. 7857J. It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Babu Brojendra Mohon Mridha has been duly appointed to be a member of Bibichini union board within Betagi police-station in Patuakhali subdivision of the Bakarganj district, *vice* Babu Monoranjan Biswas, removed.

C. W. GURNER, *District Magistrate.*

Presidency Division—Calcutta.

No. 2525R.G.—4th December 1933.—Maulvi Muhammad Abdul Khaliq, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is temporarily posted to the headquarters station of the district of Khulna.

No. 2064M.—5th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 50 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), it is hereby notified for general information that Rai Sahib Dasarathi Bhattacharyya, a Commissioner of the Bhatpara Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, has been duly elected Vice-Chairman of the municipality temporarily during the absence, on leave, of Rai Syama Charan Bhattacharyya Bahadur.

No. 2519R.G.—5th December 1933.—Babu Hem Chandra Sen, Sub-Deputy Collector, Murshidabad, Sadar, is granted leave on average pay for six days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 8th November 1933.

No. 2108M.—7th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 50 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), it is hereby notified for general information that Maulvi Mahtabuddin Ahmed, a Commissioner of the Kushtia Municipality, in the district of Nadia, has been duly elected Vice-Chairman of the municipality in place of Maulvi Khodadad Khan, deceased.

No. 2595L.S.-G.—7th December 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*) of the dispensary rules, the following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the managing committee of the Birnagar (Ula) charitable dispensary in the district of Nadia:—

Subdivisional Officer, Ranaghat, *ex-officio*.
Chairman, Birnagar Municipality, *ex-officio*.
Vice-Chairman, Birnagar Municipality, *ex-officio*.
Babu Krishna Sekhar Bose.
Babu Mritvunjoy Mukherji.
Babu Atul Chandra Banerji.
Babu Anukul Chandra Mukherji.
Babu Sayaram Mandal.
Babu Amulya Das Modak.
Babu Monindra Nath Mitra.
Babu Basanta Kumar Bhattacharya.
Babu Sujanendra Nath Khan.

H. J. TWYNAM, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

Jessore, the 2nd December 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., under the said Act, Munshi Afser Mondal has been duly appointed to be a member of the Kaniara union board in the police-station Bongaon in the Bongaon subdivision of the district of Jessore, in place of Babu Bishnu Lal Sarkar, resigned.

A. C. BOSE, *District Magistrate.*

Berhampore, the 8th December 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., of union boards under the said Act, Munshi Shaikh Khorshed Hossain has been duly elected to be a member of the Bewa union board No. I in police-station Samsergunj in the Jangipur subdivision of the Murshidabad district, in place of Babu Kulesh Chandra Mandal, resigned.

O. M. REES, *District Magistrate.*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Presidency Range.

Calcutta.—No. 9205.—2nd December 1933. Babu Narendra Nath Ghosh, Inspector, Khulna, is granted 1 month's leave on average pay, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from 2-1-1934, a.m., and is permitted to prefix to leave the Xmas and the New Year's Day holidays.

Sub-Inspector Nagendra Nath Sarkar is appointed to act as Inspector in the vacancy.

Babu Amrita Lal Raha, Inspector, 24-Parganas, is granted 4 months' leave on average pay, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from 2-1-1934, a.m., and is permitted to prefix to leave the Xmas and the New Year's Day holidays.

L. H. BURTON,
Deputy Inspector-General of Police.

Rajshahi Division—Jalpaiguri.

No. 4471J.—4th December 1933.—Babu Kshitish Chandra Barman, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Barind Area, Malda, is allowed leave on average pay for twelve days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 19th November 1933, in extension of the leave already granted to him with this office notification No. 3510 J., dated the 15th September 1933.

No. 3957M.—5th December 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 19 (*1*) of the Local Self-Government Act (Bengal Act III of 1885), as amended by Act V (B.C.) of 1908, Captain W. L. S. Boileau was duly elected by the Sadar Kurseong local board to be a member of the Darjeeling district board, in the district of Darjeeling, *vice* Rai Saheb R. P. Bhattacherjee, deceased.

No. 4510J.—6th November 1933.—Babu Harendra Chandra Barori, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division, is posted to Bogra to work in the general line.
The transfer is made in the public interest.

No. 4539J. — 7th December 1933. — It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*) of the manual of rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the committees for the management of the charitable dispensaries mentioned below in the district of Malda:—

Nachoul Dispensary.

The Sub-Inspector of Police, Nachoul police-station (*ex-officio*).
Bagdad Mandal.
Kadai Mandal.
Sristidhar Mandal.
Indra Nath Mukherjee.
Atim Mandal.
Sristidhar Sarkar.
Dulal Mandal.
Jatindra Nath Chaudhury.
Hazi Uttam Mandal.
Baidya Nath Sarker.

Gomostapur Dispensary.

The Sub-Registrar, Gomostapur (*ex-officio*).
The Sub-Inspector of Police, Gomostapur police-station (*ex-officio*).
Babu Narayan Chandra Sanyal.
Babu Sashi Bhusan Das
Babu Mahesh Chandra Ray.
Maulvi Hamidulla Mia.
Maulvi Jabed Ali Mandal.
Babu Atul Chandra Adhikary.

Baluka Dispensary.

Babu Monmohan Das Gupta.
Babu Mohendra Narayan Das.
Babu Santosh Kumar Chatterjee.
Babu Jiban Krishna Sen.
Babu Ranjit Lal Chaudhury.
Maulvi Sheikh Bhikan Mian.
Babu Girija Nath Singha.
Babu Satyendra Narayan Mittra.
Babu Janaki Nath Das
Babu Golak Nath Mandal.
Babu Tormal Marwari.
Maulvi Sheikh Ayub Ali Biswas.

Harischandrapur Dispensary.

Babu Manmatha Nath Misra.
Babu Surendra Lal Maitra.
Babu Janaki Nath Roy.
Babu Ashutosh Misra.
Babu Debibar Misra.
Babu Rameshwar Roy.
Babu Kiran Chandra Roy
Maulvi Md. Baghu Khan.
The Sub-Inspector of Police, Harishchandrapur police-station (*ex-officio*).

No. 4549J.—8th December 1933. — Babu Dhirendra Chandra Nag, Sub-Deputy Collector, Malda, is transferred to Rangpur Sadar to work in the general line.

The transfer is made in the interest of public service.

No. 4554J.—8th December 1933.—Under the provisions of rule 63(2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Mr. G. Wrangham Hardy to be a non-official visitor of the Darjeeling District Jail for a period of two years in place of Mr. A. A. Price, deceased.

No. 4558J.—8th December 1933. — Under the provisions of rule 63(2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I appoint Mrs. S. Gupta to be a non-official lady visitor of the Pabna District Jail for a period of two years.

F. W. ROBERTSON, *Commissioner (offg.).*

Dinajpur, the 5th December 1933.

In exercise of the powers conferred by regulation XXIV of the regulations for the election of members of the Bengal Legislative Council, the names of the undermentioned duly nominated candidates for by-election to the Bengal Legislative Council from Dinajpur Non-Muhammadan Constituency are published for general information:—

(1) Babu Jatindra Mohan Sen (Rai Sahib).
(2) Babu Prem Hari Barman.

S. C. SINHA, *Returning Officer (District Magistrate).*

Malda, the 5th December 1933.

No. 1.—In modification of this department notification No. 1, dated 25th August 1932, Babu Girija Bhusan Ghosal, Sadar Subdivisional Officer, Malda, is appointed as a member of the Managing Committee of the Malda Zilla School, *vice* Babu Banku Behari Ghose, Sadar Subdivisional Officer, transferred from this district.

J. N. TALUKDAR, *District Magistrate.*

Rangpur, the 7th December 1933.

It is notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, Munshi Fazaluddin Sarkar of Goraipiar has been duly elected to be a member of the Ward No. I of Thetrai union board of the Kurigram subdivision in the district of Rangpur, in place of Munshi Karimuddin Sarkar, deceased.

N. M. AYYAR, *District Magistrate.*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Rajshahi Range.

Jalpaiguri. — No. 8591. — 8th December 1933.—Babu Jatindra Kumar Mazumdar, Inspector, Rangpur, is granted 1 month and 9 days' leave on average pay, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from 13-11-1933, p.m.

He is also permitted to affix to leave the Xmas and the New Year's Day holidays from 23-12-1933 to 1-1-1934, both days inclusive.

F. P. WALKER,
Deputy Inspector-General of Police.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1933.

PART IB

Educational Notices.

Education Department, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION

Calcutta, the 9th December 1933.

The Graduate Scholarships for Muhammadans for the year 1933 are awarded to the following students on the combined results of the last B A and B Sc Examinations of the University of Calcutta —

Two Scholarships of Rs 25 a month each tenable for two years, with effect from 1st July 1933, for poor deserving Muhammadan students

Serial No	Name of scholar	College from which graduated	Where tenable
1	Abul Khair Muhammad Munsolf Ali	Islamia College	Calcutta University.
2	Syed Qasim Ali	Ditto	Ditto

One Scholarship of Rs 25 a month tenable for two years, with effect from 1st June 1933, open to Muhammadan graduate who have passed the Intermediate Examination from the Presidency College.

1	Abu Md. Abdulla	St Xavier's College	Calcutta University.

One Mohsin Scholarship of Rs 20 a month tenable for one year and ten months, with effect from 1st August 1933.

1	Abul Mowla Faizur Rahman	Presidency College	Calcutta University.

J. M. BOTTOMLEY,

Director of Public Instrn., Bengal (offg.).

Education Department, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 8th December 1933.

The Graduate Scholarships for the year 1933 are awarded to the following students on the combined results of the last B. A. and B. Sc Degree Examinations of the University of Calcutta

(The Scholarships take effect from 1st June 1933)

Three Scholarships of Rs 30 a month each tenable for two years

Serial No	Name of scholar	College from which graduated.	Where tenable
1	Dhirendranath Bagh	Bankura Wesleyan College	Calcutta University.
2	Sukhamay Chattopadhyay	Non collegiate student (Bankura Wesleyan College)	To be made tenable later.
3	Jyotis Chandra Ray	Barisal B M College	Calcutta University.
One Scholarship of Rs 30 a month tenable for two years open to students who have graduated from the Sanskrit College.			
1	Bhabeschandra Bhattacharyya	Sanskrit College	Calcutta University.
One Scholarship of Rs 30 a month for boys of the backward classes tenable for two years at the Calcutta University.			
1	Kalasasi Naskar	Ripon College	Calcutta University
One Durgacharan Laha Scholarship of Rs 25 a month attached to the Hooghly College tenable for two years			
1	Debsankar Bhattacharyya	Hooghly College	Calcutta University
One Harakumar Tagore Sanskrit Scholarship of Rs 20 a month tenable for two years			
1	Hrishikes Chaudhuri	Sanskrit College	Calcutta University
One Durgacharan Laha Scholarship of Rs [illegible] a month tenable for one year			
1	Nagendranath Chakravarti	Serampore College	Calcutta University

J M BOTTOMLEY,
Director of Public Instruction, Bengal (offg.)

Presidency Division (Calcutta).

Calcutta, the 11th December 1933

List of candidates who have been awarded Preliminary Primary Scholarships tenable for two years, 1934-35.

[Each scholarship is of the value of Rs 2 a month tenable in high, middle, primary schools, madrasah or maktab possessing scholarship rights with effect from the 1st January 1934]

Nine scholarships for general competition, one reserved for Urdu schools, one for Hindi schools and one for the Deaf and Dumb School

General competition (in order of merit)

No.	Name of scholar	Name of school from which he appeared	Name of school where the scholarship is tenable
1	Banamali Charan Das	Kali Dutta Street U P School	Kali Dutta Street U P School.
2	Gopi Mohon Sahu	Ishan s Free U P School	Ishan s Free U P School
3	Badrinarayan Das	Bowbazar Training U P School	Bowbazar Training U P School
4	Umapada Karar	Gouribari Lane U P School	Gouribari Lane U P School
5	Nazarus Samad	Calcutta Model U P Maktab	Calcutta Model U P Maktab
6	Jiban Prabhat Das	Calcutta Deaf and Dumb School	Calcutta Deaf and Dumb School
7	Amarendra Nath Roy	Dharamdas Trust U F P Model School	Dharamdas Trust U P. Model School
8	Shew Narayan	Brojokumar Sett Lane Hindi L P School	Sree Maheswari Vidyalaya, Calcutta
9	Gholam Nabi	Dhankheti U P Maktab	Dhankheti U P. Maktab.
Reserved for candidates from Urdu Schools			
1	Abdul Aziz	Wellesley Street U P Maktab	Wellesley Street U P Maktab.
Reserved for candidates from Hindi Schools			
1	Sripat Shaw	Surendra Nath Banerjee Road Hindi L P School	Oriental Training Academy, Calcutta
Reserved for candidates from Deaf and Dumb School.			
1	Chandra Kumar Bhattacherjee	Calcutta Deaf and Dumb School	Calcutta Deaf and Dumb School.

N B —Scholars must join their institutions within one month of the date of publication of the scholarship results. If a scholar fails to join within a month, he shall not draw his scholarship except with the sanction of the Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division, on satisfactory reasons being shown for the delay

B B. DAS,
District Inspector of Schools, Calcutta.

NOTIFICATION.

Examination in the Art of Teaching, Burdwan Division.

Chinsura, the 20th November 1933.

An examination in the Art and Practice of Teaching for teachers of English subjects in Boys' Secondary Schools (aided and unaided) will be held at the Hooghly Training School on Monday, the 19th February 1934, at 11 a.m., and on the following date, if necessary. The examination of teachers of vernacular subjects and oriental classical languages of the same schools will also be held on the same date and at the same place and hour.

2. The following teachers are eligible for the examination:—

(a) Teachers of English subjects, who have passed (i) the Matriculation or some higher University Examination, or (ii) the Middle English Scholarship Examination or the terminal examination at the end of the middle stage of instruction. The examination of these teachers will be conducted in English.

(b) Teachers of vernacular subjects, who have passed the same examinations, or the Middle Vernacular Scholarship Examination, or the terminal examination at the end of the middle stage of instruction. The examination of these teachers will be conducted in vernacular.

(c) Pandits and Maulvis employed in teaching an oriental classical language other than Pandits in Sanskrit *tols* and Maulvis in Madrasahs. They must have passed the Sanskrit Title Examination or the Final Examination of a Senior Grade Madrasah. The examination in the case of these classes of teachers will be conducted either in English or vernacular at the option of the candidate.

3. The examination will consist of—

(a) A practical examination in class control, the candidate being required to keep a class of at least a dozen boys attentive and fully occupied throughout a lesson.

(b) A practical test of teaching ability, the candidate being required to give two lessons on any two of the subjects—English, Bengali, Sanskrit, Arabic, Persian, Urdu, History, Geography, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, etc.

(c) An oral examination, in which the Inspector of Schools or other examiner will ask questions on the Art of Teaching, object lessons, class management, organisation and discipline.

4. The following books are recommended for study by the candidate:—

(a) For teachers of English subjects—

(1) Indian Teachers' Guide, by P. Wren, (2) Indian School Organisation, by P. Wren, (3) Suggestions for the consideration of Teachers (Board of Education, Whitehall), (4) Talks to Teachers (James), (5) Art of Teaching, by D. Salmon, (6) Direct Method by Tate and Rajagopalchari.

(b) For teachers of vernacular subjects—

(1) বিবিধ বিধান, by A. N. Adhikari, (2) Teachers' Manual, by Khan Bahadur Ahsanullah, (3) পাঠটীকা লিখিবার পদ্ধতি, by Jagannath Dey, (4) মনোবিজ্ঞান, by S. C. Brahmachary, (5) ভূগোল শিক্ষা প্রণালী, by I Haque.

(c) Teachers of oriental classical languages may study any of the above sets of books.

5. Intending candidates from High Schools should submit their applications through the Head Masters, and teachers of Middle Schools and Junior Madrasahs through the District Inspectors, so as to reach this office *not later than the 10th February 1934*. Every candidate will produce at the time of the examination the certificate of his having passed the University or other examination, which admits him to the present examination. The following information should accompany the application:—

(1) Name (in full).

(2) Name of father (in full).

(3) Names of native village and district.

(4) Last examination passed.

(5) Year of passing.

(6) Period of service as a teacher.

(7) Present appointment with date (mention whether he is a teacher of English subjects or vernacular subjects or of oriental languages).

(8) Two class subjects in which he wishes to be examined.

(9) Signature of applicant with full address

6. Every candidate must bring with him at the time of examination two lesson notes on the subjects in which he wishes to give lessons. These notes should be made over to the examiner at the time of the practical examination.

7. Candidates should state whether they sat for the examination previously; if so, how often, giving dates.

K. C. RAY,
Inspector of Schools, Burdwan Division.

Office of the Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi Division.

Jalpaiguri, the 25th November 1933.

NOTIFICATION.

The following students are awarded prizes as noted against their names for writing the best essays on the "League of Nations" at the annual essay competition held in this Division on the 28th August 1933:—

1. Mukul Chandra Chakravarty, Serajganj B. L. H. E. School Rs. 20
2. Pranendra Chandra Sen Gupta, Kakina M. R. M. H. E. School—Rs. 15
3. Majeder Rahman, Dinajpur Zilla School—Rs. 10

T. AHMED,
Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi Division.

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

Senate House, the 5th December 1933.

It is hereby announced for general information that Daulatpur Hindu Academy, in the district of Khulna, will be a centre for holding the B.A. and B.Sc. (Theoretical—Pass and Honours) Examinations, 1934, and the Practical Examinations in Physics (Pass) and Chemistry (Pass) at the B.Sc. Examination, 1934, on usual conditions, as in previous years.

B. B. DUTT,
Controller of Examinations (offg.).



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1933.

PART IV

Bills introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council, Reports of Select Committees presented or to be presented to that Council, and Bills published before introduction in that Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Legislative Department.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1359L.—11th December, 1933.—His Excellency the Governor having been pleased to order, under rule 18 of the Bengal Legislative Council Rules, 1920, the publication of the following Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons which accompanies it, in the *Calcutta Gazette*, the Bill and the Statement of Objects and Reasons are accordingly hereby published for general information.

THE LICENSED WAREHOUSE AND FIRE-BRIGADE (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1933.

A

BILL

further to amend the Licensed Warehouse and Fire-Brigade Act 1893.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Licensed Warehouse and Fire Brigade Act, 1893, in the manner hereinafter appearing, — Ben Act I of 1893.

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title. **1.** This Act may be called the Licensed Warehouse and Fire-Brigade (Amendment) Act, 1933

Amendment of section 10 of Bengal Act I of 1893 **2.** In the first proviso to section 10 of the Licensed Warehouse and Fire-Brigade Act, 1893, for the words "seven hundred and fifty rupees" the words "one thousand five hundred rupees" shall be substituted.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The intention of the framers of the Licensed Warehouse and Fire-Brigade Act, 1893, was that half the cost of the Fire-Brigade should be borne by the general tax-payers and the other half by the special interests protected by the brigade The fees levied under the said Act have shown a progressive decline, although the cost of the Fire Brigade has gone up and it has become apparent that until the maximum limit prescribed for license fees in section 10 of the Act is raised from seven hundred and fifty rupees to one thousand five hundred rupees it will not be possible to realise half the cost from such fees.

CALCUTTA :
The 7th November, 1933.

B. P. SINGH ROY,
Member-in-charge.

G. G. HOOPER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.)

Registered No. C207 *No. 50 of 1933*



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1933.

CONTENTS:

SUPPLEMENT.

Official Papers.

DEPARTMENT OF CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES, BENGAL.

Finance Statements of Provincial and Central Co-operative Banks in the Presidency of Bengal for the quarter ending 30th September 1933.

NOTIFICATION

No. 11815.—28th November 1933 —The accompanying Finance Statements of Provincial and Central Co-operative Banks in the Presidency of Bengal for the quarter ending 30th June 1933 are published for general information

A. M ARSHAD ALI,

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal (offg.).

CENTRAL

Quarterly Finance

PART

Name of Bank	Liabilities and — Outside the movement — Deposits, fixed, current or Savings Bank, by non-members or by members in an individual capacity	Debentures	Overdrafts from outside Banks, e.g., Presidency or Joint Stock	Other items	Fixed deposits or loans received from — Provincial Bank	Central Banks or Societies
1	2	3	4	5	6(a)	6(b)
	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
I.—PROVINCIAL BANK						
The Bengal Provincial Co-operative Bank, Ltd	1,37,29,028		20,376	21,631		34,85,2[illegible]
II.—CENTRAL BANKS						
CALCUTTA						
Central Co-operative Anti Malarial Society, Ltd				.		
Co-operative Milk Societies Union, Ltd	30,481				.	
DISTRICT 24 PARGANAS						
Taki Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	2,90,059			6,845	54,000	3,688
Nimta Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	34,570				.	
Diamond Harbour Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	42,859				16,500	
Barasat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	1,84,945					650
Gosava Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	57,749					
DISTRICT NADIA						
Nadia Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	6,46,239					1,526
Kushtia Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	2,26,502	6,710			1,75,100	46,434
Meherpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	2,27,878					
Ranaghat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	2,32,639			2,041		1,70[illegible]
Chuadanga Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	2,00,310			1,984	9,000	6,17[illegible]
DISTRICT JESSORE						
Jessore Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	5,44,503			3,782		[illegible]04
Magura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	6,13,235					
Narail Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	3,89,165			2,594		432
Jhenidah Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	9,846					15,166
DISTRICT KHULNA						
Khulna Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	4,31,174			5,079	.	10,4[illegible]
Bagerhat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	2,24,811			2,091	15,000	1,106
Baruli Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	2,05,215			4,535	..	7,095
DISTRICT MURSHIDABAD.						
Jangipur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	1,80,743					
Berhampore Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	8,46,508			9,720		8,626
Lalbagh Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	2,54,761				12,350	20,767
Kandi Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	95,134			.	42,500	25,433
DISTRICT HOWRAH						
Howrah Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	.			..	.	
Uluberia Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd ..	32,241		.	..		
DISTRICT HOOGHLY						
Hooghly Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	8,25,396	..	.	380	.	1,00,[illegible]
Arambagh Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	10,725	..	..	..	..	41,[illegible]

BANKS.

Statement.

I.

quasi-liabilities. Within the movement							Assets and quasi-assets Outside the movement	
Drawn portion of cash credit with Provincial Bank.	Savings Bank or current accounts held in favour of Societies or Central Banks	Reserve fund of Bank itself	Paid-up share capital	Other items	Undrawn liabilities, e g, cash credit accounts guaranteed by the Provincial Banks to Central Banks or to Societies and by Central Banks to other Central Banks or Societies: To cover deposits.	Undrawn liabilities: For loans transaction	Cash in hand and in outside Banks	Government paper
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs.	Rs
..	29,32,490	3,64,000	16,83,750	16,23,494		1,44,006	23,160	91,36,956
..		11,368	2,245	..		..	18	4,500
..	..	67,000	14,140	.	.	..	3,718	190
	1,211	31,728	73,060	7,675		.	1,864	12,519
	.	2,909	3,045	3,991			9,605	..
		6,014	15,146	13,483			14	..
	646	24,300	21,030	3,958			1,324	.
.	..	1,961	4,675	8,228			105	..
..		17,541	45,060	18,843		.	27,257	8,000
..	300	32,700	57,930	13,061			57	.
..	188	15,000	37,960	25,037			10,335	.
..	5,101	8,974	30,550	15,777			16	8,000
9,023	7,343	84,000	23,710	16,732		.	1,768	..
..	..	50,000	69,425	39,845			25	824
..	.	30,000	58,125	53,549			1,448	..
..	58	18,400	46,290	33,519			1,559	..
..		500	4,195	530			47	..
..	3,418	24,455	65,045	44,349	..	8,240	8,930	..
..	4,901	11,100	38,340	27,229		39	2,615	..
..	713	15,800	31,720	53,218	.	.	31	10,000
..	22	15,005	34,690	12,319	.		3,499	..
..	..	28,000	52,230	53,804	.	.	2,126	10,000
..	..	12,100	31,336	3,530	.	..	734	..
..	..	..	20,910	5,725	.		670	..
..	376	997	4,510	2,979	..	..	..	..
..	..	1,350	4,690	163	..	..	118	..
..	11,300	9,701	62,665	20,528		..	3,513	1,080
..	..	2,263	8,605	800	..	7,414	208	..

CENTRAL

Quarterly Finance

PART

Name of Bank	Assets and					
	Outside the movement					
	Post Office Savings Bank deposits.	Other investments of a liquid nature in outside concerns.	Undrawn balance of assured cash credit.		Loans to Agricultural Societies.	Loans to non-Agricultural Societies.
			With Presidency or Joint Stock Bank.	With Provincial Bank.		
	16	17	18	19	20	21
	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—PROVINCIAL BANK.						
The Bengal Provincial Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	..	..	38,79,574	..	26,90,478	8,39,829
II.—CENTRAL BANKS.						
CALCUTTA.						
Central Co-operative Anti-Malarial Society, Ltd. ..	..	10,000	..	..	..	..
Co-operative Milk Societies Union, Ltd. .	.	..	..	25,000	..	5,954
DISTRICT 24-PARGANAS.						
Taki Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	3,134	1,588	..	.	3,64,995	31,425
Nimta Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	1	..	.	.	16,044	..
Diamond Harbour Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	.	..	..	.	54,900	5,340
Barasat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	51	..	..	..	1,70,977	2,150
Gosava Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd ..	..	..	..	.	21,277	25,884
DISTRICT NADIA.						
Nadia Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	..	4,500	..	..	4,33,627	5,028
Kushtia Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	17	..	..	..	4,43,356	..
Meherpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	10,222	..	..	.	2,00,456	12,230
Ranaghat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	7,520	4,042	..	..	1,77,398	..
Chuadanga Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	..	..	..	977	1,76,538	20,074
DISTRICT JESSORE.						
Jessore Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	6,421	..	..	..	4,23,043	1,421
Magura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	10,300	..	..	..	4,33,876	1,400
Narail Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	317	..	..	..	3,45,245	..
Jhenidah Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd ..	1,270	..	..	..	27,184	..
DISTRICT KHULNA.						
Khulna Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	1,657	..	..	..	3,65,726	33,859
Bagerhat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	6,383	..	..	5,000	2,33,612	8,257
Baruli Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd .	20,046	..	.	..	2,05,710	11,716
DISTRICT MURSHIDABAD.						
Jangipur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	4,725	..	..	..	1,65,221	7,736
Berhampur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	26,811	..	..	..	3,22,506	7,095
Lalbagh Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	2,419	..	..	..	2,21,387	4,922
Kandi Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	7,770	..	..	..	1,43,442	3,500
DISTRICT HOWRAH.						
Howrah Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	..	..	..	..	5,071	..
Uluberia Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	15	..	..	..	21,520	2,000
DISTRICT HOOGHLY.						
Hooghly Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	750	..		..	3,92,104	430
Arambagh Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	150	..	..	..	59,849	..

BANKS.

Statement.

I.—*continued.*

quasi-assets — Within the movement						Rates of interest on which money is usually		
Loans or deposits due to the Bengal Bank by the Provincial Bank or other Central Banks	Loans and deposits due to Provincial Bank by Central Banks	Uncalled share capital	Guaranteed share capital	Other investments inside the movement	Net profit of past year	Borrowed	Lent	Last dividend declared
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Per cent	Per cent	Per cent
	1,02,55,150	16,83,750	.			2½ to 5	7½ to 8½	
62,500			.	7,000				.
			.	14,435	3,522	3 to 7½	12	.
8,850				18,750	7,296	2 to 8	10½ to 12	
17,174		3,045		255	443	1 to 6¼	10 15/16	6¼
6,923		16,164	.	11,900	2,096	[illegible] to 8	10 15/16 to 12½	
		23,775		36,158	6,308	4 to 6½	10 15/16	6
25,170		4,675		275	1,046	3½ to 5	7½ to 9⅜	9⅜
93,388		67,590		2,450	3,977	4 to 6½	7½ to 10½	6¼
		57,930			7,312	4 to 8	12	..
55,883		53,138			5,764	4 to 6½	9⅜ to 10 15/16	6¼
71,249		30,550		3,350	5,431	4 to 7	9⅝ to 12½	3½
21		23,725		10,465	1,919	7 to 8½	9⅜ to 12½	
1,88,972		69,425		1,035	13,400	3 to 6¾	9⅜ to 11⅛	6¼
52,100		1,425		2,273	7,617	4 to 8	9⅜ to 12⅛	5
1,240		48,810		19,106	10,068	3¾ to 8	9⅝ to 15⅜	6¼
		7,35		253	797	7 to 8½	12½	
1,11,009		11,355		42,787	16,418	3 to 6	7 to 10 15/16	7½
7,767		49,860	.	22,916	1,873	2 to 7½	9 to 10 15/16	
25,457			.	22,804	4,296	3¾ to 7½	10½	
14,210		41,220		214	3,910	3⅛ to 7½	10½	
5,30,053		63,170		4,241	12,231	3½ to 6½	9⅜ to 10 15/16	
		32,894			910	3 to 7½	9⅝ to 1.½	3¾ to 5¼
623		24,110		11,050	2,305	3¾ to 8½	9⅜ to 10 15/16	6
2,350	.	22,940		.	186		9⅜	
9,554		4,090	.	.	−179	4½ to 6	10 15/16 to 12½	6¼
5,84,564		66,035	.	25,694	2,325	3½ to 5	8½ to [illegible]	6½
..	..	8,595	.	..	1,377	6⅞	[illegible]	.

PART

Name of Bank	Liabilities and — Outside the movement: Deposits, fixed, current or Savings Bank, by non-members or by members in an individual capacity	Debentures	Overdrafts from outside Banks, e.g., Presidency or Joint Stock	Other items	Fixed deposits or loans received from— Provincial Bank	Central Banks or Societies
1	2	3	4	5	6(a)	6(b)
II.—CENTRAL BANKS—contd.	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
District Bankura						
Bankura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	4,57,537					
Bankura District Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd.	42,996			4,342		
Bishnupur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	16,917					2,500
District Birbhum						
Rampurhat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	4,04,834			3,304		3,515
Birbhum Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	5,13,118			2,254		1,000
Viswavarati Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	98,585				68,700	50,000
Nalhati Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	1,26,462			2,858	20 000	1,66 998
District Midnapore						
Midnapore Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	6,39,363			55,332		8 16[illegible]
Khelar Balarampore Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	1,22,251			282	7,000	23 900
Bolebera Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	78,694			283		24 667
Tamluk Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	6,17,029					1 500
Mugboria Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	65,975				50,000	36 971
Balagoria Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	73,096			475	15,720	23 660
Ghatal Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	66,309				55,000	10 550
District Burdwan						
Kalna Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	2,92,208					1[illegible]7[illegible]
Burdwan Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	25,94,172			6 591		
Katwa Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	22,871				40,000	80 189
Asansol Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	77,471					3 000
District Dacca						
Dacca Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	9,13,394					
Narayanganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	2,29,732			3,885	4,70,000	
Manikganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	2,39,559				79,600	
Bikrampur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	82,966			1,816	1,30,000	
Dacca Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd	4,565				4,18,516	
Raipura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	1,68,294				6,85,300	
Tangi Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	1,06,899				1,09,000	
Baira Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	18,890				1,10,000	7 [illegible]00
Ichhapura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	33,590				56,500	16 [illegible]25
Dacca Co-operative Milk Societies Union, Ltd	2,727			3,500	10,720	3 000
Kaliganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	58,985				62,000	48 2[illegible]4
District Mymensingh						
Mymensingh Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	17,94,670		2,76,718		3,74,000	60 210
Jamalpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	3,00,126		44,110		2,49,000	55 606
Tangail Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	3,66,811				3,32,500	21,110
Kishoreganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	2,28,989				1,70,000	4 998
Netrokona Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	64,760				2,99,700	4 700
Pingna Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	57,113			2,057	2,01,100	28 894
Madarganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	21,526		20,152	973	1,34,000	7 000
Dhanbari Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	4,553			1,356	1,67,000	22,000
Sarisabari Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	19,391			259	1,20,332	2,301
Gaffargaon Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	14,109			703	1,42,550	
Bhairab Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	2,202					
District Faridpur						
Faridpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	4,30,080			5,706	32,500	
Madaripur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	3,15,313			9,468	5,51,800	
Gopalganj Central Co-opertaive Bank, Ltd	3,01,098			3,622	..	
Goalundo Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	3,00,138			153		

I—*continued.*

Liabilities and quasi-liabilities.							Assets and quasi-assets.	
Within the movement.							Outside the movement.	
Drawn portion of cash credit with Provincial Bank.	Savings Bank or current accounts held in favour of Societies or Central Banks.	Reserve fund of Bank itself.	Paid-up share capital.	Other items	Undrawn liabilities, *e.g.*, cash credit accounts guaranteed by the Provincial Banks to Central Banks or to Societies and by Central Banks to other Central Banks or Societies. To cover deposits.	Undrawn liabilities, *e.g.*, cash credit accounts guaranteed by the Provincial Banks to Central Banks or to Societies and by Central Banks to other Central Banks or Societies. For loans transaction.	Cash in hand and in outside Banks.	Government paper.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
..	329	12,000	57,935	7,435	1,500	840	40,147	9,750
..	.	155	15,868	1,762	.	.	370	..
..	..	1,100	4,630	1,379	.	.	177	..
.	3,586	2,577	34,810	34,454	660	.	2,707	..
.	2,603	16,873	54,915	19,768	.	25	6,214	..
..		4,865	42,975	11,052	..	933	496	..
..	.	5,579	50,585	11,073		..	5,583	..
..	2,546	44,000	1,10,680	52,351	.	..	189	1,500
..	.	15,500	38,630	12,028	..	.	385	..
..	..	12,070	25,850	17,848	..	..	11	..
.	16,378	24,200	61,380	29,500	..	..	8,062	..
..	..	12,173	35,530	3,855	..	..	2,312	..
..	476	2,388	21,010	4,077	..	..	487	..
..	..	2,168	22,300	180	.	..	157	..
6,000	2,220	8,533	40,852	15,610		1,000	1,892	..
..	.	22,334	2,17,405	548	.	.	28,112	76,403
..	..	1,650	19,425	668	.	.	5,705	..
.	..	625	10,610			.	3,163	.
..	470	1,00,000	1,29,370	85,296	..	.	52,682	46,807
.	959	18,000	80,015	30,824	..	.	8,311	..
..	820	14,830	47,292	13,973	..		982	..
..	..	26,253	44,020	52,220	..	..	661	..
16,732	..	5,244	1,11,759	11,394	..	.	9,684	3,900
..	126	18,196	86,425	44,956	..	..	1,967	..
..	..	[illegible]	21,975	7,687	..	..	3,260	..
..	..	[illegible]	19,250	5,000	.	..	144	..
..	36	2,848	12,625	.	..	.	103	..
..	414	870	4,884		..	..	221	..
..	..	.	17,460	.	.	..	222	..
41,936	565	1,93.152	2,76,000	1,15,532	.	.	3,823	2,84,500
9,912	1,566	53,357	83,975	1,20,397		..	7,981	14,653
..	..	41,985	1,11,315	40,489	..	..	25,137	..
..	3,149	30,525	59,760	38,251	..	.	589	..
..	308	10,230	39,428	18,137	..	..	1,034	..
..	81	9,304	37,050	18,448	..	.	167	1,650
..	320	6,418	24,175	42,812	..	..	2,124	29,200
..	237	5,876	27,080	14,203	..	..	359	..
..	694	3,328	15,185	6,679	..	..	865	..
..	..	3,325	19,825	..	..	..	265	..
..	..	..	1,455	..	.	..	29	..
27,700	1,284	72,000	62,380	97,250	..	..	18	18,500
20,000	3,447	10,000	90,580	19,145	..	..	5,700	18,297
..	2,073	26,216	47,630	41,701	..	..	610	..
7,000	340	30,162	46,550	25,922	..	..	76	10,000

PART

Name of Bank	Assets and					
	Outside the movement.					
	Post office Savings Bank deposits.	Other investments of a liquid nature in outside concerns.	Undrawn balance of assured cash credit. With Presidency or Joint Stock Bank.	Undrawn balance of assured cash credit. With Provincial Bank.	Loans to Agricultural Societies.	Loans to non-Agricultural Societies.
	16	17	18	19	20	21
II. CENTRAL BANKS—*contd.*	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
DISTRICT BANKURA.						
Bankura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	10,000	2,861	.		2,43,402	1,269
Bankura District Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd.	..	11,832			3,099	14,207
Bishnupur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	3,231	..	.		17,970	2,069
DISTRICT BIRBHUM.						
Rampurhat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	308	..		10,000	1,68,691	10,611
Birbhum Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	1,485	10,000		..	2,90,854	3,638
Viswavarati Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	1,872	..	.		2,12,518	2,057
Nalhati Central Co-operetive Bank, Ltd. ..	2,882		.		3,24,274	5,026
DISTRICT MIDNAPORE						
Midnapore Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	2,453			.	4,08,048	14,200
Khelar Balarampur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	3,942	.			1,81,466	..
Belebera Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	720	..		..	1,35,868	.
Tamluk Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	6,083	415		.	3,34,594	6,026
Mugboria Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,889				1,68,507	..
Balagoria Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	4,249				1,20,024	3,500
Ghatal Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	5,609				1,32,424	.
DISTRICT BURDWAN.						
Kalna Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	3,133	.			2,75,218	.
Burdwan Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd ..	9,415	24,324			8,31,523	
Katwa Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	1	250			1,33,321	3,189
Asansol Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	10,000			..	62,328	3,410
DISTRICT DACCA.						
Dacca Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	29,336	50	.	.	8,13,971	7,643
Narayanganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	15,912	.	.	.	6,70,663	2,428
Manikganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	113	6,335		.	3,34,146	.
Bikrampur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	10,130			..	2,66,209	..
Dacca Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd.	..		.	8,268	..	1,30,231
Raipura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	16,073	17,956	..	..	8,05,275	4,950
Tangi Central Co operative Bank, Ltd. ..	1,594	143	..		1,91,911	..
Baira Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	590			.	1,53,610	..
Ichhapura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	3,361	.	..	.	93,181	11,131
Dacca Co-operative Milk Societies Union, Ltd ..	20	..	..	..	24,558	..
Kaliganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	3,300	..	.	..	1,64,282	.
DISTRICT MYMENSINGH.						
Mymensingh Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	150	15,708	..	8,064	22,44,961	1,31,857
Jamalpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	164	..	.	5,088	7,38,355	3,801
Tangail Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,800	..		..	8,71,852	..
Kishoreganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	4,077	8,263	.	..	4,45,641	4,629
Netrokona Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	6,650	525	..	..	2,81,644	30,346
Pingna Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	60	426	..	..	3,25,854	..
Madarganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	2,000	..	7,880	..	1,72,158	500
Dhanbari Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	280	..	..	..	2,20,698	2,337
Sarisabari Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	7,092	.	..	..	1,41,583	..
Gaffargaon Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	8,620	..	..	..	1,47,214	.
Bhairab Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	40	..	..	..	3,127	
DISTRICT FARIDPUR						
Faridpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	2,645	..	..	..	5,79,652	7,847
Madaripur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	65	..	..	..	7,87,277	4,81[illegible]
Gopalganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	10,188	..	..	..	3,14,689	2,41[illegible]
Goalundo Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	4,523	4,500	..	13,000	3,32,821	..

I—*continued.*

quasi-assets.

Within the movement						Rates of interest on which money is usually—		
Loans or deposits due to the Bengal Bank by the Provincial Bank or other Central Banks	Loans and deposits due to Provincial Bank by Central Banks	Uncalled share capital	Guaranteed share capital	Other investments inside the movement	Net profit of past year	Borrowed	Lent	Last dividend declared
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Per cent	Per cent	Per cent
2,42,044		71,565			10,106	3 1/8 to 7 1/2	9 3/8 to 10 15/16	4 1/2, 5
		7,432		33,605		4 to 8	10 15/16	
1,681		12,470		750	541	6 1/4 to 8	9 3/8, 10 15/16	
2,52,002				37,293	4,036	3 to 6	7 3/4 to 10 1/4	
2,30,217		60,225		52,827	6,215	3 1/8 to 5 1/2	6 1/4	
12,705		7,100		23,115	3,640	3 to 8	10 1/2 to 12	
13,943		50,600		17,392	3,151	3 1/2 to 8	9 3/8 to 10 1/4	4
4,19,990		1,66,020		57,000	10,003	2 1/2 to 5 1/2	7 1/2 to 9 3/8	5, 6 1/4
				9,850	1,527	3 to 8	9 3/8	
9,407		25,850		6,971	3,246	5 to 6 1/2	9 3/8	4 11/16
3,01,668		70,020		717	15,154	4 1/2 to 7	9 3/8, 10 1/2	
					1,616	3 1/8 8	9 3/8, 10 1/4	
356				12,403	877	7 1/2	4 11/16 to 8	
6,055		22,300		13,375	1,084	4 11/16 to 8	9 3/8, 10	5
57,727				10,430	6,086	2 to 6	9 3/8 to 10 15/16	
18,81,778		3,295		1,250	12,301	1 to 4	7 1/2 to 9 3/8	7
		19,425		4,900	774	4 to 8	10 1/2	
6,364		2,975		2,000	713	4 to 7	10	3
1,29,574				7,725	35,534	3 to 7 1/2	3 to 12	7 1/2, 6 1/4
5,881		91,135		57,569	9,850	3 3/4 to 9	10 1/2 to 11 1/2	5
15		57,108		8,500	7,812	3 3/4 to 8	10 15/16	4 11/16 to 6 1/4
43				14,165	11,068	3 3/4 to 8 1/4	10 15/16 & 12 1/2	
		4,963		1,85,425		7 1/2 to 8	9 3/8 to 12 1/2	
8,926		86,425		76,391	9,886	3 1/8 to 9	10 to 10 15/16	
5		21,975		391	866	6 to 9	12 1/2	
10		19,270		12,780	2,442	3 to 9	12	
45		12,625		7,750	4,931	7 1/2 to 9	12	
19		4,884			517	7 to 8 1/2	12 1/2	
3,287		17,460		8,000	1,132	4 11/16 to 9	12	
1,41,000		22,400		1,17,520	65,102	2 to 8 1/2	8 to 10 15/16	
95				307	17,657	5 to 9	12 1/2	
		1,13,310		49,558	14,085	3 3/4 to 8	10 15/16 & 9 3/8	
20,010		73,800		20,691	11,053	3 to 8	10 15/16 & 10 1/2	
680		39,425		61,388	4,818	4 1/2 to 9	10 & 11 1/2	6 1/4
				22,064	6,888	3 1/4 to 8 1/2	10 15/16	
1,209		24,175		18,908	1,612	3 1/2 to 9	9 3/8 to 12	
				16,726	3,573	4 to 8 1/2	10 15/16	
723		15,185		13,751	2,580	6 1/2 to 9	11 1/4	3 1/8
		19,825		14,800	3,419	4 to 9	10 15/16	
		6,945				7 to 9	10 15/16	
1,093		61,425		861	17,778	3 to 8	10 to 12	
		90,570		77,610	18,406	3 3/4 to 8 1/2	12 1/2 to 14 1/16	4
9,018		52,745		27,950	5,346	3 3/8 to 8	9 3/8 to 12 1/2	6 1/4
383		46,550		26,564	13,646	2 to 7 1/2	10 1/2	12 1/2

PART

Name of Bank	Liabilities and					
	Outside the movement				Fixed deposits or loan received from-	
	Deposits, fixed, current or Savings Bank, by non-members or by members in an individual capacity.	Debentures	Overdrafts from outside Banks, e.g., Presidency or Joint Stock.	Other items.	Provincial Bank.	Central Banks or Societies
1	2	3	4	5	6(a)	6(b)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
II.—CENTRAL BANKS—contd.						
DISTRICT BAKARGANJ.						
Barisal Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	15,00,624	..	..	..	..	49,500
Patuakhali Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	90,520	..	..	..	3,700	1,07,895
Bhola Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	68,555	..	..	.	1,06,400	1,84,953
Khopupara Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	19,784	.	..	..	1,31,200	2,44,886
Mathbaria Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	23,659	..	..	.	65,050	1,23,511
Perojpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	91,673	..	..	.	7,850	3,056
DISTRICT CHITTAGONG.						
Chittagong Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	3,43,471	.	.	..	..	1,30,250
Cox's Bazar Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	69,446	..	..	..	85,000	21,100
Chittagong District Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd.	230	..	..	..	1,15,000	..
Satkania Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd.*	200	..	..	..	..	.
Chittagong Central Co-operative Milk Supply Union, Ltd.	..	.	..	..	3,587	.
DISTRICT NOAKHALI						
Noakhali Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	2,93,033	..	.	4,059	1,11,100	35,811
Feni Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	4,16,492	..	..	.	..	5,495
Raipura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	4,447	..	.	..	1,05,600	563
Lakshmipur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	56,428	..	..	..	1,29,300	5,898
Hatiya Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	48,967	..		1,296	1,71,650	15,215
Sandvip Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,05,781	..	..	..	99,600	886
Chaumuhani Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd.	2,772	..	..	.	65,350	..
Raipura Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd	1,456	..	..		19,130	40,168
DISTRICT TIPPERA						
Comilla Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	6,02,337	.	6,125	9,597	3,34,250	1,57,702
Laksam Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	6,403	..	..	..	9,200	1,66,693
Daudkandi-Gouripur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	8,212	..	.	..	2,37,500	85,514
Tippera Raj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	2,23,398	..	..	35,777	..	8,000
Brahmanbaria Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	2,68,018	..	..	..	4,06,000	..
Nabinagar Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	18,557	..	..	..	3,78,166	..
Chandpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	4,69,808	..	..	..	2,37,000	17,368
Matlab Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	36,628	..	..	..	3,83,800	9,185
DISTRICT RAJSHAHI						
Rajshahi Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	2,50,634	..	..	22,851	30,000	2,16[illegible]
Nator Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,39,389	..		..	34,000	..
Naogaon Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	2,98,203	..		..	7,000	29,613
Puthia Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,21,897	..	..	..	14,170	5,000
Naogaon Central Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd.	335	..	..	..	13,000	..
Naogaon Central Co-operative Milk Societies Union, Ltd.	55	..	..	2,850	..	1,679
DISTRICT PABNA.						
Pabna Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	5,46,451	..	..	2,894	75,000	1,459
Ullapara Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,51,421	..	..	..	90,000	841
Serajganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	3,34,832	..	..	..	1,33,000	25,536
Shahzadpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,34,209	..	..	..	1,84,500	..
Bhangura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	6,430	..		..	71,500	2,481
DISTRICT DINAJPUR.						
Dinajpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	91,641	..	..	411	28,000	11,925
Balurghat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	2,25,137	..	..	15,252	10,000	2,5[illegible]
Thakurgaon Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	97,271	..	..	..	92,500	..

* The society has not yet commenced work.

I—*continued.*

quasi-liabilities.							Assets and quasi-assets.	
Within the movement.							Outside the movement.	
Drawn portion of cash credit with Provincial Bank.	Savings Bank or current accounts held in favour of Societies or Central Banks.	Reserve fund of Bank itself.	Paid-up share capital	Other items	Undrawn liabilities, e.g., cash credit accounts guaranteed by the Provincial Banks to Central Banks or to Societies and by Central Banks to other Central Banks or Societies. To cover deposits.	For loans transaction.	Cash in hand and in outside Banks	Government paper
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
..	1,892	66,000	1,39,015	60,425	..	..	6,612	55,300
..	2,497	20,300	36,975	19,448	..	..	..	..
..	..	9,229	53,545	24,091	..	..	1,254	..
..	384	77,093	1,04,092	79,101	..	..	72	11,625
..	1,338	20,000	41,650	25,698	..	..	907	..
..	2,277	1,502	18,450	2,044	..	..	5,768	..
..	27,389	27,350	88,675	7,607	..	..	21,700	20,000
4,600	3,159	5,220	23,575	221	.	..	20	..
..	146	1,727	13,794	.	..	..	12,652	..
..	..	..	247	..	..	..	447	..
..	..	440	2,972	612	..	..	142	..
..	..	24,230	57,860	18,701	..	..	6,143	..
..	10,086	31,918	60,755	31,467	..	..	5,835	..
..	..	3,196	11,300	4,350	..	..	308	..
..	..	13,317	33,370	9,755	..	..	1,091	..
..	472	10,000	35,100	6,923	.	..	36	..
..	2,725	9,817	38,290	11,804	.	..	7,535	.
..	..	3,626	8,340	..	.	..	25	.
..	..	..	5,390	..	..	..	..	.
..	..	68,101	1,21,805	44,800		..	1,538	12,300
..	..	2,260	37,265	11,032	..	.	465	..
..	36	7,600	38,090	13,378	.	.	22,895	..
..	1,233	16,500	42,500		..	.	3,600	12,000
..	..	29,348	75,525	21,222	.	.	590	6,612
..	..	5,995	45,725	12,218	.	..	1,881	..
..	3,090	55,500	1,13,550	43,764		..	21,572	..
..	2,193	9,[illegible]	51,375	6,707		..	946	..
35,000	3,674	20,000	54,727	36,329	.	.	10,902	..
..	..	6,673	26,500	5,295		..	1,145	..
..	16,595	15,500	57,690	31,489		..	3,467	..
10,000	..	4,861	21,725	4,710	..	..	2,810	..
14,000	..	1,169	5,845	.	..	..	234	..
..	..	60	1,065	210	.	..	22	..
..	13,066	82,222	1,05,940	86,329	..	1,500	3,490	43,600
..	..	15,122	40,520	31,571	.	..	1,512	..
28,982	13,725	39,013	79,770	58,504	..	..	3,587	..
9,994	..	10,643	40,630	26,820	..	2,189	2,979	..
..	8,825	619	10,420	1,991	.	.	167	..
..	273	3,760	13,740	..	..	..	656	..
..	773	13,596	33,030	5,469	.	..	16,799	..
..	..	5,900	20,875	..	..	..	610	..

PART

Name of Bank	Assets and — Outside the movement. — Post Office Savings Bank deposits	Other investments of a liquid nature in outside concerns.	Undrawn balance of assured cash credit — With Presidency or Joint Stock Bank.	With Provincial Bank.	Loans to Agricultural Societies	Loans to non-Agricultural Societies
	16	17	18	19	20	21
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
II.—CENTRAL BANKS—*contd.*						
DISTRICT BAKARGANJ.						
Barisal Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	22,759	..	.		6,79,189	23,992
Patuakhali Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd ..	1,070	..	..	.	2,56,367	..
Bhola Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	1,701	..	.	.	3,51,437	23,585
Khepupara Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd ..	973	..	..	.	5,01,262	565
Mathbaria Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd ..	3,004	..	..	..	2,52,815	4,119
Perojpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd ..	5,700	.	.	.	99,081	3,150
DISTRICT CHITTAGONG.						
Chittagong Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	18,140	..	..	..	4,21,051	32,473
Cox's Bazar Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd ..	3,388	..	.	5,400	1,50,888	14,000
Chittagong District Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd.	..	..	.	..	47,773	13,196
Satkania Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd.* ..	.	..	..	.	..	.
Chittagong Central Co-operative Milk Supply Union, Ltd.	.	1,883	.	..	5,497	.
DISTRICT NOAKHALI.						
Noakhali Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	7,158	..			3,86,698	33,090
Feni Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	27,500	.	.		4,29,984	1,836
Raipura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	1,210	.	.		66,665	5,459
Lakshmipur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	563	.		.	1,92,800	166
Hatiya Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	1,471	..		.	2,55,276	3,800
Sandvip Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	7,194	.			2,28,191	
Chaumuhani Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd.	15	..		.	.	43,060
Raipura Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd. ..	6	.			..	.
DISTRICT TIPPERA.						
Comilla Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	10,080	71,102	..	7,000	8,16,435	.
Laksam Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	9,999	..	.	..	2,08,741	2,937
Daudkandi-Gouripur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	22,750	.	..	..	3,20,642	4,500
Tippera Raj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	.		..	2,431	2,77,649	1,490
Brahmanbaria Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd .	1,611	.	.	.	6,24,084	31,328
Nabinagar Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	4,608		.	..	3,67,800	273
Chandpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	4,441	.	..	..	6,92,321	11,745
Matlab Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd ..	3,210		..	.	4,15,451	4,088
DISTRICT RAJSHAHI.						
Rajshahi Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	7,000	1,650	.	..	3,70,586	3,036
Nator Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	1,470	563	..	..	1,68,381	..
Naogaon Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd .	..	..	39,001	..	3,77,720	.
Puthia Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	9	..	..	..	1,49,391	..
Naogaon Central Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd.		..	..	..	..	28,316
Naogaon Central Co-operative Milk Societies Union, Ltd.		942	.	..	..	2,463
DISTRICT PABNA.						
Pabna Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	2,537	70	..	..	6,73,015	12,500
Ullapara Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	1,497	91	..	..	2,66,218	6,061
Sorajganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	2,000	..	..	18	5,69,156	4,246
Shahzadpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	260	..	..	5	3,15,959	3,767
Bhanguria Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	2,323	..	..	..	85,296	2,132
DISTRICT DINAJPUR.						
Dinajpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	850	.	..	..	98,038	21,609
Balurghat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	11,981	..	..	..	2,00,349	2,026
Thakurgaon Cental Co-operative Bank, Ltd ..	2,825	..	..	..	1,77,453	17,895

* The society has not yet commenced work.

1—*continued*.

quasi-assets.

Within the movement.						Rates of interest on which money is usually		
Loans or deposits due to the Bengal Bank by the Provincial Bank or other Central Banks.	Loans and deposits due to Provincial Bank by Central Banks.	Uncalled share capital.	Guaranteed share capital.	Other investments inside the movement.	Net profit of past year.	Borrowed	Lent	Last dividend declared.
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
9,30,809	..	1,52,785	..	16,001	29,557	2 to 6	3 to 10 15/16	12½
1,017	..	40,795	..	7,200	9,682	6 to 8¼	9 to 12½	.
2,532	..	58,164	..	16,750	9,815	8	10 & 10 15/16	.
6,539	..	89,525	..	44,650	2,907	7½ to 8	6¼ to 12½	..
17	..	41,650	..	13,825	5,730	3 to 8	10 15/16	..
5,271	.	18,450	..	5,850	2,205	7½	10 15/16 to 12½	..
71,563	..	88,675	..	9,350	13,223	4 to 7½	9⅛ to 10½	10½
..	..	23,575	..	15,900	272†	4 to 9	9⅜ to 10½	..
..	..	..	..	13,350	890	7½ to 8	10½ to 11¼	..
.	..	220	..	..	..	. .	.	..
..	..	978	..	480	400	6	10½ to 12½	..
17,560	..	57,975	.	13,100	8,794	2 to 8	9⅛ to 11½	7½
41,138	..	2,16,020	.	18,750	11,390	3 to 8	10 15/16	6¼ & 3⅛
40,012	.	11,300	..	12,580	644	7½, 8	10 15/16	..
..	..	34,630	..	28,551	2,594	6 to 9	10 15/16 & 12½	6¼
97	.	..	..	23,950	4,455	3½ to 8½	9⅞ & 10 15/16	6¼
245	..	57,435	.	22,638	3,313	4 to 8½	9⅞ & 10 15/16	6
..	..	8,430	..	10,992	.	7 to 8	10 15/16	..
..	..	5,390	..	2,000	.	5¼ to 8		..
2,86,483	..	1,21,805	..	11,675	13,731	2 to 8	10 15/16	.
..	..	37,265	..	..	3,968	2 to 8½	15⅝	6¼
213	..	39,375	.	24,375	4,670	4½ to 8½	10 15/16	..
17,386	..	41,485		..	9,158	2 to 7½	10 15/16	12½
.	..	75,525	.	29,181	12,242	2 to 8	10 15/16	..
..	..	45,725	..	1,305	4,615	4 15/16 to 8	9⅞ & 10 15/16	..
24,243	..	1,13,559	.	85,620	11,142	4 to 8½	8½ to 10 15/16	7½
2,226	..	54,375	.	40,280	5,157	4 to 8¾	9⅞ & 10 15/16	7½
14,200	..	78,073	.	564	11,014	3 to 8	9⅞ to 10 15/16	6¼
..	..	26,750	..	3,400	.	5¼ to 8	10½	.
4,008	..	57,690	..	30,314	5,360	3¾ to 8¼	9 9/16 to 12	3⅛
2,184	..	..	..	4,171	1,478	3⅞ to 9	10 15/16 to 12½	..
..	..	5,845	..	..	366	7½ to 8	12½	..
164	..	270	..	100	..	6 to 7½	10 15/16	.
7,707	..	1,05,940	..	20,500	..	3 to 8	9⅛ to 12½	.
..	..	40,520	..	20,626	3,537	7½ & 8	9⅜ to 10½	..
412	..	..	..	26,916	15,081	4 to 8	9⅜ to 10½	..
25	..	40,630	..	30,615	4,100	4 to 8¾	10 to 10½	..
153	..	10,420	..	7,467	..	3 to 9	10½	..
170	..	..	..	5,600	465	6 to 8	10½ to 12½	..
12,000	..	34,290	..	11,650	..	3 to 8	9⅜ to 10 15/16	..
2,270	..	..	..	..	2,866	3⅛ to 9	9⅝ to 12½	..

† Loss.

PART

Name of Bank	Liabilities and					
	Outside the movement.				Fixed deposits or loans received from—	
	Deposits, fixed, current or Savings Bank, by non-members or by members in an individual capacity	Debentures.	Overdrafts from outside Banks, e.g., Presidency or Joint Stock.	Other items	Provincial Bank.	Central Banks or Societies.
1	2	3	4	5	6(a)	6(b)
II.—CENTRAL BANKS—*concld.*	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
DISTRICT RANGPUR.						
Gaibandha Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd .	2,40,040			4,461	83,000	..
Kurigram Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	72,999	..	..	..	1,26,000	.
Nilphamari Central Co-opertaive Bank, Ltd. ..	97,879	..	..	2,982	88,000	..
Rangpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	3,38,180	..	.	2,297	26,000	..
DISTRICT BOGRA.						
Bogra Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd ..	8,18,326	.		.	2,13,000	1,61,000
Khanjanpur Central Co operative Banl, Ltd. ..	76,820	.			61,850	9,059
Padmapara Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	39,866	..			1,25,000	5,000
Nawadaboga Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	61,400	..	.	..	44,000	11,600
Chandanbaisa Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	266	..	..	17	15,250	1,54,290
DISTRICT JALPAIGURI.						
Jalpaiguri Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	60,336	.	..	487	62,300	12,599
DISTRICT MALDA.						
Malda Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,74,803	.	.	2,553	30,000	9,125
Chanchal Raj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd ..	1,10,904	.	..	929	26,500	.
Nawabganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	25,763		.		38,900	..
Harishchandrapur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,02,745	..	..	88	29,700	..
Bengal Co-operative Silk Union, Ltd ..	..	35,000	..	3,314	14,000	..
DISTRICT DARJEELING						
Darjeeling Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	2,144	.	.	..	37,488	..
Kalimpong Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	2,05,473	..	..	4,588	40,000	..
Pedong Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	43,127	.	..	..	26,700	..
Darjeeling Co-operative Milk Societies Union, Ltd	9,145	.	.	3,255	50,484	.
TOTAL OF CENTRAL BANKS ..	2 88,78,879	41,710	3,47,105	2,68,328	1,06,17,313	59,38,503
TOTAL OF PROVINCIAL AND CENTRAL BANKS	4,26,07,907	41,710	3,67,481	2,89,959	1,06,17,313	94,23,761
TOTAL OF PREVIOUS QUARTER ..	4,22,99,420	41,710	3,43,333	2,82,319	1,02,49,873	64,29,241

I—*concluded.*

quasi-liabilities.							Assets and quasi-assets.	
Within the movement.							Outside the movement.	
Drawn portion of cash credit with Provincial Bank.	Savings Bank or current accounts held in favour of Societies or Central Banks.	Reserve fund of Bank itself.	Paid-up share capital.	Other items.	Undrawn liabilities, *e.g.*, cash credit accounts guaranteed by the Provincial Banks to Central Banks or to Societies and by Central Banks to other Central Banks or Societies		Cash in hand and in outside Banks	Government paper.
					To cover deposits	For loans transaction		
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs.	Rs.
28,000	1,756	21,846	39,950	70,254	..	.	4,519	4,000
..	.	14,100	33,695	18,394	..	.	451	.
..	47	12,600	27,000	21,417	..	2,117	1,156	3,000
39,926	.	15,000	45,300	25,607	..	9,600	1,013	..
24,000	812	51,158	1,26,430	55,761			15,830	..
9,887	1,192	4,217	24,970	9,732		..	987	..
.	977	10,807	22,580	21,072	.	.	336	..
.	125	1,854	13,800	4,974	..		208	..
..	.	2,607	21,465	8,503	.	.	2,474	..
.	5,668	3,353	20,150	6,797	.	..	2,875	..
14,999	1,870	12,670	37,050	6,203	.	..	1,411	5,545
.	..	4,539	17,300	8,512	..	.	15	..
..	.	2,026	10,660	2,349	.	.	476	..
11,000	..	4,071	19,780	12,405	..	..	6,917	3,531
9,458	..	5,471	21,641	15,774	.	..	577	..
4,999	475	3,270	11,470	1,341	.	.	653	..
9,990	..	17,826	32,110	27,287	..	..	1,579	..
524	..	12,400	14,540	14,303		..	169	.
.	..	550	5,825	13,454		.	218	..
3,93,662	2,09,374	22,61,606	56,05,193	26,41,930	2,160	33,807	4,99,962	7,47,786
3,93,662	49,41,864	26,25,606	72,88,943	42,65,424	2,160	1,77,903	4,23,122	98,84,742
3,93,619	27,59,357	25,47,096	72,76,873	42,65,085	2,000	1,64,807	5,68,091	99,06,041

PART

Name of Bank	Outside the movement				Assets and	
	Post Office Savings Bank deposits	Other investments of a liquid nature in outside concerns	Undrawn balance of assured cash credit		Loans to Agricultural Societies	Loans to non-Agricultural Societies
			With Presidency or Joint Stock Bank	With Provincial Bank		
	16	17	18	19	20	21
	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
II.—CENTRAL BANKS—*concld*						
DISTRICT RANGPUR						
Gaibandha Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	5,420	448			3,51,077	7,862
Kurigram Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	3,176				2,21,311	2,470
Nilphamari Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	2,428				1,78,495	883
Rangpur Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	73			73	3,51,221	2,156
DISTRICT BOGRA						
Bogra Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	10,395				9,34,617	13,596
Khanjanpur Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	1,198			113	1,63,333	361
Padmapara Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	2,459				1,81,847	
Nawadaboga Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	4 120				1,20,175	
Chandanbaisa Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	859				2,03,144	
DISTRICT JALPAIGURI						
Jalpaiguri Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	6,561				1 20,646	11,563
DISTRICT MALDA						
Malda Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	9,553			1	1,58,331	30,670
Chanchal Raj Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	1,302				1,48,857	
Nawabganj Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	859				65,376	
Harishchandrapur Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	4,764				1,46,037	2,573
Bengal Co operative Silk Union, Ltd	2,600	12,298		541		33,411
DISTRICT DARJEELING						
Darjeeling Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	5				50,541	200
Kalimpong Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	92			10	2,62,077	
Pedong Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	26				1,01,845	
Darjeeling Co operative Milk Societies Union Ltd						1,832
TOTAL OF CENTRAL BANKS	5,53,227	2,12,865	46,881	90,988	3,48,23,114	11,16,573
TOTAL OF PROVINCIAL AND CENTRAL BANKS	5,53,227	2,12,865	43,26,455	90,988	3,65,13,592	19,56,402
TOTAL OF PREVIOUS QUARTER	1,69,804	1,44,862	39,49,718	1,23,082	3,40,78,929	19,34,943

I—*concluded.*

quasi-assets								
Within the movement								
Loans or deposits due to the Central Bank by the Provincial Bank or other Central Banks.	Loans and deposits due to Provincial Bank by Central Banks	Uncalled share capital	Guaranteed share capital	Other investments inside the movement.	Net profit of past year	Rates of interest on which money is usually— Borrowed	Lent.	Last dividend declared.
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Per cent.	Per cent	Per cent
28,628		38,950		1,181	5,773	3¾ to 8	9¾ to 12½	3 & 6¼
..		66,305			7,960	6¼ & 7½	10½ & 12½	
408				25,278	4,207	3 to 8	9⅜ & 12½	.
10,285		45,300		13,225	−2,309*	3 to 9	9 to 12½	.
1,07,340		1,26,430		23,950	24,927	3½ to 8	9⅜ to 10½	
1,000				3,845	2,178	6 to 8	9⅜ to 10 15/16	
5					4,846	3¼ to 8	10 15/16 to 12½	
507		13,800		4,400	1,713	3. to 12½	9⅛ to 12½	
		21,465		2	3,935	3½ to 8½	9⅜ to 10½	2½
1,971		20,150		10,837	931	3 to 8½	10 to 12½	
		37,050		70,094	1,381	2¼ to 8	9⅜ to 10 15/16	
				4,875	2,396	4 to 8	9 to 10 15/16	4
84		10,700		6,922	276	4 11/16 to 7½	10 15/16 to 12½	.
70		19,780		7,121	1,534	3½ to 8½	9⅜ & 10 15/16	
643		23,950		15,155	425	6 to 8	10 15/16	
87		11,470		7,510	675	1½ to 8	10 15/16 to 12½	3
				13,741	4,815	2½ to 7	10	
				943	2,323	3½ to 8½	9 to 10 .	3½
		1,350		11,877		7½	10 15/16	..
73,28,702		44,06,172		22,41,715	7,59,051			..
73,28,702	1,02,55,150	60,89,922		22,41,715	7,59,051			.
71,37,661	1,00,25,282	60,90,706		38,74,086	8,07,044			

* Loss

PART

Name of Bank	Deposits or — On current or Savings Bank account	Deposits or — Deposits for not more than three months
1	2	3
	Rs	Rs
I — PROVINCIAL BANK		
The Bengal Provincial Co operative Bank, Ltd	18,11,489	26,900
II —CENTRAL BANKS		
Calcutta		
Central Co operative Anti Malarial Society, Ltd		
Co operative Milk Societies Union, Ltd	4 435	
District 24 Parganas		
Taki Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	9 268	
Nimta Central Co operative Bank, Ltd		18 862
Diamond Harbour Central Co operative Bank Ltd	7 922	
Barasat Central Co operative Bank, Ltd		
Gosaba Central Co operative Bank Ltd	7 964	
District Nadia—		
Nadia Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	30 468	
Kushtia Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	9 209	
Meherpur Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	18 157	
Ranaghat Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	1[illegible] 968	
Chuadanga Central Co operative Bank Ltd		
District Jessore		
Jessore Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	6 324	30
Magura Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	2 88[illegible]	
Narail Central Co operative Bank, Ltd		27,770
Jhenidah Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	29	
District Khulna—		
Khulna Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	17 819	82,860
Bagerhat Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	55 321	
Barui Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	3 503	
District Murshidabad		
Jangipur Central Co operative Bank Ltd	14 258	
Berhampur Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	78 351	4,401
Lalbagh Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	959	1,191
Kandi Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	13 492	61
District Howrah		
Howrah Central Co operative Bank, Ltd		
Uluberia Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	2,616	
District Hooghly —		
Hooghly Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	1 41,496	
Arambagh Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	2,464	
District Bankura—		
Bankura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	2,45,446	
Bankura District Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd	388	
Bishnupur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd		82

II.

debentures of the kind dealt with in columns 2 and 3 of Part I — Other deposits and debentures falling due —				Repayment of loans by Societies		
				Estimated—		
In twelve months from commencement of present quarter	In next twelve months	In twelve months following	In subsequent years	In twelve months from commencement of present quarter	In next twelve months	Actual in twelve months preceding present quarter
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs.	Rs	Rs	Rs
36,71,000	19,36,000	44,26,000	18,57,639	56,14,000	8,10,000	2,27,582
15,646	100		10,000	2,500	3,000	454
93,038	21,159	7,245	1,59,340	65 000	90,000	16,620
10,419	5,289			4,000	12,044	13,384
26 413	8,494			25,000	35,240	4,017
71,985	50,620	62,340		1,73,127		
49 785				46,136	1,025	78,964
75,000	1,00,000	2,00,000	2,40,771	1,00,000	1,00,000	5,968
64,513	16,735	64,955	77,680	50,000	60,000	5,810
24,167	26,184	22,789	1,36,281	45,000	35,000	13,289
82,350	90,719	43,602		30,000	25,000	4,576
32,249	17,047		1,51,024	20,000	25,000	14,300
41,833	1,74,251	30,990	2,91,075	37,696	26,616	17,004
95,000	1,50,000	1,60,000	1 55,350	55,000	85,000	12,961
98,420	84,946	86,840	91,189	2,54,396	72,820	19,628
4,250	3,243	107	2,226	8,500	8,000	6,226
63,580	2,66,915			92,506	1,01,510	24,480
64,487	78,778	8,264	17,961	1,85,332	3,777	13,602
29,515	1 29,917	4,500	37,980	40,000	80,000	14,821
74,820	30,910	33,695	27,060	20,650	10,550	16,470
4,09,233	1 47,889	1 10,408	96,226	31,647	21,642	21,842
47,007	28,026	13,569	1,64,009	377		917
33,128	4,377	3,371	40,705	12 000	12,000	12,314
				280	150	150
2,517			27,108	3,000	3,000	3,000
1,69,000	2,53,800	2,61,100		1,34,726	1,96,580	59,471
1,835		6,120	306	53,269	4,540	8,381
51,387	35,613	42,656	82,435	1,00,000	1,20,000	35,822
32,599	916	9,093	...	13,000	4,200	564
5,715	5,770	5,350	....	5,500	6,000	7,154

PART

Name of Bank.	Deposits or — On current or Savings Bank account.	Deposits or — Deposits for not more than three months.
1	2	3
II.—CENTRAL BANKS—*contd.*	Rs.	Rs.
District Birbhum—		
Rampurhat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	88,938	....
Birbhum Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	96,884	....
Viswabharati Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	9,185	421
Nalhati Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	14,508	....
District Midnapore		
Midnapore Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,44,093	28,254
Khelar Balarampur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	6,082	4,955
Belebora Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	842	4,267
Tamluk Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	2,07,292	....
Mugberia Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	5,891	....
Balagoria Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	8,056	....
Ghatal Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	311	....
District Burdwan—		
Kalna Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	...	....
Burdwan Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	4,70,661	....
Katwa Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	4,941	....
Asansol Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	...	....
District Dacca—		
Dacca Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	45,379	....
Narayanganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	17,716	....
Manikganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	27,894	....
Bikrampur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	2,518	....
Dacca Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd	1,570	....
Raipura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	6,563	....
Tangi Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	611	....
Baira Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	928	....
Ichhapura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	....	....
Dacca Co-operative Milk Societies Union, Ltd.	2,727	....
Kaliganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	913	....
District Mymensingh—		
Mymensingh Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,44,522	....
Jamalpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	15,078	....
Tangail Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	3,384	....
Kishoreganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	56,410	....
Netrokona Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	946	....
Pingna Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	4,131	....
Madarganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	3,564	....
Dhanbari Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	49	....
Sarisabari Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	91	....
Gaffargaon Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1	....
Bhairab Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	902	....
District Faridpur—		
Faridpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	39,140	....
Madaripur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	56,053	....
Gopalganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	23,074	....
Goalundo Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	71,923	....
District Bakarganj—		
Barisal Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	88,008	23,061
Pautakhali Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	....	....
Bhola Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	4,390	1
Khepupara Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	5	....
Mathbaria Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,035	....
Perojpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	3,335	11,678
District Chittagong—		
Chittagong Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	54,607	....
Cox's Bazar Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	7,724	....
Chittagong District Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd.	230	....
Satkania Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd.	200	....
Chittagong Central Co-operative Milk Supply Union, Ltd.	....	....

II—*continued.*

debentures of the kind dealt with in columns 2 and 3 of Part I. — Other deposits and debentures falling due—				Repayment of loans by Societies. — Estimated—		
In twelve months from commencement of present quarter.	In next twelve months	In twelve months following.	In subsequent years	In twelve months from commencement of present quarter.	In next twelve months	Actual in twelve months preceding present quarter.
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1,55,050	1,10,600	45,646	4,600	80,000	80,000	30,636
1,54,100	60,500	1,41,250	60,384	16,449	1,71,413	13,462
23,676	11,513	26,303	27,487	43,000	46,000	10,996
32,697	13,198	18,675	47,384	2,95,816	20,000	9,948
31,188	3,85,983	49,845		1,05,000	1,25,000	96,189
24,608	30,578	41,966	13,462	12,000	20,000	8,469
660	12,401	60,524	.	28,000	22,000	16,095
2,75,449	1,34,288		.	2,92,454	34,121	43,219
60,084	. .		.	16,035	1,52,472	11,035
25,669	29,291	9,480	.	25,000	10,000	15,945
8,081	32,391	25,444	82	1,32,144	280	3,654
4,051	2,88,157	. . .	. . .	2,35,019	2,867	26,768
7,38,807	3,13,225	7,24,860	3,46,619	1,15,418	19,740	1,37,169
3,487	341	4,772	9,330	40,000	40,000	56,511
19,667	9,475	8,425	39,904	49,770	9,470	2,308
4,51,000	1,38,000	93,000	1,86,015	80,000	1,00,000	1,43,381
85,145	31,330	44,548	50,993	1,00,000	1,50,000	13,297
1,35,382	76,283	. .	. .	1,30,500	2,03,646	20,730
56,971	22,686	791	. .	50,000	70,000	3,777
2,995	. . .	.	.	30,000	25,000	11,731
81,517	40,987	24,402	14,825	29,000	75,000	11,740
2,137	25,177	25,848	53,126	35,000	40,000	16,639
11,488	4,873	1,601	. .	13,000	18,000	6,061
4,732	6,664	12,259	9,935	45,000	59,312	13,853
. . . .	. . .	. . . .	. .	13,000	11,558	724
15,745	5,596	32,574	4,157	74,282	90,000	19,708
14,36,793	1,52,301	45,513	15,541	4,16,611	2,15,493	1,19,455
1,04,949	8,575	26,661	1,44,863	75,000	2,00,000	66,391
2,11,600	23,179	12,879	1,15,769	1,00,000	1,20,000	89,848
45,039	63,998	63,542	. . . .	15,000	15,000	21,809
18,560	9,529	17,534	18,191	15,000	40,000	2,162
50,328	175	116	2,363	50,000	50,000	386
8,886	3,583	2,325	3,168	30,000	40,000	21,005
4,327	150	27	. . .	. .	1,00,000	3,068
9,361	8,255	1,220	464	43,000	50,000	4,120
2,534	2,650	5,823	3,101	50,000	49,000	48,214
1,300	.	. .	. . .	2,727	400	1,032
2,35,372	99,709	50,055	6,704	50,000	1,00,000	3,528
1,42,803	64,376	17,380	34,701	1,00,000	1,00,000	7,576
83,472	62,760	31,118	1,01,574	10,000	10,000	4,647
34,617	32,248	55,454	1,05,896	5,000	10,000	1,804
10,48,073	91,667	1,10,012	1,39,803	1,35,000	1,50,000	1,09,548
35,815	7,420	11,814	35,471	2,56,367	. .	957
22,764	3,231	765	37,404	35,000	42,000	11,402
15,457	. . .	. . . .	4,322	2,47,073	2,54,189	5,805
6,553	8,468	2,928	4,675	20,000	25,000	2,257
43,000	20,000	13,660	. . . .	20,000	15,000	20,103
1,19,155	76,288	93,421	. . . .	1,37,500	1,75,000	1,60,661
46,368	811	876	13,667	17,000	25,500	6,687
. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	13,000	14,700	7,988
. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .	. . . .
. . . .	. . .	. . . .	. . . .	4,029	1,468	4,845

PART

Name of Bank.	Deposits or	
	On current or Savings Bank account.	Deposits for not more than three months.
1	2	3
II. CENTRAL BANKS—*concld.*	Rs.	Rs.
District Noakhali		
Noakhali Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	12,317	...
Feni Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	66,024	1,078
Raipura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	...	4
Lakshmipur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	345	...
Hatiya Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	4,671	...
Sandvip Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	16,949	...
Chaumuhani Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd.	663	109
Raipura Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd.	63	...
District Tippera—		
Comilla Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	28,232	...
Laksam Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,473	292
Daudkandi-Gauripur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,599	...
Tippera Raj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	12,017	...
Brahmanbaria Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	13,044	153
Nabinagar Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	...	...
Chandpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	30,276	...
Matlab Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	6,518	...
District Rajshahi		
Rajshahi Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	64,432	...
Nator Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	...	...
Naogaon Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	14,027	...
Puthia Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	10,629	...
Naogaon Central Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd.	335	...
Naogaon Central Co-operative Milk Union, Ltd.	...	...
District Pabna		
Pabna Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,29,115	...
Ullapara Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	15,138	...
Serajganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	52,908	...
Shahzadpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	20,507	...
Bhanguria Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	17	...
District Dinajpur—		
Dinajpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	2,037	...
Balurghat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	21,970	...
Thakurgaon Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	18,806	33
District Rangpur—		
Gaibandha Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	22,879	...
Kurigram Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	11,246	...
Nilphamari Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	39,180	...
Rangpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	30,156	...
District Bogra		
Bogra Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	2,16,176	...
Khanjanpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	...	...
Padmapara Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	3,938	205
Nawadabaga Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,469	...
Chandanbaisa Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	...	...
District Jalpaiguri—		
Jalpaiguri Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	7,292	...
District Malda		
Malda Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	34,642	...
Chanchal Raj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	15,458	...
Nawabganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	...	...
Harishchandrapur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	9,789	...
Bengal Co-operative Silk Union, Ltd.	...	...
District Darjeeling—		
Darjeeling Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	43	...
Kalimpong Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	83,049	...
Pedong Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,479	...
Darjeeling Milk Societies Union, Ltd.	148	...
Total of Central Banks	35,04,484	2,09,768
Total of Provincial and Central Banks	53,15,973	2,36,668

II—*concluded.*

debentures of the kind dealt with in columns 2 and 3 of Part I. Other deposits and debentures falling due—				Repayment of loans by Societies		
				Estimated		
In twelve months from commencement of present quarter	In next twelve months	In twelve months following	In subsequent years	In twelve months from commencement of present quarter	In next twelve months	Actual in twelve months preceding present quarter
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs.	Rs	Rs	Rs.
51,283	27,312	17,798	1,84,323	26,640	3,770	4,145
43,910	25,502	16,838	2,33,140	10,000	10,000	6,443
2,812	1,453	170	8	12,000	10,000	5,302
35,213	3,358	2,992	14,520	6,000	10,000	4,114
17,356	1,150	6,907	18,883	5,000	10,000	1,521
25,300	28,400	28,000	7,132	25,000	30,000	16,438
2,000				7,000	10,000	9,535
1,393						
3,36,479	1,33,294	13,321	91,011	1,20,000	1,40,000	1,04,535
1,596	400	2,642		10,000	15,000	3,647
3,719	260		2,634	10,000	10,000	9,640
65,353	37,967	29,691	78,370	50,000	50,000	24,452
1,91,589	23,209	4,118	35,905	2,50,000	2,50,000	20,642
3,508	4,445	9,116	1,488	25,000	75,000	13,617
1,50,007	1,22,203	91,742	75,580	15,000	12,000	11,608
5,323	4,000	3,650	17,137	50,000	1,00,000	52,084
55,025	12,534	17,003	1,01,640	50,000	90,000	12,193
1,26,421	17,325	3,025	2,615	1,68,381		3,132
1,59,023	50,194	56,345	18,614	15,000	20,000	15,400
43,403	20,251	28,591	19,020	1,27,342	22,049	1,037
				4,200	3,800	158
			55	250		
1,66,534	1,00,801	80,721	69,280	28,700	56,000	15,290
1,02,500	14,731	12,320	6,732	25,000	45,000	886
2,52,200	6,318	12,215	11,191	60,000	1,25,000	9,522
53,702	25,000	20,000	15,000	3,00,000	12,726	7,000
1,337	2,781	2,295		10,000	15,000	16,304
79,840	6,268	3,496		15,000	15,000	13,039
81,381	82,432	39,351		1,15,006	26,260	7,895
31,733	14,572	5,115	27,012	42,650	17,200	81,971
24,614	29,032		1,63,515	50,000	45,000	2,978
2,156	5,225	2,022	52,350	8,250	5,550	1,729
24,607	4,031	4,796	25,265	16,000	20,000	1,028
1,45,475	18,487	67,887	46,175	25,000	30,000	2,734
2,47,777	1,64,862	1,56,103	33,408	1,20,000	1,30,000	71,655
36,704	13,122	10,928	16,066	12,543	14,200	7,112
4,314	5,724	22,720	2,965	10,000	20,000	1,530
50,675	4,301	473	4,482	850	1,000	5,931
			266	23,100	24,000	14,735
32,911	6 661	6,042	7,430	1,02,942	8,094	31,822
44,429	8,456	15,156	72,120	13,483	13,223	3,175
27,491	12,335	14,366	41,254	27,893	18,900	3,484
14,289	6,257	1,618	3,599	28,316	37,060	13,451
52,908	17,675	13,800	8,573	4,000	6,000	6,504
5,000	5,000	5,000	20,000	4,000	4,000	4,283
1,128		326	647	10,000	12,000	3,833
86,529	22,289	7,181	6,425	10,000	12,000	2,934
16,200	8,775	14,873	1,800	20,000	25,000	16,784
9,000		..	....		.	...
1,08,17,616	53,73,290	40,13,086	50,02,345	76,34,382	61,80,155	25,68,784
1,44,88,616	73,09,290	84,39,086	68,59,984	1,32,48,382	69,90,155	27,96,366

PART III.

Name of Bank	Portion of deposits or debentures of the kind dealt with in columns 2 and 3 of Part I falling due in each quarter in twelve months from commencement of present quarter (4th column of Part II)				Repayments of loans by Societies estimated in each quarter in twelve months from commencement of present quarter (column 8 of Part II)			
	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter.	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs	Rs	Rs.	Rs.
I.—PROVINCIAL BANK								
The Bengal Provincial Co-operative Bank, Ltd	5,46,000	13,79,000	4,44,000	13,02,000	50,80,000	2,52,000	2,63,000	19,00
II.—CENTRAL BANKS								
Calcutta—								
Central Co-operative Anti Malarial Society Ltd								
Co-operative Milk Societies Union Ltd	5,146	10,200	300	.	100	500	1,500	40
District 24 Parganas—								
Taki Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	29,201	23,674	21,209	18,894	20,000	30,000	10,000	5,00
Nimta Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd		10,419		.	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,00
Diamond Harbour Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	19 888	4,980	1,161	414	3,000	10,000	10,000	2,00
Barasat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	20,000	20,000	20,000	11,985	73,127	50,000	25,000	25,00
Gosava Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	3 034	371	2 536	43,844	23,660	12,147	10,829	.
District Nadia								
Nadia Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	33 700	15,300	16,000	10,000	40,000	20,000	20 000	20,00
Kusthia Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	23,585	29,343	6,524	5,091	25,000	15,000	5 000	5,00
Meherpur Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	2,333	5,780	5,764	10 290	25,000	5,000	8 000	7,00
Ranaghat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	22 000	17,503	25,600	17,247	4,000	6,000	10 000	10,00
Chaudanga Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	5,000	6 150	2,437	18,362	6,000	5,000	6 000	3,00
District Jessore—								
Jessore Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	3 720	11,543	8,985	17,585	15,412	13,307	3,185	5,79
Magura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	44,465	15,525	8,200	26,810	30,000	15,000	3,000	7,00
Narail Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	26,948	24,320	27,528	19,624	56,960	62,845	72,938	61,65
Jhenidah Central Co-operative Bank Ltd			200	4,050	3,500	1,250	3 500	25
District Khulna—								
Khulna Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	7,820	9,880	42,566	3,314	5,012	27,610	49,114	10,77
Bagerhat Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	14,898	9,972	18,547	21,070	30,326	90,133	35,570	29,80
Baruli Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	10 600	6 000	6,915	6,000	15,000	10,000	15,000	
District Murshidabad—								
Jangipur Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	15,690	17,535	18,225	23,370	3,000	7,600	6,400	3,65
Berhampur Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	1,27 931	57,979	1,00,141	1,28,182	12,949	4,029	12,646	2,02
Lalbag Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	26,111	10,862	3,286	6,748		359		1
Kandi Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	1 991	7,537	10,313	13,287	1,000	6 500	1,000	50
District Howrah—								
Howrah Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd					60	60	80	8
Uluberia Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	17	100	1,000	1,400		500	1,500	1,00
District Hooghly—								
Hooghly Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	45,700	26,100	30,500	66,700	21,988	31,780	55,198	25,76
Arambagh Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	1,170	200	400	65	12,639	13,249	14,020	12,76
District Bankura—								
Bankura Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	5,959	2,986	19,847	22,595	4,000	60,000	30,000	6,00
Bankura District Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd	15,269	8,795	6,325	2,210	3,500	6,000	2,500	1,00
Bishnupur Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	2,500	1,025	1,350	840	1,000	2,500	1,000	1,00
District Birbhum—								
Rampurhat Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	23,039	42,743	50,427	38,841	6,000	70,000	3,000	1,00
Birbhum Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	28,500	48,600	42,700	34,300	3,095	4,805	6,280	2,26
Viswavarati Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	7,500	5,364	2,765	8,047	3,000	34,000	5,000	1,00
Nalhati Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	6 820	8,770	2,350	14,757	25,000	1,50,000	1,20,000	81
District Midnapore								
Midnapore Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	5,200	12,940	13,048		3,000	45,000	45,000	12,00
Khelar-Balarampur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	5,102	6,676	5,715	7,115	2,000	3,000	4,000	3,00
Belebera Central Co-operative Bank Ltd		660			5,500	10,000	8,500	4,00
Tamluk Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	82,928	91,466	41,209	59,851	2,50,871	10,029	17,508	13,94
Mugberia Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	19,860	10,455	15,735	14,084	1,610	4,824	7,908	2,19
Balagoria Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd			5,317	20,352	5,000	10,000	5,000	5,00
Ghatal Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	2,212	1,005		4,864	1,29,199	955	1,940	5
District Burdwan—								
Kalna Central Co-operative Bank Ltd		254	3,797		1,36,723	60,720	40,000	20,57
Burdwan Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	2,40 847	2,12,334	1,60,635	1,19,001	1,750	9,382	91,368	12,91
Katwa Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	978	346	649	1,519	3,000	20,000	16,000	1,00
Asansol Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	7,209	3,488	2,550	6 420	36,997	706	11,761	80
District Dacca—								
Dacca Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	64,000	1 31,000	1,05 000	91,000	40,000	20,000	5,000	15,00
Narayanganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	34,488	27,634	11,342	11,681	50,000	20,000	5,000	25,00
Manikganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	26 576	50,871	30,532	27,403	27,000	44,000	35,000	24,50
Bikrampur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	52,929	2,165		1,877	13,000	8,000	9,000	20,00
Dacca Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd			695	2,300	8,000	7,500	6,500	8,00
Raipura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	13,931	10,600	10,781	26,205	15,000	2,500	1,500	10,00
Tangi Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	800	1,300		37	4,225	12,000	14,275	4,50
Baira Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,525	650	7,212	2,101	8,500	1,500	500	2,50
Ichhapura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	863	2,817	300	1,252	10,000	15,000	10,000	10,00
Dacca Co-operative Milk Societies Union Ltd		.		.	6,000	3,000	3,000	1,00
Kaliganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	12 476	2,039	1,208	27	44,282	22,000	5,000	3,00
District Mymensingh—								
Mymensingh Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	11,37,866	2,16,497	33,430	49,000	1,57,626	2,34,274	21,186	3,52
Jamalpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	72,489	10,034	18,162	4,264	50,000	15,000	3,000	7,00
Tangail Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	1,70,068	24,198	2,039	15,295	50,000	5,000	5,000	40,00
Kishoreganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	14,039	5,422	17,654	7,924	8,000	2,000	1,000	4,00
Netrakona Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	1,602	852	9,348	6,758	8,000	4,000	1,000	2,00
Pingna Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	48,307	5,500	..	1,461	20,000	5,000	5,000	20,00
Madarganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	1,258	1,800	1,200	5,128	15,000	7,000	1,000	7,00
Dhanbari Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	3,094	900	250	83	..	.	..	..
Sarisabari Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	1,158	5,968	200	2,035	15,000	3,000	..	25,00
Gaffargaon Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	..	.	100	2,484	85,000	10,000	3,000	2,00
Bhairab Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,300	.	.	..	2,727	..	..	..

PART III—*concluded.*

Name of Bank	Portion of deposits or debentures of the kind dealt with in columns 2 and 3 of Part I falling due in each quarter in twelve months from commencement of present quarter (4th column of Part II)				Repayments of loans by Societies estimated in each quarter in twelve months from commencement of present quarter (column 8 of Part II)			
	1st quarter	2nd quarter.	3rd quarter	4th quarter	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter.	4th quarter
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
II.—CENTRAL BANKS—*concld*	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
District Faridpur—								
Faridpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	1,93,787	21,610	13,395	6,580	20,000	10,000	5,000	15,000
Madaripur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	43,539	26 880	38,212	34,172	40 000	10,000	5,000	45,000
Gopalganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	18,875	1 007	8,524	55,066	3,000	4,000	1,000	2,000
Goalundo Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	4,246	11,870	4,502	13,999	2,000	2,000	500	500
District Bakarganj—								
Barisal Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	3 35 385	2,50 690	3 12,788	1,49,210	40 000	20,300	38,900	35,800
Patuakhali Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	30 904	1 500	3,411		2,56,367			
Bhola Central Co operative Bank Ltd	980	10 560	4,700	6,524	722	8,000	20,000	6,278
Khepupara Central Co operative Bank, Ltd				15,457			2,00,000	47,078
Mathbaria Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd		644		5,900	2 500	7,500	9,000	1,000
Perojpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	4,000	13,800	16,800	8,400	1 918	4,082	10,000	4,000
District Chittagong —								
Chittagong Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	27,360	27,980	36,420	27,305	30 500	32,000	40,000	35,000
Cox s Bazar Central Co operative Bank Ltd	10 026	3,360	16 822	16 151	2 000	8 000	5,000	2,000
Chittagong District Co operative Industrial Union, Ltd					4 000	3 000	2,500	8,500
Satkania Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd								
Chittagong Central Co operative Milk Supply Union, Ltd					1,300	1,200	900	629
District Noakhali								
Noakhali Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	17,117	13,476	10 586	10 101	20 518	5 272	900	30
Feni Central Co operative Bank Ltd	19,012	3,304	9,918	11,676	2,000	3,000	2,000	3,000
Raipura Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	2 556	150	34	72	6,000	2,000	3,000	1,000
Lakshmipur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	20,000	7,000	4,000	4 213	3 000	1,000	500	1,500
Hatiya Central Co operative Bank, Ltd ..	1,512	7,500	700	7,814	500	2,500	2 000	
Sandwip Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd ..	6,300	5,762	6,005	7,233	6,000	10,000	5,000	4,000
Chaumuhani Co operative Industrial Union Ltd				2,000	1 500	2,000	2,000	1,500
Raipura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,393							..
District Tippera—								
Comilla Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	2,21,813	45,519	27,708	51,379	50,000	35,000	4,000	31,000
Laksam Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd		64	32	1,500	3,000	4,000	2,000	1,000
Daudkandi Gouripur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	3,319	400				5,000	4,000	1,000
Tippera Raj Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	19,415	23 576	11 342	11,000	10,000		40,000	
Brahmanbaria Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	1,41,460	16 008	18,595	15,526	2,00,000	25,000	15,000	10,000
Nabinagar Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	969	386	1,648	505	5,000	15,000	3,500	1,500
Chandpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	89,350	33,605	16,319	10 733	6,000	4,000	8,000	2,000
Matlab Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	11	375		4,937	15,000	5,000	1,000	29,000
District Rajshahi—								
Rajshahi Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	13 735	8 372	19,691	13,227	12,000	20,000	10,000	8,000
Nator Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	1,02,329	11,915	6 765	5,415	1,61,491	2,985	3,739	163
Naogaon Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	54,883	31,998	31,463	40,679	5,000	6,000	1,000	3,000
Puthia Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	33,154	4,737	3,384	2,128	1,24,904		2,438	
Naogaon Central Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd					800	1,500	1,000	900
Naogaon Central Co-operative Milk Union, Ltd						250		
District Pabna—								
Pabna Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	34,239	47,370	68,582	16 343	13,000	5,000	5,000	5,700
Ullapara Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	14,163	31,342	7,047	40,948	5,000	5,000	3,000	12,000
Serajganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	77,316	55,716	61,930	57,238	10,000	5 000	15,000	30,000
Shahzadpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	7,966	25,730	12 000	8 000	2,00,000	60 000	25,000	15,000
Bhanguria Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	235	525	577		3,000	3,000	2,000	2,000
District Dinajpur								
Dinajpur Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	58,881	8,201	11,474	1,284	3,000	6,000	4,000	2,000
Balurghat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	25,062	22,015	14,621	19,686	84,132		27,794	2,780
Thakurgaon Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	12,026	4,400	8,350	6,867	24,906	9,916	5,814	2,014
District Rangpur—								
Gaibandha Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	3 190	8 120	3,040	9,365	10,000	8,000	10,000	22,000
Kurigram Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	1,050			1,106	3 800	1,250	1,050	2,150
Nilphamari Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	10,729	6,535	2 303	4 990	4 000	500	6,000	5,500
Rangpur Central Co operative Bank Ltd	15,400	36,500	33,500	30 075	6,000	6,000	6,000	7,000
District Bogra—								
Bogra Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	30,530	42 009	73,823	1 01,409	50,000	35 000	15 000	20,000
Khanjanpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	5,096	11 960	13 420	6 228	7 253	3 581	816	890
Padmapara Central Co operative Bank, Ltd	3,243	85	613	373	2,000	700	300	7,000
Nawadaboga Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	1 118			49 557	350	100	100	300
Chandanbaisa Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd					7,000	600	500	15,000
District Jalpaiguri								
Jalpaiguri Central Co-operative Bank Ltd	1 975	5,216	17 125	8,595	95,594	490	5,829	1,020
District Malda—								
Malda Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd ..	13,927	10,226	10,826	9,450	2,255	4,737	2,460	4,031
Chanchal Raj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	12,816	7,228	1,851	5,596	9,765	7,528	4,700	5,900
Nawabganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd ..	1,300	4,556	8,433	.	2,128	23,518	2,116	554
Harischandrapur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	27,758	50	25,000	100	1,000	1,000	2,000	..
Bengal Co-operative Silk Union, Ltd ..		5,000		.	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Darjeeling Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd	..	1,128	..	..	2,000	4,000	2,000	2,000
Kalimpong Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	22,454	17,549	20,957	25,569	4,000	3,000	2,000	1,000
Pedong Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ..	..	..	4,200	12,000	2,000	3,000	3,000	7,000
Darjeeling Milk Societies Union, Ltd. ..	9,000		.	..	.	..	..	..
Total of Central Banks ..	44,55,179	22,23,841	20,92,650	20,46,946	32,27,364	18,39,185	15,36,557	10,31,276
Total of Provincial and Central Banks	50,01,179	36,01,841	25 36,650	33,48,946	33,07,364	20,91,185	17,99,557	10,50,276

Vital statistics of towns with a population of 50,000 and over of the Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 2nd December 1933.

Districts.	Nos.	Towns.	Population under registration according to census of 1931.			Births registered.		Deaths registered.																								
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still-births).	Still-births registered.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Cerebrospinal meningitis.	Malaria.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Kala-azar.	Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Influenza.	Pneumonia.	Phthisis.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries including suicide.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes. Male.	Total of all causes. Female.	Total of all causes. Total.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Male.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Female.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Total.
Calcutta ..	1	Calcutta ..	814,948	381,786	1,196,734	734	59	4	1	..	5	24	13	1	..	5	29	33	8	21	88	51	49	1	1	305	359	295	654	379	311	690
Burdwan ..	2	Asansol Mining Settlement.	209,544	173,136	382,680	285	4	..	..	..	..	9	2	..	..	..	111		..	..	12	2	8	1	..	74	119	103	2	91	92	183
Howrah ..	3	Howrah ..	145,120	79,753	224,873	145	4	2	..	..	..	4	5	..	..	..	11	14	11	..	14	5	21		..	46	76	61	137	6	53	115
Dacca ..	4	Dacca ..	79,365	59,153	138,518	140		..	..	..	..	3	4	..	..	2		2	1	..	8	1	15	3	1	30	39	32	71	38	41	79
24-Parganas	5	Bhatpara ..	60,134	24,841	84,975	46	4	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	9	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	3	8		17	11	7	18
Chittagong ..	6	Chittagong	35,049	18,107	53,156	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	1		..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	8	6	11	17	4	10	14

R. B. KHAMBATA, M.R.C.S. (ENG.), L.R.C.P. (LOND.), D.P.H. (CAMB.), *Director of Public Health, Bengal.*

Calcutta, the 8th December 1933.

Statement showing the gauge readings at Dacca Waterworks on the river Buriganga for the week ending 2nd December 1933.

Date.	At highest water.		At lowest water.		Commencement of—		Remarks.	
	Time	Reading.	Time.	Reading	Ebb tide.	Flow tide.	At 7 a.m.	At 5 p.m.
1933.								
26th November	..	.	11-50	5 9		12-0	6·65	6·8
27th ,,	6-50	7 1	12 40	5·65	7-0	12-50	7·1	6·5
28th ,,	7-40	7·1	13-30	5 65	7 50	13-40	7 0	6·15
29th ,,	8-30	7·3	14 .5	5·85	8-40	14-33	7·1	6·35
30th ,,	9-30	7 5	15-25	6·1	9 40	15-30	7·2	6·5
1st December	10-30	7·6	16 25	6·1	10-40	16-32	6·9	6·2
2nd ,,	11-30	7 2	17-20	5·8	11-40	17-30	6·5	5·85

B. M. on settling tank 39·49 O. M. S. L Zero is at O. M. S. L.

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

			Taken at high tide.				Taken at low tide
27th August	1906	..	70·5	23rd February	1907	..	51·06
5th September	1909	..	66·86	13th ,,	1908	..	51·06
10th August	1910	..	69·86	12th March	1912	..	51·06
1st ,,	1911	..	68·46	6th ,,	1914	..	50·60
13th ,,	1912	..	67·16	22nd February	1915	..	50·30
31st ,,	1915	..	69·7	15th ,,	1916	..	50·60
8th ,,	1916	..	68·1	3rd March	1917	..	51·0
12th ,,	1917	..	67·1	21st February	1918	..	51·40
13th ,,	1918	..	69·12	26th ,,	1919	..	50·4
2nd ,,	1919	..	66·8	18th ,,	1920	..	50·9
8th September	1920	..	66·9	19th ,,	1921	..	50·9
28th July	1921	..	68·4	8th March	1922	..	51·05
10th August	1922	..	68·00	14th ,,	1923	..	50·8
31st July	1923	..	66·15	16th February	1924	..	50·50
29th August	1924	..	68·82	5th March	1925	..	50·9
8th September	1925	..	68·52	9th February	1926	..	2·2
15th August	1926	..	19·6	27th ,,	1927	..	2·10
17th September	1927	..	18·70	16th ,,	1928	..	2·2
22nd August	1928	..	20·0	21st ,,	1929	..	2·0
13th July	1929	..	17·8	24th ,,	1930	..	2·3
12th September	1930	..	18·65	28th ,,	1931	..	2·2
16th August	1931	..	21·7	18th ,,	1932	..	1·8
6th September	1932	..	18·5				

N.B.—Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks prior to 11 a.m. on the 8th January 1926 = −48·51 with reference to P. W. D. datum.

Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks since 11 a.m. of the 8th January 1926 = 0·00 with reference to P. W. D. datum.

[ILLEGIBLE], for *Executive Engineer,*
Khulna Division.

Khulna, the 9th December 1933.

Statement of weekly gauge readings on the river Ganges at Rampur Boalia for the week ending the 9th December 1933.

Date.	Hour.	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum.	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum on the same date last year.	Remarks.
1933.				
3rd December . ..	7 a.m.	41·74	39·58	Zero of gauge referred to B. M. on Rajshahi College step; value 64·73. Value of 0= +36·94 P. W. D.
4th " ..	7 "	41·57	39·48	
5th "	7 "	41·44	39·28	
6th "	7 "	41·24	39·13	
7th "	7 "	41·14	38·98	
8th "	7 "	41·04	38·88	
9th "	7 "	40·94	38·78	

Highest recorded level on 26-8-1879=64·24.
Lowest recorded level on 24-4-1931=32·05.

J. MACKIE, *Subdivisional Officer, Irrigation Department, Rajshahi.*

Rampur Boalia, the 10th December 1933.

CORPORATION OF CALCUTTA.

Central Municipal Office, the 7th December 1933.

NOTICES.

It is hereby notified for general information that the Corporation of Calcutta under powers vested in them in this behalf have by a resolution, dated the 15th November 1933, prescribed the alignment of a 40 feet projected public street from Chingreehatta Road northwards to the municipal railway lines, opposite Bridge No. 4 over the storm water outlet in Ward No. 19

A copy of the plan prepared in this behalf may be seen in the office of the Chief Valuer and Surveyor of the Corporation any working day during office hours on payment of usual fees.

It is hereby notified for general information that the Corporation of Calcutta under powers vested in them in this behalf have by a resolution, dated the 15th November 1933, prescribed the alignment of the portion of Durga Charan Doctor Road on the south and east of premises No. 49/2, Durga Charan Doctor Road in Ward No. 14 to a width of 30 feet.

A copy of the plan prepared in this behalf may be seen in the office of the Chief Valuer and Surveyor of the Corporation any working day during office hours on payment of usual fees.

J. C. MUKERJEA, *Chief Executive Officer.*

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS.

For the week ending on the 6th December 1933.

Summary.—Dry weather continued. Sowing of spring crops is advanced. Harvesting of winter paddy continues in full swing. Cutting and pressing of sugarcane are in progress. Prospects of standing crops are generally satisfactory. The average price of common rice for the province has fallen by about 0·31 per cent. as compared with that of the previous week.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. This week.	Previous week.	Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
1	24-Parganas ..	Nil	11 5/16	11 5/16	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Export and import are normal. No damage to crops. Foot and mouth disease of cattle is reported from some villages in the Habra police-station
	Diamond Harbour.	Nil	10½	10½	
	Barrackpore ..	Nil	10½	11	
	Baraset ..	Nil	10	10	
	Basirhat ..	Nil	10½	10½	
2	Nadia ..	Nil	11½	11½	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* paddy continues. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Kushtia ..	(n)	(n)	13½	
	Meherpur ..	Nil	13	13	
	Chuadanga ..	Nil	12	12	
	Ranaghat ..	Nil	11	11	
3	Murshidabad ..	Nil	13½	13	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are favourable. Outturn of winter paddy is reported to be good in Jangipur subdivision. Stock of rice is sufficient. No large import or export. Fodder and water are sufficient
	Lalbagh ..	Nil	14	13½	
	Jangipur ..	Nil	14	14	
	Kandi ..	Nil	15½	15½	
4	Jessore ..	Nil	13	13	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair in all places except in Narail subdivision. Harvesting of *aman* paddy continues. No large export or import. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Jhenidah ..	Nil	11	11	
	Magura ..	Nil	11	11	
	Narail ..	Nil	10	10	
	Bongaon ..	Nil	11	11	
5	Khulna ..	Nil	10	10	Weather seasonable and its effects on crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Satkhira ..	(n)	(n)	10½	
	Bagerhat ..	Nil	10	10	

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. This week.	Previous week.	Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
6	Burdwan ..	Nil	14	14	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Asansol ..	Nil	12	11	
	Katwa ..	Nil	13½	12½	
	Kalna ..	(n)	(n)	11	
7	Birbhum ..	Nil	13	13	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Harvesting of winter paddy continues. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Rampurhat ..	Nil	14½	14½	
8	Bankura ..	Nil	13½	13½	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of winter paddy continues Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Vishnupur ..	Nil	13¾	14	
9	Midnapore ..	Nil	14⅞	14⅝	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of winter paddy continues. Fodder and water are sufficient except in the affected parts of Contai. Cattle-disease is reported from Keshpur police-station
	Contai ..	Nil	13	11	
	Tamluk ..	Nil	10½	10	
	Ghatal ..	Nil	14½	13½	
	Jhargram ..	Nil	13½	13½	
10	Hooghly ..	Nil	13	13	Weather seasonable Prospects of standing crops are, on the whole, fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Serampore ..	Nil	12	12	
	Arambagh ..	Nil	13½	13	
11	Howrah ..	Nil	10	10½	Weather seasonable. Its effects on standing crops are favourable. No large export or import. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Uluberia ..	Nil	11½	11½	
12	Rajshahi (Rampur-Boalia).	Nil	15	16	Weather seasonable and its effects are favourable to the growth of standing *rabi* crops. Harvesting of sugarcane and *aman* paddy is going on Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Naogaon ..	Nil	16	14½	
	Nator ..	Nil	12	12	
13	Dinajpur ..	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable. Its effects on agricultural operations are favourable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Bochaganj thana in the Thakurgaon subdivision.
	Thakurgaon ..	Nil	10	10	
	Balurghat ..	Nil	13	13	
14	Jalpaiguri ..	Nil	10	10	Sky clear. Weather seasonable. Harvesting of winter paddy continues. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Alipur ..	Nil	9	9	

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. This week.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. Previous week.	Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
15	Darjeeling ..	Nil	9	9	Weather condition favourable. Harvesting of winter rice continues. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Kurseong ..	Nil	11	11	
	Siliguri ..	Nil	10½	10½	
	Kalimpong ..	Nil	7	7	
16	Rangpur ..	Nil	10	10	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* paddy continues. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Nilphamari ..	(*n*)	(*n*)	10	
	Kurigram ..	Nil	10¼	10¼	
	Gaibandha ..	(*n*)	(*n*)	10½	
17	Bogra ..	Nil	13½	13½	Effects of weather on standing crops are fair. Prospects of *rabi* crops are being affected by absence of rainfall Harvesting of *aman* paddy continues Fodder and water are sufficient.
18	Pabna ..	Nil	13⅛	13⅛	Weather seasonable. Condition of standing *aman* paddy and *rabi* crops is good except in a small khas mahal area in Serajganj. Harvesting of *aman* paddy is in progress. Yield is good Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Serajganj ..	Nil	11	11½	
19	Malda ..	Nil	14½	15	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Sowing of *rabi* crops is completed Harvesting of winter rice continues. Fodder and water are available.
20	Cooch-Behar ..	Nil	14½	12 5/16	Weather seasonable. Sowing of mustard seed and transplantation of tobacco seedlings are going on. Harvesting of *haimanti* paddy is in progress Prospects and condition of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
21	Dacca ..	Nil	11	11	Weather seasonable and its effects on agricultural operations are good. Rainfall at North Sadar (Kapasia) nil. Prospects of standing crops are promising. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Manikganj ..	Nil	10¾	11	
	Narayanganj	Nil	10	10	
	Munshiganj ..	Nil	12	13½	
22	Mymensingh ..	Nil	10	10	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are fair. Sowing of *rabi* crops is finished. Harvesting of *aman* paddy is going on. No export or import. Fodder and water are available.
	Jamalpur ..	Nil	11	11	
	Tangail ..	Nil	10½	11	
	Netrakona ..	Nil	12½	12½	
	Kishorganj ..	Nil	10	10	

(*n*) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
23	Faridpur ..	Nil	11	11	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* paddy continues. Paddy is being damaged by insects at some places. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Goalundo (Rajbari).	Nil	11	11	
	Madaripur ..	Nil	12	12	
	Gopalganj (*a*) ..	Nil	13	13	
24	Bakarganj (Barisal).	Nil	9⅝	9⅝	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Pirojpur ..	Nil	8½	10	
	Patuakhali ..	Nil	9¼	9¼	
	Dakshin Shabazpur (Bhola).	Nil	9½	9⅞	
25	Chittagong ..	Nil	11 12*	11 12*	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crop are fair. Harvesting of *aman* and sowing of *rabi* crops continue. Fodder and water are sufficient. Panga salt sells at 13 seers per rupee at Sadar and 12 seers at Cox's Bazar.
	Cox's Bazar ..	Nil	13	12	
26	Tippera (Comilla).	Nil	10	13	Weather fair. Considerable damage to paddy crop has been caused by insect-pests in certain places.
	Brahmanbaria	Nil	12	12	
	Chandpur ..	Nil	11½	10	
27	Noakhali ..	Nil	11	11	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Feni ..	Nil	14	13	
28	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Nil	16	16	Weather seasonable. Its effects on agricultural operations and standing crops are favourable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease has not yet subsided
29	Tripura State	Nil	14¼	14¼	Weather cloudy and seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Condition of cattle is good. Cotton sells at Rs. 9 to Rs. 14 and at Re. 1-8 to Rs. 5 per maund.

*Burma rice.

(*a*) The rainfall at Haridaspur, which is very near to Gopalganj, is shown here.

Dacca, the 11th December 1933.

S. ABDULLAH, *for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

Wholesale prices-current of food grains, gur, etc., in the undermentioned marts of Bengal for the second half of November 1933.

Marts.	Paddy local (best quality). Present return.	Paddy local (best quality). Next preceding return.	Paddy local (best quality). Corresponding return of last year.	Paddy local (common quality). Present return.	Paddy local (common quality). Next preceding return.	Paddy local (common quality). Corresponding return of last year.	Rice local (best quality). Present return.	Rice local (best quality). Next preceding return.	Rice local (best quality). Corresponding return of last year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Rs a. p	Rs a. p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs. a. p.	Rs a. p.	Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.
Calcutta	2 4 0	2 4 0	1 1[illegible] 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 11 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 0 0
Burdwan	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 15 0	1 13 0	1 13 0	1 11 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 0
Midnapore	1 12 0	1 12 0	1 10 0	1 10 0	1 10 0	1 5 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	3 10 0
Chittagong	1 8 0	1 8 0	1 9 0	1 4 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 12 0
Dacca	2 4 0	2 4 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 12 0	4 4 0	4 6 0	3 2 0
Pabna	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 8 0	1 8 0	1 8 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
Rangpur	2 4 0	2 4 0	1 12 0	1 14 0	1 14 0	1 6 0	5 0 0	4 8 0	4 0 0
Serajganj (Pabna)	..	..		.	..	..	..	..	.
Sarisabari (Mymensingh) ..	..	..		..	..	..	.	..	.
Narayanganj (Dacca)	..	..	..	..	.	.	..	..	..

Marts.	Rice local (common quality). Present return.	Rice local (common quality). Next preceding return	Rice local (common quality). Corresponding return of last year.	Wheat. Present return.	Wheat. Next preceding return.	Wheat. Corresponding return of last year.	Raw cotton. Present return.	Raw cotton. Next preceding return.	Raw cotton. Corresponding return of last year.
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	Rs. a p	Rs a. p	Rs a p	Rs. a. p.	Rs a p.	Rs a p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Calcutta	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 2 0	3 6 0	3 15 0	14 8 0 to 16 0 0	16 0 0	19 14 0
Burdwan	3 4 0	3 4 0	3 6 0	.	..	..	..	..	..
Midnapore	2 12 0	2 14 0	2 14 0	.	..	.	..	..	..
Chittagong	3 4 0	3 4 0	3 12 0	.	..	..	..	..	..
Dacca	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 4 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pabna	3 0 0	3 4 0	3 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rangpur	3 12 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
Serajganj (Pabna)	..	.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sarisabari (Mymensingh) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.
Narayanganj (Dacca) .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Marts	Coal. Present return.	Coal. Next preceding return.	Coal. Corresponding return of last year	Raw jute (weighted average). Present return.	Raw jute (weighted average). Next preceding return.	Raw jute (weighted average). Corresponding return of last year.	*Gur* (sugarcane). Present return.	*Gur* (sugarcane). Next preceding return.	*Gur* (sugarcane). Corresponding return of last year.
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a p	Rs a. p.	Rs. a p.	Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Calcutta	0 6 6	0 6 6	0 6 6	3 13 3	3 13 3	4 8 9	5 8 0	5 8 0	4 8 0
Burdwan	..	..	..	..	..	..	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 2 0
Midnapore	..	..	..	..	..	..	3 4 0	3 8 0	5 0 0
Chittagong	..	..	..	..	..	..	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0
Dacca	..	..	..	..	..	..	5 0 0	5 4 0	7 0 0
Pabna	..	..	..	..	..	..	3 8 0	3 8 0	5 0 0
Rangpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	4 0 0 to 4 8 0	4 0 0 to 4 8 0	6 0 0
Serajganj (Pabna)	..	..	..	3 2 0	3 2 6	3 9 0	..	..	..
Sarisabari (Mymensingh) ..	..	..	..	3 14 0 to 2 14 0	3 12 0 to 2 14 0	3 6 0 to 4 10 0	..	..	..
Narayanganj (Dacca)	..	..	..	3 12 0 to 2 6 0	4 0 0 to 2 6 0	2 14 0 to 4 6 0	..	..	..

Dacca, the 9th December 1933.

S. ABDULLAH, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

Prices-current (retail) of common rice and salt in the districts of Bengal for the second half of November 1933.

Districts and Marts.	Quantity per rupee in seers of eighty tolas.								
	Common rice.						Salt.		
	Average.			Cheapest.					
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.									
24-Parganas—									
1 Chetla Hat	11 5	11 5	11 7	13 4	13 4	13 4	17 12	16 0	14 8
2 Mogra Hat ..	11 0	11 7	12 5	12 13	12 5	14 8	16 0	16 0	12 8
3 Calcutta-Beliaghata	9 10	9 10	10 10	11 7	11 7	12 5	13 0	13 0	13 0
Nadia—									
4 Goari . ..	11 8	11 8	11 8	(n)	(n)	11 8	13 0†	13 0†	13 0†
5 Ranaghat ..	11 0	11 0	12 5	(n)	(n)	12 5	13 0†	13 0†	13 0†
Murshidabad—									
6 Berhampore	11 0	12 8	13 4	14 8	13 8	14 0	14 0*	14 0*	14 0*
7 Kandi .	15 8	15 0	14 8	16 8	16 0	15 0	14 8	14 8	14 8
8 Jangipur	13 0	13 8	15 0	14 0	14 8	15 8	16 0	15 0	15 0
Jessore—									
9 Sadar ..	13 0	13 0	11 8	14 8	14 0	13 0	14 0* 15 0	14 0* 15 0	13 0†
10 Bongaon	11 0	11 0	12 0	13 0	13 0	15 0	13 8 12 8*	13 8 12 8*	13 0 11 0*
Khulna—									
11 Sadar .	11 0	10 0	11 8	13 0	11 0	13 0	13 0†	13 0†	13 8†
12 Bagerhat .	10 8	11 0	12 0	11 0	12 0	15 0	13 8	13 8	13 8
BURDWAN DIVISION.									
Burdwan—									
13 Sadar	12 0	12 0	9 0	11 0	11 0	11 8	13 8 16 0*	13 8 16 0*	16 0* 13 0
14 Kalna	10 6	10 4	11 4	11 10	11 8	11 8	16 0	16 0	16 0*
Birbhum—									
15 Suri	15 0	13 0	14 0	16 0	16 0	15 0	14 0	14 0	13 0
16 Rampurhat ..	15 0	15 0	14 8	16 0	15 8	17 0	16 0	16 0	16 0
Bankura—									
17 Sadar	13 0	13 0	13 0	14 0	14 0	14 0	14 0†	14 0†	14 0* 13 8
18 Vishnupur ..	14 0	13 12	12 8	15 0	15 0	13 12	14 0	13 0	12 8

* Karkach. (n) Not reported.

N.B.—The prices of Karkach and Liverpool salt tally with each other in marts marked †.

Prices-current (retail) of common rice and salt in the districts of Bengal for the second half of November 1933.

Districts and Marts.	Quantity per rupee in seers of eighty tolas.								
	Common rice.						Salt.		
	Average.			Cheapest.					
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
BURDWAN DIVISION—*concld.*									
Midnapore—									
19 Sadar	15 0	14 8	14 7	15 8	15 0	15 2	14 8*	15 0*	16 0*
20 Contai	13 0	13 0	14 8	15 0	15 0	16 8	22 0‡	32 0	17 0
Hooghly—									
21 Sadar	13 0	12 0	11 1	14 4	14 0	13 0	15 3	15 3	13 4
22 Arambagh .	13 4	13 0	14 0	14 0	14 0	14 10	14 8 14 0*	13 8 13 4*	13 0* 13 11
Howrah—									
23 Sadar .. .	12 8	11 4	8 0	13 8	13 0	12 0	16 0	16 0	12 0
24 Uluberia ..	11 8	11 8	12 0	13 0	13 0	(*n*)	16 0	16 0	16 0
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.									
Rajshahi—									
25 Rampur-Boalia ..	12 8	12 8	13 0	16 0	16 0	15 0	13 8 13 0*	13 8 13 0*	12 0†
26 Nator	(*n*)	(*n*)	15 0	12 0	12 0	15 0	12 0†	12 0†	12 0†
27 Dinajpur—Railbazar Hat.	13 3	13 4	14 6	14 4	14 4	15 12	14 0†	14 0†	12 0 13 8*
28 Jalpaiguri—Sadar ..	10 8	10 0	11 8	11 8	11 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	10 8
Darjeeling—									
29 Sadar .. .	9 0	9 0	10 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	10 0 8 0*	10 0 8 0*	9 8†
30 Siliguri .	10 0	11 0	11 0	10 8	12 0	13 0	11 0†	11 0†	11 0†
Rangpur—									
31 Sadar	12 0	10 2	12 6	12 0	13 13	14 8	12 8	12 8	11 4
32 Nilphamari ..	(*n*)	(*n*)	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	12 8*	12 8*	12 0
33 Bogra—Sadar ..	13 8	11 10	14 4	15 5	12 0	15 4	12 0	12 0	12 0
Pabna—									
34 Sadar	13 2	11 6	13 0	14 0	12 6	14 0	13 4†	13 4†	13 8
35 Serajganj ..	11 4	11 4	13 0	12 4	12 4	14 8	16 0 15 0*	16 0 15 0*	14 0 13 8*
Malda—									
36 Sadar	14 0	14 0	15 0	15 0	15 0	17 0	14 0†	14 0†	13 0†
37 Balia—Nawabganj	16 0	15 0	16 10	17 0	16 8	18 0	15 0 14 8*	15 0 14 8*	14 0 13 12*

*Karkach. (*n*) Not reported.

N. B.—The prices of Karkach and Liverpool salt tally with each other in marts marked †.

‡ Owing to crop cutting there has been much less manufacture hence a slight increase in price.

Prices-current (retail) of common rice and salt in the districts of Bengal for the second half of November 1933.

Districts and Marts.	Quantity per rupee in seers of eighty tolas.								
	Common rice.						Salt.		
	Average.			Cheapest.					
	Present return	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
DACCA DIVISION									
Dacca—									
38 Sadar .. .	10 10	10 10	13 0	13 0	13 5	14 4	13 5 14 0	13 5†	12 0†
39 Mirkadim .	12 0	13 8	13 0	12 8	14 8	16 0	13 8*	13 4*	14 0* 13 0
Mymensingh—									
40 Nasirabad ..	10 0	10 0	11 7	11 0	11 0	13 5	12 0*	12 0*	12 5*
41 Netrakona ..	(n)	(n)	13 4	11 12	11 12	13 4	14 8 12 5*	14 8 12 8*	13 4 12 4*
Faridpur—									
42 Sadar	11 0	11 0	11 0	12 8	12 8	13 0	12 8	12 8†	11 0†
43 Rajbari	11 0	11 0	10 8	13 0	13 0	13 8	12 0	12 0†	12 0†
Bakarganj—									
44 Barisal	9 0	9 4	14 4	9 8	10 0	15 8	13 0 13 8*	13 0	14 8 13 6*
45 Pirojpur	10 0	10 0	12 8	10 4	10 4	12 14	11 0†	11 0†	11 0†
CHITTAGONG DIVISION									
Tippera—									
46 Comilla	10 0	10 0	12 5	13 5	13 5	14 9	12 13 10 10*	12 13 10 10*	12 13 10 10*
47 Chandpur	12 8	10 0	13 0	13 5	13 0	14 0	13 5	13 0 12 0*	16 0
Noakhali—									
48 Kalitara Hat	9 0	9 8	10 0	13 0	13 0	11 0	13 0 10 8*	13 0 10 8*	11 0 10 0*
49 Feni Hat	12 0	12 0	15 0	13 0	13 0	15 0	14 0 10 0*	14 0 10 0*	11 4* 13 0
Chittagong—									
50 Sadar	10 0	10 0	10 8	14 0	14 0	12 0	16 0	16 0	14 8
51 Cox's Bazar ..	12 0	11 0	10 0	1 0	12 0	11 0	13 0	13 0	13 0
52 Chittagong Hill Tracts—Rangamati ..	14 0	11 0	10 0	18 0	18 0	12 0	6 8* 13 0	6 8* 13 0	5 0* 12 0

* Karkach. (n) Not reported.

N. B.—The prices of Karkach and Liverpool salt tally with each other in marts marked †.

Dacca, the 9th December 1933.

S. ABDULLAH, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

FORM C—BENGAL.

STATEMENT OF COTTON PRESSED IN THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY FOR THE WEEK ENDING THE 1st DECEMBER 1933.

[Section 5 (2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

Name of Division or block.	Number of bales pressed.				District included in the block.
	During the week.	During the correspond-ing week last year.	Since 1st September 1933 (the date prescribed by the Local Government as the commence-ment of the season).	During the corresponding period last year.	
The Bengal Presidency	97 or 96 56 bales of 400 lbs each	30	2,328	2,276	All districts in the Presidency

C. S. STEEL,

Chief Inspector of Factories, Bengal (offg.).

Printed at the Bengal Government Press, Alipore, and published by the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, on the 14th December 1933.

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The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1933.

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PART I

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

Orders by the Government of Bengal.

No. 12143A.

Appointments and Transfers.

GENERAL.

Mymensingh.—No 12031A.— 14th December 1933.—Maulvi Wali-ul-Islam, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed to have charge of the Sadar subdivision of the Mymensingh district.

Tippera.—No. 12040A. - 14th December 1933.—Maulvi Azizur Rahman, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chandpur, Tippera, is appointed temporarily to have charge of that subdivision

Burdwan Divn.-Rajshahi Divn.—No. 12045-A.- 14th December 1933. — Babu Jagadish Chandra Bardhan, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Burdwan Division.

This cancels the orders of the 7th December 1933 posting him to the Rajshahi Division.

POLICE.

Rajshahi. — No. 12015A.—13th December 1933.—The probationary Assistant Superintendents of Police, named below, who have been selected by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council and allotted to Bengal, are appointed by the Governor in Council to be Assistant District Superintendents of Police for the purposes of the Police Act, 1861 (Act V of 1861), and are posted to the Police Training College at Sardah, Rajshahi:—

(1) Mr. G. Walker.

(2) Mr. J. W. Purdy.

Rajshahi - Jessore. — No. 12063A.—15th December 1933.—Babu Srish Chandra Chaudhuri, Inspector of Police, Rajshahi (on leave), is appointed to act as Deputy Superintendent of Police, and is posted to the headquarters station of the Jessore district.

Leave.

GENERAL.

Mymensingh.—No. 11961A.—12th December 1933.—Mr. Hiranmay Banerjee, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 25th November 1933.

Nadia.—No. 12019A.—13th December 1933.—Maulvi Saiyid Ittehad Ali, Sub-Deputy Collector, Kushthia, Nadia, is allowed leave on average pay up to the 22nd December 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 3rd November 1933.

No. 12025A.—13th December 1933.—Babu Asit Kumar Biswas, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 9th November 1933.

Tippera.—No. 12036A. — 14th December 1933.—Mr. Ranjit Gupta, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chandpur, Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for five days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 18th December 1933.

Midnapore.—No. 12067A.—15th December 1933.—Maulvi Ahmad Husain, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Midnapore, is allowed leave on average pay for three weeks, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

POLICE.

Calcutta. — No. 11941A. — 9th December 1933.—Rai Sahib Provat Nath Mukherjee, Assistant Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay for three weeks, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd December 1933.

Rajshahi. — No. 11989A.—12th December 1933.—Mr. T. J. Clark, I.P., Superintendent of Police, Rajshahi, is allowed leave for nine months, viz., leave on average pay for three months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*i*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 10th January 1934, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved, and leave on half average pay for the remaining period, under rule 81 (*d*) of those Rules.

Faridpur. — No. 11993A.—12th December 1933.—Mr. Hari Sadhan Ghosh Chaudhuri, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Madaripur, Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-five days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

Mymensingh.—No. 12072A.—15th December 1933.—Mr. Jitendra Nath Ray, officiating Additional Superintendent of Police, Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for three months and one day, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

NOTIFICATION.

No. 12082A.—15th December 1933.—The report of the Central Examination Committee having been received, the result of the Second Half-yearly Departmental Examination of Assistant Magistrates and others held on the 27th November 1933 and the three following days is published for general information :—

I.—Second or Higher Standard.

(*i*) The officers named below having passed in the subjects mentioned opposite their names have passed completely :—

Names.	Subjects in which passed.
Civil Officers.	
H. S. M. Ishaque, I.C.S.	.. Accounts.
Muhammad Keyamuddin Ahmad	.. Law, Part III.
Kali Pada Sen	.. Hindustani.
Krishna Chandra Banarji	.. Law, Part III.
J. S. H. Shattock, I.C.S.	.. Hindustani.
N. N. Airavatham, I.C.S.	.. Bengali.
G. M. Ratcliff, I.C.S.	.. Hindustani.
S. B. Bapat, I.C.S.	.. Law, Part I.
W. A. S. Lewis, I.C.S.	.. Hindustani.
Dabiruddin Ahmad	.. Law, Part III.
Sudhansu Kumar Banarji	.. Law, Part I, Accounts and Hindustani.
Police Officers.	
S. D. Stephens	.. Hindustani.
Sudhir Kumar Sinha	.. Hindustani
Khan Sahib A. K. Khalilullah	.. Accounts
Khan Sahib Altafuddin Khan	.. Accounts
Rai Sahib Jamini Mohan Chatarji	.. Accounts
Kanti Chandra Mukharji	.. Accounts.
Rai Sahib Pabitra Nath Basu	.. Accounts.
P. W. D. Officer	
Shafiquer Rahman	.. Hindustani.
Factory Officer.	
C. K. Bennett	.. Hindustani.

(*ii*) The officers named below have passed in the subjects noted against their names and are still liable to examination in the subjects mentioned in the last column :—

Names	Now passed in—	Still liable to examination in—
Civil Officers.		
R. S. T. John, I.C.S.	.. Law, Part II and Bengali	.. Law, Part III, Accounts and Hindustani.
M. H. Ali, I.C.S.	.. Law, Part I and Accounts	.. Law, Part III.
W. J. Palmer, I.C.S.	.. Law, Part I and Hindustani	.. Law, Parts II and III, Accounts and Bengali
*R. W. Bastin, I.C.S.	.. Law, Parts I, II and III, Accounts and Bengali.	Hindustani.
Satya Charan Bhattacharji	.. Accounts	.. Law, Part III and Hindustani.
Ali Ahmad	.. Accounts	.. Law, Part III
Nabagopal Das, I.C.S.	.. Law, Part I, Accounts and Hindustani.	Law, Part II
Abanibhushan Chattarji, I.C.S.	Law, Part I and Bengali	.. Law, Parts II and III and Accounts.
F. A. Karim, I.C.S.	.. Law, Part I and Accounts	. Law, Part II
*M. A. T. Iyengar, I.C.S.	.. Law, Part I and Accounts	.. Hindustani.
Jitendra Nath Guha	.. Hindustani	....Law, Part III and Accounts.

*Provisionally, subject to submitting case records to the satisfaction of the Legal Remembrancer under rule 10A, page 2 of the Departmental Examination Rules.

Names	Now passed in—	Still liable to examination in—
	Police Officers	
L H Lewisohn	Law, with books and Accounts	Bengali and Hindustani
A K Muhammad Hafizuddin	Law, with and without books and Accounts	Hindustani
D S Maxted	Law, with books and Accounts	Bengali and Hindustani
G W J Smith	Law, with books and Accounts	Bengali and Hindustani
Kazi Anwarul Haque	Accounts	Law, with books and Hindustani
Mahim Chandra Sarkar	Accounts	Hindustani
Khan Sahib Muhammad Lutfur Rahman	Hindustani	Accounts

(iii) The following officers have passed with distinction

Satya Charan Bhattacharji	Accounts
Abanibhushan Chatterji, I C S	Bengali
M A T Iyengar, I C S	Law, Part I
Sudhansu Kumar Banerji	Law, Part I
A K Muhammad Hafizuddin	Police Accounts
Rai Sahib Jamini Mohan Chatarji	Police Accounts

II. –First or Lower Standard.

(i) The officers named below having passed in the subjects mentioned opposite their names have passed completely

Names	Subjects in which passed
Civil Officers	
W J Palmer, I C S	Bengali
R W Bastin, I C S	Bengali
Police Officers	
L H Lewisohn	Bengali
A K Muhammad Hafizuddin	Law, without books
D S Maxted	Bengali
G W J Smith	Bengali.
Irrigation Officer	
Dinendra Nath Dhar	Canal Law Part B
Agricultural Officers	
N G Mazumdar	Accounts
Nihar Kumar Gupta	Accounts

(ii) The officers named below have passed in the subjects noted against their names and are still liable to examination in the subjects mentioned in the last column

Names	Now passed in	Still liable to examination in
	Irrigation Officer	
Khundkar Ahmad Hossain	Canal Law, Part A	Canal Law, Part B

(iii) The following officer has passed with distinction –

A K Muhammad Hafizuddin	Police Law, without books

G. P. HOGG,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.)

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Political.

NOTIFICATION

No. 14055P. — 15th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (*1*) and (*2*) of section 4 of the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1925, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint—

(*1*) Mr. H. G. Waight, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, Burdwan,

(*2*) Mr. T. N. Basu, Additional District and Sessions Judge, Bakarganj,

(*3*) Rai S. P. Ghosh Bahadur, Subdivisional Magistrate, Burdwan,

as Commissioners for the trial under the said Act of the following persons who are accused of offences specified in the first schedule to the said Act:—

(1) Nirmal Jiban Ghosh, son of Jamini Jiban Ghosh, of Golekua Chak, Midnapore town.

(2) Kamakhya Charan Ghosh, son of Jadu Nath Ghosh, of Manikpur, Midnapore town.

(3) Brajakishore Chakrabarty, son of Upendra Nath Chakrabarty, of Ballavpur, Midnapore town.

(4) Ram Krishna Roy, son of Kenaram Roy, of Chirimarshai, Midnapore town.

(5) Sonatan Roy, son of Kishori Pati Roy, of Golekua Chak, Midnapore town.

(6) Nanda Dulal Singh, son of Monmohan Singh, of Shib Bazar, Midnapore town.

(7) Sukumar Sen Gupta, son of Charu Chandra Sen Gupta, of Golekua Chak, Midnapore town.

(8) Bijoy K. Ghosh, son of Hari Prasanna Ghosh, of Sangat Bazar, Midnapore town.

(9) Purnananda Sanyal, son of Bireswar Sanyal, of Golekua Chak, Midnapore town.

(10) Manindra Nath Choudhury, son of Abinash Choudhury, of Colonelgola, Midnapore town.

(11) Saroj Ranjan Das Kanungo, son of Pearilal Das Kanungo, of Manikpur, Midnapore town.

(12) Sailesh Chandra Ghosh, son of Provat Chandra Ghosh, of Golekua Chak, Midnapore town.

(13) Santi Gopal Sen, son of Narendra Nath Sen, of village Sonarang, police-station Tangibari, district Dacca.

The Governor in Council is also pleased in exercise of the power conferred by rule 2 (*a*) of the rules made under section 10 of the said Act (published under notification No. 14095-P., dated the 29th June 1932) to nominate the said Mr. H. G. Waight, I.C.S., to be the President of the aforesaid Commissioners.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 6642Pl.—15th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 34 of the Police Act, 1861 (V of 1861), the Governor in Council is pleased to extend that section to the town of Feni in the district of Noakhali within the boundaries specified below:—

North—The union board road to the north of the Sub-Registrar's office.

East and South—The Daudpur Khal.

West—The eastern boundary of village Bejoysingh.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Inspector-General of Police, Bengal.

Calcutta. — No. 11885A.—13th December 1933.— **Khulna.**—Mr. A. Sayer, Armed Inspector (now on leave) is posted, on paper, to Khulna with effect from 1-12-1933.

T. J. A. CRAIG,

Inspector-General of Police, Bengal.

Calcutta Police Notification.

No. 9588.—14th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*b*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 62 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866 (Bengal Act IV of 1866), and clause (*b*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866 (Bengal Act II of 1866), the Commissioner

of Police, Calcutta, with the previous sanction of the Governor in Council, hereby makes the following rules for the purpose of regulating the traffic of hand-carts in the streets and public places of Calcutta and its suburbs, so as to prevent danger, obstruction or inconvenience to the public :—

RULES

1. For the purpose of these rules (*1*) a "hand-cart" means any cart or wheeled vehicle with or without springs which is not a vehicle drawn by animal traction or propelled and controlled by mechanical power, but which, either temporarily or permanently, depends on manual power as its sole means of locomotion but does not include a rickshaw, a perambulator or any small truck or barrow which in the opinion of the Commissioner of Police can be easily operated by one person; (2) an "operator" means any person pushing, pulling, guiding or having control over a hand-cart.

2. It shall be unlawful for any person under the age of 16 years or any person suffering from physical deformity, to act as an operator of any hand-cart.

3. No person as defined in clause (32) of the Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899, owning, controlling, or hiring any hand-cart, shall cause it to be operated by or with the assistance of any person referred to in rule 2 or permit or cause it to be loaded in excess of the weight specified in rule 5.

4. The dimensions of a hand-cart shall not exceed the following :—

Extreme length 12 feet 8 inches.

Extreme width—5 feet 1 inch from hub to hub.

Diameter of wheel—4 feet.

Width of tyre Not less than 2½ inches.

5. The weight of the load on a hand-cart, inclusive of the weight of the cart, shall not exceed 25 maunds.

6. There shall not be less than two operators in charge of each hand-cart.

7. The height of a load on any hand-cart shall not exceed 4 feet from the cart level to the extreme height of the load.

8. No portion of the load on a hand-cart shall overhang the sides of the cart beyond the extreme width of the cart.

9. No hand-cart shall be used in any street or public place during period prescribed for the lighting up of other vehicles, unless the hand-cart is fitted with a light in such a position as to be plainly visible at a reasonable distance in the front and rear thereof.

10. These rules shall not apply to hand-carts belonging to—

(*i*) Oriental Gas Company.

(*ii*) Bengal Telephone Corporation, Limited.

(*iii*) Calcutta Tramways Company, Limited.

(*iv*) Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation.

(*v*) Calcutta Improvement Trust.

(*vi*) Calcutta Corporation.

11. With regard to hand-carts which have already been registered, rule 4 shall not take effect until after one year from the date of publication of the rules in the *Calcutta Gazette*, except in the case of those which exceed 16 feet 6 inches in length.

L. H. COLSON,
Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Leave.

Faridpur. — No. 8933J.—13th December 1933.—Babu Narendra Kumar Mukharji, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay for the period from the 19th September 1933 to the 15th October 1933, under rules 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave already granted to him.

Faridpur. — No. 8936J.—13th December 1933.—Babu Narendra Kumar Mukharji, Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge of Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay for one day only, *i.e.*, for the 16th October 1933, under rules 86 (*a*), 81 (*b*) (*ii*) and 82 (*b*) of the Fundamental Rules.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Faridpur. — No. 8927J.—12th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Kajulia union board within the Gopalganj police-station in the Gopalganj subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during their term of office as such

members, a union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Munshi Kafiluddin Ahmed.

Munshi Montajuddin Sardar.

Babu Mati Lal Ghosh.

Babu Mathura Nath Kar.

Babu Ram Lal Paramanik.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union board at which a quorum is present.

Faridpur. — No. 8928J. — 12th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the Kajulia union board within the Gopalganj police-station in the Gopalganj subdivision of the Faridpur district, to be, during their term of office as such members, a union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section:—

Munshi Kafiluddin Ahmed.

Munshi Montajuddin Sardar.

Babu Mati Lal Ghosh.

Babu Mathura Nath Kar.

Babu Ram Lal Paramanik.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union board at which a quorum is present.

Faridpur. — No. 8930J. — 12th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the union boards mentioned below, to be, during their term of office as such members, union benches within the jurisdiction of the union boards of which they are, respectively, members for the purposes of that section:—

Madaripur subdivision, district Faridpur.

Kalkini police-station.

Kalkini union board.

Babu Durga Mohan Majumdar.

Babu Atul Chandra Das Gupta.

Maulvi Tafel Ahmed Talukdar.

Maulvi Jasimuddin Ahmed.

Munshi Araj Ali Sardar.

Rajoir police-station.

Bajitpur union board.

Babu Chinta Haran Ghosh.

Babu Kshirode Behari Majumdar.

Babu Kalidas Das.

Maulvi Abdul Hamid Khan.

Munshi Abdul Malek Howladar.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union boards at which a quorum is present.

Faridpur. — No. 8931J. 12th December 1933. In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members of the union boards mentioned below, to be, during their term of office as such members, union courts within the jurisdiction of the union boards of which they are, respectively, members for the purposes of that section:—

Madaripur subdivision, district Faridpur.

Kalkini police-station.

Kalkini union board

Babu Durga Mohan Majumdar.

Babu Atul Chandra Das Gupta.

Maulvi Tafel Ahmed Talukdar

Maulvi Jasimuddin Ahmed.

Munshi Araj Ali Sardar.

Rajoir police-station.

Bajitpur union board.

Babu Chinta Haran Ghosh.

Babu Kshirode Behari Majumdar.

Babu Kalidas Das.

Maulvi Abdul Hamid Khan.

Munshi Abdul Malek Howladar.

2. This notification will take effect from the date of the first meeting of the reconstituted union boards at which a quorum is present.

Pabna.—No. 8939J.—12th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Munshi Mozaharul Islam, a member of the Purnimaganti union board within the Ullapara police-station in the Serajganj subdivision of the Pabna district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Munshi Abdul Hai Talukdar, resigned.

Pabna.—No. 8940J. 12th December 1933. In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Munshi Mozaharul Islam, a member of the Purnimaganti union board within the Ullapara police-station in the Serajganj subdivision of the Pabna district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Munshi Abdul Hai, Talukdar, resigned

Murshidabad.—No. 8978J. -14th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 65 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Shah Muhammad Khaliluddin Hydar Abu Zober, a member of the Salar union board within the Bharatpur police-station in the Kandi subdivision of the Murshidabad district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union bench within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Maulvi Chaudhury Muhammad Abdul Haque, deceased.

Murshidabad.—No. 8979J. 14th December 1933.- In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Shah Muhammad Khaliluddin Hydar Abu Zober, a member of the Salar union board within the Bharatpur police-station in the Kandi subdivision of the Murshidabad district, to be, during his term of office as such member, a member of the union court within the jurisdiction of the said union board for the purposes of that section, *vice* Maulvi Chaudhury Muhammad Abdul Haque, deceased.

N. G. A EDGLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

Murshidabad.—No. 6992M.- 13th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section *(1)* of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Berhampore Municipality, in the district of Murshidabad, out of nineteen seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), three seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Murshidabad.—No. 6993M.--13th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to determine, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Berhampore Municipality at a meeting that the number of Commissioners to be elected from each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected.	Number of seats, included in column 2, reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3
I	4	1
II	1	..
III	6	1
IV	4	1
V	3	..
VI	1	..

24-Parganas.—No. 7128M.—19th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 24 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to fix Saturday, the 10th February 1934, as the date for the election to the seat reserved for the minority community in the special ward of the Rajpur Municipality in the Presidency Division.

Bakarganj.—No. 6995L.S.-G.—13th December 1933. In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), and after consideration of the views of the Bakarganj district board and the Perojpur local board, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that each of the following local areas in thana Banaripara in the Perojpur subdivision in the district of Bakarganj shall be declared a union for the purposes of that Act.

2. In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 6 of the said Act, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to establish union boards for each of the unions hereby declared and to fix nine as the number of members of each union board.

3. In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*3*) of section 6 of the said Act, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that one-third of the members of each union board shall be appointed by the District Magistrate on the ground that the electors are inexperienced and that such appointment is necessary for the due representation of the minorities.

4. This cancels so much of notification No. 2034 L.S.-G., dated the 6th July 1929, as relates to the establishment of Illuhar and Syedkati union boards in the Banaripara police-station in the Perojpur subdivision in the district of Bakarganj:—

Bakarganj district board.

Perojpur local board.

Banaripara thana.

Names of mauzas constituting the local area with their numbers in the jurisdiction list.

Illuhar union board.

Illuhar ...	315
Maluhar ...	319
Udyakati ...	362
Tetla ...	383
Labansara ...	381
Goalia ...	384

Names of mauzas constituting the local area with jurisdiction list numbers.

Syedkati union board.

Chhot Karfakar ...	364
Karpara ...	365
Nalasri ...	366
Didihar ...	367
Talaprasad ...	368
Lakshmipur ...	369
Majidbari ...	370
West Jirarkati ...	374
Satberia ...	375
Kapalia ...	376
Dariabad ...	377
Bara Karfakar ...	378
Ramerkati ...	379
Bhanar ...	380
Auar ...	385
Malikanda ...	386
Brahmanbari ...	387
Inderhowla ...	388
Syedkati ...	389
Bowalia ...	395

Bakarganj.—No. 6996L.S.-G.—13th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), and after consideration of the views of the Bakarganj district board and the Perojpur local board, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that each of the following local areas in thana Banaripara in the Perojpur subdivision in the district of Bakarganj, shall be declared a union for the purposes of that Act.

2. In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 6 of the said Act, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to establish union boards for each of the unions hereby declared and to fix nine as the number of members of each union board.

3. In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (3) of section 6 of the said Act, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that one-third of the members of each union board shall be appointed by the District Magistrate on the ground that the electors are inexperienced and that such appointment is necessary for the due representation of the minorities:

Bakarganj district board.

Perojpur local board.

Banaripara thana.

Names of mauzas constituting the local area with their numbers in the jurisdiction list.

Bisharkandi union board.

Majhibari	...	165
Murarbari	...	166
Kalabhita	...	167
Bisharkandi	...	168
Umarerbari	..	313-14

Baisari union board.

Bhangadowla	.	318
Tilcha	.	320
Baisari	...	321
Jadav Bairatta	..	322
Duttapara	...	323
Dundwat (part)	...	325
Dhaki	...	324
Sealkati	.	326
Daseranka	.	357
Uttarkul	...	358
Pabatiar	.	359
Garduar	...	360
Kachua	...	361
Raripara	..	362
Balipara	...	363
Baramgati (part)	...	3027
Buribari	...	3023
Dumaria	..	3024
Sonalua	...	3025
Kamalabari	...	3026

Names of mauzas constituting the local area with jurisdiction list numbers.

Banaripara union board.

Dundwat (part)	...	325
Banaripara	...	327
Machrang	...	328
Azalia	...	329
Pashaikul	..	330
Rajakpur	...	331
Kundihar	...	332
Kazlahar	...	3022
Baramgati (part)	...	3027
Brahmankati	..	3028
Jambudwip	...	3029
Sreemantakati	...	3030
Alta	..	3031

24-Parganas.—No. 7002M.—13th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the North Dum Dum Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas, out of seven seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), three seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

24-Parganas.—No. 7017M.—14th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (g) of section 8 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to alter the number of Commissioners of the Garulia Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas from ten to eleven.

24-Parganas.—No. 7018M.—14th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 18 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that in the municipality of Garulia, in the district of the 24-Parganas, the number of appointed Commissioners shall be increased to five in order to secure the proper representation of of the jute and cotton industries and of labour employed therein, within the limits of the municipality, the development of which is due to an appreciable extent to and dependent on such industries.

24-Parganas.—No. 7019M.—14th December 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 10th January 1934, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Garulia Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas, out of six seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), one seat shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purposes of the election.

No. 7027M.—14th December 1933.—The following draft of a rule which, in exercise of the power conferred by clause (*h*) of section 44 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 1st February 1934, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned, through the District Magistrate, before that date, will be duly considered:—

Draft rule regarding refund of deposits made by candidates for election as Municipal Commissioners.

"A deposit made under sub-section (*1*) of section 25 by a candidate for election as a Commissioner shall, if it is not forfeited under sub-section (*3*) of the said section, be returned to the candidate making the deposit after the declaration of the result of the election."

Mymensingh.—No. 7033M. 14th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Netrokona Municipality in the district of Mymensingh, out of nine seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), four seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community, which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Burdwan.—No. 7065L.S.-G.—14th December 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under clause (*a a*) of section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 15th January 1934, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:

Draft rule.

In the Sadar local board in the district of Burdwan, out of sixteen seats, to which members are to be elected under section 9 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), three seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is hereby declared to be a minority community for the purposes of election of members to the said local board.

Burdwan.—No 7066L.S.-G. 14th December 1933. The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under clause (*a a*) of section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 15th January 1934, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:

Draft rule.

In the Kalna local board, in the district of Burdwan, out of twelve seats, to which members are to be elected under section 9 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), three seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is hereby declared to be a minority community for the purposes of election of members to the said local board.

Burdwan.—No 7067L.S.-G. 14th December 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under clause (*a a*) of section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 15th January 1934, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Katwa local board, in the district of Burdwan, out of twelve seats, to which members are to be elected under section 9 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), three seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is hereby declared to be a minority community for the purposes of election of members to the said local board.

Burdwan.—No 7068L.S.-G. 14th December 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under clause (a a) of section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2 The draft will be taken into consideration on the 15th January 1934, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Asansol local board, in the district of Burdwan, out of fourteen seats to which members are to be elected under section 9 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), one seat shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is hereby declared to be a minority community for the purposes of election of members to the said local board.

24-Parganas.—No. 7070M.—14th December 1933. In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 8 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to alter the number of Commissioners of the Titagarh Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas from ten to sixteen.

24-Parganas.—No. 7071M. 13th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 18 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that in the municipality of Titagarh, in the district of the 24-Parganas, the number of appointed Commissioners shall be increased to eight in order to secure the proper representation of the jute and other industries and of labour employed therein, within the limits of the municipality, the development of which is due to an appreciable extent to and dependent on such industries.

24-Parganas.—No. 7072M.—14th December 1933. The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under subsection (1) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft rule will be taken into consideration on the 2nd January 1934, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Titagarh Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, out of eight seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), two seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Murshidabad.—No. 7113M.—18th December 1933. In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Jiaganj-Azimganj Municipality in the district of Murshidabad, out of twelve seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), two seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Midnapore.—No. 7117L.S.-G.—18th December 1933. In exercise of the power conferred by section 7 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be members of the Midnapore district board:—

Subdivisional Officer, Sadar, *ex-officio*.
Subdivisional Officer, Tamluk, *ex-officio*.
Subdivisional Officer, Ghatal, *ex-officio*.
Subdivisional Officer, Contai, *ex-officio*.
Subdivisional Officer, Jhargram, *ex-officio*.
Major J. D. Scott.
Babu Baidya Nath Sarkar.
Rai Sambhu Chandra Dutt Bahadur.
Rai Abanti Kumar Maity Bahadur.
Babu Narasingha Malla Ugal Sanda Deb.
Maulvi Kabiruddin Ahmed.

Murshidabad.—No. 7114M.—18th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct, after consideration of the views of the Jeagung-Azimgunj Municipality at a meeting, that—

(*1*) the Jeagunj-Azimgunj Municipality, in the district of Murshidabad, shall for the purpose of election of Commissioners be divided into four wards as shown in columns 1 and 2 of the following table ; and

(*2*) those four wards of the said municipality shall be grouped into one special ward for the purpose of election to the two seats reserved for the minority community in this municipality and that the number of Commissioners to be elected from the different wards (including the special ward) of the municipality shall be as shown in columns 3 and 4 of the table :-

Name and number of ward	Boundaries or extent of ward				Number of seats other than the reserved seats shown in column 4 to which Commissioners are to be elected	Number of seats reserved for the minority community.
1	2				3	4
	Mauzas	J. L. number	Sheets	Extent of ward		
I. Bhattapara	Durgapur	7	1	Plot Nos 107 117, 589 615 617 618 and 635	2	
	Amaipur	31	1	Plot Nos 248 292 312 314 317, 319 342 to 351 and 358 364		
	Bhelladanga	33	1	Plot Nos 328 330 389 400 401 and 406		
	Mir Nasirerpole	34	1 and 2	Whole		
	Enatalibag	35	1	Whole		
	Panisali	36	II	Plot Nos 201 288 291 392 512-706 708 to 1059 1060 1062 1064 1065 1068 1070, 1072 1075 and 1077 1092		
	Mohimapur	71	1	Plot Nos 1 7 11, 46 54 61		
	Naodo	72	I	Whole		
II. Baluchar	Durgapur	7	1	Plot Nos 306 588, 622, 631-634, 636 and 639	3	
	Raghunandanbati	8	1	Plot Nos 1 112 116, 117 123 132 134, 135, 137 183, 198 329 331 349 and 351		
	Thikamahal Nizamatganj	9	1 and 2	Whole		
	Bhriguramhati	10	1	Plot Nos 33 60 and 81 86		
	Fayezpur	11	1	Whole		
	Saidaganj	12	1	Plot Nos 22 40 108 162 and 167 170		
	Nehalia	13	1	Plot Nos 174 193 and 202		
	Raichandpur	23	1	Plot Nos 69 71		
	Bagdahar	27	1	Plot Nos 1 37 160 272 274 276 and 277		
	Amaipur	31	1	Plot Nos 1 247 293 311 313 318 320 341 352 357 and 364 376		2
	Ramtanugram	32	1	Whole		
	Bhelladanga	33	1	Plot Nos 1 327, 390 399, 402 405 and 407 410		
	Panisali	36	1	Whole		
			II	Plot Nos 289 290 393 511 1063 1066 1067 1071 and 1076		
III. Manullabazar	Sadeklag	3	1	Plot Nos 2-128, 130 and 131	2	
	Debipur	4	1	Plot Nos 1 368 and 371 401		
	Kasiganj	5	1	Whole		
	Jiaganj	6	1	Plot Nos 1 132, 134 140 143 159, 215-507, 511 513, 515 516, 518 and 523		
	Durgapur	7	1	Plot Nos 1 105, 178 364, 619 621 and 623-630		
	Raghunandanbati	8	1	Plot Nos 184 197 and 350		
	Saidaganj	12	1	Plot Nos 1 21 41 107 and 163 166		
	Nehalia	13	1	Plot Nos 1 18 24 142 146 173, 194 201, 203 208, 211 and 212		
	Guljarbagh	14	1	Plot Nos 201 258		
	Bahadurpur	15	1	Plot Nos 1 23, 25 59 318 340 and 359 362		
	Azimganj	39	1 and 2	Plot Nos 6 122 132 655 656 and 669 674		
IV. Azimganj	Jiaganj	6	1	Plot Nos 508 509 and 510	3	
	Durgapur	7	1	Plot Nos 106, 616, 637 and 638		
	Fatejangpur	37	1	Plot Nos 1-5, 163, 164 166 168 and 171, and portion of plot Nos 131-133 162 169, 170, 204 and 216		
	Mansurganj	38	1	Whole		
	Azimganj	39	1 and 2	Plot Nos 1, 3 4, 5 7 12, 21-120, 121 133 331, 401-653, 654, 658-668, and 675-687		
	Baranagar	40	1	Plot Nos 202 220, 232-396, 400, 464 613, 644-656, 658-663, 665-667, 675 681 and 704 713 and portion of plot Nos 15 and 404		
	Asanpur	43	1	Plot Nos 124-135 and 146		
	Fatejangpur	44	1	Plot Nos 136-143, 145 149, 151-156, 228, 235 and 281-299.		
			II and III	Whole.		

24-Parganas.—No. 7119M.—18th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (*g*) of section 8 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to alter the number of Commissioners of the Baduria Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas from 12 to 14.

24-Parganas.—No. 7120M.—18th December 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft rule will be taken into consideration on the 2nd January 1934, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Baduria Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, out of 11 seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), five seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

24-Parganas.—No. 7123M.—18th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (*g*) of section 8 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to alter the number of Commissioners of the Barrackpore Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas from 9 to 12.

24-Parganas.—No. 7124M.—18th December 1933.—The following draft of a rule, which the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make under sub-section (*1*) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), is published for the information of person likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft rule will be taken into consideration on the 10th January 1934, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rule.

In the Barrackpore Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas, out of nine seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), two seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

Medical

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

Calcutta.—No. 3157Medl.—12th December 1933.—Lieut. R. Clarkson, I.M.D., on return from leave, is appointed as Deputy Superintendent, Campbell Medical School and Hospital, Calcutta, *vice* Dr. E. R. Hill, I.M.D.

Calcutta.—No. 3158Medl.—12th December 1933.—First class Assistant Surgeon Dr. E. R. Hill, I.M.D., Deputy Superintendent, Campbell Medical School and Hospital, Calcutta, on relief, is appointed as a House Surgeon, Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta.

Calcutta.—No. 3159Medl.—12th December 1933.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Dr. Dhirendra Nath Mazumdar, officiating House Surgeon, Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, on relief, is placed on supernumerary duty at the Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta.

Calcutta.—No. 3188Medl.—13th December 1933.—Lieut.-Col. R. Knowles, I.M.S., on return from leave *ex*-India, is re-appointed as Professor of Protozoology, School of Tropical Medicine, Calcutta.

Calcutta.—No. 3189Medl.—13th December 1933. Lieut.-Col. R. Knowles, I.M.S., Professor of Protozoology, School of Tropical Medicine, Calcutta, is appointed to act in addition to his own duties as Director of the said institution, *vice* Lieut.-Col. H. W. Acton, C.I.E., I.M.S., on leave.

Calcutta.—No. 3213Medl.—15th December 1933.—Dr. Ali Ahmed, House Physician to the Professor of Medicine, Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, is posted to the Bagerhat subdivision and dispensary, *vice* Dr. Nirmal Chandra Dewan.

Calcutta.—No. 3214Medl.—15th December 1933.—Dr. Nirmal Chandra Dewan of Bagerhat subdivision and dispensary is appointed as House Physician to the Professor of Medicine, Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, *vice* Dr. Ali Ahmed.

Calcutta.—No. 3360Medl.—18th December 1933.—Dr. E. H. Bramwells, L.D.S., Dental Surgeon, Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, is granted leave without allowances for one month, with effect from the 18th November 1933.

Calcutta.—No. 3361Medl.—18th December 1933.—Dr. H. A. Taylor is appointed to act as Dental Surgeon, Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, during the absence, on leave, of Dr. E. H. Bramwells.

Calcutta.—No. 3149Medl.—9th December 1933.—Dr. Saileshwar Mukherji, Assistant Professor of Biology, Medical College, Calcutta, is allowed leave on average pay for two months and three days (entirely on account of privilege leave), under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 20th October 1933.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

Howrah.—No. 3152Medl.—9th December 1933.—The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the Assistant Commercial Manager, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, Shalimar, as an *ex-officio* member of the committee for the management of the Howrah General Hospital, *vice* the Assistant Engineer, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, Shalimar, resigned.

No. 3356Medl.—18th December 1933.—The following orders regulating the nomination of candidates for election to the Indian Medical Councils under clause (*c*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 3 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1933, are published for the information of the public:—

1. (*1*) Any person whose name is on the electoral roll may be nominated as a candidate for election.

(*2*) Such nomination shall be made by means of a nomination paper which shall be supplied by the Returning Officer* to any elector who may apply for the same.

(*3*) Each nomination paper shall be subscribed by two electors as proposer and seconder:

Provided that no elector shall subscribe more nomination papers than one:

Provided also that if more than one nomination paper be subscribed by the same elector, the nomination paper first received by the Returning Officer shall, if otherwise in order, be held to be valid, and if more than one nomination paper signed by the same elector be received simultaneously by the Returning Officer, all of such nomination papers shall be held to be invalid.

On receipt of each nomination paper the Returning Officer shall forthwith endorse thereon the date and hour of receipt.

2. Nomination papers which are not received by the Returning Officer at his office before 12 noon on Saturday, the 13th January 1934, shall be rejected.

3. (*1*) The Returning Officer* shall examine the nomination papers on Monday, the 15th January 1934, at 2 p.m., and may either of his own motion or on objection made, decide all questions which may arise as to the validity of any nomination and his decision on any such question shall, subject to the provision of order 6, be final.

(*2*) Every candidate and his proposer and seconder may attend the office of the Returning Officer on the date and at the hour specified in sub-clause (*1*) above and the Returning Officer* shall allow them to examine the nomination papers of all candidates which have been received by him as aforesaid.

4. If only one candidate is duly nominated, the Returning Officer* shall forthwith declare such candidate to be elected.

5. Any infringement by the proposer or seconder of order 1 endorsed on the nomination paper or any incompleteness in the entries required of him in respect of nomination will make the nomination paper invalid.

6. The decision of the Governor in Council on any question that may arise as to the intention, construction or application of these orders shall be final.

*Rai Sahib R M. Das, No. 21, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.

ERRATUM.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

Rangpur.—No. 3162Medl.—12th December 1933.—In this department notification No. 2452Medl., dated the 15th September 1933, published on page 1324 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st idem, regarding appointment of certain gentlemen as members of the committee for the management of the Kurigram Homeopathic Charitable Dispensary in the district of Rangpur, *read* "The Subdivisional Officer, Kurigram (*ex-officio*), President" *for* "Babu Girish Chandra Das, Subdivisional Officer, Kurigram, President."

Public Health.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

No. 2102P.H.—14th December 1933.—Rai Sahib Kshitish Chandra Banerji, A.M.I.E., (Ind.), Executive Engineer, Public Health Department, is allowed leave for twenty-eight months, viz., leave on average pay for six months and leave on half average pay for the remaining period, under rule 6 of the Bengal Services (Compulsory Retirement) Rules, 1933, with effect from the 23rd December 1933.

Calcutta.—No. 2160P.H.—18th December 1933.—Rao Bahadur V. Govinda Raju, Superintendent, Bengal Vaccine Laboratory, is allowed leave on average pay, under Fundamental Rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*), for one month and fifteen days, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

H. P. V. TOWNEND,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

*Rai Sahib R. M. Das, No. 21, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.

CALCUTTA, THE 18TH DECEMBER 1933.

RESOLUTION—No. 2138P.H.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

By resolution No. 2138P.H., dated 10th June 1921, and No. 2500P.H., dated 22nd December 1932, the Sanitary Board, Bengal, was reconstituted with six *ex-officio* and nine nominated members. The term of office of the members other than *ex-officio* members was fixed for one year. It was also directed that at least one of the nominated members of the Board should be a Muhammadan. The term of office of the existing nominated members having expired, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to appoint the following lady and gentlemen to be members of the Board:—

The Chief Medical Officer, Eastern Bengal Railway.

Rai Upendra Nath Brahmachari Bahadur.

Rai Gopal Chandra Chatterji Bahadur.

Dr. Taraknath Majumdar, L.M.S., D.P.H., D.T.M., F.C.S., representative of the Council of Medical Registration and the State Medical Faculty Bengal.

Dr. T. Ahmed, M.B. (Cal.), D.O.M.S. (London), F.R.C.S. (Edin.), representative of the Council of Medical Registration and the State Medical Faculty, Bengal.

Mr. F. C. Temple, C.I.F.

Dr. (Mrs.) Mary H. Y. Remfrey.

Dr. B. N. Ghosh, L.M.S. (Cal.), F.R. F.P. & S. (Glas.), L.M. (Dublin).

Dr. E. Muir.

They will hold office for one year with effect from the date of this resolution.

ORDER.- Ordered that a copy of the above resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* for general information.

By order of the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government),

H. P. V. TOWNEND,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Darjeeling. — No. 3540Edn.—14th December 1933.—Mr. A. M. Mathews is appointed temporarily to act as English Master, Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong, with effect from the date on which the school reopens after the winter vacation of 1933-34 or any subsequent date on which he joins the appointment, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. T. W. Clark, or until further orders.

No. 3558Edn.—16th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 6, sub-section (*1*), clause (*c*), and section 10 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), as amended by the Calcutta University Act, 1921 (VII of 1921), His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to nominate Lt.-Col. E. W. O'G. Kirwan, M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., to be an Ordinary Fellow of the University, *vice* Dr. Birendra Nath Ghosh, F.R.F.P.S. (Glasgow), resigned.

Dacca.—No. 3562Edn.—18th December 1933.—In pursuance of section 10(*1*) of the Dacca University Act, 1920 (XVIII of 1920), His Excellency the Chancellor of the Dacca University is pleased to reappoint Professor George Harry Langley, M.A., as Vice-Chancellor of the University for the further period from 1st January to 30th June 1934.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Mr. K. Nazim-ud-Din, C.I.E.

Calcutta.—No. 3523Edn.—13th December 1933.- The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint the following gentleman to be a member of the Bengal Sanskrit Association, constituted in terms of resolution No. 742Edn., dated 4th March 1933: —

Distinguished Pandits from Rajshahi Division—

Pandit Ram Narayan Tarkatirtha of Dinajpur town, *vice* Pandit Sarada Charan Kabyatirtha, deceased.

Calcutta.—No. 3561Edn. – 18th December 1933.—Babu Prabodh Chandra Ganguly, Assistant Head Master, Hindu School, Calcutta, is appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service as Head Master of the school, with effect from 9th November 1933, or any subsequent date on which he joined the appointment, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Nagendra Nath Majumdar, or until further orders.

Miscellaneous.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2507Mis.—13th December 1933.—The following draft of rules which in exercise of the power conferred by clause (*b*) of sub-section (*2*) of section 27 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (Bengal Act VI of 1933), the Governor in Council proposes to make for the care, treatment, instruction, maintenance and supervision of girls placed in the institutions prescribed as places of suitable custody by an order of Court under sub-sections (*1*) and (*2*) of section 14 of the said Act, are hereby published for general information.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 20th January 1934, and any objection or suggestion with respect

thereto which may be received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft rules.

1. Inmates of such Homes shall not be allowed to receive visitors or letters without the express permission of the Lady Superintendent in charge, who shall refer all doubtful cases to a Deputy Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate, as the case may be. Inmates whose attendance is required before the police or before a Court shall be permitted to leave the Homes for this purpose only on receipt of a written requisition signed by a Deputy Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, or of a summons issued by a Court of competent jurisdiction. Inmates shall be accompanied by the Lady Superintendent if practicable.

2. The Lady Superintendent shall take every inmate to the Lady Doctor at the Dufferin Hospital or at a local hospital as the case may be, for examination as soon as possible after admission. Inmates found to be suffering from specific diseases shall be kept as far as practicable separate from the other inmates. Inmates suffering from minor ailments requiring medical attention shall be taken by the Lady Superintendent to the Dufferin Hospital (Out-patient Department), or at a local hospital as the case may be, for treatment as out-patients. In case of serious illness inmates shall be taken to the nearest hospital for admission and immediate intimation shall be sent to a Deputy Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate, as the case may be.

3. In the case of the death of any inmate, the circumstances of the case shall be immediately reported to the Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate as the case may be.

4. The Lady Superintendent, assisted by the Matrons, if any, shall take every care to prevent the exercise of evil influences by inmates of bad character on the other inmates.

5. Each inmate shall have a separate bed or floor space of not less than 8 × 5 square feet. They shall wear the clothing supplied by the Lady Superintendent. Every effort shall be made to instil in their minds the habit of cleanliness and tidiness.

6. Plain wholesome food shall be supplied to the inmates according to their caste scruples, if any.

7. Suitable employment, with proper intervals for rest and recreation, shall be found for the inmates. The employment shall include house work, sewing, etc. A portion of the day shall be devoted to giving the inmates such simple education as is consistent with their age and capacity.

8. The Homes shall be kept under the purdah system, except where the social custom of the inmates demands different treatment, and no visitors shall be permitted to interview any of its inmates except in the Lady Superintendent's offices and in her presence.

This cancels Notification No. 2310Mis., dated the 12th September 1927.

No. 2518Mis.—13th December 1933.—The following draft of rules which in exercise of the power conferred by clauses (e) and (f) of sub-section (2) of section 27 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (Bengal Act VI of 1933), the Governor in Council proposes to make for the boarding out or licensing by the managers of the institutions prescribed as suitable custody, of girls placed in such custody under section 14 of the said Act, and providing for the supervision of such girls when boarded out or licensed and also providing for bonds to be taken from persons with whom such girls are boarded out or who take them on licence, are hereby published for general information.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 20th January 1934, and any objection or suggestion with respect thereto which may be received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered.

Draft rules.

1. When it appears to the Lady Superintendent that any girl may be licensed under these rules, she shall place before the managers full particulars regarding the past history, character and conduct of the girl together with suggestion for her employment on licence.

2. If the managers are satisfied that there is reasonable probability that a girl will abstain from crime and lead a useful and industrious life, they may, with the consent in writing of the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, grant her a written licence in the form annexed to these rules and subject to the conditions specified in the licence, permitting her to live under the supervision and authority of such—

(a) officer of Government,

(b) secular institution,

(c) religious society, or

(d) responsible person

as may be willing to take charge of her and is in the opinion of the managers suitable and trustworthy. The licensee shall sign an undertaking in the form annexed to these rules.

Provided that

(1) if in any case the Commissioner of Police, or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, withholds his consent to the recommendation of the managers, he shall report to Government, his reasons for not accepting the recommendation;

(2) no girl shall be compelled by licence to live under the supervision and authority of a religious society professing a religion other

than the religion of the girl against her expressed wishes or those of her guardian, if any.

3. While under licence the girl shall be under the supervision of a person to be nominated by the managers. The persons so nominated shall submit periodical inspection reports regarding the girl licensed at least once every quarter. His reports shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of Police, or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, by the managers with their observations, if any.

4. (1) The managers shall sit at least once a month to consider cases for licensing girls and their decisions for such licensing shall be forwarded without delay by the Lady Superintendent to the Commissioner of Police, or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, for his consent together with full particulars regarding each girl.

(2) The managers shall make a recommendation to the Commissioner of Police, or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, as to the authority and supervision under which the girl is to live on licence. On receiving his consent they shall issue necessary orders with the least possible delay. Such orders must in any case reach the Lady Superintendent before the girl can be licensed.

(3) A copy of the licence order, together with full particulars regarding the girl, shall be sent by the Lady Superintendent to the officer of Government, secular institution, religious society or responsible person, as the case may be, under whose supervision and authority the girl is to live on licence.

5. (1) Whenever a licence is revoked, a report shall be submitted to the Commissioner of Police, or the District Magistrate, as the case may be. A girl, whose licence has been revoked, may again be considered for licence.

(2) If a girl removes herself from the supervision of the institution, society, or person under which she was by licence permitted to live, her licence shall be deemed to have been revoked from the date on which she has so removed herself. A report regarding the matter shall forthwith be sent to the Commissioner of Police, or the District Magistrate as the case may be, and the nearest police-station.

(3) The licence may be cancelled without notice by the managers if it appears to them that the licensee has failed to observe the conditions mentioned in the undertaking signed by him or if the inspection reports show that for any reason it is in the interests of the girl to return to the institutions concerned.

6. Any police officer not below the rank of Sub-Inspector may, without orders from a Magistrate and without warrant, arrest a girl who has removed herself from the supervision of the institution, society or person under which she was permitted to live by licence under these rules and shall send her, if so arrested, in custody to the institution concerned.

7. The Lady Superintendent shall maintain a register of girls licensed out with dates of orders passed by the Commissioner of Police, or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, and also with dates of inspection of such girls and dates of receipt of reports from the person to whom they have been licensed.

Form of Licence.

(See rule 2.)

Whereas A B is at present detained in the under a warrant from the Court, dated and whereas the said A B has conducted herself to the satisfaction of the managers and whereas C D being a trustworthy person (an employer of labour) (or in charge of School) is willing to take charge of the said A B and has signed a suitable undertaking to keep the said A B employed at the occupation of a . These presents witness that the said A B is hereby licensed to live under the charge of C D for a term of from this date subject to the provision of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933, and the rules thereunder and the conditions herein specified.

Conditions.

(i) This licence shall remain in force for only, but it may be renewed from time to time at the option of the employer.

(ii) The licence may be cancelled at the desire of the employer.

(iii) The licence is moreover determined by—

(a) the death of the employer;

(b) his cessation from business;

(c) the expiration of the period for which the girl can be detained in the institution.

(iv) The licence may be cancelled without notice by the managers, if it appears to them that the employer has failed to observe the term of his undertaking, or that it is in the interests of the girl to return to the institution concerned.

(v) A girl who escapes from the charge of her employer may be arrested by any police officer, not below the rank of Sub-Inspector without a warrant, and shall be returned to the institution concerned. Any such escape shall be reported to the Lady Superintendent immediately.

(vi) A licensed girl who once escapes shall not be again considered for licence until at least three months have expired and until she has earned a good report.

Form of bond to be signed by Licensee.

(See rule 2.)

I, of do hereby declare that I am willing to take charge of aged at present detained in the under a warrant from the Court, dated the .

(i) I have read, I understand, and I will observe the terms of the licence.

(ii) I will do my best for the welfare of the girl; and will make proper provision for her maintenance. I undertake to give her regular (work under supervision at with not less than monthly remuneration) (education) (training as).

(iii) If the girl's conduct, health or work is unsatisfactory, I will at once inform the managers through the Lady Superintendent of the institution concerned; and I will return her to the institution on my own initiative or if called upon to do so.

(iv) In the event of the girl's illness she shall have proper medical attention in the nearest hospital or be returned to the institution concerned.

(v) The girl will be under the supervision of a person to be nominated by the managers, who shall be allowed to visit her at any reasonable time.

(vi) The girl shall be free to follow the observances of her own religion, and I will report on her progress every month

Signed

Witnessed

H. R WILKINSON,

Secy. to the Govt of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Bengal Educational Service

Calcutta.—No. 57B. 8th December 1933. —Babu Nagendra Nath Majumdar, Head Master, Hindu School, Calcutta, in the Bengal Educational Service, is granted, under Article 325A of the Civil Service Regulations, furlough on average salary on medical certificate for one month and fourteen days, with effect from 9th November 1933.

2. He is permitted to suffix to his leave, the ensuing Christmas and the New Year's Day holidays, extending from 23rd December 1933 to 1st January 1934, provided the conditions prescribed in Article 220 of the Civil Service Regulations are fulfilled.

Midnapore-Bankura. —No. 58B — 12th December 1933.—Babu Sanjib Chandra Basu, Subdivisional Inspector of Schools, Midnapore Sadar, now officiating District Inspector of Schools, Bankura, and in the Bengal Educational Service, is granted under Fundamental Rule 81 (b) (ii) leave on average pay for four months, with effect from 2nd January 1934.

He is permitted to prefix to his leave the Christmas and New Year's Day holidays extending from 23rd December 1933 to 1st January 1934, provided the conditions prescribed in Subsidiary Rules 206 to 208 are fulfilled.

Chittagong.—No. 59B. 12th December 1933.—Shamsul-Ulama Moulana Muhammad Amin Abbasi, Special Arabic Lecturer, Chittagong Madrasah, in the Bengal Educational Service, is granted leave for the period from 25th January 1934 to 25th March 1934, viz., leave on average pay for thirteen days, under Fundamental Rules 81(b)(ii) and 82(b) and leave on half average pay for the remaining period, under Fundamental Rule 81(d).

2. He is permitted to prefix to his leave the Ramzan vacation of the Chittagong Madrasah extending from 16th December 1933 to 24th January 1934

Rajshahi Divn.—No. 61B. 12th December 1933.—Khan Sahib Maulvi Mahtabuddin Ahmed, officiating Second Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi Division, in the Bengal Educational Service, is granted under Fundamental Rule 81 (b) (ii) leave on average pay for one month and fourteen days, with effect from 2nd January 1934.

2. He is permitted to prefix to his leave the Christmas and the New Year's Day holidays extending from 23rd December 1933 to 1st January 1934, provided the conditions prescribed in Subsidiary Rules 206 to 208 are fulfilled.

Darjeeling. — No. 62B. 12th December 1933. —Mrs. G. E. Clerk, Preparatory School Mistress, Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong, in the scale of Rs. 220—15—370, is declared, under the proviso to Fundamental Rule 81 (b) (ii), to have been on leave on average pay on medical certificate for the period from 4th October 1933 to 7th October 1933.

2. She was permitted to suffix to her leave Sunday, the 8th October 1933, provided the conditions prescribed in Subsidiary Rules 206 to 208 were fulfilled.

J. M. BOTTOMLEY,

Director of Public Instrn., Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

Mymensingh.—No. 574.—7th December 1933.—Babu Bimal Chandra Nag, Sub-Registrar, on leave, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Mirzapur, in the district of Mymensingh.

Mymensingh.—No. 575.—7th December 1933.—Maulvi Mazharul Haq (No. III), Sub-Registrar of Mirzapur, in the district of Mymensingh, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Ghatail, in the same district, during the absence, on leave, of the permanent incumbent, or until further orders

Mymensingh.—No. 576.- 8th December 1933.—Maulvi Abul Mozaffar Ashraf Ali, Sub-Registrar of Ghatail, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

Howrah.—No. 577. 8th December 1933.—Babu Ahindra Nath Mukherji, Sub-Registrar attached to Howrah, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Uluberia, in the same district, with effect from the afternoon of the 13th November 1933, during the absence, on deputation for military training, of Mr. Birendra Krishna Basu, or until further orders.

Dinajpur.—No. 578.—8th December 1933.—Babu Priya Gopal Chaki, Sub-Registrar of Lahiri Hat, in the district of Dinajpur, is allowed leave on average pay for three weeks, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 480, dated the 5th October 1933.

Mymensingh.—No. 579.—8th December 1933.—Maulvi Khalilur Rahman Khan Eusafzai, Sub-Registrar attached to Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for twelve days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department No. 527, dated the 14th November 1933.

Bakarganj. — No. 580.--14th December 1933.—Babu Mohini Ranjan Bhattacharji, Sub-Registrar of Sarupkati, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-one days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd December 1933

This cancels this department notification No. 544, dated the 23rd November 1933.

Bakarganj. — No. 581. -- 14th December 1933.—Maulvi Hakimuddin Ahmed, Sub-Registrar, under orders of transfer to Rajapur, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for fifteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 518, dated the 7th November 1933.

Jessore.—No. 582.—14th December 1933.—Maulvi Badiuzzaman, Sub-Registrar attached to Jessore, is allowed leave on average pay for nine days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 550, dated the 27th November 1933.

Midnapore.—No. 583.— 14th December 1933.—Maulvi Abdul Bari, Sub-Registrar of Khazri, in the district of Midnapore, is allowed leave on average pay, for three days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 20th December 1933.

24-Parganas - Khulna.—No. 584. — 14th December 1933.—Babu Kunja Behari Chakrabatti, formerly Sub-Registrar of Naihati, in the district of the 24-Parganas, under orders of transfer to Kalaroa, in the district of Khulna, is allowed leave on half average pay for twenty nine days, under rule 81 (*d*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in his department notification No. 519, dated the 7th November 1933.

Bakarganj. — No. 585. — 14th December 1933.—Babu Hara Prasad Chakrabatti, Sub-Registrar attached to Barisal (Bakarganj), officiating as Sub-Registrar of Amtali, in the same district, is allowed leave on average pay for six days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No 554, dated the 29th November 1933.

Murshidabad.—No. 586.- -14th December 1933.—Maulvi Saiyid Zaki Reza, Sub-Registrar of Kandi, in the district of Murshidabad, is allowed leave on average pay for ten days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 556, dated the 30th November 1933.

Bakarganj.—No. 587.- -16th December 1933.—Babu Surendra Nath Ghosh, Sub-Registrar of Golachipa in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for five days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

24-Parganas-Khulna.—No. 588.- 16th December 1933.—Babu Murali Kanta Banarji Chaudhuri, Sub-Registrar attached to Alipore, 24-Parganas, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Islamkati, in the district of Khulna, with effect from the 30th November 1933, during the absence, on leave, of the permanent incumbent, or until further orders.

Khulna.—No. 589.—16th December 1933.—Babu Sasadhar Pramanik, Sub-Registrar of Kachua in the district of Khulna, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934

Noakhali.—No. 590.—16th December 1933.—Maulvi Habibar Rahman (No. 1), Sub-Registrar of Lakshmipur in the district of Noakhali, is allowed leave on average pay for two months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

Chittagong-Noakhali.—No. 591.—16th December 1933.—Maulvi Shamsul Huda, Sub-Registrar attached to Chittagong, officiating at Chagalnaya, in the district of Noakhali, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Lakshmipur, in the same district, with effect from the 2nd January 1934, during the absence, on leave, of the permanent incumbent, or until further orders.

Burdwan.—No. 592.—16th December 1933.—Maulvi Muhammad Habiluddin, Sub-Registrar of Khandaghose, in the district of Burdwan, is allowed leave on average pay for four days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 19th December 1933.

Noakhali.—No. 593.—16th December 1933.—Mr. Vincent Gilbert Andrews, Sadar Joint Sub-Registrar of Noakhali, is allowed leave on average pay for two days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, on the 7th and 8th December 1933.

Murshidabad.—No. 594.—16th December 1933.—Maulvi Saiyid Abul Matahar, Sub-Registrar of Kandi in the district of Murshidabad, under orders of transfer to Bharatpore, in the same district, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-two days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 479, dated the 5th October 1933.

Midnapore.—No. 595.—16th December 1933.—Babu Jamini Kanta Bakshi, Sub-Registrar of Anandpur in the district of Midnapore, is allowed leave on average pay for four days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, from the 4th December 1933 to the 7th December 1933 (inclusive).

Tippera.—No. 596.—16th December 1933. Babu Prafulla Chandra Sen, No. II, Sub-Registrar of Chandina in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on average pay for five days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

Chittagong-Noakhali.—No. 597.—16th December 1933.—Babu Anukul Chandra Datta, Sub-Registrar of Anwara in the district of Chittagong, is appointed to be 3rd Joint Sub-Registrar of Feni, at Lemua, in the district of Noakhali.

Jessore.—No. 598.—16th December 1933.—Maulvi Ahmadali, No. I, Sub-Registrar of Sripur in the district of Jessore, is allowed leave on average pay for three months, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

Calcutta-Jessore.—No. 599.—16th December 1933.—Babu Saurindra Nath Sen, Sub-Registrar attached to Calcutta, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Sripur, in the district of Jessore, with effect from the 2nd January 1934, during the absence, on leave, of the permanent incumbent, or until further orders.

Midnapore.—No. 600.—16th December 1933.—Maulvi Shaikh Yusufali, Sub-Registrar of Contai in the district of Midnapore, is allowed leave on average pay for sixteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

Bankura.—No. 601.—16th December 1933.—Maulvi Saiyid Dilwarali Mirza, Sub-Registrar of Sonamukhi in the district of Bankura, is allowed leave on average pay for sixteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

Bankura.—No. 602.—16th December 1933. Babu Gauri Sankar Mukharji, Sub-Registrar attached to Bankura is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Sonamukhi, in the same district, with effect from the 2nd January 1934, during the absence, on leave, of the permanent incumbent, or until further orders.

Bakarganj.—No. 603.—16th December 1933.—Maulvi Md. Velayetali Khan, officiating Sub-Registrar of Barguna in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for one month and seven days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

Bakarganj.—No. 604.—16th December 1933.—Maulvi Hakim-un-din Ahmad, Sub-Registrar, on leave, under orders of transfer to Rajapur in the district of Bakarganj, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Barguna, in the same district, with effect from the 2nd January 1934, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Md Velayetali Khan, or until further orders.

Hooghly.—No. 605.—16th December 1933.—Babu Sailendra Nath Sil, Sub-Registrar attached to Chinsurah, in the district of Hooghly, is allowed leave on average pay for thirty days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

Dacca.—No. 606.—16th December 1933.—Babu Saroj Prasanna Gupta, Sub-Registrar of Manikganj in the district of Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay for seven days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

S. AHMED,

Inspr.-Genl. of Registration, Bengal.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Audit.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No 6750F. 13th December 1933. — In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Fundamental Rules and rules 41, 42 and 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Governor in Council and acting with his Ministers is pleased to make the following amendments in the Subsidiary Rules made under Fundamental Rule 44:—

Amendments.

For the note under Subsidiary Rule 172 and *for* note 2 under Subsidiary Rule 174 the following shall be *substituted*:—

Note.—Half of the daily allowance admissible under this rule may be drawn in addition to mileage on the same day when a journey by means of locomotion provided at the expense of Government, a local fund, etc., is preceded or succeeded by a railway or steamer journey or a road journey exceeding 20 miles or a combined journey for which mileage allowance would be admissible under Subsidiary Rule 81

No. 6757F. 13th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rules 41, 42 and 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules (hereinafter referred to as the said rules), and with the previous sanction of the Secretary of State for India in Council obtained in accordance with sub-rule (1) of rule 9 of the said rules, the Governor in Council and acting with his Ministers is pleased to direct that the amendments to Fundamental Rules 45A and 45B, published in the Government of India, Finance Department, notification No. F. 3(23)-R.1/31, dated the 4th December 1931, being amendments made by the Secretary of State in Council in the Fundamental Rules after the introduction of the said rules, shall apply and, from the date on which they were made by the Secretary of State in Council, shall be deemed always to have applied to the services in respect of which power to make rules is delegated to the local Government in the said rules.

D. GLADDING,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 6674Com.—14th December 1933.—The following draft of an amendment which, in exercise of the power conferred by section 33 of the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923 (VIII of 1923), the Governor in Council proposes to make, in the rules published under this department notification No. 3426 Com., dated the 3rd July 1924, is published, as required by section 34 of the said Act, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft amendment will be taken into consideration on or after the 21st March 1934. Any objection or suggestion with regard thereto received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered.

Draft amendments.

After Chapter II *add* the following chapter, namely:—

CHAPTER III.

Statements regarding fatal accidents.

1. The notice to be sent to a workman's employer by a Commissioner under sub-section (*1*) of section 10A of the Act shall be in Form X and shall be accompanied by a copy of Form Y.

2. The statement to be submitted by an employer under section 10A shall be in Form Y.

Draft Form A.

Whereas I have received information that* ———————————————a workman employed by you in †————————— has died as the result of an accident arising out of and in the course of employment, I hereby require you in accordance with section 10A of the Workmen's Compensation Act 1923, to submit to me within thirty days of the receipt of this notice the enclosed form with the particulars required in paragraphs 1 and 2 and the particulars required in *either* paragraph 3 *or* paragraph 4 duly filled in. In the event of your admitting liability to pay compensation, the necessary deposit must under section 10A (*2*) of the Act, be made within thirty days of the receipt of this notice

Commissioner

for Workmen's Compensation.

*Insert name of workman.
†Insert name of establishment.

Draft Form B.

1. In reply to your notice, dated the——— ——19———which was received by me on the————— 19—— ———it is submitted that*——————————— residing at (if available, home address)- ——————— — a workman over/under 15 years of age employed in †——— ——— ——— met with an accident on the—— ——— ——— 19——as a result of which he died on the ——————— 19— —. The monthly wages of the deceased amounted to Rs.— — — .

2. The circumstances in which the deceased met his death were as follows— — — —

——— ——— — —— — —

——— ——— — — —

‡3. I admit liability to pay as compensation, on account of the deceased's death, the amount Rs.—— — which was/will be deposited by my agent —— —— —— —— ——with you on/before the— — — ——— — — — — 19——.

‡4. I disclaim liability to pay compensation on account of the deceased's death on the following grounds: — — — — — — — —

— — — — — —

— — — — — — — — —

— — — —

— — — — — *Employer*

— — —

Certificate of Approval.

No. 6561Com. — 13th December 1933.—With reference to rule 7 of the rules issued by the Government of India with their Resolution No. 7552—7581-121, dated the 15th September 1913, for regulating the grant by Local Governments of licences to prospect for minerals and the grant of mining leases in British India, it is hereby certified that Messrs. The Indo-Burma Petroleum Co., Ltd., Rangoon, are approved by the Government of Bengal as a fit and proper person to whom such licences or leases can be granted in the Presidency of Bengal.

2. Under rule 8 of the aforesaid rules this certificate will expire at midnight on the 31st of December 1934.

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*Insert name of workman.

†Insert name of establishment.

‡One of these paragraphs to be struck out.

No. 6526Com. — 13th December 1933.—With reference to rule 7 of the rules issued by the Government of India with their Resolution No. 7552—7581-121, dated the 15th September 1913, for regulating the grant by Local Governments of licences to prospect for minerals and the grant of mining leases in British India, it is hereby certified that Messrs. The Burmah Oil Company, Limited (Scotland), are approved by the Government of Bengal as a fit and proper person to whom such licences or leases can be granted in the Presidency of Bengal.

2. Under rule 8 of the aforesaid rules this certificate will expire at midnight on the 31st of December 1934.

R. N. GILCHRIST,

Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 32Mne.—1st December 1933.—The following amendment made by the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta under subsection (*1*) of section 126 of the Calcutta Port Act, 1890 (Bengal Act III of 1890), to the by-law regulating the landing and discharge of petroleum in the port of Calcutta, published under this department notification No. 17Mne., dated the 16th May 1933, subject to the confirmation of the local Government, is published for general information, as required by sub-section (*1*) of the said section 126.

2. The by-law will be taken into consideration on the expiry of a month after the first publication of this notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and any suggestion or objection with regard thereto received by the undersigned within that period will be considered:—

Draft amendment.

Add the following to the note appearing at the end of the said by-law, viz.:—

"or to petroleum having a flash point of not less than 76°F by Abel's close test discharged at the petroleum berth in King George's Dock."

No. 33Mne.—9th December 1933.—It is hereby notified under the provisions of section 6 of the Calcutta Port Act, 1890, that Mr A. L. B. Tucker of Messrs Kilburn and Company has been elected by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce to be a Commissioner for the Port of Calcutta, *vice* Mr. G. W. Leeson, resigned.

R. N. GILCHRIST,

Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Establishment.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Nawab K. G. M. Faroqui, Khan Bahadur.

No. 62.—7th December 1933.—Rai Sahib Faquir Chand Jali, Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department in Sikim, is granted, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for the 11th September 1933, in extension of the leave already granted to him in notification No. 19T., dated the 25th September 1933.

No. 63.—8th December 1933.—Babu Manmohan Sen Gupta, officiating Executive Engineer, Chittagong Division, is, on being reverted to his substantive appointment as Assistant Engineer, allowed, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for seven weeks from the 1st December 1933, or any subsequent date from which he may avail himself of the leave.

No. 64.—8th December 1933.—Babu Jogendra Kumar Guha, Assistant Engineer, is, in the interest of the public service, transferred from the Dacca to the Chittagong Division in the Eastern Circle and appointed to officiate as Executive Engineer of the Chittagong Division, until further orders.

L. R. FAWCUS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Establishment.

NOTIFICATION

No. 14-C.I.E.—12th December 1933.—Babu Khirode Chandra Das, Assistant Engineer, is, on return from leave, posted to the Cossye Division.

B. L. SUBARWAL, for *Chief Engineer (offg.).*

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

Orders by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

No. 19423A. — 15th December 1933.—Rai Sahib Jamini Kumar Biswas, officiating Deputy Director of Agriculture, Eastern Circle, is granted leave on average pay for three months, with effect from 1st December 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 19452A. — 16th December 1933.—Rai Sahib Surendra Nath Bose, Superintendent of Sericulture, Malda, is granted leave on average pay for two months from the 1st December 1933, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same, under Fundamental Rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*).

K. McLEAN,
Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

Orders by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

No. 80L.—15th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Bankirhat Co-operative Bank (registered No. 575 of 1917), in the subdivision Serajganj, in the district of Pabna, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Serajganj, to be liquidator of the said society.

No 81L. 15th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Kanainagar Uttar Jannagarpara Co-operative Bank (registered No. 150 of 1916), in the subdivision Meherpur in the district of Nadia, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Departmental Officer in charge of Co-operative Societies, Meherpur, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 82L.—15th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Hatiya Tantubai Co-operative Samity (registered No. 43/Nadia of 1926), in the subdivision Kushtea, in the district of Nadia, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Departmental Officer in charge of Co-operative Societies, Kushtea Circle, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 83L.—15th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Molandi Utterpara Co-operative Bank (registered No. 841 of 1920), in the subdivision Meherpur, in the district of Nadia, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Departmental Officer in charge of Co-operative Societies, Meherpur Circle, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 84L.—15th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Gazipur Kandi Joutha Bank (registered No. 177 of 1927), in the subdivision Chandpur, in the district of Tippera, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Departmental Officer in charge of Co-operative Societies, Chandpur Circle, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 85L.—15th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Khampar Joutha Bank (registered No. 19 of 1927), in the subdivision Chandpur, in the district of Tippera, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Departmental Officer in charge of Co-operative Societies, Chandpur Circle, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 86L.—15th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Begumganj Kazirkhil Joutha Bank (registered No. 52 of 1927), in the subdivision Sadar, in the district of Noakhali, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Noakhali, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 87L.—15th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Mithasari Samabaya Krishi O Upanibash Samity (registered No. 237 of 1927), in the subdivision Cox's Bazar, in the district of Chittagong, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Departmental Officer in charge of Co-operative Colonization Societies, Chittagong, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 88L.—15th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Sakalbaha Joutha Dugdha Sarabaraha Samity, Limited (registered No. 18-Ch. of 1929), in the subdivision Sadar, in the district of Chittagong, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Departmental Officer in charge of Co-operative Milk Supply Societies, Chittagong, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 89L.—15th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held in the constitution, working and financial condition of the Chandgaon Joutha Dugdha Sarabaraha Samity, Limited (registered No. 8-Ch. of 1930), in the subdivision Sadar, in the district of Chittagong, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Departmental Officer in charge of Co-operative Milk Supply Societies, Chittagong, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 90L.—15th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Pachalaish Joutha Dugdha Sarabaraha Samity, Limited (registered No. 7-Ch. of 1930), in the subdivision Sadar, in the district of Chittagong, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Departmental Officer in charge of Co-operative Milk Societies, Chittagong, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 91L.—15th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Jaigir Mahal Joutha Samity (registered No. 101/Khulna of 19), in the subdivision Sadar, in the district of Khulna, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Khulna, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 92L.—16th December 1933. Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Dakhin Radhapore Joutha Bank (registered No. 104/Midnapore of 1925), in the subdivision Contai in the district of Midnapore, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Auditor of Co-operative Societies, Mugberia, to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 93L.—16th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Gopinathbati Samabaya Samity (registered No. 77/Burdwan of 1926), in the subdivision Sadar in the district of Burdwan, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Departmental Officer in charge of Burdwan Circle to be liquidator of the said society.

No. 94L.—16th December 1933.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Dhulauri Gramya Dhana Bhandar (registered No. 124 of 1913), in the subdivision Sadar in the district of Pabna, under sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Auditor in charge of liquidation work, Pabna, to be liquidator of the said society.

Erratum. — No. 13301.—16th December 1933.—In this office notification No. 67L., dated the 9th November 1933, published in page 1661 of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 16th November 1933, *for* "the Departmental Officer in charge of Co-operative Societies, Chittagong" please *read* "the Departmental Officer in charge of Milk Societies, Chittagong."

No. 13305. 16th December 1933.—In modification of this office notification as noted below relating to the appointment of liquidator in respect of societies under liquidation noted against each in Mymensingh (Sadar) Circle, I hereby appoint the Departmental Officer in charge of Co-operative Societies, Mymensingh, to be the liquidator of the said societies:—

(1) Mymensingh Co-operative Stores, Ltd., Registrar's order, No. 438, dated 13th January 1932.

(2) Tilatya Gramya Dharma Bhandar, Registrar's order, No. 438, dated 13th January 1932.

(3) Tilatya Moslem Bank, Registrar's order, No. 438, dated 13th January 1932.

(4) Dhamta Gramya Mahajani Sabha, Registrar's order, No. 438, dated 13th January 1932.

(5) Kalika Joutha Bank, Registrar's order, No. 438, dated 13th January 1932.

(6) Kismat Mahajani Sabha, Registrar's order, No. 6050, dated 10th June 1932.

(7) Banipur Joutha Bank, Registrar's order, No. 6050, dated 10th June 1932.

(8) Sonargram Joutha Bank, Registrar's order, No. 6050, dated 10th June 1932.

(9) Kharicha Samabaya Samity, Registrar's order, No. 438, dated 13th January 1932.

(10) Belmakura Joutha Bank, Registrar's order, No. 438, dated 13th January 1932.

(11) Amudabad Joutha Bank, Registrar's order, No. 438, dated 13th January 1932.

(12) Mymensingh Central Co-operative Sale and Supply Society, Ltd., Registrar's order, No. 44L., dated 8th September 1930

(13) Dubail Uttarpara Joutha Bank, Registrar's order, No. 438, dated 13th January 1932.

(14) Bahadurpur Krishi Samabaya Bank, Registrar's order, No. 438, dated 13th January 1932.

(15) Sonakhali Joutha Bank, Registrar's order, No. 438, dated 13th January 1932.

(16) Mymensingh Industrial Production Sale and Supply Society, Ltd., Registrar's order, No. 113L., dated 7th February 1932.

(17) Kuripara Joutha Bank, Registrar's order, No. 127L., dated 11th May 1932.

(18) Char Bhabanipur Joutha Bank, Registrar's order, No. 156L., dated 11th May 1932.

(19) Bhasha Joutha Bank, Registrar's order, No. 10916, dated 17th September 1932.

(20) Baragram Dharma Gola, Registrar's order, No. 13795, dated 8th November 1932.

(21) Shandhara Gramya Dharma Bhandar, Registrar's order, No. 73L., dated 22nd October 1932.

(22) Jadhukura Joutha Bank, Registrar's order No. 81L., dated 11th November 1932.

(23) Ruknakandi Joutha Bank, Registrar's order, No. 117L., dated 12th January 1933.

(24) Rudragram Joutha Bank, Registrar's order, No. 212L., dated 25th June 1933.

A. M. ARSHAD ALI,

Regr. of Co-operative Societies, Bengal (offg.)

Orders by the Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

No. 111Exc.- 16th December 1933. -Babu Jitendra Nath Pal, probationary Inspector of Excise and Salt, Calcutta, is transferred to Naugaon, in the district of Rajshahi, temporarily for three months from 2nd January 1934, for work in connection with the supervision of cultivation and manufacture of ganja in the interests of public service.

No. 112Exc.--16th December 1933. —Babu Nihar Ranjan Nandy, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Calcutta, is transferred to Naugaon, in the district of Rajshahi, temporarily for three months from 2nd January 1934, for work in connection with the supervision of cultivation and manufacture of ganja in the interests of public service.

No. 113Exc - 16th December 1933. Babu Manilal Chatterji, probationary Inspector of Excise and Salt, Burdwan, is transferred to Calcutta and placed in charge of the bonded laboratory of Messrs. Abdul Gunny & Company in the interest of public service.

S. K. HALDAR,

Commr. of Excise and Salt, Bengal

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Land Revenue.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 14445L.R.--9th December 1933.— The following draft of an amendment which in exercise of the power conferred by section 189 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council proposes to make in the rules published under notification No. 5462L.R., dated the 26th March 1929, at pages 549-92 in Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 28th idem, is hereby published as required by sub-section (*1*) of section 190 of the said Act, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st February 1934, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered: -

Draft amendment.

(*1*) In sub-rule (*1*) of rule 29 of the said rules *after* the words "on an application under" *insert* the words "sub-rule (*9*) or under."

(*2*) *After* sub-rule (*8*) of rule 29 of the said rules *add* the following as a new sub-rule (9):

"(*9*) When a co-sharer landlord applies for his share of transfer fees under sections 12, 13, 15, and 18 (*1*) (*a*) of the Act the procedure laid down in sub-rules (2) to (8) shall be followed so far as applicable."

Midnapore.—No 14510L.R. 13th December 1933 — Under the provisions of section 3 (*11*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the undermentioned Settlement Kanungos are authorised to discharge, in the district of Midnapore, the functions of a Revenue Officer under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights:—

Babu Chandra Mohan Datta.
Babu Sachindra Kumar Gangali.

Mymensingh. —No. 14543L.R - 13th December 1933. - Under the provisions of section 3 (*11*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the undermentioned Settlement Kanungos are authorised to discharge, in the district of Mymensingh, the functions of a Revenue Officer under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights:

Babu Chandra Mohan Karmakar
Maulvi Ahameduddin Shah.
Maulvi Md. Hossain Ali.
Babu Surendra Nath Gupta.
Babu Hemanta Kumar Roy.

24-Parganas.—No. 14602L.R. The 14th December 1933. Under the provisions of section 3 (*11*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Mr. T. C. Roy, Additional Collector, 24-Parganas, is authorised to discharge, in the district of 24-Parganas, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of the Act, so far as they relate to Surveys and preparation of the record-of-rights.

He is also vested with the powers of a Settlement Officer under Chapter VII, Part I of the rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act, in respect of the aforesaid area.

24-Parganas. — No. 14603L.R. - - 14th December 1933. Mr. T. C. Roy, Additional Collector, 24-Parganas, is vested with the powers of a Revenue Officer, under section 108 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), in the district of 24-Parganas, for the purpose of revision of orders passed either by himself or by any other Revenue Officer under him, under sections 105, 105A, 106 or 107 of the said Act.

24-Parganas.—No. 14604L.R.—14th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 115B of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Mr. T. C. Roy, Additional Collector, 24-Parganas, to make corrections in the record-of-rights prepared in respect of the lands in that district, in accordance with, and subject to, the provisions of the said section.

Dacca.—14624L.R.—14th December 1933.—Maulvi Mahomed Yahya, Deputy Collector and Assistant Manager, Nawab Estate, Dacca, is allowed leave on average pay from the 1st November 1933 or any subsequent date, up to the 22nd December 1933 inclusive, under rule 81(*b*)(*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

Birbhum.—No. 14637L.R.—14th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (*3*) of section 158A of the Bengal Tenancy Act (VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to vest Babu Hemendra Nath Nandy, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Sadar, Birbhum, with powers to perform the functions of a Certificate Officer under the Bengal Public Demands Recovery Act (Bengal Act III of 1913), for the purpose of the said section and in respect of the recovery of arrears of rent (including cesses) due to the Raja Bahadur of Nashipur in the district of Birbhum.

Tippera.—No. 14683L.R.—16th December 1933.—Under the provisions of section 3 (*11*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Prafulla Chandra Maulik, Settlement Kanungo, is authorised to discharge, in the district of Tippera, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights.

Tippera.—No. 14684L.R.—16th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1825 (IX of 1825), read with section 20 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822 (VII of 1822), the Governor in Council is pleased to vest Babu Profulla Chandra Maulik, Settlement Kanungo, who has by notification No. 14618-C.P., dated the 30th November 1933, been vested by the Board of Revenue with the powers of a Collector in the Sarail estate of Babu Kamala Ranjan Roy in the district of Tippera for the purpose of the work of maintenance of the record-of-rights of that estate, with powers under section 19 of the said Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822, within the local limits of that estate, to require and compel persons mentioned in the section to attend and produce accounts and other papers and to examine such persons under that section for the purpose of the said work of the maintenance of the record-of-rights.

Noakhali.—No. 14685L.R.—16th December 1933.—Under the provisions of section 3 (*14*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Dhananjoy Barua, Settlement Kanungo, is authorised to discharge, in the district of Noakhali, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights.

Noakhali.—No. 14686L.R.—16th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1825 (IX of 1825), read with section 20 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822 (VII of 1822), the Governor in Council is pleased to vest Babu Dhananjoy Barua, Settlement Kanungo, who has by notification No. 14619-C.P., dated the 30th November 1933, been vested by the Board of Revenue with the powers of a Collector in the Amrabad estate in the district of Noakhali for the purpose of the work of maintenance of the record-of-rights of that estate, with powers under section 19 of the said Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822, within the local limits of that estate, to require and compel persons mentioned in the section to attend and produce accounts and other papers and to examine such persons under that section for the purpose of the said work of the maintenance of the record-of-rights.

Nadia. — No. 14751L.R.—18th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (*3*) of section 158A of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint for the purpose of that section Babu Rajendra Narain Rakshit, Sub-Deputy Collector, Nadia, Sadar, to perform the functions of a Certificate Officer under the Public Demands Recovery Act, 1913, for the recovery of any arrears of rents (including cesses) due to the estates named below in the district of Nadia—

(1) Nadia Raj Estate.
(2) Bequest property of the Birnagar Municipality.
(3) Estate of Sm. Krishnapromoda Dasi.
(4) Satkhira 6 annas estates belonging to Babu Hemendra Nath Roy Chowdhury and another.
(5) Estate of Messrs. Ranajit Palchowdhury and Amiya Palchowdhury at Moheshgunge.
(6) Estate of Dr. P. N. Mukherjee.
(7) Estate of Babu Bibhuti Bhusan Palchowdhury.
(8) Estate of Babu Monindra Mohon Acharjee and others.

Land Acquisition.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Burdwan.—No. 14433L.A.—9th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing a road from Grand Trunk Road near Panagar station to the Head Works at Randiha of the Damodar Canal Project, in the village of Kanksa, jurisdiction list No. 86, thana Kanksa, pargana Selampur, district Burdwan, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose two pieces of land, comprising parts of cadastral

plot Nos. 2221, 2230, 2231, 2234 to 2236, 3498 to 3500, 3502, 3504, 3505, 4052 to 4054 and 4299, and altogether measuring, more or less, 2·29 acres, are likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Kanksa.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in so much of the above land, as are not waste or arable, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 (4) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of section 5A of the Act shall not apply to the waste or arable portions of the land in this case.

Chittagong.—No. 14436L.A.— 9th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that extra land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Port Commissioners, Chittagong, for a public purpose, viz., for the revetment of the river Karnafully, section VI, in the village of South Patenga, police-station Double Moorings, zilla Chittagong, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land, comprising parts of revisional survey plots Nos. 1153, 1154, 1150, 1149, 1151, 1266, 1267, 1068, 1145, 1223 and 1146, and measuring, more or less, 3·99 acres, is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of South Patenga

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Chittagong.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Chittagong.

Calcutta.—No. 14442L.A.- 9th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Corporation of Calcutta for a public purpose, viz., for Niswa Hitaisini Sabha and Orphanage in ward No. 10 of the Calcutta Municipality in the city of Calcutta, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land, comprising premises Nos. 7 and 7/1, New Bowbazar Lane, and measuring, more or less, 0·1013 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By premises No. 2, Wellington Street,

East By premises No. 4, Wellington Street,

South—By premises Nos. 4, Wellington Street and 23, Gopi Mohan Bose Lane,

West—By premises No. 6/1, New Bowbazar Lane and Corporation land leased out to the Niswa Hitaisini Sabha,

is likely to be required within the aforesaid ward No. 10 of the Calcutta Municipality in the city of Calcutta.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Second Land Acquisition Collector, at No. 5, Bankshall Street, Calcutta.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Second Land Acquisition Collector, at No. 5, Bankshall Street, Calcutta.

Burdwan.—No 14456L.A.- 11th December 1933.- Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for approach road to new Gaurangdi station of the East Indian Railway, in the village of Jamgram, jurisdiction list No. 20, thana Barabani, pargana Shergarh, district Burdwan, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose, a piece of land comprising part of cadastral plot No. 187, and measuring, more or less, 0·23 of an acre, is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Jamgram.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Divisional Superintendent, East Indian Railway, Asansol.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Burdwan.

Bogra. — No. 14569L.A.--13th December 1933.—The Governor in Council is pleased to cancel the notification No. 4414L.A dated the 1st April 1933, under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, published at page 546, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of 6th idem, in respect of the proposed acquisition of 0·10 of an acre of land, comprising cadastral survey plot Nos. 571, 592 and parts of plot Nos. 569 and 583, required by the union board of Kahaloo, for Kahaloo union board office in the village of Kahaloo, pargana Shelbarsha, district Bogra.

24-Parganas.—No. 14580L.A. -14th December 1933- Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Bhatpara Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for a cart-dumping Depôt required in connection with the town improvement scheme, in the village of Bhatpara, jurisdiction list No. I, thana Jagaddal, pargana Hablishahar, district 24-Parganas, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising cadastral plot No. 1993, and measuring, more or less, 0·10 of an acre is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Bhatpara.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Commissioners of the Bhatpara Municipality.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of of 24-Parganas.

Rangpur.—No. 14607L.A.—14th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of Eastern Bengal Railway staff quarters at Bharatkhali, in the village of Sakoa, jurisdiction list No. 812, thana Gobindaganj, pargana Islamabad, district Rangpur, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1·924 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land,

East—By lands of Chandra Mohan Pandit and Gangaram Das,

South—By lands of Chandra Mohan Pandit, Gangaram Das and Gadhadhar Das,

West—By lands of Lonkeswar and Ramkanta,

is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Sakoa.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Rangpur.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Rangpur.

Mymensingh. No. 14652L.A. - 16th December 1933. -Mr. M. J. Carritt, I.C.S., Subdivisional Officer, Tangail, in the district of Mymensingh, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that subdivision.

Calcutta.--No. 14654L.A.- 16th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 48 (*1*) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 cotta 1 chittak 22½ square feet of standard measurement, equivalent to 0·0181 of an acre, being the remaining portion of common passage between Nos. 67 and 69, Joy Mitter Street and Nos. 11 and 12, Tarak Chatterjee Lane and bounded as described below, which was included in the area notified for acquisition under declaration No. 3586 L.A., dated the 13th March 1930, published at pages 404-05, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 20th idem, and required by the Calcutta Improvement Trust for Scheme No. VII-II (Central Avenue—from Beadon Street to Grey Street) in Ward No. III of the Calcutta Municipality in the city of Calcutta

Boundaries.

North - By Tarak Chatterjee Lane.

East- By premises Nos. 12, Tarak Chatterjee Lane and 69, Joy Mitter Street.

South By portion of common passage acquired.

West- By premises Nos. 67, Joy Mitter Street and 11, Tarak Chatterjee Lane.

Calcutta.—No. 14702L.A.—18th December 1933 Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Corporation of Calcutta for a public purpose, viz., for splaying off the corner at the second turning of Neogipuker Lane from Durga Charan Doctor Road at 52, Neogipuker Lane in Ward No. XIV of the Calcutta Municipality, in the city of Calcutta, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of

land being a portion of premises No. 52, Neogipuker Lane, and measuring, more or less, 0·0017 of an acre, bounded on the—

North and East—By the remaining portion of premises No. 52, Neogipuker Lane,

South and West—By Neogipuker Lane,

is likely to be required within the aforesaid Ward No. XIV of the Calcutta Municipality in the city of Calcutta.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the First Land Acquisition Collector, at No. 5, Bankshall Street, Calcutta.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the First Land Acquisition Collector, at No. 5, Bankshall Street, Calcutta.

Burdwan.—No. 14705L.A.—18th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that additional land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing the portions from chainage 8,300 feet to chainage 10,400 feet and from chainage 11,000 feet to 13,000 feet of Distributary No. 4, Branch Canal of the Damodar Canal Project, in the villages of Belgram and Takipur, jurisdiction list Nos. 168 and 171, respectively, thana Ausgram, pargana Burdwan, district Burdwan, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose eight pieces of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 5608 to 5610 in mauza Belgram and parts of cadastral plot Nos. 172, 174 to 176, 179 to 182, 206, 208 to 212, 214 to 216, 218, 225, 226, 267, 269, 270, 278, 338, 340, 347, 405, 407, 410, 411, 413, 504, 506 to 509, 534 to 536, 567 to 569, 581, 585 to 587 and 610 in mauza Takipur, and altogether measuring, more or less, 0·44 of an acre, are likely to be required within the aforesaid villages of Belgram and Takipur.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Burdwan.

24-Parganas.—No. 14708L.A.—18th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a bus stand at 6th mile 3rd furlong of Diamond Harbour Road, in the village of Behala, jurisdiction list No. 2, thana Behala, pargana Balia, district 24-Parganas, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising portions of cadastral plot No. 6917 and measuring, more or less, 0·1281 of an acre, is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Behala.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Executive Engineer, Suburban Division, Calcutta.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the 24-Parganas.

DECLARATIONS.

24-Parganas.—No. 14430L.A.—9th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Halisahar Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for the improvement of local drainage and road-side drains, in the village of Prosadnagar, jurisdiction list No. 1, thana Naihati, parganas Saidpur and Havelisahar, district 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose, a piece of land comprising cadastral plot Nos. 468 and 469, and measuring, more or less, 0·0506 of an acre, is required within the aforesaid village of Prosadnagar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Commissioners of the Halisahar Municipality, as well as in that of the Special Land Acquisition Officer, at Alipore, 24-Parganas.

24-Parganas.—No. 14453L.A.—11th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Jetia-Majhipara union board for a public purpose, viz., for improvement of Jetia Station Road

in the village of Jetia, jurisdiction list No. 16, thana Beejpur, pargana Habilishahar, district 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising portions of cadastral plot Nos. 997, 987, 986, 985, 790, 791, 792 and 794, and measuring, more or less, 0·0475 of an acre, is required within the aforesaid village of Jetia.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Collector, 24-Parganas.

24-Parganas.—No. 14550L.A.—13th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of Kamarhati Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for widening the road connecting Chatterjipara Road and Kaliprosanna Mukherji Road, in the village of Dakhineswar, jurisdiction list No. 4, thana Baranagar, pargana Calcutta, district 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising portions of cadastral plot Nos. 518, 519 and 546, and measuring, more or less, 0·0093 of an acre, is required within the aforesaid village of Dakshineswar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Commissioners of the Kamarhati Municipality and that of the Collector of the 24-Parganas.

24-Parganas. — No. 14572L.A. 13th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Baranagar Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for widening a portion of Atul Krishna Banarji Lane, in the village of Baranagar, jurisdiction list No. 5, thana Baranagar, pargana Calcutta, district 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, comprising portion of cadastral plot No. 5352, and measuring, more or less, 0·0093 of an acre, is required within the aforesaid village of Baranagar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Commissioners of the Baranagar Municipality, as well as in that of the Special Land Acquisition Officer at Alipore 24-Parganas.

24-Parganas. — No. 14610L.A. - 14th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Kanchrapara Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for a road to connect Satish Nandy Road with the Eastern Bengal Railway septic tank, in the village of Halisahar, jurisdiction list No. 6, thana Bijpur, pargana Habilishahar, district 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising portions of cadastral plots Nos. 6661, 6662, 6664, 6665, 6666, 6671 and 6672, and measuring, more or less, 0·0275 of an acre is required within the aforesaid village of Halisahar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Commissioners of the Kanchrapara Municipality.

Howrah.—No. 14613L.A.—14th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Howrah Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for opening out a 3 feet drain off Jogen Mukherjee Lane, in the village of Dakhin Bantra, pargana Boro, zilla Howrah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0·02 of an acre bounded on the -

North —By the lands of Tarak Chakravarty,

East—By the lands of Kunja Lal Chakravarty, Jugal Kishore Dutt and others and Nani Lal Kundu,

South— By the lands of Suresh Chandra Panja,

West— By the lands of Brojo Nath Kundu, Jugal Kishore Dutt and others,

is required within the aforesaid village of Dakhin Bantra.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Howrah.

24-Parganas. -- No. 14640L.A. -- 15th December 1933. Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Baranagar Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for straightening a corner of Boralpara Lane, in the village of Baranagar, jurisdiction list No. 5, thana Baranagar, pargana Calcutta, district 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising portion of cadastral plot No. 6547, and measuring, more or less, 0·0031 of an acre, is required within the aforesaid village of Baranagar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Commissioners of the Baranagar Municipality.

Calcutta.—No. 14649L.A.—16th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that additional land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Improvement Trust for a public purpose, viz., for the street scheme known as Scheme No. III—Maniktola (from Upper Circular Road to Chamru Singh Lane and Narkeldanga Bridge Approaches) in Ward No. 28 of the Calcutta Municipality in the city of Calcutta, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising a portion of premises No. 5, Narkeldanga

Main Road and measuring, more or less, 0·0464 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the portion of premises No. 5, Narkeldanga Main Road and No. 6, Narkeldanga Main Road already notified for acquisition under declaration No. 8253 L.A., dated the 15th July 1933,

East—By Chamru Singh Lane,

South—By the remaining portion of premises No. 5, Narkeldanga Main Road,

West—By premises No. 3/3, Narkeldanga Main Road,

is required within the aforesaid Ward No. 28 of the Calcutta Municipality in the city of Calcutta.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Second Land Acquisition Collector at No. 5, Bankshall Street, Calcutta.

Excise.

NOTIFICATIONS

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

No. 6161Ex.—12th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Opium Act, 1878 (I of 1878), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Excise) are pleased to authorize all officers of the Central Detective Department under the Excise Intelligence Bureau, not below the rank of a sub-inspector, to exercise, within Bengal, the powers described in the said section.

No. 6162Ex.—12th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*b*) of sub-section (*2*) of section 7 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1909 (Bengal Act V of 1909), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Excise) are pleased to authorise the Superintendent of Excise, Central Detective Department, under the Excise Intelligence Bureau, to exercise the following powers and perform the following duties, in the whole of Bengal, conferred and imposed on a Collector by the following provisions of the said Act, in subordination to the Collector and subject to the general control of the Excise Commissioner, namely:

(*a*) Section 64 (*2*)—Confiscation.

(*b*) Section 65—Composition of offences and release of property liable to confiscation.

(*c*) Section 68—Issue of warrant of arrest.

(*d*) Section 69—Issue of search warrant.

(*e*) Section 69A—Arrest or search.

(*f*) Section 73, sub-section (*1*)—Investigation of offences.

(*g*) Section 75—Security and bail.

(*h*) Section 81, sub-section (*2*)—deemed to be a court for the purposes of the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

(*i*) Section 83, clause (*b*)—Complaints or reports to Magistrate.

Burdwan.—No. 6176Ex. — 12 December 1933.—The orders of the 22nd September 1933, granting leave to Maulvi Mokarram Husain, Superintendent of Excise and Salt, Burdwan, are cancelled.

Bankura - Darjeeling. — No. 8Ex.—14th December 1933.—Maulvi Sultan Muhammad, Superintendent of Excise and Salt, Bankura, is transferred to Darjeeling and placed in charge of the district.

Bankura.—No. 9Ex. 14th December 1933. —Maulvi Wasiq Ahmad, Inspector of Excise and Salt, on leave, is posted to Bankura and placed in charge of the district.

No. 15Ex.—18th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 19 of the Opium Act, 1878 (I of 1878), the Government of Bengal, Ministry of Excise, are pleased to authorise an Inspector of Excise and Salt in charge of a district, *ex-officio*, to issue his warrant for the arrest of any person whom he has reason to believe to have committed an offence relating to opium, or for the search, whether by day or night, of any building or vessel or place in which he has reason to believe that opium liable to confiscation is kept or concealed.

No. 17Ex 18th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Opium Act, 1878 (I of 1878), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Excise) are pleased to direct that the following amendment be made in rule 16 of the rules promulgated with notification No. 5628.R., dated 2nd March 1918, published on pages 382-395, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 6th *idem*, as subsequently amended, viz:—

After the words "Superintendent of Excise" in line 4 of rule 16 of the said notification *add* the words "or Inspector of Excise and Salt in charge of a district."

24-Parganas.—No. 19Ex. 18th December 1933.—Babu Gunendra Nath Ray Chaudhuri, Superintendent of Excise and Salt, 24-Parganas, is allowed leave on average pay for sixteen days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 7th December 1933.

No. 22Ex. 18th December 1933.—Babu Ranajit Chandra Chaudhuri, Superintendent of Excise and Salt, is allowed leave on average pay up to the 6th December 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 16th October 1933.

O. M. MARTIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Forests.

NOTIFICATION.

Chittagong Divn. — No. 32For. — 18th December 1933.—Mr. C. T. Trigg, Deputy Conservator of Forests, in charge of the Chittagong Division, is allowed leave for one month with effect from the 23rd November 1933, viz., leave on average pay for fourteen days under rule 81 (*b*) (*i*) of the Fundamental Rules and leave on half average pay for the remaining period under rule 81 (*d*) of the above rules.

L. R. FAWCUS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Irrigation.

NOTIFICATION

No. 12-I.—13th November 1933.—The following draft of amendment, which, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6 and 11 of the Canals Act (Bengal Act V of 1864), the Governor in Council intends to make in the rules and schedules of rates of tolls for the Midnapore Canal, with branch to Narayangarh, in supersession of Bengal Government notification No. 27-I., dated the 24th November 1931 (published at page 1537 in Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 3rd December 1931), is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 4th January 1934, and any objections or suggestions received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendment.

Schedule of rates of tolls to be charged on the Midnapore Canal and the Narayangarh Distributary.

Entering from both the east and the west

Description	Range I 7 miles Uluberia to Bansberia or *vice versa*		Range III 11 miles Dainan to Panskura or *vice versa*		Range IV 11 miles Panskura to Balichak or *vice versa*		Range V 13½ miles, Balichak to Mohanpur or 26 miles Balichak to Narayangarh Distributary *via* Krishtanagar or 19½ miles Mohanpur to Narayangarh Distributary *via* Krishtanagar or *vice versa*		
	Rs	a	Rs	a	Rs	a	Rs	a	p
Loaded vessel per 100 maunds	0	8	0	12	0	12	1	4	0
Empty vessel per 100 maunds	0	4	0	6	0	6	0	10	0
Timber in rafts or loose per timber	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	3	0
Piles in rafts or loose per 100 piles	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	10	0
Bamboos in floats per 100	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	6	6

*NOTE.—Toll will be realised at Uluberia, Bansberia, Dainan, Panskura and Balichak toll stations.

H. C. V. PHILPOT,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

Chittagong Hill Tracts.—No. 6190For.—9th December 1933.—Babu Birendra Nath Roy, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, availed of the leave granted to him in this department notification No. 5181For., dated the 4th October 1933, with effect from the 7th November 1933.

E. O. SHEBBEARE,

Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

CALCUTTA COLLECTORATE.

NOTICE

Calcutta Collectorate, the 6th December 1933.

The Stamp Department of the Calcutta Collectorate will remain open from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. for transaction of urgent work on the 27th, 28th, 29th and 30th December 1933, during the ensuing X'mas and New Year's Day holidays.

S. SEN,

Collector of Stamp Revenue, Calcutta.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

English Department—Civil.

The 1st December 1933

No 27296St —The following list of days to be observed in the year 1934 as close holidays in the subordinate civil courts has been prepared and is published by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in the exercise of the power vested in it by section 15 of Act XII of 1887 :—

Names of holidays	English date	Bengali date	Days of the week	Number of days	Remarks
		1340			
New Year's Day	January 1st	Pous 17th	Monday	1 day	
Id ul Fitr	18th and 19th	Magh 4th and 5th	Thursday and Friday	2 days	
Sri Panchami	20th and 21st	6th and 7th	Saturday and Sunday	2	
Dol Jatra	March 1st	Falgun 17th	Thursday	1 day	March 2nd will also be observed as a holiday on account of Dol Jatra in the Assam Valley Districts except Goalpara
Id uz Zuha	26th and 27th	Chaitra 12th and 13th	Monday and Tuesday	2 days	
Good Friday to Easter Monday	30th to April 2nd	16th to 19th	Friday to Monday	4	
Chaitra Sankranti	April 13th	30th	Friday	1 day	
		1341			
Bengali New Year's Day	14th	Baisak 1st	Saturday	1	This holiday is to be observed in the Province of Assam only
Tithi (day of demise) of Deb Damodar	14th	1st		1	This holiday is to be observed only in the Assam Valley Districts, except Goalpara It would have been observed as a special holiday as indicated had it not coincided with the Bengali New Year's Day holiday.
Muharram	2[illegible]th	1[illegible]th	Wednesday	1	April 23rd to 25th will be observed as holidays on account of Muharram in the Province of Assam
King Emperor's Birthday*					
Dasahara Ganga Snan	June 22nd	Asar 7th	Friday	1 day	This holiday is to be observed in the Presidency of Bengal only
Fatiha Duwazdaham	[illegible]th	10th	Monday	1	
Half yearly closing of Banks accounts	July [illegible]	17th		1	This holiday is to be observed in the Presidency of Bengal only
Tithi (anniversary day) of Sri Madhab Deb	August 29th	Bhadra 1[illegible]th	Wednesday	1	This holiday is to be observed in the Assam Valley Districts only
Janmastami	31st	14th	Friday	1	
Tithi (anniversary day) of Sri Sankar Deb	September 10th	[illegible]th	Monday	1	This holiday is to be observed in the Assam Valley Districts only
Dussera Vacation including Mahalaya Durga Lakshmi and Kali Puja and Bhratriditya	October 8th to November 9th	Assin 21st to Kartick 23rd	Monday to Friday	33 days	
Jagadhatri Puja	November 1[illegible]th and 16th	Kartick 29th and 30th	Thursday and Friday	[illegible]	This holiday is to be observed in the Presidency of Bengal The first day of this holiday is to be observed only in the Surma Valley Districts and in Goalpara
Shab i Barat	November 22nd	Aughran [illegible]th	Thursday	1 day	This holiday is to be observed in the Province of Assam only
Christmas holidays	December [illegible]th to 31st	Pous [illegible]th to 1[illegible]th	Monday to Monday	[illegible] days	

*The day which may be fixed for the celebration in India of the King Emperor's Birthday will be notified separately in due course

Note 1 In addition to the notified holidays the Civil Courts shall remain closed on such days as are observed as local holidays in the executive offices They may be closed also on days which are declared by the Local Government as public holidays under section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act 1881 (XXVI of 1881) without a reference being made to the High Court for the purpose

Note 2 — Muhammadan officials and employees of the Civil Courts of Bengal and Assam are allowed to absent themselves from office on the following days in addition to those allowed by the above notification

	In Bengal	In Assam
Muharram	[illegible] days	2 days [21st and 22nd April (Sunday)]
Akhiri Chahar Shamba	1 day	1 day (13th June)
Shab i Barat	1	
Id uz Zuha	1	
	[illegible] days	3 days

Note 3 —If any of the Muhammadan holidays notified above does not fall on the day notified the Muhammadan officials and employees of the Civil Courts in Bengal and Assam may be granted a sectional holiday on the day on which the holiday is actually observed in addition to a holiday on the day notified

Note 4 - All officials suitors and witnesses who profess the Brahmo faith may be granted when possible three days' holidays on account of Maghotsav, viz, on the 25th January 1934 and one day before and one day after that date in the Presidency of Bengal In the Province of Assam one day only, viz, the 25th January 1934, will be observed as a holiday on account of this festival by Brahmos only

Note 5 — The 12th February, 1934 will be observed as a Civil Court holiday on account of Sivaratri in the districts of Birbhum, Pabna-Bogra and Sylhet-Cachar, where it is not observed as a local holiday in the executive offices

By order of the High Court,

N L HINDLEY, *Registrar.*

High Court, Crown Office, the 7th December 1933.

Dates of the Criminal Sessions for the year 1934.

Number of sessions.	Day of week.	Date.
First Sessions ..	Monday ..	12th February.
Second Sessions	Do ..	30th April.
Third Sessions ..	Do ..	11th June.
Fourth Sessions	Do. ..	23rd July.
Fifth Sessions ..	Do ..	26th November.

By order,

O. MOSES,

Clerk of the Crown.

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

Burdwan Division—Chinsura.

No. 2221M.—11th December 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*) of the manual of rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the King Edward Charitable Dispensary at Midnapore:—

The District Magistrate of Midnapore, *ex-officio*.
The Civil Surgeon of Midnapore, *ex-officio*.
The Subdivisional Officer of Midnapore, Sadar, *ex-officio*.
The Vice-Chairman of the Midnapore district board.
The Secretary of the Moslem Association, Midnapore.
Maulvi Kabiruddin Ahmed.
The Vice-Chairman of the Midnapore Municipality.
Babu Satya Ranjan Dutt.
Babu Atul Chandra De.
Babu Jnanendra Nath Chowdhury.
Babu Jatindra Kumar Naug.
Babu Satish Chandra Addya.

No. 4355J.G.—11th December 1933.—Babu Dwijendra Nath Chakravarty, Sub-Deputy Collector, Jhargram, district Midnapore, is appointed Circle Officer, Gangajalhati, district Bankura. The transfer is made in the public interest.

No. 4367J.G.—13th December 1933.—The order contained in this office notification No. 4355J.G. of the 11th December 1933, appointing Babu Dwijendra Nath Chakravarti, Sub-Deputy Collector, Jhargram, as Circle Officer of Gangajalghati, is hereby cancelled.

No. 4372J.G.—13th December 1933.—Babu Jogendra Chandra Banerjea, Sub-Deputy Collector and Sub-Deputy Magistrate, posted to this division, is posted to the headquarters station of the Midnapore district. The transfer is made at his own request.

No 4377J.G.—13th December 1933.—Babu Nalini Kumar Das Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector, posted to this division, is appointed Circle Officer of Gangajalghati, in the district of Bankura. The transfer is made in the public interest.

No. 2242M.—15th December 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*) of the manual of rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Tamluk in the district of Midnapore:—

The Subdivisional Officer, Tamluk, *ex-officio*.
The Senior Munsif, Tamluk, *ex-officio*.
The Assistant Surgeon, Tamluk Charitable Dispensary, *ex-officio*.
Rai Sahib Sasadhar Das, Vice-Chairman.
Babu Lalit Mohan Mitra, B.L.
Babu Nogendra Nath Ray, B.L.
Babu Rajani Kanta Misra, L.M.F.
Babu Ashutosh Misra, B.A.
Babu Manmatha Nath Bose.
Babu Hrisikesh Tripati, M.A., B.L.
Babu Pramatha Nath Chakravarty.
Babu Gouri Sankar Das.

No. 4457J.G.—15th December 1933.—Babu Dwijendra Nath Chakravarty, Sub-Deputy Collector, Jhargram, district Midnapore, is appointed Circle Officer of Gangajalghati, in the district of Bankura. The transfer is made in the public interest.

No. 4480J.G.—15th December 1933. The order contained in this office notification No. 4397J.G., of the 13th December 1933, appointing Babu Nalini Kumar Das Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer of Gangajalghati, in the district of Bankura, is hereby cancelled.

No. 2940L.S.-G.—16th December 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been elected to be members of the Midnapore district board:—

Elected by the Sadar local board.

Babu Brajendra Nath Roy.
Maulvi Abu Ahmed.
Rai Sahib Kshitish Chandra Dutta.
Chowdhury Bon Behari Kar Mahapatra.
Babu Dasarathi Pati.
Babu Jogendra Narayan Sahas Roy.

Elected by the Contai local board.

Babu Chittaranjan Roy Chowdhury.
Babu Rakhal Chandra Maity.
Babu Achinta Nath Sasmal.
Babu Moorary Mohan Roy.
Babu Bhranti Bhusan Patra.

Elected by the Tamluk local board.

Rai Sahib Sasadhar Das.
Babu Phanindra Bhusan Mitra.
Khan Bahadur Alfazuddin Ahmed.
Mohanta Achyutanuja Das.
Babu Umesh Chandra Bal.

Elected by the Ghatal local board.

Babu Jugadish Chandra Rudra.
Babu Matilal Bhattacharjee.
Babu Charu Chandra Roy.

Elected by the Jhargram local board.

Babu Debendra Mohan Bhattacharji.
Babu Nripendra Gopal Mitra.
Maulvi Osman Ali.

L. B. BURROWS, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

Burdwan, the 11th December 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Birendra Nath Choudhury has been duly elected to be a member of Ward No. I of the Billeswar union board in police-station Ketugram, in the Katwa subdivision of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Kali Mohan Choudhury, deceased.

S. P. GHOSH, for *District Magistrate*.

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Burdwan Range.

Chinsura.—No. 8582.—15th December 1933.—The following postings are ordered:—

(1) Babu Basudeb Kabiraj, Inspector, Midnapore, is appointed to be Office Inspector, Midnapore Police Office, temporarily sanctioned.

(2) Babu Jogesh Chandra Sen Gupta, Inspector, Hooghly, is transferred to Midnapore, *vice* Babu Basudeb Kabiraj.

(3) Babu Rampada Banarji, officiating Inspector, Hooghly, will continue to act as such, *vice* Babu Jogesh Chandra Sen Gupta transferred.

(4) Babu Gyanesh Chandra Chatarji, Inspector, Burdwan, is, on the expiry of his leave, posted to Birbhum, *vice* Babu Sekhar Nath Dhol, Inspector, placed under suspension.

J. C. FARMER,
Deputy Inspector-General of Police.

Chittagong Division—Chittagong.

No. 6481G.—11th December 1933.—It is notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*) of the rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal the gentlemen whose names are shown in the second column of the statement below have been appointed members of the managing committees of district board dispensaries shown against their names in place of the gentlemen whose names are shown in the third column who under rule 22 (*1*) of the said rules are deemed to have vacated their seats as members :—

Statement.

District of Tippera.

Names of dispensaries.	Names of gentlemen appointed.	Names of members deemed to have vacated their seats.
1	2	3
Nasirnagar ..	Babu Jogesh Chandra Chakraborty of Takanagar.	Babu Prasanna Kumar Roy of Nasirnagar.
	Babu Rakshakar Chakraborty of Nasirnagar.	Babu Baikunta Chandra Gope of Nasirnagar.
	Babu Suresh Chandra Das of Nasirnagar.	Maulvi Serajul Islam of Kalikunda.
Laksam ..	Maulvi Syed Sadat Hossain, B.A., Secretary, Laksam Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Babu Rohini Kumar Roy.
Homna ..	Babu Harendra Lal Roy of Kalmina ..	Babu Surendra Chandra Saha of Daulatpur.
	Babu Kumud Bhundhu Das Bhoumik of Kalmina.	Maulvi Lutful Hoque, President of Gangatia union board.
	Maulvi Ramijuddin Ahmed, Head Master, Homna H. E. School.	Maulvi Abbas Ali Md., Marriage Registrar, Homna.
	Maulvi Abdur Rahman of Durgapur ..	Maulvi Abdul Guffur, B.L., Comilla.
	Babu Krishna Chandra Lodh of Mathabhanga.	Maulvi Omar Ali, President, Radhanagar union board.
	Maulvi Md. Asgarali of Goaribhanga ..	Babu Akhil Chandra Das Bhoumik of Kalmina.

E. N. BLANDY, *Commissioner (offg.)*.

Chittagong, the 16th December 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the undermentioned union boards of the police-stations mentioned above each in the "B" subdivision of the Chittagong district:—

Police-station Patiya.

Kasiaish union board No. VIII.

Babu Sarada Charan Biswas of village Mohira Perpera, *vice* Babu Nabin Chandra Majumdar, removed.

Police-station Anwara.

Raipur union board No. III.

Munshi Rahat Ali, son of Makbul Ali, of village Chunnapara, *vice* Munshi Haibat Ali, deceased.

Police-station Anwara.

Battali union board No. IV.

Munshi Kalimaddin, son of late Manirajjama Chowdhury, of village Battali, *vice* Munshi Afiuddin Talukdar, deceased.

S. BASU, *Addl. District Magistrate.*

Dacca Division—Dacca.

No. 5816J.—15th December 1933.—Maulvi Saiyid Abdul Ali, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, who has been posted to the Dacca Division in Government notification No. 11875A., dated the 7th December 1933, is posted to the headquarters station of the district of Bakarganj.

No. 5821J.—15th December 1933. — Babu Umesh Chandra Sil, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, who has been posted to the Dacca Division, in Government notification No. 11875 A., dated the 7th December 1933, is posted to the headquarters station of the district of Bakarganj.

No. 5827J. — 15th December 1933.—Babu Satyendra Nath Ghosh, Sub-Deputy Collector, Bakarganj, is appointed to be Circle Officer of Kalihati Circle, in the Tangail subdivision of the district of Mymensingh.

No. 5832J. —15th December 1933. Maulvi Abul Khair Muhammad Abdul Latif, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Kalihati Circle, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on average pay for six weeks, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

W. H. NELSON, *Commissioner (offg.).*

Faridpur, the 8th December 1933.

No. 8000J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Dhanakati union board in police-station Goshairhat of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Babu Janaki Nath Smrititirtha.
Babu Rasik Chandra Basu Roy.
Munshi Rehanuddin Madbar.
Munshi Abdul Hamid.
Munshi Azahar Ali Mir.
Munshi Hafezuddin Ahmed.

(*b*) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Babu Priya Nath Roy Choudhury.
Munshi Yasin Bari.
Munshi Aefin Bepari.

Faridpur, the 12th December 1933.

No. 7412J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Kalkini union board in police-station Kalkini of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Munshi Amir Hosain Khan.
Munshi Araj Ali Sardar.
Maulvi Tofel Ahmed Talukdar.
Maulvi Kasir Talukdar.
Maulvi Jasimuddin Ahmed.
Maulvi Iman Ahmed.

(*b*) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Babu Atul Chandra Das Gupta.
Babu Durga Mohan Majumdar.
Babu Pran Kumar Banerjee.

No. 7443J.—It is hereby notified for general information that:—

(*a*) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Bajitpur union board in police-station Rajoir of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Babu Gopal Chandra Choudhury.
Maulvi Abdul Hamid Khan.
Babu Kshirode Behari Majumdar.
Babu Atul Chandra Bhattacharjee.
Babu Kalidas Das.
Munshi Abdul Malek Hawladar.

(*b*) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Babu Chinta Haran Ghose, B.A.
Nayan Sardar.
Maulvi Mainuddin Mia.

A. E. PORTER, *District Magistrate.*

No. 7644J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(*a*) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Kajulia union board in police-station Gopalganj of the Gopalganj subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Munshi Kafiluddin Ahmed.
Munshi Daliluddin Ahmed.
Munshi Montajuddin Sarder
Babu Bidhu Bhushan Mandal
Babu Mati Lal Ghosh.
Babu Jogendra Nath Biswas.

(*b*) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Babu Mathura Nath Kar.
Babu Ram Lal Paramanik
Munshi Felanulla Shaik

S. C. DATTA, for *District Magistrate.*

Presidency Division—Calcutta.

No. 2570R.G.—9th December 1933.—This office notification No. 2461R.G., dated the 23rd November 1933, transferring Babu Hari Charan Banerjee, Sub-Deputy Collector, Sadar, 24-Parganas, to Barrackpore, is cancelled.

No. 2571R.G.—9th December 1933.—This office notification No 2466R.G., dated the 23rd November 1933, transferring Babu Jyotirindra Nath Das, Sub-Deputy Collector, Barrackpore, 24-Parganas, to Jangipur, Murshidabad, as Circle Officer, is cancelled

No. 2637L.S.G.—13th December 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (*b*) of the dispensary rules, the gentlemen named below have been appointed to be members of the managing committees of the following district board charitable dispensaries in Murshidabad:—

Beldanga Charitable Dispensary Committee

The Subdivisional Officer, Sadar (*ex-officio*).
The Civil Surgeon, Berhampore (*ex-officio*)
Hazi Sheik Md. Yousuff.
Hazi Sheik Haroon Rashid.
Dr. Radhapada Pramanik, M.B.
Hazi Sheik Abdul Quader.
Babu Anil Kumar Banerjee.
Sheik Abdur Rashid.
Babu Aswini Kumar Chatterji.
Babu Kshitish Chandra Ghosh.
Sheik Kumaruddin Mia.
Babu Amarnath Banerjee.

Bhagwangola Charitable Dispensary Committee.

The Subdivisional Officer, Lalbagh (*ex-officio*).
The Medical Officer, Bhagwangola Charitable Dispensary (*ex-officio*).
President, Kantanagar union board (*ex-officio*)
The Thana Officer, Bhagwangola (*ex-officio*).
Babu Manindra Narayan Roy, B.A.
Hazi Abdul Aziz Pramanik.
Hazi Abbas Ali Sarkar.
Munshi Maffizuddin Mondal
Babu Manindra Nath Saha.
Babu Rajendra Nath Das, B.L.
Babu Srinath Chandra Poddar

No. 2634R.G.—15th December 1933.—Babu Harendra Lal Chatterjee, Sub-Deputy Collector, Kushtia Nadia, is transferred to Jessore, Sadar.

No 2640R.G.—15th December 1933.—Babu Prabhas Chandra Pathak, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to Nadia, Sadar.

No. 2646R.G.—15th December 1933.—Babu Sukumar Nag, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to Maherpore, Nadia, as Circle Officer.

No. 2652R.G.—15th December 1933.—Babu Bejay Gopal Kanjilal, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Maherpore, Nadia, is transferred to Murshidabad, Sadar.

No 2658R.G.—15th December 1933.—Babu Bijay Kumar Bhattacharji, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to Kushtia, Nadia.

H. J. TWYNAM, *Commissioner (offg.).*

Jessore, the 9th December 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., of union boards under the said Act, Babu Bipin Behari Biswas has been duly appointed to be a member of the Joka union board in police-station Moheshpur in the Bongaon subdivision of the district of Jessore, in place of Munshi Golam Rahman Biswas, deceased.

Jessore, the 13th December 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Dr. Kasiruddin Ahmed has been appointed as a member of the Mamunsia union board in Kotchandpur police-station in the Jhenidah subdivision of the district of Jessore, *vice* Kazi Rejaul Haque, deceased.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., Babu Satish Chandra Das has been appointed as a member of the Tailkupi union board in Kaliganj police-station in the Jhenidah subdivision of the district of Jessore, *vice* Babu Kalipada Moulik, deceased.

A. C. BOSE, for *District Magistrate.*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Presidency Range.

Calcutta. — Nos. 9291-92.—9th December 1933.—Sub-Inspector Shaik Imad Husain, of the E. B. Railway Police, Sealdah, is appointed to act as Inspector, *vice* Rai Sahib Rangin Lal Ghosh, Inspector, placed under suspension.

L. H. BURTON,

Deputy Inspector-General of Police.

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, C. I. D. and Intelligence Branch.

Criminal Investigation Department.

Calcutta. — No. 11728R.—9th December 1933.—Maulvi Mumtazuddin Talukdar, Inspector, was allowed leave on average pay from 23-11-1933, p.m. to 1-12-1933, p.m.

No. 12289R.— 15th December 1933 —Babu Pran Dharan Ghosh, Inspector, is granted 9 days' leave on average pay, on medical certificate, in extension of the leave already granted to him.

Intelligence Branch.

Calcutta.—No. 2727.—9th December 1933 —Babu Shailesh Chandra Sinha, officiating Inspector, is granted 2 months' leave on average pay, on medical certificate, with effect from 1-12-1933, a.m., and is reverted to his substantive rank of Sub-Inspector from that date.

Sub-Inspector Dhirendra Nath Ray is appointed to act as Inspector with effect from 1-12-1933, a.m., *vice* Babu Shailesh Chandra Sinha, officiating Inspector, granted leave and reverted.

C. E. S. FAIRWEATHER,

Deputy Inspector-General of Police (offg.).

Rajshahi Division—Jalpaiguri.

No. 4657J.—11th December 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that under rule 20 (*b*) of the manual of rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the Nator Raja P. N. Roy Charitable Dispensary in the district of Rajshahi:—

The Subdivisional Officer, Nator, *ex-officio*
The Subdivisional Medical Officer, Nator *ex-officio*.
Babu Nabin Chandra Ray.
Babu Surendra Nath Moitra.
Babu Mahendra Narayan Lahiri.
Babu Sachi Nandan Paul.
Maulvi Md. Rowshan Khan Chaudhury.
Babu Jogendra Nath Ray.
Babu Monoranjan Majumder.
Babu Krista Gopal Bysak.
Babu Anath Bandhu Sarker.
Maulvi Md. Abul Kasem Khan Chaudhury

No. 4671J.—13th December 1933.- Babu Khagendra Nath Mitra, Sub-Deputy Collector, Siliguri, Darjeeling, is allowed leave on average pay for five days, under rule 81(*b*)(*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

No. 4679J —14th December 1933.—Maulvi Muhammad Hashmat Ulla Shah, Sub-Deputy Collector, Malda, is allowed leave on average pay for ten days, with effect from the 20th November 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

No. 1046M. 15th December 1933. - In exercise of the power conferred on me by section 19 (2) of the Local Self-Government Act (Bengal Act III of 1885), as amended by Act V (B. C.) of 1908, I appoint the Circle Officer, Central Circle, *ex-officio*, to be a member of the East Bogra local board, in the district of Bogra, *vice* the Circle Officer, Eastern Circle, resigned.

No. 4709J.—15th December 1933. - Under the provisions of rule 63 (2) of Chapter IV of the Bengal Jail Code, I hereby appoint Dr. Tarakeswar Chakravarty, L.M.S., to be a non-official visitor of the Dinajpur District Jail for a period of two years.

No. 4715J. — 15th December 1933. — The following Sub-Deputy Collectors, Rajshahi Division, are posted to the stations mentioned against their names to work in the general line:—

Babu Prabhat Chandra Chatterji, Dinajpur.
Babu Satyendra Nath Banerji, Rangpur.
Babu Jagadish Chandra Bardhan, Rajshahi.

The postings are made in the public interest.

No 4724J. — 15th December 1933 — The orders contained in this office notification No 4549J., dated the 8th December 1933, transferring Babu Dhirendra Chandra Nag Sub-Deputy Collector, Malda, to Rangpur, Sadar, to work in the general line are cancelled

F W. ROBERTSON, *Commissioner (offg)*

Rangpur, the 11th December 1933

No 7137J —It is hereby notified for general information that, under sub-section (*2*) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919) the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the undermentioned union board in police-station Fulbari in the Kurigram subdivision of the Rangpur district —

Fulbari union board

Babu Sarbeswar Mahanta of Chandrakhana

Munshi Samiruddin Ahmed of Chandrakhana

Munshi Fareuddin Sarkar of Chandrakhana

Munshi Esmail Hossein Mridha of Bidyabagish

Munshi Gamiruddin Ahmed of Panimachhkuti

Munshi Jasamuddin Ahmed of Kabir Mamud

No 7138J —It is hereby notified for general information that, under sub-section (*3*) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919) the following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the undermentioned union board in police-station Fulbari in the Kurigram subdivision of the Rangpur district —

Fulbari union board

Babu Binodeswar Das of Jote Rajkeshore

Babu Narayan Chandra Mullik of Chandrakhana (Fulbari)

Munshi Johiruddin Ahmed of Kabir Mamud.

Rangpur, the 13th December 1933

Erratum.—In the notification No 6565J, dated the 18th November 1933, published at page 1738, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 23rd November 1933, regarding the election of members of the Nowdanga union board, under sub-section (*2*) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919) in the police-station Fulbari in the Kurigram subdivision in the district of Rangpur, *for* Babu Satish Chandra Goswami *read* Babu Sitesh Chandra Goswami"

N M AYYAR, *District Magistrate*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Rajshahi Range.

Jalpaiguri — No 8738 15th December 1933 Babu Sarada Kumar Bhattacharji, Inspector E B and A B Railway Police Saidpur is granted 4 months leave on average pay under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from 2-1-1934

He is permitted to prefix to leave the Xmas and the New Year's Day holidays from 23-12-1933 to 1-1-1934

Sub-Inspector Fazlul Karim, of the E B and A B Railway Police, Saidpur is appointed to act as Inspector with effect from 10-1-1934 in the vacancy

Babu Bahadur Singh Inspector, Jalpaiguri, is granted 3 months leave on half average pay on medical certificate under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, in extension of the leave already granted to him

Sub-Inspector Hem Baran Das Bakshi of Rajshahi, will continue to act as Inspector in the vacancy

F P WALKER

Deputy Inspector-General of Police



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THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1933

PART IA

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India republished for general information.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY).

NOTIFICATION

MERCANTILE SHIPPING

New Delhi, the 9th December 1933.

No. 5-M.I.(18)/33.—Engineer Lieutenant Commander A. E. F. Orchard, Royal Indian Marine, is appointed officiating Principal Engineer and Ship Surveyor, Mercantile Marine Department, Calcutta District, Calcutta, with effect from the 24th November 1933, *vice* Engineer Commander S. J. Fenner, Royal Indian Marine, granted leave.

Engineer Lieutenant Commander J. H. Mackay, Royal Indian Marine, is appointed officiating Second Engineer and Ship Surveyor, Mercantile Marine Department, Calcutta District, Calcutta, with effect from the 24th November 1933, *vice* Engineer Lieutenant Commander A. E. F. Orchard, Royal Indian Marine.

Engineer Lieutenant Commander H. J. Creswell, Royal Indian Marine, is appointed officiating Third Engineer and Ship Surveyor, Mercantile Marine Department, Calcutta District, Calcutta, with effect from the 24th November 1933, *vice* Engineer Lieutenant Commander J. H. Mackay, Royal Indian Marine.

Engineer Lieutenant Commander A. B. Collins, Royal Indian Marine, is appointed officiating Fourth Engineer and Ship Surveyor, Mercantile Marine Department, Calcutta District, Calcutta, with effect from the 24th November 1933, *vice* Engineer Lieutenant Commander H. J. Creswell, Royal Indian Marine.

A. RAISMAN,
Joint Secy. to the Govt. of India.

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND LABOUR.

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 7th December 1933.

No. M.-1219.—The following draft of a further amendment to the Indian Explosives Rules, 1914, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), is published as required by section 18 of the said Act for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 10th January 1934.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received in respect of the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the Governor-General in Council.

Draft amendment.

After rule 65 of the said Rules the following rule shall be inserted, namely:—

"65A. *Power to exempt from payment of fees.*—The Governor-General in Council may, by general or special order, grant exemption from, or reduction of, any fee payable under this Chapter by any foreign Government in respect of any license for the importation by sea of explosives, when the explosives are intended to be transported in accordance with such license from the port of import to the territories of such Government."

A. G. CLOW,
Joint Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

New Delhi, the 7th December 1933.

No. 637-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Mr. C. C. Miller as Honorary Vice-Consul for Argentine at Calcutta.

H. A. F. METCALFE,
Foreign Secy. to the Govt. of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

JUDICIAL.

New Delhi, the 30th November 1933.

No. F.-178/33.—Mr. Asoke Kumar Roy, Barrister-at-Law, took his seat as an acting Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, on the forenoon of the 24th November 1933.

T. SLOAN,
Joint Secy. to the Govt. of India.

POLICE.

The 6th December 1933.

No. F.-21/LXVII/33.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*d*) of the proviso to sub-rule (*1*) of rule 3 of the Indian Arms Rules, 1924, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the exemption from the operation of the prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13, 14 and 15 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), conferred by the said sub-rule on the ancient Zamindars of the Madras Presidency shall cease to extend to M. R. Ry. Somasundara Pandia Chokka Thalaivar Avargal, Zamindar of Maniyachi.

M. G. HALLETT,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

New Delhi, the 30th November 1933.

NOTICE.

1. Early in 1934 a selection will be made of 14 candidates for appointment as apprentices for training in Ordnance Factories in India as follows:—

(*a*) For the Metal and Steel Factory, Ishapore ...	2
(*b*) For the Rifle Factory, Ishapore	6
(*c*) For the Gun and Shell Factory, Cossipore ...	3
(*d*) For the Harness and Saddlery Factory, Cawnpore	1
(*e*) For the Clothing Factory, Shahjahanpur	2

The qualifications of candidates and the method of selection will be as prescribed in Part II of the rules as published in Army Department notification No. 661, dated the 11th November 1933.

2. The Government of India reserve the power to appoint the selected candidates to any of the Factories for which the recruitment is being made.

3. Every candidate must apply on the prescribed form of application so as to reach the authority mentioned in rule 3 (*a*) on or before the 6th January 1934, accompanied by the necessary documents. No application received after that date will be considered.

Copies of the rules, application form, etc., can be obtained from the Local Governments, Political Officers or Agents and the Secretary, Public Service Commission.

4. No allegation that an application form, or letter respecting such form has been lost or delayed in the post will be considered unless the person making such allegation produces a Post Office registration receipt or a certificate of posting. Candidates who delay their applications until a late date will do so at their own risk.

5. Candidates for appointment as apprentices for training in Ordnance Factories must have an elementary knowledge of Dynamics, Statics, Mathematics up to quadratic equations, Elementary Trigonometry and Physics.

6. The Government of India reserve the power to modify the arrangements and rates of pay indicated in the rules according to the requirements of the service.

G. R. F. TOTTENHAM,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

RESOLUTION.

New Delhi, the 7th December 1933.

No. F.-7-(50)-R. I/33.—The Government of India have had occasion to examine the rule in clause (2) (*b*) of section V of the Administrative Instructions issued with this department Resolution No. 205-C. S. R., dated the 8th February 1924, which regulates the grant of casual leave on account of absence from duty, due to the presence of infectious diseases in the family or household of a Government servant. The rule has been found to be defective in certain respects. In the first place it gives no clear indication of the extent to which leave may be sanctioned in the circumstances mentioned; nor does it provide for such leave being prefixed to ordinary leave, when the grant of the latter in continuation is necessary. In the second place, the rule does not state clearly whether, when absence from duty exceeds the period which may reasonably be treated as casual leave, it is the excess over the period considered reasonable or the entire period of absence that should be sanctioned as ordinary leave.

2. It is considered that, though the leave granted on account of the presence of infectious diseases in the family of a Government servant is not debited in his leave account, it should be distinguished from casual leave for the reason that the latter is granted at the request of the Government servant, while the former is not. The Governor-General in Council has accordingly decided to designate such leave in future as 'Quarantine Leave.' He has also decided to limit the grant of this leave ordinarily to 21 days, this limit being increased in exceptional circumstances to 30 days. He has further decided that if absence *for reasons of quarantine* exceeds the maximum of 21 days, or in exceptional cases 30 days, the excess only should be sanctioned as ordinary leave and that once quarantine leave has been sanctioned as such, its character should not be changed, as a result of the grant of such ordinary leave in continuation.

3. The amendments to the rule necessary to give effect to these decisions are published in the annexure to this resolution.

ORDERED that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*

A. A. L. PARSONS,

Secy. to the Govt. of India

ANNEXURE.

AMENDMENTS TO THE ADMINISTRATIVE INSTRUCTIONS IN CONNECTION WITH THE FUNDAMENTAL RULES.

Section V.

Before the words "Fundamental Rule 85" under head (2) Casual Leave in this Section, the letter "(*a*)" shall be omitted.

For clause (*b*) under head (2) Casual Leave, the following shall be substituted:—

"(3) *Quarantine Leave.*

Quarantine leave is leave of absence from duty necessitated by orders not to attend office in consequence of the presence of infectious diseases in the family or household of a Government servant. Such leave may be granted by the head of the office on the certificate of a Medical or Public Health Officer for a period not exceeding 21 days, or, in exceptional circumstances, 30 days. Any leave necessary for quarantine purposes in excess of this period shall be treated as ordinary leave. Quarantine leave may also be granted when necessary in continuation of other leave subject to the above maximum. Except in the cases mentioned in the notes below, no substitute should be appointed in place of a Government servant absent on quarantine leave. A Government servant on quarantine leave is not treated as absent from duty and his pay is not intermitted."

The following two notes shall be inserted below the rule "(2) Casual Leave:—

"*Note 1.*—In the Postal Department substitutes may be employed in the place of postmen and posted menials (other than runners) who may be granted casual leave, under the rules laid down in the enclosure to Industries and Labour Department letter No. 20-P.T.E., dated the 28th August 1926.

Note 2.—In the Railway Mail Service substitutes may be employed in the place of mail guards, van peons, porters and other inferior servants who may be granted casual leave, under the rules laid down in the enclosure to Industries and Labour Department letter No. Est. B. APC-66/28, dated the 11th January 1930."

Notes 1, 4 and 4-A under clause (*b*) under head (2) Casual Leave shall be cancelled and the existing notes shall be renumbered as Notes 1, 2, 3 and 4.

In the existing Notes 2, 4-B and 5, for the words "who is prohibited from attending his duties on account of some infectious disease in his family and" the words "on quarantine leave" shall be substituted.

In the existing Note 3, for the words "on account of some infectious disease in his house" the words "who is on quarantine leave" shall be substituted.

For the figure "(3)" before the words "Recall from leave" in this Section, figure "(4)" shall be substituted.



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PART IB

Educational Notices.

Presidency Division (Calcutta).

Calcutta, the 11th December 1933

List of candidates who have been awarded Preliminary Primary Scholarships tenable for two years, 1934-35.

[Each scholarship is of the value of Rs   a month tenable in high, middle, primary schools madrasah or maktab possessing scholarship rights with effect from the 1st January 1934]

Nine scholarships for general competition, one reserved for Urdu schools one for Hindi school and one for the Deaf and Dumb School

General competition (in order of merit)

No	Name of scholar	Name of school from which he appeared	Name of school where the scholarship is tenable
1	Banamali Charan Das	Kali Dutta Street U P School	Kali Dutta Street U P School
2	Gopi Mohon Sahu	Ishan's Free U P School	Ishan's Free U P School
3	Badrinarayan Das	Bowbazar Training U P School	Bowbazar Training U P School
4	Umapada Karar	Gouribari Lane U P School	Gouribari Lane U P School
5	Nazarus Samad	Calcutta Model U P Maktab	Calcutta Model U P Maktab
6	Jiban Prabhat Das	Calcutta Deaf and Dumb School	Calcutta Deaf and Dumb School
7	Amarendra Nath Roy	Dharamdas Trust C I P Model School	Dharamdas Trust C I P Model School
8	Shew Narayan	Brojokumer Sett Lane Hindi L P School	Sree Maheswari Vidyalaya Calcutta
9	Gholam Nabi	Dhankheti U P Maktab	Dhankheti U P Maktab
	Reserved for candidates from Urdu Schools		
1	Abdul Aziz	Wellesley Street U P Maktab	Wellesley Street U P Maktab
	Reserved for candidates from Hindi Schools		
1	Sripat Shaw	Surendra Nath Banerjee Road Hindi L P School	Oriental Training Academy, Calcutta
	Reserved for candidates from Deaf and Dumb School		
1	Chandra Kumer Bhattacherjee	Calcutta Deaf and Dumb School	Calcutta Deaf and Dumb School

N.B.—Scholars must join their institutions within one month of the date of publication of the scholarship results If a scholar fails to join within a month, he shall not draw his scholarship except with the sanction of the Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division, on satisfactory reasons being shown for the delay

B B DAS,

District Inspector of Schools, Calcutta

Presidency Division.

40-1A, Free School Street, Calcutta, the 16th December 1933.

List of candidates who have been awarded Middle Scholarships in 1933.

(Each scholarship is of the value of Rs. 4 a month tenable for four years with effect from 1st January 1934.)

Calcutta.

Three scholarships for general competition.

No.	Name of scholar	Name of school from which appeared	Name of school where the scholarship is tenable	Whether M E or M V.
1	Labanya Ranjan Pal	Mudiali M E	St Barnabas H E	M E
2	Md. Moshfiquer Rahman	Calcutta Model	Hare School	M E
3	Jitendra Nath Nag	Ahiritola Banga Vidyalaya	Hindu School	M E.

One scholarship reserved for Muhammadans.

No.	Name of scholar	Name of school from which appeared	Name of school where the scholarship is tenable	Whether M E or M V.
1	Md Fayazur Rahman	Calcutta Muslim Orphanage	Calcutta Madrasah	M E

Three scholarships reserved for backward classes.

No.	Name of scholar	Name of school from which appeared	Name of school where the scholarship is tenable	Whether M E or M V.
1	Birendra Nath Mandal	Kidderpore M E	Mitra Institution, Bhawanipore	M E
2	Bibekananda Santra	Ditto	Ditto	M E
3	Gopal Chandra Das	Ahiritola Banga Vidyalaya	Hindu School	M E

24-Parganas.

Nine scholarships for general competition.

No.	Name of scholar	Name of school from which appeared	Name of school where the scholarship is tenable	Whether M E or M V.
1	Shyamlal Haldar	Moshat M E	Diamond Harbour H E	M E
2	Palan Chandra Haldar	Barkhali M E	Fatehpur H E	M E
3	Md Kaliluddin Mondal	Jadurhati M E	Dhanyakuria H E	M E
4	Abani Bhusan Samanta	Bhadura M E	Diamond Harbour H E	M E
5	Basanta Kumar Bhattacharjee	Bodra M E	South Goria H E	M E
6	Bibhuti Bhusan Mondal	Bhadura M E	Norisha H E	M E
7	Jatindra Nath Malik	Belsingh M E	Fatehpur H E	M E
8	Maharaj Kumar Dhara	Sonia M E	Diamond Harbour H E	M E
9	Hazari Charan Das	Tentulia M E	Bongaon H E (Jessore)	M E

Two scholarships reserved for Muhammadans.

No.	Name of scholar	Name of school from which appeared	Name of school where the scholarship is tenable	Whether M E or M V.
1	Sheikh Muzaffar Hossain	Narayanpur M E	Rajibpur H E	M E
2	Jabed Ali Molla	Bodra Gokul M E	Barasat Government H E	M E

Nadia.

Five scholarships for general competition.

No.	Name of scholar	Name of school from which appeared	Name of school where the scholarship is tenable	Whether M E or M V.
1	Gour Gopal Modak	Debnath M E	Krishnagar Collegiate	M E.
2	Abdur Rashid *alias* Md Abdur Rahim	Sultanpur Mahatabia M E	Kushtia H E	M. E
3	Bimal Kumar Pal	Jagati M E	Kushtia Municipal Academy	M E
4	Rahamat Ali	Baradi B L M E	Ditto	M E
5	Amiya Bhusan Roy	Taragunia M E	Shikarpur H E	M E

Two scholarships reserved for Muhammadans.

No.	Name of scholar	Name of school from which appeared	Name of school where the scholarship is tenable	Whether M E or M V.
1	Khalibur Rahman	Old Kushtia M E	Kushtia Municipal Academy	M E
2	Mazaffar Hossain	Bagula M E	Gopalnagar H E (Jessore)	M E

Murshidabad.

Five scholarships for general competition.

No.	Name of scholar	Name of school from which appeared	Name of school where the scholarship is tenable	Whether M E or M V.
1	Raghu Nath Das	Ahiran M E	Jangipur H E	M. E
2	Ashutosh Das	Raghunathganj M E	Ditto	M. E
3	Sudhindra Narayan Chaudhury	Gobindapur M E	Lalgola H E	M. E
4	Badindrapat Sing Dugar	Azimganj M E	Jiaganj H E	M. E.
5	Chittaranjan Banerjee	Bokhara M E	Lalgola H E	M. E

One scholarship reserved for Muhammadans.

No.	Name of scholar	Name of school from which appeared	Name of school where the scholarship is tenable	Whether M E or M V.
1	Mir Asghar Ali	Azimganj M E	Jangipur H E.	M. E.

No.	Name of scholar	Name of school from which appeared	Name of school where the scholarship is tenable	Whether M E or M. V.

Jessore.

Five scholarships for general competition

1	Rajendra Nath Das	Jhikargacha M E	Jessore Zilla School	M E
2	Md Bazlar Rahman	Rajganj M E	Ditto	M E
3	Abul Hossain	Gangapandapur M E	Nawab Bahadur's Institution (Murshidabad)	M E
4	Subas Chandra Sarkar	Mallikpur M E	Fukura M M Academy (Faridpur)	M E
5	Radha Raman Kapuria	Chachuri Puruha M E	Kalia H E	M E

Two scholarships reserved for Muhammadans

1	Maqsud Ali Biswas	Amtail M E	Sreepur M C H E	M E
2	Abdus Sattar Molla	Khamar Parokhali M E	Khulna Zilla H E	M E

Khulna.

Seven scholarships for general competition

1	Monotosh Sarkar	Khesra M E	Baruli H E	M E.
2	Sukumar Haldar	Islamkati M E	Kumira H E	M E
3	Anil Kumar Banerjee	Ghatbhog M E	Bahirdia H E	M E
4	Danish Chandra Bose	Amadi Jaigirmahal M E	Khulna Zilla H E	M E
5	Surendra Nath Biswas	Madartali M E	Bagerhat H E	M E
6	Sailes Chandra Chakravarty	Bemorta M E	Khulna Zilla H E	M E
7	Panchanan Poddar	Jaidih M E	Gopalganj M N H E (Faridpur)	M E

One scholarship reserved for Muhammadans

1	Molla Abul Khair	Barabaria M E	Churulia H E	M E

List of backward class candidates who have been awarded Middle Scholarships in 1933.

1	Tulsi Ram Haldar	Khandalia M E	Diamond Harbour H E	M E
2	Durlav Krishna Pal	Bhebia M E	Bashirhat H E	M E
3	Jyotish Chandra Biswas	Palaspara M E	Lalgola M N Academy	M E
4	Judisthir Haldar	Ghateswar M E	Gabberia H E	M E
5	Siba Chandra Mandal	Sabalda M E	Bishnupur H E (Birbhum)	M E
6	Benod Behari Gayen	Dhamua M E	Madarhat H E	M E

K AHMAD,

Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division

Office of the Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle.

Ramna Dacca the 14th December 1933

The undermentioned girls are awarded Primary Final Scholarships with effect from January 1934 The value of each scholarship is Rs 3 a month and is tenable for two years in a middle or high school

(In order of merit)

No.	Name of scholar	Name of school from which she appeared	Where the scholarship is made tenable.
1	Basanti Pratima Roy	Iswarganj Girls Primary School (Mymensingh)	Vidyamoyee Girls High School, Mymensingh
2	Mahamaya Karmakar	Maitbanga Anath Girls Primary School (Noakhali)	Dr Khastagir's Girls High School, Chittagong
3	Kanakprova Ghosh	Kadamtala Girls School (Jalpaiguri)	Jalpaiguri Girls H E School, Jalpaiguri
4	Ashalata Devi	Domohani Girls School (Jalpaiguri)	Ditto

No.	Name of scholar.	Name of school from which she appeared.	Where the scholarship is made tenable.
5	Jamila Khatun	Kalabandha Girls' Primary School (Mymensingh).	Jamalpur Girls' M. E. School (Mymensingh).
6	Bivarani Choudhury	Iswarganj Girls' School (Mymensingh)	Vidyamoyee Girls' H. E. School, Mymensingh.
7	Asia Khatun	Khadail Girls' Primary School (Bogra)	V. M. Girls' High School, Bogra.
8	Renukarani Chakravarty	Joypurhat Girls' Primary School (Bogra)	Pabna Girls' High School, Pabna.
9	Anima Ghosh	Galachipa U. P. Girls' School (Bakarganj)	Provided she joins a recognised school with a requisite staff.
	Minati Acharjya Choudhury.	Muktagacha N. N. Girls' Primary School (Mymensingh).	Vidyamoyee Girls' High School, Mymensingh.
11	Kezia Aktar Khatun	Moharpara Girls' Maktab (Dacca)	Moharpur M. V. School (Dacca).
12	Musammat Sayedunnesa Khanam.	Bhandharia Girls' Final Maktab (Bakarganj).	Barisal Girls' High School, Barisal.
13	Ayesha Khatun	Namajgorh Municipal Girls' Primary School (Bogra).	B. M. Girls' High School, Bogra.
14	Musammat Roushanara Khatun.	Krishnapur Girls' Maktab (Pabna)	Sadar Girls' High School, Pabna.
15	Asia Khatun	Bhandharia Girls' Final Maktab (Bakarganj).	Perojpur Urban Girls' School, (Bakarganj).
	Nurjahan Khatun	Zanjira Saral Khainkandi Girls' Maktab (Faridpur).	Donovan Girls' High School, Madaripur.
	Kamrunnessa	Maguria Girls' Primary School (Bogra)	B. M. Girls' High School, Bogra.
18	Sunity Sen Gupta	Elashin Ichamoyee Girls' Primary School (Mymensingh).	Eden High School for Girls, Dacca.
	Sahera Khatun	Charkumaria Girls' Maktab (Faridpur)	Donovan Girls' High School, Madaripur.
	Jamila Khatun	Hoglakandi Girls' Maktab (Tippera)	Eden High School for Girls, Dacca.
	Maherunnessa	Ichapur Girls' School (Tippera)	Moslem Female Training School, Calcutta.
22	Kanakprova Bhattacharjya.	Umedpur Panchayeti Union Girls' Maktab (Faridpur).	Donovan Girls' High School, Madaripur.
23	Hamida Khatun	Birataltala Girls' Primary School (Mymensingh).	Vidyamoyee Girls' H. E. School, Mymensingh.
24	Sofia Khatun	Chandpur Sobhanpur Girls' Primary School	Faizunnessa Girls' H. E. School, Comilla.
	Pusparani Das	Bhatikhino Model Girls' School (Chittagong).	Dr. Khastagir's Girls' H. E. School, Chittagong.
26	Induprova Devi	Kishorganj Urban Girls' Primary School (Mymensingh).	Vidyamoyee Girls' High School, Mymensingh.
	Ayesha Khatun	Wari Girls' Primary School, Dacca	Kamrunnessa Girls' High School, Dacca.
	Manira Begum	Roshangiri Girls' Maktab, Fatikchari (Chittagong).	Chandanpura Girls' M. E. School, Chittagong.
29	Sara Khatun	Ruppur Girls' P. F. School (Pabna)	Sadar Girl's High School, Pabna.
30	Bakulrani Das	North Dhalghat Girls' Primary School (Chittagong).	Dr. Khastagir's Girls' High School, Chittagong.
31	Ashalata Banik	Sontosh Rani Dinamani Girls' School (Mymensingh).	B. B. Girls' M. E. School, Tangail (Mymensingh).
	Renukana Mitra	Gandaria Girls' School, Dacca	Kamrunnessa Girls' High School, Dacca.
33	Jarina Aktar Khatun	Marjal Maijpara Girls' Primary School (Dacca)	Marjal M. E. School (Dacca)
	Majeda Khatun	Satbaria Urban Girls' Primary School (Chittagong).	Dr. Khastagir's Girls' High School, Chittagong.
	Mridulrani Sen	Kharandwip Model Girls' Primary School (Chittagong).	Dr. Khastagir's Girls' High School, Chittagong.
	Rabia Khatun	Shibbati Santibala Girls' Primary School (Bogra).	V. M. Girls' High School, Bogra.
37	Marium Khatun	Bashgari Girls' Primary School (I) (Dacca)	Parataly Girls' M. E. School (Dacca).
38	Mahbubunnessa	Hossainia Girls' School, Comilla	Faizunnessa Girls' High School, Comilla.
	Khodeja Khatun	Ram Chandrapur Girls' Primary School (Bogra).	V. M. Girls' High School, Bogra.
40	Sishirkana Das	Gandaria Girls' School, Dacca	Kamrunnessa Girls' H. E. School, Dacca.
	Chayarani Devi	Kurseong Bengali Girls' U. P. School (Darjeeling).	Kurseong Mission Girls' M. E. School (Darjeeling).
42	Bivarani Sen Gupta	Sister's Day Girls' Primary School (Barisal)	Eden High School for Girls, Dacca.
	Pritilata Roy	Parkola Girls' Primary School (Bogra)	B. M. Girls' High School, Bogra.
44	Anjumannessa	Hossainia Girls' School (Tippera)	Faizunnessa Girls' High School, Comilla.
45	Maya Devi	Shibbati Santibala Girls' Primary School (Bogra).	V. M. Girls' High School, Bogra.
46	Bibha Sen Gupta	Goila Girls' Final School (Bakarganj)	Sadar Girls' High School, Barisal.
47	Mussammat Zahera Khatun.	Doleswar Girls' Primary School (Dacca)	Vernacular Training School, Dacca.
	Amena Khatun	Chandipara Girls' Primary School (Bogra).	Satsumia Junior Madrasah.
49	Jahanara Sabiha Begum	Nandanpur Radharani Girls' Primary School (Mymensingh).	Vidyamoyee Girls' High School, Mymensingh.
	Banalata Devi	Wari Girls' School, Dacca	Kamrunnessa Girls' High School, Dacca.
	Banesa Khatun	Kotowalirchar Girls' Maktab (Dacca)	Madhabdi M. E. School (Dacca).
	Nurjahan Begum	North Damodhya Girls' School (Faridpur)	Donovan Girls' High School, Madaripur.

Reserved scholarships for Muhammadan girls.

1	Roshena Ara	Faizunnessa U. P. Girls' School, Comilla	Faizunnessa Girls' High School, Comilla.
2	Musammat Miarul Mohsen	Masirunnessa Khanam Girls' Primary School (Rajshahi).	Brindeswari Girls' M. E. School, Natore.

L. GHOSH,

Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle (offg.).

Office of the Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle.

Ramna, Dacca, the 13th December 1933.

The undermentioned girls are awarded Primary Preliminary Scholarships with effect from January 1934. The value f each scholarship is Rs. 2 a month and is tenable for two years in a high or middle school or in a primary school for girls ontaining classes IV and V :—

(In order of merit.)

o.	Name of scholar.	Name of school from which she appeared.	Where the scholarship is made tenable.
1	Renu Dasi	Muktagacha Nagendra Narayan Girls' Primary School, Mymensingh.	Muktagacha Nagendra Narayan Girls' Primary School, Mymensingh.
2	Binapani Sen	Sonbari P. U. Girls' Primary School	Vidyamoyee Girls' High School, Mymensingh.
	Amina Khatun	Kodalia Girls' Muktab	Ditto.
	Sharifatunnessa	Puran Katibari Girls' Muktab	Pabna Girls' High School, Pabna.
5	Bidyutlata Ghosh	Chamar Bazail Girls' Primary School	Radhasundary Girls' High School, Mymensingh.
	Anwara Begum	Sarishabari Girls' Primary School	Vidyamoyee Girls' High School, Mymensingh
	Jaheda Khatun	Sandwip Urban Girls' Primary School	Dr. Khastagir's Girls' High School, Chittagong.
9	Lakshmirani Das Gupta	Dumohani Girls' School	Dumohani Girls' Final Primary School, Jalpaiguri.
	Bijali Roy	Sarishabari Girls' Primary School, Mymensingh.	Vidyamoyee Girls' High School, Mymensingh.
	Fazilatoonnesa	Khandail Muktab	Khirshen Boys' Primary Final Muktab, Dinajpur.
11	Aziza Khatun	Golganda Girls' Muktab	Vidyamoyee Girls' High English School, Mymensingh.
	Anjuman Ara	Lohajuri Girls' Muktab (I)	Ditto
	Syeda Shamsunnehar	Faizunnessa Girls' U. P. School, Comilla.	Faizunnessa Girls' U. P. School, Comilla.
	Usharani Devi	Boda Girls' School	P. N. Girls' High School, Rajshahi.
	Mariam Nesa Khatun	Islamia Girls' Primary School	Girls' Junior Madrasah, Rajshahi.
16	Haridasi De	Malitola Girls' Primary School, Dacca	Malitola Girls' Primary School, Dacca.
	Manibala Choudhury	Poraikora Girls' Primary School	Dr. Khastagir's Girls' High English School, Chittagong.
18	Juirani Debi	Nawpara P. U. Girls' Primary School, Mymensingh.	Nawpara P. U. Girls' Primary School, Mymensingh.
19	Belarani Debi	Pinglakati Girls' Primary, Bakarganj	Sadar Girls' High School, Barisal.
	Renuka Rani Das	Joypahat Girls' Primary School, Bogra	Joypahat Girls' Primary School, Bogra.
21	Majida Aktar Khatoon	Ibrahimpur Girls' Primary School, Dacca.	Sarrabud Boys' Board Primary School, Dacca.
	Nirmala Prova Ghosh	Madandia Girls' Primary School, Faridpur.	Madandia Girls Primary Final School, Faridpur.
	Shiraja Khatun	Postarpar Girls' Primary Muktab Kutuali.	Postarpar Girls' Primary Muktab, Kutuali.
	Roshanara Begum	Sandwip Urban Girls' Primary School	Dr. Khastagir's Girls' High English School, Chittagong.
	Avarani Sarkar	Kaligram Panchayeti Union Girls' Primary School, Malda.	Kaligram Panchayeti Union U. P. Girls' School, Malda.
	Sunity Roy	Puthia Girls' Primary School, Rajshahi.	P. N. Girls' High School, Rajshahi
27	Nilimabala Choudhury	Banigram Girls' Primary School, Banskhari.	Dr. Khastagir's Girls' High English School, Chittagong.
	Illarani Biswas	Rangamati Girls' L. P. School	Ditto.
	Halima Khatun	Kandagram Girls' Muktab, Bogra	V. M. Girls' High School, Bogra.
	Himaniprova Guha	Dinajpur Balubari Girls' Primary School.	Sadar Girls' High School, Dinajpur.
31	Afzalunnessa Tarafdar	Radhakanai Girls' Muktab, Mymensingh.	Vidyamoyee Girls' High School, Mymensingh.
	Asia Khatun	Harua Tallukpara Girls' Muktab, Mymensingh.	Koshba Mollapara Girls' Primary School, Mymensingh.
	Shamsunnehar	Koshba Mollapara Girls' Primary School, Mymensingh.	Ditto.
	Joboda Khatun	Daorait Girls' Muktab, Mymensingh	Burudia Girls' P. U. School, Mymensingh.
	Hazera Khatun	Adarsha Balika Vidyalaya, Faridpur	Adarsha Balika Vidyalaya, Faridpur.
36	Kamarunnessa	Waruk Girls' Muktab, Tippera	Eden High School for Girls, Dacca.
	Mustafa Khatun	Tailardip Girls' Muktab, Anwara	Barramsara Middle English School.
38	Rabia Khatun	Panchani Girls' Muktab, Mymensingh	Vidyamoyee Girls' High School, Mymensingh.
	Indubala Saha	Rani Dinamani Girls' Primary School, Santosh (Mymensingh).	Rani Dinamani Girls' Primary School, Santosh (Mymensingh).

No.	Name of scholar.	Name of school from which she appeared.	Where the scholarship is made tenable
	Shamsunnehar Begum	Narinda Girls' School Dacca	Kamrunnessa Girls' High School, Dacca
	Faizunnessa	Mahtola Girls' School, Dacca	Eden High School for Girls, Dacca
42	Fatema Khatun	Kanchijhuli Muhammadan Girls' Muktab, Mymensingh	Vidyamoyee Girls' High School Mymensingh
	Rabia Khatun	Hossainpur Girls' Muktab, Tippera	Faizunnessa Girls' High School Comilla
	Hasina Begum	Sutrapur Yakubia Girls' Muktab, Bogra	Sutrapur Yukubia Girls' Muktab, Bogra
45	Pritilata Devi	Atharabari Gyanada Sundari Girls' Primary School, Mymensingh	Vidyamoyee Girls' High School, Mymensingh.
	Malati Roy	Illashin Ichhamoyee Girls Primary School, Mymensingh	Illashin Ichhamoyee Girls' Primary School, Mymensingh
	Fatima Khatoon	Malapdia Girls' Primary School, Dacca	Malapdia Girls' Primary School, Dacca
	Shamsunnessa	South Goshercher Girls' Muktab Hazrahati	Char Kumaria Girls' Primary Final Muktab, Faridpur
	Hajira Khatoon	Nandanpur Girls Muktab (III)	Nandan Primary Muktab for Boys' Noakhali
	Jamila Khatun	Bamonkola Girls Primary School Rajshahi	V. M. Girls High English School, Bogra
51	Minarani Devi	Illashin Ichhamoyee Girls Primary School, Mymensingh	Illashin Ichhamoyee Girls' Primary School, Mymensingh
	Taiyabunnessa Khatoon	Nawgao Girls Muktab, Mymensingh	Bashgari Girls' Muktab, Mymensingh
53	Protivamoyee Devi	Narattampur Girls Primary School Bakarganj	Banaripara Girls' Final Primary School, Bakarganj
	Prativa Rani Dhar	Munshiffpur Girls Primary School Dacca	Munshiffpur Girls Final Primary School, Dacca
	Rahima Khatun	Hossainy Girls Primary School, Karimullabag, Dacca	Kamrunnessa Girls High School, Dacca
	Jyotsnarani Mukherjee	Deokhali Girls Primary School Faridpur	Deokhali Girls Primary School Faridpur
	Mamuna Khatun	Shuladhana Girls Muktab, Tippera	Chandpur Girls Middle English School, Tippera
	Sreemati Santilata Devi	Satbaria Girls Primary School, Pabna	Pabna Girls' High School Pabna
59	Razubunnessa	Badarpur East Girls' Primary School, Dacca	Ghagutia Muktab, Dacca
	Fulmehar Khatun	Kotwalichar Girls Muktab, Dacca	Kutwalichar Girls Muktab, Dacca
	Binapani Sen Gupta	Panditsar Model Girls School, Faridpur	Donovan Girls' High School, Madaripur
	Monojmala Devi	Bhatikhine Model Girls School, Patiya Chittagong	Bhatikhine Model Girls School, Pativa, Chittagong
	Syeda Khatun	Shadhanpur Girls Muktab Bashkhali	Shadhanpur Middle English School Chittagong
	Musammat Shahidunnessa	Gabtali Primary School, Bogra	Gabtali Middle English School, Bogra
65	Suchitra Sen	Gandaria Girls' Primary School, Dacca	Gandaria Girls' Primary School, Dacca
	Musammat Aimena Khatun	Doleswar Girls Primary School, Dacca	Doleswar Girls Primary School Dacca
	Mayurunnessa	Madhbarkandi Girls Muktab, Faridpur	Madhbarkandi Girls Final Muktab Faridpur
	Najibunnessa	Hossaima Girls School, Comilla	Hossaima Girls' School, Comilla
	Shurma Khatun	M. Madrasah Girls' Muktab, Chittagong	S. Madarshal Final Muktab, Chittagong
	Nasuba Khatun	Ramnagar Girls' Muktab, Rajshahi	Rajshahi Girls' Madrasah, Rajshahi
71	Sobharani Ghosh	Ram Dinamani Girls' Primary School Santosh, Mymensingh	Ram Dinamani Girls Primary School Santosh, Mymensingh
	Nihar Kana Devi	Joydebpur Girls Primary School, Dacca	Joydebpur Girls' Primary School, Dacca
	Hameda Khatun	Shordhankuthi Girls Primary Muktab, Bogra	Shardhankuthi Girls' Primary Muktab, Bogra.
	Mrinalini Dasi	Bholahat Girls' School, Malda	Bholahat Girls' School, Malda
	Sreemati Nandarani Kundu	Ruppur Girls' Primary School, Pabna	Ruppur Girls' Primary School, Pabna
76	Sumita Kar	Nawabpur Girls' Primary School, Dacca	Narishiksha Mandir, Dacca

Reserved scholarships for Muhammadan girls

No.	Name of scholar.	Name of school from which she appeared.	Where the scholarship is made tenable
1	Afifu Bhanu	Bharbara Girls' Muktab, Mymensingh	Vidyamoyee Girls' High School, Mymensingh
	Amena Aktar Khatun	Charsindhur Girls' Muktab, Dacca	Munshiffpur Girls' Final Primary School, Dacca
	Salema Khatun	Dholai Hadurkhal Girls' Muktab, Chittagong.	Dholai Hadkurkhal Final Muktab, Chittagong.
	Mehera Khatun	Kandagram Girls' Muktab, Bogra ..	V. M. Girls' High School, Bogra
5	Sunnatan Khatun	Bolunpur Mission Girls' Primary School, Rajshahi	Boalia Mission M. V. School, Rajshahi

L. GHOSH,
Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle (offg.).

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

Senate House, the 21st December 1933

The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Final M B Examination under the New Regulations held in November 1933

(In alphabetical order)

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia

Acharyya, Dhirendranath

Medical College, Calcutta

Bandyopadhyay, Nripendrakumar
,, Sukumar

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia

Bandyopadhyay, Tarapada
,, Umananda

Medical College, Calcutta

Barari, Sailendrachandra
Barman, Krishnaprasad
Basak, Madangopal

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia

Basu Haribhushan
10 ,, Manilal
,, Mihirkumar

Medical College Calcutta

Basu, Pulinbihari

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia

Basu, Swadeshkumar
Bhattacharyya, Dhirendranath

Medical College, Calcutta

Bhattacharyya, Sureschandra
Chakrabarti, Dhirendranath
,, Jibendranath
,, Sudhirkumar

Carmichael Medical College Belgachia

Chakrabarti, Upendrachandra

Medical College Calcutta

20 Chattopadhyay Amarendranath

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia

Chattopadhyay, Dhirendranath
,, Lakshminarayan
,, Ranjitkumar
,, Rasamay

Medical College, Calcutta

Choudhuri Abdus Samad
,, Zinnur Ahamed
Das, Santoshkumar

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia

Das, Sukumar

Medical College, Calcutta

Das, Tilottama
30 Datta, Jyotischandra
,, Surendramohan
,, Susendramohan
Do, Bhupendranath
,, Nitaichand

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia

Dhar, Lalchand.

Medical College, Calcutta

Ganga, Aggarwal

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia

Gangopadhyay, Bimalkanta

Medical College Calcutta

Ghosh Amarendrasekhar

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia

Ghosh Barindrakumar

Medical College, Calcutta

40 Ghosh, Suprabha

Carmichael Medical College Belgachia

Ghosh Sarathmohan
Guhamajumdar, Rabindranath
Gupta Satyapriya

Medical College Calcutta

Kar Pasupati
Konar Ramchandra

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia

Lahiri Arunkumar

Medical College, Calcutta

Majumdar, Sudhirchandra

Carmichael Medical College Belgachia

Mitra Haripada
Mukhopadhyay Amiya

Medical College, Calcutta

50 Mukhopadhyay Haridas
Saradindu
Pal Manmathanath
Raha, Satyendrakumar
Ray, Nirmalkumar

Carmichael Medical College Belgachia

Ray Pabindranath

Medical College Calcutta

Ray, Sukendrachandra

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia

Ray Sudhirchandra

Medical College, Calcutta.

Saha Durgacharan

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia

Saha, Sudhindranath
60 Sain Jugalcharan

Medical College Calcutta

Sarma Mahendranath
Sengupta Pabitrakumar

Carmichael Medical College Belgachia

Sinha Ranajit

Medical College, Calcutta

Sur, Ajitkumar
65 Vithal Janam Ghawde

B B DUTT,

Controller of Examinations (offg.)

Education Department, Bengal.

Lytton Moslem Scholarship.

Calcutta, the 15th November 1933.

NOTIFICATION.

A scholarship of the value of £170 per annum, with one second class sea passage each way to the United Kingdom from the Lytton Moslem Scholarship Fund, administered by the Assistant Director of Public Instruction for Muhammadan Education, Bengal, will be available for award during 1934. The candidates must be Moslems domiciled in Bengal.

2. The scholarship is tenable at any institution in the United Kingdom for a period of two years. It will be awarded this time to a student of Calcutta University, provided a qualified and suitable candidate applies. The candidate must have passed at least the B.A. or B.Sc. Examination with Honours or an equivalent examination.

3. In the event of there being no qualified or suitable candidate for the scholarship from Calcutta University, and in the event of there being no candidate who fulfils the conditions of the scholarship, the administrator at his discretion may award the scholarship to any other qualified Moslem candidate domiciled in Bengal.

4. The candidate must not be over 28 years of age. Preference will be given to a candidate whose age is below 25 years.

5. Selection will be restricted to those who appear to the administrator to be likely by age, ability, physical qualifications and social circumstances to profit by a course of study in Europe.

6. Intending candidates who meet the requirements laid down are requested to apply to the Assistant Director of Public Instruction for Muhammadan Education, Bengal, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta, on forms, a sample of which is appended and which is also obtainable from the Personal Assistant to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal. Each application must include testimonials from Professors or other qualified persons, a statement of academic qualifications and physical attainments, and an indication of the special line of study which the candidate desires to pursue in Europe.

7. The selected candidate will be required to supplement this scholarship from his own resources so as to bring his available means up to the sum of £300 per annum. Besides the scholarship of £170, he will be provided with one second class sea passage each way to and from England at the expense of the Fund. All other expenses will have to be borne by the candidate himself.

8. The selected candidate will be required to produce a medical certificate of fitness to undergo a course of study abroad.

9. The selected candidate will be required to deposit a sum of £40 with the High Commissioner before his departure from India for his initial expenses. He will have no claim to payment of the scholarship until this deposit has been made.

10. The scholarship will be payable from the date from which the scholar reports his arrival in England. It shall be held subject to good conduct and satisfactory progress and may be terminated at any time on the advice of the High Commissioner.

M. M. BAKSH,

Assistant Director of Public Instrn.
for Muhammadan Education, Bengal (offg.).

Form of application for Lytton Moslem Scholarship for 1934.

This application must reach the Assistant Director of Public Instruction for Muhammadan Education, Bengal, on or before the *15th January 1934*.

No.	Name of candidate and his address and home district.	Age.	Parentage (father's name, occupation, etc.).	Academic and practical qualifications of the candidate in full.	Present occupation	Subject chosen for study	Period necessary for completing the course.	Declaration to secure fund from private sources for any period beyond two years	Declaration to supplement the amount of the scholarship as required in terms of rule 7.	Whether physically fit to undergo the necessary training.	Whether the candidate knows Latin or Greek or any other occidental classical language.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13

N. B.—All the columns must be carefully filled up. True copies of the University certificates should be enclosed.

Education Department, Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 12th December, 1933.

It is notified for general information that sixty-three third grade junior scholarships of Rs. 10 a month each are allotted to the following districts in the proportion noted against each. The scholarships are awardable on the result of the Matriculation Examination to be held in March, 1934:—

Calcutta	12
24-Parganas	3
Jessore	2
Khulna	3
Murshidabad	2
Nadia	2
Bankura	1
Birbhum	1
Burdwan	3
Hooghly	2
Howrah	2
Midnapore	2
Bakarganj	2
Dacca	3
Faridpur	2
Mymensingh	3
Bogra	1
Darjeeling	1
Jalpaiguri	1
Dinajpur	1
Malda	1
Pabna	2
Rajshahi	1
Rangpur	1
Chittagong Hill Tracts	1
Chittagong	2
Noakhali	1
Tippera	3

Students, who are natives of Bengal and are British subjects but are reading in any high schools in French Chandernagar, Cooch Behar, Sikkim and the Tripura State, are also eligible for the above scholarships allotted to the districts of Hooghly, Rangpur, Darjeeling and Tippera, respectively.

One scholarship will be awarded to the most successful aboriginal student in the districts of Birbhum, Bankura and Midnapore who passes the examination but does not obtain any other scholarship. If no qualified aboriginal student is available the scholarship will be allotted to the district of Howrah.

The remaining one scholarship is made open to competition by the students of all high English schools in the district of Rangpur only.

R. WOLFENDEN,
Asst. Director of Public Instrn., Bengal.

Government Silk Weaving and Dyeing Institute, Berhampore (Murshidabad).

Calcutta, the 12th December 1933.

Results of the Final Diploma Examination, 1933.

(Arranged in order of merit.)

The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Final Diploma Examination of the Government Silk Weaving and Dyeing Institute, Berhampore, held in 1933:—

Name of candidate	Class in which passed.
Bisweshor Majumdar	1
Hirendra Nath Banerjee	1
Balaram Ghose	1
Narayan Chandra Bhattacherjee	2
Saty Brata Ghosal }	2
Dhirendra Nath Das Sarma }	2
Harendra Kumar Majumdar	2
Byomkesh Bhattacharjee	2
Bejoy Bhusan Majumdar	2
Birendra Chandra Dass	2
Fasi Uddin Ahammad	3
Ram Renu Mukerjee	3
Hirendra Chandra Mukerjee	3

A. N. SEN,
for *Director of Industries, Bengal.*

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

Senate House, the 16th December 1933.

NOTICE.

It is hereby announced for general information that a centre has been opened at Contai in the district of Midnapore, for holding the I. A. Examination, 1934, on usual conditions.

B. B. DUTT,
Controller of Examinations (offg.)

Calcutta University.

Senate House, the 14th December 1933.

NOTICE.

The last date for submission of thesis for the Jogendrachandra Ghosh's Research Prize for 1933, which was announced to be 23rd December 1933 in the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 2nd July 1931, is postponed to 2nd January 1934.

B. B. DUTT,
Controller of Examinations (offg.).

Calcutta University.

Notification No. Misc. R/89.

Senate House, the 11th December 1933.

The following changes in Chapters LI and LII of the Regulations, relating to the I.E. and B.E. Examinations, sanctioned by the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education), are published for general information:—

II. That the syllabus of Chemistry for the Intermediate Examination in Engineering (Regulations, page 398 of the edition of 1932) be revised as follows:

Syllabus of General and Inorganic Chemistry—I.E. Section A.

Theoretical.

Nature of physical and chemical changes, laws of chemical combination; atomic theory; determination of atomic weight and molecular weight; Avogadro's hypothesis and its application; law of Dulong and Petit; law of isomorphism; chemical notation and nomenclature; valency; the gas laws; the kinetic theory of gases; diffusion; distillation; evaporation; laws of solution; Osmotic pressure; thermochemistry; influence of mass on chemical change; gaseous dissociation; elements of electro-chemistry; hypothesis of ions and ionic dissociation; periodic classification of the elements; radio-activity and atomic structure.

Systematic study of the following elements and their chief compounds with special reference to their technical applications.

Hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen, helium, argon, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, sulphur, boron, carbon, silicon, phosphorus, arsenic, sodium, potassium, calcium, strontium, barium, magnesium, zinc, cadium, mercury, copper, silver, gold, aluminium, manganese, iron, nickel, cobalt, chromium, tin, lead, antimony, bismuth.

Practical.

Qualitative analysis by dry and wet tests of inorganic mixture not containing more than three radicals from the following:—

Silver, lead, mercury, copper, bismuth, cadmium, tin, arsenic, antimony, iron, manganese, fluoride, aluminium, chromium, zinc, cobalt, nickel, calcium, strontium, barium, magnesium, potassium, sodium, ammonium, chloride, bromide, iodide, sulphide, sulphite, sulphate, chromate, phosphate, nitrate, nitrite, borate, silicate, carbonate, arsenate and arsenite.

Easy quantitative determinations including volumetric and gravimetric methods of chemical analysis.

II. That the Syllabus of Technical Chemistry and Metallurgy for the B.E. Examination Non-professional (Regulations, page 412 of the edition of 1932) be revised as follows:—

Syllabus of Engineering, Metallurgy and Technical Chemistry, Third-year B. E. Non-professional (for all branches).

N.B.—Courses (A) and (C) are to be taken up by the Civil Engineering students, and courses (A) and (B) by the Mechanical Engineering students.

Theoretical.

A

Brief study of the manufacture and properties with special reference to their use in engineering of the common non-ferrous metals and their alloys; cast iron; wrought iron and steel. The influence of impurities upon metals and alloys. The alloy steels. The crystalline structure of metals with special reference to their mechanical properties. The effect of mechanical work on metals. Fracture of metals and their crystalline structures. Crystallisation and fatigue of metals. Brief study of Phase Rule and equilibrium diagrams, with special reference to metals and alloys. Iron-carbon system. Hardening, tempering, annealing and normalising of steel. Casehardening of steel. Corrosion of iron and steel, methods of preventing corrosion.

Chemistry of accumulator cells.

Chemistry of boiler water; softening of boiler water, boiler scaled, its composition and effect on boiler. Sterilisation and filtration of water.

Solid, liquid and gaseous fuels. Indian coals. Distillation of coal; products of distillation and their utilisation. Sampling and analysis of fuels.

B

Chemistry of combustion. Calculation of volumes and weights of air necessary for combustion of fuels, calculation of heat losses. Composition of flue gases and its interpretation.

Chemistry of lubricating oils and greases.

C

Composition and properties of chinaclay, fire clay, and common clay and products obtained from them.

Manufacture and properties of limes, cements and plaster.

Practical.

A

Gravimetric analysis Simple determination of copper, iron, aluminium, magnesium, chloride, sulphate and silica.

Volumetric analysis—Acidimetry and alkalimetry.

Determination of permanent and temporary hardness of water. Determination of iron and calcium by permanganate. Determination of chlorine in bleaching powder.

Preparation of at least two commercially important compounds in the laboratory.

B

Analyses of coal and flue gases. Determination of calorific value of coal.

Determination of viscosity, flash point, fire point, specific gravity, free acid, saponification number, Manmene test, Conradson test, emulsification test, of oils.

C

Analysis of lime stone, portland cement and brick-earth.

III. That the following new syllabus in Metallurgy (for mechanical students only) be inserted at page 421 of the Regulations (edition 1932), *after* the syllabus in Modern system of works Management and Accounts (for Mechanical and Electrical candidates only) and *before* the syllabus in Heat Engines (for Mechanical students only) :—

Metallurgy.

(For Mechanical students only.)

Theoretical.

Refractory materials, foundry sand, core binders and facing materials used in foundry.

Iron.—Iron ores, classification and distribution. Indian Iron ores and their occurrence. Preparation of iron ore for smelting. The blast furnace, method of operating. Reactions in blast furnace. Different grades of pig iron. Cast iron and foundry practice. Manufacture and properties of wrought iron.

Steel.—The cementation process of making shear steel. Crucible and cast steel. Different grades of crucible steel, its characteristics and uses. Bessemer, open hearth, duplex and electric processes of making steel. Chemistry of different processes of steel making. Recent modifications in open hearth practice. Comparative merits of steels made by different processes. Production of steel castings by using small converter Defects in ingots. Effect of carbon, manganese sulphur, phosphorus, silicon, etc., on steel.

Composition and characteristics of various grades of steel. Special steels as nickel, nickel-chromium, manganese, high-speed tool steel. Mechanical treatment of steel. Elements of metallography with special reference to iron and steel. Heat treatment of steel.

Brief study of copper, nickel, zinc, lead, tin, antimony, aluminium and their important alloys.

N.B.—The above changes will be given effect to from the examination of 1934.

J. CHAKRAVORTI, *Registrar.*

Government publications for sale.

[To be had of the Officer-in-charge, Bengal Secretariat Book Depot, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta]

	Price. Rs.	a.	p.	
(1) Police Administration Report, Bengal, for 1932 ..	0	11	6	per copy.
(2) Police Regulations, Bengal, 1927 (in three volumes)	11	10	0	per set.
(3) Eastern Frontier Rifles Regulations, 1922 ..	7	9	0	per copy.
(4) Constables' Training School Manual, 1916 ..	0	12	0	,,
(5) Police Training College Manual, 1933 .	0	7	0	,,
(6) Gradation List of police officers in Bengal for the half year ending the 1st July 1933 .	0	2	0	,,
(7) List of police stations and outposts in the Bengal Presidency, corrected up to 1st January 1933	0	5	0	,,

Announcement regarding the award of the Sir John Anderson (Gold) Medal.

Calcutta, the 16th December 1933.

The Sir John Anderson (Gold) Medal offered by Dr. U. N. Brahmachari, M.A., M.D., PH.D., Chairman, Board of Industries, Bengal, for the best essay on "Cottage Industries in relation to Bengal's industrial progress" will be awarded to Babu Satyendra Nath Roy of Cooch Behar for the essay submitted by him which has been adjudged to be the best of the essays received for the competition.

G. S. DUTT,

Director of Industries, Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1933.

PART II

Advertisements.

Notices.

[Advertisements, Notices, etc., intended for insertion in this Part of the Gazette cannot be received after noon of Saturday.]

Land Sale Notices.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Khulna will be put up to sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 9th day of January 1934, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
28	Keragachi, pargana Hilki.	583 0 4	Whole	....	Sadhonbala Debi ..	..	78 14 10	..
88/2	Kalipada, pargana Sundarbans.	..	No ..	8 as. share .. Separate account No. 2.	Kalipada Chatterjee and others.	1,106 8 0	..	610 4 0
57	Jamira, pargana Jamira.	1,659 0 3	Whole	....	Lakshan Chandra Sons and others.	..	257 2 9	..
108/1	Babulia, pargana Busan.	..	No ..	8 as. share .. Separate account No. 1.	Sollojanath Rai Chowdhury and others.	789 5 8	..	L. R.—1,428 2 10 P. R.—19 11 8

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs a p				Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p
108/2	Babulia pargana Buran		No	8 as share Separate account No 2	Jatindra Nath Rai Chowdhury and others	780 5 8		165 8 11
132/1	Bhadra pargana Buran		No	8 as share Separate account No 1	Ditto	3 138 14 4		1 653 1 11
132/2	Soilojanath, pargana Buran		No	8 as share Separate account No 2	Soilojanath Rai Chowdhury and others	3 138 14 4		8,158 9 1
146/5	Soilojanath, pargana Malhati		No	2 as 10 gds share Separate account No 5	Ditto	815 4 0		2,115 10 9
167/1	Sarappore pargana Sahash		No	8 as share Separate account No 1	Monomohon Bosu	531 3 5		142 12 7
167/2	Harodasi pargana Sahash		No	8 as share Separate account No 2	Harodasi Bose	531 3 5		143 11 9
170	Silmabad pargana Silmabad	[illegible]	Whole		Sadhu han Rai Chowdhury Rajendra Mohan Rai Chowdhury and others		1 [illegible]86 0 4	
957/2	Jatindra Nath pargana Bajitpur		No	[illegible] as share Separate account No 2	Kalidas Datta	402 3 3		2 578 13 6
957/3	Soilojanath pargana Bajitpur		No	[illegible] as share Separate account No 3	Soilojanath Rai Chowdhury and others	[illegible] 162 3 3		14 6[illegible]3 4 5
967/3	Gopalhari pargana Hogla		No	3 as 4 gds share Separate account No 3	Gopalhari Ghose Chowdhury	1 86[illegible] 10 4		709 8 10
967/[illegible]	Kshitindra pargana Hogla		No	2 as 2 gds [illegible] 2 kt share Separate account No [illegible]	Kshitindra Nath Biswas and others	[illegible]		269 2 5
1068	Dwijendra pargana Buran	91 3 1	Whole		Hemendranath Rai Chowdhury and others		671 3 8	
1076	Saratkumari pargana Molo[illegible]	[illegible] 7 11	Do		[illegible] Kumar [illegible] and others		418 11 0	
1077	Motilal pargana Moloi	2 [illegible]7 9½	Do		Madan Mohan Mallick Pyari Mohan Mallick and others		2 8[illegible] 2 0	
1104	Dwijendranath pargana Buran	3 706 10 10	Do		Hemendra Nath Rai Chowdhury and others		2 317 0 1	
1312	Golam Goffer pargana Bhaluka	70[illegible] 1[illegible] 9	Do		M Golam Goffer and others		107 0 0	
131[illegible]	Ditto	707 1[illegible] 9	Do		Mohatuzer Rahaman		120 0 0	
1324	Jatindra Nath pargana Lakhhazra	1 34[illegible] 7 11	Do		Kalidas Datta		66 8 10	
850	Char Langra Khali pargana Silmabad	1 988 0 0	Do		Bhabendra Chandra Roy and others		991 0 0	
919	Ghor Kumarpore Lot No 167 pargana Sundarbans	11 20[illegible] 0 0	Do		Probir Chandra Ghose and others		3 924 9 11	
1027	Charpania pargana Bajitpur	[illegible]7[illegible] 0 0	Do		Hari Mohan Ghose and others		72 0 0	
1144	Char Tentultala Digar pargana Hogla	1 047 0 0	Do		Soshibhusan Dey and others		122 1[illegible] 0	
1217	Char Hoglabunia Digar pargana Silmabad	1 628 0 0	Do		Bansidhar Nag and others		164 7 0	
826	Gazirghat Chak, pargana Sundarbans	806 14 0	Do		Kedereswar Biswas and others		339 1 0	
862	Narendrapur pargana Sundarbans	[illegible]87 4 2	Do		Umesh Chandra Bhattacharjee and others		50 15 4	
890	Bansbaria pargana Sundarbans	6 116 0 0	Do		Aswini Kumar Nag Mazumder and others		2 986 0 0	
1000	West Hodda, pargana Sundarbans	3 717 0 0	Do		Abhoya Ch Sarder and others.		567 0 0	

The above estates are being advertised for sale for instalments of revenue which were due on or before the 31st Bhadra, 1340 B S, of which the latest date of payment was the 5th October 1933 (23rd September 1933 to 4th October 1933 being holidays)

Khulna, the 9th December 1933.

B. K. SINHA, *for* Collector

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of 24 Parganas will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 8th January 1934, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share —

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
3 2	Mahal Laskerpur pargana Magura			4 annas share of the entire estate	Lalkumar Roy Choudhury and others	2,060 7 4		363 3 9
6 R S	Mahal Ramnagar pargana Magura			16 annas share in all mauzas except Jalpara and Jaffarpur	Akshay Chandra Bose	6,806 12 2		1,119 7 3¼
8 2	Mahal Jaffarpur pargana Magura			4 annas share of the entire estate	Lalkumar Roy Choudhury and others	86[illegible] 7 [illegible]		183 15 0
17 1	Mahal Raipur pargana Magura			16 annas share in each of the mauzas Gangadharpur Chak Brojomani Chak Chak Gansingh Nij Andharmanik Ramnathpur Lat Sonapachi Jamagorehata Sarsoona, Krishnarampur Champan Chak Jagatdal Baglandi Chitta Gobindapur Haji Gobindapur Baidyanathpur Dakshineswar, Anthatia Kurudanga Rajarampur	Khagendra Nath Chakravarty and other	1,0[illegible] 0 2		197 6 0
5[illegible] R S	Mahal Rameswarpur pargana Magura			5 [illegible] 1 kt share in each of the mauzas Raipur Ramchandrapur Parbatipur and Chakundabena and 8 as 8 g 3 c 1 kt 2 dt share in each of the mauzas Sandhukhan Chak Chandigori Rameswarpur including Chak Sadhukhan and Chak Kalmi Kabil Malta Chak Chandu Chak Kissoripur Sarsuna Tinghalberia and Italgata	Gurudas Adak and other	1,606 7 7½		1,604 0 5
56 R S	Mahal Raipur pargana Magura			5 as [illegible] 2 [illegible] 2 kt share of the entire estate	Jugal Charan Mandal and others	1,041 8 [illegible]		[illegible] [illegible] 10¾
64/1/2	Mahal Pansdroni pargana Magura			5 as 6 g [illegible] 2 kt share in each of the mauzas Durgapur Satpukuria Chandigori Dalalpur Bhatkichandirat Raipur Khagra Mori Kallanpur Ratanpur Rangabelipur Malaya Olgachhata Jeoda Ranga Magarkhali Darijhanjra Raghunathpur Chak Raghunathpur Kastomahal Kismat Akubghi Gadna and specified 3 annas portion of mauzas Chatta Kalikapur and 1 a 13 g 1 c 1 kt share in each of the mauzas Chak Adharmanik Chak Gangadhar Chak Brojomoni Chak Gansingh Chak Chhakurai Chak Prosadpur Chak Ataulli Chak Kabilmolla Chak Bamangachi and Chakhata	Ram Chandra and Basudeb Banerjee executors to the estate of late Gopal Chandra Banerjee	792 1 11		120 1 0
106	Mahal Bagdaha pargana Magura	908 1 10¾	Whole		Monindra Nath Banerjee and others		88 1 11¾	
107 R S	Mahal Akulshi pargana Magura			16 annas share in all mauzas except Nona and Babanpur	Abhoy Kumar Roy Choudhury	[illegible] 0 8		113 0 8
120 R S	Mahal Kodalia pargana Baridhati			8 annas share of the entire estate	Jnanendra Nath Chatterjee and another	[illegible] 11 9		1[illegible]7 2 9½
120/1	Ditto ..			8 annas share of the entire estate	Nirmal Chandra Banerjee	2,543 1[illegible] 9		4[illegible] 4 6
146 R S	Mahal Tojra pargana Anarpur			16 annas share in 185 mauzas	Dharani Mohan Rai	26,207 1 9		10,290 14 3
146/1	Ditto ..			8 annas share in 116 mauzas	Krishna Chandra Bose	6,541 6 9	..	2,848 2 6½

Tauzi No. 1	Name of mahal and pargana. 2	Sadar jama of whole estate. 3	Whether the whole estate is to be sold. 4	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares. 5	Names of proprietors of property to be sold. 6	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share. 7	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it. 8	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it. 9
		Rs. A. P				Rs A. P.	Rs. A P.	Rs. A. P.
147 R.S.	Mahal Benota, pargana Calcutta.	..	..	16 annas share in 53 mauzas	Ratipati Roy Choudhury and others.	1,828 11 10	..	301 7 6½
165	Mahal Rajarampur, pargana Hatiagarh	599 10 4	Whole	...	Satyendra Kumar Sarkar and others	..	102 5 4½	..
169	Mahal Hatiara, pargana Calcutta.	..	..	4 annas share in the entire estate.	Krishna Chandra Bose	862 3 3	..	133 14 10
169/1	Ditto ..	..	..	4 annas share in the entire estate.	Ditto ..	864 6 3	..	134 4 2
250/3	Mahal Barutpur, parganas Madanmolla and Khaspur	..		1 anna share in the entire estate.	Ramendra Kumar Roy Choudhury and others.	3,264 0 5	..	481 10 9
250/4	Ditto ..	..	..	1 a. 6 g. 2 c. 2 kt. share of the entire estate	Sm. Mati Sundari Dasi.	4,353 3 0	..	361 9 8
250/5	Ditto .	..	..	2 as. 13 g. 1 c. 1 kt. share of the entire estate	Sushil Kumar Roy Choudhury and others.	8,699 8 8	..	1,401 9 9
250/6	Ditto .	..	..	6 g. 2 c. 1 kt. 3 dt. share of the entire estate.	Kiran Lal Roy Choudhury and others	1,088 0 6	..	104 8 2
250/9	Ditto	..	..	18 g. 3 c. 1 kt. 2 dt. share in the entire estate	Jitendra Kumar Roy Choudhury and others	3,083 5 3	..	255 5 9½
250/14	Ditto ..	..	..	8 g. 3 c. 1 kt. 2 dt. share of the entire estate.	Ditto .	1,421 1 2	..	120 8 3
250/23	Ditto ..	..	.	8 g. 3 c. 1 kt. 2 dt. share of the entire estate	Taradas Roy Choudhury	1,451 1 3	..	120 8 3
250/24	Ditto ..	..	..	8 g. 3 c. 1 kt. 2 dt. share of the entire estate	Sivadas Roy Choudhury	1,451 1 3	..	120 8 3
250/27	Ditto ..	..	..	8 g. 2 c. 4 dt. share of the entire estate.	Sm. Mrinalini Dasi, widow of late Amrita Lal Mitra	1,404 4 0	..	116 4 9
250/28	Ditto ..	..	..	8 g. 2 c. 4 dt. share of the entire estate.	Sm. Nirodabala Dasi, wife of Ananta Lal Bose.	1,404 4 0	..	116 4 9
311	Mahal Ektara, pargana Muragachha.	2,670 0 9	Whole	...	Manujendra Kiran Mitra and another.	..	357 6 4	..
312	Mahal Balsingha, pargana Muragachha.	8,701 8 10	Do. ..	....	Abaninath Mukherjee.	..	1,385 15 2½	..
314 R.S.	Mahal Harinarayanpur, pargana Muragachha	..	..	4 g. 3 c. 2 223/480 kt., 4 g. 3 c. 1 11/64 kt., 10 g. 2 c. 2 1073/7680 kt. 10 g. 2 c. 2 1073/7680 kt., shares in mauzas Krishnarampore and Durgarampur, 5 as. 19 g. ½ kt. share in mauzas Kuleswar, Gobindapur, Punaye, Balarampur and Mollapukur, 7 as. 1 g. 2 c. 2 kt. share in mauzas Kalkhati, Mukundapur and Harinarayanpur and 4 as. 16 g. 1 c. 2 kt. share in each of the mauzas Ausbere, Atsason, Krishnapur, Kissennagar, Khanpur, Khorda-Sason, Khorgachhi, Jagadishnagore, Durganagore, Dogachia, Naoda, Pitambara, Barberia, Bhagabanpur, Manikka More-Punja, Ramnagore and Russa.	Jugal Charan Mandal and others.	1,338 11 3	..	214 12 7½
322/1	Mahal Atampur, pargana Muragachhia.	..	..	12 annas share in mauzas Keshani, Joypur, Jalghora, Noapara, Maldanga, Sarisapura, Ramnathpur, Ramnagar, Shampukuria, Hasuri; 6 annas share in mauzas Gopinathpur, Purni, Balarampur, Rajballavpore and 6 annas share in mauzas Gandabere, Gaja-Chandipur, Palia and Buru.	Bijay Kishore Mandal and others.	1,488 4 5	..	257 10 2

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
322/6	Mahal Atampur, pargana Muragachha.	..		16 annas share in mauzas Amira, Idal, Kalagachia, Khamarkuri, Jagtubla, Nahanu, Nabasor, Pathpuri, Bade Amira, Bandal Bhushna, Bengal Kodalia, Mullicknagore in Bandal, Sukdebpur and Sorisa	Gopal Lal Banerjee and others.	1,310 0 0	..	226 0 0
326 R. S.	Mahal Bishnupur, pargana Muragachha.		..	8 annas share of the entire estate	Kali Charan Banerjee and another	1,190 3 8¼	.	175 3 2
335	Mahal Iswaripur, pargana Sahanagore.	6,444 15 0	Whole ..	..	Atul Chandra Mukherjee and another		1,206 8 7¼	..
346 R. S.	Mahal Santoshbati, pargana Balia.			9 as 3 g 3 c. 1 kt share of the entire estate	Nava Kisore Mandal and another	2,719 5 3	..	99 5 10
351	Mahal Parul, pargana Balia.	8 626 8 6	Whole	..	Soutendra Nath Roy		945 2 11	..
352 R.S.	Mahal Nava Hazari, pargana Balia.		.	3 as 11 g 1 kt. 1 dt share of the entire estate	Sailendra Nath Das and an other.	1,189 6 0	..	172 15 0
355	Mahal Raipur, pargana Balia.	2,745 6 0	Whole ..	..	Ramaparsad Pandey and others	..	278 5 1¼	..
373	Mahal Mathurapur, pargana Hatiagar.	16,875 2 7	Do	..	Dharani Mohan Roy	..	1,052 15 3	..
381 R.S.	Mahal Alipur, pargana Baridhati	..	..	4 annas share of the entire estate.	Durga Das Bose *alias* Sital Chandra Bose.	972 14 9	..	154 2 11¼
385/2	Mahal Hadarashkhali, pargana Ajimabad	..	.	10 g. 2 kt 2 dt share in all mauzas except Khakramoni.	Jatindra Nath Mandal and others	618 2 0	..	345 5 1
385/3	Ditto ..	..	.	1 a. 2 g 2 kt share in all mauzas except Khakramoni	Bejay Kishore Mandal and others	1,360 7 11	..	760 7 6¼
385/4	Ditto ..	.	..	15 g 1 c. 1 kt. share in all mauzas except Khakramoni.	Kumud Krishna Mandal and others.	927 2 5	..	517 15 4¼
385/5	Ditto .	..	.	17 g 2 c. 2 dt share in all mauzas except Khakramoni.	Ditto ..	1,041 7 0	..	582 8 5¼
385/6	Ditto ..	..	.	15 g 1 c 1 kt share in all mauzas except Khakramoni.	Manindra Nath Mandal and others.	927 2 5	..	517 15 3¾
385/7	Ditto ..	..	..	1 a. 2 g 2 c share in all mauzas except Kakramoni	Bejay Kishore Mandal and others.	1,360 7 11	..	760 7 5¼
385/8	Ditto ..	..	..	1 a 13 g 1 c. 1 kt. share in all mauzas except Khakramoni	Rama Prosad Pandey.	2,020 6 1	..	1,130 5 9
385/9	Ditto ..	..	..	1 a. 2 g. 2 c share in all mauzas except Khakramoni.	Sm Giri Bala Dasi	1,360 8 0	..	760 7 6¼
385/10	Ditto ..	..	..	15 g 1 c 1 kt share in all mauzas except Khakramoni	Sm Sarat Kumari Dasi.	927 2 4	..	517 15 3¾
385/11	Ditto	..	..	13 g 1 c 1 kt share in all mauzas except Khakramoni.	Panchanan Adak and others.	806 3 8	.	448 9 1
385/14	Ditto ..	..	..	15 gandas share in all mauzas except Khakramoni.	Dwarikanath Chakravarty	907 0 4	.	506 15 10
385/22	Ditto ..	..	..	1 a 7 g 1 dt share in all mauzas except Khakramoni.	Pravash Chandra Mandal and others	1,634 4 11	..	913 9 8
385/23	Ditto ..	..	..	1 a. 12 g 2 c. 1 kt 2¼ dt. share in all mauzas except Khakramoni.	Nava Kishore Mandal	1,971 2 6	..	1,107 5 8
385/24	Ditto ..	..	..	15 gandas share in all mauzas except Khakramoni.	Dr Jahar Lal Das, Rai Bahadur.	907 2 7	.	508 6 7
388 R.S.	Mahal Mayaporo, pargana Balia.	..	..	2 as 5 g. 1 c 2 kt 1 dt. 2 kg share in all the entire estate.	Kumud Krishna Mandal and others	1,186 0 0	..	77 14 11¾
388/6	Ditto ..	..	..	1 a. 13 g. 1 c. 1 kt. share of the entire estate.	Rama Prosad Pandey.	867 6 0¾	..	807 6 9¾
388/10	Ditto ..	..	..	1 a. 2 g. 2 c. share of the entire estate.	Bijay Kishore Mandal and others.	585 8 2¼	..	429 8 1¾
388/11	Ditto ..	..	..	1 a. 2 g. 2 c. share of the entire estate.	Ditto ..	585 8 2¼	..	429 8 1

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
388/12	Mahal Mayapore, pargana Balla.		..	1 a. 2 g. 2 c. share of the entire estate.	Jatindra Nath Mandal and another.	585 8 2¼	..	433 2 2¼
388/17	Ditto ..	..	..	1 a. 12 g. 2 kt. 1 dt. 2 kg. share of the entire estate.	Nava Kishore Mandal.	849 10 3	..	623 4 0
380 R.S.	Mahal Santosh pur, pargana Balia.	..	.	2 as 5 g. 1 c 2 kt 1 dt 2 kg. share of the entire estate.	Kumud Krishna Mandal and others	1,320 1 3	..	57 4 6¾
389/6	Ditto ..			1 a. 13 g. 1 c. 1 kt. share of the entire estate.	Rama Prosad Pandey.	982 8 2	..	982 8 2
389/10	Ditto ..	.		1 a. 2 g. 2 c. share of the entire estate.	Bijay Kishore Mandal and others	663 3 1	..	467 13 10
389/11	Ditto .	..	..	1 a 2 g. 2 c share of the entire estate.	Ditto ..	663 3 1	..	467 13 10
389/12	Ditto ..	.	.	1 a 2 g 2 c. share of the entire estate.	Jatindra Nath Mandal and another.	663 3 1	.	490 8 3
389/16	Ditto .	.		1 a. 7 g. 1 dt. share of the entire estate.	Provash Chandra Mandal and others.	793 13 8		106 2 9¾
389/17	Ditto	.		1 a. 12 g. 2 kt. 1 dt 2 kg. share of the entire estate	Nava Kishore Mandal.	950 0 11	.	675 9 5
391/5	Mahal Gomukhi, pargana Muragachha			1 a 12 g. 2 kt. 2 dt share of the entire estate.	Jatindra Nath Mandal and others	557 11 3	..	425 5 5
391/6	Ditto			1 a. 13 g 1 c. 1 kt share of the entire estate.	Ashutosh Santra and another.	576 14 11	..	576 14 9
391/15	Ditto	..	.	2 as 2 g 1 dt. share of the entire estate.	Provash Chandra Mandal and others.	727 6 7	..	555 0 10¾
392/1	Mahal Huda Joychandipur, pargana Ajimabad	..	..	4 annas share of the entire estate.	Sm. Nagendra Bala Dasi.	2,077 14 0	..	380 2 10½
392/3	Ditto .		.	2 as 13g 1 c. 1 kt share of the entire estate	Nava Kishore Mandal	1,385 1 4	..	352 13 0
392/4	Ditto	.	.	1 a 6 g 2 c 2 kt share of the entire estate.	Ditto ..	692 10 3	..	176 6 6
392/7	Ditto ..	.		2 as 13 g 1 c. 1 kt. share of the entire estate.	Ditto .	1,385 4 2	..	253 7 9
394	Mahal Kissorpur, pargana Ajimabad.	7,108 12 11	Whole	....	Bholanath Mandal	..	1,297 14 11	..
395 R.S.	Mahal Mahamadpur, pargana Ajimabad.	.	..	3 annas. share of the entire estate.	Sm Monmohini Dasi.	2,730 9 11	..	152 11 3
396 R.S.	Mahal Joychandipur, pargana Balia.	..	..	9 annas shares of the entire estate.	Gopal Lal Mandal and others.	924 11 0	..	21 6 1
401	Mahal Huda Ram Krishnapur, pargana Ajimabad	8,931 0 0	Whole	....	Nava Kishore Mandal and others.	..	1,234 4 9¼	..
403 R.S.	Mahal Patharbaria, pargana Ajimabad			4 as. 12 g. 1 c 2 kt. 1 dt. share of the entire estate	Kumud Krishna Mandal and others.	1,485 12 8¾	..	274 4 5½
403/2	Ditto ..	..	..	6 as. 13 g. 1 c. 1 kt. share of the entire estate.	Ashutosh Santra and another.	2,142 15 11	..	329 8 11
603/1	Mahal Balia, pargana Balia.	..	..	3 annas share of the entire estate.	Narendra Chandra Bose.	3,281 1 1 Police— 36 1 5	..	1,082 14 6½ Police— 18 0 10
603/7	Ditto ..	.	..	2 as. 10 g. share of the entire estate.	Ditto ..	2,734 8 10 Police— 30 1 2	..	898 7 10 Police— 15 0 7
640	Mahal Palkhati, pargana Palkhati.	545 6 0	Whole	....	Krishna Chandra Chatterjee and others.	..	197 13 5	..
649 R.S.	Mahal Sarparajpur, pargana Sarparajpur.	..	..	4 as. 6 g. share in mauza and pargana Sarparajpur.	Bireswar Nandy and others.	1,281 0 3½	..	169 14 0¾
649/1	Ditto ..	..	..	4 as. 6 g. share in mauza and pargana Sarparajpur.	Ditto ..	1,284 8 1½	..	107 14 ½

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
956 R S	Mahal Agarpara, pargana Agarpara			10 as 13 g 1 c 1 kt share of Dihi Kedderpur comprising mauzas Kedderpur etc 12 annas share of Dihi Sarma comprising mauza Murari Saha and another 16 annas share of mauzas Sarma and others 16 annas share of mauzas Krishnapur and others 11 annas share of Dihi Debhage comprising mauzas Angghani and others 13 annas share of mauzas Amlani and others 13 annas share of mauzas Joynaranpur and others 11 as 6 g 2 c 2 kt share of mauza Jamberia 12 as 8 g 2 kt 1 dt share of mauzas [illegible] Sadipur and others 13 as 14 g 1 c 2 kt 1 dt share of mauza Debhatta 13 as 14 g 1 c 2 kt 1 dt share of mauza Ghughumi 13 as 9 g 2 c 1 kt share of mauzas Janglabad and another 11 as 16 g 2 c 2 kt share of mauzas Makhaligachha and another 11 as 4 g 1 c 2 kt 1 dt share mauzas Hadipur and others 11 as 16 g 2 c 2 kt share of mauza [illegible] 11 as 16 g 2 c 2 kt share of mauza Sadigachi 13 as 6 g 2 c 2 kt share of mauza Ramnathpore 13 as 6 g 3 c 2 kt 1 dt share of mauza Sikhipore 13 as 6 g 3 c 2 kt 1 dt share of mauza Simulia	Ashimoyee Bose and others	2,195 9 10		86 2 2
1193 R S	Mahal Haliahahar pargana Haliahahar			16 annas share in each of of the mauzas Albrampur, including Biswanathpur, Gatra or Goastia or Gusthia Joykrishnapur Jadalpur Tapanpur Letulia Debirbati Nandanbati Panpur with Kutulpur and Mahisbati Pati Manik Kander Chak Bizpur Balibhara Bargachha Bhabanipur Mahadebbati Mandabair or Madrail Ranbati with Malayapur or Muttapur and Sankerpur Raghudebpur with Balarampur, Ratneswarbati Alapur Utter Bara Kanpur Gokulpur Ghalghalia or Ghunghumi Butia or Baria Birpara, Mathurabati with Krishnanagar	Bidhu Chand Goswami	7,011 [illegible] 6 Police 84 4 0		[illegible] 830 8 10½ Police 12 [illegible] 0
1534	Mahal Batra, pargana Mavada	721 7 10	Whole		Satyendra Krishna Bose and others		[illegible] 8 1	
2049/1	Mahal Katiara pargana Ukhra			8 annas share of the entire estate	Kalidas Nandi and others	[illegible] 143 8 2¼		901 1[illegible] 2¼
2068/1	Mahal Goaldoh pargana Ukhra			7 as 3 g [illegible] share of the entire estate	Thakurdas Maitra and others	1 10 4 10 Police 13 13 [illegible]		400 0 3 Police 6 1 9
2071	Mahal Hatiaghata pargana Ukhra	620 4 8 Police 7 11 11	Whole		Srimati Sarala Bala Debi		1[illegible] 11 Police — 3 13 11½	
643	Mahal Paikan pargana Amirabad	[illegible]00 8 0	Do		Narendra Chandra Bose		14[illegible] 11 4	
2149/1	Mahal Kulingram, pargana Ukhra			8 annas share of the entire estate	Atindra Mohan Banerjee and others	[illegible]7[illegible] 8 7		149 12 4
2169	Mahal Randhangachi, pargana Ukhra	873 13 0 Police— 10 14 11	Whole		Nitya Gopal Choudhury and others		117 10 6 Police — 5 1 11¼	

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
1387 R S	Mahal Lot No 70 pargana Sundarban			12 as 10 g 1 c 1 kt 14 dt share of the entire estate	Jatindra Nath Ghose and others	3,286 14 3		205 12 8
1387/2	Ditto			2 as 16 g 1 kt 1[illegible] dt share of the entire estate	Pyari Lal Ghose	739 1 1		16 2 10
1441	Mahal Lot Nos 30 32 and 33 pargana Sundarban	13,692 0 0	Whole		Harendra Krishna Bose and others		52 3 2[illegible]	
1442	Mahal Lot No 22 pargana Sundarban	[illegible] 0 [illegible]	Do		Apurba Krishna Dutta and others		68 4 4	
1486	Mahal Lot No [illegible] pargana Sundarban police station Canning	93[illegible] 0 0	Do		Ashutosh Roy Choudhury and others		232 5 0	
1487	Mahal Lot No 64 pargana Sundarban	1,020 0 0	Do		Jitendra Nath Roy Choudhury and others		244 9 4	
2332/1	Mahal Lot No 28 pargana Sundarban			12 annas share of the entire estate	Saradindu Mukherjee and others	1,320 14 3		165 0 0
2087	Mahal Eastern part of Sundarban Lot No 11 pargana Sundarban	2,812 0 0	Whole		Ramgopal Das Nasker and others		3[illegible]2 0 0	
2688	Middle part of Lot No 11 pargana Sundarban	3,76[illegible] 0 0	Do		Ditto		245 0 0	
2721 1	North western part of Lot No 1[illegible] pargana Sundarban			8 annas share of the entire estate	Annanda Prosad Mitter	1,838 8 0		114 8 0
2923	Mahal Lot No 127 pargana Sundarban	3,987 0 0	Whole		Jatish Chandra Pal Choudhury and others		3,189 0 0	
2924	Lot No 128 South portion pargana Sundarban	4,[illegible]76 0 0	Do		Ditto		3,[illegible]61 0 0	
2[illegible]56	Mahal Krishnapur pargana Halisahar	709 9 8	Do		Parbati Charan Bhattacharjee and others		237 1[illegible] 7	
352/3	Mahal Nava Hazari pargana Balia			1 a 15 g 2 c 2 dt share of the entire estate	Sailendra Nath Das and another	594 11 0		86 7 6

The aforesaid estates are being advertised for sale in respect of instalments of revenue due on or before the 31st Bhadra 1340 B S of which the latest date of payment was 5th October 1933

Alipore, the 28th November 1933

[ILLEGIBLE], *for* Collector

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Tippera will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 8th January 1934, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :-

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar Jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
22	Bardakhat pargana 5g. 2c. 1kt. 2dt kismat, pargana Bardakhat.	2,806 9 1	..	Tauzi No. 22/9, hissa 2as 10g 3c. 1kt. 4dt All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Maulvi Abdul Gani Mia and others.	526 4 8	..	140 7 10
26	Taluq Priya Nath Basak, hissa 1a. 6g. 2c. 1kt. 4dt., pargana Bardakhat.	3,227 3 2	Whole	....	Kshirode Nath Basak and others	..	806 15 11	..
94	Bipin Behari Roy Choudhury, pargana Homnabad	678 2 1	o	.	Bipin Behari Roy Choudhury.	..	170 0 0	..
98	Homnabad pargana, 1a. 9g. 1c. 4dt. kismat, pargana Homnabad.	9,926 3 7	..	Tauzi No 98/R, hissa 8 annas. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Syeda Amtul Ela Rezia Khatoon (Mutwalli)	1,962 3 1	.	816 5 7
212	Taluq Jagneswar Bose, Tape Farakkabad.	768 5 6	Whole	...	Jagneswar Bose and others.	..	142 0 0	..
281	Taluq Jagneswar Bose, pargana Sinhergaon	1,155 11 4	Do. ..	..	Kshetra Mohon Mukherjee		8 15 0	..
372	Ahmadpur mauza, by partition hissa 10 as. 13 g. 1 c. 1 kt., pargana Bardakhat.	818 15 0	Do. .	. .	Ananga Mohan Roy Choudhury, executor and sebait for the estate Sri Sri Kumudeswar Mahadeb.	.	134 13 0	..
396	Taluq Benode Behari Roy Choudhury, pargana Bardakhat.	1,489 12 0	Do ..	....	Benode Behari Roy Choudhury and others.	..	372 0 0	..
416	Monmohini Choudhurani, pargana Bardakhat.	678 10 0	Do. ..	....	Chandra Kumar Roy and others.	..	17 5 9	.
1919	Char Ganga Prasad No. 109, decree under Act 11 of 1819, pargana Tape Kamrapur.	1,338 0 0	Do. ..	..	Nabab Ali Sarker and others.	..	62 0 7	.
1925	Nagarer Kandi Char No. 211, decree under Act 11 of 1819, pargana Uttar Sahapur.	2,124 0 0	Do. ..	...	Nabin Chandra Roy and others	..	2,220 15 9	.
2665	Joar Bisara, by partition hissa 5as. 0g. 2c. 2kt., pargana Bardakhat.	1,047 1 0	Do. ..	.	Shukhamani Choudhurani, mother and guardian on behalf of Profulla Kumar Roy, minor.	..	172 5 8	..
3271	Aud Behari Sukul, pargana Joar Laksmanpur.	683 8 0	Do. ..	....	Raghubar Dayal Sukul and others.	..	171 0 0	..
3409	Aud Behari Sukul, pargana Mehar.	1,494 14 0	Do. ..	..	Ditto ..	..	371 0 0	.
3664	Fatema Begum, pargana Bardakhat.	1,031 13 0	Do ..	....	Fatema Begum ..	.	445 4 0	..
3665	Aktar Begum, pargana Bardakhat.	1,871 4 0	Do. ..	..	Sayed Mahmud Bakhar *alias* Golam Hossain and others.	..	408 0 0	.
3853	Taluq Girish Chandra Roy Choudhury, pargana Homnabad.	678 2 0	Do. ..	...	Girish Chandra Roy Choudhury.	..	254 15 11	..
3854	Taluq Jogendra Ch. Roy Choudhury, pargana Homnabad.	678 3 0	Do. ..	....	Jogendra Chandra Roy Choudhury.		170 0 0	..
4037	Durga Charan Podder, pargana Bardakhat.	509 0 0	Do. ..	....	Aswini Kumar Podder	.	6 4 0	..

These estates are being advertised for sale for instalments of revenue which were due on or before the 31st Bhadra, 1340 B.S., of which the latest date of payment was 5th October 1933.

R. L. WALKER, Collector.

Comilla, the 1st December 1933.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, and section 11 of Act VII of 1868, that the undermentioned tenures and shares of tenures in the district of Tippera will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 8th January 1934, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share —

Tauzi No	Name of tenure and pargana	Sadar jama of whole tenure	Whether the whole tenure is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole tenure is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
2687	Bangora Dakshin Taluk Durlav Ram Deb, pargana Bardakhat	1 44› 3 0	Whole		Upendra Lochan Majumder and others		313 13 3	
2704	Joar Dhanapati Khala, pargana Bardakhat	3 680 4 0		2704 Khatian No 6 hissa 4 annas All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Prakash Chandra Roy Sarker and others	890 9 0		222 0 0
2706	Mauza Gangerkot pargana Bardakhat	1 35› 12 0	Whole		Raj Kumar Roy Chowdhury common manager on behalf of Trailakhyanath Roy Chowdhury and others		538 13 11 Cess 25 11 10 564 9 9	
2709	Joar Gouripur, pargana Bardakhat	1 902 5 0	Do		Kartick Chandra Saha and others		345 14 5 Cess— 23 4 6 469 2 11	
2712	Joar Kadali Patni Taluk Krishna Chandra Roy pargana Bardakhat	2 603 0 0	Do		Sasanka Mohan Naha and others Kshetra Mohen Mukherjee Kanak lata Naha		1 348 0 0 Cess— 32 15 11 1 380 15 11	
2713	Taluk Pravananda Saha pargana Bardakhat	1 518 6 0	Do		Bharat Chandra Roy Chowdhury and others		585 7 6 Cess— 46 0 0 631 7 6	
2714	Joar Maheshpur pargana Bardakhat	1 26› 4 0	Do		Jamini Mohan Chowdhury and others		2‸3 11 9	
2719	Taluk Akbar Hossain Joar Nasaraddi, hissa 8 annas, pargana Bardakhat	607 0 0	Do		Durga Charan Saha and others		152 0 0 Cess— 8 0 0 160 0 0	
2727	Mauza Ramnagar, pargana Bardakhat	554 0 0	Do		Srimati Satya Bhama Gopini and others		507 10 0 Cess— 7 5 0 514 15 0	
2730	Joar Dighirpar, pargana Bardakhat	6 608 13 0	Do		Raj Kumar Roy Chowdhury common manager on behalf of Sarada Sundari Chowdhurani and others		2,188 4 0 Cess— 80 0 0 2 268 4 0	
2734	Joar Tamta putia, pargana Bardakhat	3 665 2 0		2734 tauzi Khatian No 1 1 hissa 4as 3g 1c 1kt	Abani Kumar Aich and others	951 7 0		2,890 7 4 Cess— 165 11 1 3,056 2 5
				2734 tauzi/ Khatian No 1 2 hissa 4as 3g 1c 1kt	Aswini Kumar Aich and others	954 7 0		2,793 7 4 Cess— 165 11 1 2,959 2 5
				2734 tauzi/Khatian No 1-3 hissa 4as 3g 1c 1kt	Narendra Kumar Aich and others	954 7 0		2,793 7 4 Cess— 165 11 1 2,959 2 5
				2734 tauzi/Khatain No 1 4 hissa 2as	Kajali Bhuiya and others	458 3 0		1,337 4 8 Cess— 79 8 6 1,416 13 2
				2734 tauzi/ Khatian No 1 5 hissa 1a 10g	Sarada Kumar Dutta and others	843 10 0		945 7 2 Cess— 56 10 2 1,002 1 4
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale				

These tenures are being advertised for sale for instalments of revenue which were due on or before the 31st Bhadra, 1340 B S, of which the latest date of payment was 5th October 1933.

Comilla, the 1st December 1933.

R. L. WALKER, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Murshidabad will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 8th January 1934, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar Jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P.
5	Dihi Kutubpur pargana Sherpur		No	Ejmali share 1 a 7 gds 1 c 2 kg 6 til 2 c of dt 2 kr of dt	Sayed Abdul Ohid	610 12 2		80 13 5
				Separate account No 12—Share 1 a 18 gds 3 c 3 kg 6til 2 c of til 2 kr of til	Syed Mohammed Abdul Hafez	872 5 3 Police 6 10 9		131 15 1 Police— 1 10 4
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale				
9	Kashipur Kismat pargana, pargana Kashipur		No	Separate account No 5 Share 1a 18 gds 3 kg 15 til	Sourendra Krishna Singha and others	964 0 0		330 15 0
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale				
13	Kulberia Kismat, pargana Kulberia		No	Ejmali share 8 annas	Nani Gopal Chakrabarty sebait of Gopal Deb Thakur	1,865 14 7		623 7 11
				Separate account No 1—share 8 annas	Khagendra Narayan Bandopadhya Choudhury and others	1,865 14 7		628 2 0
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale				
14	Kismat Kulberia, pargana Kulberia	631 14 4	Yes		Lakshminarayan Sen and Niranjan Gupta Joint Receivers Dangapara Estate		206 14 11	
21	Kulberia Kismat, pargana Kulberia		No	Separate account No 12—Share 7 as 4 gds 1 c 1 kr 3 kg 1 dt 10½ til 1½ job	Tarakinker Chandra	511 7 1		178 3 1
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale				
25	Korjora mauza, pargana Behorde		No	Ejmali share 12 annas	Sudhindra Mohan Bagchi and others	890 14 3		26 4 0
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale				
39	Jhikarhati, pargana Sahazadpur	1,142 0 0	Yes		Sudhir Krishna Banerjee as sebait of Sri Sri Iswar Radha Kanto Jew Thakur		219 0 0	
44	Taraf Kaluhar, pargana Barbakpur	3,294 10 7	Yes		Madan Mohan Singha and others		201 13 10	
49	Taraf Kumari Kasimpur, pargana Khargram	523 5 2	Yes		Bejoy Chand Dutt		53 5 4	
70	Dihi Gankar Charka, pargana Gankar		No	Separate account No 1—Share 11 as 8 gds 2 c 2 kr	Radha Ballav Nath and others sebaits of Sri Sri Iswar Brindaban Behari Deb Thakur	10,448 13 0 Police 189 0 7		1,590 13 7 Police— 17 4 2
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale				
91	Ganja Raipur, pargana Gowas	618 10 11	Yes		Hiatannessa Begum and others		100 0 0	..
102	Kismat pargana Chunakhali, pargana Chunakhali.	1,528 10 6	Yes		Bhabani Charan Choudhury and others		111 10 7	
157	Jhanjra Kismat mauza, pargana Sahazadpur.	080 14 11	Yes		Annada Prosad Mukherjee and others		41 5 2	.

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
107	Pargana Dayanagar Kismat pargana Dayanagar		No	Ejmali share 12 annas All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Choudhury Mohammad Abdul Azim Abu Ahamad *alias* Abul Muktar and others	7 109 1 6		884 12 10
172	Mauza Daspara Kismat pargana Sahazadpur	11 8 8	Yes		Nripendra Narayan Basu Sarbadhikari and others		220 7 8	
199	Dihi Nashipur Kismat pargana Gankar		No	Ejmali share 4 annas All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad Osi Matwali, estate Daraga Bibi Arjumand *alias* Golam Arjumand Marhum	080 8 2 Police 17 11 0		121 0 6 Police— 4 6 11
200	Mauza Nawada Belun pargana Dhawa		No	Ejmali share 10 as 13 gds 1 c 1 kr All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Birangana Debi as mother and guardian of Sudhindra Nath Mukherjee and others	1 170 10 5		35[illegible] 8 11
211	Tarat Narayanpur Jugindra pargana Hossainuzian	1 200 [illegible] 3	Yes		Haridas Bagchi and others		222 4 0	
254	Paragana Fatesing Kismat pargana Fatesing		No	Separate account No 1 Share 3 as 4 gds All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Dwijendra Narayan Roy as proprietor and Purna Chandra Tribady as mortgagee in possession	9 20[illegible] 2 8		569 15 6
279	Kismat mauza Basudebkhali pargana Mahalandi		No	Separate account No 1 Share 3 as 5 gd 2 c 0⅓ til All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Khagendra Behari Dutta and others	[illegible]47 11 0		9[illegible] 10 10
294	Balyalpur taraf pargana Kankjole	1 13[illegible] [illegible] 5	Yes		Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad as Trustee		208 0 0	
332	Huda Bhawanipur pargana Akbarshahi		No	Ejmali share 6 as 8 gds All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Jnanendra Narayan Bagchi and others	1 08[illegible] 11 0		28 2 6
342	Dihi Monaikandra pargana Sherpur		No	Separate account No 2 Share [illegible] as 6 gds 2 c 2 kr	Bishnupriya Misra and another sebaits of Iswari Mahamaya Raj Rajeswari Debi Thakurani	1 1[illegible]0 11 0		100 0 0
				Separate account No 3—Share 5 as 6 gds 2 c 2 kr All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Basanta Bala Debi Choudhurani as mother and guardian of Manoendra Narain Roy Choudhury and others sebaits of Sri Sri Mahamaya Raj Rajeswari Thakurani	1 150 11 0 Police— 8 12 11		170 10 8 Police— 2 3 2
345	Mohanpur pargana Kismat pargana Mohanpur	4 390 11 0	Yes		Nirode Mohan Ghose Maulik and others sebaits of Radha Gobind Deb Thakur		1 020 4 3	
346	Mohalandi Kismat pargana pargana Mahalandi		No	Separate account No 1 Share 4 annas	Khagendra Behari Dutta and others	612 14 3		101 13 10
				Separate account No 2 Share 6 annas All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Jagendra Nath Mukherjee and another	919 5 5		152 12 10
353	Ditto		No	Ejmali share 6 annas All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Choudhuray Md Abdul Huq and others	629 5 9		42 8 8
404	Mauza Masumabad Kismat pargana Masumabad	1 246 1 1	Yes		Nitya Kali Dasya		126 12 0	
427	Lochanpur mauza pargana Samaskhali	1 106 11 6	Yes		Bhupendra Lal Choudhury and others		148 9 0	

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
490	Hatinagor mauza, pargana Samaskhali.	..	No ..	Ejmali share 12 annas. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Maulvi Golam Gous and others as joint Matowali, Talibpur wakf estate.	1,470 14 3	..	530 0 0
491	Harish Chandrapur Kismat mauza, pargana Dayanagar.	905 9 7	Yes ..	..	Purna Chandra Tribadi and another.	.	9 15 3	.
495	Mauza Harishpur, pargana Kulberia.	520 0 0	Yes ..	..	Nerode Mohan Ghose Moulik and others, sebaits of Sri Sri Iswar Jay Shib Durga.	..	154 10 8	..
508	Dihi Atai, pargana Sherpur.	.	No ..	Ejmali share 8 annas	Nilabja Prova Debi as grandmother and guardian and Kiron Bala Singha as mother and guardian of Amirta Gopal Singha and another.	1,726 5 0 Police— 13 3 4	..	256 0 0 Police— 3 4 9
				Separate account No. 4—Share 3 as. 6 gds. 2 c. 2 kr. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Sourendra Krishna Singha and others, sebaits of Sri Sri Iswar Durga Deby Thakurani.	719 4 9 Police — 5 8 1	..	106 10 6 Police— 1 5 11
510	Atghari, pargana Behorole.	1,013 11 9	Yes .	..	Purnanand Ghose Roy and another.	..	155 3 6	..
516	Taraf Maruadihi, pargana Totesing.	.	No ..	Separate account No. 1—Share 8 annas. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Saroj Krishna Ghose Moulik.	3,229 1 1	..	402 6 5
521	Taraf Anupnagar, pargana Rajshahi.	..	No ..	Ejmali share 9 as. 19 gds. 1 c. 2 kr. 14 til 3 c. of til 2 kg. of a til. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Gopeswar Misra and others.	1,084 3 5	.	71 13 4
537	Kismat pargana Akbarshahi, pargana Akbarshahi.	..	No ..	Separate account No. 1—Share 2 as. 13 gds. 2 c. 2. kr.	Birendra Nath Mahata.	541 12 6	..	82 7 10
				Separate account No. 4—Share 2 as. 19 gds. 3 c.	Gouri Sankar Choudhury and another.	603 3 0	..	92 6 9
				Separate account No. 5—Share 3 annas. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Prokash Chandra Choudhury.	605 11 5	.	92 2 6
2745	Taraf Sundalpur, pargana Asadnagar.	528 11 6	Yes ..	....	Jnanendra Narain Bagchi and others.	.	28 0 0	..
2779	Taraf Kanaipara, pargana Asadnagar.	1,185 13 1	Yes ..	....	Dharani Kumar Ghose and another.	..	102 0 0	..
3010	Bharawa, pargana Kutubpur.	..	No ..	Ejmali share 13 as. 4 gds. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Rama Prasanna Mukherjee and others.	578 2 7	..	199 0 0
566 P. II	Char Masimpur, pargana Rukunpur.	2,166 0 0	Yes ..	....	Maharaja Bahadur Sir Prodyote Kumar Thakur, Kt.	..	200 0 0	..
584 P. II	Deara Sibnagor, pargana Laskarpur.	2,054 0 0	Yes ..	....	Midnapore Zamindary Co., Ltd., and others.	..	41 4 1	..
598 P. II	Char Mahula, pargana Chunakhali.	1,346 0 0	Yes ..	....	Mohini Mohan Chatterjee and others.	..	951 0 0	..

N.B.—This notice is issued in respect of instalments of revenue which were due on or before the 31st Bhadra, 1340 B.S., of which the latest date of payment was 5th October 1933 A.D.

Berhampore, the 1st December 1933.

H. SEN, *for* Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6 Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868, that the undermentioned Noabad taluks and izaras within the Sadar khas mahal, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up for sale in the office of the Collector of that district on the 8th January 1934, at 12 noon, for arrears of rent and cesses and other demands, which by law are realisable as arrears of rent.

These Noabad taluks and izaras are being advertised for sale for instalments of rent and cesses which were due on or before the 31st August 1932 and for other previous kists, the latest date of payment of which was 5th October 1933 :—

Serial No.	Number of taluks	Name of taluks with its situation	Name of talukdars	Sadar Jama		Arrears		
				Rent	Cess	Rent	Cess	Total
				Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p
1	20133	Taluk Ahamed Ali, mauza Bakalia, thana Panchlaish	Bhupendra Krishna Ghose, son of Trailakya Nath Ghose, of 46, Pathuriaghata Street, Calcutta at present Chandanpura, thana Kotwali Chittagong, and others	2,632 12 0	257 7 3	2,403 12 0	205 7 3	2,609 3 3
2	22843	Taluk Aminulla and others mauza Bagachatar thana Sitakunda	Mahammed Nural Afsar, son of Ali Ahmed Choudhury Abida Khatoon, wife of Abdul Hai Choudhury of Magadia thana Mireswari and others	501 4 0	58 9 0	86 14 6	22 5 0	109 4 0
3	31965	Taluk Rajlakhi Debya mauza Dahlia Maghatia thana Mireswari	General Manager Court of Wards on behalf of Estate Shiba Gopal Bondopadya	3,043 0 0	335 2 3	2,282 4 0	143 12 0	2,420 0 6
4	23803	Taluk Aminulla and others mauza Joypurpurbajoan thana Mireswari	Bidhu Bhushan Roy Choudhuri, son of Rai Golak Chandra Choudhuri Bahadur Nani Bala Rai Choudhurani wife of Dakhina Ranjan Rai Choudhury of Dhum thana Mireswari	731 0 0	90 8 0	814 10 0	84 14 0	899 8 0
5	23864	Taluk Aminulla and others mauza Joypurpurbajoan Mireswari	Bidhu Bhushan Rai Choudhury son of Rai Golak Chandra Choudhury, of Dhum, Rajani Kanta son of Bhairab Chandra Das of Durgapur, thana Mireswari and others	1,228 12 0	148 15 0	1,536 0 0	132 12 9	1,668 12 9
6	23878	Taluk Isa Ali Khan mauza Jujkhola thana Fatikchhari	Abdul Mataleb Ahmmar Rahaman and Keramat Ali sons of Jinnat Ali Choudhury Silonia and others	1,760 12 0	63 6 0	2,507 2 0	164 6 3	2,671 8 3
7	23879	Taluk Sheikh Obidulla Khan mauza Datmara thana Fatikchhari	Ajija Khatoon Choudhurani, wife of Badara Jaman Choudhuri of do.	1,510 4 0	208 5 9	999 4 0	81 5 0	1,080 9 0
8	23041	Taluk Mahesh Chandra mauza Idilpur thana Fatikchhari	Kiran Chandra Guha son of Jagat Chandra Guha of Mirjapur thana Hathazari	537 12 0	58 10 9	321 3 0	27 0 3	348 3 3
9	23034	Izara Kaptan Taksera mauza Chandpur thana Fatikchhari	Manindra Nath Biswas son of Sarat Chandra Biswas of Saroatali, thana Boalkhali	1,064 8 0	114 6 0	266 4 0	28 11 0	294 15 0

Chittagong, the 5th December 1933.

[ILLEGIBLE], *for* Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1895, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Bakarganj will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 8th January 1934, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue —

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs a p					Rs a p	
4526	Hawla No 1 in mahal Karai baria, pargana Sundarban	2 884 2 0	Whole		Jatindra Mohan Ghosh and others		3 818 4 0	
4532	Taluk No 2 in mahal Debpur pargana Sundarban	6 404 0 0	Do		Manindra Nath Chakravarty executor and others		14 702 0 0	
4543	Osat taluk No 21 1 4 in mahal Dhankhali pargana Sundarban	15 932 0 0	Do		Prativa Rani Debi		28 864 0 0	
4573	Hawla No 93 in mahal Chak Kalsmegha pargana Sundarban	661 8 0	Do		Nanda Kumar and others		185 13 0	
4640	Abadkari Jot No in mahal Uttar Bhuturdia pargana Zazira	3 171 0 0	Do		Maulvi Afsaruddin Ahamad and others		3 173 15 11	
4828	Taluk No 1 (ক) in mahal Chhota Baisdia pargana Sundarban	11 809 13 0	Do		Lakshmi Charan Dev Sarkar and other		4 240 3 0	
5007	Hawla No 17 in mahal Dhalua pargana Sundarban	672 0 0	Do		Foyzuddin Hazi and other		257 0 0	
5008	Hawla No 219 in mahal Barguna pargana Sundarban	646 4 0	Do		Mohammed Hossain Munshi and others		324 4 0	
5218	Osat taluk No 3 in mahal Kalupura pargana Baikanthapur	6 814 14 0	Do		Radha Madhab Pal and others		7 115 15 0	
5225	Taluk No 11 in Shambhupura pargana Zazira	1 700 3 0	Do		Abdul Gani		3 992 9 0	
5236	Hawla No 352 in Dhali Gournagar, pargana Dakshin Sabajpur	2 157 7 0	Do		Kailash Chandra Pal and others		2 347 8 0	
5245	Hawla No 2 in mahal Chak Lalmohan mauza Kishoreganj, pargana Zazira	7 224 1 0	Do		Girindra Kisor Chakravarty and others		15 684 13 0	
5245	Hawla No 4 in mahal Chak Lalmohan, mauza Meherganj, pargana Zazira	820 1 0	Do		Aslam Mia and others		961 2 0	
5246	Hawla No 123 in mahal Dhali Gournagar, pargana Dakshin Sabajpur	742 6 0	Do		Akhoy Kumar Shaha		742 6 0	
5246	Hawla No 202 in mahal Dhali Gournagar, pargana Dakshin Sabajpur	976 14 0	Do		Akhoy Kumar Shaha and others		976 14 0	

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P					Rs A P	
5246	Hawla No 606 in mahal Dhali Gournagar pargana Dakshin Sahajpur	1 [illegible]23 8 0	Whole		Kailash Chandra Pal and others		2,202 5 4	
5246	Hawla No 6[illegible] in mahal Dhali Gournagar pargana Dakshin Sahajpur	[illegible]	Do		Ditto		850 12 0	
5246	Hawla No 1[illegible] in mahal Dhali Gournagar pargana Dakshin Sahajpur	7[illegible]9 14 0	Do		Ditto		1,199 12 0	
[illegible]46	Hawla No 16[illegible] in mahal Dhali Gournagar pargana Dakshin Sahajpur	1 130 13 0	Do		Ditto		1 561 10 0	
5246	Hawla No 1641 in mahal Dhali Gournagar pargana Dakshin Sahajpur	[illegible]24 7 0	Do		Ditto		3 198 14 0	
525[illegible]	Hawla No [illegible] in mahal Shambhupura pargana Dakshin Sahajpur	1 [illegible]2 13 0	Do		Golam Malos Chowdhury and others		3 513 7 0	
5257	Gor Mokurari Hawla No [illegible] in mahal Char Krista Prasad pargana Jazira	7 840 1 0	Do		Jotindra Mohon Ghosh and others		7 840 15 0	
5264	Hawla No 19 in mahal Dakshin Rajapur pargana Jazira	3 284 14 0	Do		Radha Madhab Pal and others		4 219 12 0	
6695	Taluk No 3 in mahal S A A to Debsabunia pargana Salimabad	6[illegible] 7 0	Do		Bimala Sundari Choudhurani and others		343 14 3	

The above tenures are being advertised for sale for the instalments of revenue which were due on or before the 31st Jaista, 1340 B S the latest date of payment of which was 28th June 1933

Barisal, the 8th December 1933

S C GHOSE, *for* Collector

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Bakarganj will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 8th January 1934, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :-

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs a p				Rs. a p	Rs. a p	Rs. a p
1	Zemindari share 8 as 19 g, tappa Azimpur	2,430 1 4		5 as 9 g 3 c 1 kt 10 til 10 chhatak share covered by separate account No 1 will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Dilip Kumar Ray Chaudhury and others	834 6 3		99 9 10
11	Taluk Gangadhar Mazumdar, tappa Azimpur	678 11 5	Whole	. .	Bipin Behari Das and others		100 10 2	
1408	Taluk Abu Mahammad, pargana Bazorgomedpur	2,065 4 1		2 as 1 g 2 c 2 kt residuary, 1 a 12 g 3 c 2 kt 0 til 1 c share covered by separate account No 1, 2 as 2 g 2 c 2 kt. share covered by separate account No 4, 2 as 2 g. 2 c 2 kt share covered by separate account No. 6, 1 a 1 g 1 c 1 kt share covered by separate account No 5 and 4 annas share covered by separate account No. 7 will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Munshi Abdul Jabbar and others	2,441 1 1		1,061 6 4
1433	Taluk Barhan Khan, pargana Bazorgomedpur	1,735 0 2	Whole	8 annas residuary and 8 annas share covered by separate account No 1 will be sold	Ashutosh Ganguly and another		1,281 0 0	
1436	Taluk Baidya Nath Singh, pargana Bazorgomedpur	3,003 0 0	Do		Narain Das Chatterjee.		1,309 3 0	
1441	Taluk Chandra Shekhar Chakrabarty, pargana Bazorgomedpur	2,651 11 1		1 a 6 g 2 c 2 kt. share covered by separate account No 1, 2 as. 6 g 2 c. 2 kt share covered by separate account No. 2 and 3 annas share covered by separate account No 4 will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale.	Rajendra Nath Chakrabarty and others	1,104 13 1		460 15 2
1448	Mahal Darihat Rajbariganj, pargana Bazorgomedpur	718 3 2	Whole		Durga Prosanna Ray Chaudhury and others		521 0 0	
1482	Taluk Har Nath Ghoshal, pargana Bazorgomedpur	4,035 14 6	Do.		Bomkesh Chatterjee and others.		2,109 7 11	
1507	Taluk Kali Charan Ray, pargana Bazorgomedpur	4,044 4 10	Do		Kumar Satya Mohan Ghoshal Bahadur and others		5,018 9 9	
1509	Taluk Kalidas Ghattak, pargana Bazorgomedpur	2,082 15 1		5 as 11 g 1 c 1 kt. 19 til residuary and 2 as. 15 g. 2 c 2 dt share covered by separate account No 3 will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Akhoy Kumar Shaha and others	1,086 10 1		372 13 2
1510	Taluk Kali Sankar Gopal Krishna Datta, pargana Bazorgomedpur	691 5 0	Whole	. .	Mathura Mohan Das and others		188 12 9	
1533	Taluk Krishna Prosad Guha, pargana Bazorgomedpur.	3,980 15 8	Do.	12 annas residuary and 4 annas share covered by separate account No. 1 will be sold	Muralidhar Ray Chaudhury and others		1,588 10 0	
1555	Taluk Mahamed Jamir, pargana Bazorgomedpur.	559 11 11	Do.		Bisesswar Chakrabarty and others.		207 1 0	
1567	Taluk Nazumoddi, pargana Bazorgomedpur	972 13 5	Do.	8 annas residuary and 8 annas share covered by separate account No 1 will be sold	Abinash Chandra Banerjee and others.		413 5 4	
1613	Taluk Ram Jagannath Ray, pargana Bazorgomedpur.	2,842 8 2	Do.	. .	Kumar Satya Mohan Ghoshal Bahadur and others.		3,491 0 4	

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs a p				Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p
1631	Taluk Ram Prosad pargana Bazorgomedpur	6 525 7 4		4 as 15 g residuary 2 annas share covered by separate account No 5 and 1 a 5 g share covered by separate account No 9 will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Chinta Haran Basu and others	3 254 10 8		1,134 3 2
1634	Taluk Ram Raja Gun pargana Bazorgomedpur	542 11 7	Whole		Kumar Satya Mohan Ghoshal Bahadur and others		277 10 8	
1641	Taluk Ram Ratna Das pargana Bazorgomedpur	1 811 0 10	Do		Dilip Kumar Ray Chaudhury and others		319 6 4	
1653	Taluk Raman Krishna Nag pargana Bazorgomedpur	541 14 1	Do		Abinash Chandra Banerjee Trustee		161 10 11	
1661	Taluk Shibjoy Barajja pargana Bazorgomedpur	6 130 3 4		6 as 4 g 1 c 2 kt 1 dt residuary 5 as 6 g 2 c 2 kt share covered by separate account No 1 and 3 as 11 g 1 kt 1 dt share covered by separate account No 4 will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Jasada Lal Pal Chaudhury and others	5 780 10 1		388 7 4
1671	Taluk Suja Narain Sen pargana Bazorgomedpur	1 158 8 2	Whole		Kumar Satya Mohan Ghoshal Bahadur and others		971 14 3	
1678	Taluk Syed Miran pargana Bazorgomedpur	1 181 14 9	Do	4 annas residuary and 12 annas share covered by separate account No 1 will be sold	Ichhya Moyee Gupta and others		208 15 3	
1723	Zemindari share 1 a 17 g 1 c 2 kt pargana Chandradvip	9 617 1 0	Do		Nanak Debi Barmani guardian for Monoranjan Prosad Barman		4 876 9 4	
1725	Mauza Chikni Kanda share 8 as 10 g pargana Chandradvip	3 382 8 1		9 as 2 g 2 c 19½ til share covered by separate account No 1 6 g 1 c 1 dt share covered by separate account No 2 6 g 1 c 1 dt share covered by separate account No 3 and 6 g 1 c 1 dt share covered by separate account No 5 will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Mr I C N Dislva and others	2 1-9 1 6		962 0 9
1727	Mauza Chikni Kanda, share 7 annas, pargana Chandradvip	2,815 14 10		1 a 7 g 1 c 2½ dt residuary 3 as 4 g 1 c 1 dt 6 chhatak share covered by separate account No 1 2 as 6 g 2 c 2 kt share covered by separate account No 4 11 g 1 c 1 kt 2 dt 6 chhatak share covered by separate account No 5 1 a 4 g 2 c 2 kt 2 dt 6 chhatak share covered by separate account No 6, 1 a 2 g 3 c 1 kt 1½ dt share covered by separate account No 7 and 1 a 2 g 3 c 1 kt 2 dt share covered by separate account No 8 will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Pyarimohan Mahinta and others	1 917 8 8		682 2 5
1729	Taluk Chandra Shekhar Chakrabarty pargana, Chandradvip	2,531 6 6	Whole		Nibaran Chandra Banerjee, Common Manager		1,803 10 6	..
1740	Taluk Khaje Nur pargana Chandradvip	1,644 0 0	Do	13 as 2 g 1 c residuary and 2 as 17 g 3 c share covered by separate account No 1 will be sold	Ataharali and others		837 2 0	
1744	Taluk Krishnaram Sen, pargana Chandradvip	896 4 0	Do		Sukumar Datta and others		60 8 4	
1748	Taluk Mahammad Hayat, pargana Chandradvip	7,062 5 8		5 as 2 g residuary and 2 as 2 g 1 c 15 til share covered by separate account No 4 will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Basanta Kumar Guha and others.	3,185 2 4		875 10 7

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs a p				Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p
1752	Taluk Ram Ballav Chakrabarty, pargana Chandradvip	3 298 9 0	Whole	16 annas share covered by residuary and separate account Nos 1 9 will be sold	Ganesh Chandra Chatterjee and others		3 870 6 9	
1762	Taluk Shib Chandra Das, pargana Chandradvip	6,013 1 10		8 annas residuary share will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Dilip Kumar Ray Chaudhury and others	3 006 8 10		247 8 11
2708	Zemindari share 1 a 10 g, pargana Uttar Shahabazpur	1 494 6 5	Whole		Rajkumari Debi		228 10 5	
2749	Taluk Durga Gangeswar, pargana Uttar Shahabazpur	1 037 11 2		8 annas share covered by separate account No 1 will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Probhat Chandra Ray and others	518 13 8		198 6 4
3029	Taluk Sriram Sen pargana Uttar Shahabazpur	784 12 11	Whole		Daukanath De		196 3 3	
3086	Zemindari Janaki Ballav Ray pargana Aurangpur	6 253 8 7		9 as 17 g 3 c 2 kt 5 dip residuary share will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Kalikanta Ray Chaudhury and others	3 8 1 6 1		97 2 6
3257	Zemindari share 4 annas pargana Ratnadi Kalikapur	6 308 12 0		2 as 15 g share covered by separate account No 5 and 2 as 2 g 2 c share covered by separate account No 6 will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Tara Prosanna Guha and others	1 022 3 10		228 5 0
3258	Zemindari share 4 annas pargana Ratnadi-Kalikapur	6 308 12 0		1 a 16 g 2 c 2 kt share covered by separte account No 5 will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Ditto	522 13 3		95 1 5
3266	Zemindari share 3 annas pargana Shahajadpur	857 13 4	Whole		Kali Kumar Ganguly Common Manager		197 11 8	
3267	Zemindari share 1 a 4 g pargana Shahajadpur	719 6 11	Do		Janaki Nath Ray Chaudhury and others		81 12 8	
3322	Taluk Bahauddin Heshamoddin pargana Saista-nagar	1 008 0 0	Do		Chandra Kanta Shaha Talukder and others		62 3 6	
3417	Taluk Ramdas share 12 as 6 g 3 c, pargana Saistanagar	1 171 4 10		6 annas residuary and 7 annas share covered by separate account No 3 will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Abinash Chandra Bose and others	951 10 11		1 3 3 7
3834	Zemindari share 6¼ gandas, pargana Selemadab	1 830 12 0		10 annas residuary share will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Rajendra Nath Chakrabarty and others	1 144 4 0		230 9 11
3836	Zemindari share 7 gandas, pargana Selemabad	2,064 11 0		10 as 13 g 1 c 1 kt residuary share will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Shamirendra Nath Mitra and others	1 3 [illegible] 0		201 7 6
3841	Zemindari share 2 as 17 g 2 c, pargana Selemabad	17,976 2 6		5 as 6 g 2 c 2 kt residuary share will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Kumar Satya Mohan Ghoshal Bahadur and others	992 0 11		2,517 5 10
3843	Zemindari share 13 gandas, pargana Selemabad	3,593 6 8	Whole	8 annas residuary and 8 annas share covered by separate account No 1 will be sold	Ashutosh Ray Chaudhury and others		2 192 6 10	

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or share	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
3865	Zemindari share 10 as 13 g 1 c, pargana Abdullapur.	2 366 10 0		4 as 17 g 8 c 17 til share covered by separate account No 1 and 3 as 2 g 2 kt 3 til share covered by separate account No 2 will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Jashada Lal Pal Chaudhury and others	1,183 6 9		353 0 8
4539	Ranga Bali Abad, pargana Chandradvip	19 068 0 0	Whole	....	Rai Mono Mohan Niogi, Receiver		4,343 0 0	.
4575	Char Birat Karan, pargana Selemabad	541 0 0	Do		Kumar Satya Mohan Ghoshal Bahadur and others		361 0 0	..
4625	Dari Char Gazipur, pargana Selemabad	2 357 0 0	Do		Ditto		2,204 15 11	..
4616	Char Titla Purba Tarap Lamchi, pargana Ratnadi-Kalikapur	10,122 0 0	Do		Hem Kanta Sen Ray Chaudhury and others		15,877 0 0	
4734	Char Shachilapur Kistakati pargana Selemabad	996 0 0	Do		Kumar Satya Mohan Ghoshal Bahadur and others	.	700 0 0	
4740	Char Pangasia, pargana Uttar Shahabazpur.	3,189 0 0	Do		Probhat Chandra Ray		9,783 10 0	..
4751	Char Lakhi Bardan pargana Chandradvip	627 0 0	Do		Profulla Kumar Ray and others		20 0 0	
4793	Char Nipartashi, pargana Jazira	640 6 0	Do		Bomkesh Chatterjee and others		260 6 0	
4872	Taluk Banchharam Bose share 8 annas, pargana Bazorgomedpur	563 12 0	Do		Jitendra Nath Ray and others		167 2 0	..
4873	Taluk Ram Jagannath Ray and and another, pargana Bazorgomedpur	2,842 8 2		12 annas residuary share will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Radha Charan Bose and others	2,131 14 2		421 4 5
4933	Char Khajuria pargana Chandradvip	3 773 0 0	Whole		Dilip Kumar Ray Chaudhury		943 4 0	..
5195	Char Nabipura, pargana Jazira	933 0 0	Do		Syadal Hoque Patwari		258 0 0	..
5202	Char Udaypur, pargana Jazira	1,416 0 0		8 annas residuary share will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Tara Prosanna Guha	708 0 0	.	169 0 0
5209	Mauza Shibpur in taluk Ramdeb Datta, pargana Gopalpur-Mirjanagar	1 751 0 0	Whole		Ditto ..	..	501 0 0	..
5210	Mauza Mahadebpur in taluk Ramdeb Datta pargana Gopalpur-Mirjanagar	700 0 0	Do		Ditto ..	..	275 8 0	..
5220	Hazipur alias Majidpur, pargana Abdullapur	806 0 0		9 as 12 g 2 c 1 kt ½ dt residuary and 2 as 13 g 1 c 1 kt share covered by separate account No 1 will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Ghiasuddin Ahmed Chaudhury and others	619 6 8	..	467 4 1
6102	Taluk Madhabram Datta, kismat Ramnagar, pargana Bazorgomedpur.	761 14 3	Whole	.	Rajendra Nath Das and others	..	280 14 0	..
6531	Char Madhab Ray, pargana Saistabad.	874 0 0	Do		Syed Fazle Rabbi Chaudhury.	..	474 0 0	..

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs a p				Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p
6345	Surplus accretion to mauza Jahapur, pargana Jazira	1 567 0 0	Whole		Syed Bahauddin Ahmed and others		887 0 0	
6457	Srikanta Ray Chaudhury zemindari share 1 a 6 g 2 c 2 kt, pargana Aurangpur	1 195 10 0	Do		Umesh Chandra Banerjee and others		317 14 0	
6459	Kaliprosad Ray Chaudhury zemindari share 13 g 1 c 1 kt pargana Aurangpur	580 0 0	Do		Broja Kanta Ray Chaudhury		307 9 6	
6460	Zemindari Gauri nath Ray and others, pargana Aurangpur	897 [illegible]	Do		Durga Ratan Ray Chaudhury and others		170 12 10	
6556	Chandipur Chak pargana Sundarbans	2 144 1 6		3 as 10 g share covered by separate account No 3 and 2 as 6 g 1 c 1 kt share covered by separate account No 5 will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Krishna Kanta Shaha and others	779 15 0		127 11 0
6571	Surplus accretion to mauza Bagura Alekanda pargana Chandradvip	857 0 0	Whole		Ramani Mohan Ray Chaudhury and others		146 7 0	
6602	Surplus accretion to mauza Rahadi and others pargana Salistabad	531 0 0	Do		Syed Mahamad Hossain Chaudhury		281 0 0	
6668	Surplus accretion to south and west Bhuterdia pargana Chandradvip	763 0 0	Do		Nalini Bhusan Ganguly		78 2 8	
6718	Surplus accretion to mauza Ramdaspur pargana Uttar Shahabazpur	2 016 0 0	Do		Harimohan Ray Chaudhury and others		3 492 0 0	
6735	Surplus accretion to mauza Char Kajal, pargana Chandradvip	518 0 0	Do		Sourindra Nath Mitra and others Receivers		10 0 0	
6751	Taluk Nara Narain Ghose, pargana Balarampur Sujabad	1 529 0 3	Do	4 annas residuary and 12 annas share covered by separate account No 1 will be sold	Harendra Chandra Chakravarty and another		873 14 8	
7063	Taluk Mahammad Kusaf pargana Bazorgoinedpur	563 12 0	Do		Mahammad Kusaf		167 2 0	
7177	Taluk Jogendra Nath Chakrabarty pargana Chandradvip	843 12 10	Do		Jogendra Nath Chakrabarty		474 11 7	
7178	Taluk Sukumari Debi Chaudhurani pargana Chandradvip	843 12 10	Do		Sukumari Debi Chaudhurani		208 0 10	

The above estates are being advertised for sale for the instalments of the revenue which were due on or before the 31st Bhadra, 1340 B S, the latest date of payment of which was 5th October 1933

Barisal, the 8th December 1933

S C GHOSE, *for* Collector

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B C) of 1868, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates and khas mahal tenures in the district of Noakhali will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 8th January 1934, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs a p				Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p
				Part I Estates				
Lot No 1 tauzi No 8	Balupur hissa 2as pargana Balupur	1 842 1 2	Whole		Azizur Rahman Chaudhuri		1,232 5 11	
Lot No 3 tauzi No 18	Char Afzal Lakhi and Char Lakhi police station Sandip	11 303 12 8	Share	Residuary share *Hissa 2 as 10 gd 3cr 10 dhul	Sm Rakha Khatun	447 10 4		447 10 4
Lot No 3 tauzi No 18	Ditto	11 303 12 8	Do	Seperate Account No 1 *Hissa 7 as 17 gd 3cr 2kg 8 dhul	Uma Charan Saha and others	1 405 2 9		1 405 2 9
Lot No 3 tauzi No 18	Ditto	11 303 12 8	Do	Seperate Account No 2 *Hissa 3 as 1 gd 2 cr 2 kg	Abdul Majid and others	547 13 11		516 3 9
Lot No 3, tauzi No 18	Ditto	11 303 12 8	Do	Seperate Account No 3— *Hissa 1 a 1 gd 2 cr 12 dhul	Maulvi Ali Ahmed	191 9 10		191 9 10
Lot No 3, tauzi No 18	Ditto	11 303 12 8	Do	Seperate Account No 4 *Hissa 1 a 8 gd 2 cr 3 kg 8 dhul	Madhab Chandra Bhowmik receiver	255 7 10		255 7 10
Lot No 4 tauzi No 36	Ratnaraman Chakra pargana Ramchandrapur	740 12 11	Whole		Sm Monmohini Devi and others		3 15 2	
Lot No 5 tauzi No 45	Kismat Mahendra Narayan pargana Sandip	637 1 10	Do		Shekh Md Auranganzeb Chowdhury		109 3 5	
Lot No 21 tauzi No 189	Gopalpur Mirzanagar pargana Gopalpur	20 343 3 0	Do		Mazuball Chowdhury and others		15 235 1 8	
Lot No 23 tauzi No 194	Char Hudrakhali mudafat Hassan ghat Manjhi pargana Sandip	1 994 0 0	Share	Residuary share *Hissa 5 as 6 gd 2 cr 2 kt	Shekh Ahmad Sobhan Chowdhury	661 10 4		106 0 0
Lot No 24, tauzi No 199	Char Algi pargana Sandip	1 230 0 0	Do	Residuary share— *Hissa 5 as 5 gd	Madhab Chandra Bhowmik receiver	403 9 6		87 9 9
Lot No 24, tauzi No 199	Ditto	1 230 0 0	Do	Seperate Account No 1— *Hissa 4 as	Uma Charan Saha and others	307 8 0		66 12 0
Lot No 24 tauzi No 199	Ditto	1 230 0 0	Do	Seperate Account No 2— *Hissa 6 as 15 gd	Afazuddin Mia and others	518 14 6		112 10 3
Lot No 25, tauzi No 200	Char Ramiz, pargana Sandip	2 287 0 0	Whole		Madhab Chndra Bhowmik, receiver		2,043 0 10	

* The other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale.

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs a p				Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p.
Lot No 26, tauzi No 207	Amarabad Zamindari	10,099 5 9	Whole		Nrisingha Gopal Singha Chowdhury and others		2 209 4 0	
Lot No 27, tauzi No 208	Sukchar	2,094 0 0	Do		Moazzam Hoshain Chowdhury and others		887 8 9	
Lot No 36, tauzi No 1553	Char Balammara	6,676 10 0	Do		Nabendra Kishore Roy and others		580 1 [illegible]	
Lot No 38, tauzi No 1574	Thak Hudrakhali	2,205 1 0	Do		Sheik Md Bazle Sobhan Chowdhury and others		316 12 4	
Lot No 39, tauzi No 1577	Thak Char Sakandar, pargana Zazira	954 7 0	Do		Madhab Chandra Bhownik Receiver		892 10 0	
Lot No 40 tauzi No 1579	Thak Algi, pargana Zazira	579 0 0	Share	Residuary share *Hissa 5 as 5 gd	Ditto	170 [illegible] 0		49 13 4
Lot No 40, tauzi No 1579	Ditto	579 0 0	Do	Separate Account No 1 *Hissa 10 as 15 gd	Atazuddin Ahmed and others	359 11 0		99 2 8
Lot No 41 tauzi No 1936	Diara mahal Char Amanulla	4 008 6 0	Whole		Aminulla Mia and others		3,530 8 9	
Lot No 44, tauzi No 2030	Harahara Singha Chowdhury pargana Amerabad	10 099 5 1	Do		Harahara Singha Chowdhury and others		2 209 4 9	
Lot No 45 tauzi No 2032	Ganada Prasad Tribadi and others	5 049 10 6	Do		Ganada Prasad Tribadi and others		1 101 7 0	
				Khas Mahal Tenures.				
Lot No 53 tauzi No 1560	Char Khondaker, police station Companyganj tenure No 286	2 449 3 0	Whole		Hemchandra Das and others		L R — 612 5 0 Cess 83 4 0	
Lot No 61, tauzi No 1587	Banchhanagar, police station Lakshipur tenure No 81	919 14 0	Do		Nrisingha Gopal Singha Chowdhury and others		L R 201 4 0 Cess 36 3 0	
Lot No 70, tauzi No 1592	Char Behari Kismat Char Pagla, police station Ramgati, tenure No 77	553 6 0	Do		Md Asadulla Mia		L R 456 [illegible] Cess 1 1[illegible] 9	
Lot No 80, tauzi No 1627	Char Mehar, police-station Ramgati Abad No 2	880 7 0	Do		Jadab Chandra Bhattacharjee and others		L R 880 [illegible] 0 Cess [illegible] 3 8	
Lot No 81, tauzi No 1627	Char Mehar, police-station Ramgati, Abad No 3	760 6 0	Do		Ditto		L R 867 12 0 Cess— 98 6 0	
Lot No 82, tauzi No. 1627.	Char Mehar, police-station Ramgati, Abad No 4	1,814 11 0	Do		Ditto		L R — 1 867 9 0 Cess— 423 1 7	

* The other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs a p				Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p
Lot No 83, tauzi No 1627	Char Mohar police station Ramgati Abad No [illegible]	2,88[illegible] 8 0	Whole		Jadab Chandra Bhattacharjee and others		L R — 2,985 2 0 Cess— 743 11 4	
Lot No 96 tauzi No 1636	Char Iswar Ray Part I police station Hatia tenure No 13	504 [illegible] 0	Do		Emdadulla Mia		L R — 126 1 0 Cess— 25 0 0	
Lot No 97 tauzi No 1636	Char Iswar Ray Part I police station Hatia tenure No 14	504 [illegible] 0	Do		Rajani Chandra Mitra		L R — 126 1 0 Cess— 25 0 0	
Lot No 98 tauzi No 1636	Char Iswar Ray Part I police station Hatia tenure No 15	1,777 0 0	Do		Ditto		L R 444 4 0 Cess 66 4 0	
Lot No 106 tauzi No 1636	Char Iswar Ray Part I police station Hatia tenure No 43	578 0 0	Do		Bharat Chandra Sil and others		L R 144 8 0 Cess 28 0 0	
Lot No 107 tauzi No 1636	Char Iswar Ray Part I police station Hatia tenure No 44	810 8 0	Do		Prasanna Kumar Mazumdar and others		L R 579 1 0 Cess 29 8 0	
Lot No 108 tauzi No 1636	Char Iswar Ray Part I police station Hatia tenure No 45	718 8 0	Do		Ditto		L R 521 0 0 Cess 24 0 0	
Lot No 109, tauzi No 1636	Char Iswar Ray Part I police station Hatia tenure No 46	1,006 1 0	Do		Ditto		L R 886 12 0 Cess 38 0 0	
Lot No 110, tauzi No 1636	Char Iswar Ray Part I police station Hatia tenure No 47	571 5 0	Do		Bhuban Chandra Mazumdar and others		L R 409 9 0 Cess 23 0 0	
Lot No 116, tauzi No 1636	Char Iswar Ray Part I police station Hatia tenure No 5[illegible]	1,777 0 0	Do		Rajani Chandra Mitra		L R 444 4 0 Cess 50 0 0	
Lot No 117 tauzi No 1636	Char Iswar Ray Part I police station Hatia tenure No 56	504 0	Do		Ditto		L R 126 1 0 Cess 17 0 0	
Lot No 119 tauzi No 1636	Char Iswar Ray Part I police station Hatia tenure No 63	1,777 0 0	Do		Rokeabanu and others		L R 444 4 0 Cess 59 0 0	
Lot No 145 tauzi No 1662	Char Magdhara police station Sundip, tenure No 913	507 10 0	Do		Oli Ullah		L R 441 12 0 Cess 19 12 6	
Lot No 151 tauzi No 1662	Char Magdhara police station Sundip tenure No 962	1,330 8 0	Do		Darbesh Ali and others		L R 291 0 0 Cess— 15 8 0	
Lot No 206 tauzi No 1671	Char Gazi police station Ramgati tenure No 204	871 [illegible] 0	Do		Muslim Mia and others		L R 218 9 0 Cess— 38 7 4	
Lot No 253, tauzi No 1672	Nalchera Saheber Katta tenure No 65	556 0 0	Do		Sayed Ahmed and others.	..	L R — 208 8 0 Cess— 12 11 0	

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs a p				Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p
Lot No 299, tauzi No 1686	Char Alexendar police station Ramgati, tenure No 1	111 8 3	Whole		Sarajal Hoque Mia and others		L R 719 11 0 Cess 116 14 0	
Lot No 300 tauzi No 1686	Char Alexendar police-station Ramgati tenure No 2	863 1 0	Do		Kadirbaksha Talukdar and others		L R [illegible]	
Lot No 303 tauzi No 1686	Char Alexendar police station Ramgati, tenure No 10	1 218 6 0	Do		Sarafat ali Munshi		L R 803 6 0 Cess 116 13 0	
Lot No 305 tauzi No 1942	Char Falkon police station Ramgati tenure No 16	994 0 0	Do		Abdul Karim Howladar		L R [illegible]	

These estates and shares of estates are being advertised for sale for instalments of revenue which were due on or before the 31st Bhadra, 1340 B S, of which the latest date of payment was the 5th October 1933

Noakhali, the 9th December 1933

T I M NURANNABI CHAUDHURI Collector

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B C) of 1868, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates and khas mahal tenures in the district of Noakhali will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 8th January 1934 at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue —

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs a p		Part II Estates			Rs a p	
Lot No 21 tauzi No 180	Gopalpur Mirzanagar pargana Gopalpur	20 443 3 0	Whole		Mazul Ali Chowdhury and others		[illegible]	
Lot No 26 tauzi No 207	Amarabad Zamindari	10 099 9	Do		Nrishinga Gopal Singha Chowdhury and others		[illegible]	
Lot No 36, tauzi No 1563	Char Balammara	6 676 10 0	Do		Nalendra Kishor Ray and others		80 1	
Lot No 44, tauzi No 2030	Harahara Singha Chowdhury, pargana Amarabad	10 099 [illegible] 1	Do		Harahara Singha Chowdhury and others		700 3 9	
Lot No 45, tauzi No 2032	Gananda Prasad Tribadi and others, pargana Amarabad	5 049 10 6	Do		Gananda Prasad Tribadi and others		1 104 [illegible] 0	

These estates and shares of estates are being advertised for sale for instalments of revenue which were due on or before the 31st Bhadra, 1340 B S, of which the latest date of payment was the 5th October 1933

Noakhali, the 9th December 1933

T I M NURANNABI CHAUDHURI, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Bogra, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 9th January 1934, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1 Residuary	K. P. Shelbarsha, pargana Shelbarsha	14,066 8 0	No ..	1 anna 10 gandas share of mauzas Hukmapur and others, police-station Bogra, Barabelgharia and others, police-station Shibganj, Talkhur, police-station Khetlal, Kalai and others, police-station Kahalu, Porapara and others, police-station Dupchancia, Benahali and others, police-station Adamdighi, Madangari-Lakamikole and others, police-station Sherpur, Andasura and others, police-station Singra (Rajshahi), Haresona and others, police-station Taras, Balabari, police-station Panchupur (Rajshahi). All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Syed Altaf Ali Choudhury and others.	1,292 10 9	..	511 8 9
1 Separate Account No. 1.	Ditto	14,066 8 0	No ..	10 annas share of all the mauzas mentioned in residuary account of the estate. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Syed Altaf Ali Choudhury.	8,809 8 11	..	3,522 3 0
1 Separate Account No. 2.	Ditto	14,066 8 0	No .	1 anna share of all the mauzas mentioned in residuary account of the estate. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Khaja Nazamal Haque.	880 15 1	..	351 14 2
1 Separate Account No. 3.	Ditto	14,066 8 0	No ..	3 annas 10 gandas share of all the mauzas mentioned in residuary account of the estate. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Syed Altaf Ali Choudhury	3,083 5 3	..	1,232 8 9
					Total ..	14,066 8 0	..	5,618 2 8
2 Residuary.	Ditto ..	12,849 15 0	No ..	8 annas 16 gandas 1 kara 1 kranti 7 tils share of mauza Paranpur, police-station Dupchancia. 8 annas 5 gandas 1 kara 2 krantis share of mauzas Isabpur, Harlata, police-station Kahalu. 2 annas 12 gandas 1 kara 10 tils share of mauza Sarabdipur, police-station Dupchancia. 6 annas 6 gandas 2 karas 2 krantis share of mauzas Alagchatra and others, police-station Kahalu, Chandradighi and others, police-station Dupchancia, Belbari, police-station Panchupur, Andasura, police-station Singra, Chatua and others, police-station Shibganj, Talkhur, police-station Khetlal,	Saha Md. Khalil Uddin Haider and others.	4,665 5 5	..	1,920 11 11

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P				Rs A P	Rs A. P.	Rs A P
				Tunipara and others police station Sherpur, Ashokola and others, police station Bogra, Singahar and others, police station Adamdighi Harisona and others, police station Taras 8 annas 13 gandas 1 kara 1 kranti share of mauzas Bhadiakali, police station Bogra, Kalmasiba, police station Kahaloo 8 annas 1 ganda 2 karas 2 krantis share of mauza Khanpur and others, police station Dupchanchia Joydevpur police station Adamdighi , annas 18 gandas 3 karas share of mauzas Kalunja and others, police station Shibganj, Potapara, police station Dupchanchia Garohali, police station Adamdighi, Durgapur and others, police station Bogra 3 annas 14 gandas 1 kranti 8 tils share of mauzas Palimahespur and others police station Dupchanchia 4 annas share of mauzas Matihara and others, police station Kahaloo Belgharia, police station Dupchanchia Koigari and others police station Bogra 3 annas 3 gandas 1 kara 1 kranti share of mauzas Damai and others, police station Kahaloo 12 annas 8 gandas 1 kara 1 kranti share of mauza Kazirpara, police station Kahaloo 5 annas share of mauzas Maligachha and others police station Kahaloo Bagulabari and others, police station Bogra 1_ annas ? karas 1 kranti share of mauza Silimpur and others police station Bogra 7 annas 1? gandas share of mauza Sakpala police station Bogra , annas 8 gandas 1 kara 1 kranti share of mauza Chandmua Haripur police station Bogra 5 annas 3 gandas 1 kara 1 kranti share of mauzas Fulbari and others police station Bogra 6 annas 18 gandas 3 tils share of mauza Sutrapur, police station Bogra 2 annas 12 gandas 1 kara 10 tils share of mauza Maharajai, police station Kahaloo, Khanda Khetra, police station Bogra 7 annas 3 gandas 1 karas share of mauzas Sujabad and others, police station Bogra 6 annas 6 gandas 2 karas 2 krantis share of mauza Sabrul, police station Bogra 13 annas 6 gandas 2 karas 2 krantis share of mauzas Latibpur and others, police-station Bogra				

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
				5 annas 8 gandas 1 kara 1 kranti share of mauzas Palashbari and others, police-station Bogra 7 annas 13 gandas 3 karas share of mauza Nishindara police station Bogra 6 annas 18 gandas 6 tils share of mauzas Chakbrindaban and others, police-station Bogra 8 annas share of mauzas Malatinagar and others police station Bogra 7 annas 15 gandas share of mauza Malismara, police station Kahaloo, district Bogra All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale				
2 Separate Account No. 4	K. P. Shelbarsha pargana Shelbarsha	12,849 15 0	No	8 annas share of mauzas Bagjore and others, police station Kahaloo Aria and others, police station Bogra district Bogra All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Syed Altaf Ali Choudhury Matwalli	405 12 3		160 11 10
2 Separate Account No. 7	Ditto	12,849 15 0	No	8 annas share in all the mauzas specified in Separate Account No. 4 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Ditto	405 12 3		160 11 10
2 Separate Account No. 9	Ditto	12,849 15 0	No	16 annas share of mauza Katnahar police station Kahaloo 8 annas share of mauzas Damru and others, police station Kahaloo 8 annas share of mauza Jatrusal police station Kahaloo district Bogra All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Syed Abdur Rob Choudhury Matwalli	138 13 9		55 0 0
2 Separate Account No. 11	Ditto	12,849 15 0	No	8 annas share of mauza Sialabhabanipur, police station Kahaloo, district Bogra All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Sarojini Debi	15 13 0		6 4 1
2 Separate Account No. 61	Ditto	12,849 15 0	No	1 anna 15 gandas 2 karas 1 kranti 5 tils share of mauza Belgharia, police station Kahaloo 3 annas 1 ganda 2 karas 2 krantis share of mauza Malibari, police-station Kahaloo, district Bogra All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Adya Nath Basak	57 10 8		7 2 1
2 Separate Account No. 62	Ditto	12,849 15 0	No	6 annas 4 gandas 1 kara 2 krantis 7 tils share of mauza Jaitub, police-station Kahaloo 3 annas 1 ganda 2 karas 2 krantis share of mauza Malibari, police-station Kahaloo 4 annas 6 gandas 3 karas 10 tils share of mauza Belgharia, police-station Kahaloo. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Bhupendra Nath Choudhury and others	50 0 1		1 15 0
					Total ..	5,719 9 5	..	2,312 8 9

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
6	Murali, pargana Shelbarsha	7,527 13 7	The whole estate will be sold		Syed Abdur Rob Choudhury Matwalli		[illegible]04[illegible] 4 2	
13 seperate account o 1	Taraf Behar, pargana Shelbarsha	6 519 8 0	No	2 annas 4 gandas 2 karas 4 tils share of mauzas Chingaspur and others, police station Bogra Borta, police station Kahaloo Panatika and others police station Shibganj, Bishagharia, police station Panchupur, district Rajshahi Khujlal, police station Kahaloo 3 annas 18 gandas 3 karas share of mauza Birgaon and others police station Bogra, Bhalson and others police station Kahaloo 8 annas 16 gandas 3 karas share of mauza Panchadas police station Shibganj. 14 gandas 1 kara 4 tils share of mauzas Alilamba and others police station Kahaloo, Bishagharia, police station Panchupur, district Rajshahi 7 annas 8 karas 1 kranti 12 tils share of mauzas Sabla, police station Dupchanchia Protappur and others police station Kahaloo Mogail, police station Shibganj 7 annas 16 gandas 2 tils share of mauzas Lengra and others police station Bogra, Gauripur and others police station Kahaloo Sihali and others police station Shibganj 7 annas 16 gandas 2 tils share of mauzas Pilkunju and others police station Kahaloo, Nadura and others police station Shibganj Dhal mohal police station Bogra 2 annas [illegible] gandas 2 krantis 10 tils share of mauza Bilhamala police station Shibganj 8 annas 13 gandas 6 tils of mauzas Chatua, police station Shibganj, Pilkunju and others, police station Kahaloo [illegible] annas share of mauzas Kazirpara and others, police station Kahaloo, Gokul and others, police station Bogra, Panartika, police station Shibganj 16 annas share of mauzas Mathura, police station Bogra, Abilamba and others, police station Kahaloo 7 annas 19 gandas 15 tils share of mauza Lohajal, police station Kahaloo 8 annas 18 gandas 1 kara 1 kranti 10 tils share of mauza Pilkunju, police station Kahaloo All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Syed Abu Mahammad Mosarraf Hossain Choudhury	3 [illegible]0 [illegible] 1		6[illegible]4 [illegible] 1

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
13 Separate Account No 3	Taraf Behat pargana Shelberisha	[illegible] 19 8 0	No	18 gandas 3 karas 1 kranti 18 tils share of mauzas Chingaspur and others, police station Bogra, Borta and others, police station Kahaloo Panartika and others, police station Shibganj Bishagharia, police station Panchupur, district Rajshahi 8 annas 2 karas 2 krantis share of mauzas Birgaon and others police station Bogra Bhalson and others, police station Kahaloo 1 anna share of mauza Panchadas police station Shibganj 9 gandas 1 kara 2 krantis 9 tils share of mauza Sabla, police station Dupchanchia, Protappur and others, police station Kahaloo Tengra and others, police station Bogra Silah and others police station Shibganj 9 annas gandas 2 karas 1 kranti share of mauza Bilhamla police station Shibganj 9 gandas 2 krantis 9 tils share of mauza Lohajal police station Kahaloo 10 gandas 3 karas share of mauza Pilkunju police station Kahaloo All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Syed Altaf Ali Choudhury	351 2 10		106 8 3
13 Separate Account No 4	Ditto	[illegible] 19 8 0	No	gandas 3 karas 8 tils share of mauzas Chingaspur and others police station Bogra Borta and others police station Kahaloo Panartika and others police station Shibganj Bishagharia police station Panchupur district Rajshahi 3 gandas 3 karas 7 tils share of mauza Abhilamba police station Kahaloo All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Ditto	[illegible]		7 14 8
13 Separate Account No 6	Ditto	[illegible] 19 8 0	No	1 anna 3 gandas 3 karas share of mauzas Chingaspur and others police station Bogra Borta and others police station Kahaloo Panartika and others police station Shibganj, Bishagharia police station Panchupur, district Rajshahi 11 gandas 3 karas 1 kranti 10 tils share of mauzas Panchadas and others, police station Shibganj Tenga and others police station Bogra, Sabla, police station Dupchanchia Protappur and others, police station Kahaloo 7 gandas 3 karas 1 kranti 10 tils share of mauza Bilhamla, police station Shibganj 10 gandas 1 kara share of mauza Lohajal, police station Kahaloo 10 gandas share of mauza Pilkunju, police station Kahaloo	Krishna Sundari Choudhurani	20[illegible] 4 8		[illegible]0 3 [illegible]

Tausi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
				1 anna 3 gandas 3 karas 8 tils share of mauza Khajlal, police station Kahaloo All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale				
13 Separate Account No 7	Taraf Behar pargana Sherbarsha	6,19 8 0	No	Share and mauza the same as in Separate Account No 6 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Krishna Sundari Choudhurani	202 4 8		60 14 7
13 Separate Account No 11	Ditto	6,19 8 0	No	1 anna 14 gandas 3 karas 2 krantis 17 tils share of mauzas Chingaspur and others police station Bogra Borta police station Kahaloo Panartika and others police station Shibganj Bishgharia, police station Panchupur district Rajshahi 1 anna 14 gandas 3 karas 1 kranti 6 tils share of mauza Abilamba and others, police station Kahaloo 17 gandas 1 kara 2 krantis 18 tils share of mauzas Sabla police station Dupchanchia, Protappur and others police station Kahaloo Tengra and others police station Bogra, Sihali and others police station Shibganj 7 gandas 2 karas share of mauza Pilkunju police station Kahaloo All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Jamila Khatoon Bibi and others	297 13 0		90 8 1
13 Separate Account No 13	Ditto	6 19 8 0	No	3 annas 2 karas share of mauzas Chingaspur and others police station Bogra Borta and others police station Kahaloo Panartika and others police station Shibganj Bishgharia police station Panchupur district Rajshahi 1 anna 10 gandas 1 kara share of mauzas Panchadas and others police station Shibganj 1 anna 12 gandas 1 kranti 14 tils share of mauzas Sabla, police station Dupchanchia Protappur and others, police station Kahaloo Tengra and others, police station Bogra, Sihali and others police station Shibganj 1 anna 16 gandas 19 tils share of mauza Lohajal, police-station Kahaloo 3 annas 1 kara 2 kranti 19 tils share of mauzas Kajirpara and others, police station Kahaloo All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Syed Altaf Ali Choudhury	417 [illegible] 2		13[illegible] 7 9
					Total	4,786 7 11		1,114 8 9

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
14 Residuary	Tariff Paogachha pargana Shil barsha	1,194 7 6	No	5 gandas 2 karas 1 kranti 10 tils share of Kalyanpur and others, police-station Kahaloo, Titparal, police-station Mahadebpur, district Dinajpur, Khihali and others, police-station Dupchanchia, Bontair and others police station Adamdighi Mahira, police station Khetlal, Pirob, police-station Shibganj 2 gandas 3 karas 15 tils share of mauzas Bhitta Bandighi and others, police station Khetlal 7 annas share of mauzas Kalyanpur and others, police-station Kahaloo, Titparail, police-station Mahadebpur, Dakahar and others police station Dupchanchia, Binlair and others, police station Adamdighi 1 anna 10 gandas 1 kara 1 kranti 10 tils share of mauzas Khihali and others police-station Dupchanchia 5 gandas 2 karas 1 kranti 10 tils share of mauza Mirpur, police station Shibganj 7 gandas 7 tils share of mauzas Khagra and others, police station Dupchanchia, Birkedar police station Kahaloo 2 gandas 3 karas 15 tils share of mauzas Atgaon and others, police station Dupchanchia, Antagara, police station Adamdighi 18 gandas 3 karas share of mauzas Amira and others, police station Khetlal 7 annas share of mauzas Amira and others police station Khetlal Nowapara police station Mahadebpur, district Dinajpur 2 gandas 3 karas 15 tils share of mauzas Jiapur and others, police station Khetlal Nowapara police station Mahadebpur district Dinajpur Atahar and others, police-station Shibganj 7 gandas 7 tils share of mauzas Bandaikhara and others police station Kahaloo 5 gandas 2 karas 1 kranti 10 tils share of mauzas Alhali and others, police-station Kahaloo, Dhap and others, police station Dupchanchia, Jamgaon police-station Shibganj 3 annas 9 gandas 1 kara 2 krantis 15 tils share of mauzas Jinsahar and others, police-station Shibganj All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Jibannessa Bibi and others	934 0 9		316 11 0
14 Separate Account No 7	Ditto	1,194 7 6	No	8 annas share of mauza Dimsahar police-station Dupchanchia All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Syed Altaf Ali Choudhury	114 7 11		48 8 9

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
14 Separate Account No 9	Taraf Paogacha, pargana Shelbarsha	4,194 7 6	No	8 annas share of mauza Dimsahar police station Dupchanchia. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Syed Altaf Ali Chodhury	144 7 11		48 8 9
14 Separate Account No 14	Ditto	4,194 7 6	No	7 annas share of mauza Mirpur, police station Shibganj 7 annas share of mauzas Atgaon and others police station Shibganj All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Haramohan Dutta and others	260 7 10		87 [illegible]
14 Separate Account No 18	Ditto	4,194 7 6	No	1 anna 5 gandas share of mauzas Kalyanpur police station Kahaloo Titparal police station Mahadebpur district Dinajpur Mirpur police station Shibganj Khilhali police station Dupchanchia Sitlai and others police station Kahaloo Dakahar police station Dupchanchia Bantair police station Adamdighi 1 anna 2 karas 1 kranti 10 tils share of mauzas Khagra and others police station Dupchanchia 12 gandas 2 karas share of mauzas Belta Bandighi and others police station Khetlal 11 gandas 1 kara share of mauzas Amra and others police station Khetlal Atgaon and others police station Dupchanchia Nowpara police station Mahadebpur [illegible]pur and others police station Adamdighi Bandaikhara and others police station Kahaloo [illegible]sahar and others police station Shibganj 1 anna [illegible] gandas [illegible] share of mauza M[illegible] police station Khetlal 11 gandas 1 kara 1 kranti 10 tils share of mauza Durgapur police station Kahaloo 1[illegible] gandas [illegible] karas share of mauzas Atshai and others police station Shibganj 1 gandas share of mauzas Dudah[illegible] and others police station Shibganj 1 anna 5 gandas share of mauza Pirol police station Shibganj All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Mozharul Islam and others	[illegible] 11		[illegible] 4 8
14 Separate Account No 29	Ditto	4,194 7 6	No	1 anna 11 gandas 3 karas 1 kranti 10 tils share of mauzas Khilhali and others police station Dupchanchia 1 anna 19 gandas 3 karas 1 kranti 3 tils share of mauzas Khagra and others police station Dupchanchia Bandaikhara and others police station Kahaloo 1 anna 11 gandas 3 karas 1 kranti 10 tils share of mauzas Mahirani police station Khetlal Sukhangari police station Dupchanchia	Ditto	[illegible]		[illegible]

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
				15 gandas 3 karas 2 krantis 5 tils share of mauzas Jiapur police station Khetlal Nowapara police station Mahadebpur Atgaon and others police station Dupchanchia Atahar and others police station Shibganj Auliganj police station Adamdighi 1 anna 19 gandas 3 karas 1 kranti 3 tils share of mauza Birkedar police station Kahaloo All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale				
					Total	1,966 4 6		625 2 7
27	Taraf Bisha pargana Shelbarsha	577 9 2	The whole estate will be sold		Syed Altaf Ali Choudhury and others		203 7 3	
43 Separate Account No 1	Taraf Khadas pargana Shelbarsha	2,484 1 8	No	1 anna 10 gandas share of mauzas Chak Bihar police station Bogra Agra Panthar Khadas police station Bogra Kanchan police station Taras district Rajshahi All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Makhan Lall Dutta	232 14 2		82 6 1
43 Separate Account No 2	Ditto	2,484 1 8	No	1 anna 10 gandas share of mauzas as in Separate Account No 1 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Purnendu Narayan Munshi and others	232 14 2		82 6 1
43 Separate Account No 3	Ditto	2,484 1 8	No	1 anna 10 gandas share of mauzas as in Separate Account No 1 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Makhan Lall Dutta	232 14 2		82 6 1
43 Separate Account No 4	Ditto	2,484 1 8	No	1 anna 10 gandas share of mauzas as in Separate Account No 1 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Ditto	232 14 1		82 6 1
43 Separate Account No 5	Ditto	2,484 1 8	No	4 annas share of mauzas as in Separate Account No 1 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Sudhir Prosanna Banerjee	621 0 5		219 14 3
43 Separate Account No 6	Ditto	2,484 1 8	No	6 annas share of mauzas as in Separate Account No 1 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Manindra Nath Choudhury	931 8 8		330 0 7
					Total	2,484 1 8		879 7 2
72 Separate Account No 5	Dihi Jangirabad pargana Protapbazu	5,020 11 0	No	3 gandas 3 karas 1 kranti 13 tils share in mauza Malahar police station Shibganj 15 gandas 2 karas 1 kranti 2 tils share in mauza Khottapara police station Bogra 15 gandas 2 karas 19 tils share in mauza Aladipur and others police station Shibganj 3 gandas 3 karas 1 kranti 12 tils share in mauza Kichak police station Shibganj All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Jamila Khatoon Bibi and others	60 0 11		17 9 4

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
72 Separate Account No 8	Dihi Jangirabad, pargana Protapbazu	5 020 11 0	No	1 anna 1 kara 2 kranti 17 tils share in mauza Malahar and others, police station Shibganj	Syed Altaf Ali Choudhury	218 1 4		46 2 1
				1 anna 7 gandas 1 kara 1 kranti 6 tils share of mauza Jangirabad and others police station Shibganj Mahicharan and others, police-station Sarıakandi Asekpur and others police station Bogra Gossaibari police station Sherpur				
				1 anna 1 kara 2 krantis 17 tils share in mauza Kichak police station Shibganj				
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale				
72 Separate Account No 9	Ditto	5 020 11 0	No	7 gandas 2 karas 1 kranti 17 tils share of mauzas Khottapara police station Bogra Aladipur and others police station Shibganj	Jamila Khatoon Bibi and others	27 10 11		8 1 9
				1 ganda 3 karas 1 kranti 10 tils share of mauzas Kichak police station Shibganj Malahar and others police station Shibganj				
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale				
72 Separate Account No 18	Ditto	5 020 11 0	No	2 annas 8 gandas 1 kara 2 krantis 10 tils share of mauzas Mahisha than and others police station Bogra Maminkhada police station Gabtali	Nasiruddin Choudhury	187 4 10		65 0 0
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale				
72 Separate Account No 20	Ditto	5 020 11 0	No	2 annas 8 gandas 1 kara 2 krantis 10 tils share of mauzas Mahisha than and others police station Bogra Maminkhada police station Gabtali	Abdul Baek Choudhury	187 4 10		65 0 0
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale				
					Total	680 6 10		181 13 2
90 Separate Account No 1	Dihi Srikunda, pargana Mehamansahi	5,777 5 7	No	2 gandas 1 kara share of mauzas Bandighi police station Bogra Panisara and others police station Sherpur Chaksingra and others police station Singra	Pran Kishor Tarafdar and others	101 9 1		29 0 4
				1 anna 2 gandas 2 karas share of mauzas Baral Charavengri police station Taras Ballabhenkur and others police station Royganj Beorapara police station Sherpur				
				1 ganda 1 kranti 10 tils share of mauza Halbaha police station Singra				
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale				
90 Separate Account No 3	Ditto	5,777 5 7	No	2 gandas 1 kara share of mauza Bandighi police station Bogra, Panisara and others, police station Sherpur Chaksingra and others, police station Singra	Debendra Kishore Tarafdar and others	101 9 1		29 0 4

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar Jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
				1 anna 2 gandas 2 karas share of mauza Baraicharabhengri, police-station Taras, Pallabhekur and others, police-station Royganj, district Pabna, Beorapara and others, police-station Sherpur. 1 ganda 1 kranti 10 tils share of mauza Halhalia, police-station Singra. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale.				
90 Separate Account No 14.	Dihi Srikunda, pargana Mehamansahi.	5,777 5 7	No	3 gandas 2 karas share of mauzas Bandighi, police-station Bogra, Panisara and others, police-station Sherpur, Chaksingra and others, police-station Singra. 10 gandas 2 karas share of mauza Kalsimati, police-station Bogra. 1 anna 15 gandas share of mauzas Baraicharabhengri, police-station Taras, Ballabhenkur and others, police-station Royganj, Beorapara and others, police-station Sherpur. 1 ganda 3 karas share of mauza Halhalia, police-station Singra. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale.	Upendra Chandra Choudhury.	180 8 11	..	51 3 0
90 Separate Account No. 18.	Ditto ..	5,777 5 7	No	5 gandas share of mauzas Bandighi, police-station Bogra, Panisara and others, police-station Sherpur, Chaksingra and others, police-station Singra. 2 gandas 2 karas share of mauza Kalsimati, police-station Bogra. 2 gandas 2 karas share of mauza Halhalia, police-station Singra. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale.	Upendra Chandra Choudhury and others.	45 2 0	..	7 11 5
90 Separate Account No 22.	Ditto ..	5,777 5 7	No	2 anna share of mauzas Bandighi, police-station Bogra, Panisara and others, police-station Sherpur, Chaksingra and others, police-station Singra. 1 anna share of mauza Kalsimati, police-station Bogra. 1 anna share of mauza Halhalia, police-station Singra. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale.	Labanya Lata Debi and others.	361 1 4	..	103 2 10
90 Separate Account No 25.	Ditto ..	5,777 5 7	No	2 annas share of mauzas Bandighi, police-station Bogra, Panisara and others, police-station Sherpur, Chaksingra and others, police-station Singra. 1 anna share of mauza Kalsimati, police-station Bogra. 1 anna share of mauza Halhalia, police-station Singra. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale.	Mohini Kanta Choudhury and others.	361 1 5	..	103 5 9

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
90 Separate Account No 26	Dihi Srikunda, pargana Mehamansahi	[illegible]777 [illegible] 7	No	11 gandas 1 kara 1 kranti share of mauzas Bandighi police station Bogra Panisara and others, police station Sherpur Chaksingra police station Singra 5 gandas 2 karas 2 krantis share of mauza Kalsimati, police station Bogra [illegible] gandas 2 karas 2 krantis share of mauza Halhalia police station Singra All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Sarada Sundari Debya and others	102 12 8		20 6 8
90 Separate Account No 27	Ditto	[illegible]777 [illegible] 7	No	7 gandas 2 krantis share of mauzas Bandighi police station Bogra Panisara and others police station Sherpur, Chaksingra and others police station Singra 3 gandas 2 karas 1 kranti share of mauza Kalsimati police station Bogra 3 gandas 2 karas 1 kranti share of mauza Halhalia police station Singra All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Promatha Kanta Choudhury and others	64 7 8		17 12 0
90 Separate Account No 30	Ditto	[illegible]	No	[illegible] gandas 2 krantis share of mauza Bandighi police station Bogra Panisara and others police station Sherpur Chaksingra and others, police station Singra 3 gandas 2 karas 1 kranti share of mauza Kalsimati police station Bogra, Halhalia police station Singra All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Malatimal Debi	64 [illegible] 10		17 11 6
					Total	1,391 10 0		391 5 10
91 Residuary	Dihi Ulipur pargana Mehamansahi	4,38[illegible] [illegible] 0	No	1 anna [illegible] gandas share of mauzas Aman and others police station Sherpur Kundais and others police station Bogra Sariabad police station Singra All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Fasiruddin Choudhury and others	2[illegible] 3 3		60 10 2
91 Separate Account No 1	Ditto	4,38[illegible] [illegible] 0	No	1 anna 2 gandas 2 karas share of mauzas Aman and others police station Sherpur Kundais and others police station Bogra Sariabad police station Singra All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Debendra Kishore Lahiri and others	[illegible] 8 9 [illegible]		[illegible] 1 [illegible]
91 Separate Account No 2	Ditto	4,38[illegible] [illegible] 0	No	1 anna 2 gandas 2 karas share of mauzas Aman and others police station Sherpur, Kundais and others police station Bogra, Sariabad police station Singra All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Pran Kishore Lahiri and others	238 9 [illegible]		61 1[illegible] 7
91 Separate Account No 3.	Ditto	4,38[illegible] [illegible] 0	No	13 gandas 1 kara 1 kranti share of mauzas Aman and others police-station Sherpur, Kundais and others, police station Bogra Sariabad, police station Singra All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Mahendra Narayan Majumdar	141 6 1		36 12 3

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar Jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold the sadar Jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
91 Separate Account No 4	Dihi Ulipur pargana Mehamansahi	1 385 5 0	No	1 anna 6 gandas 2 karas 2 krantis share of mauzas Aman and others, police-station Sherpur, Kundas and others police station Bogra, Sarlabad police station Singra All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Rajendra Lall Mazumdar	282 12 3		74 8 8
91 Separate Account No 5	Ditto	1 385 5 0	No	1 anna share in all the mauzas as in the residuary account of the estate All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Shyama Kishore Munshi and others	212 3 6		55 2 6
91 Separate Account No 6	Ditto	1 385 5 0	No	13 gandas 1 kara 1 kranti share of mauzas as in the residuary account All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Mahendra Narayan Mazumdar	141 6 1		30 12 4
91 Separate Account No 7	Ditto	1 385 5 0	No	2 annas share of mauzas named in the residuary account All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Radhika Mohan Munshi and others	424 7 0		110 6 3
91 Separate Account No 8	Ditto	1 385 5 0	No	1 anna 15 gandas share of all the mauzas as in residuary account All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Upendra Chandra Choudhury and others	371 1 11		96 8 3
91 Separate Account No 9	Ditto	1 385 5 0	No	1 anna 6 gandas 2 karas 2 krantis share of mauzas as in residuary account All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Kaligopal Mazumdar and others	282 12 2		74 8 8
91 Separate Account No 12	Ditto	1 385 5 0	No	17 gandas 2 karas share of mauzas Sreerampur and others police station Sherpur All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Upendra Chandra Choudhury	54 4 0		14 0 3
91 Separate Account No 15	Ditto	1 385 5 0	No	1 anna 15 gandas share of mauzas Sreerampur and others police station Sherpur All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Sris Chandra Sanyal	108 7 0		28 2 7
					Total	2 760 4 4		[illegible]18 7 1
97 Residuary	Dihi Syadpur pargana Mehamansahi	5 327 6 2 Police 53 5 4	No	16 annas share of mauzas Samur and others police station Sherpur, Baldipara and others police station Taras, Marua and others police station Singra, Khari and others police station Royganj All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Kumud Nath Choudhury	5 304 8 8 Police 51 1 0		1 488 11 0 Police- 16 15 11
103	Dihi Damdighi pargana Mehamansahi	512 11 7 Police 5 5 4	Whole estate will be sold		Atul Chandra Neogi and others		145 1 2 Police 4 4 4	
124 Residuary	Dihi Gilakuri pargana Khatta	2 010 1 9	No	1 anna 13 gandas 3 karas share of mauza Sujaldighi police station Adamdighi 12 annas 15 gandas share of mauzas Bara Akhira and others police station Adamdighi, Asunja and others police station Dupchanchia, Khattashapur and others police station Naogaon (Rajshahi) 12 annas 5 gandas share of mauza Rai Kali and others police station Adamdighi, Belhatta and others, police-station Dupchanchia All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Syed Altaf Ali Choudhury and others	1 453 6 0		405 7 7

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
124 Separate Account No 1	Dihi Gilakuri pargana Mohamanshi	2 010 1 0	No	3 annas 15 gandas share of mauzas Sujaldighi police station Adamdighi Bara Akhira and others police station Adamdighi Asunja and others police station Dupchanchia Khattashapur and others police station Naogaon Raikali and others police station Adamdighi Belbatta and others police station Dupchanchia. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Syed Altaf Ali Choudhury	471 8 [illegible]		139 2 4
					Total	1 924 11 9		544 9 11
169 Residuary	Kusumsho and others pargana Khetlal	2 246 12 4	No	1 anna 10 gandas share of mauzas Punat and others police station Khetlal. 7 annas 5 gandas share of mauza Shalapara police station Khetlal. 6 annas 17 gandas 2 karas share of mauzas Nashirpur and others police station Khetlal. 1 anna 3 gandas 1 kara 1 kranti share of mauzas Bira police station Khetlal Dadra Jantigram police station Joypurhat Gopalpur and others police station Ghoraghat. 5 gandas of mauzas Akdala and others police station Khetlal. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Sajetunnessa Bibi and other	128 2 1		6 9 7
169 Separate Account No 2	Ditto	2 246 12 4	No	15 gandas share of mauzas Punat and others police station Khetlal. 1 anna 2 gandas 2 karas share of mauzas Nashirpur and others police station Khetlal. 1 anna share of mauzas Bira police station Khetlal Dadra Jantigram police station Joypurhat Gopalpur and others police station Ghoraghat. 15 ganda share of mauzas Ekdala and others police station Khetlal. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Manirajuma Khandker and others	72 10 0		19 10 11
69 Separate Account No. 8	Ditto	2,246 12 4	No	7 annas 15 gandas share of mauza Kadoa police station Joypurhat. 4 annas share of mauzas Bira police station Khetlal Dadra Jantigram police station Joypurhat Gopalpur police station Ghoraghat. 5 annas 15 gandas share of mauzas Ekdala and others police station Khetlal. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Santosh Kumar Bandopadhyaya	628 9 0		170 6 11
					Total	829 5 1		196 11 5
175 Separate Account No 1	Kharija Pakuria, pargana Apoil	5 756 3 0	No	8 annas share of mauzas Manik and others police station Panchbibi Banikusali police station Joypurhat Telabadal and others police station Khetlal. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Surabala Choudhurani	2 879 1 0		835 8 0

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4		6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
176 Separate Account No 1	Mauza Baonpur pargana Apoll	1,615 1 5	No	8 annas share of mauzas Agra and others police station Panchbibi, Penchulia and others police station Joypurhat All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Surabala Choudhurani	807 10 2		145 15 10
187 Residuary	Koshba Uchal pargana Khangoir	1,018 1 0	No	9 annas 14 gandas 3 karas 2 krantis 5 tils share of mauzas Ramchandrapur and others police station Panchbibi All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Provash Chandra Basak and others	614 6 0		98 5 1
187 Separate Account No 1	Ditto	1,018 1 0	No	4 annas share of all the mauzas in the residuary account All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Ditto	252 13 10		60 11 11
					Total	8[illegible] 3 10		159 1 3
189	Mauza Hudda Parulia pargana Apoll	3,176 3 0	The whole estate will be sold		Kumud Behari Roy and others		891 1 2	
192 Residuary	Chanduta pargana Doyanagar	1,373 11 8	No	[illegible] annas share of mauzas Jaral and others police station Bogra Uttar Debkhanda and others police station Kahaloo All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Janaki Nath Mazumdar	343 6 11		40 11 10
192 Separate Account No 1	Ditto	1,373 11 8	No	[illegible] annas share of mauzas as in residuary account All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Bhabani Sankar Saha and others	515 2 5		38 3 3
192 Separate Account No 2	Ditto	1,373 11 8	No	[illegible] annas share of mauzas as in residuary account All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Atul Krishna Baral	715 – 4		61 [illegible] 0
					Total	1,573 11 8		140 1 1
195 Residuary	K P Talukjoy pargana Talukjoy	1,984 6 11	No	2 annas 3 gandas 2 karas 7 tils share of mauzas Pandal and others, police station Panchbibi Ghasuria and others police station Joypurhat All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Hemanta Kumar Sarkar and others	289 0 11		40 5 6
195 Separate Account No 13	Ditto	1,984 6 11	No	2 annas 12 gandas 2 krantis 5 tils share of all mauzas as in residuary account All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Shyamapada Mukhopadhaya and others	321 12 8		47 6 2
					Total	610 13 [illegible]		87 11 8
209 Residuary	Dihi Magura pargana Shibpur	4,566 14 0	No	1 anna 15 gandas 2 karas 13 tils share of mauzas Kundadesma and others, police station Bogra Abilamba and others, police station Kahaloo All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Jogendra Nath Maitra and others	507 6 11		106 9 11
209 Separate Account No 2	Ditto	4,566 14 0	No	5 annas 6 gandas 2 karas 2 krantis share of mauzas as in the residuary account of the estate All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Upendra Chandra Choudhury	1,522 4 10		106 10 3
209 Separate Account No 4	Ditto	4,566 14 0	No	5 annas 6 gandas 2 karas 2 krantis share of mauzas as in residuary account All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale	Digindra Nath Sarkar and others	1,522 4 0		103 13 0
					Total .	3,552 0 6		317 1 2

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
684 Residuary	Shekta and others, pargana Khangoir	648 11 10	No	11 annas 10 gandas share of mauzas Chak Samsher and others, police station Panchbibi	Baram Uddin Choudhury	466 9 5		66 2 0
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale				
684 Separate Account No 1	Ditto	648 11 10	No	2 annas 10 gandas share of mauzas as in residuary account of the estate	Baram Uddin Choudhury and others	101 0 1		10 10 5
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale				
684 Separate Account No 4	Ditto	648 11 10	No	2 annas share of mauzas as in residuary account of the estate	Baram Uddin Choudhury	81 2 4		11 14 0
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale				
					Total	648 11 10		88 10 5
686	Dhupsara and others pargana Apoil	4,300 4 0	The whole estate will be sold		Barada Sundari Dasi and others		116 1 0	
692 Residuary	Krishnapur and others pargana Bhandhara	1,254 6 9	No	5 annas 14 gandas 2 karas 1 kranti 5 tils share of mauza Dibakarpur and others, police station Panchbibi Kuktara Kismat and others police station Nawabganj	Bireswar Chattopadhaya Lender Common Manager	419 4 0		60 8 0
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale				
692 Separate Account No 1	Ditto	1,254 6 9	No	1 anna 12 gandas 2 karas share of mauzas as in the residuary account	Ditto	12[illegible] [illegible] 6		18 8 0
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale				
692 Separate Account No 2	Ditto	1,254 6 9	No	4 annas 18 gandas share of mauzas as in the residuary account	Ditto	381 2 8		[illegible]6 8 4
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale				
692 Separate Account No 4	Ditto	1,254 6 9	No	16 gandas 1 kranti 15 tils share of mauzas as in residuary account	Ditto	[illegible] 1 [illegible]		9 0 0
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale				
692 Separate Account No 5	Ditto	1,254 6 9	No	16 gandas 1 kranti 15 tils share of mauzas as in the residuary account	Ditto	[illegible] 4 [illegible]		9 0 0
				All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale				
					Total	1,05[illegible] 6 8		159 8 10
718	Mauza Deogaon, pargana Apoil	676 9 3	The whole estate will be sold		Subasini Debi		81 0 0	
777	Kalimoni, pargana Protapbaru	807 4 6 Police 61 1 0	Ditto		Debendra Kishore Tarafdar and others		230 12 2 Police 11 4 2	
911	Provash Chandra Basak and others, pargana Barbakpur	502 15 0	Ditto		Provash Chandra Basak and others		140 7 9	

[ILLEGIBLE], *for* Collector.

Bogra, the 9th December 1933.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Dinajpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 8th January 1934, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1	Mahal Mangalpur, pargana Santosh.	6,735 11 9	Yes .	....	Maharaja Jagadish Nath Roy.	.	1,025 15 0	..
3	Mahal Singarigaon, pargana Bihinagar.	7,119 12 0	Yes ..	....	Ditto ..	..	1,030 1 4	..
6	Mahal Bijora, pargana Bijanagar.	85,024 9 0	Yes ..	....	Ditto ..	..	9,708 4 11	..
7	Mahal Chandipur, pargana Kardaha.	13,376 0 5	Yes ..	....	Ditto ..	..	2,031 0 0	..
52	Mahal Durgapur, pargana Kardaha	6,472 5 7	No ..	2 a. 13 g 1 c. 1 kt separate account No. 1.	Girindra Chandra Banerjee and others.	1,078 11 7	.	165 0 0
				2 a. 13 g. 1 c. 1 kt. separate account No. 2.	Kalikadas Banerjee	1,078 11 7	.	165 0 0
				2 a. 13 g. 1 c. 1 kt separate account No. 3.	Manish Chandra Banerjee and another.	1,078 11 7	.	165 0 0
				2 a 13 g. 1 c. 1 kt. separate account No. 4.	Girindra Chandra Banerjee and another.	1,078 11 7	..	164 0 0
				2 a. 13 g 1 c. 1 kt. separate account No. 5.	Indumati Debi and others	1,078 11 7	.	164 0 0
				13 a 6 g 2 c. 2 kt. share. All other shares, 2 a 13 g. 1 c 1 kt, will be excluded from sale		5,393 0 11		823 0 0
75	Mahal Raseya, pargana Salbari	8,150 10 0	Yes		Jogendra Mohan Das and others, Trustees of the Dakshineswar Debattar Estate	.	1,172 5 6	.
76	Mahal Sankarpur, pargana Santosh.	10,324 14 0	No .	8 annas residuary share. All other shares (8 annas) will be excluded from sale.	Maharaj Bahadur Sing Dugar, Trustee	20,162 7 1	..	2,843 0 0
78	Mahal and pargana Tajpur	21,023 6 3	No .	4 annas residuary share. All other shares (12 annas) will be excluded from sale.	Maharaja Jagadish Nath Roy, sebait of Iswar Kalia Kanta Jeu.	5,255 13 7	.	772 12 0
79	Mahal Parbatipur, pargana Nurpur.	5,268 12 0	Yes .	...	Maharaja Jagadish Nath Roy.	..	747 0 0	..
81	Mahal Saheshpur, pargana Salbari.	6,427 10 8	Yes .	....	Maharaj Kumar Jagadish Nath Roy.	..	933 0 0	..
160	Mahal achhatta, pargana Bajitpur	7,155 8 0	No	2 a. 13 g. 1 c. 1 kt. separate account No 1	Umesh Chandra Khasnavis.	1,102 9 4	..	174 6 0
				2 a 13 g. 1 c. 1 kt. separate account No. 2.	Gopendra Narayan Roy.	1,102 9 4	..	174 8 0
				5 a. 6 g. 2 c. 2 kt. separate account No. 3.	Surendra Narain Chaudhury.	2,385 2 8	..	349 0 0
				1 a. 6 g. 2 c. 2 kt. separate account No. 6	Saker Mahammad Sarker and others.	596 4 8	..	87 5 0
				12 annas .. All other shares, 4 as. will be excluded from sale.		5,366 10 0	..	785 4 0

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs A. P.	Rs A. P.
210	Mahal Karnai, pargana Bhuihara.	6,465 11 7	Yes ..	....	Maharaja Jagadish Nath Roy.	..	1,331 0 0	
211	Mahal Sambhugaon, pargana Panjra.	6,835 7 9	Yes ..	...	Ditto ..	..	1,088 0 0	..
227	Mahal Jotebani, pargana Sultanpur.	7,180 11 4	Shares mentioned in column 5 will be put to sale together.	8 annas residuary share	Chandra Nath Chatterjee.	3,594 13 8	.	526 0 0
				8 annas (separate account No. 1).	Surendra Nath Chatterjee	3,594 13 8		525 0 0
				16 annas ..		7,189 11 4	..	1,051 0 0
281	Mahal Hajipur, pargana Salbari.	6,247 5 6	Yes ..	....	Sarat Kumari Dasi.	.	906 2 9	..
293	Mahal Shibpur, pargana Debikote.	5,477 9 1	Yes		Kedar Nath Nandy Chaudhury, common manager for Jiban Krishna Nandi Chaudhury and others.		610 0 0	..
422	Mahal Chhatiangar, pargana Panjra	5,331 7 5	Yes .		Maharaja Jagadish Nath Roy		851 13 10	.
457	Mahal Salash, pargana Kardaha.	6,078 10 11	No .	13 a 5 g 1 kg 14½ til residuary share. All other shares (2 a 14 g 3 c 2 kg 5½ til) will be excluded from sale	Parmatha Nath Saha Chaudhury and others.	5,035 13 7		208 8 0
402	Mahal Safanagar, pargana Kardaha.	7,037 8 6	Yes	.	Syed Badruddi and others	.	1,116 0 0	..
463	Mahal Amrah, pargana Gilahabari.	5,016 2 5	Yes .	.	Braja Bhusan Roy Chaudhury and others.	.	732 15 8	..

This notice is issued in respect of instalments of revenue due on or before the 31st Bhadra, 1340 B.S., of which the latest date of payment was 5th October 1933.

Dinajpur, the 5th December 1933.

B. K. ADHIKARI, *for* Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Dinajpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 8th January 1934, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
267	Mahal and pargana Bahamankunda	17,018 4 0	Shares mentioned in column 5 will be put to sale together.	4 a 2 g. 2 c residuary share	Kalikinkar Nag and others	4,387 8 4		502 0 10 (b)
				1 a 4 g. 2 kt, Separate account No 1	Mohammad Hossain Talukdar, Motwalli.	1,285 5 8	..	63 3 8 (a) 165 0 0 (b)
				13g 1 c. 1 kt, Separate account No 2	Basanta Kumar Thakur	709 1 6	..	90 5 8 (b)
				10 as, Separate account No. 3	Maharaj Kumar Gopal Lal Roy	10,636 6 6	..	122 5 4 (a) 1,363 3 5 (b)
				16 annas share.		17 018 4 0	..	2 306 2 11
456	Mahal Ganga Prasad, pargana Sashir.	5,931 15 7	Yes ..	.	Nripendra Chandra Chaudhury and another	.	502 2 9(a) 866 0 0(b) 1,368 2 9	

This notice is issued in respect of instalments of revenue due on or before the (a) 31st Jaistha, 1340 B.S. and (b) 31st Bhadra, 1340 B.S., of which the latest dates of payment were on 28th June 1933 and 5th October 1933, respectively.

Dinajpur, the 5th December 1933.

B. K. ADHIKARI, *for* Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Dinajpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 8th January 1934, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
2	Mahal Kashba-Sujanagar, pargana Sujanagar.	1,515 6 0	Yes ..	....	Maharaj Kumar Jagadish Nath Roy.	..	858 15 0	..
4	Mahal Gopalpara, pargana Mahinagar.	2,389 8 0	Yes .	....	Maharaja Jagadish Nath Rai.	..	348 15 1	..
5	Mahal and pargana Karaibari.	1,677 12 8	Yes ..	....	Ditto ..	.	127 15 1	..
8	Mahal Mallikpur, pargana Nurpur.	2,179 3 9	Yes ..	....	Ditto ..	..	301 14 5	..
9	Mahal Khikinda, pargana Ghoraghat	1,318 8 10	Yes ..	...	Maharaj Kumar Jagadish Nath Roy.	..	131 12 10	..
10	Mahal Shilaibari, pargana Santosh.	876 9 7	Yes .	..	Maharaja Jagadish Nath Roy.	..	81 15 1	..
32	Mahal Joypur, pargana Deora	1,475 0 11	No .	12 annas residuary share.	Priya Nath Maitra ..	1,100 11 5	.	162 12 0
				2 annas separate account No. 2.	Nrisingha Prosad Gossain.	184 7 3	..	27 2 0
				14 annas .. All other shares, 2 annas will be excluded from sale	....	1,201 2 8	..	189 14 0
38	Mahal Benodpur, pargana Pustali.	3,763 12 2	Yes .	...	Maharaja Jagadish Nath Roy.	..	810 0 0	..
39	Mahal Sisha, pargana Pustali.	3,706 11 8	Yes ..	....	Maharaj Kumar Jagadish Nath Roy.	..	810 0 0	..
47	Mahal Loka, pargana Khalsi.	4,406 3 0	No ..	1 a. 8 g. 1 c. 2 kt. 1 dt residuary share.	Raj Kumari Tripureswari.	391 10 4	..	44 11 0
				1 a. 8 g. 1 c 2 kt. 1 dt separate account No 4.	Shibani Debi, guardian for minors Karuna Kanta Roy and another.	391 10 7	.	45 1 0
				1 a 9 g 2 c 1 kt 1 dt. 2 job separate account No. 12.	Indu Mati Debi and others.	407 15 8	..	47 0 0
				1 a 9 g 2 c 1 kt. 1 dt 2 job separate account No. 13.	Bhabatosh Banerjee and another.	407 15 8	..	46 0 0
				5 a. 16 g. 1 kt 2 dt. 1 job. All other shares, 10 a. 3 g. 3 c 1 kt, 2 job, will be excluded from the sale.	.	1,599 4 3	..	183 9 9
49	Mahal Saidpur, pargana Gilahabari	2,176 10 1	Yes ..	...	Bibi Isaman Nesa Choudhurani.	..	316 0 0	..
50	Mahal Kamarpara, pargana Sarhatta.	2,147 11 8	No .	1 a. 15 g. 2 c. 2 dt. residuary share.	Hari Mohan Bhattacharjee and others.	238 9 2	..	35 4 4
				1 a. 15 g. 2 c. 2 dt. separate account No. 2.	Shibani Debi, guardian for minor sons Karuna Kanta Rai and another.	238 11 0	...	35 7 0
				2 a. 1 g. 1 c. 2 kt. 2 dt. 1 job separate account No. 4.	Kalika Das Banarji	278 6 7	..	41 0 0
				2 a 1 g. 1 c. 2 kt. 2 dt 1 job separate account No. 5.	Girindra Chandra Banerjee and others.	278 6 6	..	40 15 11
				2 a 1 g. 1 c. 2 kt. 2 dt. 1 job separate account No. 6.	Manish Chandra Banerjee and another.	278 6 7	..	41 0 0
				2 a. 1 g. 1 c. 2 kt. 2 dt. 1 job separate account No. 7.	Indumati Debi and others.	278 6 7	..	41 0 0
				2 a. 1 g. 1 c. 2 kt. 2 dt. 1 job separate account No. 8.	Bhabatosh Banerjee and another.	278 6 6	..	42 2 4
				13 a. 18 g. 2 c. 2 job All other shares, 2 a. 1 g. 1 c. 2 kt. 2 dt. 1 job, will be excluded from sale.	....	1,869 4 11	..	276 13 7

Taozi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such shares	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs a p				Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p
51	Mahal Bishnupur, pargana Gilahabari	2,159 7 9	No	2 a 13 g 1 c 1 kt separate account No 4	Indumati Debi and others	359 14 7		52 0 0
				2 a 13 g 1 c 1 kt separate account No 5	Bhabatosh Banerjee and another	359 14 7		53 8 0
				5 a 6 g 2 c 2 kt All other shares, 10 a 13 g 1 c 1 kt, will be excluded from sale		719 13 2		105 8 0
57	Mahal Bhernea pargana Dehatta	6,249 0 5	No	2 a 13 g 1 c 1 kt separate account No 1 All other shares 13 a 6 g 2 c 2 kt will be excluded from sale	Maharaja Jagadish Nath Roy	1,011 8 1		153 0 0
59	Mahal Uriapara pargana Rajnagar	4,025 4 11	Yes		Niyamatulla Chaudhuri Matwalli		662 0 0	
60	Mahal Hekendari pargana Sashtir	7,543 1 4	No	8 annas residuary share All other shares 8 annas, will be excluded from sale	Maharaj Bahadur Singh	3,771 8 8		400 0 0
80	Mahal Chakbajit pargana Nurpur	4,208 1 9	Yes		Maharaj Kumar Jagadish Nath Roy		576 0 0	
82	Mahal Madhupur pargana Mohoso	1,131 9 9	Yes		Janaki Nath Majumdar and others		16 15 10	
84	Mahal Sujalpur pargana Nurpur	4,120 0 5	Yes		Maharaj Kumar Jagadish Nath Rai		584 5 9	
96	Mahal Gobindapur pargana Santosh	3,698 10 8	Shares mentioned in column 5 will be put up to sale together	8 annas residuary share	Khatema Soijuddin Chaudhury, Matwalli proprietor	1,849 5 4		280 0 0
				8 annas separate account No 1	Muhammad Esartulla Chaudhury guardian of minor Matwalli proprietor Sadekuddin Ahmed Chaudhury	1,849 5 4		260 0 0
				16 annas		3,698 10 8		540 0 0
120	Mahal Kochua pargana Batasan	778 1 4	Yes		Mohanta Srimat Banwari Mukunda Das Nandi Dalal shebait of Keshori Banwari Deb Thakur		120 0 0	
121	Mahal Raghabendrapur, pargana Sarhatta	2,537 8 8	Yes		Maharaj Bahadur Singh		[illegible] 0 0	
127	Mahal Pukhari pargana Gilahabari	1,630 12 8	Yes		Sailendra Nath Rai and others		81 0 0	
133	Mahal Palashi pargana Gilahabari	1,696 12 7	No	8 anna residuary share	Mukunda Chandra Datta Chaudhury and others	848 6 3		82 0 0
				2 annas separate account No 2	Munshi Amir Hossain Talukder and other	212 1 7		21 0 0
				10 annas All other shares 6 as will be excluded from sale		1,060 7 10		103 0 0
136	Mahal Charkai pargana Sarhatta	1,702 0 10	Yes		Maharaj Bahadur Singh		171 0 0	
137	Mahal Bahala pargana Bijanagar	1,832 0 0	No	2 a 13 g 1 c 1 kt separate account No 1	Kalika Debi Banerji	805 [illegible]		117 0 0
				2 a 13 g 1 c 1 kt separate account No 2	Girindra Chandra Banerjee and others	805 [illegible] 6		117 0 0
				2 a 13 g 1 c 1 kt separate account No 3	Radesh Chandra Banerjee and another	805 5 6		117 0 0
				2 a 13 g 1 c 1 kt separate account No 4	Girindra Chandra Banerjee and another	805 4 7		117 0 0
				2 a 13 g 1 c 1 kt separate account No 5	Indumati Debi and others	805 11 6		117 0 0
				11 a 0 g 2 c 2 kt All other shares, 2 a 13 g 1 c 1 kt, will be excluded from sale		4,027 0 7		585 0 0

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such shares.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs a. p.				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
143	Mahal Panchanan, pargana Debikote.	1,947 10 0	Yes ..	....	Panchanan Nandi Chaudhury.	..	279 0 0	..
145	Mahal Binnakuri, pargana Deora.	4,761 0 10	Shares mentioned in column 5 will be put up to sale together.	12 annas residuary share	Kumar Krishna Nand' Chaudhury and others.	3,570 12 8	.	526 8 0
				4 annas, separate account No. 1.	Panchanan Nandi Chaudhury, guardian for minors Ram Kali Nandi Chaudhury and another.	1,190 4 2	..	175 7 10
				16 annas ..	..	4,761 0 10	..	701 15 10
161	Mahal Ramdebpur, pargana Phulbari.	3,187 10 0	Yes ..	....	Narmada Charan Banerjee and others		369 15 11	..
162	Mahal Gokul, pargana Gilahabari.	2,893 2 6	No .	6 a 6 g. 2 c 2 kt residuary share.	Biman Chandra Datta Munshi and another.	1,145 3 3	..	141 0 0
				All other shares, 9 a 13 g 1 c. 1 kt, will be excluded from sale				
172	Mahal Bhandardaha, pargana Dehatta.	2,302 5 5	Yes .		Seik Tafai Ali and others, guardians for minor Maulvi Mahammad Yusuf Chaudhury.		282 15 11	
173	Mahal Mahammed Yusuf, pargana Dohatta.	902 1 0	Yes ..	.	Mahammed Eusuf Chaudhury.		92 0 0	
174	Mahal Maharaja Jagadishnath, pargana Dehatta.	1,322 9 6	Yes ..	..	Maharaja Jagadish Nath Roy.		150 0 0	.
181	Mahal Galahar, pargana Deora.	1 612 13 0	No ..	6 annas 8 pies residuary share.	Hara Chandra Das Deb Barman and others.	672 0 1		85 0 0
				5 annas 4 pies separate account No. 2.	Chandra Sekhar Das Deb Barman	537 9 8	.	67 15 10
				12 annas		1,209 9 9		152 15 10
				All other shares, 4 as., will be excluded from sale				
186	Mahal Chautaki, pargana Dehatta.	659 9 11	Yes ..	..	Sayed Ali Bak'yar and another.		61 0 0	
197	Mahal Malancha, pargana Gilahabari.	3,349 7 3	Yes		Mohini Mohon Bandopadhaya and others		377 0 0	
198	Mahal Inatpur, pargana Gilahabari	1,745 3 6	No	3 annas residuary share	Mahammed Raisuddin Chaudhury and others.	327 3 8		42 11 0
				5 a 6 g. 2 c 2 kt separate account No. 2.	Daimuddin Chaudhury and others.	581 11 10		84 0 0
				7 a. 6 g. 2 c. 2 kt. separate account No. 3.	Barada Kanta Gangopadhaya and another.	799 14 3	.	117 0 0
				15 a. 13 g 1 c 1 kt.		1,708 13 9	.	243 11 0
				All other shares, 6 g 2 c. 2 kt., will be excluded from sale.				
208	Mahal Chakdapatty, pargana Sultanpur.	3,590 3 2	Yes .	..	Maharaj Bahadur Singh.	.	525 0 0	..
200	Mahal Karai, pargana Gilahabari.	3,244 1 5	No ..	10 13 g 1 c. 1 kt, residuary share.	Mahammad Ekramuddin Chaudhury and others.	2,162 11 7	.	298 0 0
				All other shares, 5 a. 6 g 2 c. 2 kt, will be excluded from sale.				
237	Mahal Daulatpur, pargana Rajnagar.	4,600 8 1	Yes ..	...	Niyamatulla Chaudhury, Matwalli.	..	662 0 0	..
238	Mahal and pargana Sultanpur.	1,718 4 10	No ..	14 a 19 g 3 c. 1 kt. 1½ dt. residuary share.	Sailendra Nath Rai and others.	1,610 3 10	..	106 8 0
				All other shares, 1 a. 1½ kt., will be excluded from sale.				

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such shares	If the whole estate is to be sold the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs a p.				Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p
249	Mahal Haribangshapur, pargana Deora	1,615 11 5	Yes		Jadav Lal Jhan Chakravarty		2[illegible]4 15 11	
254	Mahal Shibkrishtapur, pargana Phulbari	[illegible],474 5 0	No	1 anna residuary share	Man Mohan Pal and another	217 2 [illegible]		32 0 0
				10 g separate account No 4	Ditto	108 0 1		16 0 0
				8 annas separate account No 8	Rajeswari Dasya guardian mother of minors Gokul ananda Pal and another	6[illegible]1 7 0		95 2 0
				1 a 10 g separate account No 9	Khagendra Nath alias Boidyanath Pal	3[illegible] 11 6		47 0 0
				6 annas		1 30[illegible] 13 10		190 2 0
				All other shares 10 as, will be excluded from sale				
257	Mahal Mashiuddin pargana Gilahabari	[illegible] 7 [illegible]	Yes		Mashiyuddin Chaudhury		1[illegible] 1[illegible] 3	
271	Mahal Roysali pargana Kharail	4 649 11 8	No	6 annas separate account No 1	Chandranath Chatterjee and another	1 4[illegible] 10		2[illegible]1 0 0
				2 a 10 g separate account No 3	Bibhuti Bhusan Bhattacharjee and others	[illegible] 1		10[illegible] 12 6
				8 a 10 g		2 1[illegible]0 [illegible] 9		3[illegible]0 12 6
				All other shares 7 a 10 g will be excluded from sale				
278	Mahal Debnathpur pargana Deora	3 27[illegible] 10 0	No	7 a 13 g 2 c residuary share	Prafulla Mayee Debi and others	1 [illegible]0 [illegible] 1		213 8 0
				1 a 3 g 2 kt 3 job separate account No 2	Pratap Chandra Khasnavis	[illegible] 9		32 0 0
				8 a 16 g 2 c 2 kt 1 dt All other shares 7 a 3 g 1 c 2 dt, will be excluded from sale		1 80[illegible] 13 10		24[illegible] 8 0
310	Mahal Chak Mahesh pargana Santosh	1 44[illegible] 10 2	Shares mentioned in column 5 will be put up to sale together	8 annas residuary share	Sattar Ali Chaudhury, Mutwalli	[illegible] 1		106 0 0
				8 annas separate account No 1	Mahammad Israfulla Chaudhury guardian for minor proprietor and Mutwalli Sadekuddin Ahmed Chaudhury	[illegible] 1		106 0 0
				16 annas		1 418 10 2		212 0 0
316	Mahal Rajibpur, pargana Panjra	884 11 8	Yes		Nilal[illegible] Pr[illegible] Debi and another, guardians on behalf of Amrita Gopal Sinha and another		98 0 0	
320	Mahal Mollapara, pargana Bihinagar	4 212 12 0	Yes		Shirajuddin Ahmed Chaudhury and others		1[illegible] 11 1	
326	Mahal Kayempur, pargana Panjra	925 8 9	Yes		Maharaja Jagadish Nath Roy		116 9 10	
336	Mahal Gunahi pargana Sultanpur	7,746 10 8	No	5 a 6 g 2 c 2 kt residuary share All other shares 10 a 13 g 1 c 1 kt, will be excluded from sale	Narain Kumar Chaudhury proprietor and guardian of minor Srish Kumar Chaudhury	2 [illegible]82 [illegible]		377 10 8
345	Mahal Raghabendrapur, pargana Fulbari	3,070 15 0	No	12 annas residuary share All other shares 4 as will be excluded from sale	Surendra Nath Bakshi and others	2 310 0 7		317 14 0
350	Mahal Basbhanga, pargana Salbari	1,419 1 0	Yes		Chandi Prosad Chaudhury		204 0 0	
356	Mahal Mahadebpur, pargana Bhulhara.	1,610 11 9	Yes		Joggeswar Sarker and others		250 15 9	..
372	Mahal Janakinath, pargana Nurpur.	500 2 9	Yes		Janakinath Majumdar		61 15 9	..

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such shares.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
376	Mahal Daudpur, pargana Gilahabari	658 2 1	Yes	....	Krishna Lal Ghose and another.	..	15 11 10	..
377	Mahal Punatti, pargana Nurpur.	908 15 0	Shares mentioned in column 5 will be put up to sale together.	8 annas residuary share.	Ashutosh Guha and others.	454 7 10	..	66 8 0
				8 annas separate account No. 1.	Harish Chandra Das Deb Barman, shebait of Idol Durga Thakurani and others.	454 7 11	..	66 8 0
				16 annas		908 15 9	..	133 0 0
382	Mahal Dilkarpur, pargana Gilahabari.	1,072 11 8	No	8 annas residuary share. All other shares, 8 annas will be excluded from sale.	Purnendu Kumar Banerjee and others.	536 5 10	..	78 0 0
399	Mahal Subarnakhuli, pargana Panji	2,611 6 6	No	4 annas share of Subarnakhuli group of mauza, separate account No. 1.	Chhakunoni Dasya	205 11 4	..	30 0 11
				8 annas share of the abovementioned group of mauza, separate account No. 2. ..	Haris Chandra Das Deb Barma.	411 6 10	..	60 2 0
				12 annas		617 2 2	..	90 2 11
				All other shares, 4 annas, will be excluded from sale				
404	Mahal Haragobindapur, pargana Gilahabari.	3,340 7 1	No	6 a. 10 g. 1 kt. 2½ dt. residuary share.	Nasaruddin Chaudhury and others	1,362 3 11	.	192 10 0
				1 a. 12 g. 1 c. 1½ dt. separate account No. 6.	Mashiyuddin Chaudhury.	338 13 11		49 1 1
				8 a. 2 g. 2 c. 1 dt. All other shares, 7 a. 17 g. 1 c. 2 kt. 2 dt., will be excluded from sale.	....	1,701 1 10	..	241 14 1
421	Mahal Saritabad, pargana Kardaha	966 13 5	Yes ..	. .	Janakinath Majumdar.	.	138 0 0	..
468	Mahal Chandipur, pargana Gilahabari	1,715 3 6	Yes		Druba Nath Pal and others.		251 0 0	..
469	Mahal Syampur, pargana Gilahabari	1,745 3 6	No	5 annas residuary share.	Mahammed Raisuddin Chaudhury and others.	545 6 1	..	48 0 0
				5 a. 6 g. 2 c. 2 kt. separate account No. 2	Dainuddin Chaudhury and others.	581 11 10	..	84 0 0
				5 a. 6 g. 2 c. 2 kt. separate account No. 3.	Baradakanta Gangulee and another.	581 11 10	..	85 0 0
				15 a. 13 g. 1 c. 1 kt. All other shares, 6 g. 2 c. 2 kt., will be excluded from sale.	...	1,708 13 9	..	217 0 0
471	Mahal Taherkhali, pargana Rajnagar.	729 15 4	No	12 annas residuary share. All other shares, 4 as., will be excluded from sale.	Niamatulla Chaudhury and others.	547 7 6	..	72 5 9
473	Mahal Ukhali, pargana Rajnagar.	1,031 15 7	Yes ..	..	Shashi Bhushan Panday.	..	140 0 0	..
484	Mahal Jalali, pargana Salbari	806 0 3	Shares mentioned in column 5 will be put up to sale together.	16 annas share of Boalia Arazi group of mauzas residuary share.	Brojendralal Jhan Chakraverty and others.	275 8 5	..	26 11 10
				16 annas share of Kakdubi group of mauzas, separate account No. 1.	Kissori Lal Jhan Chakraverty and others.	531 0 10	..	70 7 4
						806 9 3	..	97 3 2
491	Mahal Joypur, pargana Bhuihara.	2,770 11 3	No ..	8 a. 3 g. 3 c. 1 kt. 8 til residuary share.	Neyamatulla Chaudhury.	1,418 13 1	..	165 13 9
				4 a. 16 g. 1 kt. 12 til separate account No. 3.	Ditto ..	832 6 0	..	98 0 0
				13 annas All other shares, 3 as, will be excluded from sale.	..	2,251 3 1	..	263 13 9

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such shares	If the whole estate is to be sold the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs a p				Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p
497	Mahal Amjamkhore, pargana Dehatta	1,075 7 0	Yes		Tinakinath Majumdar		120 0 0	
501	Mahal Jote Ghaneshyampur, pargana Sarahatta	1,292 6 4	Yes		Maharaj Bahadur Singh		96 0 0	
507	Mahal Dalaikota, pargana Lalbari-Khalisa	536 3 1	Yes		Akhoy Lal Saha and others		88 0 0	
608	Mahal Chandmukh, pargana Debikote	673 0 0	Yes		Maharaja Jagadish nath Rai and other		31 0 0	
634	Mahal Shinga, pargana Salbari	1,151 10 11	Yes		Maharaja Jagadish nath Roy		400 0 0	
785	Mahal Khadimpur, pargana Mohosow	1,261 10 10	No	4 a 19 g 3 c 4/13 kt residuary share.	Abdul Haq Chaudhury and others	210 4 9		32 1 [illegible]
				2 annas separate account No 2	Jagadish Chandra Roy and others	1 7 11 4		24 0 0
				3 a 6 g 2 c 2 kt separate account No 3	Sarifuddin Hossen Chaudhury and others	26_ 13 7		30 14 8
				1 a 10 g separate account No 4	Ditto	118 4 3		18 0 0
				1 a. 10g 2 9/13 kt separate account No 5	Altaf Hossen and other	30 1 5		46 0 0
				13 a 6 g 2 c 2 kt All other shares 2 as 13 g 1 c 1 kt will be excluded from sale		1 0 1 6 4		160 0 0
809	Mahal Akhira pargana Sontosh	604 11 3	Yes		Kiran Bala Sinha and in the guardianship on behalf of Amulya, Gopal Sinha and another		70 15 10	
857	Mahal Rejwanulla, pargana Salbari	1 804 7 0	Yes		Maulvi Mohammad Rezwanulla Khan		268 0 0	
877	Mahal Gopalpara pargana Fulbari	3 184 13 0	No	6 a 6 g 2 c 2 kt residuary share. All other shares, 9 a 13 g 1 c 1 kt will be excluded from sale	Bunan Chandra Datta Munshi	1 _0 1_ 2		153 4 8
893	Mahal Hazratpur, pargana Kardaha	2 356 10 8	Shares mentioned in column 5 will be put up to sale together	8 annas residuary share	Manmatha Kumar Roy and others	1 178 5 4		171 13 4
				8 annas separate account No 1	Nagendra Nath Datta Gupta and others	1 178 5 4		173 0 0
				16 annas		2 356 10 8		344 13 4
894	Mahal Rampur pargana Kardaha	1 247 10 4	No	15 a 12 g _ kt _ dt residuary share. All other shares 7 g 3 c 1 dt will be excluded from sale	Chaudhury Muhammad Ibrahim and other	1 _1_ 5 _		167 12 0
900	Mahal Naosara, pargana Mohosow	573 8 7	Shares mentioned in column 5 will be put up to sale together	12 annas residuary share	Ramesh Chandra Dhan Chakravarty and other	4 50		47 0 0
				4 annas separate account No 1	Promila Sundari Debi and another	111 6 _		15 0 0
				16 annas		_3 8 7		62 0 0
908	Mahal Duhasuha pargana Panjra	1,439 11 10	Yes		Maharaja Jagadish Nath Roy		181 13 9	
909	Mahal Dangapara, pargana Panjra	925 8 9	Shares mentioned in column 5 will be put up to sale together	8 annas residuary share	Asiruddin Chaudhury and others	46_ 1_ 4		50 1_ 2
				8 annas separate account No 1	Maharaja Jagadish Nath Roy	462 12 _		61 0 0
				16 annas		925 8 9		111 13 2
928	Mahal Kowarpur, pargana Nurpur	1 328 11 10	No	10 a 13 g 1 c 1 kt residuary share. All other shares, 5 a 6 g 2 c 2 kt will be excluded from sale	Hemanta Bala Debi guardian of minors Kamala Charan Sen and others	882 7 11		125 0 0
962	Mahal Foke Krishnapur, pargana Kharail	593 8 5	Yes		Tinakinath Majumdar		86 0 0	
1142	Mahal Kumar Krishna, pargana Debikot	1,731 3 0	Yes		Kumar Krishna Nandy Chaudhury		253 0 0	

This notice is issued in respect of instalments of revenue due on or before the 31st Bhadra 1340 B S,, of which the latest date of payment was 5th October 1933

B K ADHIKARI, *for* Collector.

Dinajpur, the 5th December 1933.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Hooghly will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 10th January 1934, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs. A P	Rs A P.	Rs A. P.
18 Residuary	Ghorsara, pargana Pownan.	1,182 0 0		10 as. 13 g 1 c 1 kt	Dhirendra Deb Roy and others	788 6 0	..	115 3 0
26 Residuary	Malikapur, pargana Baligori	10,552 14 0	.	2 as 8 g 3 c share of mauza Harpur, 16 annas share of mauzas Balarampur, Mohanbati, Senpur, Malikapur, 8 annas share of Jotebanshi, Somserpur Parbotipur, and 7 annas share of mauzas Neyamatpur, Tullan, Pirijpur Bhoramollapur, Jote Krishna Das, Kalikapur	Samarendra Nath Sing Roy and others	4 198 8 9		682 1 0
28	Nasipur, pargana Baligori	3,492 0 3	Entire .	....	Nikunja Behari Sing Roy and others		2,59 14 11	.
33 Residuary	Bahadurpur, pargana Baligori	15,975 10 0	.	2 as 3 g 1 c 7 dt 1 kg 15 til	Chandi Prosad Sing Roy	2 173 0 1		330 14 10
37 Residuary	Hridoyrampur pargana Chowmaha	44,806 7 0	.	1 anna share of all mauzas noted below group by group except mauza Ramkrishnapur. — (1) Nachindanga, Laskhanpur, Prosadpur, Digribadey, Khagragachi, (2) Panisehala, Bhagabotipur, Madhobjote, Jojur, Kashbapara, Nandanpur, Raktapara, Ankapara, Nalti, Jinpur, Somsanda, Barasanda Samil Patahar, Hetampur, Pallagachi, Kanaipukuria, Isteva, (3) Dhanniagacha, Palkpara, Bhagirathpur, Monoharpur, Sangramchak, Amathpur Amdhara alias Ghosa, (4) Anantapur alias Chainpur, Anandapur Burija alias Paighata, Barija alias Paighata, Bonwari, Bankajalkar, Barijajangalbar, Barijabakshitolla alias Jhankra Sarsa, Barijajalkar alias Kadamtolla, Bhatpara, Bhairabpur, Chinneychak, Sowta, Chingrigoria, Changgoria, Daulatchak alias Sudamchak, Gobindapur, Gopalpur, Harinarayanpur, Hizli, Jayantipur, Jagannathpur, Jalkar alias Kharija mauza Kadamtolla, Kanaichak, Keyagoria, Keyagoriabandh, Khajemchak alias Rangametia, Khojurdanga, Murokata, Mathurapur, Mirkuli alias Bali Tontulia, Palasi, Palangapur, Palkmajittya, Protappur, Ramdeopur, Salua alias Basanbar, Suksitolla, Chainpur, Chainpur Kismat, Tentulia and Daya mauza ; (5) Raghunathpur, Radhaballavpur, Srirampur Khordh alias Satghora and Sadasivbati; (6) Ramkrishnapur; (7) Ghatra, Kankrajole, Kamdebpur,	Jotindra Nath Roy Choudhury and others	2,741 11 1	.	2,146 13 5

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A. P.
				Basubati, Narayanpur; (8) Jamalbati Samil Patahar (9) Balkantapur, Hridoyrampur, Alaipur, Palsa, Katundi and Katundi bahir, (10) Jagannathpur *alias* Kasijote Narayanpur Dulfa, Panchra, Paramanandapur, Moheshpurpoti, Gopalpur, Moheswarpur *alias* Dwarpur Bhabanipur, Bansdarun, Bangalpur Metaharchak Sagral Bangalpurpoti Ballavpur, (11) Ballaripur Jibanjote, Natuapur Baneswarpur, Ramkrishtapur, Belgachia Kastagora, Amullya Khanpur, Gangarampur, Kanaipur Kismat Chaitannabati Kismat Sangramjote, Dhantikri, Purandarpur Kismat, Chowhatta Parameswaripur, Ruprajpur, Malikundi Kadipara, Ganeshpur Chamanchak, Basudebpat, Kristapur, Malekpur, Dadhibrahmanpur and Raghunathpur				
37/3	Hridoyrampur pargana Chowmaha	44 806 7 0		12 gandas share of all mauzas except Ramkristapur mentioned above group by group against tauzi No 37	Hemendra Nath Roy Chowdhury and others	1 6[illegible] 15 7		224 14 0
40 Residuary	Beli, pargana Baligori	10,107 2 0		9 annas	Kedar Nath Mukerjee and others	5 685 1 0		257 8 1
44 Residuary	Pandra, pargana Balia	11,150 15 0		4 annas	Purna Chandra Chowdhury	2 787 4 1		159 1 10
44/2	Ditto	11 150 15 0		4 annas	Kalidas Mukerjee	2 788 2 0		283 0 0
47 Residuary	Sanchitara pargana Pandua	47,385 11 11		8 annas share of mauzas Dumurdaha and Char Madhusudanpur and 16 annas share of the mauzas noted below — Saleswarpur Haripur, Benodepur, Ikloki, Kismat Ikloki Jamin Barijhati Patul, Kharija Khanpur, Daulatpur, Ramchandrapur Chakran, Kumdhara, Mathurpur, Kirtinagore Payen Akutipota Jotekusal, Rampore, Manpara, Acharjapur Daskhinpara of Mohanad, Kagchipara Rahimpurpara, Radhakristo Neogy's Kharija Proja Salukgorey, Kantalpara, Ghosepur, Ramanathpur, Ramnathpur Sunia Duttapoti Kherajabad Duttabati, Sarkarpoti Ballabati, Baluhati hatchandni, Bhaskur, Gokulpur, Hatchandni, Krishnajote Chaitpara, Panchdewli, Depaldighi, Balaldighi, Ramkantapur Nealy, Fateypur, Kristachandrapur, Laksmikantapur, Madanpur, Panchlo Srimantapur, Reshna, Rampur *alias* Sahasrarampur, Dehati *alias* Srimukhati, Paranchapur Paikpara Lalitagori, Ramchandrapur Brindaban Chak, Chongdarbundh Naricha and Jote Kusal.	Abani Nath Mukerjee	23 761 14 7		15,764 14 7

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
54 Residuary.	Thaipara, pargana Pandua.	1,066 1 0	..	8 as. 2 c. 3 kg. 11 til 9 til kag 10 til ganda share of mauzas Srirambati, Kanur, Nakurthan Charaihati, Gossainpur *alias* Monoharpur Matukpur, Golagori, Idrakpur, Bhajanpur, Brahmapur, Issuragori, Ilampur, Purusottampur, Kabirhati, Magura, Balarampur, Nijthaipara; 7 as. 8 g. 2 c. 3 kg. 16 til share of mauzas, Panchgora Dalhat, Achgori. Sripala, Bagmaidan, Sainbona, Kalisanda.	Sourendranath Mittra and Anath Nath Roy, receivers to the estate of Sourendranath Mittra and others.	522 12 0	..	95 0 0
68	Nakabati, pargana Chowmaha.	1,041 8 6	Entire ..	....	Provash Chandra Mazumdar and others.	..	158 9 7	..
72 Residuary.	Gopalnagore, pargana Jahanabad.	2,917 11 2	..	8 as. 0 g. 2 c 2 kt. ..	Aditya Prosad Roy and others (auction purchaser Sukumar Bose).	1,519 10 5	..	1,269 10 5
72/B	Ditto ..	2,917 11 2	..	4 as. 3 g. 1 c. 1 kt. ..	Sukumar Bose	759 13 0	..	609 13 0
77/1	Bandipore, pargana Jahanabad.	14,781 4 0	..	2 as 13 g. 1 c. 1 kt. ..	Amarjit Lal Chowdhury and others.	2,463 10 4	..	373 0 0
77/3	Ditto ..	14,781 4 0	..	2 as 13 g. 1 c. 1 kt. ..	Birendra Lal Chowdhury.	2,463 10 4	..	273 13 10
77/6	Ditto ..	14,781 4 0		17 g. 3 c. 1 dt. ..	Ditto ..	821 4 0	..	150 1 0
82/1	Rampara, pargana Balia.	10,514 6 0	..	11 as 8 g 2 c. ..	Kumud Prokash Gangulee and others, executors to the estate of late Moharaja Sir Jotindra Mohan Tagore, K.C.S.I.	7,517 15 3	..	1,077 10 9
85 Residuary.	Kunjaban, pargana, Baligori	10,417 7 0	..	4 as 17 g. ..	Bhabani Prosad Dhara and others.	3,157 13 5	..	30 5 4
86	Ghanashyampur, pargana Baligori.	4,275 12 0	Entire ..	....	Nikunja Behari Sing Roy and others.	..	302 14 10	..
94 Residuary.	Ramnarayanpur, pargana Baligori.	10,258 15 0	..	5 annas	Panna Lal Paramanik and others.	3,200 5 2	..	389 7 6
119	Hatikanda, pargana Baligori.	1,270 5 2	Entire ..	...	Birendra Lal Chowdhury and others.	..	439 7 5	..
126 Residuary.	Silampur kismat, pargana Silampur.	2,107 11 0	..	1 a 15 g. 2 c. 2 dt. share of mauza Gopalpur; 11 as. share of mauza Kamalpur; 10 as. 11 g. 1 kt 7 til share of mauza Dumurdaha; 10 as. 2 g. 1 dt. 1 j. share of mauza Joypur; 6 as. 11 g. 3 c. 1 kt. 2 j. share of mauza Panchroki; 11 as. 19 g. 1 c. 1 kt. 2 j. share of mauza Saraswatipur; 12 as. 6 g. 3 c. 2 kt. share of mauza Sivarampur; 2 as. 13 g. 1 c. 1 kt. share of mauza Boga; 13 as 6 g. 2 c. 2 kt. share of mauza Dhakchara and 16 annas of mauza Satbangali.	Akhoy Kumar Seth and others.	1,304 2 10	..	219 13 11
127 Residuary.	Ditto ..	776 15 6	..	11 as. 13 g. 2 kt. 5 dt. ..	Nani Gopal Roy Banerjee and others.	512 1 3	..	52 14 3
128	Dadpur, pargana Pownan.	512 9 4	Entire ..	...	Lala Nani Gopal Babu.	..	230 6 4	..
140	Radhanagore, pargana Khosalpur.	3,101 14 0	Do. ..	....	Homendra Sing and others.	..	2 720 7 9	..
3409	Jagomohanpur in Ghaneshyampur, pargana Baligori.	3,264 13 11	Do. ..	....	Nikunja Behari Sing Roy.	..	250 0 0	..

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A. P	Rs A. P.	Rs. A. P.
3632 Residuary.	Chutipur kismat, pargana Balligori.	1,383 2 4		13 as 11 g 1 c 2 kt 14 til	Sm Charusila Debi and others	1,173 4 4		368 1 0
3807 Residuary.	Puriarpur, pargana Bhurshit	1,559 14 11	..	12 annas	Nikunja Behari Singh Roy	1,169 14 11		225 0 0
3876/1	Bakra Badarpur, pargana Paikan	5,715 11 0		8 annas	Amarendranath De and others	2,858 0 6		341 11 3
4082 Residuary.	Kalupukuria, pargana Jahanabad	13,518 0 0		2 as 13 g 1c 1 kt share of mauzas Ghesua, Basantapur; 1 a. 11 g share of mauza Joy kristapur, 15 g 3 c 2 dt share of mauza Ghosepur.	Ratan Krishna Roy and others	863 13 2	..	276 9 8
4082/B	Ditto ..	13,518 0 0		2 as 13 g. 1 c. 1 kt. share of mauzas Kalupukuria, Ghesua, Ghosepur, Debkhanda, Basantapur, Mamudpur and Kismat Joykristopur	Nakur Chandra Roy and others	2,253 2 6		1,253 15 3
4082/1	Ditto .	13,518 0 0		2 as. 13 g 1 c 1 kt. share of mauzas Kalupukuria, Debkhanda and Mamudpur	Sm Gulbala Dasi (auction purchaser Susil Kumar Hazra)	514 0 0		116 10 9
4320	Shyambazar, pargana Jahanabad	999 7 0	Entire		Kalipado Ghose and others		234 0 0	
4321	Paschimpara in Panchgachia, pargana Balligori	3,401 8 10	Do .		Purna Chandra Chatterji and others	..	525 0 0	..

All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale

The estates are being advertised for sale for instalments of revenue which were due on or before the 31st Bhadra 1340 B. S., of which the latest date of payment was 28th September 1933

Chinsura, the 14th December 1933.

[ILLEGIBLE], *for* Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Midnapore, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 10th January 1934, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue which was due on or before the 31st Bhadra, 1340 B. S and of which the latest date of payment was on the 5th October 1933, and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share —

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs a p				Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p
274	Mahal Bhitorbinod pargana Lappa Balisita	1,122 0 0	Entire		Chaudhuri Anadi Nandan Das Mahapatra and another		122 0 0	
288	Mahal Bural pargana Batitaki	1 212 0 8	Do		Jiban Krishna Ghosh		90 13 5	
389	Mahal Paschim Masuria *alias* Betal Ghatial, pargana Bhumia mutha	3 020 11 8		Residuary account— 4 as 8 g 3 c 1 kt 2 dt share in mauzas Baki bar *alias* Bibhisanpur, Kisorepur, Khatian and Masuria Purba, 5 as 6 g 2 c 2 kt share in mauza Betal Khatian, and 2 as 13 g 1 c 1 kt share in mauzas Chinadanri, Dwarikapur, Kat gechia Kotebar, Mir chak, Masuria Paschim and Simulia Madhya All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Nagendra Kumar Hajra and others	858 3 11		66 11 5
440	Mahal Beraberia pargana Chandrakona	10 9– 8 5		Separate account No 6 10 annas share in mauzas Beraberia Fulchak, Gaighata and Pirat gena and	Ramaprasad Roy and others	1,365 11 3		127 3 2
				Separate account No 10 6 as 8 g share in each of the mauzas Beudi ghata Pirijpur and Pendua will be sold jointly All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Somnath Roy and others	53 15 3		3 4 3
510	Mahal Rameswar pur pargana Chandrakona	11 594 11 8	Entire		Monohar Lal Seal		1 757 8 3	
548	Mahal Gangpur pargana Chetua	8 143 13 10	Do		Janaki Lal Khandelwala		1 241 9 0	
745	Mahal Kasba pargana Egrachore	8 –1 9 0	Do		Jhareswar Das and others		76 11 8	
818	Mahal Ghoshpur pargana Gagna pur	1 208 1 8	Do		Jibon Krishna Ghosh		95 1 8	
970	Mahal Kishore chak, pargana Kasijora	606 – 4	Do		Bhupati Charan Jana and another		47 2 4	
1007	Mahal Purba Itara pargana Kasi jora	43 130 8 8 (including police)		Residuary account— 4 annas share of the mahal will be sold All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Monohar Lal Seal	10,783 11 10 (including police)		836 10 0
1030	Mahal Uttar Ujat pur, pargana Kasijora	3 403 15 0		Separate account No 11— 16 annas share in each of the mauzas Joyram chak kismat, Krishna chak, Gogras, and 14 as 12 g 2 c share in mauza Jandra All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Menaka Sundari mother and guardian of Joyram Chabri	927 9 6		72 7 9
1162	Mahal Ontala, pargana Kedar-kundu	1,011 2 1	Entire		Sri Sri Rakhaleswar Thakur, Sri Sri Janakeswar Thakur Sri Sri Jagadhatri Mata Thakurani, Mya Debi, trustee of the sebayat Debnandan Mukhopadhyaya for the above idols.		81 0 8	

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs a p				Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p
1172	Mahal Baruna, pargana Kedarkundu	652 10 7	Entire		Sri Sri Rakhaleswar Thakur Sri Sri Janakeswar Thakur Sri Sri Jagadhatri Mata Thakurani Maya Debi trustee of the sebayat Debnandan Mukhopadhyaya for the above idols		51 1 9	
1175	Mahal Birsapur, pargana Kedarkundu	974 13 5	Do		Ditto		70 0 6	
1208	Mahal Kulgeria, pargana Kedarkundu	843 13 3	Do		Ditto		64 9 0	
1222	Mahal Pasang, pargana Kedarkundu	911 2 3	Do		Ditto		71 1 11	
1466	Mahal Barbanshi pargana Khandar	19 084 9 0		Separate account No 51 10 as 13 g 1 c 1 kt share of each of the mauzas Ballavbarh, Bagdigeria, Sona, Barbanshi Barinda banchak kist Brinda banchak, Hatpatna Kanchanpur, Mobarak chak Nibara, Nibara chak Pindorgeria Rampalchak and Luahah 7 as 11 g 2 kt share of mauza Maonchak, and 5 as 6 g 2 c 2 kt share of mauzas Bakrabad Patna Hariram Hariramchak, Hosenpur Junedchak Mamudpur Matkadpur Matkadpur kismat, Sahanewajpur Sujanagar, Soula Dakshin All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Gunendra Kumar Nag	1 452 5 7		113 4 9
1660	Mahal Panchpara pargana Khandar	4 0[illegible] 11 5		Separate account No 1—8 annas share of each of the mauzas Abdulla Arun Arunchak Binodchak Latechak, Gokulpur Jamna Kamalchak Madhusudhanchak, Monoharchak Paigokul Pithaichak Rasikchak Ranihati and Raichak	Krishna Charan Kar and others	632 5 6		4[illegible] 13 0
				Separate account No. 9 8 as 6 g 2 c 2 kt share of each of the mauzas Madhujetha Panchpara Nakpura Barageria Simlageria Kaluna Dehati Shamsundarpur, Chaksarup Narainbhumachak Birampur Trilochanpur Kanuchak Palaschak Satrangiharibar Basudebchak Panisiuha, Chakramdeb Sanmaguria Shyamchakbarh Khelna Barsankar Jatalia Chakbhawani Chak narottam Chak gouranga Totejan Bhisandipur, 4 as 15 g 1 c share of the mauzas Jaruiha Chak mahadi, 2 as 13 g 1 c 1 kt share of the mauzas Lakhya Basantapur Salambi, Gokulpur Chak binode Raichak Chakrasik, Chak madhusudhan, Chak monohar, Pithaichak Paigoul, and 2 as 1 g 3 c 2 kt share of the mauzas Arun Chakarun Kamalchak Ranihati Fatechak Abdulla Jamna (Separate account Nos 1 and 9 will be jointly sold) All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale	Rai Shital Prasad Ghosh Bahadur	98[illegible] 11 0		76 11 11
1882	Mahal Sundarpur, pargana Killa Moynachore	505 7 5	Entire		Gonga Narain Kar and others		39 5 5	

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
2177	Mahal Harnan, pargana Sabang.	837 5 4	..	Residuary account— 16 annas share of Baharkundra; 9 as. 6 g. 2 c. 2 kt. share of mauza Gajendrachak; 16 annas share of mauzas Haran, Jasarajpur, Kundara, Khelnabara, Khepal, Routarapur; and 9 as. 6 g. 2 c. 2 kt. share of mauzas Tilantapara and Tulsichak. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Srimatya Louhanmoni Dasi.	774 1 0	..	87 10 9
2181	Ditto ..	876 12 9	..	Residuary account— 12 annas share of mauzas Baharkundra, Gajendrachak, Harnan; 4 annas share of Jasarajpur; 12 annas share of mauza Kundra; 4 annas share of mauza Khelnabara; 12 annas share of mauzas Khepal, Khepalpurba; 4 annas share of mauza Routarapur; and 12 annas share of mauzas Tilantapara and Tulsichak; and	Ditto ..	518 2 0	..	40 11 0
				Separate account No. 2— 6 annas share of mauzas Jasarajpur, Khelnabara and Routarapur. (Residuary account and Separate account No. 2 will be sold jointly.) All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Panchanan Hui and others.	101 11 9	..	6 1 0
2 45	Mahal Mohar, pargana Sabang.	901 10 7	..	Residuary account— 5 as. 11 g. 3 c. 2 kt. 1 dt. share of the estate; and	Syed Basat Ali and others.	315 6 7	..	17 4 1
				Separate account No. 5— 2 as. 13 g. 1 c. 1 kt. share of the estate; and	Taijaban Bibi and another.	150 4 5	..	11 12 5
				Separate account No. 8— 1 a. 1 g. 2 dt. share of the estate. (Residuary account and Separate account Nos. 5 and 8 will be sold jointly). All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Sm. Masrafanessa Bibi, wife of Syed Momtaj Ali.	59 5 3	..	4 10 2
2259	Mahal Paschim Khirai, pargana Sabang.	2,802 4 5	..	Residuary account— 8 annas share in the following mauzas in one group: Biswambharpur, Beharichak-kismat, Daluibar, Gangadharbar, Gopaljanabar Simuliadangar; 8 annas share in the mauzas Madhabchak, Mohard in one group; 8 annas share in mauzas Kalapunja, Kalikakunda, Khirai Paschim in one group; 8 annas share in mauzas Brarmanipore, Gobardhanpur in one group; and 8 annas share in mauzas Burai and Sitalda in one group. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Narendra Nath Chattopadhya and others.	1,401 2 2	..	48 8 5
2409	Mahal Dingal, pargana Sahapur.	2,892 8 0	..	Residuary account— 8 annas share of the mahal; and	Jiban Krishna Ghosh.	1,446 3 11	..	112 5 6
				Separate account No. 1— 8 annas share of the mahal. (Residuary account and Separate account No. 1 will be sold jointly.) All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Ditto ..	1,446 4 1	..	112 5 6
2607	Mahal Sahara, pargana Shipur.	635 3 3	Entire	....	Upendra Nath Das and others.	..	33 9 6	..

Midnapore, the 14th December 1933.

A. HOSSAIN, *for* Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Rangpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 8th January 1934, at 11 a m , for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share —

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P					Rs A P	
77	Magura O Gayraha, mauzas Chakle Kazirhat Latepur	9 056 11 0	Whole		Raja Gopal Lal Ray Bahadur mortgagee Puran Chand and Jnan Chand Nahatta	Rs a p	2 201 8 7	Rs a p
82	Musapoalighat O Gayraha mauza Chakle Kazirhat	6 408 4	Do		Raja Gopal Lal Ray Bahadur		1 002 2 1	
157 Residuary	Chachia O Gayraha mauzas Chakle Latepur Kazirhat and Udasi	6 183 8	No	10 annas share of mauzas Maniram Baro Bhitmagar and Dimla groups A and C All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale	Sumeru Gir Sannyasi and others	6 190 7 1		28 6 6
185	Kunja Shakpala hissya 8 annas parganas Alihat Kunja Shakpala Bairi Ghoraghat and Pogail	181 10 2	Whole		Raja Gopal Lal Ray Bahadur		1 448 0 0	
224 Residuary	Batasan O Gayraha pargana Batasan	42 111 7 7	No	16 annas share of mauzas Mayenpur Gayraha group A 16 annas share of mauzas Masimpur Palipara Gayraha group B 8 annas share of mauza Lakshman taraf Jajna Baz group C 8 annas share of mauzas Durgamati Gayraha group D 8 annas share of mauzas Parmeswarpur Gayraha group E All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale	Srimat Banwari Mukunda Das Nani (Deb) sebait of Kishori Banwari Thakur (Bigraha) and Maharaj Bahadur Singh	30 232 0 —		5 744 8 6
248	Radhakrishnapur O Gayraha mauza pargana Andua	9 833 1	Whole		Raja Gopal Lal Ray Bahadur		2 520 0 0	

The abovementioned estates are being advertised for sale for instalments of revenue which were due on or before the 31st Bhadra, 1340 B S , of which the latest date of payment was on the 5th October 1933

Rangpur, the 14th December 1933

N. M AYYAR, Collector

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Rangpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on 8th January 1934, at 11 a m , for arrears of revenue (and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue)

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate (Rs A P)	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share (Rs A P)	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it (Rs A P)	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it (Rs A P)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1/2	Bamandanga pargana Bamandanga	3[illegible]4[illegible] 11 0	No	8 annas share of mauza Joydeb taluk group B	Bhabani Prosanna Lahiri and Krishna Prosanna Lahiri	1 573 7 8		405 2 0
2	Ramdhan O Gayra mauza pargana Latipur	4 [illegible]17 2 11	Whole		Raja Bahadur Gopal Lal Ray		1,128 9 2	
36 Resi duary	Kanialkhata O Gayraha mauza Chakle Kazirhat	2 830 14 1	No	10 as 8 p share of mauza Darwani Nagar group B 8 annas share of mauza Kanial khata Gayraha, group F	Krishna Kanta Chaudhuri Gopi Ballav Sen and others	1 301 6 2		259 12 1
36/6	Ditto	2 830 14 1	No	5 as 4 p share of mauza Darwani-nagar, group B 8 annas share of mauza Hansaraj Gayraha group K All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale	Krishna Kanta Chaudhuri	1 257 6 10		261 11 6 / 521 7 7
39 Resi duary	Shalhati O Gayraha mauza, Chakle Kazirhat	2 [illegible]2[illegible] 13 0	No	14 annas share of entire estate	Maulvi Syed Fazle Rahim and others	2 207 7 4		550 10 8
39/1	Ditto	[illegible] 522 13 0	No	2 annas share of the entire estate All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale	Kali Kinkar Nag and others	31 5 8		77 7 0 / 628 1 8
48	Jaychandi O Gayraha mauza Chakle Kazirhat	1 [illegible]41 10 5	Whole		Ramani Mohan Chaudhuri		386 [illegible] 2	
51	Suradhan O Gayraha mauza Chakle Kazirhat	[illegible] 81 [illegible] 7	Do		Raja Gopal Lal Ray Bahadur		645 [illegible] [illegible]	
59 Resi duary	Matukpur O Gayraha mauza Chakle Kazirhat	[illegible]8 11 0	No	1[illegible] annas share of mauza Charal [illegible] group A 6 as 11 g 2 c 2 dt share of mauza Matukpur group B All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale	Bidyut Lata Debi go Harendra Ch Goswami Indu Bhusan Goswami Mihir Kumar Lahiri and others Bhuzanga Bhusan Haldar and others	557 10 [illegible]		136 5 4
73/5	Haroa O Gayraha mauza hissya 7 annas Chakle Kazirhat Latifpur pargana Kundi	[illegible]3 929 13 3	No	16 annas share of mauza Hariram pur Gayraha group A All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale	Ramani Mohan Chaudhuri	2 580 3 3		644 13 6
93	Bisandal O'Gayraha mauza Chakle Kazirhat	1 442 15 10	Whole		Jatindra Mohan Ray Chaudhuri and others		60 10 0	
95	Daud mauza, Chakle Kazirhat	603 4 1	Do		Nripendra Narayan Rudra		150 6 5	
97	Charcharabari O Gayraha mauza Chakle Kazirhat	680 7 5	Do		Akshay Lal Shaha and others		171 11 9	
99	Bahalipara mauza, hissya 10 annas Kazirhat	[illegible]70 0 0	Do		Mihir Kumar Lahiri and others		142 15 0	
101	Latifpur Chapra Chakle Kazirhat	971 6 2	Do		Raja Gopal Lal Ray Bahadur		243 [illegible] 3 8	.
103	Ambari mauza Chakle Kazirhat	2,618 7 8	Do		Shah Badarddhaza Abul Khayer Motwali and others		658 13 11	.
104	Bengmari mauza, Chakle Kazirhat	1,322 9 7	Do		Nitya Radha Dasya and others		330 10 8	..

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar Jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
109	Kadikol O'Gayraha Motalak Lat Cheranga, hishya 6 as. 4 g. 1 c. 7 dt., Chakle Kazirhat.	607 1 11	Whole		Rakhal Chandra Chaudhuri		149 8 0	.
120 Residuary	Kuchiamore O'Gayraha mauza, Chakle Kazirhat	1,003 12 3	No	16 annas share of mauza Bahalpara group A. 9 as. 5 g. 1 c. 1 k. 12 til share of mauza Kuchiamore group B. All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale	Kumud Kumar Lahiri and others	656 12 2		164 11 4
121 Residuary	Shimulbari mauza Chakle Kazirhat	1,153 6 4	No	12 annas share of mauza Shimulbari group A. 12 annas share of mauza Halhalia, group B. All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale	Krishna Chandra Ray Chaudhuri and others Kamini Kumar Singha Ray and others	865 0 9		55 10 11
124	Panga mauza, Chakle Kazirhat	1,687 1 0	Whole		Shibendra Narayan Shaha and others	.	421 5 5	.
125	Mauza Harinchara, Chakle Kazirhat	852 5 0	Do		Raja Gopal Lal Ray Bahadur		212 12 10	
127	Belpukur Kismat, Chakle Kazirhat	518 3 9	Do ..		Mozaffar Hossain Khan Chaudhuri		130 2 1	.
130 Residuary	Putimari mauza hishya 14 as. 5 g. 3 c. 3 dt., Chakle Kazirhat	1,690 2 7	No	3 as. 15 g. 1 c. 1 kr. 2 dt. 1 jab share of the entire estate. All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Maulvi Syed Fazlal Rahman and others	1,4[illegible]7 12 7		281 0 1
133	Bargachha O'Gayraha mauza, Chakle Kazirhat	933 15 4	Whole		Raja Gopal Lal Ray Bahadur		231 10 9	
137	Ramnagar mauza, Chakle Kazirhat	1,341 15 1	Do		Ditto		144 14 11	
145 Residuary	Ramkala mauza, Chakle Kazirhat	1,659 11 9	No	10 as. 2 p. share of the entire estate	Khodeza Khatun Bibi Chaudhurani and others	1,054 9 11		136 2 6
145 1	Ditto	1,659 11 9	No	5 as. 10 p. share of the entire estate. All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale	Fasru Mohammad Shah Chaudhuri and others	605 1 10		142 9 11 278 12 [illegible]
146 Residuary	Tepa pargana Tepa	23,142 8 8	No	2 as. 8 p. share of mauza Kismat Panchaki, group A. 2 as. 8 p. share of mauza Bodi taluk, group C. 2 as. 7 g. 10 kr. share of mauza Donga taluk, group D. All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale	Jatindra Mohan Ray Chaudhuri	3,187 3 4		796 8 8
147 Residuary	Shakhahati taluk, pargana Tepa	2,163 0 1	No	10 as. 8 p. share of the entire estate. All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale	Jatindra Mohan Roy Chaudhuri and others	1,442 0 1		134 13 4
156	Udasi, hisya 8 annas, pargana Udasi	2,175 10 5	Whole		Raja Gopal Lal Ray Bahadur		617 4 11	
164	Kundi, hisya 1 a. 5 g., pargana Kundi.	3,196 14 0	Do. ..		Dharmadas Guha, trustee to the estate of Kshitish Chandra Acharyya Chaudhuri		801 4 6	..
166	Chandanpat O'Gayraha mauza, pargana Kundi.	2,809 8 7	Do ..	..	Brindaban Chandra Ray Chaudhuri	.	718 15 8	..

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
170	Panbari O Gayraha mauza pargana Kundi	623 9 2	Whole		Rai Bahadur Mritvunjay Ray Chaudhuri Syamadas Ray Chaudhuri sebait of Shyama Sundari Thakurani		77 12 10	
176	Maymantapur hisya 8 annas pargana Maymantapur	1 048 8 10	Do		Raja Gopal Lal Ray Bahadur		297 9 7	
187/1	Muktipur pargana Muktipur	8 022 11 0	No	2 annas share of the entire estate All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale	Nirendra Chandra Lahiri	1,002 14 9		280 10 [illegible]
223	Kursha Khamar O Gayraha, hisya 5 as 11 p 5 ki pargana Payraband	943 1 4	Whole		Fazle Haque Meah Bazle Haque Meah Kumar Jamini Ballav Sen—mortgagee of Fazle Haque and Bazle Haque Meah Abdul Wahed Meah self and g-o Nabizannessa Khatun Meherannessa Khatun and others		242 14 10	
229	Ambari O Gayraha pargana Peri	806 14 [illegible]	Do		Raja Gopal Lal Ray Bahadur		174 14 11	
232 Residuary	Gopal Chak O Gayraha mauza pargana Sarhatta	1 402 4 11	No	5 as 6 g 2 c 2 kr share of mauza Ekdala group B 1 a 15 g 2 c 2 dt share of mauza Manikber group C 5 as 6 g 2 c 2 kr share of mauza Gopal Chak group D 1 a 15 g 1 c 2 dt share of mauza Chengmari group E	Aparnamati Debi w-o Rampada Chatterji Bhabatosh Ch Bandyopadhya and others Kalikadas Bandyopadhya and others	[illegible] 11 [illegible]		39 9 [illegible]
232/1	Ditto	1 402 4 11	No	16 annas share of mauza Raghunathpur group A 10 as 13 g 1 c 1 kr share of mauza Manikber group C 10 as 13 g 1 c 1 kr share of mauza Chengmari group E	Indumati Debi w-o Akshay Kumar Mukharji Kshetra Nath Bandopadhya and others Kalikadas Bandopadhya and others	934 11 0		243 14 7
232/7	Gopal Chak O Gayraha mauza pargana Sarhatta	1 402 4 11	No	5 as 6 g 2 c 2 kr share of mauza Ekdala group B 1 a 15 g 2 c 2 dt share of mauza Manikber group C 5 as 6 g 2 c 2 kr share of mauza Gopal Chak group D 1 a 15 g 2 c 2 dt share of mauza Chengmari group E All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale	Karunakanta Ray Rati Kanta Ray (minor) guardian Shibani Debi	1 [illegible] 13 0		40 10 [illegible] 324 2 [illegible]
248	Mithapur O Gayraha mauza pargana Barabila	4 407 0 0	Whole		Jatindra Mohan Ray Chaudhuri and others		259 15 10	
247	Putimari O Gayraha mauza, pargana Andua	3,270 12 4	Do		Raja Gopal Lal Ray Bahadur		840 0 0	
265 Residuary	Chapra O Gayraha mauza parganas Kazirhat, Fatepur, Bodapurbabhag Basatti, Kakina and Udasi	8,936 8 10	No	12 annas share of mauza Mahabat, group A	Mabarakulla executor of Sayetulla, Mahi Chandra Barman and others Maniruddin Ahmed and others	444 0 0		70 4 [illegible]
265/6	Ditto	8 936 8 10	No	16 annas share of mauza Khalaighat group C	Nirupama Debi, sebait of Lakshmi Janardan Thakur	452 8 0		106 14 [illegible]
265/11	Ditto	8 936 8 10	No	16 annas share of mauza Ramdakua group E All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale	Raja Gopal Lal Ray Bahadur	634 2 0		149 14 [illegible] 836 1 [illegible]
318 Residuary	Sangalsi mauza Chakla Kazirhat	1,027 8 0	No	8 annas share of the entire estate	Brindaban Chandra Ray and others	513 9 6		114 4 [illegible]
318/1	Ditto	1,027 8 0	No	8 annas share of the entire estate All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale	Subasini Majumdar and others	513 9 6		114 4 [illegible] 228 9 [illegible]

Tauzi No	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs A P				Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
526	Muradpur Khorda O'Gayraha mauza, hisya 8 annas, pargana Pyraband	2,532 15 6	Whole		Raja Gopal Lal Ray Bahadur		638 1 0	
527	Hamidpur O'Gayraha mauza Motalak Jote Gikul, hisya 8 annas, pargana Pyraband	1,532 1 6	Do		Ditto		382 14 11	
536	Chhatnai mauza, hisya 14 annas Motalak mauza Chhatnai, 5 as 6 g Chakla Kazirhat	657 10 [illegible]	Do		Jamila Khatun Chaudhurani and others		154 7 10	
607	Baochandi O Gayraha, hisya 1 anna, pargana Kundi Chakla Kazirhat	504 1[illegible] 5	Do		Nagendra Chandra Lahiri and others		126 2 11	
648	Osmanpur O Gayraha mauza hisya 3 as 8 p pargana Barabila	2,934 [illegible] [illegible]	Do		Kalipada Chakrabarti		770 0 0	
649	Ditto	2,934 [illegible] 0	Do		Jnanendra Nath Chakravarti self and manager of Manindra Nath Chakravarti (lunatic) Manorama Debi manager of Surendra Nath Chakravarti (lunatic)		256 10 3	
668 Revenue duary	Siksahar pargana pargana Siksahar	3,099 10 0	No	2 as 2 c share of mauza Faridpur mudafat Gayraha groups A B D I, I J, K and L 3 as 15 g 2 c 3 2 til share of mauza Bhagaripara Gayraha, groups C I G and H	Amulya Madhab Chaudhuri and others	459 7 4		94 4 1
668/1	Ditto	3,099 10 0	No	8 as 10 g share of the entire estate	Gaibandha Loan Office Ltd	1,617 4 5		375 2 6
668/5	Ditto	3,099 10 0	No	1 a 15 g 25 til share of mauza Faridpur mudafat group A 1 a 10 g 2 kag share of mauza Kayarpara group B 1 a 10 g share of mauza Bhagaripara Gayraha groups C D I G and H 3 as 9 g share of mauza Amlagachi Gayraha, groups L I J K and I All other shares besides that specified will be excluded from the sale	Charu Chandra Ray and others	[illegible] 9 [illegible] 9		127 6 3 596 12 10
720	Lalbari kismat pargana, hisya 4 as 10 g, pargana Lalbari	1,135 14 6	Whole		Mazaharuddin and others		96 11 6	
788	Jatindra Nath Khan, pargana Kazirhat	529 7 5	Do		Jatindra Nath Khan		132 4 1	
789	Sujendra Nath Khan, pargana Kazirhat	529 7 5	Do		Hari Kishore Barman and others		132 3 9	
790	Satyendra Nath Khan, pargana Kazirhat	529 7 5	Do		Satyendra Nath Khan		132 4 1	
796	Kali Sadhan Mukharji O'Gayraha, pargana Kazirhat	1,120 1 11	Do		Kali Sadhan Mukharji and others		209 13 0	

The abovementioned estates are being advertised for sale for instalments of revenue which were due on or before the 31st Bhadra, 1340 B.S., of which the latest date of payment was on 5th October 1933.

N. M AYYAR, Collector.

Rangpur, the 14th December 1933.

List of unclaimed document of the Registry Office at Calcutta for the year 1930, for destruction under section 85 of Act XVI of 1908.

Serial No.	Name of parties — Claimant	Name of parties — Executant	Nature of document	Number of document in register	Book	Volume	Page	Date of— Completion of registration	Date of— Refusal	Amount of refunds due.	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
								1930			
1	G C Galstaun	A Dunbar	Lease	35	1	8	203 201	9th Jan			
2	Jatindra Mohan Lal	Biraj Mohini Dassee and another	Mortgage	126	1	30	1 8	16th Jan			
3	Saydani Umnch Zahara Latifunnessa	Abool Kassem Mohammed Hassan Ali Chowdhury *alias* Hasan Ali	Gift	174	1	35	22 26	21st Jan			
4	Saydani Umnch Zahara Latifunnessa	Syed Abool Kasem Mohammed Hasan Ali Chowdhury *alias* Hasan Ali	Lease	[illegible]	1	33	16 20	21st Jan			
5	Syed Abool Kasem Mohammed Hasan Ali Chowdhury *alias* Hasan Ali	Saydani Umnch Zahara Latifunnessa	Release	185	1	36	21 23	22nd Jan			
6	Hem Mala Bose and another	Harbans Prosad	Mortgage	262	1	31	77 80	28th Jan			
7	Manindra Mohan Ray Chowdhury and others	Akhil Prokash Ganguly	Release	83	1	27	139 14	10th Feb			
8	G L Kellner & Co	Pioneer and Civil and Military Gazette, Ltd Allahabad	Lease	585	1	30	95 98	19th Feb			
9	Maurice Remfry Esq High Court Calcutta	Kali Prosad and others	Bond	[illegible]	1	40	82 80	24th Feb			
10	Nalinakhya Mitra and another	He Chandra Dutt	Lease	770	1	37	109 114	10th Mar			
11	Rash Bihary Dey and others	Rai Bahadur Bhagirathi Ram Brothers a firm	Ditto	944	1	43	86 89	21st Mar			
12	Bechu Lal Sha	Abdus Samad	Sale	1030	1	22	284 287	31st Mar			
13	Sailesh Nath Mookerjee Sub Deputy Collector in charge Wards Estates Jaulgazi No 11	L M Owen	Lease	11[illegible]	1	37	190 193	8th Apr			
14	Santa Lal Chowdhury and Birendra Nath Mitra	Santa Lal Chowdhury and Birendra Nath Mitra	Agreement	1160	1	[illegible]	1 4	14th Apr			
15	Pandit Sunder Lal Misra	Rajju Bibi	Lease	1100	1	60	14 1	3rd May			
16	Narendra Nath Mazumdar	Sisir Kumar Ghosh	Ditto	1 11	1	33	181 184	7th May			
17	Keshab Lal Auddy and another	Lehajuddin Ahmed	Ditto	16[illegible]	1	11	213 215	17th May			
18	J C Galstaun	Basil Graham Davy	Ditto	1667	1	72	52 60	20th May			
19	C Mackertich	Rookhurghat Manufacturing Co Ltd	Ditto	1709	1	38	266 269	24th May			
20	C Mackertich	S N Gamadia and another	Ditto	1770	1	58	114 118	24th May			
21	Ananta K Roy	Amrita Lall Dass	Ditto	2216	1	83	19 22	7th July			
22	Ananta Kumar Roy	Amrita Lall Dass	Ditto	2217	1	63	136 139	7th July			
23	Jnanendra Nath Bose	Gopal Singh	Sale	3180	1	67	280 281	9th Sep			
24	Maurice Remfry Esq Registrar of High Court Judicature at Fort William Bengal	Sisir Kumar Bhaduri and others	Bond	3203	1	112	1 5	11th Sep			
25	Hari Bilash Ghosh	Rai Tarit Bhusan Ray Bahadur	Reconveyance	3345	1	111	54 60	19th Sep			
26	Nirmal Ch Mitra	Satya Ch Shaw	Ditto	3674	1	107	96 99	27th Sep			
27	Hajee Shooker Gany	Automobile Association of Bengal	Lease	3715	1	104	157 168	13th Oct			
28	Hiramon Shaw	Jnanendra Nath Bose	Sale	4801	1	117	52-53	31st Oct			
29	Mugneeram Baugar and Company	General Motors India, Ltd	Lease	3976	1	124	9-13	19th Nov			

Serial No.	Name of parties — Claimant	Name of parties — Executant	Nature of document	Number of document in register	Book	Volume	Page	Date of— Completion of registration	Date of— Refusal	Amount of refunds due	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
								1930			
30	J C Galstaun	Fire Stone Tyre and Rubber Co of India Ltd	Lease	4262	I	87	246 258	16th Dec			
31	Pyari Ch Law and another	India Sanitation Improvement Co	Ditto	4429	I	114	207 214	30th Dec			
32	Saila Bala Dassee	Madan Mohan Dey	Mortgage	14?2	I	129	35 40	30th Dec			
33	Priya Nath Ghosh	Kali Pada Pal	Sale	143	IV	3	2?0 2?3	15th Jan			
34	Tiral Prosad	Tiral Prosad	Declaration	204	IV	7	157 158	21st Jan			
35	Tiral Prosad	Tiral Prosad	Ditto	20?	IV	9	191 192	20th Jan			
36	Syed Murteza Hossain	Anwarul Haq	Power	217	IV	11	23? 236	21st Jan			
37	Dilipendra Kumar Chakravarty	Sekandar Mirza Raizavi	Ditto	330	IV	6	241 243	31st Jan			
38	Panchanan Banerjee and others	Purna Chandra Dutta and others	Dissolution of Partnership	384	IV	6	26? 26?	10th Feb			
39	Joshua Charles William Broughton	L M de m Gontier	Agreement	?6	IV	7	260 263	18th Feb			
40	Bijoy Madhab Mullick	Sakti Pada Mullick	Sale	?2	IV	11	236 23?	17th Mar			
41	Netra Prosad Sharma	Netra Prosad Sharma	Declaration	676	IV	11	242 243	20th Mar			
42	Jogesh Chandra Chakravarty	Choudhury M Hossain	Power of Attorney	758	IV	16	28 29	26th Mar			
43	Khitish Chandra Sinha	Kanya Lall Bhargava and another	Ditto	772	IV	16	30 31	27th Mar			
44	Harnarain	Harnarain	Declaration	1076	IV	16	122 124	24th Apr			
45	Ramendra Nath Banerjee	Sitala Kanta Banerjee	Cancellation	1078	IV	18	108 112	24th Apr			
46	Radha Rani Dassee	Shaikh Abdul	Sale	1104	IV	12	?3 254	26th Apr			
47	Santosh Kumar Bose	Mr Sachin Bose	Pledge	1186	IV	18	138 139	2nd May			
48	Munshi Shaik Azizud din	Munshi Shaik Azizud din	Declaration	1191	IV	19	128 129	3rd May			
49	Secretary of State for India in Council	H W Irwin	Motor car advance	12?9	IV	19	146 147	1?th May			
50	Shihabuddin Ahmed	Shihabuddin Ahmed	Declaration	1313	IV	16	206 207	21st May			
51	Sankar Tewari	Sankar Tewari	Ditto	1331	IV	1	20? 206	28th May			
52	Atul Chandra Dutta	Atul Chandra Dutta	Ditto	1416	IV	19	183 184	30th May			
53	Nimy Lal Basak	Nimy Lal Basak	Ditto	1416	IV	16	267 268	4th June			
54	Abdul Karim	Abdul Karim	Ditto	1690	IV	23	17 18	30th June			
55	Arun Prokash Sircar	Arun Prokash Sircar	Ditto	1692	IV	20	299 300	4th July			
56	Sunil Krishna Roy Chowdhury	Sunil Krishna Roy Chowdhury	Ditto	1733	IV	28	4 5	8th July			
57	Amirul Islam	Sultanul Islam	Power of Attorney	1296	IV	14	238	19th May			
	and Amirul Islam	and Fakhrul Islam	Ditto	1746	IV	28	6 7	9th July			
58	Waliul Islam	Sultanul Islam	Ditto	1295	IV	14	237	19th May			
	and Waliul Islam	and Fakhrul Islam	Ditto	1747	IV	28	8 9	9th July			
59	Radha Ballav Dey	Rasick Lall Dutta	Sale	1779	IV	27	54 60	15th July			
60	Nanda Lal Roy	Nanda Lal Roy	Declaration	1828	IV	24	46	17th July			

Serial No.	Name of parties. Claimant.	Executant	Nature of document	Number of document in register.	Book.	Volume.	Page.	Date of— Completion of registration.	Refusal.	Amount of refunds due.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
61	Gobordhan Lal Malbi	Gobardhan Lal Malbi	Declaration	1967	IV	24	75-78	31st July			
62	Pandit Ramanand Tantrick.	Pandit Ramanand Tantrick	Ditto	1976	IV	25	126-127	2nd Aug			
63	Mohammed Kalim	Mohammed Kalim	Ditto	216 2	IV	20	139-140	22nd Aug.			
64	Gulab Chand Lakhotia	Gulab Chand Lakhotia	Ditto	2189	IV	30	61-62	23rd Aug.			
65	Bisseswar Doyal	Sew Lall Tewari	Agreement	2247	IV	27	228-231	30th Aug			
66	Manindra Nath Banerjee and others.	Promode K. Sen and others	Partnership	2287	IV	30	82-87	4th Sep			
67	W T A Macquire and others	D J C Byrul and others	Dissolution of Partnership	2360	IV	26	218-219	4th Sep.			
68	Pyari Mohan Sircar	Surendra Nath Mitra and another.	Power	2381	IV	23	244-245	11th Sep			
69	Chouthmall Bhagwan Das.	Chouth Mall Bhagwan Das	Declaration	2477	IV	28	263-265	20th Sep			
70	Iman Baksh Molla and another.	Shaik Yar Ali	Sale	2482	IV	30	147-148	19th Sep.			
71	Debendra Nath Bose	Brojendra Chandra Bos	Power of Attorney	2510	IV	31	107 110	25th Sep			
72	Shib Chandra Bhattacharjee and others	Probodh Chandra Das and others	Partnership	2537	IV	27	291 294	27th Sep			
73	Amiya Kumar Ghosh	Amiya Kumar Ghosh	Declaration	2578	IV	30	188-190	13th Oct			
74	Jay Dial	Jay Dial	Ditto	2630	IV	32	49 50	15th Oct.			
75	Rasul Buksh	Rasul Buksh	Ditto	2815	IV	32	137-138	7th Nov			
76	Abdul Hossain Kamruddin.	Gulam Ali Shamsuddin	Power of Attorney	2891	IV	31	253-256	14th Nov			
77	Mukhari Lal and another.	Ganda Lall	Sale	3082	IV	36	108-111	4th Dec.			
78	Sailendra Nath Samaddar.	Sailendra Nath Samaddar.	Declaration	3204	IV	35	199 200	17th Dec			
79	Shaik Mohammed Shafi Ahmed.	Shaik Mohammed Shafi Ahmed	Ditto	3254	IV	31	233-234	20th Dec			
80	E S. Stewart & Co.	Mati Lal Chowdhury	Hypothecation of crop	3295	IV	38	119-122	23rd Dec			

Calcutta, the 15th December 1933.

M. C. BATAVYAL, Registrar of Assurances, Calcutta.

In the 1st Court of the Sub-Judge, Pabna.

MORTGAGE EXECUTION CASE No 119 OF 1933

Faridpur Loan Office, Ltd, decree holder,

versus

Surendra Krishna Dutta, judgment debtor

Sale Notice.

IN the above mortgage execution case, the properties of the judgment debtor, as detailed below, will be sold by the Nazir of the Pabna District Judge's Court at 12 noon on the 15th January 1934 The decretal amount including the costs of execution is Rs 16,118 11 5

1 11gds 3 karas 4¼ dwip share of zamindari right in tauzi No 175 of the Pabna Collectorate, pargana Amirabad, taraf Syampur Digar, bearing mauza Jadu pur Digar, thana Bera, district Pabna Land revenue Rs. 117 6as 18gds 2kags

2 1 gd 3 karas 4¼ dwip share of Patni right of mauzas mentioned in lot No 1 held in Patni under Purna Chandra Saha Choudhury at a rental of Rs 25 8as 4 1/12 pies

3 A total share of 3 gds 3 karas 1⅓ dwip share of the above taraf and mauzas bearing two mauzahi jotes under the zamindars mentioned in lot No 2 and bearing a total rental of Rs 15 10 as 1 kara 1 kranti

4. 5 gds 2 karas 6 dwip share of zamindari right of taraf Malanchi Goyiah, pargana Sinduri, police station Sujanagar Revenue Rs 57 1a 7½ gds, tauzi Nos 74 and 75 of the Pabna Collectorate

5 1 gd 1 kranti 2 1/12 til share of taraf Malanchi mentioned in lot No 4 in Patni right under Purna Chandra Saha Choudhury and others and bearing a rental of Rs 4 2as 8 1/12 pies

6 2 gds 3 karas 2 krantis share comprising two mirashes under Purna Chandra Saha Choudhury and others in the same taraf Malanchi bearing a total rental of Rs 9 7as

7 7½ gds zamindari right in tauzi No 76 of Pabna Collectorate Land revenue Rs 15 0 5 pies comprising taraf Banagram, thana Bera, pargana Sinduri

8 7½ gds zamindari right in tauzi No 103 of Pabna Collectorate, pargana Sultan Pratap, tappa Sakhini Land revenue Rs 11 6as 11 pies consisting of village Banagram and villages under that

9 13 gds 1 kara 1 kranti share in zamindari right of Pabna Collectorate, tauzi No 148 pargana Birahimpur, mauzas Raninagar and others and bearing a revenue of Rs 54 3as

10 10 gds share of zamindari right in tauzi No 148 pargana Birahimpur, thana Bera, mauza Latibpur Digar Land revenue Rs 61 2as 3 pies

11 2½ gds Patni right in village Ruppur, police station Bera, pargana Birahimpur, bearing rental of Rs 14 13 as 10 gds under Sharifannessa Choudhurani

12 11 gds 3 karas 5 dwip share of zamindari right in Pabna Collectorate, tauzi No 99, pargana Sultan Pratap, tappa Sakhini, thana Sujanagar, mauzas Pukhar nia and others Land revenue Rs 10 4as 16gds 2 karas 2 krantis

13 1 gd 3 karas 4¼ dwip share in Dar Mourashi right under Parbati Sankar Roy Choudhury and others of Teota, in the property mentioned in lot No 12 above bearing a rental of Rs 6 14as 11 gds 1 kara

14 4 gds 1 kara 2 krantis 1 dwip share in zamindari right in Pabna Collectorate, tauzi No 70, pargana Sinduri thana Bera, taraf Rajbhardiar and its appurtenant mauzas. Land revenue Rs 27 4as 13 gds 1 kara 1 kranti

15. 4 gds. 1 kara 5 4/12 danti share of Patni right in the taraf and mauza mentioned in lot No 11 above and paying a rent of Rs 21 4as 11 gds. 1 kara 1 kranti to Mohesh Chandra Saha Choudhury and others

16. 1a 6 gds 2 karas 2 krantis share in the zamindari right in Dacca Collectorate, tauzi Nos. 10 and 408 Land revenue Rs 111 9as 10½ pies consisting of Char Karatia, police-station Ghior, pargana Sinduri, district Dacca

17. 11 as 6½ gds. 2 krantis zamindari right in Dacca Collectorate, tauzi No. 10397, pargana Sinduri, mauza taraf Ghope, Shelenda, thana Bera. Land revenue Rs. 24 11as. 3 5/12 pies

18 10 pies share in Patni right in Faridpur Collectorate, tauzi No 1201, taraf Ramchandrapur, police-station Sujanagar, mauzas Shyamsundarpur and others, paying rent of Rs 45 13as 6½ gds 2 krantis to Raja Shourindra Mohan Guha Roy

19. 1a 6½ gds 2 krantis share of Patni right in pargana Bajuiash Mahabatpur, taraf Bagbaria, under Alimzzaman Sahidannessa Bibi and others at a rental of Rs 125 8as and costing of Bagbaria and other mahals in police station Sara, district Pabna

By order of the Sub Judge, 1st Court of Pabna

[ILLEGIBLE], Sheristadar

Decree holder's pleader Rai Sahib Tarak Nath Moitra

(2488 1)

NOTICE FOR SALE

In the Court of the Sub-Judge of Rangpur.

MORTGAGE EXECUTION CASE No 62 OF 1932.

THE properties mentioned in the schedule annexed hereto and belonging to the judgment debtors will be sold by public auction under orders of the Court on the 5th day of January 1934, at 12 noon, by the Nazir of the District Judge, Rangpur, in the sale room of the said Court in Mortgage Execution Case No 62 of 1932 of the Court of the Subordinate Judge of Rangpur (Rangpur Loan Office, Ltd *vs* Muzaffar Hossain Khan Choudhury and another) in execution of the mortgage decree passed on the 23rd November 1931 in the Mortgage Suit No 110 of 1930

The dues of the decree holder up to the date of sale amount to Rs 11,774 14as

Schedule

All that sixteen annas share of the right, title and interest of the judgment debtors in the properties mentioned below

Lot No 1—Zemindery right in tauzi No 18/3 of the Rangpur Collectorate, comprising taluk Chengmaris mauza Mrittinga, mauza Kharija Paral, etc, together with chhit within Chakla Fatepur under police stations Kotwali and Lalmanirhat

Land revenue—Rs 1,052 1 9p
Value fixed by Court Rs 43,000

Lot No 2 Zemindery right in tauzi No 127 of the Rangpur Collectorate, comprising mahals Belpukur and gayraha together with chhit within police station Nilphamari

Land revenue Rs 518 3 15g
Value fixed by Court— Rs 13,300

Lot No 3 Durputni right in tauzi No 184/2 of the Rangpur Collectorate, comprising lat Singerpara together with chhit, etc, under police station Pirganj, the annual rental of Rs 1,100 being payable to Maharaja Srish Chandra Nandy, putnider

Value fixed by Court Rs 7,500

Lot No 4 Durputni right in tauzi No 184/2 of the Rangpur Collectorate, in respect of nine annas share of pargana Bagduar, comprising lat Boalmari, etc, together with chhit under police station Mithapukur, the annual rental of Rs 639 being payable to the putnider Maharaja Srish Chandra Nandy

Value fixed by Court Rs 7,000

Lot No 5 – All the zemindery right in tauzi No 72/3 of the Rangpur Collectorate, comprising taluks Basanta pur and gayraha within police station Badarganj

Land revenue—Rs 404 5 9p
Value fixed by Court Rs 16,500

N B The abovementioned properties except lot No 5 will be sold in Mortgage Execution Case No 63 of 1932 in satisfaction of the decretal dues of first mortgage and surplus sale proceeds, if any, will be appropriated towards the satisfaction of this decree

S. MUKHERJEE, Sub-Judge.

Rangpur, the 7th December 1933 (2590—1)

NOTICE FOR SALE

In the Court of the Sub-Judge of Rangpur.

MORTGAGE EXECUTION CASE No 63 OF 1932

THE properties mentioned in the schedule annexed hereto and belonging to the judgment debtor will be sold by public auction under orders of the Court on the 5th day of January 1934, at 12 noon, by the Nazir of the District Judge, Rangpur, in the sale room of the said Court in the Mortgage Execution Case No 63 of 1932 of the Court of the Subordinate Judge of Rangpur (Rangpur Loan Office, Ltd *vs* Muzaffar Hossain Khan Choudhury) in execution of the mortgage decree passed on the 23rd November 1931 in the Mortgage Suit No 109 of 1930

The dues of the decree holder for the mortgage up till date of sale amount to Rs 67,289 8 3p

Schedule

All that sixteen annas share of the right, title and interest of the judgment debtor in the properties mentioned below

Lot No 1 Zemindery right in tauzi No 18/3 of the Rangpur Collectorate, comprising taluk Chengmari, mauza Mrittinga, mauza Kharija Paral, etc , together with chhit within Chakla Fatepur under police stations Kotwali and Lalmanirhat

Land revenue –Rs 1 052 1 9p

Value fixed by Court Rs 43,000

Lot No 2—Zemindery right in tauzi No 127 of the Rangpur Collectorate, comprising mahals Belpukur and gaysraha together with chhit within police station Nilphamari

Land revenue Rs 518 3 15g

Value fixed by Court Rs 13,300

Lot No 3 Durputni right in tauzi No 184 2 of the Rangpur Collectorate, comprising mahal lat Singerpara together with chhit, etc , under police station Pirganj, the annual rent of Rs 1,100 being payable to the putnider Maharaja Srish Chandra Nandy

Value fixed by Court Rs 7 500

Lot No 4 Durputni right in tauzi No 184 2 of the Rangpur Collectorate, in the nine annas share of pargana Bagduar, comprising lat Boalmari, etc , together with chhit under police station Mithapukur, the annual rent of Rs 639 being payable to the putnider Maharaja Srish Chandra Nandy

Value fixed by Court Rs 7,000

S MUKHERJEE, Sub Judge

Rangpur, the 7th December 1933 (2598—1)

In the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in Insolvency.

NOTICE OF ADJUDICATION ORDER

No 195 of 1933.

Re Mahammad Amin, lately carrying on business in stationery under the name and style of Mahammad Amin Mahammad Ahmed at Sadar Bazar, Delhi, and at present residing and personally working for gain as a hawker of cheap stationery and toys at No 8, Colootolla Lane, in the town of Calcutta, *ex parte* the debtor

S K Mukherjee, debtor's solicitor.

ON the 7th day of December 1933, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its insolvency jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an insolvent.

Note – All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

Dated this 14th day of December 1933

G M. FALKNER, Official Assignee.

In the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in Insolvency.

NOTICE OF ADJUDICATION ORDER

No 196 of 1933.

Re Hari Dass Dutt, residing at No 1, Sikdarpara Lane, in the town of Calcutta without any employment, *ex parte* the debtor.

Sasi Sekhar Banerjee, debtor's solicitor.

ON the 7th day of December 1933, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its insolvency jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an insolvent.

Note —All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

Dated this 11th day of December 1933.

G. M. FALKNER, Official Assignee.

In the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in Insolvency.

NOTICE OF ADJUDICATION ORDER

No 197 of 1933.

Re Wilfred Archibald Francis Terrell, formerly residing at No. 14-1, Suddar Street, in the town of Calcutta but at present residing at No. 15, Chowringhee Road Grand Hotel, in Calcutta, aforesaid, and formerly an Assistant in Commercial Pine Forests, Limited Calcutta, at present being unemployed, *ex parte* the debtor in person.

ON the 8th day of December 1933, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its insolvency jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an insolvent

Note – All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

Dated this 14th day of December 1933

G M FALKNER, Official Assignee

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE

Section 41 (*1*) of the Provincial Insolvency Act

In the Court of the Sub-Judge at Asansol.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 40 OF 1932

G H Riches of Burnpur (Asansol), applicant.

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied to this Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 26th January 1934, at 10 o'clock for hearing the application

S. N SEN, Sub-Judge

Asansol, the 8th December 1933. (2586 1)

In the Court of the Sub-Judge at Asansol.

Section 19 (*2*) of the Provincial Insolvency Act

INSOLVENCY CASE No 47 OF 1933.

NOTICE is hereby given to his creditors that the insolvency petition filed by Anil Kanta Mukherjee of Asansol has been admitted, and the 19th January 1934 has been fixed for hearing thereof

S. N SEN, Sub-Judge.

Asansol, the 14th December 1933. (2612—1)

In the Court of the Sub-Judge at Asansol.

Section 19 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 48 OF 1933.

NOTICE is hereby given to his creditors that the insolvency petition filed by Nalini Kanta Mukherjee of Asansol has been admitted, and the 19th January 1934 has been fixed for hearing thereof.

S. N SEN, Sub-Judge.

Asansol, the 14th December 1933 (2612—1)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION

Section 19 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920

In the Court of the District Judge at Birbhum.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 9 OF 1933

WHEREAS Munindra Lal Mondal, son of late Biswanath Mondal, of Hatserandi, police station Nanoor, in the district of Birbhum, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated 20th April 1933, to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920, this is to give notice to the creditors of the aforesaid debtor that the Court has fixed the 13th January 1934 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and examination of the debtor

S SEN, District Judge

Suri, the 8th December 1933 (2560 1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION

Section 27 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920

In the Court of the District Judge of Birbhum.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No 28 OF 1932

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 22nd November 1932 filed by Kali Krishna Chatterjee of Hatserandi, police-station Nanoor, district Birbhum, debtor, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his application and hearing him and his pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent

It is further ordered that the debtor do apply for his discharge within six months from this date

Dated this 8th day of July 1933

S SEN, District Judge

(2570 1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION

Section 27 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920

In the Court of the District Judge at Chittagong.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No 22 OF 1933

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 13th June 1933, against Nabin Chandra Mohajan, son of late Dharmadas Mohajan, resident of Jujkhala police station Fatickchari, Chittagong, debtor, and on the application of Abdul Aziz Mohamed Ibrahim Toongeker and Abdul Hamid Mohamed Ebrahim Toongeker, creditors, Strand Road, Chittagong, and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent

It is further ordered that the debtor do apply for his discharge by 25th May 1934

Dated this 21st day of November 1933

A deC WILLIAMS District Judge

(2184 1 2131)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION

Section 19 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920

In the Court of the District Judge at Chittagong.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No 43 OF 1933

WHEREAS Mokbul Ali, son of Akbar Ali, of Hardchakia, police station Fatickchari, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated 15th day of September 1933, to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920, this is to give notice to his creditors that the Court has fixed the 18th day of January 1934 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor

A deC WILLIAMS, District Judge

(2485—1 2454)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No 45 OF 1933

NOTICE is hereby given that Sheikh Mahammad Esahaq, son of late Mahammad Hanif, of Helan, thana Khanakul, district Hooghly, was on the 29th day of July 1933 adjudged an insolvent The 6th day of January 1934 has been fixed for framing schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day

K C BASAK, District Judge

Chinsura, the 5th December 1933 (2590—1 2449)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Manmatha Nath Ghose of Islampur, thana Haripal, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No 69 of 1933, and that the 8th January 1934 has been fixed for the hearing thereof

K C BASAK, District Judge

Chinsura the 7th December 1933 (2591 1 2450)

In the Court of the Addl. District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 127 OF 1933

NOTICE is hereby given that Krishna Pada Das Paramanik, son of late Mohendra Nath Das Paramanik, of Khalisani, police station Uluberia of Howrah, was on 18th November 1933 adjudicated an insolvent and directed to apply for final discharge within one year

S N MODAK, Addl District Judge

Howrah, the 28th November 1933 (2595 1 2451)

In the Court of the Addl. District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY CASES Nos 171 AND 185 OF 1928

NOTICE is hereby given that Annada Prasad Datta, son of late Gobordhan Datta, rice merchant of Ramkrishnapur Charaghat, police station Howrah, district Howrah, was, on the 30th day of November 1933 adjudicated an insolvent by this Court and directed to apply for final discharge within one year

S N MODAK Addl District Judge

Howrah, the 14th December 1933 (2610 1 2458)

In the Court of the Addl. District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 112 OF 1933

NOTICE is hereby given that Ananta Ram Chine, son of late Jadu Nath Chine, of 144 1, Narsing Datta Street, South Bantra, police station Howrah, district Howrah, was, on 5th December 1933 adjudicated an insolvent and directed to apply for final discharge within a year

S N MODAK, Addl District Judge

Howrah, the 13th December 1933 (2611 1 2459)

In the Court of the Additional Sub-Judge of Malda.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 16 OF 1933

NOTICE is hereby given under the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920, to his creditors that the petition of Jajneswar Dass, son of late Madhab Chandra Dass, of Paranpur, police station Rotua, district Malda, has been admitted by this Court in insolvency case No 16 of 1933 and that the 6th January 1934 has been fixed for hearing thereof

T N ROY, Addl Sub-Judge.

Malda, the 24th November 1933 (2445 —1—2412)

In the Court of the Additional Sub-Judge of Malda.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 17 OF 1933

NOTICE is hereby given under the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920, to his creditors that the petition of Sifefatulla Sheik, son of late Alkar Dafadar, of Gopalnagar, police station Shibgunja, district Malda, has been admitted by this Court in insolvency case No. 17 of 1933 and that the 6th January 1934 has been fixed for hearing thereof.

T N ROY Additional Sub-Judge.

Malda, the 24th November 1933 (2446 -1-2411)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE

Section 41 (*1*) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920

In the Court of the District Judge at Midnapore.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 73 OF 1931.

A V Banacliff Guard, B N Railway, Khargpur, applicant

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 6th day of January 1934, at 10 o'clock, for hearing the application

Dated this 13th day of December 1933

T ROXBURGH, District Judge

(2597—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Pabna and Bogra.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 5 (B) OF 1931

NOTICE is hereby given that the insolvents (1) Girdharilal Agarwala, (2) Mahadeb Lal Agarwala, (3) Satyanarayan Agarwala and (4) Parbati Agarwalini, widow of late Hanuman Bux Agarwala, of Akkelpur, police station Adamdighi, district Bogra, has applied for their final discharge, and the 10th January 1934 has been set down for hearing of the application

B K. BASU, District Judge

Pabna, the 8th December 1933 (2573 1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Pabna and Bogra.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 6 OF 1932

NOTICE is hereby given that the insolvent Bijoy Chandra Pal son of late Guru Charan Pal of Haturia, police station Bera and district Pabna, has applied for his final discharge, and the 9th January 1934 has been set down for hearing of the application

B K BASU, District Judge

Pabna, the 9th December 1933 (2574—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Pabna and Bogra.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 62 OF 1933

WHEREAS Tulshi Charan Haldar, son of late Girish Chandra Haldar, of Tarapasha, police station Atgharia and district Pabna, has applied in this Court by a petition, dated the 30th October 1933, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 6th January 1934 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and for examination of the debtor

B K BASU, District Judge

Pabna, the 8th December 1935 (2575—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Pabna and Bogra.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 64 OF 1933.

WHEREAS Osman Sheikh, son of late Kalu Sheikh, of Brigurampara, police station and district Pabna, has applied in this Court by a petition, dated the 7th November 1933, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 13th January 1934 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and for examination of the debtor.

B. K BASU, District Judge.

Pabna the 8th December 1933 (2576—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Pabna and Bogra.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 74 OF 1933

WHEREAS Sadhu Charan Karmakar, son of late Manik Chandra Karmakar, of Jagannathpur, police-station Bera, district Pabna, has applied in this Court by a petition, dated the 8th December 1933, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 10th January 1934 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and for examination of the debtor.

B K. BASU, District Judge.

Pabna, the 14th December 1933. (2607—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 30 OF 1933.

Dhirendranath Ganguly of Russa Road, police-station Tollygunge, 24-Parganas, applicant.

To Jitendranath Roy of 6, Barrackpur Trunk Road post office Cossipore, 24 Parganas, and others creditors

ON the 12th day of December 1933, it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 8th day of January 1934, and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

T H ELLIS, District Judge.

Alipore, the 21st June 1933 (1452—1)

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 125 OF 1931.

Satish Chandra Neogy, applicant

ON the application of Satish Chandra Neogy of 10, Onrait 1st Lane, Entally, adjudged insolvent on 9th June 1931 and taking into consideration his conduct and affairs, it is ordered that the said insolvent be discharged on 19th April 1933

S C DE, Sub Judge.

Alipore, the 10th August 1933. (1866- 1 - 2460)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE

Section 41(*1*) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 60 OF 1932

Joylal Abdin of 46, Shamsul Huda Road, Karaya, 24 Parganas, applicant

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 15th day of January 1934, at 11 o'clock, for hearing the application.

Dated this 24th day of November 1933.

S C. DE, Sub-Judge.

(2489—1- 2435)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE.

Section 41(*1*) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 167 OF 1932.

P W A Potter of 77, Traffic Quarters, Sealdah, applicant.

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 8th day of January 1934, at 11 o'clock, for hearing the application.

Dated this 17th day of November 1933.

H MUKHERJI, Sub-Judge in charge.

(2490—1- 2436)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE.

Section 41(*1*) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 192 OF 1932.

Narain Chandra Dey of 18A, Sarat Ghosh Street, Entally, 24-Parganas, applicant

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 15th day of January 1934, at 11 o'clock, for hearing the application

Dated this 30th day of November 1933

S C DE, Sub-Judge

(2491 1 2437)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE.

Section 41 (*1*) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 289 OF 1932

W. E. Jacob of Naihati, 24-Parganas, applicant

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 15th day of January 1934, at 11 o'clock, for hearing the application.

Dated this 30th day of November 1933

S C DE, Sub-Judge

(2492—1—2438)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE

Section 41 (*1*) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 419 OF 1932

Lakhu Jamader Methar, No 2, Mill Coolie Quarters, debtor, applicant

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 15th day of January 1934, at 11 o'clock, for hearing the application.

Dated this 20th day of November 1933.

S C DE, Sub Judge

(2493 1 2439)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE

Section 41 (*1*) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 473 OF 1932

Abdul Hamid of 39, Ismail Street, Entally, 24 Parganas, debtor, applicant

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 15th day of January 1934, at 11 o'clock for hearing the application

Dated this 20th day of November 1933

S C DE, Sub Judge

(2494 —1 2440)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE

Section 41(*1*) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 478 OF 1932.

W. J. Seymour of 5, Loco Quarters, Sealdah, 24-Parganas, applicant

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 15th day of January 1934, at 11 o'clock, for hearing the application.

Dated this 30th day of November 1933.

S. C. DE, Sub-Judge.

(2495 —1—2441)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE

Section 41(*1*) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 488 OF 1932.

Sk Delwar Hossain of 17, Hatoo Bagan Road, police-station Entally, applicant.

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 8th day of January 1934, at 11 o'clock, for hearing the application.

Dated this 20th day of November 1933

S. C DE, Sub-Judge.

(2496 1 2442)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE.

Section 41(*1*) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 499 OF 1932.

Kalidas Banerjee of 2A, Ganesh Sarkar Lane, Kidderpore, police station Watgunj, applicant.

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 15th day of January 1934, at 11 o'clock, for hearing the application.

Dated this 20th day of November 1933.

S, C. DE, Sub-Judge.

(2497—1—2443)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE.

Section 41 (*1*) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 33 OF 1933.

Nagendranath Banerjee of Panihati, post office Ghoshpara, 24 Parganas, applicant.

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 15th day of January 1934, at 11 o'clock, for hearing the application

Dated this 24th day of November 1933

S C DE, Sub Judge.

(2498—1—2444)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE.

Section 41 (*1*) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 42 OF 1933.

Rangilal Sha of 24, Munsigunj Road, police station Watgunj, 24-Parganas, debtor, applicant

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 8th day of January 1934, at 11 o'clock, for hearing the application

Dated this 20th day of November 1933

S C DE, Sub Judge.

(2499 1- 2445)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE

Section 41 (*1*) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 81 OF 1933.

Keyafat Ali of 12-A, Moyerpore Road, police-station Alipore, Calcutta, debtor, applicant

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 8th day of January 1934, at 11 o'clock, for hearing the application

Dated this 11th day of November 1933

S C. DE, Sub-Judge.

(2500—1—2446)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

Section 27 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No 177 OF 1933.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 19th April 1933, filed by Erfan Ali of Satghora, Metiaburuz, 24-Parganas, debtor, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his application and hearing his pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent

It is further ordered that the debtor do apply for his discharge within six months from this date.

Dated this 21st day of November 1933

S C. DE, Sub-Judge

(2501—1 —2429)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

Section 27 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No 229 OF 1933

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 16th May 1933, filed by N H. Baker of Sealdah Station, Beliaghata, 24-Parganas, debtor, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his application and hearing his pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent

It is further ordered that the debtor do apply for his discharge within six months from this date

Dated this 21st day of November 1933

S. C DE, Sub Judge

(2502 1 -2430)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION

Section 27 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No 259 OF 1933

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 1st June 1933, filed by Serajuddin Ahmed of 214, Lower Circular Road, Ballygunge, 24-Parganas, debtor, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his application and hearing his pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent

It is further ordered that the debtor do apply for his discharge within six months from this date.

Dated this 21st day of November 1933

S. C DE, Sub-Judge.

(2503 -1—2431)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION

Section 27 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No 287 OF 1933.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 16th June 1933, filed by Jiban Upadhya of 4, Palmer Bazar Road, Entally, 24-Parganas, debtor, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his application and hearing his pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

It is further ordered that the debtor do apply for his discharge within six months from this date.

Dated this 21st day of November 1933

S C. DE, Sub-Judge.

(2504 —1—2432)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

Section 27 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No 299 OF 1933.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 22nd June 1933, filed by Nafir Ali Khan of Daulatpore, Moheshtola, 24-Parganas, debtor, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his application and hearing his pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

It is further ordered that the debtor do apply for his discharge within six months from this date.

Dated this 21st day of November 1933.

S. C. DE, Sub Judge.

(2505 1 —2433)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

Section 27 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No 302 OF 1933

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 27th June 1933, filed by Md. Khairul Anam of 1, Kaiser Street, police-station Beliaghata, 24-Parganas, debtor, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his application and hearing his pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent

It is further ordered that the debtor do apply for his discharge within six months from this date.

Dated this 21st day of November 1933.

S C. DE, Sub-Judge.

(2506 1 2434)

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 461 OF 1933.

Sheik Amir of 11 1, Harshi Street, Baliaghata, 24 Parganas, applicant

To Sm. Hem Kumari Dasi of 15, Ramdhan Mitter's Lane, Calcutta, and another, creditors.

ON the 18th day of November 1933 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of January 1934, and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

S. C DE, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 24th November 1933. (2507 —1— 2413)

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 462 OF 1933.

Sm. Janki Bewa of Chitpore Ghosh Bagan, Chitpore, 24-Parganas, applicant

To Sm Sitabi Ahirin of Chitpore Ghosh Bagan, Chitpore, 24-Parganas, and another, creditors.

ON the 27th day of November 1933 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of January 1934, and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

S. C. DE, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 30th November 1933. (2508—1 2414)

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 469 OF 1933.

Ram Khelaon Pandey of Barrackpore Trunk Road, Sabjibagan, 24-Parganas, applicant

To Chiranjilal of Sabjibagan, Barrackpore Trunk Road, 24-Parganas, and others, creditors.

ON the 18th day of November 1933 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of January 1934, and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

S. C DE, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 23rd November 1933 (2509—1—2415)

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 470 OF 1933

Jwala Prasad Satyanoram of 104, Narikeldanga Main Road, 24-Parganas, applicant

To Ghassuram Kanhialal of 13, Dayahatta Street, Calcutta, and others, creditors

ON the 22nd day of November 1933 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of January 1934, and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

S C DE, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 30th November 1933 (2510—1—2416)

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 471 OF 1933.

Dhiraj Krishna Basu of 6 6, Ekdalia Road, Ballygunge, 24-Parganas, applicant.

To U K Dutta of Dum Dum, 24 Parganas, and others, creditors

ON the 25th day of November 1933 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 22nd day of January 1934, and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

S. C, DE, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 30th November 1933. (2511—1 2417)

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 487 OF 1933

Labani Kanta Mitter of Dum Dum, Narayanpur, police station Rajarhat, 24-Parganas, applicant

To Abdul Kabuly of 152A, Beliaghata Main Road, Calcutta, and others, creditors

ON the 22nd day of November 1933 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of January 1934, and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date

S C DE Sub Judge

Alipore, the 24th November 1933 (2512 1 2418)

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 489 OF 1933

Srish Chandra Mukherjee of 2, Bediadanga Road, 24-Parganas, applicant

To Jotindralal Kundu of Sukdev, Bhola, Barisal, and another, creditors.

ON the 22nd day of November 1933 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of January 1934, and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

S C DE, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 24th November 1933. (2513 1 2419)

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 494 OF 1933

Sheik Jummon of Bagmari Road, Maniektola, 24 Parganas, applicant.

To Firm Mohammad Khan Pain Khan of 26 2, Bahir Mirjapore Road, Beleghata, Calcutta, and others, creditors

ON the 25th day of November 1933 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of January 1934, and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date

S C DE, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 30th November 1933 (2514—1 2420)

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 498 OF 1933

Purna Sheik of Kalipore, Budge Budge, 24 Parganas, applicant

To Surendranath Pal of Kalipore, Budge Budge, 24-Parganas, and others, creditors

ON the 21st day of November 1933 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of January 1934, and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date

S C DE, Sub Judge.

Alipore, the 23rd November 1933 (2515—1—2421)

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 499 OF 1933

Basdeo Pathak of 6, Shibtollah Lane Entally, 24 Parganas, applicant

To Gopal Chandra Buxi of 15 and 16, Baitakkhana Bazar, Calcutta, and another, creditors

ON the 22nd day of November 1933 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of January 1934, and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date

S C DE, Sub Judge

Alipore, the 24th November 1933 (2516 1—2422)

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 500 OF 1933

Ram Dohin Ram of 6, Shibtollah Lane, Entally, 24 Parganas, applicant

To Gopal Chandra Bakshi of 15 and 16 Baitakkhana Bazar, Calcutta, and others, creditors

ON the 22nd day of November 1933 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of January 1934, and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date

S C DE, Sub Judge

Alipore, the 24th November 1933 (2517—1 2423)

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 501 OF 1933

D D Silva of 7, Phulbagan Road Entally, 24 Parganas, applicant

To Madho Lall & Sons of 14B, Rowd Street, Calcutta, and others, creditors.

ON the 22nd day of November 1933 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of January 1934, and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

S. C. DE, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 22nd November 1933. (2518—1—2424)

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 502 OF 1933.

I. C. McArthur of 58, Ismail Street, Entally, 24-Parganas, applicant.

To Madho Lall & Sons of 14B, Royd Street, Calcutta, and others, creditors.

ON the 22nd day of November 1933 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of January 1934, and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

S. C. DE, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 23rd November 1933. (2519—1—2425)

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 504 OF 1933.

Syed Ramjan Ali of 9-2, Chamru Sing Lane, Narkeldanga, 24-Parganas, applicant.

To Sheik Nabi Box of 87, Baithakkhana Road, Calcutta, and others, creditors.

ON the 24th day of November 1933 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of January 1934, and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

S. C. DE, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 30th November 1933. (2520—1—2426)

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 505 OF 1933.

Bhola Singh Sadhi of 12A, Lansdowne Road, Bhowanipore, 24-Parganas, applicant.

To Raja Lal, Inspector, Calcutta Tramways Company, and others, creditors.

ON the 24th day of November 1933 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of January 1934, and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

S. C. DE, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 30th November 1933. (2521—1—2427)

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 510 OF 1933.

Ananta Kumar Ghoshal of Calcutta Tramways Company at 183, Lower Circular Road, police-station Beniapukur, 24-Parganas, applicant.

To B. N. Sen Gupta of 183, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta, and others, creditors.

ON the 24th day of November 1933 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of January 1934, and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

S. C. DE, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 30th November 1933. (2522—1—2428)

WANTED a Mistress for the Training Department of the Dow Hill Girls' School, Kurseong, with effect from 4th March 1934, or as soon after that date as possible. The appointment will be made on a provisional basis and on an initial pay of Rs. 340 a month in the scale of Rs. 340—32/2—500, subject to the emergency cut in force. The lady appointed will be provided with free quarters.

2. Candidates, who must be European and Anglo-Indian ladies who are British subjects, and not above 35 years of age, must possess a good degree in English, with History as a subsidiary subject. Satisfactory teaching experience is essential and preference will be given to a candidate possessing a Diploma in Teaching.

3. Canvassing for the post will be regarded as a disqualification.

4. Applications, supported by documentary evidence of the qualifications possessed, and of age, should reach the Principal, Dow Hill Girls' School, Kurseong, on or before the 15th January 1934.

WANTED a qualified and experienced accountant for District Engineer's office on Rs. 100—10—150—5—175. None need apply who has no experience in district board accounts. Apply with references by the 10th January next.

INDUSHEKHAR BHATTACHARYYA,
District Engineer.

Midnapore, the 11th December 1933. (2584—2)

Office of the Surgeon-General, Bengal.

THERE may be vacancies during the coming year for clerks in the Civil Surgeons offices and medical schools in Bengal in the scale of Rs. 35—35—40—2-2—60. Candidates (members of the backward classes only) who wish to be considered should submit their applications stating caste, qualifications, age, etc., to the Personal Assistant to the Surgeon-General, Bengal, not later than February 1934. A selected number will then be placed on a waiting list for recruitment. All candidates must be prepared to serve in mofussil stations if required.

S. C. MOOKERJEE, Head Assistant.

THE Bengal and Madras Service Family Pension Fund which is provisionally managed and assisted by Government has for its object the provision of monthly pensions for the maintenance of the widows and children of subscribers and is open, with certain exceptions, to all active and pensioned members of the Uncovenanted service of Government (except those serving under the Government of Bombay), and to Local Fund servants earning pensions from Government. Some of the special features of the fund are (1) that widowed daughters incapable of remarriage or children labouring under such mental or bodily infirmities as incapacitate them from earning their livelihood or preclude the possibility of marriage (in case of a daughter) are admitted to its benefits ; and (2) that subscribers to the Widows' and Daughters' branches are entitled to a refund of 30 per cent. of the premia paid, should the nominee predecease them after five years of admission. The second quinquennial valuation of the Fund has been completed by the actuary to the Government of India, and his report discloses very favourable results. For forms of application and rules of the Fund apply to the Accountant-General, Bengal, Imperial Secretariat Buildings, Calcutta.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the next ordinary examination of candidates for Certificates of Competency as Masters and Serangs of Inland Steam Vessels, under Act I of 1917, will be held at the Port Office, Chittagong, on Tuesdays, the 16th January, 13th February and 13th March 1934, at 10-30 a.m.

Applications for examination for any of the above grade certificates must be made at the Port Office, Chittagong, not later than three days prior to the date of examination, the candidates producing their certificates and testimonials and paying the fees.

F. W. ANGELL, Lieut.-Commander, R.I.M.,
Nautical Surveyor, Chittagong.

Chittagong, the 6th December 1933.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the next ordinary examination of candidates for Certificates of Competency as Engineers and Engine Drivers of Inland Steam and Motor Vessels, under Act I of 1917, will be held at Chittagong on Mondays, the 8th January, 5th February, 5th March, 9th April, 7th May, 4th June, 9th July, 6th August, 3rd September, 1st October, 12th November and 3rd December 1934.

Applications for examination for any of the above grade certificates must be made at the Port Office, Chittagong, not less than three days prior to the date of examination, the candidates producing their certificates and testimonials and paying the requisite fees.

F. W. ANGELL, Lieut.-Commander, R.I.M.,
Nautical Surveyor, Chittagong.

Chittagong, the 13th December 1933.

Currency Note.

PORTIONS of the following Currency Note of the Calcutta Circle of Issue are stated to have been destroyed and payment of its value on the remaining portion has been claimed by the persons whose names are shown against the number Any other person claiming a right to it is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Registered No.	Note No	Value	Names and address of the claimant
		Rs	
W.D. 19/33/34	S/43,416253	100	Shaik Sulaman Bariwala, Khusban Bibi and Ala Rakhi Bibi, Kalagorpara, post-office Alambazar, Baranagore

K K CHETTUR, Currency Officer.

Calcutta, the 4th December 1933

Lost.

A RECEIPT numbered 14518, dated 10th June 1933, and granted by the Public Debt Office, Imperial Bank of India, on submission of the undermentioned Government Promissory Note Notice of loss has been given to the Public Debt Office, Imperial Bank of India, and the undersigned is about to apply for surrender of the security.

G. P Note No	Loan	Amount	Holder's name.
		Rs	
363255	3½ per cent, 1865	100	Satyabhama Dasi.

Name of the proprietress Satyabhama Dasi

Residence— 21 2 1, Mohendra Gosain Lane, Calcutta

(2583 1 2447)

Lost.

A RECEIPT numbered 4489 dated 21st August 1933, and granted by the Public Debt Office, Imperial Bank of India, on submission of the undermentioned Government Promissory Note Notice of loss has been given to the Public Debt Office, Imperial Bank of India, and the undersigned is about to apply for surrender of the security:—

G P Note No	Loan.	Amount	Holder's name
	3 per cent	Rs	
106330	1896 97	100	Sailendra Nath Sircar

Name of the Proprietor— Sailendra Nath Sircar

Residence 9 1, Munshigunj Road, Kidderpore Calcutta

(2585 1—2462)

Stolen.

THE Government Promissory Note No 362089 of the 3½ per cent loan of 1865 for Rs 100, originally standing in the name of Abala Bala Sarcar, the proprietress, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Imperial Bank of India, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietress. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security

Name of the Advertiser—Abala Bala Sarcar.

Residence—Sarcar House, Gandaria, Dacca

(2204—3—2327)

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, VII of 1913, and In the matter of Bengal Potteries, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition has been presented to the Honourable Mr Justice Roy at the High Court, Calcutta, for an order confirming the reduction of the share capital of the abovenamed Company from Rs 10,00,000 to Rs 2,50,000 resolved on, by the special resolution passed and confirmed at extraordinary general meetings of the said Company, held respectively, on the 11th day of November 1933, and the 2nd day of December 1933

The said petition is directed to be heard by the said Court at the Court House, Calcutta, on Monday the 8th day of January 1934

ORR, DIGNAM & Co, Attorneys for the Company.

Calcutta, the 11th December 1933 (2580—1—2457)

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, and In the matter of Nagongaja Tea Co., Ltd. (In voluntary liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given under section 217 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, to all shareholders and creditors of the abovenamed Company, that a general meeting of the Company will be held on Sunday, the 28th January 1934, at 8 30 a m, at the registered office of the Company at Jalpaiguri for acceptance of the account made by the liquidator under section 217 (1) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 and for dissolution and final winding up of the aforesaid Company

RONESH CHANDRA MUKHERJEE, Liquidator

Jalpaiguri, the 11th December 1933 (2581—1—2448)

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, VII of 1913, and In the matter of the Radio Association of India, Limited (In liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the Company abovenamed will be held on the 29th December 1933 at No 6, Hastings Street Calcutta, at 4 40 p m, under the provisions of section 209 (1) of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913

S D SHUTIE, Liquidator.

Calcutta, the 9th December 1933 (2582—1—2456)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, and In the matter of Light of Asia Insurance Co., Ltd.

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition has been presented to the abovenamed Court for an order confirming the reduction of the share capital of the abovenamed Company from Rs 59,500 to Rs 17,850 resolved on by the special resolution passed and confirmed at extraordinary general meetings of the said Company held respectively on the 17th day of August 1933 and the 12th day of September 1933

The said petition is directed to be heard by the said Court at the Court house, Calcutta, on Monday, the 15th day of January 1934

H N DATTA & Co,

Attorneys for the Light of Asia Insurance Co, Ltd.

6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta, 13th December 1933.

(2588—1—2452)

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, and

In the matter of the Jalpaiguri Industrial Bank, Limited (In voluntary liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given under section 206 (1) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, that an extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on the 12th December 1933, the following extraordinary resolution was passed for winding up the affairs of the Company

"Resolved that while it has been proved to the entire satisfaction of this meeting that the Company cannot by reason of its liabilities continue its business and that it is advisable to wind up the same and accordingly the Company be wound up and that Babu Charu Chandra So, B L, Jalpaiguri, be appointed as liquidator for the purpose of such winding up"

CHANDIDAS CHAKRAVORTY, Chairman

Jalpaiguri, the 13th December 1933 (2596—1—2455)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, VII of 1913, and

In the matter of Bowla Coal Co., Ltd.

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition for the winding up of the abovenamed Company by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal was on the 4th day of December 1933 presented to the said Court by The Chora Engineering Works Ltd of No 3 Synagogue Street, Calcutta, a creditor of the said Company and that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Court on the 15th day of January 1934, and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous of opposing an order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Act should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his attorney or advocate for that purpose and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned, on payment of the prescribed charge for the same

H C BANERJEE, & Co, Attorneys for the petitioners

7, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta, dated this 14th day of December 1933

Note—Rule 41 provides that any person who intends to appear on the hearing of the said petition must serve on or send by post to the abovenamed notice in writing of his intention so to do The notice must state the name and address of the person, or if a firm, the name and address of the firm, and must be served or if posted, must be sent by post in sufficient time to reach the abovenamed not later than two clear days before the 15th day of January 1934

(2600—1—2461)

Imperial Library.

(Secretariat Buildings, 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta.)
Open on—

Week days and Saturdays from 10 a m to 7 p.m.
Sundays and Gazetted holidays from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.

THE Imperial Library is also a Lending Library. It is free to all except children There is no subscription to pay.

K. M. ASADULLAH, Librarian.

Descriptive Catalogue of Sanskrit Manuscripts.

PARTS I, II and III of a Descriptive Catalogue of the Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Library of the Calcutta Sanskrit College, prepared by Pandit Hrishikesh Sastri and Babu Siva Chandra Gui, M.A., B L., of that College, are offered to the public for sale. The Catalogue having to be completed in 23 parts the price of each part is 12 annas a copy exclusive of postage. Copies can be obtained from the Principal of the Sanskrit College, Calcutta.

CINCHONA FACTORY PRODUCTS.

By order of the Government of Bengal Cinchona Factory Products as manufactured and packed at the Cinchona Factory, Mungpoo, Darjeeling district, will be sold and distributed by the Superintendent of the **Presidency Jail,** *in original packages* as received from the Mungpoo Factory, at the rates herein noted **from the 1st May 1926 :—**

Quinine Sulphate.

For 60 lbs and upwards at a time ..	Rs.	18	per lb.
For 6 lbs. and over but less than 60 lbs. at a time	„	19	„
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. ..	„	20	„

Quinine Hydrochloride.

For 60 lbs. and upwards at a time ..	Rs.	23	per lb.
For 6 lbs. and over but less than 60 lbs. at a time	„	24	„
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. ..	„	25	„

Quinine Di-Hydrochloride.

For 60 lbs. and upwards at a time ..	Rs.	25	per lb.
For 6 lbs and over but less than 60 lbs. at a time	„	26	„
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. ..	„	27	„

Quinidine Sulphate.

For 60 lbs and upwards at a time ..	Rs.	20	per lb.
For 6 lbs and over but less than 60 lbs. at a time	„	21	„
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. ..	„	22	„

Cinchonidine Sulphate.

For 60 lbs. and upwards at a time ..	Rs.	25	per lb.
For 6 lbs and over but less than 60 lbs. at a time	„	26	„
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. ..	„	27	„

Cinchonine Sulphate.

For 60 lbs. and upwards at a time ..	Rs.	12	per lb.
For 6 lbs. and over but less than 60 lbs. at a time	„	13	„
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„	14	„

Cinchona Febrifuge (Powder).

For 60 lbs. and upwards at a time ..	Rs.	9	per lb.
For 6 lbs and over but less than 60 lbs. at a time	„	9	„
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. ..	„	10	„

Cinchona Febrifuge (Tablets).

For 60 lbs. and upwards at a time ..	Rs.	10	per lb.
For 6 lbs. and over but less than 60 lbs. at a time	„	10	„
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. ..	„	11	„

Quinoidine (Tablets).

For 60 lbs. and upwards at a time	Rs.	5	per lb.
For 6 lbs. and over but less than 60 lbs. at a time	„	5	„
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. ..	„	6	„

Quinoidine (In Mass).

For 60 lbs. and upwards at a time ..	Rs.	4	per lb.
For 6 lbs. and over but less than 60 lbs. at a time	„	4	„
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. ..	„	5	„

Cinchona Bark (in 50 pound original bags).

Per bag .. .. .. Rs. 25.

Quinine Tablets — per box of 200 tablets each. Rs. 2-8 (Bengal), Rs. 3 (outside Bengal)

Rs. 15-8-0 per lb.

Transit charges extra in every case.

Quinine Sulphate is for sale to Government Institutions and Missionaries only. It is not for sale to Private Firms or the General Public.

Cinchona Febrifuge in Powder and Tablet form (when in stock) is for sale to Government Institutions, Missionaries and the General Public.

Quinine Sulphate will be supplied to Hospitals and Dispensaries of this Presidency only at the wholesale rate of Rs. 18 per lb., irrespective of quantities. For all other purchasers the rates given above will apply.

Five and ten boxes of Quinine Tablets are sold to the public at the concession rates which will be intimated on application.

Provinces other than Bengal, Bihar and Orissa and Assam will get their supplies of Sulph. Quinine from the Director, Botanical Survey of India, Sibpur, Howrah.

Local sale at the jail gate from 10 to 12 noon.

The system of payment is by—*Cash in advance*—by "*Treasury Challans,*" which should accompany the order or indent.

In cases where this is not possible, payment should be made by "*Remittance Transfer Receipts*" or crossed "*Cheques.*"

Indents unaccompanied by cash in advance will be sent Value Payable Post. Credit sale is not allowed except under special circumstances.

In the case of *Government officers* payments will be recovered by *Book Transfer, i.e., Countersigned Invoices,* in the event of *Cash* not accompanying the indent by "*Treasury Challans,*" *Remittance Transfer Receipt or Cheque.*

2. Price and postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by post).

The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or Post Office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail, Steamer or by Post. Railway parcels are sent by passenger train only.

A scale of postage is given below.

	1 oz.	2 ozs.	4 ozs.	½ lb.	¾ lb.	1 lb.
	As.	As.	As.	As.	As.	Rs. A.
Quinine Sulph. ..	..	..	7	7	11	0 11
Cinchona Feb. ..	..	..	7	7	11	0 11
Cinchona Feb. Tablets	..	..	7	7	11	0 11
Quinoidine Tablets ..	..	..	..	..	..	1 3
Quinine Hydrochlor. ..	5	5	7	7	..	0 11
Quinine Di-hydrochlor.	5	5	7	7	..	0 11
Quinine Tablets ..		..	7	7	11	0 11

	1½ lb.	2 lb.	3 lb.	4 lb.	5 lb.	6 lb.
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
Quinine Sulph. ..	0 15	1 3	1 7	1 15	2 7	2 15
Cinchona Feb. ..	0 15	0 15	1 7	1 11	1 15	2 7
Cinchona Feb. Tablets	1 3	1 3	1 11	1 15	2 7	2 15
Quinoidine Tablets ..	..	2 3	3 3	..	..	..
Quinine Hydrochlor. ..	1 1	0 15	1 7	1 11	..	..
Quinine Di-hydrochlor	1 1	0 15	1 13	2 5	..	..
Quinine Tablets ..	0 15	0 14	1 7	1 11	1 15	2 3

Two different drugs are not packed in the same parcel and postage must be paid separately for each kind.

N.B.—Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue.

Government reserve the right to alter the price without notice.



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PART V

Acts of the Indian Legislature assented to by the Governor-General and Ordinances promulgated under section 72 of the Government of India Act.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Legislative Department.

The following Act of the Indian Legislature received the assent of the Governor General on the 21st September, 1933, and is hereby promulgated for general information :

ACT No XXVI OF 1933

An Act to amend the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1930 for certain purposes

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1930, for the purposes hereinafter appearing ; It is hereby enacted as follows :— II of 1930

Short title

1. This Act may be called the Dangerous Drugs (Amendment) Act, 1933

Amendment of section 2, Act II of 1930.

2. In sub clause (*ii*) of clause (*g*) of section 2 of the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1930 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), after the words "Geneva Convention" the words "or in pursuance of any international convention supplementing the Geneva Convention" shall be inserted II of 1930

Amendment of section 4, Act II of 1930.

3. Section 4 of the said Act shall be numbered as sub-section (*1*) of section 4, and the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

"(*2*) The Local Government may make rules restricting and regulating the manufacture and possession of prepared opium from opium which is lawfully possessed under clause (*b*) of sub-section (*1*)."

L. GRAHAM,

Secy. to the Govt. of India

Registered No. C207 | *No. 51 of 1933*



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THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1933.

CONTENTS:

SUPPLEMENT.

Official Papers.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Dacca, the 5th December 1933.

Third Forecast of the Cotton Crops of Bengal, 1933-34.

(*Note.*—On an average of the five years ending 1931-32, the area under the cotton crops in Bengal has represented some 0·2 per cent. of the total area under cotton in India.)

There are two crops, early and late. The "early" crop is chiefly grown in the Chittagong Hill Tracts and in the Tripura State and to a small extent in other districts. The "late" crop is grown in Bankura and Midnapore.

Character of the season.—Since the issue of the second forecast in October last, weather conditions continued generally favourable except in Mymensingh and Tripura State where heavy rain somewhat affected the early crop in places. On the whole, a higher outturn was harvested this year.

The prospects of the late crop are expected to be fair.

Area sown.—The total area sown with early cotton is returned at 74,760 acres and that with late at 1,032 acres this year as against 74,590 and 1,100 acres, respectively, in the corresponding forecast of last year.

Outturn.—The outturn of the early crop is estimated at 23,499 bales and the late crop at 303 bales as against 20,195 and 308 bales, respectively, in the corresponding forecast of last year.

K. McLEAN,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

APPENDIX.

Third Forecast of the Cotton Crops of Bengal, 1933-34.

District.	Area (in acres). Of current year's crop.	Of previous year's crop.	Average of preceding—		Percentage by which column 2 exceeds (+) or is less than (−) area in— Column 3.	Column 4.		* Yield (in bales) of 400 lbs. each. Of current year, i.e., of area in column 2.	Of previous year, i.e., of area in column 3.	Average of preceding—		Percentage by which column 7 exceeds (+) or is less than (−) yield in— Column 8.	Column 9.		Date at which the harvesting of the crop was begun this year.	Remarks by District Officers.
1	2	3	4		5	6		7	8	9		10	11		12	13
BENGAL SIND.			5 yrs	10 yrs.		5 yrs.	10 yrs			5 yrs.	10 yrs.		5 yrs.	10 yrs.		
Bankura—																
Early ..	500	1 000	940	885	−50	−17	−44	188	420	383	350	−55	−61	−46	End of October.	(1)
Late .	632	632	[illegible]00	570		+26	+11	253	252	195	228	..	+30	+11		
Midnapore—																
Early .	3[illegible]0	320	311	490	+9	+11	−12	35	40	30	19	−13	+17	+84	December	(2)
Late .	100	500	680	710	20	−41	−44	50	85	91	87	−41	−45	−43		
Mymensingh—																
Early ..	4,200	4,200	4,[illegible]00	3,668	..	.	+15	1,312	1,312	1,312	1,108	..	..	+18	Not yet commenced.	(3)
Late ..					.	.		.	. .		.	.	..	..	..	
COMILLA.																
Chittagong Hill Tracts—																
Early ..	51,900	51,900	51,940	51,720	..	..	..	19,203	19, 203	14,241	16,509		+35	+16	Middle of October.	(4)
Late ..	.			.	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	.	..	..	
Tripura State—																
Early ..	17,810	17,170	18,815	18,060	+4	−5	−1	2,761	2,490	2,628	2,530	+11	+5	+9	Middle of October	(5)
Late ..		...	.	..	..		..		..	..	.	..	..	..	..	
Total—																
Early .	74,760	74,590	76,209	74,732	..	−2		23,499	23,465	18,594	20,516	..	+26	+15	..	
Late ..	1,032	1,132	1,180	1,280	−9	−13	−19	303	337	286	315	−10	+6	−4	..	
Total for other Bengal districts which started cultivation since 1918—																
Early ..	..		..	..	..	.	..	..	..	..	..	.	..	..	..	(6)
Late ..	..		..	..	..	..	..	.		..	..	.	..	..	..	
GRAND TOTAL—																
Early ..	74,760	74,590	76,20[illegible]	74,782	..	−2		23,499	23,465	18,594	20,516		+26	+15	..	
Late ..	1,032	1,1[illegible]2	1,180	1,280	9	−13	−19	303	337	286	315	−10	+6	−4	..	

(1) Heavy rainfall caused some damage to the crop. The date of harvesting was normal.
(2) The weather and the condition of the crop were favourable. The date of harvesting was normal.
(3) The crops suffered from draught at its early stage and subsequently from heavy rainfall in September.
(4) The weather and the general condition of the crop were fair. The date of harvesting was normal.
(5) The weather and the general condition of the crop were fair, but flood caused some damage in places The date of harvesting was normal.
(6) The crop was not sown this year.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Dacca, the 14th December, 1933

Final Forecast of the Bhadoi Crops of Bengal, 1933-34.

(*Note.*—On an average of the five years ending 1931-32, the area under autumn rice in Bengal has represented some 6 4 per cent. of the total area under rice in British India)

Character of the season.—As indicated in the preliminary forecast, the weather was generally favourable for sowing and for the growth and development of the crops Damage by flood and heavy rainfall was caused to certain low-land tracts of West and North Bengal High-land crops, on the other hand, fared well On the whole, the season was satisfactory for crops

Acreage.—The total acreage sown with the different *bhadoi* crops this year is reported to be 6,520,600 acres as against 6,549,600 acres last year. Of this, the area under autumn rice is estimated at 5,775,300 acres as against 5,794,800 acres last year

Outturn—According to District Officers' estimates, the outturn of the different *bhadoi* crops for the Presidency works out at 79 per cent of the normal this year as against the same estimate last year

The autumn rice is estimated to yield an outurn of 79 per cent. of the normal for the province this year as against 83 per cent. estimated by this department last year. In my opinion the outturn of autumn rice is an under-estimate and the crop will not fall short of 85 per cent of the normal as estimated in the preliminary forecast

On the basis of a normal yield of 12½ maunds of clean grain per acre, the gross outturn of *bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice) for the province is estimated at 2,254,100 tons this year as against 2,208,500 tons revised last year

K McLEAN,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

APPENDIX I.

Final Forecast of the Bhadoi Crops of Bengal, 1933-34.

District	Names of crops	Estimated normal area under each crop	Estimated area under each crop		Estimated outturn as a percentage of the normal yield per unit of area		Date by which the harvesting of each crop was begun this year and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
			Last year	This year	Last year	This year		
		Acres	Acres	Acres				
24 Parganas	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice)	[illegible] 300	[illegible]7 200	57 200	75	67	-	Some damage was done to crops by excessive rain in Sadar, Diamond Harbour and Barrackpore subdivisions.
	Indian corn (maize)		100	100	50	50		
	Other *bhadoi* cereals	[illegible]00	7 900	7 900	67	67		
	Other *bhadoi* pulses	1 [illegible]00	200	200	67	83		
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables including root crops	3 600	3 [illegible]00	3 500	75	83		
	Other *bhadoi* food crops	1 60[illegible]	1 800	1 800	75	75		
	Bhadoi fodder crops other than jowar, bajra marua and maize		700	700	75	75		
	Bhadoi non food crops other than fodder and fibres	1 000	1,3[illegible]	1 300	75	75		
	Total	7[illegible] 300	72,500	72,700	74	68		
Nadia.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice)	90[illegible] [illegible]00	527 600	527 700	67	75	End of August Normal	The outturn is below the normal owing to excessive rain
	Bajra	100	(40)	(40)	83	100		
	Mandua marua or ragi	100	(10)	(10)	100	100		
	Indian corn (maize)	200	(49)	100	58	75		
	Other *bhadoi* cereals Other *bhadoi* pulses	6 300	2 200	5,500	75	75		
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables including root crops	4 80[illegible]	3 000	2 300	67	67		
	Other *bhadoi* food crops	3 700	2 100	2 100	75	75		
	Bhadoi fodder crops other than jowar bajra marua and maize	600	[illegible] [illegible]00	2,300	58	83		
	Bhadoi fibres other than jute	200	(4[illegible])	(48)	75	83		
	Bhadoi non food crops other than fodder and fibres	3[illegible],000	12 900	12 800	67	75		
	Total	[illegible]57 100	550 300	552 800	67	75		
Murshidabad	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice)	[illegible]97 4[illegible]0	248,200	[illegible]53 800	83	100	Beginning of September. Normal	The weather was not favourable in Kandi and Lalbagh subdivisions Damage to some extent was caused by flood in some places
	Jowar	(6)	6[illegible]0	600	83	92		
	Bajra	800	700	700	100	100		
	Mandua, marua or ragi	(11)	300	300	83	92		
	Indian corn (maize)	800	700	700	83	92		
	Other *bhadoi* cereals	6 5[illegible]0	1 400	1,400	75	83		
	Other *bhadoi* pulses	1[illegible] [illegible]00	5[illegible]0	500	58	67		
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root crops	2 500	15 100	15 10[illegible]	75	92		
	Other *bhadoi* food crops	700	1 000	1 000	75	83		
	Bhadoi fodder crops other than jowar, bajra, marua and maize	5 400	3 0[illegible]0	3 000	83	92		
	Bhadoi fibres other than jute.	200	500	600	75	83		
	Mulberry	1 400	1 400	1,400	83	92		
	Bhadoi non food crops other than fodder and fibres	9 200	7,700	7,800	83	83		
	Total ..	357,200	281,100	286,900	83	90		

District.	Names of crops.	Estimated normal area under each crop	Estimated area under each crop		Estimated outturn as a percentage of the normal yield per unit of area.		Date by which the harvesting of each crop was begun this year and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
			Last year	This year.	Last year.	This year		
		Acres.	Acres	Acres				
Jessore.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice).	328,000	254 900	244,800	83	75	Beginning of August Normal	Heavy rains caused some damage to the crops
	Other *bhadoi* cereals	8,700	400	400	82	80		
	Other *bhadoi* pulses							
	Other *bhadoi* food crops	[illegible] 700	3 600	3,500	67	70		
	Bhadoi fodder crops other than jowar, bajra, marua and maize	600	100	100	67	75		
	Bhadoi non-food crops other than fodder and fibres	1 000	200	300	75	75		
	Total	344,600	259,200	[illegible]	83	[illegible]		
Khulna.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice).	80 300	75 800	72 000	92	92	September Normal	The outturn was somewhat below the normal owing to excessive rainfall
	Other *bhadoi* cereals	100	100	100	83	75		
	Other *bhadoi* pulses	600	300	300	75	75		
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root-crops	6 000	5 100	5 300	83	83		
	Total	87,000	81,600	78 600	91	91		
Burdwan.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice).	170 900	55 900	56,400	78	92	Middle of September Normal	Excessive rain has affected the crops to some extent Hence the outturn is anticipated to fall below the normal
	Mandua, marua or ragi	100	(50)	(50)	84	100		
	Indian corn (maize)	1 700	1,000	1,000	84	100		
	Other *bhadoi* cereals	400	400	400	92	92		
	Other *bhadoi* pulses	1,200	600	600	92	100		
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root-crops	5 000	1,700	1,700	90	100		
	Other *bhadoi* food-crops	800	500	200	92	92		
	Bhadoi fodder crops other than jowar, bajra, marua and maize	300	(50)	(50)	100	100		
	Bhadoi fibres other than jute.	1 900	1 700	1 500	90	92		
	Bhadoi non-food crops other than fodder and fibres.	1,100	1,100	1 100	92	92		
	Total	187,000	63 500	63 500	79	92		
Birbhum.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice)	68 800	51 800	56,100	75	100	October	
	Jowar	100	(41)	100	83	92		
	Bajra	200	100	200	83	92		
	Marua	(18)	(10)	(8)	100	83		
	Indian corn (maize)	800	500	600	83	85		
	Other *bhadoi* cereals	1,000	900	800	75	83		
	Other *bhadoi* pulses	100	100	100	92	92		
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root crops.	3,300	2,800	3 200	83	92		
	Other *bhadoi* food crops	(50)	(25)	(25)	83	92		
	Bhadoi fodder crops other than jowar, bajra, marua and maize.	500	400	100	100	83		
	Bhadoi fibres other than jute	200	200	200	83	92		
	Mulberry	500	200	300	83	92		
	Bhadoi non-food crops other than fodder and fibres.	400	300	300	67	83		
	Total	75,400	57,300	62,000	76	90		

District.	Names of crops.	Estimated normal area under each crop	Estimated area under each crop. Last year.	Estimated area under each crop. This year.	Estimated outturn as a percentage of the normal yield per unit of area. Last year.	Estimated outturn as a percentage of the normal yield per unit of area. This year.	Date by which the harvesting of each crop was begun this year and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
		Acres	Acres.	Acres				
Bankura.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice).	278,200	236,900	247,500	83	100	Middle of September Normal.	The weather was favourable and its effects were good for the growth of the crops.
	Jowar ..	300	(4)	..	83			
	Bajra	400	200	100	83			
	Mandua, marua or ragi	200	100	100	92			
	Indian corn (maize)	6,400	6,300	4,900	92			
	Other *bhadoi* cereals Other *bhadoi* pulses	12,000	12,000	11,200	83			
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root-crops	9 000	3,800	4,000	92			
	Other *bhadoi* food crops	900	900	1,300	83			
	Bhadoi fodder crops other than jowar, bajra, etc.	100	100	200	83			
	Bhadoi fibres other than jute	400	100	100	100			
	Mulberry	300	200	200	92			
	Bhadoi non-food crops other than fodder and fibres	1,000	600	600	92			
	Total ..	300,200	261,200	270,800	83	100		
Midnapur.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice).	265,400	244,100	300 100	75	67	October and November. Normal.	Excessive rains retarded the growth and development of the crops. Hence the outturn is below the normal.
	Jowar	800	3 900	3,800				
	Bajra	1,200	1,200	600				
	Mandua or marua ..	2,000	400	400				
	Indian corn (maize) ..	8,000	2 800	2,800				
	Other *bhadoi* cereals ..	10,100	10,400	14,500				
	Other *bhadoi* pulses ..	20,300						
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root-crops	26 000	5,300	5 000				
	Other *bhadoi* food crops	7 100	1,200	1,100				
	Bhadoi fodder crops other than jowar, bajra, marua and maize.	500	400	600				
	Bhadoi fibres other than jute.	1 100	900	700				
	Mulberry	400	200	800				
	Bhadoi non-food crops other than fodder and fibres.	400	1 900	1,800				
	Total ..	352,600	272,700	332 200	75	67		
Hooghly.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice).	19,600	27,700	27 800	83	92	..	The weather was favourable. Some damage was caused by flood in the Arambagh subdivision.
	Indian corn (maize) ..	200	200	200	83	83		
	Other *bhadoi* cereals ..	2,100	1,400	1 300	83	83		
	Other *bhadoi* pulses ..	200	200	200	100	75		
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root-crops.	3,300	3,500	3,500	92	75		
	Bhadoi fodder crops other than jowar, bajra, marua and maize.	100	..	(20)	..	67		
	Total ..	25,500	33,000	33,000	84	90		

District.	Names of crops.	Estimated normal area under each crop.	Estimated area under each crop.		Estimated outturn as a percentage of the normal yield per unit of area.		Date by which the harvesting of each crop was begun this year and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
			Last year.	This year.	Last year.	This year.		
		Acres.	Acres	Acres.				
Howrah.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice).	8,900	6,800	6,900	75	67	End of August Normal	The weather was unfavourable to the growth of the crops.
	Indian corn (maize) ..	100	100	100	67	67		
	Other *bhadoi* cereals ..	1,000	600	600	67	75		
	Other *bhadoi* pulses ..							
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root-crops.	5,600	2,600	4,000	75	67		
	Other *bhadoi* food crops	1,300	700	900	83	75		
	Bhadoi fibres other than jute	100	100	100	67	67		
	Total	17,000	10,900	12,600	75	68		
Rajshahi.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice).	168,100	148,500	127,700	92	83	August Normal.	Heavy rains and high winds caused some damage to the crops
	Jowar . ..		100	100	83	83		
	Bajra	..	100	100	83	83		
	Mandua, marua or ragi	..	(40)	(50)		.		
	Indian corn (maize) ..	900	900	900	83	83		
	Other *bhadoi* cereals ..	1,600	1,600	1,000	83	83		
	Other *bhadoi* pulses ..	900	800	900	83	92		
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root-crops.	10,200	7,700	7,600	83	83		
	Other *bhadoi* food crops	3,200	3,000	3,000	83	83		
	Bhadoi fodder crops other than jowar, bajra, marua and maize.	..	1,000	100	83	67		
	Bhadoi fibres other than jute.	..	300	300	83	83		
	Mulberry	300	..	..	.			
	Bhadoi non food crops other than fodder and fibres.	300	200	200	83	83		
	Total ..	185,400	159,200	142,500	91	83		
Dinajpur.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice).	131,500	137,500	130,600	67	83	Middle of August Normal	The weather was fairly favourable.
	Jowar	1,200	600	500	50	75		
	Bajra	200	100	100	50	75		
	Mandua, marua or ragi	300	(40)	(40)	54	75		
	Indian corn (maize) ..	900	500	600	58	75		
	Other *bhadoi* cereals ..	300	200	(40)	[illegible]	58		
	Other *bhadoi* pulses ..	500	..	..	.	..		
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root-crops.	1,100	200	100	54	58		
	Other *bhadoi* food crops	700	900	800	67	67		
	Bhadoi fodder crops other than jowar, bajra, marua and maize.	100	..	..	..	..		
	Bhadoi fibres other than jute.	..	(5)	(5)	58	67		
	Bhadoi non-food crops other than fodder and fibres.	(20)	(30)	(25)	58	58		
	Total ..	137,100	140,000	132,700	67	83		

District.	Names of crops.	Estimated normal area under each crop.	Estimated area under each crop. Last year	This year.	Estimated outturn as a percentage of the normal yield per unit of area. Last year.	This year.	Date by which the harvesting of each crop was begun this year and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
		Acres	Acres	Acres				
Jalpaiguri	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice).	*165,700	152,000	156,300	88	92	End of July Normal.	The outturn is below the normal due t drought.
	Indian corn (maize)	3,000	2,500	2,500	92	92		
	Other *bhadoi* cereals	1,000	200	200	92	92		
	Other *bhadoi* pulses ..	1,800	1,200	1,200	92	92		
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root-crops	15,500	9,400	9,400	92	92		
	Tea .. .	53,900	66,000	66,100	92	92		
	Total ..	240,900	231,300	235,700	86	92		
Darjeeling.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice).	3,700	3,700	3,700	83	83	Middle of June to middle of November Normal	The weather was favourable.
	Mandua, marua or ragi	3,400	3,400	3,400	83	83		
	Indian corn (maize) ..	47,100	19,100	19,100*	92	92		
	Other *bhadoi* cereals	100	100	100	67	75		
	Other *bhadoi* pulses .	1,600	400	400	100	92		
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root-crops.	1,200	1,800	1,800	75	75		
	Other *bhadoi* food-crops	4,400	2,100	2,100	83	83		
	Tea	26,900	30,600	30,200	100	100		
	Bhadoi non-food crops other than fodder and fibres.	600	900	900*	83	83		
	Total ..	89,000	91,900	91,500	93	93		
Rangpur.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice).	312,000	365,000	370,000	90	100	Latter part of July. Normal	The weather was favourable.
	Jowar	300	300	300	90	90		
	Indian corn (maize) ..	100	100	100	100	100		
	Other *bhadoi* cereals .. / Other *bhadoi* pulses ..	4,500	4,300	4,400	100	100	October Normal	
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root-crops.	3,000	2,500	3,000	100	100		
	Other *bhadoi* food-crops	500	500	500	80	90	August Normal	
	Bhadoi non-food crops other than fodder and fibres.	23,000	19,000	20,000	80	90		
	Total ..	343,400	391,700	398,300	90	100		
Bogra.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice).	110,900	125,000	125,000	75	70	June to September. Normal.	The low outturn is due to unfavourable weather.
	Indian corn (maize) ..	3,000	1,100	1,100	60	70		
	Other *bhadoi* cereals ..	1,900	1,500	1,500	65	60		
	Other *bhadoi* pulses ..	300	500	500	65	60		
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root-crops	1,000	1,500	2,000	75	60		
	Other *bhadoi* food-crops	1,000	1,500	1,500	65	60		
	Bhadoi fodder-crops other than jowar, bajra, marua and maize	100	100	100	60	60		
	Mulberry	100	(50)	(50)	(50)	(70)		
	Total ..	118,300	131,200	131,700	75	70		

* Revised.

District.	Names of crops	Estimated normal area under each crop	Estimated area under each crop		Estimated outturn as a percentage of the normal yield per unit of area		Date by which the harvesting of each crop was begun this year and whether that date was early, normal or late	Remarks by District Officers
			Last year	This year	Last year	This year		
		Acres	Acres	Acres				
Pabna.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice)	280 000	260 000	260,000	92	92	October Normal	Slight damage was done to autumn rice by excessive rain at the time of harvesting
	Indian corn (maize)	200	100	100	67	67		
	Other *bhadoi* cereals	4 000	1 000	900	67	67		
	Other *bhadoi* pulses	500						
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root crops	18 000	10,000	9,500	83	83		
	Other *bhadoi* food crops	1,000	1 000	1,000	67	75		
	Bhadoi fodder crops other than jowar, bajra marua and maize	500						
	Bhadoi fibres other than jute	200						
	Total	04 400	272 100	272 400	91	92		
Malda.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice)	278 600	230 200	217 800	75	67	First week of August Normal	The weather was not favourable. Damage was done to the crops by early flood
	Jowar	1 800	800	500	67	50		
	Bajra	1 400	1 000	500	67	50		
	Marua	1 600	400	400	67	67		
	Indian corn (maize)	19 700	1 000	10 500	67	58		
	Other *bhadoi* cereals	2 200	2 700	2 200	67	50		
	Other *bhadoi* pulses	100	(40)		(100)			
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root-crops	9 700	800	,500	67	50		
	Other *bhadoi* food crops	20 000	5,000		67			
	Bhadoi fodder-crops other than jowar bajra, marua and maize	2 000		1,500		50		
	Bhadoi fibres other than jute	7 000						
	Mulberry . .	14 500	17 200	12,600	67	50		
	Bhadoi non food crops other than fodder and fibres	3 400	700		67			
	Total	372,000	271 800	216 500	71	65		
Dacca.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice)	238 700	309 200	302 400	80	81	Middle of June Normal	Excessive rain and drought caused some damage in places. Hence the outturn is below the normal.
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables including root crops	4 000	6 200	6 400	77	75		
	Other *bhadoi* food crops	54 900	(10)	(10)	(100)	(100)		
	Bhadoi fodder-crops other than jowar, bajra, marua and maize	18 000	2 [illegible]	2 500	80	80		
	Total	315 600	377 900	371 300	80	81		
Mymensingh.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice)	628 000	751 100	709 300	75	62	End of July Normal	The weather was not favourable. Damage was done to the crops in some parts of the district. Hence the outturn is much below the normal
	Other *bhadoi* pulses	200	100	100				
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root crops	12 100	12 000	12 000				
	Other *bhadoi* food crops	43 000	43 900	43 900				
	Bhadoi fodder-crops other than jowar, bajra, marua and maize.	64 000	64 000	64,000				
	Total	749,100	871 100	829,300	75	62		

District.	Names of crops.	Estimated normal area under each crop	Estimated area under each crop		Estimated outturn as a percentage of the normal yield per unit of area.		Date by which the harvesting of each crop was begun this year and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
			Last year.	This year.	Last year.	This year.		
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.				
Faridpur.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice)	239,300	353,000	348,500	92	75	End of July. Normal.	Excessive rain caused damage just before they were ripe and fit for harvesting.
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root-crops.	23,100	18,100	15,600	100	07		
	Other *bhadoi* food crops	500	1,000	800	100	07		
	Total ..	262,900	372,100	364,900	92	75		
Bakarganj.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice)	310,000	331,000	320,000	83	67	August and September Normal.	The weather was unfavourable and the crops suffered much owing to excessive rainfall
	Other *bhadoi* pulses ..	500	300	300	83	67		
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root-crops.	1[illegible]3,[illegible]00	140,500	140,000	100	83		
	Bhadoi non food crops other than fodder and fibres	1,500	1,500	1,800	100	100	September and October Normal	
	Total ..	4[illegible]200	473,300	462,100	88	72		
Chittagong.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice).	201,400	187,000	189,000		100	August and September	The weather was favourable on the whole
	Indian corn (maize) ..	200	200	200				
	Other *bhadoi* pulses ..	200	200	200				
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root-crops.	2,500	2,500	2,500				
	Other *bhadoi* food crops	1,600	1,600	1,600	95	95		
	Bhadoi fodder-crops other than jowar, bajra, marua and maize.	1,000	1,000	4,000				
	Bhadoi fibres other than jute.	300	300	300				
	Tea	2,600	2,800	2,700		100		
	Bhadoi non-food crops other than fodder and fibres	100	100	100		95		
	Total ..	214,900	196,700	200,000	95	100		
Tippera.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice).	270,800	240,700	241,000	75		End of August Normal	Some damage was done by flood and insect pests in some parts of Sadar and Brahmanbaria subdivisions.
	Other *bhadoi* cereals ..	500	300	300				
	Other *bhadoi* pulses ..	900	300	300				
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root-crops.	4,000	400	400	83	83		
	Bhadoi fodder-crops other than jowar, bajra, marua and maize.	2,600	500	500				
	Bhadoi non-food crops other than fodder and fibres.	500	2,300	2,300				
	Total ..	288,300	241,500	217,800	75	83		
Noakhali.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice).	201,000	304,000	301,600	40	60	August Normal	Heavy rainfall affected the growth of the crops.
	Other *bhadoi* pulses ..	300	200	300	45	45	July and August Normal.	
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root-crops.	1,000	8,500	8,000	50	56		
	Other *bhadoi* food crops	100	100	100	40	40		
	Total ..	205,400	312,800	310,000	40	60		

District.	Names of crops	Estimated normal area under each crop.	Estimated area under each crop — Last year.	Estimated area under each crop — This year	Estimated outturn as a percentage of the normal yield per unit of area — Last year	Estimated outturn as a percentage of the normal yield per unit of area — This year	Date by which the harvesting of each crop was begun this year and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers
		Acres.	Acres	Acres				
Chittagong Hill Tracts.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice).	57,000	57,000	57,000	67	60	Third week of August Normal	Want of rain at maturing time, did much harm.
	Indian corn (maize) ..	1,300	1,300	1,800	50	50		
	Other *bhadoi* pulses ..	3,500	3,500	3,500	67	67		
	Other *bhadoi* food crops	6,700	6,700	6,700	67	67		
	Total ..	68,500	68,500	68,500	67	61		
Total, Bengal.	*Bhadoi* paddy (autumn rice).	6,085,300	5,704,800	5,775,300	(b) 78	(a) 71		
	Jowar	4,500	6,300	5,900	73	71		
	Bajra	4,300	3,400	2,300	78	78		
	Mandua, marua or ragi	7,000	4,000	4,600	81	81		
	Indian corn (maize) .	104,500	81,100	77,500	84	86		
	Other *bhadoi* cereals / Other *bhadoi* pulses .	121,700	59,000	64,900	77	78		
	Bhadoi fruits and vegetables, including root-crops	349,600	208,300	266,500	91	81		
	Other *bhadoi* food crops	160,600	79,100	74,200	75	67		
	Bhadoi fodder-crops other than jowar, bajra, marua and maize	102,300	79,300	80,000	76	68		
	Bhadoi fibres other than jute	14,500	4,100	3,800	95	87		
	Mulberry . .	17,500	10,200	1[illegible]	71	58		
	Tea	83,400	89,400	90,000	95	95		
	Bhadoi non food crops other than fodder and fibres	80,200	50,700	51,[illegible]	78	94		
	Total ..	7,136,300	6,549,000	6,520,600	79	70		

(a) Director's estimate is 85 per cent

(b) „ „ „ 83 „

APPENDIX II.

Abstract statement of estimated acreage and outturn of the Autumn Rice Crop of Bengal, 1933-34.

Province.	Area (in acres). Of current year's crop (1933-34).	Of previous year's crop (1932-33)	Average of preceding— Five years.	Average of preceding— Ten years	Percentage by which column 2 exceeds (+) or is less than (—) area in— Column 3.	Column 4 — Five years.	Column 4 — Ten years.	Yield (in tons). Estimated yield of current year, i.e., of area in column 2	Yield of previous year, i.e., of area in column 3	Average of preceding— Five years.	Average of preceding— Ten years.	Percentage by which column 7 exceeds (+) or is less than (—) yield in— Column 8.	Column 9 — Five years.	Column 9 — Ten years.
1	2	3	4		5	6		7	8	9		10	11	
Bengal	5,775,300	5,704,800	5,399,500	5,215,400	—0 3	+7	+10·7	2,254,100	2,208,500	1,921,800	1,716,000	+2 1	+17·3	+31·4

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Dacca, the 14th December 1933.

Second Forecast of the Winter Rice Crop of Bengal, 1933-34.

(*Note*.—On an average of the five years ending 1931-32, the area under winter rice in Bengal has represented some 17·5 per cent.. of the total area under rice in British India.)

Character of the season.—Since the submission of the first forecast, excessive rainfall in August caused damage to the crop in most of the districts of West Bengal. Good rainfall with alternate sunshine in September and October generally favoured the growth and final development of the transplanted winter paddy. On the whole, a satisfactory outturn is expected for the province.

Acreage.—According to the figures returned by the District Officers the total area under winter rice is 15,535,600 acres as compared with 15,537,300 and 15,590,000 acres in the corresponding and final forecasts of last year. The increase in area as compared with that of the first forecast is due to further transplantation.

Outturn.—From the summary of the district returns appended, it will be seen that two districts report a bumper crop, four districts report a normal crop, seventeen districts a crop varying from 75 to 92 per cent. and the rest below 70 per cent. of the normal. According to the above estimates, the provincial outturn works out to 86 per cent. of the normal as against 90 per cent. estimated by this department, both in the corresponding and final forecasts of last year.

Accepting 86 per cent. as provincial outturn, the gross yield of the crop on the basis of a normal yield of 13½ maunds of clean grain per acre is estimated at 6,625,800 tons this year as against 6,934,700 and 6,958,200 tons, respectively, in the corresponding and final forecasts of last year.

K. McLEAN,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

APPENDIX I.

Second Forecast of the Winter Rice Crop of Bengal, 1933-34.

District	Estimated normal area under winter rice.	Estimated area under winter rice		Estimated outturn as a percentage of the normal yield per unit of area.		Date by which the harvesting of winter rice generally commenced this year and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
		Last year.	This year.	Last year.	This year.		
	Acres	Acres	Acres				
24-Parganas.	840,600	717,000	752,100	92	83	Middle of November to middle of December Normal	The weather has been fair Some damage is reported from Sadar and Barrackpore
Nadia	136,500	127 900	124,300	67	67	Middle of November Normal	The weather has not been favourable Excessive rainfall has damaged the crop
Murshidabad	416,200	344,800	372,200	75	84	Middle of November Normal	The weather has been fair on the whole Heavy rainfall has affected the crop in low lands
Jessore ..	434,000	471,500	388,300	76	58	End of November Normal	The weather has not been favourable Considerable damage to the crop was caused by floods
Khulna ..	905,300	766,800	715 000	92	83	Ditto	The weather has not been very favourable owing to excessive rains Hence the outturn is anticipated to fall below the normal
Burdwan	657,100	592,500	578 300	70	84		The outturn is anticipated to fall below the normal owing to some damage caused by excessive rain to low land crop
Birbhum	643,600	519,000	642,500	67	108	First week of December Normal	The weather has been favourable
Bankura	440,000	430,000	441 400	92	100	Middle of November Normal	The weather has been favourable and its effects good
Midnapore	1,537,100	1,544,600	1,393 800	83	75	End of November	The weather has been fair Floods in the Contai subdivision have damaged the crop
Hooghly	171,700	197 100	197,200	83	83		The weather has been fair Damage to the extent of two annas is due to want of sufficient rain in time in Arambagh
Howrah	92,000	102,500	102,000	92	83		The weather has been fairly favourable Some damage has been done to the crop by excessive rain
Rajshahi	822,700	761,900	728,000	83	100	December Normal	The weather has been favourable on the whole Heavy rains caused some damage to low land crops
Dinajpur	1,036,200	652,500	792,100	75	83	Middle of November	The weather has not been very favourable
Jalpaiguri	437,100	300,000	38[illegible],000	83	83		The weather has been favourable since the submission of the first forecast
Darjeeling	25,100	60,000	59,400	85	84	First week of November Normal	The weather has been fairly favourable
Rangpur	692,000	652,000	670 000	100	110	End of November Normal	The weather has been favourable
Bogra	337,000	365,000	370,000	100	90	November and December Normal	The increase in area is due to late transplantation for good rainfall in August and September The weather has been favourable on the whole
Pabna ..	404,200	432,000	400,000	93	92	Third week of November Normal	The weather has been favourable since the submission of the first forecast
Malda .	304,000	231,000	218,000	84	83	Last week of November Normal	The weather has been fairly favourable Some damage was done to the crop by early flood
Dacca ..	672,400	641,700	641,700	91	91	Beginning of November Normal	The weather has been favourable on the whole
Mymensingh.	1,457,300	1,407,100	1,407,100	75	[illegible]		The weather has been fair on the whole Some damage was done to the crop by excessive rainfall in August. Hence the outturn is anticipated to fall below the normal
Faridpur	668,500	714,900	722,100	100	87		The weather has not been favourable since the submission of the first forecast Some damage was done by insects Hence the outturn is anticipated to fall below the normal
Bakarganj	1,400,000	1,395,000	1,400,000	89	100	November Normal	The weather has been favourable A normal outturn is expected
Chittagong	429,000	445,000	446,000	80	100	Ditto	The weather has been favourable A normal outturn is expected
Tippera ..	803,800	844,000	834,500	86	83		The weather has not been favourable owing to heavy rainfall in August which caused floods Some damage has been done to the crop by insect pests in parts of the Sadar subdivision
Noakhali .	705,000	601,000	680,300	75	65	November Normal	The weather has been fair Some damage has been done to the crop by flood in certain areas.
Chittagong Hill Tracts.	44,300	44,300	44,700	67	58	Not yet commenced	The weather has not been favourable owing to want of rain from which the crop suffered
Total Bengal.	16,442,400	15,590,000	15,585,600	84*	80		

* Director's estimate is 90 per cent.

APPENDIX II.

Abstract statement of the estimated acreage and outturn of the Winter Rice Crop of Bengal, 1933-34.

Province.	Area (in acres).							Yield (in tons).						
	Of current year's crop	Of previous year's crop.	Average of preceding—		Percentage by which column 2 exceeds (+), or is less than (−), area in—			Estimated yield of current year, i.e., of area in column 2.	Yield of previous year, i.e., of area in column 3	Average of preceding—		Percentage by which column 7 exceeds (+), or is less than (−), yield in—		
					Column 3.	Column 4.						Column 8.	Column 9.	
1	2	3	4		5	6		7	8	9		10	11	
			Five years.	*Ten years.*		*Five years.*	*Ten years*			*Five years.*	*Ten years.*		*Five years.*	*Ten years.*
Bengal..	15,535,000	15,590,000	14,810,000	15,087,500	−0·3	+4·9	+3·0	6,625,800	6,958,200	6,536,500	6,118,800	−4·8	+1·4	+3·2

APPENDIX III.

Statement showing the normal and actual rainfall (in inches) in each district in September and October 1933.

District.	September		October.	
	Normal	Actual	Normal	Actual.
	Inches	Inches	Inches	Inches.
24-Parganas	9·70	13·92	4·91	10·61
Nadia	7·75	11·21	3·91	2·87
Murshidabad	9·25	7·43	3·95	4·57
Jessore	8·58	12·95	4·54	3·27
Khulna	10·05	12·33	5·46	4·00
Burdwan	8·07	10·45	4·19	3·70
Birbhum	9·35	6·99	3·54	3·67
Bankura	8·11	7·09	3·47	3·03
Midnapore	8·71	12·72	5·31	7·56
Hooghly	8·54	9·43	3·91	6·97
Howrah	8·43	12·22	4·15	9·23
Rajshahi	9·99	11·42	4·24	2·66
Dinajpur	12·08	12·76	4·16	3·90
Jalpaiguri	22·24	11·97	6·35	6·83
Darjeeling	18·28	14·79	4·52	9·53
Rangpur	13·33	7·96	5·52	6·17
Bogra	10·42	11·93	4·73	4·75
Pabna	8·82	16·29	4·87	2·25
Malda	9·61	8·37	3·84	3·08
Dacca	9·16	9·87	4·90	2·58
Mymensingh	12·49	9·49	5·68	2·68
Faridpur	8·59	12·74	5·58	2·36
Bakarganj	11·97	12·82	6·79	2·76
Chittagong	13·21	15·21	7·01	3·80
Tippera	10·32	10·38	5·26	2·57
Noakhali	15·34	11·37	8·18	3·14
Chittagong Hill Tracts	13·25	13·30	6·22	3·41

Vital statistics of towns with a population of 50,000 and over of the Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 9th December 1933.

Districts.	Nos.	Towns.	Population under registration according to Census of 1931.			Births registered		Deaths registered.																								
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still-births).	Still-births registered.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Cerebrospinal meningitis	Malaria.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Kala-azar.	Other fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Influenza.	Pneumonia.	Phthisis.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries including suicide.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes. Male.	Total of all causes. Female.	Total of all causes. Total.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Male.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Female.	Total of corresponding week of the previous year. Total.
Calcutta ..	1	Calcutta ..	814,948	381,786	1,196,734	681	47	1	5	..	4	26	7	1		4	35	37	9	9	83	57	82	26	1	302	392	297	689	399	316	715
Burdwan ..	2	Asansol Mining Settlement.	209,544	173,136	382,680	210	7			..		4	1	..	..	..	51	2	.		8	2	6	1	5	49	71	58	129	77	56	133
Howrah ..	3	Howrah ..	145,120	79,753	224,873	160	2	1		.		3	6	.	.	..	4	11	18	.	14	6	14	2	1	54	72	62	134	63	46	109
Dacca ..	4	Dacca ..	79,365	59,153	138,518	119		1	1	.	..	3	1	.		2		1	3	.	16	2	13	1	2	22	35	33	68	44	34	78
24-Parganas ..	5	Bhatpara ..	60,134	24,841	84,975	29	1	..	1	..	.		.	.	..	..	11	..			4		1	..	2	4	13	10	23	15	6	21
Chittagong ..	6	Chittagong ..	35,049	18,107	53,156	23		..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	11	1			1	1	..	.		11	5	21	26	2	9	11

R. B. KHAMBATA, M.R.C.S. (ENG.), L.R.C.P. (LOND.), D.P.H. (CAMB.), *Director of Public Health, Bengal.*

Calcutta, the 14th December 1933.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Dacca, the 11th December 1933.

Monthly Weather and Crop Report of Bengal for the month of November 1933.

I. **Character of the season.**—During the month under review, the weather was practically dry throughout the Presidency. The usual rainfall statement is appended.

II. **Progress of agricultural operations.**—Preparatory tillage for and sowing of spring crops and harvesting of winter paddy were progressing under favourable conditions.

III. **State of standing crops.**—The condition of winter paddy, sugarcane and other standing crops was reported to be generally satisfactory.

IV. **Prospects and probable outturn.**—The outturn of autumn paddy is estimated at 85 per cent. and that of winter paddy at 86 per cent. of the normal.

V. **Damage to standing crops.**—No appreciable damage to the standing crops was reported from any part of the province.

VI. **Condition of agricultural stock.**—The condition of live-stock was generally fair. Sporadic cases of cattle-disease, however, were reported from ten districts and from the Cooch-Behar State.

VII. **Failure of pasturage and fodder.**—Insufficiency of fodder was reported from parts of 24-Parganas, Murshidabad and Midnapore.

VIII. **Prices of food grains.**—During the second fortnight of the month, the retail prices of common rice of the cheapest quality rose in three districts, fell in nine and remained stationary in the rest of the Presidency. The prices ranged from 9½ seers per rupee at Bakarganj to 18 seers per rupee in the Chittagong Hill Tracts.

IX. **Condition of agricultural population.**—The condition of agricultural population is, on the whole, fair, except in parts of Murshidabad, where distress continued.

S. ABDULLAH,
for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

Statement showing the normal and actual rainfall in each district during November 1933.

Division.	District.	Normal district rainfall for the month of November.	Actual district rainfall for the month of November 1933.	Variation from the normal.	Division.	District.	Normal district rainfall for the month of November.	Actual district rainfall for the month of November 1933.	Variation from the normal.
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.			Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
Presidency ..	24-Parganas .	0·82	0·00	0·82	Rajshahi concld.	Rangpur ..	0·30	Nil	−0·30
	Nadia ..	0·70	Nil	−0·70		Bogra ..	0·49	Nil	−0·49
	Murshidabad .	0·59	Nil	−0·59		Pabna ..	0·49	Nil	−0·49
	Jessore .	0·78	Nil	−0·78		Malda ..	0·42	Nil	−0·42
	Khulna .	0·88	0·00	−0·88					
Burdwan ..	Burdwan	0·72	Nil	−0·72	Dacca .	Dacca ..	0·78	Nil	−0·78
	Birbhum	0·49	Nil	−0·49		Mymensingh ..	0·64	Nil	−0·64
	Bankura	0·66	0·00	−0·66		Faridpur ..	0·73	Nil	−0·73
	Midnapore .	1·07	0·33	−0·74		Bakarganj ..	1·34	0·04	−1·30
	Hooghly	0·61	Nil	−0·61	Chittagong ..	Chittagong ..	2·37	0·44	−1·93
	Howrah	0·64	Nil	−0·64		Tippera ..	0·96	Nil	−0·96
Rajshahi ..	Rajshahi	0·50	Nil	−0·50		Noakhali ..	1·56	Nil	−1·56
	Dinajpur .	0·22	Nil	−0·22		Chittagong Hill Tracts.	1·83	0·80	−1·03
	Jalpaiguri .	0·47	0·30	−0·17	Cooch Behar ..	..	0·22	0·03	−0·19
	Darjeeling ..	0·62	0·43	−0·19	Tripura State ..	..	1·06	Nil	−1·06

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS.

For the week ending on the 13th December 1933.

Summary.—Dry weather continued. Sowing of spring crops is approaching completion. Harvesting of winter paddy is in brisk progress. Cutting and pressing of sugarcane continue. Prospects of standing crops are generally satisfactory. The average price of common rice for the province has fallen by about 0·95 per cent. as compared with that of the previous week.

Serial No.	District and subdivision	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
1	24-Parganas ..	Nil	11⅞	11 5/16	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Export and import are normal. No damage to crops. Foot and mouth disease of cattle is reported from some villages in the Habra police-station.
	Diamond Harbour.	Nil	10½	10½	
	Barrackpore ..	Nil	10½	10½	
	Baraset ..	Nil	10	10	
	Basirhat ..	Nil	12	10½	
2	Nadia ..	Nil	11½	11½	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Mirpur police-station in Kushtia subdivision.
	Kushtia ..	Nil	13½	(n)	
	Meherpur ..	Nil	13	13	
	Chuadanga ..	Nil	12	12	
	Ranaghat ..	Nil	11	11	
3	Murshidabad ..	Nil	14	13½	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are favourable. Outturn of winter paddy is reported to be good in Jangipur subdivision. Stock of rice is sufficient. No large import or export. Fodder and water are sufficient
	Lalbagh ..	Nil	14	14	
	Jangipur ..	Nil	14	14	
	Kandi ..	Nil	15½	15½	
4	Jessore ..	Nil	1[illegible]	13	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair in all places except in Narail subdivision. Harvesting of *aman* paddy continues. No large export or import. Fodder and water are sufficient except in Narail subdivision. Mortality of cattle for want of fodder is reported from Narail
	Jhenidah ..	Nil	11	11	
	Magura ..	Nil	11	11	
	Narail ..	Nil	10	10	
	Bongaon ..	Nil	11	11	
5	Khulna ..	Nil	12	10	Weather seasonable and its effects on crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Satkhira ..	Nil	14	(n)	
	Bagerhat ..	(n)	(n)	10	

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. This week.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. Previous week.	Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
6	Burdwan ..	Nil	13½	14	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Asansol ..	Nil	12	12	
	Katwa ..	Nil	14	13½	
	Kalna ..	Nil	11	(n)	
7	Birbhum ..	Nil	14	13	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Harvesting of winter paddy continues. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Rampurhat ..	Nil	14½	14½	
8	Bankura ..	0·00	13½	13½	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of winter paddy continues. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from thana Indus.
	Vishnupur ..	0.00	13¾	13¾	
9	Midnapore ..	Nil	14¾	14⅞	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of winter paddy continues. Growth of sugarcane is satisfactory. Dearth of fodder is reported from the flood affected areas of Contai.
	Contai ..	Nil	13	13	
	Tamluk ..	Nil	10½	10½	
	Ghatal ..	Nil	14½	14½	
	Jhargram ..	Nil	13½	13½	
10	Hooghly ..	Nil	13	13	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are, on the whole, fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Serampore ..	Nil	12	12	
	Arambagh ..	Nil	13½	13¼	
11	Howrah ..	Nil	10	10	Weather seasonable. Its effects on standing crops are favourable. Harvesting of winter paddy has commenced in places. No large export or import. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Uluberia ..	Nil	11½	11½	
12	Rajshahi (Rampur-Boalia).	Nil	15	15	Weather seasonable and its effects are favourable. Harvesting of sugarcane and *aman* paddy continues. Prospect of *rabi* crops at Sadar is poor. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Naogaon ..	Nil	15	16	
	Nator ..	Nil	12	12	
13	Dinajpur ..	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable. Its effects on agricultural operations are favourable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Thakurgaon ..	Nil	10	10	
	Balurghat ..	Nil	13	13	
14	Jalpaiguri ..	Nil	8	10	Patches of clouds are seen. Otherwise weather seasonable. Harvesting of winter paddy continues. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Alipur ..	Nil	9	9	

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
15	Darjeeling ..	Nil	9	9	Weather cold and favourable. Harvesting of winter rice continues. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Kurseong ..	Nil	10	11	
	Siliguri ..	Nil	10½	10½	
	Kalimpong ..	Nil	7	7	
16	Rangpur ..	Nil	10	10	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* paddy continues Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Nilphamari ..	Nil	10	(*n*)	
	Kurigram ..	(*n*)	(*n*)	10¼	
	Gaibandha ..	Nil	10½	(*n*)	
17	Bogra ..	Nil	13½	13½	Effects of weather on standing crops are fair. Prospects of *rabi* crops do not seem to be fair for absence of rainfall. Harvesting of *aman* paddy continues. Fodder and water are sufficient.
18	Pabna ..	Nil	13⅛	13⅛	Weather seasonable. Condition of standing *aman* paddy and *rabi* crops is good. Harvesting of *aman* paddy is in rapid progress. Yield is good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Serajganj ..	Nil	11	11	
19	Malda ..	Nil	14½	14½	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Harvesting of winter rice continues. Fodder and water are available.
20	Cooch-Behar ..	Nil	14 9/16	14½	Weather seasonable. Sowing of mustard seed is finished and transplantation of tobacco seedlings is going on Harvesting of *haimanti* paddy is in progress Prospects and condition of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
21	Dacca ...	Nil	10¾	11	Weather seasonable and its effects on agricultural operations are good. Rainfall at North Sadar (Kapasia) nil. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Manikganj ..	Nil	11	10¾	
	Narayanganj	Nil	10	10	
	Munshiganj ..	Nil	12	12	
22	Mymensingh ..	Nil	10½	10	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops are fair. Some damage by insects to winter crops is reported from Netrokona. Harvesting of *aman* paddy continues. No export or import. Fodder and water are available.
	Jamalpur ..	Nil	11½	11	
	Tangail ..	Nil	10½	10½	
	Netrakona ..	Nil	11½	12½	
	Kishorganj ..	Nil	10	10	

(*n*) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. This week.	Previous week.	Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
1	2	3*	4	5	6
		Inches			
23	Faridpur ..	Nil	11	11	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are generally fair. Harvesting of *aman* paddy continues. Paddy is reported as being damaged by insects in Goalundo subdivision. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Goalundo (Rajbari).	Nil	11	11	
	Madaripur ..	Nil	11½	12	
	Gopalganj (*a*) ..	Nil	13	13	
24	Bakarganj (Barisal).	Nil	9¼	9⅝	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Pirojpur ..	Nil	11	8½	
	Patuakhali ..	(*n*)	(*n*)	9¼	
	Dakshin Shabazpur (Bhola).	Nil	9½	9½	
25	Chittagong ..	Nil	11 12*	11 12*	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crop are fair. Harvesting of *aman* and sowing of *rabi* crops continue. Fodder and water are insufficient in some places. Panga salt sells at 13 seers per rupee at Sadar and 12 seers at Cox's Bazar.
	Cox's Bazar ..	Nil	13	13	
26	Tippera (Comilla).	Nil	13	10	Weather fair.
	Brahmanbaria	Nil	12	12	
	Chandpur ..	Nil	11½	11½	
27	Noakhali ..	Nil	11	11	Weather seasonable. Prospects of *aman* crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Feni ..	Nil	14	14	
28	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Nil	15	16	Weather seasonable. Its effects on agricultural operations and standing crops are favourable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease still prevails.
29	Tripura State	Nil	14½	14½	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Condition of cattle is good. Cotton sells at Rs. 9 to Rs. 14 and jute at Re. 1-8 to Rs. 5 per maund.

*Burma rice. (*n*) Not reported.

(*a*) The rainfall at Haridaspur, which is very near to Gopalganj, is shown here.

Dacca, the 18th December 1933.

S. ABDULLAH, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

FORM O—BENGAL.

STATEMENT OF COTTON PRESSED IN THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY FOR THE WEEK ENDING THE 8th DECEMBER 1933.

[Section 5 (2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

Name of Division or block.	Number of bales pressed.				District included in the block.
	During the week.	During the correspond-ing week last year.	Since 1st September 1933 (the date prescribed by the Local Government as the commence ment of the season).	During the corresponding period last year.	
The Bengal Presidency	337 bales of 400 lbs each.	11	2,665	2,317	All districts in the Presidency.

J. B. McBRIDE,

Chief Inspector of Factories, Bengal (offg.).

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN BENGAL

Note. The total and the average rainfall for all districts have been

Division and district.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Presidency.								
24-Parganas ..	Saugor Island (Observatory)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Diamond Harbour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Budge-Budge	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Canning Town	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Alipore (Observatory)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Barrackpore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dum-Dum*							
	Baraset	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Basirhat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Gosaba	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nadia ..	Ranaghat	..	..	..	..	..		..
	Krishnagar (Observatory)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chuadanga	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Moherpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kushtia	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Haringhata	..	..	..	..		..	..
Murshidabad ..	Kandi		..	..	..	..	..	..
	Berhampore (Observatory)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Lalbagh	..	..		..	..	..	..
	Azimganj*							
	Jangipur	..	..		..	..	..	..
	Lalgola	..	..		..	..	..	..
	Akriganj	..	..		..	..	..	..
	Patkabari	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dumkal	..	..		..	..	..	..
	Kallyanganj (Ishanpur)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Khargram*							
	Bharatpore*							
Jessore ..	Narail	..	..	..		..	..	..
	Jessore (Observatory)	..	..		..		..	..
	Jhenida	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Magura	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bongaon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Khulna ..	Satkhira (Observatory)	..	..		..	..	..	..
	Bagerhat		..	..		..	..	..
	Khulna (Observatory)	..	..	..	..		..	..
	Kaliganj	..	..	..		..	..	..
	Nakipur*							
	Dumuria	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Rampal	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kalaroa	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Paikgachha (Raruli)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mullahat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Morelganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ismailkati	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Burdwan.								
Burdwan ..	Kalna	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Burdwan (Observatory)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Katwa *							
	Asansol (Observatory)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mankar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mangalkot*							
	Royna	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Monteswar*							
Birbhum ..	Suri	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Hetampur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Rampurhat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bolpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Murarai*							
	Labpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

*Not reported.

FOR THE MONTH OF NOVEMBER 1933.

calculated using the data of only those stations for which normals are available

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN BENGAL.

Division and district.	Station.	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Presidency.								
24-Parganas ..	Saugor Island (Observatory) ..	0·02	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Diamond Harbour ..	.	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Budge-Budge	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Canning Town	..	.	..	..	..	..	..
	Alipore (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Barrackpore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dum-Dum*							
	Barasat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Basirhat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Gosaba	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nadia ..	Ranaghat	.	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Krishnagar (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chuadanga	.	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Meherpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kushtia	.	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Haringhata	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Murshidabad ..	Kandi		..	..	..	..	..	..
	Berhampore (Observatory) ..	..	.	..	..	..	..	..
	Lalbagh	..	..	.	..	..	..	..
	Azimgunj*							
	Jangipur	..	.	..	.	..	..	..
	Lalgola	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Akriganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Patkabari	.	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dumkal	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kallyangunj (Ishanpur) ..	..	.	..	..	..	..	..
	Khargram*							
	Bharatpore*							
Jessore ..	Narail	..	..	.	..	..	..	..
	Jessore (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jhenida	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Magura	..	..	..	..	..	.	..
	Bongaon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Khulna ..	Satkhira (Observatory) ..	..	0·01	..	..	..	..	..
	Bagerhat	.	..	.	..	..	..	..
	Khulna (Observatory) ..	.	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kaliganj		..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nakipur*							
	Dumuria	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Rampal	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kalaroa	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Paikgachha (Raruli) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mullahat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Morelganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ismailkati	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Burdwan.								
Burdwan ..	Kalna	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Burdwan (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Katwa*							
	Asansol (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mankar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mangalkot*							
	Royna	.	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Monteswar*							
Birbhum ..	Suri	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Hetampur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Rampurhat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bolpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Murarai*							
	Labpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Not reported.

FOR THE MONTH OF NOVEMBER 1933.

28	29	30	31	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Normal rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 1st October to 30th November 1933.	Normal rainfall from 1st October to 30th November 1933.
..	..	..		Nil	1·4	0·02	1·47	0·02	20·12	9·61
..	..	..		Nil	1·2	Nil	0·91	Nil	8·55	6·11
..	..	..		Nil	1·1	Nil	0·65	Nil	13·25	5·46
..	..	..		Nil	1·2	Nil	1·13	Nil	10·10	5·83
..	..	..		Nil	1·0	Nil	0·66	Nil	9·71	4·85
..	..	..		Nil	1·0	Nil	0·71	Nil	8·77	4·53
					1·0		0·61			5·06
..		..		Nil	1·0	Nil	0·58	Nil	8·40	4·89
..	..	..		Nil	1·0	Nil	0·63	Nil	3·76	5·23
..	..	..		Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	6·63	(n)
..	..	..		Nil	0·8	Nil	0·69	Nil	4·10	4·29
..	..	..		Nil	1·2	Nil	0·98	Nil	1·52	5·36
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·90	Nil	2·28	5·25
..	..	..		Nil	0·8	Nil	0·60	Nil	4·09	4·72
..		..		Nil	0·9	Nil	0·69	Nil	2·88	5·18
..		..		Nil	0·5	Nil	0·32	Nil	2·35	2·83
..	..	..		Nil	0·8	Nil	0·71	Nil	8·30	4·49
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·62	Nil	4·94	4·82
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·66	Nil	3·78	5·22
					0·6		0·46			4·48
..	..	..		Nil	0·6	Nil	0·46	Nil	4·69	4·28
..	..	..		Nil	0·6	Nil	0·46	Nil	3·45	4·43
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·50	Nil	4·22	4·26
..	..	..		Nil	0·8	Nil	0·70	Nil	3·81	3·99
..	..	..		Nil	0·6	Nil	0·63	Nil	5·52	4·02
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·69	Nil	1·55	5·39
					(n)		(n)			(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
..	..	..		Nil	0·9	Nil	0·80	Nil	1·70	5·27
..	..	..		Nil	1·1	Nil	1·02	Nil	2·81	5·91
..	..	..		Nil	1·0	Nil	0·74	Nil	5·48	5·19
..	..	..		Nil	1·0	Nil	0·78	Nil	2·75	5·03
..	..	..		Nil	0·9	Nil	0·56	Nil	3·59	5·18
..	..	..		Nil	1·1	0·01	0·68	0·01	1·01	5·38
..	..	..		Nil	1·2	Nil	0·97	Nil	2·80	6·10
..	..	..		Nil	1·2	Nil	0·75	Nil	4·61	5·48
..	..	..		Nil	0·9	Nil	0·79	Nil	3·18	7·73
					1·0		0·96			6·09
..	..	..		Nil	0·8	Nil	0·81	Nil	4·18	5·65
..	..	..		Nil	1·0	Nil	1·06	Nil	5·15	6·25
..	..	..		Nil	1·0	Nil	0·55	Nil	5·68	5·87
..	..	..		Nil	0·8	Nil	0·77	Nil	4·10	6·83
..	..	..		Nil	1·0	Nil	1·08	Nil	1·95	6·94
..	..	..		Nil	1·3	Nil	1·31	Nil	1·30	7·15
..	..	..		Nil	1·2	Nil	0·80	Nil	7·18	6·21
..	..	..		Nil	0·8	Nil	0·86	Nil	4·24	4·60
..	..	..		Nil	1·0	Nil	0·86	Nil	2·56	4·29
					0·7		0·65			4·63
..	..	..		Nil	1·2	Nil	0·69	Nil	1·85	3·48
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·68	Nil		3·55
					0·7		1·03			6·16
..	..	..		Nil	0·9	Nil	0·89	Nil		6·67
					0·5		0·26			5·88
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·42	Nil	4·81	3·82
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·49	Nil	3·06	3·67
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·48	Nil	3·12	4·26
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·55	Nil	3·87	6·87
					0·7		0·45			4·10
..	..	..		Nil	0·6	Nil	0·58	Nil	5·47	4·49

(n) Not ascertained.

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN BENGAL

Division and district.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Burdwan—*concld.*								
Bankura ..	Bankura (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Vishnupur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Maliara ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Khatra ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Indas ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kotulpur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Onda* ..							
	Gangajalghati ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Raipur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sonamukhi ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Taldangra ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Saranga* ..							
	Indpur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Arhara* ..							
	Barjora ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Simlapal ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mejia ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Siromanipur* ..							
	Palasdanga* ..							
	Chatna* ..							
	Ranibandh ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Saltora* ..							
	Joypur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ambikanagar* ..							
	Joyrampur* ..							
Midnapore ..	Contai ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tamluk ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Midnapore (Observatory)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ghatal ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kukrahati ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Amlagora ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Panskura ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dantan ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chandrakona* ..							
	Pachet ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bhagwanpur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kashiary* ..							
	Nayabasan ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Silda (Belpahari) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Goaltore* ..							
	Salboni ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Narayangarh* ..							
	Ramnagar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mohanpur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jonka (Khajri) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nandigram* ..							
	Moyna ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pingla ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Narajole* ..							
	Kolaghat (Daman)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Balichak ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jhargram ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kharagpur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hooghly ..	Serampore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Hooghly ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Arambagh ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chanditala* ..							
	Tentulia ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Boinchee* ..							
	Khanakul ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tarakeswar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Howrah ..	Howrah ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Uluberia ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Amta* ..							
Rajshahi.								
Rajshahi ..	Boalia (Observatory)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nator ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Naugaon ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Lalpur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Manda ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mahadebpur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tanor ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chaugram* ..							
	Joari* ..							
	Badalgachi ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

*Not reported.

FOR THE MONTH OF NOVEMBER 1933.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
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DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN BENGAL

Division and district.	Station.	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Burdwan—*concld.*								
Bankura	Bankura (Observatory)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Vishnupur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mahara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Khatra	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Indas	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kotalpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Onda*							
	Gangajalghati	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Raipur	0·01	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sonamukhi	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Taldangra	..	..	..	..	.	..	..
	Saranga*							
	Indpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Arhara*							
	Barjora	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Simlapal	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mejia	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Siromanipur*							
	Palasdanga*							
	Chaftna*							
	Ranibandh	0·10	..	..	.	..	..	..
	Saltora*							
	Joypur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ambikanagar*							
	Joyrampur*							
Midnapore	Contai	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tamluk	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Midnapore (Observatory)	0·41	..	..	..	.	..	..
	Ghatal	..	.	..	..	..	..	..
	Kukrahati	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Amlagura	..	..		..	..	..	..
	Panskura	1·20	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dantan	0·04	..	..	.		.	..
	Chandrakona*							
	Pachet	..	..		..	..	..	..
	Bhagwanpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kashiary*							
	Nayabasan	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Silda (Belpahari)	..	..	..	.	..	..	..
	Goaltore*							
	Salboni	..	..	..	.	..	..	..
	Narayangarh*							
	Ramnagar	..	..	..	.	..	..	..
	Mohanpur	..	..	.	..	..	..	..
	Jenka (Khajri)	0·07	0·10	..	.	..	..	..
	Nandigram*							
	Moyna	1·15	..	.	..	..	..	..
	Pingla	0 30	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Narajole*							
	Kolaghat (Dainan)	0·25	.	..	.	..	..	..
	Balichak	1·07		..	..	..	..	..
	Jhargram	0·18		..	..	..	..	..
	Kharagpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hooghly	Serampore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Hooghly	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Arambagh	.	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chanditala*							
	Tentulia	.	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Boinchee*							
	Khanakul	.	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tarakeswar	.	..	..	..	..	..	..
Howrah	Howrah	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Uluberia	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Amta*							
Rajshahi.								
Rajshahi	Boalia (Observatory)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nator	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Naugaon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Lalpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Manda	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mahadebpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tanor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chaugram*							
	Joari*							
	Badalgachi	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Not reported.

FOR THE MONTH OF NOVEMBER 1933.

28	29	30		Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Normal rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 1st October to 30th November 1933.	Normal rainfall from 1st October to 30th November 1933.
..	..	..		Nil	1·1	Nil	0·64	Nil	2·35	3·55
..	..	..		Nil	0·8	Nil	0·61	Nil	6·00	3·66
..	..	..		Nil	0·8	Nil	0·44	Nil	1·10	3·43
..	..	..		Nil	1·0	Nil	0·70	Nil	2·63	4·00
..	..	..		Nil	0·9	Nil	0·62	Nil	2·12	3·41
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·75	Nil	4·96	4·56
					0·8		0·45			3·28
..	..	..		Nil	0·8	Nil	0·60	Nil	0·49	3·35
..	..	..		Nil	1·0	0·01	0·67	0·01	3·30	4·28
..	..	..		Nil	0·8	Nil	0·71	Nil	3·31	3·78
..	..	..		Nil	1·2	Nil	0·82	Nil	4·19	6·05
					1·3		0·91			5·11
..	..	..		Nil	1·5	Nil	0·69	Nil	2·72	5·70
					(n)		(n)			(n)
..	..	..		Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	0·71	(n)
..	..	..		Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	..	(n)
..	..	..		Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	0·27	(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
..	..	.		1	(n)	0·10	(n)	0·10	1·77	(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
..	..	.		Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	3·38	(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
..	..	..		Nil	1·2	Nil	1·27	Nil	16·57	8·28
..	..	..		1	1·0	0·76	0·66	0·76	7·10	5·01
..	..	..		1	1·1	0·41	0·83	0·41	5·19	4·70
..	..	..		Nil	0·8	Nil	0·71	Nil	3·92	1·15
..	..	..		Nil	1·1	Nil	0·90	Nil	7·81	5·94
..	..	..		Nil	0·8	Nil	0·87	Nil		4·23
..	..	.		1	1·0	1·20	1·06	1·20	7·75	4·71
..	..	..		Nil	1·0	0·04	1·04	0·04	9·48	5·95
					0·6		0·80			4·63
..	..	..		Nil	0·8	Nil	0·80	Nil		6·11
..	..	..		Nil	0·9	Nil	0·88	Nil	10·28	5·67
					1·3		1·10			6·96
..	..	..		Nil	1·6	Nil	2·17	Nil	2·70	5·78
..	..	..		Nil	1·1	Nil	0·67	Nil	3·08	4·55
					0·8		0·60			5·63
..	..	..		Nil	1·0	Nil	1·25	Nil	4·48	5·41
					1·4		1·70			7·16
..	..	..		Nil	1·2	0·08	1·78	0·08	18·76	10·44
..	..	..		Nil	0·9	0·02	1·08	0·02	4·05	8·95
..	..	..		1	1·3	0·17	1·55	0·10	14·69	8·82
					0·9		1·05			7·97
..	..	..		2	1·0	2·15	1·21	1·15	8·30	6·42
..	..	..		2	0·8	0·80	0·69	0·50	6·90	5·90
					0·7		0·98			7·37
..	..	..		1	(n)	0·25	(n)	0·25	4·12	(n)
..	..	..		1	(n)	1·07	(n)	1·07	6·60	(n)
..	..	..		1	(n)	0·18	(n)	0·18	4·11	(n)
..	..	..		Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	7·81	(n)
..	..	..		Nil	0·9	Nil	0·61	Nil	8·75	4·70
..	..	..		Nil	0·9	Nil	0·66	Nil	7·66	4·53
..	..	..		Nil	0·8	Nil	0·56	Nil	1·49	4·43
					(n)		(n)			(n)
..	..	..		Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	..	(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
..	..	..		Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	6·47	(n)
..	..	..		Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	..	(n)
..	..	..		Nil	0·9	Nil	0·52	Nil	10·91	4·79
..	..	..		Nil	1·1	Nil	0·68	Nil	10·12	4·49
					1·1		0·75		..	5·14
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·49	Nil	1·74	4·22
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·52	Nil	5·61	4·73
..	..	..		Nil	0·6	Nil	0·58	Nil	2·80	4·95
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·70	Nil	1·75	4·57
..	..	..		Nil	0·6	Nil	0·44	Nil	2·09	4·45
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·44	Nil	1·75	4·87
..	..	..		Nil	0·4	Nil	0·36	Nil	3·01	5·40
					(n)					(n)
					(n)					(n)
..	..	..		Nil	(n)	Nil		Nil	..	(n)

(n) Not ascertained.

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN BENGAL

Division and district.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rajshahi—*concld.*								
Dinajpur ..	Nithpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nawabganj*							
	Gangarampur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Itahar*							
	Raiganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dinajpur (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Balurghat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Thakurgaon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Setabganj*							
	Ramganj*							
	Atwari*							
	Birganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Parbatipur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Patnitola	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sapahar*							
Jalpaiguri ..	Jalpaiguri (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Alipur Duars	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Falakata*							
	Debiganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Buxa	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kalchini	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kumargram*							
Darjeeling ..	Siliguri	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Darjeeling (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kalimpong	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mongpoo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kurseong	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pedong	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rangpur ..	Bhawaniganj (Gaibandha) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Rangpur (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pirganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kurigaon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Gobindganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bagdogra (Nilphamari) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ulipur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sunderganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Saidpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bogra ..	Sherpur*							
	Nowkhulla*							
	Bogra (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Panchbibi	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Khetlal	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Adamdighi*							
	Dubchanchia	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pabna ..	Shazadpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pabna	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sirajganj (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Iswardi*							
Malda ..	Malda (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chanchal	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Gazol	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sibganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Gomastapur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nawabganj*							
Dacca.								
Dacca ..	Munshiganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dacca	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nawabganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Narayanganj (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Narsingdi*							
	Manickganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Joydebpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kapasia	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Not reported.

FOR THE MONTH OF NOVEMBER 1933.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
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..	..	..	..	..	0·09	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
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..	..	0·36	0·52	0·06	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	0·01	..	0·07	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	0·02	0·65	0·07	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	0·01	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	0·01	0·05	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	0·13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	0·38	0·80	0·01	..	..	..	..	..	..
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DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN BENGAL

Division and district.	Station.	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Rajshahi—*concld.*								
Dinajpur ..	Nithpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nawabganj*							
	Gangarampur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Itahar*							
	Raiganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dinajpur (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Balurghat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Thakurgaon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Setabganj*							
	Ramganj*							
	Atwari*							
	Birganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Parbatipur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Patnitola	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sapahar*							
Jalpaiguri ..	Jalpaiguri (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Alipur Duars	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Falakata*							
	Debiganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Buxa	0·01	..	0·27	..	..	..	..
	Kalchini	..	..	..	0·12	..	..	..
	Kumargram* ..							
Darjeeling ..	Siliguri	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Darjeeling (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kalimpong	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mongpoo	0·02	0·03	..	..	..	..	..
	Kurseong	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pedong	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rangpur ..	Bhawaniganj (Gaibandha) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Rangpur (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pirganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kurigaon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Gobindganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bagdogra (Nilphamari) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ulipur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sundarganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Saidpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bogra ..	Sherpur*							
	Nowkhilla*							
	Bogra (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Panchbibi	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Khetlal	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Adamdighi*							
	Dubchanchia	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pabna ..	Shazadpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pabna	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sirajganj (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Iswardi*							
Malda ..	Malda (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chanchal	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Gazol	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sibganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Gomastapur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nawabganj*							
Dacca.								
Dacca ..	Munshiganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dacca	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nawabganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Narayanganj (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Narsingdi*							
	Manickganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Joydebpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kapasia	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

*Not reported.

FOR THE MONTH OF NOVEMBER 1933.

28	29	30		Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Normal rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 1st October to 30th November 1933.	Normal rainfall from 1st October to 30th November 1933.
..	..	..		Nil	0·3	Nil	0·321	Nil	3·11	4·02
					0·4		0·18			5·19
..	..	..		Nil	0·3	Nil	0·13	Nil	4·26	4·31
					0·5		0·26			3·48
..	..	..		Nil	0·4	Nil	0·19	Nil	3·97	3·59
..	..	..		Nil	0·4	Nil	0·22	Nil	3·25	4·47
..	..	..		Nil	0·5	Nil	0·32	Nil	3·81	4·47
..	..	..		Nil	0·2	Nil	0·19	Nil	7·03	4·28
					0·4		0·16			3·88
					0·3		0·25			3·99
					0·0		0·00			3·48
..	..	..		Nil	0·4	Nil	0·30	Nil	6·26	5·15
..	..	..		Nil	0·5	Nil	0·33	Nil	3·33	5·38
..	..	..		Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil		(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
..	..	..		Nil	0·4	Nil	0·20	Nil	7·57	5·10
..	..	..		Nil	0·5	0·09	0·26	0·09	6·43	5·41
					0·5		0·30			4·59
..	..	..		Nil	0·3	Nil	0·17	Nil	6·22	4·00
..	..	..		3	2·0	1·22	0·90	0·52	8·88	10·87
..	..	..		1	1·5	0·20	0·64	0·12	6·58	6·83
					1·3		0·56			9·71
..	..	..		Nil	0·8	Nil	0·43	Nil	15·32	6·51
..	..	..		1	1·1	0·74	0·78	0·65	10·15	5·32
..	..	..		Nil	1·0	0·01	0·62	0·01	7·99	5·77
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	0·11	0·65	0·05	8·44	4·59
..	..	..		1	1·1	0·13	0·49	0·13	8·14	6·18
..	..	..		2	1·4	1·19	0·73	0·80	9·29	4·44
..	..	..		Nil	0·4	Nil	0·30	Nil	6·54	6·03
..	..	..		Nil	0·3	Nil	0·21	Nil	9·71	5·57
..	..	..		Nil	0·5	Nil	0·46	Nil	2·83	6·26
..	..	..		Nil	0·2	Nil	0·21	Nil	7·92	5·53
..	..	..		Nil	0·6	Nil	0·43	Nil	1·89	5·96
..	..	..		Nil	0·2	Nil	0·14	Nil	9·20	4·30
..	..	..		Nil	0·3	Nil	0·33	Nil	6·87	7·00
..	..	..		Nil	0·5	Nil	0·33	Nil	5·64	6·68
..	..	..		Nil	0·2	Nil	0·23	Nil	4·93	4·99
					0·7		0·60			5·04
					0·6		0·52			5·65
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·74	Nil	4·75	5·70
..	..	..		Nil	0·6	Nil	0·31	Nil	2·13	5·24
..	..	..		Nil	0·1	Nil	0·28	Nil		4·48
					(n)		(n)			(n)
..	..	..		Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil		(n)
..	..	..		Nil	0·6	Nil	0·24	Nil	1·67	5·41
..	..	..		Nil	0·9	Nil	0·57	Nil	3·69	4·99
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·62	Nil	1·40	5·56
					1·9		0·55			5·42
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·35	Nil	2·17	4·69
..	..	..		Nil	0·4	Nil	0·26	Nil	6·27	3·06
..	..	..		Nil	0·4	Nil	0·32	Nil	2·74	3·85
..	..	..		Nil	0·6	Nil	0·50	Nil	2·63	4·07
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·54	Nil	2·55	5·33
					0·6		0·56			4·57
..	..	..		Nil	1·3	Nil	1·03	Nil	2·58	6·59
..	..	..		Nil	1·2	Nil	0·84	Nil	4·54	5·44
..	..	..		Nil	0·6	Nil	0·39	Nil	0·88	5·20
..	..	..		Nil	1·1	Nil	0·98	Nil	2·71	6·05
					0·9		0·83			6·33
..	..	..		Nil	1·0	Nil	0·89	Nil	2·58	5·05
..	..	..		Nil	1·1	Nil	0·98	Nil	1·56	5·72
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·31	Nil	2·68	4·96

(n) Not ascertained.

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN BENGAL

Division and district.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Dacca—*concld.*								
Mymensingh ..	Kishorganj ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Atia (Tangail) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sarisabari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mymensingh (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jamalpur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Notrokona ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pingna	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Durgapur* ..							
	Sherpur (Town) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dowanganj ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nalitabari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Faridpur ..	Madaripur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Faridpur (Observatoty) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Rajbari (Goalundo) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Haridaspur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Takerhat ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bhanga ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pangsa ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bajiakandi ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bhusna ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Palong* ..							
Bakarganj ..	Patuakhali ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Barguna ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pirojpur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Barisal (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Gaurnadi* ..							
	Bhola	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Daulatkhan ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bauphal ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chittagong.								
Chittagong ..	Cox's Bazar (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chittagong (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kutubdia ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Satkania* ..							
	Mirsarai ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Rangunia ..	..	..	..	0·40	..	..	0·20
Tippera ..	Comilla (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chandpur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Brahmanbaria ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ramchandrapur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nasirnagar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Daudkandi* ..							
	Kasba* ..							
	Laksam* ..							
Noakhali ..	Noakhali (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Feni	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Harishpur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ramganj ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chhagalnaya* ..							
	Hatiya ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Lakhimpur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rangamati ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bandarban ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Barkal ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mahalchhari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Lama . ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ramgarh ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Manikseri ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dighinala* ..							
	Mainmukh ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kaptai ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0·01
	Panchhari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nakhyongchhari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tripura State ..	Agartala ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cooch-Behar ..	Dinhata ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Cooch-Behar (Observatory) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mekliganj ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mathabhanga ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Fulbaria (Tufanganj) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Not reported.

FOR THE MONTH OF NOVEMBER 1933.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
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0·03	0·24	1·00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
0·19	0·29	0·02	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
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..	0·18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	0·22	0·18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	0·25	0·04	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
0·24	0·02	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2·65	1·00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
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0·41	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
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0·03	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	0·30	0·32	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
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..	..	..	..	..	0·07	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	0·03	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	0·03	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN BENGAL

Division and district.	Station.	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Dacca—*concld.*								
Mymensingh	Kishorganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Atia (Tangail)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sarisabari	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mymensingh (Observatory)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jamalpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Netrokona	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pingna	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Durgapur*							
	Sherpur (Town)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dewanganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nalitabari	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Faridpur	Madaripur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Faridpur (Observatory)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Rajbari (Goalundo)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Haridaspur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Takerhat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bhanga	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pangsa	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bahakandi	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bhusna	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Palong*							
Bakarganj	Patuakhali	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Barguna	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pirojpur	..	0·19	..	..	..	..	..
	Barisal (Observatory)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Gaurnadi*							
	Bhola	..	0·03	..	..	..	..	..
	Daulatkhan	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bauphal	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chittagong.								
Chittagong	Cox's Bazar (Observatory)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chittagong (Observatory)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kutubdia	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Satkania*							
	Mirsarai	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Rangunia	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tippera	Comilla (Observatory)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chandpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Brahmanbaria	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ramchandrapur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nasirnagar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Daudkandi*							
	Kasba*							
	Laksam*							
Noakhali	Noakhali (Observatory)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Feni	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Harishpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ramganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chhagalnaya*							
	Hatiya	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Lakhimpur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rangamati	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bandarban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Barkal	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mahalchari	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Lama	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ramgarh	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Manikseri	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dighinala *							
	Mainmukh	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kaptai	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Panchhari	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nakhyongchhari	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tripura State	Agartala	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cooch-Behar	Dinhata	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Cooch-Behar (Observatory)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mickliganj	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mathabhanga	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Fulbaria (Tufanganj)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Not reported.

Dacca, the 12th December 1933.

FOR THE MONTH OF NOVEMBER 1933.

28	29	30	31	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Normal rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 1st October to 30th November 1933.	Normal rainfall from 1st October to 30th November 1933.
..	..	..		Nil	1·0	Nil	0 79	Nil	2·88	6·67
..	..	.		Nil	0·8	Nil	0·51	Nil	1 73	4·86
..	..	..		Nil	0·6	Nil	0·18	Nil	2·40	5·81
..	..	..		Nil	0·9	Nil	0·88	Nil	3·77	6·68
..	..	.		Nil	0 6	Nil	0·46	Nil	3·55	5·68
..	..	.		Nil	0 8	Nil	0·76	Nil	2·24	7·81
..	..	..		Nil	0·2	Nil	0·18	Nil	2·08	5·40
					0·6		0 80			8·13
..	..	..		Nil	0·8	Nil	0·78	Nil	4 23	6·13
..	..	..		Nil	0 6	Nil	0·63	Nil	1·17	6·15
..	..	..		Nil	0·8	Nil	0 72	Nil	2·45	6·16
..	..			Nil	1·0	Nil	0·81	Nil	3·14	5·50
..	.	..		Nil	1·3	Nil	1·10	Nil	3·20	5·84
..	..	.		Nil	0·9	Nil	0·87	Nil	1·51	5·30
..	..	.		Nil	1·2	Nil	0·87	Nil	1·38	6·46
..	..	..		Nil	0·9	Nil	0·67	Nil	1·68	5·69
..	..	..		Nil	1·2	Nil	0·58	Nil	3·08	6·41
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0·54	Nil	3·97	5·72
..	..	..		Nil	0·7	Nil	0 36	Nil	2·00	6·42
..	..	..		Nil	1·2	Nil	0·79	Nil	1·66	7·47
					1·3		0·74			8·30
..	..	.		Nil	1 4	Nil	1·61	Nil	3·97	9·62
..	.	..		Nil	1·0	Nil	1·06	Nil	4·37	9·78
..	..	..		1	1·4	0·19	1·19	0·19	7·10	6·74
..	..	..		Nil	1·6	Nil	1·48	Nil	1·05	7·74
					1·4		1·08			5·98
..	.	..		Nil	1·4	0·03	1·37	0·03	1·34	7·97
..	..	..		Nil	1·8	Nil	1·50	Nil	1·74	8·65
..	..	..		Nil	1 5	Nil	1·40	Nil	1 58	8·55
..	..	..		2	3 5	1·27	4·94	1·00	3·62	5 60
..	..	.		2	1·8	0·50	1·87	0·29	5·52	2·57
..	..	.		Nil	2·2	Nil	2·48	Nil	2 17	3·00
					2·1		1·79			2·17
..	..	..		Nil	1·6	Nil	1·38	Nil	5 65	8·81
..	.	.		2	(n)	0 60	(n)	0·40	3 15	(n)
..	..	.		Nil	1 4	Nil	0·95	Nil	3 01	6 93
..	..	..		Nil	1·2	Nil	0·87	Nil	2·38	6·58
..	..	..		Nil	1·2	Nil	0·76	Nil	5·91	5·98
..	..	..		Nil	1·2	Nil	1·11	Nil	4·35	6 73
..	..	..		Nil	1·1	Nil	0·85	Nil	Nil	6 05
					1·1		0·97			5·15
					1·3		1·11			5·56
					1 3		1 04			6·79
.	..	..		Nil	1 7	Nil	1 60	Nil	2 39	9·71
..	..			Nil	1 9	Nil	1·94	Nil	2·11	9·38
..	..	..		Nil	1·7	Nil	1·57	Nil	5·08	10·74
.	..	..		Nil	1·1	Nil	1·13	Nil	1 98	7 50
					1·5		1 54			10·28
..	..	..		Nil	1·8	Nil	2 00	Nil	5 57	11·31
..	..	..		Nil	1·1	Nil	1 16	Nil	1 70	8·92
..	..	..		1	2·2	0 18	1 73	0·18	0 52	8·33
..	..	..		2	2·3	0 40	1 82	0·22	3 84	8·84
..	..	..		1	2·5	0·29	1·61	0 25	1 69	8·96
..	..	..		1	2·0	0·26	1·29	0·24	3·67	7·42
..	..	..		2	2·8	3·65	2 57	2·65	10·37	7·28
..	..	..		Nil	2·2	Nil	1 93	Nil	5·15	7·45
..	..	..		1	(n)	0 41	(n)	0·41	3 74	(n)
					(n)		(n)			(n)
..	..	..		Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	3·63	(n)
..	..	..		Nil	(n)	0·04	(n)	0·03	1·93	(n)
..	..	.		Nil	(n)	Nil	(n)	Nil	2·76	(n)
..	..	..		2	(n)	0·62	(n)	0·32	3·22	(n)
..	..	..		Nil	1·3	Nil	1 06	Nil	1·22	6·20
..	..	.		Nil	0·5	Nil	0 25	Nil	5 68	6·07
..	..	..		Nil	0·4	0·07	0·19	0·07	5·95	6·50
..	..	..		Nil	0·2	Nil	0 14	Nil	8·54	5·33
..	..	..		Nil	0·2	0·03	0·18	0·03	6·38	5·85
..	..	..		Nil	0·4	0·03	0·32	0·03	8·11	7·47

(n) Not ascertained.

S. ABDULLAH, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Irrigation operations for the official year 1933-34.

Area leased for irrigation up to end of August 1933.

Circle.	District.	Canal.	Estimated full discharge.	Average discharge in month.	Discharge utilised.	Approximate area of land irrigated during the year up to the end of the month.	Approximate area of land under irrigation up to the same date last year.	Details of areas leased. Long term leases.	Season leases. Kharif.	Season leases. Rabi.	Season leases. Sugarcane.	Season leases. Hot weather.	Season leases. Total.	Grand Total.	Rainfall, 1933-34. During month.	Rainfall, 1933-34. Up to end of month.	Rainfall, 1932-33. During month.	Rainfall, 1932-33. Up to end of month.
			Cusecs	Cusecs	Cusecs	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
South-Western.	Midnapore	Midnapore	1,411	21	36	19,150	26,548	19,206	..	..	..	..	..	19,206	22·91	48·47	11·66	41·37
		Panskura	522	6	1	72	563	274	.	..	..	.	..	274	12·34	45·60	10·13	38·08
	Howrah ..	Tidal Reaches, Ranges I and II	..	..	..	.	..	.	..	..	..	..	..	..	13·14	68·72	14·79	53·29
		Total Midnapore Canal ..	.	..	..	19,222	27,111	19,480	..	.	..	.	..	19,480	..	..	..	..
		Total of the corresponding period last year ..	..	.	..	..	..	27,285	51*	..	..	.	51	27,336	..	..	..	..
	Burdwan and Hooghly.	Eden Canal	1,000	159	159	13,678	15,903	13,784	..	..	..	..	..	13,784	18·17	57·52	13·65	42·21
		Total of the corresponding period last year ..	.			.	..	15,866	100†	374	34	..	508	16,374	..	..	..	..
	Birbhum ..	Bakreswar Canal ..	129	16	16	5,836	3,356	5,836	7	6	..	..	13	5,849	22·40	60·08	13·46	21·36
		Total of the corresponding period last year ..	..	..	..	.		3,509	..	..	..	.	..	3,509	..	..	..	..
		GRAND TOTAL ..	..	..	..	38,736	46,370	39,100	7	6	.	..	13	39,113	..	..	..	..
		GRAND TOTAL OF THE CORRESPONDING PERIOD LAST YEAR ..	..	..	..	..	.	46,660	151	374	34	..	559	47,219	..	..	..	..

*Including 4 for single watering.

† Including 13 for single watering.

B. L. SUBARWAL,

Personal Assistant to the Chief Engineer to the Government of Bengal.

Calcutta, the 11th December 1933.

Statement showing the gauge readings at Dacca Waterworks Station on the river Buriganga for the week ending 9th December 1933.

Date.	At highest water.		At lowest water.		Commencement of—		Remarks.	
	Time.	Reading.	Time.	Reading.	Ebb tide.	Flow tide.	At 7 a.m.	At 5 p.m.
1933.								
3rd December ..	12-20	7·1	..	..	12-30	..	6·2	6·0
4th „ ..	13-15	6·9	7-0	5·5	13-22	7-10	5·5	6·0
5th „ ..	14-5	6 8	7-50	5·4	14-13	8-0	5·5	6·2
6th „ ..	14-55	6·65	8-40	5·25	15-7	8-50	5·55	6·15
7th „	15-40	6·45	9-30	5·05	15-50	9-40	5 4	6·1
8th „ ..	16-30	6 15	10-20	4·7	16-40	10-30	5·2	6·0
9th „ ..	17-20	6 0	11-10	4·6	17-30	11-20	5·2	5·95

B. M. on settling tank 39·49 O. M. S. L. Zero is at O. M. S. L.

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

			Taken at high tide.				Taken at low tide.
27th August	1906	..	70·5	23rd February	1907	..	51·06
5th September	1909	..	66·86	13th „	1908	..	51·06
10th August	1910	..	69·86	12th March	1912	..	51·06
1st „	1911	..	68·46	6th „	1914	..	50·60
13th „	1912	..	67·16	22nd February	1915	..	50·30
31st „	1915	..	69·7	15th „	1916	..	50·60
8th „	1916	..	68·1	3rd March	1917	..	51·0
12th „	1917	..	67·1	21st February	1918	..	51·40
13th „	1918	..	69·12	26th „	1919	..	50·4
2nd „	1919	..	66·8	18th „	1920	..	50·9
8th September	1920	..	66·9	19th „	1921	..	50·9
28th July	1921	..	68·4	8th March	1922	..	51·05
10th August	1922	..	68·00	14th „	1923	..	50·8
31st July	1923	..	66·15	16th February	1924	..	50·50
29th August	1924	..	68·82	5th March	1925	..	50·9
8th September	1925	..	68·52	9th February	1926	..	2·2
15th August	1926	..	19·6	27th „	1927	..	2·10
17th September	1927	..	18·70	16th „	1928	..	2·2
22nd August	1928	..	20·0	21st „	1929	..	2·0
13th July	1929	..	17·8	24th „	1930	..	2·3
12th September	1930	..	18·65	28th „	1931	..	2·2
16th August	1931	..	21·7	18th „	1932	..	1·8
6th September	1932	..	18·5				

N. B.—Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks prior to 11 a.m. on the 8th January 1926 = – 48·51 with reference to P. W. D. datum.
Zero of the gauge at Dacca Waterworks since 11 a.m. of the 8th January 1926 = 0·00 with reference to P. W. D. datum.

[ILLEGIBLE] for *Executive Engineer,*
Khulna Division.

Khulna, the 16th December 1933.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Dacca, the 15th December 1933.

First Forecast of the Spring Oilseed Crops of Bengal, 1933-34.

(*Note.* —On an average of the five years ending 1931-32, the area under linseed in Bengal has represented some 3·5 per cent. and that under rape and mustard 11·0 per cent. of the total areas under these crops in British India.)

Explanatory.—Three forecasts are issued for the spring oilseed crops. The present one deals with the area sown and the condition of the crops.

Area sown.—Oilseeds are principally grown in the Presidency, Rajshahi and Dacca Divisions. In the other two divisions, the cultivation is small. The total area under these crops (excepting sesamum for which separate forecasts are issued) is returned at 867,500 acres this year as against 868,800 and 885,200 acres, respectively, in the corresponding and final forecasts of last year.

Character of the season.—The rainfall in September and in the first half of October which was generally above the normal delayed sowings in Rangpur, Pabna, Mymensingh and Bakarganj. Elsewhere the operations generally commenced in normal time. Dry weather in November was helpful to further sowings and growth of the crops. The present condition is reported to be favourable, on the whole.

K. McLEAN,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal (offg.).

APPENDIX.

First Forecast of the Spring Oilseed Crops of Bengal, 1933-34.

District.	Name of spring oilseed crops.	Estimated normal area under spring oilseeds.	Estimated area under spring oilseeds.		Date by which the sowing of the crops commenced this year and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
			Last year (1932-33).	This year (1933-34).		
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		
24-Parganas.	Linseed	1,000	300	300	November ..	The weather has been favourable. The condition of the crops is fair.
	Rape and mustard ..	1,000	1,000	1,000		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*) ..	(*a*) 1,000	(*a*) 700	(*a*) 700		
	Total ..	3,000	2,000	2,000		
Nadia.	Linseed	65,000	29,400	29,300	Middle of October .	The weather has been favourable. The condition of the crops is fair.
	Rape and mustard ..	31,600	9,300	10,500		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*) ..	5,900	(*a*) 2,000	(*a*) 2,900		
	Total ..	102,500	41,600	42,700		
Murshidabad.	Linseed	38,600	23,000	25,200	End of October .	The sowings in Sadar and Jangipur subdivisions were late and those in Lalbagh and Kandi were normal. The weather has been favourable and the condition of the crops is fair.
	Rape and mustard ..	22,700	18,600	18,800		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*) ..	3,700	2,200	2,400		
	Total ..	65,000	44,100	46,400		
Jessore.	Linseed	10,600	9,000	7,400	October	The weather has been favourable. The condition of the crops is fair.
	Rape and mustard ..	19,600	16,500	16,300		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*) ..	2,800	(*a*) 2,400	(*a*) 2,300		
	Total ..	33,000	27,900	26,000		
Khulna.	Linseed	(15)	100	100	Middle of October ..	The weather has not been very favourable. The condition of the crops is fair.
	Rape and mustard ..	15,300	10,400	10,300		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*) ..	(*a*) 10,500	(*a*) 10,600	(*a*) 10,500		
	Total ..	25,800	21,100	20,900		
Burdwan.	Linseed	7,400	3,700	3,700	End of October ..	The weather has been favourable. The condition of the crops is fair.
	Rape and mustard ..	10,700	7,700	7,800	Middle of October.	
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*) ..	..	..			
	Total ..	18,100	11,400	11,500		
Birbhum.	Linseed	1,100	1,000	1,000	October . .	The weather has been favourable The condition of the crops is fair.
	Rape and mustard ..	1,700	2,200	2,300		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*) ..	100	200	200		
	Total ..	2,900	3,400	3,500		
Bankura.	Linseed	1,600	1,500	1,400	Middle of October ..	The weather has been favourable. The condition of the crops is fair.
	Rape and mustard ..	6,300	5,000	5,700		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*) ..	9,100	8,500	7,100		
	Total ..	17,000	15,900	14,200		
Midnapore.	Linseed	4,900	8,300	7,300	Between October and November.	The weather has been favourable. The condition of the crops is good.
	Rape and mustard ..	13,200	5,200	6,000		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*) ..	5,900	(*b*) 5,500	(*b*) 5,000		
	Total ..	24,000	19,000	18,300		
Hooghly.	Linseed	100	(35)	(35)	Middle of November ..	The weather has been favourable. The condition of the crops is good.
	Rape and mustard ..	1,600	1,500	1,500		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*) ..	400	300	300		
	Total ..	2,100	1,800	1,800		

(*a*) Including the area under cocoanut.

(*b*) Including the area under groundnut, cocoanut and castor.

District.	Name of spring oilseed crops	Estimated normal area under spring oilseeds	Estimated area under spring oilseeds		Date by which the sowing of the crops commenced this year and whether that date was early, normal or late	Remarks by District Officers.
			Last year (1932-33)	This year (1933-34)		
		Acres	Acres	Acres		
Howrah	Linseed	300	100	100	Middle of November Normal	The weather has been seasonable and the condition of the crops is fair.
	Rape and mustard	600	200	200		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*)		200†	200†		
	Total	900	500	500		
Rajshahi	Linseed	11,[illegible]00	9,700	9,700	First part of November	Untimely rainfall is unfavourable to the growth of the crops. The condition of the crops is fair
	Rape and mustard	5[illegible],100	41,600	41,700		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*)	2,300	2,100	1,[illegible]00		
	Total	69,900	53,400	52,600		
Dinajpur	Linseed	200	400	[illegible]00	Early November	The weather has been favourable. The condition of the crops is fair.
	Rape and mustard	62,400	14,000	[illegible]0,000		
	Total	62,600	14,100	50,500		
Jalpaiguri	Rape and mustard	2[illegible],400	[illegible],800	[illegible]9,000	November	The weather has been favourable. The condition of the crops is fair
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*)	[illegible]00	100	100	End of October	
	Total	52,600	37,900	[illegible]9,100		
Darjeeling	Rape and mustard	1,[illegible]00	1,600	1,[illegible]00	October and November	The weather has been favourable and the condition of the crops is fair
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*)	300	300	300		
	Total	1,900	1,900	1,900		
Rangpur	Rape and mustard	[illegible]000	[illegible]000	80,[illegible]00	Latter part of October A little late	The sowings were a little late. The weather has been favourable and the condition of the crops is good
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*)	[illegible]00	[illegible]	200		
	Total	[illegible]00	[illegible]00	80,200		
Bogra	Linseed	1,[illegible]	1,[illegible]	1,[illegible]00	November	The weather and the condition of the crops are fair
	Rape and mustard	[illegible]0,000	[illegible],000	[illegible]0,000	October and November	
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*)	300	[illegible]00	[illegible]00	November	
	Total	2[illegible],[illegible]00	[illegible],000	[illegible]2,000		
Pabna	Linseed	11,[illegible]0	10,[illegible]	1[illegible],600	Middle of October	The sowings were a little late. The weather has been favourable and the condition of the crops is fair
	Rape and mustard	[illegible]1,900	7[illegible],[illegible]00	1[illegible],000		
	Total	9[illegible],100	[illegible],9[illegible]	60,600		
Malda	Linseed	1,000	[illegible]000	[illegible],[illegible]00		The weather and the condition of the crops are fair
	Rape and mustard	10,000	1[illegible],[illegible]00	1[illegible],000		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*)	1,800	700	900		
	Total	1[illegible],800	17,700	18,100		
Dacca	Linseed	[illegible]00	4,400	4,100	November Normal	The weather has been favourable. The condition of the crops is fair.
	Rape and mustard	72,[illegible]00	80,400	80,400		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*)	[illegible],[illegible]00	[illegible],[illegible]00	5,200		
	Total	83,400	90,000	90,000		
Mymensingh	Linseed	3,900	2,000	2,000	Middle of November. Late	The weather has been favourable and the condition of the crops is good
	Rape and mustard	260,400	175,000	175,000		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*)		100	100		
	Total	273,300	1[illegible],100	177,100		
Faridpur	Linseed	6,000	5,000	5,900	Last week of October	The weather has been favourable. The condition of the crops is fair.
	Rape and mustard	24,600	24,100	21,500		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*)	1,100	400	300		
	Total	31,700	30,400	27,700		

† Area under cocoanut.

District.	Name of spring oilseed crops.	Estimated normal area under spring oilseeds.	Estimated area under spring oilseeds. Last year (1932-33).	This year (1933-34).	Date by which the sowing of the crops commenced this year and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		
Bakarganj.	Linseed	4,200	800	600	Latter part of November.	The sowings were a little late The weather has been favourable and the condition of the crops is fair
	Rape and mustard ..	1,800	1,200	1,000		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*) ..	100	100	100		
	Total ..	6,100	2,100	1,700		
Chittagong.	Linseed ..	109	100	100	October and November. Normal.	The weather has been favourable on the whole.
	Rape and mustard ..	2,000	2,000	2,000		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*) ..	100	100	100		
	Total ..	2,200	2,200	2,200		
Tippera.	Linseed	3,100	1,600	1,700	November .	The weather has been favourable and the condition of the crops is fair.
	Rape and mustard .	37,000	22,000	21,800		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*) ..	300	300	400		
	Total ..	40,400	23,900	23,900		
Noakhali.	Linseed	6,300	5,700	6,000	November. Normal ..	The weather has been favourable.
	Rape and mustard ..	1,000	2,300	1,000		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*) .	(*a*) 700	(*a*) 800	(*a*) 800		
	Total .	8,000	8,800	7,800		
Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rape and mustard .	14,300	14,300	14,300	Middle of November ..	The weather and the condition of the crops are fair
Total Bengal	Linseed . .	193,500	124,700	132,000		
	Rape and mustard ..	901,300	716,100	693,709		
	Other oilseeds (excepting *til*) ..	52,500	44,400	41,800		
	Total ..	1,147,300	885,200	867,500		

(*a*) Including the area under cocoanut.

Resolution on the Report on the administration of the Jail Department of the Presidency of Bengal for the year 1932.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Political Department.

Jails.

CALCUTTA, THE 18TH DECEMBER 1933.

RESOLUTION—No 4413 P. J

Read—

The Report on the Administration of the Jail Department of the Presidency of Bengal for the year 1932.

Read also—

The Reports for the years 1929, 1930 and 1931 and the Resolutions of Government thereon

1. The early months of the year 1932 witnessed a revival of civil disobedience and the influx of a fresh stream of prisoners into the jails. Fortunately, the department forewarned by previous experience, were ready to meet the challenge. The Hijli Additional Special Jail, the Dum Dum Special Jail and the Dum Dum Additional Special Jail were brought into commission at once, and later on in the year, a second Additional Special Jail was opened at Dum Dum, and a female jail at Berhampore, in the district of Murshidabad. A marked increase, both in the total number of admissions during the year and in the average daily prison population, was, therefore, to be expected. The number of admissions was 43,695 against 30.727 in 1931 and 36,801 in 1930, while the average daily strength during the year was 22,618·23 against 19,300·19 in 1931, 20,015·20 in 1930, and the normal figure of about 14,500 The population received into the jails in the course of the year reached the appalling total of 150,837 or 20 per cent. more than the figure for the year 1930 which witnessed the first phase of the civil disobedience campaign. This is but one indication of the price that has to be paid for the spirit of lawlessness which the cult of civil resistance engenders.

2. A feature of the civil disobedience movement of 1932 was the large number of women who were deliberately encouraged to court imprisonment. The number of females admitted to prison from the courts during the year was 1,300 against 697 in 1931, 628 in 1930 and the normal figure of 400-420, while the daily average number of female prisoners throughout the year was 309·55 against 140·42 in 1931, 152·61 in 1930, and 109·86 in 1929. The increase was almost entirely attributable to civil disobedience activity

3. The number of juvenile and adolescent prisoners admitted to jail, though in excess of the figures for the previous year, showed a slight decline as compared with the figures for 1930 when the first phase of the civil disobedience movement was in progress The percentage of convicts admitted to prison between the ages of 16 and 18 was 7·42, and between the ages of 19 and 21, 12·76, as against 9·87 and 13·58, respectively, in the year 1930 These percentages are considerably in excess of the normal, and though economic conditions may have been a contributory factor, the main reason for the increase was the fact that civil disobedience offered an attractive diversion to school boys and students, whose emotions were so worked upon by civil disobedience leaders that they were persuaded that they were performing a patriotic duty in defying the established laws of the country. It is a tragic fact, which needs to be emphasised because it is so often forgotten, that the ranks of these youthful civil resisters have provided a fruitful recruiting ground for the terrorist organisations

4. The unprecedented number of prisoners in the jails necessarily led to overcrowding, and this in its turn increased enormously the difficulties of jail management. The majority of civil disobedience prisoners were not amenable to any form of jail discipline, and many made a point of being as insubordinate and difficult as possible, and of disregarding every jail rule, very frequently at the expense of their own comfort and convenience. There was also a marked increase during the year in the number of prisoners convicted of terrorist offences who added still further to the responsibilities and anxieties of the Superintendents and jails staff. Encouraged to believe that they were martyrs in the country's cause they, like

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PART I

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Government of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

Orders by the Government of Bengal.

No. 12267A.

Appointments and Transfers.

GENERAL.

Hooghly.—No. 12145A.—18th December 1933.—Babu Sudhir Kumar Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hooghly, is appointed temporarily to have charge of the Arambagh subdivision of that district.

Presidency Divn.—No. 12168A.—19th December 1933.—Maulvi Fazlur Rahman (No. 11), Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Presidency Division.

Dacca Divn.—No. 12171A.—19th December 1933.—Maulvi Saiyid Ittehad Ali, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Dacca Division.

Burdwan Divn.—No. 12174A.—19th December 1933.—The orders of the 7th December 1933, posting Babu Nalini Kumar Das Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, to the Burdwan Division, are cancelled.

Birbhum - Burdwan.—No. 12195A. — 20th December 1933.—Mr. Sukumar Sen, I.C.S., officiating District and Sessions Judge, Birbhum, is appointed temporarily to act as District and Sessions Judge, Burdwan.

Bankura - Birbhum. — No. 12200A.—20th December 1933.—Mr. Sanat Kumar Ganguli, District and Sessions Judge, Bankura, is appointed temporarily to act, in addition to his own duties, as Additional Sessions Judge of Birbhum.

He is authorised, under section 193 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, to receive and dispose of all criminal applications and cases except applications for revision under section 435 of the Code during the temporary absence of Mr. Sukumar Sen, I.C.S.

Mr. Sanat Kumar Ganguli is also authorised under section 9 (*4*) of the Code of Criminal Procedure to sit at Bankura or Suri for the disposal of cases arising in any of these districts.

Burdwan. — No. 12210A.—20th December 1933. — Babu Banamali Bagchi, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Burdwan, is appointed temporarily to have charge of the Sadar subdivision of that district.

Hooghly - Dacca. — No. 12213A. — 20th December 1933.—The orders of the 17th November 1933, transferring Babu Kshitish Chandra Chakrabatti, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hooghly, to the headquarters station of the Dacca district, are cancelled.

Dacca. — No. 12216A. — 20th December 1933.—Babu Debabrata Mallik, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Dacca district.

This cancels the orders of the 1st November 1933, posting him to the Munshiganj subdivision of the Dacca district.

Midnapore - Khulna.—No. 12219A. — 20th December 1933.—Babu Kuladaranjan Das Sarkar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Midnapore, is transferred to the Satkhira subdivision of the Khulna district.

POLICE.

Dacca.—No. 12124A.—18th December 1933.—Mr C. G. Grassby, Superintendent of Police, on leave, is appointed to be Additional Superintendent of Police, District Intelligence Branch, Dacca.

Dacca-Mymensingh.—No. 12126A. — 18th December 1933.—Mr. M. K. Johnston, officiating Additional Superintendent of Police, District Intelligence Branch, Dacca, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Superintendent of Police, Mymensingh.

Mymensingh.—No. 12128A.—18th December 1933.—The orders of the 27th October 1933, appointing Mr. D. A. Brayden, Superintendent of Police, on leave, to be Additional Superintendent of Police, Mymensingh, are cancelled.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Calcutta.—No. 12157A.—19th December 1933.—The Reverend Frank Wesley Clifford, Minister, Methodist Church, Calcutta, is authorised, under section 6 of Act XV of 1872, to solemnize marriages between persons one or both of whom is or are a Christian or Christians and, under section 9 of the Act, to grant certificates of marriages between persons who are Native Christians.

2. He is also appointed under Act VI of 1886 to be a Registrar of Births and Deaths for the town of Calcutta.

Leave.

POLICE.

No. 12135A.- 18th December 1933.—Mr. C. G. Grassby, I.P., has been granted by the High Commissioner for India an extension of leave (not due) on half average pay for five days.

No. 12156A. - - 19th December 1933. — Mr. P. N. Jones, Superintendent of Police, was allowed leave on average pay on medical certificate for four days, under rule 81 (*b*) (*i*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 30th November 1933.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 6764Pl.—21st December 1933.—The following draft of amendments which, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 11 of the Indian Motor Vehicles Act, 1914 (VIII of 1914), the Governor in Council proposes to make in the Calcutta and Howrah Motor Vehicles Rules, 1930, published under notification No. 1398Pl., dated the 19th March 1930, at pages 415-473, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 27th March 1930, as amended from time to time, is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 20th January 1934, and any objection or suggestion received with regard thereto by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered:—

Draft amendments.

I. *After* sub-rule (7) of rule 2 in Part I (Preliminary) of the said rules, *insert* the following as a new sub-rule:—

District Magistrate.

"(7A) 'District Magistrate' means the District Magistrate of Howrah."

II. *Between* the words "Commissioner" and "as" in line 3 of rule 46 in Part II (General Rules) of the said rules, *insert* the following words, namely:—

"or the District Magistrate"

III. *For* clause (*iii*) of sub-rule (8) of rule 74 in Part IV (special rules governing public service vehicles) of the said rules, *substitute* the following clause, namely:—

"(*iii*) shall at all times when required produce his licence to the Commissioner or to the District Magistrate or to such other officers as may be appointed by the Commissioner or the District Magistrate, or"

IV. *Between* the words "Motor Vehicles Department" and "of" in line 2 of paragraph (*b*) of clause (*iv*) of sub-rule (8) of rule 74 in Part IV of the said rules, *insert* the following words and comma, namely:—

"or by the District Magistrate,"

V. *For* the words "such register shall be available for inspection at all reasonable times" in lines 9 and 10 of clause (*x*) of sub-rule (8) of rule 74 in Part IV of the said rules, *substitute* the following words, namely:—

"such register shall be produced for inspection when required by or on behalf of the Commissioner or the District Magistrate."

VI. In sub-rule (4) of rule 75 in Part IV of the said rule—

(a) *between* the words "the Commissioner" and "or such officer" in line 1, *insert* the following words, namely:—

"the District Magistrate"

(b) *delete* the fullstop after the word "licence" in line 9, and *add* the following words, namely:—

"and to the Commissioner."

PROCLAMATION.

No. 6787Pl. — 21st December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (6) of section 15 of the Police Act, 1861 (Act V of 1861), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that Proclamation No. 3344-Pl., dated the 27th June 1933, providing for an additional police force within the jurisdiction of Jhalakati police-station, in the district of Bakarganj, be continued in force up to the 26th March 1934.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 12268A.

Powers.

Malda.—No. 12140A.—18th December 1933.—Maulvi Saiyid Abul Fazl Muhammad Abdus Sobhan, Deputy Magistrate, Malda, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class.

Bogra.—No. 12193A.—20th December 1933.—Babu Ram Chandra Mandal, Deputy Magistrate, Bogra, is vested with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

G. P. HOGG,

Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

Appointments and Transfers.

Nadia.—No. 9002J.—16th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(*a*) to confer upon Babu Phanindra Kumar Mitra the powers of a Magistrate of the Second class, in the district of Nadia, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Meherpur subdivision of the said district,

(*b*) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Meherpur bench in the said district, and

(*c*) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

Howrah — No. 9037J. — 19th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Mr. William Edward Chaplain the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Howrah, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him and in respect to cases under section 34 of Act V of 1861 occurring within the limits of village Sankrail in the said district.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 9039J. — 19th December 1933. — In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (3) of section 1 of the Bengal Money-lenders Act, 1933 (Bengal Act VII of 1933), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the 1st July 1934 as the date on which the said Act shall come into force.

N. G. A. EDGLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

24-Parganas.—No. 7142M.—19th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the South Suburban Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas, out of eleven seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), two seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

24-Parganas.—No. 7143M.—19th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the South Suburban Municipality at a meeting, that the three existing wards I, II and III as well as the three wards IV, V and VI of the South Suburban Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas shall be grouped respectively into two special wards for the purpose of election to the two seats reserved for the minority community in the municipality, and that the number of Commissioners to be elected from the special wards and each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown in columns 2 and 3 of the table below against each such ward:—

Number and name of ward.	Number of seats, other than the reserved seat, shown in column 3, to which Commissioners are to be elected.	Number of seat reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3
I—Behala	2	1
II—Shahpore	2	
III—Etalghata	1	
IV—Sodepur	1	1
V—Barisa	2	
VI—Sarsoona	1	

No. 7148M.—20th November 1933.—The following draft of an amendment which, in exercise of the power conferred by section 12 of the Bengal Motor Vehicles Tax Act, 1932 (Bengal Act I of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) propose to make in the rules published under notification No. 5859 L.S.-G., dated the 31st October 1933, at pages 1575-1593 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 9th November 1933, is published for information.

2. Any objection or suggestion with respect to the draft amendment which may be received by the undersigned on or before the 20th January 1934 will be duly considered:—

Draft amendment.

At the end of rule 30 of the said rules *add* the following:—

(8) motor vehicles and lorries garaged in French Chandernagore but plying in British India.

Bakarganj.—No. 7213M.—20th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Pirojpur Municipality in the district of Bakarganj, out of twelve seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section

16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), five seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

2. This cancels so much of the notification No. 95M., dated 9th January 1933, as relates to the reservation of seats for the minority community in the Perojpur Municipality.

Bakarganj.—No. 7214M.—20th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to determine, after consideration of the views of the Commissioneers of the Pirojpur Municipality at a meeting, that the number of Commissioners to be elected from each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected.	Number of seats, included in column 2, reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3
I	2	1
II	3	1
III	3	1
IV	4	2

Bakarganj.—No. 7277M.—20th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 19 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

In the Barisal Municipality in the district of Bakarganj, out of eighteen seats to which Commissioners are to be elected under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), six seats shall be reserved for the Muhammadan community which is declared to be a minority community in the said municipality for the purpose of the election.

2. This cancels so much of the notification No. 95-M., dated 9th January 1933, as relates to the reservation of seats for the minority community in the Barisal Municipality.

Bakarganj.—No. 7278M.—20th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to determine, after consideration of the views of the Commissioners of the Barisal Municipality at a meeting, that the number of Commissioners to be elected from each existing ward of the municipality shall be as shown below against each such ward:—

Number of ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected.	Number of seats, included in column 2, reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3
I- (Kalibari)	6	2
II -(School)	3	1
III —(Kotwali)	4	1
IV (Church)	3	1
V—(Kutibari)	2	1

Bakarganj.—No. 7281M.—20th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct, after consideration of the views of the Bhola Municipality at a meeting, that—

(1) the Bhola Municipality, in the district of Bakarganj, shall for the purpose of election of Commissioners be divided into three wards as shown in columns 1 and 2 of the following table; and

(2) the number of Commissioners to be elected from each such ward shall be as shown in columns 3 and 4 of the table:—

Number of ward.	Boundaries or extent of ward	Number of Commissioners to be elected	Number of seats included in column 3 reserved for the minority community.
1	2	3	4
I	(a) The area east of the Bhola khal.	3	1
II	(b) The area bounded on the east by the Bhola khal and the west by the district board central road up to the Kashiswar bridge and the strip between the khal and the district board road leading to the trenching ground	3	1
III	(c) The rest of the municipal area west of the above district board roads	3	..

No. 7284M.—20th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 541 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923 (Bengal Act III of 1923), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government), are pleased to make the following amendments in notification No. 260M., dated the 18th January 1932, as subsequently amended:—

Amendments.

(i) *Substitute* the figures "1932" for the figures "1884" *after* the words "Bengal Municipal Act," wherever these words occur

in the said notification and in the provisions of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, as published thereunder, except in section 126 (*1*) and section 131 (*1*) of the said provisions.

(*ii*) In the second proviso to section 13 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, as extended to the Howrah Municipality by the said notification, *substitute* the words and figures "Sections 548, 549, 550, 551, 552 and 553" *for* the words and figures "Sections 63, 64 and 65."

Pabna.—No. 7291L.S.-G.—21st December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with section 22 of the General Clauses Act (Bengal Act I of 1899) and after consideration of the views of the Pabna district board and Serajganj local board, the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to direct that notification No. 4805L.S.-G., dated the 28th November 1927, establishing certain union boards in the Serajganj subdivision of the Pabna district shall be amended as follows:—

(*1*) *For* the union board "Kandapara" in Belkuchi police-station, *read* "Dhukunia-Bera."

(*2*) *Delete* the entries in respect of Umarpur and Mirkutia union boards in police-station Shahzadpur.

(*3*) Below the entries against IV—Chowhali union board in Chowhali police-station, *add* the following:—

Name and number of union board.	Name of mauza constituting the local area with jurisdiction list number.
V—Mirkutia ...	Hatail, 111.
	Chowbaria, 110.
	Bagutia, 112.
	Hizalia, 113.
	Ghushuria, 114.
	Armashuka, 88.
	Bahulakole, 89.
	Deldarpur, 90.
	Ewazi Dhupalia, 91.
	Ewazi Pakutia, 92.
	Ewazi Sura, 93.
	Ewazi Goynakandi, 94.
	Ewazi Kathali, 95.
	Ewazi Armashuka, 96.
	Khash Kawalia, 83.
	Silimabad, 149.
	Pathrail, 150.
	Ewazi Singuli, 97.
	Armashuka, 98.
	Sakpal, 99.
	Birmashuka, 100.
	Birbaunia, 101.
	Mitain, 102.
	Khash Pukhuria, 103
	Chor Kodalia, 104.
	Chor Kurki, 105.
	Bannya, 106.
	Rehai Pukhuria, 107.
	Chor Nakalia, 108.
	Binanai, 109.
VI—Umarpur ...	Umarpur, 132.
	Sailjana, 130.
	Singuli, 122.
	Chowbaria, 123.
	Amuria, 124.
	Araji Biljalahar, 125.
	Arkandi, 126.
	Dhubalia, 127.
	Afia Dhubalia, 128.
	Biljalahar, 141.
	Sura, 142.
	Goprekhi, 143.
	Goynakandi, 144.
	Agsimulia, 145.
	Duttakandi, 146.
	Madhya Simulia, 147.
	Pachh Simulia, 148.
	Poyla, 115.
	Chandair, 129.
	Atia Solongi, 133.
	Kathalia, 134.
	Dhupghati, 135.
	Isabsahi Salongi, 136.
	Bunapara Salongi, 137.
	Bousha, 138.
	Minadia, 139.
	Chor Pachuria, 140.
	Sombhudia, 116.
	Thak Madhya Simulia, 117.
	Pachh Simulia, 118.
	Pakutia, 119.
	Bakulia, 120.
	Bri-Dasuria, 121.
	Shombhudia, 87.
	Hapania, 151.

(*4*) *For* the existing entries in the 4th column of the table appended to the notification against III—Ghorjan union board, police-station Chowhali, *substitute* the following:—

Karuajani, 50.
Muradpur, 52.
Bara Pakhi, 53.
Rehai Kawalia, 51.
Phulbara, 54.
Dakshin Teghari, 55.
Uttar Barangail, 76.
Dakshin Barangail, 77.
Ghorjan, 78
Baliakandi, 79.
Kairat, 80.
Katarbari, 56.
Bucharganti, 75.
Dhitpur, 81.

(*5*) *For* the entries in the 4th column against VI—Maijbari union board in Kazipur police-station, *substitute* the following:—

Paikartali, 28.
Kuliagachha, 29.
Kunkunia, 30.
Maijbari, 31.
Dhekuria, 32.
Phuljor, 40.
Hatgachha, 41.
Sutanara, 42.

(6) *For* the entries in the 4th column against VII—Rajbari union board, police-station Kazipur, *substitute* the following:—

Bhatimewakhola, 43.
Uzan Mewakhola, 44.
Sanbandha, 45.
Pirgachha, 46.
Angarkura, 47.
Godarbag, 48.
Bisurigachha, 49.
Bildhali, 50.
Dadbora, 51.
Mahimapur, 61.
Kashiraikandi, 62.
Manoharpara, 63.
Jiol, 64.
Juktigachha, 65.
Rajbari, 66.
Kalikapur, 67.

VIII—Char Giris union board.

Name of mauzas constituting the local area with jurisdiction list number of Kajipur police station.

Chhinna, 52.
Kunaripara, 53.
Dighalkandi, 54.
Char Jamira, 55.
Majnabari, 56.
Char Salgram, 57.
Char Saldaha, 58.
Bauramari, 59.
Saldaha, 60.
Char Giris, 68.
Char Momin, 69.
Bhetua Jagannathpur, 70.
Char Natipara, 71.
Challal, 109.
Sindur Ata, 110.
Kumariabari, 111.
Raghunathpur, 112.
Bholardia, 113.
Rajnathpur, 114.
Jorbari, 115.
Gujabari-Goakhara, 116.

H. P. V. TOWNEND,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

RESOLUTION No. 7185L.S.-G.

CALCUTTA, THE 20th DECEMBER 1933.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

Read—

Government Resolution No. 824T.L.S.-G., dated the 27th October 1932, constituting a Road Board to advise Government on the programme for expenditure from grants from the Central Road Fund for the year 1933.

The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) are pleased to extend the term of the abovementioned Board up to the end of January 1934 in order to enable it to consider the report of the sub-committee appointed to advise on the question of the best alignment for the Illumbazar-Dobrajpur Road Project.

Ordered—That the Resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* and that copies of it be forwarded to the members of the Board.

By order of the Govt. of Bengal
(Ministry of Local Self-Govt.),

H. P. V. TOWNEND,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Medical

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, Kt.

Calcutta.—No. 3315Medl.—16th December 1933.—Mr. K. S. Mitra, B.A., A.S.A.A. (Lond.), A.I.R.A., Secretary, Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, was allowed leave on full pay for the period from the 22nd September to the 17th October 1933, under Subsidiary Rule 275 (*a*) of the Fundamental Rules.

This cancels notification No. 2422 Medl., dated the 13th September 1933.

Birbhum.—No. 3334Medl.—16th December 1933.—Dr. Aghore Nath Ghosh, officiating Civil Surgeon, Birbhum, was allowed privilege leave for six days, under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 20th October 1933.

Calcutta.—No. 3352Medl.—16th December 1933.—Dr. J. F. Coltman, M.B.B.S., L.D.S., who was appointed temporarily as Medical Officer in charge of the Cholera Wards at the Campbell Hospital, Calcutta, is reappointed as First Resident Medical Officer, Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, with effect from the 1st July 1933.

H. P. V. TOWNEND,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS

No. 3573Edn.—19th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 6, sub-section (*1*), clause (*c*), and section 10 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), as amended by the Calcutta University Act, 1921 (VII of 1921), His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to nominate Mr. Birendranath Mookerjee, M.A. (Cantab.), A.M.I.E. (Ind.), to be an Ordinary Fellow of the University, *vice* Sir Rajendra Nath Mookerjee, K.C.I.E., K.C.V.O., D.SC., M.I.E. (Ind.), M.I.M.E., F.A.S.B., resigned.

Darjeeling.—No. 3590Edn.—21st December 1933.—Mr. F. A. Teixeira, Manual and Art Teacher, Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong, is allowed leave on half average pay for the period from the 1st March to the 30th November 1934 and again for the period from the 1st January to the 28th February 1935, under rule 81 (*d*) of the Fundamental Rules, with a portion of the winter vacation of the school for the year 1934-35 from the 1st to the 31st December 1934 included between the two periods of leave under rule 82 (*d*) of the same rules.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Mr. K. Nazim-ud-Din, C.I.E.

Hooghly.—No. 3586Edn.—20th December 1933.—The Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Dr. S. A. H. Jafri, PH.D., Mutwalli of the Hooghly Imambarah, to be a member of the governing body of the Hooghly Madrasah, constituted in terms of Government notification No. 1810Edn., dated the 30th June 1933, for the remainder of its term, *vice* Maulvi Syed Altaf Hossain, resigned.

Calcutta.—No. 3593Edn.—21st December 1933.—Babu Sadananda Bhaduri, Lecturer in Sanskrit and Bengali, Presidency College, Calcutta, in the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to act in the Bengal Educational Service as Professor of Sanskrit and Pali in that College, with effect from the 16th November 1933 or any subsequent date on which he assumed the duties of the post up to the day the college closes for the summer vacation, *vice* Babu Nilmani Chakrabatti, retired.

This cancels the orders in notification No. 3127Edn., dated the 14th November 1933.

Miscellaneous.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2605Misc.—21st December 1933.—The following draft of a notification which the Governor in Council proposes to issue in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (*1*) of section 27 of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (Bengal Act VI of 1933), is published for general information.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 26th January 1934, and any objection received with regard thereto by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered.

Draft notification.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 27, read with section 14, of the Bengal Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act, 1933 (Bengal Act VI of 1933), the Governor in Council is pleased to prescribe that the following institutions shall ordinarily be places in which girls dealt with under sub-sections (*1*) and (*2*) of section 14 of the said Act, may be kept in suitable custody under the said sub-sections of the said section of the said Act:—

(1) The Govinda Kumar Home for Girls, Panihati.
(2) The Salvation Army Women's Industrial Home for Girls at Entally.
(3) The Calcutta Protestant Home, commonly called the Fendall Home, at 68, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta.
(4) The Society for the Protection of Children in India, at 13, Kyd Street, Calcutta.

Registration.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Mr. K. Nazim-ud-Din, C.I.E.

Birbhum.—No. 926Regn.—18th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Syed Md. Hossain to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-stations of Bolpur and Illambazar, in the district of Birbhum.

Birbhum.—No. 927Regn.—18th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Syed Md. Hossain to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-stations of Bolpur and Illambazar, in the district of Birbhum.

Dacca.—No. 938Regn.—20th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Syed Moffazal Hossain temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-station of Harirampur in the district of Dacca, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Muazzam Hossain, or until further orders.

Dacca.—No. 939Regn.—20th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Education) are pleased to appoint Maulvi Syed Moffazal Hossain temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within the police-station of Harirampur, in the district of Dacca, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Muazzam Hossain, or until further orders.

Faridpur.—No. 944Regn.—21st December 1933.—Maulvi Delawarali Khan, officiating District Sub-Registrar of Faridpur, is allowed leave on average pay for three weeks, with effect from the 13th November 1933, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules.

H. R. WILKINSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Bengal Educational Service.

Presidency Divn.—No. 60B.—12th December 1933.—Miss Mrinalini Bose, Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Presidency Division (Nadia and Murshidabad), in the Women's Branch of the Bengal Educational Service, is declared, in terms of Fundamental Rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*), to have been on leave on average pay for nineteen days, with effect from 4th September 1933.

2. She was permitted to prefix to her leave, Sunday, the 3rd September 1933, and to suffix to it the Puja holidays, extending from 23rd September 1933 to 4th October 1933, provided the conditions prescribed in Subsidiary Rules 206 to 208 were fulfilled.

Rajshahi-Chittagong Divns.—No. 63B.—12th December 1933.—Khan Sahib Maulvi Abdur Rahman Khan, District Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi, now officiating Second Inspector of Schools, Chittagong Division, in the Bengal Educational Service, was granted, in terms of Fundamental Rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*), leave on average pay for the period from 5th October 1933 to 25th November 1933, both days inclusive.

2. He was permitted to prefix the Puja holidays extending from 23rd September 1933 to 4th October 1933, both days inclusive, and to suffix Sunday, the 26th November 1933 to his leave. He fulfilled the conditions prescribed in Subsidiary Rules 206-208.

3. This cancels this office notification No. 45B., dated 22nd September 1933.

J. M. BOTTOMLEY,

Director of Public Instn., Bengal (offg.).

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Audit.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 6750F.—7th December 1933.—The following amendment to the Fundamental and Subsidiary Rules, 1st Edition (Reprint), 1929, is published for general information:—

Page 381—Appendix No. 27.—Add the following as item (5) at the end of this Appendix:—

(5) It has been decided by the Governor-General in Council that the revised rates of pension contribution in case of military officers should be applied retrospectively, only in the case of military commissioned officers lent for service in Iraq and that adjustments are to be made in their case on exactly the same lines as were made, on the introduction of the rates prescribed in their resolution No. F. 81-R-I-24, dated the 11th February 1929, in the case of members of the Indian Civil Service and all other superior civil services, *vide* the correspondence forwarded with Government of India letter No. F-81-R.-I-24, dated the 4th June 1931.

(Government of India No. F 1-XV-R-1-30, dated the 5th October 1933.)

No. 6827F.—20th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rules 41, 42 and 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Governor in Council and acting with his Ministers is pleased to make the following rule:—

Rule.

A Government servant who is required or permitted to retire in consequence of a decision to abolish his post or a post in the cadre or class in a cadre to which he belongs and who is admitted to the special concessions prescribed in the Bengal Services (Compulsory Retirement) Rules, 1933, or would have been admitted to those concessions but for the operation of rule 1 of those Rules, shall not retain a lien on any post during the leave granted to him preparatory to retirement and the abolition of the post referred to above shall be effective from the date on which he proceeds on such leave.

This rule will have effect from 1st December 1932.

ADDENDUM AND CORRIGENDUM.

No. 6981F. — 22nd December 1933.—The following correction, which has been authorised, is published for general information: —

Bengal Financial Rules, 1st Edition (Reprint), 1930.

Page 12—Rule 5. Substitute the following for the fourth, fifth and sixth sentences:—

"The chest should never be opened without both custodians being present, in cases where the keys of the two locks are kept in the custody of different persons."

D. GLADDING,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 6947Com.—21st December 1933.—On the expiry of the leave granted to him under the Government of Bengal, Commerce Department, notification No. 2484Com., dated the 7th April 1933, Mr. J. B. McBride is appointed to officiate as the Chief Inspector of Factories, Bengal, with effect from the afternoon of the 11th December 1933.

R. N. GILCHRIST,

Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Establishment.

NOTIFICATION.

Minister-in-charge: The Hon'ble Nawab K. G. M. Faroqui, Khan Bahadur.

No. 65.—21st December 1933.—Mr. J. D. A. Vincent, Superintending Engineer, Electrical Circle, has been granted by the High Commissioner for India leave on half average pay for six weeks, in extension of the leave on average pay for eight months granted to him in this department notification No. 27, dated the 3rd April 1933.

L. R. FAWCUS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Establishment.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 15C.I.E.—19th December 1933.—Babu Subodh Krishna Pal, Assistant Engineer, is granted, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, leave on average pay for eighteen days, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

T. A. CURRY, *Chief Engineer (offg.).*

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRIES.

Orders by the Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

No. 114Exc.—20th December 1933.—Babu Satkari Gonai, temporary Inspector of Excise and Salt, Midnapore, is allowed leave for two months, with effect from 2nd January 1934, viz., privilege leave for nineteen days, under Article 260 and furlough for the remaining period, under Article 325 (*a*) of the Civil Service Regulations.

S. K. HALDAR,
Commr. of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Land Revenue.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Hooghly.—No. 14852L.R.—19th December 1933.—Under the provisions of section 3 (*14*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Dhirendra Mohan Chakrabatti, Sub-Deputy Collector, Hooghly, is authorised to discharge, in the district of Hooghly, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights.

He is also vested with the powers of an Assistant Settlement Officer, under Chapter VII, Part I, of the rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act, in respect of the aforesaid areas.

Hooghly.—No. 14853L.R.—19th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1825 (IX of 1825), read with section 20 of the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822 (VII of 1822), the Governor in Council is pleased to vest Babu Dhirendra Mohan Chakrabatti, Sub-Deputy Collector and Assistant Settlement Officer, Hooghly, who has, by notification No. 14270-C.P., dated the 23rd November 1933, been vested by the Board of Revenue with the powers of a Collector in the estate Char Guptipara bearing tauzi No. 1791 of the Hooghly Collectorate belonging to Babu Hemendra Nath Roy Choudhuri and other, zamindars of Satkhira six annas estate in the district of Khulna for the purpose of the work of maintenance of the record-of-rights of that estate, in the district of Hooghly, with powers under section 19 of the said Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1822, within the local limits of that estate, to require and compel persons mentioned in the section to attend and produce accounts and other papers and to examine such persons under that section for the purpose of the said work of the maintenance of the record-of-rights.

Hooghly.—No. 14881L.R.—20th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (*3*) of section 158A of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. R. W. Morde, Certificate Officer, Hooghly, to perform the functions of a Certificate Officer under the Bengal Public Demands Recovery Act, 1913, for the purposes of the said section and in respect of the recovery of arrears of rent (including cesses) due to the estate of Babu Hemendra Nath Ray Chowdhury and others, zemindars of Satkhira six annas estate in the district of Hooghly.

Midnapore.—No. 14911L.R.—21st December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 87 of the Land Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act VII of 1876), the Governor in Council is pleased to vest Babu Jiban Chandra Chatterjee, Deputy Collector, with special appellate powers of a Collector under the Act in the district of Midnapore.

Burdwan - Hooghly - Howrah - Malda.—No. 14945L.R.—21st December 1933.—Babu Purnendu Nath Guha, Sub-Deputy Collector, employed as Assistant Settement Officer in the districts of Burdwan, Hooghly and Howrah, is, in the interest of public service, appointed to be an Assistant Settlement Officer in the district of Malda, with effect from the date on which he joins his settlement duties in that district.

Malda. — No. 14946L.R.—21st December 1933.—Under the provisions of section 3 (*14*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Purnendu Nath Guha, Sub-Deputy Collector, is authorised to discharge, in the district of Malda, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights.

He is also vested with the powers of an Assistant Settlement Officer, under Chapter VII, Part I, of the rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act, in respect of the aforesaid area.

Midnapore.—No. 14949L.R.—21st December 1933.—Under the provisions of section 3 (*14*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Rai Sahib Abhoya Charan Chatterji, Deputy Collector, is authorised to discharge, in the district of Midnapore, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of record-of-rights.

He is also vested with the powers of an Assistant Settlement Officer, under Chapter VII, Part I of the rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act, in respect of the aforesaid area.

Midnapore.—No. 14950L.R.—21st December 1933.—Rai Sahib Abhoya Charan Chatterji, Deputy Collector and Assistant Settlement Officer, Midnapore, is vested with the powers of a Revenue Officer, under section 108 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), in the district of Midnapore, for the purpose of revision of orders passed either by himself or by any other Revenue Officer under him, under sections 105, 105A, 106 or 107 of the said Act.

Midnapore.—No. 14951L.R.—21st December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 115B of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Rai Sahib Abhoya Charan Chatterji, Deputy Collector and Assistant Settlement Officer, Midnapore, to make corrections in the record-of-rights prepared in respect of the lands in that district, in accordance with, and subject to, the provisions of the said section.

Dinajpur.—No. 14957L.R.—21st December 1933.—Under section 3 of the Bengal Survey Act, 1875 (Act V of 1875), the Governor in Council is pleased to order that a survey shall be made of all lands which are comprised within the administrative boundaries of the district of Dinajpur excluding the areas already surveyed in pursuance of Government notification No. 14453L.R., dated the 7th December 1931, published at page 1561, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of 10th December 1931, and that the boundaries of the estates, tenures, mauzas and fields be demarcated on the lands so to be surveyed.

Dinajpur.—No. 14959L.R.—21st December 1933.—Under section 4 of the Bengal Survey Act, 1875 (Act V of 1875), the undermentioned officers are appointed to be the Assistant Superintendents of Survey for the purpose of carrying out the survey directed to be made under Government notification No. 14957L.R., dated 21st December 1933, in the district of Dinajpur:—

(1) Mr. I. Newton, Extra Assistant Superintendent of Surveys.

(2) Major C. B. Sexton, Extra Assistant Superintendent of Surveys.

(3) Babu Lal Mohan Bose, Sub-Deputy Collector.

Land Acquisition.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Rangpur. No. 14863L.A.—19th December 1933.—The Governor in Council is pleased to cancel the notification No. 815L.A., dated the 16th January 1932, published under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, at page 337, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st idem, in respect of the proposed acquisition of 0·97 of an acre of land, required by the district board of Rangpur for the Mahimaganj Veterinary Dispensary, in the village Sreepatipur *alias* Khariabadha, jurisdiction list No. 735, thana Gobindaganj, pargana Bajitpur, district Rangpur.

Hooghly.—No. 14884L.A.—20th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Serampore Municipality for a public purpose viz., for widening Kumirjala Road, in the village of Serampore, jurisdiction list No. 17, thana Serampore, pargana Boro, district Hooghly, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 0·128 of an acre, bounded on the—

Plot No. I:

North—By land of Babu Radhika Lal Gosswami, drain, land and tank of Babu Becharam Sarkar and Bhola Nath Nandy,

East - By Kumirjala Lane,

South—By north side drain of Doctor Bagan Road,

West - By land of Babu Radhika Lal Gosswami,

Plot No. II:

North and East—By garden of Babu Siddheswar Mukherjee and brothers,

South— By north side drain of Doctor Bagan Road,

West By Kumirjala Lane,

are likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Serampore.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Serampore.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

Any person interested in the above land, who has any objection to the acquisition thereof, may, within thirty days after the date on which public notice of the substance of this notification is given in the locality, file an objection in writing before the Collector of Hooghly.

Chittagong.—No. 14887L.A.—20th December 1933.—Mr. Sukumar Basu, I.C.S., Additional District Magistrate, Chittagong, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, in that district.

DECLARATIONS.

Jessore.—No. 14860L.A.—19th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of the police buildings of Lohagora police-station, in the village of Lakshmipasha, jurisdiction list No. 90 in thana Lohagora, pargana Naldi, district Jessore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, comprising cadastral plots Nos. 644, 645, 646, 647 and 648, and measuring, more or less, 2·18 acres, is required within the aforesaid village of Lakshmipasha.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Narail.

Khulna.—No. 14866L.A.—19th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the district board of Khulna for a public purpose, viz., for the existing infectious diseases shed, in the village of Bazargram, jurisdiction list No. 42, thana Kaliganj, pargana Bazitpur, district Khulna, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, comprising cadastral plot No. 36, and measuring, more or less, 0·20 of an acre, is required within the aforesaid village of Bazargram.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Satkhira.

Dacca.—No. 14874L.A.—20th December 1933.—*Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Dacca district board, for a public purpose, viz., for the improvement of the* **Dacca-Narayanganj Road from the 2nd to the 9th mile it is hereby declared that for the above purpose strips of lands altogether measuring, more or less, 41·590 acres, passing from north-west to south-east and comprising—**

Mile No. 2:

Parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 21, 22, 1390, 119, 150, 151, 165, 166, 160, 159, 175, 193, 194, 169, 170, 173, 174 and 186 of mauza Jurain, jurisdiction list No. 337, parganas Jahangirnagar-Durgapur, Shibpur-Shyampur, Makimabad, Nurullapur, Tappa Kamrapur, Jahangirnagar, Tappa Habeli, Jahangirnagar, police-station Tejgaon and parts of cadastral survey plot No. 68 of mauza Ailbahar, jurisdiction list No. 336, pargana Shibpur-Shyampur, police-station Tejgaon;

Mile No. 3:

Parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 193, 192, 191, 190, 189, and 188 of mauza Jurain, jurisdiction list No. 337, parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 68, 74, 76, 77, 82, 84, 91, 92, 94, 95, 109, 111, 112, 113, 48, 47, 46, 45, 38, 37, 36, 30, 27, 25 and 26 of mauza Ailbahar, jurisdiction list No. 336, parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 15 and 16 of mauza Shyampur, jurisdiction list No. 335, and parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 1384, 189, 188, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 187, 1426, 185, 184, 159, 158, 155, 154, 143, 142, 141, 139, 129 and 128 of mauza Kadamtali, jurisdiction list No. 334, pargana Shibpur-Shyampur, police-station Tejgaon;

Mile No. 4:

Parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 22, 23, 24, 27, 28, 31, 32, 35, 36, 37, 40, 41, 44, 45, 48, 49, 61, 62, 63, 67, 70, 71, 72, 93, 91, 89, 438, 439, 453, 454, 455, 456, 527, 526, 525, 524, 543, 566, 567, 568, 570, 571, 572, 573, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 128, 127, 126, 122, 121, 119, 116, 115, 114, 113, 110, 109, 105, 100, 101, 99, 95, 96, 437, 459, 458, 457, 463, 513, 514, 520, 506, 642, 641, 640, 638, 639, 615 and 614 of mauza Kadamtali, jurisdiction list No. 334, pargana Shibpur-Shyampur, police-station Tejgaon;

Mile No. 5:

Parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 614, 613, 602, 601, 594, 595, and 596 of mauza Kadamtali, jurisdiction list No. 334, pargana Shibpur-Shyampur, police-station Tejgaon, parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 304, 372, 370, 369, 367, 338, 336, 335, 539, 334, 333, 330, 329, 306, 553, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 322, 564 and cadastral survey plot Nos. 328 and 554 of mauza Pagla, jurisdiction list No. 150, parganas Durgapur-Jahangirnagar and Shibpur-Shyampur, police-station Fatulla, parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 398, 400, 402, 49, 52, 53, 403, 54, 55, 63, 65, 408, 67, 68, 74, 76, 77, 78, 79 and 80, and cadastral survey plot Nos. 399 and 407 of mauza Dhopatita, jurisdiction list No. 151, parganas tappa-Gopalpur, Khijirpur, tappa-Gopalpur and Kashimnagar, tappa Hazikhapur, police-station Fatulla;

Mile No. 6:

Parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 63, 415, 116, 115, 86, 85, 80, 81, 83 and 84 of mauza Dhopatita, jurisdiction list No. 151, parganas Kashimnagar, tappa Aurangabad, Kashimnagar, tappa Hazikhapur, parts of cadastral plot Nos. 3, 18, 17, 19, 201, 20, 37, 198, 122, 48, 121, 127, 138, 139, 141, 142, 143, 145, 170, 171, 1, 194, 123, 124, 125, 126, 210 and 144 of mauza Aliganj, jurisdiction list No. 153, pargana Khijirpur, parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 114, 112, 111, 110, 109, 229, 228, 225, 224, 223, 894, 218, 217, 196, 195, 192, 893, 184, 183, 892, 116, 117, 120, 121, 122, 127, 128, 129, 882, 132, 133, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 145, 146, 149, 150, 884, 153, 154, 155 and 156 of mauza Dapa Idrakpur, jurisdiction list No. 154, pargana Bikrampur, police-station Fatulla.

Mile No. 7:

Cadastral survey plot Nos. 177, 178, 179, 162, 658, 661 and parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 892, 180, 647, 649, 650, 651, 652, 656, 722, 721, 720, 943, 719, 718, 717, 716, 708, 685, 937, 690, 940, 961, 157, 158, 159, 659, 660, 662, 665, 666, 667, 671, 672, 673, 674, 680, 681, 682 and 683 of mauza Dapa Idrakpur, jurisdiction list No. 154, parganas Bikrampur, Jahangirnagar, Shahebabad and Khijirpur, cadastral survey plot Nos. 24 and 85 and parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 37, 36, 34, 33, 32, 31, 28, 27, 48, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 1, 2, 4, 954, 955, 956, 5, 6, 957, 8, 958, 959, 966, 89, 978, 92, 980, 967 and 969 of mauza Fatulla, jurisdiction list No. 158, parganas Kashimnagar, tappa Fatullapur, Kashimnagar, tappa Hazikhapur, Khijirpur, tappa Gopalpur, and Kashipur, parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 134, 135, 138, and 139 of mauza Lalpur, jurisdiction list No. 159, pargana Jahangirnagar, parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 45, 47, 52, 53 and 54 of mauza Alinagar, jurisdiction list No. 160, pargana Kashimnagar, tappa Fatullapur, cadastral survey plot No. 101 and parts of cadastral survey plot No. 72 of mauza Fazilpur, jurisdiction list No. 161, pargana Kashipur, parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 137 and 736 of mauza Hariharpara, jurisdiction list No. 166, pargana Kashimnagar, tappa Fatullapur, police-station Fatulla;

Mile No. 8:

Parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 93, 98, 99, 981, 982, 102, 103, 983, 104, 105, 149, 986, 151, 152, 153, 996, 997, 209, 210, 211, 212, 224, 225, and 227 of mauza Fatulla, jurisdiction list No. 158, parganas Kashimnagar, tappa Fatullapur, Kashimnagar, Khijirpur tappa Gopalpur, Makimabad, tappa Gobindapur, tappa Aurangabad and tappa Amrapur, parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 736, 135, 138, 140, 145, 146, 176, 177, 418, 421, 423, 425, 426, 430, 432, 431, 435, 436, 437, 438, 442, 444, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454 and 455 of mauza Hariharpara, jurisdiction list No. 166, parganas Khijirpur, Khijirpur-tappa Gopalpur, Kashimnagar, Kashimnagar-tappa-Fatullapur, Ishakhabad, Kashimnagar-tappa-Hazikhapur, parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 77, 78, 79, 82, 764, 83, 84, 85, 86, 220, 215, 167, 166, 755, 165 and 156 of mauza, Masdair, jurisdiction list No. 191, parganas Khijirpur, tappa Aurangabad, police-station Fatulla;

Mile No. 9.

Parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 153, 144, 143, 142, 141, 136, 135, 156, 430, 431, 432, 436, 437, 439, 440 and 441 of mauza Masdair, jurisdiction list No. 191, parganas tappa Aurangabad, Khijirpur, parts of cadastral survey plots Nos. 188, 187 and 185 of mauza Isdair, jurisdiction list No. 192, parganas tappa Gobindapur and Khijirpur, tappa Gopalpur, parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 27, 33, 34 and 35 of mauza Chasara, jurisdiction list No. 189, parganas Khijirpur, tappa Gopalpur, Gobindapur and Tripura, police-station Fatulla, cadastral survey plot Nos. 421 and 424 and parts of cadastral survey plot Nos. 416, 423, 495 and 422 of mauza Khanpur, jurisdiction list No. 194, within Narayanganj Municipality, pargana Jahangirnagar, police-station Narayanganj, part of cadastral survey plot No. 6 of mauza Chashara, jurisdiction list No. 190, within Narayanganj Municipality, pargana Nasaratshahi, tappa Katrab,

are required within the aforesaid villages in the district of Dacca.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Dacca.

Burdwan.—No. 14877L.A.—20th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Burdwan Municipality, for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a drain at Khanpara, Burdwan, in the village of Burdwan, jurisdiction list No. 30, thana Burdwan, pargana Burdwan, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 10066, 10070, 10071, 10072 and measuring, more or less, 0·005 of an acre, is required within the aforesaid village of Burdwan.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Chairman, Burdwan Municipality.

Darjeeling.—No. 14901L.A.—20th December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of the police barrack in the tea estate named Bloomfield, bearing B. I. No. 142, jurisdiction list No. 14, thana Darjeeling, pargana Darjeeling Hills, district Darjeeling, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0·712 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the District Board Road to Bloomfield tea estate,

East—By Bloomfield police land,

South—By land of Narbahadur Alay under the Bloomfield tea estate,

West—By district board road to Bloomfield tea estate,

is required within the aforesaid tea estate named Bloomfield.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig, or carry away, or use, in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Deputy Commissioner, Darjeeling.

Burdwan.—No. 14960L.A.—21st December 1933.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for constructing a road from Grand Trunk Road near Panagar station to the head works at Randiha of the Damodar Canal Project, in the village of Kanksa, jurisdiction list No. 86, thana Kanksa, pargana Selampur, district Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose three pieces of land, comprising parts of cadastral plot Nos. 2221, 2230, 2231, 2234, 2235, 3498, 3502, 3504, 3505, 4052 to 4054 and 4299, and altogether measuring, more or less, 1·84 acres, are required within the aforesaid village of Kanksa.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig, or carry away, or use, in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Damodar Canal Division, Burdwan.

ERRATUM.

Pabna. — No. 14940L.A.—21st December 1933.—In lines 8, 9, 19 and 22 of the declaration No. 5655L.A., dated the 25th April 1932, published at page 902, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 28th idem, in respect of the acquisition of land required by the district board of Pabna, for a village road from Chak Nurpur to the 3rd mile of Pabna-Sara Road, in district Pabna, *read* "Narayan" *for* "Narayanpur" *after* the word "jote" and in line 19 of the said declaration, *read* "52, 53, 54 and 56" *for* "52 to 56."

O. M. MARTIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Irrigation.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 16-I.—19th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 99 of the Bengal Irrigation Act, 1876 (Bengal Act III of 1876), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following amendment in the rules for the combined Damodar and Eden Canals (published in Bengal Government notification No. 6-I., dated the 24th March 1933, at pages 487-509, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 30th idem):—

Amendment.

At the end of the first sentence of rule 6 of the said rules *after* the word "received," the words "unless the time is extended by the Chief Engineer, Bengal, Irrigation Department" shall be inserted.

No. 17-I.—20th December 1933.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 6 of the Bengal Embankment Act, 1882 (Bengal Act II of 1882), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the provisions of clause (*b*) of section 76 of that Act shall take effect, on and from the 29th January 1934, over a tract of country extending for one mile from each bank of the rivers or portions thereof as specified in the schedule below, and over the bed of the same rivers :—

Names of rivers.	From			To			Approximate length in miles.
	Village.	Pargana	District	Village.	Pargana.	District.	
1 Baraitali channel	Pingna	Kagmari	Mymensingh	Dohajani	Kagmari	Mymensingh.	*23 miles
2 Charabari channel	Dohajani	Do	Do	Elashin ..	Atia ..	Do. ..	*10 „
3 Lohajung	Chowdhury Malancha	Do .	Do .	Mirzapur	Do ..	Do. ..	37 „

*These are the upper and lower reaches respectively of the same channel.

L. R. FAWCUS,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 12-I.—13th November 1933.—The following draft of amendment, which, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6 and 11 of the Canals Act (Bengal Act V of 1864), the Governor in Council intends to make in the rules and schedules of rates of tolls for the Midnapore Canal, with branch to Narayangarh, in supersession of Bengal Government notification No. 27-I, dated the 24th November 1931 (published at page 1537 in Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 3rd December 1931), is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 4th January 1934, and any objections or suggestions received by the undersigned before that date will be duly considered :—

Draft amendment.

Schedule of rates of tolls to be charged on the Midnapore Canal and the Narayangarh Distributary.

Entering from both the east and the west

Description.	Range I. 7 miles, Uluberia to Bansberia or *vice versa*.	Range III 11 miles, Dainan to Panskura or *vice versa*	Range IV 11 miles, Panskura to Balichak or *vice versa*	Range V. 13½ miles, Balichak to Mohanpur or 26 miles, Balichak to Narayangarh Distributary *via* Krishtanagar or 19½ miles, Mohanpur to Narayangarh Distributary *via* Krishtanagar or *vice versa*.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a. p.
Loaded vessel per 100 maunds	0 8	0 12	0 12	1 4 0
Empty vessel per 100 maunds	0 4	0 6	0 6	0 10 0
Timber in rafts or loose per timber ..	0 2	0 2	0 2	0 3 0
Piles in rafts or loose per 100 piles ..	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 10 0
Bamboos in floats per 100	0 4	0 4	0 4	0 6 6

NOTE.—Toll will be realised at Uluberia, Bansberia, Dainan, Panskura and Balichak toll stations.

H. C. V. PHILPOT,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

BOARD OF REVENUE, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

Midnapore.—No. 15414C.P.—15th December 1933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 2 of section 8 of the Bengal Land Revenue (Assistant Collectors) Regulation, 1821 (IV of 1821), the Board of Revenue authorises Babu Haridas Mazumdar, Settlement Kanungo, who has been placed on duty in connection with the maintenance for the purpose of section 158A of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, of the record-of-rights of the estate of Babu Radha Gobinda Pal in the district of Midnapore to exercise and perform within the local limits of the said estate any of the powers and duties vested in the Collectors of Land Revenue under any enactment in force therein for the purpose of the said work of maintenance of the record-of-rights.

N. V. H. SYMONS,

Secy. to the Board of Revenue, Bengal.

TREASURY NOTICE.

Orders by the Deputy Accountant-General, Bengal.

The Treasury, the 19th December 1933.

It is notified that the refund order book No. 1670, containing 50 orders, is in use in the Income-tax office, Central Salaries Circle, Calcutta, with effect from the 6th December 1933.

A. R. REBELLO,

Deputy Accountant-General, Bengal.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

High Court, Crown Office, the 7th December 1933.

Dates of the Criminal Sessions for the year 1934.

Number of sessions.	Day of week	Date.
First Sessions ..	Monday ..	12th February.
Second Sessions	Do. ..	30th April.
Third Sessions ..	Do. ..	11th June.
Fourth Sessions	Do. ..	23rd July.
Fifth Sessions ..	Do. ..	26th November.

By order,

O. MOSES,

Clerk of the Crown.

Civil.

The 18th December 1933.

No. 28965A.—Maulvi Himmet Ali, munsif of Khulna (Sadar), is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 50 within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Khulna.

No. 28969A.—Maulvi Abdul Rabban, additional munsif of Contai, in the district of Midnapore, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 50 within the local limits of the Contai munsifi.

The 20th December 1933.

No. 29120A.—In exercise of the powers delegated to the High Court by the notification of the Government of Bengal, No. 64J.D. dated the 30th April 1915, the officers named in the following schedule are vested under Article 8 of the Second Schedule of the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887 (IX of 1887), with powers to try, under the Small Cause Court procedure, suits up to the value of Rs. 250 for the recovery of rents of homestead lands arising within the municipal area within his jurisdiction:—

Schedule.

1. Babu Dwijendra Nath Pal, munsif of Ranaghat (Nadia).
2. Babu Khagesh Chandra Mitra, munsif, Barasat (24-Parganas).
3. Babu Upendra Chandra Majumdar, munsif, Bogra.
4. Babu Satya Saran Guha, munsif, Bankura (Sadar).
5. Babu Sharat Chandra Ray Chaudhuri, munsif, Meherpur (Nadia).
6. Babu Bhuban Mohan Singh, munsif, Kushtia (Nadia).
7. Babu Kumud Bandhu Sen, munsif, Barisal (Bakarganj).
8. Babu Gobinda Chandra Chakrabatti, munsif, Comilla (Tippera).
9. Babu Bishnurat Sen, munsif, Faridpur (Sadar).

No. 29129A.—The officers named in the following schedule are vested under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try, under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs. 2,000 arising within the local limits mentioned against each:—

Schedule.

1. Babu Tridib Chandra Banarji, munsif, Bolpur (Birbhum)—Bolpur munsifi.
2. Babu Jitendra Nath Chatarji, munsif, Chittagong (Sadar)—Original jurisdiction of the District Judge, Chittagong.
3. Babu Srish Chandra Chakrabatti, munsif, Serampore (Hooghly)—Serampore munsifi.

4. Babu Charu Chandra Basu, munsif, Tamluk (Midnapore)—Tamluk munsifi.
5. Babu Naresh Chandra Chakrabatti, No. 1, munsif, Contai (Midnapore)—Contai munsifi.
6. Babu Nagendra Chandra Ganguli, munsif, Berhampore (Murshidabad)—Original jurisdiction of the District Judge, Murshidabad.
7. Babu Indu Sekhar Basu, munsif, Naogaon (Rajshahi and Malda)—Naogaon munsifi.
8. Babu Jitendra Kumar Biswas, munsif, Pirojpur (Bakarganj)—Pirojpur munsifi.
9. Babu Rupamay Chatarji, munsif, Howrah —Executive district of Howrah comprising the munsifis of Howrah, Uluberia and Amta.
10. Lala Jogesh Chandra, munsif, Dacca (Sadar)—Sadar munsifi of Dacca.
11. Babu Bhuban Mohan Singh, munsif, Kushtia (Nadia)—Kushtia munsifi.
12. Babu Jogindra Kumar De, munsif, Netrokona (Mymensingh)—Netrokona munsifi.
13. Maulvi Muhammad Abul Ahsan, munsif, Madaripur (Faridpur)—Madaripur subdivision.
14. Babu Upendra Chandra Majumdar, munsif, Bogra—Executive district of Bogra.
15. Babu Priya Nath Basu, munsif, Gaibandha (Rangpur)—Gaibandha munsifi.
16. Maulvi Saiyid Amjad Ali, munsif, Chittagong (Sadar)—Original jurisdiction of the District Judge, Chittagong.
17. Babu Tejendra Nath Basu, munsif, Barisal (Bakarganj)—Barisal munsifi.
18. Babu Satya Saran Guha, munsif, Bankura (Sadar)—Original jurisdiction of the District Judge, Bankura.
19. Babu Aditya Chandra Datta, munsif, Burdwan (Sadar)—Original jurisdiction of the District Judge, Burdwan.
20. Babu Biman Bihari Sarkar, munsif, Diamond Harbour, 24-Parganas—Diamond Harbour munsifi.
21. Babu Manmatha Nath Ghatak, munsif, Munshiganj (Dacca)—Munshiganj munsifi.
22. Babu Gobinda Chandra Chakrabatti, munsif, Comilla (Tippera)—Original jurisdiction of the District Judge, Tippera.
23. Babu Bishnurat Sen, munsif, Faridpur (Sadar)—Original jurisdiction of the District Judge, Faridpur.
24. Babu Satchidananda Gupta, munsif, Rampurhat, Birbhum—Rampurhat munsifi.
25. Babu Sudhangsu Chandra Ghosh, munsif, Jalpaiguri—Jalpaiguri munsifi.

No. 29158A.—The officers named in the following schedule are vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value and within the local limits mentioned against each:—

Schedule.

1. Babu Naresh Chandra Chakrabatti (No. II), munsif, Munshiganj (Dacca)—Rs. 100—Munshiganj munsifi.
2. Babu Niranjan Banarji, munsif, Narayanganj (Dacca)—Rs. 50—Narayanganj munsifi.
3. Babu Matilal Das, munsif, Kushtia (Nadia)—Rs. 50—Kushtia munsifi.
4. Babu Atul Bihari Mallik, munsif, Dacca (Sadar)—Rs. 250—Sadar munsifi of Dacca.
5. Babu Gobinda Prasad Palit, munsif, Barasat (24-Parganas)—Rs. 50—Barasat munsifi.
6. Babu Tridib Chandra Banarji, munsif, Bolpur (Birbhum)—Rs. 250—Bolpur munsifi.
7. Maulvi Abdul Maleque, munsif, Bogra —Rs. 100—Bogra munsifi.
8. Babu Bimal Kumar Bhattacharji, munsif, Kishoreganj (Mymensingh)—Rs. 50—Kishoreganj munsifi.
9. Babu Jitendra Nath Chatarji, munsif, Chittagong (Sadar)—Rs. 250—Sadar munsifi of Chittagong.
10. Maulvi Abdul Jabbar Khan, munsif, North Raojan (Chittagong)—Rs. 50—North Raojan munsifi.
11. Babu Srish Chandra Chakrabatti, munsif, Serampore (Hooghly)—Rs. 250—Serampore munsifi.
12. Babu Naresh Chandra Chakrabatti (No. I), munsif, Contai (Midnapore)—Rs. 250—Contai munsifi.
13. Babu Anukul Chandra Lahiri, munsif, Gaibandha (Rangpur)—Rs. 50—Gaibandha munsifi.
14. Babu Nagendra Chandra Ganguli, munsif, Berhampore (Murshidabad)—Rs. 250 —Berhampore munsifi.
15. Babu Dwijendra Nath Pal, munsif, Ranaghat (Nadia)—Rs. 250—Ranaghat munsifi.
16. Maulvi Makbular Rahman, munsif, Bajitpur (Mymensingh)—Rs. 250—Bajitpur munsifi.
17. Maulvi Omer Mallik, munsif, Ghatal (Midnapore)—Rs. 100—Ghatal munsifi.
18. Babu Subodh Chandra Mukharji, munsif, Tamluk (Midnapore)—Rs. 50—Tamluk munsifi.
19. Babu Indu Sekhar Basu, munsif, Naogaon (Rajshahi and Malda)—Rs. 250—Naogaon munsifi.
20. Babu Jitendra Kumar Biswas, munsif, Pirojpur (Bakarganj)—Rs. 250—Pirojpur munsifi.
21. Babu Sailendra Nath Mitra, munsif, Barisal (Bakarganj)—Rs. 100—Barisal munsifi.
22. Babu Rupamay Chatarji, munsif, Howrah—Rs. 250—Howrah munsifi.
23. Lala Jogesh Chandra, munsif, Dacca (Sadar)—Rs. 250—Sadar munsifi of Dacca.
24. Babu Bhuban Mohan Singh, munsif, Kushtia (Nadia)—Rs. 250—Kushtia munsifi.
25. Babu Jogindra Kumar De, munsif, Netrokona (Mymensingh)—Rs. 250—Netrokona munsifi.
26. Babu Santosh Kumar Neogi, munsif, Tamluk (Midnapore)—Rs. 100—Tamluk munsifi.
27. Babu Jagadish Chandra Gupta, munsif, Jangipur (Murshidabad)—Rs. 100—Jangipur munsifi.

28. Babu Nripendra Nath Bagchi, munsif, Dacca (Sadar)—Rs. 100—Sadar munsifi of Dacca.

29. Maulvi Muhammad Abul Ahsan, munsif, Madaripur (Faridpur)—Rs. 250—Madaripur munsifi.

30. Babu Janardhan Prasad Mukharji, munsif, Krishnagar (Nadia)—Rs. 100—Krishnagar munsifi.

31. Babu Upendra Chandra Majumdar, munsif, Bogra—Rs. 250—Bogra munsifi.

32. Babu Surendra Kumar Ghosh, munsif, Jessore (Sadar)—Rs. 100—Sadar munsifi of Jessore.

33. Babu Panchkari Sarkar, munsif, Kandi (Murshidabad)—Rs. 100—Kandi munsifi.

34. Babu Rebati Mohan Chatarji, munsif, Rangpur (Sadar)—Rs. 100—Sadar munsifi of Rangpur.

35. Babu Priya Nath Basu, munsif, Gaibandha (Rangpur)—Rs. 250—Gaibandha munsifi.

36. Babu Manindra Prasad Singh, munsif, Comilla (Tippera)—Rs. 250—Comilla munsifi.

37. Maulvi Saiyed Amjad Ali, munsif, Chittagong (Sadar)—Rs. 250—Sadar munsifi of Chittagong.

38. Babu Tejendra Nath Basu, munsif, Barisal (Bakarganj)—Rs. 250—Barisal munsifi.

39. Babu Satya Saran Guha, munsif, Bankura (Sadar)—Rs. 250—Sadar munsifi of Bankura.

40. Mr. Kiran Kumar Bhattacharji, additional munsif, Alipore (24-Parganas)—Rs. 100—That portion of the Alipore and Sealdah munsifis which lies outside the jurisdiction of the Small Cause Court proper at Sealdah.

41. Babu Sharat Chandra Ray Chaudhuri, munsif, Meherpur (Nadia)—Rs. 250—Meherpur munsifi.

42. Babu Bhola Nath Ghatak, munsif, Bagerhat (Khulna)—Rs. 100—Bagerhat munsifi.

43. Maulvi Saiyid Tassaduq Hossain, munsif, Sherpur (Mymensingh)—Rs. 100—Sherpur munsifi.

44. Babu Aditya Chandra Datta, munsif, Burdwan (Sadar)—Rs. 250—Sadar munsifi of Burdwan.

45. Maulvi Mahammad Ghyasuddin, munsif, Sudharam (Noakhali)—Rs. 100—Sudharam munsifi.

46. Babu Somnath Chakrabatti, munsif, Chikandi (Faridpur)—Rs. 100—Chikandi munsifi.

47. Babu Sailesh Chandra Chakrabatti, munsif, Katwa (Burdwan)—Rs. 100—Katwa munsifi.

48. Maulvi Abu Sayid Muhammad Salek, munsif, Narayanganj (Dacca)—Rs. 100—Narayanganj munsifi.

49. Babu Biman Bihari Sarkar, munsif, Diamond Harbour (24-Parganas)—Rs. 250—Diamond Harbour munsifi.

50. Babu Harendra Krishna Mukharji, munsif, Chandpur (Tippera)—Rs. 250—Chandpur munsifi.

51. Maulvi Nizamuddin Ahmad, munsif, Contai (Midnapore)—Rs. 50—Contai munsifi.

52. Babu Kishorilal Chatarji, munsif, Nawabganj (Rajshahi and Malda)—Rs. 250—Nawabganj munsifi.

53. Maulvi Khondkar Mutheral Islam, munsif, Khatra (Bankura)—Rs. 100—Khatra munsifi.

54. Babu Kalyan Kumar Das Gupta, munsif, Nilphamari (Rangpur)—Rs. 100—Nilphamari munsifi.

55. Babu Manmatha Nath Ghatak, munsif, Munshiganj (Dacca)—Rs. 250—Munshiganj munsifi.

56. Babu Gobinda Chandra Chakrabatti, munsif, Comilla (Tippera)—Rs. 250—Comilla munsifi.

57. Babu Ramesh Chandra Sen Gupta, munsif, Brahmanbaria (Tippera)—Rs. 250—Brahmanbaria munsifi.

58. Babu Bishnurat Sen, munsif, Faridpur (Sadar)—Rs. 250—Sadar munsifi of Faridpur.

59. Babu Bhabesh Chandra Sen Gupta, munsif, Patuakhali (Bakarganj)—Rs. 100—Patuakhali munsifi.

60. Babu Raj Kumar Datta, additional munsif, Bhanga (Faridpur)—Rs. 50—Bhanga munsifi.

61. Babu Satchidananda Gupta, munsif, Rampurhat (Birbhum)—Rs. 250—Rampurhat munsifi.

62. Maulvi Muhammad Sader Hossain, munsif, Magura (Jessore)—Rs. 50—Magura munsifi.

63. Babu Jyotish Chandra Gupta, munsif, Baruipur (24-Parganas)—Rs. 250—Baruipur munsifi.

64. Babu Jagadish Chandra Majumdar, munsif, Raiganj (Dinajpur)—Rs. 100—Raiganj munsifi.

65. Babu Birendra Narayan Ray, munsif, Arambagh (Hooghly)—Rs. 100—Arambagh munsifi.

66. Babu Sudhangshu Chandra Ghosh, munsif, Jalpaiguri—Rs. 250—Jalpaiguri munsifi.

67. Babu Renupada Mukharji, munsif, Serajganj (Pabna and Bogra)—Rs. 100—Serajganj munsifi.

68. Babu Amulya Gopal Chatarji, munsif, Pabna—Rs. 250—Pabna munsifi.

69. Babu Satya Gopal Mukharji, munsif, Gopalganj (Faridpur)—Rs. 250—Gopalganj munsifi.

70. Babu Suresh Chandra Ghosh, munsif, Basirhat (24-Parganas)—Rs. 100—Basirhat munsifi.

71. Babu Abinash Chandra Ghosh, munsif, Lakshmipur (Noakhali)—Rs. 100—Lakshmipur munsifi.

72. Maulvi Shaharuddin Ahmed, munsif, Alipore (24-Parganas)—Rs. 50—That portion of the Alipore and Sealdah munsifis which lies outside the jurisdiction of the Small Cause Court proper at Sealdah.

No. 29262A.—Babu Upendra Nath Chatarji, Munsif of Manikganj, in the district of Dacca, is vested under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil

Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try, under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs. 2,000 arising within the local limits of the Manikganj munsifi.

No. 29333A.—Babu Kumud Bandhu Sen, munsif of Barisal, in the district of Bakarganj, is vested under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try, under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs. 2,000 arising within the local limits of the original jurisdiction of the District Judge of Bakarganj.

By order of the High Court,

N. L. HINDLEY, *Registrar.*

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

Burdwan Division—Chinsura.

No. 4524J.G.—20th December 1933.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 691A of the Bengal Jail Code, Volume I, I hereby reappoint Babu Satish Chandra Chakravarty to be honorary teacher for Hindu prisoners in the Midnapore Central Jail for a further period of two years from 2nd December 1933, the date of expiry of his first appointment.

L. B. BURROWS, *Commissioner (offg.).*

Chittagong Division—Chittagong.

Noakhali, the 19th December 1933.

No. 7322J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, Munshi Azharuddin Ahmed has been elected to be a member of the Nalchera union board No. IV within the Hatiya police-station in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Noakhali, *vice* Munshi Muslim Meah, deceased.

T. I. M. NURANNABI CHAUDHURI,
District Magistrate.

Dacca Division—Dacca.

No. 5931J.—19th December 1933.—Maulvi Zahurul Quaiyum, Sub-Deputy Collector, Khepupara, in the district of Bakarganj, is transferred to the headquarters station of that district.

No. 5935J.—19th December 1933.—Rai Sahib Janaki Bhusan Singh, Sub-Deputy Collector, Bakarganj, is allowed leave on average pay for twenty-two days, from the 1st to the 22nd December 1933, under rule 81(b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules.

W. H. NELSON, *Commissioner (offg.).*

Faridpur, the 14th December 1933.

No. 8136J.—It is hereby notified for general information that—

(a) Under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Nasasan union board in police-station Naria of the Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district:—

Munshi Rabulla Haoladar.
Munshi Chahedali Haoladar
Munshi Osman Haoladar.
Munshi Rostam Kaviraj.
Munshi Anar Khan.
Munshi Umar Ali Chaukidar

(b) Under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be members of the said union board:—

Munshi Rajjabali Sarif.
Munshi Alom Sardar.
Babu Chandi Charan Ashami.

Faridpur, the 15th December 1933.

No. 8158J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), Maulvi Abdussalam has been duly appointed to be a member of the Gazna union board in police-station Baliakandi in the Goalundo subdivision of the Faridpur district, *vice* Munshi Esharat Mollah, deceased.

A. E. PORTER, *District Magistrate.*

Presidency Division—Calcutta.

No. 2691R.G.—18th December 1933.—Maulvi Mirza Muhammad Abdul Aziz, Sub-Deputy Collector and Circle Officer, Diamond Harbour, 24-Parganas, is granted leave on average pay for sixteen days, under rule 81 (b) (ii) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from the 2nd January 1934.

No. 2673L.S.-G.—20th December 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 23 of the dispensary rules, Babu Sachi Bilash Banerjee and Babu Sarat Chandra Datta have been appointed to be members of the managing committee of the Debogram charitable dispensary in the district of Nadia, in place of Babu Panchanan Banerjee and Babu Mohini Mohon Mukherjee, removed, and Babu Ram Gopal Dutta, in place of Babu Bidhu Bhushan Dutta, deceased.

No. 2695L.S.-G.—20th December 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (b) of the dispensary rules, the gentlemen named below have been appointed to be members of the managing committees of the following charitable dispensaries in the district of Jessore:—

Jhenidah Charitable Dispensary.

The Subdivisional Officer, *ex-officio.*
The Medical Officer, Jhenidah charitable dispensary, *ex-officio.*
The Chairman, local board, *ex-officio.*
The President, union board, Jhenidah, *ex-officio.*
Babu Puspita Ranjan Mukherjee.
Maulvi Kesmat Ali
Maulvi Abdul Goffur.
Maulvi Taher Ali.
Babu Sasanka Sekhar Majumdar.
Babu Ram Gopal Mukherjee.
Doctor Durgapada Bose.

Magura Charitable Dispensary.

The Subdivisional Officer, Magura, *ex-officio.*
The Chairman, local board, Magura, *ex-officio.*
The President, union board, Magura, *ex-officio.*
The Medical Officer, charitable dispensary, Magura, *ex-officio.*
Babu Manmatha Kumar Roy.
Babu Harendra Krishna Sarkar.
Babu Rebaty Kanta Sarkar.
Maulvi Abdul Hakim, B.L.
Babu Surendra Kumar Mazumdar, B.L.
Maulvi Zahural Haque.
Hazi Munshi Tofeluddin Ahmed.
Doctor M. Abdul Karim.

Bongaon Charitable Dispensary

Subdivisional Officer, Bongaon, *ex-officio.*
Chairman, local board, Bongaon, *ex-officio.*
The Medical Officer, Bongaon dispensary, *ex-officio.*
Rai Nagendra Nath Datta Bahadur.
Babu Tej Chandra Mukherjee.
Babu Probodh Chandra Banerjee.
Babu Satish Chandra Banerjee.
Babu Satya Charan Bose.
Maulvi Habibar Rahman Chaudhury.
Qazi Abdul Wafi.
Maulvi Muhammad Quorban Ali.

Narail Charitable Dispensary.

Subdivisional Officer, Narail, *ex-officio.*
Chairman, local board, Narail, *ex-officio.*
President, Narail union board, *ex-officio.*
The Medical Officer, Narail dispensary, *ex-officio.*
Mr. Mazheruddin Ahmad, Bar.-at-Law.
Babu Jatindra Nath Basu.
Maulvi Muzaheruddin Chowdhury.
Babu Jogendra Nath Basu.
Babu Kshitish Chandra Dhar.
Babu Kashi Prosad Mitra.

H. J. TWYNAM, *Commissioner (offg.).*

Berhampore, the 8th November 1933.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., under the said Act, Munshi Elahi Bux Molla has been duly elected to be a member of the Bhakuri union board in Berhampore Town police-station in Sadar subdivision of the district of Murshidabad, *vice* Janaki Nath Mandal, removed.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., under the said Act, Munshi Obed Mallik has been duly elected to be a member of the Somepara union board in police-station Beldanga in Sadar subdivision of the Murshidabad district, *vice* Abinash Chandra Pramanik, removed.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members of union boards, etc., under the said Act, Babu Birendra Kumar Ray has been duly elected to be a member of the Saktipur union board in police-station Beldanga in Sadar subdivision of the Murshidabad district, *vice* Baidya Nath Roy, deceased.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 35 of the rules for the election and appointment of members, etc., under the said Act, Babu Aswini Kumar Chatterjee (junior) has been duly elected to be a member of the Beldanga union board in Beldanga police-station in Sadar subdivision of the district of Murshidabad, *vice* Hare Krista Khan Mistry, removed.

[ILLEGIBLE], for *District Magistrate.*

Krishnagar, the 16th December 1933.

No. 4769L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), read with rule 36 of the rules for election and appointment of members, etc., of the union boards under the said Act, the following gentlemen have been appointed by me to be the members of the union boards noted below within the different thanas in the Kushtia subdivision of the Nadia district:—

Police-station Kushtia.

Harinarayanpur union board.

Munshi Abdul Goffur Molla, *vice* Munshi Abdus Samad Biswas, deceased.

Jagati union board.

Munshi Mohiuddin Thauder, *vice* Munshi Jalaluddin Ahamed, deceased.

Police-station, Mirpur.

Chhatian union board.

Muhammad Soad Ali Biswas, *vice* Munshi Raja Ali Mia, deceased.

H. C. BOSE, *District Magistrate (offg.).*

NOTICE.

Calcutta, the 21st December 1933.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the return of election expenses with declaration was lodged with me on the 20th instant and the same can be inspected at the office of the Chief Presidency Magistrate any working day between 2 and 3 p.m., on payment of a fee of rupee one.

S. K. SINHA, *Returning Officer, Calcutta Constituencies, and Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta.*

Orders by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Presidency Range.

Calcutta.—No. 9426.—16th December 1933.—Babu Phani Bhushan Banarji, Inspector, Khulna, is granted 2 months' leave on average pay, under rule 81 (*b*) (*ii*) of the Fundamental Rules, with effect from 2-1-1934, a.m., and is permitted to prefix to it the Xmas and the New Year's Day holidays.

Sub-Inspector Amar Nath Mukharji, of Murshidabad, is appointed to act as Inspector in the vacancy.

L. H. BURTON,

Deputy Inspector-General of Police.

Rajshahi Division—Jalpaiguri.

No. 4101M.—18th December 1933.—It is hereby notified for general information, that a by-election will be held on Monday, the 16th April 1934, for the election of a Commissioner for Ward No. VII (Birch Hill Ward) of the Darjeeling Municipality, in the district of Darjeeling, *vice* Mr. A. A. Price, deceased.

No. 4755J.—19th December 1933.—Maulvi Abdul Majid, Sub-Deputy Collector, Gaibandha, Rangpur, is transferred to Dinajpur Sadar to work in the general line.

The transfer is made in the public interest.

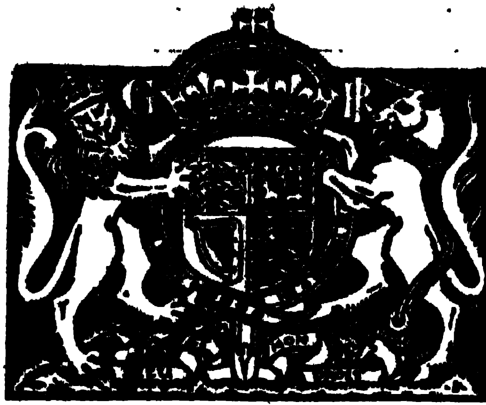
No 4760J —19th December 1933.—Maulvi Abdul Majid Chaudhury, Sub-Deputy Collector, Gaibandha, Rangpur, is transferred to Pabna Sadar to work in the general line.

The transfer is made in the public interest.

No 4765J —19th December 1933.—Maulvi Abdul Wadud, Sub-Deputy Collector, Kurigram, Rangpur, is transferred to Rangpur Sadar to work in the general line.

The transfer is made in the public interest.

F. W. ROBERTSON, *Commissioner (offg.).*



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1933.

PART IB

Educational Notices.

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

NOTIFICATION No. T.851.

Senate House, the 16th December 1933.

MATRICULATION EXAMINATION, 1936.

The following pieces from "Select Readings from English Prose" (University publication) and "Lahiri's Select Poems" (University publication) are prescribed to be read in English for the Matriculation Examination of 1936:—

Select Readings from English Prose.

Webster Smith. The Attack on Mount Everest.
Washington Irving. Rip Van Winkle.
William Cowper. Letter to the Rev. John Newton (29th March, 1784).
William Cowper Letter to Mrs Bodham (Weston, 27th February, 1790).
Earl of Chesterfield. Letter to his son (London, 21st June, O. S. 1748).
Earl of Chesterfield. Letter to his son (London, 10th January, O. S. 1749).
W. H. Hudson. My friend Jack.
Oliver Goldsmith. The Citizen of the World (Letters Nos. 26 and 27).
Miss Mitford. The Incendiary.

Lahiri's Select Poems.

Rodd. Armada.
Gay. The Miser and Plutus.
G. Herbert. Virtue.
Wordsworth. The Daffodils.
Davies. Early Spring.
Cowper. John Gilpin.
Mary Lamb. Feigned Courage.
Lowell. Yussouf.
Menell. At night.
Middleton. The Carol of the Poor Children.
William Morris. The Son of Coresus.
Wilfrid Gibson. The Lighthouse.

The following pieces from "Matriculation Bengali Selections" (University publication) are prescribed to be read in Bengali Vernacular and Bengali Second Language for the Matriculation Examination of 1936:—

BENGALI VERNACULAR.

Prose.

Iswarchandra Vidyasagar. Sakuntalar Patigrihe Yatra.
Gangaprasad Mukhopadhyay. Nitisiksha.
Bankimchandra Chattopadhyay. Debi Chaudhurani.
Bankimchandra Chattopadhyay. Deba Mandir.
Satyendranath Tagore. Dwarkanath Thakur o Max Muller.
Kaliprasanna Ghosh. Mahattwa.
Sivanath Sastri. Bankimchandra.
Swarnakumari Debi. Dip Nirban.
Rabindranath Tagore. Bhratridway.
Rabindranath Tagore. Guptadhan.
Dineschandra Sen. Asutosh Mukhopadhyay.
Ishanchandra Ghosh. Illis Jataka.
Khagendranath Mitra. Ramendrasundar.
Jagadindranath Ray. Saisab Smriti.
Balendranath Tagore. Janma Bhumi.
Aswinikumar Datta. Matsaryya.
Saratchandra Chattopadhyay. Ramer Sumati.
Chandicharan Bandyopadhyay. Vidyalaye Vidyasagar.
Mozammel Hoque. Shah Nama Rachana.
Wajed Ali. Bharatbarsha.

Poetry.

Balaram Das. Uttargostha.
Krittibas. Sitar Banagaman.
Michael Madhusudan Datta. Atmabilap.
Hemchandra Bandyopadhyay. Yamuna Tate.
Nabinchandra Sen. Bhuddher Grihatyag.
Krishnachandra Majumdar. Prabasir Janmabhumi Darsan.
Rabindranath Tagore. Gandharir Abedan; Pratinidhi.
Dwijendralal Ray. Ghumanta Sisu.
Rajanikanta Sen. Sakha.
Satyendranath Datta. Himalayashtaka.
Akshaykumar Baral. Srabane.
Kamini Ray. Dharay Debata Chahi
Mankumari Basu. Bhikharini Meye.
Jatindramohan Bagchi. Singhagarh.
Atulprasad Sen. Bharat-bhanu.
Kalidas Ray. Krishanir Byatha.
Golam Mustafa. Kurano Manik.
Karunanidhan Bandyopadhyay. Mahaprayane Asutosh.

BENGALI SECOND LANGUAGE.

(Open to a candidate if it is not his Vernacular.)

Same pieces as those prescribed to be read in Bengali Vernacular.

The following pieces from the Matriculation Sanskrit Selections (Prose and Poetry) are prescribed to be read in Sanskrit for the Matriculation Examination of 1936:—

Prose Selections.

Panchatantram.

Panchatantra-Kathamukham.
Brahmana-karkata-krishnasarpa-katha.
Kaulika-vyantara-napitadikatha.
Manduka-krishnasarpa-katha.
Nilavarna-srigala-katha.
Asamhatanam vinasah.
Kshudranam samhati.
Subarnamaya-purisha-pukshi-katha.
Chandra-bhupati-katha.

Hitopadesah.

Kankana-Inbdha-pantha-katha.
Buddhibalam.
Baka-rajahansa-katha.
Viparitam phalam.
Asatsangadoshah.
Avivekasya parinamah.
Ajnata-kulasilo bandhuh.
Priyavadi satruh.
Mitralabho mitrabhedascha.
Apaya-chintarprayojanam.
Sunye Saudha nirmanam.

Bhojaprabandhah.

Vatsarajena Bhojarajasya pranarakshanam.

Vetalapanchavimsatih.

Yajnasomanamno brahmanasyopakhyanam.
Chaturnam brahmanatanayanamupakhyanam.

Vishnupuranam.

Syamantakopakhyanam.
Chandravamsakhyanam.
Nahushavamsakhyanam.

Poetry Selections.

Ramayanam—Sitaharanam, Verses 52-123 (pages 14-21).
Mahabharatam—(1) Birata-sabhayam-samabetanam-Krishnadinam-Yuddhabishaya-mantrana; (2) Saranagata-rakshanam.
Vishnupuranam—Vimaturvachobanabiddhasya Dhruvasya banagamanam.

The following books are prescribed to be read in Pali for the Matriculation Examination of 1936:—

PALI.

A.—Text.

The following pieces are to be read from the Matriculation Pali Selections published by the Calcutta University:—

Prose—Jataka—

(1) Mulapariyaya-Jataka.
(2) Vannupatha-Jataka
(3) Supparaka-Jataka.
(4) Sujata-Jataka.
(5) Nakkhatta-Jataka.
(6) Mahosadha's Wit.
(7) Kurungamiga-Jataka.
(8) Sammodamana-Jataka.
(9) Rajovada-Jataka.
(10) Annihilation of the Sakiyas.

Poetry—(a) Khuddakapatha—

(1) Saranagamanam.
(2) Dasasikkhapadam.
(3) Mangalam.
(4) Nidhi.
(5) Metta.

(b) Dhammapada—

(1) Sanantana Dhamma.
(2) Citta.
(3) Puppha.
(4) Danda.
(5) Tanha.
(6) Nibbana.
(7) Magga.
(8) Buddha's Exportation.

B.—Grammar.

(1) Balavatara (Calcutta University publication, 2nd edition), omitting Namakanda.
(2) Pali Grammar by Nilmani Chakravarti and Mahendrakumar Ghosh (whole).

GREEK.

Text-books prescribed.

Xenophon. Anabasis, Book II.
Euripides. Electra.
New Testament. The Gospel according to St. Luke, Chapters I-VI.

LATIN.

Text-books prescribed.

Caesar. De Bello Gallico, Book IV.
Virgil. Aeneid, Book II

FRENCH.

Text-books prescribed.

Daubet. Lettres de Mon. Moulin.
French Verse for Upper Forms (edited by Frederic Spencer Cambridge University Press), the following pieces only:—

19. Dulces emiRniscitur Argos.
23. Dulce Domum.
28. The Black Bird.
33. Poor Clerk.
51. Paris in the Nineteenth Century.
56. Oceans Nox.
69. Idyll.

GERMAN.

Text-books prescribed.

Prose.

Hauff. Die Karavane.

Poetry.

Deutsche Lyrik (edited by Buchheim, Macmillan, Golden Treasury Series), the following pieces only:—

48. Wandrers Nachtlied.
53. Schutzenlied
54. Heidenroslein.
64. Wer nie sein Brod mit thranen asz
65. Die Hoffnung.
70. Trost in thranen.
72. Schafers Klagelied.
84. An die Freude.
87. Gesang der Geister uber den Wassern.
96. Sehnsucht
123. Wunsch.
162. Freiheit.

HEBREW.

Text-books prescribed.

Genesis, Chapters 1-14.
Isaiah, Chapters 35-39.
Psalms, 1-10.
Davidson's Hebrew Grammar recommended.

SYRIAC.

Text-books prescribed.

Gospel of St. Mark (Peshitto Version), Chapters V-VII.
Gospel of St. John (Peshitto Version), Chapters VIII-XV.
St. Ephraem 'On Wisdom,' Chapters I-XX.

Grammar.

T. H. Robinson's Syriac Grammar, Sections I-XX.

CLASSICAL ARMENIAN.

Text-books prescribed.

Prose.

Elishe's History of the War of the Vardanians, Parts I and II.

Poetry.

Elishe Vardapiet Dorian's Course of Classical Armenian, Part I.

Grammar.

Gafamajian.

ITALIAN.

Text-books prescribed.

1. Pellico. Le mie prigioni
2. Carducci. Antologia.

MODERN ARMENIAN.

(Vernacular.)

Text-books prescribed.

Prose.

Papazian's History of Armenian Literature, pages 334-632.

Poetry.

Poetical Selections from Hai Groghner, Part II, pages 218-494.

BUSINESS METHODS AND COMMERCIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Books recommended:—

W. J. Weston—Pitman's Guide to Commercial Correspondence and Business Composition.

G. R. Walker—Commercial Correspondence, Office Routine and Mercantile Practice.

The subject is to be studied in accordance with the following syllabus:—

(1) Writing of business letters and announcements.
(2) Characteristics and parts of a business letter.
(3) The treatment of outgoing correspondence, preserving copies, indexing, precis-writing, filing inward correspondence, docketing, addressing envelopes, etc.
(4) Drafting of advertisements.
(5) Various Modern office appliances (including duplication).
(6) Telegram (including codes)
(7) Business forms, such as invoices, statements, receipts, cheques, paying-in-slips, debit and credit notes, bills of exchange, etc.
(8) Preparation of above commercial forms from particulars given. Different kinds of books kept in an office—their nature and contents.
(9) Methods adopted in export and import Trade (including an elementary knowledge of transportation and insurance).
(10) Banks and their services.
(11) Coins and weights and measures of principal countries.

(12) Sale of goods.
(13) Business undertakings—Partnership, Private and Limited.
(14) A general knowledge of Joint Stock Companies' procedure.
(15) Necessary books, forms, returns, etc.
(16) Business terms and abbreviations.

List of Appliances for teaching Business Methods and Correspondence.

(1) Facsimiles of principal commercial instruments.
(2) Specimen pages of principal books used in a modern office.
(3) Small model of a filing cabinet with card index.
(4) Small model of duplicating machine and of an addressograph.
(5) Organisation charts for (a) offices, and (b) factories.
(6) Postal Guide.
(7) Any good Directory, *e.g.*, Thacker's.
(8) Any good Commercial Code, *e.g.*, Bentley's.
(9) Telephone Directory.
(10) Also books on Business Methods and Correspondence and allied subjects to the value of Rs. 50 in the School Library.

Commercial Geography.

Books recommended :—

J. S. Lay—World Geography, Book III—Commercial Geography.
J. C. Cunningham—Products of the Empire.
W. and A. K. Johnston—Commercial and Economic Atlas of the World. (Map-drawing is to be regarded as essential.)

The subject is to be studied in accordance with the following syllabus:—

1. General Geography—The Globe. Latitude. Longitude, Time—Great and Small Circles—The distribution of land and water—The leading facts of wind and water circulation—Maps, scales and projections.
2. Elements of Physical Geography—Temperature—Pressure—Permanent and Seasonal Winds—Humidity—Rainfall—The chief types of climates.
3. Configuration and position—Mountains—Rivers—Nature of Coasts—Their influence upon distribution of population, occupations, industries and transport of a country.
4. Principal Products of the World—Agricultural—Pastoral—Mineral—Manufacturing—Their original and important markets.
5. The causes of the rise and growth of towns, ports and markets.
6. Economic Geography of India, with special reference to—

(a) Soils.
(b) Climates.
(c) Principal Agricultural, pastoral and mineral products.
(d) Principal industries.
(e) Cities and ports.
(f) Nature and direction of trade.
(g) Communication.
(h) Irrigation.
(i) Sources of power.

7. Map-drawing.

List of appliances for teaching Commercial Geography.

(1) Terrestrial globe.
(2) Wall maps of different continents showing principal political divisions, mountains, rivers, ports, routes, etc.
(3) A good commercial atlas, *e.g.*, Chambers of Commerce Atlas
(4) Orographical map of the world.
(5) Isotherms isobars and rainfall maps of the world.
(6) Ocean currents and trade routes of the world.
(7) Economic and industrial maps of different continents.
(8) Relief map of India.
(9) Crop atlas of India.
(10) A small commercial museum containing chief minerals and economic products of India with statistical charts and diagrams.

Also books on Commercial and General Geography to the value of Rs. 50 in the School Library.

Elementary Mechanics.

The following books are recommended:—

A. N. Sen. Elementary Mechanics.
Briggs and Bryan. Matriculation Mechanics.

The following list of apparatus is prescribed as indicating the approximate requirements of a recognised High School seeking to teach Elementary Mechanics for the Matriculation Examination:—

Plumb-line and level.
Simple lever (including brass slotted weight).
Roman Steelyard.
Lecture apparatus for experiment on movements.
George's New Atwood's Machine.
Stop-watch.
Glazebrooke's apparatus (to demonstrate movement of body).
Hick's ballistic balance.
Compound wheel and axle.
4 single brass pulleys.
2 triple brass pulleys.
Western differential pulleys blocks (½ ton)
16 feet of chain at 6d. per foot.
Inclined plane.
Parallelogram of Forces Apparatus
Wall crane.
Backer's New Physical Balance.
Set of gramme weights (200 grammes to 1 mgr.).
2 composition ivory balls.

Note.—The above list is not exhaustive, and much of it might be replaced by similar forms that could probably be made far more cheaply by any clever mistry under proper supervision. In most cases, however, it will probably be found advantageous to buy such a set as indicated in the list specially for demonstrating purposes, and subsequently to develop simplified duplicates illustrating the same principles, which the boys should be given opportunity actually to experiment with, on their own individual account or working in pairs.

Mathematics

No text-books are prescribed or recommended. The subject is to be studied in accordance with the syllabus prescribed in the Regulations.

J. CHAKRAVARTI, *Registrar.*

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

NOTIFICATION No. T.352.

Senate House, the 16th December 1933.

MATRICULATION EXAMINATION.

With reference to notification No. T.348, dated the 6th November 1933, announcing list of books prescribed to be read in Alternative Paper in English for the Matriculation Examination of 1936—

for

2. Realm of Gold (Dent)

read

2. Moorhouse. Burning Gold (published by J. M. Dent & Sons) with the omission of the following pieces:-

Lizzie Lindsay (page 21).
The Herd Laddie (page 30).
Cock up your Beaver (page 34).
Two Rivers (page 111).
Wee Jouky Daidles (page 116).
The Eohippus (page 136).
The Wee Cradlen Doo (page 139).

J. CHAKRAVORTI, *Registrar.*

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

Senate House, the 28th December 1933.

I. The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Preliminary Scientific M.B. Eamination under the New Regulations held in November 1933 :—

(In alphabetical order.)

Medical College, Calcutta.

Ahmed Kabir.
Ali Imam.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Bandyopadhyay, Arunendu.
" Gaurisankar.
" Prabhaschandra.
Barat, Biswanath.
Basu, Amiyaratan.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Basu, Arabinda.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Basu, Sachindranath.
10 Bera, Rabindranath
Bhattacharyya, Surendrachandra.
Chakrabarti, Atulchandra.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Chakrabarti, Bhabaniprasad.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Chakrabarti, Debaprasad.

Medical College, Calcutta

Chakrabarti, Gopalchandra.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Chattopadhyay, Bimalchandra

Medical College, Calcutta.

Chattopadhyay, Dinanath.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Chattopadhyay, Tulsicharan

Medical College, Calcutta.

Chaudhuri, Girischandra.
20 Das, Himansuprakas.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Das, Nandadulal.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Das, Sarojkumar.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Das, Suchitmohan.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Dasgupta, Sachindranath.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Dasgupta, Satyabrata.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Datta, Balaichandra.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Datta, Hrishikes.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Datta, Santipada.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Datta, Satyaranjan.
30 " Sudhirmohan.
De, Prankrishna.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Ghosh, Jitendrakumar.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Ghosh, Kamalakanta.
" Subhrendukumar.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Gow, Leslie E. B.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Khan, Gopikrishna.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Maitra, Ajitnath.
Majumdar, Anilkrishna.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Majumdar, Gaurisankar.
40 Mallik, Nandalal.
" Phanibhushan.
Mitra, Mihirkumar.
Mukhopadhyay, Bibhutibhushan.
" Hitabrata.
" Nirmalkumar.
" Santoshkumar.
" Surapati.
Niyogi, Balaichandra.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Pal, Asutosh.
50 Prakash Bahadur Basuyat.
Ray, Barindraprasad.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Ray, Hemantakumar.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Ray, Panchucharan.
Sarkar, Nirmalkumar.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Sen, Jayantimohan.
Sengupta, Amulyacharan.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Sinha, Saurendramohan.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

58 Sur, Sibaprasad

II. The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the First M. B. Examination under the New Regulations held in November 1933 :—

(In alphabetical order.)

Medical College, Calcutta.

Abu Mozaffar Noosin.
Abu Musa Ahmadul Huque.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Bandyopadhyay, Haridas.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Bandyopadhyay, Ramendrakrishna.
" Sarojkumar.
" Satyendrachandra.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Basu, Ajitkumar.
" Nirmalchandra.
Bera, Purnachandra.
10 Bhattacharyya, Jagatdurlabh.
" Sailendranath.
Chaudhuri, Chandrasekhar.
" Saradindunath.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Das, Manomohan.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Das, Nirmalkumar.
Dasgupta, Umaprasad.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Datta, Anupkumar.
" Parimal.
De, Sasankamohan.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

20 Debdas, Nanigopal.
Demallik, Anilchandra.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Gangopadhyay, Praphullachandra.
Ghosh, Amarkumar.
„ Lalitmohan.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Goswami, Amarendramohan.
Gupta, Praphullachandra.
„ Bijitendra.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Haldar, Lakshmi
Kafiluddin Mondal

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

30 Kar, Himansujyoti
Karmakar, Bhupeschandra.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Khanbhaduri, Nripendramohan.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Kundu, Ardhendusekhar.
Maitra, Bibhuticharan

Medical College, Calcutta.

Md. Abdul Khaleque.
Md. Asiruddin
Md. Lutfur Rohman.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Mukhopadhyay, Sagarchandra
„ Satyendraprasad.
40 „ Sudodhchandra.
Pal, Pulinkrishna.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Pandit, Sailendranath.
Rachel Obadiah.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Rakshit, Santoshkumar.
Ray, Chittaranjan
„ Kiranchandra.
„ Sibkrishna.
Saha, Jalahdar.
Sahu, Bipinbihari.
50 Sarbadhikari, Dineschandra.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Sarma, Nalinikanta
Shree Narayan Vajpevee.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

53 Thakurta, Jogeschandra.

III. The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Second M. B Examination under the New Regulations held in November 1933 :—

(In alphabetical order.)

Medical College, Calcutta.

Abul Kassem Md. Hafizur Rahman.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Basu, Amarendranath.
„ Jibankrishna.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Basu, Manimohan.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Basu, Ranajit.
Bhattacharyya, Priyagopal.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Bhuniya, Satyendranath.
Biswas, Bipinbihari.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Biswas, Rabindranath.

Medical College, Calcutta.

10 Chaki, Ardhendunath.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Chakrabarti, Balailal.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Chakrabarti, Sankarkumar.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Chandra, Kartikchandra.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Cunvile, R. Leonis.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Das, Debkumar
Dasgupta, Ajitkumar
Datta, Abanibhushan
„ Dwijendranath
„ Pratibharanjan
20 „ Subimalkumar.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Deb, Sisirranjan.
Dhara, Murarimohan

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Gangopadhyay, Purnendu.
Ghosh, Bimalananda.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Guhathakurta, Upendranath.
Gupta, Bimalacharan
Hajra, Kshirodchandra

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Haldar, Birendranath.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Jethmal Bhansali
30 Mahbub Ali Khan
Malakar, Nalinikanta.
Md. Atabuddin.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Mitra, Himansuchandra.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Mitra, Nalinkrishna

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Mukhopadhyay, Gopendranath.
„ Kanailal.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Mukhopadhyay, Nabakumar

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Mukhopadhyay, Rabindranath
„ Susilkumar

Medical College, Calcutta

40 Pal, Manilal.
Ray, Gaganchand

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Ray, Susilchandra.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Raychaudhuri, Anilendrabijay.
„ Mihirmohan
Saha, Loknath.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Samanta, Sitalchandra

Medical College, Calcutta.

Sarkar, Birendrakumar

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Sen, Anadinath.
„ Prabodhchandra
50 Sengupta, Indubhushan

Medical College, Calcutta.

Sengupta, Jitendramohan.
Sharafat Ali.
Sheikh Alemuddin.
54 Syed Kasiruddin Ahmed.

IV. The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Third M. B. Examination under the New Regulations held in November 1933 :—

(In alphabetical order.)

Medical College, Calcutta.

Abdus Sattar.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Bandyopadhyay, Amulyakumar.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Bandyopadhyay, Banbihari.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Bandyopadhyay, Barindrakumar.
Basu, Santoshkumar.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Basu, Sibdas.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Basu, Sudhirchandra.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Basuray, Debendranath.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Bhattacharyya, Lalmohan.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Biswas, Sudhindralal.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Chakrabarti, Durgadas.
,, Mahiranjan.
Chandra, Asokkumar.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Chattopadhyay, Amalchandra.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Chattopadhyay, Panchanan.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Chattopadhyay, Satijiban.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Chattopadhyay, Sukumar.
Das, Agnikumar.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Das, Bishnupada.
20 ,, Sachindranath.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Das, Sanatkumar.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Dasgupta, Annadaprasad.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Dasgupta, Himansuranjan.
Datta, Pratapchandra.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Gangopadhyay, Raghunath.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Ghosh, Binaybhushan.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Ghosh, Nabakumar.
,, Prabhatkumar.
,, Sanatkumar.
30 ,, Sulekha.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Ghosh, Sulochan.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Ghoshal, Amarendranath.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Ghoshal, Santimay.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Goswami, Radharaman.
Majumdar, Bhagabangati.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Mallik, Ramanimohan.
Mitra, Sisirkumar.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Mukhopadhyay, Haridas.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Mukhopadhyay, Kanailal.

Medical College, Calcutta.

40 Nag, Supriyakumar.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Pain, Abhaycharan.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Pal, Indubhushan, I.
Ray, Chandrakanta.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Ray, Sudhirendunath.

Medical College, Calcutta.

Ray, Sudhirkumar.
Sanyal, Jnanendranath.

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Sarbadhikari, Kanakchandra.
Sarkar, Bankimchandra.
Sengupta, Sudhirkumar.

Medical College, Calcutta.

50 Sihna, Rasamay.
51 Syed Latifur Rahman.

V. The undermentioned candidate is declared to have passed the Third M.B. Examination with Honours in Forensic Medicine and Hygiene :—

Carmichael Medical College, Belgachia.

Sarbadhikari, Kanakchandra.

B. B. DUTT,

Controller of Examinations (offg.).

State Medical Faculty of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 16th December 1933.

No. 3227F.—The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Primary Licentiateship Examination held in October 1933 :—

(In alphabetical order.)

Chittagong Medical School.

Abdul Jabber Chowdhury.

Campbell Medical School.

Abdul Manaf Choudhury.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Acharyya, Hridaychandra.

Campbell Medical School.

A. F. Sharfuddin Ahmed.

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

Bagchi, Satyendrasekhar.

Dacca Medical School.

Bagchi, Sibdayal.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Banikchaudhuri, Baradakanta.

Calcutta Medical School.

Basu, Anilkumar.
,, Kanailal.

Chittagong Medical School.

10 Basu, Subimalchandra.

Calcutta Medical School.

Bhadra, Brajendrakumar.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Bhattacharyya, Anilchandra.

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

Bhattacharyya, Binaybhushan.
,, Binayendranath.

National Medical Institute.

Bhattacharyya, Saktikumar.
Bhaumik, Bibhaschandra.

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

Bhaumik, Jagadischandra.

Dacca Medical School.

Biswas, Upendranath.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Chakrabarti, Ajitgobinda.
20 ,, Jagadischandra, I.
,, Jagadischandra, II.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Chakrabarti, Saileschandra.

National Medical Institute.

Chakrabarti, Surendrakrishna.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Chattopadhyay, Durgadas.

National Medical Institute.

Chaudhuri, Anilkumar.

Campbell Medical School.

Chaudhuri, Asishkumar.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Chaudhuri, Himansubhushan.

Calcutta Medical School.

Chaudhuri, Panchanan.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Chaudhuri, Pareschandra.

Chittagong Medical School.

30 Das, Amiyagopal.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Das, Bijaykrishna.

Dacca Medical School.

Das, Prahladchandra.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Das, Rabindranath.

Dacca Medical School.

Das, Sudhansukumar.
Datta, Biswoswar.

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

Datta, Makhanlal.

National Medical Institute.

Datta, Rudra.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

De, Batakrishna.

National Medical Institute.

De, Nagendramohan

Dacca Medical School.

40 De Majumdar, Jatindranath

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Desarkar, Dineschandra

Dacca Medical School.

D'Rozario Peter.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Gangopadhyay, Bhujangabhushan.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Gangopadhyay, Indubhushan.

National Medical Institute.

Gangopadhyay, Kumarischandra.
,, Prabodhchandra.
,, Satyanarayan.

Campbell Medical School.

Gangopadhyay, Sudhindranath.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Garai, Dibakar.

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

50 Ghosh, Asutosh.

Campbell Medical School.

Ghosh, Indujyoti.

Calcutta Medical School.

Ghosh, Krishnadhan.
„ Nabanidhar.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Ghosh, Pramodendu.

Campbell Medical School.

Ghosh, Sisirkumar.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Ghosh, Sudhirkumar.

Chittagong Medical School.

Golam Mowla.

National Medical Institute.

Goswami, Dwijendranath.

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

Guha, Subirkumar.

Dacca Medical School.

60 Gupta, Praphullaranjan.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Jas, Amarendranath.

National Medical Institute.

Kundu, Narendranarayan.
Mandal, Ramdas.

Calcutta Medical School.

Md. Matiur Rahman.

Dacca Medical School.

Md. Shamsozzoha Miah.

Campbell Medical School.

Md. Yousofali.
Mukhopadhyay, Sudhakar.

Dacca Medical School.

Nag, Prithwischandra.

Calcutta Medical School.

Pal, Abhaycharan.
70 „ Kartikchandra.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Pal, Sarojkanti.

Campbell Medical School.

Palbag, Dulalchandra.

Dacca Medical School.

Poddar, Gaurchandra.

Calcutta Medical School.

Poddar, Sudhirchandra.

Campbell Medical School.

Ray, Dineschandra.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Ray, Hridayranjan.

Calcutta Medical School.

Ray, Kalidas.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Ray, Manoranjan.

Dacca Medical School.

Ray, Ramprasad.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

80 Saha, Jagadischandra.

Dacca Medical School.

Saha, Sailoschandra.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Saharay, Ramaniranjan.

National Medical Institute.

Samanta, Harigopal.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Sanyal, Nibaranchandra.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Sanyal, Sailendranath.

National Medical Institute.

Sanyal, Satyendrabhushan.

Dacca Medical School.

Sarkar, Abaniranjan.
„ Amulyachandra.

National Medical Institute.

Sarkar, Bimalkrishna.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

90 Sarkar, Birendrakumar
„ Manasadas.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Sen, Ajitsinha.

Dacca Medical School.

Sen, Bhupeschandra.
„ Sudhindranath.

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

Sen, Tejendranath.
Sengupta, Arunbihari.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Sengupta, Samarendra.

Dacca Medical School.

Shafiuddin Ahmed.
Shamsul Alam Chowdhury.

National Medical Institute.

100 Sinha, Sailendranath.

Dacca Medical School.

Sinhachaudhuri, Dineschandra.

Calcutta Medical School.

Sinharay, Satyaranjan.

Dacca Medical School.

Syed Zohadur Rahim.*

Calcutta Medical School.

104 Tarafdar, Tridibkumar.

II. The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the intermediate Licentiateship Examination held in October 1933 : –

(In alphabetical order.)

Dacca Medical School.

A. A. Rezai Karim.

Chittagong Medical School.

Abidur Rahaman.

Calcutta Medical School.

Acharyya, Jadunandan.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Adhikari, Banamali

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

Adhikari, Sudhircharan.

Dacca Medical School.

Afsaruddin Ahmed.

Campbell Medical School.

Agarwala, Sambhubihari Lal.

Chittagong Medical School.

Ahmed Sobhan.

Dacca Medical School.

Akbar Ali Sikder.
10 A. M. Mesbahuddin Ahmed.

National Medical Institute.

Bagchi, Brindabanchandra.
" Dilipkumar.
" Manojeswar

Campbell Medical School.

Bandyopadhyay, Ajitkumar.

Calcutta Medical School.

Bandyopadhyay, Chandicharan.

National Medical Institute.

Bandyopadhyay, Durgadas.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Bandyopadhyay, Durgapada.

Calcutta Medical School.

Bandyopadhyay, Haripada.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Bandyopadhyay, Mahadebchandra.
20 " Mukundalal.

National Medical Institute.

Bandyopadhyay, Narendranath.

Calcutta Medical School.

Bandyopadhyay, Nitaicharan.
" Rammay.

National Medical Institute.

Banik, Jagamohan.

Dacca Medical School.

Banik, Rajendralal.

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

Basak, Hemchandra.

National Medical Institute.

Basak, Jatindranath.
Basu, Basudharanjan.

Calcutta Medical School.

Basu, Kumudranjan.

Dacca Medical School.

30 Basu, Nisikanta.

National Medical Institute.

Basu, Ramchandra.

Campbell Medical School.

Babu Sailendrakumar.
" Sauransukumar.

Calcutta Medical School.

Bera, Praphullakumar.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Bera, Sudhirkumar.

National Medical Institute.

Bhagat, Jagannath.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Bhanja, Umaprasanna.

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

Bhattacharyya, Akshaynandan.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Bhattacharyya, Bijanbihari.
40 " Biswanath.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Bhattacharyya, Tulsidas.
Bhaumik, Jajneswar.

National Medical Institute.

Bhaumik, Pramathanath.

Campbell Medical School.

Bhaumik, Saileschandra.

Dacca Medical School.

Bhaumik, Sunilkumar.

Campbell Medical School.

Bhuiyan, Haridas.

Calcutta Medical School.

Biswas, Agnes.

Bankura Sammilani Medical Schoo

Biswas, Dhirendranath.

Campbell Medical School.

Biswas, Kumudbihari.
50 ,, Madhabendu.

National Medical Institute.

Biswas, Nagendranath.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Biswas, Rabindranath.

Campbell Medical School.

Biswas, Satyasakha.
Chakrabarti, Balaram.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Chakrabarti, Lalmohan.

Campbell Medical School.

Chakrabarti, Praphullakumar.

Calcutta Medical School.

Chakrabarti, Subodhchandra.

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

Chakrabarti, Sudhansudhar.
,, Umaprasanna.

Dacca Medical School.

60 Chanda, Haralal.
Chattopadhyay, Anantalal.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Chattopadhyay, Bhabanicharan.

Dacca Medical School.

Chattopadhyay, Hirendrakumar.

Calcutta Medical School.

Chattopadhyay, Kalipada.

National Medical Institute.

Chattopadhyay, Prabodhchandra.

Campbell Medical School.

Chattopadhyay, Sailendramohan
,, Taraprasanna.

National Medical Institute.

Chaudhuri, Amiyakanti.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

70 Chaudhuri, Anilkumar.

Chittagong Medical School.

Chaudhuri, Anilkumar.

National Medical Institute.

Chaudhuri, Kalipada.

Calcutta Medical School.

Chaudhuri, Kisorimohan.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Chaudhuri, Phanindranath.

Chittagong Medical School.

Chaudhuri, Pramodranjan.
,, Rebatikisor.

Calcutta Medical School.

Chaudhuri, Santisaran.

Chittagong Medical School.

Chaudhuri, Sasadhar.

National Medical Institute.

Chaudhuri, Subodhkumar.

Dacca Medical School.

Das, Anadiranjan.

Campbell Medical School.

80 Das, Bijalibhushan.

Calcutta Medical School.

Das, Bijaykrishna.

Campbell Medical School.

Das, Dhirendranath.
Das, Manindranath.

Calcutta Medical School

Das, Nirapada.
Das, Subodhchandra

Campbell Medical School.

Das, Sudhindranath.

National Medical Institute.

Dasgupta, Anilkumar.

Dacca Medical School.

Dasgupta, Asokchandra.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Dasgupta Rameschandra.

National Medical Institute.

90 Dasgupta, Sudhirkumar.
,, Sukumar.
,, Susilchandra.

Chittagong Medical School.

Datta, Dhirendrakumar.

National Medical Institute.

Datta, Mahendranath.

Dacca Medical School.

Datta, Manindrachandra.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Datta, Nabakrishna.

Calcutta Medical School.

Datta, Nirmalchandra.

Chittagong Medical School.

Datta, Ramaniranjan.
,, Pareschandra.

Campbell Medical School.

100 Datta, Sisirranjan.

Dacca Medical School.

De, Bhubanmohan.

National Medical Institute

De, Gopalchandra

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

De, Napharchandra.

Dacca Medical School

De, Niranjan

Calcutta Medical School

Deb, Nareschandra

Campbell Medical School

Dekarmakar, Rasmohan

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

Dhar, Manindranath

Campbell Medical School

Dhara, Nalinikanta
Dunn, M S

Calcutta Medical School

110 Gangopadhyay, Amulyadhan
,, Bibhutibhushan

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan

Gangopadhyay, Syamapada

Campbell Medical School

Ghosh, Ajitkumar.

Calcutta Medical School.

Ghosh, Bishnupada

National Medical Institute

Ghosh, Kaliprasanna

Campbell Medical School

Ghosh, Kamalapati

Dacca Medical School

Ghosh, Kedarnath
,, Kuladaranjan

Campbell Medical School.

Ghosh, Pradyotkumar

National Medical Institute.

120 Ghosh, Sadananda

Campbell Medical School

Ghosh, Sunilkumar

Dacca Medical School.

Ghosh, Susilchandra

National Medical Institute

Ghoshal, Nepalchandra

Chittagong Medical School.

Golam Robbani.

Dacca Medical School

Guha, Harisadhan.

Calcutta Medical School.

Guha, Snehamay

Dacca Medical School

Guha, Susilchandra

Campbell Medical School

Gupta, Kalikumar.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Gupta, Siddheswar

Calcutta Medical School.

130 Gupta, Subodhkumar.
Hajra, Jatindranath.
,, Pramodranjan.

National Medical Institute.

Haldar, Jagatbandhu.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Hatial, Manmathanath

National Medical Institute

Indu, Ramaniranjan
Jana, Sudhirchandra

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Kamaleswarinarayan Singh.

Calcutta Medical School

Karmakar, Aghorchandra.

Dacca Medical School.

Karmakar, Hiralal

Calcutta Medical School.

140 Karmakar, Ramanimohan.

Dacca Medical School.

Kundu, Nityagopal

Calcutta Medical School.

Lahiri, Binaybhushan

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

Laskar, Madhusudan

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Mahapatra, Nisikanta.

National Medical Institute

Maiti, Jaminikanta

Campbell Medical School.

Maitra, Ajitkumar

Dacca Medical School.

Majumdar, Anantakumar.

Chittagong Medical School.

Majumdar, Manoranjan.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Majumdar, Rameschandra.
150 „ Satyanarayan.

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

Majumdar, Surendranath.

National Medical Institute.

Mandal, Jogendranath.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Mandal, Rajyadhar.

Dacca Medical School.

Md. Abdul Hannan.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Md. Abdul Jalil.

National Medical Institute.

Md. Ekramul Haque.

Calcutta Medical School.

Md. Fakhoruddin.

Campbell Medical School.

Md. Kalim Uddin Mondal.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Md. Mobarak Ali.

Campbell Medical School.

160 Md. Nasir Uddin Meah.

Chittagong Medical School.

Md. Samiuddin.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Md. Zakaria.

Calcutta Medical School.

Misra, Prabodhchandra.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Mitra, Jagadananda.

Calcutta Medical School.

Mitra, Lalitmohan.

National Medical Institute.

Mitra, Pasupati.

Campbell Medical School.

Mitra, Sudhirkrishna.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Mohamad Tahir.

Campbell Medical School.

M. Q. H. Sufi.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

170 Mukhopadhyay, Baidyanath.
„ Gopikrishna.
„ Gurupada.
„ Harinarayan.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Mukhopadhyay, Kshetragopal.

National Medical Institute.

Mukhopadhyay, Kshudiram.

Dacca Medical School.

Mukhopadhyay, Narayanchandra.

National Medical Institute.

Mukhopadhyay, Prabhaskumar.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Mukhopadhyay, Ramchandra.

Calcutta Medical School.

Mukhopadhyay, Sachindranath.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

180 Mukhopadhyay, Sphatikchandra.

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

Nandi, Ajaykumar.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Nandi, Baidyanath.

Chittagong Medical School.

Nandi, Binaybhushan.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Nayak, Bibhutibhushan.

Dacca Medical School.

Nazirul Hossain.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Pal, Bimalkrishna.

National Medical Institute.

Pal, Dinanath.

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

Pal, Durgapada.

Campbell Medical School.

Pal, Gopalchandra.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

190 Pal, Kartikchandra.

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

Pal, Nirmalkumar.

Calcutta Medical School.

Pal, Nityagopal.

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

Palchaudhuri, Sudhansumohan.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Panja, Manmohan.

Chittagong Medical School.

Quazi Azizul Hoque.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Ray, Anadibhushan.

National Medical Institute.

Ray, Chandrasekhar.

Calcutta Medical School.

Ray, Kalikrishna.

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

Ray, Nagendranath.
200 ,, Pramathachandra.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Ray, Praphullachandra.

National Medical Institute.

Ray, Siboswar.

Campbell Medical School.

Raychaudhuri, Anilkumar.

Calcutta Medical School.

Raychaudhuri, Kalidas.

National Medical Institute.

Saha, Bijayratan.
,, Nrityagopal.

Calcutta Medical School

Saha, Suklal.

Campbell Medical School.

Saha, Tarapada

Dacca Medical School.

Salim Ullah.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

210 Samanta, Durganarayan.
,, Kanaikrishna.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Samanta, Madanmohan.
Santra, Nityananda.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Sarkar, Binaykrishna.

Calcutta Medical School.

Sarkar, Durgaprasad

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Sarkar, Ganeschandra.

Calcutta Medical School.

Sarkar, Girijasankar.
,, Hunansukumar.
,, Nitaipada.

Dacca Medical School.

220 Sarkar, Radhabinod.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Sarkar, Ranmay.

Calcutta Medical School.

Sen, Amalkumar.

Dacca Medical School.

Sen, Bimalchandra.
,, Hirendrakumar.

National Medical Institute.

Sen, Nirmalchandra.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Sengupta, Ardhendubhushan.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Sengupta, Jogendrakisor.

Dacca Medical School.

Sengupta, Sailendramohan.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Sengupta, Sudhirkumar.

Calcutta Medical School.

230 Shaikh Anchar Ahmed.

Campbell Medical School

Shaikh Gul Mohammed.

Jackson Medical School, Jalpaiguri.

Shamsuddin Ahamed Choudhury.

Calcutta Medical School.

Sinha, Indrajit.

Campbell Medical School.

Sinha, Kalidas.
Syed Ali Abbas Asmanjah.

Chittagong Medical School.

Tafazzal Hussain Chowdhury.

Calcutta Medical School.

Tarafdar, Banindranath.

Campbell Medical School.

238 Violet, Idis.

III The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Final Licentiateship Examination held in October 1933 –

(In alphabetical order.)

Dacca Medical School.

Abdul Bari

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Abul Hossain Mian.

Campbell Medical School

Acharyya, Syamapada.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Bagchi, Mahendramohan

National Medical Institute.

Baksi, Bibhutibhushan.

Campbell Medical School.

Ballabh, Santoshkumar.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Balmyogi, Dilipkumar.

Dacca Medical School.

Bandyopadhyay, Jyotilal.

Bankura Sanmilani Medical School.

Bandyopadhyay, Kanailal.

Calcutta Medical School.

10 Bandyopadhyay, Pramodcharan.
" Saileskumar.

National Medical Institute.

Bandyopadhyay, Satyabrata.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Bandyopadhyay, Suryyanarayan.

Campbell Medical School.

Barari, Jitendrachandra.

Calcutta Medical School.

Basu, Charuchandra

Campbell Medical School.

Basu, Subodhkumar.

Dacca Medical School.

Basu Sudhirendranath.

National Medical Institute.

Basu, Sureschandra.
Basuray, Satyendranath.

Campbell Medical School.

20 Bhabani Bhakta Singh.

Dacca Medical School.

Bharadwaj, Lalmohan

National Medical Institute.

Bhattacharyya, Amulyacharan.

Dacca Medical School.

Bhattacharyya, Pareschandra

Campbell Medical School.

Bhattacharyya, Prankrishna.
" Satyabrata.

Calcutta Medical School.

Bhattacharyya, Umapati.
" Upendranath.

Campbell Medical School.

Biswas, Gopendrakrishna.

National Medical Institute.

Biswas, Jatindranath.

Dacca Medical School.

30 Biswas, Rameschandra.

Campbell Medical School.

Biswas, Sailendranath.

Calcutta Medical School.

Biswas, Saurendrakumar.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Biswas, Sureschandra.

National Medical Institute.

Chakrabarti, Gurupada

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Chakrabarti, Hirendranath.

Dacca Medical School.

Chakrabarti, Mohinimohan.
" Nibaranchandra.
" Nirmalchandra.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Chakrabarti, Ramanimohan.

National Medical Institute.

40 Chakrabarti, Rameschandra.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Chakrabarti, Satyendrachandra.

Dacca Medical School.

Chakrabarti, Sudhirchandra.

Campbell Medical School.

Chakrabarti, Umasankar.

National Medical Institute.

Chattopadhyay, Jatindranath.

Calcutta Medical School.

Chattopadhyay, Jogeswar.

National Medical Institute

Chattopadhyay, Mahadeb

Calcutta Medical School.

Chattopadhyay, Nabanidhar.

Campbell Medical School.

Chattopadhyay, Nitindranath

National Medical Institute

Chhowlay, Gaurchandra.

Dacca Medical School.

50 Das, Amiyabhushan.
" Brahmananda.

National Medical Institute.

Das, Dakshinaranjan

Dacca Medical School

Das, Gobindahari

Calcutta Medical School.

Das, Haladhar.

" Harendrakisor.

National Medical Institute.

Das Prabodhkumar.

Dacca Medical School.

Das, Pramodranjan.

Calcutta Medical School.

Das Radhabinod.

National Medical Institute.

Das, Rebatiprasad.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

60 Das, Satischandra
Dasgupta, Dineschandra

Dacca Medical School

Dasgupta, Sailendrabihari.
,, Satyendramohan

National Medical Institute

Dasgupta, Sisirranjan

Bankura Sammilani Medical School

Datta Ajitkumar

National Medical Institute

Datta, Aparnacharan

Dacca Medical School

Datta, Jatindrabhushan

Calcutta Medical School

Datta, Nilkanta

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh

Datta, Pareschandra

National Medical Institute

70 Datta, Sudhirchandra

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan

De, Balaichand

Calcutta Medical School

De, Bhabeschandra

Bankura Sammilani Medical School

De, Manindranath

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Deb, Phanindranarayan

King Edward Hospital Medical School, Indore.

Devidas, Vaishnav

Dacca Medical School

Dey, Bankabihari

Bankura Sammilani Medical School

Gangopadhyay, Barindrakumar

Calcutta Medical School

Gangopadhyay, Dhirendranath

Dacca Medical School

Gangopadhyay, Susilchandra

Bankura Sammilani Medical School

80 Ghosh, Amulyaratan

Campbell Medical School.

Ghosh, Anilkumar

National Medical Institute.

Ghosh, Anilkumar.
,, Bankimchandra.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Ghosh, Bholanath.
,, Golokpati.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan

Ghosh, Panchanan

Calcutta Medical School

Ghosh, Sricharan

Bankura Sammilani Medical School

Ghosh, Subalchandra

Calcutta Medical School

Goswami, Jyotirmay

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh

90 Goswami, Mahendrachandra

Dacca Medical School

Guha, Kshitischandra

Campbell Medical School

Guha, Matilal
Gupta, Bimalapati

Calcutta Medical School

Hajra, Radhagobinda

Dacca Medical School

Hore, Himansubimal
Kar, Phanibhushan

Ronaldshay Medical School Burdwan.

Kargupta, Gaurhari

Dacca Medical School

Kazi Fazlur Rahaman

National Medical Institute

Kundu, Haripada

Campbell Medical School

100 Kundu Prabhatchandra

Calcutta Medical School

Kundu, Saktidhar

Dacca Medical School

Kundu Sureschandra

Calcutta Medical School

Lahiri, Bhabanicharan

National Medical Institute

Mahzuddin Sarkar
Maitra, Girijakanta
Majumdar, Balaram

Dacca Medical School

Majumdar, Manoranjan

Campbell Medical School

Majumdar, Purnendusekhar
,, Rajendrachandra

Calcutta Medical School

110 Mallik, Bijaymadhab

National Medical Institute.

Mallik, Kamalaprasanna.

Calcutta Medical School.

Mallik, Kanailal.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Md. Azizar Rahman Miah.

Campbell Medical School.

Md. Habibur Rahman Pramanick.
Md. Ismail Hossain.
Md. Khairuddin.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Md. Lutfor Rahman Miah.

Dacca Medical School.

Md. Maquebul Hossain Khan.

Campbell Medical School.

Md. Moquesed Hossain.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

120 Md. Shah Abul Fatah.

Campbell Medical School.

Md. Shamsuzzaman.

National Medical Institute.

Mistri, Parameswar.

Dacca Medical School.

Mitra, Santipriya.

Campbell Medical School.

Mitra, Sukumar.

Dacca Medical School.

Mohamed Kayemuddin Sardar.
Mohammad Enayetullah.
Mohammad Hossain.

Campbell Medical School.

Mohammed Abdul Aziz.

Calcutta Medical School.

Mukhopadhyay, Ajitkumar.

Campbell Medical School.

130 Mukhopadhyay, Nripendranath.

Bankura Sammilani Medical School.

Mukhopadhyay, Pramathanath.

Calcutta Medical School.

Mukhoti, Bankimbihari.

Campbell Medical School.

Nandu, Janaki.

Calcutta Medical School.

Nan, Brajabihari.

National Medical Institute.

Nandi, Jagatbandhu.

Campbell Medical School.

Nandi, Saileschandra.

Calcutta Medical School.

Nath, Gopaldas.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Nath, Goshthabihari.

Dacca Medical School.

Pal, Atmeshchandra.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

140 Pal, Rabindranath.

Campbell Medical School.

Pal, Surendranath.

Calcutta Medical School.

Parlu, Narendranath.

National Medical Institute.

Poddar, Sadhucharan

Campbell Medical School.

Poroshuddin Mollah.
Pradhan, Andrew.
Pramanik, Jyotirmay.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

Ray, Binaykrishna.

Campbell Medical School.

Ray, Birendralal.
,, Gaurpada.
150 ,, Kshirodchandra.

Calcutta Medical School.

Ray, Mahendranath.

National Medical Institute.

Ray, Sadhucharan.

Dacca Medical School.

Ray, Surendranath.

Campbell Medical School.

Ray, Suryyakanta.

Dacca Medical School.

Raychaudhuri, Rabindranarayan.
Rudra, Ajitkumar.

Campbell Medical School.

Saha, Amritalal.

National Medical Institute

Saha, Jatindranath.

Dacca Medical School.

Saha, Jogendrakumar.

Lytton Medical School, Mymensingh.

160 Saha, Kalachand.

Calcutta Medical School.

Saha, Kalyankumar.

Campbell Medical School.

Saha, Pramathabhushan.

National Medical Institute.

Saha, Pramodnath.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

Saha, Satkari.

Campbell Medical School.

Saha, Taraknath.

Calcutta Medical School.

Sanyal, Sibaram.

Campbell Medical School.

Seresta Ali Khan.
Sarkar, Kalahari.

Dacca Medical School.

Sarkar, Kshetramohan.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

170 Sen, Pasupati.
Shaikh Nabi Boksha.

Campbell Medical School.

Sinha, Purnananda.
Sk. Taleb Ali Biswas.
Ukil, Sukumar.

Ronaldshay Medical School, Burdwan.

175 Zamindar, Nrityagopal.

R. M. DAS,

Secy., State Medical Faculty of Bengal.

Chittagong Division.

Chittagong, the 16th December 1933.

AWARD OF MIDDLE SCHOLARSHIPS FOR THE YEAR 1933.

Each scholarship is of the value of Rs. 4 a month tenable for four years in a recognised high school or for two years in a Government normal school, with effect from the 1st January 1934.

No.	Name of scholar.	Name of school from which the candidate appeared.	Name of school where the scholarship is tenable.
		Tippera District.	
		Open Scholarships.	
1	Md. Kasemali	Fultali M. E. School	Barkanta H. E. School.
2	Wahullah Miyan	Bijoypur M. V. School	Chittagong Normal School.
3	Rabindra Nath Ray	Brahmanbaria M. E. Academy	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School.
4	Sorajul Haq	Dhamra M. E. School	Comilla Zilla School.
5	Sachindra Kumar Ghosh	Bardia M. E. School	Chandipur H. E. School, Noakhali.
6	Md. Husain	Gridakalindia M. E. School	Rupsa H. E. School.
7	Hares Miyan*	Dhamra M. E. School	Comilla Zilla School
		Reserved Scholarships for Moslems.	
1	Md Nazir Husain	Brahmanbaria M. E. School	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School.
2	Md. Abdul Majid Sheikh	Khirodia M. E. School	Chandpur H. J. H. E. School.
3	Shah Mahtabuddin	Shahbazpur M. E. School	Brahmanbaria George H. E. School.
4	A. K. M. Azizul Haq	Chandla M. E. School	Comilla Zilla School.
		Reserved Scholarships for backward classes.	
1	Jagatbandhu Majumdar	Gridakalindia M. E. School	Raipur H. E. School, Noakhali.
		Noakhali District.	
		Open Scholarships.	
1	Sukhamaya Chakravarty	Kadirpur M. E. School	Khilpara H. E. School.
2	Tajul Haq	R. M. Hat M. E. School	Feni H. E. School.
3	Nuruzzaman	Aliarpur Kazirhat M. E. School	Begamganj H. E. School.
4	Khaje Ahmad	Feni Model M. E. School	Feni H. E. School
		Reserved Scholarships for Moslems.	
1	Abdul Haq	Feni Model M. E. School	Feni H. E. School.
2	Kazi Ghulam Mawla	R. M. Hat M. E. School	Noakhali Zilla School.
3	Hafizullah	Bamni M. E. School	Ditto.
		Reserved Scholarship for backward classes	
1	Rajendra Kumar Chaudhury	Karihati M. E. School	Begamganj H E. School.
		Chittagong District.	
		Open Scholarships.	
1	Md. Hafizur Rahman	Muhammadpur M. E. School	Raojan R. K. H. E. School.
2	Umesh Chandra Das	Kalipur Palgram M. E. School	Amilaish Kanchana H. E. School.
3	Abdul Nabi	Katirhat M. E. School	Roshangiri H. E. School.
		Reserved Scholarships for Moslems.	
1	Md. Shamsul Haq Chaudhury	Chittagong Government M. E. School.	Chittagong Collegiate School.
2	Md. Manirullah	Colonel Hat M. E. School	Chittagong Government Moslem H. E. School.
3	Kazi Zahidur Rahman	Karerhat M. E. School	Zorawarganj H. E. School.
		Chittagong Hill Tracts.	
		Reserved Scholarships for backward classes	
1	Prabhat Ranjan Dewan†	Chotamahaprung M. E. School	Rangamati H. E. School.

Special Middle Scholarships reserved for depressed and backward classes in the Chittagong Division, sanctioned under the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal's No. 1058, dated the 23rd December 1923.

No.	Name of scholar.	Name of school from which the candidate appeared.	Name of school where the scholarship is tenable.
		Tippera District.	
1	Suresh Chandra Bepari	Narayanpur M. E. School	Chandpur Ghani H. E School.
		Noakhali District.	
1	Sudhansu Bhusan Das	Tobga M. E. School	Chatkhil H. E. School.
2	Narendra Kumar Das	Durgapur M. E. School	Muhammadpur H. E. School.
3	Nripati Ranjan Majumdar	Fazarganj M. E. School	Lakshmipur H. E. School.
		Chittagong District.	
1	Nirmal Chandra Dhubi	Aburhat M. E. School	Zorawarganj H. E. School.
		Chittagong Hill Tracts.	
1	Damini Ranjan Chakma	Khagrachari M. E. School	Rangamati H. E. School.

M. A. JAAFAR, *Inspector of Schools, Chittagong Division.*

*The scholarship awarded to this boy is transferred from the Chittagong Hill Tracts.
†The scholarship awarded to this boy is transferred from Chittagong district.

Presidency Division.

40-1A, Free School Street, Calcutta, the 16th December 1933.

List of candidates who have been awarded Middle Scholarships in 1933.

(Each scholarship is of the value of Rs. 4 a month tenable for four years with effect from 1st January 1934.)

No.	Name of scholar.	Name of school from which appeared.	Name of school where the scholarship is tenable.	Whether M. E. or M. V.
		Calcutta.		
		Three scholarships for general competition.		
1	Labanya Ranjan Pal	Mudiali M. E.	St. Barnabas H. E.	M. E.
2	Md. Moshfiquer Rahman	Calcutta Model	Hare School	M. E.
3	Jitendra Nath Nag	Ahiritola Banga Vidyalaya	Hindu School	M. E.
		One scholarship reserved for Muhammadans.		
1	Md. Fayazur Rahman	Calcutta Muslim Orphanage	Calcutta Madrasah	M. E.
		Three scholarships reserved for backward classes.		
1	Birendra Nath Mandal	Kidderpore M. E.	Mitra Institution, Bhawanipore	M. E.
2	Bibekananda Santra	Ditto	Ditto	M. E.
3	Gopal Chandra Das	Ahiritola Banga Vidyalaya	Hindu School	M. E.
		24-Parganas.		
		Nine scholarships for general competition.		
1	Shyamlal Haldar	Moshat M. E.	Diamond Harbour H. E.	M. E.
2	Palan Chandra Haldar	Barkhali M. E.	Fatehpur H. E.	M. E.
3	Md. Kaliluddin Mondal	Jadurhati M. E.	Dhanyakuria H. E.	M. E.
4	Abani Bhusan Samanta	Bhadura M. E	Diamond Harbour H. E.	M. E.
5	Basanta Kumar Bhattacharjee	Bodra M. E.	South Goria H. E.	M. E.
6	Bibhuti Bhusan Mondal	Bhadura M. E.	Sorisha H. E.	M. E.
7	Jatindra Nath Malik	Bolsingha M. E.	Fatehpur H. E.	M. E.
8	Maharaj Kumar Dhara	Sonia M. E.	Diamond Harbour H. E.	M. E.
9	Hazari Charan Das	Tentulia M. E.	Bongaon H. E. (Jessore)	M. E.
		Two scholarships reserved for Muhammadans.		
1	Sheikh Muzaffar Hossain	Narayanpur M. E.	Rajibpur H. E.	M. E.
2	Jabed Ali Molla	Bodra Gokul M. E.	Barasat Government H. E.	M. E.
		Nadia.		
		Five scholarships for general competition.		
1	Gour Gopal Modak	Debnath M. E.	Krishnagar Collegiate	M. E.
2	Abdur Rashid *alias* Md. Abdur Rahim.	Sultanpur Mahatabia M. E.	Kushtia H. E.	M. E.
3	Bimal Kumar Pal	Jagati M. E.	Kushtia Municipal Academy	M. E.
4	Rahamat Ali	Baradi B. L. M. E.	Ditto	M. E.
5	Amiya Bhusan Roy	Taragunia M. E.	Shikarpur H. E.	M. E.
		Two scholarships reserved for Muhammadans.		
1	Khalibur Rahman	Old Kushtia M. E.	Kushtia Municipal Academy	M. E.
2	Mazaffar Hossain	Bagula M. E.	Gopalnagar H. E. (Jessore)	M. E.
		Murshidabad.		
		Five scholarships for general competition.		
1	Raghu Nath Das	Ahiran M. E.	Jangipur H. E.	M. E.
2	Ashutosh Das	Raghunathganj M. E.	Ditto	M. E.
3	Sudhindra Narayan Chaudhury	Gobindapur M. E.	Lalgola H. E.	M. E.
4	Badindrapat Sing Dugar	Azimganj M. E.	Jiaganj H. E.	M. E.
5	Chittaranjan Banerjee	Bokhara M. E.	Lalgola H. E.	M. E.
		One scholarship reserved for Muhammadans.		
1	Mir Asghar Ali	Azimganj M. E.	Jangipur H. E.	M. E.

No.	Name of scholar.	Name of school from which appeared.	Name of school where the scholarship is tenable.	Whether M. E. or M. V.
		Jessore.		
		Five scholarships for general competition.		
1	Rajendra Nath Das	...kargacha M. E.	Jessore Zill. School	M. E.
2	Md. Bazlar Rahman	Rajganj M. E.	Ditto	M. E.
3	Abul Hossain	Ganganandapur M. E.	Nawab Bahadur's Institution (Murshidabad).	M. E.
4	Subas Chandra Sarkar	Mallikpur M. E.	Fukura M.M. Academy (Faridpur)	M. E.
5	Radha Raman Kapuria	Chaduri Purulia M. E.	Kalia H. E.	M. E.
		Two scholarships reserved for Muhammadans.		
1	Maqsud Ali Biswas	Amtail M. E.	Sreepur M. C. H. E.	M. E.
2	Abdus Sattar Molla	Khamar Parokhali M. E.	Khulna Zilla H. E.	M. E.
		Khulna.		
		Seven scholarships for general competition.		
1	Monotosh Sarkar	Khesra M. E.	Raruli H. E.	M. E.
2	Sukumar Haldar	Islamkati M. E.	Kumira H. E.	M. E.
3	Anil Kumar Banerjee	Ghatbhog M. E.	Bahirdia H. E.	M. E.
4	Danish Chandra Bose	Amadi Jaigirmahal M. E.	Khulna Zilla H. E.	M. E.
5	Surendra Nath Biswas	Madartali M. E.	Bagerhat H. E.	M. E.
6	Sailes Chandra Chakravarty	Bomorta M. E.	Khulna Zilla H. E.	M. E.
7	Panchanan Poddar	Jaidihi M. E.	Gopalganj M. N. H. E. (Faridpur)	M. E.
		One scholarship reserved for Muhammadans.		
1	Molla Abul Khair	Barabaria M. E.	Chiruha H. E.	M. E.

List of backward class candidates who have been awarded Middle Scholarships in 1933.

1	Tulsi Ram Haldar	Khandalia M. E.	Diamond Harbour H. E.	M. E.
2	Durlav Krishna Pal	Bhebia M. E.	Bashirhat H. E.	M. E.
3	Jyotish Chandra Biswas	Palasipara M. E.	Lalgola M. N. Academy	M. E.
4	Judisthir Haldar	Ghateswar M. E.	Gabberia H. E.	M. E.
5	Siba Chandra Mandal	Sabaldia M. E.	Bishnupur H. E. (Birbhum)	M. E.
6	Benod Behari Gayen	Dhamua M. E.	Madarhat H. E.	M. E.

K. AHMAD,

Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division

Result of the Senior Vernacular Training Examination for Women Teachers, Bengal, 1933.

Calcutta, the 20th December 1933

The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Senior Vernacular Training Examination for Women Teachers held in November 1933.

N.B.—The letter or letters affixed to the name of a candidate indicate that she has obtained distinction in a subject or subjects.

Ch indicates Child Study.
N indicates Nature Study
M indicates Methods of Teaching.
Hy indicates Hygiene.
P indicates Principles of Teaching and School Management
L indicates Lessons.
H indicates Handwork.
Nd indicates Needlework.

Roll No.	Names of candidates.	Names of schools.	Class in which placed.
1	Mrs. Kanak Lata Sarkar (Nd)	Vernacular Training School, Dacca	Second
2	Annapurna Adhya (H) (Nd)	Ditto	Second.
5	Pheobe Jones (H) (Nd)	United Missionary Training College, Calcutta.	Second.
6	Priti Haldar (H) (Nd)	Ditto	Second.
7	Mrinalini Nath (H) (Nd)	Ditto	Second.
8	Saroj Sarkar (H) (Nd)	Ditto	Second.
11	Dolly Biswas (H) (Nd)	Ditto	Second.
12	Sanjukta Ghosh	Brahmo Training School, Calcutta	Second.
13	Ushamoyee Roy	Ditto	Third.
14	Mira Senapati	Ditto	Third.
16	Kamala Dutt (ex-student)	Ditto	Third

H. BOSE, *Secretary,*

Board of Examiners, Bengal Vernacular Training Examination for Women Teachers.

Result of the Junior Vernacular Training Examination for Women Teachers, Bengal, 1933.

Calcutta, the 20th December 1933

The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Junior Vernacular Training Examination for Women Teachers held in November 1933

N B The letter or letters affixed to the name of a candidate indicate that she has obtained distinction in a subject or subjects

Ch indicates Child Study
N indicates Nature Study
M indicates Methods of Teaching
Hy indicates Hygiene
P indicates Principles of Teaching and School Management
L indicates Lessons.
H indicates Handwork
Nd indicates Needlework

Roll No	Names of candidates	Names of schools	Class in which placed.
2	Narkis Lepcham (H) (Nd) (L)	Kalimpong Training School	Second
4	Suku Rani (H) (Nd) (L)	Ditto	Third
5	Bijon Bala Devi (H) (Nd)	Vernacular Training School, Dacca	Third
6	Santilata Roy (Nd)	Ditto	Third
7	Ayubunnessa (H) (Nd)	Ditto	Third
8	Rozia Aktar Begum (Nd)	Ditto	Third
10	Aparna Mukherjee (P) (H) (Nd)	Ditto	Second.
11	Amiya Bala Sen Gupta (H) (Nd)	Ditto	Third
12	Induprova Choudhury (Nd)	Ditto	Third
13	Anupama Sen Gupta (Nd)	Ditto	Second.
14	Taimunnessa (Nd)	Ditto	Third
16	Rani Chakravortty (H) (Nd)	Ditto	Third
17	Khiroda Bala Bairagi (Nd)	Ditto	Third
18	Prafulla Bala Ghose Choudhuri (H)	Hindu Female Training School, Calcutta	Second
19	Jyotirmoyee Sen Gupta (H)	Ditto	Second
20	Surabala Dasi	Ditto	Third
22	Sovana Dhar Gupta	Ditto	Third
23	Sudhanani Goswami (H)	Ditto	Third
24	Surabala Sen Gupta	Ditto	Third
25	Kamala Majumdar (H) (Nd)	Ditto	Second
26	Usharani Sen Gupta (H) (Nd)	Ditto	Second
33	Susama Biswas (H) (Nd)	Lee Memorial Training School Calcutta	Third
34	Protiva Mullick (H)	Ditto	Third
40	Amodini Mondal (Nd)	Ditto	Third
41	Pritilata Biswas	St Mary's R C Training School, Calcutta	Second
42	Nani Sen Gupta	Ditto	Second
46	Renuka Chatterjee (Nd)	Ditto	Third
47	Agnes Daring (Nd)	Ditto	Third
52	Lily Chakravartty (H) (Nd)	United Missionary Training College, Calcutta	Second
53	Indu Bala Halder	Ditto	Third
55	Mrinmayee Makal (H) (Nd)	Ditto	Third
58	Saibalini Choudhuri	Ditto	Third
61	Malina Bala Sarkar (H)	Ditto	Third
63	Nileema Biswas (H) (Nd)	Ditto	Second
64	Labanya Das Gupta (M)	Brahmo Training School Calcutta	Third
65	Prafulla Bala Sen	Ditto	Third
66	Prafulla Bala Sen Gupta	Ditto	Third
67	Anjalee Das Gupta	Ditto	Third
69	Kiranmoyee Acharyya	Ditto	Third
70	Annapurna Choudhuri	Ditto	Third
71	Protiva Sarkar	Ditto	Third
72	Labanya Rakshit	Ditto	Second
73	Kamala Maity	Ditto	Third
74	Deeptikona Sarkar	Ditto	Third
75	Hemlata Chakravartty (Nd)	Ditto	Third
76	Sindhu Bala Ghosh	Ditto	Third
77	Promila Gupta	Ditto	Third
78	Nanda Rani Chakravartty	Ditto	Third
82	Snehalata Singh	United Missionary Training School, Krishnagar	Third.
83	Rangamoyee Mondal (Nd)	Ditto	Third
90	Parbati Mondal	Ditto	Third
91	Prativa Mondal	Ditto	Third
99	Mahakuntala Choudhury (*ex student*)	Vernacular Training School, Dacca	Third
101	Chanchal Kumari Das (*ex-student*)	Ditto	Third
103	Anandamoyee Halder (*ex-student*)	Lee Memorial Training School, Calcutta	Third
106	Indu Prova Mukherjee (*ex student*)	Hindu Female Training School, Calcutta	Third
107	Hena Majumdar (*ex-student*)	Brahmo Training School	Third.

H BOSE, *Secretary*,

Board of Examiners, Bengal Vernacular Training Examination for Women Teachers.

Rajshahi Division.

Jalpaiguri, the 19th December 1933.

RESULTS OF THE MIDDLE SCHOLARSHIP EXAMINATION OF 1933

The following students are awarded the Middle Scholarships on the result of the Middle Scholarship Examination of 1933 :—

Each scholarship is of the value of Rs. 4 a month and is tenable for four years with effect from 1st January 1934.

The scholars must join their respective institutions within one month of the date of the publication of the scholarship results.

No.	Name of scholar.	Name of school from which the scholar appeared.	Name of school where the scholarship is tenable.
		Twenty-five Middle Scholarships for General Competition.	
		Rajshahi.	
1	Baharuddin Pramanik	Taherpur M. E. School	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
2	Abbas Ali Akanda	Bhawanipur M. E. School	Mahadevpur S. M. H. E. School.
3	Md. Nawab Ali	Ramnagor M. E. School	Naogaon K. D. H. E. School.
4	Brojo Lal Sarkar	Walia Model M. V. School	Santahar H. E. School.
		Dinajpur.	
1	Md. Dabirul Islam	Lahiri M. E. School	Thakurgaon H. E. School.
2	Safiuddin Ahmed	Nazipur M. E. School	Mahadevpur S. M. H. E. School.
3	Akshay Chandra Das	Ditto	Ditto
4	Bhupendra Nath Das	Alokdihi M. E. School	Dinajpur Zilla School.
		Jalpaiguri.	
1	Samarendra Behari Lahiri	Mainaguri M. E. School	Jalpaiguri Zilla School.
2	Md Chasimuddin	Dwarikamari M. V. School	Ditto.
		Rangpur.	
1	Nasimuddin Ahmed	Jaigirhat Board M. E. School	Rangpur Zilla School.
2	Mirza Meftahul Islam Mohshinuddin Ahmed.	Saghatta M. E. School	Gaibandha H. E. School.
3	Najmal Haq	Kurigram M. E. School	Kurigram H. E. School.
4	Durgadas Maitra	Bharatkhali Board M. V. School	Ditto.
		Bogra.	
1	Jyotish Chandra Sarkar	Jamalganj M. E. School	Bogra Zilla School.
2	Md. Majibar Rahman	Bogra Municipal M. E. School	Ditto.
3	Akbar Hussain Mondal	Dhunat M. E. School	Ditto.
		Pabna.	
1	Jitendra Nath Mojumdar	Dogachi M. E. School	Pabna Zilla School.
2	Md. Abdus Sukur	Dwarapur Victoria M. E. School	Shahzadpur H. E. School.
3	Santiram Seal	Rajapur M. E. School	Ditto.
4	Nalini Kanta Chakravarty	Serajganj Banapatti M. E. School	Serajganj B. L. H. E. School.
		Malda.	
1	Prem Kanto Bandhya	Shibganj M. E. School	Nalhati H. E. School (Birbhum).
2	Md. Ertazul Islam	Ramhati M. E. School	Nawabganj H. M. Institution.
3	Sheikh Md Talebali	Chandpur M. E. School	Malda Zilla School.
		Darjeeling.	
1	Gambhir Rai	Ghum M. E. School	Darjeeling High School.
		Fifteen Middle Scholarships reserved for Muhammadans.	
1	Sadek Ali Ahmed	Ratwal M. E. School (Rajshahi)	Bogra Zilla School
2	Majibar Rahman	Bandaikhara M. E. School (Rajshahi).	Naogaon K. D. H. E. School.
3	Monsurali Ahmed	Hashimpur M. E. School (Dinajpur)	Dinajpur Zilla School.
4	Md. Motiubar Rahman	Pirganj M. E. School (Dinajpur)	Thakurgaon H. E. School.
5	Maziruddin Ahmed	Ananda Model M. E. School (Jalpaiguri).	Jalpaiguri Zilla School.
6	Abdul Hossain Miah	Mominpur Board M. E. School (Rangpur)	Rangpur Zilla School.
7	Md. Abdus Samad	Gomnati M. E. School (Rangpur)	Dimla H. E. School.
8	Abu Bakor Sarkar	Bharatkhali Board M. V. School (Rangpur).	Sonatala H. E. School.
9	Md. Nural Islam	Durgahatta M. E. School (Bogra)	Bogra Zilla School.
10	Hafizuddin	Gokul M. E. School (Bogra)	Ditto.
11	Syed Nural Islam Chowdhury	Kurigram M. E. School (Bogra)	Ditto.
12	Md. Sabdar Ali	Dogachhi M. E. School (Pabna)	Meghai H. E. School.
13	Md. Zamuddin	Udaipur Model M. V. School (Pabna)	Satbaria H. E. School.
14	Mohammad Amjad Ali	Ramhati M. E. School (Malda)	Malda Zilla School.
15	Mohammad Janed Ali	Phansidewa M. E. School (Darjeeling).	Jalpaiguri Zilla School.
		Eight Middle Scholarships reserved for depressed and backward classes.	
1	Saktinarayan Adhikari	Gurudaspur M. E. School (Rajshahi)	Nator H. E. School.
2	Rajendra Nath Sarkar	Setabganj M. E. School (Dinajpur)	Maharaja Girijanath High School.
3	Jogendra Nath Roy	Brahmanpara M. V. School (Jalpaiguri).	Jalpaiguri Zilla School.
4	Harish Chandra Deb Nath	Sundarganj M. E. School (Rangpur)	Belka H. E. School.
5	Bhupendra Nath Sen	Jamirbaria M. E. School (Bogra)	Kagail H. E. School.
6	Kalipada Das	Dwariapur Victoria M. E. School (Pabna).	Shahzadpur H. E. School.
7	Haripada Das	Chamagram M. E. School (Malda)	Nawabganj H. M. Institution.
8	Hari Nandan Prosad	Ghum M. E. School (Darjeeling)	Darjeeling High School.

T. AHMED,

Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi Division.

Government Commercial Course Special Examinations, 1934.

11, Hastings Street, Calcutta, the 19th December 1933.

NOTICE.

Written applications from *bona-fide* private candidates who wish to appear at the ensuing Government Commercial Course Special Examinations to be held in April and May, 1934, will be received by the undersigned from 1st January 1934 to 15th January 1934. Examination fee will be Rs. 10 per subject which will be received by this office *on the dates to be announced later* in the *Calcutta Gazette*, from the candidates who will receive written permission from the undersigned to sit for the examination. Applications received after 15th January 1934 will not be considered.

R. GUPTA, *Secretary*,
Govt. Commercial Institute Board.

Education Department, Bengal.

Lytton Moslem Scholarship.

Calcutta, the 15th November 1933.

NOTIFICATION.

A scholarship of the value of £170 per annum, with one second class sea passage each way to the United Kingdom from the Lytton Moslem Scholarship Fund, administered by the Assistant Director of Public Instruction for Muhammadan Education, Bengal, will be available for award during 1934. The candidates must be Moslems domiciled in Bengal.

2. The scholarship is tenable at any institution in the United Kingdom for a period of two years. It will be awarded this time to a student of Calcutta University, provided a qualified and suitable candidate applies. The candidate must have passed at least the B.A. or B.Sc. Examination with Honours or an equivalent examination.

3. In the event of there being no qualified or suitable candidate for the scholarship from Calcutta University, and in the event of there being no candidate who fulfils the conditions of the scholarship, the administrator at his discretion may award the scholarship to any other qualified Moslem candidate domiciled in Bengal.

4. The candidate must not be over 28 years of age. Preference will be given to a candidate whose age is below 25 years.

5. Selection will be restricted to those who appear to the administrator to be likely by age, ability, physical qualifications and social circumstances to profit by a course of study in Europe."

6. Intending candidates who meet the requirements laid down are requested to apply to the Assistant Director of Public Instruction for Muhammadan Education, Bengal, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta, on forms, a sample of which is appended and which is also obtainable from the Personal Assistant to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal. Each application must include testimonials from Professors or other qualified persons, a statement of academic qualifications and physical attainments, and an indication of the special line of study which the candidate desires to pursue in Europe.

7. The selected candidate will be required to supplement this scholarship from his own resources so as to bring his available means up to the sum of £300 per annum. Besides the scholarship of £170, he will be provided with one second class sea passage each way to and from England at the expense of the Fund. All other expenses will have to be borne by the candidate himself.

8. The selected candidate will be required to produce a medical certificate of fitness to undergo a course of study abroad.

9. The selected candidate will be required to deposit a sum of £40 with the High Commissioner before his departure from India for his initial expenses. He will have no claim to payment of the scholarship until this deposit has been made.

10. The scholarship will be payable from the date from which the scholar reports his arrival in England. It shall be held subject to good conduct and satisfactory progress and may be terminated at any time on the advice of the High Commissioner.

M. M. BAKSH,
Assistant Director of Public Instrn.
for Muhammadan Education, Bengal (offg.).

Form of application for Lytton Moslem Scholarship for 1934.

This application must reach the Assistant Director of Public Instruction for Muhammadan Education, Bengal, on or before the *15th January 1934.*

No.	Name of candidate and his address and home district	Age	Parentage (father's name, occupation, etc.).	Academic and practical qualifications of the candidate in full.	Present occupation	Subject chosen for study.	Period necessary for completing the course.	Declaration to secure fund from private sources for any period beyond two years.	Declaration to supplement the amount of the scholarship as required in terms of rule 7.	Whether physically fit to undergo the necessary training.	Whether the candidate knows Latin or Greek or any other occidental classical language.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13

N. B.—All the columns must be carefully filled up. True copies of the University certificates should be enclosed.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1933.

PART IV

Bills introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council, Reports of Select Committees presented or to be presented to that Council, and Bills published before introduction in that Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Legislative Department.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1423L.—20th December, 1933.—His Excellency the Governor having been pleased to order, under rule 18 of the Bengal Legislative Council Rules, 1920, the publication of the following Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons which accompanies it, in the *Calcutta Gazette*, the Bill and the Statement of Objects and Reasons are accordingly hereby published for general information.

THE LAND ACQUISITION (BENGAL AMENDMENT) BILL, 1933.

A

BILL

further to amend the Land Acquisition Act, 1894.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, in its application to Bengal, in the manner hereinafter appearing; I of 1894.

AND WHEREAS the previous sanction of the Governor General has been obtained under sub-section (3) of section 80A of the Government of India Act to the passing of this Act; 5 & 6 Geo. V, c. 61; 6 & 7 Geo. V, c. 37; 9 & 10 Geo. V, c. 101.

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title and extent.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Land Acquisition (Bengal Amendment) Act, 1933.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

Application of Act.

2. The Land Acquisition Act, 1894, hereinafter referred to as the said Act, shall, in its application to Bengal, be amended in the manner hereinafter provided.

Amendment of section 3 of Act I of 1894.

3. For clause (*d*) of section 3 of the said Act, the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(*d*) the expression "Court" means a principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction, and includes the Court of any Additional Judge, Subordinate Judge or Munsif whom the Local Government may appoint, by name or by virtue of his office, to perform, concurrently with any such principal Civil Court, all or any of the functions of the Court under this Act within any specified local limits and, in the case of a Munsif, up to the limits of the pecuniary jurisdiction with which he is vested under section 19 of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887." XII of 1887.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Civil Justice Committee in Chapter VII of their Report recommended the adoption of measures for affording some relief to District Judges in respect of their functions under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894. Difficulty has been experienced in giving effect to this recommendation owing to certain doubts that have arisen as to the correct interpretation of section 3(*d*) of the Act. This Bill has been framed in order to remove this difficulty.

CALCUTTA:

The 12th December, 1933.

R. N. REID,

Member-in-charge.

G. G. HOOPER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

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Page 7.—On 11th against cross-head Boalia (Observatory), *substitute* "0·99" *for* "Nil."

Page 9.—Under heads "Number of rainy days," "Total rainfall for the month" and "Total rainfall from 1st March to 31st May 1933," *substitute* "11," "8;51" and "10;77" *for* "10," "7·52" and "9·78," respectively.

S. Abdullah,

for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Daily Rainfall recorded in Bengal for the month of May 1933 published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of 22nd June 1933.

ERRATA SLIP.

Ramna, Dacca, the 19th December 1933.

Page 703 of the "Calcutta Gazette."—On 11th against cross-head Boalia (Observatory), *substitute* "0·99" *for* "Nil "

Page 705 of the "Calcutta Gazette"—Under heads "Number of rainy days," "Total rainfall for the month" and "Total rainfall from 1st March to 31st May 1933," *substitute* "11," "8·51" and "10·77" *for* "10," "7·52" and "9·78," respectively.

S. Abdullah,

for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

Resolution on the Report on inland emigration under the Assam Labour and Emigration Act, 1901 (VI of 1901) for the year ending the 30th June 1933.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Revenue Department.

Emigration.

CALCUTTA, THE 21ST DECEMBER 1933.

RESOLUTION—No. 14963 Emi.

Read—

The Report on inland emigration under the Assam Labour and Emigration Act, 1901 (VI of 1901), for the year ending the 30th June 1933, submitted by the Superintendent of Emigration, Calcutta, and the District and Assistant Superintendents of Emigration.

There was a further decrease in the number of emigrants despatched to the labour districts during the year under review, recruitment being curtailed owing to the general economic depression.

2. Recruiting operations in this Presidency were conducted only in the districts of Birbhum and Midnapore. The number of garden sardars employed during the year was 13 (including 3 sardarnis) as against 60 and 100 in the two previous years. They all worked under the control of licensed local agents. The number of local agents' licenses was 15 as against 14 issued in the previous year. The total number of emigrants recruited in Bengal was 56 as against 97 in the previous year. Of these, 13 came from Birbhum and the rest (43) from Midnapore. The total number of recruits from Bengal and other provinces embarking at Goalundo was 569, as compared with 1,522 in the previous year. During the year under report no emigrant was despatched to Assam by the steamer route *via* Goalundo, though 1,027 emigrants were sent by this route in the previous year. The reason for this is apparently that the railway route *via* Amingaon is preferred as being the quicker for conveyance of emigrants to the tea gardens of Assam proper.

3. The rest houses for emigrants at Asansol, Kharagpur, Naihati and Goalundo maintained by the Tea Districts Labour Association were frequently inspected and their condition was found to be in all respects satisfactory.

4. Of the 51,193 emigrants who halted at Naihati 12,926 went to the Dooars and the rest with the exception of one mentioned below went to Assam, Cachar and Sylhet *via* Amingaon and Goalundo. Among the total number of emigrants who arrived from the different recruiting districts in and outside the Presidency of Bengal, two deaths, one from small-pox and the other from diarrhoea, and one desertion occurred during the halt at Asansol and one desertion at Naihati; no other death or desertion occurred amongst the emigrants in transit. As in the previous year there was no desertion nor death among the emigrants during their journey from Goalundo to their final destinations.

5. In connection with the transport of labour to Assam both receipts and expenditure increased from Rs. 700 to Rs. 950 and from Rs. 7,544-6 to Rs. 7,748-5, respectively, as compared with the previous year.

6. The office of the Superintendent of Emigration was held by Lieut.-Col. K. S. Thakur, I.M.S., from the beginning of the year up to the 17th November 1932 and by Lieut.-Col. A. Denham White, I.M.S., from the 18th November 1932 till the end of the year. The thanks of the Governor in Council are due to them and to the local officers for their assistance in the administration of the Act.

By order of the Governor in Council,

O. M. MARTIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal (offg.).

FORM C—BENGAL.

STATEMENT OF COTTON PRESSED IN THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY FOR THE WEEK ENDING THE 15th DECEMBER 1933.

[Section 5 (2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

Name of Division or block.	Number of bales pressed.				District included in the block.
	During the week.	During the corresponding week last year.	Since 1st September 1933 (the date prescribed by the Local Government as the commencement of the season).	During the corresponding period last year.	
The Bengal Presidency	83 bales of 400 lbs. each.	117	2,748	2,434	All districts in the Presidency.

J. B. McBride,
Chief Inspector of Factories, Bengal (offg.).

Statement of weekly gauge readings on the river Ganges at Rampur Boalia for the week ending the 16th December 1933.

Date.	Hour.	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum on the same date last year.	Remarks.
1933.				
10th December	7 a.m.	40·84	38·63	Value of 0= + 36·94 P. W. D.
11th "	7 "	40·74	38·53	Zero of gauge referred to B. M. on Rajshahi College step; value 64·73.
12th "	7 "	40·64	38·43	
13th "	7 "	40·54	38·28	
14th "	7 "	40·44	38·23	
15th "	7 "	40·39	38·18	
16th "	7 "	40·34	37·98	

Highest recorded level on 26-8-1879=64·24.
Lowest recorded level on 24-4-1931=32·05.

J. Mackie, *Subdivisional Officer,*
Irrigation Department, Rajshahi.

Rampur Boalia, the 17th December 1933.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Irrigation operations for the official year 1933-34.

Area leased for irrigation up to end of September 1933.

Circle.	District.	Canal.	Estimated full discharge.	Average discharge in month	Discharge utilised.	Approximate area of land irrigated during the year up to the end of the month.	Approximate area of land under irrigation up to the same date last year	Details of areas leased. Long term leases.	Season leases Kharif.	Season leases Rabi.	Season leases Sugarcane.	Season leases Hot weather.	Season leases Total.	Grand Total.	Rainfall, 1933-34. During month.	Rainfall, 1933-34. Up to end of month.	Rainfall, 1932-33. During month	Rainfall, 1932-33. Up to end of month.
			Cusecs	Cusecs	Cusecs	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
South-Western.	Midnapore	Midnapore	1,411	128	113	19,209	26,548	19,206	..	..	..	..	..	19,206	13·79	62·26	11·37	52·64
		Panskura	522	9	9	121	563	274	..		..	..	..	274	17·24	62·84	8·72	46·80
	Howrah ..	Tidal Reaches, Ranges I and II	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15·64	84·36	10·71	63·96
		Total Midnapore Canal ..	..		..	19,327	27,111	19,480	..	..	..	..	.	19,480	..	..	..	..
		Total of the corresponding period last year ..	..	..	..	..	..	27,285	·51*	..	..	..	51	27,336	..	..	..	..
	Burdwan and Hooghly.	Eden Canal	1,000	343	343	13,698	16,332	13,784	..	..	..	..	.	13,784	12·56	70·08	6·44	48·65
		Total of the corresponding period last year ..	..	..	..	.		16,315	646†	15	34	..	695	17,010	.	.	..	...
	Birbhum ..	Bakreswar Canal ..	129	59	59	5,843	4,681	5,836	8	6	..	..	5,850	5,850	6·10	66·18	5·74	35·46
		Total of the corresponding period last year ..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	.	..	..	..	..	..
		GRAND TOTAL ..	..	..	..	38,868	48,124	39,100	8	6	..	..	5,850	39,114	..	..	..	..
		GRAND TOTAL OF THE CORRESPONDING PERIOD LAST YEAR ..	..	..	..			43,600	697	15	34	..	746	44,346	..	..	..	..

* Including 4 for single watering

† Including 374 for single watering.

B. L. SURAEWAL,

Personal Assistant to the Chief Engineer to the Government of Bengal.

Calcutta, the 21st December 1933.

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS.

For the week ending on the 20th December 1933.

Summary.—Dry weather continued. Sowing of spring crops is much advanced. Harvesting of winter paddy continues briskly. Cutting and pressing of sugarcane are progressing favourably. Prospects of standing crops are generally satisfactory. The average price of common rice for the province has fallen by about 2·87 per cent. as compared with that of the previous week.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
1	24-Parganas ..	Nil	11⅞	11⅞	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Export and import are normal. No damage to crops. Foot and mouth disease of cattle is reported from Habra and Rajarhat police-stations.
	Diamond Harbour.	Nil	10½	10½	
	Barrackpore ..	Nil	10½	10½	
	Baraset ..	Nil	10	10	
	Basirhat ..	Nil	12½	12	
2	Nadia ..	Nil	13	11½	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* paddy continues. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Mirpur police-station in Kushtia subdivision.
	Kushtia ..	Nil	13½	13¼	
	Meherpur ..	(*n*)	(*n*)	13	
	Chuadanga ..	Nil	12	12	
	Ranaghat ..	Nil	11½	11	
3	Murshidabad ..	Nil	14	14	Weather cold. Prospects of crops are favourable. Outturn of winter paddy is reported to be good. Stock of rice, fodder and water are sufficient.
	Lalbagh ..	Nil	14½	14	
	Jangipur ..	Nil	16	14	
	Kandi ..	Nil	15½	15½	
4	Jessore ..	Nil	13	13	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Harvesting of *aman* paddy continues. Insects are damaging crops in Narail subdivision. No large export or import. Insufficiency of fodder and cattle mortality are reported from Narail.
	Jhenidah ..	Nil	11	11	
	Magura ..	Nil	11	11	
	Narail ..	Nil	10	10	
	Bongaon ..	Nil	11	11	
5	Khulna ..	Nil	13	12	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Satkhira ..	(*n*)	(*n*)	14	
	Bagerhat ..	Nil	14	(*n*)	

(*n*) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. This week.	Previous week.	Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
6	Burdwan ..	Nil	13	13½	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Asansol ..	Nil	12	12	
	Katwa ..	Nil	14	14	
	Kalna ..	(n)	(n)	11	
7	Birbhum ..	(n)	(n)	14	Reports not received.
	Rampurhat ..	(n)	(n)	14½	
8	Bankura ..	Nil	14	13½	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of winter paddy is nearly finished.
	Vishnupur ..	Nil	13¾	13¾	
9	Midnapore ..	Nil	14¾	14¾	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of winter paddy continues. Fodder and water are sufficient except in the affected parts of Contai Cattle disease is reported from Kharagpur police station
	Contai ..	Nil	13	13	
	Tamluk ..	Nil	10½	10½	
	Ghatal ..	Nil	14½	14½	
	Jhargram ..	Nil	13½	13½	
10	Hooghly ..	Nil	13	13	Weather seasonable Fodder and water are sufficient
	Serampore ..	Nil	12	12	
	Arambagh ..	Nil	13½	13½	
11	Howrah ..	Nil	10	10	Weather seasonable. Its effects on standing crops are favourable. Harvesting of winter paddy continues. No large export or import. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Uluberia ..	Nil	11½	11½	
12	Rajshahi (Rampur-Boalia).	Nil	15	15	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Naogaon ..	Nil	13½	15	
	Nator ..	Nil	12	12	
13	Dinajpur ..	Nil	12	12	Weather seasonable. Its effects on agricultural operations are favourable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Thakurgaon ..	Nil	10	10	
	Balurghat ..	Nil	13	13	
14	Jalpaiguri ..	Nil	13 (b)	8	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Alipur ..	Nil	10	9	

(n) Not reported. (b) New.

1	District and subdivision. 2	Rainfall. 3	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. This week. 4	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. Previous week. 5	Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc. 6
		Inches.			
5	Darjeeling ..	Nil	9	9	Weather fair Prospects of winter crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Kurseong ..	Nil	11	10	
	Siliguri ..	Nil	10½	10½	
	Kalimpong ..	Nil	8	7	
6	Rangpur ..	Nil	10	10	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* paddy continues. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Nilphamari ..	Nil	10	10	
	Kurigram ..	Nil	10¼	(*n*)	
	Gaibandha ..	Nil	10½	10½	
7	Bogra ..	Nil	13½	13½	Effects of weather on standing crops are fair. Prospects of *rabi* crops do not seem to be fair for want of rainfall. Harvesting of *aman* paddy continues. Fodder and water are sufficient.
8	Pabna ..	Nil	13¼	13⅛	Weather seasonable. Condition of standing crops is fair. Harvesting of *aman* paddy is in progress. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Serajganj ..	Nil	11	11	
19	Malda ..	Nil	14½	14½	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are available.
20	Cooch-Behar ..	Nil	14 9/16	14 9/16	Weather seasonable. Transplantation of tobacco seedlings and harvesting of *haimanti* paddy continue. Prospects and condition of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
21	Dacca ..	Nil	12	10¾	Weather seasonable and its effects on agricultural operations are good. Rainfall at North Sadar (Kapasia) nil. Prospects of standing crops are promising. Harvesting of *aman* paddy is nearly finished Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Manikganj ..	Nil	11	11	
	Narayanganj	Nil	10	10	
	Munshiganj ..	Nil	12½	12	
22	Mymensingh ..	Nil	11	10½	Weather seasonable. Fodder and water are available.
	Jamalpur ..	Nil	11½	11½	
	Tangail ..	Nil	10½	10½	
	Netrakona ..	Nil	11½	11½	
	Kishorganj ..	Nil	10½	10	

(*n*) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision	Rainfall	Price of common rice, in seers, per rupee. This week	Previous week	Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches			
23	Faridpur ..	Nil	11	11	Weather seasonable Harvesting of *aman* paddy continues Fodder and water are sufficient
	Goalundo (Rajbari)	Nil	11	11	
	Madaripur	Nil	12½	11½	
	Gopalganj (*a*)	Nil	13	13	
24	Bakarganj (Barisal)	Nil	12	9½	Weather seasonable Prospects of standing crops are good Fodder and water are sufficient
	Pirojpur	Nil	1[illegible]	11	
	Patuakhali	Nil	9¼	(*n*)	
	Dakshin Shabazpur (Bhola)	Nil	9[illegible]	9½	
25	Chittagong .	Nil	{ 11 12*	11 12* }	Weather seasonable Prospects of crops are fair Harvesting of *aman* and sowing of *rabi* crops continue Fodder and water are sufficient Panga salt sells at 13 seers per rupee at Sadar and 12 seers at Cox's Bazar
	Cox's Bazar	Nil	13	13	
26	Tippera (Comilla)	Nil	13	13	Weather fair
	Brahmanbaria	Nil	12	12	
	Chandpur	Nil	11½	11[illegible]	
27	Noakhali .	Nil	13	11	Weather seasonable Fodder and water are sufficient
	Feni .	Nil	14	14	
28	Chittagong Hill Tract	Nil	13	15	Weather seasonable Cattle disease still prevails
29	Tripura State	Nil	14¼	14¼	Weather seasonable Fodder and water are sufficient Condition of cattle is good Cotton sells at Rs 9 to Rs 14 and jute at Re 1 8 to Rs 5 per maund

*Burma rice. (*n*) Not reported

(*a*) The rainfall at Haridaspur, which is very near to Gopalganj, is shown here

Dacca, the 1st December 1933 S ABDULLAH, for *Director of Agriculture, Bengal.*

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